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WALKER'S

PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

English Language
ABRIDGED
FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS.

To be
CONTAINING

A COMPENDIUM OF THE

PRINCIPLES OF ENGLISH PRONUNCIATION,

WITH THE

PROPER NAMES

THAT OCCUR IN

THE SACRED SCRIPTURES.

TO WHICH IS LIKEWISE ADDED,

A SELECTION OF GEOGRAPHICAL PROPER NAMES AND DERIVATIVES.

Boston:

CHARLES EWER, NO. 141 WASHINGTON-STREET..

1828.

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DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS, TO WIT:

District Clerk's Office.

BE IT REMEMBERED, That on the twenty-eighth day of January, A. D. 1828, in the fifty-second year of the Independence of the United States of America, Charles Ewer, of the said District, has deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, *to wit*:

“Stereotype Edition. Walker's Pronouncing Dictionary of the English Language, abridged for the Use of Schools: containing a Compendium of the Principles of English Pronunciation, with the Proper Names that occur in the Sacred Scriptures: to which is likewise added, a Selection of Geographical Proper Names and Derivatives.”

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled, “An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned:” and also to an act, entitled, “An Act supplementary to an act, entitled, An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned; and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other prints.”

JOHN W. DAVIE,

Clerk of the District of Massachusetts.

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JAMES STURGIS PRAY

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PREFACE.

DOUBTLESS the *Critical Pronouncing Dictionary* of Mr. Walker is the best guide to a correct and elegant pronunciation of our language of which we can at present boast. It should not, however, be considered as a perfect standard of orthoëpy; for such it does not profess to be. Imperfection adheres to every work of man. The most finished productions of art, and the most successful works of genius, are not free from defect. The eminent orthoëpists who preceded Mr. Walker did much, but they also left much to be done. He has combined the results of their labours, and added to them the fruits of his own investigations. And, though he has not given to the world a faultless work, it is much to be doubted whether any lexicographer will ever approach nearer than he has done to the establishing a correct standard. Mr. Walker does not claim for his work the merit of originality; but, sensible of the assistance he had derived from the labours of others, in the preface to the first edition of his dictionary, he acknowledges his obligations to Mr. Elphinston, "who, by a deep investigation of the analogies of our tongue, has laid the foundation of a just and regular pronunciation;"—to Dr. Kenrick "for the improvement in which the words are divided into syllables as they are pronounced, and figures placed over the vowels, to indicate their different sounds;"—to Mr. Sheridan, "who not only divided the words into syllables, and placed figures over the vowels, as Dr. Kenrick had done, but, by spelling these syllables as they are pronounced, seemed to complete the idea of a Pronouncing Dictionary, and

to leave but little expectation of future improvement;”—and likewise to Mr. Nares, “who, in his *Elements of Orthoëpy*, has shown a clearness of method and an extent of observation which deserve the highest encomiums. His Preface alone proves him an elegant writer, as well as a philosophical observer of language; and his *Alphabetical Index*, referring near five thousand words to the rules for pronouncing them, is a new and useful method of treating the subject.”

Mr. Walker remarks, “Thus I have ventured to give my opinion of my rivals and competitors. Perhaps it would have been policy in me to have been silent on this head, for fear of putting the Publick in mind that others have written on the subject as well as myself: but this is a narrow policy, which, under the colour of tenderness to others, is calculated to raise ourselves at their expense. A writer, who is conscious he deserves the attention of the Publick, must not only wish to be compared with those who have gone before him, but will promote the comparison, by informing his readers what others have done, and on what he founds his pretensions to a preference; and if this be done with fairness and without acrimony, it can be no more inconsistent with modesty, than it is with honesty and plain dealing.

“The work I have offered on the subject has, I hope, added something to the publick stock; as I have endeavoured to unite the science of Mr. Elphinston, the method of Mr. Nares, and the general utility of Mr. Sheridan.”

PRINCIPLES OF ENGLISH PRONUNCIATION.

THE first Principles or Elements of Pronunciation are Letters. The Letters of the English Language are.

Roman.		Italick.		Name.
A	a	<i>A</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>
B	b	<i>B</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>bee</i>
C	c	<i>C</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>see</i>
D	d	<i>D</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>dee</i>
E	e	<i>E</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>e</i>
F	f	<i>F</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>eff</i>
G	g	<i>G</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>jee</i>
H	h	<i>H</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>aitch</i>
I	i	<i>I</i>	<i>i</i>	<i>i or eye</i>
J	j	<i>J</i>	<i>j</i>	<i>j consonant, or jay</i>
K	k	<i>K</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>kay</i>
L	l	<i>L</i>	<i>l</i>	<i>el</i>
M	m	<i>M</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>em</i>
N	n	<i>N</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>en</i>
O	o	<i>O</i>	<i>o</i>	<i>o</i>
P	p	<i>P</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>pee</i>
Q	q	<i>Q</i>	<i>q</i>	<i>cue</i>
R	r	<i>R</i>	<i>r</i>	<i>ar</i>
S	s	<i>S</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>ess</i>
T	t	<i>T</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>tee</i>
U	u	<i>U</i>	<i>u</i>	<i>u or you</i>
V	v	<i>V</i>	<i>v</i>	<i>v consonant, or vee</i>
W	w	<i>W</i>	<i>w</i>	<i>double u</i>
X	x	<i>X</i>	<i>x</i>	<i>eks</i>
Y	y	<i>Y</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>wy</i>
Z	z	<i>Z</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>zed, or izzard.</i>

To these may be added certain combinations of letters sometimes used in printing: as, *ss*, *ff*, *fi*, *ffi*, *fl*, and *&*, or *and per se and*, or, rather, *et per se and*; *A*, *J*, *I*, *ff*, *ff*, &c.

Our letters, says Dr. Johnson, are commonly reckoned twenty-four, because anciently *i* and *j*, as well as *u* and *v*, were expressed by the same character; but, as these letters, which had always different powers, have now different forms, our alphabet may be properly said to consist of twenty-six letters.

In considering the sounds of these first principles of language, we find that some are so simple and unmixed, that there is nothing required but the opening of the mouth to make them understood, and to form different sounds; whence they have the names of *vowels*, or *voices*, or *vocal sounds*. On the contrary, we find that there are others, whose pronunciation depends on the particular application and use of every part of the mouth, as the teeth, the lips, the tongue, the palate, &c., which yet cannot make any one perfect sound but by their union with those vocal sounds; and these are called *consonants*, or letters sounding with other letters.

Definition of Vowels and Consonants.

Vowels are generally reckoned to be five in number; namely, *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u*; *y* and *w* are called vowels when they end a syllable or word, and consonants when they begin one.

The definition of a vowel, as little liable to exception as any, seems to be the following: A vowel is a simple sound formed by a continued effusion of the breath, and a certain conformation of the mouth, without any alteration in the position, or any motion of the organs of speech, from the moment the vocal sound commences till it ends.

A consonant may be defined to be an interruption of the effusion of vocal sound, arising from the application of the organs of speech to each other.

Agreeably to this definition, vowels may be divided into two kinds, the simple and compound. The simple, *a*, *e*, *o*, are those which are formed by one conformation of the organs only; that is, the organs remain exactly in the same position at the end as at the beginning of the letter; whereas, in the compound vowels *i* and *u*, the organs alter their position before the letter is completely sounded; nay, these letters, when commencing a syllable, do not only require a different position of the organs in order to form them perfectly, but demand such an application of the tongue to the roof of the mouth, as is inconsistent with the nature of a pure vowel; for the first of these letters, *i*, when sounded alone, or ending a syllable with the accent upon it, is a real diphthong, composed of the sounds of *a* in *father*, and of *e* in *the*, exactly correspondent to the sound of the noun *eye*; and, when this letter com-

mences a syllable, as in *min-ion*, *pin-ion*, &c., the sound of *e*, with which it terminates, is squeezed into a consonant-sound, like the *ee* heard in *queen*, different from the simple sound of that letter in *queen*; and this squeezed sound in the commencing *i* makes it exactly similar to *y* in the same situation; which, by all grammarians, is acknowledged to be a consonant. The latter of these compound vowels, *u*, when initial, and not shortened by a consonant, commences with this squeezed sound of *e*, equivalent to the *y*, and ends with a sound given to *oo* in *woo* and *coo*, which makes its name in the alphabet exactly similar to the pronoun *you*. If, therefore, the common definition of a vowel be just, these two letters are so far from being simple vowels, that they may more properly be called semi-consonant diphthongs.

That *y* and *w* are consonants when they begin a word, and vowels when they end one, is generally acknowledged by the best grammarians; and yet Dr. Lowth has told us, that *w* is equivalent to *oo*; but, if this were the case, it would always admit of the particle *an* before it: for, though we have no word in the language which commences with these letters, we plainly perceive, that, if we had such a word, it would readily admit of *an* before it, and, consequently, that these letters are not equivalent to *w*. Thus we find, that the common opinion, with respect to the double capacity of these letters, is perfectly just.

Besides the vowels already mentioned, there is another simple vowel sound found under the *oo* in the words *woo* and *coo*; these letters have, in these two words, every property of a pure vowel; but when found in *food*, *mood*, &c., and in the word *too*, pronounced like the adjective *two*, here the *oo* has a squeezed sound, occasioned by contracting the mouth, so as to make the lips nearly touch each other; and this makes it, like the *i* and *u*, not so much a double vowel, as a sound between a vowel and a consonant.

Classification of Vowels and Consonants.

Vowels and consonants being thus defined, it will be necessary, in the next place, to arrange them into such classes as their similitudes and specific differences seem to require.

Letters, therefore, are naturally divisible into vowels and consonants

The vowels are *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u*, and *y* when ending a syllable.

The consonants are *b*, *c*, *d*, *f*, *g*, *h*, *j*, *k*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *p*, *q*, *r*, *s*, *t*, *v*, *x*, *z*, and *y* when beginning a syllable.

The vowels may be subdivided into such as are simple and pure, and into such as are compound and impure. The simple or pure vowels are such as require only one conformation of the organs to form them, and no motion in the organs while forming.

The compound or impure vowels are such as require more than one conformation of the organs to form them, and a motion in the organs while forming. These observations premised, we may call the following scheme

An Analogical Table of the Vowels.

a	}	pa-per	} simple or pure vowels.
a		fa-ther	
a		wa-ter	
e		me-tre	
o		no-ble	
oo	coo		

i	}	ti-tle	} compound or impure vowels.
y		cy-der	
u		lu-cid	
w		pow-er	

Consonants enumerated and distinguished into Classes.

The consonants are divisible into mutes, semi-vowels, and liquids.

The mutes are such as emit no sound without a vowel, as, *b, p, t, d, k*, and *o* and *g* hard.

The semi-vowels are such as emit a sound without the concurrence of a vowel, as *f, v, s, z, x, g* soft or *j*.

The liquids are such as flow into, or unite easily with the mutes, as *l, m, n, r*.

But, besides these, there is another classification of the consonants, of great importance to a just idea of the nature of the letters, and that is, into such as are sharp or flat, and simple or aspirated.

The sharp consonants are *p, f, t, s, k, c* hard.

The flat consonants are *b, v, d, z, g* hard.

The simple consonants are those which have always the sound of one letter, unmixed with others, as, *b, p, f, v, k, g* hard, and *g* soft, or *j*.

The mixed or aspirated consonants are those which have sometimes a hiss

or aspiration joined with them, which mingles with the letter, and alters its sound, as *t* in *motion*, *d* in *soldier*, *s* in *mission*, and *z* in *azure*.

There is another distinction of consonants arising either from the seat of their formation, or from those organs which are chiefly employed in forming them. The best distinction of this kind seems to be that which divides them into labials, dentals, gutturals, and nasals.

The labials are *b, p, f, v*. The dentals are *t, d, s, z*, and soft *g* or *j*. The gutturals are *k, q, c* hard, and *g* hard. The nasals are *m, n*, and *ng*.

These several properties of the consonants may be exhibited at one view in the following table, which may be called

An Analogical Table of the Consonants.

Mute labials	{ Sharp, <i>p, pomp</i> Flat, <i>b, bomb</i>		} labio-nasal
Hissing labials	{ Sharp, <i>f, if</i> Flat, <i>v, of</i>		} liquid <i>m</i>
Mute dentals	{ Sharp, <i>t, tat</i> Flat, <i>d, dad</i>	} aspirated	} etch edge or <i>j</i>
Hissing dentals	{ Sharp, <i>s, say</i> Flat, <i>z, as</i>		
Lisping dentals	{ Sharp, <i>eth, death</i> Flat, <i>the, scythe</i>		
Gutturals	{ Sharp, <i>k, kick</i> Flat, <i>g</i> hard, <i>gag</i>		} guttural liquid <i>r</i>
Dento-guttural or nasal.	<i>ng, hang.</i>		

Remarks on the Sound of the Vowels.

Every vowel has a long and a short sound: thus *a* is long in *fate, paper, &c.*, but short in *fat* and *marry, &c.* But, besides these, *a* has also a broad sound, nearly approaching to that of the long broad *o*, as in *war, wall, water, &c.*, and also a long hard sound, as in *far, father, master, &c.*

E has a long sound, as in *me, metre, &c.*, and a short sound, as in *met, let, &c.* *E*, at the end of a monosyllable, and often at that of a polysyllable,

and sometimes even at the end of a syllable in the middle of a word, serves only to lengthen the sound : when this is the case at the end of a word, it is commonly denominated *e* final. Examples : *note, abate, lively*. This, however, is far from being always the case ; for in *native, crocodile, oppressive*, and innumerable other words of similar terminations, the last syllable is short, and the *e* has no sound. In many words derived from the Greek, the *e* at the end is sounded, and, either with or without the preceding consonant, forms a syllable, as in *ca-tas-tro-phe*, and also in proper names borrowed from the same language : as, *Can-da-ce, Pe-nel-o-pe*.

The *i* has a long sound, as in *pine*, and a short sound, as in *pin*.

O has three long sounds, all of which are somewhat different from each other ; viz. the long open *o*, as in *notice* ; the long close *o*, as in *move* ; and the long broad *o*, as in *nor, for, &c.* ; which last is almost exactly the same sound as that of the long broad *a* in *war, wall, &c.* The short sound of the *o* is heard in *not, got, &c.*

The *u* has a long sound in *tune*, and a short one in *tun*.

Y, like all the other vowels, has a long and a short sound : the long sound is heard in the word *try*, and the short sound, resembling that of *e*, in *duty*.

Diphthongs and Triphthongs.

A diphthong is the union of two vowels in the same syllable. Diphthongs are divided into two classes, proper and improper.

Proper diphthongs are those in which both the vowels are sounded : as,

<i>ai</i> in <i>aim</i> ,	<i>ie</i> in <i>bier</i> ,	<i>ey</i> in <i>they</i> ,	<i>ou</i> in <i>found</i> ,
<i>eu</i> in <i>feud</i> ,	<i>oi</i> in <i>voice</i> ,	<i>oo</i> in <i>moon</i> ,	<i>oy</i> in <i>boy</i> .

Improper diphthongs are those in which only one of the vowels is sounded : as,

<i>a</i> in <i>bear</i> ,	pronounced	<i>bare</i> ,	<i>o</i> in <i>board</i> ,	pronounced	<i>bord</i> ;
<i>e</i> in <i>beat</i> ,	“	<i>bete</i> ;	<i>u</i> in <i>blue</i> ,	“	<i>blu</i> ;
<i>i</i> in <i>build</i> ,	“	<i>bild</i> ;	<i>y</i> in <i>buy</i> ,	“	<i>by</i> .

A triphthong is the union of three vowels in one syllable : as, *eau* in *beauty*, pronounced *buty* ; *ieu* in *adieu*, pronounced *adu*.

N. B. Our triphthongs being for the most part derived from the French, several of them retain the sound which they have in their original language : thus, *beau*, pronounced *bo* ; *flambeau*, pronounced *flambo*.

Remarks on the Consonants.

The observations which might be made on the consonants, as well as on the vowels, are so numerous, that it would be quite impossible to bring them within the limits of this small treatise, the plan of which admits of making such remarks only as are absolutely necessary.

B.

This letter is mute at the end of a word or syllable, when it is preceded by *m*, as in *bomb*, *cozcomb*, &c. : in *comb* it serves as *e* final to lengthen the syllable.

C.

C is sounded hard, like *k*, before *a*, *o*, and *u* : as, *can*, *corn*, *cow*, *cup*, pronounced *kan*, *korn*, *kow*, *kup*.

But *c* has a soft sound, like *s*, before *e*, *i*, and *y* : as, *cell*, *cedar*, *cider*, *cymbal*, pronounced *sell*, *sedar*, *sider*, *symbal*.

Ch.

Ch is sounded soft, as in *church*, in most words that are purely English ; but hard, like *k*, in a number of words derived from the Latin, Greek, and Hebrew, and particularly in proper names of persons and places mentioned in ancient history and geography ; as, *Achan*, *Achilles*, *Anchises*, *Baruch*, &c. *Ch* is sounded like *k* in *archangel*, but retains the soft sound in *archbishop*, *cherubim*, and a few others. *Ch* sounds like *qu* in *choir* and *chorister*, which are pronounced *quire* and *quirister*. *Ch*, in words borrowed from the French, has the sound of *sh*, as in *capuchin*, *champaign*, *chevalier*, pronounced *capusheen*, *shampane*, *shevaleer*.

D.

D, like *t*, to which it is nearly related, when it comes after the accent and is followed by the diphthong *ie*, *io*, *ia*, or *eu*, slides into *gzh* or the consonant *j* : thus *soldier* is universally and justly pronounced as if written *sol-ger* ; *grandeur*, *gran-jeur* ; and *verdure*, (where it must be remembered that *u* is a diphthong,) *ver-jeure* ; and, for the same reason, *education* is elegantly pronounced *ed-ju-cation*. But *duke* and *reduce*, pronounced *juke* and *rejuce* where the accent is after the *d*, cannot be too much reprobated.

F.

F. There is a strong tendency to change the sound of this letter into that of *v*, in some words. It has its pure sound in *often*, *off*, &c. ; but, in the preposi-

tion of, it slides into its near relation *v*, as if written *ov*. But, when this preposition is in composition at the end of a word, the *f* becomes pure; thus, though we sound of, singly, *ov*, we pronounce it as if the *f* were double in *whereof*.

G.

G has the same sound as *j* before *e* and *i*, as in *gem*, *gender*, *gelid*, *genius*, pronounced *jem*, *jender*, *jelid*, *jenius*; but in many proper names, especially such as pertain to ancient history and geography, as *Gergesenes*, *Gideon*, &c., *g* is sounded hard before *e* and *i*; and also in several words purely English; as, *gear*, *get*, *geese*, *giddy*, *gift*, *gild*, *gird*, *girl*, *give*, &c., besides many others of a similar sound. *G* is not sounded in *seraglio*, *bagnio*, and *intaglio*, which are pronounced *serallio*, *bannio*, and *intallio*.

Gh.

Gh is sometimes sounded like *g* hard, as in *ghost*, *ghastly*, *gherkin*, pronounced *gost*, *gastly*, *gerkin*. Sometimes *gh* has the sound of *f*, or *ff*; as in *cough*, *laugh*, *laughable*, *laughter*, pronounced *cof*, *laf*, *lafable*, *laster*: but *gh* very often is mute, and, consequently, the preceding vowel or diphthong is long, like *e* final; as in *high*, *nigh*, *fight*, *right*, pronounced *hi*, *ni*, *fi*, *ri*. The words of this description are numerous.

Gn.

Gn also serves to lengthen syllables in the same manner as *gh* and *e* final; as in *sign*, *benign*, *condign*, pronounced *sine*, *benine*, *condine*.

H.

H is not sounded in some words derived from the Latin; as, *heir*, *hour*, *honest*, *honour*, *humour*, with their compounds and derivatives; nor after *r*, as in *rhyme*, and *catarrh*, pronounced *ryme*, *catar*.

J.

J, as already observed, has the soft sound of *g*, as in *jelly*, *joint*, *junction*.

K.

K has always the same hard sound, as in *kirk*.

L.

L is not sounded in *walk*, *talk*, *calk*, which are pronounced *wauk*, *tau*k, *sau*k; and the same pronunciation is to be observed in their compounds and

derivatives. *L* is mute also in *calm*, *half*, and *palm*; and the *a* has the same sound as in *father*; but it is sounded in *palmiferous*, &c.

Neither the *l* nor the *p* is sounded in *psalm*, which is pronounced *sam*, the *a* having the same sound as in *father*; but the *p* only is mute, and the *l* is sounded in *psalmist*, *psalmody*, and other kindred words.

Both the *o* and the *l* are mute in *could*, *should*, and *would*, which are pronounced *kud*, *shud*, and *wud*; as also in *couldst*, *shouldst*, and *wouldst*, the *u* having the same sound as *oo* in *wood*.

M.

M is found before *n* in a few proper names of Greek origin, in which case it is not sounded; as, *Mnason*, *Mnemosyne*.

N.

N presents nothing particular in its sound or use, except what has been already observed under article *gn*.

P.

P is not sounded before *s*. See the remarks under *L*. But to the words there noticed may be added *pseudo*, signifying false or counterfeit, and which is only used as a prefix to some other word.

P is mute also before *n*, at the beginning of a few words borrowed from the Greek; as, *pneumatick*, *pneumatical*, and *pneumatology*. *P* has no sound before *t*. *Pisan*, a medical beverage, is pronounced *tizan*; *ptyalism* is subject to the same rule; and *Ptolemy*, the name of the kings of Egypt from the death of Alexander the Great to the reign of Cleopatra, is pronounced *Tolemy*.

Q.

Q has always *u* after it, and is pronounced *k* or *kw*; as, *antique*, pronounced *anteek*; and *antiquity*, which is pronounced *antikwety*.

R.

This letter is never silent, but its sound is sometimes transposed; as in *centre*, *sceptre*, *mitre*, *spectre*, pronounced *center*, *scepter*, *miter*, *specter*.

S.

S between two vowels is sometimes sounded like *z*; as in *miser*, *comprise*, *cruise*, *criticise*, &c., pronounced *mizer*, *comprize*, *cruize*, *criticize*; but in many words it preserves its common hissing sound, even between two vowels, as in

abase, concise, precise, devise, &c. Some words ending in *se* have the *s* pronounced like *z*, to distinguish them from nouns of the same form, as,

Noun.	Verb.	Noun.	Verb.
rise	rize	use	uze

S is sounded like *z* when it denotes the genitive case or the plural number, as, the *king's* palace, pronounced the *kingz* palace; a congress of *princes*, pronounced a congress of *princez*. It is also sounded like *z* when it is followed by *n*, as in *baptism, criticism, anglicism, paganism*, pronounced *baptizm, criticizm, anglicizm, paganizm*. In some words *s* is mute, as in *isle, island, viscount*, pronounced *ile, iland, vicount*.

Sc.

When *sc* comes before *e* or *i*, either the *s* or the *c* loses its sound, as in *scene, scythe, sceptre, science*, pronounced *sene, sithe, sepre, sience*. Both *s* and *c*, however, are sounded in *sceptick*, with its compounds and derivatives, like *skeptick*. *Sc* are sounded like *sk* before *a, o, and u*; as in *scald, scold, scum*, pronounced *skald, skold, skum*. But *sc* are often sounded like *sh* before a vowel, as in *omniscient* and *omniscience*, which are pronounced *om-nish-e-ent* and *om-nish-e-ence*.

Sch.

Sch are sounded like *sk*; as, *scheme, school, scholar*, pronounced *skeme, skool, skolar*, with their derivatives and compounds. In a very small number of words, both the *c* and the *h* are mute, as in *schedule, schism, schismatick, schismatize*, pronounced *sedule, sizm, sizmatick, sizmatize*.

T.

On *t* few particular remarks can be made, except that *ti* have almost invariably the sound of *sh* before a vowel; as, *expatiate, propitiate*, which are pronounced *expasheate, propisheate*. But the same letters keep their natural sound before vowels, as in *Antioch, Antiochus*, and other proper names of Grecian origin.

V.

V has always the same invariable sound.

W.

W has no sound before *r*. Thus, *wring* and *wrong* are pronounced *ring* and *rong*, and all words of a similar description require a similar pronunciation. It is also mute at the end of words, as *follow, fellows*, pronounced *follo, follo*.

X.

X begins no word in the English language; but in words borrowed from the Greek, where it is initial, it has the sound of z, as in *zerotes*, *zerodes*, *zyster*, pronounced *zerotes*, *zerodes*, *zyster*; and in many proper names belonging to the same language; as, *Xerxes*, *Xenophon*, pronounced *Zerkzes*, *Zenophon*. X, at the end of English words, is sounded like *ks*, as in *annex*, *complex*, *transfix*, pronounced *anneks*, *compleks*, *transfiks*. X, in the middle of words, is also sounded like *ks* before a consonant, but like *gs* when followed by a vowel. Thus it has the sound of *ks* in *excuse*, *expel*, *extend*, *extol*, pronounced *ekscuse*, *ekspel*, *ekstend*, *ekstol*; but is sounded like *gs* in *exact*, *exalt*, *example*, *exert*, pronounced *egsact*, *egsalt*, *egsample*, *egsert*. This general rule, however, admits of exceptions; for x is sometimes sounded like *ks* before a vowel, as in *exercise*, *exigence*, *exorcism*, *Exodus*, pronounced *eks-rcise*, *eksigence*, *eksorsizm*, *Eksodus*.

Y.

Y is sounded like *e* at the end of words, except after *f*, *p*, and sometimes *s*, in which cases it has the sound of long *i*, as in *qualify*, *occupy*, *prophecy*, &c. In the middle of syllables, *y* is sounded like *i*; as in *chymist*, *chymistry*, &c.

N. B. Y is sounded like *e* in *prophecy*.

Z.

The sound of z is somewhat similar to that of s, but less hissing.

ACCENT.

Accent is that stress of voice which is laid on one particular syllable in every word, preferably to the others of which it is composed.* It is therefore of the utmost importance that the accent be properly placed. Monosyllables have no accent. There is, also, in several words consisting of many syllables, a secondary accent, which contributes in no small degree to the distinctness, force and harmony of the pronunciation. This secondary accent is upon the first syllable in *conversation*, *reservation*, *reconcilable*, &c., while the principal accent is on the third. But, if proper attention be paid to the principal

* The accented syllable is always louder than the rest: but when it has the rising inflection, it is higher than the preceding, and lower than the succeeding syllable; and when it has the falling inflection, it is pronounced higher as well as louder than the other syllables, either preceding or succeeding. The only exception to this rule is when the accent is on the last syllable of a word which has no emphasis, and which is the concluding word of a discourse.

accent, the secondary one will naturally force itself on the organs of speech by practice in reading and speaking. The principal accent, therefore, is that on which a correct pronunciation depends.

A TABLE OF THE SIMPLE AND DIPHTHONGAL VOWELS

REFERRED TO BY THE FIGURES OVER THE LETTERS IN THIS DICTIONARY.

ENGLISH SOUNDS.

FRENCH SOUNDS.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. \hat{a} . The long slender English <i>a</i> , as in <i>fâte</i> , <i>pâ-per</i> , &c. | \acute{e} in <i>fée</i> , <i>épée</i> . |
| 2. \hat{a} . The long Italian <i>a</i> , as in <i>fâr</i> , <i>fâ-ther</i> , <i>pa-pâ</i> , <i>mam-mâ</i> | <i>a</i> in <i>fable</i> , <i>rable</i> . |
| 3. \hat{a} . The broad German <i>a</i> , as in <i>fâll</i> , <i>wâll</i> , <i>wâ-ter</i> | \hat{a} in <i>âge</i> , <i>Châlons</i> . |
| 4. \hat{a} . The short sound of the Italian <i>a</i> , as in <i>fât</i> , <i>mât</i> , <i>mâr-ry</i> | <i>a</i> in <i>fat</i> , <i>matin</i> . |
| 1. \acute{e} . The long <i>e</i> , as in <i>mè</i> , <i>hère</i> , <i>mè-tre</i> , <i>mè-dium</i> | <i>i</i> in <i>mitre</i> , <i>épître</i> . |
| 2. \acute{e} . The short <i>e</i> , as in <i>mêt</i> , <i>lêt</i> , <i>gêt</i> | <i>e</i> in <i>mette</i> , <i>nette</i> . |
| 1. \hat{i} . The long diphthongal <i>i</i> , as in <i>plne</i> , <i>tl-tle</i> | <i>ai</i> in <i>latque naïf</i> . |
| 2. \hat{i} . The short simple <i>i</i> , as in <i>pln</i> , <i>tl-le</i> | <i>i</i> in <i>inné</i> , <i>tuttré</i> . |
| 1. \hat{o} . The long open <i>o</i> , as in <i>nò</i> , <i>nòte</i> , <i>nò-tice</i> | \hat{o} in <i>globe</i> , <i>lobe</i> . |
| 2. \hat{o} . The long close <i>o</i> , as in <i>mòve</i> , <i>pròve</i> | <i>ou</i> in <i>mouvoir</i> , <i>pouvoir</i> . |
| 3. \hat{o} . The long broad <i>o</i> , as in <i>nôr</i> , <i>fôr</i> , <i>ôr</i> ; like the broad \hat{a} | <i>o</i> in <i>or</i> , <i>for</i> , <i>encor</i> . |
| 4. \hat{o} . The short broad <i>o</i> , as in <i>nôt</i> , <i>hôt</i> , <i>gôt</i> | <i>o</i> in <i>hotte</i> , <i>cotte</i> . |
| 1. \hat{u} . The long diphthongal <i>u</i> , as in <i>tùbe</i> , <i>cùbe</i> , <i>Cù-pid</i> | <i>iou</i> in <i>Cicoutat</i> , <i>chicourme</i> . |
| 2. \hat{u} . The short simple <i>u</i> , as in <i>tùb</i> , <i>cùp</i> , <i>sùp</i> | <i>eu</i> in <i>neuf</i> , <i>veuf</i> . |
| 3. \hat{u} . The middle or obtuse <i>u</i> , as in <i>bùll</i> , <i>fùll</i> , <i>pùll</i> | <i>ou</i> in <i>boule</i> , <i>foule</i> , <i>poule</i> . |
| 1 $\delta\hat{i}$. The long broad δ , and the short \hat{i} , as in $\delta\hat{i}$ l | <i>oi</i> in <i>cyclotide</i> , <i>herotique</i> . |
| 2 $\delta\hat{u}$. The long broad δ , and the middle obtuse \hat{u} , as in $\theta\delta\hat{u}$, $p\delta\hat{u}$ nd | <i>aoi</i> in <i>Acôte</i> . |

Th. The acute or sharp *th*, as in *think*, *thin*.

TH. The grave or flat *th*, as in *THIS*, *THAT*.

When *g* is printed in the Roman character, it has its hard sound in *get*, *gone*, &c., as, *go*, *give*, *geese*, &c.; when it has its soft sound, it is spelled in the notation by the consonant *j*, as, *ginger*, *ji-ant*, *jin-ger*. The same may be observed of *s*: the Roman character denotes its hard sound in *sin*, *sun*, &c., as, *so*, *sit*, *sense*, &c.; its soft sound is spelled by *x*, as, *rose raise*, &c. *rxze*, *rare*, &c.

CRITICAL PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY.

ABB

ABH

SCHEME OF THE VOWELS.

Fâe, fâr, fâi, fât;—mê, mêt;—plae, pln;—nô, nôve, nôr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôfi;—pôlud;—thin, thîs.

A an article set before nouns of the singular *A* number; as, a man, a tree. Before a word beginning with a vowel, it is written *an*; as, an ox. *A* is sometimes a noun, as great *A*. *A* is placed before a participle, or participial noun; as, *a* hunting, *a* begging. *A* has a signification denoting proportion; as, 'The landlord has a hundred a year.

Abacus, âb'-â-kîsî. *s.* a counting table; the uppermost member of a column.

Abaft, â-bâf'. *ad.* from the fore part of the ship towards the stern. [*to forsake.*]

Abandon, â-bân'-dân. *v. a.* to give up, to desert, **Abandoned**, â-bân'-dând. *part.* given up; corrupted in the highest degree.

Abandonment, â-bân'-dân-mênt. *s.* the act of abandoning.

Abarticulation, âb-âr-tîk-ù-lâ'-shûn. *s.* that species of articulation that has manifest motion.

Abase, â-bâs'. *v. a.* to depress, to bring low.

Abasement, â-bâs'-mênt. *s.* the state of being brought low; depression.

Abash, â-bâsh'. *v. a.* to make ashamed.

Abate, â-bâte'. *v. a.* to lessen, to diminish.

Abate, â-bâte'. *v. n.* to grow less.

Abatement, â-bâte'-mênt. *s.* the act of abating, the sum or quantity taken away by abating.

Abater, â-bâ'-tûr. *s.* cause by which an abatement is procured.

Abacy, âb'-bâ-sê. *s.* the possessions or privileges of an abbot.

Abess, âb'-bêa. *s.* the superiour of a nunnery

Abbey, or **Abby**, âb'-bê. *s.* a monastery of religious persons.

Abbot, âb'-bôt. *s.* the chief of a convent of men.

Abbreviate, âb-brê-vê-âte. *v. a.* to shorten

Abbreviation, âb-brê-vê-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of shortening.

Abbreviator, âb-brê-vê-â'-tûr. *s.* one who abridges.

Abbreviature, âb-brê-vê-â'-tshûre. *s.* a mark used for shortening. [*resiga.*]

Abdicate, âb'-dê-kâte. *v. a.* to give up right, to Abdication, âb-dê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of abdicating. [*plies an abdication*]

Abdicative, âb'-dê-kâ-tîv. *a.* that causes or im-

Abdomen, âb-dôl'-mên. *s.* the lower part of the belly

Abdominal, âb-dôm'-mê-nâl. } *a.* relating to

Abdominous, âb-dôm'-mê-nûs. } the abdomen

Abduce, âb-dûsê'. *v. a.* to withdraw one part from another.

Abductor, âb-dôk'-tôr. *s.* the muscles which draw back the several members.

Abed, â-bêd'. *ad.* in bed.

Aberrance, âb-êr'-rânse. *s.* a deviation from the right way; an error.

Aberrant, âb-êr'-rânt. *a.* wandering from the right way.

Aberration, âb-êr-râ'-shûn. *s.* the act of deviating from the common track.

Aberring, âb-êr'-rîng. *part.* going astray.

Aberuncate, âb-ê-rûn'-kâte. *v. a.* to pull up to the roots.

Abet, â-bêt'. *v. a.* to support, encourage, help.

Abetment, â-bêt'-mênt. *s.* the act of abetting.

Abettor, or **Abettor**, â-bêt'-tûr. *s.* he that abets; the supporter or encourager of another.

Abhor, âb-hôr'. *v. a.* to hate with acrimony; to loathe.

Abhorrence, âb-hôr'-rêsse. } *s.* the act of

Abhorreny, âb-hôr'-rên-sê. } abhorring.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pin; —

- Abhorrent**, âb-hôr'-rênt. *a.* struck with abhorrence; contrary to, inconsistent with.
- Abhorrer**, âb-hôr'-rûr. *s.* a hater, detester.
- Abide**, â-bîde'. *v. n.* to dwell in a place, not to remove; to bear or support the consequences.
- Abider**, â-bî'-dôr. *s.* the person that abides or dwells in a place.
- Abiding**, â-bî'-ding. *s.* continuance.
- Ability**, â-bîl'-tê. *s.* power, capacity, qualification. [*ble.*]
- Abject**, âb'-jêkt. *a.* mean, worthless, contemptible.
- Abject**, âb'-jêkt. *s.* a man without hope
- Abject**, âb'-jêkt'. *v. a.* to throw away. [*ject.*]
- Abjectedness**, âb-jêk'-têd-nês. *s.* state of an abject
- Abjection**, âb-jêk'-shûn. *s.* meanness of mind, servility. [*meanly.*]
- Abjectly**, âb'-jêkt-lê. *ad.* in an abject manner,
- Abjectness**, âb'-jêkt-nês. *s.* servility, meanness.
- Abjure**, âb-jûrê'. *v. a.* to swear not to do something; to recant a position upon oath.
- Abjuration**, âb-jû-râ'-shûn. *s.* the act of abjuring; the oath taken for that end. [*breast.*]
- Ab lactate**, âb-lâk'-tâte. *v. a.* to wean from the
- Ab lactation**, âb-lâk'-tâ'-shûn. *s.* a method of grafting.
- Ab laqueation**, âb-lâ-kwê'-â'-shûn. *s.* the practice of opening the ground about the roots of trees. [*away.*]
- Ablation**, âb-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of taking
- Ablative**, âb-lâ'-dv. *a.* that which takes away; the sixth case of Latin nouns.
- Able**, â-bl. *a.* having sufficient power.
- Able-bodied**, â-bl-bôd'-dîd. *a.* strong of body.
- Ablegate**, âb-lê-gâte. *v. a.* to send abroad upon some employment. [*broad.*]
- Abligation**, âb-lê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* a sending a-
- Ableness**, â-bl-nês. *s.* ability of body, force.
- Ablepsy**, âb-lêp-sê. *s.* want of sight.
- Abluent**, âb-lû-ênt. *a.* that which has the power of cleansing.
- Ablution**, âb-lû'-shûn. *s.* the act of cleansing.
- Abnegate**, âb-nê-gâte. *v. a.* to deny. [*ciation.*]
- Abnegation**, âb-nê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* denial, renun-
- Aboard**, â-bôrd'. *ad.* in a ship.
- Abode**, â-hôde'. *s.* habitation, dwelling, stay.
- Abodement**, â-hôde'-mênt. *s.* secret anticipation of something futurc.
- Abolish**, â-bôl'-ish. *v. a.* to annul, destroy
- Abolishable**, â-bôl'-ish-â-bl. *a.* that may be abolished.
- Abolisher**, â-bôl'-ish-ûr. *s.* he that abolishes.
- Abolishment**, â-bôl'-ish-mênt. } *s.* the act of
- Abolition**, â-bôl'-ish-ûn. } *s.* abolishing
- Abominable**, â-bôm'-â-nâ-bl. *a.* hateful, detestable.
- Abominableness**, â-bôm'-â-nâ-bl-nês. *s.* the quality of being abominable.
- Abominably**, â-bôm'-â-nâ-blê. *ad.* most hatefully, odiously. [*test, hate utterly.*]
- Abominate**, â-bôm'-â-nâte. *v. a.* to abhor, de-
- Abomination**, â-bôm'-â-nâ'-shûn. *s.* hatred, detestation.
- Aborigines**, âb-ô-rîdje'-ê-nêz. *s.* the earliest inhabitants of a country.
- Abortion**, â-bôr'-shûn. *s.* a miscarriage; an untimely birth.
- Abortive**, â-bôr'-dv. *a.* brought forth before the due time; that which brings forth nothing. [*timely.*]
- Abortively**, â-bôr'-dv-lê. *ad.* immaturely, un-
- Abortiveness**, â-bôr'-dv-nês. *s.* the state of abortion.
- Abortment**, â-bôr'-mênt. *s.* an untimely birth.
- Abound**, â-bôund'. *v. n.* to have or be in great plenty.
- About**, â-bôû'. *prep.* surrounding, near to; relating to; engaged in.
- About**, â-bôû'. *ad.* circularly; nearly; the longest way, in opposition to the short, straight way
- Above**, â-bûv'. *prep.* higher in place, rank, power, or excellence; beyond, too high for.
- Above**, â-bûv'. *ad.* over-head; in the regions of heaven.
- Above-all**, â-bûv'-âll'. *in the first place, chiefly*
- Above-board**, â-bûv'-bôrd. *in open sight; with out artifice or trick.*
- Above-cited**, â-bûv'-sî-têd. *cited before.*
- Above-ground**, â-bûv'-grôund. *an expression used to signify that a man is alive; not in the grave*
- Abracadabra**, âb-râ-kâ-dâb'-râ. *s.* a superstitious charm against agues.
- Abrade**, â-brade'. *v. a.* to rub off, to wear away. [*rubbing off.*]
- Abrasion**, â-brâ'-zhûn. *s.* the act of rubbing, a

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb, bóil; —óil, pòónd; —i/un, tris.

Abreast, á-bréast'. *ad.* side by side.
Abridge, á-bridje'. *v. a.* to make shorter in words, to contract, diminish.
Abridge, á-brid'-jdr. *s.* he that abridges.
Abridgment, á-bridje'-mént. *s.* the contraction of a larger work into a smaller compass.
Abroad, á-bráwsh'. *ad.* in a posture to run out.
Abroad, á-bráwd'. *ad.* in another country; without.
Abrogate, áb-rò-gáite. *v. a.* to repeal, to annul.
Abrogation, áb-rò-gá'-shún. *s.* the act of abrogating, the repeal of a law.
Abrupt, áb-rúpt'. *a.* broken, craggy; sudden.
Abruption, áb-rúpt'-shún. *s.* violent and sudden separation.
Abruptly, áb-rúpt'-lè. *ad.* hastily, without the due forms of preparation. [suddenness]
Abruptness, áb-rúpt'-nès. *s.* an abrupt manner.
Abcess, áb-sès. *s.* a morbid cavity in the Abscid, áb-séd'. *v. a.* to cut off. [body]
Abcission, áb-szh'-shún. *s.* the act of cutting off; the state of being cut off.
Abscond, áb-skónd'. *v. n.* to hide one's self.
Absconder, áb-skón'-dúr. *s.* the person that absconds. [sent, inattention]
Absence, áb-sénse. *s.* the state of being absent.
Absent, áb-sént. *a.* not present; inattentive.
Absent, áb-sént'. *v. a.* to withdraw, to forbear to come into presence.
Absentee, áb-sén-té'. *s.* a word used commonly with regard to Irishmen living out of their country.
Absinthiated, áb-sín'-thé-á-téd. *p.* impregnated with wormwood.
Absist, áb-síst'. *v. n.* to stand off, to leave off.
Absolve, áb-zólv'. *v. a.* to clear, acquit, to pronounce a sin remitted. [usual]
Absolute, áb'-sò-lúte. *a.* complete, unconditional.
Absolutely, áb'-sò-lúte-lè. *ad.* completely, without restriction; positively.
Absoluteness, áb'-sò-lúte-nès. *s.* completeness; freedom from dependence, or limits; despotism. [mission]
Absolution, áb-sò-lú'-shún. *s.* acquittal; redemption.
Absolutory, áb-sò-lú'-h-túr-rè. *a.* that absolves.
Absorber, áb'-sò-nánt. } *a.* contrary to reason.
Absorbent, áb'-sò-nús. } *son.*
Aborb, áb-sòrb'. *v. a.* to swallow up.

Absorbent, áb-sòr'-bént. *s.* a medicine that sucks up humours.
Absorpt, áb-sòrpt'. *p.* swallowed up.
Absorption, áb-sòrpt'-shún. *s.* the act of swallowing up.
Abstain, áb-stáne'. *v. n.* to forbear, to deny one's self any gratification.
Abstemious, áb-sté'-mè-ús. *a.* temperate, sober, abstinent. [fly, soberly]
Abstemiously, áb-sté'-mè-ús-lè. *ad.* temperate
Abstemiousness, áb-sté'-mè-ús-nès. *s.* the quality of being abstemious.
Absterge, áb-stérje'. *v. a.* to cleanse by wiping.
Abstergent, áb-stér'-jént. *a.* having a cleansing quality.
Absterion, áb-stér'-shún. *s.* the act of cleansing
Abstinence, áb'-sté-nènsè. *s.* forbearance of any thing; fasting.
Abstinent, áb'-sté-nént. *a.* that uses abstinence
Abstract, áb-strákt'. *v. a.* to separate; to reduce to an epitome. [thing else]
Abstract, áb-strákt'. *a.* separated from some-
Abstract, áb-strákt'. *s.* a smaller quantity, containing the virtue or power of a greater; an epitome.
Abstracted, áb-strákt'-téd. *p. a.* separated; refined, abstruse; absent of mind.
Abstractedly, áb-strákt'-téd-lè. *ad.* simply, separately from all contingent circumstances.
Abstraction, áb-strákt'-shún. *s.* the act of abstracting; the state of being abstracted.
Abstractive, áb-strákt'-dv. *a.* having the power or quality of abstracting. [manner]
Abstractly, áb-strákt'-lè. *ad.* in an abstract
Abstruse, áb-strúse'. *a.* hidden; difficult.
Abstrusely, áb-strúse'-lè. *ad.* obscurely, not plainly. [scarcely]
Abstruseness, áb-strúse'-nès. *s.* difficulty, obscurity.
Abstrusity, áb-strú'-sé-té. *s.* abstruseness; that which is abstruse. [waste]
Absume, áb-súme'. *v. a.* to destroy by gradual
Absurd, áb-súrd'. *a.* contrary to reason.
Absurdity, áb-súrd'-dè-te. *s.* the quality of being absurd; that which is absurd.
Absurdly, áb-súrd'-lè. *ad.* improperly, unreasonably.
Absurdness, áb-súrd'-nès. *s.* the quality of being absurd

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, plo;—

- Abundance**, â-bûn'-dâu-se. *s.* plenty; great numbers; exuberance, more than enough.
- Abundant**, â-bûn'-dâu-t. *a.* plentiful; exuberant. [ply, liberally.]
- Abundantly**, â-bûn'-dâu-t-lê. *ad.* in plenty, abundantly.
- Abuse**, â-bûze'. *v. a.* to make an ill use of; deceive, impose on, revile.
- Abuse**, â-bûse'. *s.* the ill use of any thing; rude reproach.
- Abuser**, â-bû-zûr'. *s.* he that makes an ill use; he that reproaches with rudeness.
- Abusive**, â-bû-siv'. *a.* practising or containing abuse; deceitful.
- Abusively**, â-bû-siv'-lê. *ad.* improperly, reproachfully.
- Abut**, â-bû'. *v. n.* (obsolete.) to border upon; to meet, or approach to.
- Abutment**, â-bû'-mênt. *s.* that which borders upon another.
- Abyss**, â-bis'. *s.* a great depth, a gulf.
- Acacia**, â-kâ'-shê-â. *s.* a drug brought from Egypt. [academv.]
- Academical**, âk-â-dê'-mê-âl. *a.* relating to an academy.
- Academician**, âk-â-dê'-mê-ân. *s.* a scholar of an academy. [a university.]
- Academical**, âk-â-dê-m'-kâl. *a.* belonging to an academy.
- Academick**, âk-â-dêm'-ik. *s.* a student of a university. [university.]
- Academick**, âk-â-dêm'-ik. *a.* relating to an academy.
- Academician**, âk-â-dê-mish'-ân. } *s.* the member of an academy.
- Academist**, â-kâd'-dê-mist. }
- Academy**, â-kâd'-ê-mê. *s.* an assembly or society of men, uniting for the promotion of some art; the place where sciences are taught.
- Acatalectick**, â-kâ-â-lêk'-ûk. *s.* a verse which has the complete number of syllables.
- Accede**, âk-sêde'. *v. n.* to be added to, to come.
- Accelerate**, âk-sêl'-lêr-âie. *v. a.* to make quick, to hasten.
- Acceleration**, âk-sêl'-lêr-â'-shâns. *s.* the act of quickening motion.
- Accend**, âk-sênd'. *v. a.* to kindle, to set on fire.
- Accension**, âk-sê'n'-shân. *s.* the act of kindling, or state of being kindled.
- Accent**, âk-sênt'. *s.* the manner of speaking or pronouncing; a mark upon syllables to regulate their pronunciation.
- Accent**, âk-sênt'. *v. a.* to speak words with particular regard to the grammatical marks or rules; to note the accents.
- Accental**, âk-sê'n'-ishô-âl. *a.* relating to accents.
- Accentuate**, âk-sê'n'-ishô-âte. *v. a.* to place an accent properly.
- Accentuation**, âk-sê'n'-ishô-k'-shân. *s.* the act of placing the accent in pronunciation or writing.
- Accept**, âk-sêpt'. *v. a.* to take with pleasure, to receive kindly.
- Acceptability**, âk-sêp-tâ-bil'-lê-tê. *s.* the quality of being acceptable.
- Acceptable**, âk-sêp-tâ-bil'. *a.* grateful, pleasing.
- Acceptableness**, âk-sêp-tâ-bil'-nês. *s.* the quality of being acceptable.
- Acceptably**, âk-sêp-tâ-bil'-lê. *ad.* in an acceptable manner. [approbation.]
- Acceptance**, âk-sêp-tânse. *s.* reception with approbation.
- Acceptation**, âk-sêp-tâ-shôn. *s.* reception; the meaning of a word.
- Acceptor**, âk-sêp-tôr'. *s.* the person who accepts.
- Acception**, âk-sêp-shôn. *s.* the received sense of a word; the meaning.
- Access**, âk-sês'. *s.* the way by which any thing may be approached; the return or fit of a distemper. [being accessory.]
- Accessariness**, âk-sês-sâ-rê-nês. *s.* the state of being accessory.
- Accessory**, âk-sês-sâ-rê. *s.* he who, not being the chief agent in a crime, contributes to it.
- Accessory**, âk-sês-sâ-rê. *a.* joined to, additional. [approached.]
- Accessible**, âk-sês-sê-bil'. *a.* that may be approached.
- Accession**, âk-sêsh'-ân. *s.* increase by some thing added, the act of arriving at.
- Accessorily**, âk-sês-sê-rê-lê. *ad.* in the manner of an accessory.
- Accessory**, âk-sês-sê-rê. *a.* joined to another thing, so as to increase it; additional.
- Accidence**, âk-sê-dênse. *s.* the little book containing the first rudiments of grammar.
- Accident**, âk-sê-dênt. *s.* the property of a thing; that which happens unforeseen.
- Accidental**, âk-sê-dên-tâl. *s.* a property nonessential.
- Accidental**, âk-sê-dên-tâl. *a.* having the quality of an accident; casual, happening by chance.
- Accidentally**, âk-sê-dên-tâl'-lê. *ad.* casually, fortuitously.

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—dù;—pòund;—thin, tvis.

Accidentalness, ák-sè-dèn-tá-nés. *s.* the quality of being accidental.

Accipient, ák-síp-pè-ènt. *s.* a receiver.

Acite, ák-sítè'. *v. a.* to call, to summon.

Acclaim, ák-kláme'. *s.* a shout of praise; acclamation. [*plause.*]

Acclamation, ák-klá-má-shún. *s.* shout of approval.

Acclivity, ák-klív-vè-tè. *s.* the ascent of a hill.

Acclivous, ák-klív-vús. *a.* rising with a slope.

Accloy, ák-klòè'. *v. a.* to fill to satiety.

Accoil, ák-kòil'. *v. n.* to bustle, to be in a hurry.

Accolent, ák-kò-lènt. *s.* a borderer.

Accommodable, ák-kóm-mò-dá-bl. *a.* that may be fitted.

Accommodate, ák-kóm-mò-dáte. *v. a.* to supply with conveniences of any kind.

Accommodate, ák-kóm-mò-dáte. *a.* suitable, fit.

Accommodately, ák-kóm-mò-dáte-lè. *ad.* suitably, fitly.

Accommodation, ák-kóm-mò-tá-shún. *s.* provision of conveniences; reconciliation.

Accompanable, ák-kóm-pá-ná-bl. *a.* sociable.

Accompanier, ák-kóm-pá-nè-úr. *s.* the person that makes part of the company; companion.

Accompaniment, ák-kóm-pá-nè-mènt. *s.* the adding of one thing to another by way of ornament; the instrumental that accompanies the vocal part in music.

Accompany, ák-kóm-pá-nè. *v. a.* to be with another as a companion; to join with.

Accomplice, ák-kóm-plis. *s.* associate, a partaker in an ill sense.

Accomplish, ák-kóm-plish. *v. a.* to complete, to fulfil, to adorn.

Accomplished, ák-kóm-plish-éd. *p. a.* complete in some qualification; elegant.

Accomplisher, ák-kóm-plish-úr. *s.* the person who accomplishes.

Accomplishment, ák-kóm-plish-mènt. *s.* completion, perfection; embellishment, elegance.

Account, ák-kòunt'. *s.* an account, reckoning.

Accountant, ák-kòunt-tánt. *s.* a reckoner, computer.

Accord, ák-kòrd'. *v. a.* to make agree, to adjust.

Accord, ák-kòrd'. *v. n.* to agree, to suit with.

Accord, ák-kòrd'. *s.* a compact, an agreement.

Accordance, ák-kòrd-dánsè. *s.* agreement with, conformity to something.

Accordant, ák-kòrd-tánt. *a.* willing, in good humour.

According, ák-kòrd-ding. *p.* agreeable to; in proportion.

Accordingly, ák-kòrd-ding-lè. *ad.* agreeably, conformably.

Accost, ák-kòst'. *v. a.* to address, to salute.

Accostable, ák-kòst-tá-bl. *a.* easy of access, familiar.

Account, ák-kòunt'. *s.* a computation of debts or expenses; the state or result of a computation; estimation; a narrative, explanation.

Account, ák-kòunt'. *v. a.* to esteem, reckon, to compute.

Accountable, ák-kòunt-tá-bl. *a.* of whom an account may be required; who must answer for.

Accountant, ák-kòunt-tánt. *s.* a man skilled in accounts.

Accouple, ák-kòp-pl. *v. a.* to join, to link together. [*teasy.*]

Account, ák-kòrt'. *v. a.* to entertain with court.

Accoutre, ák-kòò-túr. *v. a.* to dress, to equip.

Accoutrement, ák-kòò-túr-mènt. *s.* dress, equipage. [*tion, confidential.*]

Accredited, ák-kred'-it-éd. *a.* of allowed reputation.

Accretion, ák-kre'-shún. *s.* the act of growing to another, so as to increase it.

Accretive, ák-kre'-ív. *a.* growing, that which by growth is added. [*with a hook.*]

Accroach, ák-krósh'. *v. a.* to draw to one as

accrue, ák-króò. *v. n.* to accede to, to be added, to arise as profits.

Accubation, ák-kú-bá'-shún. *s.* the ancient posture of leaning at meals.

Accumb, ák-kúmb'. *v. n.* to lean at the table.

Accumulate, ák-ká-mú-láte. *v. a.* to heap together. [*accumulating.*]

Accumulation, ák-kú-mú-lá'-shún. *s.* the act of accumulating.

Accumulative, ák-kú-mú-lá-ív. *a.* that accumulates. [*accumulates.*]

Accumulator, ák-kú-mú-lá-túr. *s.* he that accumulates.

Accuracy, ák-kú-rá-nè. *s.* exactness, nicety.

Accurate, ák-kú-ráte. *a.* exact, without defect or failure. [*error.*]

Accurately, ák-kú-ráte-lè. *ad.* exactly, without error.

Accurateness, ák-kú-ráte-nés. *s.* exactness, nicety.

Accurse, ák-kúrsè'. *v. a.* to doom to misery.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt, —pho, pln;—

Accursed, âk-kûr'-sêd. *part. a.* doomed to misery; execrable, hateful, detestable.

Accusable, âk-kû'-zâ-bl. *a.* blameable, culpable.

Accusation, âk-kû'-zâ-shûn. *s.* the act of accusing; the charge brought.

Accusative, âk-kû'-zâ-tiv. *a.* a term of grammar, the fourth case of a noun.

Accusatory, âk-kû'-zâ-tô-rê. *a.* producing or containing an accusation.

Accuse, âk-kûze'. *v. a.* to charge with a crime; to blame or censure.

Accuser, âk-kû'-rûr. *s.* he who brings a charge against another. [inure.

Accustom, âk-k'w'-tûm. *v. a.* to habituate, to

Accustomable, âk-kûs'-tûm-mâ-bl. *a.* done by long custom. [ing to custom.

Accustomably, âk-kûs'-tûm-â-blê. *ad.* according to custom.

Accustomance, âk-kûs'-tûm-mânse. *s.* custom, habit, use. [customary manner.

Accustomarily, âk-kûs'-tûm-mâ-rê-lê. *ad.* in a customary manner.

Accustomary, âk-kûs'-tûm-mâ-rê. *a.* usual, practised.

Accustomed, âk-kûs'-tûm-êd. *a.* according to custom, usual.

Ace, âse. *s.* a unit on cards.

Acerbity, â-sêr'-bê-tê. *s.* a rough, sour taste; sharpness of temper.

Acerbate, â-sêr'-vâte. *v. a.* to heap up.

Acervation, âs-êr'-vâ'-shûn. *s.* a heaping together. [sourness.

Acescent, â-sês'-sênt. *a.* that has a tendency to acetose.

Acetose, âs-ê-tôss'. *a.* that which has in it acids. [acetose.

Acetosity, âs-ê-tôss'-ê-tê. *s.* the state of being acetous.

Acetous, â-sê'-tûs. *a.* sour.

Ache, âke. *s.* a continued pain.

Ache, âke. *v. n.* to be in pain.

Achieve, âi-tshêve'. *v. a.* to perform, to finish.

Achievement, âi-tshêv'-mênt. *s.* the performance of an action; the escutcheon, or ensigns armorial. [he endeavours.

Achiever, âi-tshê'-vûr. *s.* he who performs what

Achor, â-kôr. *s.* a species of the herpes.

Acid, âs'-sîd. *a.* sour, sharp.

Acidity, âs'-sîd'-ê-tê. *s.* sharpness, sourness.

Acidness, âs'-sîd'-nês. *s.* the quality of being acid. [pregnated with sharp particles.

Acidulate, â-sîd'-dû-lê. *s.* medicinal springs im-

Acidulate, â-sîd'-dû-lâte. *v. a.* to tinge with acid. [own.

Acknowledge, âk-nôl'-lêdj. *v. a.* to confess, to

Acknowledging, âk-nôl'-lêdj-ing. *a.* grateful.

Acknowledgment, âk-nôl'-lêdjê-mênt. *s.* confession of a fault, or of a benefit received.

Acme, âk'-mê. *s.* the height of any thing; the height of a distemper.

Acolythist, â-kôl'-lô-thîst. *s.* one of the lowest order in the Roman church.

Aconite, âk'-kô-nite. *s.* the herb wolf's-bane.

Acorn, â-kôrn. *s.* the seed or fruit of an oak.

Acousticks, â-kôû'-sîks. *s.* the theory of sounds medicines to help the hearing.

Acquaint, âk-kwân't. *v. a.* to make familiar with, to inform.

Acquaintance, âk-kwân'-tânse. *s.* familiar knowledge; the person with whom we are acquainted. [know

Acquainted, âk-kwân'-têd. *a.* familiar, well acquainted.

Acquest, âk-kwêst'. *s.* an acquisition.

Acquiesce, âk-kwê-ês'. *v. n.* to rest in, or main satisfied.

Acquiescence, âk-kwê-ês'-ênse. *s.* a silent appearance of content; submission.

Acquirable, âk-kwî'-râ-bl. *a.* attainable.

Acquire, âk-kwîre'. *v. a.* to gain by labour power.

Acquired, âk-kwî'-rêd. *partic. a.* gained.

Acquirer, âk-kwî'-rûr. *s.* the person who acquires.

Acquirement, âk-kwîre'-mênt. *s.* that which is acquired.

Acquisition, âk-kwê-zîsh'-shûn. *s.* the act of acquiring; the thing gained.

Acquisitive, âk-kwîz'-zê-tiv. *a.* that is acquisitive.

Acquist, âk-kwîst'. *s.* acquirement, attainment.

Acquit, âk-kwît'. *v. a.* to set free; to clear, to absolve.

Acquittal, âk-kwît'-mênt. *s.* the state of being acquitted. [offence

Acquittal, âk-kwît'-tâl. *s.* deliverance from an

Acquittance, âk-kwît'-tânse. *v. a.* to procure an acquittance. [charging from a debt.

Acquittance, âk-kwît'-tânse. *s.* the act of dis-

Acres, â-kûr. *s.* a quantity of land, containing in length 40 perches, and 4 in breadth or

4040 square yards.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùh, báll;—dù;—pònd;—tùu, tris.

Acrid, ák'-kríd. *a.* of a hot, biting taste.
Acerimonious, ák'-kré-mò-né-ús. *a.* sharp, corrosive. [rity].
Acerimous, ák'-kré-mò-né. *s.* sharpness, severity.
Acritude, ák'-kré-túde. *s.* an acrid taste, a biting heat. [aiming to deep learning].
Acronomical, ák'-krò-á-mán-té-kál. *a.* of or per-
Across, á-kròss'. *ad.* athwart, laid over something.
Acrostick, á-kròs'-dík. *s.* a poem in which the first letter of every line being taken, makes up the name of a person or thing.
Act ákt. *v. n.* to be in action, not to rest.
Act ákt. *v. a.* to perform a borrowed character; to produce effects in some passive subject.
Act, ákt. *s.* a deed, exploit; part of a play; decree.
Action, ák'-shún. *s.* an act or thing done; a deed, operation, gesticulation, the accordance of the motions of the body with the words spoken; a term in law.
Actionable, ák'-shám-á-bil. *a.* that admits an action in law, punishable.
Active, ák'-tív. *a.* busy, nimble, agile, quick.
Actively, ák'-tív-lé. *ad.* busily, nimbly. [ness].
Activeness, ák'-tív-nés. *s.* quickness, nimbleness.
Activity, ák'-tív-té. *s.* the quality of being active. [a stage-player].
Actor, ák'-tór. *s.* he that performs any thing;
Actress, ák'-trés. *s.* a woman that plays on the stage.
Actual, ák'-tshù-ál. *a.* really in act.
Actuality, ák'-tshù-á'-tè-té. *s.* the state of being actual.
Actually, ák'-tshù-ál-lé. *ad.* in act, in effect, really. [being actual].
Actualness, ák'-tshù-ál-nés. *s.* the quality of
Actuary, ák'-tshù-á-ré. *s.* a register or officer of a court.
Actuate, ák'-tshù-áte. *v. a.* to put into action.
Actuose, ák'-tshù-áte. *a.* having the power of action.
Acuate, ák'-á-áte. *n. a.* to sharpen.
Aculeate, á-kú'-lé-áte. *a.* prickly terminating in a sharp point.
Acumen, á-kú'-mén. *s.* a sharp point; figuratively, quickness of intellect. [point].
Acuminated, á-kú'-mè-pá-téd. *p. a.* ending in a

Acute, á-kúte'. *a.* sharp, ingenious, keen.
Acutely, á-kúte'-lé. *ad.* after an acute manner, sharply. [of intellect].
Acuteness, á-kúte'-nés. *s.* sharpness; force.
Adacted, á-dák'-téd. *part. a.* driven by force.
Adage, ád'-aje. *s.* a maxim, a proverb.
Adagio, á-dá'-jé-ò. *s.* a term used by musicians to mark a slow time. [stone].
Adamant, ád'-á-mánt. *s.* the diamond; the hard
Adamantine, ád-á-mán-té-án. *a.* hard as adamant. [adamant].
Adamantine, ád-á-mán-tín. *a.* made of or like Adam's-apple, ád-ámz-áp'-pl. *s.* a prominent part of the throat.
Adapt, á-dápt'. *v. a.* to fit, to suit, proportion.
Adaptation, ád-áp-tá-shún. } *s.* the act of fit-
Adaption, á-dápt'-shún. } ting.
Add, ád. *v. a.* to join something to that which was before. [certain tithes].
Addecimate, ád-dés-é-máte. *v. a.* to take or as-
Addem, ád-dém'. *v. a.* to esicem, to account.
Adder, ád-dér. *s.* a serpent, a poisonous reptile.
Addibility, ád-dé-bil-lé-té. *s.* the possibility of being added.
Addible, ád-dé-bil. *a.* possible to be added.
Addice, ád-dá. *s.* a kind of axe.
Addict, ád-díkt'. *v. a.* to devote, to dedicate.
Addictedness, ád-díkt-téd-nés. *s.* the state of being addicted. [devoted].
Addiction, ád-díkt'-shún. *s.* the state of being
Additament, ád-dít-á-mént. *s.* addition, the thing added.
Addition, ád-dísh-shún. *s.* the act of adding; an arithmetical rule; thing added.
Additional, ád-dísh-shún-ál. *a.* that is added.
Additory, ád-dé-tó-ré. *a.* that which has the power of adding.
Addle, ád-dl. *a.* barren, that produces nothing.
Addle-pated, ád-dl-pá-téd. *a.* having barren brains.
Address, ád-drés'. *v. a.* to prepare to enter upon any action, to apply to another by words.
Address, ád-drés'. *s.* verbal application; courtship; skill, dexterity; manner of directing a letter. [degrees].
Addresser, ád-drés'-shér. *s.* the person that ad-
Adduce, ád-dúse'. *v. a.* to bring something forward in adduou.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—phue, phû;—

- Adducent**, âd-dô'-sênt. *a.* a word applied to those muscles that draw together the parts of the body.
- Addulce**, âd-dûl'se'. *v. a.* to sweeten.
- Ademption**, â-jêm'-shûn. *s.* privation.
- Adept**, â-dêpt'. *s.* one skilled in all the secrets of his art. [ate.]
- Adequate**, âd-'ê-kwâte. *a.* equal to, proportion.
- Adequately**, âd-'ê-kwâto-lê. *ad.* with exactness of proportion.
- Adequateness**, âd-'ê-kwâte-nês. *s.* the state of being adequate, exactness of proportion.
- Adhere**, âd-hêrê'. *v. u.* to stick to, to remain firmly fixed to a party or opinion.
- Adherence**, âd-hê-rênse. *s.* attachment, steadiness. [with.]
- Adherent**, âd-hê-rênt. *a.* sticking to; united.
- Adherent**, âd-hê-rênt. *s.* a follower, a partisan.
- Adherer**, âd-hê-rêr. *s.* he that adheres.
- Adhesion**, âd-hê-zhûn. *s.* the act or state of sticking to something.
- Adhesive**, âd-hê-siv'. *a.* sticking, tenacious.
- Adhibit**, âd-hib'-it. *v. a.* to apply, to make use of.
- Adhibition**, âd-hib'-itshûn. *s.* application, use.
- Adiaphorous**, â-dê-âf'-tô-rês. *a.* neutral.
- Adiaphory**, â-dê-âf'-tô-rê. *s.* neutrality, indifference.
- Adieu**, â-dê'. *ad.* farewell. [reuce.]
- Adipous**, âd-dê-pûs. *a.* fat.
- Adit**, âd-it. *s.* a passage under ground.
- Addition**, âd-ist'-shûn. *s.* the act of going to another. [close to another thing.]
- Adjacency**, âd-jâ-sân-sê. *s.* the state of lying adjacent.
- Adjacent**, âd-jâ-sênt. *a.* lying close, bordering upon. [another.]
- Adjacent**, âd-jâ-sênt. *s.* that which lies next.
- Adject**, âd-jêkt. *v. a.* to add to; to put to.
- Adjection**, âd-jêkt'-shûn. *s.* the act of adjecting, or adding; the thing added.
- Adjectitious**, âd-jêkt-ush'-tûs. *a.* added, thrown in. [to signify its quality.]
- Adjective**, âd-jêkt-ûv. *s.* a word added to a noun.
- Adjectively**, âd-jêkt-ûv-lê. *ad.* like an adjective.
- Adjoin**, âd-jôin'. *v. a.* to join to, to unite to.
- Adjoin**, âd-jôin'. *v. a.* to be contiguous to.
- Adjourn**, âd-jôrn'. *v. a.* to put off to another day.
- Adjournment**, âd-jôrn'-mênt. *s.* a putting off till another day.
- Adjudge**, âd-jôdjo'. *v. a.* to give, to decree.
- Adjudication**, âd-jô-dê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of granting something to a litigant.
- Adjudicate**, âd-jô-dê-kâte. *v. a.* to adjudge.
- Adjugate**, âd-jô-gâte. *v. a.* to yoke to.
- Adjutant**, âd-jô-ûtânt. *s.* help.
- Adjunct**, âd-jûnkt. *s.* something adherent or united to another. [ing, the thing adjoined.]
- Adjunction**, âd-jûnkt'-shûn. *s.* the act of adjoining.
- Adjunctive**, âd-jûnkt-ûv. *s.* he that joins; that which is joined.
- Adjuration**, âd-jô-râ'-shua. *s.* the act of proposing an oath to another; the form of oath proposed.
- Adjure**, âd-jûrê'. *v. a.* to impose an oath upon another, prescribing the form.
- Adjust**, âd-jûst'. *v. a.* to regulate, to put in order.
- Adjustment**, âd-jûst'-mênt. *s.* regulation, the act of putting in method. [of an adjutant.]
- Adjutancy**, âd-jû-tân-sê. *s.* the military office.
- Adjutant**, âd-jô-ûtânt. *s.* a petty officer, whose duty is to assist the major, by distributing pay and overseeing punishment.
- Adjute**, âd-jûte'. *v. a.* to help, to concur.
- Adjutor**, âd-jô-ûr. *s.* a helper.
- Adjutory**, âd-jô-ûr-rê. *a.* that which helps.
- Adjutant**, âd-jô-ûtânt. *s.* a helpful, useful.
- Adjuvate**, âd-jô-vâte. *v. a.* to help, to further.
- Admeasurement**, âd-mêzh'-ûre-mên. *s.* measuring according to rule.
- Admensuration**, âd-mên-shû-râ'-shûn. *s.* the act of measuring to each his part.
- Adminiclé**, âd-mîn-'ê-kl. *s.* help, support.
- Adminicular**, âd-mê-nîk-'û-lâr. *a.* that gives help. [supply, to perform.]
- Administer**, âd-mîn-nîs-tûr. *v. a.* to give, to administer.
- Administratre**, âd-mîn-nîs-trâte. *v. a.* the same as *administer*.
- Administration**, âd-mîn-nîs-trâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of administering; the active or executive part of government; those to whom the care of publick affairs is committed.
- Administrative**, âd-mîn-nîs-trâ-ûv. *a.* that which administers.
- Administrator**, âd-mîn-nîs-trâ-ûr. *s.* he that manages the affairs of a man dying intestate; he that conducts the government.
- Administratrix**, âd-mîn-nîs-trâ-ûrîka. *s.* she who administers in consequence of a will.

nò, mòve, mòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—òll;—pòund;—thun, THIS.

- Administration**, ád'-mín-nis-trá'-túr-shíp. *s.* the office of an administrator.
Admirable, ád'-mè-rá-bl. *a.* to be admired; of power to excite wonder.
Admirableness, ád'-mè-rá-bl-nès. } *s.* the
Admirability, ád'-mè-rá-bl'l-lè-tè. } quality or state of being admirable.
Admirably, ád'-mè-rá-blè. *ad.* in an admirable manner.
Admiral, ád'-mè-rál. *s.* an officer or magistrate who has the government of the king's navy; the chief commander of a fleet.
Admiralship, ád'-mè-rál-shíp. *s.* the office of admiral.
Admiralty, ád'-mè-rál-tè. *s.* the power, or officers, appointed for the administration of naval affairs. [of admiring.]
Admiration, ád-mè-rá'-shùn. *s.* wonder, the act
Admire, ád-míre'. *v. a.* to regard with wonder, or with love. [admiration, a lover.]
Admirer, ád-mí'-rúr. *s.* one who regards with
Admiringly, ád-mí'-ng-lè. *ad.* with admiration. [mitted.]
Admissible, ád-mís'-sè-bl. *a.* that may be admitted. [ing, permission to enter.]
Admission, ád-mísh'-shùn. *s.* the state of being admitted; admittance, the power of entering.
Admit, ád-in't'. *v. a.* to suffer to enter; to allow an argument or position.
Admittable, ád-mít'-tá-bl. *a.* that may be admitted. [ing, permission to enter.]
Admittance, ád-mít'-tánsè. *s.* the act of admitting.
Admix, ád-míks'. *v. a.* to mingle with something else. [body with another.]
Admixture, ád-míks'-tshùn. *s.* the union of one
Admixture, ád-míks'-tshùre. *s.* the body mingled with another. [prove gently.]
Admonish, ád-món'-nìsh. *v. a.* to warn, to re-
Admonisher, ád-món'-nìsh-úr. *s.* one who admonishes.
Admonishment, ád-món'-nìsh-mènt. } *s.* the hint
Admonition, ád-mò-nìsh'-tìn. } of a fault or duty, counsel, gentle reproof.
Admonitioner, ád-mò-nìsh'-tìn-úr. *s.* a general adviser. [another.]
Admonitory, ád-món'-nè-túr-rè. *a.* that which admonishes.
Admòve, ád-mòòve'. *v. a.* to bring one thing to
Ado, á-dòv' *s.* trouble, difficulty, bustle.
- Adolescence**, ád-ò-lès'-sènsè. } *s.* the age
Adolency, ád-ò-lès'-sèn-sè. } succeeding childhood, and succeeded by puberty.
Adopt, á-dòpt'. *v. a.* to take a son by choice who is not so by birth; to place any person or thing in a nearer relation to something else.
Adoptedly, á-dòp'-téd-lè. *ad.* after the manner of something adopted.
Adopter, á-dòp'-túr. *s.* he that gives some one by choice the rights of a son.
Adoption, á-dòp'-shùn. *s.* the act of adopting, the state of being adopted. [ed.]
Adorable, á-dò'-rá-bl. *a.* that ought to be adored.
Adorableness, á-dò'-rá-bl-nès. *s.* worthiness of divine honours. [of adoration.]
Adorably, á-dò'-rá-blè. *ad.* in a manner worthy
Adoration, ád-ò-rá'-shùn. *s.* homage paid to the Divinity, or to persons in high place or esteem.
Adore, á-òbre'. *v. a.* to worship with external homage. [shipper.]
Adorer, á-dò'-rúr. *s.* he that adores; a worshipper.
Adorn, á-dòrn'. *v. a.* to dress, deck, set out.
Adornment, á-dòrn'-mènt. *s.* ornament, embellishment.
Adown, á-dòùn'. *ad.* down, on the ground.
Adown, á-dòùn'. *prep.* down, towards the ground.
Adread, á-drèd'. *ad.* in a state of fear.
Adrift, á-drít'. *ad.* floating at random.
Adroit, á-dròit'. *a.* active, skilful.
Adroitness, á-dròit'-nès. *s.* dexterity, activity.
Adrix, á-drí'. *a.* athirst, thirsty.
Adscititious, ád-sè-tìsh'-tìs. *a.* taken in to complete something else. [together.]
Adstriction, ád-strík'-shùn. *s.* the act of binding
Adulation, ád-jù-lá'-shùn. *s.* flattery, high compliment.
Adulator, ád-jù-lá'-túr. *s.* a flatterer.
Adulatory, ád'-jù-lá-túr-rè. *a.* flattering.
Adult, á-dùlt'. *a.* grown up, past the age of infancy.
Adult, á-dùlt'. *s.* a person above the age of infancy, or grown to some degree of strength.
Adulthood, á-dùlt'-nès. *s.* the state of being adult.
Adulter, á-dùl'-túr. *v. a.* to commit adultery with another.

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

- Adulterant, â-dôl'-tûr-ân.** *s.* the person or thing which adulterates.
- Adulterate, â-dôl'-tûr-âte.** *v. a.* to commit adultery; to corrupt by some foreign admixture.
- Adulterato, â-dôl'-tûr-âte.** *a.* tainted with the guilt of adultery, corrupted with some foreign admixture.
- Adulterateness, â-dôl'-tûr-âte-nês.** *s.* the quality or state of being adulterate.
- Adulteration, â-dôl'-tûr-â-shûn.** *s.* the act of corrupting; the state of being contaminated.
- Adulterer, â-dôl'-tûr-ûr.** *s.* a man guilty of adultery.
- Adulteress, â-dôl'-tûr-êa.** *s.* a woman that commits adultery. [adulteress.]
- Adulterine, â-dôl'-tûr-ine.** *s.* a child born of an adulterous, â-dôl'-tûr-ûs. *a.* guilty of adultery.
- Adultery, â-dôl'-tûr-ê.** *s.* the act of violating the bed of a married person. [resemblance.]
- Adumbrant, âd-ûm'-brân.** *a.* that gives a slight
- Adumbrate, âd-ûm'-brâte.** *v. a.* to shadow out, to exhibit a faint resemblance.
- Adumbration, âd-ûm'-brâ-shûn.** *s.* the act of giving a slight and imperfect representation.
- Adunation, âd-û-nâ'-shûn.** *s.* the state of being united, union. [ness.]
- Aduncity, â-dûn'-sê-tê.** *s.* crookedness, hooked.
- Adunque, â-dûnk'.** *a.* crooked.
- Adure, â-dûrê'.** *v. n.* to burn up.
- Adust, â-dûst'.** *a.* burnt up, scorched.
- Adusted, â-dûst'-êd.** *a.* burnt, dried with fire.
- Adustible, â-dûs'-tê-bl.** *a.* that may be adusted.
- Adustion, â-dûs'-tûshûn.** *s.* the act of burning up, or drying.
- Advance, âd-vânse'.** *v. a.* to bring forward; to raise to preferment; to improve; to accelerate. [make improvement.]
- Advance, âd-vânse'.** *v. n.* to come forward; to
- Advance, âd-vânse'.** *s.* the act of coming forward; progression, improvement.
- Advancement, âd-vânse'-mênt.** *s.* the act of coming forward; preferment; improvement.
- Advancer, âd-vân'-sâr.** *s.* a promoter, forwarder.
- Advantage, âd-vân'-tâdje.** *s.* superiority, gain, profit; preponderation. [promote.]
- Advantage, âd-vân'-tâdje.** *v. a.* to benefit, to
- Advantaged, âd-vân'-tâ-jêd.** *a.* possessed of advantages.
- Advantage-ground, âd-vân'-tâdje-grôund.** *s.* a ground that gives superiority and advantage.
- Advantageous, âd-vân'-tâ-jûs.** *a.* profitable, useful.
- Advantageously, âd-vân'-tâ-jûs-lê.** *ad.* conveniently, opportunely, profitably.
- Advantageousness, âd-vân'-tâ-jûs-nês.** *s.* profitability, convenience. [added]
- Advene, âd-vênê'.** *v. n.* to accede, to be super-
- Advenient, âd-vê'-nê-ênt.** *a.* advancing, super-added.
- Advent, âd'-vênt.** *s.* one of the holy seasons signifying the coming of our Saviour; the four weeks before Christmas.
- Adventitious, âd-vên'-tish'-ûs.** *a.* that advenes extrinsically added. [season of advent.]
- Adventual, âd-vên'-tish-ûl.** *a.* relating to the
- Adventure, âd-vên'-tshûrê.** *s.* accident, chance, hazard. [chance, to dare.]
- Adventure, âd-vên'-tshûrê.** *v. n.* to try the
- Adventurer, âd-vên'-tshûr-ûr.** *s.* he that seeks occasions of hazard.
- Adventurous, âd-vên'-tshûr-ûs.** *a.* inclined to adventures, daring, courageous; full of hazard, dangerous. [daringly.]
- Adventurously, âd-vên'-tshûr-ûs-lê.** *ad.* boldly
- Adventuresome, âd-vên'-tshûr-sâm.** See *ad venturous.*
- Adventuresomeness, âd-vên'-tshûr-sâm-nês.** *s.* the quality of being adventuresome.
- Adverb, âd'-vêrb.** *s.* a word joined to a verb or adjective, and applied to the use of qualifying and restraining the latitude of their signification. [of an adverb.]
- Adverbial, âd-vêr'-bê-âl.** *a.* having the quality
- Adverbially, âd-vêr'-bê-âl-lê.** *ad.* in the manner of an adverb.
- Adversable, âd-vêr'-sâ-b.** *a.* contrary to.
- Adversary, âd'-vêr'-sâ-rê.** *s.* an opponent, an antagonist, enemy.
- Adverse, âd'-vêrse.** *a.* acting with contrary directions; calamitous, afflictive.
- Adversely, âd'-vêrse-lê.** *ad.* unfortunately.
- Adversity, âd-vêr'-sê-tê.** *s.* affliction, calamity
- Advert, âd-vêrt'.** *v. n.* to attend to, regard, observe.
- Advertence, âd-vêr'-tênse.** } *s.* attention
- Advertency, âd-vêr'-tênse.** } *s.* regard to.

nq, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tōbe, tōb, bōll;—ōll, pōōnd;—thin, thin.

Advertise, ād-vēr-tīz'. *v. a.* to inform another, to give intelligence.

Advertisement, ād-vēr-tīz-mēnt. *s.* intelligence, information; notice published in a paper of intelligence.

Advertiser, ād-vēr-tī-zār. *s.* he that gives intelligence; the paper in which advertisements are published.

Advertising, ād-vēr-tī-zhng. *a.* active in giving intelligence, monetary.

Advesperate, ād-vēs-pē-rāte. *v. n.* to draw towards evening. [intelligence.

Advice, ād-vīz'. *s.* counsel, instruction, notice;

Advise, ād-vīz'. *v. a.* to counsel; inform, make acquainted. [liberate.

Advise, ād-vīz'. *v. n.* to consult, consider, de-
Adviseable, ād-vī-zā-bl. *a.* prudent, fit to be advised. [of being adviseable.

Adviseableness, ād-vī-zā-bl-nēs. *s.* the quality
Advised, ād-vī-zēd. *part. a.* acting with delib-
eration, prudent, wise.

Advisedly, ād-vī-zēd-lē. *ad.* deliberately, pur-
posely, prudently.

Advisedness, ād-vī-zēd-nēs. *s.* deliberation,
prudent procedure.

Adviser, ād-vī-zār. *s.* the person that advises.

Advocacy, ād-vō-kā-sē. *s.* vindication, defence,
apology. [cause of another.

Advocate, ād-vō-kāte. *s.* he that pleads the

Advocation, ād-vō-kā-shūn. *s.* the office of
pleading, plea, apology.

Advolation, ād-vō-lā-shūn. *s.* the act of flying
to something.

Advolution, ād-vō-lū-shūn. *s.* the act of rolling.

Advoutry, ād-vōū-trī. *s.* adultery.

Advowee, ād-vōū-tē. *s.* he that has the right
of advowsee. [to a benefice.

Advowson, ād-vōū-zūn. *s.* a right to present

Aerial, ā-ē-rē-āl. *a.* belonging to the air, high.

Aerie, ē-rē. *s.* a nest of birds of prey.

Aerology, ā-ēr-ōl-jō-jē. *s.* the doctrine of the air.

Aeromancy, ā-ēr-ō-mān-sē. *s.* the art of divin-
ing by the air. [using the air.

Aerometry, ā-ēr-ōm-mē-trē. *s.* the art of meas-

Aeronaut, ā-ēr-ō-nāwt. *s.* one who sails
through the air. [of the air.

Aerostomy, ā-ēr-ōs-kō-pē. *s.* the observation

Afar, ā-fār. *ad.* at a great distance.

Afear'd, ā-fēr'. *part. a.* frightened, terrified,
afraid.

Afel, ā-fōr. *s.* the south-west wind.

Affability, āf-fā-bīl-ē-tē. *s.* easiness of manners;
civility, condescension.

Affable, āf-fā-bl. *a.* easy of manners, courteous.

Affableness, āf-fā-bl-nēs. *s.* courtesy, affability

Affably, āf-fā-blē. *ad.* courteously, civilly?

Affair, āf-fāre'. *s.* business, something to be
managed or transacted.

Affear, āf-fēre'. *v. a.* to confirm, to establish.

Affect, āf-fēkt'. *s.* affection, passion, sensation

Affect, āf-fēkt'. *v. a.* to act upon; to move the
passions; to aim at.

Affectation, āf-fēk-tā-shūn. *s.* the act of mak-
ing an artificial appearance, awkward imita-
tion.

Affected, āf-fēk-tēd. *part. a.* moved, touched
with affection; studied with over-much care;
full of affectation.

Affectedly, āf-fēk-tēd-lē. *ad.* in an affected
manner, hypocritically.

Affectedness, āf-fēk-tēd-nēs. *s.* the quality of
being affected.

Affection, āf-fēk-shūn. *s.* the state of being af-
fected; passion of any kind; love, kindness.

Affectionate, āf-fēk-shūn-āte. *a.* full of affec-
tion, fond, tender. [tenderly.

Affectionately, āf-fēk-shūn-āte-lē. *ad.* fondly,

Affectionateness, āf-fēk-shūn-āte-nēs. *s.* fond-
ness, tenderness.

Affected, āf-fēk-shūn. *a.* affected, conceit-
ed; inclined, mentally disposed.

Affectiously, āf-fēk-shūn-lē. *ad.* in an affect-
ing manner.

Affective, āf-fēk-tīv. *a.* that which affects.

Affectuosity, āf-fēk-tshū-ōs-sē-tē. *s.* passion
ateness.

Affectuous, āf-fēk-tshū-ās. *a.* full of passion.

Affiance, āf-fī-ānse. *s.* a marriage contract;
trust, confidence.

Affiance, āf-fī-ānse. *v. a.* to betroth, to give
confidence.

Affiancee, āf-fī-ān-sār. *s.* he that makes a
contract of marriage between two parties.

Affidation, āf-fē-dā-shūn. }
Affidature, āf-fē-dā-tshūr. } *s.* mutual con-
tract, mutual oath of fidelity.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pluc, pln; —

- Affidavit**, âf-fê-dâ-vî-t. *s.* a declaration upon oath. [succeed.]
- Affied**, âf-fl'-êd. *part. a.* joined by contract, affiliation.
- Affiliation**, âf-fl'-lê-â'-shûn. *s.* adoption.
- Affinage**, âf-fê-nâje. *s.* the act of refining metals.
- Affined**, âf-fl'-nêd. *a.* related to another.
- Affinity**, âf-fl'n'-nê-tê. *s.* relation by marriage; connexion with.
- Affirm**, âf-fêrm'. *v. n.* to declare, to assert confidently.
- Affirm**, âf-fêrm'. *v. a.* to ratify or approve.
- Affirmable**, âf-fêr-mâ-bl. *a.* that may be affirmed. [posed to repeal.]
- Affirmance**, âf-fêr-mânse. *s.* confirmation, opposition.
- Affirmant**, âf-fêr-mânt. *s.* the person that affirms.
- Affirmation**, âf-fêr-mâ-shûn. *s.* the act of affirming; the position affirmed; confirmation.
- Affirmative**, âf-fêr-mâ-îv. *a.* that may be affirmed.
- Affirmatively**, âf-fêr-mâ-îv-lê. *adv.* on the positive side, not negatively.
- Affirmer**, âf-fêr-mâr. *s.* the person who affirms. [join.]
- Affix**, âf-fîks'. *v. a.* to unite to the end, to sub-
- Affix**, âf-fîks'. *s.* a particle united to the end of a word. [state of being affixed.]
- Affixion**, âf-fîk'-shûn. *s.* the act of affixing;
- Afflation**, âf-fâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of breathing upon. [power of prophecy.]
- Afflatus**, âf-fâ'-tûs. *s.* communication of the
- Afflict**, âf-fîk't'. *v. a.* to put to pain; to grieve, to torment. [grief.]
- Afflictedness**, âf-fîk'-têd-nês. *s.* sorrowfulness,
- Afflicter**, âf-fîk'-tûr. *s.* the person who afflicts.
- Affliction**, âf-fîk'-shûn. *s.* the cause of pain or sorrow, calamity.
- Afflictive**, âf-fîk'-îv. *a.* painful, tormenting.
- Affluence**, âf-fî-û-ênse. *s.* the act of flowing; exuberance of riches.
- Affluent**, âf-fî-û-ênt. *a.* flowing, abundant, exuberant, wealthy.
- Affluentness**, âf-fî-û-ênt-nês. *s.* the quality of being affluent.
- Afflux**, âf-fîlks. *s.* the act of flowing, affluence.
- Affluxion**, âf-fîlks'-shûn. *s.* the act of flowing to a particular place; that which flows.
- Afford**, âf-fôrd'. *v. a.* to yield or produce, to be able to bear expenses. [forest.]
- Afforest**, âf-fôr-rêt. *v. a.* to turn ground into
- Affranchise**, âf-frân'-tshîz. *v. a.* to make free.
- Affray**, âf-frâ'. *v. a.* to fright, to terrify.
- Affray**, âf-frâ'. *s.* a tumultuous assault.
- Affrication**, âf-frik'-shûn. *s.* the act of rubbing one thing upon another. [terrify.]
- Affright**, âf-frîte'. *v. a.* to affect with fear, to
- Affright**, âf-frîte'. *s.* terror, fear.
- Affrightment**, âf-frîte'-înént. *s.* the impression of fear, terror.
- Affront**, âf-frûnt'. *v. a.* to encounter, provoke, offend. [outrage, act of contempt.]
- Affront**, âf-frûnt'. *s.* insult offered to the face;
- Affronter**, âf-frûn'-tûr. *s.* the person who affronts. [quality of affronting.]
- Affronting**, âf-frûn'-îng. *part. a.* having the
- Affuse**, âf-fûze'. *v. a.* to pour one thing upon another.
- Affusion**, âf-fû'-zhûn. *s.* the act of affusing.
- Affy**, âf-fl'. *v. a.* to betroth in order to marriage
- Affy**, âf-fl'. *v. n.* to put confidence in.
- Afield**, â-fêld'. *ad.* to the field.
- Aflat**, â-fât'. *ad.* level with the ground.
- Afloat**, â-fôte'. *ad.* floating.
- Afoot**, â-fû't'. *ad.* on foot, in action.
- Afore**, â-fôre'. *prep.* before, sooner in time.
- Afore**, â-fôre'. *ad.* in time past; in front, in the fore part. [fore.]
- Aforegoing**, â-fôre'-gô-îng. *part. a.* going be-
- Aforehand**, â-fôre'-hând. *ad.* by a previous provision; previously fitted.
- Aforementioned**, â-fôre'-mên-shûnd. *a.* mentioned before.
- Aforenamed**, â-fôre'-nâ-mêd. *a.* named before.
- Aforesaid**, â-fôre'-sâde. *a.* said before.
- Aforetime**, â-fôre'-tîme. *ad.* in time past.
- Afraid**, â-frâde'. *part. a.* terrified, fearful.
- Afresh**, â-frêsh'. *ad.* anew, again.
- After**, âf-tûr. *prep.* following in place; in pursuit of; in imitation of.
- After**, âf-tûr. *ad.* in succeeding time, following another.
- Afterages**, âf-tûr-â'-jêz. *s.* succeeding times, posterity.
- Afterall**, âf-tûr-â'-îl'. *ad.* at last, in fine, in conclusion.

nò, mǎve, nǎr, nót;—tòbe, tǎb, bǎll;—šil;—pònd;—thin, rnis.

Afterbirth, áf-tǎr-běrh. *s.* the secundine.
 Afterclap, áf-tǎr-kláp. *s.* an unexpected event happening after an affair is supposed to be at an end.
 Aftercost, áf-tǎr-kóst. *s.* the expense incurred after the original plan is executed.
 Aftercrop, áf-tǎr-króp. *s.* second harvest.
 Aftergame, áf-tǎr-gǎme. *s.* methods taken after the first turn of affairs.
 Aftermath, áf-tǎr-mǎh. *s.* second crop of grass, mown in autumn.
 Afternoon, áf-tǎr-nòon'. *s.* the time from the meridian to the evening.
 Afterpains, áf-tǎr-pǎnz. *s.* pains after birth.
 Aftertaste, áf-tǎr-tǎste. *s.* taste remaining upon the tongue. [the act.
 Afterthought, áf-tǎr-thǎwt. *s.* reflection after
 Aftertimes, áf-tǎr-timz. *s.* succeeding times.
 Afterward, áf-tǎr-wǎrd. *ad.* in succeeding time.
 Afterwit, áf-tǎr-wit. *s.* contrivance of expedients after the occasion of using them is past.
 Again, á-gén'. *ad.* a second time, once more; in any other time or place, quantity.
 Against, á-gěnst'. *prep.* contrary, opposite.
 Agape, á-gǎpe'. *ad.* staring with eagerness.
 Agate, ág-át. *s.* a precious stone of the lowest class. [agate.
 Agaty, ág-á-tě. *a.* partaking of the nature of
 Age, áje. *s.* the space of a hundred years, the latter part of life, old age.
 Aged, á-jěd. *a.* old, stricken in years.
 Agedly, á-jěd-lě. *ad.* after the manner of an aged person.
 Agency, á-jěu-ě. *s.* the quality of acting, the state of being in action; business performed by an agent.
 Agent, á-jěnt. *a.* acting upon, active.
 Agent, á-jěnt. *s.* a substitute, a deputy, a factor. [of growing to another body.
 Aggregation, ád-jěn-nǎr-á-shǎn. *s.* the state
 Aggregate, ád-jǎr-áte. *v. a.* to heap up.
 Agglomerate, ág-glóm-mǎr-áte. *v. a.* to gather up in a ball.
 Agglutinants, ág-glú-tě-nǎnts. *s.* medicines which have the power of uniting parts together.
 Agglutinate, ág-glú-tě-nǎte. *v. a.* to unite one part to another.

Agglutination, ág-glú-tě-nǎ-shǎn. *s.* union, cohesion.
 Agglutinative, ág-glú-tě-nǎ-tív. *a.* that has the power of procuring agglutination.
 Aggrandize, ág-grǎn-dize. *v. a.* to make great, to enlarge, to exalt.
 Aggrandizement, ág-grǎn-dize-měnt. *s.* the state of being aggrandized.
 Aggrandizer, ág-grǎn-dize-ár. *s.* the person that makes another great.
 Aggravate, ág-grǎ-vǎte. *v. a.* to make heavy, in a metaphorical sense; to make any thing worse.
 Aggravation, ág-grǎ-vǎ-shǎn. *s.* the act of aggravating; the circumstances which heighten guilt or calamity.
 Aggregate, ág-grě-gǎte. *a.* framed by the collection of particular parts into one mass.
 Aggregate, ág-grě-gǎte. *s.* the result of the conjunction of many particulars. [gether
 Aggregate, ág-grě-gǎte. *n. a.* to collect to
 Aggregation, ág-grě-gǎ-shǎn. *s.* the act of collecting; the whole composed by the collection of many particulars. [of violence
 Aggress, ág-grěs'. *v. n.* to commit the first act
 Aggression, ág-grěs-l'-shǎn. *s.* commencement of a quarrel by some act of iniquity.
 Aggressor, ág-grěs-sǎr. *s.* an assaulter or invader.
 Aggrievance, ág-grě-vǎnse. *s.* injury, wrong.
 Aggrieve, ág-grěve'. *v. a.* to give sorrow, to vex. [into one figure.
 Aggroup, ág-gróp'. *v. a.* to bring together
 Aghast, á-gǎst'. *a.* struck with horror as at the sight of a spectre.
 Agile, áj-íl. *a.* nimble, ready, active.
 Agileness, áj-íl-něs. } *s.* nimbleness, quickness
 Agility, á-jíl-ě-tě. } *s.* activity.
 Agist, á-jíst'. *v. a.* to feed the cattle of strangers in the king's forest, and to gather the money.
 Agistment, á-jíst-měnt. *s.* composition or mean rate.
 Agitable, áj-ě-lǎ-hi. *a.* that may be put in motion. [actuate.
 Agitate, áj-ě-lǎte. *v. a.* to put in motion; to
 Agitation, áj-ě-lǎ-shǎn. *s.* the act of moving any thing; the state of being moved, discussion, disturbance

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plze, pln;—

- Agitator**, âj'-ê-th'-târ. *s.* he who manages affairs.
Agminal, âg'-mè-nâl. *a.* belonging to a troop.
Agnall, âg'-nâle. *s.* a whitlow. [father.
Agnation, âg'-nâ'-shân. *s.* descent from the same
Agnition, âg'-nîsh'-ân. *s.* acknowledgment.
Agnize, âg'-nîze'. *v. a.* to acknowledge, to own.
Agnomination, âg'-nôm-mè-nâ'-shân. *s.* allusion
 of one word to another.
Ago, â-gò'. *ad. past:* as, Long ago.
Agog, â-gòg'. *ad.* in a state of desire.
Agoin, â-gò'-îng. *ad.* in action.
Agone, â-gôn'. *ad.* ago, past.
Agonism, âg'-ô-nîzm. *s.* contention for a prize.
Agonistes, âg'-ô-nîs'-tèz. *s.* a prize-fighter.
Agonize, âg'-ô-nîze'. *v. n.* to be in excessive
 pain. [pain.
Agony, âg'-ô-nè. *s.* the pangs of death; violent
Agrarian, â-grâ'-rè-ân. *a.* relating to fields or
 grounds. [yield to; to settle.
Agree, â-grèe'. *v. n.* to be in concord; to
Agreeable, â-grèe'-â-bl. *a.* suitable to, consist-
 ent, pleasing.
Agreeableness, â-grèe'-â-bl-nès. *s.* consistency
 with, suitability to; the quality of pleasing.
Agreeably, â-grèe'-â-blè. *ad.* consistently.
Agreed, â-grèed'. *part. a.* settled by consent.
Agreement, â-grèe'-mènt. *s.* concord, compact,
 bargain. [unpolished.
Agrestic, â-grès'-tîk. *a.* belonging to the field,
Agriculture, âg'-rè-kûl-tshûre. *s.* tillage, hus-
 bandry.
Aground, â-gròund'. *ad.* stranded, hindered by
 the ground from passing farther.
Ague, â-gù. *s.* an intermittent fever.
Agued, â-gù-éd. *a.* struck with ague, shivering.
Ague-fit, â-gù-ft. *s.* the paroxysm of the ague.
Aguish, â-gù-ish. *a.* having the qualities of an
 ague.
Aguishness, â-gù-ish-nès. *s.* the quality of re-
 sembling an ague.
Ah, â. *int.* a word denoting dislike or compas-
 sion.
Aha, â-hâ'. *int.* a word intimating triumph.
Ahead, â-héd'. *ad.* further onward than another.
Aid, âde. *v. a.* to help, to support, to succour.
Aid, âde. *s.* help, support; in law, a subsidy.
Aidance, âde'-ânse. *s.* help, support.
Aidant, âde'-ânt. *a.* helping, helpful.
- Aid-de-camp**, âde-dè-kâwng'. *s.* an officer who
 attends the chief commander to carry his or-
 ders to the inferior officer.
Aider, âde'-ûr. *s.* a helper, an ally.
Aidless, âde'-lès. *a.* helpless, unsupported.
Ail, âe. *v. n.* to pain, to trouble.
Ailment, âle'-mènt. *s.* pain, disease.
Ailing, âle'-îng. *part. a.* sickly.
Aim, âme. *v. a.* to endeavour to strike with a
 missile weapon; to endeavour to reach or
 obtain.
Alm, âme. *s.* the direction of a missile weapon
 an intention, a design.
Air, âre. *s.* the element encompassing the earth,
 a gentle gale, music, mien, an affected or
 laboured manner or gesture.
Air, âre. *v. a.* to expose to the air, to take the
 air; to warm. [with air
Airbladder, âre'-blâd-dâr. *s.* a bladder silk.
Airbuilt, âre'-bûlt. *a.* built in the air.
Air-drawn, âre'-drâwn. *a.* painted in air.
Airer, âre'-ûr. *s.* he that exposes to the air.
Airhole, âre'-hôle. *s.* a hole to admit air.
Airiness, âre'-ô-nès. *s.* exposure to the ai.
 lightness, gaiety.
Airing, âre'-îng. *s.* a short jaunt.
Airless, âre'-lès. *a.* without the free air
Airpump, âre'-pûmp. *s.* a machine, by means
 of which the air is exhausted out of proper
 vessels. [mines.
Airshaft, âre'-shâût. *s.* a passage for the air into
Airy, âre'-è. *a.* composed of, or relating to, the
 air; light as air, unsubstantial; gay, spright-
Aisle, âe. *s.* the walk in a church.
Ake, âke. *v. n.* to feel a lasting pain.
Akin, â-kîn'. *a.* allied to by blood.
Alabaster, âl'-â-hâs-târ. *s.* a kind of soft marb. e.
Alabaster, âl'-â-hâs-târ. *a.* made of alabaster.
Alack, â-lâk'. *int.* an expression of sorrow.
Alackaday, â-lâk'-â-dâ'. *int.* a word noting
 sorrow and melancholy. [out dejection.
Alacriously, â-lâk'-rè-ûs-lè. *ad.* cheerfully, with
Alacrity, â-lâk' krè-tè. *s.* cheerfulness, spright-
 ness. [fashion.
Alamode, âl'-â-mòde'. *ad.* according to the
Alarin, â-lârm'. *s.* notice of danger, a species
 of clock. [prise
Alarin, â-lârm'. *v. a.* to call to arms; to sur-

nó, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tūbe, tūb, bóll;—dōl, pōōnd;—thin, thīs.

Alarming, ǎ-lǎ'-mǎng. *part a.* terrifying, surprising.

Alas, ǎ-lǎ'. *int.* a word expressing lamentation or pity.

Alb, ǎ-lǎ'. *s.* a surplice.

Albeit, ǎ-lǎ'-t. *ad.* although, notwithstanding.

Albugo, ǎ-lǎ'-gō. *s.* a disease in the eye.

Alchymical, ǎ-lǎ'-mē-lǎ-l. *a.* relating to alchymy.

Alchymically, ǎ-lǎ'-mē-kǎ-l-lē. *ad.* in the manner of an alchymist.

Alchymist, ǎ-lǎ'-mǎst. *s.* one who professes the science of alchymy.

Alchymy, ǎ-lǎ'-mē. *s.* sublime chymistry; a kind of mixed metal.

Alcohol, ǎ-lǎ'-kō-hōl. *s.* a high rectified spirit of wine.

Alcoholization, ǎ-lǎ'-kō-hō-l-ē-zǎ'-shūn. *s.* the act of rectifying spirits.

Alcoholize, ǎ-lǎ'-kō-hō-l-ize. *v. a.* to rectify spirits till they are wholly dephlegmated.

Alcorān, ǎ-lǎ'-kō-rān. *s.* the book of the Mahometan precepts and credenda.

Alcove, ǎ-lǎ'-kōv'. *s.* a private recess to lie or sleep in.

Alder, ǎ-lǎ'-dǎr. *s.* a tree.

Alderman, ǎ-lǎ'-dǎr-mǎn. *s.* a governour or magistrat.

Aldermanly, ǎ-lǎ'-dǎr-mǎn-lē. *ad.* like an alderman.

Aldern, ǎ-lǎ'-dǎrn. *a.* made of alder.

Ale, ǎ-lē. *s.* a liquor made of malt and hops

Alebrewer, ǎ-lē'-brōd-ūr. *s.* one who professes to brew ale.

Aleconner, ǎ-lē'-kōn-rūr. *s.* an officer in the city of London to inspect the measures of publick houses.

Alegar, ǎ-lē'-gǎr. *s.* sour ale.

Alehoof, ǎ-lē'-hōōf. *s.* ground ivy.

Alehouse, ǎ-lē'-hōōse. *s.* a tippling house.

Alembick, ǎ-lēm'-bīk. *s.* a vessel used in distillation.

Alert, ǎ-lǎrt'. *a.* watchful, vigilant, brisk.

Alertness, ǎ-lǎrt'-nēs. *s.* the quality of being alert.

Alewife, ǎ-lē'-wīfe. *s.* a woman that keeps an alehouse.

Alexandrine, ǎ-lǎngz-ǎn'-drln. *s.* a verse consisting of twelve syllables.

Alexipharmick, ǎ-lǎk-sē-fǎr'mīk. *a.* that drives away poison, antidotal.

Alchemical, ǎ-lǎk-sē-lǎr'-kǎ-l. *a.* that which drives away poison.

Aleximick, ǎ-lǎk-sē-lǎr'-rīk. *a.* that which drives away poison.

Algebra, ǎ-lǎ-jē-brǎ. *s.* a peculiar kind of arith-

Algebraical, ǎ-lǎ-jē-brǎ'-ē-kǎ-l. } *a.* relating to algebra.

Algebraick, ǎ-lǎ-jē-brǎ'-īk. } *a.* relating to algebra.

Algebraist, ǎ-lǎ-jē-brǎ'-līst. *s.* one skilled in the science of algebra.

Algid, ǎ-lǎ'-jīd. *a.* cold, chill.

Algidity, ǎ-lǎ'-jīd-tē. *s.* chiliness, cold.

Algific, ǎ-lǎ'-jīf-īk. *a.* that produces cold.

Algor, ǎ-lǎ'-gōr. *s.* extreme cold, chilness.

Algorithm, ǎ-lǎ'-gō-rīthm. *s.* the science of numbers.

Alias, ǎ-lǎ'-ē-ās. *a.* otherwise.

Alible, ǎ-lǎ'-ē-bl. *a.* nutritive, nourishing.

Alien, ǎ-lē'-yēn. *a.* foreign, estranged from, not one's own.

Alien, ǎ-lē'-yēn. *s.* a foreigner, a stranger.

Alienable, ǎ-lē'-yēn-ǎ-bl. *a.* that may be transferred.

Alienate, ǎ-lē'-yēn-ǎ-tē. *v. a.* to transfer the property of any thing to another; to withdraw the affections.

Alienate, ǎ-lē'-yēn-ǎ-tē. *a.* withdrawn from, stranger to.

Alienation, ǎ-lē'-yēn-ǎ-shūn. *s.* the act of transferring property.

Alight, ǎ-līte. *v. a.* to come down, to fall upon.

Alike, ǎ-līke'. *ad.* with resemblanc, in the same manner.

Aliment, ǎ-lē'-mēnt. *s.* nourishment, food.

Alimental, ǎ-lē'-mēn-tǎl. *a.* that nourishes.

Alimentariness, ǎ-lē'-mēn-tǎ-rē-nēs. *s.* the quality of being alimentary.

Alimentary, ǎ-lē'-mēnt'-ǎ-rē. *a.* that has the power of nourishing.

Alimentation, ǎ-lē'-mēn-tǎ-shūn. *s.* the quality of nourishing.

Alimourous, ǎ-lē'-mō-nē-ūs. *a.* that nourishes.

Alimony, ǎ-lē'-mō-nē. *s.* legal proportion of the husband's estate allowed to the wife, by way of account of separation.

Aliquant, ǎ-lē'-kwǎnt. *a.* parts of a number, which will never make up the number exactly.

Aliquot, ǎ-lē'-kwōt. *a.* parts of any number or quantity, such as will exactly measure it without any remainder.

Alish, ǎ-lē'-īsh. *a.* resembling ale.

Alive, ǎ-līve'. *a.* not dead; unextinguished, active; cheerful.

Alkahest, ǎ-lǎ-kǎ-hēst. *s.* a universal dissolvent.

Alkalescent, ǎ-lǎ-kǎ-lēs-sēnt. *a.* that has a tendency to the properties of an alkali.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pîne, plû;—

- Alkali**, âl'-kâ-lê. *s.* any substance which, when mingled with acid, produces fermentation.
- Alkaline**, âl'-kâ-lîn. *a.* that has the qualities of alkali.
- Alkalizate**, âl-kâl'-lê-zâte. *v. a.* to make alkaline.
- Alkalizate**, âl-kâl'-lê-zâte. *a.* that has the qualities of alkali. [kalizating.]
- Alkalization**, âl-kâ-lê-zâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of alkalizing.
- Alkermes**, âl-kêr'-mêz. *s.* a confection made of the kermes berries.
- All**, âll. *a.* the whole, every one.
- All**, âll. *s.* the whole; every thing.
- All**, âll. *ad.* quite, completely, altogether.
- Allay**, âl-lâ'. *v. a.* to mix one metal with another; to quiet, pacify, repress.
- Allay**, âl-lâ'. *s.* the metal of a baser kind, mixed in coins, to harden them; any thing which, being added, abates the predominant qualities of that with which it is mingled.
- Allayer**, âl-lâ'-ûr. *s.* the person or thing which has the power or quality of allaying.
- Allayment**, âl-lâ'-mênt. *s.* that which has the power of allaying. [ration, plea.]
- Allegation**, âl-lê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* affirmation, declaration.
- Allege**, âl-lê-dje'. *v. a.* to affirm, declare, maintain. [ed.]
- Allegeable**, âl-lê-dje'-â-bl. *a.* that may be alleged.
- Allegement**, âl-lê-dje'-mênt. *s.* the same with *allegation*.
- Alleger**, âl-lê-dje'-ûr. *s.* he that alleges.
- Allegiance**, âl-lê-jânse. *s.* the duty of subjects.
- Allegiant**, âl-lê-jân't. *a.* loyal, faithful.
- Allegorick**, âl-lê-gôr'-rîk. *a.* not real, not literal.
- Allegorical**, âl-lê-gôr'-rê-kâl. *a.* in the form of an allegory. [allegorical manner.]
- Allegorically**, âl-lê-gôr'-rê-kâl-lê. *ad.* after an allegory.
- Allegorize**, âl-lê-gô-rîze. *v. a.* to turn into allegory, to form an allegory.
- Allegory**, âl-lê-gôr'-rê. *s.* a figurative discourse, in which something is intended that is not contained in the words literally taken.
- Allegro**, âl-lê-grô. *s.* a sprightly motion in music.
- Alletujah**, âl-lê-lû'-yâ. *s.* a word of spiritual exultation; Praise God. [ease, to soften.]
- Alleviate**, âl-lê-vê-âie. *v. a.* to make light, to alleviate.
- Alleviation**, âl-lê-vê-â'-shûn. *s.* that by which any pain is eased, or fault extenuated.
- Alley**, âl'-lê. *s.* a walk, a narrow passage.
- Alliance**, âl-lî'-ânse. *s.* the state of connexion by confederacy, a league; relation by marriage or any form of kindred. [tracting.]
- Alliciency**, âl-lîsh'-yên-sê. *s.* the power of an alligate.
- Alligate**, âl-lê-gâte. *v. a.* to tie one thing to another. [gether, an arithmetical rule.]
- Alligation**, âl-lê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of tying to.
- Alligator**, âl-lê-gâ'-ûr. *s.* the crocodile of America. [thing against another.]
- Allision**, âl-lîsh'-ûn. *s.* the act of striking one.
- Alliteration**, âl-lî-êr-â'-shûn. *s.* the beginning two or more words with the same letter to give them a sort of rhyming consonance.
- Allocution**, âl-lô-kû'-shûn. *s.* the act of speaking to another.
- Allodial**, âl-lô-dê-ûl. *a.* not feudal, independent.
- Allodium**, âl-lô-dê-ûm. *s.* possession held in absolute independence. [rapier.]
- Allonge**, âl-lûndje'. *s.* a pass or thrust with a Allou, âl-lôû'. *v. a.* to set on, to incite.
- Alloquy**, âl-lô-kwê. *s.* the act of speaking to another.
- Allot**, âl-lôû'. *v. a.* to distribute by lot, to grant.
- Allotment**, âl-lôû'-mênt. *s.* the part, the share.
- Allottery**, âl-lôû'-tûr-ê. *s.* that which is granted to any in a distribution. [ment.]
- Allow**, âl-lôû'. *v. a.* to admit, grant, make abate.
- Allowable**, âl-lôû'-â-bl. *a.* that may be admitted, lawful.
- Allowableness**, âl-lôû'-â-bl-nês. *s.* lawfulness, exemption from prohibition.
- Allowance**, âl-lôû'-ânse. *s.* sanction, license, permission; abatement; a sum granted.
- Alloy**, âl-lôê'. *s.* baser metal mixed in coinage.
- Allude**, âl-lûdê'. *v. n.* to have some reference to a thing, without the direct mention.
- Alluminor**, âl-lû-mê-nûr. *s.* one who paints upon paper or parchment.
- Allure**, âl-lûrê'. *v. a.* to entice to any thing.
- Allurement**, âl-lûrê'-mênt. *s.* enticement, temptation.
- Allurer**, âl-lû-rêr. *s.* enticer, inveigler.
- Alluringly**, âl-lû-rîng-lê. *ad.* in an alluring manner, enticingly. [temptation.]
- Alluringness**, âl-lû-rîng-nês. *s.* enticement.
- Allusion**, âl-lû-zhûn. *s.* a hint, an implication.
- Alusive**, âl-lû-zîv. *a.* hinting at something

no, move, ndr, not;—tate, tbb, bdl;—dñ;—pönd;—thin, tris.

Allusively, ál-lá'-áv-té. *ad.* in an allusive manner. [ing allusive.]

Allusiveness, ál-lá'-áv-ná. *s.* the quality of being allusive. *v. a.* to unite by kindred, friendship, or confederacy.

Ally, ál-lá'. *s.* one united to some other by marriage, friendship, or confederacy.

Almacantar, ál-má-kán-tár. *s.* a circle drawn parallel to the horizon.

Almanack, ál-má-nák. *s.* a calendar.

Almightiness, ál-má'-tá-ná. *s.* omnipotence.

Almighty, ál-má'-té. *a.* of unlimited power, omnipotent.

Almond, ál-mánd. *s.* the nut of the almond tree.

Almonds, ál-mándz. *s.* the two glands of the throat.

Almoner, ál-mó-nár. *s.* the officer of a prince, employed in the distribution of charity.

Almonry, ál-mán-ré. *s.* the place where alms are distributed.

Almost, ál-móst. *ad.* nearly, well nigh. [poor.]

Alms, ánz. *s.* what is given in relief of the Alms-house, ánz-hóuse. *s.* an hospital for the poor. [alms.]

Almsman, ánz-mán. *s.* a man who lives upon Alms.

Alnager, ál-ná-jár. *s.* a measurer by the ell.

Alnage, ál-ná-je. *s.* ell-measure.

Alnight, ál-ná-te. *s.* a great cake of wax, with the wick in the midst. [dicinal juice.]

Aloes, ál-óze. *s.* a precious wood, a tree, a medicinal.

Aloetical, ál-ó-ét'-é-kál. *a.* consisting chiefly of aloes.

Aloft, á-lóft'. *ad.* on high, in the air.

Aloft, á-lóft'. *prep.* above.

Allog, ál-ó-je. *s.* unreasonableness, absurdity.

Alone, á-lóne'. *a.* single, without company, solitary. [company with.]

Along, á-lóng'. *ad.* at length; forward; in

Aloof, á-lóof'. *ad.* at a distance.

Aloud, á-lóof'. *ad.* loudly, with a great noise.

Alphabet, ál-fá-bét. *s.* the letters or elements of speech [the series of letters.]

Alphabetical, ál-fá-bét'-té-kál. *a.* according to

Alphabetically, ál-fá-bét'-té-kál-lé. *ad.* according to the order of the letters.

Alpine, ál-pín. *a.* belonging to the Alps.

Already, ál-réd'-dé. *ad.* at this present time; before the present.

Also, ál'-só. *ad.* in the same manner, likewise.

Altar, ál-tár. *s.* the table in Christian churches where the communion is administered.

Alter, ál-tár. *v. a.* to change. [change.]

Alter, ál-tár. *v. n.* to be changed, to suffer

Alterable, ál-tár-á-bl. *a.* that may be changed.

Alterableness, ál-tár-á-bl-ná. *s.* the quality of being alterable. [as may be altered]

Alterably, ál-tár-á-blé. *ad.* in such a manner

Alterant, ál-tár-ánt. *a.* that has the power of producing change.

Alteration, ál-tár-á-shún. *s.* the act of changing; the change made.

Alternative, ál-tár-á-úv. *a.* medicines which have no immediate sensible operation, but gradually gain upon the constitution. [versus]

Altercation, ál-tár-ká-shún. *s.* debate, controversy.

Alter, ál-tér'. *a.* acting by turns. [ciprocal.]

Alternate, ál-tér'-náté. *a.* being by turns, reciprocal.

Alternately, ál-tér'-náté. *v. a.* to perform alternately. [succession.]

Alternately, ál-tér'-náté-lé. *ad.* in reciprocity.

Alternateness, ál-tér'-náté-nés. *s.* the quality of being alternate. [cession.]

Alternation, ál-tér'-ná-shún. *s.* reciprocal succession.

Alternative, ál-tér'-ná-úv. *s.* the choice given of two things, so that if one be rejected, the other must be taken. [ciprocal.]

Alternatively, ál-tér'-ná-úv-lé. *ad.* by turns, reciprocally.

Alternativeness, ál-tér'-ná-úv-ná. *s.* the quality or state of being alternative.

Alternity, ál-tér'-né-té. *s.* reciprocal succession vicissitude. [however]

Although, ál-thó'. *conj.* notwithstanding

Altiloquence, ál-tá-ló-kwéne. *s.* pompous language. [uring altitudes or heights]

Altimetry, ál-tím'-mè-tré. *s.* the art of measuring

Altisonant, ál-tís'-só-nánt. *a.* high sounding, pompous in sound.

Altitude, ál-té-tóde. *s.* height of place; the elevation of any of the heavenly bodies above the horizon. [without exception.]

Altogether, ál-tó-gèth'-úr. *ad.* completely,

Alum, ál-lúm. *s.* a kind of mineral salt, of an acid taste. [sisting of, alum.]

Aluminous, ál-lá'-mè-ná. *a.* relating to, or containing

Always, ál-wáze. *ad.* perpetually, constantly

Am ám' the first person of the verb to be

Fhie, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pine, pin;—

- Amability**, âm-â-bil'-ê-té. *s.* loveliness. [our.]
Amam, â-mâ-mè'. *ad.* with vehemence, with vig-
Amalgam, â-mâl'-gâ-mâ. } *s.* the mixture of
Amalgama, â-mâl'-gâ-mâ. } metals procured by amalgamation.
Amalgamation, â-mâl'-gâ-mâ'-shûn. *s.* the act
or practice of amalgamating metals.
Amalgamate, â-mâl'-gâ-mâ-é. *v. a.* to unite
metals with quicksilver.
Amandation, âm-ân-dâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of send-
ing or a message.
Amanuensis, â-mân-û-ên' sîa. *s.* a person who
writes what another dictates.
Amaranth, âm-â-rân'h. *s.* the name of a plant ;
an imaginary flower. [amaranths.]
Amaranthine, âm-â-rân'-thîa. *a.* consisting of
Anass, â-mâs'. *v. a.* to collect together into one
heap or mass. [mulation.]
Amassment, â-mâs'-mènt. *s.* a heap, an accu-
Amate, â-mâ-é'. *v. a.* to terrify. [art or science.]
Amateur, âm-â-tû-é'. *s.* a lover of any particular
Amatorial, âm-â-tô'-ré-âl. *a.* concerning love.
Amatory, âm-â-tû-ré. *a.* relating to love.
Amaurosis, âm-â-w-ô'-sîs. *s.* a dimness of sight,
occasioning the representations of flies and
dust floating before 'ne eyes.
Amaze, â-mâ-é'. *v. a.* to confuse with terror,
to put into perplexity. [fear or wonder.]
Amaze, â-mâ-é'. *s.* astonishment, confusion of
Amazedly, â-mâ-zèd-lé. *ad.* confusedly, with
amazement. [fusion.]
Amazedness, â-mâ-zèd-nèss. *s.* wonder, con-
Amazement, â-mâ-é'-mènt. *s.* confused ap-
prehension ; wonder at an unexpected event.
amazing, â-mâ-zîng. *part. a.* wonderful, as-
tonishing.
amazingly, â-mâ-zîng-lé. *ad.* to a degree that
may excite astonishment. [virago.]
Amazon, âm-â-zûn. *s.* a warlike woman ; a
Ambages, âm-bâ'-gèz. *s.* a multiplicity of words.
Ambassador, âm-bâs'-sâ-dûr. *s.* a person sent
in a publick manner from one sovereign power
to another. [an ambassador.]
Ambassadoress, âm-bâs'-sâ-drèss. *s.* the lady of
Ambassage, âm-bâs-sâ-je. *s.* an embassy.
Amber, âm-bâr. *s.* a yellow, transparent sub-
stance, of a bituminous consistence
Amber, âm-bâr. *a.* consisting of 222.
- Ambergris**, âm-bâr-grèss. *s.* a fragrant drug.
Ambidexter, âm-bè-dèks'-tèr. *s.* a man who
has equally the use of both his hands ; a man
who is equally ready to act on either side in
party disputes.
Ambidexterity, âm-bè-dèks-tèr-rè-té. *s.* the
quality of being able equally to use both
hands ; double dealing.
Ambidextrous, âm-bè-dèks'-trûs. *a.* double
dealing, practising on both sides.
Ambidextrousness, âm-bè-dèks'-trûs-nèss. *s.* the
quality of being ambidextrous. [passing
Ambient, âm-bè-ènt. *a.* surrounding, encoun-
Ambigu, âm-bè-gû. *s.* a medley of dishes.
Ambiguity, âm-bè-gû'-é-té. *s.* uncertainty of
signification. [two meanings.]
Ambiguous, âm-bîg'-û-ûs. *a.* doubtful, having
Ambiguously, âm-bîg'-û-ûs-lé. *ad.* in an am-
biguous manner, doubtfully.
Ambiguousness, âm-bîg'-û-ûs-nèss. *s.* uncer-
tainty of meaning.
Ambilogy, âm-bîl'-lò-jè. *s.* talk of ambiguous
signification.
Ambiloquous, âm-bîl'-lò-kwûs. *a.* using ambig-
uous expressions. [pression.]
Ambiloquy, âm-bîl'-ô-kwè. *s.* ambiguity of ex-
Ambit, âm-bît. *s.* the compass or circuit of any
thing. [ment or honour.]
Ambition, âm-bîsh'-ûn. *s.* the desire of prefer-
Ambitious, âm-bîsh'-ûs. *a.* touched with ambi-
tion, aspiring.
Ambitiously, âm-bîsh'-ûs-tè. *ad.* with eager-
ness of advancement or preference.
Ambitiousness, âm-bîsh'-ûs-nèss. *s.* the quality
of being ambitious.
Ambitude, âm-bî-hè-tûde. *s.* compass, circuit.
Ambler, âm-bl. *v. n.* to pace ; to move easily.
Ambly, âm-bl. *s.* an easy pace.
Ambler, âm-blûr. *s.* a pacer. [movement]
Amblyingly, âm-bîng-lé. *ad.* with an ambly
Ambrosia, âm-brô'-zhè-â. *s.* the imaginary food
of the gods ; the name of a plant.
Ambrosial, âm-brô'-zhè-âl. *a.* partaking of the
nature or quality of ambrosia
Ambry, âm-brè. *s.* the place where alms are
distributed ; the place where plate and uten-
sils are kept.
Ambs-ace, âmz-âse'. *s.* a double ace, aces

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—thin, tris.

- Ambulation, *ám-bú-lá'-shún*. *s.* the act of walking. [power or faculty of walking.]
 † Ambulatory, *ám-bú-lá-túr-ré*. *a.* that has the
 Ambury, *ám-bú-ré*. *s.* a bloody wart on a horse's body.
 Ambuscade, *ám-bú-zá-de'*. *s.* a private station in which men lie to surprise others.
 Ambuscado, *ám-bú-s-ká-dò*. *s.* a private post, in order to surprise.
 Ambush, *ám-búsh*. *s.* the post where soldiers or assassins are placed in order to fall unexpectedly upon an enemy; the state of lying in wait. [prise.]
 Ambushment, *ám-búsh-mént*. *s.* ambush, sur-
 amel, *ám-mél*. *s.* the matter used for enameling.
 † Amen, *á'-mèn'*. *ad.* so be it, so it is.
 Amenable, *á-mé-ná-bl*. *a.* responsible, subject so as to be liable to account.
 Amenance, *á-mé-nánsé*. *s.* conduct, behaviour.
 Amend, *á-ménd'*. *v. a.* to correct, to change any thing that is wrong.
 Amend, *á-ménd'*. *v. n.* to grow better.
 Amendment, *á-ménd'-mént*. *s.* a change from bad to the better; reformation of life; recovery of health; the correction of an error.
 Amender, *á-mén'-dúr*. *s.* the person that amends any thing. [tion.]
 Amends, *á-ménds'*. *s.* recompense, compensation.
 Amenity, *á-mén'-né-té*. *s.* agreeableness of situation. [or penalty.]
 Amerce, *á-mérse'*. *v. a.* to punish with a fine
 Amercer, *á-mér-súr*. *s.* he that sets a fine.
 † Amercement, *á-mérse-mént*. *s.* the pecuniary punishment of an offender.
 Ames-ace, *ámz-áse'*. *s.* two aces thrown at the same time on two dice.
 Amethyst, *ám-é-tlíst*. *s.* a precious stone of a violet colour, bordering on purple.
 Amethystine, *ám-é-nís'-tín*. *a.* resembling an amethyst. [thy to be loved.]
 Amiable, *á-mé-á-bl*. *a.* lovely, pleasing, wor-
 amiability, *á-mé-á-bl-nés*. *s.* loveliness, power of raising love. [as to excite love.]
 Amiably, *á-mé-á-blé*. *ad.* in such a manner
 Amicable, *ám-é-ká-blé*. *a.* friendly kind.
 Amicableness, *ám-mé-ká-bl'-nés*. *s.* friendliness, good-will.
- Amicably, *ám-é-ká-blé*. *ad.* in a friendly way
 Amice, *ám-mís*. *s.* the undermost part of a priest's habit.
 Amid, *á-míd'*. } *prep.* in the midst, or mid
 Amidst, *á-mídst'*. } die; among.
 Amiss, *á-mís'*. *ad.* faultily, wrong.
 Amission, *á-mísh'-ún*. *s.* loss.
 Amit, *á-nít'*. *v. a.* to lose.
 Amity, *ám-mé-té*. *s.* friendship.
 Ammoniac, *ám-mò-né-ák*. *s.* a gum; a salt
 Ammoniacal, *ám-mò-né-á-kál*. *a.* having the nature of ammoniac salt.
 Ammunition, *ám-mú-nísh'-ún*. *s.* military stores
 Amnesty, *ám-nés-té*. *s.* an act of oblivion.
 Among, *á-múng'*. } *prep.* mingled with, con
 Amongst, *á-múngst'*. } joined with others.
 Amorist, *ám-ò-ríst*. *s.* an innamorato, a gallant
 Amorous, *ám-ò-rús*. *a.* enamoured; naturally inclined to love.
 Amorously, *ám-ò-rús-lé*. *ad.* fondly, lovingly
 Amorousness, *ám-ò-rús-nés*. *s.* fondness, lov-
 ingness.
 † Amort, *á-mòrt'*. *ad.* depressed, spiritless.
 Amortise, *á-mòrt'-úz*. *v. n.* to alien lands or tenements to any corporation.
 Amortization, *á-mòrt-té-zá-shún*. } *s.* the right
 Amortizement, *á-mòrt'-úz-mént*. } or act of transferring lands to mortmain.
 Amound, *á-móunt'*. *v. n.* to rise to in the accumulative quality.
 Amount, *á-móunt'*. *s.* the sum total. [trigue.]
 Amour, *á-móór'*. *s.* an affair of gallantry, an in-
 Amphibious, *ám-fíb'-é-ús*. *a.* that can live in two elements.
 Amphibioutness, *ám-fíb'-é-ús-nés*. *s.* the quality of being able to live in different elements. [ful]
 Amphibological, *ám-fé-bò-lòd'-jé-kál*. *a.* doubtful.
 Amphibology, *ám-fé-bò-lò-jé*. *s.* discourse of uncertain meaning. [one to another.]
 Amphibolous, *ám-fíb'-bò-lús*. *a.* tossed from
 Amphitheatre, *ám-fé-thé-á-túr*. *s.* a building in a circular or oval form, having its area encompassed with rows of seats one above another.
 Ample, *ám-pl*. *a.* large, wide, extended.
 Ampleness, *ám-pl-nés*. *s.* largeness, liberality.
 Ampliate, *ám-plé-áte*. *v. a.* to enlarge, to extend

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —nè, mèt; —pine, plu; —

- Ampliation**, âm-plè-â'-shûn. *s.* enlargement, exaggeration.
- Amplificate**, âm-plîf'-ê-kâte. *v. a.* to enlarge, to amplify.
- Amplification**, âm-plè-fê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* enlargement, extension.
- Amplifier**, âm-plè-fl'-êr. *s.* one that exaggerates.
- Amplify**, âm-plè-fl'. *v. a.* to enlarge; to improve.
- Amplify**, âm-plè-fl'. *v. n.* to lay one's self out in diffusion.
- Amplitude**, âm-plè-tûde. *s.* largeness, greatness; copiousness, abundance.
- Amply**, âm-plè. *ad.* largely, liberally, copiously.
- Amputate**, âm-pû-tâte. *v. a.* to cut off a limb.
- Amputation**, âm-pû-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the operation of cutting off a limb, or other part of the body.
- Ampulet**, âm-û-lèt. *s.* a charm; a thing hung about the neck, for preventing or curing a disease.
- Amuse**, â-mûze'. *v. a.* to entertain with harmless trifling; to engage the attention; to deceive by artful management.
- Amusement**, â-mûze'-mènt. *s.* that which amuses, entertainment.
- Amuser**, â-mû'-zâr. *s.* he that amuses.
- Amusive**, â-mû'-siv. *a.* that has the power of amusing. [monds.]
- Amygdalate**, â-mîg'-dâ-lâte. *a.* made of almonds.
- Amygdaline**, â-mîg'-dâ-lîn. *a.* resembling almonds.
- An**, ân. *article.* one, but with less emphasis; any, or some. [reflected.]
- Anacampctick**, ân-â-kâm'-tîk. *a.* reflecting, or
- Anacathartick**, ân-â-kâ-tiâr'-tîk. *s.* any medicine that works upwards.
- Anachorite**, ân-âk'-ô-rite. *s.* a monk who leaves the convent for a more solitary life.
- Anachronism**, ân-âk'-krò-nîzm. *s.* an error in computing time.
- Anacleticks**, ân-â-klâ'-tîks. *s.* the doctrine of refracted light; dioptricks.
- Anadiplosis**, ân-â-dè-plò'-sîs. *s.* reduplication; a figure in rhetorick.
- Anagram**, ân-â-grâm. *s.* a conceit arising from the letters of a name transposed so as to form some other word or sentence.
- Anagrammatism**, ân-â-grâm'-mâ-tîzm. *s.* the art or practice of making anagrams.
- Anagrammatist**, ân-â-grâm'-mâ-tîst. *s.* a maker of anagrams. [make anagrams.]
- Anagrammatize**, ân-â-grâm'-mâ-tîze. *v. n.* to
- Analeptick**, ân-â-lèp'-tîk. *a.* comforting, corroborating. [analogy]
- Analogical**, ân-â-lòdje'-ê-kâl. *a.* used by way of
- Analogically**, ân-â-lòdje'-ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* in an analogical manner.
- Analogicalness**, ân-â-lòdje'-ê-kâl-nès. *s.* the quality of being analogical. [of analogy]
- Analogize**, â-nâl'-lò-jîze. *v. a.* to explain by way
- Analogous**, â-nâl'-lò-gûs. *a.* having analogy.
- Analogy**, â-nâl'-lò-jè. *s.* resemblance between things.
- Analysis**, â-nâl'-lè-sîs. *s.* a separation of any compound into its several parts; a solution of any thing to its first elements.
- Analytical**, ân-â-lî'-tè-kâl. *a.* that which proceeds by analysis.
- Analytically**, ân-â-lî'-tè-kâl-ê. *ad.* the manner of resolving compounds into the simple constituent parts. [into its first principles]
- Analyze**, ân-â-lîze. *v. a.* to resolve a compound
- Analyzer**, ân-â-lî-zâr. *s.* that which has the power of analyzing.
- Anamorphosis**, ân-â-nòr-fò'-sîs. *s.* deformation, perspective projection, so that at one point of view it shall appear deformed, in another an exact representation.
- Ananas**, â-nâ'-nâs. *s.* the pine-apple.
- Anapest**, ân-â-pèst. *s.* a foot consisting of three syllables, two short and one long
- Anapestic**, ân-â-pès'-tîk. *a.* belonging to an anapest.
- Anaphora**, â-nâf'-fò-râ. *s.* a figure when several clauses of a sentence are begun with the same word.
- Anarch**, ân-ârk. *s.* an author of confusion
- Anarchial**, â-nâr'-kè-âl. } *a.* confused, without
- Anarchic**, â-nâr'-kîk. } rule.
- Anarchy**, ân-â-r-kè. *s.* want of government, a state without magistracy.
- Anasarca**, ân-â-sâr'-kâ. *s.* a sort of dropsy where the whole substance is stuffed with pituitous humours.
- Anastrophe**, â-nâs'-trò-fè. *s.* a figure whereby words, which should have been precedent are postponed.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Anathema, á-náth'-é-má. *s.* an ecclesiastical curse.

Anathematize, á-náth'-é-má-tíze. *v. a.* to pronounce accursed by ecclesiastical authority.

Anatiferous, á-ná-íth'-fé-rúa. *a.* producing ducks.

Anatomical, á-ná-tóm'-é-kál. *a.* relating or belonging to anatomy.

Atomically, á-ná-tóm'-é-kál-lé. *ad.* in an anatomical manner.

Anatomist, á-ná-t'-ó-míst. *s.* he that studies the structure of animal bodies by means of dissection.

Anatomize, á-ná-t'-tó-míze. *v. a.* to dissect an animal, to lay any thing open distinctly.

Anatomy, á-ná-t'-ó-mé. *s.* the art of dissecting the body; a skeleton. [son descends.]

Ancestor, á-n'-és-thr. *s.* one from whom a person is descended.

Ancestrel, á-n'-és-trél. *a.* claimed from ancestors.

Ancestry, á-n'-és-tré. *s.* lineage, a series of ancestors; the honour of descent, birth.

Anchor, ánk'-úr. *s.* a heavy iron, to hold the ship, by being fixed to the ground; any thing which confers stability.

Anchor, ánk'-úr. *v. a.* to cast anchor, to lie at anchor; to stop at, to rest on.

Anchorage, ánk'-úr-ádjé. *s.* ground to cast anchor upon; a duty paid for anchoring in a port.

Anchoret, ánk'-ó-rét. } *s.* a recluse, a hermit.

Anchorite, ánk'-ó-rite. } mit.

Anchovy, án-tshó'-vé. *s.* a little sea-fish used by way of sauce.

Ancient, áne'-tshént. *a.* old, past, former.

Ancient, áne'-tshént. *s.* the flag or streamer of a ship.

Anciently, áne'-tshént-lé. *ad.* in old times.

Ancientness, áne'-tshént-néa. *s.* antiquity.

Ancientry, áne'-tshént-tré. *s.* the honour of ancient lineage. [maid.]

Ancillary, án'-sil'-á-ré. *a.* subservient as a hand.

And, ánd. *conj.* the particle by which sentences or terms are joined.

Andiron, ánd'-í-úr. *s.* iron at the end of a fire-grate, in which the spit turns.

Androgynal, án-drójé'-é-nál. *a.* partaking of both sexes.

Androphagus, án-dróf'-á-gús. *s.* a cannibal, a man-eater.

Anecdote, án'-ék-dóts. *s.* something yet unpublished; secret history. [ecclesies.]

Anecdotal, án'-ék-dótl'-é-kál. *a.* relative to an anecdote.

Anemography, án'-é-móg'-grá-fé. *s.* description of the winds.

Anemometer, án'-é-móm'-mè-tér. *s.* an instrument to measure the wind.

Anemone, á-ném'-ó-né. *s.* the wind-flower.

Anemoscope, á-ném'-ó-skópe. *s.* a machine to foretell the changes of the wind. [varies]

Aneurism, án'-ú-rizm. *s.* a disease of the artery.

Anew, á-nú'. *ad.* over again, another time newly.

Anfractuosity, án-frák'-tshú-á-néts. *s.* fulness of windings and turnings.

Angel, áng'-jél. *s.* a messenger; a spirit employed by God in human affairs; a beautiful person; a piece of ancient money.

Angelica, áng'-jél'-é-ká. *s.* the name of a plant.

Angelical, áng'-jél'-é-kál. *a.* resembling or belonging to angels. [more than human]

Angelicalness, áng'-jél'-é-kál-néts. *s.* excellence

Angelick, áng'-jél'-ék. *a.* angelical, above human.

Anger, áng'-gúr. *s.* uneasiness upon the receipt of an injury; smart of a sore.

Anger, áng'-gúr. *v. a.* to provoke, to enrage.

Angiography, áng-jé-óg'-grá-fé. *s.* a description of vessels in the human body.

Angle, áng'-gl. *s.* the space intercepted between two lines intersecting each other; an instrument to take fish.

Angle, áng'-gl. *v. a.* to fish with rod and hook; to try to gain by insinuating artifice.

Angler, áng'-glúr. *s.* he that fishes with an angle.

Anglicism, áng'-glé-sizm. *s.* an English idiom

Angrily, áng'-gré-lé. *ad.* in an angry manner.

Angry, áng'-gré. *a.* touched with, or having the appearance of, anger; inflamed.

Anguish, áng'-gwish. *s.* excessive pain of mind or body. [pers.]

Angular, áng'-gú-lúr. *a.* having angles or corners.

Angularity, áng'-gú-lúr'-é-té. *s.* the quality of being angular.

Angularly, áng'-gú-lúr-lé. *ad.* with angles.

Angulated, áng'-gú-lá-téd. *a.* formed with angles.

Angulous, áng'-gú-lúa. *a.* hooked, angular

Angust, áng'-gúst. *a.* narrow, strait.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pin;—

Anhelation, ân-hè-lâ-shûn. *s.* the act of panting.Anhelose, ân-hè-lôse'. *a.* out of breath.Anights, ân-ites'. *ad.* in the night time.Anileness, ân-ille-nêa. } *s.* the old age of wo-

Anility, ân-ill-lè-tè. } men.

Animable, ân-è-mâ-bl'. *a.* that may be put into life.

} severe censure; observation.

Animadversion, ân-è-mâd-vêr-shûn. *s.* report;Animadversive, ân-è-mâd-vêr-siv'. *a.* that has the power of judging.Animadvert, ân-è-mâd-vêrt'. *v. a.* to consider, to observe, to pass censure upon.Animaiverter, ân-è-mâd-vêr-tûr. *s.* he that passes censure, or observes upon.Animal, ân-è-niâl. *s.* a living creature.Animal, ân-è-mâl. *a.* that which belongs or relates to animals.Animalcule, ân-è-mâl-kûle. *s.* a small animal.Animality, ân-è-mâl-è-tè. *s.* the state of animal existence.Animate, ân-è-mâte. *v. a.* to quicken, make alive; to encourage, incite.

[iml life.]

Animate, ân-è-mâc. *a.* alive, possessing an-Animated, ân-è-mâ-êd. *part. a.* lively, vigorous.Animation, ân-è-mâ-shûn. *s.* the act of animating, state of being enlivened.Animative, ân-è-mâ-ûv. *a.* that has the power of giving life.Animose, ân-è-môse'. *a.* full of spirit, hot.Animosity, ân-è-môs-sè-tè. *s.* vehemence of hatred; passionate malignity.Anise, ân-nis. *s.* a species of parsley, with sweet-scented seeds.Anker, ânk'-âr. *s.* a liquid measure, the fourth part of the awm

[to the leg.]

Ankle, ânk'-kl. *s.* the joint which joins the footAunalist, ân-nâ-llst. *s.* a writer of annals.Annals, ân-nâlz. *s.* histories digested in the exact order of time.Anuats, ân-nâts. *s.* first-fruits.Anneal, ân-nèlè'. *v. a.* to soften glass or other substances by means of heat.Annex, ân-nèks'. *v. a.* to unite to the end.Annexation, ân-nèk-sâ-shûn. *s.* conjunction, addition; union.Annexion, ân-nèk-shûn. *s.* the act of annexing.Annexment, ân-nèks'-mènt. *s.* the act of annexing; the thing annexedAnnihilable, ân-nl'-hè-lâ-bl. *a.* that may be put out of existence.Annihilate, ân-nl'-hè-lâte. *v. a.* to reduce to nothing; to destroy; to annul.Annihilation, ân-nl'-hè-lâ-shûn. *s.* the act of reducing to nothing, the state of being reduced to nothing.Anniversary, ân-nè-vêr-sâ-rè. *s.* a day celebrated as it returns in the course of the year.Anniversary, ân-nè-vêr-sâ-rè. *a.* returning with the revolution of the year; annual.

Anno Domini, ân-nô-dôm-è-nè. in the year of our Lord.

Annotation, ân-nô-tâ-shûn. *s.* explication, noteAnnotator, ân-nô-tâ-tûr. *s.* a writer of notes, commentator.

[claim

Announce, ân-nôunse'. *v. a.* to publish, to pro-Annoy, ân-nôè'. *v. a.* to incommode, to vex.Annoy, ân-nôè'. *s.* injury, molestation.Annoyance, ân-nôè'-ânse. *s.* that which annoys the act of annoying.Annoyer, ân-nôè'-ûr. *s.* the person that annoysAnnual, ân-nû-âl. *a.* that comes yearly.Annually, ân-nû-â-lè. *ad.* yearly, every yearAnnuitant, ân-nû-è-tânt. *s.* he that has an annuity.Annuity, ân-nû-è-tè. *s.* a yearly allowance.Annul, ân-nûl'. *v. a.* to make void, to nullify.Annular, ân-nû-lâr. *a.* having the form of a ringAnnularly, ân-nû-lâ-rè. *a.* having the form of rings.Annulet, ân-nû-lèt. *s.* a little ring.Annunerate, ân-nû-mè-râte. *v. a.* to add to a former number.Annuneration, ân-nû-mè-râ-shûn. *s.* addition to a number.

[ing.

Annunciate, ân-nûn-shè-âte. *v. a.* to bring tid-Annunciation-day, ân-nûn-shè-â'-shûn-dâ. *s.* the day celebrated by the church, in memory of the angel's salutation of the Blessed Virgin, solemnized on the 25th of March.Anodyne, ân-'ô-dîne. *a.* that has the power of mitigating pain.Ancoint, ân-nôin'. *v. a.* to rub over with unctuous matter.Anointer, ân-nôin'-tûr. *s.* the person that anoints.Anomalism, ân-nôm-â-lîzm. *s.* anomaly, irregularity.

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nò, mòve, nòr, nòt ;—tùbe, tùb, bùll ;—dùl ;—pòdand ;—thin, THIA.

Anomalistical, à-nòm-à-fts-tè-kál. *a.* irregular.
Anomalous, à-nòm-à-làs. *a.* irregular, out of rule.

Anomalously, à-nòm-à-làs-lè. *ad.* irregularly.
Anomaly, à-nòm-à-lè. *s.* irregularity, deviation from rule.

Apomy, àn'-ò-mè. *s.* breach of law.

Anon, à-nòn'. *ad.* quickly, soon; now and then.

Anonymous, à-nòn-è-màs. *a.* wanting a name.

Anonymously, à-nòn-è-màs-lè. *ad.* without a name.

Another, àn-à-th'-òr. *a.* not the same, different.

Ansated, àn'-sà-tèd. *a.* having handles.

Answer, àn'-súr. *v. n.* to speak in return to a question; to speak in opposition; to be accountable for; to appear to any call.

Answer, àn'-súr. *s.* that which is said in return to a question or position; a confutation of a charge.

Answerable, àn'-súr-à-bl. *a.* that to which a reply may be made; obliged to give an account; equal to. [tion; suitably.]

Answerably, àn'-súr-à-blè. *ad.* in due proportion.

Answerableness, àn'-súr-à-bl-nèa. *s.* the quality of being answerable.

Answerer, àn'-súr-òr. *s.* he that answers.

Ant, ànt. *s.* an emmet, a pismire.

Antagonist, àn-tàg'-ò-nist. *s.* one who contends with another, an opponent.

Antagonize, àn-tàg'-ò-nize. *v. n.* to contend against another.

Antapoplectick, ànt-áp-pò-plèk'-ùik. *a.* good against an apoplexy.

Antarctick, àn-tàrk'-ùik. *a.* relating to the southern pole. [the gout.]

Antarthritis, ànt-àr-thrít'-ik. *a.* good against

Antasthmatick, ànt-àst-mát'-ik. *a.* good against the asthma. [before.]

Antecedo, àn-tè-sè-tè. *v. a.* to precede, to go

Antecedence, àn-tè-sè-dènsè. *s.* the act or state of going before.

Antecedent, àn-tè-sè-dènt. *a.* going before, preceding.

Antecedent, àn-tè-sè-dènt. *s.* that which goes before.

Antecedently, àn-tè-sè-dènt-lè. *ad.* previously.

Antecessor, àn-tè-sès-súr. *s.* one who goes before.

Antechamber, àn-tè-ishàm-bòr. *s.* the chamber that leads to the chief apartment.

Antedate, àn-tè-dàtè. *v. a.* to date before the proper time.

Anteduvian, àn-tè-dè-lù-vè-àn. *a.* existing before the deluge.

Antelope, àn-tè-lòpè. *s.* a goat with wreathed horns. [fore noon.]

Antemeridian, àn-tè-mè-rìdj'-è-àn. *a.* being before

Antemetick, ànt-è-mèt'-ik. *a.* that has the power of preventing or stopping vomiting.

Antemundane, àn-tè-mùn-dànc. *a.* that was before the world.

Antepast, àn-tè-pàst. *s.* a foretaste.

Antepenult, àn-tè-pò-nùlt'. *s.* the last syllable but two. [convulsions]

Antepileptic, ànt-èp-è-lèp'-ùk. *a.* good against

Anterior, àn-tè-rè-òr. *a.* going before.

Anteriority, àn-tè-rè-òr'-è-tè. *s.* priority the state of being before.

Anthem, àn-tièm. *s.* a holy song.

Anthology, àn-tiòl'-ò-jè. *s.* a collection of flowers, devotions, or poems.

Anthropophagi, àn'-thró-pòf'-à-jì. *s.* man-eaters cannibals.

Anthropophagy, àn'-thró-pòf'-à-jè. *s.* the quality of eating human flesh.

Anthroposophy, àn'-thró-pòs'-ò-tè. *s.* the knowledge of the nature of man.

Anthypnotick, ànt-àp-nòt'-ik. *a.* it has the power of preventing sleep.

Antiacid, àn-tè-às'-id. *s.* alkali.

Antichristian, àn-tè-kris'-ishàn. *o* opposite to Christianity.

Antichristianity, àn-tè-kris'-ishàn'-è-tè. *s.* contrary to Christianity.

Anticipate, àn-às'-ò-pàtè. *v. a.* to take some thing sooner than another; to foretaste, to take an impression of something which is not yet.

Anticipation, àn-às-sè-jà'-shàn. *s.* the act of taking up something before its time; foretaste.

Antick, àn'-ùk. *a.* odd; ridiculously wild.

Antick, àn'-ùk. *s.* he that plays antics, or uses odd gesticulation; a buffoon.

Anticlinax, àn-tè-kl'-màks. *s.* a sentence in which the last part is lower than the first

Fine, fūr, fūll, fū;—mē, mēt;—pine, pin;—

- Anticonvulsive**, ān-tē-kōn-vūl'-siv. *a.* good against convulsions.
- Anticourtier**, ān-tē-kōrē-tsiūr. *s.* one that opposes the court.
- Antidotal**, ān-tē-dō' tāl. *a.* having the power or quality of counteracting poison.
- Antidote**, ān-tē-dōtē. *s.* a medicine given to expel poison. [fevers.]
- Antifebrile**, ān-tē-fēv'-rīl. *a.* good against
- Antimonarchical**, ān-tē-mō-nār'-kē-kāl. *a.* against government by a single person.
- Antimonial**, ān-tē-mō' nē-āl. *a.* made of antimony. [stance. of a metallic nature.]
- Antimony**, ān-tē-mōn-ē. *s.* a mineral substance.
- Antinomy**, ān-tūn'-ō-mē. *s.* a contradiction between two laws.
- Antiparalytick**, ān-tē-pār-ā-lit'-īk. *a.* efficacious against the palsy.
- Antipathetical**, ān-tē-pā-thēt'-ē-kāl. *a.* having a natural contrariety to any thing.
- Antipathy**, ān-tip-ā-thē. *s.* natural contrariety to any thing.
- Antipestilential**, ān-tē-pēs-tē-lēn'-shāl. *a.* efficacious against the plague.
- Antiphony**, { ān-tif-ō-nē. } *s.* an echo; the
- Antiphone**, { method of singing by way of response.
- Antiphrasis**, ān-tif-frā-sis. *s.* the use of words in a sense opposite to their meaning.
- Antipodal**, ān-tip-ō-dāl. *a.* relating to the antipodes.
- Antipodes**, ān-tip-ō-dēz. *s.* those people who, living on the other side of the globe, have their feet directly opposite to ours.
- Antipope**, ān-tē-pōpē. *s.* he that usurps the popedom. [antiquity.]
- Antiquary**, ān-tē-kwā-rē. *s.* a man studious of antiquities.
- Antiquate**, ān-tē-kwā-tē. *v.* to make obsolete.
- Antiquatedness**, ān-tē-kwā-tēd-nēs. *s.* the state of being obsolete.
- Antique**, ān-tēk'. *a.* ancient; of genuine antiquity; of old fashion.
- Antique**, ān-tēk'. *s.* an antiquity, a remain of ancient times.
- Antiqueness**, ān-tēk'-nēs. *s.* the quality of being antique.
- Antiquity**, ān-tēk'-kwē-tē. *s.* old times; the ancients; remains of old times; old age
- Antiscorbatical**, ān-tē-skōr-bō-tē-kāl. *a.* good against the scurvy.
- Antispasias**, ān-tis-pā-sis. *s.* the revulsion of any humour.
- Antispasmodick**, ān-tē-spāz-mōd'-īk. *a.* having power to relieve the cramp.
- Antisplenetic**, ān-tē-splēn'-ē-tīk. *a.* efficacious in diseases of the spleen.
- Antistrophe**, ān-tis-urō-tē. *s.* the second stanza of every three, in an ode sung in parts.
- Antistrumattick**, ān-tē-strū-māt'-īk. *a.* good against the king's evil.
- Antithesis**, ān-tit'-ē-sis. *s.* opposition; contrast.
- Antitype**, ān-tē-tipe. *s.* that which is resembled or shadowed out by the type. [type.]
- Antitypical**, ān-tē-tip'-ē-kāl. *a.* that explains the
- Antler**, ān-tūr. *s.* branch of a stag's horn.
- Antoeci**, ān-tē-sī. *s.* those inhabitants of the earth who live under the same meridian, at the same distance from the equator; the one towards the north, and the other to the south.
- Antonomasia**, ān-tō-nō-mā-zhē-ā. *s.* a form of speech, in which, for a proper name, is put the name of some dignity. We say the Orator for Cicero.
- Antre**, ān-tūr. *s.* a cavern, a den.
- Anvil**, ān-vīl. *s.* the iron block for smiths' work
- Anxiety**, āng-zī-tē-tē. *s.* trouble of mind about some future event, solicitude; depression, lowness of spirits.
- Anxious**, ānk'-shūs. *a.* disturbed about some uncertain event; careful, full of inquietude.
- Anxiously**, ānk'-shūs-tē. *ad.* solicitously, unquietly. [being anxious]
- Anxiousness**, ānk'-shūs-nēs. *s.* the quality of
- Any**, ēn-nē. *a.* every whoever, whatever.
- Aonian**, ā-ō-nē-ān. *a.* belonging to the hill Parnassus, the supposed residence of the muses.
- Apace**, ā-pāse'. *ad.* quick, speedily, hastily.
- Apart**, ā-pārt'. *ad.* separately, in a state of distinction; retired. [rooms]
- Apartment**, ā-pārt'-mēt. *s.* a room, a set of
- Apathy**, āp-ā-thē. *s.* exemption from passion.
- Ape**, āpē. *s.* a kind of monkey; an imitator.
- Ape**, āpē. *v.* to imitate as an ape.
- Apeak**, ā-pēke'. *ad.* in a posture to pierce the ground. [fiction]
- Apepy**, āp'-ēp-sē. *s.* a loss of natural appetite

nò, môve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, táb, bóll;—óll;—póánd;—chin, THIS.

Aperient, á-pè-rè-òu. *a.* gently purgative.
Aperitive, á-pè-r-è-tiv. *a.* that has the quality of opening.
Apert, á-pèrt'. *a.* open.
Apertion, á-pèr-shùn. *s.* an opening, a passage, a gap; the act of opening.
Apertly, á-pèrt-lè. *ad.* openly.
Aperture, á-p-úr-tshùre. *s.* the act of opening; an open place.
Apetalous, á-pèt-á-lùs. *a.* without flower-leaves.
Apex, á-pèks. *s.* the tip or point.
Aphelion, á-fè-lè-òu. *s.* that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remotest from the sun. [to mankind.
Aphilanthropy, á-f-è-lán-thrò-pè. *s.* want of love
Aphorism, á-f-ò-riz-m. *s.* a maxim, an unconnected position.
Aphoristical, á-f-ò-ris-tè-kál. *a.* written in separate, unconnected sentences.
Aphoristically, á-f-ò-ris-tè-ká-lè. *ad.* in the form of an aphorism.
Apiary, á-pè-á-rè. *s.* the place where bees are kept. [each.
Apiece, á-péese'. *ad.* to the part or share of
Apish, á-pish. *a.* having the qualities of an ape, imitative, foppish, silly, wanton.
Apishly, á-pish-lè. *ad.* in an apish manner.
Apishness, á-pish-nés. *s.* mimicry, foppery.
Apitpat, á-pit-pát. *ad.* with quick palpitation.
Apocalypse, á-pók-á-lips. *s.* revelation, a word used only of the sacred writings.
Apocalypical, á-pók-á-lip-tè-kál. *a.* containing revelation.
Apocrypha, á-pók-rè-fá. *s.* books added to the sacred writings, of doubtful authors.
Apocryphal, á-pók-rè-fál. *a.* not canonical, of uncertain authority.
Apodictical, á-p-ò-dik-tè-kál. *a.* demonstrative.
Apodixis, á-p-ò-dik-sis. *s.* demonstration.
Apogee, á-p-ò-jè-òu. } *s.* a point in the heav-
Apogee, á-p-ò-jè. } ens, in which the sun
is at the greatest distance possible
from the earth in its whole revolution.
Apogetical, á-p-ò-jè-tè-kál. }
Apologick, á-p-ò-l-ò-jè-tik. } *a.* that is said
in defence of any thing.
Apologist, á-p-ò-l-ò-jist. *s.* one who makes an apology.

Apologize, á-p-ò-l-ò-jize. *v. n.* to plead in favour
Apologue, á-p-ò-l-ò-j. *s.* a fable, moral tale.
Apology, á-p-ò-l-ò-jè. *s.* defence, excuse. [ing
Apophthegm, á-p-ò-thém. *s.* a remarkable say
Apoplectical, á-p-ò-plèk-tè-kál. }
Apoplectick, á-p-ò-plèk-tik. } *a.* relating to
an apoplexy.
Apoplexy, á-p-ò-plèk-sè. *s.* a sudden depr va-
tion of all sensation.
Apostacy, á-p-òs-tá-sè. *s.* departure from what
a man has professed.
Apostate, á-p-òs-táte. *s.* one that has forsaken
his religion. [religion.
Apostatize, á-p-òs-tá-tize. *v. n.* to forsake one's
Aposteme, á-p-ò-stème. *s.* a hollow swelling, an
abscess.
Apostle, á-p-òs-si. *s.* a person sent with man-
dates, particularly applied to them whom our
Saviour deputed to preach the Gospel.
Apostleship, á-p-òs-si-shíp. *s.* the office or digni-
ty of an apostle.
Apostolical, á-p-òs-tól-tè-kál. *a.* delivered by
the apostles.
Apostolick, á-p-òs-tól-tik. *a.* taught by the apos-
ties.
Apostrophe, á-p-òs-trò-fè. *s.* in rhetoric, a di-
version of speech; in grammar, the contrac-
tion of a word by the use of a comma.
Apostrophize, á-p-òs-trò-fize. *v. a.* to address
by an apostrophe.
Apothecary, á-p-ò-th-è-ká-rò. *s.* a man whose
employment is to compound medicines.
Apotheosis, á-p-ò-th-è-ò-sis. *s.* deification.
Apozem, á-p-ò-zèm. *s.* a decoction.
Appal, á-p-áll'. *v. a.* to fright, to depress.
Appanage, á-pá-náje. *s.* lands set apart for the
maintenance of younger children.
Apparatus, á-p-á-rá-tùs. *s.* things which are
provided for the accomplishment of any pur-
pose; tools, furniture, equipage.
Apparel, á-p-á-r-èl. *s.* dress, vesture, external
habiliments.
Apparel, á-p-á-r-èl. *v. a.* to dress, to clothe.
Apparent, á-p-á-r-ènt. *a.* plain, visible, open,
certain.
Apparently, á-p-á-r-ènt-lè. *ad.* evidently, openly
Apparition, á-p-á-r-èsh-òu. *s.* appearance, a
spectre.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèt;—plne, pln;—

Apparitor, âp-pâr'-ê-tûr. *s.* the lowest officer of the ecclesiastical court.

Appeach, âp-pêtsh'. *v. a.* to accuse, to censure.

Appeachment, âp-pêtsh'-mènt. *s.* charge exhibited against any man.

Appeal, âp-pèlè'. *v. n.* to transfer a cause from one to another; to call another as a witness.

Appeal, âp-pèlè'. *s.* a removal of a cause from an inferior to a superiour court, a call upon any as witness.

Appear, âp-père'. *v. n.* to be in sight, to become visible; to seem; to be plain.

Appearance, âp-pé'-rà:isc. *s.* the act of coming into sight; the thing seen; semblance, show; entry into a place; mien, likelihood.

Appeasable, âp-pé'-zâ-bl. *a.* reconcilable.

Appeasableness, âp-pé'-zâ-bl-nès. *s.* reconcilableness.

Appease, âp-pèze'. *v. a.* to quiet, to pacify.

Appeasement, âp-pèze'-mènt. *s.* a state of peace.

Appellant, âp-pèl'-lânt. *s.* a challenger; one that appeals from a lower to a higher power.

Appellation, âp-pèl'-lâ'-shûn. *s.* name.

Appellative, âp-pèl'-lâ-ûv. *s.* a name common to all of the same kind or species.

Appellatory, âp-pèl'-lâ-tûr-rè. *a.* that which contains an appeal.

Append, âp-pènd'. *v. a.* to hang upon, to add to.

Appendage, âp-pèn'-dâje. *s.* something added.

Appendant, âp-pèn'-dânt. *a.* hanging to something else; annexed.

Appendant, âp-pèn'-dânt. *s.* an accidental or adventitious part.

Appendix, âp-pèn'-dîks. *s.* something appended or added; an adjunct or concomitant.

Appertain, âp-pèr-tâne'. *v. n.* to belong to as of right or by nature.

Appertenance, âp-pèr'-tè-nânse. *s.* that which belongs to another thing. [lating to.

Appertinent, âp-pèr'-tè-nènt. *a.* belonging, re-

Appetence, âp-pè-tènse. } *s.* carnal desire.

Appetency, âp-pè-tèn-sè. }

Appetibility, âp-pèt-tè-bill'-è-tè. *s.* the quality of being desirable.

Appetible, âp-pè-tè-bl. *a.* desirable.

Appetite, âp-pè-tite. *s.* desire, keenness of stomach, hunger.

Appetition, âp-pè-tîsh'-ûn. *s.* desire.

Applaud, âp-plâwd'. *v. a.* to praise by clapping the hands; to commend.

Applauder, âp-plâwd'-dûr. *s.* he that praises.

Applause, âp-plâwz'. *s.* approbation loudly expressed.

Applausive, âp-plâw'-siv. *a.* applauding.

Apple, âp'-pl. *s.* a fruit; the pupil of the eye.

Applicable, âp-pil'-â-bl. *a.* that may be applied.

Appliance, âp-pil'-ânse. *s.* the act of applying, the thing applied.

Applicability, âp-pilè-kâ-ill'-è-tè. *s.* the quality of being fit to be applied. [ed.

Applicable, âp-pilè-kâ-bl. *a.* that may be applied.

Applicableness, âp-pilè-kâ-bl-nès. *s.* fitness to be applied.

Application, âp-pilè-kâ-shûn. *s.* the act of applying; the thing applied; attention to some particular affair. [application

Applicative, âp-pilè-kâ-ûv. *a.* belonging to

Applicative, âp-pilè-kâ-tûr-è. *a.* belonging to the act of applying. [study.

Apply, âp-pil'. *v. a.* to put to a certain use; to

Appoint, âp-pônt'. *v. a.* to fix, to establish; to equip.

Appointer, âp-pônt'-tûr. *s.* he that settles or fixes.

Appointment, âp-pônt'-mènt. *s.* stipulation, decree, establishment; order, equipment, furniture; an allowance. [proportions.

Apportion, âp-pôre'-shûn. *v. a.* to set out in just

Appose, âp-pôze'. *v. a.* to put questions to.

Apposite, âp-pô-zit. *a.* proper, fit, well adapted.

Appositely, âp-pô-zit-tè. *ad.* properly, fitly, suitably. [ety, suitableness

Appositeness, âp-pô-zit-nès. *s.* fitness, propri-

Appraise, âp-prâze'. *v. a.* to set a price upon any thing. [appraising; a valuation.

Appraisement, âp-prâze'-mènt. *s.* the act of

Appraiser, âp-prâ'-zûr. *s.* a person appointed to set a price on things to be sold.

Appreciate, âp-prè'-shè-âte. *v. a.* to rate, value estimate. [estimated

Appreciable, âp-prè'-shè-â-bl. *a.* that may be

Apprehend, âp-prè-hènd'. *v. a.* to lay hold on to seize, to conceive, to fear.

Apprehender, âp-prè-hèn'-dûr. *s.* one who apprehends.

Apprehensible, âp-prè-hèn'-shè-bl. *a.* that may be apprehended.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt ; —tùbe, tùb, bùll ; —bùl ; —pòund ; —thin, tris.

- Apprehension, àp-prè-hèn'-shùn. *s.* the mere contemplation of things; conception; fear, suspicion. [ful.]
- Apprehensive, àp-prè-hèn'-siv. *a.* sensible, fear-Apprehensiveness, àp-prè-hèn'-siv-nès. *s.* the quality of being apprehensive.
- Apprentice, àp-prèn'-tìs. *s.* one that is bound by covenant to learn a trade.
- Apprentice, àp-prèn'-tìs. *v. a.* to put to a master as an apprentice.
- Apprenticeship, àp-prèn'-tìs-shìp. *s.* the years which an apprentice is to pass under a master.
- Apprize, àp-prìze'. *v. a.* to inform.
- Approach, àp-pròtsh'. *v. n.* to draw near.
- Approach, àp-pròtsh'. *v. a.* to bring near to.
- Approach, àp-pròtsh'. *s.* the act of drawing near; access; means of advancing.
- Approachment, àp-pròtsh'-mènt. *s.* the act of coming near. [proving.]
- Approbation, àp-prò-bà'-shùn. *s.* the act of approbation.
- Approachable, àp-prò'-prè-à-bl. *a.* that may be appropriated.
- Appropriate, àp-prò'-prè-àte. *v. a.* to consign to some particular use or person, to make peculiar.
- Appropriate, àp-prò'-prè-àte. *a.* peculiar, assigned to some particular purpose.
- Appropriation, àp-prò-prè-à'-shùn. *s.* the application of something to a particular purpose or meaning.
- Appropriator, àp-prò-prè-à'-tùr. *s.* he that is possessed of an appropriated benefice.
- Approvable, àp-pròd'-vâ-bl. *a.* which merits approbation.
- Approval, àp-pròd'-vâ. *s.* approbation. [with.]
- Approve, àp-pròd'v'. *v. a.* to like, to be pleased
- Approvement, àp-pròd'v'-mènt. *s.* approbation, liking. [he that makes trial.]
- Approver, àp-pròd'vùr. *s.* he that approves;
- Approximate, àp-pròks'-è-mâte. *v. n.* to approach, to draw near to.
- Approximate, àp-pròks'-è-mâte. *a.* near to.
- Approximation, àp-pròk-sè-mâ'-shùn. *s.* approach to any thing. [any thing.]
- Appulse, àp-pùlse. *s.* the act of striking against
- Appurtenance, àp-pùr'-tè-nânsè. *s.* that which belongs to something else.
- Apricot, à'-prè-kòt. *s.* a kind of wall fruit.
- April, à'-pril. *s.* the fourth month of the year, January being counted first.
- Apron, à'-pùrn. *s.* a cloth hung before, to keep the other dress clean, or for ornament; a piece of lead which covers the touch-hole of a great gun.
- Apt, àpt. *a.* fit, inclined, ready, quick.
- Aptate, àp'-tâte. *v. a.* to make fit.
- Aptitude, àp'-tè-tùde. *s.* fitness; tendency; disposition. [ily.]
- Aptly, àpt'-lè. *ad.* properly, fitly, justly, read-
- Aptness, àpt'-nès. *s.* fitness, suitability; tendency.
- Aqua-fortis, àk-kwâ-fòr'-tìs. *s.* a corrosive liquor made of nitre and calcined vitriol.
- Aqua-vitæ, àk-kwâ-vì'-tè. *s.* brandy.
- Aquatick, à-kwâ'tìk. *a.* which inhabits the water; which grows in the water.
- Aqueduct, àk-kwè-dùkt. *s.* a conveyance made for carrying water.
- Aqueous, à'-kwè-ùs. *a.* watery. [looked.]
- Aquiline, àk'-wè-lìn. *a.* resembling an eagle,
- Aquose, à'-kwòse'. *a.* watery. [language]
- Arabic, àr'-â-hik. *a.* of Arabia, written in its
- Arable, àr'-â-bl. *a.* fit for tillage.
- Araneous, à-râ'-nè-ùs. *a.* resembling a cobweb.
- Aration, à-râ'-shùn. *s.* the act or practice of ploughing.
- Arbalist, àr'-bâ-lìst. *s.* a cross-bow.
- Arbiter, àr'-bè-tùr. *s.* an umpire chosen to settle a dispute. [nation, choice.]
- Arbitrament, àr'-hìl'-trâ-mènt. *s.* will, determin-
- Arbitrarily, àr'-bè-trâ-rè-lè. *ad.* with no other rule than the will; despotically.
- Arbitrarious, àr'-bè-trâ-rè-ùs. *a.* arbitrary, depending on the will.
- Arbitrary, àr'-bè-trâ-rè. *a.* despotick, absolute; depending on no rule, capricious.
- Arbitrate, àr'-bè-trâte. *v. a.* to decide, determine, to judge of.
- Arbitration, àr'-bè-trâ'-shùn. *s.* the determination of a cause by a judge mutually agreed on by the parties.
- Arbitrator, àr'-bè-trâ-tùr. *s.* an extraordinary judge between party and party, chosen by their mutual consent.
- Arbitrement, àr'-hìl'-trè-mènt. *s.* decision, determination, compromise.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pline, plin;—

Arbitress, âr'-bè-très. *s.* a female arbiter.
Arborary, âr'-bò-râ-rè. *a.* belonging to a tree.
Arboret, âr'-bò-rèt. *s.* a small tree or shrub.
Arborist, âr'-bò-rîst. *s.* a naturalist who makes trees his study.
Arborous, âr'-bò-rûs. *a.* belonging to trees.
Arbour, âr'-bûr. *s.* a bower.
Arbuckle, âr'-bûs-ul. *s.* a little shrub.
Arc, ârk. *s.* a segment, part of a circle; an arch.
Arcade, âr kâde'. *s.* a continued arch.
Arcanum, âr-kâ-nûm. *s.* a secret.
Arch, ârtsh. *s.* part of a circle, not more than the half; a building in form of a segment of a circle, used for bridges; vault of heaven.
Arch, ârtsh. *v. a.* to build arches; to cover with arches.
Arch, ârtsh. *a.* chief, of the first class; waggish.
Archæology, âr-kâ-ôl'-ô-jé. *s.* a discourse of antiquity.
Archaism, âr'-kâ-îsm. *s.* an ancient phrase.
Archangel, ârk-ânô'-jél. *s.* one of the highest order of angels; a plant, a dead nettle.
Archbishop, ârtsh-bîsh'-ôp. *s.* a bishop of the first class.
Archbishoprick, ârtsh-bîsh'-ôp-rîk. *s.* the state, province, or jurisdiction of an archbishop.
Archdeacon, ârtsh-dè'-kn. *s.* one that supplies the bishop's place and office.
Archdeaconry, ârtsh-dè'-kn-ré. *s.* the office or jurisdiction of an archdeacon.
Archduke, ârtsh-dôke'. *s.* a title given to princes of Austria and Tuscany.
Archduchess, ârtsh-dâtsh'-és. *s.* the sister or daughter of the archduke of Austria.
Archprelate, ârtsh-prèl'-lâte. *s.* chief prelate.
Archpresbyter, ârtsh-près'-bè-tér. *s.* chief presbyter. [an arch.
Arched, âr'-tshéd. *part. a.* bent in the form of an archer, ârtsh'-ûr. *s.* he that shoots with a bow.
Archery, ârtsh'-ûr-é. *s.* the use of the bow; the art of an archer.
Archetype, âr'-kè-tîpe. *s.* the original of which any resemblance is made.
Archetypal, âr-kè-tî'-pâl. *a.* original.
Archiepiscopal, âr-kè-è-pîs'-kò-pâl. *a.* belonging to an archbishop.
Architect, âr'-kè-tèkt. *s.* a professor of the art of building; a builder.

Architective, âr-kè-tèk'-tîv. *a.* that performs the work of architecture.
Architectural, âr-kè-tèk'-tshù-râl. *a.* belonging to architecture. [science of building.
Architecture, âr'-kè-tèk-tshùre. *s.* the art or Architrave, âr'-kè-tràve. *s.* that part of a column which lies immediately upon the capital, and is the lowest member of the entablature.
Archives, âr'-klîvz. *s.* the places where records or ancient writings are kept.
Archwise, ârtsh'-wîze. *a.* in the form of an arch.
Arctic, ârk'-tîk. *a.* northern. [arch
Arcuate, âr'-kù-âte. *a.* bent in the form of an Ardency, âr'-dèn-sè. *s.* ardour, eagerness.
Ardent, âr'-dènt. *a.* hot, burning, fiery; fierce, vehement; passionate, affectionate. [ly.
Ardently, âr'-dènt-lè. *ad.* eagerly, affectionately.
Ardour, âr'-dûr. *s.* heat of affection, as love, desire, courage. [sicut.
Arduous, âr'-jù-ûs. *a.* lofty, hard to climb, difficult.
Arduousness, âr'-jù-ûs-nès. *s.* height, difficulty.
Are, âr. the plural of the present tense of the verb *to be*.
Area, â'-rè-â. *s.* the surface contained between any lines or boundaries; any open surface.
Arefaction, âr-rè-fâk'-shùn. *s.* the state of growing dry, the act of drying.
Arenaceous, âr-è-nâ'-shùs. *a.* sandy.
Arenose, âr-è-nòse'. *a.* sandy.
Argent, âr'-jènt. *a.* having the white colour used in the armorial coats of gentlemen, knights, and baronets; silver, bright like silver.
Argil, âr'-jîl. *s.* potters' clay.
Argillaceous, âr-jîl-lâ'-shùs. *a.* clayey, consisting of potters' clay. [chandise.
Argosy, âr-gò-sè. *s.* a large vessel for merchandise.
Argue, âr'-gù. *v. n.* to reason, to persuade, to dispute.
Arguer, âr'-gù-ûr. *s.* a reasoner, a disputer.
Argument, âr'-gù-mènt. *s.* a reason alleged, subject of discourse or writing; contents of any work summed up by way of abstract; controversy.
Argumental, âr-gù-mènt'-tîl. *a.* belonging to argument.
Argumentation, âr-gù-mènt-tî'-shùn. *s.* reasoning.

nò. mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—táin, THIS

- Argumentative, ár-gù-mén'-tá-tív. *a.* consisting of or containing arguments.
- Arid, ár-ríd. *a.* dry, parched up.
- Aridity, á-ríd'-tè-tè. *s.* dryness, siccity.
- Aries, á-rè-tz. *s.* the Ram; one of the twelve signs of the zodiac.
- Aright, á-rite'. *ad.* rightly without error.
- Arise, á-rize'. *v. n. pret.* arose, *part.* arisen; to mount upward, to get up as from sleep.
- Aristocracy, ár-is-tòk'-krá-sè. *s.* that form of government which places the supreme power in the nobles.
- Aristocrat, ár-is-tò-krát'. *s.* a favourer of aristocracy.
- Aristocratical, ár-ris-tò-krát'-tè-kál. *a.* relating to aristocracy.
- Arithmetical, ár-ít'h-mét'-tè-kál. *a.* according to the rules or methods of arithmetick.
- Arithmetician, á-rít'h-mè-úsh'-án. *s.* a master of the art of numbers.
- Arithmetick, á-rít'h-mè-tík. *s.* the science of numbers; the art of computation.
- Ark, árk. *s.* a vessel to swim upon the water; the repository of the covenant of God with the Jews.
- Arm, árm. *s.* the limb which reaches from the hand to the shoulder; the large bough of a tree; an inlet of water; power.
- Arm, árm. *p. a.* to furnish with arms.
- Arm, árm. *v. n.* to take arms, to provide against.
- Armada, ár-má'-dá. *s.* an armament for sea.
- Armadoillo, ár-má-dí-lò. *s.* a four-footed animal of Brazil.
- Armament, á-má-mènt. *s.* a naval force.
- Arm-hole, á-n'-hòle. *s.* the cavity under the shoulder.
- Armigerous, á-r-mí-jú-rús. *a.* bearing arms.
- Armillary, ár-mí-lá-rè. *a.* resembling a bracelet.
- Armipotence, ár-míp'-ò-tènsè. *s.* power in war.
- Armipotent, ár-míp'-ò-tènt. *a.* mighty in war.
- Armistice, ár-mè-súts. *s.* a short truce.
- Armlet, árm'-lèt. *s.* a little arm; a piece of armour; a bracelet.
- Armour, ár-mòr. *s.* the name of a salt.
- Armer, ár-múr-úr. *s.* he that makes armour, or weapons; he that dresses another in armour.
- Armorial, ár-mòr-é-ál. *a.* belonging to the arms or escutcheon of a family.
- Armory, ár-múr-è. *s.* the place in which arms are deposited for use; armour, arms of defence; ensigns armorial.
- Armour, ár-múr. *s.* defensive arms
- Armpit, árm'-pít. *s.* the hollow part under the shoulder.
- Arms, ármz. *s.* weapons; a state of hostility war; action; ensigns armorial.
- Army, ár'-iné. *s.* a collection of armed men; a great number.
- Aromatic, ár-ò-mát'-kál. } *a.* spicy; fra
- Aromatick, ár-ò-mát'-ík. } grant. strong scented.
- Aromaticks, ár-ò-mát'-íks. *s.* spices.
- Aromatize, ár-rò-má-úze. *v. a.* to scent with spices, to perfume.
- Arose, á-ròze'. *pret.* of the verb arise.
- Around, á-ròund'. *ad.* in a circle, on every side
- Around, á-ròund'. *prep.* about.
- Arouse, á-ròuze'. *v. a.* to wake from sleep; to raise up, to excite.
- Arow, á-rò'. *ad.* in a row.
- Aroynt, á-ròint'. *ad.* be gone, away.
- Arquebuse, ár-kwè-bús. *s.* a hand-gun.
- Arrack, ár-rák'. *s.* a spirituous liquor. [case
- Arraign, ár-ráns'. *v. a.* to bring to trial; to acc-
- Arraignment, ár-ráns'-mènt. *s.* the act of arraiguing; a charge.
- Arrange, ár-ránje'. *v. a.* to put in the proper order for any purpose.
- Arrangement, ár-ránje'-mènt. *s.* the act of putting in proper order, the state of being put in order.
- Arrant, ár-ránt. *a.* bad in a high degree.
- Arrantly, ár-ránt-lè. *ad.* corruptly, shamefully.
- Arras, ár-rás. *s.* tapestry.
- Array, ár-rá'. *s.* dress; order of battle. [dress
- Array, ár-rá'. *v. a.* to put in order; to deck, to
- Arrear, ár-rèer'. *s.* that which remains behind unpaid, though due.
- Arrearage, ár-rèer'-ráje. *s.* the remainder of an account.
- Arreptitious, ár-rèp-úsh'-ús. *a.* snatched away; crept in privily.
- Arrest, ár-rèst'. *s.* a stop or stay; a restraint of a man's person; any captio

Fàis, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—phue, pîn;—

- Arrest**, âr-rêst'. *v. a.* to seize by a mandate from a court; to lay hands on; to withhold; to stop. [place.]
- Arrival**, âr-rî'-vâl. *s.* the act of coming to any place.
- Arrive**, âr-rive'. *v. n.* to come to any place.
- Arrogance**, âr-rô-gân's. } *s.* the act or quality
Arrogancy, âr-rô-gân-sê. } of taking much upon one's self.
- Arrogant**, âr-rô-gânt. *a.* haughty, proud.
- Arrogantly**, âr-rô-gânt-lê. *ad.* in an arrogant manner. [exhibit unjust claims.]
- Arrogate**, âr-rô-gâte. *v. a.* to claim vainly; to
- Arrogation**, âr-rô-gâ-shûn. *s.* a claiming in a proud manner.
- Arrosion**, âr-rô-zhûn. *s.* a gnawing. [a bow.]
- Arrow**, âr-rô. *s.* the weapon which is shot from
- Arsenal**, âr-sê-nâl. *s.* a repository of things requisite to war, a magazine.
- Arsenical**, âr-sên'-ê-kâl. *a.* containing arsenick.
- Arsenick**, ârs'-nîk. *s.* a mineral substance; a violent corrosive poison.
- Art**, ârt. *s.* a trade; skill, dexterity; cunning.
- Arterial**, âr-tê-rê-âl. *a.* relating to the artery.
- Artery**, âr-tê-rê. *s.* a conical canal conveying the blood from the heart to all parts of the body. [dexterous.]
- Artful**, ârt'-fûl. *a.* artificial; cunning, skilful, artfully, ârt'-fûl-lê. *ad.* with art, skilfully.
- Artfulness**, ârt'-fûl-nês. *s.* skill, cunning.
- Arthritic**, âr-thrî'-îk. } *a.* gouty, relating
Arthritical, âr-thrî'-ê-kâl. } * to the gout.
- Artichoke**, âr-tê-tshôke. *s.* a plant
- Article**, âr-tê-kl. *s.* a part of speech, as *the, an*; a single clause of an account, a particular part of any complex thing; term, stipulation; point of time. [terms.]
- Article**, âr-tê-kl. *v. n.* to stipulate, to make
- Articular**, âr-îk'-û-lâr. *a.* belonging to the joints.
- Articulate**, âr-îk'-û-lâte. *a.* distinct; branched out into articles.
- Articulate**, âr-îk'-û-lâte. *v. a.* to utter words distinctly.
- Articulate**, âr-îk'-û-lâte-lê. *ad.* in an articulate voice.
- Articulateness**, âr-îk'-û-lâte-nês. *s.* the quality of being articulate.
- Articulation**, âr-îk'-û-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the juncture of bones; the act of forming words.
- Artifice**, âr-tê-fîs. *s.* trick, fraud, stratagem, art, trade.
- Artificer**, âr-îf'-fê-sûr. *s.* an artist, a manufacturer; a contriver.
- Artificial**, âr-tê-fîsh'-âl. *a.* made by art; fictitious; artful, contrived with skill.
- Artificially**, âr-tê-fîsh'-âl-lê. *ad.* artfully, with skill, with good contrivance.
- Artillery**, âr-îl'-lâr-rê. *s.* weapons of war; cannon, great ordnance.
- Artisan**, âr-tê-zân'. *s.* artist, professor of an art; manufacturer. [skilful man.]
- Artist**, ârt'-îst. *s.* the professor of an art; a
- Artless**, ârt'-lê's. *a.* unskilful, without fraud or skill. [naturally, sincerely.]
- Artlessly**, ârt'-lê's-lê. *ad.* in an artless manner,
- Artuate**, âr-tshû-âte. *v. a.* to tear limb from limb. [with reeds.]
- Arundineous**, âr-ûn-dîn-ê-û's. *a.* abounding
- As**, âz. *conj.* in the same manner; like; while; equally; in what manner.
- Asafœtida**, âs-sâ-fê'-ê-dâ. *s.* a gum of a sharp taste and offensive smell.
- Asbestine**, âz-bê's-tîn. *a.* incombustible.
- Asbestos**, âz-bê's-tû's. *s.* a sort of native fossil stone, which fire cannot consume.
- Ascend**, âs-sênd'. *v. n.* to mount; to proceed from one degree to another; to stand higher in genealogy.
- Ascend**, âs-sênd'. *v. a.* to climb up any thing.
- Ascendant**, âs-sên'-dânt. *s.* height, elevation, superiority, influence.
- Ascendant**, âs-sên'-dânt. *a.* superiour, predominant, overpowering.
- Ascendency**, âs-sên'-dên-sê. *s.* influence, power
- Ascension**, âs-sên'-shûn. *s.* the act of ascending or rising.
- Ascension Day**, âs-sên'-shûn-dâ'. *s.* the day on which the ascension of our Saviour is commemorated, commonly called Holy Thursday
- Ascensive**, âs-sên'-sîv. *a.* in a state of ascent.
- Ascend**, âs-sên'. *s.* the act of rising; the way by which one ascends; an eminence.
- Ascertain**, âs-sêr-tâne'. *v. a.* to make certain, fix, establish. [rule, a standard]
- Ascertainment**, âs-sêr-tâne'-mênt. *s.* a settling
- Ascetic**, âs-sê'-îk. *s.* he that retires to devotion. a hermit.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, bdl, —dl, —pòund;—thm, this.

Asctical, *às-àt' -è-kál.* } *a. dropsical, hydropical.*
 Asctick, *às-àt' -ík.* }

Asctitious, *às-àt' -thà' -à.* *a. supplemental, additional.* [cribed.

Ascribable, *às-àkr' -bà-bl.* *a. that may be ascribed.*
 Ascribe, *às-kribe'.* *v. a. to attribute.*

Ascription, *às-krip' -shùn.* *s. the act of ascribing.*

Ash, *àsh.* *s. a tree.* [tween brown and gray.

Ash-coloured, *àsh' -kól' -àrd.* *a. coloured by ash.*

Ashamed, *à-shà' -néd.* *a. touched with shame.*

Ashen, *àsh' -shèn.* *a. made of ash wood.*

Ashes, *àsh' -fz.* *s. the remains of any thing burnt; the remains of the body.*

Ashore, *à-shòr'.* *ad. on shore, on the land.*

Ash-Wednesday, *àsh-wènz' -dà.* *s. the first day of Lent, so called from the ancient custom of sprinkling ashes on the head.*

Ashy, *àsh' -è.* *a. ash-coloured, pale.* [pany.

Aside, *à-side'.* *ad. to one side; from the common.*

Asinine, *às' -sè-nìne.* *a. belonging to an ass.*

Ask, *àsk.* *v. a. to petition, beg, to demand, inquire, question.*

Askant, *à-skànt'.* *ad. obliquely, on one side.*

Asker, *àsk' -àr.* *s. petitioner; inquirer.*

Askew, *à-skò'.* *ad. aside, contemptuously.*

Aslant, *à-slànt'.* *ad. obliquely, on one side.*

Asleep, *à-slep'.* *ad. sleeping; into sleep.*

Aslope, *à-slop'.* *ad. with declivity, obliquely.*

Asp, or Aspick, *àsp,* or *às' -pìk.* *s. a venomous serpent.* [plant.

Asparagus, *às-pàr' -à-gùs.* *s. the name of a plant.*

Aspect, *às' -pèkt.* *s. look, air, appearance; countenance; view; position; relation; disposition of a planet.*

Aspect, *às' -pèkt'.* *v. a. to behold.*

Aspen, *às' -pèn.* *s. a tree, the leaves of which always tremble.* [made of aspen wood.

Aspen, *às' -pèn.* *a. belonging to the asp-tree;*

Asper, *às' -pùr.* *a. rough, rugged.*

Asperate, *às' -pè-ràte.* *v. a. to make rough.*

Asperity, *às' -pè-rè-tè.* *s. roughness; ruggedness of temper.* [sure or calumny.

Asperse, *às' -pèrse.* *v. a. to bespatter with calumny.*

Aspersión, *às' -pèr' -shùn.* *s. a sprinkling; calumny, censure.*

Asphaltick, *às-fàl' -tìk.* *a. gummy, bituminous.*

Asphaltos, *às-fàl' -tòs.* *s. a bituminous, inflammable substance.*

Asphaltum, *às-fàl' -tòm.* *s. a bituminous stone.*

Asphodel, *às' -fò-dèl.* *s. the day-lily.*

Aspirate, *às' -pè-ràte.* *v. a. to pronounce with full breath.* [breath

Aspirate, *às' -pè-ràte.* *c. pronounced with full aspiration.*

Aspiration, *às' -pè-rà' -shùn.* *s. a breathing after an ardent wish; the pronunciation of a vowel with full breath.*

Aspire, *às' -pìr'.* *v. n. to desire with eagerness; to rise higher.*

Asquint, *à-skwìnt'.* *ad. obliquely.* [fellow

Ass, *às.* *s. an animal of burden; a stupid, dull*

Assail, *às-sàle'.* *v. a. to attack, to assault.*

Assailable, *às-sà-là-bl.* *a. that may be attacked.*

Assailant, *às-sà-lànt.* *s. he that attacks.*

Assailant, *às-sà-lànt.* *a. attacking, invading.*

Assailer, *às-sà-làr.* *s. one who attacks another.*

Assassin, *às-sàs' -shì.* *s. a murderer.*

Assassinate, *às-sàs' -sè-nàte.* *r. a. to murder by violence; to waylay.*

Assassination, *às-sàs' -sè-nà' -shùn.* *s. the act of assassinating.* [man-killer

Assassinator, *às-sàs' -sè-nà-tùr.* *s. a murderer*

Assault, *às-sàlt'.* *s. storm; invasion, hostility attack.*

Assault, *às-sàlt'.* *r. a. to attack, to invade.*

Assaulter, *às-sàlt' -tùr.* *s. one who violently assaults another.* [attack.

Assay, *às-sà'.* *s. examination; first entrance-*

Assay, *às-sà'.* *v. a. to make trial of; to apply to*

Assayer, *às-sà' -tùr.* *s. an officer of the mint.*

Assemblée, *às-sèm' -blà:ljè.* *s. a collection.*

Assemblée, *às-sèm' -bl.* *v. a. to bring together; to one place.*

Assemblée, *às-sèm' -bl.* *r. n. to meet together.*

Assembly, *às-sèm' -blè.* *s. a company met together.*

Assent, *às-sènt'.* *s. the act of agreeing; consent*

Assent, *às-sènt'.* *r. n. to concede, to yield to.*

Assentment, *às-sènt' -mènt.* *s. consent.* [cate.

Assert, *às-sèrt'.* *v. a. to maintain, affirm, indi-*

Assertion, *às-sèr' -shùn.* *s. the act of asserting*

Assertive, *às-sèr' -tív.* *a. positive, dogmatical.*

Assertor, *às-sèr' -tùr.* *s. maintainer, vindicator, affirmer.* [sum.

Assess, *às-sès'.* *v. a. to charge with any certain*

Assessment, *às-sès' -mènt.* *s. the sum levied on certain property; the act of assessing.*

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plab, ph; —

Assessor, âs-ês-sôr. *s.* he who levies taxes.
Assets, âs-sêts. *s.* goods sufficient to discharge that burden which is cast upon the executor or heir.
Asseserate, âs-sév-ê-râte. *v. a.* to affirm with great solemnity.
Asservation, âs-sév-ê-râ-shûn. *s.* solemn affirmation.
Asshead, âs-héd. *s.* a blockhead.
Assiduity, âs-sè-dù-è-tè. *s.* diligence. [won.
Assiduous, âs-sid-jù-ûs. *a.* constant in applica-
Assiduously, âs-sid-jù-ûs-lè. *ad.* diligently, continually.
Assign, âs-sine'. *v. a.* to mark out, appoint, fix.
Assignable, âs-sine'-â-bl. *a.* that may be assigned. [to meet.
Assignment, âs-sig-nâ-shûn. *s.* an appointment
Assignee, âs-sè-nè. *s.* he that is appointed by another to do any act, or perform any business.
Assigner, âs-si-nûr. *s.* he that assigns.
Assignment, âs-sine'ment. *s.* appointment of one thing with regard to another thing or person; the deed by which any thing is transferred. [is assigned.
Assigns, âs-sinz'. *s.* persons to whom any trust
Assimilate, âs-sim-è-lâte. *v. a.* to convert to the same nature with another thing; to bring to a likeness.
Assimilation, âs-sim-mè-lâ-shûn. *s.* the act of converting any thing to the nature or substance of another; the state of being assimilated.
Assist, âs-sist'. *v. a.* to help.
Assistance, âs-sis-tânse. *s.* help, furtherance.
Assistant, âs-sis-tânt. *a.* helping, lending aid.
Assistent, âs-sis-tânt. *s.* one who assists
Assize, âs-size'. *s.* a court of judicature; a statute to determine the weight of bread.
Assize, âs-size'. *v. a.* to fix the rate of anything.
Associate, âs-sô-shè-âte. *v. a.* to unite with another as a confederate; to accompany.
Associate, âs-sô-shè-âte. *a.* confederate.
Associate, âs-sô-shè-âte. *s.* a partner. confederate, companion.
Association, âs-sô-shè-â-shûn. *s.* union, conjunction, society; confederacy; connexion.
Assort, âs-sôrt'. *v. a.* to range in classes.

Assuage, âs-swâje'. *v. a.* to mitigate; to soften to pacify. [gates or soften.
Assuagement, âs-swâje'ment. *s.* what suits
Assuasive, âs-swâ-siv. *a.* softening, mitigating.
Assuetude, âs-swè-tûde. *s.* accustomedness, custom. [unjustly.
Assume, âs-sûme'. *v. a.* to arrogate, to claim
Assumer, âs-sû-mûr. *s.* an arrogant man. [ty
Assuming, âs-sû-ing. *part. a.* arrogant, haugh
Assumption, âs-sûm-shûn. *s.* the taking any thing to one's self; the supposition of any thing without farther proof. [sumed
Assumptive, âs-sûm-tiv. *a.* that which is as
Assurance, âsh-shû-rânse. *s.* certain expectation; secure confidence; want of modesty.
Assure âsh-shûre'. *v. a.* to give confidence by a firm promise; to secure another; to make secure.
Assured, âsh-shû-réd, or âsh-shûrd'. *part. a.* certain, indubitable; immodest. [bitably
Assuredly, âsh-shû-réd-lè. *ad.* certainly, ludè
Assuredness, âsh-shû-réd-nès. *s.* the state of being assured, certainty.
Asterisk, âs-tè-rîsk. *s.* a mark in printing as *
Asterism, âs-tè-rîzm. *s.* a constellation. [ship
Astern, â-stèrn'. *ad.* in the hinder part of the
Asthma, âst-mâ. *s.* a difficult respiration, joined with a hissing sound and a cough.
Asthmatical, âst-mât-è-kâl. } *a.* troubled with
Asthmatick, âst-mât-ik. } an asthma.
Astonish, âs-tôn-ûsh. *v. a.* to confound with fear or wonder, to amaze.
Astonishment, âs-tôn-ûsh-ment. *s.* amazement, confusion of mind.
Astound, âs-tôund'. *v. a.* to astonish, to amaze
Astraddle, âs-strâd-dl. *ad.* with legs across any thing.
Astral, âs-trâ-l'. *a.* starry, relating to the stars
Astray, âs-trâ. *ad.* out of the right way. [upon
Astrict, âs-trîk'. *v. a.* to contract by applica-
Astriction, âs-trîk-shûn. *s.* the act of contracting parts.
Astrictive, âs-trîk-tiv. *a.* styptic, binding.
Astride, âs-strîde'. *ad.* with the legs open.
Astriferous, âs-trîf-è-rûs. *a.* bearing or having stars.
Astringe, âs-trînje'. *v. a.* to make parts draw together.

nò, nòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, hân;—ôñ, pòand;—chin, THIS.

- Astrangency**, á-s-tráh-jén-sè. *s.* the power of contracting.
- Astringent**, á-s-trín-jént. *a.* binding, contracting.
- Astrography**, á-s-tróg-rá-fé. *s.* the science of describing the stars.
- Astrolabe**, á-s-trò-lábe. *s.* an instrument for taking the altitude of the sun or stars
- Astrologer**, á-s-tròl-ò-júr. *s.* one that professes to foretell by the stars.
- Astrologian**, á-s-trò-lò-jé-án. *s.* astrologer.
- Astrological**, á-s-trò-lòd'-jé-kál. } *a.* relating to
Astrologick, á-s-trò-lòd'-jék. } astrology.
- Astrology**, á-s-tròl-ò-jé. *s.* the practice of foretelling things by the knowledge of the stars.
- Astronomer**, á-s-trón-nò-múr. *s.* he that studies the celestial motions.
- Astronomical**, á-s-trò-nóm-é-kál. } *a.* belonging to
Astronomick, á-s-trò-nóm-ék. } astronomy.
- Astronomically**, á-s-trò-nóm-é-kál-lé. *a.* in an astronomical manner.
- Astronomy**, á-s-trón-nò-mè. *s.* a science, teaching the knowledge of the celestial bodies.
- Astro-theology**, á-s-trò-thé-òl-ò-jé. *s.* divinity founded on the observation of the celestial bodies.
- Asunder**, á-sún-dúr. *ad.* apart, separately.
- Asylum**, á-s-lím. *s.* a sanctuary, a refuge.
- At**, á. *prep.* At before a place notes the nearness of the place; as, a man is *at* the house before he is *in* it. At signifies the particular condition of the person; as *at* peace, &c. [tion.]
- Ataraxy**, á-tá-rák-sè. *s.* exemption from vexation.
- Atheism**, á-thé-íz-m. *s.* the disbelief of God.
- Atheist**, á-thé-íst. *s.* one that denies the existence of God.
- Atheistical**, á-thé-ís-té-kál. *a.* given to atheism.
- Atheistically**, á-thé-ís-té-kál-lé. *ad.* in an atheistical manner.
- Thirst**, á-thúrst'. *ad.* thirsty, in want of drink.
- Athletic**, á-th-ét-ík. *a.* belonging to wrestling; strong of body, lusty, robust.
- Athwart**, á-thwárt'. *prep.* across, transverse to any thing; through.
- Atilt**, á-thít'. *ad.* like one making a thrust; in the posture of a barrel raised behind.
- Atlas**, á-tlá-s. *s.* a collection of maps.
- Atmosphere**, á-t-mò-sfère. *s.* the air that encompasses the earth on all sides.
- Atmospherical**, á-t-mò-sfèr-é-kál. *a.* belonging to the atmosphere.
- Atom**, á-t-ò-m. *s.* an extremely small particle.
- Atomical**, á-tóm-é-kál. *a.* consisting of or relating to atoms. [ical philosophy.]
- Atomist**, á-t-ò-míst. *s.* one that holds the atom.
- Atomy**, á-t-ò-mè. *s.* an atom.
- Atone**, á-tònc'. *v. a.* to agree, to accord; to stand as an equivalent; to answer for.
- Atone**, á-tònc'. *v. a.* to expiate.
- Atonement**, á-tònc'-mènt. *s.* agreement; expiation, equivalent.
- Atop**, á-tóp'. *ad.* on the top, at the top.
- Atrabilarian**, á-trá-bè-lá-rò-án. *a.* melancholy.
- Atrabilarious**, á-trá-bè-lá-rò-ús. *a.* melancholic
- Atramental**, á-trá-mèn-tál. *a.* inky, black.
- Atrocious**, á-trò-shús. *a.* wicked in a high degree, enormous.
- Atrociously**, á-trò-shús-lé. *ad.* in an atrocious
- Atrocity**, á-tròs-sè-té. *s.* horrible wickedness.
- Atrophy**, á-t-rò-fé. *s.* want of nourishment, disease.
- Attach**, á-tásh'. *v. a.* to take, seize, lay hold on; to win, gain over; to enamour.
- Attachment**, á-tásh'-mènt. *s.* adherence, regard. [contest.]
- Attack**, á-ták'. *v. a.* to assault; to begin a
- Attack**, á-ták'. *v. a.* an assault. [reach; to equal.]
- Attain**, á-táne'. *v. a.* to gain; to come to; to
- Attain**, á-táne'. *v. n.* to come to a certain state; to arrive at. [ed.]
- Attainable**, á-táne'-á-bl. *a.* that may be obtained.
- Attainder**, á-táne'-dúr. *s.* the act of attaining in law; taint.
- Attainment**, á-táne'-mènt. *s.* that which is attained, acquisition.
- Attaint**, á-tánt'. *v. a.* to taint, to corrupt
- Attaint**, á-tánt'. *s.* any thing injurious, spot, taint. [tatron.]
- Attainture**, á-táne'-tshùre. *s.* reproach, imputation.
- Attenuate**, á-tém-púr. *v. a.* to regulate, to soften; to mix in just proportions.
- Attenuate**, á-tém-pè-ráte. *v. a.* to proportion to something. [endeavour.]
- Attempt**, á-tém't'. *v. a.* to attack, venture upon;
- Attempt**, á-tém't'. *s.* an attack, an essay, an endeavour.

Ête, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, ph;—

- Attend**, â-tend'. *v. a.* to regard, to fix the mind upon; to wait on; to accompany; to be appendant to; to stay for.
- Attend**, â-tend'. *v. n.* to yield attention; to stay, to delay. [a train.]
- Attendance**, â-tên'-dânse. *s.* the act of waiting;
- Attendant**, â-tên'-dân. *s.* one that attends; one that waits.
- Attender**, â-tên'-dûr. *s.* companion, associate.
- Attent**, â-tên'. *a.* intent, attentive.
- Attention**, â-tên'-shôn. *s.* the act of attending.
- Attentive**, â-tên'-tiv. *a.* heedful, regardful.
- Attentively**, â-tên'-tiv-lê. *ad.* heedfully, carefully
- Attenuant**, â-tên'-â-ân. *a.* endowed with the power of making thin or slender. [der.]
- Attenuate**, â-tên'-â-â. *a.* made thin or slender
- Attenuation**, â-tên'-â-â-shôn. *s.* the act of making any thing thin or slender.
- Attest**, â-têt'. *v. a.* to bear witness of; to call to witness. [dence.]
- Attestation**, â-têt'-â-shôn. *s.* testimony, evi-
- Attic**, â-tik'. *a.* belonging to Athens; poignant, just; belonging to an upper story.
- Atticism**, â-tê-sizm. *s.* an imitation of the Attic style; a concise and elegant mode of expression.
- Attinge**, â-tijé'. *v. a.* to touch slightly.
- Attire**, â-tîr'. *v. a.* to dress, habit, array.
- Attire**, â-tîr'. *s.* clothes, dress; ornaments.
- Attitude**, â-tê-tîdê. *s.* posture; the posture or action in which a statue or painted figure is placed.
- Attolent**, â-tôl'-lânt. *a.* that which lifts up.
- Attorney**, â-târ'-nê. *s.* one who is appointed or retained to prosecute or defend an action at law; a lawyer.
- Attract**, â-trâk'. *v. a.* to draw to something; to allure.
- Attraction**, â-trâk'-shôn. *s.* the power of drawing. [ticing.]
- Attractive**, â-trâk'-div. *a.* inviting, alluring, en-
- Attractively**, â-trâk'-div-lê. *ad.* with the power of attracting.
- Attractor**, â-trâk'-tûr. *s.* the agent that attracts.
- Attributable**, â-trîb'-â-tâ-bl. *a.* that which may be ascribed. [pute.]
- Attribute**, â-trîb'-ôte. *v. a.* to ascribe, to im-
- Attribute**, â-trê-bûte. *s.* the thing attributed to another; quality adherent to an appendant.
- Attrition**, â-trîb'-ân. *s.* the act of wearing things by rubbing; the lowest degree of repentance
- Audience**, â-tûn'. *v. a.* to make musical; to tune
- Auburne**, âw'-bûrn. *a.* brown, of a tan colour.
- Auction**, âwk'-shû. *s.* a manner of sale, in which one person bids after another.
- Auctionary**, âwk'-shû-â-rê. *a.* belonging to an auction.
- Auctioneer**, âwk'-shûn-êr'. *s.* the person that manages an auction.
- Audacious**, âw'-dâ'-shûs. *a.* bold, impudent.
- Audaciously**, âw'-dâ'-shûs-lê. *ad.* boldly, impudently.
- Audaciousness**, âw'-dâ'-shûs-nê. *s.* impudence
- Audacity**, âw'-dâ'-ê-tê. *s.* spirit, boldness.
- Audible**, âw'-dê-bl. *a.* that may be perceived by hearing. [being heard.]
- Audibility**, âw'-dê-bl-ân. *s.* capableness of
- Audibly**, âw'-dê-blê. *ad.* in such a manner as to be heard.
- Audience**, âw'-jê-ânse. *s.* the act of hearing the liberty of speaking granted, a hearing persons collected to hear.
- Audit**, âw'-dît. *s.* a final account
- Audit**, âw'-dît. *v. a.* to take an account finally.
- Auditor**, âw'-dê-tûr. *s.* a hearer; a person employed to take an account ultimately.
- Auditory**, âw'-dê-tûr-rê. *a.* that has the power of hearing.
- Auditory**, âw'-dê-tûr-rê. *a.* an audience, a collection of persons assembled to hear; a place where lectures are to be heard.
- Auditrice**, âw'-dê-trê. *s.* a woman that hears
- Auger**, âw'-gûr. *s.* a tool to bore holes with
- Aught**, âwt. *s.* any thing. [make bigger.]
- Augment**, âwg-mên'. *v. a.* to increase, to
- Augment**, âwg-mên'. *v. n.* to increase, to grow bigger. [increasing, increase.]
- Augmentation**, âwg-mên-tâ-shôn. *s.* the act of
- Augur**, âw'-gûr. *s.* one who predicts by the flight of birds.
- Augur**, âw'-gûr. *v. n.* to conjecture by signs.
- Augury**, âw'-gû-rê. *s.* the act of prognosticating by omens.
- August**, âw'-gûst'. *a.* grand, royal, magnificent

nó, mǎve, nǎr, nǎt;—tǎbe, tǎb, bǎil;—ǎl;—pǎund;—tǎm, tǎis.

- August**, ǎw'-gǎst. *s.* the eighth month of the year.
- Aulick**, ǎw'-lĭk. *a.* belonging to the court.
- Aunt**, ǎnt. *s.* a father or mother's sister.
- Aurelia**, ǎw-rĕ'-lĕ-ǎ. *s.* the first stage of an insect before it becomes a fly, the chrysalis.
- Auricle**, ǎw-rĕ'-kl. *s.* the external ear; an appendage of the heart. [cret.]
- Auricular**, ǎw-rĭk'-ŭ-lǎr. *a.* within hearing, see.
- Auriferous**, ǎw-rĭf'-fĕ-rŭs. *a.* that produces gold.
- Aurora**, ǎw-ró'-rá. *s.* an hero; poetically the morning.
- Auspice**, ǎw'-spĭs. *s.* an omen drawn from birds; protection; influence.
- Auspicious**, ǎw-spĭsh'-ŭs. *a.* with omens of success; favourable, kind, propitious.
- Auspiciousness**, ǎw-spĭsh'-ŭs-nĕs. *s.* prosperity, happiness.
- Austere**, ǎw-sĭĕr'. *a.* severe, harsh, rigid, sour.
- Austerity**, ǎw-sĭĕr'-ĕ-tĕ. *s.* severity, strictness; cruelty.
- Austral**, ǎws'-trǎl. *a.* southern.
- Authentic**, ǎw-thĕn'-tĕ-kǎl. *a.* authentic.
- Authentically**, ǎw-thĕn'-tĕ-kǎl-lĕ. *ad.* with circumstances requisite to procure authority.
- Authenticity**, ǎw-thĕn'-tĕ-kǎl-nĕs. *s.* the quality of being authentic, genuineness.
- Authenticate**, ǎw-thĕn'-tĕ-kǎtĕ. *v. a.* to establish any thing by authority.
- Authenticity**, ǎw-thĕn-tĭs'-sĕ-tĕ. *s.* authority, genuineness.
- Authentic**, ǎw-thĕn'-tĭk. *a.* that has every thing requisite to give it authority.
- Author**, ǎw'-thŭr. *s.* the first beginner or mover of any thing; a writer.
- Authoress**, ǎw'-thŭr-ĕs. *s.* a female writer.
- Authoritative**, ǎw-thŭr'-ĕ-tǎ-tĭv. *a.* having due authority; having an air of authority.
- Authoritatively**, ǎw-thŭr'-ĕ-tǎ-tĭv-lĕ. *ad.* in an authoritative manner. [ence, rule.]
- Authority**, ǎw-thŭr'-ĕ-tĕ. *s.* legal power, influence.
- Authorization**, ǎw-thŭr-rĕ-zǎ'-shŭn. *s.* establishment by authority.
- Authorize**, ǎw'-thŭr-rĭzĕ. *v. a.* to give authority; to make legal; to establish.
- Autocracy**, ǎw-tŭk'-rǎ-sĕ. *s.* independent power.
- Autograph**, ǎw'-tŭ-grǎf. *s.* a particular person's own writing, the original.
- Automaton**, ǎw-tŭm'-ǎ-tŭn. *s.* a machine that has the power of motion within itself.
- Automatous**, ǎw-tŭm'-ǎ-tŭs. *a.* having in itself the power of motion.
- Autopsy**, ǎw'-tŭp-sĕ. *s.* ocular demonstration.
- Autoptical**, ǎw-tŭp'-tĕ-kǎl. *a.* perceived by one's own eyes.
- Autumn**, ǎw'-tŭm. *s.* the season of the year between summer and winter.
- Autumnal**, ǎw-tŭm'-nǎl. *a.* belonging to autumn.
- Auxiliary**, ǎwg-zĭl'-yǎ-rĕ. *a.* helping, assisting.
- Avail**, ǎ-vǎle'. *v. a.* to profit; to promote, to prosper.
- Avail**, ǎ-vǎle'. *s.* profit, advantage, benefit.
- Available**, ǎ-vǎ'-lǎ-bl. *a.* profitable, advantageous; powerful. [tage.]
- Availment**, ǎ-vǎle'-mĕnt. *s.* usefulness, advantage.
- Avale**, ǎ-vǎle'. *v. a.* to let fall, to depress.
- Avant-guard**, ǎ-vǎnt'-gǎrd. *s.* the van.
- Avarice**, ǎv'-ǎ-rĭs. *s.* covetousness, insatiable desire.
- Avaricious**, ǎv-ǎ-rĭsh'-ŭs. *a.* covetous.
- Avariciously**, ǎv-ǎ-rĭsh'-ŭs-lĕ. *ad.* covetously.
- Avariciousness**, ǎv-ǎ-rĭsh'-ŭs-nĕs. *s.* the quality of being avaricious.
- Avant**, ǎ-vǎnt'. *interj.* a word of abhorrence by which any one is driven away.
- Avemary**, ǎ-vĕ-mǎ-rĕ. *s.* a form of worship in honour of the Virgin Mary.
- Avenge**, ǎ-vĕnje'. *v. a.* to revenge; to punish.
- Avengement**, ǎ-vĕnje'-mĕnt. *s.* vengeance, revenge. [grance]
- Avenger**, ǎ-vĕn'-jǎr. *s.* revenger, taker of ven.
- Avenue**, ǎv'-ĕ-nŭ. *s.* a way by which any place may be entered; an alley, or walk of trees before a house.
- Aver**, ǎ-vĕr'. *v. a.* to declare positively.
- Average**, ǎv'-ǎ-rĭdĭje. *s.* that duty or service which the tenant is to pay to the king; a proportion. [dence.]
- Averment**, ǎ-vĕr'-mĕnt. *s.* establishment by evidence.
- Averse**, ǎ-vĕrse'. *a.* malignant, unfavourable.
- Aversely**, ǎ-vĕrse'-lĕ. *ad.* unwillingly, backwardly. [wardness.]
- Averseness**, ǎ-vĕrse'-nĕs. *s.* unwillingness; backwardness.
- Aversion**, ǎ-vĕr'-shŭn. *s.* hatred, dislike, detestation.
- Avert**, ǎ-vĕr'. *v. a.* to turn aside, to put off.

Fâto, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mè, mèt ;—pluz, pln ;—

Aviary, à'-vè-â-rè. *s.* a place enclosed to keep birds in.

Avidity, à-vî'ô-tè. *s.* greediness, eagerness.

Avize, à-vice'. *v. a.* to counsel; to consider.

Avocate, àv'-vò-kâte. *v. a.* to call away.

Avocation, àv'-vò-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of calling aside; the business that calls.

Avoid, à-vôid'. *v. a.* to shun, to escape; to quit.

Avoid, à-vôid'. *v. n.* to retire; to become void or vacant.

Avoidable, à-vôid'-â-bl. *a.* that may be avoided.

Avoidance, à-vôid'-ânse. *s.* the act of avoiding; the course by which any thing is carried off.

Avoidless, à-vôid'-lès. *a.* inevitable.

Avordupois, àv-êr-dù-pôiz'. *a.* a weight, of which a pound contains sixteen ounces.

Avolation, àv-ô-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of flying away. [to vindicate.

Avouch, à-vôûsh'. *v. a.* to affirm, to maintain;

Avoucher, à-vôûsh'-êr. *s.* he that avouches.

Avow, à-vôû'. *v. a.* to justify; to declare openly.

Avowable, à-vôû'-â-bl. *a.* that may be openly declared.

Avowal, à-vôû'-âl. *s.* justificatory declaration.

Avowedly, à-vôû'-êd-lè. *ad.* in an avowed manner.

Avower, à-vôû'-âr. *s.* he that avows or justifies.

Avowtry, à-vôû'-trè. *s.* adultery.

Avulsion, à-vôû'-shûn. *s.* the act of pulling one thing from another.

Await, à-wâte'. *v. a.* to expect, wait for, attend.

Awake, à-wâke'. *v. a.* to rouse out of sleep; to put into new action. [to cease to sleep.

Awake, à-wâke'. *v. n.* to break from sleep,

Awake, à-wâke'. *a.* without sleep, not sleeping.

Award, à-wârd'. *v. a.* to adjudge, to determine.

Award, à-wârd'. *s.* sentence, determination.

Aware, à-wâre'. *a.* vigilant, attentive.

Aware, à-wâre'. *n. n.* to beware, to be cautious.

Away, à-wâ'. *ad.* absent; let us go - begone.

Awe, àw. *s.* reverential fear, reverence.

Awe, àw. *v. a.* to strike with reverence or fear.

Awful, àw'-fûl'. *a.* which strikes with awe, or fills with reverence; timorous. [ner.

Awfully, àw'-fûl-lè. *ad.* in a reverential man-

Awfulness, àw'-fûl-nès. *s.* the quality of striking with awe, solemnity.

While, à-hwile'. *ad.* some time.

Awkward, àwk'-wûrd. *a.* unpolite, unhandy, clumsy.

Awkwardly, àwk'-wûrd-lè. *ad.* clumsily, inelegantly. [clumsiness

Awkwardness, àwk'-wûrd-nès. *s.* inelegance.

Awl, àl. *s.* an instrument to bore holes.

Awning, àw'-ning. *s.* a cover to keep off the weather.

Awoke, à-wôke'. *pret.* of *awake*.

Awry, à-rî'. *ad.* obliquely; askint.

Axe, àks. *s.* an instrument used to cut wood.

Axiom, àk'-shûm. *s.* a proposition evident at first sight.

Axis, àk'-sis. *s.* the line, real or imaginary, that passes through any thing on which it may revolve.

Axle, àk'-sl.

Axle-tree, àk'-sl trèe. } *s.* the part which passes through the middle of the wheel of a carriage.

Ay, àè. *ad.* yes.

Aye, àè. *ad.* always, to eternity, for ever.

Azure, à'-zhûre. *a.* blue, faint blue

B

BAA, bà. *s.* the cry of a sheep.

Baa, bà. *v. n.* to cry like a sheep. [talk id. v

Babble, bàb'-bl. *v. n.* to prattle like a child; to

Babble, bàb'-bl. } *s.* senseless prate.

Babbler, bàb'-blâr. *s.* an idle talker, a teller of secrets.

Babe, bàbe. *s.* an infant.

Babish, bà'-bish. *a.* childish. [kind

Baboon, bà-bôon'. *s.* a monkey of the largest

Baby, bà'-bè. *s.* a child, an infant.

Bacchanalian, bàk-kâ-nâ'-jè-ân. *s.* a drunkard

Bacchanals, bàk'-kâ-nâlz. *s.* the drunken feasts

of Bacchus.

Bachelor, bàtsh'-ê-lûr. *s.* a man unmarried; a man who takes his first degrees; a knight of the lowest order.

Bachelorship, bàtsh'-ê-lûr-shîp. *s.* the condition of a bachelor. [rear.

Back, bàk. *s.* the hinder part of any thing; the

Back, bàk. *ad.* to the place whence one came; backward from the present station; again, a

second time.

nó, móve, nór, nót;—túbe, túb, bóll;—stí;—póund;—thin, THIS.

Back, báik. *v. a.* to mount or break a horse; to maintain, to justify, to support.

Backbite, báik'-bité. *v. a.* to censure or reproach the absent. [sent.]

Backbiter, báik'-bit-ér. *s.* a censurer of the absent.

Backfriend, báik'-frénd. *s.* an enemy in secret.

Backgammon, báik-gám'-mún. *s.* a game with dice and tables.

Backside, báik'-sáide. *s.* the hinder part of any thing; the ground behind a house.

Backslide, báik'-sáid. *v. n.* to fall off.

Backslider, báik'-sáid-ér. *s.* an apostate.

Backsword, báik'-sórd. *s.* a sword with one sharp edge.

Backward, báik'-wórd. *a.* unwilling; hesitating; sluggish, dull. [aversely.]

Backwardly, báik'-wórd-lé. *ad.* unwillingly.

Backwardness, báik'-wórd-nés. *s.* dulness, sluggishness.

Backwards, báik'-wórdz. *ad.* with the back forwards; regressively; towards something past; in time past. [dried.]

Bacon, báik'-kn. *s.* the flesh of a hog salted and

Bad, báid. *a.* ill; vicious, unhappy, hurtful, sick.

Badé, báid. *the pret. of bad.*

Badge, báidje. *s.* a particular mark or token.

Badger, báid-jér. *s.* a brock, an animal.

Badger, báid-jér. *s.* one that buys corn in one place, and sells it in another.

Badly, báid-lé. *ad.* not well.

Badness, báid-nés. *s.* want of good qualities.

Baffle, báif'-fl. *v. a.* to elude; to confound; to crush.

Baffler, báif'-flér. *s.* he that baffles

Bag, báik. *s.* a sack, or pouch. [a bag.]

Bag, báik. *v. a.* to put into a bag; to load with

Bag, báik. *v. n.* to swell like a full bag.

Bagatelle, báik-á-tél. *s.* a trifle.

Baggage, báik-gidje. *s.* the furniture of an army; a worthless woman. [sweating.]

Bain-yó. *s.* a house for bathing and

Bag-pipe. *s.* a musical instrument.

Bail. *s.* the setting at liberty one arrested

Bail. *s.* a person under security taken for his ap-

Bailable, báik-bl. *a.* that may be set at liberty by bail.

Bailiff, báik-íif. *s.* an officer whose business it is to execute arrests; an under-steward of a manor.

Bait, báite. *v. a.* to put meat to tempt animals; to set dogs upon. [freshment.]

Bait, báite. *v. n.* to stop at any place for re-

Bait, báite. *s.* meat set to allure animals to a snare; a temptation, an enticement; a refreshment on a journey.

Baize, báize. *s.* a kind of coarse open cloth.

Bake, báike. *v. a.* to dress provisions in an oven; to harden with heat.

Bake, báike. *v. n.* to do the work of baking.

Bakehouse, báike-hóuse. *s.* a place for baking bread.

Baker, báik-ér. *s.* he whose trade is to bake.

Balance, báik-lánsé. *s.* a pair of scales; that which is wanting to make two parts of an account even; equipoise; the beating part of a watch; the sign Libra.

Balance, báik-lánsé. *v. a.* to weigh in a balance; to counterpoise; to regulate an account.

Balance, báik-lánsé. *v. n.* to hesitate, to fluctuate.

Balcony, báik-kó-né. *s.* a frame of wood, or stone, before the window of a room.

Bald, báuid. *a.* without hair; unadorned

Balderdash, báuid-ásh. *s.* rude mixture.

Baldly, báuid-lé. *ad.* nakedly, meanly.

Baldness, báuid-nés. *s.* the want or loss of hair; meanness of writing.

Bale, báile. *s.* a bundle of goods.

Baleful, báile-fúl. *a.* sorrowful, sad; full of mischief.

Balk, báik. *s.* a great beam; a ridge of land left unploughed; a disappointment.

Balk, báik. *v. a.* to disappoint, to frustrate.

Ball, báil. *s.* any thing round; a globe; an entertainment of dancing.

Ballad, báil-lád. *s.* a song.

Ballast, báil-lást. *s.* something put at the bottom of a ship to keep it steady.

Ballette, báil-lét. *s.* a dance.

Balloon, báil-lóon. *s.* a vessel used in chymistry; a ball placed on a pillar; a large hollow ball of silk filled with gas, which makes it rise into the air.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plu, pln;—

Ballot, bâl'-lât. *s.* a little ball or ticket used in giving votes; the act of voting by ballot.

Ballot, bâl'-lât. *v. n.* to choose by ballot.

Balm, bâm. *s.* the juice of a shrub remarkably odoriferous; any fragrant ointment; a plant.

Balm, bâm'-ê. *a.* having the qualities of balm; producing balm; soothing, soft; odoriferous.

Balnary, bâl'-nê-â-rê. *s.* a bathing room.

Balneation, bâl'-nê-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of bathing.

Balneatory, bâl'-nê-â'-tûr-rê. *a.* belonging to a bath.

Balsam, bâw'-sûm. *s.* ointment, unguent.

Balsamical, bâl'-sâm'-ê-kâl. *a.* unctuous, mûti-

Balsamick, bâl'-sâm'-îk. *s.* gating.

Balustrade, bâl'-ûs-trade'. *s.* a row of little pillars called balusters.

Bamboo, bâm-bôô'. *s.* an Indian plant of the reed kind.

Bamboozle, bâm-bôô'-zl. *v. a.* to deceive, to impose upon. [tion.]

Ban, bân. *s.* publick notice; a curse; interdiction.

Band, bând. *s.* a bandage, any union or connexion; any thing bound round another; a kind of ornament worn chiefly by the clergy.

Band, bând. *v. a.* to unite together into one body or troop; to bind over with a band.

Bandage, bân'-dîdje. *s.* a fillet or roller.

Bandbox, bând'-bôks. *s.* a slight box used for things of small weight. [fillet.]

Bandelet, bân'-dê-lêt. *s.* any flat moulding or

Banditti, bân-dî'tî. *s.* a company of outlawed robbers.

Bandrol, bân'-rôll. *s.* a little flag or streamer.

Bandy, bân'-dê. *s.* a club turned round at bottom for striking a ball.

Bandy, bân'-dê. *v. a.* to beat to and fro, one to another; to agitate, to toss about.

Bandyleg, bân'-dê-lêg. *s.* a crooked leg.

Bane, bâne. *s.* poison; mischief, ruin.

Baneful, bân'-fûl. *a.* poisonous; destructive.

Banefulness, bân'-fûl-nês. *s.* poisonousness, destructiveness. [roughly.]

Bang, bâng. *v. a.* to beat, thump; to handle

Bang, bâng. *s.* a blow, a thump.

Banish, bân'-nish. *v. a.* to condemn to leave his own country; to drive away.

Banishment, bân'-nish-mênt. *s.* the act of banishing another; the state of being banished.

Bank, bânk. *s.* a ridge of earth; a repository for money.

Bank, bânk. *v. a.* to lay up money in a bank; to enclose with banks.

Bank-bill, bânk'-bîll. *s.* a note for money laid up in a bank.

Banker, bânk'-ûr. *s.* one that trafficks in money

Bankrupt, bânk'-rûpt. *a.* in debt beyond the power of payment.

Bankruptcy, bânk'-rûp-sê. *s.* the state of a bankrupt.

Banner, bân'-nûr. *s.* a flag, a standard, a streamer. [meal cake.]

Bannock, bân'-nûk. *s.* a kind of oaten or pease

Banquet, bânk'-kwêt. *s.* a feast. [ily.]

Banquet, bânk'-kwêt. *v. n.* to feast, to fare daint

Banqueting-house, bânk'-kwêt-ing-hôuse. *s.* a house where banquets are kept.

Banter, bân'-tûr. *v. a.* to play upon, to rally.

Banter, bân'-tûr. *s.* ridicule, raillery.

Banterer, bân'-tûr-ûr. *s.* one who banter.

Bantling, bân't-îng. *s.* a little child.

Baptism, báp'-tizm. *s.* a sacrament that adm into the church. [tism.]

Baptismal, báp'-tiz-mâl. *a.* pertaining to bap

Baptist, báp'-tîst. *s.* he that administers baptism

Baptistry, báp'-tis-tûr-ê. *s.* the place where the sacrament of baptism is administered.

Baptize, báp-tize'. *v. a.* to christen, to administer the sacrament of baptism.

Baptizer, báp-tî'-zûr. *s.* one that christens, one that administers baptism.

Bar, bâr. *s.* a cross-beam, bolt; obstacle; any thing used for prevention; the place where

causes of law are tried; an enclosed place in a tavern; stroke drawn perpendicularly

across the lines of a piece of musick.

Bar, bâr. *v. a.* to fasten or shut any thing with a bolt or bar; to hinder, to obstruct.

Barb, bârb. *s.* a beard; the points that stand backward in an arrow; a Barbary horse.

Barb, bârb. *v. a.* to shave the beard; to furnish a horse with armour; to jag arrows with hooks.

Barbacan, bâr-bâ-kân. *s.* a fortification placed before the walls of a town.

Barbarian, bâr-bâ-rê-ân. *s.* a man uncivilized, a savage.

nó, móra, náy ná; — tába, táa, bóll, — éh, — pónd; — thín, thís.

Barbaric, bār-bār'ík. *a.* foreign, far-fetched.

Barbarism, bār-bā-rizm. *s.* a form of speech contrary to the purity of language; ignorance; brutality; cruelty.

Barbarity, bār-bār'ē-tē. *s.* savageness, incivility; cruelty. [*rous.*]

Barbarize, bār-bā-rize. *v. a.* to make barbarous.

Barbarous, bār-bā-rūs. *a.* stranger to civility, savage, uncivilized; unacquainted with arts; cruel, inhuman.

Barbarousness, bār-bā-rūs-nēs. *s.* incivility of manners; impurity of language; cruelty.

Barbecue, bār-bē-kū. *v. a.* to dress a hog whole.

Barbecue, bār-bē-kū. *a.* a hog dressed whole.

Barbed, bār-bēd. *part. a.* furnished with arms; bearded, jagged with hooks.

Barbel, bār-bl. *s.* a kind of fish found in rivers.

Barber, bār-būr. *s.* a man who shaves the beard.

Barb, bārd. *a.* a poet.

Bare, bāre. *a.* naked, uncovered, unadorned, detected; poor; mere; threadbare.

Bare, bāre. *v. a.* to strip.

Barefaced, bāre-fāstē. *a.* with the face naked, not ashamed; shameless.

Barefacedly, bāre-fāstē-lē. *ad.* openly, shamelessly, without disguise.

Barefacedness, bāre-fāstē-nēs. *s.* effrontery, assurance, audaciousness.

Barefoot, bāre-fūt. *a.* without shoes. [*spect.*]

Bareheaded, bāre-hēd-ēd. *a.* uncovered in rebarely.

Barely, bāre-lē. *ad.* nakedly; merely, only.

Bareness, bāre-nēs. *s.* nakedness; tanness; meanness of clothes.

Bargain, bār-gān. *s.* a contract or agreement concerning sale; the thing bought or sold; stipulation. [*sale.*]

Bargain, bār-gān. *v. n.* to make a contract for

Bargainer, bār-gān-ūr. *s.* the person who profits or makes a bargain.

Barge, bārje. *s.* a boat for pleasure or burden.

Bark, bārk. *s.* the rind or covering of a tree; a small ship.

Bark, bārk. *v. a.* to strip trees of their bark.

Bark, bārk. *v. n.* to make a noise like a dog; to clamour at

Barker, bār'kār. *s.* one that barks or clamours; one employed in stripping trees.

Barley, bār-lē. *s.* a grain; of which malt is made.

Barleycorn, bār-lē-kōrn. *s.* a grain of barley.

Barn, bārn. *s.* a place for laying up any sort of grain, hay, or straw.

Barucle, bār-nā-kl. *s.* a bird like a goose; a species of mall-fish.

Barometer, bār-rōm-ē-tēr. *s.* a machine for measuring the weight and variations of the atmosphere. [*the barometer.*]

Barometrical, bār-ō-mē-t-ēr-kāl. *a.* relating to a viscount. [*baron.*]

Baron, bār-rūn. *s.* a degree of nobility next to a viscount. [*baron.*]

Baronage, bār-rūn-ādje. *s.* the dignity of a

Baroness, bār-rūn-ēs. *s.* a baron's lady.

Baronet, bār-rūn-ēt. *s.* the lowest degree of honour that is hereditary.

Barony, bār-rūn-ē. *s.* the honour or lordship that gives title to a baron.

Barrack, bār-rāk. *s.* a building to lodge soldiers

Barrel, bār-rīl. *s.* a round wooden vessel; any thing hollow, as the barrel of a gun; a cylinder. [*rel.*]

Barrel, bār-rīl. *v. a.* to put any thing in a bar

Barren, bār-rēn. *a.* unfruitful, sterile; scanty unmeaning, dull.

Barrenly, bār-rēn-lē. *ad.* unfruitfully.

Barrenness, bār-rēn-nēs. *s.* want of the power of procreation; sterility; want of invention; want of matter; in theology, want of sensibility.

Barricade, bār-rē-kādē. *s.* a fortification to keep off an attack; any stop or obstruction.

Barricade, bār-rē-kādē. *v. a.* to stop up a pass

Barricado, bār-rē-kā-dō. *s.* a fortification, a par.

Barricado, bār-rē-kā-dō. *v. a.* to fortify, to bar.

Barrier, bār-rē-ūr. *s.* a barricade, an entrenchment; a fortification; a stop, an obstruction a boundary.

Harrister, bār-rīs-tēr. *s.* an advocate, a pleader.

Barrow, bār-rō. *s.* any carriage moved by the haul; as a hand-barrow.

Barter, bār-tēr. *v. n.* to traffic by exchanging one commodity for another. [*change.*]

Barter, bār-tēr. *v. a.* to give any thing in exchange.

Barter, bār-tēr. *s.* the act or practice of trafficking by exchange.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plns, pln;—

Basalt, bâ-sâl'-téz. *s.* a kind of marble.**Base**, baze. *a.* mean, worthless; disingenuous, illiberal; born out of wedlock. [canal.]**Base**, baze. *s.* the bottom of any thing; a pedestal.**Base-born**, baze'-bôrn. *a.* born out of wedlock.**Basely**, baze'-lè. *ad.* meanly, dishonourably.**Baseness**, baze'-nès. *s.* meanness, vileness; bastardy. [province.]**Bashaw**, hash-aw'. *s.* the viceroy of a Turkish**Bashful**, hash'-fûl. *a.* modest, shamefaced, shy.**Bashfulness**, hash'-fûl-nès. *s.* modesty; foolish or rustic shame.**Basilikon**, bâ-zil'-è-kôn. *s.* an ointment.**Basilisk**, bâz'-è-lisk. *s.* a kind of serpent, a cockatrice; a species of canon.**Basin**, bâ'-sîn. *s.* a small vessel to hold water for washing, or other uses; a small pond; a part of the sea enclosed in rocks.**Basis**, bâ'-sîs. *s.* the foundation of any thing; the lowest of the three principal parts of a column; the pedestal; the groundwork.**Bask**, bâsk. *v. a.* to warm by laying out in the heat. [heat.]**Bask**, bâsk. *v. n.* to lie in a place to receive**Basket**, bâs'-kît. *s.* a vessel made of twigs, rushes, or splinters.**Base**, baze. *a.* a part in musick, grave, deep.**Base-viol**, baze-vî'-ûd. *s.* a musical instrument.**Base**, bâs. *s.* a mat used in churches.**Base-relief**, baze-rè-lèèf'. *s.* sculpture, the figures of which do not stand out from the ground in their full proportion.**Basset**, bâs'-sèt. *s.* a game at cards. [ment.]**Bassoon**, bâs-sôon'. *s.* a musical wind instrument.**Bastard**, bâs'-târd. *s.* a person born out of wedlock. [spurious.]**Bastard**, bâs'-târd. *a.* born out of wedlock;**Bastardize**, bâs'-târ-dîze. *v. a.* to convict of being a bastard; to beget a bastard.**Bastardy**, bâs'-târ-dè. *s.* an unlawful state of birth.**Baste**, baste. *v. a.* to beat with a stick; to drip butter upon meat on the spit; to sew slightly.**Bastinado**, bâs-tè-nâ'-dò. *s.* a Turkish punishment of beating an offender on his feet.**Bastinado**, bâs-tè-nâ'-dò. *v. a.* to beat.**Bastion**, bâs-tishôn. *s.* a huge mass of earth, faced with sods; a bulwerk**Bat**, bât. *s.* a heavy stick; a winged animal resembling a mouse.**Batch**, bâtsîs. *s.* the quantity of bread baked at a time; any quantity, made at once.**Bate**, bâte. *s.* strife, contention. [demand.]**Bate**, bâte. *v. a.* to sink the price; to lessen a**Bath**, bâth. *s.* a place to ash or bathe in; a sort of Hebrew measure.**Bathe**, bâtho. *v. a.* to wash in a bath; to supple or soften.**Bating**, bâ'-ting. *prep.* except.**Batoon**, bâ-tôon'. *s.* a staff or club; a truncheon or marshal's staff. [appearance]**Battailous**, bât'-ûl-lûs. *a.* warlike, with military**Battalia**, bât-tâle'-yâ. *s.* the order of battle. [appearance]**Battalion**, bât-târ'-yôn. *s.* a division of an army a body of forces.**Batten**, bât'-în. *v. a.* to fatten, to make fat.**Batten**, bât'-în. *v. n.* to grow fat.**Batter**, bât'-tûr. *v. a.* to beat down; to wear with beating. [diets beaten together]**Batter**, bât'-tûr. *s.* a mixture of several ingredients.**Battery**, bât-tûr-rè. *s.* the act of battering; the frame upon which canons are mounted.**Battle**, bât'-tl. *s.* a fight; an encounter between opposite armies.**Battle**, bât'-tl. *v. n.* to contend in fight.**Battle-door**, bât-tl-dôre. *s.* an instrument to strike a ball or shuttlecock.**Battlement**, bât-tl-mènt. *s.* a wall with open places to look through or amoy an enemy.**Bawble**, bâw'-bl. *s.* a gewgaw, a trifling piece of finery.**Bawbling**, bâw'-bling. *a.* trifling, contemptible.**Bawd**, bâwd. *s.* a procurer or procuress.**Bawd**, bâwd. *v. n.* to procure.**Bawdily**, bâw'-dè-lè. *ad.* obscenely.**Bawdiness**, bâw'-dè-nès. *s.* obscenity.**Bawdry**, bâw'-drè. *s.* obscenity.**Bawdy**, bâw'-dè. *a.* obscene, unchaste.**Bawdy-house**, bâw-dè-hôûs. *s.* a house where traffick is made by debauchery.**Bawl**, bâll. *v. n.* to boot, to cry out.**Bawl**, bâll. *v. a.* to proclaim as a crier.**Bay**, bâ. *a.* a colour.**Bay**, bâ. *s.* an opening in the land; the state of any thing surrounded by enemies; an honorary crown or garland.

nó, móve, nór, nót ; —tábe, táb, báll ; —óli ; —pónd ; —thin, THIN.

Bay, bá. *v. n.* to bark as a dog at a thief.
 Bay Salt, bá'-sált. *s.* salt made of sea water, and so called from its brown colour.
 Bayonet, bá-yón-ét. *s.* a short sword fixed at the end of a musket.
 Bdellium, déll'-yóm. *s.* an aromack gum.
 Be, bée. *v. n.* to have some certain state, condition, or quality.
 Beach, bétsá. *s.* the shore, the strand.
 Beacon, bé'-kn. *s.* something raised on an eminence to be fired on the approach of an enemy; marks erected to direct navigators.
 Bead, béde. *s.* a small globe or ball, of which necklaces and rosaries are made.
 Beadle, bé'-dl. *s.* a messenger or servitor belonging to a court; a petty officer in parishes.
 Beadman, béedz'-mán. *s.* a man employed in praying for another.
 Beagle, bé'-gl. *s.* a small hound.
 Beak, béke. *s.* the bill of a bird; any thing ending in a point like a beak.
 Beaker, bé'-kdr. *s.* a cup with a spout in the form of a bird's beak.
 Beam, béme. *s.* a large and long piece of timber; part of a balance; a ray of light.
 Beamy, bé'-mé. *a.* radiant, shining.
 Bean, béne. *s.* the common garden bean, the horse bean.
 Bear, báre. *v. a.* to carry as a burden, or in the mind, to endure; to suffer, to undergo; to produce, to bring forth; to support.
 Bear, báre. *v. n.* to suffer pain; to be patient; to be fruitful or prolific.
 Bear, báre. *s.* a rough, savage animal; a consultation.
 Bear-garden, báre'-gár-da. *s.* a place in which bears are kept for sport; any place of tumult or misrule.
 Beard, béerd. *s.* the hair that grows on the lips and chin; sharp prickles growing upon the ears of corn; a barb on an arrow.
 Beard, béerd. *v. a.* to take or pluck by the beard; to oppose to the face.
 Bearded, béerd'-éd. *a.* having a beard; having sharp prickles; barted or jagged.
 Beardless, béerd'-lés. *a.* without a beard; youthful.
 Bearer, báre'-ár. *s.* a carrier of any thing.

Bearherd, báre'-hárd. *s.* a man that tends bears.
 Bearing, báre'-ing. *s.* the site or place of any thing with respect to something else; gesture, mien, behaviour.
 Beast, béat. *s.* an irrational animal; a brutal, savage man.
 Beastliness, béat'-lé-nés. *s.* brutality.
 Beastly, béat'-lé. *a.* brutal; having the nature or form of beasts.
 Beat, béte. *v. a.* to strike; to punish with stripes, to mark the time in music.
 Beat, béte. *v. n.* to move in a pulsatory manner; to throbb; to fluctuate, to be in motion.
 Beat, béte. *s.* a stroke, or a striking.
 Beaten, bé'-tn. *particip.* from *beat*.
 Beatifical, bé-á-úf-é-kál. } *a.* blissful; belong
 Beatifick, bé-á-úf-ék. } ing to the happy after death.
 Beatifically, bé-á-úf-é-kál-lé. *ad.* in such a manner as to complete happiness.
 Beatification, bé-á-é-fé-ká'-shún. *s.* an acknowledgment by the pope, that the person beatified is in heaven, and may be revered as blessed.
 Beatify, bé-á-é-fl. *v. a.* to bless with the completion of celestial enjoyment.
 Beating, béte'-ing. *s.* correction by blows.
 Beatitude, bé-á-é-túde. *s.* blessedness, felicity, happiness.
 Beau, bó. *s.* a man of dress.
 Beauish, bó'-ish. *a.* befitting a beau, foppish.
 Beaumonde, bó-mónd'. *s.* the fashionable world.
 Brauteous, bú'-tshé-ús. *a.* fair; elegant in form.
 Beauteously, bú'-tshé-ús-lé. *ad.* in a beauteous manner. [being beauteous.
 Beauteousness, bú'-tshé-ús-nés. *s.* the state of
 Beautiful, bú'-té-fút. *a.* fair. [manner.
 Beautifully, bú'-té-fút-lé. *ad.* in a beautiful
 Beautifulness, bú'-té-fút-nés. *s.* the quality of being beautiful.
 Beautify, bú'-té-fl. *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish.
 Beauty, bú' té. *s.* that assemblage of graces which pleases the eye; a particular grace; a beautiful person.
 Beauty-spot, bú'-té-spót. *s.* a spot placed to heighten some beauty.
 Beaver, bée'-vúr. *s.* an animal; a hat of the best kind; part of a hab-

Fâts, fâr, fâh, fât;—mâ, mêt;—pîa, pîi;—

- Beavered, bê-vârd. *a.* covered with a beaver.
- Becalm, bê-kâm'. *v. a.* to still the elements; to keep a ship from motion; to quiet the mind.
- Became, bê-kâm'. *pret. of become.*
- Because, bê-kâwz'. *conj.* for this reason; on this account. [pen to.]
- Bechance, bê-tshâns'. *v. n.* to befall, to happen.
- Beck, bêk. *s.* a sign with the head, a nod; a nod of command.
- Beckon, bêk'-kn. *v. n.* to make a sign.
- Become, bê-kûm'. *v. n.* to enter into some state or condition; to be the fate of, to be the end of.
- Become, bê-kûm'. *v. a.* to appear in a manner suitable to something; to be suitable to the person; to best.
- Becoming, bê-kûm'-mîng. *part. a.* that which pleases by an elegant propriety, graceful.
- Becomingly, bê-kûm'-mîng-lê. *ad.* after a becoming manner.
- Bed, bêd. *s.* something made to sleep on; bank of earth raised in a garden; the channel of a river, or any hollow; a layer, a stratum.
- Bed, bêd. *v. a.* to go to bed with; to be placed in bed; to sow or plant in earth; to lay in order, or in strata.
- Bedabble, bê-dâb'-bl. *v. a.* to wet, to besprinkle.
- Bedaggle, bê-dâg'-gl. *v. a.* to bemire.
- Bedawb, bê-dâwb'. *v. a.* to besmeer.
- Bedchamber, bêd'-tshâm-bôr. *s.* the chamber appropriated to rest. [a bed.]
- Bedclothes, bêd'-klôze. *s.* coverlets spread over bedding.
- Bedding, bêd'-dîng. *s.* the materials of a bed.
- Bedeck, bê-dêk'. *v. a.* to deck, to adorn.
- Bedew, bê-dê'. *v. a.* to moisten gently, as with fall of dew. [same bed.]
- Bedfellow, bêd'-fêl-lô. *s.* one that lies in the bed.
- Bedim, bê-dîm'. *v. a.* to obscure, to cloud, to darken.
- Bedizen, bê-dî'-zn. *v. a.* to dress out.
- Bedlam, bêd'-lâm. *s.* a madhouse.
- Bedlamite, bêd'-lâm-lîe. *s.* a madman.
- Bedpost, bêd'-pôst. *s.* the post at the corner of the bed, which supports the canopy.
- Bedraggle, bê-drâg'-gl. *v. a.* to soil the clothes.
- Bedrid, bêd'-rîd. *a.* confined to the bed by age or sickness.
- Bedrop, bê-drôp'. *v. a.* to besprinkle, to mark with drops.
- Bedstead, bêd'-stêd. *s.* the frame on which the bed is placed.
- Bedtime, bêd'-dîme. *s.* the hour of rest.
- Bedung, bê-dîng'. *v. a.* to cover with drap.
- Bedward, bêd'-wârd. *ad.* toward bed.
- Bee, bêe. *s.* the insect that makes honey.
- Bee-garden, bêe'-gâr-dn. *s.* a place to set hives of bees in.
- Bee-hive, bêe'-hîve. *s.* the case, or box, in which bees are kept. [bees]
- Bee-master, bêe'-mâ-stêr. *s.* one that keeps bees.
- Beef, bêef. *s.* the flesh of an ox or cow.
- Beef-eater, bêef'-ê-tôr. *s.* a yeoman of the guard.
- Been, bh. *part. pret. of to be.*
- Beer, bêér. *s.* liquor made of malt and hops.
- Beet, bêét. *s.* the name of a plant.
- Beetle, bêe'-tl. *s.* an insect; a heavy mallet.
- Beetlebrowed, bêe'-tl-brôod. *a.* having prominent brows.
- Beeves, bêévz. *s.* black cattle, oxen. [pass.]
- Befall, bê-fâwl'. *v. n.* to happen to; to come to.
- Befit, bê-fî'. *v. a.* to suit, to be suitable to.
- Befool, bê-fôol'. *v. a.* to infatuate, to fool.
- Before, bê-fôre'. *prep.* farther onward in place, in the front of, in the presence of; preceding in time; in preference to.
- Before, bê-fôre'. *ad.* sooner than; earlier; previously to; hitherto.
- Beforehand, bê-fôre'-hând. *ad.* in a state of anticipation; previously; before any thing is done.
- Beforetime, bê-fôre'-dîme. *ad.* formerly.
- Befoul, bê-fôul'. *v. a.* to make foul, to soil.
- Befriend, bê-frend'. *v. a.* to favour; to be kind to.
- Bog, bêg. *v. n.* to live upon alms.
- Beg, bêg. *v. a.* to ask, to seek by petition.
- Beget, bê-gêt'. *v. a.* to generate, procreate produce. [beget]
- Beggetter, bê-gêt'-têr. *s.* he that procreates a beggar.
- Beggar, bêg'-gâr. *s.* one who lives upon alms a petitioner.
- Beggar, bêg'-gâr. *v. a.* to reduce to beggary, to impoverish.
- Beggarly, bêg'-gâr-lî-ê. *s.* the state of being beggary.
- Beggarly, bêg'-gâr-lî. *a.* mean, poor, indigent.
- Beggary, bêg'-gâr-î. *s.* indigence.

nó, móve, nór, nót;—túbe, túb, búll;—óll;—pónd;—thin, THIS.

Begin, *oé-gín' v. n.* to enter upon; to commence; to take rise.

Begin, *oé-gín' v. a.* to do the first act of any thing; to begin with, to enter upon.

Beginner, *bé-gín-núr. s.* he that gives the first cause; an unexperienced attempter.

Beginning, *bé-gín-níng. s.* first original or cause. [surround; to shut in.

Begird, *bé-gérd' v. a.* to bind with a girdle; to begone, *bé-gón' interj.* go away, hence, away.

Begot, *bé-gót' } part. pass. of beget.*

Begrease, *bé-gréze' v. a.* to soil or daub with fat matter. [ly impressed.

Begrime, *bé-gríme' v. a.* to soil with dirt deep.

Beguile, *bé-gýlle' v. a.* to impose upon, delude; to deceive.

Begun, *bé-gún' part. pass. of begin.*

Behalf, *bé-háf' s.* favour, vindication, support.

Behave, *bé-háve' v. a.* to carry, to conduct.

Behave, *bé-háve' v. n.* to act, to conduct one's self.

Behaviour, *bé-háve'yár. s.* manner of behaving one's self, conduct, course of life.

Behead, *bé-héd' v. a.* to kill by cutting off the head.

Beheld, *bé-héld' part. pass. from behold.*

Behemoth, *bé-hé-móth. s.* the hippopotamus, or river horse.

Beldest, *bé-hést' s.* command.

Behind, *bé-hínd' prep.* at the back of another; on the back part; inferior to another.

Behind, *bé-hínd' ad.* backward.

Behold, *bé-hóld' v. a.* to view, to see.

Behold, *bé-hóld' interj.* see, lo.

Beholden, *bé-hól-dn. part. a.* bound in gratitude.

Beholder, *bé-hól-dúr. s.* spectator.

Behoof, *bé-hóóf' s.* profit, advantage.

Behoove, *bé-hóóv' v. n.* to be fit, to be meet.

Being, *bé-íng. s.* existence, a particular state or condition; the person existing.

Being, *bé-íng. conj.* since.

Belabour, *bé-lá-búr. v. a.* to beat, to thump.

Belated, *bé-lá-téd. a.* benighted.

Delay, *bé-lá' v. a.* to block up, to stop the passage, to place in ambush. [stomach.

Belch, *bélish. v. n.* to eject wind from the

Belch, *bélish. s.* the action of eructation.

Beldam, *bél-dám. s.* an old woman, a hag.

Beleaguer, *bé-lé-gúr. v. a.* to besiege, to block up a place. [a place.

Beleaguering, *bé-lé-gúr-úr. s.* one that besieges

Belfry, *bél-fré. s.* the place where the bells are rung. [lunuate.

Belie, *bé-ll' v. a.* to feign, to mimic; to ca-

Belief, *bé-lééf' s.* credit given to something; the body of tenets held; persuasion; creed.

Believable, *bé-léé'-vá-bl. a.* credible.

Believe, *bé-léév' v. a.* to credit upon the authority of another.

Believe, *bé-léév' v. n.* to have a firm persuasion of any thing; to exercise the virtue of faith. [fessor of Christianity.

Believer, *bé-léé'-vúr. s.* he that believes; a pro-

Belike, *bé-líke' ad.* probably, likely, perhaps.

Bell, *béll. s.* a hollow sounding body of cast metal.

Belle, *béll. s.* a gay young lady.

Belles Lettres, *béll-lét'-túr. s.* polite literature.

Belligerent, *bél-lídje'-é-rént. a.* waging war.

Bellow, *bél-ló. v. n.* to make a noise as a bull; to vociferate, to roar as the sea or the wind.

Bellows, *bél-lós. s.* the instrument used to blow the fire.

Bely, *bél-lé. s.* that part of the human body which contains the bowels.

Belly, *bél-lé. v. n.* to hang out, to bulge out.

Bellygod, *bél-lé-gód. s.* a glutton.

Belman, *béll-mán. s.* a town-crier.

Belmetal, *béll-mét-u. s.* the metal of which bells are made. [to have relation to.

Belong, *bé-lóng' v. n.* to be the property of;

Beloved, *bé-láv'-éd. a.* dear. [unbesitting

Below, *bé-ló' prep.* under, inferior in dignity.

Below, *bé-ló' ad.* on earth, in the regions of the dead.

Belt, *bélt. s.* a girdle, a cincture.

Belwether, *béll-wéth-úr. s.* the sheep which leads the flock. [in the mire.

Bemire, *bé-míre' v. a.* to drag, or encumber

Bemoan, *bé-móne' v. a.* to lament, to bewail

Bemoaner, *bé-mó-núr. s.* a lamenter.

Bench, *béنش. s.* a seat; a seat of justice; the persons sitting upon a bench.

Bencher, *bén-shúr. s.* a senior member of the inns of court.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât ; —mè, mètt ; —pline, plîn ; —

Bend, bënd. *v. a.* to make crooked, to incline ; to subdue.

Bend, bënd. *v. n.* to be incurvated, to bow.

Bend, bënd. *s.* flexure, incurvation.

Bender, bën'-dër. *s.* the person who bends ; the instrument with which any thing is bent.

Beneath, bê-nêrth'. *prep.* under, lower in place, rank, excellence, or dignity. [below]

Beneath, bê-nêrth'. *ad.* in a lower place, under ;

Benediction, bê-nê-dik'-shûn. *s.* a blessing.

Benefaction, bê-nê-fâk'-shûn. *s.* the act of conferring a benefit ; the benefit conferred.

Benefactor, bê-nê-fâk'-tûr. *s.* he that confers a benefit. [confers a benefit.]

Benefactress, bê-nê-fâk'-três. *s.* a woman who

Benefice, bê-nê-fis. *s.* an ecclesiastical living.

Beneficed, bê-nê-fis't. *a.* possessed of a benefice.

Beneficence, bê-nêf'-ê-sêns. *s.* active goodness.

Beneficent, bê-nêf'-ê-sênt. *a.* kind, doing good.

Beneficial, bê-nê-fish'-âl. *a.* advantageous, profitable.

Beneficiary, bê-nê-fish'-yâ-rê. *s.* holding some thing in subordination to another.

Beneficiary, bê-nê-fish'-yâ-rê. *s.* one that has a benefice.

Benefit, bê-nê-fit. *s.* advantage, profit, use.

Benefit, bê-nê-fit. *v. a.* to do good to.

Benefit, bê-nê-fit. *v. n.* to gain advantage.

Benevolence, bê-nêv'-vô-lêns. *s.* disposition to do good, kindness.

Benevolent, bê-nêv'-vô-lênt. *a.* kind, having good-will.

Benight, bê-nite'. *v. a.* to surprise with the coming on of night. [some.]

Benign, bê-nine. *a.* kind, generous, whole-

Benignity, bê-nig'-nê-tê. *s.* graciousness, actual kindness ; salubrity.

Benignity, bê-nins'-lê. *ad.* favourably, kindly.

Benison, bê-nîs'-n. *s.* blessing, benediction.

Bent, bënt. *s.* the state of being bent ; declivity.

Bent, bënt. *part. of to bend.* made crooked ; directed to, determined upon. [pify.]

Bennumb, bê-nûm'. *v. a.* to make torpid, to stu-

pepaint, bê-pânt'. *v. a.* to cover with paint.

Be pinch, bê-plinsh'. *v. a.* to mark with pinches.

Bequeath, bê-kwêrth'. *v. a.* to leave by will to another

Bequest, bê-kwêst'. *s.* something left by will.

Bereave, bê-rêvê'. *v. a.* to deprive of ; to take away.

Berest, bê-rêst'. *part. pass. of beranz.*

Bergamot, bêr'-gâ-môt. *s.* a sort of pear, an essence or perfume ; a sort of snuff.

Berhyme, bê-rime'. *v. a.* to celebrate in rhyme.

Berlin, bêr'-lin'. *s.* a coach of a particular form.

Berry, bêr'-rê. *s.* any small fruit with many seeds.

Beryl, bêr'-ri. *s.* a precious stone. [beg, ask.]

Besech, bê-sêtsl'. *v. a.* to entreat, supplicate

Beseem, bê-sêem'. *v. n.* to become, to befit.

Beset, bê-sêt'. *v. a.* to besiege, to hem in, to waylay. [to happen ill to.]

Beshrew, bê-shrôd'. *v. a.* to wish a curse to,

Beside, bê-side'. } *prep.* over and above.

Besides, bê-sides'. }

Beside, bê-side'. } *ad.* over and above.

Besides, bê-sides'. }

Besiege, bê-sêje'. *v. a.* to lay siege to, to beset with armed forces.

Besieger, bê-sêjêr'. *s.* one employed in a siege.

Besmead, bê-smêd'. *v. a.* to bedaub, to soil.

Besmireh, bê-smêrsh'. *v. a.* to soil, to discolour.

Besmoke, bê-smôkê'. *v. a.* to foul with, or harden in smoke.

Besmut, bê-smût'. *v. a.* to blacken with smoke or soot. [with]

Besom, bê-zûm. *s.* an instrument to sweep

Besot, bê-sôt'. *v. a.* to infatuate, to stupefy.

Besought, bê-sâwt'. *part. pass. of besoch.*

Bespangle, bê-spâng'-gl'. *v. a.* to adorn with spangles. [with dirt or water.]

Bespatter, bê-spât'-tûr. *v. a.* to spot or sprinkle

Bespawl, bê-spâwl'. *v. a.* to daub with spittle.

Bespeak, bê-spêk'. *v. a.* to order beforehand, to speak to, to betoken. [thing.]

Bespeaker, bê-spêk'-kêr. *s.* he that bespeaks any

Bespeckle, bê-spêk'-kl'. *v. a.* to mark with speckles.

Bespicé, bê-spisê'. *v. a.* to season with spices.

Bespite, bê-spit'. *v. a.* to daub with spittle.

Bespot, bê-spôt'. *v. a.* to mark with spots.

Bespread, bê-spred'. *v. a.* to spread over.

Besprinkle, bê-sprink'-kl'. *v. a.* to sprinkle over.

Best, bêst. *a.* most good. [best.]

Best, bêst. *ad.* in the highest degree of

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb, búll; —óll; —póund; —túin, rúin.

Bestead, bé-séd'. *v. a.* to profit, to treat, to accommodate.

Bestial, bés-tshé-ál. *a.* belonging to a beast; brutal.

Bestiality, bés-tshé-ál'-é-té. *s.* the quality of beasts. (*thing.*)

Bestick, bé-sík. *v. a.* to stick over with any

Bestir, bé-súr'. *v. a.* to put into vigorous action.

Bestow, bé-stó'. *v. a.* to give, to confer upon; to lay out.

Bestrew, bé-stró'. *v. a.* to sprinkle over.

Bestride, bé-stríde'. *v. a.* to stride over any thing.

Bet, bét. *s.* a wager.

Bet, bét. *v. a.* to wager, to stake at a wager.

Betake, bé-táke'. *v. a.* to take, to seize; to have recourse to.

Bethink, bé-tshínk'. *v. a.* to recall to reflection.

Bethral, hé-thrál'. *v. a.* to enslave, to conquer.

Bethide, bé-tshé-íde'. *v. n.* to happen to, to befall; to come to pass.

Bethimes, bé-tshímz'. *ad.* seasonably, early; soon.

Betoken, bé-tó'-kn. *v. a.* to signify, to represent; to foreshow.

Betook, bé-tóók'. *irreg. pret.* from *betake*.

Betray, bé-trá'. *v. a.* to give into the hands of enemies; to discover a secret.

Betray, hé-trá'-úr. *s.* he that betrays; a traitor.

Betroth, bé-tróth'. *v. a.* to contract to any one, to affiancé.

Better, bét'-túr. *a.* having good qualities in a greater degree than something else.

Better, bét'-túr. *ad.* well in a greater degree.

Better, bét'-túr. *v. a.* to improve, to meliorate; to surpass, to exceed.

Better, bét'-túr. *s.* a superior in goodness.

Better, bét'-túr. *s.* one that lays bets or wagers.

Between, bé-twéén'. *prep.* in the intermediate space; belonging to two.

Between, bé-twíks'. *prep.* between.

Between, bé-twíks'. *s.* in masonry and joinery, a kind of square.

Between, bé-twíks'. *s.* drink, liquor to be drunk.

Between, bé-twíks'. *s.* a flock of birds; a company.

Between, bé-twíks'. *v. a.* to bemoan, to lament.

Between, bé-twíks'. *v. n.* to regard with caution, to be suspicious of danger from

Beweep, bé-wéep'. *v. a.* to weep over or upon.

Bewet, bé-wét'. *v. a.* to wet, to moisten.

Bewilder, bé-wíl'-dúr. *v. a.* to lose in pathless places, to puzzle.

Bewitch, bé-wítsh'. *v. a.* to injure by witchcraft; to charm.

Bewitchery, bé-wítsh'-úr-ré. *s.* fascination, charm.

Bewray, bé-rá'. *v. a.* to betray, discover perfidiously, to make visible.

Bewrayer, bé-rá'-úr. *s.* betrayer, discoverer.

Beyond, bé-yónd'. *prep.* at a distance not reached; on the farther side of; out of the reach of, above.

Bias, bl'-ás. *s.* the weight lodged on one side of a bowl; propension, inclination.

Bias, bl'-ás. *v. a.* to incline to some side.

Bib, bíb. *s.* a piece of linen put upon the breasts of children.

Bibacious, bl-bá'-shús. *a.* much addicted to drinking.

Bibber, bíb'-úr. *s.* a tippler.

Bible, bí-b'. *s.* the sacred volume, in which are contained *us* revelations of God. [*ber.*]

Bibliographer, bíb-lé-óg'-grá-fór. *s.* a transcriber.

Bibliothecal, bíb-lé-óth'-é-kál. *a.* belonging to a library.

Bibulous, bíb'-ú-lús. *a.* that has the quality of drinking moisture.

Bicker, bík'-kúr. *v. n.* to skirmish, to fight off and on; to quiver.

Bickerer, bík'-úr-úr. *s.* a skirmisher.

Biecorporal, bí-kór'-pó-rál. *a.* having two bodies.

Bid, bíd. *v. a.* to desire, to order; to offer, to declare.

Bidden, bíd'-dn. *part. pass.* invited, commanded.

Bidder, bíd'-dúr. *s.* one who offers a price.

Bidding, bíd'-dúng. *s.* command, order.

Bide, bíde. *v. a.* to endure, to suffer.

Bide, bíde. *v. n.* to dwell, live, inhabit.

Bidental, bí-dén'-tál. *a.* having two teeth.

Biding, bí-dúng. *s.* residence, habitation.

Biennial, bí-én'-né-ál. *a.* of the continuance of two years.

Bier, béér. *s.* a carriage on which the dead are carried to the grave.

Biferous, bíf'-fé-rús. *a.* bearing fruit twice a year.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât, —mê, mêt, —plûs, plû, —

Bifold, bi'fôld. *a.* twofold, double.
Big, big. *a.* great, large; pregnant; swollen.
Bigamist, big-'gâ-mist. *s.* one that has committed bigamy. [wives at once].
Bigamy, big-'gâ-mê. *s.* the crime of having two wives.
Bigbellied, big-'bêl-lid. *a.* pregnant.
Bigness, big nês. *s.* greatness of quantity; size.
Bigot, big' gût. *s.* a man devoted to a certain party.
Bigoted, big' gût-têd. *a.* blindly prepossessed in favour of something.
Bigotry, big' gût-trê. *s.* blind zeal, prejudice.
Bilander, bil'-ân-dôr. *s.* a small vessel used for the carriage of goods.
Bilberry, bil'-bêr-rê. *s.* whortleberry.
Bilbo, bil'-bô. *s.* a rapier, a sword.
Bilboes, bil'-bôz. *s.* a sort of stocks.
Bile, bil. *s.* a yellow, bitter liquor, separated in the liver, and collected in the gal.-bladder; a sore, angry swelling.
Bilge, bilje. *v. n.* to spring a leak. [guage].
Bilingsgate, bil'-lingz-gâte. *s.* ribaldry, foul language.
Bilinguous, bi-'ling-'gwîs. *a.* having two tongues.
Bilious, bil'-yûs. *a.* consisting of bile.
Bilk, bilk. *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud.
Bill, bil. *s.* the leak of a fowl; a kind of hatchet; a written paper; an account of money; a law; an advertisement. [bills].
Bill, bil. *n. n.* to caress, as doves by joining.
Bill, bil. *v. a.* to publish by an advertisement.
Billet, bil'-st. *s.* a small paper, a note, a small log of wood.
Billet, bil'-st. *v. a.* to direct a soldier where he is to lodge; to quarter soldiers.
Billiards, bil'-yûrdz. *s.* a kind of play.
Billow, bil'-lô. *s.* a wave swollen.
Bilowy, bil'-lô-ê. *a.* swelling, turgid.
Bin, bin. *s.* a place where bread or wine is deposited.
Binacle, bin'-â-kl. *s.* a sea term, meaning the compass-box.
Bind, bind. *v. a.* to confine with bonds, to gird, to enwrap; to fasten any thing.
Bind, bind. *v. n.* to contract, to grow stiff; to be obligatory.
Binder, bind'-ûr. *s.* a man whose trade it is to bind books; one who binds sheaves; a fillet.
Binding, bind'-ing. *s.* a bandage.

Binocle, bin'-nô-kl. *s.* a telescope fitted so with two tubes, as that a distant object may be seen with both eyes.
Binocular, bi-'nôk-'û-lûr. *a.* having two eyes.
Biographer, bi-'ôg-'grâ-fûr. *s.* a writer of lives.
Biography, bi-'ôg-'grâ-fê. *s.* an historical account of the lives of particular men.
Biparous, bip-'pâ-rûs. *a.* bringing forth two at a birth. [spontent parts].
Bipartite, bip-'pâr-tite. *a.* having two corresponding parts.
Biped, bi-'pêd. *s.* an animal with two feet.
Bipennated, bi-'pên-'nâ-têd. *a.* having two wings.
Bipetalous, bi-'pêt-'tâ-lûs. *a.* consisting of two flower-leaves.
Biquadrate, bi-'kwâ-'drâte. } *s.* the fourth
Biquadratick, bi-'kwâ-'drâ-'fik. } power arising from the multiplication of a square by itself.
Birch, bûrth. *s.* a tree.
Birchen, bûr-'tshn. *a.* made of birch.
Bird, bûrd. *s.* a general term for the feathered kind, a fowl.
Birder, bûrd'-ûr. *s.* a birdcatcher.
Birdlime, bûrd'-lime. *s.* a glutinous substance used to catch birds.
Birdsnest, bûrdz-'nêst. *s.* the place where a bird lays her eggs and hatches her young.
Birth, bûrth. *s.* the act of coming into life; extraction, lineage; condition; thing born.
Birthday, bûrth'-dâ. *s.* the day on which any one is born.
Birthnight, bûrth'-nite. *s.* the night in which any one is born.
Birthplace, bûrth'-plâs. *s.* place where any one is born.
Birthing, bûrth'-rite. *s.* the rights and privileges to which a man is born; the right of the first born.
Biscuit, bis-'kit. *s.* a kind of hard, dry bread made to be carried to sea; a small, sweet cake.
Bishop, bish'ôp. *s.* one of the head order of the clergy; a cant word for a mixture of wine, oranges, and sugar. [of].
Bishoprick, bish'ôp-'rik. *s.* the diocese of a bishop.
Bismuth, biz-'mûth. *s.* a hard, white, mineral substance, of a metalline nature.
Bissextile, bis-'sêks'-til. *s.* leap year.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tòbe, tób, bób;—òll;—pòand;—òin, tèn.

Bit, bit *s.* the iron part of a horse's bridle; as much meat as is put into the mouth at once; a small piece of any thing; a Spanish West-India silver coin.

bitch, bitch *s.* the female of the dog kind.

bite, bite *v. a.* to crush or pierce with the teeth; to cheat, to trick.

bite, bite *s.* the seizure of any thing by the teeth; a cheat, a sharper. [er.]

biter, bit'ter *s.* he that bites; a tricker, a deceiver; bitter, bit'ter. *a.* having a hot, acrid, biting taste; sharp; cruel, severe; calamitous, miserable; satirical.

bitterly, bit'ter-lè *ad.* with a bitter taste; in a biting manner, sorrowfully; sharply.

bitterness, bit'ter-nès *s.* a bitter taste, malice, implacability; severity of temper; satire, keenness of reproach; sorrow, affliction.

bitumen, bé-tù-mèn *s.* a fat, unctuous matter dug out of the earth, or scummed off lakes.

bituminous, bé-tù-mè-nús *a.* compounded of bitumen.

ivalve, bí-válv } *a.* having two
ivalvular, bí-vál'-vù-lár } valves.

lab, bláb *v. a.* to tell what ought to be kept secret.

lab, bláb *s.* a tell-tale. [dismal.]

lack, blák *a.* dark; cloudy, sullen; wicked; **lack, blák** *s.* a black colour; mourning, a black-moor.

lack, blák *v. a.* to make black, to blacken.

lack-cattle, blák-ká-tl *s.* oxen, bulis, and cows.

lackguard, blág-gárd *s.* a low term for a dirty fellow.

lack-lead, blák-léd *s.* a mineral mucn used for pencils. [ble;] the fruit of it.

lackberry, blák bér-rè *s.* a species of bramble; **lackbird, blák-búrd** *s.* the name of a bird.

lacken, blák-kn *v. a.* to make of a black colour; to darken, to defame.

lacken, blák-kn *v. n.* to grow black.

lackish, blák-ísn *a.* somewhat black.

lack-moor, blák-mòre *s.* a negro. [ness.]

lack-moor, blák-nès *s.* black colour; dark-ness; **lack-smith, blák-smíth** *s.* a smith that works in iron. [the urine; a blister, a pustule.]

lack, blák-car *s.* the vessel which contains

blade, blade *s.* a spire of grass, a green shoot of corn.

blade, blade *s.* the sharp or striking part of a weapon or instrument; a brisk man, either fierce or gay.

blain, bláin *s.* a pustule, a blister.

blame, bláin *v. a.* to censure, to charge with a fault. [hurt.]

blame, bláin *s.* imputation of a fault; crime, **blameable, blá'-má-bl** *a.* culpable, faulty.

blameably, blá'-má-blè *ad.* culpably.

blameless, bláin'-lès *a.* guiltless, innocent.

blamelessly, bláin'-lès-lè *ad.* innocently.

blameworthy, bláin'-wòr-thè *a.* culpable, blameable.

blanch, bláinsh *v. a.* to whiten; to strip or peel such things as have husks.

bland, blánd *a.* soft, mild, gentle.

blandish, blán'-dísh *v. a.* to smooth, to soften.

blandishment, blán'-dísh-mènt *s.* act of fondness, expression of tenderness by gesture.

blank, blánk *a.* white; unwritten; confused, without rhyme.

blank, blánk *s.* a void space; a lot by which nothing is gained; a paper unwritten.

blanket, blánk'-ét *s.* a woollen cover for a bed

blanket, blánk'-ét *v. a.* to cover with or toss in a blanket.

blankly, blánk'-lè *ad.* in a blank manner, with paleness or confusion.

blaspheme, blás-fè-mè *v. a.* to speak in terms of impious irreverence of God; to speak evil of. [my.]

blaspheme, blás-fè-mè *v. n.* to speak blasphemy; **blasphemer, blás-fè-mér** *s.* a wretch that speaks of God in impious and irreverent terms.

blasphemous, blás-fè-mús *a.* impiously irreverent with regard to God.

blasphemously, blás-fè-mús-lè *ad.* impiously, with wicked irreverence.

blasphemy, blás-fè-mè *s.* an offering of indignity unto God.

blast, blást *s.* a gust, or puff of wind; the sound made by any instrument of wind-musick.

blast, blást *v. a.* to injure, to invalidate, to confound.

blatant, blá'-tánt *a.* bellowing as a calf

blatter, blát-túr *v. n.* to roar

Fhto, fhr, fhll, fht;—mè, mèt;—pine, ph;—

- Blaze**, blàze. *s.* a flame; publication; a white mark upon a horse.
- Blaze**, blàze. *v. n.* to flame, to be conspicuous.
- Blaze**, blàze. *v. a.* to publish, to make known; to blazon; to inflame.
- Blazer**, blà'-zâr. *s.* one that spreads reports.
- Blazon**, blà'-zn. *v. a.* to paint the figures on en signs armorial; to embellish; to display, to make publick.
- Blazonry**, blà'-zn-rè. *s.* the art of blazoning.
- Bleach**, blèétsh. *v. a.* to whiten.
- Bleak**, blèke. *a.* pale; cold, chill.
- Bleakness**, blèké'-nès. *s.* coldness, chilness.
- Blear**, blèér. *a.* dim with rheum or water; obscure in general.
- Blearedness**, blèè'-rèd-nès. *s.* the state of being dimmed with rheum.
- Bleat**, bléte. *v. n.* to cry as a sheep.
- Bleat**, bléte. *s.* the cry of a sheep or lamb.
- Bleed**, blééd. *v. n.* to lose blood, to run or drop as blood.
- Bleed**, blééd. *v. a.* to let blood.
- Blemish**, blém'-ish. *v. a.* to deform; to defame.
- Blemish**, blém'-ish. *s.* a mark of deformity, a scar; reproach, disgrace.
- Blend**, blénd. *v. a.* to mingle together.
- Bless**, blès. *v. a.* to make happy; to praise.
- Blessed**, blès'-séd. *part. a.* happy, enjoying heavenly felicity.
- Blessedness**, blès'-séd-nès. *s.* happiness, felicity.
- Blessing**, blès'-sìng. *s.* benediction; the means of happiness; Divine favour.
- Blest**, blést. *part. a.* happy.
- Blew**, blú. *the pret. of blow.* [blasting.
- Blight**, blite. *s.* mildew, any thing nipping or
- Blight**, blite. *v. a.* to blast, to hinder from fertility.
- Blind**, blind. *a.* without sight, dark; obscure.
- Blind**, blind. *v. a.* to make blind, to darken.
- Blind**, blind. *s.* something to hinder the sight; something to mislead.
- Blindfold**, blind'-fòld. *v. a.* to hinder from seeing by blinding the eyes. [red.
- Blindfold**, blind'-fòld. *a.* having the eyes covered.
- Blindly**, blind'-lè. *ad.* without sight; without examination, judgement, or direction.
- Blindman's Buff**, blind-mánz-bá'. *s.* a childish play.
- Blindness**, blind'-nès. *s.* want of sight; ignorance.
- Blindside**, blind'-side'. *s.* weakness, foible.
- Blink**, blìnk. *v. n.* to wink; to see obscurely.
- Blinkard**, blìnk'-árd. *s.* one that has bad eyes.
- Bliss**, blìs. *s.* the highest degree of happiness; felicity. [grec.
- Blissful**, blìs'-fùl. *a.* happy in the highest degree.
- Bliester**, blìs'-túr. *s.* a pustule formed by raising the cuticle from the cutis.
- Bliester**, blìs'-túr. *v. n.* to rise in blisters. [hurt.
- Bliester**, blìs'-túr. *v. a.* to raise blisters by some
- Blithe**, blìtne. *a.* gay, airy.
- Blithsome**, blìtne'-sùm. *a.* gay, cheerful.
- Bloat**, blòte. *v. a.* to swell.
- Bloat**, blòte. *v. n.* to grow turgid. [ing.
- Bloatedness**, blò'-tèd-nès. *s.* turgidness; swell.
- Blobberlip**, blòb'-bâr-lìp. *s.* a thick lip.
- Block**, blòk. *s.* a short, heavy piece of timber or a rough piece of marble; an obstruction, a pulley; a blockhead.
- Block**, blòk. *v. a.* to shut up, to enclose.
- Blockade**, blòk'-kàde'. *s.* a siege carried on over shutting up the place.
- Blockade**, blòk'-kàde'. *v. a.* to shut up.
- Blockhead**, blòk'-hèd. *s.* a stupid fellow, a dot.
- Blockish**, blòk'-ish. *a.* stupid, dull.
- Blockishness**, blòk'-ish-nès. *s.* stupidity.
- Blood**, blòd. *s.* the red liquor that circulates in bodies; kindred; murder; state of the passions; man of fire.
- Blood**, blòd. *v. a.* to stain with blood; to inure to blood; to exasperate.
- Blood-flower**, blòd'-fùúr. *s.* a plant.
- Bloodguiltiness**, blòd'-gìt-è-nès. *s.* murder.
- Blood-hound**, blòd'-hòund. *s.* a hound that follows by the scent.
- Bloodily**, blòd'-è-lè. *ad.* cruelly. [bloody.
- Bloodiness**, blòd'-è-nès. *s.* the state of being
- Bloodless**, blòd'-lès. *a.* without blood, dead; without slaughter.
- Bloodshed**, blòd'-shéd. *s.* the crime of blood, or murder; slaughter.
- Bloodshot**, blòd'-shòt. } *a.* filled with blood
- Bloodshotten**, blòd'-shòt-tn. } bursting from its proper vessels.
- Bloodsucker**, blòd'-sùk-ùr. *s.* a leech, a fly, any thing that sucks blood.

nò, mòvo, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dìl;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

- Blood-thirsty**, blòd'-thìrs-tè. *a.* desirous to shed blood.
- Bloody**, blòd'-è. *a.* stained with blood; cruel, murderous. [maturity.]
- Bloom**, blòdm. *s.* a blossom; the state of im-
- Bloom**, blòdm. *v. n.* to bring or yield blossoms; to be in a state of youth.
- Bloomy**, blòdm'-mè. *a.* full of bloom, flowery.
- Blossom**, blòs-sòm. *s.* the flower that grows on any plant.
- Blossom**, blòs'-sòm. *v. n.* to put forth blossoms.
- Blot**, blòt. *v. a.* to "terate, to efface, to erase; to disgrace, to disgrace; to darken.
- Blot**, blòt. *s.* an obliteration of something written; a blot, a spot.
- Blotch**, blòtsh. *s.* a spot or pustule upon the skin.
- Blow**, blò. *s.* a stroke; a single action, a sudden event.
- Blow**, blò. *v. n.* to move with a current of air; to breathe hard; to sound by being blown; to play musically by wind; to bloom; to blossom.
- Blow**, blò. *v. n.* to drive by the force of the wind; to inflate with wind; to swell into size; to sound an instrument of wind-musick; to infect with the eggs of flies.
- Blowze**, blòtze. *s.* a ruddy, fat-faced wench.
- Blowzy**, blòt'-zè. *a.* swarthy, high-coloured.
- Blubber**, blùb'-bùr. *s.* the part of a whale that contains the oil.
- Blubber**, blùb'-bùr. *v. n.* to weep in such a manner as to swell the cheeks.
- Bludgeon**, blòd'-jùn. *s.* a short stick, with one end loaded.
- Blue**, blò. *a.* one of the seven original colours.
- Bluey**, blò'-lè. *ad.* with a blue colour.
- Blueness**, blò'-nès. *s.* the quality of being blue.
- Bluff**, blòf. *a.* big, surly, blustering.
- Bluish**, blò'-ish. *a.* blue in a small degree.
- Blunder**, blùnd'-dùr. *v. n.* to mistake grossly; to stumble. [blindly.]
- Blunder**, blùnd'-dùr. *v. a.* to mix foolishly, or
- Blunder**, blùnd'-dùr. *s.* a gross or shameful mistake.
- Blunderbuss**, blùnd'-dùr-bùs. *s.* a short gun.
- Blunderer**, blùnd'-dùr-ùr. *s.* a blockhead.
- Blunt**, blùnt. *a.* dull; rough, abrupt.
- Blunt**, blùnt. *v. a.* to dull the edge or point.
- Bluntly**, blùnt'-lè. *ad.* without sharpness; coarsely, plainly.
- Bluntness**, blùnt'-nès. *s.* want of edge; rudeness
- Blur**, blùr. *s.* a blot, a stain.
- Blur**, blùr. *v. a.* to blot, to efface; to stain.
- Blush**, blùsh. *v. n.* to betray shame or confusion by a red colour in the cheeks; to carry a red colour.
- Blush**, blùsh. *s.* a red colour in the cheeks; sudden appearance.
- Bluster**, blùst'-tùr. *v. n.* to roar, to bully, to puff.
- Bluster**, blùst'-tùr. *s.* roar, noise, tumult; boisterousness.
- Blusterer**, blùst'-tùr-ùr. *s.* a swaggerer, a bully
- Blustrious**, blùst'-trùs. *a.* tumultuous, noisy.
- Bo**, hò. *interj.* a word of terror.
- Boar**, bòre. *s.* the male swine.
- Board**, bòrd. *s.* a piece of wood of more length and breadth than thickness; a table at which a court is held.
- Board**, bòrd. *v. a.* to enter a ship by force; to lay or pave with boards.
- Board**, bòrd. *v. n.* to live in a house where certain rate is paid for eating.
- Board-wages**, bòrd-wà'-jiz. *s.* an allowance for victuals. [other.]
- Boarder**, bòr'-dùr. *s.* one who diets with another.
- Boarish**, bòre'-ish. *a.* swinish, brutal, cruel.
- Boast**, bòst. *v. n.* to display one's own worth or actions. [exalt.]
- Boast**, bòst. *v. a.* to brag of; to magnify, to
- Boast**, bòst. *s.* a proud speech; cause of boast.
- Boaster**, bòst'-ùr. *s.* a bragger. [ing.]
- Boastful**, bòst'-fùl. *a.* ostentatious.
- Boastingly**, bòst'-ing-lè. *ad.* ostentatiously.
- Boat**, bòte. *s.* a vessel to pass the water in.
- Boation**, bò-té-shùn. *s.* roar, noise.
- Boatman**, bòte'-màn. *s.* he that manages a boat
- Boatswain**, hò'-màn. *s.* an officer on board a ship, who has charge of all her rigging, cables and anchors.
- Bob**, bòb. *v. a.* to beat, to drub; to cheat.
- Bob**, bòb. *v. n.* to play backward and forward.
- Bob**, bòb. *s.* something that hangs loose; the words repeated at the end of a stanza; a short wig.
- Bobbin**, bòb'-bln. *s.* a small pin of wood with notch

Fûse, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plûs, plû;—

- Bobcherry**, bôô'-tsîêr-rê. *s.* a play among children.
- Bobtailed**, bôb'-tâ:l. *a.* having a tail cut.
- Bobwig**, bôb'-wig. *s.* a short wig.
- Bode**, bôde. *v. a.* to portend, to be the omen of.
- Bodement**, bôde'-mênt. *s.* portent, omen.
- Bodge**, bôdje. *v. n.* to boggie.
- Bodice**, bôd'-dis. *s.* a sort of stays. [body.]
- Boilless**, bôd'-dê-lês. *a.* incorporeal, without a body.
- Bodily**, bôd'-dê-lê. *a.* relating to the body, real.
- Bodily**, bôd'-dê-lê. *ad.* corporeally.
- Bodkin**, bôd'-kin. *s.* an instrument to draw a thread or ribbon through a loop.
- Body**, bôd'-dê. *s.* matter, opposed to spirit; a person; a collective mass; a corporation.
- Body-clothes**, bôd'-dê-klôze. *s.* clothing for horses that are dieted.
- Bog**, bôg. *s.* a marsh, a fen, a morass.
- Boggle**, bôg'-gl. *v. n.* to fly back; to hesitate.
- Bogger**, bôg'-glêr. *s.* a doubter, a timorous man.
- Boggy**, bôg'-gê. *a.* marshy, swampy.
- Boghouse**, bôg'-hôuse. *s.* a house of office.
- Bohea**, bô-hê'. *s.* a species of tea.
- Boil**, bôll. *v. n.* to be agitated by heat; to move like boiling water [water.]
- Boil**, bôll. *v. a.* to seeth; to dress in boiling
- Boiler**, bôll'-ûr. *s.* the vessel in which any thing is boiled.
- Boisterous**, bôls'-têr-ûs. *a.* loud, stormy; furious.
- Boisterously**, bôls'-têr-ûs-lê. *ad.* violently, tumultuously.
- Boisterousness**, bôls'-têr-ûs-nês. *s.* tumultuousness, turbulence.
- Bold**, bôld. *a.* daring, stout; impudent.
- Holden**, bôld'-dn. *v. a.* to make bold.
- Boldfaced**, bôld'-fâste. *a.* impudent.
- Boldly**, bôld'-lê. *ad.* in a bold manner.
- Boldness**, bôld'-nês. *s.* courage, bravery; impudence. [of six bushels.]
- Bole**, bôle. *s.* a kind of earth; a corn measure
- Boll**, bôle. *s.* a round stalk or stem.
- Bolster**, bôle'-stêr. *s.* something laid in the bed, to support the head; a pad or quilt.
- Bolster**, bôle'-stêr. *v. a.* to support, maintain.
- Bolt**, bôlt. *s.* an arrow, a dart; a thunder-bolt; the bar of a door.
- Bolt**, bôlt. *v. a.* to strut or fasten with a bolt.
- Bolt**, bôlt. *v. n.* to spring out with speed and suddenness. [from brass.]
- Bolter**, bôlt'-ûr. *s.* a sieve to separate meal
- Bolting-house**, bôlt'-ing hôuse. *s.* the place where meal is sifted.
- Bolus**, bô'-lûs. *s.* a medicine made into a soft mass, larger than pills.
- Bomb**, bôm. *s.* an iron ball, filled with gunpowder, and furnished with a vent for a fusee, or wooden tube, filled with combustible matter, to be thrown out from a mortar
- Bombard**, bôm'-bârd. *s.* a great gun; a barrel of wine.
- Bombard**, bôm'-bârd'. *v. a.* to attack with bombs
- Bombardier**, bôm'-bârd-êr'. *s.* the engineer whose office is to shoot bombs.
- Bombardment**, bôm'-bârd-mênt. *s.* an attack made by throwing bombs.
- Bombasin**, bôm'-bâ-zêen'. *s.* a slight sitken stuff
- Bombast**, bôm bâst'. *s.* flustian; big words.
- Bombast**, bôm bâst'. *a.* high-sounding.
- Bombastick**, bôm-bâs'-tik. *a.* high-sounding pompous.
- Bombulation**, bôm-bû-lâ-shûn. *s.* sound, noise
- Bond**, bônd. *s.* a ligament that holds any thing together; union; a writing of obligation.
- Bondage**, bôn'-dâje. *s.* captivity, imprisonment
- Bondmaid**, bônd'-mâde. *s.* a woman slave.
- Bondman**, bônd'-mân. *s.* a man slave.
- Bondslave**, bônd'-slâve. *s.* a man in slavery.
- Bondsman**, bôndz'-mân. *s.* one bound for another.
- Bondwoman**, bônd'-wâm-ân. *s.* a woman slave
- Bone**, bône. *s.* the solid parts of the body.
- Bone**, bône. *v. a.* to take out the bones from the flesh.
- Boneless**, bône'lês. *a.* without bones.
- Bonesetter**, bône'-sê't-têr. *s.* one who sets bones
- Bonfire**, bôn'-fîre. *s.* a fire made for triumph.
- Bonnet**, bôn'-nêt. *s.* a hat, a cap.
- Bonnilly**, bôn'-nê-lê. *ad.* gaily, handsomely.
- Bonny**, bôn'-nê. *a.* handsome, beautiful; gay.
- Bonny-clabber**, bôn-nê-klâb'-bêr. *s.* sour buttermilk. [bones]
- Bony**, bô'-nê. *a.* consisting of bones; full of
- Booby**, bôb' bê. *s.* a dull, stupid fellow.
- Book**, bôök. *s.* a volume in which we read or write

no, mōve, nōr, nōt; —ēbe, tōb, bōil; —ōil; —pōind; —chīn, thīn.

Book, bōōk. *v. a.* to register in a book.
 Bookbinder, bōōk'-bind-ār. *s.* one who binds books. [knowledge.]
 Bookful, bōōk'-fil. *a.* crowded with undigested
 Bookish, bōōk'-ish. *a.* given to books.
 Bookishness, bōōk'-ish-nēs. *s.* overstudiousness.
 Book-learning, bōōk'-lērn-ing. *s.* acquaintance with books.
 Bookmate, bōōk'-māte. *s.* a school fellow.
 Bookseller, bōōk'-sell-ār. *s.* a man whose profession is to sell books.
 Bookworm, bōōk'-wūrm. *s.* a mite that eats holes in books; a close student.
 Boom, bōōm. *s.* a bar laid across a harbour.
 Boorn, bōōm. *v. n.* to rush with violence.
 Boon, bōōn. *s.* a gift, a grant.
 Boon, bōōn. *a.* gay, merry.
 Boor, bōōr. *s.* a lout, a clown.
 Boorish, bōōr'-ish. *a.* clownish, rustick.
 Boorishness, bōōr'-ish-nēs. *s.* coarseness of manners. [on boots.]
 Boot, bōōt. *v. a.* to profit, to advantage; to put
 Boot, bōōt. *s.* profit, gain, advantage; a covering for the leg; the place under the coach-box.
 Boot-catcher, bōōt'-kātsh-ār. *s.* the person at an inn who pulls off boots.
 Booted, bōōt'-ēd. *a.* in boots. [houghs.]
 Booth, bōōth. *s.* a house built of boards, or
 Bootless, bōōt'-lēss. *a.* useless, unavailing.
 Booty, bōōt'-ē. *s.* plunder, pillage.
 Bopeep, bō-peep'. *s.* a play among children.
 Borable, bō-rē-bl. *a.* that may be bored.
 Borage, bōr'-ājje. *s.* a plant.
 Borax, bō'-rāks. *s.* an artificial salt.
 Bordel, bōr'-tēl. *s.* a brothel, a bawdy-house.
 Border, bōr'-dār. *s.* the outer part or edge of any thing; a bank raised round a garden.
 Border, bōr'-dār. *v. n.* to confine upon; to approach nearly to.
 Border, bōr'-dār. *v. a.* to adorn with a border; to reach; to touch. [bordera.]
 Boredom, bōr'-dār-dū. *s.* he that dwells on the
 bore, bōre. *v. n.* to pierce in a hole.
 bore, bōre. *v. n.* to make a hole; to push forward to a certain point.
 bore, bōre. *s.* the hole made by boring; the size of a hole.

Bore, bōre. *pret. of bear*
 Boreal, bō-rē-āl. *a.* northern.
 Boreas, bō-rē-ās. *s.* the north wind.
 Boree, bō-rē'. *s.* a step in dancing.
 Born, bōrn. *part. come into life.*
 Borne, bōrne. *part. carried, supported.*
 Borough, bōr'-rō. *s.* a town with a corporation.
 Borrow, bōr'-rō. *v. a.* to ask the use of something for a time; to use as one's own.
 Borrower, bōr'-rō-ār. *s.* he that borrows.
 Bosage, bōs'-kājje. *s.* wood, or woodlands.
 Bosky, bōs'-kē. *a.* woody.
 Bosom, bōs'-zūm. *s.* the breast, the heart; the tender affections.
 Bosom, bōs'-zūm. *v. a.* to enclose in the bosom; to conceal.
 Boss, bōs. *s.* a stud; a thick body of any kind.
 Botanical, bō-tān'-ē-kāl. } *a.* relating to herbs.
 Botanick, bō-tān'-nik. }
 Botanist, bō-tā-nist. *s.* one skilled in plants.
 Botch, bōtsh. *s.* a swelling; a part in any work ill finished. [with botches]
 Botch, bōtsh. *v. a.* to mend clumsily; to mark
 Botchy, bōt'-ishē. *a.* marked with botches.
 Both, bōt. *a.* the two.
 Both, bōt. *conj.* as well.
 Bottle, bōt'-tl. *s.* a small vessel of glass, or other matter; a quantity of wine usually put into a bottle; a quantity of hay or grass bundled up.
 Bottle, bōt'-tl. *v. a.* to enclose in bottles.
 Bottlescrew, bōt'-tl-skrod. *s.* a screw to pull out the cork.
 Bottom, bōt'-tām. *s.* the lowest part; the foundation; a valley.
 Bottom, bōt'-tām. *v. a.* to fix upon as a support; to wind upon something. [port.]
 Bottom, bōt'-tām. *v. n.* to rest upon as its support.
 Bottomless, bōt'-tām-lēs. *a.* without a bottom, fathomless.
 Bottomry, bōt'-tām-rē. *s.* the act of borrowing money on a ship's bottom.
 Bouge, bōōdje. *v. n.* to swell out.
 Bough, bōō. *s.* an arm or large shoot of a tree.
 Bought, bōwt. *pret. of to buy.*
 Bounce, bōūns. *v. n.* to make a sudden leap, to boast, to bully. [noise; a boast, a threat.]
 Bounce, bōūns. *s.* a sudden blow, crack. 7

Fâs, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pîn; —

- Bouncer**, bôûn'-sûr. *s.* a boaster, a bully, a liar.
- Bound**, bôûnd. *s.* a limit, a boundary; a heap, a jump. [restrain.]
- Bound**, bôûnd. *v. a.* to limit, to terminate; to bound, bôûnd. *v. n.* to jump, to spring; to fly
- Bound**, bôûnd. *part. pass. of bind.* [back.]
- Bound**, bôûnd. *a.* destined, intending to come to any place.
- Boundary**, bôûn'-dâ-rê. *s.* limit, bound.
- Bounden**, bôûn'-dên. *part. pres. of bind.*
- Boundless**, bôûnd'-lêss. *a.* unlimited, unconfined.
- Bounteous**, bôûn'-tshê-ûs. *a.* liberal, kind, generous. [generously.]
- Bounteously**, bôûn'-tshê-ûs-lê. *ad.* liberally.
- Bounteousness**, bôûn'-tshê-ûs-nêss. *s.* munificence, liberality. [munificent.]
- Bountiful**, bôûn'-tê-fûl. *a.* liberal, generous.
- Bountifully**, bôûn'-tê-fûl-lê. *ad.* liberally.
- Bountifulness**, bôûn'-tê-fûl-nêss. *s.* the quality of being bountiful, generosity.
- Bounty**, bôûn'-tê. *s.* generosity, munificence.
- Bourn**, bôurnê. *s.* a bound, a limit; a brook: a torrent.
- Bouse**, bôûze. *v. n.* to drink lavishly.
- Bousy**, bôû'-zê. *a.* drunken.
- Bout**, bôût. *s.* a turn, as much of an action as is performed at one time.
- Bow**, bôû. *v. a.* to bend; to depress, to crush.
- Bow**, bôû. *v. n.* to bend, to stoop, to sink under pressure.
- Bow**, bôû. *s.* an act of reverence or submission.
- Bow** bô. *s.* an instrument of war; a rainbow; the instrument with which stringed instruments are played upon.
- Bow**, bô. *v. a.* to bend sideways.
- Bow-bent**, bô'-bênt. *a.* crooked.
- Bowels**, bôû'-êls. *s.* intestines; the inner parts; tenderness, compassion.
- Bower**, ôû'-ûr. *s.* an arbour, an anchor.
- Bowery**, bôû'-ûr-rê. *a.* full of bowers.
- Bowl**, bôle. *s.* the hollow part of any thing; a basin, a fountain; a round mass rolled along the ground.
- Bowl**, bôle. *v. a.* to play at bowls; to throw bowls at any thing.
- Bowler**, bô'-lûr. *s.* he that plays at bowls.
- Bowling-green**, bô'-lîng-grêen. *s.* a level piece of ground kept for bowlers.
- Bowman**, bô'-mân. *s.* an archer.
- Bowsprit**, bô'-sprît. *s.* a mast running out aloop at the head of a ship.
- Bowstring**, bô'-string. *s.* the string by which a bow is kept bent.
- Bowyer**, bô'-yûr. *s.* an archer, one whose trade is to make bows.
- Box**, bôks. *a.* a tree; the wood of it; seat; case of wood; a blow.
- Box**, bôks. *v. a.* to enclose in a box.
- Box**, bôks. *v. n.* to fight with the fist.
- Boxen**, bôk'-sn. *a.* made of box, resembling box
- Boxer**, bôks'-ûr. *s.* a man who fights with his fists. [contempt.]
- Boy**, bôe. *s.* a male child; youth; a word of
- Boyhood**, bôe'-hûd. *s.* the state of a boy.
- Boyish**, bôe'-ish. *a.* childish, trifling.
- Boyishly**, bôe'-ish-lê. *ad.* childishly, triflingly
- Boyishness**, bôe'-ish-nêss. *s.* childishness, triflingness.
- Brace**, brâse. *v. a.* to bind, to strain up.
- Brace**, brâse. *s.* a bandage; a pair; a crook or line; tightness.
- Bracelet**, brâse'-lêt. *s.* an ornament for the arm
- Bracer**, brâ'-sûr. *s.* a cincture, a bandage.
- Brachial**, brâk'-yâl. *a.* belonging to the arm.
- Brack**, brâk. *s.* a breach.
- Bracket**, brâk'-kêt. *s.* a small support of wood
- Brackish**, brâk'-ish. *a.* salt, something sal.
- Brackishness**, brâk'-ish-nêss. *s.* saltiness.
- Brâd**, brâd. *s.* a sort of nail to floor rooms with
- Brag**, brâg. *v. n.* to boast, to display ostentatiously.
- Brag**, brâg. *s.* a boast; a proud expression.
- Braggadocio**, brâg-gâ-dô-shê-ô. *s.* a boasting fellow.
- Braggart**, brâg'-gârt. *s.* a boaster.
- Bragger**, brâg'-gûr. *s.* a boaster.
- Braid**, brâde. *v. a.* to weave together.
- Braid**, brâde. *s.* a texture, a knot.
- Brain**, brâne. *s.* a collection of vessels and organs in the head; understanding.
- Brain**, brâne. *v. a.* to kill by beating out the brain.
- Brainish**, brâne'-ish. *a.* hot-headed, furious.
- Brainless**, brâne'-lêss. *a.* silly.
- Brainpan**, brâne-pân. *s.* the skull containing the brains

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tòbe, túb, bóll;—òll;—pòund;—thin, thin.

- Brainsick, bráne'-sík. *a.* addle-headed, giddy.
 Brainsickness, bráne'-sík-nés. *s.* indiscretion, giddiness.
 Brake, bráke. *pret.* of break.
 Brake, bráke. *s.* fern, brambles; an instrument for dressing flax; a kneading trough.
 Braky, brá'-kè. *a.* thorny, prickly, rough.
 Bramble, brám'-bl. *s.* any rough, prickly shrub.
 Bran, brán. *s.* the husks of corn ground.
 Branch, bránsh. *s.* the shoot of a tree; any part that shoots out from the rest; offspring.
 Branch, bránsh. *v. n.* to spread in branches; to speak diffusively.
 Branch, bránsh. *v. a.* to divide as in'o branches; to adorn with needlework.
 Branchless, bránsh'-lès. *a.* without shoots or boughs; naked.
 Branchy, brám'-shè. *a.* full of branches.
 Brand, bránd. *s.* a lighted stick; a sword; a mark made by a hot iron. [famy.
 Brand, bránd. *v. a.* to mark with a note of infamy.
 Brandish, brán'-dsh. *v. a.* to wave or shake; to flourish. [from wine.
 Brandy, brán'-dè. *s.* a strong liquor distilled
 Brangle, bráng'-gl. *s.* squabble, wrangle.
 Brangle, bráng'-gl. *v. n.* to wrangle, to squabble.
 Branny, brán'-né. *a.* having the appearance of bran.
 Brasier, brá'-zhûr. *s.* a manufacturer that works in brass; a pan to hold coals.
 Brass, brás. *s.* a yellow metal; impudence.
 Brassy, brás'-sè. *a.* partaking of brass; hard as brass; impudent.
 Brat, brát. *s.* a child so called in contempt; the offspring.
 Bravado, brá'-vá'-dò. *s.* a boast, a brag.
 Brave, bráve. *a.* courageous, gallant, excellent, noble. [challenge.
 Brave, bráve. *s.* a hector, a bully; a boast, a
 Brave, bráve. *v. a.* to defy, to challenge.
 Bravely, bráve'-lè. *ad.* courageously, gallantly.
 Bravery, brá'-vûr-é. *s.* courage; magnificence; bravado, boast.
 Bravo, brá'-vò. *s.* a man who murders for hire.
 Brawl, bráwl. *v. n.* to speak loud and indecently.
 Brawl, bráwl. *s.* quarrel, noise, scurrility.
 Brawler, bráwl'-jûr. *s.* a wrangler
- Brawn, bráwn. *s.* the flesh of a bear; a bear; calf of the leg.
 Brawniness, bráw'-né-nés. *s.* strength, hardness.
 Brawny, bráw'-né. *a.* muscular, fleshy, bulky.
 Bray, brá. *v. a.* to pound, or grind small.
 Bray, brá. *v. n.* to make a noise as an ass.
 Bray, brá. *s.* noise, sound.
 Brayer, brá'-ûr. *s.* one that brays like an ass; instrument to temper ink.
 Braze, bráze. *v. a.* to solder with brass.
 Brazen, brá'-zn. *a.* made of brass; impudent.
 Brazen, brá'-zn. *v. n.* to be impudent, to bully.
 Brazenface, brá'-zn-fáse. *s.* an impudent wretch.
 Brazenfaced, brá'-zn-fáste. *a.* impudent, shameless.
 Brazenness, brá'-zn-nés. *s.* appearance like brass; impudence.
 Breach, bréetsh. *s.* the act of breaking any thing; state of being broken; a gap; difference, quarrel.
 Bread, bréd. *s.* food made of ground corn.
 Breadth, brédth. *s.* the measure from side to side.
 Break, bráke. *v. a.* to burst or open by force; to destroy by violence; to overcome, to tame; to make bankrupt.
 Break, bráke. *v. n.* to part in two; to open and discharge matter; to open as the morning; to burst forth; to become bankrupt; to decline in health and strength; to fall out.
 Break, bráke. *s.* an opening; a pause, an interruption; a line.
 Breaker, brá'-kûr. *s.* he that breaks any thing a wave.
 Breakfast, brék'-fást. *v. n.* to eat the first meal in the day.
 Breakfast, brék'-fást. *s.* the first meal in the day.
 Break, brék. *s.* part of the body; the heart the conscience. [breast, the sternum.
 Breastbone, brést'-bone. *s.* the bone of the
 Breasthigh, brést'-hl. *a.* up to the breast.
 Breastknot, brést'-nót. *s.* a knot of ribands worn on the breast. [breast
 Breastplate, brést'-pláte. *s.* armour for the
 Breastplough, brést'-plòd. *s.* a plough driven by the breast.
 Breastwork, brést'-wûrk. *s.* works thrown up as high as the breast of the defendants.
 Breath bréth. *s.* the air drawn in and ejected

Fête, fâr. fâil, fât; —mê, mêt; —plus, plu; —

out of the body; life; respiration; respite; breeze, moving air.
 Breathe, brêth. v. n. to draw in and throw out the air by the lungs; to live, to rest, to make breath; to exercise.
 Breathing, brê'-ring. s. aspiration, secret prayer; vent.
 Breathless, brêth'-lêss. a. out of breath, spent; dead.
 Breed, brêd. *part. pass. of to breed.*
 Breech, brêch. s. the lower part of the body; the hinder part of a piece of ordnance.
 Breech, brêch. v. a. to put into breeches; to fit with a breech.
 Breeches, brêch'-lz. s. the garment worn by men over the lower part of the body.
 Breed, brêd. v. a. to procreate, to generate; to educate, to bring up. [breed.
 Breed, brêd. v. n. to bring young; to raise a breed, brêd. s. a cast, kind, progeny, hatch.
 Breeder, brêd'-dûr. s. that which produces any thing; the person which brings up another; one that takes care to raise a breed.
 Breeding, brêd'-ding. s. education; manners.
 Breeze, brêz. s. a gentle gale.
 Breezy, brêz'-zê. a. fanned with gales.
 Brethren, brêth'-rên. s. the plural of brother.
 Breviat, brêv'-yat. s. a short compendium.
 Breviature, brêv'-ya'-shûr. s. an abbreviation.
 Brevity, brêv'-ê-tê. s. conciseness, shortness.
 Brew, brôd. v. a. to make liquors; to contrive, to plot. [brewer.
 Brew, brôd. v. n. to perform the office of a brewage, brôd'-idge. s. a mixture of various things.
 Brewer, brôd'-âr. s. a man whose profession it is to make beer. [ed to brewing.
 Brewhouse, brôd'-hûss. s. a house appropriated to brewing, brôd'-ing. s. quantity of liquor brewed.
 Bribe, brêb. s. a gift to pervert the judgement.
 Bribe, brêb. v. a. to give bribes.
 Briber, brê'-bûr. s. one who pays for corrupt practices.
 Bribery, brê'-bûr-ê. s. the crime of taking rewards for bad practices.
 Brick, brîk. s. a mass of burnt clay; a loaf shaped like a brick.
 Brick, brîk. v. a. to lay with bricks.
 Brickbat, brîk'-hât. s. a piece of brick.

Brickdust, brîk'-dûst. s. dust made by pounding bricks.
 Brick-kiln, brîk'-kîl. s. a place to burn bricks in
 Bricklayer, brîk'-lâ'-âr. s. a brick-mason.
 Brickmaker, brîk'-mâ'-kûr. s. one whose trade it is to make bricks. [ial
 Bridal, brîd'-dâl. a. belonging to a wedding, nap.
 Bride, brîd. s. a woman newly married.
 Bridebed, brîd'-bêd. s. marriage-bed.
 Bridecake, brîd'-kâk. s. a cake given to the guests at a wedding. [man
 Bridegroom, brîd'-grûm. s. a new-married
 Bridemen, brîd'-mên. } attendants on the
 Bridesmaids, brîd'-mâdz. } bride and bride groom.
 Bridewell, brîd'-wêl. s. a house of correction.
 Bridge, brîdj. s. a building raised over water for the convenience of passage; part of the nose, or of a violin.
 Bridle, brî'-dl. s. the headstall and reins by which a horse is governed; a restraint, check. [restrain, govern
 Bridle, brî'-dl. v. a. to guide by a bridle;
 Bridle, brî'-dl. v. n. to hold up the head.
 Bridlehand, brî'-dl-hârd. s. the hand which holds the bridle in riding. [narrow
 Brief, brêf. a. short, concise; contracted.
 Brief, brêf. s. a short extract or epitome; writing given to pleaders, containing the case letters patent.
 Briefly, brêf'-lê. ad. concisely, in a few words.
 Briefness, brêf'-nêss. s. conciseness, shortness.
 Brier, brî'-âr. s. a plant.
 Briery, brî'-âr-ê. a. rough, full of briars.
 Brigade, brê'-gade. s. a division of forces, a body of men.
 Brigadier-general, brig-â-dêr'-jên'-êr-âl. s. an officer next below a major-general.
 Brigantine, brîg'-ân-tîna. s. a light vessel; a coat of mail.
 Bright, brît. a. shining, glittering; clear; illustrious; witty.
 Brighten, brî'-tn. v. a. to make bright; to make luminous, alert, or acute. [up
 Brighten, brî'-tn. v. n. to grow bright, to clear.
 Brightly, brît'-lê. ad. splendidly, with lustre.
 Brightness, brît'-nêss. s. lustre, splendour; acuteness.

no, móve, ndr, nót;—úbe, táb, báll;—ól;—póúad;—thin, THIS.

- Brilliance, bril' yá-n-é. *s.* lustre, splendour.
 Brilliant, bril' yá-n. *a.* shining, sparkling.
 Brilliant, bril' yá-n. *s.* a diamond of the finest cut.
 Brilliantness, bril' yá-n-n-é. *s.* splendour, lustre.
 Brim, brim *s.* the edge of any thing; the top of any liquor; the bank of a fountain.
 Brim, brim. *v. a.* to fill to the top.
 Brim, brim. *v. n.* to be full to the brim.
 Brimful, brim'-fúl. *a.* full to the top.
 Brimmer, brim'-már. *s.* a bowl full to the top.
 Brimstone, brim'-stóno. *s.* sulphur.
 Brinded, brin'-déd. *a.* streaked, tabby.
 Brindled, brin'-ild. *a.* brindled, streaked.
 Brine, brine. *s.* water impregnated with salt, the sea; tears.
 Bring, bring. *v. a.* to fetch; to attract, to conduct; to induce, to prevail upon.
 Bringer, bring'-ár. *s.* the person who brings any thing. [salt.
 Brinish, brí'-nsh. *a.* having the taste of brine, brinishness, brí'-nsh-n-é. *s.* saltiness.
 Brink, brink. *s.* the edge of any place, as of a precipice or a river.
 Brisk, brisk. *a.* lively, vivacious, gay; bright.
 Brisket, bris'-kít. *s.* the breast of an animal.
 Briskly, brisk'-lé. *ad.* actively, vigorously.
 Briskness, brisk'-n-é. *s.* liveliness, vigour, quickness.
 Bristle, bris'-sl. *s.* the stiff hair of swine.
 Bristle, bris'-sl. *v. a.* to erect in bristles.
 Bristle, bris'-sl. *v. n.* to stand erect as bristles.
 Bristly, bris'-lé. *a.* thick set with bristles.
 Brittle, brít'-tl. *a.* fragile, apt to break.
 Brittleness, brít'-tl-n-é. *s.* aptness to break.
 Broach, brósh. *s.* a spit.
 Broach, brósh. *v. a.* to spit, to pierce; to open, to give out, to utter. [of any thing.
 Broacher, brósh'-ár. *s.* an opener, or utterer.
 Broad, bráwd. *a.* wide, extended; open; coarse; fulsome. [cloth.
 Broadcloth, bráwd'-klóth. *s.* a fine kind of broad.
 Broaden, bráw'-dn. *v. n.* to grow broad.
 Broadly, bráwd'-lé. *ad.* in a broad manner.
 Broadness, bráwd'-n-é. *s.* breadth, extent from side to side; coarseness, fulsome.
 Broadside, bráwd'-síd. *s.* the side of a ship; volley of shot fired at once.
- Broadsword, bráwd'-sórd. *s.* a sword with a broad blade.
 Brocade, bró-káde'. *s.* a silken stuff variegated.
 Brocaded, bró-ká'-déd. *a.* dressed in brocade; woven as brocade.
 Brocade, bró-káde'. *s.* the gain gotten by promoting bargains; the trade of dealing in old things.
 Broccoli, brók'-kó-lé. *s.* a species of cabbage.
 Brock, brók. *s.* a badger.
 Brocket, brók'-kít. *s.* a red deer, two years old.
 Brogue, bróg. *s.* a kind of shoe; a corrupt dialect. [of needlework.
 Broiler, bróé'-dár. *v. a.* to adorn with figures.
 Broiery, bróé'-dár-ré. *s.* embroidery, flower-work.
 Broil, bróil. *s.* a tumult, a quarrel.
 Broil, bróil. *v. a.* to cook by laying on the coals.
 Broil, bróil. *v. n.* to be in the heat.
 Broke, bróke. *pret. of to break.*
 Broken, bró'-kn. *part. pass. of break.*
 Broken-hearted, bró'-kn-hár'-téd. *a.* having the spirits crushed by grief or fear.
 Broker, bró'-kár. *s.* a factor, one who does business for another.
 Brokerage, bró'-kár-lúje. *s.* the pay or reward of a broker.
 Bronchial, brón'-ké-ál. } *a.* belonging to the
 Bronchick, brón'-kík. } throat.
 Bronze, brónze. *s.* brass; a medal.
 Brooch, bróósh. *s.* a jewel, an ornament of jewels.
 Brood, bróód. *v. n.* to sit on eggs; to cover chickens under the wing; to consider any thing anxiously; to mature by care.
 Brood, bróód. *v. a.* to cherish by care, to hatch.
 Brood, bróód. *s.* offspring, progeny; a hatch, the number hatched at once. [eggs.
 Broody, bróód'-lé. *a.* in a state of sitting on the eggs.
 Brook, bróók. *s.* a running water, a rivulet.
 Brook, bróók. *v. a.* to bear, to endure.
 Broom, bróóm. *s.* a shrub, a besom.
 Broomy, bróód'-mé. *a.* full of broom.
 Broth, bróth. *s.* liquor in which flesh is boiled.
 Brothel, bróth'-él. *s.* a hawdy-house.
 Brother, bróth'-ár. *s.* a male born of the same parents; any one resembling another in manner, form, or profession.

Fâie, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Brotherhood**, brâth'-âr-hôd. *s.* the state or quality of being a brother; a fraternity.
Brotherly, brâth'-âr-lê. *a.* such as becomes or becoms a brother.
Brought, brâwt. *part. pass.* of *bring*.
Brow, brôh. *s.* the arch of hair over the eyes; the forehead; the edge of any high place.
Browbeat, brôd'-lâte. *v. a.* to depress with stern looks.
Brown, brôun. *a.* the name of a colour..
Brownness, brôun'-nês. *s.* a brown colour.
Brownstudy, brôun'-stûd'-dê. *s.* gloomy meditations. [shulr.s.]
Brrowse, brôize. *v. a.* to eat branches or
Bruse, brôoze. *v. a.* to crush or mangle with a heavy blow.
Bruise, brôoze. *s.* a hurt with something blunt and heavy.
Bruit, brôit. *s.* rumour, noise, report.
Brunal, brôd'-mâl. *a.* belonging to the winter.
Brunett, brôd'-nêt. *s.* a woman with a brown complexion.
Brunt, brânt. *s.* shock, violence; blow, stroke.
Brush, brôsh. *s.* an instrument for rubbing; a rude assault, a shock.
Brush, brôsh. *v. a.* to rub with a brush; to strike with quickness. [skim lightly.]
Brush, brôsh. *v. n.* to move with haste; to
Brushwood, brôsh'-wôod. *s.* rough, shrubby thickets. [brush.]
Brushy, brôsh'-ê. *a.* rough or shaggy, like a
Brustie, brôsh'-gl. *v. n.* to crackle.
Brutal, brôd'-tâl. *a.* savage, cruel, inhuman.
Brutality, brôd'-tâl'-ê-tê. *s.* savageness, churlishness. [er savage.]
Brutalize, brôd'-tâl'-ize. *v. n.* to grow brutal
brutally, brôd'-tâl'-ê. *ad.* churlishly, inhumanly.
Brute, brôit. *a.* senseless, unconscious; savage, irrational; rough, ferocious.
Brute, brôit. *s.* a creature without reason.
Brutify, brôit'-tê-fl. *v. a.* to make a man a brute.
Brutish, brôd'-tish. *a.* bestial, savage, ferocious; ignorant.
Brutishly, brôd'-tish'-lê. *ad.* in the manner of a brute. [ness.]
Brutishness, brôd'-tish'-nês. *s.* brutality, savageness.
Bubble, bûb'-bl. *s.* a small bladder of water; a cheat, a false show.
- Bubble**, bûb'-bl. *v. n.* to rise in bubbles; to rise with a gentle noise.
Bubble, bûb'-bl. *v. a.* to cheat.
Bucaniers, bûk'-â-nêcz'. *s.* American pirates.
Buck, bûk. *s.* the liquor in which clothes are washed; the male of fallow deer, rabbits, and other animals.
Buckbasket, bûk'-bâs-kêt. *s.* the basket in which clothes are carried to the wash.
Bucket, bûk'-kêt. *s.* a vessel to carry water in.
Buckle, bûk'-kl. *s.* a link of metal, with a tongue or catch, made to fasten one thing to another; the state of the hair crisped and curled.
Buckle, bûk'-kl. *v. a.* to fasten with a buckle; to confine.
Buckler, bûk'-lâr. *s.* a shield.
Buckram, bûk'-rûm. *s.* a strong linen cloth, stiffened with gum. -
Bucolick, bû-kôl'-ik. *s.* a pastoral.
Bud, bûd. *s.* the first shoot of a plant, a germ.
Bud, bûd. *v. n.* to put forth young shoots or germs; to be in the bloom.
Bud, bûd. *v. a.* to inoculate.
Budge, bûdje. *v. n.* to stir.
Budget, bûd'-jêt. *s.* a bag; a store, or stock.
Buff, bûf. *s.* leather prepared from the skin of the buffalo; a colour.
Buffalo, bûf'-fâ-lô. *s.* a kind of wild bull or cow
Buffet, bûf'-fêt. *s.* a blow with the fist.
Buffet, bûf'-fêt'. *s.* a kind of cupboard.
Buffet, bûf'-fêt. *v. a.* to box, to beat.
Buffet, bûf'-fêt. *v. n.* to play a boxing match.
Buffeter, bûf'-fêt-têr. *s.* a boxer.
Buttleheaded, bûf'-fêd'-êd. *a.* dull, stupid.
Buffoon, bûf'-fôon'. *s.* a man whose profession is to make sport by low jests and antick postures
Buffoonery, bûf'-fôon'-âr-rê. *s.* the practice of a buffoon; low jests.
Bug, bûg. *s.* a stinking insect. **terror**
Bugbear, bûg'-bêre. *s.* a frightful object, a false
Buggy, bûg'-gê. *a.* abounding with bugs.
Bugle, bû'-gl. *s.* a shining bead of glass.
Bugle, bû'-gl. } *s.* a hunting horn.
Buglehorn, bû'-gl'-hörn'. }
Build, bîld. *v. a.* to make a fabrick; to raise any thing on a foundation.
Build, bîld. *v. n.* to depend on, to rest on
Builder, bîld'-âr. *s.* he that builds, an architect

lò, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòand;—t/in, THIS.

Building, bíld'-ing. *s.* a fabrick, an edifice.
Bulb, búlb. *s.* a round root.
Bulbous, búlb'-bús. *a.* containing bulbs.
Bulge, búlje. *v. n.* to take in water, to founder; to jut out.
Bulk, búlk. *s.* magnitude, size; the majority; main fabrick; part of a building jutting out.
Bulkiness, búl'-kè-nés. *s.* greatness of stature or size.
Bulky, búl'-kè. *a.* of great size or stature.
Bull, búl. *s.* the male of black cattle; one of the twelve signs of the zodiack; a letter published by the pope; a blunder.
Bullbaiting, búl'-bè-íng. *s.* the sport of baiting bulls with dogs. (courage.)
Bull-dog, búl'-dóg. *s.* a dog remarkable for Bull-head. búl'-héd. *s.* a stupid fellow; a fish.
Bullet, búl'-lét. *s.* a round ball of metal.
Bullion, búl'-yén. *s.* gold or silver unwrought.
Bullition, búl'-lsh'-án. *s.* the act or state of boiling.
Bullock, búl'-lók. *s.* a young bull.
Bully, búl'-lè. *s.* a nois', quarrelling fellow.
Bulwark, búl'-wúrk. *s.* a fortification, security.
Bum, búm. *s.* the part on which we sit.
Bumbailiff, búm-bá'-líf. *s.* a bailiff of the meanest kind.
Bump, búmp. *s.* a swelling, a protuberance.
Bumper, búm'-púr. *s.* a cup filled.
Bumpkin, búm'-kín. *s.* an awkward, heavy rustick. (cluster.)
Bunch, búns. *s.* a hard lump, a knob; a Bunchy, bún'-shè. *a.* growing into bunches.
Bundle, búnd'-dl. *s.* a number of things bound together.
Bundle, búnd'-dl. *v. a.* to tie in a bundle.
Bung, búng. *s.* a stopper for a barrel.
Bung, búng. *v. a.* to stop up.
Bunghole, búng'-hòle. *s.* the hole at which the barrel is filled.
Bung'e, búng'-gl. *v. n.* to perform clumsily.
Bungic, búng'-gl. *v. a.* to botch, to manage clumsily.
Bungle, búng'-gl. *s.* a botch, an awkwardness.
Bungler, búng'-glúr. *s.* a bad workman.
Bunglingly, búng'-glúg-lè. *ad.* clumsily, awkwardly.
Bunna, búna. *s.* a kind of sweet bread.

Bunter, búnt'-túr. *s.* a low, vulgar woman.
Buoy, búòe. *s.* a piece of cork or wood floating, tied to a weight.
Buoy, búòe. *v. a.* to keep afloat.
Buoyancy, búòe'-án-sè. *s.* the quality of floating
Buoyant, búòe'-ánt. *a.* which will not sink.
Burden, búrd'-dn. *s.* a load; a burth; the verse repeated in a song.
Burden, búrd'-dn. *v. a.* to load, to encumber.
Burdensome, búrd'-dn-súm. *a.* grievous, troublé some. (uneasiness)
Burdensomeness, búrd'-dn-súm-nés. *s.* weight.
Bureau, bú-rò'. *s.* a chest of drawers.
Burgage, búrg'-gádjò. *s.* a tenure proper to cities and towns.
Burgeois, búrg'-jòse'. *s.* a burgess; a type of a particular size.
Burgess, búrg'-jés. *s.* a citizen; a representative of a town corporate.
Burgh, búrg. *s.* a corporate town or borough.
Burgher, búrg'-gúr. *s.* one who has a right to certain privileges in this or that place.
Burghership, búrg'-gúr-shíp. *s.* the privilege of a burgher.
Burglary, búrg'-glá-rè. *s.* robbing a house by night, or breaking in with intent to rob.
Burgomaster, búrg'-grò-más-túr. *s.* one employed in the government of a city.
Burial, búr'-rè-ál. *s.* the act of burying, sepulture, interment.
Burlesque, búrl'-lèsk'. *a.* jocular, tending to raise laughter.
Burlesque, búrl'-lèsk'. *s.* ludicrous language.
Burlesque, búrl'-lèsk'. *v. a.* to turn to ridicule.
Burliness, búrl'-lè-nés. *s.* bulk, bluster.
Burly, búrl'-lè. *a.* big of stature.
Burn, búru. *v. a.* to consume with fire; to wound with fire.
Burn, búru. *v. n.* to be on fire; to be inflamed with passion; to act as fire.
Burn, búrn. *s.* a hurt caused by fire.
Burning, búrn'-níng. *s.* state of inflammation
Burning-glass, búrn'-níng-glás. *s.* a glass which collects the rays of the sun.
Burnish, búrn'-nsh. *v. a.* to polish. (glossy.)
Burnish, búrn'-nsh. *v. n.* to grow bright or
Burnisher, búrn'-nsh-úr. *s.* the person or instrument that burnishes.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mé, mêt;—plac, pln;—

Burnt, bûrn. *part. pass. of burn.*
 Burr, bûr. *s. the lobe or lap of the ear.*
 Burrow, bûr'-rô. *s. a corporate town; a rabbit-hole.*
 Burrow, bûr'-rô. *v. n. to mine as rabbits.*
 Bursar, bûr'-sâr. *s. the treasurer of a college.*
 Burse, bûrse. *s. an exchange where merchants meet.*
 Burst, bûrst. *v. n. to fly open; to fly asunder.*
 Burst, bûrst. *v. a. to break suddenly, to make a quick and violent disruption.*
 Bury, bûr'-rê. *v. a. to inter, to put into a grave; to conceal.*
 Bush, bûsh. *s. a thick shrub.*
 Bushel, bûsh'-il. *s. a measure containing eight gallons.*
 Bushiness, bûsh'-ê-nês. *s. the quality of being bushy.*
 Bushy, bûsh'-ê. *a. thick, full of small branches.*
 Busily, bûz'-zê-lê. *ad. with hurry, actively.*
 Business, bûz'-nês. *s. employment; an affair; the subject of action; serious engagement.*
 Busk, bûsk. *s. a piece of whalebone, worn by women to strengthen their stays.*
 Buskin, bûs'-klu. *s. a kind of half boot worn on the stage.*
 Buskined, bûs'-klnd. *a. dressed in buskins.*
 Busky, bûs'-kê. *a. woody.*
 Buss, bûs. *s. a kiss; a boat for fishing.*
 Bust, bûst. *s. a half statue.*
 Bustle, bûs'-sl. *v. n. to be busy, to stir.*
 Bustle, bûs'-sl. *s. a tumult, a hurry.*
 Bustler, bûs'-lâr. *s. an active, stirring man.*
 Busy, bûz'-zê. *a. employed; bustling, active, meddling.*
 Busy, bûz'-zê. *v. a. to employ, to engage.*
 Busybody, bûz'-zê-bôd-dê. *s. a meddling, fantastical person.*
 But, bût. *conj. except; yet, nevertheless; now; only; than; however, howbeit.*
 But-end, bût'-ênd'. *s. the blunt end of anything.*
 Butcher, bût'-tshûr. *s. one that kills animals to sell their flesh; one who delights in blood.*
 Butcher, bût'-tshûr. *v. a. to kill, to murder.*
 Butcherly, bût'-tshûr-lê. *a. bloody, barbarous.*
 Butchery, bût'-tshûr-rê. *s. the trade of a butcher; murder.*
 Butler, bût'-lôr. *s. a servant employed in furnishing the table*

Butt, bût. *s. a mark; a man upon whom the company break their jests; a vessel containing one hundred and twenty-six gallons.*
 Butt, bût. *v. a. to strike with the head.*
 Butter, bût'-tûr. *s. an unctuous substance made from cream.*
 Butter, bût'-tûr. *v. a. to smear with butter.*
 Butterfly, bût'-tûr-fl. *s. a beautiful insect.*
 Buttermilk, bût'-tûr-milk. *s. the whey of churned cream.*
 Butterside, bût'-tûr-tôdê. *s. the great, broad.*
 Butterwoman, bût'-tûr-wûm-wûn. *s. a woman that sells butter.*
 Buttery, bût'-tûr-rê. *s. the room where provisions are laid up.*
 Butttock, bût'-tûk. *s. the rump, the part near the*
 Button, bût'-tu. *s. any knot or ball; the bud of a plant.*
 Button, bût'-tu. *v. a. to dress, to clothe; to fasten with buttons.*
 Buttonhole, bût'-tu-hôle. *s. the loop in which the button is caught.*
 Buttress, bût'-três. *s. a prop, a support.*
 Buxom, bûk'-sûm. *a. lively brisk; wanton, jolly.*
 Buxomly, bûk'-sûm-lê. *ad. wantonly, amorously.*
 Buxomness, bûk'-sûm-nês. *s. wantonness, amorousness.*
 Buy, bû. *v. a. to purchase, to acquire by paying a price.*
 Buyer, bû'-âr. *s. he that buys, a purchaser.*
 Buzz, bûz. *v. n. to hum, to make a noise like bees.*
 Buzzard, bûz'-zârû. *s. a degenerate species of hawk; a blockhead, a dunce.*
 Buzzer, bûz'-zûr. *s. a secret whisperer.*
 By, bû. *prep. it notes the agent, instrument, cause, or means.*
 By, bû. *ad. near, at a small distance; beside.*
 By-and-by, bû'-ând-bû'. *ad. in a short time.*
 By-end, bû'-ênd'. *s. private interest, secret advantage.*
 By-law, bû'-lâw'. *s. a private law.*
 By-name, bû'-nâmê'. *s. a nickname.*
 By-path, bû'-pâth'. *s. a private or obscure path.*
 By-stander, bû'-stând-âr. *s. a looker on, one unconcerned.*
 By-word, bû'-wûrd'. *s. a proverb; a term of re*

no, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tūbe, tūb, bāll;—ōll;—pōūd;—thin, THIA.

C.

Can, kāb. *s.* a Hebrew measure, containing about three pints.

Cabal, kā-bāl. *s.* the secret science of the Hebrew rabbins; a body of men united in some close design.

Cabal, kā-bāl. *v. n.* to form close intrigues.

Cabalist, kāb-ā-līst. *s.* one skilled in the traditions of the Hebrews.

Cabalistical, kāb-ā-līst-ik. } *a.* that has an

Cabalistic, kāb-ā-līst-ik. } occult meaning.

Caballer, kā-bāl-lēr. *s.* he who engages in close designs; an intriguer.

Cabbage, kāb-bldje. *s.* a plant. [clothes.

Cabbage, kāb-bldje. *v. a.* to steal in cutting

Cabin, kāb-bin. *s.* small chamber in a ship; a cottage.

Cabin, kāb-bin. *v. n.* to live in a cabin.

Cabin, kāb-bin. *v. a.* to confine in a cabin.

Cabinet, kāb-in-ēt. *s.* a set of drawers for curiosities; a private room in which consultations are held.

Cable, kā-bl. *s.* the great rope of a ship to which the anchor is fastened.

Cackle, kāk-kl. *v. n.* to make a noise as a goose, or a hen; to giggle.

Cackle, kāk-kl. *s.* the noise of a goose or fowl.

Cackler, kāk-lūr. *s.* a fowl that cackles; a tattler.

Cacochymy, kāk-kō-kīm-mē. *s.* a depravation of the humours from a sound state.

Cacophony, kā-kōf-ō-nē. *s.* a bad sound of words.

Cacuminate, kā-kū-mē-nāte. *v. a.* to make sharp or pyramidal.

Cadaverous, kā-dāv-ē-rūs. *a.* having the appearance of a dead carcass. [grub.

Caddis, kād-dīs. *s.* a kind of tape; a worm or Cade, kāde. *a.* tame, soft.

Cadence, kā-dēnsē. *s.* fall of the voice; a tone.

Cadent, kā-dēt. *a.* falling down. [teer.

Cadet, kā-dēt. *s.* a younger brother; a volunteer.

Cadit, kā-dēt. *s.* a magistrato among the Turks.

Caduceus, kā-dū-sē-ūs. *s.* the rod or wand with which Mercury is depicted.

Caducity, kā-dū-sē-tē. *s.* tendency to fall.

Cæsura, sē-zū-rā. *s.* a figure in poetry, by which a short syllable after a complete foot is made long.

Caftan, kān-lān. *s.* a Persian vest or garment.

Cag, kāg. *s.* a barrel or wooden vessel containing four or five gallons.

Cage, kāje. *s.* an enclosure for birds, or wild beasts; a prison for petty malefactors

Cage, kāje. *v. a.* to enclose in a cage.

Cajoie, kā-jōie. *v. a.* to flatter, to soothe.

Cajoler, kā-jō-lēr. *s.* a flatterer, a wheedler.

Cajolery, kā-jō-lūr-rē. *s.* flattery. [knife

Califf, kā-tīf. *s.* a mean villain, a despicable

Cake, kāke. *s.* a kind of delicate bread. [oven.

Caake, kāke. *v. n.* to harden as dough in the

Calamanco, kāl-ā-māng-kō. *s.* a kind of wool-

Calamine, kāl-ā-mīne. *s.* a kind of fossil bitu

Calamitous, kā-lām-ē-tūs. *a.* miserable, unhap-

Calamitousness, kā-lām-ē-tūs-nēs. *s.* misery,

Calamity, kā-lām-ē-tē. *s.* misfortune, cause of

Calash, kā-lāsh. *s.* a carriage of pleasure.

Calcareous, kāl-kā-rē-ūs. *a.* partaking of the

Calceated, kāl-shē-ā-tēd. *a.* shod, fitted with

Calcination, kāl-sē-nā-shūn. *s.* chymical pu-

Calcine, kā-sīne. *v. a.* to burn to a calx or sub-

Calcine, kā-sīne. *v. n.* to become a calx by heat

Calculate, kāl-kū-lāte. *v. a.* to compute, to

Calculation, kāl-kū-lā-shūn. *s.* the art of num-

Calculator, kāl-kū-lā-tūr. *s.* a computer.

Calculus, kāl-kū-lūs. *a.* stony, gritty.

Caldron, kāw-drōn. *s.* a pot, a boiler, a kettle.

Calcfaction, kāl-ē-fāk-shūn. *s.* the act of heat-

Calcfactory, kāl-ē-fāk-tūr-ē. *a.* that which

Calcfy, kāl-ē-fī. *v. n.* to grow hot, to be heated

Calendar, kāl-ēn-dār. *s.* a register of the year

Calender, kāl-ēn-dār. *v. a.* to dress cloth.

Calender, kāl-ēn-dār. *s.* a press in which clo-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè; mêt;—pine, pln;—

Calends, kâl'-êndz. *s.* the first day of the month among the Romans.

Calenture, kâl'-ên-ushôre. *s.* a distemper prevalent in hot climates.

Calf, kâf. *s.* the young of a cow; the thick part of the leg.

Caliber, kâl'-ê-bûr. *s.* the diameter of the barrel of a gun.

Calico, kâl'-ê-kô. *s.* Indian stuff made of cotton.

Calid, kâl'-îd. *a.* hot, burning.

Calidity, kâ-îd'-î-dè-îâ *s.* heat.

Calif, } kâ-î-îlf. } *s.* a title assumed by the suc-

Caliph, } cessors of Mahomet among the Saracens. [ness.]

Caligation, kâl lê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* darkness, cloudi-

Caliginous, kâ-î-îdje'-ê-nûs. *a.* obscure, dim.

Calk, kâwk. *v. a.* to stop the leaks of a ship.

Calker, kâw'-kûr. *s.* one who stops the leaks of a ship.

Call, kâwl. *v. a.* to name; to summon or invite; to make a short visit; to stigmatize with some opprobrious denomination.

Call, kâwl. *s.* a vocal address; requisition; divine vocation; an impulse; command; a claim; an instrument to call birds; a nomination. [trade; employment.]

Calling, kâwl'-îng. *s.* vocation, profession,

Callosity, kâl-lôs'-sè-tè. *s.* a kind of swelling without pain.

Callous, kâl'-lûs. *a.* hardened, insensible.

Callow, kâl'-lô. *a.* unfledged, wanting feathers.

Callus, kâl'-lûs. *s.* an induration of the fibres; the hard substance by which broken bones are united.

Calm, kâm. *a.* quiet, serene; undisturbed.

Calm, kâm. *s.* serenity, stillness; repose.

Calm, kâm. *v. a.* to still, to quiet; to pacify.

Calmly, kâm'-lè. *ad.* without storms or passions, quietly. [freedom from passion.]

Calumness, kâm'-nès. *s.* tranquillity, serenity;

Calomel, kâl'-ô-mèl. *s.* mercury six times sublimed. [of producing heat.]

Calorific, kâl'-ô-rîf'-îk. *a.* that has the quality

Caltraps, kâl'-trôps. *s.* an instrument made with three spikes, so that which way soever it falls to the ground, one of them points upright.

Calve, kâv. *v. n.* to bring forth a calf.

Calumniate kâ-lûm'-nè-âte. *v. a.* to slander.

Calumniator, kâ-lûm'-nè-â-tûr. *s.* a forger of accusation, a slanderer.

Calumnious, kâ-lûm'-nè-â. *a.* slanderous, falsely reproachful.

Calumny, kâl'-ûm-nè. *s.* slander, false charge.

Calx, kâkks. *s.* any thing rendered reducible to powder by burning.

Cambrick, kâme'-brîk. *s.* a kind of fine linen.

Came, kâme. *pret. of to come.*

Camel, kâm'-êl. *s.* a beast of burden.

Camelot, } kâm'-lèt. } *s.* a kind of stuff made

Camlet, } with wool and silk.

Camera Obscura, kâm'-ê-râ-ôb-skû'-râ. *s.* an optical machine used in a darkened chamber.

Camerated, kâm'-êr-â-téd. *a.* arched. [arching.]

Cameration, kâ-êr-â-shûn. *s.* a vaulting or

Camisado, kâ-ê-sâ'-dò. *s.* an attack made in the dark, on which occasion they put their shirts outward.

Camp, kâmp. *s.* the order of tents placed by armies when they keep the field.

Camp, kâmp. *v. n.* to lodge in tents.

Campaign, kâm-pâne'. *s.* a large, open, level tract of ground; the time an army keeps the field.

Campestral, kâm-pès'-trâl. *a.* growing in fields.

Camphire, kâm'-fir. *s.* a kind of resin.

Camphorate, kâm'-fô-râte. *a.* impregnated with camphire.

Can, kân. *s.* a cup.

Can, kân. *v. n.* to be able, to have power.

Canaille, kâ-nâle'. *s.* the lowest people.

Canal, kâ-nâl'. *s.* a basin or course of water made by art; a passage through which any of the juices of the body flow.

Canary, kâ-nâ'-rè. *s.* wine brought from the Canaries, sack. [singing bird.]

Canary-bird, kâ-nâ'-rè-bûrd. *s.* an excellent

Cancel, kân'-âl. *v. a.* to cross a writing; to efface, to obliterate.

Cancer, kân'-sâr. *s.* a crab-fish; the sign of the summer solstice; a virulent sore. [cancer.]

Cancerate, kân'-sâr-râte. *v. n.* to become a

Cancerous, kân'-sâr-ûs. *a.* having the virulence of a cancer.

Candent, kân'-dènt. *a.* hot.

Candid, kân'-idd. *a.* white; fair, open, ingenu-
ous

nò, m'òve, n'òr, n'òt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—p'òund;—thm, thm

Candidate, kán'-dè-dàte. *s.* a competitor, one that solicits advancement.

Candidly, kán'-dík-lé. *ad.* fairly, ingenuously.

Cardiness, kán'-dík-nès. *s.* ingenuousness, openness of temper. [low.]

Candle, kán'-dl. *s.* a light made of wax or tallow.

Candlelight, kán'-dl-líte. *s.* the light of a candle.

Candlemas, kán'-dl-màs. *s.* the feast of the purification of the Blessed Virgin.

Candlestick, kán'-dl-sítk. *s.* the instrument that holds a candle.

Candour, kán'-dl'r. *s.* sweetness of temper, purity of mind, ingenuousness.

Candy, kán'-dè. *v. a.* to conserve with sugar.

Candy, kán'-dè. *v. n.* to grow congealed.

Cane, káne. *s.* a kind of strong reed; the plant which yields the sugar; a lance; a reed.

Cane, káne. *v. a.* to beat with a cane or stick.

Canicular, ká-ník'-ú-lár. *a.* belonging to the dog star. [dog.]

Canine, ká-níne'. *a.* having the properties of a dog.

Canister, kán'-lís-túr. *s.* a small box; a small vessel in which any thing is laid up.

Canker, káng'-kúr. *s.* an eating or corroding humour; corrosion; a disease in trees.

Canker, káng'-kúr. *v. n.* to grow corrupt.

Canker, káng'-kúr. *v. a.* to corrupt, corrode; to infect.

Cannibal, kán'-nè-bál. *s.* a man-eater.

Cannibalism, kán'-nè-bál-izm. *s.* the manners of a cannibal.

Cannibally, kán'-nè-bál-lé. *ad.* in the manner of a cannibal.

Cannon, kán'-nún. *s.* a large gun.

Cannonade, kán'-nún-nàdè'. *v. a.* to attack or batter with cannon.

Cannonier, kán'-nún-nèer'. *s.* the engineer that manages the cannon.

Cannot, kán'-nót. *v. n.* to be unable.

Canoe, kán'-nòd'. *s.* a boat made by cutting the trunk of a tree into a hollow vessel.

Canon, kán'-ún. *s.* a rule, a law; the books of Holy Scripture; a dignity in a cathedral; a large sort of printing letter.

Canonical, ká-nún'-é-kál. *a.* spiritual, ecclesiastical.

Canonically, ká-nún'-é-kál-lé. *ad.* in a manner agreeable to the canon.

Canonist, kán'-nún-níst. *s.* a professor of the canon law.

Canonization, kán'-nò-nè-zá'-shún. *s.* the act of declaring a saint.

Canonize, kán'-nò-níze. *v. a.* to declare any one a saint.

Canopied, kán'-ò-píd. *a.* covered with a canopy.

Canopy, kán'-ò-pé. *s.* a covering spread over the head.

Canopy, kán'-ò-pé. *v. a.* to cover with a canopy.

Cant, kánt. *s.* a corrupt dialect used by beggars and vagabonds; a form of speaking peculiar to some certain class of men; a whining pretension to goodness.

Cant, kánt. *v. n.* to talk in the jargon of particular professions; to speak with a particular tone.

Cant, kánt. *v. a.* to toss or sling away.

Cantata, kán'-tá-tá. *s.* a song. [lo]p

Canter, kán'-túr. *s.* a hypocrite; a short gallop.

Cantharides, kán'-thár'-é-déz. *s.* Spanish flies used to raise blisters.

Canticle, kán'-tè-kl. *s.* the song of Solomon.

Canto, kán'-tò. *s.* a book or section of a poem.

Canton, kán'-tún. *s.* a small division of land; a clan. [part.]

Canton, kán'-tún. *v. a.* to divide into little parts.

Canvass, kán'-vàs. *s.* a kind of cloth woven for several uses; solicitation upon an election.

Canvass, kán'-vàs. *v. a.* to sift, to examine; to debate, to controvert.

Canvass, kán'-vàs. *v. n.* to solicit.

Canzonet, kán'-zò-nèt'. *s.* a little song.

Cap, káp. *s.* the garment that covers the head.

Cap, káp. *v. a.* to cover the top.

Cap-a-pie, káp'-á-pé'. *a.* from head to foot.

Capability, ká-pá-híl'-é-té. *s.* capacity.

Capable, ká-pá-bl. *a.* intelligent, able, capacious, susceptible; qualified.

Capableness, ká-pá-bl-nès. *s.* the quality or state of being capable.

Capacious, ká-pá'-shús. *a.* wide, large, extensive, equal to great design.

Capaciousness, ká-pá'-shús-nès. *s.* the power of holding, largeness. [qualify]

Capacitate, ká-pás'-é-tàte. *v. a.* to enable, to

Capacity, ká-pás'-é-té. *s.* power, ability; room; condition.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—plnc, pln ;—

Caparison, kâ-pâr-ê-sân. *s.* a sort of cover for a horse.

Caparison, kâ-pâr-ê-sân. *v. a.* to dress pompously.

Cape, kâpe. *s.* a headland, promontory; the neck-piece of a cloak or coat.

Caper, kâ-pâr. *s.* a leap, or jump; an acid pickle.

Caper, kâ-pâr. *v. n.* to dance, to skip for merriment.

Capias, kâ-pê-ûs. *s.* a writ of execution.

Capillary, kâp-pil-lâ-rê. *a.* resembling hairs, small, minute.

Capital, kâp-ê-tâl. *a.* relating to the head; criminal in the highest degree; that which affects life; chief, principal.

Capital, kâp-ê-tâl. *s.* the upper part of a pillar; the chief city of a nation.

Capitally, kâp-ê-tâl-lê. *ad.* in a capital manner, so as to affect life.

Capitation, kâp-ê-tâ-shûn. *s.* numeration by heads.

Capitulate, kâ-pûsh-û-lâte. *v. n.* to draw up any thing in heads or articles; to yield on certain stipulations.

Capitulation, kâ-pûsh-û-lâ-shûn. *s.* stipulation, terms, conditions.

Capon, kâ-pn. *s.* a castrated cock.

Caprice, kâ-prêse. *s.* fancy, whim.

Capricious, kâ-prish-ûs. *a.* whimsical, fanciful.

Capriciousness, kâ-prish-ûs-nês. *s.* humour, whimsicalness.

Capricorn, kâp-prê-kôrn. *s.* one of the signs of the zodiack, the winter solstice.

Capstan, kâp-sân. *s.* a cylinder with levers to wind up any great weight.

Capsular, kâp-shû-lâr. *a.* hollow like a chest.

Capsulated, kâp-shû-lâ-têd. *a.* enclosed, or in a box.

Captain, kâp-ûn. *s.* the commander of a company in a regiment; the chief commander of a ship.

Captainship, kâp-ûn-shîp. *s.* the rank or post [of a captain.]

Captation, kâp-tâ-shûn. *s.* the practice of catering favour.

Caption, kâp-shûn. *s.* the act of taking any person.

Captious, kâp-shûs. *a.* given to cavils, insidious, ensnaring.

Captiously, kâp-shûs-lê. *ad.* with an inclination to object

Captiousness, kâp-shûs-nês. *s.* inclination to object; peevishness.

Capitivate, kâp-tê-vâte. *v. a.* to bring into bondage; to charm, to subdue.

Capitivation, kâp-tê-vâ-shûn. *s.* the act of taking one captive.

Captive, kâp-tiv. *s.* one taken in war; one charmed by beauty.

Captive, kâp-tiv. *a.* made prisoner in war.

Captivity, kâp-tiv-ê-tê. *s.* bondage; slavery

Captor, kâp-tûr. *s.* he that takes a prisoner, or a prize.

Capture, kâp-tshûre. *s.* the act of taking any thing; a prize.

Capuchin, kâp-û-shên'. *s.* a cloak and hood, made in imitation of the dress of capuchin monks.

Car, kâr. *s.* a small carriage of burden; chariot of war.

Carabine, or Carbine, kâr-blne'. *s.* a small sort of fire arms.

Carack, kâr-âk. *s.* a large ship of burden galleon.

Carat, kâr-ât. *s.* a weight of four grains.

Caravan, kâr-â-vân. *s.* a troop or body of merchants or pilgrims.

Caravansary, kâr-â-vân-sâ-rê. *s.* a house for the reception of travellers.

Carbuncle, kâr-bûnk-kl. *s.* a jewel shining in the dark; red spot.

Carcass, kâr-kâs. *s.* a dead body of an animal - the main parts, without completion or ornament; a kind of bomb.

Card, kârd. *s.* a paper painted; a note; the instrument with which wool is combed.

Card, kârd. *v. a.* to comb wool.

Cardiack, kâr-dê-âk. *a.* cordial, invigorating.

Cardinal, kâr-dê-nâl. *a.* principal, chief.

Cardinal, kâr-dê-nâl. *s.* one of the chief governors of the Romish church.

Care, kâre. *s.* solicitude, anxiety, concern; caution; charge.

Care, kâre. *v. n.* to be anxious or solicitous; to be inclined; to be affected with.

Careen, kâr-rêr'. *v. a.* to calk, to stop up leaks.

Career, kâr-rêr'. *s.* a course, a race; full speed

Career, kâr-rêr'. *v. n.* to run with a swift motion.

no, move, ndr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôh;—pôônd;—tûin, THIS.

Careful, kâre'-fûl. *a.* anxious, solicitous, provident, watchful.

Carefully, kâre'-fûl-lê. *ad.* heedfully, watchfully.

Carefulness, kâre'-fûl-nês. *s.* vigilance, caution.

Careless, kâre'-lês. *a.* unconcerned, negligent, heedless, unmindful. [lessy]

Carelessly, kâre'-lês-lê. *ad.* negligently, heed-

Carelessness, kâre'-lês-nês. *s.* heedlessness, inattention.

Carress, kâ-rês'. *v. n.* to endear, to fondle.

Carress, kâ-rês'. *s.* an act of endearment.

Caret, kâ-rêt. *s.* a note which shows where something interlined should be read, as [A]

Cargo, kâr'-gô. *s.* the lading of a ship.

Caricature, kâr'-îk-â-tshûr'. *s.* exaggerated character, redundant in some of its parts, and defective in others.

Caries, kâr'-rê-lz. *s.* rottenness.

Carious, kâr'-rê-ûs. *a.* rotten.

Carle, kârl. *s.* a rude, brutal man, a churl.

Carman, kâr'-mân. *s.* a man whose employment it is to drive carts.

Carmelite, kâr'-mê-lit. *s.* one of the order of White Friars.

Carminative, kâr'-mîn-â-tiv. *s.* something that dispels wind, and promotes insensible perspiration.

Carminative, kâr'-mîn-â-tiv. *a.* belonging to carminatives.

Carmine, kâr'-mîn'. *s.* a powder of a bright red or crimson colour.

Carnage, kâr'-nîdjê. *s.* slaughter, havock.

Carnal, kâr'-nâl. *a.* fleshy, lustful, lecherous.

Carnality, kâr'-nâl-ê-tê. *s.* fleshy lust; grossness of mind.

Carnation, kâr'-nâl-shûn. *s.* the natural flesh-colour; a flower.

Carneous, kâr'-nê-ûs. *a.* fleshy.

Carnival, kâr'-nê-vâl. *s.* the feast hold in Roman Catholic countries before Lent.

Carnivorous, kâr'-nîv'-vô-rûs. *a.* flesh-eating.

Carnous, kâr'-nûs. *a.* fleshy

Carol, kâr'-rûl. *s.* a song of devotion.

Carol, kâr'-rûl. *v. n.* to sing, to warble,

Carol, kâr'-rûl. *v. a.* to praise, to celebrate.

Carousal, kâr'-rû-â-zâl. *s.* a festival.

Carousal, kâr'-rû-â-zâl. *v. n.* to drink, to quaff

Carouser, kâr'-rûl'-zûr. *s.* a drinker, a toper

Carp, kârp. *s.* a pond-fish.

Carp, kârp. *v. n.* to censure, to cawil.

Carpenter, kâr'-pên-tûr. *s.* an artificer in wood

Carpet, kâr'-pî. *s.* a covering for a floor.

Carpet, kâr'-pî. *v. a.* to spread with carpets.

Carping, kâr'-pîng. *part. a.* captious, censorious

Carriage, kâr'-rîdjê. *s.* the act of carrying or transporting; vehicle; behaviour, conduct.

Carrier, kâr'-rê-ûr. *s.* one who carries some thing; a species of pigeon.

Carriion, kâr'-rê-ûn. *s.* the carcass of something not proper for food; corrupted flesh.

Carrot, kâr'-rût. *s.* garden root.

Carroty, kâr'-rût-ê. *a.* spoken of red hair.

Carry, kâr'-rê. *v. a.* to convey; to bear; to be have, to conduct.

Cart, kârt. *s.* a wheel-carriage for luggage

Cart, kârt. *v. a.* to expose in a cart.

Cart, kârt. *v. n.* to use carts for carriage.

Cart-blanche, kârt-blânsh'. *s.* a blank paper be filled up with such conditions as the person to whom it is sent thinks proper.

Cartel, kâr-têl'. *s.* a writing containing stipulations.

Carter, kâr'-tûr. *s.* the man who drives a cart.

Cartilage, kâr'-tê-lîdjê. *s.* a gristle.

Cartilaginous, kâr-tê-lîdjê-ûs. *a.* consisting of gristle.

Cartoon, kâr-tûôn'. *s.* a painting upon large paper.

Cartouch, kâr-tûush'. *s.* a case for balls.

Cartridge, kâr'-trîdjê. *s.* a case of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder.

Cartrut, kâr'-rût. *s.* the track made by a cart-wheel.

Cartwright, kâr'-rîs. *s.* a maker of carts.

Carve, kârv. *v. a.* to eat wood or stone; to cut meat at the table.

Carve, kârv. *v. n.* to exercise the trade of a sculptor; to perform at table the office of supplying the company.

Carver, kâr'-vûr. *s.* a sculptor; he that cuts up the meat at the table.

Carving, kâr'-vûng. *s.* sculpture, figure carved.

Cascade, kâs-kâdê'. *s.* a cataract, a r-fall.

Case, kâs. *s.* a box, a smooth; state ings contingency, the variation of sound.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plnc, pîn;—

- Case, kâse.** *v. a.* to put in a case or cover; to strip off the covering. [the outside.]
- Caseharder, kâse'-hâr-da.** *v. a.* to harden on
- Casement, kâse'-mênt.** *s.* a window opening upon hinges.
- Cash, kâsh.** *s.* money, ready money.
- Cashier, kâ-shêr'.** *s.* he that has charge of the money. [from a post.]
- Cashier, kâ-shêr'.** *v. a.* to discard, to dismiss
- Cask, kâsk.** *s.* a barrel.
- Casket, kâs'-kît.** *s.* a small box for jewels.
- Casque, kâsk.** *s.* a helmet; armour for the head.
- Casrate, kâs'-sâte.** *v. a.* to vacate, to invalidate.
- Cassock, kâs'-sûk.** *s.* a close garment.
- Cast, kâst.** *v. a.* to throw with the hand; to moul; to lay aside; to compute, to reckon; to model, to form.
- Cast, kâst.** *v. n.* to contrive; to admit of a form by casting or melting; to warp.
- Cast, kâst.** *s.* the act of casting or throwing; a throw; motion of the eye; a mould, a form; exterior appearance, manner, air.
- Castaway, kâst'-â-wâ.** *s.* a person lost or abandoned by Providence.
- Castigate, kâs'-tê-gate.** *v. a.* to chastise, to punish. [correction.]
- Castigation, kâs-tê-gâ'-shûn.** *s.* punishment.
- Castigatory, kâs'-tê-gâ-tûr-ê.** *a.* punitive.
- Castle, kâs'-sl.** *s.* a house fortified.
- Castor, kâs'-tûr.** *s.* a beaver.
- Castrate, kâs'-trâte.** *v. a.* to geld.
- Castration, kâs-trâ'-shûn.** *s.* the act of gelding.
- Casual, kâzh'-û-âl.** *a.* accidental, arising from chance. [out design.]
- Casually, kâzh'-û-âl-lê.** *ad.* accidentally, without design.
- Casualty, kâzh'-û-âl-tê.** *s.* accident, a thing happening by chance.
- Casulist, kâzh'-û-îst.** *s.* one that studies and settles cases of conscience.
- Casualistical, kâzh'-û-îs-tê-kâl.** *a.* relating to cases of conscience. [casuist.]
- Casuistry, kâzh'-û-îs-trê.** *s.* the science of a Cat, kât. *s.* a domestic animal; a sort of ship.
- Catachrestical, kât-â-krês'-tê-kû.** *a.* forced, far-fetched. [dation.]
- Cataclysm, kât'-â-kîzm.** *s.* a deluge, an inundation.
- Catacombs, kât'-â-kômz.** *s.* subterraneous cavities for the burial of the dead.
- Catalogue, kât'-â-lôg.** *s.* an enumeration of particulars, a list.
- Cataplasm, kât'-â-plâzm.** *s.* a poultice.
- Cataract, kât'-â-râkt.** *s.* a fall of water, a cascade; a disease of the eyes.
- Catarrh, kâ-târ'.** *s.* a defluxion of a sharp serum from the glands about the head and throat.
- Catastrophe, kâ-tâs-trô-fê.** *s.* the revolution which produces the final event of a dramatick piece; a final event, generally unhappy.
- Catcal, kât'-kâll.** *s.* a squeaking instrument.
- Catch, kâsh.** *v. a.* to lay hold on, to stop, to seize, to ensnare, to entangle.
- Catch, kâsh.** *v. n.* to be contagious, to spread infection.
- Catch, kâsh.** *s.* seizure, the act of seizing; a song sung in succession; an advantage taken; the thing caught; a taint; any thing that catches. [liff]
- Catchpoll, kâsh'-pôle.** *s.* a sergeant, a bumbailiff.
- Catchword, kâsh-wûrd.** *s.* the word at the corner of the page under the last line, which is repeated at the top of the next page.
- Catechetical, kât-ê-kê-tê-kâl.** *a.* consisting of questions and answers.
- Catechise, kât-ê-kêlze.** *n. a.* to instruct by asking questions; to interrogate. [chuse]
- Catechiser, kât-ê-kêl-zûr.** *s.* one who catechises.
- Catechism, kât-ê-kîzm.** *s.* questions and answers concerning religion.
- Catechist, kât-ê-kîst.** *s.* one whose charge is to question the uninstructed concerning religion.
- Catechumen, kât-ê-kû-mên.** *s.* one who is yet in the first rudiments of Christianity. [tve]
- Categorical, kât-ê-gôr-ê-kâl.** *a.* absolute, positive.
- Categorically, kât-ê-gôr-ê-kâl-ê.** *ad.* positively, expressly. [ideas.]
- Category, kât-ê-gôr-ê.** *s.* a class; an order of
- Catenarian, kât-ê-nâ-rê-ân.** *a.* relating to a chain. [convexion.]
- Catenation, kât-ê-nâ-shûn.** *s.* link, regular connection.
- Cater, kâ-tûr.** *v. n.* to provide food, to buy in victuals.
- Caterer, kâ-tûr-ûr.** *s.* a purveyor.
- Cateress, kâ-tûr-rês.** *s.* a woman employed to provide victuals.
- Caterpillar, kât-tûr-pû-tûr.** *s.* a worm; a plaga

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tób, bân;—dñ;—pònd;—chín, TPIA.

- Caterwaul, kát'-túr-wáwi. *v. n.* to make a noise as cats.
- Catgut, kát'-gút. *s.* a kind of cord or gut of which fiddle strings are made; a kind of canvas for ladies' work.
- Cathartic, ká-'thá'-tík. *a.* purgative.
- Cathedral, ká-'thé'-drál. *a.* episcopal, containing the see of a bishop. [diocess.]
- Cathedral, ká-'thé'-drál. *s.* the head church of a catholick, káth'-ó-'lík. *a.* universal or general.
- Catholicon, ká-'thól'-é-kón. *s.* a universal medicine.
- Catoptrical, kát-'óp'-tré-kál. *a.* relating to the catoptricks, or vision by reflection.
- Catoptricks, kát-'óp'-tríks. *s.* that part of opticks which treats of vision by reflection.
- Catup, kátsh'-úp. *s.* a kind of pickle.
- Cattle, kát-'tí. *s.* beasts of pasture, not wild nor domestick.
- Caudle, káw'-dl. *s.* a mixture of wine and other ingredients, given to women in childbirth.
- Caul, káw'. *s.* a chest with holes, to keep fish alive in the water.
- Caught, káwt. *part. pass of to catch.*
- Cauk, káwz. *s.* a coarse, talky spar.
- Caul, káwl. *s.* any kind of small net; the integument in which the guts are enclosed.
- Cauliflower, kál-'lò-'bòò-úr. *s.* a species of cabbage.
- Causable, káw'-zá-'bl. *a.* that may be caused.
- Causal, káw'-zá'l. *a.* relating to causes.
- Causative, káw'-zá-'tv. *a.* that expresses a cause or reason. [liigation; party.]
- Cause, káwz. *s.* a reason, motive, subject of Cause, káwz. *v. a.* to effect as an agent. [motive.]
- Causeless, káwz-'lès. *a.* without just ground or Causelessly, káwz-'lès-'lè. *ad.* without cause, without reason.
- Causey, káw-'zè. { *s.* a way raised and paved above the rest of the ground.
- Causeway, káwz-'wá. } paved above the rest of the ground.
- Caustick, káwz-'dík. *s.* a burning application.
- Cauterization, káw-'túr-ré-zá'-shún. *s.* the act of burning with hot irons.
- Cauterize, káw-'túr-lze. *v. a.* to burn with the caustery.
- Cautery, káw-'túr-ré. *s.* an iron for burning; a caustick medicine.
- Caution, káw'-shún. *s.* prudence, foresight, warning.
- Caution, káw'-shún. *v. a.* to warn, to give notice of a danger.
- Cautionary, káw'-shún-'á-ré. *a.* given as a pledge, or in security.
- Cautious, káw'-shòs. *a.* wary, watchful
- Cautiously, káw'-shòs-'lè. *ad.* in a wary manner.
- Cautiousness, káw'-shòs-'nès. *s.* watchfulness, vigilance, circumspection.
- Cavalcade, káv-'ál-káde. *s.* a procession of horseback.
- Cavaller, káv-'á-'lèr'. *s.* a horseman, a knight.
- Cavalier, káv-'á-'lèr'. *a.* gay, sprightly, generous; haughty. [fully.]
- Cavalierly, káv-'á-'lèr'-lè. *ad.* haughtily, disdain-
- Cavalry, káv-'ál-ré. *s.* horse-troops.
- Cave, kávo. *s.* a cavern, den, hollow place.
- Caveat, ká-'vè-'át. *s.* a law term to prevent proceedings; a warning.
- Cavern, káv-'á-'rn. *s.* a hollow place in the ground.
- Cavernous, káv-'úr-nòs. *a.* full of caverns.
- Cavil, káv-'íl. *s.* a false or frivolous objection.
- Cavil, káv-'íl. *v. n.* to raise frivolous objections
- Caviller, káv-'vít-úr. *s.* a captious disputant
- Cavity, káv-'é-'tè. *s.* hollowness, a hollow.
- Caw, káw. *v. n.* to cry as the rook, or crow
- Cease, sèse. *v. n.* to leave off, stop, give over to be extinct.
- Cease, sèse. *v. a.* to put a stop to.
- Ceaseless, sèse-'lès. *a.* incessant, perpetual, continual.
- Cecity, sè-'è-'tè. *s.* blindness, privation of sight.
- Cedar, sè-'dúr. *s.* a tree, the wood of the cedar-tree. [another.]
- Cede, sède. *v. a.* to yield, to resign, give up to
- Cedrine, sè-'túrín. *a.* belonging to the cedar-tree.
- Cell, sèle. *v. a.* to cover the inner roof of a building.
- Ceiling, sè-'flng. *s.* the inner roof.
- Celebrate, sèl-'lè-bráre. *v. a.* to praise, to commend; to distinguish by solemn rites.
- Celebration, sèl-'è-brá'-shún. *s.* solemn performance, praise, memorial.
- Celebrious, sèl-'lè-bré-'ús. *a.* famous, renowned.
- Celebriously, sèl-'lè-bré-'ús-'lè. *ad.* in a famous manner.
- Celebrity, sè-'lèb-'bré-'tè. *s.* celebration, fame

Fâte, fâr, fâil, fât; —nè, mèt; —pine, pin; —

- Celerity**, sè-lér-rò-tè. *s.* swiftness, speed, velocity.
- Celestial**, sè-lér-tshâil. *a.* heavenly. [en.]
- Celestial**, sè-lér-tshâil. *s.* an inhabitant of heaven.
- Celestially**, sè-lér-tshâil-lé. *ad.* in a heavenly manner.
- Celibacy**, sèl-è-bâ-sè. *s.* single life.
- Cell**, sèl. *s.* a small cavity or hollow place; the cave or little habitation of a religious person; a small and close apartment in a prison.
- Cellar**, sèl-lâr. *s.* a place under ground, where stores are repositèd.
- Cellarage**, sèl-lâr-lêje. *s.* the part of the building which makes the cellars.
- Cellular**, sèl-lâ-lâr. *a.* consisting of little cells or cavities.
- Cement**, sém-mènt. *s.* the matter with which two bodies are made to cohere.
- Cement**, sè-mènt'. *v. a.* to unite by means of something interposed.
- Cement**, sè-mènt'. *v. n.* to come into conjunction, to cohere.
- Cemetery**, sém-mè-tèr-è. *s.* a burial place.
- Cenatory**, sèn-nâ-tûr-è. *a.* relating to supper.
- Cenotaph**, sèn-ò-tâf. *s.* a monument for one elsewhere buried.
- Cense**, sènsè. *s.* publick rates. [burned]
- Censer**, sèn-sûr. *s.* the pan in which incense is
- Censor**, sèn-sôr. *s.* an officer of ancient Rome; one given to censure.
- Censorian**, sèn-sò-rè-ân. *a.* relating to a censor.
- Censorious**, sèn-sò-rè-ûs. *a.* addicted to censure.
- Censoriousness**, sèn-sò-rè-ûs-nès. *s.* disposition to reproach. [sor.]
- Censorship**, sèn-sôr-shîp. *s.* the office of a censor.
- Censurable**, sèn-shû-râ-bl. *a.* culpable.
- Censurableness**, sèn-shû-râ-bl-nès. *s.* blameableness. [proach.]
- Censure**, sèn-shûre. *s.* blame, reprimand, re-
- Censure**, sèn-shûre. *v. a.* to blame.
- Cent**, sènt. *s.* a hundred.
- Centaur**, sèn-tâwr. *s.* a poetical being, supposed to be compounded of a man and a horse; the archer in the zodiack.
- Centenary**, sèn-tè-nâ-rè. *s.* the number of a hundred.
- Centennial**, sèn-tèn-nè-âl. *a.* consisting of a hundred years.
- Centesimal**, sèn-tès-è-mâil. *a.* hundredth.
- Centipede**, sèn-tè-pèd. *s.* a poisonous insect.
- Centre**, sèn-trâl. *a.* relating to the centre.
- Centre**, sèn-tûr. *s.* the middle.
- Centre**, sèn-tûr. *v. a.* to place on a centre.
- Centrick**, sèn-trîk.
- Centrical**, sèn-trîk-âl. } *a.* placed in the centre
- Centrifugal**, sèn-trîf-û-gâl. *a.* having the quality of receding from the centre.
- Centripetal**, sèn-trîp-è-tâl. *a.* having a tendency to the centre.
- Centuple**, sèn-tû-pl. *a.* a hundred fold.
- Centurion**, sèn-tû-rè-ûn. *s.* a military officer who commanded a hundred men.
- Century**, sèn-tshû-rè. *s.* a hundred years.
- Cephalick**, sè-fâl-îk. *a.* medicinal to the head
- Cerato**, sè-râ-t. *s.* a salve made of wax.
- Cerated**, sè-râ-tèd. *a.* waxed.
- Cere**, sère. *v. a.* to cover with wax.
- Cerement**, sèr-mènt. *s.* clothes dipped in melted wax, with which dead bodies were infolded.
- Ceremonial**, sèr-è-mò-nè-âl. *a.* formal, observant of old forms.
- Ceremonial**, sèr-è-mò-nè-âl. *s.* outward form, external rite.
- Ceremonious**, sèr-è-mò-nè-ûs. *a.* full of ceremony, civil and formal to a fault.
- Ceremoniously**, sèr-è-mò-nè-ûs-lé. *ad.* in a ceremonious manner, formally.
- Ceremony**, sèr-è-mò-nè. *s.* external form in religion; forms of civility; outward forms of state. [mimed]
- Certain**, sèr-tûn. *a.* sure, indubitable; deter-
- Certainly**, sèr-tûn-lé. *ad.* indubitably, without fail. [firè.]
- Certainty**, sèr-tûn-tè. *s.* that which is real and
- Certes**, sèr-tèz. *ad.* certainly, in truth.
- Certificate**, sèr-tîf-è-kèt. *s.* testimony in writing
- Certify**, sèr-tè-fî. *v. a.* to give certain information.
- Certiorari**, sèr-shè-ò-râ-ri. *s.* a writ issuing out of the Chancery, to call up the records of a cause therein depending. [from doubt.]
- Certitude**, sèr-tè-tûde. *s.* certainty, freedom
- Cerulean**, sè-rû-lè-ân. } *a.* blue, sky-coloured.
- Ceruleous**, sè-rû-lè-ûs. }
- Cerumen**, sè-rû-mèn. *s.* the wax of the ear.
- Ceruse**, sè-rûse. *s.* white lead.

nd, ndve, ndr, ndr;—tâbe, tâb, bâll;—ôll;—pôund;—thin, THIS.

Cess, s^{ts}. *s.* an assessment; the act of laying rates.

Cessation, s^{ts}-s^{ts}-shùn. *s.* a stop, a rest, a vac-

Cessible, s^{ts}-s^{ts}-bl. *a.* easy to give way.

Cession, s^{ts}h'-shùn. *s.* the act of giving way; resignation.

Cessment, s^{ts}-m^{nt}. *s.* an assessment or tax.

Cestus, s^{ts}-ûs. *s.* the girdle of Venus.

Cetaceous, s^{ts}-tâ'-shûa. *a.* of the whale kind.

Chafe, tshâfe. *v. a.* to warm with rubbing; to make angry.

Chafe, tshâfe. *v. n.* to fret, to fume.

Chafe, tshâfe. *s.* a heat, rage, fury.

Chaff, tshâf. *s.* the husks of corn.

Chaffer, tshâf'-fûr. *v. n.* to haggle, to bargain.

Chafferer, tshâf'-fûr-rûr. *s.* a buyer, bargainer.

Chaffy, tshâf'-fê. *a.* like chaff, full of chaff.

Chafingdish, tshâ'-fing'-dîsh. *s.* a portable grate for coals.

Chagrin, shâ'-grêen'. *s.* ill humour, vexation.

Chagrin, shâ'-grêen'. *v. a.* to vex, to put out of temper.

Chain, tshâne. *s.* a series of links.

Chain, tshâne. *v. a.* to fasten with a chain.

Chair, tshâre. *s.* a moveable seat; a sedan.

Chairman, tshâre'-mân. *s.* the president of an assembly; one who carries a chair. [pedition.

Chaise, shâze. *s.* a carriage of pleasure or ex-

Chaldron, tshâl'-drân. *s.* a measure of 36 bushels.

Chalice, tshâl'-îs. *s.* a communion cup.

Chalk, tshâwk. *s.* a white fossil.

Chalk, tshâwk. *v. a.* to rub or mark with chalk.

Chalky, tshâwk'-kê. *a.* consisting of chalk.

Challenge, tshâl'-lênje. *v. a.* to call to a contest; to accuse; to claim.

Challenge, tshâl'-lênje. *s.* a summons to combat; a demand of something as due.

Chaitybeats, kâ'-tî'-bê-êt. *a.* impregnated with iron or steel.

Chamber, tshâmê'-bûr. *s.* an apartment in a house, generally used for those appropriated to lodging. [intrigue.

Chamber, tshâmê'-bûr. *v. n.* to be wanton, to

Chamberlain, tshâmê'-bûr'-lîn. *s.* the sixth officer of the crown; a servant who has the care of the chambers.

Chambermaid, tshâmê'-bûr'-mâde. *s.* a maid whose business is to dress a lady.

Champ, tshâmp. *v. a.* to bite with a frequent action of the teeth.

Champ, tshâmp. *v. n.* to perform frequently the action of biting.

Champaign, shâm-pânê'. *s.* a kind of wine; a flat, open country. [room.

Champignon, shâm-plîn'-yûn. *s.* a kind of mushroom.

Champion, tshâm'-pê-în. *s.* a hero, a stout warrior.

Chance, tshânse. *s.* fortune, accident.

Chance, tshânse. *v. n.* to happen, to fall out.

Chance-medley, tshânse-mêd'-lê. *s.* the casual slaughter of a man, not altogether without the fault of the slayer. [church.

Chancel, tshân'-sêl. *s.* the eastern part of the

Chancellor, tshân'-sêl-lâr. *s.* an officer of the highest power in the court where he presides.

Chancery, tshân'-sêr-ê. *s.* the court of equity and conscience.

Chandelier, shân-dê-lêr'. *s.* a branch for candles. [make candles.

Chandler, tshând'-lâr. *s.* one whose trade is to

Change, tshânje. *v. a.* to put one thing in the place of another; to discount a larger piece of money into several smaller; to alter.

Change, tshânje. *v. n.* to undergo change, to suffer alteration. [small money.

Change, tshânje. *s.* an alteration; a novelty;

Changeable, tshânje'-â-bl. *a.* fickle, inconstant.

Changeableness, tshânje'-â-bl-nês. *s.* inconstancy, fickleness.

Changeably, tshânje'-â-blê. *ad.* inconstantly.

Changeling, tshânje'-lîng. *s.* a child left in the place of another; an idiot; one apt to change.

Channel, tshân'-nêl. *s.* the hollow bed of running waters; any cavity drawn longways; a strait or narrow sea.

Channel, tshân'-nêl. *v. a.* to cut in channels.

Chant, tshânt. *v. a.* to sing; to sing in the cathedral service.

Chant, tshânt. *s.* song, melody.

Chanter, tshânt'-têr. *s.* a singer. [his crow.

Chanticleer, tshânt'-lê-kleêr. *s.* the cock, from

Chantress, tshânt'-trêss. *s.* a woman singer.

Chaos, kâ'-ôs. *s.* confusion, irregular mixture.

Chaotick, kâ'-ôv'-îk. *a.* resembling chaos, confused.

Chap, tshôp. *v. a.* to divide, to open

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Chap, tshâp. *s.* a cleft, a chink; the upper or under part of a beast's mouth.
- Chape, tshâpe. *s.* the catch of anything by which it is held in its place.
- Chapel, tshâp'-êl. *s.* a place of divine worship.
- Chapelry, tshâp'-pêl-rê. *s.* the bounds of a chapel. [shrunken]
- Chaplain, tshâp'-fâln. *a.* having the mouth
- Chaplain, tshâp' in. *s.* he that attends the king, or other great person, to perform divine service.
- Chaplet, tshâp'-lêt. *s.* a garland or wreath to be worn about the head.
- Chapman, tshâp'-mân. *s.* a cheapener, one that offers as a purchaser.
- Chapter, tshâp'-tûr. *s.* a division of a book; an assembly of the clergy of the cathedral.
- Char, tshâr. *s.* work done by the day.
- Char, tshârê. *v. n.* to work at others' houses by the day.
- Character, kâr'-âk-tûr. *s.* a mark, a representation; a letter; a representation of any man as to his personal qualities; the person with his assemblage of qualities.
- Characteristick, kâr'-âk-tê-ris'-ûk. *a.* pointing out the true character.
- Characteristick, kâr'-âk-tê-ris'-ûk. *s.* that which constitutes the character.
- Characterize, kâr'-âk-tê-rize. *v. a.* to give a character, to mark, describe. [wood]
- Charcoal, tshâr'-kôle. *s.* coal made by burning
- Charge, tshârje. *v. a.* to intrust; to impute, to accuse; to command; to attack; to load a gun.
- Charge, tshârje. *s.* care, custody; command; accusation; thing intrusted; cost; attack; the quantity of powder and ball put into a gun.
- Chargeable, tshâr'-jâ-bl. *a.* expensive; imputable; accusable.
- Chargeableness, tshâr'-jâ-bl-nês. *s.* expense, costliness.
- Chargeably, tshâr'-jâ-blê. *ad.* expensively.
- Charger, tshâr'-jûr. *s.* a large dish; an officer's horse.
- Charily, tshâr'-rê-lê. *ad.* warily, frugally.
- Chariness, tshâr'-rê-nês. *s.* caution, nicety.
- Chariot, tshâr'-rê-ût. *s.* a carriage of pleasure or state.
- Charioteer, tshâr'-rê-ût-têr'. *s.* he that drives a chariot.
- Charitable, tshâr'-ê-tâ-bl. *a.* kind in giving alms, or in judging of others.
- Charitably, tshâr'-ê-tâ-blê. *ad.* kindly, liberally benevolently.
- Charity, tshâr'-ê-tê. *s.* kindness, love; liberality to the poor; alms.
- Chark, tshârk. *v. a.* to burn to a black cinder.
- Charm, tshârm. *s.* a spell or enchantment.
- Charm, tshârm. *v. s.* to make powerful by charms; to subdue by some secret power.
- Charmer, tshâr'-mûr. *s.* one that has the power of enchantment; one that captivates the heart.
- Charming, tshâr'-mûng part *a.* pleasing in the highest degree.
- Charmingly, tshâr'-mûng-tê. *ad.* in such a manner as to please exceedingly.
- Charnel-house, tshâr'-nêl-hôûse. *s.* the place where the bones of the dead are repositied.
- Chart, kâr't, or tshâr't. *s.* delineation of coasts
- Charter, tshâr'-tûr. *s.* a writing bestowing privileges or rights.
- Chartered, tshâr'-tûrd. *s.* privileged.
- Chary, tshâr'-rê. *a.* careful, cautious.
- Chase, tshâse. *v. a.* to hunt; to pursue.
- Chase, tshâse. *s.* pursuit; hunting match; the game hunted; open ground stored with game.
- Chasm, kâzm. *s.* a cleft, a gap, an opening.
- Chaste, tshâste. *a.* pure from all commerce of sexes; uncorrupt; true to the marriage bed
- Chasten, tshâse'-tû. *v. a.* to correct, to punish.
- Chastise, tshâs tze'. *v. a.* to punish, to correct
- Chastisement, tshâs'-tîz-mênt. *s.* correction, punishment.
- Chastity, tshâs'-tê-tê. *s.* purity of the body.
- Chastly, tshâs'-tê. *ad.* without incontinence, purely.
- Chastness, tshâs'-tê-nês. *s.* chastity, purity.
- Chat, tshât. *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly.
- Chat, tshât. *s.* idle talk, prate.
- Chattel, tshât'-tî. *s.* any moveable possession.
- Chatter, tshât'-tûr. *v. n.* to make a noise as birds; to talk idly or carelessly.
- Chatter, tshât'-tûr. *s.* noise like that of a peacock or monkey; idle prate.

nd, mōve, ndr, nōt;—tābe tōb, bōll;—ōll;—pōōnd;—ōin, tōis.

- Chatty**, tshā't-tē. *a.* liberal of conversation.
Cheap, tshēpa. *a.* to be had at a low rate.
Cheaper, tshē'pa. *v. a.* to bid for any thing; to lessen value. [low rate.]
Cheaply, tshēpa'-lē. *ad.* at a small price, at a cheapness, tshēpa'-nēa. *s.* lowness of price.
Cheat, tshēte. *v. a.* to defraud, to impose upon, to trick.
Heat, tshēte. *s.* a fraud, a trick, an imposture; a person guilty of fraud.
Cheater, tshē'tūr. *s.* one that practises fraud.
Check, tshēk. *v. a.* to repress, to curb.
Check, tshēk. *v. n.* to stop, to clash, to interfere.
Check, tshēk. *s.* restraint, curb, reproof.
Checker, } tshēk'-ūr. } *v. a.* to variegate or dis-
Chequer, } } verify.
Check, tshēk. *s.* the side of the face below the eye; a general name among mechanics for those pieces of their machines that are double.
Cheer, tshēer. *s.* entertainment, provisions; temper of mind.
Cheer, tshēer. *v. a.* to incite, to encourage, to comfort, to gladden.
Cheer, tshēer. *v. n.* to grow gay or gladsome.
Cheerful, tshēer'-fūl. *a.* gay, full of life or mirth.
Cheerfully, tshēer'-fūl-lē. *ad.* without objection, with gaiety.
Cheerfulness, tshēer'-fūl-nēa. *s.* freedom from dejection, alacrity.
Cheerless, tshēer'-lēa. *a.* without gaiety, comfort, or gladness.
Cheerly, tshēer'-lē. *a.* gay, cheerful, not gloomy.
Cheerly, tshēer'-lē. *ad.* cheerfully.
Cheery, tshēer'-rē. *a.* gay, sprightly.
Cheese, tshēze. *s.* food made by pressing the curd of milk.
Cheesecake, tshēze'-kake. *s.* a cake of curds, sugar, and butter.
Cheesemonger, tshēze'-mōng-gūr. *s.* one who deals in cheese. [cheese.]
Cheesy, tshēz'-zē. *a.* having the nature of
Cherish, tshēr'-rish. *v. a.* to support, sustain, nurse up. [supporter.]
Cherisher, tshēr'-rish-ūr. *s.* an encourager, a
Cherub, tshēr'-ūb. *s.* a celestial spirit.
Cherubick, tshēr'-rū'-līk. *a.* relating to the cherubim.
- Cherubim**, tshēr'-ū-bīm. *s.* the Hebrew plural of cherub.
Cherup, tshēr'-ūp. *v. n.* to chirp, to use a cheerful voice.
Chess, tshēs. *s.* an intricate game in imitation of a battle between two armies.
Chess-board, tshēs'-bōrd. *s.* the board on which the game of chess is played.
Chess-man, tshēs'-mān. *s.* a puppet for chess.
Chest, tshēst. *s.* a box of wood or other materials. [tree; a brown colour.]
Chestnut, tshēs'-nūt. *s.* the fruit of the chestnut
Chevalier, shēv'-ā-lēer'. *s.* a knight.
Chevaux-de-frise, shēv'-ō-dē-frēze'. *s.* a piece of timber traversed with wooden spikes pointed with iron, used in defending a passage, a rampikē, or tourniquet.
Chew, tshōō. *v. a.* to grind with the teeth, to masticate; to taste without swallowing.
Chew, tshōō. *v. n.* to champ upon; to ruminate.
Chicane, shē-kāne'. *s.* artifice in general.
Chicanery, shē-kā-nūr-ē. *s.* sophistry.
Chick, tshīk.
Chicken, tshīk'-īn. } *s.* the young of a hen.
Chickenhearted, tshīk'-īn-hār-tēd. *a.* cowardly, fearful. [proach.]
Chide, tshīde. *v. a.* to reprove; to blame, to re-
Chide, tshīde. *v. n.* to clamour, to scold.
Chief, tshēef. *a.* principal, eminent, of the first order.
Chief, tshēef. *s.* a commander, a leader.
Chiefly, tshēef'-lē. *ad.* principally, eminently.
Chieftain, tshēef'-īn. *s.* a leader, the head of a clan.
Chilblain, tshīl'-blāne. *s.* a sore made by frost.
Child, tshīd. *s.* an infant; one in the line of filiation, opposed to the parent.
Childbearing, tshīd'-bā-rīng. *s.* the act of bearing children.
Childbed, tshīd'-bēd. *s.* the state of a woman bringing a child.
Childbirth, tshīd'-bār'th. *s.* travail, labour.
Childhood, tshīd'-hūd. *s.* the time of life between infancy and puberty; the properties of a child.
Childish, tshīd'-īsh. *a.* trifling, trivial, puerile.
Childishly, tshīd'-īsh-lē. *ad.* in a childish, trifling way.

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât, —mê, mêt, —plio, plin, —

- Childishness, tshild'-hâ-nês. *s.* puerility, triflingness.
- Childless, tshild'-lês. *a.* without children.
- Childlike, tshild'-llkê. *a.* becoming a child.
- Chiffadeon, khl'-ê-ê'-drôn. *s.* a figure of a thousand sides.
- Chill, tshil'. *a.* cold, dejected, discouraged.
- Chill, tshû. *s.* chulness, cold. [deject.
- Chill, tshil'. *v. a.* to make cold; to depress, to
- Chilliness, tshil'-lê-nês. *s.* a sensation of shivering, cold.
- Chilly, tshil'-lê. *a.* somewhat cold.
- Chilness, tshil'-nês. *s.* coldness, want of warmth.
- Chirac, tshino. *s.* correspondence of sound; the sound of bells struck with hammers.
- Chime, tshime. *v. n.* to sound in harmony; to jingle.
- Chime, tshime. *v. a.* to make to sound harmonically; to strike a bell with a hammer.
- Chimera, kè-mê'-rà. *s.* a vain and wild fancy.
- Chimerical, kè-mê'-rê-kâl. *a.* imaginary, fantastick.
- Chimney, tshim'-nê. *s.* the passage through which the smoke ascends.
- Chimneypiece, tshim'-nê-pêês. *s.* the ornamental piece round the fireplace.
- Chin, tshin. *s.* the part of the face beneath the under lip.
- China, tshâ'-nê, or tshl'-nâ. *s.* china ware, porcelain.
- Chincough, tshin'-kôf. *s.* a violent and convulsive cough.
- Chine, tshine. *s.* the part of the back in which the backbone is found.
- Chine, tshine. *v. a.* to cut into chimes.
- Chink, tshink. *s.* a small aperture longwise.
- Chink, tshuk. *v. a.* to shake so as to make a sound. [other.
- Chink, tshink. *v. n.* to sound by striking each
- Chints, tshints. *s.* cloth of cotton made in India.
- Chip, tship. *v. a.* to cut into small pieces.
- Chip, tship. *s.* a small piece taken off by a cutting instrument.
- Chirographer, kl-rôg'-grâ-fûr. *s.* he that exercises writing. [ing.
- Chirography, kl-rôg'-grâ-fê. *s.* the art of writing.
- Chirp, tsherp. *v. n.* to make a cheerful noise, as birds.
- Chirurgion, kl-rûr'-jê-ûn. *s.* one that cures ailments by outward applications; a surgeon
- Chisel, tshê'-zli. *s.* an instrument with which wood or stone is pared away.
- Chisel, tshz'-zli. *v. a.* to cut with a chisel.
- Chit, tshh. *s.* a child; a shoot of corn.
- Chit, tshh. *v. n.* to sprout.
- Chit-chat, tshit'-tshât. *s.* prattle, idle prate.
- Chivalry, tshiv'-âl-rê. *s.* knighthood, a military dignity.
- Chocolate, tshôk'-ô-lâte. *s.* the mass made by grinding the kernel of the cocoa-nut, to be dissolved in hot water; the liquor made by a solution of chocolate.
- Choice, tshôse. *s.* election; the power of choosing; the thing chosen.
- Choice, tshôse. *a.* select, of great value; fruitful, careful.
- Choicely, tshôse'-lê. *ad.* curiously, with exact choice. [value.
- Choiceness, tshôse'-nês. *s.* nicety, particular
- Choir, kwire. *s.* a set of singers.
- Choke, tshôke. *v. a.* to suffocate; to stop up; to suppress. [artichoke.
- Choke, tshôke. *s.* the filamentous part of an
- Choke-pear, tshôke'-pâre. *s.* a rough, unpalatable pear; a sarcasm that stops the mouth
- Choler, kôl'-lâr. *s.* the bile; anger.
- Cholerick, kôl'-lâr-rik. *a.* angry, irascible.
- Choose, tshôze. *v. a.* to select, to pick out of a number.
- Choose, tshôze. *v. n.* to have the power of choice.
- Chop, tshôp. *v. a.* to cut with a quick blow to devour eagerly.
- Chop, tshôp. *v. n.* to do any thing with a quick motion; to light or happen upon a thing.
- Chop, tshôp. *s.* a small piece of meat; a crack or clef.
- Chop-house, tshôp'-hûse. *s.* a house of ready entertainment.
- Chopping, tshôp'-plng. *a.* large, well grown.
- Choppy, tshôp'-pê. *a.* full of holes or cracks.
- Chops, tshôps. *s.* the mouth of a beast.
- Choral, kô'-râl. *a.* singing in a choir.
- Chord, kôrd. *s.* the string of a musical instrument; a right line, which joins the two ends of any arch of a circle.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—dít;—pòdnd;—thin, THIS.

- Chord, kòrd.** *v. a.* to furnish with strings.
- Chorster, kwlr'-ris-tòr.** *s.* a singer in cathedrals.
- Chorography, kò-ròg'-grà-fè.** *s.* the art of describing particular regions.
- Chorus, kò'-ròs.** *s.* a number of singers, a concert; verses of a song in which the company join the singer.
- Chose, tshòse.** *pret. of to choose.*
- Chosen, tshò'-zn.** *part. pass. of to choose.*
- Chouse, tshòuse.** *v. a.* to cheat, to trick.
- Chouse, tshòuse.** *s.* a bubble, a tool; a trick or sham.
- Christen, krís'-sn.** *v. a.* to baptize, to name.
- Christendom, krís'-sa-dòm.** *s.* the collective body of Christianity.
- Christening, krís'-su-ìng.** *s.* the ceremony of baptizing.
- Christian, krís'-yàn.** *s.* a professor of the religion of Christ. [of Christ.
- Christian, krís'-yàn.** *a.* professing the religion
- Christianity, krís'-tshè-àn'-tè.** *s.* the religion of Christians.
- Christianize, krís'-yàn-ize.** *v. a.* to make Christian.
- Christmas, krís'-màs.** *s.* the feast of the nativity of our blessed Saviour.
- Chromatick, krò-mát'-ìk.** *a.* relating to colour; relating to a certain species of ancient musick.
- Chronical, kròn'-è-kál.** } *a.* of long duration.
- Chronick, kròn'-ìk.** }
- Chronicle, kròn'-è-kl.** *s.* a register of events in order of time.
- Chronicle, kròn'-è-kl.** *v. a.* to record in history.
- Chronicler, kròn'-è-klàr.** *s.* a writer of chronicles; an historian.
- Chronogram, kròn'-ò-gràm.** *s.* an inscription including the date of any action.
- Chronologer, krò-nòl'-ò-jàr.** *s.* he that studies or explains the science of computing past times. [to time.
- Chronological, kròn-nò-lòdje'-è-kál.** *a.* relating
- Chronologically, kròn-nò-lòdje'-è-kál-lè.** *ad.* in a chronological manner.
- Chronologist, krò-nòl'-ò-jist.** *s.* one that studies or explains time.
- Chronology, krò-nòl'-ò-jè.** *s.* the science of computing and adjusting the periods of time.
- Chrysalis, krís'-sà-lis.** *s.* the first apparent change of the maggot of any species of insects.
- Chrysolite, krís'-sò-lite.** *s.* a precious stone of a dusky green, with a cast of yellow.
- Chuck, tshòk.** *v. a.* to make a noise like a hen.
- Chuck, tshòk.** *v. a.* to cail as a hen; to give a gentle blow under the chin.
- Chuck, tshòk.** *s.* the voice of a hen; a word of endearment.
- Chuckle, tshòk'-kl.** *v. n.* to laugh vehemently.
- Chuckle, tshòk'-kl.** *v. a.* to call as a hen; to fondle.
- Chuff, tshòf.** *s.* a blunt clown.
- Chuffiness, tshòf'-fè-nès.** *s.* clownishness.
- Churn, tshùrn.** *s.* a chamber fellow. [wood.
- Chump, tshùmp.** *s.* a thick, heavy piece of
- Church, tshùrtsh.** *s.* the collective body of Christians; the place which Christians consecrate to the worship of God.
- Church, tshùrtsh.** *v. a.* to perform the office of returning thanks after childbirth.
- Churchman, tshùrtsh'-màn.** *s.* a clergyman; an adherent to the church.
- Churchyard, tshùrtsh'-yàrd.** *s.* the ground adjoining to the church; a cemetery. [yard.
- Churl, tshùrl.** *s.* a rustic; a rude man; a nig-
- Churlish, tshùr'-lìsh.** *a.* rude, brutal; avaricious.
- Churlishly, tshùr'-lìsh-lè.** *ad.* rudely, brutally.
- Churlishness, tshùr'-lìsh-nès.** *s.* brutality, ruggedness of manner. [made.
- Churn, tshùrn.** *s.* the vessel in which butter is
- Churn, tshùrn.** *v. a.* to shake any thing by a violent motion; to make butter.
- Chyle, kile.** *s.* the white juice formed in the stomach.
- Chymical, kìm'-è-kál.** *a.* relating to chymistry.
- Chymically, kìm'-è-kál-lè.** *ad.* in a chymical manner.
- Chymist, kìm'-mèt.** *s.* a professor of chymistry.
- Chymistry, kìm'-mèt.** *s.* the art or process by which the different substances found in mixed bodies are separated by means of fire.
- Cicatrice, sùk'-à-tris.** *s.* the scar remaining after a wound.
- Cicatrize, sùk'-à-trize.** *v. a.* to apply such medicines to wounds as skin them

Fine, fâr, fâil, fât ;—mê, mât ;—ploe, pto ;—

- Cicurate**, sîr'-d-râte. *v. a.* to tame, to reclaim from wildness. [and fermented.]
- Cider**, sî'-dâr. *s.* the juice of apples expressed
- Cititious**, sê-lâh'-ô. *a.* made of hair.
- Cimeter**, sîm'-ê-tôr. *s.* a sort of sword
- Cincture**, sîngk'-tshêre. *s.* something worn round the body ; a ring. [flame.]
- Cinder**, sîh'-dâr. *s.* a coal that has ceased to
- Cineritious**, sîh'-ê-rîsh'-ô. *a.* having the form or state of ashes.
- Cinnabar**, sîh'-nâ-hâr. *s.* a mineral consisting of mercury and sulphur.
- Cinnamon**, sîh'-nâ-nân. *s.* the fragrant bark of a tree in the island of Ceylon.
- Cinque**, sîngk. *s.* a five.
- Cinque-ports**, sîngk'-pôrts. *s.* five havens that lie towards France.
- Cion**, sî'-ân. *s.* a sprout, a shoot from a plant.
- Cipher**, sî'-fâr. *s.* an arithmetical character ; an intertexture of letters.
- Cipher**, sî'-fâr. *v. n.* to practise arithmetick.
- Cipher**, sî'-fâr. *v. a.* to write in occult characters.
- Circle**, sêr'-kl. *s.* a curve-line continued till it ends where it began ; a round body ; a company. [enclose, to confine.]
- Circle**, sêr'-kl. *v. a.* to move round any thing, to
- Circle**, sêr'-kl. *v. n.* to move circularly.
- Circlelet**, sêr'-klî. *s.* a little circle.
- Circuit**, sêr'-klî. *s.* the act of moving round ; extent measured by travelling round ; visitation of the judges for holding assizes.
- Circuit**, sêr'-klî. *v. n.* to move circularly.
- Circuitous**, sêr'-kî'-ê-tô. *a.* round about.
- Circular**, sêr'-kî-lâr. *a.* round like a circle.
- Circularity**, sêr'-kî-lâr'-ê-tê. *s.* a circular form.
- Circulate**, sêr'-kî-lâte. *v. a.* to move in a circle.
- Circulate**, sêr'-kî-lâte. *v. a.* to put about.
- Circulation**, sêr'-kî-lâ-shûn. *s.* motion in a circle ; a reciprocal interchange of meaning.
- Circulatory**, sêr'-kî-lâ-târ-ê. *a.* belonging to circulation.
- Circumamboncy**, sêr'-kûm-âm'-bê-ên-sê. *s.* the act of encompassing.
- Circumambient**, sêr'-kûm-âm'-bê-ênt. *a.* surrounding, encompassing.
- Circumambulate**, sêr'-kûm-âm'-bû-lâte. *v. n.* to walk round about.
- Circumcise**, sêr'-kûm-size. *v. a.* to cut the prepuce.
- Circumcision**, sêr'-kûm-sîzh'-shûn. *s.* the rite or act of cutting off the foreskin.
- Circumduct**, sêr'-kûm-dôkt'. *v. a.* to contra-vene ; to nullify.
- Circumduction**, sêr'-kûm-dôkt'-shûn. *s.* nullification, cancellation.
- Circumference**, sêr'-kûm'-fê-rênsê. *s.* the line including and surrounding any thing ; an orb a circle.
- Circumflex**, sêr'-kûm-fîeks. *s.* an accent used to regulate the pronunciation of syllables.
- Circumfluence**, sêr'-kûm-fli'-ênse. *s.* an enclosure of waters.
- Circumfluent**, sêr'-kûm-fli'-ênt. *a.* flowing round any thing.
- Circumfluous**, sêr'-kûm-fli'-ô. *a.* environing with waters.
- Circumfuse**, sêr'-kûm-fûze'. *v. a.* to pour round.
- Circumfusion**, sêr'-kûm-fû-zhûn. *s.* the act of spreading round.
- Circumgirate**, sêr'-kûm-jê-râte. *v. n.* to roll round.
- Circumjacent**, sêr'-kûm-jâ-sênt. *a.* lying round any thing.
- Circumlocution**, sêr'-kûm-lô-kû-shûn. *s.* a circuit of words ; the use of indirect expressions.
- Circumlocutory**, sêr'-kûm-lô-kû-ô-tô-rê. *a.* depending on circumlocution.
- Circumwalled**, sêr'-kûm-mûrd'. *a.* walled round
- Circumnavigation**, sêr'-kûm-nâv-ê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of sailing round.
- Circumrotation**, sêr'-kûm-rô-tâ-shûn. *s.* the act of whirling round.
- Circumrotatory**, sêr'-kûm-rô-tâ-tô-rê. *a.* whirling round.
- Circumscribe**, sêr'-kûm-skrîbe'. *v. a.* to enclose ; to bound, confine.
- Circumscription**, sêr'-kûm-skrîp'-shûn. *s.* determination of particular form or magnitude ; limitation.
- Circumspect**, sêr'-kûm-spêkt. *a.* cautious, attentive, watchful.
- Circumspection**, sêr'-kûm-spêk'-shûn. *s.* caution.
- Circumspective**, sêr'-kûm-spêk'-tîv. *a.* attentive, vigilant, cautious.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tábe, táb, báll; —òh; —pòand; —win, rris.

Circumspectly, sèr'-kùm-spèkt-lè. *ad.* watchfully, vigilantly.

Circumstance, sèr'-kùm-stánsè. *s.* incident, event; state of affairs.

Circumstance, sèr'-kùm-stánsè. *v. a.* to place in particular situation, or relation to the things.

Circumstantial, sèr'-kùm-stán-shál. *a.* accidental; incidental; detailed, minute.

Circumstantially, sèr'-kùm-stán-shál-lè. *ad.* according to circumstances; minutely, exactly.

Circumstantiate, sèr'-kùm-stán-shé-té. *v. a.* to place in particular circumstances, or in a particular condition.

Circumvallate, sèr'-kùm-vál-lá-té. *v. a.* to enclose with trenches or fortifications.

Circumvallation, sèr'-kùm-vál-lá-shún. *s.* the fortification thrown up round a place besieged.

Circumvent, sèr'-kùm-vènt'. *v. a.* to deceive, to cheat. [imposture.]

Circumvention, sèr'-kùm-vènt'-shún. *s.* fraud.

Circumvest, sèr'-kùm-vèst'. *v. a.* to cover round with a garment; to surround.

Circumvolve, sèr'-kùm-vól-vé. *v. a.* to roll round.

Circumvolution, sèr'-kùm-vól-lú-shún. *s.* the act of rolling round.

Circus, sèr'-kús. *s.* a space or area for sports.

Cistern, sís'-tárn. *s.* a receptacle of water for domestic uses.

Cit, sh. *s.* an inhabitant of a city; a pert, low townsman.

Citadel, sív'-á-dèl. *s.* a fortress, a castle.

Cital, sív'-tèl. *s.* summons, citation, quotation.

Citation, sív'-lá-shún. *s.* the calling a person before the judge; quotation from another author.

Cite, sív. *v. a.* to summon to answer; to quote.

Citer, sív'-tèr. *s.* one who cites into a court; one who quotes.

Cithern, síh'-úr'n. *s.* a kind of harp.

Citizen, sív'-tèz'n. *s.* a freeman of a city.

Citrine, sív'-rín. *a.* lemon-coloured.

Citron, sív'-trún. *s.* a large kind of lemon.

City, sív'-tè. *s.* a town corporate, that hath a City, sív'-tè. *a.* relating to the city. [bishop.]

Civet, sív'-h. *s.* a perfume from the civet cat.

Civic, sív'-ík. *a.* relating to civil honours.

Civil, sív'-íl. *a.* relating to the community, political; intestine; civilized; complaisant, well bred.

Civilian, sè-víl'-yán. *s.* one that professes the knowledge of the old Roman law.

Civility, sè-víl'-tè-tè. *s.* freedom from barbarity politeness, complaisance, elegance of behaviour.

Civilize, sív'-íl-líze. *v. a.* to reclaim from savageness and brutality.

Civily, sív'-íl-lè. *ad.* politely, complaisantly.

Clack, klák. *s.* any thing that makes a clacking and importunate noise.

Clack, klák. *v. n.* to make a clacking noise; to let the tongue run.

Clad, klád. *part. pres. of clothe.* clothed, invested

Claim, kláme. *v. a.* to demand of right, to require authoritatively.

Claim, kláme. *s.* a demand; a title.

Claimable, klá'-má-bl. *a.* that may be demanded as due.

Claimant, klá'-mánt. *s.* he that demands.

Claimer, klá'-mèr. *s.* a her that makes a demand

Clamber, klám'-bár. *v. n.* to climb with difficulty.

Clammy, klám. *v. n.* to clog with any glutinous matter.

Clamminess, klám'-mè-nès. *s.* viscosity, viscosity.

Clammy, klám'-mè. *a.* viscous, glutinous!

Clamorous, klán'-múr-ús. *a.* vociferous, noisy.

Clamour, klám'-múr. *s.* outcry, noise, vociferation. [ciferatè]

Clamour, klám'-múr. *v. n.* to exclaim, to voc

Clan, klán. *s.* a family; a race.

Clandestine, klán-dès'-tín. *a.* secret, hidden.

Clandestinely, klán-dès'-tín-lè. *ad.* secretly.

Clang, kláng. *s.* a sharp, shrill noise.

Clang, kláng. *v. n.* to clatter, to make a loud shrill noise.

Clangour, kláng'-gúr. *s.* a loud, shrill sound.

Clank, klángk. *s.* a loud, sharp noise.

Clap, kláp. *v. a.* to strike together with a quick motion; to praise by clapping the hands.

Clap, kláp. *s.* a loud noise made by sudden collision; an explosion; an act of applause.

Clapper, kláp'-púr. *s.* one who claps with his hands; the tongue of a bell.

Clare-obscure, kláre-ób-skúre. *s.* light and shade in painting.

Claret, klár'-èt. *s.* French wine.

Fâc, fâr. fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plac, pla;—

- Clarification, klâr-ê-sê-kâ'-shûn.** *s.* the act of making clear.
- Clarify, klâr-ê-sî.** *v. a.* to purify; to brighten.
- Clarion, klâr-ê-yûn.** *s.* a trumpet.
- Clarity, klâr-ê-tê.** *s.* brightness, splendour.
- Clash, klâsh.** *v. n.* to make a noise by mutual collision; to contradict, oppose.
- Crash, klâsh.** *v. a.* to strike one thing against another. [an embrace.
- Clasp, klâsp.** *s.* a hook to hold any thing close;
- Clasp, klâsp.** *v. a.* to embrace; to enclose.
- Class, klâs.** *s.* a rank, order, number, set.
- Class, klâs.** *v. a.* to range according to some stated method of distribution.
- Classical, klâs-sê-kâl.** } *a.* relating to antique
- Classick, klâs-sîk.** } authors; of the first order or rank.
- Classick, klâs-sîk.** *s.* an author of the first rank.
- Classification, klâs-sê-sê-kâ'-shûn.** *s.* ranging into classes.
- Clatter, klât-tûr.** *v. n.* to make a confused noise.
- Clatter, klât-tûr.** *v. a.* to dispute, jar, clamour.
- Clatter, klât-tûr.** *s.* any tumultuous and confused noise. [discourse; an article.
- Clause, klâwz.** *s.* a sentence, a single part of
- Clave, klâve.** *pret. of to cleave.*
- Claw, klâw.** *s.* the foot of a beast or bird armed with sharp nails.
- Claw, klâw.** *v. a.* to tear with nails or claws.
- Clay, klâ.** *s.* unctuous and tenacious earth.
- Clay-cold, klâ-kôld.** *a.* cold as the unanimated earth.
- Clayey, klâ-ê.** *a.* consisting of clay.
- Clean, klêne.** *a.* free from dirt or filth; innocent, neat.
- Clean, klêne.** *ad.* quite, perfectly, fully.
- Clean, klêne.** *v. a.* to free from dirt.
- Cleanliness, klên-lê-nês.** *s.* freedom from dirt; neatness.
- Cleanly, klên-lê.** *a.* free from dirt; pure.
- Cleanly, klên-lê.** *ad.* elegantly, neatly.
- Cleanness, klêne-nês.** *s.* neatness; freedom from filth. [clean.
- Cleanse, klênz.** *v. a.* to free from dirt; to make
- Clear, klêre.** *a.* bright, pellucid; serene; evident; guiltless; out of debt; unentangled; sounding distinctly.
- Clear, klêre.** *ad.* quite, completely.
- Clear, klêre.** *v. a.* to brighten; to justify; to cleanse; to discharge; to clarify; to gain without deduction. [transparency.
- Clear, klêre.** *v. n.* to grow bright, to recover
- Clearance, klê-rânse.** *s.* a certificate that a ship has been cleared at the custom-house.
- Clearly, klêre-lê.** *ad.* brightly; plainly; without entanglement; without deduction; without reserve. [perspicuity.
- Clearness, klêre-nês.** *s.* transparency; lustre;
- Clearsighted, klêre-â-têd.** *a.* discerning; judicious.
- Cleave, klêve.** *v. n.* to adhere, to stick; to unite.
- Cleave, klêve.** *v. a.* to divide with violence, to split; to divide.
- Cleaver, klê-vûr.** *s.* a butcher's instrument.
- Clef, klêf.** *s.* a mark at the beginning of the lines of a song, which shows the tone or key in which the piece is to begin.
- Cleft, klêft.** *part. pass. of to cleave.*
- Cleft, klêft.** *s.* a space made by the separation of parts, a crack. [severity.
- Clemency, klên-mên-sê.** *s.* mercy, remission of
- Clement, klên-mên-t.** *a.* mild, gentle, merciful.
- Clergy, klêr-jê.** *s.* the body of men set apart for the service of God. [clera.
- Clergyman, klêr-jê-mân.** *s.* a man in holy or clerical, klêr-ê-kâl. *a.* relating to the clergy.
- Clerk, klêrk.** *s.* a clergyman; a scholar; a writer in publick offices; he who reads the responses to the congregation in the church.
- Clerkship, klêrk-shîp.** *s.* the office of a clerk.
- Clever, klêv-ûr.** *a.* dexterous, skillful, handsome.
- Cleverness, klêv-ûr-nês.** *s.* dexterity, skill.
- Clew, klû.** *s.* thread wound upon a bottom; a guide, a direction.
- Click, klîk.** *v. n.* to make a sharp noise.
- Client, klî-ent.** *s.* one who applies to an advocate for counsel and defence.
- Cliff, klîf.** *s.* a steep rock.
- Climacter, klî-nâk-tûr.** *s.* a certain progression of years, supposed to end in a dangerous time of life.
- Climacterick, klîm-âk-têr-rik.** } *a.* contain-
- Climacterical, klîm-âk-têr-rê-kâl.** } ing a cer-
- tain number of years, at the end of which some great change is supposed to befall the body.

nò, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tōbe, tōb, bōll;—ōll;—pōōnd;—thin, thia.

- Climate, klī'-māte.** *s.* a region or tract of land differing from another by the temperature of the air. [in rhetoric].
- Climax, klī'-māks.** *s.* gradation, ascent, a figure
- Climb, klīme.** *v. a.* to ascend.
- Clamber, klī'-mār.** *s.* one that mounts; a plant that creeps upon other supports.
- Clime, klīme.** *s.* climate, region; tract of earth.
- Clinch, klīsh.** *v. a.* to hold in the hand with the fingers bent; to bend; to confirm, to fix.
- Clinch, klīsh.** *s.* a pun, an ambiguity; a cramp, a holdfast. [round].
- Cling, klīng.** *v. n.* to hang upon by twining
- Clinical, klīn'-ē-kāl.** } *a.* keeping the bed through
- Clinick, klīn'-ik.** } sickness.
- Clink, klīngk.** *v. n.* to utter a small, interrupted noise.
- Clink, klīngk.** *s.* a sharp, successive noise.
- Clinquant, klīngk'-ānt.** *a.* shining, glittering.
- Clip, klīp.** *v. a.* to embrace; to cut short; to confine. [cutting].
- Clipper, klīp'-pār.** *s.* one that debases coin by
- Cloak, klōke.** *s.* the outer garment; a concealment. [ceal].
- Cloak, klōke.** *v. a.* to cover with a cloak; to conceal.
- Clock, klōk.** *s.* the instrument which tells the hour; part of a stocking.
- Clockmaker, klōk'-mā-kār.** *s.* an artificer whose profession is to make clocks.
- Clockwork, klōk'-wārks.** *s.* movements by weights or springs.
- Clod, klōd.** *s.* a lump of clay; any thing vile; a dull fellow.
- Clod, klōd.** *v. n.* to gather into concretions, to coagulate.
- Clodpate, klōd'-pāte.** *s.* a stupid fellow.
- Clodpole, klōd'-pōle.** *s.* a thickskull, a dolt.
- Clog, klōg.** *s.* an allowance of two pounds in every hundred weight. [to burden].
- Clog, klōg.** *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct; to load.
- Clog, klōg.** *s.* an obstruction; a kind of additional shoe. [clogged].
- Clogginess, klōg'-gē-nēs.** *s.* the state of being clogged.
- Cloister, klōs'-tār.** *s.* a religious retirement; a piazza.
- Cloister, klōs'-tār.** *v. a.* to shut up in a religious house; to immerse from the world.
- Close, klōze.** *v. a.* to shut; to finish; to join.
- Close, klōze.** *v. n.* to coalesce, to join its own parts together.
- Close, klōze.** *s.* the time of shutting up; a grapple in wrestling; a conclusion or end.
- Close, klōze.** *s.* a small field enclosed.
- Close, klōze.** *a.* shut fast; compact, brief; immediate; hidden; trusty; reserved; covetous; attentive; retired.
- Closebodied, klōze-bōd'-īd.** *a.* made to fit the body exactly. [secretly, slyly].
- Closely, klōze'-lē.** *ad.* without inlet or outlet.
- Closeness, klōze'-nēs.** *s.* the state of being shut; narrowness; want of air; recluseness; secrecy; covetousness.
- Closet, klōz'-īt.** *s.* a small room. [closet].
- Closet, klōz'-īt.** *v. a.* to shut up or conceal in
- Closure, klō'-zhāre.** *s.* the act of shutting up; that by which any thing is closed or shut; the parts enclosing, enclosure; conclusion, end.
- Clot, klōt.** *s.* concretion. [coagulate]
- Clot, klōt.** *v. n.* to form cots; to concreate, to
- Cloth, klōth.** *s.* linen or woolen woven for dress or covering.
- Clothe, klōthe.** *v. a.* to invest with garments to cover with dress.
- Clothes, klōze.** *s.* garments, raiment.
- Clothier, klōthe'-yēr.** *s.* a maker of cloth.
- Clothing, klōthe'-īng.** *s.* dress, vesture, garments.
- Cloud, klōūd.** *s.* a dark collection of vapours in the air; any state of obscurity.
- Cloud, klōūd.** *v. a.* to darken with clouds; to obscure; to variegate with dark veins.
- Cloud, klōūd.** *v. n.* to grow cloudy.
- Cloudeapt, klōūd'-kāpt.** *a.* topped with clouds.
- Cloudily, klōūd'-dē-lē.** *ad.* with clouds, darkly; obscurely.
- Cloudiness, klōūd'-dē-nēs.** *s.* the state of being covered with clouds, darkness.
- Cloudless, klōūd'-lēss.** *a.* clear, unclouded.
- Cloudy, klōūd'-dē.** *a.* dark, obscure; gloomy.
- Clout, klōūt.** *s.* a cloth for any mean use; a patch.
- Clout, klōūt.** *v. a.* to patch, to mend coarsely.
- Clouted, klōūt'-ēd.** *part. a.* congealed, coagulated
- Clove, klōve.** *pret.* of cleave.
- Clove, klōve.** *s.* a valuable spice.
- Cloven, klō'-vn.** *part. pret.* of cleave.

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pine, pîn;—

Cloven-footed, klò-vn-fút' -éd. *a.* having the foot divided into two parts.

Clover, klò-vâr. *s.* a species of trefoil.

Clovered, klò-vârd. *a.* covered with clover.

Cloven, klòvn. *s.* a rustick, a coarse, ill-bred man.

Clownish, klòvn'-ish. *a.* uncivil, ill-bred, clumsy.

Clownishness, klòvn'-ish-nès. *s.* rusticity; incivility; brutality. [up guns.

Cloy, klòè. *v. a.* to satiate, to surfeit, to nail

Cloyless, klòè'-lès. *a.* that cannot cause satiety.

Cloyment, klòè'-mènt. *s.* satiety, repletion.

Club, klúb. *s.* a heavy stick; the name of one of the suits of cards, an assembly of good fellows. [pense; to join to one effect.

Club, klúb. *v. n.* to contribute to common ex-

Club, klúb. *v. a.* to pay a common reckoning.

Clubroom, klúb'-ròòm. *s.* the room in which a club assembles.

Cluck, klúk. *v. n.* to call chickens as a hen.

Clump, klúmp. *s.* a shapeless piece of wood; a small cluster of trees.

Clumps, klúmps. *s.* a numskull.

Clumsily, klúm'-zè-lè. *ad.* awkwardly.

Clumsiness, klúm'-zè-nès. *s.* awkwardness, ungainliness.

Clumsy, klúm'-zè. *a.* awkward, heavy

Clung, klúng. *pret.* and *part.* of *cling*.

Cluster, klús'-túr. *s.* a bunch; a body of people collected.

Cluster, klús'-túr. *v. n.* to grow in bunches.

Cluster, klús'-túr. *v. a.* to collect any thing into bodies. [gripe; to grasp.

Clutch, klútsh. *v. a.* to hold in the hand; to

Clutch, klútsh. *s.* gripe, grasp, seizure.

Clutter, klát'-túr. *s.* a noise; a bustle.

Clyster, klís'-túr. *s.* an injection into the anus.

Coacervate, kò-á-sér'-vâte. *v. a.* to heap up together. [of heaping.

Coacervation, kò-ás-sér'-vâ'-shún. *s.* the act

Coach, kòtsh. *s.* a carriage of pleasure, or state.

Coach, kòtsh. *v. a.* to carry in a coach.

Coach box, kòtsh'-bòks. *s.* the seat on which the driver of the coach sits.

Coach-hire, kòtsh'-híre. *s.* money paid for the use of a hired coach.

Coachman, kòtsh'-mân. *s.* the driver of a coach.

Coact, kò-ákt'. *v. n.* to act in concert.

Coaction, kò-ákt'-shún. *s.* compulsion, force

Coactive, kò-ákt'-tív. *a.* compulsory; acting in concurrence.

Coadjutor, kò-ád-jút'-túr. *s.* a fellow-helper, an assistant.

Coadjuvancy, kò-ád'-jút'-vân-sè. *s.* help, concurrent help.

Coagment, kò-ág-mènt'. *v. a.* to congregate.

Coagulable, kò-ág-ú-lá-bl. *a.* capable of concretion. [cretions.

Coagulate, kò-ág-ú-lâte. *v. a.* to force into con-

Coagulation, kò-ág-ú-lâ'-shún. *s.* concretion, congelation.

Coagulative, kò-ág-ú-lâ-tív. *a.* that has the power of causing concretions.

Coal, kòle. *s.* common fossil fuel.

Coalesce, kò-ál-lèr'. *v. n. v.* to unite in masses; to join. [body

Coalition, kò-á-fish'-ún. *s.* union in one mass or

Coaly, kò-lè. *a.* containing coal.

Coarct, kò-ákt'. *v. a.* to straiten, to confine.

Coarse, kòrse. *a.* not refined; rude, uncivil.

Coarsely, kòrse'-lè. *ad.* meanly; rudely; inelegantly. [want of delicacy

Coarseness, kòrse'-nès. *s.* impurity; roughness;

Coast, kòste. *s.* the edge or margin of the land next the sea, the shore.

Coast, kòste. *v. n.* to sail by the coast.

Coat, kòte. *s.* the upper garment; potticoat; the covering of any animal.

Ccax, kòks. *v. a.* to wheedle, to flatter.

Coaxer, kòks'-úr. *s.* a wheedler, a flatterer.

Cobalt, kòb'-ált. *s.* a marcasite.

Cobble, kòb'-bl. *v. a.* to mend coarsely.

Cobbler, kòb'-lúr. *s.* a mender of old shoes; a clumsy workman

Cohweb, kòb'-wèb. *s.* the web of a spider.

Cochineal, kòtsh'-ín-èèl. *s.* an insect from which a red colour is extracted.

Cock, kòk. *s.* the male of birds; a weathercock

a spout to let out water, or any other liquor at will; part of a gun; a small heap of hay; the form of a hat.

Cock, kòk. *v. a.* to set erect; to mould the form

of the hat; to fix the cock of a gun for a discharge; to raise hay in small heaps.

Cock, kòk. *v. n.* to strut, to hold up the head; to train or use fighting cocks. [hat

Cockade, kòk-kâde'. *s.* a riband worn in

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dùl;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Cockcrowing, kòk'-krò' íng. *s.* the time at which cocks crow.

Cocker, kòk'-kòr. *v. a.* to fondle, to indulge.

Cocker, kòk'-kòr. *s.* one who follows the sport of cockfighting.

Cockfight, kòk'-fít. *s.* a match of cocks.

Cockhorse, kòk'-hòrse. *a.* on horseback, triumphant.

Cockle, kòk'-kl. *s.* a small shell-fish.

Cockle, kòk'-kl. *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles.

Cockloft, kòk'-lòft. *s.* the room over the garret.

Cockney, kòk'-nè. *s.* a native of London.

Cockpit, kòk'-pít. *s.* the area where cocks fight; a place on the lower deck of a man of war.

Cocoa, kò'-kò. *s.* a species of palm tree.

Cod, hòd.

Codfish, kòd'-físh. } *s.* a sea-fish.

Code, kòde. *s.* a book of the civil law.

Codicil, kòd'-è-áil. *s.* an appendage to a will.

Codde, kòd'-di. *v. a.* to parboil.

Codling, kòd'-íng. *s.* an apple; a small cod-fish.

Coefficiency, kò-èf'-fè-ká-sè. *s.* the power of several things acting together.

Coequal, kò-è'-kwál. *a.* equal. [equal.

Coequality, kò-è'-kwál'-è-tè. *s.* the state of being

Coerce, kò-èrse'. *v. a.* to restrain, to keep in order by force. [ed.

Coercible, kò-èr'-sè-bl. *a.* that may be restrain-

Coercion, kò-èr'-shùn. *s.* penal restraint, check.

Coercive, kò-èr'-sív. *a.* that has the power of laying restraint. [the same essence.

Coessential, kò-è-sèn'-shál. *a.* participating of

Coetaneous, kò-è-tá'-nè-ús. *a.* of the same age with another. [another.

Coeternal, kò-è-tèr'-nál. *a.* equally eternal with

Coeval, kò-è'-vál. *a.* of the same age.

Coeval, kò-è'-vál. *s.* a contemporary.

Coevous, kò-è'-vùs. *a.* of the same age.

Coexist, kò-èg'-zís'. *v. n.* to exist at the same time with another.

Coexistence, kò-èg'-zís'-tènsè. *s.* existence at the same time with another.

Coexistent, kò-èg'-zís'-tènt. *a.* having existence at the same time with another.

Coffee, kòf'-fè. *s.* the berries of the coffee-tree; a drink made by the infusion of those berries in hot water. [money.

Coffer, kòf'-fúr. *s.* a chest generally for keeping

money.

Cofferer, kòf'-fúr-úr. *s.* a principal officer of his majesty's court.

Coffin, kòf'-fín. *s.* a chest for a dead body.

Coffin, kòf'-fín. *v. c.* to enclose in a coffin.

Cog, kòg. *v. a.* to flatter, to wheedle; to obtrude by falsehood.

Cog, kòg. *v. n.* to lie, to wheedle.

Cog, kòg. *s.* the tooth of a wheel, by which it acts upon another wheel.

Cogency, kò'-jèn-sè. *s.* force, strength.

Cogent, kò'-jènt. *a.* forcible, convincing.

Cogently, kò'-jènt-lè. *ad.* with resistless force, forcibly.

Cogitate, kòdj'-é-táte. *v. n.* to think. [tion

Cogitation, kòdj'-é-tá'-shùn. *s.* thought, medita-

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Cogitation, kòdj'-é-tá'-shùn. *s.* thought, medita-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—plne, pln ;—

Cohort, kô'-hört. *s.* a troop of soldiers.
Coif, kôif. *s.* a head-dress, a cap.
Coil, kôil. *v. a.* to gather into a narrow compass.
Coil, kôil. *s.* tumult, bustle.
Coin, kôin. *s.* money stamped with a legal impression.
Coin, kôin. *v. a.* to make money ; to forge.
Coinage, kôin'-âje. *s.* the act or practice of coining money.
Concide, kô-in-side'. *v. n.* to concur.
Coincidence, kô-in'-sê-dênse. *s.* concurrence, tendency.
Coincident, kô-in'-sê-dênst. *a.* concurrent, equivalent.
Coiner, kôin'-ûr. *s.* a maker of money.
Coition, kô-ish'-ûn. *s.* copulation, the act of generation.
Coke, kôke. *s.* fuel made by burning pit-coal under earth, and quenching the cinders.
Colander, kôl'-lân-dûr. *s.* a sieve.
Colation, kô-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the art of filtering or straining.
Colature, kôl'-â-tshûro. *s.* the matter strained.
Cold, kôld. *a.* chill ; frigid ; unaffecting ; reserved, coy.
Cold, kôld. *s.* chiliness ; a disease.
Coldly, kôld'-lê. *ad.* without heat ; indifferently, negligently.
Coldness, kôld'-nês. *s.* want of heat ; unconcern ; coyness ; want of kindness.
Colick, kôl'-ik. *s.* any disorder of the stomach or bowels that is attended with pain.
Collapse, kôl-lâps'. *v. n.* to fall together.
Collar, kôl-lâr. *s.* something round the neck.
Collar, kôl'-lâr. *v. a.* to seize by the collar.
Collate, kôl-lâte'. *r. a.* to compare ; to examine.
Collateral, kôl-lât'-têr-âl. *a.* side to side ; running parallel ; not direct ; concurrent.
Collaterally, kôl-lât'-têr-âl-lê. *ad.* side by side ; indirectly.
Collation, kôl-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the bestowing of a benefice ; a repast.
Collator, kôl-lât'-ûr. *s.* one that compares copies or manuscripts ; one who presents to an ecclesiastical benefice.
Colleague, kôl'-lêg. *s.* a partner in office or employment.
Colleague, kôl'-lêg'. *v. a.* to unite with

Collect, kôl'-lêkt'. *v. a.* to gather together ; to gain from observation ; to infer from premises.
Collect, kôl'-lêkt'. *s.* a short prayer.
Collectaneous, kôl-lêk-tâ'-nê-ûs. *a.* gathered together.
Collection, kôl-lêk'-shûn. *s.* the act of gathering ; the things gathered together.
Collective, kôl-lêk'-ûv. *a.* gathered into one mass, accumulative.
Collectively, kôl-lêk'-ûv-lê. *ad.* in a general mass, not singly.
Collector, kôl-lêk'-tûr. *s.* a tax-gatherer.
College, kôl'-lêdje. *s.* a society of men set apart for learning or religion ; the house in which the collegians reside.
Collegian, kôl-lê'-jê-ân. *s.* an inhabitant of a college.
Collegiate, kôl-lê'-jê-âte. *a.* containing a college, instituted after the manner of a college.
Collet, kôl'-lit. *s.* that part of a ring in which the stone is set.
Collier, kôl'-yûr. *s.* a digger of coals ; a dealer in coals.
Colliery, kôl'-yûr-ê. *s.* the place where coals are dug ; the coal trade.
Colligation, kôl-lê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* a binding together. [a dash
Collision, kôl-lîzh'-ûn. *s.* a striking together ;
Collocate, kôl-lô'-kâte. *v. a.* to place, to station.
Collop, kôl'-lôp. *s.* a small slice of meat.
Colloquial, kôl-lô'-kwê-âl. *a.* relating to conversation.
Colloquy, kôl-lô'-kwê. *s.* conference, talk.
Colluctancy, kôl-lûk'-tân-sê. *s.* opposition of nature.
Collude, kôl-lûde'. *v. n.* to conspire in fraud.
Collusion, kôl-lû'-shûn. *s.* a deceitful agreement.
Collusive, kôl-lû'-siv. *a.* fraudulently concerted
Colly, kôl'-lê. *s.* the smut of coal.
Colon, kôl'-jôn. *s.* a point [:] ; the greatest of the minutes. [regiment.
Colonel, kôl'-nêl. *s.* the chief commander of a
Colonise, kôl'-ô-nîze. *v. a.* to plant with inhabitants.
Colonnade, kôl-lô-nâde'. *s.* series of columns disposed in a circle or range of pillars.

no, move, nór, nót;—túbe, túb, búll;—bíl;—póúnd;—thín, THIA.

Colony, kól'-ó-né. *s.* a body of people drawn from the mother country to inhabit some distant place.

Coloration, kól'-ó-rá'-shún. *s.* the art of colouring; the state of being coloured.

Colorific, kól'-lò'-fít'-ík. *a.* that has the power of producing colours.

Colosse, kó-lós'. } *s.* a statue of enormous

Colossus, kó-lós'-sús. } magnitude.

Colossean, kól'-lós-sé'-án. *a.* giant-like.

Colour, kúl'-lúr. *s.* the appearance of bodies to the eye; hue, dye; palliation; false show.

Colour, kúl'-lúr. *v. a.* to mark with some hue or dye; to palliate, to make plausible.

Colourable, kúl'-lúr-á-bl. *a.* specious, plausible.

Colouring, kúl'-lúr-íng. *s.* an art in painting.

Colt, kól'. *s.* a young horse; a young, foolish fellow. [green-house.

Columnary, kó-lúm'-bá-ré. *s.* a dove-cot, pigeon-hole.

Column, kól'-lúm. *s.* a round pillar; the long file or row of troops; part of a page.

Columnar, kó-lúm'-nár. } *a.* formed in

Columnarian, kól'-lúm-ná'-ré-án. } columns.

Comb, kóme. *s.* an instrument for the hair; the crest of a cock; the cavities in which bees lodge their honey.

Comb, kóme. *v. a.* to divide and adjust the hair; to lay wool smooth.

Combat, kám'-bát. *v. n.* to fight.

Combat, kám'-bát. *v. a.* to oppose.

Combat, kám'-bát. *s.* contest, battle, duel.

Combatant, kám'-bát-ánt. *s.* an antagonist; a champion.

Combinaible, kóm-bl'-ná-bl. *a.* that may be joined together. [iscd.

Combine, kóm'-bè-náte. *a.* betrothed, promised.

Combination, kóm-bè-ná'-shún. *s.* union, association, league; commixture, conjunction.

Combine, kóm-blne'. *v. a.* to join together; to link in union; to accord.

Combine, kóm-blne'. *v. n.* to coalesce, to unite with each other. [fire.

Combustible, kóm-bús'-tè-bl. *a.* susceptible of combustion.

Combustibility, kóm-bús'-tè-bl-nés. *s.* aptness to take fire. [burning.

Combustion, kóm-bús'-tshún. *s.* conflagration.

Com, kóm. *v. n.* to draw near, to advance towards; to attain any condition; to happen.

Come, kóm. *int.* be quick, make no delay.

Comedian, kó-mé'-dè-án. *s.* an actor of comick parts; a player.

Comedy, kóm'-mè-dè. *s.* a dramattick representation of the lighter faults of mankind.

Comeliness, kóm'-lè-nés. *s.* grace, beauty.

Comely, kóm'-lè. *a.* graceful, decent.

Comet, kóm'-it. *s.* a body in the planetary region appearing suddenly, and again disappearing.

Comfit, kóm'-fít. *s.* a kind of sweetmeat.

Comfort, kám'-fúrt. *v. a.* to strengthen, enliven, console. [consolation.

Comfort, kám'-fúrt. *s.* support, assistance.

Comfortable, kám'-fúrt-tá-bl. *a.* susceptible of comfort, dispensing comfort.

Comfortably, kám'-fúrt-tá-blè. *ad.* with comfort, without despair.

Comforter, kám'-fúrt-túr. *s.* one that administers consolation; the third person in the Holy Trinity.

Comfortless, kám'-fúrt-lés. *a.* without comfort.

Comical, kóm'-smè-kál. *a.* merry, diverting.

Comicalness, kóm'-mè-kál-nés. *s.* the quality of being comical.

Comick, kóm'-mík. *a.* relating to comedy; raising mirth.

Coming, kám'-míng. *a.* forward, future.

Coming, kám'-míng. *part. a.* moving from some other to this place; ready to come.

Comina, kóm'-má. *s.* a point marked thus [.]

Command, kóm-mánd'. *v. a.* to govern; to order. [preme authority

Command, kóm-mánd'. *v. n.* to have the su-

Command, kóm-mánd'. *s.* the right of commanding, supreme authority; despotism

Commander, kóm-mán'-dér. *s.* he that has the supreme authority, a chief.

Commandment, kóm-mánd'-mènt. *s.* command, order, precept.

Commandress, kóm-mán'-drés. *s.* a woman vested with supreme authority.

Commemorate, kóm-mém'-mó-ráte. *v. a.* to preserve the memory by some publick act.

Commemoration, kóm-mém'-mó-rá'-shún. *s.* an act of publick celebration.

Commemorative, kóm-mém'-mó-rá'-tív. *a.* tending to preserve memory of any thing.

Fâte, fâr, fâi, fât;—mê, mêt;—pline, plin;—

- Commence, kôm-mênse'. *v. n.* to begin, to make a beginning. [ning, date.]
- Commencement, kôm-mênse'-mênit. *s.* beginning.
- Commend, kôm-mên'd'. *v. a.* to recommend; to mention with approbation.
- Commendable, kôm-mên-dâ-bl. *a.* laudable, worthy of praise.
- Commendably, kôm-mên-dâ-blê. *ad.* laudably.
- Commendation, kôm-mên-dâ'-shûn. *s.* recommendation, praise.
- Commendatory, kôm-mên-dâ-tûr-rê. *a.* favourably representative; containing praise.
- Commensurability, kôm-mên-shû-râ-bil'-ê-tê. *s.* capacity of being measured by another.
- Commensurable, kôm-mên-shû-râ-bl. *a.* reducible to some common measure.
- Commensurate, kôm-mên-shû-râte. *a.* reducible to some common measure; equal.
- Commensuration, kôm-mên-shû-râ-shûn. *s.* reduction of things to some common measure.
- Comment, kôm-mên't. *v. n.* to annotate, to write notes.
- Comment, kôm-mên't. *s.* annotation, exposition.
- Commentary, kôm-mên-tâ-rê. *s.* an exposition, annotation.
- Commentator, kôm-mên-tâ'-tûr. *s.* expositor, annotator.
- Commerce, kôm-mêrse. *s.* exchange of one thing for another, trade, traffick.
- Commercer, kôm-mêrse'. *v. n.* to hold intercourse. [commerce.]
- Commercial, kôm-mêr'-shâi. *a.* relating to
- Commigrate, kôm-mê-grâ'tê. *v. n.* to remove by consent from one country to another.
- Commigration, kôm-mê-grâ'-shûn. *s.* a removal of a people from one country to another.
- Commination, kôm-mê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* a denunciation of punishment; the recital of God's threatenings.
- Commingle, kôm-mîng'-gl. *v. a.* to mix, to blend.
- Commingle, kôm-mîng'-gl. *v. n.* to unite with another thing.
- Comminute, kôm-mê-nû'tê. *v. a.* to grind, to pulverize.
- Comminution, kôm-mê-nû'-shûn. *s.* the act of grinding into small parts, pulverization.
- Commiserable, kôm-mîz'-êr-â-bl. *a.* worthy of compassion, pitiable.
- Commiserate, kôm-mîz'-êr-âte. *v. a.* to pity, to compassionate.
- Commiseration, kôm-mîz'-êr-â'-shûn. *s.* compassion, tenderness.
- Commissary, kôm-mîs-sâr-ê. *s.* a delegate, a deputy.
- Commission, kôm-mîsh'-ûn. *s.* a trust, a warrant; act of committing a crime; a number of people joined in a trust or office, the order by which a factor trades for another person.
- Commission, kôm-mîsh'-ûn. *v. a.* to empower, to appoint.
- Commissioner, kôm-mîsh'-ûn-ûr. *s.* one included in a warrant of authority.
- Commit, kôm-mît'. *v. a.* to intrust; to put in any place to be kept safe; to send to prison, to perpetrate; to expose, hazard.
- Commitment, kôm-mît'-mên't. *s.* an order for sending to prison.
- Committee, kôm-mît'-tê. *s.* those to whom the consideration or ordering of any matter is referred.
- Commix, kôm-mîks'. *v. a.* to mingle, to blend.
- Commixion, kôm-mîk'-shûn. *s.* mixture, incorporation.
- Commixture, kôm-mîks'-tshûre. *s.* the act of mingling; the state of being mingled; a compound. [woman]
- Commote, kôm-mô'tê. *s.* the head-dress of a
- Commodious, kôm-mô-dê-ûs, or kôm-mô-jê-ûs. *a.* convenient; suitable. [niently]
- Commodiously, kôm-mô-dê-ûs-lê. *ad.* conveniently
- Commodiousness, kôm-mô-dê-ûs-nê's. *s.* convenience, advantage.
- Commodity, kôm-mô-dê-tê. *s.* advantage, profit; wares, merchandises.
- Commodore, kôm-mô-dô're'. *s.* the captain who commands a squadron of ships.
- Common, kôm-môn. *a.* vulgar, mean; publick. general; frequent, ordinary; prostitute.
- Common, kôm-môn. *s.* an open ground equally used by many persons.
- Commonage, kôm-môn-âje. *s.* the right of feeding on a common. [people.]
- Commonalty, kôm-môn-âl-tê. *s.* the common.
- Commoner, kôm-môn-ûr. *s.* a man not noble; a member of the house of commons; a student of the second rank in the university.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùt, bôll;—ôll;—pòhnd;—thin, thia.

Commonly, kòm'-mùn-lè. *ad.* frequently, usually. [pation among many; frequency.

Commonness, kòm'-mùn-nés. *s.* equal participation; kòm'-mùn-plàse. *a.* ordinary; not uncommon.

Commons, kòm'-màn-z. *s.* the vulgar; the lower house of parliament; food, fare.

Commonwealth, kòm'-mùn-wèlth. *s.* the public, the general body of the people; a republic. [ance.

Commotion; kòm'-mò'-shùn. *s.* tumult, disturbance. Commove, kòm'-mòv'. *v. a.* to disturb, to unsettle.

Commune, kòm'-mùnè'. *v. n.* to converse, to impart sentiments mutually.

Communicability, kòm'-mù-nè-ká-bìl'-è-tè. *s.* the quality of being communicated.

Communicable, kòm'-mù-nè-ká-bì. *a.* that may be imparted or received.

Communicant, kòm'-mù-nè-kánt. *s.* one who receives the Lord's Supper.

Communicate, kòm'-mù-nè-káte. *v. a.* to impart to others; to reveal.

Communicate, kòm'-mù-nè-káte. *v. n.* to partake of the blessed sacrament; to have something in common with another.

Communication, kòm'-mù-nè-ká-shùn. *s.* the act of imparting; common boundary or inlet; conference.

Communicative, kòm'-mù-nè-ká-ív. *a.* liberal of knowledge, not selfish.

Communicativeness, kòm'-mù-nè-ká-ív-nés. *s.* the quality of being communicative.

Communion, kòm'-mùnè'-yùn. *s.* intercourse, fellowship, the celebration of the Lord's Supper; union in the worship of any church.

Community, kòm'-mù-nè-tè. *s.* the commonwealth, the body politic.

Commutation, kòm'-mù-tá-shùn. *s.* change, alteration; ransom.

Commutate, kòm'-mùtè'. *v. a.* to exchange.

Commutate, kòm'-mùtè'. *v. n.* to atone. [ment.

Contract, kòm'-pákt. *s.* a contract, an agreement.

Contract, kòm'-pákt'. *a.* firm, close; brief.

Contract, kòm'-pákt'-lè. *ad.* closely, densely.

Contract, kòm'-pákt'-nès. *s.* firmness, close-ness. [sociate.

Companion, kòm'-pán'-yùn. *s.* a partner, an as-

Companionable, kòm'-pán'-yùn-á-bl. *a.* fit for good fellowship, social.

Company, kùm'-pá-nè. *s.* persons assembled together; fellowship; a corporation; a subdivision of a regiment of foot.

Comparable, kòm'-pá-rá-bl. *a.* worthy to be compared, of equal regard.

Comparably, kòm'-pá-rá-blè. *ad.* in a manner worthy to be compared.

Comparative, kòm'-pár'-á-ív. *a.* estimated by comparison, not absolute.

Comparatively, kòm'-pár'-á-ív-lè. *ad.* in a state of comparison.

Compare, kòm'-páre'. *v. a.* to estimate the relative goodness or badness.

Compare, kòm'-páre'. *s.* comparison.

Comparison, kòm'-pár'-è-shùn. *s.* the act of comparing; the state of being compared.

Compart, kòm'-párt'. *v. a.* to divide.

Compartiment, kòm'-párt'-mènt. *s.* division.

Compass, kùm'-pás. *v. a.* to encircle, to surround; to obtain, to procure.

Compass, kùm'-pás. *s.* a circle; space; enclosure; moderation; the instrument with which circles are drawn; the instrument by which mariners steer. [tion.

Compassion, kòm'-pásh'-ùn. *s.* pity, commiseration.

Compassionate, kòm'-pásh'-ùn-áte. *a.* inclined to pity, merciful.

Compassionate, kòm'-pásh'-ùn-áte. *v. a.* to pity, to commiserate.

Compassionately, kòm'-pásh'-ùn-áte-lè. *ad.* mercifully, tenderly.

Compatibility, kòm'-pát'-è-bìl'-è-tè. *s.* consistency, the power of co-existing with something else. [sistent with.

Compatible, kòm'-pát'-è-bl. *a.* suitable to, consistent with.

Compatible, kòm'-pát'-è-blè. *ad.* fitly, suitably.

Compatriot, kòm'-pá'-trá-út. *s.* one of the same country. [league.

Compeer, kòm'-pèer'. *s.* equal, companion, colleague.

Compel, kòm'-pèl'. *v. a.* to force, to oblige, to constrain. [forced.

Compellable, kòm'-pèl'-lá-bl. *a.* that may be compelled.

Compellation, kòm'-pèl'-lá-shùn. *s.* the style of address.

Compend, kòm'-pènd. *s.* abridgment; summary, epitome.

Fâc, fâr, fâi, fâi;—mâ, mêt;—piac, pân;—

- Compendious, kôm-pên-jê-ôn. *a.* short, summary, comprehensive.
- Compendiousness, kôm-pên-jê-ôn-nês. *s.* shortness, brevity. {summary.
- Compendium, kôm-pên-jê-ôn. *s.* abridgement.
- Compensate, kôm-pên-shâ. *v. a.* to recompense.
- Compensation, kôm-pên-shâ-shôn. *s.* recompense, something equivalent.
- Competence, kôm-pê-tânse. } *s.* a sufficiency.
- Competency, kôm-pê-tân-sê. } *s.* a sufficiency.
- Competent, kôm-pê-tânt. *a.* suitable, fit; qualified. {adequately; properly.
- Competently, kôm-pê-tânt-lê. *ad.* reasonably;
- Competition, kôm-pê-tâir-ôn. *s.* rivalry, contest.
- Competitor, kôm-pê-tê-târ. *s.* a rival; an opponent.
- Compilation, kôm-pê-tâ-shôn. *s.* a collection from various authors; an assemblage.
- Compile, kôm-pilê. *v. a.* to draw up from various authors; to write. {compiles.
- Compiler, kôm-pil-âr. *s.* a collector, one who compiles.
- Complacency, kôm-pi-sên-sê. *s.* pleasure; civility, complaisance. {mid.
- Complacent, kôm-pi-sên. *a.* civil, affable.
- Complain, kôm-piân. *v. n.* to mention with sorrow, to lament; to inform against.
- Complainant, kôm-piân-nânt. *s.* one who urges suit against another.
- Complaint, kôm-piân. *s.* representation of pains or injuries; a malady, a disease.
- Complaisance, kôm-pi-zânse. *s.* civility, act of adulation. [to please.
- Complaisant, kôm-pi-zânt. *a.* civil, desirous
- Complaisantness, kôm-pi-zânt-nês. *s.* civility.
- Complement, kôm-pi-mênt. *s.* perfection, the full quantity.
- Complete, kôm-pi-êtê. *a.* perfect, full, finished.
- Complete, kôm-pi-êtê. *v. a.* to perfect, to finish.
- Completely, kôm-pi-êtê-lê. *ad.* fully, perfectly.
- Completeness, kôm-pi-êtê-nês. *s.* perfection.
- Completion, kôm-pê-shôn. *s.* accomplishment, act of fulfilling. [parts.
- Complex, kôm-pi-êks. *a.* composite, of many
- Complexion, kôm-pi-êk-shôn. *s.* the colour of the face, &c. {complex.
- Complexity, kôm-pi-êks-tê. *s.* state of being
- Complexure, kôm-pi-êk-shûre. *s.* the involution of one thing with others.
- Compliance, kôm-pi-ânse. *s.* the act of yielding, submission. {ans.
- Compliant, kôm-pi-ânt. *a.* yielding, complaisant.
- Complicate, kôm-pi-ê-kâ. *v. a.* to entangle one with another; to unite by involution of parts. [a multiplicity of parts.
- Complicate, kôm-pi-ê-kâ. *a.* compounded of
- Complicatedness, kôm-pi-ê-kâ-nês. *s.* the state of being complicated, intricacy.
- Complication, kôm-pi-ê-kâ-shôn. *s.* the act of involving one thing in another; the integre consisting of many things involved.
- Compliment, kôm-pi-mênt. *s.* an act or expression of civility.
- Compliment, kôm-pi-mênt. *v. a.* to soothe with expressions of respect, to flatter.
- Complimental, kôm-pi-mênt-tâl. *a.* expressive of respect or civility.
- Complimenter, kôm-pi-mênt-târ. *s.* one giver to compliments, a flatterer.
- Complot, kôm-pi-ôt. *s.* a confederacy.
- Complot, kôm-pi-ôt. *v. a.* to form a pl-t, to conspire.
- Comply, kôm-pil. *v. n.* to yield.
- Component, kôm-pô-mênt. *a.* that which constitutes the compound body.
- Comport, kôm-pôrt. *v. a.* to agree, to suit.
- Comport, kôm-pôrt. *v. a.* to bear, to endure
- Comport, kôm-pôrt. *s.* behaviour, conduct.
- Comfortable, kôm-pôrt-â-bl. *a.* consistent.
- Comportment, kôm-pôrt-mênt. *s.* behaviour.
- Compose, kôm-pôzê. *v. a.* to put together; to quiet; to adjust; to arrange letters; to form a tale.
- Composed, kôm-pôzê. *part. a.* calm, serene.
- Composedly, kôm-pôzê-lê. *ad.* calmly, serenely. [adapts the music to words.
- Composer, kôm-pô-zê. *s.* an author; he that
- Composite, kôm-pôzê. *a.* the last of the five orders in architecture.
- Composition, kôm-pô-zê-shôn. *s.* union, conjunction; written work; the act of discharging a debt by paying part; consistency, congruity.
- Composer, kôm-pôzê-târ. *s.* he that adjusts the types in printing.
- Compost, kôm-pôzê. *s.* manure.
- Composure, kôm-pô-zê. *s.* order; form

ná, mǎve, nǎc, nǎt; —tǎbe, tǎb, bǎn; —bǎi; —pǒdu; —tǎin, tǎin.

- relative adjustment; sedateness, tranquillity; composition. [drinking together.]
 Computation, kóm-pǒ-tǎ' shǎn. *s.* the act of
 Compoter, kóm-pǒ' tǎr. *s.* one that drinks with
 another.
 Compound, kóm-pǒnd'. *v. a.* to mingle many
 ingredients together; to discharge a debt by
 paying only part.
 Compound, kóm' pǒnd. *a.* formed out of many
 ingredients, composed of two or more words.
 Compound, kóm' pǒnd. *a.* the mass formed by
 the union of many ingredients.
 Comprehend, kóm-pré-hénd'. *v. a.* to comprise,
 to include; to conceive.
 Comprehensible, kóm-pré-hén'-tǎ-bl. *a.* intelli-
 gible, conceivable.
 Comprehension, kóm-pré-hén'-shǎn. *s.* inclu-
 sion; compendium; knowledge, capacity.
 Comprehensive, kóm-pré-hén'-shǎv. *a.* having
 the power to understand; comprising much.
 Comprehensively, kóm-pré-hén'-shǎv-tǎ. *ad.* in a
 comprehensive manner.
 Comprehensiveness, kóm-pré-hén'-shǎv-nés. *s.*
 the quality of including much in a narrow
 compass. [narrow compass; to embrace.]
 Compress, kóm-prés'. *v. a.* to force into a
 Compressibility, kóm-prés-tǎ-bǎi' tǎ-té. *s.* the
 quality of admitting to be brought into a nar-
 rower compass. [pressure.]
 Compressible, kóm-prés-tǎ-bl. *a.* yielding to
 Compressibleness, kóm-prés-tǎ-bl-nés. *s.* ca-
 pability of being pressed close.
 Compression, kóm-présh'-shǎn. *s.* the act of
 squeezing close.
 Compressing, kóm-présh'-shǎre. *a.* the act of
 pressing against.
 Comprint, kóm-pǎin'. *v. a.* to print another's
 copy. [clude.]
 Comprise, kóm-prize'. *v. a.* to contain, to in-
 Comprobation, kóm-pǒ-bǎ' shǎn. *s.* proof, at-
 testation.
 Compromise, kóm' prǒ-mǎze. *s.* an adjustment
 of a difference of parties by mutual concessions.
 Compromise, kóm' prǒ-mǎze. *v. a.* to adjust a
 compact by mutual concessions, to accord.
 Comptroller, kóm-trǒ' tǎr. *s.* director, super-
 visor. [strait.]
 Compulsatively, kóm-pǎl'-shǎ-tǎ-tǎ. *ad.* by con-
- Compulsatory, kóm-pǎl'-shǎ-tǎ-tǎ. *a.* having the
 force of compelling. [palling; force.]
 Compulsion, kóm-pǎl'-shǎn. *s.* the act of com-
 Compulsive, kóm-pǎl'-shǎv. *a.* having the power
 to compel, forcible. [pulsion.]
 Compulsiveness, kóm-pǎl'-shǎv-nés. *s.* force, com-
 Compulsory, kóm-pǎl'-shǎ-tǎ. *a.* having the
 power of compelling. [constraint.]
 Compunction, kóm-pǎng'-shǎn. *s.* repentance,
 Computable, kóm-pǎ' tǎ-bl. *a.* capable of being
 numbered. [reckoning, calculation.]
 Computation, kóm-pǎ-tǎ' shǎn. *s.* the act of
 Compute, kóm-pǎt'. *v. a.* to reckon, to calcu-
 late, to count.
 Comrade, kóm-rǎde. *s.* companion.
 Con, kón. *v. a.* to know; to study. [over.]
 Concarnerate, kón-kám' tǎ-rǎte. *v. a.* to arch
 Concatenate, kón-kǎt' tǎ-nǎte. *v. a.* to link to-
 gether. [of links.]
 Concatenation, kón-kǎt' tǎ-nǎ' shǎn. *s.* a series
 Concave, kóng-kǎve. *a.* hollow, opposed to con-
 vex. [of a hollow spherical body.]
 Concavity, kón-kǎv' tǎ-té. *s.* internal surface
 Conceal, kón-shǎe'. *v. a.* to hide, to keep secret.
 Concealable, kón-shǎe' tǎ-bl. *a.* capable of being
 concealed.
 Concealment, kón-shǎe' mǎnt. *s.* secrecy; pri-
 vacy; hiding place.
 Concede, kón-shǎe' v. *v. a.* to admit, to grant.
 Conceit, kón-shǎe' s. *s.* conception, thought, idea,
 fancy.
 Conceit, kón-shǎe' v. *v. a.* to imagine, to believe.
 Conceited, kón-shǎe' tǎd. *part. a.* endowed with
 fancy; proud, opinionative. [ness of self.]
 Conceitedness, kón-shǎe' tǎd-nés. *s.* pride, fond-
 Conceivable, kón-shǎe' vǎ-bl. *a.* that may be im-
 agined or understood.
 Conceivableness, kón-shǎe' vǎ-bl-nés. *s.* the quali-
 ty of being conceivable.
 Conceive, kón-shǎe' v. *v. a.* to form in the mind;
 to comprehend, think.
 Conceive, kón-shǎe' v. *v. n.* to have an idea of
 to become pregnant.
 Concert, kón-shǎe' s. *s.* harmony; consistency.
 Concentrate, kón-shǎn' trǎte. *v. a.* to drive into a
 narrow compass; to drive towards the centre
 Centre, kón-shǎn' tǎr. *v. n.* to tend to one
 common centre

Fhâ, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèt;—pîe, pîn;—

Concentrick, kôn-sên' trîk. *a.* having one common centre.

Conception, kôn-sêp'-shûn. *s.* the act of conceiving; state of being conceived; notion, idea; purpose; conceit, sentiment.

Concern, kôn-sêrn'. *v. a.* to relate to; to affect; to interest; to disturb.

Concern, kôn-sêrn'. *s.* affair, interest, importance, regard. [with relation to.]

Concerning, kôn-sêr'-ning. *prep.* relating to.

Concernment, kôn-sêrn'-mênt. *s.* business, importance, emotion of mind. [to adjust.]

Concert, kôn-sêrt'. *v. a.* to settle, to contrive.

Concert, kôn-sêrt. *s.* communication of designs; many performers playing the same tune.

Concession, kôn-sês'-shûn. *s.* the act of yielding; a grant.

Concessive, kôn-sês'-siv. *a.* yielded by way of concession.

Conch, kôngk. *s.* a shell, a sea-shell.

Conciliate, kôn-sil'-yâte. *v. a.* to gain over, to reconcile. [ing, or reconciling.]

Conciliation, kôn-sil-ê-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of gaining.

Conciliatory, kôn-sil'-ê-â'-tûr-ê. *a.* relating to reconciliation.

Concinnity, kôn-sîn'-nê-tê. *s.* decency, fitness.

Concise, kôn-sise'. *a.* brief, short.

Concisely, kôn-sise'-lê. *ad.* briefly, shortly.

Conciseness, kôn-sise'-nês. *s.* brevity, shortness.

Conclave, kông'-klâve. *s.* an assembly of the cardinals.

Conclude, kôn-klûde'. *v. a.* to decide, to determine, to finish. [finally to determine.]

Conclude, kôn-klûde'. *v. n.* to settle opinion;

Concludent, kôn-klû'-dênt. *a.* decisive.

Concludible, kôn-klû'-zê-bl. *a.* determinable.

Conclusion, kôn-klû'-zhûn. *s.* final decision; consequence; the close; the end.

Conclusive, kôn-klû'-siv. *a.* decisive.

Conclusively, kôn-klû'-siv-lê. *ad.* decisively.

Concoct, kôn-kôkt'. *v. a.* to digest by the stomach; to purify by heat. [stomach.]

Concoction, kôn-kôk'-shûn. *s.* digestion in the

Concomitance, kôn-kôm'-ê-tânse. *s.* subsistence together. [concurrent with.]

Concomitant, kôn-kôm'-ê-tânt. *a.* conjoined with.

Concomitant, kôn-kôm'-ê-tânt. *s.* companion, person or thing collaterally connected.

Concord, kông'-kôrd. *s.* agreement, union, harmony.

Concordance, kôn-kôr'-dânse. *s.* agreement; index to the Scriptures.

Concordant, kôn-kôr'-dânt. *a.* agreeable.

Concorporate, kôn-kôr'-pô-râte. *v. a.* to unite in one mass. [in one mass.]

Concorporation, kôn-kôr'-pô-râ'-shûn. *s.* union

Concourse, kông'-kôrse. *s.* the confluence of many persons or things; the persons assembled. [of burning together.]

Concremation, kông'-krê'-mâ'-shûn. *s.* the act

Concrete, kôn-krête'. *v. n.* to coalesce into one mass. [tion.]

Concrete, kôn-krête'. *v. a.* to form by concrete.

Concrete, kôn-krête'. *a.* formed by concretion.

Concrete, kông'-krêto. *s.* a mass formed by concretion.

Concretion, kôn-krê'-shûn. *s.* the mass formed by a coalition of separate particles.

Concretive, kôn-krê'-siv. *a.* coagulative.

Concubinage, kôn-kû'-bê-râje. *s.* the act of living with a woman not married.

Concubine, kông'-kû'-bin. *s.* a woman kept in fornication, a harlot.

Concupiscence, kôn-kû'-pê-sênsê. *s.* irregular desire, libidinous wish.

Concur, kôn-kûr'. *v. n.* to meet in one point; to agree, to be conjoined.

Concurrence, kôn-kûr'-rênsê. *s.* union, combination, help, common claim. [tion.]

Concurrent, kôn-kûr'-rênt. *a.* acting in conjunction.

Concurrent, kôn-kûr'-rênt. *s.* that which concurs

Concussion, kôn-kûsh'-shûn. *s.* the act of shaking, tremefaction.

Condemn, kôn-dêm'. *v. a.* to find guilty, to doom to punishment; to censure.

Condemnable, kôn-dêm'-nâ-bl. *a.* blameable culpable. [tence of punishment.]

Condemnation, kôn-dêm'-nâ'-shûn. *s.* a sentence

Condemnatory, kôn-dêm'-nâ-tûr-ê. *a.* passing a sentence of condemnation.

Condensable, kôn-dên'-sâ-bl. *a.* that is capable of condensation.

Condensate, kôn-dên'-sâte. *v. a.* to make thicker

Condensate, kôn-dên'-sâte. *v. n.* to grow thick

Condensation, kôn-dên'-sâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of thickening

nò, môve, nòr, nôt;—tâbe, tâb, bôll;—dîl;—pônd;—tân, tnis.

- Condense, kôn-dênse'. *v. a.* to make thick, close, and weighty.
- Condense, kôn-dênse'. *v. n.* to grow close and weighty.
- Condense, kôn-dênse'. *a.* thick, dense.
- Condensity, kôn-dên'sé-tè. *s.* the state of being condensed. [bend, to yield.]
- Condescend, kôn-dè-sénd'. *v. n.* to stoop, to
- Condescendingly, kôn-dè-sénd'-hng-lè. *ad.* by way of kind concession.
- Condescension, kôn-dè-sên'-shûn. *s.* voluntary humiliation, descent from superiority.
- Condensive, kôn-dè-sên'-siv. *a.* courteous.
- Condign, kôn-dîne'. *a.* deserved, merited.
- Condiment, kôn-dè-mént. *s.* seasoning, sauce.
- Condite, kôn-dîts'. *v. a.* to pickle.
- Condition, kôn-dîsh'-ân. *s.* quality, state, rank, term of compact.
- Conditional, kôn-dîsh'-ân-â-l. *a.* by way of stipulation, not absolute.
- Conditionally, kôn-dîsh'-ân-â-l-è. *ad.* with certain limitations, on particular terms.
- Conditionary, kôn-dîsh'-ân-â-rè. *a.* stipulated.
- Condole, kôn-dôle'. *v. n.* to lament with.
- Condole, kôn-dôle'. *v. a.* to bewail with another.
- Condolement, kôn-dôle'-mént. *s.* grief, sorrow.
- Condolence, kôn-dò-lênse. *s.* grief for the sorrows of another. [to contribute to.]
- Conduce, kôn-dûse'. *v. n.* to promote an end.
- Conducibile, kôn-dû'sè-bl. *a.* having the power of conducting. [to any end.]
- Conductive, kôn-dû'siv. *a.* that may contribute
- Conduct, kôn-dûkt. *s.* management, economy; convoy; behaviour. [manage.]
- Conduct, kôn-dûkt'. *v. a.* to lead, to direct, to
- Conductor, kôn-dûkt'-tûr. *s.* a leader; a general; a manager. [directs.]
- Conductress, kôn-dûkt'-três. *s.* a woman that
- Conduit, kôn-dît. *s.* a canal of pipes for the conveyance of water; the pipe at which water is drawn.
- Cone, kôns. *s.* a solid body, of which the base is a circle, and which ends in a point.
- Confabulate, kôn-fâb'-û-lâte. *v. n.* to chat.
- Confabulation, kôn-fâb'-û-lâ'-shûn. *s.* easy conversation.
- Confect, kôn-fèkt. *s.* a sweetmeat. [mixture.]
- Confection, kôn-fèk'-shûn. *s.* a sweetmeat; Confectionary, kôn-fèk'-shûn-â-rè. *s.* the place where sweetmeats are made or sold.
- Confectioner, kôn-fèk'-shûn-ûr. *s.* one whose trade is to make sweetmeats.
- Confederacy, kôn-féd'-ér-â-sè. *s.* league, union, engagement.
- Confederate, kôn-féd'-ér-âte. *v. a.* to join in a league, to unite, to ally. [league.]
- Confederate, kôn-féd'-ér-âte. *a.* united in a
- Confederate, kôn-féd'-ér-âte. *s.* an ally.
- Confederation, kôn-féd'-ér-â'-shûn. *s.* league, alliance.
- Confer, kôn-fér'. *v. n.* to discourse with another, to conduce to.
- Confer, kôn-fér'. *v. a.* to compare; to give, to bestow.
- Conference, kôn-fér'-ênse. *s.* formal discourse, oral discussion; an appointed meeting for discussing some point. [to avow.]
- Confess, kôn-fès'. *v. a.* to acknowledge, to own,
- Confess, kôn-fès'. *v. n.* to make confession.
- Confessedly, kôn-fès'-séd-lè. *ad.* avowedly, in disputably.
- Confession, kôn-fesh'-ân. *s.* an acknowledgment.
- Confessor, kôn-fès'-sûr. *s.* one who hears confession, a martyr. [sealed.]
- Confest, kôn-fèst'. *a.* open, known, not
- Confidant, kôn-fè-dânt'. *s.* a person trusted with private affairs.
- Confide, kôn-fîde'. *v. n.* to trust in. [boldness.]
- Confidence, kôn-fè-dênse. *s.* firm belief, trust,
- Confident, kôn-fè-dènt. *a.* assured; positive, dogmatical; secure of success; without suspicion; impudent. [crets.]
- Confident, kôn-fè-dènt. *s.* one trusted with
- Confidential, kôn-fè-dèn'-shâl. *a.* worthy of confidence.
- Confidently, kôn-fè-dènt-lè. *ad.* without doubt, with firm trust; positively.
- Configuration, kôn-fîg'-û-râ'-shûn. *s.* the form of various parts adapted to each other.
- Configure, kôn-fîg'-û-re. *v. a.* to dispose into any form.
- Confine, kôn-fîne. *s.* boundary, border, edge.
- Confine, kôn-fîne'. *v. a.* to imprison; to restrain. [restraint.]
- Confinement, kôn-fîne'-mént. *s.* imprisonment.
- Confirm, kôn-fèrm'. *v. a.* to put past doubt, to

fāte, fār, fāl, fāt, —mē, mēt, —pina, pin,

- establish; to strengthen; to admit to the full privileges of a Christian.
- Confirmable**, kōn-fēr-mā-bl. *a.* capable of incontrovertible evidence.
- Confirmation**, kōn-fēr-mā-shūn. *s.* evidence; proof; an ecclesiastical rite.
- Confiscate**, kōn-fē-kāte. *v. a.* to transfer private property to the publick by way of penalty.
- Confiscation**, kōn-fē-kā-shūn. *s.* the act of transferring the forfeited goods of criminals to publick use. [fire.]
- Conflagration**, kōn-fā-grā-shūn. *s.* a general conflagration.
- Conflation**, kōn-fā-shūn. *s.* the act of blowing many instruments together.
- Conflict**, kōn-flikt. *s.* a violent collision; a combat, strife, contention; struggle, agony.
- Confluence**, kōn-fū-ēse. *s.* the junction of several streams; the act of crowding to a place; a concourse. [another, meeting.]
- Confluent**, kōn-fū-ēt. *a.* running one into another.
- Conflux**, kōn-fūka. *s.* the union of several currents; crowd, multitude collected.
- Conform**, kōn-fōrm'. *v. a.* to reduce to the like appearance with something else.
- Conform**, kōn-fōrm'. *v. n.* to comply with.
- Conformable**, kōn-fōr-mā-bl. *a.* similar; agreeable.
- Conformably**, kōn-fōr-mā-blē. *ad.* with conformity, suitably.
- Conformation**, kōn-fōr-mā-shūn. *s.* the form of things as relating to each other.
- Conformist**, kōn-fōr-mist. *s.* one that complies with the worship of the Church of England.
- Conformity**, kōn-fōr-mē-tē. *s.* similitude, resemblance.
- Confound**, kōn-fōnd'. *v. a.* to mingle; to perplex; to astonish; to destroy.
- Confounded**, kōn-fōnd-dēd. *part. a.* hateful, detestable. [religious men.]
- Confraternity**, kōn-fā-tēr-nē-tē. *s.* a body of brethren.
- Confront**, kōn-frōnt'. *v. a.* to stand face to face; to compare.
- Confuse**, kōn-fūze'. *v. a.* to disorder; to perplex; to hurry the mind. [mistakenly, hastily.]
- Confusedly**, kōn-fū-zēd-lē. *ad.* indistinctly, in confusion.
- Confusion**, kōn-fū-shūn. *s.* irregular mixture; tumult; distraction of mind.
- Confutable**, kōn-fū-tā-bl. *a.* possible to be disproved. [satisfying, disproof.]
- Confutation**, kōn-fū-tā-shūn. *s.* the act of confuting.
- Confute**, kōn-fūte'. *v. a.* to convict of error, to disprove. [to frustrate.]
- Congee**, kōn-jē'. *v. n.* to congeal by cold.
- Congement**, kōn-jē-mēt. *s.* the clot formed by congelation. [concretes.]
- Congee**, kōn-jē'. *s.* act of reverence, bow.
- Congelation**, kōn-jē-lā-shūn. *s.* a state of being congealed. [kind.]
- Congenarous**, kōn-jēm-ēr-ā. *a.* of the same kind.
- Congenial**, kōn-jē-nē-āl. *a.* partaking of the same genius, congenite. [of mind.]
- Congeniality**, kōn-jē-nē-āl-tē. *s.* cognation.
- Congeries**, kōn-jē-rē-ēs. *s.* mass of small bodies heaped up together. [ice.]
- Conglaciare**, kōn-glā-shē-āte. *v. n.* to turn to ice.
- Conglaciation**, kōn-glā-shē-ā-shūn. *s.* act of changing into ice. [body.]
- Conglobation**, kōn-glob-ā-shūn. *s.* a round globe.
- Conglomerate**, kōn-glob-ēr-āte. *v. a.* to gather into a ball.
- Conglomerate**, kōn-glob-ēr-āte. *a.* gathered into a round ball; twisted together.
- Conglomeration**, kōn-glob-ēr-ā-shūn. *s.* collection of matter into a loose ball.
- Conglutination**, kōn-glū-tē-nā-shūn. *s.* the act of uniting wounded bodies.
- Congratulant**, kōn-grāsh-ū-lānt. *a.* rejoicing in participation.
- Congratulate**, kōn-grāsh-ū-lāte. *v. a.* to compliment upon any happy event.
- Congratulation**, kōn-grāsh-ū-lā-shūn. *s.* the act of wishing joy.
- Congratulatory**, kōn-grāsh-ū-lā-tūr-ē. *a.* expressing joy for the good of another.
- Congress**, kōng-grēs-gāte. *v. a.* to collect, to assemble. [spect.]
- Congregate**, kōng-grēs-gāte. *v. a.* collected, come together.
- Congregation**, kōng-grēs-gā-shūn. *s.* a collection; an assembly met to worship God.
- Congregational**, kōng-grēs-gā-shūn-āl. *a.* publick, pertaining to a congregation.
- Congress**, kōng-grēs. *s.* a meeting. [spring.]
- Congressive**, kōng-grēs-īv. *a.* meeting, assembling.
- Congruence**, kōng-grēs-ēse. *s.* agreement.
- Congruent**, kōng-grēs-ēt. *a.* agreeing.

no, mōva, nē. nē) — tōbe, tōb, bōll) — ǎll) — pōdā; — chin, tuis.

Congruity, kōng-grū' t. a. suitability; fitness.
Congruous, kōng-grū' ūa. a. consistent with; suitable to. [pertinently].
Congruously, kōng-grū' ūa-lē. ad. suitably.
Conical, kōn' ē-kāi. } a. having the form of a
 Cone, kōn' ē-k. } cone.
Conically, kōn' ē-kāi-lē. ad. in form of a cone.
Conjecturable, kōn-jēk' tshō-rā-bl. a. possible to be guessed.
Conjectural, kōn-jēk' tshō-rāi. a. depending on conjecture.
Conjecturally, kōn-jēk' tshō-rāi-lē. ad. by conjecture. [fect knowledge].
Conjecture, kōn-jēk' tshō-ro. s. guess, imper-
 Conjecture, kōn-jēk' tshō-ro. v. a. to guess, to judge by guess. [to connect].
Conjoin, kōn-jōn'. v. a. to unite, to associate.
Conjoint, kōn-jōn' t. a. united, connected.
Jointly, kōn-jōn' tē. ad. in union, together.
Conjugal, kōn' jū-gāi. a. belonging to marriage.
Conjurally, kōn' jū-gāi-lē. ad. matrimonially, co-ambially.
Conjugate, kōn' jū-gāi. v. a. to join in marriage, to unite; to inflect verbs.
Conjugation, kōn' jū-gāi' shūa. s. the act of uniting; the form of inflecting verbs; union, assemblage.
Conjunct, kōn' jūnkt'. a. conjoined, concurrent, united. [a part of speech].
Conjunction, kōn' jūnkt' shūa. s. union; league;
Conjunctive, kōn' jūnkt' ūv. a. closely united; in grammar, the mood of a verb.
Conjunctly, kōn' jūnkt' lē. ad. jointly, together.
Conjuncture, kōn' jūnkt' shūa. s. combination of circumstances; critical time.
Conjuration, kōn' jū-rā' shūa. s. an incantation, an enchantment. [cred name].
Conjure, kōn' jū-ro'. v. a. to summon in a sa-
Conjure, kōn' jū-rō'. v. n. to practise charms or enchantments.
Conjurer, kōn' jū-rō'. s. an impostor who pretends to secret arts; a man of shrewd conjecture.
Connate, kōn-nāto'. a. born with another.
Connatural, kōn-nāto' d-rāi. a. suitable to nature. [act of nature, originally].
Connaturality, kōn-nāto' d-rāi-lē. ad. by the
Connect, kōn-nēk'. v. a. to join; to unite.

Connectively, kōn-nēk' ūv-lē. ad. in conjunction, in union. [just relation].
Connection, kōn-nēk' shūa. s. union, junction;
Connivance, kōn-nē' vāuse. s. voluntary blindness. [or ignorance].
Connive, kōn-nēv'. v. n. to pretend blindness.
Connaisseur, kō-nēs-sāro'. s. a judge, a critic.
Connubial, kōn-ū' h' āi. a. nuptial, conjugal.
Conquer, kōn' ūr, or kōn' kwā. v. a. to overcome, to subdue; to surmount. [overcome].
Conquerable, kōn' ūr' ā-bl. a. possible to be
Conquerer, kōn' ūr' ūr. s. a victor; one that subdues.
Conquest, kōng' Kwā. s. the act of conquering, subjection; victory, success in arms.
Consanguineous, kōn-sāng' gwā' nē-ūa. s. near of kin. [union by blood].
Consanguinity, kōn-sāng' gwā' tē. s. relationship.
Conscience, kōn-shēnsē. s. sentiment, private thoughts; scruple. [exactly just].
Conscientious, kōn-shēn' shūa. s. scrupulous
Conscientiously, kōn-shēn' shūa-lē. ad. according to the direction of conscience. [just].
Conscionable, kōn' shūn' ā-bl. a. reasonable,
Conscious, kōn' shūa. a. knowing from memory; admitted to the knowledge of any thing.
Consciously, kōn' shūa-lē. ad. with knowledge of one's own actions.
Consciousness, kōn' shūa-nēs. s. internal sense of guilt or innocence.
Conscript, kōn' skript. a. registered, enrolled.
Consecrate, kōn' sē-krate. v. a. to make sacred.
Consecration, kōn' sē' krā' shūa. s. a rite of dedicating to the service of God.
Consecution, kōn' sē' k' shūa. s. train of consequences; succession. [upin]; succeeding.
Consecutive, kōn' sēk' kō' ūv. a. following in
Consension, kōn' sēn' shūa. s. agreement, accord. [consenting]; concord, agreement.
Consent, kōn' sēn' t. s. the act of yielding or
Consent, kōn' sēn' t. v. n. to agree to; to co-operate with. [to, consent with].
Consentaneous, kōn' sēn' t' ūv. a. agreeable
Consentient, kōn' sēn' t' shūa. a. agreeing, united in opinion. [importance].
Consequence, kōn' sē' kwā. s. deduction.
Consequent, kōn' sē' kwā. a. following by rational deduction or as the effect of a cause.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pho, phi;—

- Consequent**, kôn-sê-kwênt. *s.* consequence; effect, that which follows.
- Consequential**, kôn-sê-kwênt-shâll. *a.* conclusive.
- Consequently**, kôn-sê-kwênt-lê. *ad.* by consequence, necessarily. [ing kept.]
- Conservable**, kôn-sêr-vâ-bl. *a.* capable of being conserved.
- Conservancy**, kôn-sêr-vân-sê. *s.* a court held by the Lord Mayor of London for the preservation of the fishery.
- Conservation**, kôn-sêr-vâ-shân. *s.* protection; preservation.
- Conservative**, kôn-sêr-vâ-tiv. *a.* having the power of opposing diminution or injury.
- Conservator**, kôn-sêr-vâ-tôr. *s.* preserver.
- Conservatory**, kôn-sêr-vâ-tôr-ê. *s.* a place where any thing is kept.
- Conserve**, kôn-sêrv'. *v. a.* to preserve, to candy or pickle fruit.
- Conserve**, kôn-sêrv. *s.* a sweetmeat.
- Consider**, kôn-sid-âr. *v. a.* to think upon, to ponder; to require.
- Considerable**, kôn-sid-âr-â-bl. *a.* worthy of consideration; respectable; important, valuable. [tantly.]
- Considerably**, kôn-sid-âr-â-blê. *ad.* importantly.
- Considerate**, kôn-sid-âr-â-tê. *a.* serious, prudent; regardful; moderate.
- Consideration**, kôn-sid-âr-â-shân. *s.* regard, notice; mature thought; importance; compensation. [transfer; to commit.]
- Consign**, kôn-sluê'. *v. a.* to make over; to consign.
- Consignment**, kôn-sluê-mênt. *s.* the act of consigning; the writing by which any thing is consigned.
- Consist**, kôn-sist'. *v. n.* to be comprised, to be contained in; to be composed of.
- Consistence**, kôn-sis-tênc. } *s.* state with respect to material existence; substance; agreement.
- Consistency**, kôn-sis-tên-sê. } [to agree together.]
- Consistent**, kôn-sis-tênt. *a.* not contradictory; firm, not fluid.
- Consistently**, kôn-sis-tên-tê. *ad.* without contradiction, agreeably.
- Consistorial**, kôn-sis-tôr-rê-âll. *a.* relating to the ecclesiastical court.
- Consistory**, kôn-sis-tôr-ê. *s.* the place of justice in the ecclesiastical court.
- Consociate**, kôn-sô-shê-â-tê. *v. a.* to unite, to join.
- Consociation**, kôn-sô-shê-â-shân. *s.* union, companionship. [fort.]
- Consolable**, kôn-sô-lâ-bl. *a.* that admits of consolation.
- Consolation**, kôn-sô-lâ-shân. *s.* comfort, alleviation of misery. [give comfort.]
- Consolatory**, kôn-sô-lâ-tôr-ê. *a.* tending to console.
- Console**, kôn-sô-lê'. *v. a.* to comfort, to cheer.
- Consoler**, kôn-sô-lôr. *s.* one that gives comfort.
- Consolidate**, kôn-sô-lê-tâ-tê. *v. a.* to form into a compact and solid body; to harden.
- Consolidation**, kôn-sô-lê-dâ-shân. *s.* the act of uniting into a solid mass; the annexing of one bill in parliament to another.
- Consonance**, kôn-sô-nân-sê. } *s.* accord of consistency.
- Consonancy**, kôn-sô-nân-sê. }
- Consonant**, kôn-sô-nânt. *a.* agreeable.
- Consonant**, kôn-sô-nânt. *s.* a letter which can not be sounded by itself. [agreeably.]
- Consonantly**, kôn-sô-nânt-lê. *ad.* consistently.
- Consonous**, kôn-sô-nûs. *a.* agreeing in sound.
- Consort**, kôn-sôrt. *s.* companion.
- Consort**, kôn-sôrt'. *v. n.* to associate with.
- Consort**, kôn-sôrt'. *v. a.* to join, to mix, to marry.
- Consortable**, kôn-sôrt-tâ-bl. *a.* to be compared with, suitable.
- Conspicetable**, kôn-spêk-tâ-bl. *a.* easy to be seen. [to the sight.]
- Conspicuity**, kôn-spêk-tê-tê. *s.* obviousness.
- Conspicuous**, kôn-spik-tû-ûs. *a.* obvious to the sight; eminent.
- Conspicuously**, kôn-spik-tû-ûs-lê. *ad.* obviously to the view; eminently.
- Conspicuousness**, kôn-spik-tû-ûs-nêss. *s.* eminence, celebrity. [certed treason.]
- Conspiracy**, kôn-spi-â-sê. *s.* a plot, a conspiracy.
- Conspirator**, kôn-spi-â-tôr. *s.* a man engaged in a plot. [to agree together.]
- Conspire**, kôn-spi-rê'. *v. n.* to concert a crime; to conspire.
- Constable**, kôn-stâ-bl. *s.* a peace-officer.
- Constancy**, kôn-stân-sê. *s.* continuance; consistency; steadiness; lasting affection.
- Constant**, kôn-stânt. *a.* firm, unvaried; resolute; certain.
- Constantly**, kôn-stânt-lê. *ad.* perpetually, certainly, steadily.
- Constellation**, kôn-sêt-tâ-shân. *s.* a cluster of fixed stars.

no, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tūbe, tūb, bōl;—ōl;—pōōnd;—tūin, tūis.

- Consternation**, kōn-sēr-ná'-shūn. *s.* amazement, terror, dread.
- Constipate**, kōn-sē-pá-te. *v. a.* to crowd into a narrow room; to condense; to make costive.
- Constipation**, kōn-sē-pá'-shūn. *s.* the act of crowding into less room; stoppage, essential.
- Constituent**, kōn-sūsh'-ū-ēnt. *a.* elemental.
- Constituent**, kōn-sūsh'-ū-ēnt. *s.* the person or thing which constitutes or settles any thing; he that deposes another.
- Constitute**, kōn-sē-tú-te. *v. a.* to appoint; to erect; to depute.
- Constitution**, kōn-sē-tū'-shūn. *s.* state of being; temper of body, or mind; form of government.
- Constitutional**, kōn-sē-tū'-shūn-ál. *a.* radical; consistent with the constitution, legal.
- Constrain**, kōn-strān'. *v. a.* to compel; to necessitate. [constraint.]
- Constrainable**, kōn-strá'-ná-bl. *a.* liable to constraint.
- Constraint**, kōn-strān'. *s.* compulsion, violence.
- Constriction**, kōn-sūrk'-shūn. *s.* contraction, compression.
- Constringe**, kōn-stríjē. *v. a.* to contract, to bind. [quality of binding.]
- Constringent**, kōn-strín'-jēnt. *a.* having the effect of binding.
- Construct**, kōn-strúkt'. *v. a.* to build, to form.
- Construction**, kōn-strúkt'-shūn. *s.* the act or form of building; explanation; the meaning.
- Constructure**, kōn-strúkt'-shūn. *s.* pile, edifice, fabric.
- Construe**, kōn-stró. *v. a.* to interpret, to explain.
- Consubstantial**, kōn-sūb-súán'-shál. *a.* having the same substance.
- Cousubstantiality**, kōn-sūb-súán'-shé-ál'-ē-tē. *s.* existence of more than one in the same substance. [unite in one substance.]
- Consubstantiate**, kōn-sūb-súán'-shé-ác. *v. a.* to unite in one substance.
- Consubstantiation**, kōn-sūb-súán'-shé-ác'-shūn. *s.* the union of our blessed Saviour with the sacramental elements, according to the Lutherans.
- Consul**, kōn'sú. *s.* an officer commissioned in foreign parts to judge between the merchants of his nation.
- Consulship**, kōn'sú-shíp. *s.* the office of consul.
- Consult**, kōn-súlt'. *v. a.* to ask advice of; to regard, to act with respect to; to examine.
- Consult**, kōn-súlt. *s.* the act of consulting; the effect of consulting.
- Consultation**, kōn-súlt'-shūn. *s.* the act of consulting secret deliberation.
- Consumable**, kōn-sū-má-bl. *a.* susceptible of destruction. [to destroy.]
- Consume**, kōn-sūm'. *v. a.* to waste, to spend.
- Consummate**, kōn-sūm'-má-te. *v. a.* to complete, to perfect. [perfect.]
- Consummate**, kōn-sūm'-má-te. *a.* complete.
- Consummation**, kōn-sūm'-má'-shūn. *s.* completion, perfection, end.
- Consumption**, kōn-sūm'-shūn. *s.* the act of consuming, waste. [wasting.]
- Consumptive**, kōn-sūm'-tív. *a.* destructive.
- Consumptiveness**, kōn-sūm'-tív-nēs. *s.* tendency to a consumption.
- Contabulate**, kōn-táb'-ú-lá-te. *v. a.* to floor with boards.
- Contact**, kōn-tákt'. *s.* touch, close union.
- Contagion**, kōn-tá'-jē-ūn. *s.* infection; pestilence, venomous emanation.
- Contagious**, kōn-tá'-jē-ús. *a.* infectious, caught by approach. [of being contagious.]
- Contagiousness**, kōn-tá'-jē-ús-nēs. *s.* the quality of being contagious.
- Contain**, kōn-táw'-e. *v. a.* to hold; to comprise.
- Contain**, kōn-táne'. *v. n.* to live in continence.
- Containable**, kōn-tá'-ná-bl. *a.* possible to be contained. [to corrupt by base mixture.]
- Contaminate**, kōn-tám'-é-ná-te. *v. a.* to defile.
- Contamination**, kōn-tám'-é-ná'-shūn. *s.* pollution, defilement.
- Contemn**, kōn-tēm'. *v. a.* to despise, to neglect.
- Contemner**, kōn-tēm'-nēr. *s.* one that contemns, a despiser. [free of any quality.]
- Contemperament**, kōn-tēm'-pār-á-mēnt. *s.* dejection, temper.
- Contemperate**, kōn-tēm'-pār-ác. *v. a.* to moderate, to temper.
- Contemplate**, kōn-tēm'-plá-te. *v. a.* to study, to meditate. [tion; study.]
- Contemplation**, kōn-tēm'-plá'-shūn. *s.* meditation.
- Contemplative**, kōn-tēm'-plá-tív. *a.* studious.
- Contemplator**, kōn-tēm'-plá-túr. *s.* one employed in study.
- Contemporary**, kōn-tēm'-pō-rá-ré. *a.* living in the same age.
- Contemporary**, kōn-tēm'-pō-rá-ré. *s.* one who lives at the same time.

Fâc, fâc, fâll, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—piac, pia ;—

Contemporaries, kôn-têm'-pô-ris. *v. a.* to make contemporary.

Contempt, kôn-têm' s. scorn.
Contemptible, kôn-têm'-tê-bl. *a.* deserving scorn; despised. [ness, cheapness.]

Contemptibleness, kôn-têm'-tê-bl-nês. *s.* vile-Contemptibly, kôn-têm'-tê-blê *adv.* in a manner deserving contempt.

Contemptuous, kôn-têm'-tshû-ûs. *a.* scornful.
Contemptuousness, kôn-têm'-tshû-ûs-nês. *s.* disposition to contempt.

Contend, kôn-tënd' *v. n.* to strive; to vie.
Contender, kôn-tên'-dôr. *s.* combatant, cham-Contest, kôn-têst' *a.* satisfied. [pion.]

Content, kôn-tênt' *v. a.* to satisfy; to please.
Content, kôn-tênt' *s.* moderate happiness; acquiescence. [rejoicing.]

Contented, kôn-têg'-têd. *part. a.* satisfied, not
Contention, kôn-tên'-shûn. *s.* strife, debate, contest. [perverse.]

Contentious, kôn-tên'-shûs. *a.* quarrelsome,
Contentiousness, kôn-tên'-shûs-nês. *s.* proneness to contest. [easy.]

Contentless, kôn-tênt'-lês. *a.* dissatisfied, un-Contentment, kôn-tênt'-mênt. *s.* acquiescence without plenary satisfaction. [upon.]

Contemning, kôn-têr'-mê-nûs. *a.* bordering
Contest, kôn-têst' *v. a.* to dispute, to litigate.
Contest, kôn-têst' *v. n.* to strive, to emulate.

Contest, kôn-têst' *s.* dispute, debate,
Contestable, kôn-têst'-tê-bl. *a.* disputable, controvertible. [bility of contest.]

Contestableness, kôn-têst'-tê-bl-nês. *s.* possi-Context, kôn-têkst' *v. a.* to weave together.
Context, kôn-têkst' *a.* knit together, firm.

Context, kôn-têkst' *s.* the general series of a discourse.
Contexture, kôn-têks'-tshûr. *s.* the disposition of parts one among another.

Contiguity, kôn-tê-gû'-tê-tê. *s.* actual contact.
Contiguous, kôn-tê-gû'-û-ûs. *a.* meeting so as to touch. [juxtion.]

Contiguousness, kôn-tê-gû'-û-ûs-nês. *s.* close con-Continence, kôn-tê-nênsê. } *s.* restraint; chast-Continency, kôn-tê-nên-sê. } tity.

Continent, kôn-tê-nênt. *a.* chaste, temperate.
Continent, kôn-tê-nênt. *s.* land not disjoined by the sea from other lands.

Continental, kôn-tê-nên'-têl. *a.* relating to the continent.

Contingence, kôn-tên'-jên-sê. } *a.* accidents
Contingency, kôn-tên'-jên-sê. } possibility.

Contingent, kôn-tên'-jên-t. *a.* accidental.
Contingent, kôn-tên'-jên-t. *s.* a thing in the hands of chance; a proportion.

Continual, kôn-tên'-û-ûl. *a.* incessant, proceed- ing without interruption.

Continually, kôn-tên'-û-ûl-ê. *adv.* without pause
Continuance, kôn-tên'-û-ûns. *s.* abode in a place; duration; perseverance. [united.]

Continuate, kôn-tên'-û-ûs. *a.* immediately
Continuation, kôn-tên'-û-û-shûn. *s.* protraction, or succession, uninterrupted.

Continuator, kôn-tên'-û-û-tôr. *s.* he that con- tinues or keeps up the series of succession.

Continue, kôn-tên'-û. *v. n.* to remain in the same state; to persevere.

Continue, kôn-tên'-û. *v. a.* to protract, or repeat without interruption; to unite without a chasm
Continuity, kôn-tên'-û-tê. *s.* cohesion, un- interrupted cohesion.

Continuous, kôn-tên'-û-ûs. *a.* joined together.
Contort, kôn-tôr't' *v. a.* to twist, to writhe.

Contortion, kôn-tôr'-shûn. *s.* a twist, wry mo- tion.
Contour, kôn-tôôr' *s.* the outline. [illegal]

Contraband, kôn-trâ-bând. *a.* prohibited,
Contract, kôn-trâkt' *v. a.* to draw together, to shorten; to make a bargain; to betroth.

Contract, kôn-trâkt' *s.* a bargain.
Contractedness, kôn-trâkt'-têd-nês. *s.* the state of being contracted.

Contractibleness, kôn-trâkt'-tê-bl-nês. *s.* a quality of suffering contraction.
Contractile, kôn-trâkt'-têl. *a.* having the power of shortening itself.

Contraction, kôn-trâkt'-shûn. *s.* the act of contracting or shortening; abbreviation.
Contractor, kôn-trâkt'-tôr. *a.* one of the parties to a contract or bargain.

Contradict, kôn-trâ-ktik' *v. a.* to oppose ver- bally, to deny.
Contradiction, kôn-trâ-ktik'-shûn. *s.* opposition contrary.

Contradictory, kôn-trâ-ktik'-shûn. *a.* filled with contradictions, inclined to contradict.

nh, n'ôve, n'ôr, n'ôr; —t'ôbe, t'ôb, b'ôll; —ôl; —p'ôh'ôl; —ôim, t'ôim.

Contradictory, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô-t'ô-r'ô. *a.* opposite to, inconsistent with.

Contradistinction, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô-t'ô-t'ô-t'ô-sh'ân. *a.* distinction by opposite qualities.

Contradistinguish, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô-t'ô-t'ô-g'w'ôsh. *v. a.* to distinguish by opposite qualities.

Contraposition, k'ôn-tr'ô-p'ô-t'ô-t'ô-ô-n. *s.* a placing over against. [*tr*azety to rule.]

Contraregularity, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ê-g'ô-l'ô-r'ô-t'ô. *s.* con-

Contrariant, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô-ô-t'ô. *a.* inconsistent, contradictory. [*destroy each other.*]

Contraries, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô. *s.* propositions which

Contrariety, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô-t'ô-t'ô. *s.* repugnance, opposition.

Contrarily, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô-t'ô. *ad.* different ways.

Contrariness, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô-n'ê-s. *s.* contrariety, opposition. [*nant.*]

Contrarious, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô-ô-s. *a.* opposite, repug-

Contrariwise, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô-w'ô-z'ô. *ad.* on the contrary. [*try*; inconsistent; adverse.]

Contrary, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô. *a.* opposite, contradic-

Contrary, k'ôn-tr'ô-r'ô. *s.* a thing of opposite qualities.

Contract, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô. *s.* an opposition of figures.

Contract, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô. *v. a.* to place in opposition.

Contravene, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-n'ô. *v. a.* to oppose, to obstruct.

Contravention, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-n'ô-sh'ân. *s.* opposition.

Contributory, k'ôn-tr'ô-b'ô-t'ô-r'ô. *a.* paying tribute to the same sovereign.

Contribute, k'ôn-tr'ô-b'ô-t'ô. *v. a.* to give to some common stock.

Contribute, k'ôn-tr'ô-b'ô-t'ô. *v. n.* to bear a part, to have a share in any act or effect.

Contribution, k'ôn-tr'ô-b'ô-t'ô-sh'ân. *s.* the act of contributing; that which is given.

Contributor, k'ôn-tr'ô-b'ô-t'ô-r'ô. *s.* one that bears a part, in some common design.

Contributory, k'ôn-tr'ô-b'ô-t'ô-r'ô. *a.* promoting the same end. [*joint.*]

Constitute, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô. *a.* word with sorrow, pen-

Contritely, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô-t'ô. *ad.* penitently.

Contrition, k'ôn-tr'ô-t'ô-ô-n. *s.* penitence, sorrow

Contrivance, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ân-s'ô. *s.* a scheme; a plot;

Contrive, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê. *v. a.* to plan out; to find

Contrive, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê. *v. n.* to form or design.

Contrives, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê. *s.* an inventor.

Control, k'ôn-tr'ôll'ô. *s.* a check, restraint; power

Control, k'ôn-tr'ôll'ô. *v. a.* to keep under check; to govern.

Controllable, k'ôn-tr'ôll'ô-t'ô-bl'ô. *a.* subject to control. [*power of governing.*]

Controller, k'ôn-tr'ôll'ô-r'ô. *s.* one that has the

Controllership, k'ôn-tr'ôll'ô-ô-sh'ôp. *s.* the office of a controller. [*position.*]

Controlment, k'ôn-tr'ôll'ô-m'ê-t'ô. *s.* restraint; cp-

Controversial, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-r'ô-sh'ôl'ô. *a.* relating to disputes. [*rel.*]

Controversy, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-r'ô-s'ê. *s.* dispute; a quar-

Controvert, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-r'ô. *v. a.* to debate, to dispute.

Controvertible, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-r'ô-t'ô-bl'ô. *a.* disputable.

Controvertist, k'ôn-tr'ô-v'ê-r'ô-t'ô-s't'ô. *s.* disputant.

Contumacious, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ô-sh'ô-s'ô. *a.* perverse, stubborn.

Contumaciously, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ô-sh'ô-s'ô-l'ô. *ad.* obstinately, perversely.

Contumaciousness, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ô-sh'ô-s'ô-n'ê-s. *s.* obstinacy, perverseness.

Contumacy, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ô-s'ê. *s.* a wilful contempt and disobedience to any lawful summons.

Contumelious, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ê-l'ô-ô-s. *a.* reproachful, sarcastic. [*rudeness, reproach.*]

Contumeliousness, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ê-l'ô-ô-s-n'ê-s. *s.*

Contumely, k'ôn-t'ô-m'ê-l'ô. *s.* contemptuousness, bitterness of language, reproach.

Contusion, k'ôn-t'ô-z'ô-sh'ân. *s.* the act of bruising, a bruise.

Conundrum, k'ô-n'ân-dr'ôm. *s.* a low jest, a quibble.

Convalescence, k'ôn-v'â-l'ê-s'ô-s'ê. } *s.* renewal

Convalescency, k'ôn-v'â-l'ê-s'ô-s'ê-n'ê. } of health

Convalescent, k'ôn-v'â-l'ê-s'ô-s'ê-t'ô. *a.* recovering.

Convene, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô. *v. n.* to come together, to assemble. [*mon judicially.*]

Convene, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô. *v. a.* to convoke; to sum-

Convenience, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô-ô-n's'ê. } *s.* fitness, con-

Conveniency, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô-ô-n'ê-s'ê. } modiousness.

Convenient, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô-ô-t'ô. *a.* fit, suitable.

Conveniently, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô-ô-t'ô-l'ô. *ad.* commod-

Convent, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô. *s.* a religious house, a

Conventicle, k'ôn-v'ê-n'ô-t'ô-ô-ô. *s.* an assembly of worship; a secret assembly.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pîn;—

- Conventicles, kôn-vên'-tîk-lîr.** *s.* one that supports or frequents private and unlawful assemblies.
- Convention, kôn-vên'-shûn.** *s.* an assembly; contract, agreement for a time.
- Conventional, kôn-vên'-shûn-â-l.** *a.* agreed on by compact.
- Conventiory, kôn-vên'-shûn-â-rè.** *a.* acting upon contract.
- Conventual, kôn-vên'-tshû-â-l.** *a.* belonging to a convent. [in a convent.]
- Conventual, kôn-vên'-tshû-â-l.** *s.* one that lives
- Converge, kôn-vêrjè.** *v. n.* to tend to one point.
- Convergent, kôn-vêr'-jênt.** } *a.* tending to one
- Converging, kôn-vêr'-jîng.** } point.
- Conversible, kôn-vêr'-sâ-bl.** *a.* qualified for conversation.
- Conversably, kôn-vêr'-sâ-blè.** *ad.* in a conversable manner. [familiar.]
- Conversant, kôn-vêr'-sânt.** *a.* acquainted with,
- Conversation, kôn-vêr'-sâ'-shûn.** *s.* familiar discourse, chat; commerce; behaviour.
- Converse, kôn-vêrse.** *v. n.* to cohabit with; to discourse.
- Converse, kôn'-vêrse.** *s.* manner of discoursing in familiar life; cohabitation.
- Conversion, kôn-vêr'-shûn.** *s.* change, transmutation; change from one religion to another.
- Conversive, kôn-vêr'-sîv.** *a.* conversable, sociable.
- Convert, kôn-vêrt'.** *v. a.* to change; to turn from a bad to a good life; to appropriate.
- Convert, kôn'-vêrt.** *s.* a person converted from one opinion to another.
- Convertible, kôn-vêr'-tè-bl.** *a.* susceptible of change, transmutable.
- Convex, kôn'-vêks.** *a.* rising in a circular form.
- Convex, kôn'-vêks.** *s.* a convex body.
- Convexity, kôn-vêks'-tè-tè.** *s.* protuberance in a circular form.
- Convexly, kôn-vêks'-lè.** *ad.* in a convex form.
- Convey, kôn-vâ'.** *v. a.* to carry, to transmit; to impart.
- Conveyance, kôn-vâ'-ânse.** *s.* the act of removing any thing; way for carriage; act of transferring; writing by which property is transferred.
- Conveyancer, kôn-vâ'-ân-sâr.** *s.* a lawyer who draws writings by which property is transferred.
- Conveyer, kôn-vâ'-âr.** *s.* one who carries or transmits any thing.
- Convict, kôn-vîkt'.** *v. a.* to prove guilty; to confute.
- Convict, kôn'-vîkt.** *s.* a person cast at the bar
- Conviction, kôn-vîk'-shûn.** *s.* detection of guilt; confutation. [convincing]
- Convictive, kôn-vîk'-tîv.** *a.* having the power of
- Convince, kôn-vînse'.** *v. a.* to force another to acknowledge a contested position. [viction]
- Convincible, kôn-vîn'-tè-bl.** *a.* capable of con-
- Convincingly, kôn-vîn'-sîng-lè.** *ad.* in such a manner as to leave no room for doubt.
- Covivial, kôn-vîv'-yâl.** *a.* familiar, social.
- Covocate, kôn'-vò-kâte.** *v. a.* to call together.
- Convocation, kôn-vò-kâ'-shûn.** *s.* the act of calling to an assembly; an assembly of the clergy
- Convoke, kôn-vòke'.** *v. a.* to call together, to summon to an assembly.
- Convolute, kôn-vò-lû-téd.** *part. a.* twisted, rolled upon itself.
- Convolution, kôn-vò-lû'-shûn.** *s.* the act of rolling any thing upon itself.
- Convolve, kôn-vòlv'.** *v. a.* to roll together.
- Convoy, kôn-vòv'.** *v. a.* to accompany by land or sea, for the sake of defence. [fence.]
- Convoy, kôn'-vòvè.** *s.* attendance by way of defence.
- Convulse, kôn-vûlse'.** *v. a.* to give an irregular and involuntary motion.
- Convulsion, kôn-vûl'-shûn.** *s.* an involuntary contraction of the fibres and muscles.
- Convulsive, kôn-vûl'-sîv.** *a.* giving twitches or spasms.
- Cony, kôn'-nè.** *s.* a rabbit.
- Coo, kôô.** *v. n.* to cry as a dove or pigeon.
- Cook, kôôk.** *s.* one who prepares victuals for the table. [table.]
- Cook, kôôk.** *v. a.* to prepare victuals for the table.
- Cookery, kôôk'-âr-è.** *s.* the art of dressing victuals.
- Cool, kôôl.** *a.* somewhat cold; indifferent.
- Cool, kôôl.** *v. a.* to make cool; to quiet passion; to calm anger.
- Cool, kôôl.** *v. n.* to grow less hot
- Cooler, kôôl'-âr.** *s.* that which has the power of cooling; a brewer's vessel.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dìl;—pònd;—thín, rñis.

Coolly, kòòp'-lè. *ad.* without heat; without passion.

Coolness, kòòp'-nès. *s.* gentle cold; want of affection; freedom from passion.

Coom, kòòm. *s.* soot; grease for wheels; a measure of four bushels.

Coop, kòòp. *s.* a cage, a pen. [pass.]

Coop, kòòp. *v. a.* to shut up in a narrow com-

Cooper, kòòp'-púr. *s.* one that makes coops or barrels.

Co-operate, kò-òp'-èr-àte. *v. n.* to labour jointly; to concur in the same effect.

Co-operation, kò-òp'-èr-à-shù. *s.* the act of contributing to the same end.

Co-operative, kò-òp'-èr-à-ìv. *a.* promoting the same end.

Co-operator, kò-òp'-èr-à-túr. *s.* he that promotes the same end with others. [rank.]

Co-ordinate, kò-òr'-dè-nàte. *a.* holding the same

Co-ordination, kò-òr'-dè-nà-shù. *s.* the state of holding the same rank. collateralness.

Copartner, kò-pàrt'-núr. *s.* a joint partner.

Copartnership, kò-pàrt'-núr-shíp. *s.* the state of bearing an equal part, or possessing an equal share. [spread over the head.]

Cope, kòpe. *s.* a sacerdotal cloak; any thing

Cope, kòpe. *v. a.* to cover, as with a cope; to contend with, to oppose. [scribe.]

Copier, kòp'-pè-úr. *s.* one that copies, a trans-

Coping, kò'-pìng. *s.* the upper tier of masonry which covers the wall.

Copious, kò'-pè-ús. *a.* plentiful, abundant.

Copiously, kò'-pè-ús-ìe. *ad.* plentifully, abundantly. [dance.]

Copiousness, kò'-pè-ús-nès. *s.* plenty, abundance.

Copper, kòp'-púr. *s.* one of the six primitive metals; a large boiler.

Copperas, kòp'-púr-às. *s.* a kind of vitriol.

Coppersmith, kòp'-púr-smit. *s.* one that manufactures copper.

Coppery, kòp'-púr-è. *a.* containing copper.

Copice, kòp'-pìs. *s.* low woods cut at stated times for fuel.

Copse, kòps. *s.* short wood.

Copulate, kòp'-ù-làte. *v. a.* to unite, to conjoin.

Copulation, kòp'-ù-là-shù. *s.* the congress of the two sexes.

Copulative, kòp'-ù-là-ìv. *a.* a term of grammar.

Copy, kòp'-pè. *s.* a transcript from the original; the archetype. [to imitate.]

Copy, kòp'-pè. *v. a.* to write after an original;

Copier, kòp'-pè-úr. } *s.* one who copies writing

Copyst, kòp'-pè-ìst. } or pictures.

Coquet, kò-két'. *v. a.* to treat with an appearance of amorous tenderness.

Coquetry, kò-két'-rè. *s.* affectation of amorous advances.

Coquette, kò-két'. *s.* a gay, airy girl, who endeavours to attract notice. [plaything.]

Coral, kòr'-ál. *s.* a marine plant; a child's

Coralline, kòr'-ál-ìn. *a.* consisting of coral.

Cord, kòrd. *s.* a rope, a string.

Cord, kòrd. *v. a.* to bind with ropes.

Cordage, kòr'-dìdje. *s.* a quantity of cords.

Corded, kòr'-dèd. *a.* made of ropes.

Cordial, kòr'-jè-ál. *s.* any thing that comforts and exhilarates. [sincere.]

Cordial, kòr'-jè-ál. *a.* reviving, invigorating;

Cordiality, kòr'-jè-ál-è-tè. *s.* relation to the heart; sincerity.

Cordially, kòr'-jè-ál-è. *ad.* sincerely, heartily.

Core, kòre. *s.* the heart; the inner part of any thing. [sembling leather]

Coriaceous, kò-rè-à'-shù. *a.* of a substance resembling

Coriander, kò-rè-àn'-dúr. *s.* a plant.

Corinthian, kò-rín'-thè-àn. *a.* the fourth order of architecture.

Cork, kòrk. *s.* the name of a tree and its bark, the stopple of a bottle.

Cork, kòrk. *v. a.* to put corks into bottles.

Corky, kòr'-kè. *a.* consisting of cork.

Cormorant, kòr'-mò-rànt. *s.* a bird that preys upon fish; a glutton. [foot]

Corn, kòrn. *s.* grain; an excrescence on the

Corn, kòrn. *v. a.* to sprinkle with salt; to scum into small grains. [growing.]

Corn-field, kòrn'-fèld. *s.* a field where corn is

Corn-mill, kòrn'-mìl. *s.* a mill to grind corn into meal. [tails corn.]

Cornchandler, kòrn'-tshánd-lúr. *s.* one that rec-

Corneous, kòr'-nè-ús. *a.* horny.

Corner, kòr'-núr. *s.* an angle; a secret or remote place.

Corner-stone, kòr'-núr-stòne. *s.* the stone that unites the two walls at the corner

Cornerwise, kòr'-núr-wìze. *ad.* diagonally

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèt;—pîq, pîn;—

- Cornet, kôr-nét.** *s.* a musical instrument; an officer. [the army.]
- Cornetcy, kôr-nét-sé.** *s.* the post of a cornet in an army.
- Cornice, kôr-nîs.** *s.* the highest projection of a wall or column. [plenty.]
- Cornucopia, kôr-nû-kô-pé-é.** *s.* the horn of plenty.
- Cornute, kôr-nû-té.** *v. a.* to bestow horns, to cuckold. [cuckolded.]
- Cornuted, kôr-nû-téd.** *a.* grafted with horns.
- Corny, kôr-né.** *a.* like corn; producing grain.
- Corollary, kôr-ô-lâr-é.** *s.* the conclusion; an inference.
- Coronal, kôr-ô-nâl.** *s.* a crown, a garland.
- Coronal, kôr-ô-nâl.** *a.* belonging to the top of the head, [nity of crowning a king.]
- Coronation, kôr-ô-nâ-shûn.** *s.* the act or solemnity of crowning a king.
- Coroner, kôr-ô-nûr.** *s.* an officer whose duty it is to inquire how any violent death was occasioned. [by the nobility.]
- Coronet, kôr-ô-nét.** *s.* an inferior crown worn by nobility.
- Corporal, kôr-pô-râl.** *s.* the lowest officer of the infantry.
- Corporal, kôr-pô-râl.** *a.* relating to the body; not spiritual.
- Corporality, kôr-pô-râl-é-té.** *s.* the quality of being embodied.
- Corporally, kôr-pô-râl-é.** *ad.* bodily.
- Corporate, kôr-pô-râ-té.** *a.* united in a body or community.
- Corporation, kôr-pô-râ-shûn.** *s.* a body politic.
- Corporeal, kôr-pô-ré-âl.** *a.* having a body.
- Corporeity, kôr-pô-ré-é-té.** *s.* materiality.
- Corps, kôre.** *s.* a body of forces.
- Corps, kôrps.** *s.* a dead body, a corpse.
- Corpulence, kôr-pû-lénse.** } *s.* bulkiness of
- Corpulency, kôr-pû-lén-sé.** } body, fleshiness.
- Corpulent, kôr-pû-lént.** *a.* fleshy, bulky.
- Corpuscle, kôr-pû-sîl.** *s.* a small body, an atom.
- Corrade, kôr-râde.** *v. a.* to scrape together.
- Correct, kôr-rékt'.** *v. a.* to chastise; to amend.
- Correct, kôr-rékt'.** *a.* revised or finished with exactness.
- Correction, kôr-rékt-shûn.** *s.* punishment, discipline; amendment; reprehension.
- Corrective, kôr-rékt-îv.** *s.* that which has the power of altering or obviating any thing amiss.
- Correctly, kôr-rékt-lé.** *ad.* accurately, exactly.
- Correctness, kôr-rékt-nés.** *s.* accuracy, exactness. [test, or revision.]
- Corrector, kôr-rékt-tûr.** *s.* he that amends, corrects.
- Correlative, kôr-ré-lâ-tîv.** *a.* having a reciprocal relation. [reproof.]
- Correption, kôr-rép-shûn.** *s.* reprehension.
- Correspond, kôr-ré-spônd'.** *v. n.* to suit, to answer; to keep up commerce with another by alternate letters.
- Correspondence, kôr-ré-spôn-dénsé.** *s.* relation; intercourse; interchange of offices or civilities.
- Correspondent, kôr-ré-spôn-dént.** *a.* suitable, answerable.
- Correspondent, kôr-ré-spôn-dént.** *s.* one with whom commerce is kept up by mutual letters.
- Corresponsive, kôr-ré-spôn-sîv.** *a.* answerable.
- Corridor, kôr-ré-dôre'.** *s.* a gallery round about a building. [or amended.]
- Corrigible, kôr-ré-jé-bl.** *a.* that may be altered.
- Corroborant, kôr-rôb-ô-rânt.** *a.* having the power to give strength.
- Corroborate, kôr-rôb-ô-râte.** *v. a.* to confirm, to establish; to strengthen.
- Corroboration, kôr-rôb-ô-râ-shûn.** *s.* the act of strengthening or confirming.
- Corroborative, kôr-rôb-ô-râ-tîv.** *a.* having the power of increasing strength. [grees.]
- Corrode, kôr-rôde'.** *v. a.* to eat away by decaying.
- Corrodent, kôr-rô-dént.** *a.* having the power of corroding or wasting.
- Corrosible, kôr-rô-sé-bl.** *a.* possible to be consumed by a menstruum.
- Corrosive, kôr-rô-sîv.** *a.* able to corrode.
- Corrosiveness, kôr-rô-sîv-nés.** *s.* the quality of corroding, acrimony. [pursue up.]
- Corrugate, kôr-rû-gâte.** *v. a.* to wrinkle or wrinkle.
- Corrugation, kôr-rû-gâ-shûn.** *s.* contraction into wrinkles.
- Corrupt, kôr-rûpt'.** *v. a.* to turn from a sound to a putrescent state; to deprave.
- Corrupt, kôr-rûpt'.** *v. n.* to become putrid, to grow rotten. [educe.]
- Corrupt, kôr-rûpt'.** *a.* vicious, tainted with wickedness.
- Corruptibility, kôr-rûp-té-bîl-é-té.** *s.* possibility to be corrupted.
- Corruptible, kôr-rûp-té-bl.** *a.* possible to be vitiated.

nh, mōve, n̄r, n̄t;—t̄be, t̄b; h̄ll;—ŋ;—p̄ōm;—t̄in, t̄is.

Corruptibility, kōr-rūp' t̄ē-h̄-n̄a. *s.* susceptibility of corruption.
 Corruptly, kōr-rūp' t̄ē-h̄. *ad.* in such a manner as to be corrupted.
 Corruption, kōr-rūp' sh̄n. *s.* wickedness; putrescence.
 Corruptly, kōr-rūp' t̄ē. *ad.* with taint; viciously.
 Corruptness, kōr-rūp' t̄ē-n̄s. *s.* putrescence; vice.
 Corsair, kōr'-s̄ir. *s.* a pirate.
 Corpse, kōr's. *s.* a dead body, a carcass.
 Corset, kōr'-l̄ēt. *s.* a light armour for the breast [rind.
 Cortical, kōr' t̄ē-h̄ll. *a.* barky, belonging to the
 Corticated, kōr' t̄ē-h̄ll-t̄ēd. *a.* resembling the
 bark of a tree. [flashing.
 Coruscant, kō-r̄s' k̄nt. *a.* glittering by flashes.
 Coruscation, kōr'-s̄ k̄' sh̄n. *s.* flash, quick
 vibration of light.
 Cosmetick, kōz-mēt'-l̄k. *a.* beautifying.
 Cosmical, kōz'-mē-k̄l. *a.* rising or setting with
 the sun.
 Cosmogony, kōz-mōg'-gō-nē. *s.* the rise or birth
 of the world, the creation.
 Cosmographer, kōz-mōg'-gr̄-f̄r. *s.* one who
 writes a description of the world.
 Cosmography, kōz-mōg'-gr̄-f̄. *s.* a description
 of the visible world.
 Cosmopolitan, kōz-mō-pōl'-t̄-t̄n. *s.* a citizen
 of the world, one who is at home in every
 place.
 Cost, kōst. *s.* price; charge; detriment.
 Cost, kōst. *v. n.* to be bought for, to be had at a
 price.
 Costal, kōs'-t̄l. *a.* belonging to the ribs.
 Costard, kōs'-t̄ārl. *s.* a head; a species of apple.
 Costive, kōs'-t̄iv. *a.* bound in the body; close.
 Costiveness, kōs'-t̄iv-n̄s. *s.* the state of the
 body in which excretion is obstructed.
 Costliness, kōst'-t̄ē-n̄s. *s.* sumptuousness, ex-
 pensiveness.
 Costly, kōst'-t̄ē. *a.* sumptuous, expensive.
 Costume, kōs'-t̄ūm. *s.* the correspondence of
 dress to its respective ages or nations.
 Cot, kōt. *s.* a small house, a hut. [same time.
 Cotemporary, kō-tēm'-pō-r̄-r̄. *a.* living at the
 Coterie, kō-t̄ir-r̄. *s.* a club, a society.
 Cotillon; kō-t̄il-yōng'. *s.* a kind of French

Cotland, kōt'-l̄ānd. *a.* land appendant to a cot-
 tage.
 Cottage, kōt'-t̄h̄j. *s.* a hut, a mean habitation.
 Cottager, kōt'-t̄h̄-j̄r. *s.* one who lives in a hut
 or cottage.
 Cotton, kōt'-tn. *s.* the down of the cotton tree,
 a plant; cloth or stuff made of cotton.
 Couch, kōūtsh. *v. n.* to lie down; to stoop or
 bend down.
 Couch, kōūtsh. *v. a.* to lay on a place of repose;
 to hide; to depress the film that overspreads
 the pupil of the eye.
 Couch, kōūtsh. *s.* a seat of repose; a layer, a
 stratum.
 Couchant, kōūtsh'-ānt. *a.* lying down, squatting.
 Couchee, kōd'-sh̄ē. *s.* bed-time, the time of
 visiting late at night.
 Cough, kōf. *s.* a convulsion of the lungs.
 Cough, kōf. *v. n.* to have the lungs convulsed.
 Cough, kōf. *v. a.* to eject by a cough.
 Cougher, kōf'-f̄r. *s.* one that coughs.
 Could, kōd. *the imperfect pres. of can.*
 Coulter, kōle'-f̄r. *s.* the sharp iron of the plough
 which cuts the earth.
 Council, kōūn'-s̄l. *s.* an assembly of persons
 met together in consultation.
 Counsel, kōūn'-s̄l. *s.* advice, direction, pruden-
 ce; design; a pleader. [advise.
 Counsel, kōūn'-s̄l. *v. a.* to give advice; to
 Counsellable, kōūn'-s̄l-ā-bl. *a.* willing to re-
 ceive and follow advice.
 Counsellor, kōūn'-s̄l-l̄r. *s.* one that gives ad-
 vice; a confidant; a barrister.
 Count, kōūt. *v. a.* to number; to reckon; to
 impute to. {foreign nobility
 Count, kōūt. *s.* number, reckoning; a title of
 Countenance, kōūn'-tē-nāns. *s.* the form of
 the face, the system of the features, air; as-
 pect of assurance; patronage, support.
 Countenance, kōūn'-tē-nāns. *v. a.* to support,
 to patronise.
 Countenancer, kōūn'-tē-nān-s̄r. *s.* one that
 countenances or supports another.
 Counter, kōūn'-t̄r. *s.* a false piece of money
 a sort of table in a shop. [sition to.
 Counter, kōūn'-t̄r. *ad.* contrary to, in oppo-
 sition to.
 Counteract, kōūn'-t̄r-ākt'. *v. a.* to hinder any
 thing from its effect by contrary agency.

Fåte, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—pine, pta ;—

- Counterbalance, kôdn-târ-bâl'-lânse. *v. a.* to act against with an opposite weight.
- Counterbuff, kôdn-târ-bâf' *v. a.* to impel; to strike back. [reciprocation.]
- Counterchange, kôdn-târ-îshânje. *s.* exchange,
- Counterchange, kôdn-târ-îshânje'. *v. a.* to give and receive.
- Countercharm, kôdn-târ-îshârm. *s.* that by which a charm is dissolved.
- Countercharm, kôdn-târ-îshârm'. *v. a.* to destroy the effect of an enchantment.
- Countercheck, kôdn-târ-îshêk'. *v. a.* to oppose.
- Countercheck, kôdn-târ-îshêk. *s.* stop, rebuke.
- Counterfeit, kôdn-târ-îft. *v. a.* to copy with an intent to pass the copy for an original; to imitate. [deceitful.]
- Counterfeit, kôdn-târ-îft. *a.* forged, fictitious;
- Counterfeit, kôdn-târ-îft. *s.* an impostor; a forger.
- Counterfeiter, kôdn-târ-îft-âr. *s.* a forger.
- Countermand, kôdn-târ-mând'. *v. a.* to contradict an order. [former order.]
- Countermand, kôdn-târ-mând. *s.* repeal of a Countermand,
- Countermand, kôdn-târ-mând. *v. a.* to march backwards.
- Countermand, kôdn-târ-mând. *s.* retrocession; change of measures.
- Countermine, kôdn-târ-mîne. *s.* means of opposition; a stratagem by which any contrivance is defeated.
- Countermine, kôdn-târ-mîne'. *v. a.* to delve a passage into an enemy's mine; to defeat by secret measures. [for a bed.]
- Counterpane, kôdn-târ-pâne. *s.* a coverlet
- Counterpart, kôdn-târ-pârt. *s.* the correspondent part. [caution.]
- Counterplea, kôdn-târ-plê. *s.* in law, a reply
- Counterplot, kôdn-târ-plôt'. *v. a.* to oppose one machination by another.
- Counterplot, kôdn-târ-plôt. *s.* an artifice opposed to an artifice.
- Counterpoise, kôdn-târ-pôze'. *v. a.* to counterbalance; to act with equal power against any person or cause.
- Counterpoise, kôdn-târ-pôze. *s.* equiponderance, equivalence of weight or power.
- Counterproject, kôdn-târ-prêd'-jekt. *s.* corresponding part of a scheme.
- Countersign, kôdn-târ-sîgn'. *v. a.* to sign an order of a superior, in quality of secretary.
- Counterturn, kôdn-târ-tûrn. *s.* the height and full growth of a play, which destroys expectation.
- Countervail, kôdn-târ-vâle'. *v. a.* to be equivalent to, to act against with equal power.
- Countervail, kôdn-târ-vâle. *s.* equal weight.
- Counterview, kôdn-târ-vû. *s.* a posture in which two persons front each other.
- Counterwork, kôdn-târ-wûrk. *v. a.* to hinder by contrary operations. [count]
- Countess, kôdn-tês. *s.* the lady of an earl or
- Countless, kôdn-tês. *s.* innumerable.
- Country, kûn-trê. *s.* a tract of land, a region; rural parts. [rude, ignorant.]
- Country, kûn-trê. *a.* rural; remote from cities
- Countryman, kûn-trê-mân. *s.* one born in the same country; a rustic.
- County, kôdn-tê. *s.* a shire.
- Couple, kûp-pl. *s.* a chain or tie; a brace, a male and his femas.
- Couple, kûp-pl. *v. a.* to chain together; to join to one another, to marry
- Couple, kûp-pl. *v. n.* to join embraces.
- Couplet, kûp-lêt. *s.* a pair of rhymes.
- Courage, kûr-rîdje. *s.* bravery, active fortitude
- Courageous, kûr-râ-jê-ûs. *a.* brave, daring, bold. [boldness, courage.]
- Courageousness, kûr-râ-jê-ûs-nês. *s.* bravery
- Courier, kôv-rêr. *s.* a messenger sent in haste.
- Course, kôrse. *s.* race, career; ground on which a race is run; track or line in which a ship sails. [force to run]
- Course, kôrse. *v. a.* to hunt, to pursue; to
- Course, kôrse. *v. n.* to run; to rove about.
- Courser, kôr-sûr. *s.* a swift horse; one who pursues the sport of coursing hares.
- Court, kôrte. *s.* a palace; hall or chamber where justice is administered; open space before a house; the art of insinuation.
- Court, kôrte. *v. a.* to woo, to solicit a woman; to endeavour to please. [well bred.]
- Courteous, kûr-îshê-ûs. *a.* elegant of manners,
- Courteously, kûr-îshê-ûs-lê. *ad.* respectfully, civilly, complaisantly.
- Courteousness, kûr-îshê-ûs-nês. *s.* civility, complaisance.

nò, mòve, mòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùt, bùll;—òll;—pòònd;—àn, thia.

Courtesan, kùr-té-zàn. *s.* a woman of the town; a prostitute.

Courtesy, kùr-té-sè. *s.* elegance of manners, civility, complaisance. [women.]

Courtesy, kùr-té-sè. *s.* the reverence made by Courtesy, kùr-té-sè. *v. n.* to make a reverence in the manner of ladies.

Courtier, kòrte'-yùr. *s.* one that attends the courts of princes; one that solicits the favour of another. [ners, complaisance.]

Courtiness, kòrte'-lè-nès. *s.* elegance of manner, kòrte'-lè. *a.* relating to the court, elegant, flattering.

Courtesy, kòrte'-ship. *s.* the act of soliciting favour; the solicitation of a woman to marriage.

Cousin, kòz'-zn. *s.* any one collaterally related more remotely than a brother or a sister.

Cove, kòve. *s.* a small creek or bay.

Covenant, kùv'-è-nànt. *s.* a contract, stipulation.

Covenant, kùv'-è-nànt. *v. n.* to bargain, to stipulate.

Cover, kùv'-ùr. *s.* any thing laid over another; a shelter, concealment. [shelter.]

Cover, kùv'-ùr. *v. a.* to overspread, conceal, covering, kùv'-ùr-ìng. *s.* dress, vesture.

Coverlet, kùv'-ùr-lèt. *s.* the outermost of the bed-clothes. [thicket.]

Couvert, kùv'-ùrt. *s.* a shelter, a defence; a covert, kùv'-ùrt. *a.* sheltered, hidden, insidious.

Covertly, kùv'-ùrt-lè. *ad.* secretly, closely.

Covet, kùv'-èt. *v. a.* to desire inordinately.

Covetous, kùv'-èt-tùs. *a.* inordinately desirous; avaricious. [gerness of gain.]

Covetousness, kùv'-èt-tùs-nès. *s.* avarice, ea-Covey, kùv'-vè. *s.* a hatch; an old bird with her young ones.

Covin, kùv'-ìn. *s.* a fraudulent agreement.

Cow, kòò. *s.* the female of the bull.

Cow, kòò. *v. a.* to depress with fear.

Coward, kòò'-ùrd. *s.* a poltron, a wretch whose predominant passion is fear.

Cowardice, kòò'-ùrd-ìs. *s.* fear, habitual timidity. [cowardice.]

Cowardliness, kòò'-ùrd-lè-nès. *s.* timidity, cowardly, kòò'-ùrd-lè. *a.* fearful, pusillanimous.

Cowardly, kòò'-ùrd-lè. *ad.* in the manner of a coward.

Cower, kòò'-ùr. *v. n.* to sink by bending the knees, to stoop.

Cowl, kòòl. *s.* a monk's hood.

Cow-pock, kòò'-pòk. *s.* an eruption from the tents of a cow; said to be an infallible preservative from the small-pox.

Coxcomb, kòks'-kòme. *s.* a flower; a pop.

Coxcomby, kòks'-kòme-lè. *a. or ad.* conceited like a coxcomb.

Coxcombry, kòks'-kòme-rè. *s.* foppishness.

Coxconical, kòks'-kòm'-ìk-ál. *a.* foppish, conceited.

Coy, kòè. *a.* modest, reserved.

Coy, kòè. *v. n.* to behave with reserve. to reject familiarity.

Coyly, kòè'-lè. *ad.* with reserve.

Coyness, kòè'-nès. *s.* reserve, unwillingness to become familiar.

Cozen, kòz'-zn. *v. a.* to cheat, to defraud.

Cozenage, kòz'-zn-àje. *s.* fraud, deceit, cheat.

Cozener, kòz'-zn-ùr. *s.* a cheater, a defrauder

Crab, kráb. *s.* a shell-fish; a wild apple; a peevish, morose person; a sign of the zodiac.

Crabbed, kráb'-bèd. *a.* peevish, morose; harsh, unpeasable; difficult.

Crabbedly, kráb'-bèd-lè. *ad.* peevishly.

Crack, krák. *s.* a sudden disruption; chink, fissure; any sudden and quick sound.

Crack, krák. *v. a.* to break into chinks; to split; to craze. [right reason.]

Crack-brained, krák-bránd. *a.* crazy, without.

Cracker, krák'-ùr. *s.* a noisy, boasting fellow; gunpowder confined so as to burst with great noise.

Crackle, krák'-kl. *v. n.* to make slight cracks.

Cradle, krá'-dl. *s.* a moveable bed on which children or sick persons are agitated with a smooth motion.

Cradle, krá'-dl. *v. a.* to lay in a cradle.

Craft, kráft. *s.* trade; cunning; small sailing vessels.

Craftily, kráft'-tè-lè. *ad.* cunningly, artfully.

Craftiness, kráft'-tè-nès. *s.* cunning stratagem

Craftsman, kráft'-màn. *s.* an artificer, a manufacturer.

Crafty, kráft'-tè. *a.* cunning, artful.

Crag, krág. *s.* a rough, steep rock; the

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât;—mê, mêt;—pino, pin;—

- Cragged**, krâg'-gêd. *a.* full of inequalities and prominences.
- Craggedness**, krâg'-gêd-nês. *s.* fulness of crags or prominent rocks. [craggy]
- Cragginess**, krâg'-gê-nês. *s.* the state of being Craggy.
- Craggy**, krâg'-gê. *a.* rugged, full of prominences.
- Cram**, krâm. *v. a.* to stuff; to fill beyond satiety; to thrust in by force.
- Cramp**, krâmp. *s.* contraction of the limbs; confinement; a piece of iron bent at each end.
- Cramp**, krâmp. *a.* difficult, knotty.
- Cramp**, krâmp. *v. a.* to pain with cramp; to confine, to bind. [pipe]
- Crane**, krâne. *s.* a bird; an engine; a crooked
- Cranium**, krâ'-nê-ôm. *s.* the skull.
- Crank**, krângk. *s.* the end of an iron axis; any conceit formed by twisting or changing a word. [the overset]
- Crank**, krângk. *a.* healthy, sprightly; near to
- Crankle**, krâng'-kl. *v. n.* to run in and out.
- Crankle**, krâng'-kl. *v. a.* to break into unequal surfaces.
- Cranny**, krân'-nê. *s.* a chink, cleft, crevice.
- Crape**, krâpe. *s.* a thin stuff loosely wov'n.
- Crash**, krâsh. *v. n.* to make a loud, complicated noise.
- Crash**, krâsh. *v. a.* to break, to bruise.
- Crash**, krâsh. *s.* a loud, mixed sound. [ness]
- Crassitude**, krâs'-sê-tûde. *s.* grossness, coarseness.
- Cratch**, krâtsh. *s.* a palisaded frame for hay.
- Craunch**, krântsh. *v. a.* to crush in the mouth.
- Cravat**, krâ'-vât. *s.* a neckcloth.
- Crave**, krâve. *v. a.* to ask with earnestness or submission; to long.
- Craven**, krâ'-vn. *s.* a cock conquered; a coward.
- Craw**, krâw. *s.* the crop or first stomach of birds.
- Crawl**, krâwl. *v. n.* to creep, to move slowly.
- Crayfish**, krâw'-fîsh. *s.* the river lobster.
- Crayon**, krâ'-ôn. *s.* a kind of pencil, a paste; a drawing.
- Craze**, krâze. *v. a.* to break, to crush; to crack the brain.
- Craziness**, krâ'-zê-nês. *s.* imbecility, weakness.
- Crazy**, krâ'-zê. *a.* broken, decrepit; shattered in the intellect.
- Creak**, krêke. *v. n.* to make a harsh noise.
- Creem**, krême. *s.* the oily part of milk.
- Creem**, krême. *v. n.* to gather cream; to mantle or froth.
- Creamy**, krê'-mê. *a.* full of cream. [any thing.]
- Crease**, krêse. *s.* a mark made by doubling
- Crease**, krêse. *v. a.* to mark any thing by doubling it. [duce]
- Create**, krê'-âte'. *v. a.* to form, cause; to pre-
- Creation**, krê'-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of creating; the universe; any thing produced.
- Creative**, krê'-â'-ûv. *a.* having the power to create. [existence]
- Creator**, krê'-â'-tûr. *s.* the Being that bestows
- Creature**, krê'-tshûre. *s.* a being created; an animal not human; a word of contempt or tenderness; one who owes his rise to another.
- Credence**, krê'-dênce. *s.* belief.
- Credenda**, krê'-dên'-dâ. *s.* articles of faith.
- Credent**, krê'-dênt. *a.* easy of belief; having credit. [title to credit]
- Credential**, krê'-dên'-shâl. *s.* that which gives a
- Credibility**, krêd'-ê-bîl'-ê-tê. *s.* claim to credit, probability.
- Credible**, krêd'-ê-bl. *a.* worthy of credit
- Credibleness**, krêd'-ê-bl-nês. *s.* worthiness of belief. [claims belief]
- Credibly**, krêd'-ê-blê. *ad.* in a manner that
- Credit**, krêd'-îl. *s.* belief; reputation; faith; trust reposed; promise given; influence.
- Credit**, krêd'-îl. *v. a.* to believe; to trust; to admit as a debtor. [ble]
- Creditable**, krêd'-îl-ê-bl. *a.* reputable; estima-
- Creditableness**, krêd'-îl-ê-bl-nês. *s.* reputation, estimation.
- Creditably**, krêd'-îl-ê-blê. *ad.* reputably.
- Creditor**, krêd'-îl-ûr. *s.* he to whom a debt owed.
- Credulity**, krê-dû'-lê-tê. *s.* easiness of belief
- Credulous**, krêd'-jû-lûs. *a.* apt to believe, easily deceived.
- Credulousness**, krêd'-jû-lûs-nês. *s.* aptness to believe, credulity.
- Creed**, krêed. *s.* a form of words in which the articles of faith are comprehended.
- Creek**, krêek. *v. a.* to make a harsh noise.
- Creek**, krêek. *s.* a bay, a cove.
- Creep**, krêep. *v. n.* to move with the belly to the ground without legs; to move slowly and fawn-ly; to fawn

no, no, dot; —tôbe, tûb, bûll; —ôll; —pôund; —thin, TRIS.

- Croaker**, krê'-pûr. *s.* a croaker; an iron instrument; a kind of patten. [*ling noise.*]
- Crepitation**, krêp'-tâ-shûn. *s.* a small crack.
- Crept**, krêpt. *part. pres. of creep.*
- Crepuscule**, krê-pûs'-kûle. *s.* twilight.
- Crepuscular**, krê-pûs'-kû-lûs. *a.* in a state between light and darkness.
- Crescent**, krês'-sênt. *a.* increasing; growing.
- Crescent**, krês'-sênt. *s.* the moon in her state of increase.
- Crescive**, krês'-siv. *a.* increasing, growing.
- Cress**, krês. *s.* an herb.
- Cresset**, krês'-sê. *s.* a light set upon a beacon.
- Crest**, krêst. *s.* a plume of feathers; the ornament of the helmet in heraldry; pride, spirit.
- Crested**, krês'-têd. *a.* adorned with a plume or crest. [*itless.*]
- Crest-fallen**, krêst'-fâln. *a.* dejected, sunk, spiritless.
- Crestless**, krêst'-lêss. *a.* not dignified with coat-armour.
- Cretaceous**, krê-tâ'-shûs. *a.* chalky.
- Crevice**, krêv'-is. *s.* a crack, a cleft.
- Crew**, krôd. *s.* the company of a ship.
- Crew**, krôd. *the pret. of crew.*
- Crewel**, krôd'-il. *s.* yarn twisted and wound on a knot or ball.
- Crib**, krîb. *s.* a rack or manger.
- Crib**, krîb. *v.* *a.* to shut up; to steal.
- Cribbage**, krîb'-bidje. *s.* a game at cards.
- Crick**, krîk. *s.* a painful stiffness in the neck.
- Cricket**, krîk'-it. *s.* an insect that chirps about ovens and fire-places; a sport; a low stool.
- Crier**, krî'-ûr. *s.* the officer whose business is to make proclamation.
- Crime**, krîme. *s.* an offence, a great fault.
- Criminal**, krîm'-ê-nâl. *a.* faulty, guilty. [*crime.*]
- Criminal**, krîm'-ê-nâl. *s.* a man guilty of a crime.
- Criminally**, krîm'-ê-nâl-lê. *ad.* wickedly, guiltily.
- Crimination**, krîm'-ê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of accusing, charge.
- Crimp**, krîmp. *a.* crisp, brittle, easily crumbled.
- Crimple**, krîm'-pl. *v.* *a.* to contract, to curl.
- Crimson**, krîm'-zn. *s.* a deep red.
- Crimson**, krîm'-zn. *v.* *a.* to dye with crimson.
- Cringe**, krînje. *s.* bow, servile civility.
- Cringe**, krînje. *p.* *n.* to bow, to pay court, to [hair].
- Crown**, krî-nld'-jê-rûs. *a.* overgrown with
- Cribose**, krî-nôse'. *a.* hairy, full of hair.
- Cripple**, krîp'-pl. *s.* a lame man.
- Cripple**, krîp'-pl. *v.* *a.* to lame, to make lame
- Crisis**, krî'-sîs. *s.* a critical time or turn.
- Crisp**, krîsp. *a.* curled; indented; brittle.
- Crisp**, krîsp. *v.* *a.* to curl; to twist; to indent.
- Crispation**, krîs-pâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of curling; the state of being curled.
- Crispness**, krîsp'-nês. *s.* curledness.
- Criterion**, krî-tê'-rê-ûn. *s.* a mark by which any thing is judged of.
- Critick**, krît'-ik. *s.* one skilled in the art of judging of literature; a censorer.
- Critical**, krît'-ê-kâl. *a.* exact, nicely judicious; relating to criticism; captious, inclined to find fault.
- Critically**, krît'-ê-kâl-lê. *ad.* in a critical manner, exactly.
- Criticise**, krît'-ê-sîze. *v.* *n.* to play the critick; to animadvert upon.
- Criticism**, krît'-ê-sîzm. *s.* a standard of judging well; remark, animadversion.
- Croak**, krôke. *v.* *n.* to make a noise like a frog or raven.
- Croak**, krôke. *s.* the cry of a frog or raven.
- Crock**, krôk. *s.* a cup, any vessel made of earth.
- Crockery**, krôk'-ûr-ê. *s.* earthen ware.
- Crocodile**, krôk'-ô-dîl. *s.* an amphibious voracious animal.
- Crocus**, krô'-kûs. *s.* an early flower.
- Croft**, krôft. *s.* a little close joining to a house
- Croisade**, krôê-sâde'. *s.* a holy war.
- Crone**, krône. *s.* an old ewe; an old woman.
- Crony**, krô'-nê. *s.* an old acquaintance.
- Crook**, krôök. *s.* any crooked instrument; a sheep-hook.
- Crook**, krôök. *v.* *a.* to bend, to turn into a hook.
- Crookback**, krôök'-bâk. *s.* a man that has gibbous shoulders. [*perverse.*]
- Crooked**, krôök'-êd. *a.* bent, curve, oblique;
- Crookedness**, krôök'-êd-nês. *s.* deviation; from straightness, curvity.
- Crop**, krôp. *s.* the craw of a bird; the harvest, any thing cut off.
- Crop**, krôp. *v.* *a.* to cut off the ends of any thing, to mow, to reap. [*bishop.*]
- Crosier**, krô'-zhê-êr. *s.* the pastoral staff of a
- Cross**, krôs. *s.* the ensign of the Christian re-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln

- ligion; a line drawn through another; misfortune, opposition.
- Cross, krôs. *a.* transverse; adverse; peevish; contrary, unfortunate. [*side.*]
- Cross, krôs. *prep.* athwart; over, from side to side.
- Cross, krôs. *v. a.* to lay athwart; to sign with the cross; to cancel; to pass over.
- Crossbite, krôs'-blte. *s.* a deception, a cheat.
- Cross-bow, krôs'-bô. *s.* a missile weapon.
- Crossgrained, krôs'-grând'. *a.* having the fibres transverse; troublesome, vexatious.
- Crossly, krôs'-lê. *ad.* athwart; oppositely, adversely. [*section;* peevishness.
- Crossness, krôs'-nês. *s.* transverseness, inter-
- Crotchet, krôsh'-êt. *s.* a note equal to half a minim; a piece of wood fitted into another to support a building; in printing, hooks in which words are included [thus]; an odd fancy.
- Crouch, krôsh'. *v. n.* to stoop low; to sawu, to bend servilely.
- Croup, krôp. *s.* the rump of a fowl; the buttocks of a horse.
- Crow, krô. *s.* a bird; an iron lever; the voice of a cock.
- Crow, krô. *v. n. pŕet.* *crow*, or *crowed*, to make a noise like a cock; to boast; to vapour.
- Crowd, krôdd. *s.* a multitude, a promiscuous medley; the populace.
- Crowd, krôdd. *v. a.* to fill with confused multitudes; to press close together.
- Crowd, krôdd. *v. n.* to swarm, to be numerous and confused.
- Crown, krôdn. *s.* the ornament of the head which denotes imperial and regal dignity; a garland; royalty; the top of the head; a piece of money.
- Crown, krôdn. *v. a.* to invest with a crown; to dignify, to adorn; to complete; to terminate.
- Crwinglass, krôdn'-glâs. *s.* the finest sort of window-glass.
- Crucial, krôd'-shê'-âl. *a.* transverse, intersecting one another. [*ment.*]
- Cruciate, krôd'-shê'-âte. *v. a.* to torture, to tor-
ucible, krôd'-shê'-bl. *s.* a melting-pot made of earth
- Crucifix, krôd'-shê'-fiks. *s.* a representation of our Lord's passion.
- Crucifixion, krôd'-shê'-shûn. *s.* the punishment of nailing to a cross. [*of a cross*]
- Cruciform, krôd'-shê'-fôrm. *a.* having the form
- Crucify, krôd'-shê'-fî. *v. a.* to put to death by nailing the hands and feet to a cross.
- Crude, krôdd. *a.* raw; unripe; indigested.
- Crudely, krôdd'-lê. *ad.* unripe, without due preparation.
- Crudeness, krôdd'-nês. *s.* unripeness, indigestion.
- Crudity, krôd'-shê'-tê. *s.* indigestion, unripeness.
- Cruel, krôd'-ll. *a.* pleased with hurting others, inhuman, barbarous.
- Cruelly, krôd'-ll-lê. *ad.* inhumanly, barbarously
- Cruelty, krôd'-ll-tê. *s.* inhumanity, savageness, barbarity.
- Cruet, krôd'-ll. *s.* a phial for vinegar or oil.
- Cruise, krôdz. *s.* a voyage in search of plunder
- Cruise, krôdz. *v. n.* to wander on the sea without any certain course.
- Cruiser, krôd'-zêr. *s.* one that roves upon the sea in search of plunder. [*particle*]
- Crumb; krôm. *s.* the soft part of bread; a small
- Crumble, krôm'-bl. *v. a.* to break into small pieces, to comminute.
- Crumble, krôm'-bl. *v. n.* to fall into small pieces.
- Crumbsy, krôm'-mê. *a.* soft.
- Crumple, krôm'-pl. *v. a.* to draw into wrinkles
- Crumpling, krôm'-plng. *s.* a small, degenerate apple.
- Crupper, krôp'-pâr. *s.* that part of the horse man's furniture that reaches from the saddle to the tail. [*the infidels.*]
- Crusade, krôd'-sâde'. *s.* an expedition against
- Crush, krôsh. *v. a.* to squeeze; to depress, to dispirit.
- Crush, krôsh. *s.* a collision.
- Crust, krôst. *s.* any shell, or external coat; an incrustation; the case of a pie; the hard part of bread.
- Crust, krôst. *v. a.* to cover with a hard case; to foul with concretions.
- Crust, krôst. *v. n.* to gather or contract a crust.
- Crustaceous, krôs-tê'-shûs. *a.* shelly, with joints.
- Crustily, krôs-tê'-lê. *ad.* peevishly, snappishly.
- Crustiness, krôs-tê'-nês. *s.* the quality of a crust peevishness. [*rose, snappish,*]
- Crusty, krôs-tê. *a.* covered with a crust; mo-

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—óll;—pòónd;—thia, tziá.

- Crutch, krút. *s.* a support used by cripples.
 Cry, kri. *v. n.* to call unfortunately; to proclaim; to weep; to yelp.
 Cry, kri. *s.* shriek, scream; weeping; clamour; proclamation; importunate call.
 Crystal, kris'-tál. *s.* a hard, pellucid, and naturally colourless body.
 Crystal, kris'-tál. *a.* consisting of crystal; bright, clear, transparent.
 Crystalline, kris'-tál-ín, or kris'-tál-ín. *a.* consisting of crystal; clear, pellucid.
 Crystallization, kris'-tál-lè-zá'-shún. *s.* congelation into crystals.
 Crystallize, kris'-tál-lize. *v. n.* to coagulate, congeal, or shoot into crystals.
 Cub, kúb. *s.* the young of a beast, generally of a bear or fox.
 Cubatory, kú'-há-túr-è. *a.* recumbent.
 Cube, kúbe. *s.* a square, solid body. [inches.
 Cubit, kú'-bí. *s.* a measure of about eighteen
 Cubit, kú'-bé-tál. *a.* containing only the length of a cubit.
 Cuckold, kúk'-kúld. *s.* one that is married to an adulteress.
 Cuckold, kúk'-kúld. *v. a.* to rob a man of his wife's fidelity; to wrong a husband by unchastity.
 Cuckoldom, kúk'-kúld-dóm. *s.* the act of adultery; the state of a cuckold. [tempt.
 Cuckoo, kúk'-kúú. *s.* a bird; a name of con-
 Cucumber, kúú'-kúm-búr. *s.* a plant, and its fruit.
 Jud, kúd. *s.* food reposit in the first stomach, in order to be chewed again.
 Cuddle, kúd'-dl. *v. n.* to lie close.
 Cudgel, kúd'-jil. *s.* a stick to strike with.
 Cudgel, kúd'-jil. *v. a.* to beat with a stick.
 Cue, kú. *s.* the end of any thing; a hint.
 Cuff, kúf. *s.* a blow with the fist, a box, a stroke; part of a sleeve.
 Cuff, kúf. *v. n.* to fight, to scuffle.
 Cuff, kúf. *v. a.* to strike with the fist.
 Cuirass, kwé'-rás. *s.* a breastplate.
 Culinary, kú'-lè-nár-è. *a.* relating to the kitchen.
 Cull, kúl. *v. a.* to select from others.
 Culler, kúl'-lúr. *s.* one who picks or chooses.
 Cully, kúl'-lè. *s.* a man deceived or imposed upon.
 Culminate, kúl'-mò-náte. *v. n.* to be in the meridian.
 Culmination, kúl'-mò-ná'-shún. *s.* the transit of a planet through the meridian.
 Culpability, kúl'-pá-bíl-è-té. *s.* blameableness.
 Culpable, kúl'-pá-bl. *a.* criminal, blameable.
 Culprit, kúl'-prít. *s.* a man arraigned before his judge. [meliorate.
 Cultivate, kúl'-tè-váte. *v. a.* to improve, to
 Cultivation, kúl'-tè-vá'-shún. *s.* improvement, melioration.
 Cultivator, kúl'-tè-vá-túr. *s.* one who improves, promotes, or meliorates.
 Culture, kúl'-tshùre. *s.* the act of cultivation; art of improvement and melioration.
 Cumber, kúm'-búr. *v. a.* to embarrass; to crowd or load with something useless.
 Cumbrous, kúm'-búr-sóm. *a.* troublesome; unwieldy.
 Cumbrance, kúm'-bránse. *s.* burden, hindrance, impediment. [densome.
 Cumbrous, kúm'-brús. *a.* troublesome; bur-
 Cumulate, kú'-mú-láte. *v. a.* to heap together.
 Cumulation, kú'-mú-lá'-shún. *s.* the act of heap-
 Cumulative, kú'-mú-lá-tív. *a.* consisting of di-
 verse matter put together.
 Cuneated, kú'-né-á-téd. *a.* in form of a wedge
 Cunning, kún'-ning. *a.* skillful, knowing; artful-
 ly deceitful, crafty.
 Cunning, kún'-ning. *s.* artifice, deceit, slight
 fraudulent dexterity.
 Cunningly, kún'-ning-lè. *ad.* artfully, slyly, craft-
 Cunningness, kún'-ning-nés. *s.* deceitfulness,
 siness.
 Cup, kúp. *s.* a small drinking vessel, the draught,
 social entertainment.
 Cup, kúp. *v. a.* to draw blood by applying cup-
 ping-glasses. [ware
 Cupboard, kúp'-bárd. *s.* a case for victuals or
 Cupidity, kú'-píd-è-té. *s.* concupiscence, unlaw-
 ful longing.
 Cupola, kú'-pò-lá. *s.* a dome, the hemispherical
 summit of a building.
 Cupper, kúp'-púr. *s.* one who applies cupping
 glasses, a scarifier.
 Cupreous, kú'-pré-ús. *a.* coppery, consisting of
 copper.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fâi;—mê, mêt;—plac, ph;—

- Cur, kûr, *s.* a degenerate dog; a term of reproach.
- Curable, kû'-râ-bl. *a.* that admits of a remedy.
- Curacy, kû'-râ-sê. *s.* employment of a curate.
- Curate, kû'-râ-te. *s.* a clergyman hired to perform the duties of another.
- Curator, kû'-râ'-tôr. *s.* one that has the care and superintendence of any thing. [sition.
- Curb, kûrb. *s.* part of a bridle; restraint, oppo-
- Curb, kûrb. *v. a.* to guide a horse with a curb; to restrain, to check.
- Curd, kûrd. *s.* the coagulation of milk.
- Curd, kûrd. *v. a.* to turn to curds, to cause to coagulate.
- Curdle, kûr'-dl. *v. n.* to coagulate, to concreate.
- Curdy, kûr'-dê. *a.* coagulated, concreted.
- Cure, kûre. *s.* remedy, act of healing; the beneficence or employment of a curate.
- Cure, kûre. *v. a.* to heal, to remedy, to preserve from corruption. [remedy.
- Cureless, kûre'-lê-s. *a.* without cure, without
- Curiosity, kû-re'-ôs'-ê-tê. *s.* inquisitiveness, nicety; accuracy; a rarity.
- Curious, kû'-rê-ûs. *a.* inquisitive, attentive to, accurate, elegant. [gantly; artfully.
- Curiously, kû'-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* inquisitively; elegantly.
- Curl, kûrl. *s.* a ringlet of hair; undulation, wave, flexure.
- Curl, kûrl. *v. a.* to turn the hair in ringlets; to twist; to dress with curls; to raise in waves.
- Curl, kûrl. *v. n.* to shrink into ringlets; to rise in undulation.
- Curmudgeon, kûr'-mûd'-jûn. *s.* an avaricious, churlish fellow, a miser.
- Currant, kûr'-rân. *s.* a small dried grape.
- Currency, kûr'-rên-sê. *s.* circulation, general reception; constant flow; paper passing for money.
- Current, kûr'-rênt. *a.* circulatory; popular, fashionable.
- Current, kûr'-rênt. *s.* a running stream.
- Currently, kûr'-rênt-lê. *ad.* in a constant motion; popularly, generally.
- Currentness, kûr'-rênt-nê-s. *s.* circulation; general reception.
- Carriage, kûr'-rê-kl. *s.* an open, two wheeled chaise, made to be drawn by two horses abreast.
- Currier, kûr'-rê ôr. *s.* a dresser of tanned leather
- Currish, kûr'-rêsh. *a.* having the qualities of a degenerate dog, brutal, quarrelsome.
- Curry, kûr'-rê. *v. a.* to dress leather; to beat.
- Curse, kûrse. *v. a.* to wish evil to, to execrate; to afflict.
- Curse, kûrse. *s.* malediction, torment, vexation.
- Cursed, kûr'-sêd. *part. a.* under a curse, hateful, unholy; vexatious.
- Cursedness, kûr'-sêd-nê-s. *s.* the state of being under a curse.
- Cursory, kûr'-sô-râ rê. *a.* cursory, hasty, careless. [care.
- Cursorily, kûr'-sô-rê-lê. *ad.* hastily, without
- Cursory, kûr'-sô-rê. *a.* hasty, quick, inattentive
- Curst, kûrst. *a.* froward, peevish, snarling.
- Curtail, kûr'-tâl. *v. a.* to cut short, to shorten.
- Curtain, kûr'-ûn. *s.* a cloth contracted or expanded at pleasure.
- Curtain, kûr'-ûn. *v. a.* to enclose with curtains.
- Curtsy, kûrt'-sê. *s.* See *Courtesy*.
- Curvated, kûr'-vâ-têd. *a.* bent.
- Curvation, kûr'-vâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of bending or crooking.
- Curvature, kûr'-vâ'-ishûre. *s.* crookedness, inflection.
- Curve, kûrv. *a.* crooked, bent, inflected.
- Curve, kûrv. *s.* any thing bent, a flexure or crookedness.
- Curve, kûrv. *v. n.* to bend, to crook, to inflect.
- Curve, kûr'-vê'. *v. n.* to leap, to bound; to frisk.
- Curvet, kûr'-vê't. *s.* a leap, a bound, a frolic.
- Curvilinear, kûr'-vê'-lîn'-yâr. *a.* consisting of a crooked line.
- Curvity, kûr'-vê-tê. *s.* crookedness.
- Cushion, kûsh'-ûn. *s.* a kind of pillow, a soft pad placed upon a chair.
- Cusp, kûsp. *s.* the horns of the moon.
- Cusped, kûs'-pê-têd. } *a.* ending in a
- Cuspidated, kûs'-pê-dâ-têd. } point.
- Custard, kûs'-tûrd. *s.* a kind of sweetmeat made of eggs, milk, and sugar. [curity.
- Custody, kûs'-tô-dê. *s.* imprisonment, care, so-
- Custom, kûs'-tûm. *s.* habit, fashion, established manner; application from buyers; tribute.
- Custom-house, kûs'-tûm-hûse. *s.* the house where taxes upon goods imported or exported are collected

nò, mòva, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dñ;—pònd;—ùin, THIS.

Customable, kùs'-tùm-à-bl. *a.* common, habitual, frequent.

Customary, kùs'-tùm-àr-è. *a.* conformable to custom, habitual; usual.

Customer, kùs'-tùm-àr. *s.* one who frequents any place for the sake of purchasing.

Cut, kùt. *v. a.* pret. *cut*, part. pass. *cut*, to penetrate with an edged instrument; to hew; to carve; to divide packs of cards; to intersect.

Cut, kùt. *part. a.* prepared for use.

Cut, kùt. *s.* the action of an edged instrument; a wound; a picture; form, shape.

Cutaneous, kù'-fà'-nè-ùs. *a.* relating to the skin.

Cuticle, kù'-tè-kl. *s.* the outermost skin; thin skin formed on the surface of any liquor.

Cuticular, kù'-ùk'-ò-lùr. *a.* belonging to the skin.

Cutlass, kùt'-làs. *s.* a broad cutting sword.

Cutler, kùt'-lùr. *s.* one who makes or sells knives.

Cutpurse, kùt'-pùrsè. *s.* a pickpocket, a robber.

Cutter, kùt'-ùr. *s.* one who cuts; a nimble boat. [sin.]

Cut-throat, kùt'-thróte. *s.* a murderer, an assassin.

Cut-throat, kùt'-thróte. *a.* cruel, inhuman, barbarous.

Cutting, kùt'-ùng. *s.* a piece cut off, a chop.

Cycle, sí'-kl. *s.* a circle; a round of time.

Cycloid, sí'-klòid. *s.* a geometrical curve.

Cyclopædia, sí'-klò-pè'-dè-à. *s.* a circle of knowledge, a course of the sciences.

Cygnét, síg'-nèt. *s.* a young swan.

Cylinder, síl'-ù-dùr. *s.* a body having two flat surfaces and one circular.

Cylindrical, sè-ùn'-drè-kòl. } *a.* having the form

Cylindrick, sè-ùn'-drùk. } of a cylinder.

Cymbal, sím'-bál. *s.* a musical instrument.

Cynical, sín'-ùk-ál. } *a.* having the qualities of a

Cynick, sín'-ùk. } dog, churlish, snarling, satirical.

Cynick, sín'-ùk. *s.* a philosopher of the snarling sort, a follower of Diogenes.

Cyprus, sí'-prùs. *s.* a thin, transparent, black stuff.

Cyst, síst. } *s.* a bag containing some

Cystis, síst'-drè. } morbid matter.

Czar, sízr. *s.* the title of the emperor of Russia.

Czarina, sízr'-nà. *s.* the empress of Russia.

D.

Dab, dàb. *v. a.* to strike gently with something soft or moist.

Dab, dàb. *s.* a small lump of any thing; a blow with something moist or soft; a small, flat fish.

Dabble, dàb'-bl. *v. n.* to play in water, to tamper.

Dabbler, dàb'-lùr. *s.* one that plays in water; a superficial meddler.

Daco, dàsè. *s.* a small river fish.

Dactyle, dàk'-ùl. *s.* a poetical foot, consisting of one long syllable and two short ones.

Dad, dàd.

} *s.* a puerile term for father.

Dagger, dàg'-àr. *s.* a short sword, a poniard, the obelus, as [†]. [mire or water.]

Daggle, ràg'-gl. *v. a.* to dig negligently in.

Daggletail, dàg'-gl'-tèlè. *a.* bent red, bespattered.

Daily, dà'-lè. *a.* happening every day.

Daily, dà'-lè. *ad.* every day, very often.

Daintily, dàne'-tè-lè. *ad.* elegantly, delicately.

Daintiness, dàne'-tè-nèss. *s.* delicacy, softness, fastidiousness.

Dainty, dàne'-tè. *a.* delicate, nice, squeamish.

Dainty, dàne'-tè. *s.* a delicacy. [ufactured.]

Dairy, dà'-rè. *s.* the place where milk is made.

Dairymaid, dà'-rè-mèid. *s.* the woman servant whose business is to manage the milk.

Dale, dàlè. *s.* a vale, a valley.

Dalliance, dàl'-lè-ànsè. *s.* acts of fondness; conjugal conversation; delay.

Dallier, dàl'-lè-àr. *s.* a trifer, a fondler.

Dally, dàl'-lè. *v. n.* to trifle, to exchange caresses, to delay.

Dam, dàm. *s.* a mother; a mole or bank to confine water.

Dam, dàm. *v. a.* to confine, to shut up water by moles or dams.

Damage, dàm'-lèje. *s.* mischief, loss, hurt.

Damage, dàm'-lèje. *v. a.* to injure, to impair.

Damageable, dàm'-lèje-à-bl. *a.* susceptible of hurt. [damson.]

Damas-cene, dàm'-zè. *s.* a small black plum, a

Damask, dàm'-fùsk. *s.* linen or silk woven in flowers. [woman]

Dame, dàne. *s.* a lady; mistress of a family

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât; —mè, mèt; —pine, pin; —

Damn, dâm. *v. a.* to doom to torments in a future state; to condemn; to hiss any publick performance.

Damnable, dâm-nâ-bl. *a.* deserving damnation.

Damnably, dâm-nâ-blè. *ad.* in such a manner as to incur eternal punishment.

Damnation, dâm-nâ-shin. *s.* exclusion from divine mercy. condemnation to eternal punishment.

Damnatory, dâm-nâ-tûr-è. *a.* containing a sentence of condemnation. [detestable.]

Damned, dânned, or dâm-nèd. *part. a.* hateful; **Damnitick, dâm-nâ-fk.** *a.* procuring loss, mischievous.

Dannify, dâm-nè-fl. *v. a.* to injure, to hurt.

Damp, dâmp. *a.* moist; dejected, depressed.

Damp, dâmp. *s.* moisture; dejection. [chill.]

Damp, dâmp. *v. a.* to moisten; to depress, to

Dampness, dâmp-nès. *s.* moisture. [try lass.]

Damsel, dâm-zèl. *s.* a young maiden, a countess.

Dance, dânce. *v. n.* to move in measure.

Dance, dânce. *v. a.* to put into a lively motion.

Dance, dânce. *s.* a motion of one or many in concert. [of dancing.]

Dancer, dân-sûr. *s.* one that practises the art

Dandle, dân-dl. *v. a.* to shake a child on the knee; to fondle.

Dandruff, dân-drûf. *s.* scurf in the head.

Danger, dâne-jûr. *s.* risk, hazard, peril.

Dangerous, dâne-jûr-ûs. *a.* hazardous, perilous.

Dangerously, dâne-jûr-ûs-lè. *ad.* hazardously, with danger.

Dangerousness, dâne-jûr-ûs-nès. *s.* danger, hazard, peril. [upon.]

Dangle, dâng-gl. *v. n.* to hang loose; to hang

Dangler, dâng-glûr. *s.* a man that hangs about women.

Dank, dânk. *a.* damp, moist.

Dapper, dâp-pûr. *a.* little and active.

Dapple, dâp-pl. *a.* marked with various colours, variegated.

Dapple, dâp-pl. *v. a.* to streak to vary.

Dare, dâre. *v. n.* pret. I *durst*; *part. I have dared, to have courage, to be adventurous.*

Dare, dâre. *v. a.* to challenge, to defy.

Daring, dâ-rîng. *a.* bold, adventurous, fearless.

Daringly, dâ-rîng-lè. *ad.* boldly, courageously.

Daringness, dâ-rîng-nès. *s.* boldness.

Dark, dârk. *a.* without light; blind; obscure ignorant.

Darken, dârk-kn. *v. a.* to make dark.

Darken, dârk-kn. *v. n.* to grow dark.

Darkling, dârk-lîng. *part. a.* being in the dark.

Darkly, dârk-lè. *ad.* void of light, obscurely, blindly. [security; wickedness]

Darkness, dârk-nès. *s.* absence of light; ob-

Darksome, dârk-sôm. *a.* gloomy, obscure.

Darling, dâ-rîng. *a.* favourite, beloved.

Darling, dâ-rîng. *s.* a favourite, one much beloved. [the texture of the stuff.]

Darn, dârn. *v. a.* to mend holes by imitating

Dart, dârt. *v. a.* a missile weapon.

Dart, dârt. *v. a.* to throw, to emit.

Dart, dârt. *v. n.* to fly as a dart. [found]

Dash, dâsh. *v. a.* to throw; to break; to con-

Dash, dâsh. *s.* collision; infusion; a line [—]; stroke, blow.

Dastard, dâs-târd. *s.* a coward, a poltron.

Dastardize, dâs-târd-îze. *v. a.* to intimidate; to deject with cowardice. [orous.]

Dastardly, dâs-târd-lè. *a.* cowardly, mean, tim-

Dastardly, dâs-târd-dè. *s.* cowardliness.

Date, dâte. *s.* the time at which any event happened; end, duration; a fruit.

Date, dâte. *v. a.* to note with the time at which any thing is written or done.

Dateless, dâte-lès. *a.* without any fixed term.

Dative, dâ-tîv. *u.* in grammar, the case that signifies the person to whom any thing is given. [to flatter grossly.]

Daub, dâwb. *v. a.* to smear; to paint coarsely;

Dauber, dâw-bûr. *s.* a coarse, low painter.

Daughter, dâw-tûr. *s.* a female offspring;

Daunt, dânt. *v. a.* to discourage, to fright.

Dauntless, dânt-lès. *a.* fearless, not dejected.

Dauntlessness, dânt-lès-nès. *s.* fearlessness.

Dauphin, dâw-fîn. *s.* the heir apparent to the crown of France. [glimmer obscurely.]

Dawn, dâwn. *v. n.* to begin to grow light; to

Dawn, dâwn. *s.* beginning, first rise.

Day, dâ. *s.* the time between the rising and setting of the sun; the time from noon to noon.

Daybook, dâ-bûkk. *s.* a tradesman's journal.

Daybreak, dâ-brâke. *s.* the dawn. [dawn.]

Daypring, dâ-sprîng. *s.* the ring of the day, the

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dòl;—pòund;—chín, THIS.

Daystar, dè'-stâr. *s.* the morning star. [light.
Daytime, dè'-tîme. *s.* the time in which there is
Dazzle, daz'-zî. *v. a.* to overpower with light.
Deacon, dè'-kn. *s.* one of the lowest order of
 the clergy.
Deaconry, dè'-kn-rè. } *s.* the office or digni-
Deaconship, dè'-kn-shîp. } ty of a deacon.
Deal, dèd. *a.* deprived of life; inanimate;
 gloomy; frigid; vapid; under the power of
 sin. [less.
Deaden, dèd'-dn. *v. a.* to make vapid, or spirit-
Deadly, dèd'-lè. *a.* destructive, mortal.
Deadly, dèd'-lè. *ad.* mortally, implacably.
Deadness, dèd'-nès. *s.* want of warmth; vapid-
 ness; loss of spirit.
Deaf, dèf. *a.* wanting the sense of hearing.
Deafen, dèf'-fîn. *v. a.* to deprive of the power of
 hearing.
Deafly, dèf'-lè. *ad.* without sense of sounds.
Deafness, dèf'-nès. *s.* want of hearing.
Deal, dèl. *s.* quantity; fir-wood.
Deal, dèl. *v. a.* to dispose to different persons;
 to distribute.
Deal, dèl. *v. n.* to traffick, to transact business.
Dealer, dè'-lîr. *s.* a trader; a person who deals
 the cards. [course; business.
Dealing, dè'-lîng. *s.* practice, action, inter-
Dean, dène. *s.* the second dignitary of a dio-
 cese. [a dean.
Deanery, dè-nîr-rè. *s.* the office or revenue of
Dear, dère. *a.* beloved; costly.
Dear, dère. *s.* a word of endearment.
Dearly, dère'-lè. *ad.* with great fondness; at a
 high price. [price.
Dearness, dère-nès. *s.* fondness, love; high
Dearth, dè-th. *s.* scarcity, want, famine.
Death, dèth. *s.* the extinction of life. [ous.
Deathful, dèth'-fûl. *a.* full of slaughter, murder.
Deathless, dèth'-lès. *a.* immortal, never-dying.
Deathlike, dèth'-like. *a.* resembling death, still.
Deathwatch, dèth'-wòtsh. *s.* an insect.
Debar, dè-bâr'k. *v. a.* to disembark.
Debar, dè-bâr'. *v. a.* to exclude, to preclude.
Debase, dè-bâse'. *v. a.* to reduce; to sink, to
 adulterate, to lessen.
Debasement, dè-bâse'-mènt. *s.* the act of de-
 basing.
Debate, dè-bâte'. *s.* personal dispute, a contest.

Debate, dè-bâte'. *v. a.* to controvert, to dispute,
 to contest.
Debauch, dè-bâwtsh'. *v. n.* to corrupt by lewd
 ness or intemperance. [lewdness.
Debauch, dè-bâwtsh'. *s.* a fit of intemperance,
Debauchee, dèb-âw-shèe'. *s.* a lecher, a drunk
 ard.
Debauchery, dè-bâwtsh'-îr-rè. *s.* lewdness
Debenture, dè-hèn'-ishûre. *s.* a writ by w^{ch} ca
 a debt is claimed.
Debilitate, dè-bl'è-tâte. *v. a.* to make faint, to
 enfeeble. [weakening.
Debilitation, dè-bl'è-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of
Debility, dè-bl'è-té. *s.* weakness, feebleness.
Débonair, dèb-è-nâro'. *a.* elegant, civil.
Debt, dèl. *s.* that which one man owes to an-
 other. [another.
Debtor, dèl'-tûr. *s.* he that owes something to
Decade, dèk'-âd. *s.* the sum of ten.
Decadency, dè-kâ'-dèn-sè. *s.* decay, fall.
Decagon, dèk'-â-gôn. *s.* a plain figure in ge-
 ometry. [mont.
Decalogue, dèk'-â-lôg. *s.* the ten command-
Decamp, dè-kâmp'. *v. a.* to shift the camp, to
 move off. [shifting the camp.
Decampment, dè-kâmp'-mènt. *s.* the act of
Decant, dè-kânt'. *v. a.* to pour off gently.
Decanter, dè-kân'-tûr. *s.* a glass vessel for
 liquor.
Decapitate, dè-kâp'-è-tâte. *v. a.* to behead.
Decay, dè-kâ'. *v. n.* to lose excellence, to de-
 cline. [sumptious.
Decay, dè-kâ'. *s.* decline, declension, con-
Decèase, dè-sèse'. *s.* death, departure from life.
Decease, dè-sèse'. *v. n.* to die, to depart from
 life.
Deceit, dè-sète'. *s.* fraud, a cheat; stratagem.
Deceitful, dè-sète'-fûl. *a.* fraudulent, full of de-
 ceit.
Deceitfully, dè-sète'-fûl-è. *ad.* fraudulently.
Deceitfulness, dè-sète'-fûl-nès. *s.* tendency to
 deceive.
Deceivable, dè-sè'-vâ-bl. *a.* subject to fraud,
 exposed to imposture.
Deceivableness, dè-sè'-vâ-bl-nès. *s.* liableness
 to be deceived.
Deceive, dè-sève'. *v. a.* to bring into error; to
 delude by stratagem

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât, —mê, mêt; —pne, pia, —

- Deceiver**, dè-sè'-vûr. *s.* one that leads another into error. [year.]
- December**, dè-sêm'-bûr. *s.* the last month of the
- Decency**, dè-sên-sè. *s.* propriety; modesty.
- Decennial**, dè-sên-né-âl. *a.* continuing ten years.
- Decent**, dè-sên't. *a.* becoming, fit, suitable.
- Decently**, dè-sên't-lè. *ad.* in a proper manner, with suitable behaviour.
- Deceptibility**, dè-sêp-tê-bl'i'-tè. *s.* lialeness to be deceived.
- Deceptible**, dè-sêp-tê-bl. *a.* liable to be deceived.
- Deception**, dè-sêp'-shûn. *s.* cheat, fraud.
- Deceptious**, dè-sêp'-shûs. *a.* deceitful.
- Deceptive**, dè-sêp'-tîv. *a.* having the power of deceiving.
- Decerpt**, dè-sêrpt'. *a.* diminished, taken off.
- Deceptible**, dè-sêrpt'-tê-bl. *a.* that may be taken off. [charm.]
- Decharm**, dè-tsharm'. *v. a.* to counteract a
- Decide**, dè-sîd'. *v. a.* to determine.
- Decider**, dè-sî'-dûr. *s.* one who determines.
- Deciduous**, dè-sîd'-û-ûs. or dè-sîd'-jû-ûs. *a.* falling, not perennial.
- Decimal**, dês'-é-mâl. *a.* numbered by ten.
- Decimate**, dês'-é-mâte. *v. a.* to tube, to take the tenth. [selection of every tenth.]
- Decimation**, dês-sè-mâ'-shûn. *s.* a tilling, a
- Decipher**, dè-sî'-fûr. *v. a.* to explain, to mark, to unravel. [writings in cipher.]
- Decipherer**, dè-sî'-fûr-ûr. *s.* one who explains
- Decision**, dè-sîzh'-ûn. *s.* determination.
- Decisive**, dè-sî'-sîv. *a.* having the power of determining. [manner.]
- Decisively**, dè-sî'-sîv-lè. *ad.* in a conclusive
- Decisiveness**, dè-sî'-sîv-nês. *s.* the power of terminating any difference. [decide.]
- Decisory**, dè-sî'-sî-rè. *a.* able to determine or
- Deck**, dèk. *v. a.* to dress; to adorn.
- Deck**, dèk. *s.* the floor of a ship.
- Declaim**, dè-klâ-m'. *v. n.* to harangue.
- Declaimer**, dè-klâ'-mûr. *s.* one who declaims.
- Declamation**, dèk-klâ-mâ'-shûn. *s.* an harangue.
- Declamator**, dèk-klâ-mâ'-tûr. *s.* a declaimer, an orator. [to the passions.]
- Declamatory**, dè-klâm'-mâ-tûr-è. *a.* appealing
- Declarable**, dè-klâ'-râ-bl. *a.* capable of proof.
- Declaration** dèk-klâ-râ'-shûn. *s.* affirmation.
- Declarative**, dè-klâr'-tîv. *a.* making declaration, explanatory. [expressive]
- Declaratory**, dè-klâr'-tîv-è. *a.* affirmative.
- Declare**, dè-klâr'. *v. a.* to make known, to proclaim.
- Declension**, dè-klên'-shûn. *s.* declination, descent; inflection, manner of changing nouns.
- Declinable**, dè-klî'-nâ-bl. *a.* having variety of terminations.
- Declination**, dèk-klé-nâ'-shûn. *s.* descent, the act of bending; obliquity. [dialing.]
- Declinator**, dèk-lé-nâ'-tûr. *s.* an instrument in
- Decline**, dè-klî-nè'. *v. n.* to lean downwards; to deviate, to refuse, to decay.
- Decline**, dè-klî-nè'. *s.* diminution, decay.
- Declivity**, dè-klîv'-tè-tè. *s.* inclination, or obliquity reckoned downwards.
- Declivous**, dè-klî'-vûs. *a.* gradually descending
- Decoct**, dè-kôkt'. *v. a.* to prepare by boiling, to digest.
- Decocible**, dè-kôkt'-tê-bl. *a.* that may be boiled.
- Decoction**, dè-kôkt'-shûn. *s.* the act of boiling a preparation made by boiling.
- Decocture**, dè-kôkt'-tshûr. *a.* a substance drawn by decoction. [heading]
- Decollation**, dèk-kôl-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of be-
- Decompose**, dèk-kôm-pôz'. *v. a.* to dissolve or resolve a mixed body. [second time.]
- Decomposite**, dè-kôm-pôz'-tî. *a.* compounded
- Decomposition**, dè-kôm-pô-zîsh'-ûn. *s.* the act of compounding things already compounded
- Decompond**, dè-kôm-pônd'. *v. a.* to compose of things already compounded.
- Decorate**, dèk'-kô-râ-tè. *v. a.* to adorn, to embellish. [added beauty.]
- Decoration**, dèk-kô-râ'-shûn. *s.* ornament,
- Decorous**, dè-kô'-rûs. *a.* decent, suitable to a character. [the bark.]
- Decorticate**, dè-kô-r'-tè-kâ-tè. *v. a.* to divest of
- Decorum**, dè-kô'-rûm. *s.* decency, seemliness.
- Decoy**, dè-kôé'. *v. a.* to lure into a snare, to entrap.
- Decey**, dè-kôé'. *s.* allurement to misceief.
- Decrease**, dè-krès'. *v. n.* to grow less, to be diminished. [less, decay.]
- Decrease**, dè-krès'. *s.* the state of growing
- Decree**, dè-kréé'. *v. n.* to make an edict, to appoint by edict

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb, búll; —bùl; —pònd; —thin, THIN.

Decree, dè-krè'. *a. an edict, a law.*
Decrement, dèk'-krè-mènt. *s. decrease, the state of growing less, the quantity lost by decreasing.* [with age.
Decrepid, dè-krèp'-h. *a. wasted or worn out*
Decrepitation, dè-krèp'-è-tá'-shùn. *s. the crackling noise which salt makes over the fire.*
Decrepitude, dè-krèp'-è-tòde. *s. the last stage of decay, the last effects of old age.*
Decrescent, dè-krés'-sènt. *a. growing less.*
Decretal, dè-kré'-tál. *a. appertaining to, or containing a decree.*
Decretal, dè-kré'-tál, or **dèk'-rè-tál.** *s. a book of decrees or edicts.*
Decrial, dè-krí'-ál. *s. clamorous censure, noisy condemnation.* [clamorously
Deery, dè-krí'. *v. a. to censure, to blame*
Decumbency, dè-kùm'-bènsè. } *s. the act of*
Decumbency, dè-kùm'-bèn-sè. } *lying down*
Decuple, dèk'-ù-pl. *a. tenfold*
Deursion, dè-kúr'-shùn. *s. the act of running down.* [ing short
Deurbation, dèk-kúr'-tá'-shùn. *s. the act of cutting down.*
Dedecorate, dè-dèk'-kò-ráte. *v. a. to disgrace.*
Dedecoration, dè-dèk'-kò-rá'-shùn. *s. the act of disgracing.* [reproachful
Dedecorous, dè-dèk'-kò-rús. *a. disgraceful*
Dedentition, dèd-èn-ùsh'-ùn. *s. loss or shedding of the teeth.*
Dedicate, dèd'-è-káte. *v. a. to devote, to appropriate, to inscribe to a patron.*
Dedicate, dèd'-è-káte. *a. consecrate, dedicated.*
Dedication, dèd'-è-ká'-shùn. *s. the act of dedicating, consecration; address to a patron.*
Dedicator, dèd'-è-ká-tár. *s. one who inscribes his work to a patron.* [dedication
Dedicatory, dèd'-è-ká-túr-è. *a. composing a Deduce, dè-dùs'.* *v. a. to gather or infer from.*
Deducement, dè-dùsè-mènt. *s. the thing deduced, consequential proposition.*
Deducible, dè-dù'-sè-bl. *a. collectible by reason.*
Deduct, dè-dùkt'. *v. a. to subtract, to take away.* [which is deducted.
Deduction, dè-dùk'-shùn. *s. consequence; that Deductive, dè-dùk'-tív.* *a. deducible.*
Deed, dèd. *s. action, exploit, written evidence.*
Deem, dèem. *v. n. part. deemed, to judge.*

Deep, dèep. *a. far from the outer part; sagacious; politic; grave, solemn; bass.* [part
Deep, dèep. *s. the sea, the main; the solemn*
Deepen, dèp'-pa. *v. a. to make deep, to darken.*
Deepmouthed, dèep'-mòùtnd'. *a. having a hoarse and loud voice.*
Deeply, dèep'-lè. *ad. to a great depth, solemnly, in a high degree.*
Deepness, dèep'-nès. *s. profundity, depth.*
Deer, dèer. *s. that class of animals which is hunted for venison.*
Deface, dè-fáse'. *v. a. to destroy, to disgrace*
Defacement, dè-fáse'-mènt. *s. violation, injury*
Defailance, dè-fá'-lánsè. *s. failure.* [away part
Defalcate, dè-fál'-káte. *v. a. to cut off, to take*
Defalcation, dè-fál'-ká'-shùn. *s. diminution.*
Defamatory, dè-fám'-má-túr-è. *a. calumnious, unjustly censorious.* [dishonour by reports
Defame, dè-fáme'. *v. a. to censure falsely, to*
Defamer, dè-fá'-már. *s. one that injures the reputation of another.*
Defatigate, dè-fát'-è-gáte. *v. a. to weary.*
Defatigation, dè-fát'-è-gá'-shùn. *s. weariness.*
Default, dè-fáult'. *s. omission, neglect.*
Defaulter, dè-fáult'-úr. *s. one who is deficient in duty.* [ing
Defeasance, dè-fè'-zánsè. *s. the act of annulling.*
Defeasible, dè-fè'-zè-bl. *a. that which may be annulled.*
Defeat, dè-fète'. *s. an overthrow.* [trac
Defeat, dè-fète'. *v. a. to overthrow; to frustrate.*
Defecate, dèf'-fè-káte. *v. a. to cleanse, to purify.*
Defect, dè-fèkt'. *s. want, failing; a fault, a blemish.*
Defectibility, dè-fèk-tè-híl'-è-tè. *s. the state of failing, imperfection.* [cient
Defectible, dè-fèk'-tè-bl. *a. imperfect, defective.*
Defection, dè-fèk'-shùn. *s. a falling away, revolt.* [fect; faulty
Defective, dè-fèk'-tív. *a. full of defects, imperfect.*
Defectiveness, dè-fèk'-tív-nès. *s. want, faultiness.* [dication
Defence, dè-fènsè'. *s. guard, protection, vindication.*
Defenceless, dè-fènsè'-lès. *a. unarmed, unguarded; impotent.* [to vindicate
Defend, dè-fènd'. *v. a. to stand in defence of.*
Defendable, dè-fènd'-dà-bl. *a. that may be defended*

Fâc, fâr, fâl, fât; —mê, mêt; —plue, plû; —

- Defendant, de-fen'-dânt. s.** he that defends; the person accused or sued.
Defender, de-fen'-dîr. s. a champion; a vindicator; an advocate.
Defensible, de-fen'-sê-bl. a. that may be defended; justifiable.
Defensive, de-fen'-siv. a. proper for defence; in a state or posture of defence.
Defensive, de-fen'-siv. s. safeguard, state of defence. [manner]
Defensively, de-fen'-siv-lê. ad. in a defensive
Defer, de-fêr'. v. n. to put off, to delay to act.
Deference, dêf-êr-ênce. s. regard, respect; complaisance, submission.
Defiance, de-fî'-ânse. s. a challenge, expression of abhorrence or contempt.
Deficiency, de-fîsh'-ân-sê. s. defect, failing, imperfection.
Deficient, de-fîsh'-ênt. a. wanting, defective.
Defile, de-fîlê'. v. a. to pollute; to violate; to taint.
Defile, de-fîlê'. v. n. to go off file by file.
Defile, de-fîlê'. s. a narrow passage. [tion.
Defilement, de-fîlê'-mênt. s. pollution, corrup-
Definable, de-fîne'-â-bl. a. capable of definition.
Define, de-fîne'. v. a. to give the definition, to explain; to circumscribe, to mark the limit.
Define, de-fîne'. v. n. to determine, to decide.
Definite, dêf-ê-nît. a. certain, limited; exact.
Definitely, dêf-ê-nît-lê. ad. precisely, in a definite manner. [edness
Definiteness, dêf-ê-nît-nês. s. certainty, limit-
Definition, dêf-ê-nîsh'-ân. s. a short description of any thing by its properties.
Definitive, de-fîn'-ê-tiv. a. determinate, express. [pressly.
Definitively, de-fîn'-ê-tiv-lê. ad. decisively, ex-
Deflagrability, dêf-îâ-grâ-bîl'-ê-tê. s. combustibility. [fire.
Deflagrable, de-fîâ-grâ-bl. a. wasting away in
Deflect, de-fîêkt'. v. n. to turn aside.
Deflection, de-fîêkt'-shûn. s. deviation, the act of turning aside.
Deflexure, de-fîêkt'-shûre. s. a bending down, a turning aside.
Defloration, dêf-îô-râ'-shûn. s. the act of de-flouring.
Deflower, de-fîôur'. v. a. to ravish.
- Defluous, dêf-fîô-ûs. a.** that flows down; that falls off. [of humor
Defluxion, de-fîûk'-shûn. s. the flowing down
Deform, de-fôr-mê-tê. v. a. to disfigure, to dishonour. [mann
Deformedly, de-fôr-mêd-lê. ad. in an ugly
Deformity, de-fôr-mê-tê. s. ugliness, ill-favoredness; irregularity.
Defraud, de-frâwd'. v. a. to rob or deprive by a wile or trick.
Defrauder, de-frâw'-dîr. s. a deceiver.
Defray, de-frâ'. v. a. to bear the charges of.
Defrayment, de-frâ'-mênt. s. the payment of expenses.
Defunct, de-fûnk't'. a. dead, deceased.
Defunct, de-fûnk't'. s. a dead man or woman.
Defy, de-fî'. v. a. to call to combat, to challenge; to slight. [vites to fight
Defyer, de-fî'-âr. s. a challenger, one that in-
Degeneracy, de-jên'-êr-â-sê. s. a departing from the virtue of our ancestors.
Degenerate, de-jên'-êr-â-n. v. n. to fall from the virtue of our ancestors; to grow wild or base. [cestors; unworthy, base
Degenerate, de-jên'-êr-â-n. a. unlike his ancestors; unworthy.
Degeneration, de-jên'-êr-â-shûn. s. a deviation from the virtue of one's ancestors.
Degenerous, de-jên'-êr-ûs. a. degenerated vile, infamous. [power of swallowing.
Deglutition, dêg-glû-tîsh'-ân. s. the act of
Degradation, dêg-grâ-dâ'-shûn. s. a deprivation of an office or dignity; degeneracy.
Degrade, de-grâde'. v. a. to lessen, to diminish.
Degree, de-grêe'. s. quality, rank, station, proportion; the 360th part of a circle.
Dehort, de-hôr't'. v. a. to dissuade.
Dehortation, de-hôr-tâ'-shûn. s. dissuasion, a counselling to the contrary. [Saviour
Deicide, de-ê-îde. s. the death of our blessed
Deification, de-ê-î-kâ'-shûn. s. the act of making a god.
Deiform, de-ê-fîrm. a. of a godlike form.
Deify, de-ê-fî. v. a. to make a god of, to adore as God.
Deign, dêne. v. n. to vouchsafe, to think worthy.
Deinigrate, de-în-tê-grâte. v. a. to diminish.
Deism, dê-îsm. s. the acknowledging a God, without the reception of revealed religi-

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búl;—díl;—pònd;—thín, trín.

Deist, dé-íst. s. one who adheres to deism.
Deistical, dé-íst-té-kál. a. belonging to the here-
 sy of the deists.

Deity, dé-é-té. s. Divinity, a fabulous god.
Deject, dé-jékt'. v. a. to cast down, to afflict, to
 grieve. [manner.]

Dejectedly, dé-jékt'-téd-lé. ad. in a dejected
Dejection, dé-jékt'-shún. s. lowness of spirits,
 melancholy. [pieces.]

Delaceration, dé-lás-sér-á'-shún. s. a tearing in
 Delapsed, dé-láps't. a. boaring or falling down.
Delay, dé-lá'. v. a. u. to defer, to put off, to hinder.

Delay, dé-lá'. v. n. to stop, to cease from action.
Delay, dé-lá'. s. procrastination; stay, stop.
Delayer, dé-lá'-ýr. s. one that defers.

Delectable, dé-lék'-tá-bl. a. pleasing, delightful.
Delectableness, dé-lék'-tá-bl-nés. s. delightfulness,
 pleasantness.

Delectably, dé-lék'-tá-blé. ad. delightfully,
 pleasantly. [light.]

Delectation, dé-lék-tá'-shún. s. pleasure, de-
 Delegate, dé-lé-gáte. v. a. to send upon an em-
 bassy; to intrust; to appoint. [sioner.]

Delegate, dé-lé-gáte. s. a deputy, a commis-
 Delegate, dé-lé-gáte. a. deputed.
Delegation, dé-lé-gá'-shún. s. a sending away;
 a putting into commission.

Delete, dé-léte'. v. a. to blot out. [structive.]
Deleterious, dé-lé-té-ré-ús. a. deadly, de-
 leterious, dé-lé'. s. a quarry; earthen ware.

Deliberate, dé-líb'-ér-áte. v. n. to think in or-
 der to choice, to hesitate. [slow.]
Deliberate, dé-líb'-ér-áte. a. circumspect, wary;

Deliberately, dé-líb'-ér-áte-lé. ad. circumspect-
 ly, advisedly. [spection, wariness.]
Deliberateness, dé-líb'-ér-áte-nés. s. circum-
 Deliberation, dé-líb'-ér-á'-shún. s. the act of de-
 liberating, thought in order to choice.

Deliberative, dé-líb'-ér-á'-tív. a. pertaining to
 deliberation, apt to consider.

Delicacy, dé-lé-ká-sé. s. daintiness; softness;
 nicety; politeness; scrupulousness.

Delicate, dé-lé-káte. a. nice, dainty, choice,
 select; soft, effeminate; pure.
Delicately, dé-lé-káte-lé. ad. daintily, choice-
 ly; politely; effeminately. [being delicate.]

Delicateness, dé-lé-káte-nés. s. the state of
 delicacy.
Delicacies, dé-lé-káte-s. s. niceties rarities.

Delicious, dé-lísh'-ús. a. sweet, delicate, that
 affords delight.

Deliciously, dé-lísh'-ús-lé. ad. sweetly, pleas-
Deliciousness, dé-lísh'-ús-nés. s. delight, pleas-
 ure, joy.

Deligation, dé-lé-gá'-shún. s. a binding up.
Delight, dé-líte'. s. joy, pleasure.
Delight, dé-líte'. v. a. to please, to satisfy.

Delight, dé-líte'. v. n. to have delight or ple-
 ure in.
Delightful, dé-líte'-fúl. a. pleasant, charming

Delightfully, dé-líte'-fúl-lé. ad. pleasantly
 charmingly. [lightful.]
Delightsome, dé-líte'-sóm. a. pleasant, de-

Delightsomeness, dé-líte'-sóm-nés. s. pleasant-
 ness, delightfulness. [to describe.]
Delineate, dé-lín-é-áte. v. a. to design; to paint,

Delineation, dé-lín-é-á'-shún. s. the first draught
 of a thing. [sure in duty.]
Delinquency, dé-lín'-kwén-sé. s. a fault, fail-

Delinquent, dé-lín'-kwént. s. an offender.
Deliquate, dé-lé-kwáte. v. n. to melt, to be
 dissolved. [the force of fire.]

Deliquium, dé-lík'-kwé-úm. s. a distillation by
 Delirious, dé-lír-é-ús. a. light-headed, raving;
 doating. [doating.]

Delirium, dé-lír-é-úm. s. alienation of mind,
Deliver, dé-lív'-ér. v. a. to give, to yield; to
 save, to rescue; to utter; to disburden.

Deliverance, dé-lív'-ér-ánsé. s. the act of de-
 livering; rescue; utterance; the act of bring-
 ing children. [a relater.]

Deliverer, dé-lív'-ér-ér. s. a sayer, a rescuer;
Delivery, dé-lív'-ér-é. s. a release, rescue; a
 surrender; utterance; childbirth.

Dell, dél. s. a pit, a valley.
Deludable, dé-lú-dá-bl. a. liable to be deceived.

Delude, dé-lúde'. v. a. to beguile, to cheat, to
 deceive.

Deluder, dé-lú-dúr. s. a deceiver, an impostor
Deluge, dé-lúje. s. an inundation; any sud-
 den and resistless calamity.

Deluge, dé-lúje. v. a. to lay totally under
 water; to overwhelm.
Delusion, dé-lú-zhún. s. a cheat; false repre-
 sentation, illusion.

Delusive, dé-lú-sív. } a. apt to deceive.
Delusory, dé-lú-sór-é. }

Fâte, fâr. fâll, fât;—mê; mêt;—plne, pln;—

Delve, dêlv. v. a. to dig; to fathom; to sift.
Delve, dêlv. s. a ditch, a pitfall, a den.

Demagogue, dê-mâ-gôg. s. a ringleader of the rabble.

Demand, dê-mând. s. a claim; a question; the asking of what is due.

Demand, dê-mând. v. a. to claim, to ask for with authority. [manded.]

Demandable, dê-mân'-dâ-bl. a. that may be demanded.

Demean, dê-mêne. v. a. to behave, to behave. Demeanour, dê-mê-nôr. s. carriage, behaviour.

Demerit, dê-mêr'-it. s. the opposite to merit, ill-deserving.

Jemesne, dê-mêne. s. the land which a man holds originally of himself.

Demi, dê-mê-ê. inseparable *partiele*, half.

Demi-devil, dê-mê-ê-dêv'-vl. s. half a devil.

Demi-god, dê-mê-ê-gôd. s. half a god.

Demise, dê-mîze. s. death, decease.

Demise, dê-mîze. v. a. to grant at one's death, to bequeath.

Demission, dê-mîsh-ân. s. degradation.

Democracy, dê-môk'-krâ-sê. s. a form of government in which the sovereign power is lodged in the people. [government.]

Democrat, dê-mô-krât. s. a friend to popular

Democratical, dê-mô-krât'-ê-kâl. a. pertaining to a popular government.

Demolish, dê-môl'-îsh. v. a. to raze, to destroy.

Demolisher, dê-môl'-îsh-âr. s. a destroyer.

Demolition, dê-mô-îsh-ân. s. the act of demolishing.

Deimon, dê-môn. s. a spirit, an evil spirit.

Demoniacal, dê-mô-nî-â-kâl. } a. devilish, in-

Demoniac, dê-mô-nê-âk. } steered by the devil. [the devil.]

Demoniac, dê-mô-nê-âk. s. one possessed by Demoniac, dê-mô-nî-â-k-bl. a. hat may be proved beyond doubt or contradiction.

Demonstrate, dê-môn-strâ-tiv. v. a. to prove with certainty.

Demonstration, dê-môn-strâ-tiv. s. the highest degree of evidence.

Demonstrative, dê-môn-strâ-tiv. s. having the power of demonstration. [mg.]

Demulcent, dê-mûl'-sênt. a. softening, mollify-

Demur, dê-mûr. v. a. to object of.

Demur, dê-mûr. s. doubt, hesitation

Demure, dê-mûr. a. grave, affectedly modest.
Demurely, dê-mûr'-ê. ad. with affectedly modesty. [pect; affected modesty]

Demureness, dê-mûr'-nês. s. gravity of aspect.
Demy, dê-mî. s. a kind of paper. [heast]

Den, dê-n. s. a cavern, the cave of a wile

Deniable, dê-nî-â-bl. a. that may be denied.

Denial, dê-nî-âl. s. negation, refusal. [new]

Denier, dê-nî-âr. s. a contradictor, an opposer.

Denigrate, dê-nî-ê-grâte. v. a. to blacken.

Denization, dê-nê-zâ-shûn. s. the act of enfranchising.

Denizen, dê-nî-ê-zn. } s. a freeman, one en-

Denison, dê-nî-ê-zn. } franchised.

Denominate, dê-nôm-ê-nâte. v. a. to give a name to. [given to a thing]

Denomination, dê-nôm-ê-nâ-shûn. s. a name

Denominative, dê-nôm-ê-nâ-tiv. a. that gives a name. [of a name]

Denominator, dê-nôm-ê-nâ-tôr. s. the given

Denotation, dê-nô-tâ-shûn. s. the act of denoting.

Denote, dê-nôte. v. a. to mark, to betoken.

Denounce, dê-nôunse. v. a. to threaten by proclamation.

Denouncement, dê-nôunse'-mênt. s. the act of proclaiming any menace.

Dense, dênse. a. close, compact.

Density, dên'-sê-tê. s. closeness, compactness.

Dental, dê-n-tâl. a. belonging to the teeth.

Denticulated, dê-n-tik'-u-lâ-têd. a. set with small teeth.

Dentifrice, dê-n-tê-frîs. s. a powder for the teeth

Dentist, dê-n-tîst. s. a surgeon who confines his practice to the teeth. [the teeth.]

Dentition, dê-n-tîsh-ân. s. the act of breeding

Denude, dê-nû-dâte. v. a. to divest, to strip.

Denudation, dê-nû-dâ-shûn. s. the act of stripping.

Denude, dê-nû-dê. v. a. to strip, to make naked

Denunciation, dê-nûn-âsh-â-shûn. s. a public menace. [name]

Deny, dê-nî. v. a. to refuse, to disown, to re-

Deobstruct, dê-ôb-strûkt. v. a. to clear from impediments. [by obstacle]

Depaint, dê-pânt. v. a. to picture, to describe

Depart, dê-pâr. v. a. to go away, to desert, to apostatize; to desist; to die.

né, mène, nór, nót;—tâhc, tûb, búll;—âi;—pôund;—thin, THIN.

Department, dé-pâr't-mén't. *s.* separate allotment.

[death; a forsaking.

Departure, dé-pâr'tshûre. *s.* a going away;

Debauchery, dé-pâw'pêr-âte. *v. a.* to make poor.

Depectible, dé-pêk'-tê-bl. *a.* tough, clammy.

Depend, dé-pênç'. *v. n.* to hang from; to rely on, to trust to.

Dependance, dé-pên'-dânse. } *s.* the state of

Dependancy, dé-pên'-dân-sé. } hanging from a supporter; connexion, reliance, trust.

Dependant, dé-pên'-dânt. *a.* in the power of another.

Dependant, dé-pên'-dânt. *s.* one who lives in subjection, or at the discretion of another.

Dependent, dé-pên'-dênt. *a.* hanging down.

Deplérgmate, dé-plêg'-mâte. *v. a.* to clear from phlegm.

[the mind.

Deplet, dé-plê'. *v. a.* to paint, to describe to

Depicture, dé-plê'-tshûre. *v. a.* to represent in painting.

Depilatory, dé-plî'-lâ-tûr-ê. *s.* an application to take away hair.

Depilous, dé-plî'-lûs. *a.* without hair.

Depletion, dé-plê'-shûn. *s.* the act of emptying.

Deplorable, dé-plô'-râ-bl. *a.* lamentable, sad.

Deplorably, dé-plô'-râ-blê. *ad.* lamentably, miserably.

Deplore, dé-plôre'. *v. a.* to lament, to bewail.

Deplume, dé-plûme'. *v. a.* to strip of its feathers.

Depone, dé-pône'. *v. a.* to lay down as a pledge; to risk.

Deponent, dé-pô'-nênt. *s.* one that deposes his testimony in a court of justice; such verbs as have no active voice.

Depopulate, dé-pôp'-û-lâte. *v. a.* to unpeoplc, to lay waste.

[waste.

Depopulation, dé-pôp'-û-lâ'-shûn. *s.* havock,

Deport, dé-pôrt'. *v. a.* to carry, to demean.

Department, dé-pâr't-mén't. *s.* conduct, demeanour, behaviour.

Depose, dé-pôze'. *v. a.* to lay down; to degrade from a throne; to give testimony.

Depose, dé-pôze'. *v. n.* to bear witness.

Depositary, dé-pôz'-ê-târ-ê. *s.* one with whom any thing is lodged in trust.

Deposit, dé-pôz'-it. *v. a.* to lay up as a pledge or security; to lay aside

Deposit, dé-pôz'-it. *s.* any thing committed to the trust and care of another.

Deposition, dép-pô-zish'-ûn. *s.* the act of giving publick testimony; the act of degrading.

Depository, dé-pôz'-c-tûr-ê. *s.* the place where any thing is lodged.

Depravation, dép-râ-vâ'-shûn. *s.* degeneracy depravity.

Deprave, dé-prâve'. *v. a.* to violate, to corrupt

Depravity, dé-prâv'-ê-tê. *s.* corruption.

Deprecate, dép-prê-kâte. *v. a.* to implore mercy of; to pray deliverance from.

Deprecation, dép-prê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* prayer against evil.

[value.

Depreciate, dé-prê'-s-i-ê-âte. *v. a.* to under-

Depreciate, dép-prê-kâte. *v. a.* to rob, to pil-

lodge. [spoiling.

Depredation, dép-prê-dâ'-shûn. *s.* a robbing,

Depredator, dép-prê-dâ-tûr. *s.* a robber.

Deprehension, dép-prê-hên'-shûn. *s.* a catching or taking unawares; a discovery.

Depress, dé-prê's'. *v. a.* to press or thrust down; to humble; to deject.

Depression, dé-prêsh'-ûn. *s.* the act of humbling, abasement.

Depressor, dé-prê's-sûr. *s.* he that keeps, presses down.

Deprivation, dép-prê-vâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of depriving.

Deprive, dé-prive'. *v. a.* to bereave one of a thing; to put out of an office.

Depth, dépt'h. *s.* deepness, an abyss, the middle of a season; obscurity.

[away.

Depulsory, dé-pûl'-sûr-ê. *a.* putting or driving

Deputation, dép-û-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of sending with a special commission.

[act.

Depute, dé-pûte'. *v. a.* to send, to empower to

Deputy, dép-û-tê. *s.* a lieutenant, a viceroy; any one that transacts business for another.

Deracinate, dé-râs'-sê-nâte. *v. ð.* to tear up by the roots.

Derain, } dé-râne'. } *v. a.* to prove, to justify.

Derange, dé-rânje'. *v. a.* to disorder, to dis-

arrange. [ing.

Dereliction, dér-ê-lik'-shûn. *s.* an utter forsak-

Deride, dé-ride'. *v. a.* to laugh at, to turn it

ridicule

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plue, plû;—

- Derision, dê-rîz'-hûn.** *s.* scorn, a laughing-stock.
- Derivative, dê-ri'-tîv.** *a.* mocking, scoffing.
- Derivable, dê-ri'-vâ-bl.** *a.* attainable by derivation. [its original.]
- Derivation, dê-ê-vâ'-shûn.** *s.* a tracing from
- Derivative, dê-ri'-vâ-tîv.** *s.* derived from another. [derived.]
- Derivative, dê-ri'-vâ-tîv.** *s.* the thing or word
- Derivatvely, dê-ri'-vâ-tîv-lè.** *ad.* in a derivative manner. [its original.]
- Derive, dê-ri-ve'.** *v. a.* to deduce or trace from
- Derive, dê-ri-ve'.** *v. n.* to owe its origin to; to descend from.
- Dernier, dêrn-yâ-er'.** *a.* last.
- Derogate, dêr'-ô-gâ-te.** *v. a.* to lessen the worth, to disparage.
- Derogate, dêr'-ô-gâ-te.** *a.* lessened in value.
- Derogation, dêr'-ô-gâ'-shûn.** *s.* a disparaging.
- Derogative, dê-rôg'-â-tîv.** *a.* derogating, lessening the value. [value.]
- Derogatory, dê-rôg'-â-tîr-è.** *a.* that lessens the
- Dervis, dêr'-vis.** *s.* a Turkish priest.
- Descant, dê-s'-kânt.** *s.* a song or tune; a discourse.
- Descant, dê-s'-kânt.** *v. n.* to harangue, to discourse at large.
- Descend, dê-sènd'.** *v. n.* to come down; to proceed from.
- Descend, dê-sènd'.** *v. a.* to walk down.
- Descendant, dê-sèn'-dânt.** *s.* the offspring of an ancestor.
- Descendent, dê-sèn'-dènt.** *a.* coming down; proceeding from another.
- Descension, dê-sèn'-shûn.** *s.* the act of falling or sinking, descent; a degradation.
- Descent, dê-sèn't.** *s.* progress downward; invasion; transmission of any thing by succession and inheritance; extraction, process of lineage, offspring.
- Describe, dê-skrîbe'.** *v. a.* to delineate, to mark out, to define in a lax manner.
- Describer, dê-skrî'-bûr.** *s.* he that describes.
- Description, dê-skrîp'-shûn.** *s.* the act of describing, the sentence or passage in which any thing is described; a lax definition.
- Descriptive, dê-skrîp'-tîv.** *a.* describing.
- Desery, dê-skrî'.** *v. a.* to spy out, to discover.
- Desecrate, dêz'-sè-krâ-te.** *v. a.* to divert from the purpose to which any thing is consecrated.
- Desecration, dêz'-sè-krâ'-shûn.** *s.* the abolition of consecration. [ed place.]
- Desert, dêz'-èrt.** *s.* a waste country, uninhabited
- Desert, dêz'-èrt.** *a.* wild, waste, solitary
- Desert, dê-zèrt'.** *v. a.* to forsake; to abandon to quit.
- Desert, dê-zèrt'.** *s.* degree of merit or demerit right to reward; virtue.
- Deserter, dê-zèr'-tûr.** *s.* he that has forsaken his cause or his post; he that forsakes another. [or abandoning]
- Desertion, dê-zèr'-shûn.** *s.* the act of forsaking
- Desertless, dê-zèrt'-lès.** *a.* without merit.
- Deserye, dê-zèrv'.** *v. a.* to merit either good or ill. [desert]
- Deservedly, dê-zèr'-vèd-lè.** *ad.* according to
- Desiccate, dê-sîk'-kâ-te.** *v. a.* to dry up.
- Desiccation, dêz'-îk'-kâ'-shûn.** *s.* the act of making dry.
- Desideratum, dê-sî-è-râ'-tûm.** *s.* some desirable thing which is wanted. [project.]
- Design, dê-sî-ne'.** *v. a.* to purpose, to plan, to
- Design, dê-sî-ne'.** *s.* an intention, a purpose; a scheme; the idea which an artist endeavours to execute.
- Designable, dê-sî-ne'-â-bl.** *a.* capable to be particularly marked out.
- Designation, dêz'-sîg-nâ'-shûn.** *s.* appointment import intention.
- Designate, dêz'-îg-nâ-te.** *v. a.* to point out or mark by some particular token.
- Designedly, dê-sî'-nèd-lè.** *ad.* purposely, intentionally.
- Designer, dê-sî'-nûr.** *s.* a contriver; one that forms the idea of any thing in painting or sculpture. [erous, deceitful.]
- Designing, dê-sî'-ning.** *part. a.* insidious, treacherous
- Desirable, dê-zî'-râ-bl.** *a.* pleasing, delightful.
- Desire, dê-zî-re'.** *s.* wish, eagerness to obtain or enjoy. [ask, to entreat.]
- Desire, dê-zî-re'.** *v. a.* to wish, to long for; to
- Desirous, dê-zî'-rûs.** *a.* full of desire, eager.
- Desist, dê-sîs't.** *v. n.* to cease from any thing to stop.
- Desistive, dê-sîs'-tîv.** *a.* ending, concluding
- Desk, dêsk.** *s.* an inclined table.

nó, móve, nór, nóv, —úov, táb, bóll; —óll; —pónd; —thin, THIA.

Desolate, dés-ó-láte. *a.* uninhabited; laid waste; solitary.

Désolate, dés-ó-láte. *v. a.* to deprive of inhabitants.

Desolately, dés-ó-láte-lé. *ad.* in a desolate manner. [inhabitants; gloominess.

Desolation, dés-ó-lá-shún. *s.* destruction of Despair, dé-spáre. *s.* hopelessness, despondence. [despond.

Despair, dé-spáre. *v. n.* to be without hope, to Despatch, dé-spásh'. *v. a.* to send away hastily; to put to death.

Despatch, dé-spásh'. *s.* hasty execution; ex-press, hasty messenger or message.

Desperate, dés-pé-ráte. *a.* without hope; irretrievable.

Desperately, dés-pé-ráte-lé. *ad.* furiously.

Desperation, dés-pé-rá-shún. *s.* hopelessness, despair. [mean.

Despicable, dés-pé-ká-bl. *a.* contemptible.

Despicable, dé-spl'-zá-bl. *a.* contemptible.

Despise, dé-spíze. *v. a.* to scorn, to contemn.

Despise, dé-spíze'. *s.* malice, anger.

Despiseful, dé-spíze'-fúl. *a.* malicious, full of spleen. [hate, malignity.

Despisefulness, dé-spíze'-fúl-nés. *s.* malice,

Despoil, dé-spóil'. *v. a.* to rob, to deprive.

Despoliation, dés-pó-lé-á-shún. *s.* the act of despoiling. [hope.

Despond, dé-spónd'. *v. n.* to despair, to lose

Despondency, dé-spónd'-dén-sé. *s.* despair, hopelessness. [less.

Despondent, dé-spónd'-dén. *a.* despairing, hope-

Despot, dés-pót. *s.* an absolute prince.

Despotical, dé-spót'-é-kál. } *a.* absolute in pow-

Despotick, dé-spót'-ík. } er, unlimited in authority.

Despotism, dés-pó-tizm. *s.* absolute power.

Desert, dés-zér'. *s.* the last course of an en-tertainment. [particular end.

Destimate, dés-té-náte. *v. a.* to design for any

Destination, dés-té-ná-shún. *s.* the purpose for which any thing is appointed.

Destine, dés-tín. *v. a.* to doom, to appoint, to devote, to fix unalterably. [doom.

Destiny, dés-té-né. *s.* fate, invincible necessity,

Destitute, dés-té-túte. *a.* forsaken, in want of.

Destitution, dés-té-tú-shún. *s.* want, poverty.

Destroy, dé-stróe'. *v. a.* to lay waste, to make desolate; to kill. [stroy.

Destroyer, dé-stróe'-úr. *s.* the person that de-

Destructible, dé-strúk'-tá-bl. *a.* liable to de-

struction. Destruction, dé-strúk'-shún. *s.* waste; murder

massacre; eternal death. Destructive, dé-strúk'-úv. *a.* that which de-

stroys. [mischievously

Destructively, dé-strúk'-úv-lé. *ad.* ruinously

Desudation, dés-ú-dá'-shún. *s.* a profuse sweat-

ing. [being accustomed.

Desuetude, dés-swe-tóde. *s.* cessation from

Desultory, dés-ú-ltúr-é. } *a.* unsettled, im-

Desultorious, dés-ú-ltúr-é-ús. } methodical.

Desume, dé-shúme'. *v. a.* to take from any thing

Detach, dé-tásh'. *v. a.* to separate.

Detachment, dé-tásh'-mént. *s.* a body of troops

sent out from the main army.

Detail, dé-tále'. *v. a.* to relate particularly.

Detail, dé-tále'. *s.* a minute and particula

account. Detain, dé-táne'. *v. a.* to hold in custody.

Detainer, dé-táne'-úr. *s.* a writ for holding

in custody. Detainer, dé-tá-núr. *s.* he that detains.

Detect, dé-tékt'. *v. a.* to discover.

Detection, dé-tékt'-shún. *s.* a discovery.

Detention, dé-tén'-shún. *s.* confinement, re-

Deterr, dé-tér'. *v. a.* to discourage. [strain

Deterge, dé-térje'. *v. a.* to cleanse a sore.

Detergent, dé-tér-jént. *a.* that which cleanses

Determinable, dé-tér-mé-ná-bl. *a.* that which

may be decioed. [established; conclusive

Determinate, dé-tér-mé-náte. *a.* limited; es-

Determination, dé-tér-mé-ná-shún. *s.*

salt of deliberation; dé-tér-mé-náshún.

Determinator, dé-tér-mé-ná-túr. *s.* one who

determines.

Determine, dé-tér-mín. *v. a.* to fix, to settle; to

adjust; to resolve; to decide. [cleanse.

Detersive, dé-tér-sív. *a.* having the power to

Detest, dé-tést'. *v. a.* to hate, to abhor.

Detestable, dé-tést'-tá-bl. *a.* hateful, abhorred.

Detestably, dé-tést'-tá-blé. *ad.* hatefully, abom-

inably. [reuce.

Detestation, dés-tést'-shún. *s.* hatred, abhor-

Dethrone, dé-thróne'. *v. a.* to divest of reg

Fâse, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pîn; —

- Detort, de-tôr't.** *v. a.* to wrest from the original import. [away by envy and calumny.]
- Detract, de-trâkt'.** *v. a.* to derogate, to take
- Detractor, de-trâk'-tôr.** *s.* one that takes away another's reputation.
- Detraction, de-trâk'-shûn.** *s.* scandal.
- Detractory, de-trâk'-tôr-ê.** *a.* defamatory, derogatory.
- Detriment, dê't-trê-mênt.** *s.* damage, mischief.
- Detrimental, dê't-trê-mênt'-tâl.** *a.* mischievous, harmful.
- Detrude, de-trôdd'.** *v. a.* to thrust down.
- Detruncate, de-trûng'-kâte.** *v. a.* to lop, to cut, to shorten. [lopping.]
- Detruncation, dê't-rûn-kâ'-shûn.** *s.* the act of
- Detrusion, de-trôd'-zhûn.** *s.* the act of thrusting down.
- Deuce, dûse.** *s.* two; the devil. [marriage.]
- Deuterogamy, dû têr-ôg'-â-mê.** *s.* a second
- Deuteronomy, dû-têr-ôn'-ô-mê.** *s.* the second book of the law, the fifth book of Moses.
- Devastate, de-vâs'-tâte.** *v. a.* to lay waste, to plunder.
- Devastation, dêv-âs-tâ'-shûn.** *s.* waste, havoc.
- Develope, de-vêl'-ôp.** *v. a.* to disengage from something that infolds. [tion.]
- Divergence, de-vêr'-jênse.** *s.* declivity, declination.
- Deviate, de-vê'-âte.** *v. n.* to wander; to go astray. [the right way, error.]
- Deviation, de-vê'-â'-shûn.** *s.* the act of quitting
- Devise, de-vîz'.** *s.* a contrivance; a design.
- Devil, dêv'-vl.** *s.* a fallen angel, the spiritual enemy of mankind. [tucs of the devil.]
- Devilish, dêv'-vl-îsh.** *a.* partaking of the quality.
- Devious, de-vê'-ûs.** *a.* out of the common track; roving; erring. [will.]
- Devise, de-vîz'.** *v. a.* to contrive; to grant by
- Devise, de-vîz'.** *s.* the act of bequeathing by will.
- Deviser, de-vî'-zûr.** *s.* a contriver, an inventor.
- Devoid, de-vôid'.** *a.* empty, vacant.
- Devoir, de-vvôr'.** *s.* service; act of civility.
- Devolve, de-vôlv'.** *v. n.* to fall by succession.
- Devote, de-vôte'.** *v. a.* to dedicate; to addict; to excrete. [devoted or dedicated.]
- Devotedness, de-vô'-têd-nês.** *s.* the state of being devoted.
- Devoted, dêv-vô-têd'.** *s.* a bigot.
- Devotion, de-vô'-shûn.** *s.* piety; prayer; an act of reverence or ceremony; strong affection; disposal, power.
- Devotional, de-vô'-shûn-âl.** *a.* pertaining to devotion. [annihilate.]
- Devour, de-vôûr'.** *v. a.* to eat ravenously; to
- Devout, de-vôû't'.** *a.* pious, religious.
- Devoutly, de-vôû't'-lê.** *ad.* piously, religiously
- Dew, dû.** *s.* the moisture upon the ground.
- Dew, dû.** *v. a.* to wet as with dew, to moisten.
- Dewdrop, dû'-drôp.** *s.* a drop of dew which sparkles at sunrise.
- Dewlap, dû-lâp.** *s.* the flesh that hangs from the throat of oxen. [dew]
- Dewy, dû'-ê.** *a.* resembling dew; moist with
- Dexterity, dêks-têr'-ê-tê.** *s.* activity.
- Dexterous, dêks-têr'-ûs.** *a.* expert. [fully.]
- Dexterously, dêks-têr'-ûs-lê.** *ad.* expertly, skil-
- Dextral, dêks-trâl.** *a.* the right, not the left
- Dey, dà.** *s.* the supreme governour in some of the Barbary states. [of urine]
- Diabetes, di-â-bê-tês.** *s.* a morbid copiousness
- Diabolical, di-â-bôl'-ê-kâl.** } *a.* devilish.
- Diabolick, di-â-bôl'-îk.** }
- Diacousticks, di-â-kôû'-sîks.** *s.* the doctrine of sounds.
- Diadem, di-â-dêm.** *s.* a tiara, an ensign of royalty. [bles]
- Diaeresis, di-êr'-ê-sîs.** *s.* the separation of syllables.
- Diagonal, di-âg'-ô-nâl.** *a.* reaching from one angle to another. [angle to angle.]
- Diagonal, di-âg'-ô-nâl.** *s.* a line drawn from
- Diagram, di-â-grâm.** *s.* a mathematical scheme.
- Dial, di-âl.** *s.* a plate marked with lines, where a hand or shadow shows the hour.
- Dialect, di-â-lêkt.** *s.* manner of expression; language, speech. [mental.]
- Dialectical, di-â-lêkt'-tê-kâl.** *a.* logical, argu-
- Dialing, di-âl-îng.** *s.* the art of making dials
- Dialist, di-âl-îst.** *s.* a constructor of dials.
- Dialogue, di-â-lôg.** *s.* a conversation between two or more.
- Diameter, di-âm'-ê-tûr.** *s.* the line which, passing through a circle, or other curvilinear figure, divides it into equal parts.
- Diametrical, di-â-mêt'-trê-kâl.** *a.* describing a diameter; observing the direction of a diameter.

mò, mòve, nòr, nèt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—thin, THIN.

Di metrically, dl'-á-mét'-trò-kál-è. *ad.* in a diametrical direction; directly. [geom.]

Diamond, dl'-á-múnd. *s.* the most valuable of Diapason, dl'-á-pá'-són. *s.* an octave, the most perfect concord.

Diaper, dl'-á-pár. *s.* linen cloth woven in figures. **Diaphanous**, dl'-áf-fá-nús. *a.* transparent, clear. **Diaphoretick**, dl'-áf-ò-rét'-ík. *a.* promoting perspiration.

Diaphragm, dl'-á-frám. *s.* the midriff. **Diarrhoea**, dl'-ár-ré'-á. *s.* a flux of the belly. **Diarrhœtick**, dl'-ár-rét'-ík. *a.* solutive, purgative. **Diary**, dl'-á-ré. *s.* an account of every day, a journal.

Diastole, dl'-ás'-tò-lè. *s.* a figure in rhetorick, by which a short syllable is made long; the dilatation of the heart.

Dibble, díb'-bl. *s.* a small spade.

Dice, díse. *s.* the plural of *oisé*.

Dicer, dl'-súr. *s.* a player at dice, a gamester.

Dictate, dík'-táte. *v. a.* to deliver to another with authority.

Dictate, dík'-táte. *s.* rule or maxim delivered with authority.

Dictation, dík'-tá'-shún. *s.* the act or practice of dictating. [a ruler.]

Dictator, dík'-tá'-túr. *s.* a magistrate of Rome; **Dictatorial**, dík'-tá'-tò-rè-ál. *a.* authoritative, dogmatical.

Dictatorship, dík'-tá'-túr-shíp. *s.* the office of a dictator. [sion.]

Diction, dík'-shún. *s.* style, language, expression. **Dictionary**, dík'-shún-á-ré. *s.* a book containing the words of any language, a vocabulary.

Did, díd. *pret.* of *do*.

Didactical, dé-dák'-tè-kál } *a.* preceptive, giv-

Didactick, dé-dák'-ík. } ing precepts.

Die, dl. *s.* colour, tincture, stain; a small cube; stamp used in coinage.

Die, dl. *v. a.* to tinge, to colour.

Die, dl. *v. n.* to lose life; to perish; to wither; to grow rapid. [dying.]

Dier, dl'-úr. *s.* one who follows the trade of **Diet**, dl'-ét. *s.* food, victuals; an assembly of princes.

Diet, dl'-ét. *v. a.* to give food to; to board.

Diet, dl'-ét. *v. n.* to eat by rules of physick; to eat.

Differ, díf'-fúr. *v. n.* to be distinguished from; to contend; to be of a contrary opinion.

Difference, díf'-fúr-énse. *s.* state of being distinct from something; dispute, debate; distinction. [similar.]

Different, díf'-fúr-ént. *a.* distinct; unlike, differently, díf'-fúr-ént-lè. *ad.* in a different manner. [jeevish]

Difficult, díf'-fè-kúlt. *a.* hard; troublesome

Difficultly, díf'-fè-kúlt-lè. *ad.* hardly, with difficulty.

Difficulty, díf'-fè-kúlt-tè. *s.* hardness; distress; perplexity; objection. [fidence.]

Diffidence, díf'-fè-dè-nse. *s.* distrust, want of confidence, díf'-fè-dènt. *a.* not confident, not certain.

Diffluent, díf'-fú-ént. *a.* flowing every way.

Diform, díf'-fóm. *a.* contrary to uniform.

Difformity, díf'-fór-mè-tè. *s.* diversity of form, irregularity. [to spread.]

Diffuse, díf'-fúze'. *v. a.* to pour out upon a plane; **Diffuse**, díf'-fúze'. *a.* scattered, widely spread; copious. [being diffused, dispersion.]

Diffusedness, díf'-fú-zèd-nès. *s.* the state of **Diffusely**, díf'-fú-zèd-lè. *ad.* widely, extensively; copiously. [ness.]

Diffusion, díf'-fú-zhún. *s.* dispersion; copious-**Diffusive**, díf'-fú-sív. *a.* dispersed; extended.

Diffusively, díf'-fú-sív-lè. *ad.* widely, extensively. [persion.]

Diffusiveness, díf'-fú-sív-nès. *s.* extension, dis-

Dig, díg. *v. a.* *pret.* dug or digged, *part. pass.* dug or digged. to pierce with a spade; to cultivate the ground by turning it with a spade.

Dig, díg. *v. n.* to work with a spade.

Digest, dl'-jést. *s.* the pandect of the civil law

Digest, dé-jést'. *v. a.* to concoct in the stomach; to soften by heat; to range methodically.

Digester, dé-jés'-túr. *s.* a strong culinary vessel.

Digestible, dé-jés'-tè-bl. *a.* capable of being digested. [food; reduction to a plan.]

Digestion, dé-jés'-tshún. *s.* the act of concocting

Digestive, dé-jés'-tív. *a.* having the power to cause digestion; disposing, methodising.

Digit, díd'-jít. *s.* three fourths of an inch; the twelfth part of the diameter of the sun or moon; any number expressed by a single figure.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Digitated**, dîd'-jê-tâ-têl. *a.* branched out into divisions like fingers.
- Dignified**, dig'-nê-fîdo. *a.* invested with some dignity.
- Dignity**, dig'-nê-fî. *v. a.* to advance, to prefer.
- Dignitary**, dig'-nê-tâ-rê. *s.* a dignified clergyman. [ment.]
- Dignity**, dig'-nê-tê. *s.* rank; grandeur; preference.
- Digress**, îg-grês. *v. n.* to depart from the main design; to wander.
- Digression**, de-grêsh'-ân. *s.* a passage deviating from the main tenor; deviation.
- Dike**, dike. *s.* a channel to receive water; a mound.
- Dilacerate**, de-lâs'-sê-râte. *v. a.* to tear, to rend.
- Dilaceration**, de-lâs-sê-râ-shûn. *s.* the act of rending in two. [down.]
- Dilaniate**, de-lâp'-nê-âte. *v. a.* to ruin, to throw
- Dilapidation**, de-lâp-ô-dâ'-shûn. *s.* the suffering an edifice to go to decay.
- Dilatability**, de-lâ-tâ-bîl'-ê-tê. *s.* the quality of admitting extension.
- Dilatable**, de-lâ-tâ-bl. *c.* capable of extension.
- Dilatation**, dil-lâ-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of extending; state of being extended.
- Dilate**, de-lâte'. *v. a.* to extend, to spread out.
- Dilate**, de-lâte'. *v. n.* to widen, to grow wide.
- Dilator**, de-lâ-tôr. *s.* that which widens.
- Dilatoriness**, dil'-lâ-tôr-ê-nês. *s.* slowness.
- Dilatory**, dil'-â-tôr-ê. *a.* tardy, slow.
- Dilemma**, di-lêm'-mâ. *s.* intricacy; a difficult or doubtful choice.
- Diligence**, dil'-ê-jênse. *s.* industry, assiduity.
- Diligent**, dil'-ê-jênt. *a.* constant in application; assiduous. [heed and perseverance.]
- Diligently**, dil'-ê-jênt-lê. *ad.* with assiduity, with
- Dilucid**, de-lû'-sîd. *a.* clear, not obscure.
- Dilucidate**, de-lû'-sê-dâte. *v. a.* to make clear, to explain. [making clear.]
- Dilucidation**, de-lû-sê-dâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of
- Diluent**, dil'-hû-ênt. *s.* that which thins other matter. [weak.]
- Dilute**, de-lûte'. *v. a.* to make thin; to make
- Dilution**, de-lû-shûn. *s.* the act of making any thing thin or weak.
- Diluvian**, de-lû'-vê-ân. *a.* relating to the deluge.
- Dim**, dîm. *a.* not having a quick sight; obscure.
- Dim**, dîm. *v. a.* to cloud, to darken; to obscure
- Dimension**, îe-mên'-shûn. *s.* bulk, extent, capacity. [impaired, to degrade.]
- Diminish**, de-mîn'-îsh. *v. a.* to make less; to
- Diminish**, de-mîn'-îsh. *v. n.* to grow less; to be impaired.
- Diminution**, dîm-mê-nû'-shûn. *s.* the act of making less; the state of growing less.
- Diminutive**, de-mîn'-nû-tîv. *a.* small, little.
- Dimissory**, dîm'-îs-sûr-rê. *a.* that by which a man is dismissed to another jurisdiction.
- Dimity**, dîm'-ê-tê. *s.* a fine kind of fustian, or cloth of cotton. [brightly.]
- Dimly**, dîm'-lê. *ad.* not with a quick sight; no-
- Dimness**, dîm' nês. *s.* dulness of sight. [chin.]
- Dimple**, dîm'-pl. *s.* depression in the cheek or
- Dimple**, dîm'-pl. *v. n.* to sink in small cavities.
- Dimpled**, dîm'-plêd. *a.* set with dimples.
- Din**, dîn. *s.* a violent and continued sound.
- Din**, dîn. *v. a.* to stun with noise.
- Dine**, dîne. *v. n.* to eat at the chief meal about the middle of the day.
- Dine**, dîne. *v. a.* to give a dinner to, to feast.
- Ding**, dîng. *v. a.* to dash with violence.
- Ding**, dîng. *v. n.* to bustle.
- Dingle**, dîng'-gl. *s.* a hollow between hills.
- Dinner**, dîn'-mûr. *s.* the chief meal, the meal eaten about noon.
- Dint**, dînt. *s.* a blow, a stroke; force, power.
- Dint**, dînt. *r. a.* to mark with a cavity by a blow
- Diminuation**, di-nû-mêr-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of numbering out singly.
- Diocesan**, di-ôs'-sân. *s.* a bishop as he stands related to his own clergy.
- Diocess**, di'-ô-sês. *s.* the circuit of every bishop's jurisdiction.
- Dioptricks**, di-ôp'-trîks. *s.* a part of opticks, treating of the different refractions of the light.
- Dip**, dîp. *v. a.* to moisten, to wet; to engage in any affair. [vowels.]
- Diphthong**, dîp'-thông. *s.* a coalition of two
- Diploma**, de-plô'-mâ. *s.* a letter or writing conferring some privilege. [diploma.]
- Diplomatick**, dîp-lô-mâ'-îk. *a.* relating to a
- Diptote**, dîp'-tôte. *s.* a noun of two cases.
- Diptick**, dîp'-tîk. *s.* a register of bishops and martyrs.
- Dire**, dîre. *a.* dreadful, dismal, horrible.
- Direct**, de-rêkt'. *a.* straight; open; plain.

no, m'ave, n'or, n'ot; —ube, t'ub, b'oll; —'ill; —p'ound; —'ain, v'ins.

Direct, dé-rèk'. *v. a.* to aim in a straight line; to point against; to regulate; to prescribe; to command.

Director, dé-rèk'-t'ur. *s.* one that directs.

Direction, dé-rèk'-sh'ôn. *s.* aim at a certain point; order, prescription.

Directive, dé-rèk'-t'iv. *a.* having the power of direction; informing.

Directly, dé-rèk'-lè. *ad.* in a straight line; immediately, apparently.

Directness, dé-rèk'-nès. *s.* straightness, the nearest way.

Director, dé-rèk'-t'ur. *s.* one that has authority over others; an instructor; an instrument in surgery. [book of directions.]

Directory, dé-rèk'-t'ur-è. *s.* a rule to go by; a

Direful, diré-f'il. *a.* dire, dreadful.

Direness, diré-nès. *s.* dismalness, horror.

Direction, di-rèp'-sh'ôn. *s.* the act of plundering.

Dirge, d'urje. *s.* a mournful duty; a song of lamentation.

Dirk, d'ürk. *s.* a kind of dagger.

Dirt, d'ürt. *s.* mud, filth, mire.

Dirt, d'ürt. *v. a.* to foul, to blemish.

Dirty, d'ürt'-è-lè. *ad.* nastily; meanly, sordidly.

Dirtness, d'ürt'-è-nès. *s.* nastiness, filthiness, meanness.

Dirty, d'ürt'-è. *a.* foul, nasty; mean.

Dirty, d'ürt'-è. *v. a.* to foul, to soil; to disgrace.

Disability, dis-à-b'il'-è-tè. *s.* want of power, weakness.

Disable, dis-à-bl'. *v. a.* to deprive of force, usefulness, or efficacy; to exclude.

Disabuse, dis-à-bùze'. *v. a.* to set right, to un-deceive.

Disadvantage, dis-àd-van'-t'ajè. *s.* loss, injury.

Disadvantageous, dis-àd-van'-t'ajè. *a.* contrary to interest or convenience.

Disadvantageousness, dis-àd-van'-t'ajè-nès. *s.* want of power to profit, inconvenience.

Disaffected, dis-à-fèk'-t'éd. *part. a.* not disposed to affection. [affected manner.]

Disaffectedly, dis-à-fèk'-t'éd-lè. *ad.* after a disaffected manner.

Disaffectedness, dis-à-fèk'-t'éd-nès. *s.* the quality of being disaffected.

Disaffection, dis-à-fèk'-sh'ôn. *s.* want of loyalty.

Disaffection, dis-à-fèk'-sh'ôn. *s.* confusion,

Disagree, dis-à-grèe'. *v. n.* to differ.

Disagreeable, dis-à-grèe'-à-bl'. *a.* unamiable; unpleasing. [variety; unpleasantness.]

Disagreeableness, dis-à-grèe'-à-bl'-nès. *s.* con-

Disagreeably, dis-à-grèe'-à-blè. *ad.* in a disagreeable manner. [dissimilitude.]

Disagreement, dis-à-grèe'-mènt. *s.* difference

Disallow, dis-à-l'ôû'. *v. n.* to deny authority to any; to consider as unlawful.

Disallow, dis-à-l'ôû'. *v. n.* to refuse permission, not to grant.

Disallowable, dis-à-l'ôû'-à-bl'. *a.* not allowable

Disallowance, dis-à-l'ôû'-ànsè. *s.* prohibition.

Disanimation, diz-àn-è-mà'-sh'ôn. *s.* privation of life. [of authority.]

Disannul, dis-àn-nûl'. *v. n.* to annul, to deprive

Disappear, dis-àp-père'. *v. n.* to be lost to view, to vanish. [expectation.]

Disappoint, dis-àp-p'ôit'. *v. a.* to defeat of

Disappointment, dis-àp-p'ôit'-mènt. *s.* defeat of hopes, miscarriage of expectation.

Disapprobation, dis-àp-prò-bà'-sh'ôn. *s.* censure, condemnation. [censure.]

Disapprove, dis-àp-pròb'v'. *v. a.* to dislike, to

Disarm, diz-àrm'. *v. a.* to divest of arms.

Disarrange, dis-à-r'anje'. *v. a.* to put out of order; to derange.

Disarray, dis-à-r'à'. *s.* disorder, confusion.

Disaster, diz-às'-t'ur. *s.* misfortune.

Disastrous, diz-às'-trùs. *a.* unlucky, calamitous.

Disastrousness, diz-às'-trùs-nès. *s.* unluckiness, unfortunateness.

Disavouch, dis-à-v'ôûtsh'. *v. a.* to retract profession, to disown. [knowledge of.]

Disavow, dis-à-v'ôû'. *v. a.* to disown, to deny

Disavowal, dis-à-v'ôû'-àl. *s.* denial.

Disband, diz-bànd'. *v. a.* to dismiss from military service.

Disband, diz-bànd'. *v. n.* to retire; to separate

Disbark, diz-bàrk'. *v. a.* to land from a ship.

Disbelief, dis-bè-lèf'. *s.* refusal of credit.

Disbelieve, dis-bè-lèv'. *v. a.* not to credit.

Disbeliever, dis-bè-lè-v'ur. *s.* one who refuses belief.

Disbench, diz-bèنش'. *v. a.* to drive from a seat

Disbranch, diz-brànsh'. *v. a.* to separate, to break off. [encumber.]

Disburden, diz-b'ur-dè. *v. a.* to unload, to dis-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—phie, pla;—

Disburden, dîz-'dâr-'dz. *v. n.* to ease the mind.
Dishurse, dîz-'biâse. *s. o.* to spend or lay out money. [or laying out]

Disbursement, dîz-'bârs-'mènt. *s.* a disbursing.

Discandy, dîs-'kân-'dè. *v. n.* to dissolve, & melt.

Discard, dîs-'kârd'. *v. a.* to discharge or dismiss.

Discarnate, dîs-'bâr-'nâte. *a.* stripped of flesh.

Discern, dîz-'zèrn'. *v. a.* to see; to judge.

Discern, dîz-'zèrn'. *v. n.* to make distinction.

Discernible, dîz-'zèr-'nè-bl. *a.* discoverable, perceptible.

Discerning, dîz-'zèr-'ning. *part. a.* judicious, [knowing]

Discernment, dîz-'zèrn-'mènt. *s.* judgement, power of distinguishing.

Discerptible, dîs-'sèrp-'tè-bl. *a.* frangible, separable. [to pieces]

Discerption, dîs-'sèrp-'shûn. *s.* the act of pulling

Discharge, dîs-'tshârjè'. *v. a.* to disburden; to let off a gua; to clear a debt; to absolve; to perform; to obliterate; to dismiss.

Discharge, dîs-'tshârjè'. *s.* vent, explosion, emission; dismissal; an acquittance.

Discinct, dîs-'sînk't'. *a.* ungirded, loosely dressed.

Discind, dîs-'sînd'. *v. a.* to divide, to cut in pieces.

Disciple, dîs-'sî-'pl. *s.* a scholar. [ciple]

Discipleship, dîs-'sî-'pl-'shîp. *s.* the state of a dis-

Disciplinarian, dîs-'sè-'plî-n-'â-'rè-'ân. *s.* one who rules or teaches with great strictness.

Discipline, dîs-'sè-'plî-n. *s.* education; rule, order; chastisement.

Discipline, dîs-'sè-'plî-n. *v. a.* to educate, to instruct; to correct; to reform.

Disclaim, dîs-'klâme'. *v. a.* to disown.

Disclose, dîs-'klôze'. *v. a.* to uncover, & reveal, to tell. [revealing a secret]

Disclosure, dîs-'klô-'zhûre. *s.* discovery; act of

Discoloration, dîs-'kôl-'ô-'rà-'shûn. *s.* the act of changing the colour; change of colour, stain.

Discolour, dîs-'kôl-'lûr. *v. a.* to change from the natural hue, to stain. [quish]

Discomfit, dîs-'kôm-'fî-t. *v. a.* to defeat, to van-

Discomfiture, dîs-'kôm-'fî-t-'yûre. *s.* defeat, rout, overthrow. [ancholy]

Discomfort, dîs-'kôm-'fûrt. *s.* uneasiness, mel-

Discomfort, dîs-'kôm-'fûrt. *v. a.* to grieve, to sadden. [to censure]

Discommend, dîs-'kôm-'mènd'. *v. a.* to blame,

Discommendable, dîs-'kôm-'mè-n-'dâ-bl. *a.* blameable, censurable.

Discommode, dîs-'kôm-'môdè'. *v. a.* to put to inconvenience, to molest.

Discommodious, dîs-'kôm-'mô-'dè-'ûs, or dîs-'kôm-'mô-'jè-'ûs. *a.* inconvenient, troublesome.

Discommodity, dîs-'kôm-'môd'-'è-'tè. *s.* inconvenience, disadvantage.

Discompose, dîs-'kôm-'pôze-. *v. a.* to disorder; to ruffle; to offend. [perturbatio]

Discomposure, dîs-'kôm-'pô-'zhûre. *s.* disorder.

Disconcert, dîs-'kôn-'sèrt' *v. a.* to unsettle the mind, to discompose. [agreement]

Disconformity, dîs-'kôn-'fôr-'mè-'tè. *s.* want of

Discongruity, dîs-'kôn-'grû-'è-'tè. *s.* disagreement, inconsistency.

Disconsolate, dîs-'kôn-'sô-'lâte. *a.* without comfort, hopeless. [consolate manner]

Disconsolately, dîs-'kôn-'sô-'lâte-'lè. *ad.* in a dis-

Discontent, dîs-'kôn-'tènt'. *s.* want of conten-

Discontent, dîs-'kôn-'tènt'. *a.* uneasy, dissatisfied.

Discontented, dîs-'kôn-'tènt'-'lèd. *part. a.* uneasy, dissatisfied. [state of discontent]

Discontentment, dîs-'kôn-'tènt'-'mènt. *s.* the

Discontinuance, dîs-'kôn-'tî-n-'b-'ânse. *s.* want of cohesion of parts; a breaking off.

Discontinuation, dîs-'kôn-'tî-n-'b-'ân-'shûn. *s.* dis-

ruption of continuity, separation.

Discontinue, dîs-'kôn-'tî-n-'û. *v. a.* to leave off.

Discontinuity, dîs-'kôn-'tè-'nû-'è-'tè. *s.* disunity of parts, want of cohesion.

Discord, dîs-'kôrd'. *s.* disagreement. [with]

Discord, dîs-'kôrd'. *v. n.* to disagree, not to sui-

Discordance, dîs-'kôrd'-'ânse. } *s.* disagreement,

Discordancy, dîs-'kôrd'-'dân-sè. } opposition.

Discordant, dîs-'kôrd'-'dânt. *a.* inconsistent; op-

posite, centristious.

Discordantly, dîs-'kôrd'-'dânt-'lè. *ad.* inconsistent-

ly; in-disagreement with another.

Discover, dîs-'kûv'-'ûr. *v. a.* to disclose, to bring to light; to find out. [found out]

Discoverable, dîs-'kûv'-'ûr-'â-bl. *a.* that may be

Discovery, dîs-'kûv'-'ûr-'è. *s.* the act of finding any thing.

Discount, dîs-'kônt. *s.* the sum refunded w-

Discount, dîs-'kônt'. *v. a.* to count back, to pay back again.

nô, nôve, nôr, nôt;—tôbe, tôb, bôll;—ôll;—pôand;—thin, THIS.

- Discourteous, dîs-kôûn'-tê-nânse. *v. a.* to discountage by cold treatment. [treatment.]
 Discourteousness, dîs-kôûn'-tê-nânse. *s.* cold
 Discourage, dîs-kôr'-îdje. *v. a.* to depress.
 Discouragement, dîs-kôr'-ridj-mênt. *s.* the
 cause of depression, or fear.
 Discourse, dîs-kôrse'. *s.* conversation, mutual
 intercourse of language; a treatise.
 Discourse, dîs-kôrse'. *v. n.* to converse, to talk;
 to reason.
 Discourteous, dîs-kôr'-tshûs. *a.* uncivil. [ness.]
 Discourtesy, dîs-kôr'-tê-sê. *s.* incivility, rude-
 ness.
 Discous, dîs-kôs. *a.* broad, flat, wide. [trust.]
 Discredit, dîs-krêd'-it. *s.* disgrace; want of
 credit.
 Discredit, dîs-krêd'-it. *v. a.* to deprive of credi-
 bility.
 Discreet, dîs-krêd'. *a.* prudent, sober; modest.
 Discreetly, dîs-krêd'-it. *ad.* prudently, cau-
 tiously. [variety.]
 Discrepancy, dîs-krê'-pânse. *s.* difference, con-
 tradiction.
 Discrepant, dîs-krê'-pânt. *a.* different, disa-
 greening.
 Discrete, dîs-krêt'. *a.* distinct; disjunctive.
 Discretion, dîs-krêsh'-ûn. *s.* prudence; liberty
 of acting at pleasure.
 Discretionary, dîs-krêsh'-ûn-âr-ê. *a.* left at
 large, unlimited.
 Discriminate, dîs-krîm'-ê-nâte. *v. a.* to mark
 with notes of difference. [tinctness.]
 Discriminateness, dîs-krîm'-ê-nâte-nês. *s.* dis-
 crimination.
 Discrimination, dîs-krîm'-ê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* the act
 of distinguishing one from another, distinction.
 Discriminatory, dîs-krîm'-ê-nâs. *a.* dangerous,
 hazardous.
 Discubitory, dîs-kû'-bê-tûr-ê. *a.* fitted to the
 posture of leaning. [leaning at meat.]
 Discumbency, dîs-kûm'-bên-sê. *s.* the act of
 disengaging.
 Discumber, dîs-kûm'-bâr. *v. a.* to disengage.
 Discursive, dîs-kûr'-sîv. *a.* moving here and
 there, roving.
 Discursory, dîs-kûr'-sâr-ê. *a.* argumental.
 Discuss, dîs-kûs. *s.* a quoit.
 Discuss, dîs-kûs'. *v. a.* to examine
 Discussion, dîs-kûs'-shûn. *s.* disquisition exam-
 ination.
 Disdain, dîz-dâne'. *v. a.* to scorn. [ger.]
 Disdain, dîz-dâne'. *s.* scorn, contemptuous an-
 der.
 Disdainful, dîz-dâne'-fûl. *a.* scornful, indignant
- Disdainfully, dîz-dâne'-fûl-ê. *ad.* with haughty
 scorn. [scorn.]
 Disdainfulness, dîz-dâne'-fûl-nês. *s.* haughty
 scorn.
 Disease, dîz-êze'. *s.* distemper, malady.
 Disease, dîz-êze'. *v. a.* to afflict; to pain.
 Disembark, dîs-êm-bârk'. *v. a.* to carry to land.
 Disembark, dîs-êm-bârk'. *v. n.* to go on land.
 Disembitter, dîs-êm-blî'-târ. *v. a.* to free from
 bitterness. [bitter.]
 Disembodied, dîs-êm-bôd'-îd. *a.* divested
 of the body.
 Disembogue, dîs-êm-bôg'. *v. a.* to pour out at
 the mouth of a river. [to flow.]
 Disembogue, dîs-êm-bôg'. *v. n.* to gain a vent,
 to issue.
 Disembowelled, dîs-êm-bôû'-êld. *part. a.* taken
 from out the bowels. [perplexity.]
 Disembroil, dîs-êm-brôil'. *v. a.* to free from
 embarrassment.
 Disenable, dîs-ên-â'-bl. *v. a.* to deprive of power
 or authority.
 Disenchant, dîs-ên-çhânt'. *v. a.* to free from
 enchantment.
 Disencumber, dîs-ên-kûm'-bâr. *v. a.* to dis-
 charge from incumbrances, to disburden.
 Disencumbrance, dîs-ên-kûm'-brânse. *s.* free-
 dom from encumbrance.
 Disengage, dîs-ên-gaje'. *v. a.* to disentangle, to
 clear from impediments or difficulties.
 Disengage, dîs-ên-gaje'. *v. n.* to set one's self
 free from.
 Disengaged, dîs-ên-gajd'. *part. a.* at leisure.
 Disentangle, dîs-ên-tâng'-gl. *v. a.* to set free
 from, to clear; to unfold; to disengage.
 Disenthrall, dîs-ên-thrâwl'. *v. a.* to set free.
 Disenthroned, dîs-ên-thrônê'. *v. a.* to depose
 from sovereignty. [from a throne.]
 Disentrance, dîs-ên-trânse'. *v. a.* to awaken
 from a trance.
 Disespouse, dîs-ê-spôûze'. *v. a.* to separate after
 faith plighted.
 Disesteem, dîs-ê-stêem'. *s.* slight, dislike
 or contempt.
 Disesteem, dîs-ê-stêem'. *v. a.* to slight, to dislike
 or despise.
 Disfavour, dîs-fâ'-vôr. *s.* discountenance.
 Disfavour, dîs-fâ'-vâr. *v. a.* to discountenance.
 Disfigure, dîs-fîg'-ûre. *v. a.* to deform.
 Disfigurement, dîs-fîg'-ûre-mênt. *s.* deface-
 ment of beauty.
 Disfranchise, dîs-frân'-tshîz. *v. a.* to deprive of
 privileges or immunities.
 Disfranchisement, dîs-frân'-tshîz-mênt. *s.* the
 act of depriving of privileges.
 Disfurnish, dîs-fûr'-nîsh. *v. a.* to unfurnish.

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fâi;—mè, mêt;—plne, pîn;—

- Disgorge**, dîz-gôrje'. *v. a.* to discharge by the mouth; to pour out with violence.
- Disgrace**, dîz-grâse'. *s.* ignominy, dishonour.
- Disgrace**, dîz-grâse'. *v. a.* to dishonour, to put out of favour. [mnious.
- Disgraceful**, dîz-grâse'-fûl. *a.* shameful, ignominious.
- Disgracefully**, dîz-grâse'-fûl-lè. *ad.* in disgrace, with indignity, ignominiously.
- Disgracefulness**, dîz-grâse'-fûl-nès. *s.* ignominy.
- Disgracious**, dîz-grâ'-shûs. *q.* unkind, unfavourable. [to disgrace.
- Disguise**, dîzg-yîze'. *v. a.* to conceal; to hide;
- Disguise**, dîzg-yîze'. *s.* a dress to conceal; a counterfeit show. [coalment.
- Disguisement**, dîzg-yîze'-mènt. *s.* dress of concealment.
- Disgust**, dîz-gûst'. *s.* aversion; offence conceived.
- Disgust**, dîz-gûst'. *v. a.* to raise aversion, to distaste; to offend.
- Disgustful**, dîz-gûst'-fûl. *a.* nauseous.
- Dish**, dîsh. *s.* a vessel, in which solid food is served up at the table; any particular kind of food.
- Dish**, dîsh. *v. a.* to serve in a dish.
- Dishabille**, dîs-â-bîl'. *s.* undress, loose dress.
- Dishearten**, dîs-hâr'-tû. *v. a.* to discourage, to deject. [itary succession.
- Dishérit**, dîs-hèr'-hî. *v. a.* to cut off from hereditary right.
- Dishèvel**, dîsh-shèv'-vèl. *v. a.* to spread the hair disorderly. [less.
- Dishonest**, dîz-ôn'-îst. *a.* void of probity; faithless.
- Dishonestly**, dîz-ôn'-îst-lè. *ad.* without probity; unchastely. [chastity.
- Dishonesty**, dîz-ôn'-îst-tè. *s.* faithlessness; unprobity.
- Dishonour**, dîz-ôn'-nûr. *s.* disgrace, ignominy.
- Dishonour**, dîz-ôn'-nûr. *v. a.* to disgrace; to violate chastity; to treat with indignity.
- Dishonourable**, dîz-ôn'-nûr-â-bl. *a.* shameful.
- Disincarcerate**, dîs-in-kâr'-sè-râte. *v. a.* to set at liberty. [affection.
- Disinclination**, dîs-in-kîlè-nâ-shûn. *s.* want of inclination.
- Disincline**, dîs-in-kîlne'. *v. a.* to produce dislike to, to make disaffected.
- Disingenuity**, dîs-in-jè-nû'-è-tè. *s.* meanness of artifice, unfairness. [eral.
- Disingenuous**, dîs-in-jèn'-û-ûs. *a.* unfair, illiberal.
- Disingenuously**, dîs-in-jèn'-û-ûs-lè. *ad.* in a disingenuous manner
- Disingenuousness**, dîs-in-jèn'-û-ûs-nès. *s.* mean ability, low craft.
- Disinherit**, dîs-in-hèr'-hî. *v. a.* to cut off from hereditary right. [grave.
- Disinter**, dîs-in-tèr'. *v. a.* to take out of the grave.
- Disinterested**, dîz-in-tèr-ès-tèd. *a.* superiour to regard of private advantage.
- Disinterestedly**, dîz-in-tèr-ès-tèd-lè. *ad.* in a disinterested manner.
- Disinterestedness**, dîz-in-tèr-ès-tèd-nès. *s.* contempt of private interest.
- Disjoin**, dîz-jôin'. *v. a.* to separate, to part from each other.
- Disjoint**, dîz-jôin'. *v. a.* to put out of joint.
- Disjunct**, dîz-jôin'. *v. n.* to fall in pieces, to separate.
- Disjunct**, dîz-jûngkt'. *s.* disjointed, separate.
- Disjunction**, dîz-jûngkt'-shûn. *s.* disunion; separation, parting.
- Disjunctive**, dîz-jûngkt'-dv. *a.* incapable of union; which marks separation or opposition.
- Disjunctively**, dîz-jûngkt'-dv-lè. *ad.* distinctly, separately.
- Disk**, dîsk. *s.* the face of the sun, &c.; a quoit.
- Dislike**, dîz-lîke'. *s.* absence of affection, disgust.
- Dislike**, dîz-lîke'. *v. a.* to disapprove.
- Disliken**, dîz-lî'-kn. *v. a.* to make unlike.
- Dislikeness**, dîz-lîke'-nès. *s.* dissimilitude, unlikeness.
- Dislimb**, dîz-lîm'. *v. a.* to tear limb from limb.
- Dislocate**, dîs-lò-kâte. *v. a.* to put out of joint.
- Dislocation**, dîs-lò-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of displacing. [place.
- Dislodge**, dîz-lòdje'. *v. a.* to remove from a place.
- Disloyal**, dîz-lòè'-âl. *a.* not true to allegiance.
- Disloyally**, dîz-lòè'-âl-lè. *ad.* unfaithfully, disobediently. [the sovereign.
- Disloyalty**, dîz-lòè'-âl-tè. *s.* want of fidelity to a sovereign.
- Dismal**, dîz-mâl. *a.* sorrowful, unhappy.
- Dismally**, dîz-mâl-lè. *ad.* horribly, sorrowfully.
- Dismalness**, dîz-mâl-nès. *s.* horror, sorrow.
- Dismantle**, dîz-mân'-tl. *v. a.* to strip.
- Dismask**, dîz-mâsk'. *v. a.* to divest of a mask.
- Dismay**, dîz-mâ'. *v. a.* to terrify, to fright.
- Dismay**, dîz-mâ'. *s.* fall of courage, terror.
- Dismayedness**, dîz-mâ'-èa-nès. *s.* dejection of courage. [ber from member.
- Dismember**, dîz-mèm'-bûr. *v. a.* to divide parts

no, móve, nór, nó;—túbe, túb; báll;—díl;—póúnd;—úin, THIS.

Disambiguate, dis-ám-bí-gúe. *v. a.* to send away; to discard.

Dismission, díz-mísh-ú-n. *s.* act of sending away.

Dismortgage, díz-mór-gáje. *v. a.* to redeem from mortgage.

Dismount, díz-móúnt'. *v. a.* to throw any one from on horseback; to throw a cannon from its carriage. [horse.]

Dismount, díz-móúnt'. *v. n.* to alight from a horse.

Disobedience, díz-ó-bé-dé-é-nse. *s.* violation of lawful commands or prohibition, breach of duty [of lawful authority.]

Disobedient, díz-ó-bé-dé-é-nt. *a.* not observant

Disobey, díz-ó-bá'. *v. a.* to break commands.

Disoblige, díz-ó-blíje'. *v. a.* to offend, disgust.

Disobliging, díz-ó-bíl'-jng. *part. a.* disgusting, offensive. [orbit.]

Disorder, díz-ór-dér'. *a.* thrown out of the proper

Disorder, díz-ór-dér'. *s.* confusion; tumult; sickness. [fusion; to make sick.]

Disorder, díz-ór-dér'. *v. a.* to throw into confusion.

Disordered, díz-ór-dér'. *a.* irregular, vicious, diseased. [lar, tumultuous.]

Disorderly, díz-ór-dér-lé. *a.* confused, irregularly.

Disorderly, díz-ór-dér-lé. *ad.* irregularly, confusedly; inordinately.

Disordinate, díz-ór-dé-náte. *a.* not living by the rules of virtue.

Disown, díz-ó-ne'. *v. a.* to deny, to renounce.

Disparage, díz-pár-rídje. *v. a.* to match unequally; to injure by union or comparison with something inferior.

Disparagement, díz-pár-rídje-mé-nt. *s.* injurious union or comparison with something inferior.

Disparity, díz-pár-ré-té. *s.* inequality.

Dispart, díz-párt'. *v. a.* to divide, to separate.

Dispassionate, díz-pásh-án-áte. *a.* cool, calm, temperate. [to dissipate.]

Dispel, díz-pél'. *v. a.* to drive by scattering.

Dispensary, díz-pén-sá-ré. *s.* the place where medicines are dispensed.

Dispensation, díz-pén-sá-shún. *s.* distribution, method of Providence; an exemption.

Dispensatory, díz-pén-sá-túr-é. *s.* a book in which the composition of medicines is described and directed.

Dispense, díz-pé-nsé'. *v. a.* to distribute, to excuse [a distributor.]

Dispenser, díz-pén-súr. *s.* one that dispenses.

Dispeople, díz-pé-pl'. *v. a.* to depopulate.

Disperse, díz-pé-rje'. *v. a.* to sprinkle. [pate]

Disperse, díz-pé-rse'. *v. a.* to scatter; to disseminate.

Dispersion, díz-pé-rshún. *s.* the act of scattering or spreading; the state of being scattered.

Dispirit, díz-plr'-ít. *v. a.* to discourage, to depress. [vigour.]

Dispiritedness, díz-plr'-ít-téd-nés. *s.* want of spirit.

Displace, díz-pláse'. *v. a.* to put out of place.

Displacement, díz-plá-sén-sé. *s.* incivility.

Displantation, díz-plán-tá'shún. *s.* the removal of a plant; the ejection of a people.

Display, díz-plá'. *v. a.* to spread wide; to exhibit. [view.]

Display, díz-plá'. *s.* an exhibition of any thing to view.

Displease, díz-pléze'. *v. a.* to offend.

Displeasure, díz-plézh-úre. *s.* uneasiness, of fence, anger.

Displeasure, díz-plézh-úre. *v. a.* to displease.

Displode, díz-plóde'. *v. a.* to vent with violence.

Disposion, díz-pló-zhún. *s.* a sudden burst with noise.

Disport, díz-pórt'. *s.* play, sport, pastime.

Disport, díz-pórt'. *v. n.* to toy, to wanton.

Disposal, díz-pó-zál. *s.* the act of disposing, resolution. [bestow; to adjus.]

Dispose, díz-póze'. *v. a.* to give; to place.

Disposition, díz-pó-zísh-ú-n. *s.* method; quality temper of mind; predominant inclination.

Dispossess, díz-póz-zés'. *v. a.* to deprive, disseize.

Disposure, díz-pó-zhúre. *s.* disposal; state.

Dispraise, díz-práze'. *s.* blame, censure.

Dispraise, díz-práze'. *v. a.* to blame, to censure.

Dispread, díz-spréd'. *v. a.* to spread different ways. [of error or falsehood.]

Disproof, díz-próóf'. *s.* confutation, convict; a disproof.

Disproportion, díz-pró-pór-shún. *s.* unsuitableness, want of symmetry.

Disproportion, díz-pró-pór-shún. *v. a.* to join things unsuitably. [unsuitable in quantity.]

Disproportionable, díz-pró-pór-shún-á-bl'. *a.* unsuitable.

Disproportionableness, díz-pró-pór-shún-á-bl-nés. *s.* unsuitableness.

Disproportionably, díz-pró-pór-shún-á-blé. *ad.* unsuitably, not symmetrically.

Disproportional, díz-pró-pór-shún-ál. *a.* no symmetrical.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèt;—pîne, pîn;—

- Disproportionate**, dîs-prò-pòr'-shùn-âte. *a.* unsymmetrical, unsuitable to something else.
- Disproportionately**, dîs-prò-pòr'-shùn-âte-lè. *ad.* unsuitably, unsymmetrically. [tion.]
- Disprove**, dîs-pròòve'. *v. a.* to confute an assertion.
- Dispunishable**, dîs-pûn'-ish-â-bl. *a.* without penal restraint. [controvertible.]
- Disputable**, dîs-pù-tâ-bl. *a.* liable to contest.
- Disputant**, dîs-pù-tânt. *s.* controvertist, a reasoner. [versy.]
- Disputant**, dîs-pù-tânt. *a.* engaged in controversy.
- Disputation**, dîs-pù-tâ'-shùn. *s.* skill of controversy, argumentation. [pute.]
- Disputatious**, dîs-pù-tâ'-shûs. *a.* inclined to disputative.
- Disputative**, dîs-pù-tâ'-shû. *a.* disposed to debate.
- Dispute**, dîs-pùte'. *v. n.* to contend by argument, to debate.
- Dispute**, dîs-pùte'. *v. a.* to contend for.
- Dispute**, dîs-pùte'. *s.* contest, controversy.
- Disqualification**, dîs-kwôl-è-fè-kâ'-shùn. *s.* that which disqualifies.
- Disqualify**, dîs-kwôl-è-fl. *v. a.* to make unfit.
- Disquiet**, dîs-kwî'-ét. *s.* uneasiness, vexation.
- Disquiet**, dîs-kwî'-ét. *v. a.* to disturb.
- Disquietness**, dîs-kwî'-ét-nês. *s.* uneasiness, restlessness. [anxiety.]
- Disquietude**, dîs-kwî'-è-tùde. *s.* uneasiness.
- Disquisition**, dîs-kwè-zîsh'-ûn. *s.* examination.
- Disregard**, dîs-rè-gârd'. *s.* slight notice, neglect.
- Disregard**, dîs-rè-gârd'. *v. a.* to slight, to contempt.
- Disregardful**, dîs-rè-gârd'-fûl. *a.* negligent.
- Disrelish**, dîz-rèl'-ish. *s.* bad taste; dislike.
- Disrelish**, dîz-rèl'-ish. *v. a.* to infect with an unpleasant taste; to want a taste of. [our.]
- Disrepute**, dîs-rè-pùte'. *s.* ill character, dishonour.
- Disrespect**, dîs-rè-spèkt'. *s.* incivility. [uncivil.]
- Disrespectful**, dîs-rè-spèkt'-fûl. *a.* irreverent.
- Disrespectfully**, dîs-rè-spèkt'-fûl-lè. *ad.* irreverently.
- Disrobe**, dîz-ròbe'. *v. a.* to undress.
- Disruption**, dîz-rûp'-shùn. *s.* a breaking asunder, breach.
- Dissatisfaction**, dîs-sât-îs-fâk'-shùn. *s.* the state of being dissatisfied, discontent.
- Dissatisfactory**, dîs-sât-îs-fâk'-tûr-ê. *a.* unable to give content.
- Dissatisfy**, dîs-sât'-îs-fl. *v. a.* to displease.
- Dissect**, dîs-sèkt'. *v. a.* to cut in pieces; to divide.
- Dissection**, dîs-sèk'-shùn. *s.* anatomy.
- Disseisin**, dîs-sè'-zîn. *s.* an unlawful dispossessing a man of his land.
- Disseize**, dîs-sèze'. *v. a.* to dispossess, to deprive.
- Disseizer**, dîs-sè'-zôr. *s.* he that dispossesses another.
- Dissemble**, dîs-sèm'-bl. *v. a.* to hide under false appearance, to pretend. [critic.]
- Dissemble**, dîs-sèm'-bl. *v. n.* to play the hypocrite.
- Dissembler**, dîs-sèm'-blûr. *s.* a hypocrite.
- Disseminate**, dîs-sèm'-è-nâte. *v. a.* to scatter as seed, to spread every way.
- Dissemination**, dîs-sèm'-è-nâ'-shùn. *s.* the act of scattering. [breach of union.]
- Dissension**, dîs-sèn'-shùn. *s.* disagreement.
- Dissensious**, dîs-sèn'-shûs. *a.* contentious.
- Dissent**, dîs-sèn't. *v. n.* to disagree in opinion.
- Dissent**, dîs-sèn't. *s.* disagreement. [contrary.]
- Dissentaneous**, dîs-sèn-tâ'-nè-ûs. *a.* inconsistent.
- Dissenter**, dîs-sèn'-tûr. *s.* one that disagrees; one who refuses the communion of the English church.
- Dissentient**, dîs-sèn'-shènt. *a.* declaring dissent.
- Dissertation**, dîs-sèr-tâ'-shùn. *a.* a discourse.
- Disserve**, dîs-sèrv'. *v. a.* to injure.
- Disservice**, dîs-sèr'-vîs. *s.* injury, mischief.
- Disserviceable**, dîs-sèr'-vîs-â-bl. *a.* injurious.
- Dissever**, dîs-sèrv'-ûr. *v. a.* to cut in two. [ous.]
- Dissimilar**, dîs-sîm'-è-lûr. *a.* unlike, heterogeneous.
- Dissimilarity**, dîs-sîm'-è-lûr'-è-tè. *s.* unlikeness.
- Dissimilitude**, dîs-sîm-mîl'-è-tùde. *s.* want of resemblance.
- Dissimulation**, dîs-sîm-û-lâ'-shùn. *s.* the act of dissembling, hypocrisy. [perse.]
- Dissipate**, dîs-sè-pâte. *v. a.* to scatter, to dissipate.
- Dissipation**, dîs-sè-pâ'-shùn. *s.* the act of dissipation; the state of being dispersed.
- Dissociate**, dîs-sò'-shè-âte. *v. a.* to separate.
- Dissoluble**, dîs-sò-lò-bl. *a.* capable of separation of one part from another.
- Dissolubility**, dîs-sò-lò-bl'-è-tè. *s.* liability to suffer a disjunction of parts.
- Dissolute**, dîs-sò-lùte. *a.* loose, wanton.
- Dissolutely**, dîs-sò-lùte-lè. *ad.* loosely, in debauchery. [ners, debauchery.]
- Dissoluteness**, dîs-sò-lùte-nês. *s.* laxity of manners.
- Dissolution**, dîs-sò-lû'-shùn. *s.* the destruction of

nò, móve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb; báll; —díl; —pòdand; —thim, TMS.

- any thing by the separation of its parts; death; the act of breaking up an assembly.
- Dissolvable**, díz-zól'-vá-bl. *a.* capable of dissolution.
- Dissolve**, díz-zól'v. *v. a.* to destroy the form of anything by disuniting the parts; to break up assemblies; to be relaxed by pleasure.
- Dissolve**, díz-zól'v. *v. n.* to be melted; to melt away in pleasure.
- Dissolvent**, díz-zól'-vént. *a.* having the power of melting.
- Dissolvable**, díz-zól'-vé-bl. *a.* liable to perish by dissolution.
- Dissonance**, díz'-sò-náns. *s.* a mixture of unharmonious sounds. [agreeing.]
- Dissonant**, díz'-sò-nánt. *a.* unharmonious; dissonant.
- Dissuade**, díz-swáde'. *v. a.* to divert from by reason or importunity.
- Dissuasion**, díz-swá'-zhún. *s.* urgency of reason or importunity against any thing.
- Dissuasive**, díz-swá'-sív. *a.* tending to persuade against [dissuade.]
- Dissuasive**, díz-swá'-sív. *s.* an argument to dissuade.
- Dissyllable**, díz'-síl-lá-bl. *s.* a word of two syllables. [is drawn in spinning.]
- Distaff**, díz'-táf. *s.* the staff from which the flax is spun.
- Distain**, díz-táne'. *v. a.* to stain; to blot.
- Distance**, díz'-táns. *s.* space; remoteness in place; distant behaviour; reserve.
- Distance**, díz'-táns. *v. a.* to place remotely; to leave behind. [reserved.]
- Distant**, díz'-tánt. *a.* remote in time or place;
- Distaste**, díz-táste'. *s.* disgust, dislike.
- Distaste**, díz-táste'. *v. a.* to dislike, to loathe; to disgust.
- Distasteful**, díz-táste'-fúl. *a.* nauseous; offensive.
- Distemper**, díz-tém'-pár. *s.* a disease. [disturb.]
- Distemper**, díz-tém'-pár. *v. a.* to disorder; to disturb.
- Distemperate**, díz-tém'-pár-áte. *a.* immoderate.
- Distemperature**, díz-tém'-pár-á-tsiùre. *s.* intemperateness.
- Distend**, díz-ténd'. *v. a.* to stretch out in breadth.
- Distent**, díz-tént'. *s.* the space through which any thing is spread. [cupied.]
- Distention**, díz-tén'-shún. *s.* breadth, space occupied.
- Distich**, díz'-tik. *s.* a couple of lines.
- Distil**, díz-tíl'. *v. n.* to drop; to flow gently; to use a still.
- Distillation**, díz-tíl'-lá-shún. *s.* the act of distilling or dropping.
- Distillatory**, díz-tíl'-lá-tár-è. *a.* belonging to distillation.
- Distiller**, díz-tíl'-lár. *s.* one who distils spirits.
- Distilment**, díz-tíl'-mént. *s.* that which is drawn by distillation. [ed out.]
- Distinct**, díz-tingkt'. *a.* different; clear; marked.
- Distinction**, díz-tingk'-shún. *s.* difference; note of superiority.
- Distinctive**, díz-tingk'-tív. *a.* able to distinguish.
- Distinctively**, díz-tingk'-tív-lè. *ad.* in right order. [plainly.]
- Distinctly**, díz-tingkt'-lè. *ad.* not confusedly;
- Distinctness**, díz-tingkt'-nès. *s.* clearness, plainness. [discern, to judge; to make eminent.]
- Distinguish**, díz-ting'-gwísh. *v. a.* to note; to mark.
- Distinguish**, díz-ting'-gwísh. *v. n.* to make distinction, to find or show the difference.
- Distinguishable**, díz-ting'-gwísh-á-bl. *a.* capable of being distinguished; worthy of note or regard.
- Distinguished**, díz-ting'-gwísh-t. *part. a.* eminent, extraordinary. [the true meaning.]
- Distort**, díz-tòrt'. *v. a.* to twist, to wrest from its true meaning.
- Distortion**, díz-tòrt'-shún. *s.* irregular motion, by which the face is writhed, or the parts disordered.
- Distract**, díz-trákt'. *v. a.* part. pass. *distractea* anciently *distracta*. to divide; to perplex, to make mad.
- Distractedness**, díz-trákt'-tèd-nès. *s.* the state of being distracted, madness. [tickeness.]
- Distraction**, díz-trákt'-shún. *s.* confusion; fraud.
- Distrain**, díz-tráne'. *v. a.* to seize.
- Distrain**, díz-tráne'. *v. n.* to make seizure.
- Distrain**, díz-tránt'. *s.* seizure.
- Distress**, díz-très'. *s.* the act of making a legal seizure; the thing seized; calamity, misery.
- Distress**, díz-très'. *v. a.* to harass [misery.]
- Distressful**, díz-très'-fúl. *a.* full of trouble or distress.
- Distribute**, díz-tríb'-túc. *v. a.* to divide among many. [tributing.]
- Distribution**, díz-trè'-hú'-shún. *s.* the act of distributing.
- Distributive**, díz-tríb'-tív. *a.* assigning to each other their proper portions. [ritory.]
- District**, díz-tríkt'. *s.* a circumscribed country or territory.
- Distrust**, díz-tríst'. *v. a.* not to trust.

Fåte, får, fäll, fåt; —mè, mèt; —pine, pin; —

Distrust, dîs-trôst'. *s.* loss of credit, suspicion.
Distrustful, dîs-trôst'-fûl. *a.* suspicious.
Distrustfulness, dîs-trôst'-fûl-nês. *s.* want of confidence.
Distrustless, dîs-trôst'-lês. *a.* void of distrust.
Disturb, dîs-tûrb'. *v. a.* to disquiet.
Disturbance, dîs-tûr'-bânse. *s.* confusion, disorder, tumult.
Disturber, dîs-tûr'-tûr. *s.* a violator of peace.
Disunion, dîs-û'-nê-ûn. *s.* separation. [divide.
Disunite, dîs-û'-nîte'. *v. a.* to separate, to Disunite, dîs-û'-nîte'. *v. n.* to fall asunder.
Disunity, dîs-û'-nê-tê. *s.* a state of actual separation. [of use or custom.
Dieusage, dîs-û'-zâje. *s.* the gradual cessation
Disuse, dîs-ûse'. *s.* cessation of use or custom.
Disuse, dîs-ûze'. *v. a.* to cease to make use of; to disaccustom.
Disvaluation, dîz-vâl-û'-â'-shûn. *s.* disgrace, diminution of reputation.
Disvalue, dîz-vâl'-û'. *v. a.* to undervalue.
Disvouch, dîz-vôûsh'. *v. a.* to destroy the credit of, to contradict.
Ditch, dîsh. *s.* a trench; the moat with which a town is surrounded.
Ditch, dîsh. *v. a.* to make a ditch.
Ditcher, dîsh'-ûr. *s.* one who digs ditches.
Ditty, dî-tê. *s.* a poem to be sung.
Diuretick, dî-û-rê't'-îk. *a.* provoking urine.
Diurnal, dî-ûr'-nâl. *a.* relating to, or performed in a day, daily.
Diurnal, dî-ûr'-nâl. *s.* a journal.
Diurnally, dî-ûr'-nâl-ê. *ad.* daily, every day.
Diurnity, dî-û-tûr'-nê-tê. *s.* length of duration. [princes.
Divan, dè-vân'. *s.* the council of the Oriental
Divaricate, dî-vâr'-ê-kâte. *v. n.* to be parted into two. [into two.
Divarication, dî-vâr'-ê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* partition
Dive, dive. *v. n.* to sink voluntarily under water; to go deep into any question or science.
Diver, dî-vâr. *s.* one who dives.
Diverge, dè-vêrje'. *v. n.* to tend various ways from one point.
Divergent, dè-vêr'-jênt. *a.* tending to various parts from one point.
Divers, dî-vêrz. *a.* several, sundry.
Diverse, dî-vêrse. *a.* different; multifarious.

Diversely, dîl'-vêrse-lê. *ad.* in different ways variously.
Diversification, dè-vêr'-se-tê-kâ-shûn. *s.* variation; multiformity; change.
Diversify, dè-vêr'-se-fî. *v. a.* to make different to variegate. [a/rto, sport
Diversion, dè-vâr'-shûn. *s.* the act of turning.
Diversity, dè-vêr'-se-tê. *s.* difference.
Divert, dè-vêr't'. *v. a.* to turn off; to please
Divertise, dè-vêr'-tîz. *v. n.* to amuse, to divert
Divertisement, dè-vêr'-tîz-mênt. *s.* diversion delight.
Divertive, dè-vêr'-tîv. *a.* recreative, amusive.
Divest, dè-vêst'. *v. a.* to make naked. [off
Divesture, dè-vêst'-tûr. *s.* the act of putting
Dividable, dè-vî'-dâ-bl. *a.* that may be separated.
Divide, dè-vîde'. *v. a.* to part; to separate.
Divide, dè-vîde'. *v. n.* to sunder, to break friendship. [given to be divided
Dividend, dîv'-ê-dênd. *s.* a share; the number
Divider, dè-vî'-dêr. *s.* a distributor; a disuniter; a particular kind of compass.
Dividual, dè-vîd'-û-ûl. *a.* divided, shared, participated. [foretelling of future things
Divination, dîv'-ê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* prediction or
Divine, dè-vîne'. *a.* partaking of the nature of God. [a clergyman
Divine, dè-vîne'. *s.* a minister of the Gospel,
Divine, dè-vîne'. *v. a.* to foretell. [conjecture.
Divine, dè-vîne'. *v. n.* to feel presages; to
Divinely, dè-vîne'-lê. *ad.* by the agency or influence of God; in a manner noting a deity.
Diviner, dè-vî'-nâr. *s.* one that professes divination.
Divinity, dè-vîn'-ê-tê. *s.* Deity; celestial being; the science of divine things, theology.
Divisible, dè-vîz'-ê-bl. *a.* capable of being divided. [admitting division.
Divisibility, dè-vîz'-ê-bîl'-ê-tê. *s.* the quality of
Division, dè-vîz'-ûn. *s.* the act of dividing; the state of being divided; partition; difference; space.
Divisor, dè-vî'-zûr. *s.* a number that divides.
Divorce, dè-vôrse'. *s.* legal separation of husband and wife.
Divorce, dè-vôrse'. *v. a.* to separate a husband or wife from the other.

nd, ndve, ndr, nôt;—tbe, tth, bôll;—dñl;—pôund;—thin, THIS.

Divulge, de-vuljé. *v. a.* to publish, to proclaim.
 Divulger, de-vul'-jér. *s.* a publisher. [away.
 Divulsion, de-vul'-shún. *s.* the act of plucking
 Dizen, dí'-zn. *v. a.* to dress, to deck.
 Dizziness, díz'-zè-nèa. *s.* giddiness.
 Dizzy, díz'-zè. *a.* giddy, thoughtless. [giddy.
 Dizzy, díz'-zè. *v. a.* to whirl round, to make
 Do, dô. *v. a.* to act any thing good or bad.
 Do, dô. *r. n.* to act or behave in any manner
 well or ill; to make an end, to conclude.
 Docible, dôs'-é-bl. *a.* tractable, easy to be taught.
 Docile, dôs'-síl. *a.* teachable.
 Docility, dô-síl'-lè-té. *s.* aptness to be taught.
 Dock, dôk. *s.* a place where ships are built or
 laid up. [dock.
 Dock, dôk. *v. a.* to cut short; to lay a ship in
 a Docket, dôk'-ít. *s.* a direction tied upon goods.
 Doctor, dôk'-túr. *s.* a title in divinity, law,
 physick, &c.
 Doctor, dôk'-túr. *r. a.* to physick, to cure.
 Doctoral, dôk'-tò-rál. *a.* relating to the degree
 of a doctor. [tor.
 Doctorship, dôk'-túr-shíp. *s.* the rank of a doc-
 tor.
 Doctrinal, dôk'-trè-nál. *a.* pertaining to the act
 or means of teaching.
 Doctrine, dôk'-trín. *s.* the principles of any sect
 or master; the act of teaching.
 Document, dôk'-ú-mènt. *s.* precept, instruction.
 Dodecagon, dô-dék'-á-gón. *s.* a figure of twelve
 sides.
 Dodge, dôdje. *v. n.* to use craft; to shift place;
 to raise expectations and disappoint them.
 Doe, dô. *s.* a she deer.
 Doer, dôd'-úr. *s.* one that does any thing good
 or bad. [tion; a reproachful name.
 Dog, dôg. *s.* a domestick animal; a constella-
 tion.
 Dog, dôg. *v. a.* to follow any one, watching
 him with an insidious design.
 Dogdays, dôg'-dàze. *s.* the days in which the
 dogstar rises and sets with the sun.
 Doge, dôje. *s.* the title of the chief magistrate
 of Venice and Genoa.
 Dogged, dôg'-gèd. *a.* sullen, sour, morose.
 Doggedness, dôg'-gèd-nèa. *s.* gloom of mind,
 sullenness.
 Dogger, dôg'-gúr. *s.* a small ship with one mast.
 Doggerel, dôg'-grèl. *s.* mean, worthless verses.
 Doggish, dôg'-gish. *a.* currish, brutal.

Doghole, dôg'-hòle. *s.* a vile hole. [for dogs.
 Dogkennel, dôg'-kèn-nèl. *s.* a little hut or house
 for dogs.
 Dogma, dôg'-mà. *s.* established principle, settled
 notion. [tion
 Dogmatism, dôg'-mà-izm. *s.* dogmatical asser-
 tion.
 Dogmatical, dôg'-mà'-é-kál. *a.* magisterial
 Dogmatick, dôg'-màt'-ík. } positive.
 Dogmatically, dôg'-màt'-é-kál-é. *ad.* magisteri-
 ally, positively. [er
 Dogmatist, dôg'-mà-íst. *s.* a magisterial teach-
 er.
 Dogmatise, dôg'-mà-lízè. *v. n.* to assert posi-
 tively; to teach magisterially.
 Dogstar, dôg'-stár. *s.* the star which gives name
 to the dogdays. [a dog
 Dogtrot, dôg'-trót. *s.* a gentle trot like that of
 Dogs, dôd'-ingz. *s.* things done, events, trans-
 actions; feats, actions good or bad; stir, bus-
 tle, tumult.
 Doit, dôít. *s.* a small piece of money.
 Dole, dôle. *s.* the act of distributing; provisions
 or money distributed in charity; grief.
 Dole, dôle. *v. a.* to deal; to distribute.
 Doleful, dôle'-fúl. *a.* sorrowful; feeling grief.
 Dolefully, dôle'-fúl-lè. *ad.* in a doleful manner.
 Dolefulness, dôle'-fúl-nèa. *s.* sorrow, melancholy
 Doleful, dôle'-fúl. *a.* melancholy, gloomy
 Doll, dôl. *s.* a little girl's puppet.
 Dollar, dôl'-lár. *s.* a foreign coin of different
 value. [grief or pain.
 Dolorifick, dôl'-ò-ríf'-ík. *a.* that which causes
 Dolorous, dôl'-ò-rús. *a.* sorrowful, doleful.
 Dolor, dôl'-úr. *s.* grief, sorrow; lamentation
 Dolphin, dôl'-fín. *s.* a fish.
 Dolt, dôlt. *s.* a heavy, stupid fellow.
 Doltish, dôlt'-ish. *a.* stupid, blockish.
 Domain, dô-mànc'. *s.* dominion, estate. [pol.a.
 Dome, dôme. *s.* an hemispherical arch, a ca-
 dome.
 Domestical, dô-mès'-té-kál. } a. belonging to
 Domestick, dô-mès'-ík. } the house; in-
 testine. [domestic.
 Domesticate, dô-mès'-té-kàte. *v. a.* to make
 Domiciliary, dôm-é-síl'-yà-rè. *a.* intruding into
 private houses under pretence of searching for
 enemies or contraband goods.
 Dominant, dôm'-é-nànt. *a.* predominant, as-
 cendant.
 Dominate, dôm'-é-nàte. *v. a.* to prevail over
 the rest.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plue, pln;—

- Domination**, dô-m-ê-nâ'-shân. *s.* power, dominion; tyranny. [power.]
- Dominator**, dô-m-ê-nâ'-tôr. *s.* the presiding
- Domineer**, dô-m-ê-nêr'. *c. n.* to rule with insolence, to act without control.
- Domical**, dô-mîn-ê-kâl. *a.* that which notes the Lord's day, or Sunday.
- Dominion**, dô-mîn'-yân. *s.* sovereign authority; territory; region, district; predominance, ascendant; an order of angels.
- Don**, dô-n. *s.* the Spanish title for a gentleman.
- Donation**, dô-nâ'-shân. *s.* the act of giving any thing; the grant by which any thing is given.
- Donative**, dô-n'-â-tiv. *s.* a gift, a present.
- Done**, dô-n. *part. pass.* of the verb *do*.
- Done**, dô-n. *interj.* the word by which a wager is concluded.
- Donor**, dô-nôr. *s.* a giver, a bestower.
- Doom**, dô-ôm. *v. a.* to condemn, to command judicially; to destine.
- Doom**, dô-ôm. *s.* judicial sentence, judgement; condemnation; destruction. [ment.]
- Doomsday**, dô-ômz'-dâ. *s.* the day of judgement.
- Doomsday-book**, dô-ômz'-dâ-bôok. *s.* a book made by order of William the Conqueror, in which the estates of the kingdom were registered. [means of approach.]
- Door**, dô-re. *s.* the gate of a house; entrance.
- Doorkeeper**, dô-re'-kêp-âr. *s.* one that keeps the entrance of a house.
- Doquet**, dôk'-t. *s.* a paper containing a warrant.
- Dorick**, dô-r'-ik. *a.* a species of architecture invented by the Dorians.
- Dormant**, dô-r'-mânt. *a.* sleeping; concealed.
- Dormitory**, dô-r'-mê-tûr-ê. *s.* a room with many beds; a burial-place.
- Dormouse**, dô-r'-môuse. *s.* a small animal which passes a large part of the winter in sleep.
- Dose**, dô-se. *s.* so much of any medicine as is taken at one time.
- Dost**, dôst. the second person of *do*.
- Dot**, dô-t. *s.* small point or spot in writing.
- Dot**, dô-t. *v. a.* to make dots or spots.
- Dotage**, dô-tâje. *s.* imbecility of mind; excessive fondness. [woman.]
- Dotal**, dô-tâl. *a.* relating to the portion of a
- Dotard**, dô-târd. *s.* a man whose age has impaired his intellects.
- Dote**, dô-te. *v. n.* to have the intellects impaired by age or passion; to regard with excessive fondness.
- Doth**, dôth. the third person of *do*.
- Dotingly**, dô'-ting-lê. *ad.* fondly.
- Double**, dôb'-bl. *a.* two of a sort, twice as much; two-fold, of two kinds; having twice the effect or influence; deceitful, acting *wt* parts.
- Double**, dôb'-bl. *v. a.* to increase to twice the quantity; to enlarge the stake to twice the sum in play; to wind in running.
- Double**, dôb'-bl. *s.* twice the quantity or number; a trick, a shift, an artifice. [person.]
- Double-dealer**, dôb-bl-dê'-lâr. *s.* a deceiver.
- Double-dealing**, dôb-bl-dê'-ling. *s.* artifice, dissimulation. [insidious.]
- Double-minded**, dôb-bl-mind'-êd. *a.* deceitful.
- Doublet**, dôb'-bl-êt. *s.* the inner garment of a man, the waistcoat; two, a pair.
- Doubly**, dôb'-bl-ê. *ad.* in twice the quantity.
- Doubt**, dôht. *v. a.* to question; to fear; to suspect. [fear, to distrust.]
- Doubt**, dôht. *v. n.* to hold questionable; to
- Doubt**, dôht. *s.* uncertainty of mind, suspense suspicion. [ples.]
- Doubter**, dôht'-tôr. *s.* one who entertains scruple
- Doubtful**, dôht'-fûl. *a.* ambiguous; uncertain.
- Doubtfully**, dôht'-fûl-ê. *ad.* ambiguously, uncertainly. [biguity.]
- Doubtfulness**, dôht'-fûl-nês. *s.* dubiousness, uncertainty.
- Doubtless**, dôht'-lês. *a.* without fear.
- Doubtless**, dôht'-lês. *ad.* without doubt, unquestionably.
- Dough**, dô. *s.* unbaked paste.
- Doughty**, dôht'-tê. *a.* brave, illustrious, eminent
- Doughy**, dô'-ê. *a.* unsound, soft.
- Douse**, dôuse. *v. a.* to put over head suddenly in the water. [water.]
- Douse**, dôuse. *v. n.* to fall suddenly into the
- Dove**, dôv. *s.* a wild pigeon.
- Dovecot**, dôv'-kôt. *s.* a pigeon-house.
- Dovetail**, dôv'-tâle. *s.* a form of joining two bodies together, where that which is inserted has the form of a wedge reversed.
- Dowager**, dô-â'-jôr. *s.* a widow with a jointure.
- Dowdy**, dô-û'-dê. *s.* an awkward, ill-dressed woman.

nd, ndve, ndr, nbt;—tibe, tñb, bñll;—ñl;—pñnd;—ñin, tñis.

Dower, dōw'ār. } *s.* a jointure; andow-
 Dowery, dōw'ār-ē. } *ment, gift.*
 Dowerless, dōw'ār-lēs. *a.* without a fortune.
 Dowlas, dōw'lās. *s.* a coarse kind of linen.
 Down, dōdn. *s.* soft feathers; soft wool, or ten-
 der hair; a large open plain.
 Down, dōdn. *prep.* along a descent, from a
 higher place to a lower. [horizon.
 Down, dōdn. *ad.* on the ground; below the
 Down, dōdn. *interj.* an exhortation to destruc-
 tion or demolition. [to the ground.
 Downcast, dōdn'kās. *a.* bent down, directed
 Downfal, dōdn'fāl. *s.* ruin; destruction of
 fabrics.
 Downhill, dōdn'hil. *s.* declivity, descent.
 Downlying, dōdn'li'ing. *a.* near chinklbrth.
 Downright, dōdn'rite. *ad.* in plain terms:
 Downright, dōdn'rite. *a.* plain, open.
 Downward, dōdn'wārd. } *ad.* towards the
 Downwards, dōdn'wārdz. } centre; in a
 course of successive or lineal descent.
 Downward, dōdn'wārd. *a.* declivous, bending.
 Downy, dōw'nē. *a.* covered with down or nap;
 soft, tender. [a reward paid for a wife.
 Dowry, dōw'rē. *s.* a portion given with a wife;
 Dowlology, dōk-sōl'ō-jē. *s.* a form of giving
 glory to God.
 Doxy, dōk'sē. *s.* a whore, a loose wench.
 Doze, dōze. *v. n.* to slumber.
 Doze, dōze. *v. a.* to stupify, to dull.
 Dozen, dōz'n. *s.* the number of twelve.
 Doziness, dōz'nēs. *s.* sleepiness, drowsiness.
 Dozy, dōzē. *a.* sleepy, sluggish.
 Drab, drāb. *s.* a strumpet.
 Dracm, drām. *s.* an old Roman coin; the
 eighth part of an ounce.
 Draft, drāf. *s.* any thing thrown away.
 Drag, drāg. *v. a.* to pull by force.
 Drag, drāg. *v. n.* to hang so low as to trail upon
 the ground.
 Drag, drāg. *s.* a net; an instrument with hooks;
 a kind of car drawn by the hand.
 Dragnet, drāg'nēt. *s.* a net drawn along the
 bottom of the water. [ging on the ground.
 Draggie, drāg'gi. *v. a.* to make dirty by drag-
 ging.
 Draggie, drāg'gi. *v. n.* to grow dirty by being
 dragged along the ground.
 Dragon, drāg'ñn. *s.* a serpent; a constellation

Dragonlike, drāg'ñn-līko. *a.* furious, fiery.
 Dragoon, drāgōon. *s.* a kind of soldier that
 serves either on horse or foot. [dry
 Drain, drāne. *v. a.* to empty, to make quite
 Drain, drāne. *s.* the channel through which
 liquids are gradually drawn.
 Drake, drāke. *s.* the male of the duck
 Dram, drām. *s.* the eighth part of an ounce, a
 small quantity; spirits.
 Drama, drā-mā. *s.* a voem accommodated to
 action; a play.
 Dramatick, drā-māt'ē kāl. } *a.* represented by
 Dramatick, drā-māt'ē k. } action.
 Dramatically, drā-māt'ē kāl-ē. *ad.* by repre-
 sentation. [mattick compositions.
 Dramatist, drām'ā-tist. *s.* the author of dra-
 matick.
 Drank, drānk. *the pret. of drink.*
 Draper, drā-pār. *s.* one who sells cloth.
 Drapery, drā-pār-ē. *s.* clothwork; the dress of
 a picture or statue.
 Draught, drāft. *s.* the act of drinking; a quan-
 tity drunk; the act of drawing; a picture
 drawn; a detachment; a bill drawn for the
 payment of money.
 Draw, drāv. *v. a.* pret. drew, part. pass. drawn.
 to pull along; to attract; to inhale; to un-
 sheath; to represent by picture; to allure; to
 compose; to eviscerate.
 Draw, drāv. *v. n.* to perform the office of a
 beast of draught; to act as a weight; to con-
 tract; to advance; to practise the art of de-
 lineation.
 Drawback, drāv'bāk. *s.* money given back for
 ready payment. [be lifted up
 Draw-ridge, drāv'brīdje. *s.* a bridge made to
 Drawer, drāv'ār. *s.* one employed in procur-
 ing water from the well; one whose business
 is to draw liquors from the cask that which
 has the power of attraction; a box in a case.
 Drawing, drāv'ing. *s.* delineation, represen-
 tation.
 Drawing-room, drāv'ing-rōm. *s.* the room in
 which company assemble at court; the com-
 pany assembled there.
 Drawn, drāv'n. *part. from draw.* equal, where
 each party takes his own stake; with a swora
 unsheathed; open, unclosed; eviscerated; in-
 duced.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mè, mêt; —plne, pln; —

- Drawwell**, drâw'-wêl. *s.* a well out of which water is drawn by a long cord. [way.]
- Drawl**, drâw' l. *v. n.* to utter any thing in a slow
- Dray**, drâ. } the car on which beer
- Draycart**, drâ'-kârt. } is carried.
- Drayman**, drâ'-mân. *s.* one that attends a dray.
- Dread**, drêd. *s.* fear, terror, awe.
- Dread**, drêd. *a.* frightful; awful, venerable in the highest degree.
- Dread**, drêd. *v. n.* to be in fear.
- Dreadful**, drêd'-fûl. *a.* terrible, frightful.
- Dreadfully**, drêd'-fûl-ê. *ad.* terribly, frightfully.
- Dreadless**, drêd'-lêss. *a.* fearless, intrepid.
- Dreadlessness**, drêd'-lêss-nêss. *s.* fearlessness, in-
trepidity.
- Dream**, drêmc. *s.* a phantasm of sleep, the thoughts of a sleeping man.
- Dream**, drêmc. *v. n.* to have the representation of something in sleep; to think idly; to be sluggish.
- Dream**, drêmc. *v. a.* to see in a dream.
- Dreamer**, drê'-mûr. *s.* one who has dreams; an idle, fanciful man; a mope.
- Dreamless**, drêmc'-lêss. *a.* without dreams.
- Drear**, drêr. *a.* mournful, dismal.
- Dreary**, drê'-rê. *a.* sorrowful, gloomy.
- Dredge**, drêdje. *s.* a kind of net.
- Dredge**, drêdje. *v. a.* to gather with a dredge.
- Dregginess**, drêg'-gê-nêss. *s.* dulness of dregs, feculence.
- Dreggish**, drêg'-gîsh. *a.* foul with lees, feculent.
- Dreggy**, drêg'-gê. *a.* containing dregs, feculent.
- Dregs**, drêgz. *s.* the sediment of liquors, the lees.
- Drench**, drêns. *v. a.* to soak; to saturate with drink or moisture.
- Drench drêns. s.** draught; physick for a
wound. [cover a wound; to curry.]
- Dress**, drêss. *v. a.* to clothe; to adorn; to
- Dress**, drêss. *s.* clothes; skill of adjusting dress.
- Dresser**, drêss'-sûr. *s.* one who dresses; a sort of kitchen table.
- Dressing**, drêss'-sîng. *s.* the application to a sore.
- Dressing-room**, drêss'-sîng-rûm. *s.* the room in which clothes are put on.
- Dreasy**, drêss'-zê. *a.* showy in dress.
- Dribble**, drîb'-bl. *v. n.* to fall weakly and slowly.
- Driblet**, drîb'-lêt. *s.* a small sum, odd money in
a sum.
- Drier**, drî'-ûr. *s.* that which has the quality of
absorbing moisture.
- Drift**, drîft. *s.* impulse; violence; any thing
driven at random; aim of action; scope of a
discourse. [throw on heaps.]
- Drift**, drîft. *v. a.* to drive, to urge along; to
- Drill**, drîl. *v. a.* to pierce any thing with a drill;
to perforate; to teach recruits their exercise.
- Drill**, drîl. *s.* an instrument with which holes
are bored; an ape.
- Drink**, drînk. *v. n.* pret. *drank*, or *drunk*; part.
pass. *drunk*, or *drunken*. to swallow liquors, to
quench thirst.
- Drink**, drînk. *v. a.* to suck up, to absorb.
- Drink**, drînk. *s.* liquor to be swallowed.
- Drinkable**, drînk'-â-bl. *a.* that may be drunk
- Drinker**, drînk'-ûr. *s.* a drunkard.
- Drip**, drîp. *v. a.* to let fall in drops.
- Drip**, drîp. *s.* that which falls in drops.
- Dripping**, drîp'-îng. *s.* the fat which housewives
gather from roast meat.
- Drive**, drive. *v. a.* pret. *drove*, part. pass. *driven*,
or *drove*. to force along; to urge in any direc-
tion; to guide a carriage.
- Drive**, drive. *v. n.* to go as impelled by an ex-
ternal agent; to rush with violence; to pass
in a carriage; to tend to; to strike at with
fury.
- Drivel**, drîv'-vl. *v. n.* to slaver; to dote.
- Drivel**, drîv'-vl. *s.* slaver.
- Driveller**, drîv'-vl-ûr. *s.* a fool, an idiot.
- Driven**, drîv'-vn. part. of *drive*.
- Driver**, drîv'-ûr. *s.* the person or instrument
who gives any motion by violence; one who
drives.
- Drizzle**, drîz'-zl. *v. n.* to fall in slow drops
- Drizzly**, drîz'-zl-ê. *a.* shedding small rain
- Droll**, drôle. *s.* a jester, a buffoon.
- Droll**, drôle. *a.* comick, farcical.
- Droll**, drôle. *v. n.* to jest, to play the buffoon.
- Drollery**, drô'-lâr-ê. *s.* idle jokes; buffoonery.
- Dromedary**, drôm'-ê-dâ-rê. *s.* a sort of camel.
- Drone**, drône. *s.* the bee which makes no honey
a pipe of a bagpipe; a sluggard.
- Drone**, drône. *v. n.* to live idly.
- Dronish**, drô'-nîsh. *a.* idle, sluggish.
- Droop**, drôop. *v. n.* to languish with sorrow, to
be weak.

nd, md, e, ndr, nôt; —tûbe, tâb, bâll; —ôll; —pôund; —thin, THIS.

- Drop, drôp.** *s.* a globule of moisture · *v.* around hanging in the ear.
- Drop, drôp.** *v. a.* to pour it drops; to let fall; to let go; to let a thing lightly; to cease · to be drop, to bespeakle
- Drop, drôp.** *v. n.* to fall in drops to fall, to vanish, to come to nothing [drops.]
- Dropping, drôp'-pîng.** *s.* that which falls in
- Droplet, drôp'-lét.** *s.* a little drop. [dropsy.]
- Dropsical, drôp'-sè-kâl.** *a.* diseased with a
- Dropsy, drôp'-sè.** *s.* a collection of water in the body. [seculence.]
- Dross, drôs.** *s.* the scum of metals; refuse,
- Drossiness, drôs'-sè-nès.** *s.* foulness, feculence.
- Drossy, drôs'-sè.** *a.* full of dross; foul.
- Drought, drôht.** *s.* dry weather; thirst.
- Droughy, drôht'-tè.** *a.* wanting rain, thirsty.
- Drove, drôve.** *s.* a body or number of cattle; a crowd, a tumult.
- Drove, drôve.** *pret.* of drive.
- Driver, drôv'-vûr.** *s.* one who drives cattle.
- Drown, drôdn.** *v. a.* to suffocate in water; to overwhelm in water; to overflow, to bury in an inundation.
- Drown, drôdn.** *v. n.* to be suffocated by water.
- Drowsily, drôht'-zè-lè.** *ad.* sleepily, heavily.
- Drowsiness, drôht'-zè-nès.** *s.* sleepiness.
- Drowsy, drôht'-zè.** *a.* sleepy, dull.
- Drub, drûb.** *v. a.* to thresh, to beat
- Drub, drûb.** *s.* a thump, a blow.
- Drudge, drûdje.** *v. n.* to labour in mean offices.
- Drudge, drûdje.** *s.* one employed in mean labour.
- Drudger, drûdje'-ûr.** *s.* a mean labourer; the box out of which flour is thrown on roast meat.
- Drudgery, drûdje'-ûr-è.** *s.* mean labour.
- Drudging-box, drûdje'-îng-bôks.** *s.* the box out of which flour is sprinkled upon roast meat.
- Drug, drûg.** *s.* a medicinal simple; any thing without value. [cloth.]
- Drugget, drûg'-gît.** *s.* a coarse kind of woollen
- Druggist, drûg'-gîst.** *s.* one who sells drugs.
- Druid, drû'-îd.** *s.* a priest of the ancient Britons.
- Drum, drûm.** *s.* an instrument of military music; the tympanum of the ear.
- Drum, drûm.** *v. n.* to beat a drum.
- Drum-major, drûm-mâ'-jûr.** *s.* the chief drummer of a regiment.
- Drummer, drûm'-mâr.** *s.* he whose office is to beat the drum.
- Drumstick, drûm'-stûk.** *s.* the stick with which a drum is beaten. [moisture.]
- Drunk, drûnk.** *a.* inebriated; drenched with
- Drunkard, drûnk'-ûrd.** *s.* one given to excessive use of strong liquors. [inebriated.]
- Drunken, drûm'-kn.** *a.* intoxicated with liquor,
- Drunkenness, drûm'-kn-nès.** *s.* intoxication with strong liquor; habitual ebriety.
- Dry, drî.** *a.* not moist; without rain; thirsty · barren. [hale moisture; to drain.]
- Dry, drî.** *v. a.* to free from moisture; to ex
- Dry, drî.** *v. n.* to grow dry.
- Dryad, drî'-âd.** *s.* a wood-nymph.
- Dryads, drî'-âdz.** *s.* the English plural of *dryad*.
- Dryades, drî'-â-dèz.** *s.* the Latin plural of the same word.
- Dryer, drî'-ûr.** *s.* that which has the quality of absorbing moisture. [barrenly.]
- Dryly, drî'-lè.** *ad.* without moisture; coldly
- Dryness, drî'-nès.** *s.* want of moisture.
- Drynurse, drî'-nûrse.** *s.* a woman who brings up and feeds a child without the breast.
- Dryshod, drî'-shôd.** *a.* without treading above the shoes in the water.
- Dual, dû'-âl.** *a.* expressing the number two.
- Dub, dûb.** *v. a.* to make a man a knight; to confer any kind of dignity.
- Dubious, dû'-hè-ûs.** *a.* doubtful, uncertain.
- Dubiously, dû'-hè-ûs-lè.** *ad.* uncertainly.
- Dubitable, dû'-hè-tâ-bl.** *a.* doubtful.
- Ducal, dû'-kâl.** *a.* pertaining to a duke.
- Ducat, dûk'-û.** *s.* a coin; in silver, valued about 4s. 6d.; in gold, at 9s. 6d. sterling.
- Duck, dûk.** *s.* a water-fowl; a word of fondness.
- Duck, dûk.** *v. n.* to dive under water.
- Duck, dûk.** *v. a.* to put under water.
- Duck-legged, dûk'-lègd.** *a.* short-legged.
- Duckling, dûk'-îng.** *s.* a young duck.
- Duct, dûkt.** *s.* guidance, direction.
- Ductile, dûk'-îl.** *a.* flexible pliancy
- Ductility, dûk'-îl'-è-tè.** *s.* flexibility; compliance.
- Dudgeon, dûd'-jûn.** *s.* a small dagger; sullen-
- Due, dû.** *a.* owed; proper, fit. [ness, ill-will.]
- Due, dû.** *ad.* exactly, directly.
- Due, dû.** *s.* that which may be justly right, just tide.

kâte, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—pine, pîn ;—

Duel, dû'-fl. s. a combat between two.
Duel, dû'-fl. v. n. to fight a single combat.
Dueller, dû'-fl-lâr. s. a single combatant.
Duelling, dû'-fl-ling. s. the act of fighting a duel.
Duellist, dû'-fl-ist. s. one who fights a duel.
Duenna, dû-ên-nâ. s. an old woman kept to guard a younger.
Dug, dâg. s. a nipple, a teat.
Dug, dâg. pret. and part. pass. of dig.
Duke, dûke. s. one of the highest order of nobility in England.
Dukedom, dûke-dâm. s. the possession of a duko; the title or quality of a duke.
Dulcet, dûl'-sêt. a. sweet, luscious; harmonious.
Dulcify, dûl'-sê-fl. v. a. to sweeten.
Dulcimer, dûl'-sê-mâr. s. a musical instrument.
Dulcorate, dûl'-kô-râte. v. a. to sweeten.
Dulcoration, dûl'-kô-râ-shûn. s. the act of sweetening.
Dull, dûll. a. stupid; blunt; sad.
Dull, dûll. v. a. to stupify; to blunt.
Dully, dûl'-lê. ad. stupidly; sluggishly. [ness.
Dulness, dûl'-nês. s. stupidity; drowsiness; dim-
Duly, dû'-lê. ad. properly, fitly.
Dumb, dûm. a. mute, incapable of speech.
Dumbly, dûm'-lê. ad. mutely, silently.
Dumbness, dûm'-nês. s. incapacity to speak.
Dump, dûmp. s. sorrow, melancholy.
Dumpish, dûmp'-ish. a. sad, melancholy.
Dumpling, dûmp'-ling. s. a sort of pudding.
Dun, dûn. a. a colour partaking of brown and black. [and impurity.
Dun, dûn. v. a. to claim a debt with vehemence.
Dun, dûn. s. a clamorous, troublesome creditor.
Dunce, dûnse. s. a dolt, a thickskull.
Dung, dûng. s. the excrement of animals, used to fatten ground.
Dung, dûng. v. a. to fatten with dung [prison.
Dungeon, dûn-jân. s. a close subterraneous
Dunghill, dûng hîl. s. a heap of dung; any mean abode; a term of reproach.
Dunghill, dûng hîl. a. sprung from the dunghill, mean, low.
Dunner, dûn'-nûr. s. one employed in soliciting petty debts.
Duodecimo, dû-ô-dês-sê-mô. s. a book in which one sheet of paper makes twelve leaves.
Dupe, dûpe. s. a credulous man.

Dupe, dûpe. v. a. to trick, to cheat.
Duplicate, dû'-plê-kâte. v. a. to double, to fold together.
Duplicate, dû'-plê-kâte. s. a second thing of the same kind, a transcript of a paper.
Duplication, dû'-plê-kâ'-shûn. s. the act of doubling; a fold. [thing doubled.
Duplicature, dû'-plê-kâ-tshûre. s. a fold, any
Duplicity, dû'-plîs'-ê-tê. s. deceit, doubleness of heart. [ing
Durability, dû-râ-bîl'-ê-tê. s. the power of last-
Durable, dû'-râ-bl. a. lasting, having the quality of long continuance.
Durableness, dû'-râ-bl-nês. s. power of lasting
Durably, dû'-râ-blê. ad. in a lasting manner.
Durance, dû'-rânse. s. imprisonment.
Duration, dû-râ'-shûn. s. continuance of time.
During, dû'-ring. prep. for the time of the con-
tinuanse.
Durst, dûrst. pret. of dare. to venture.
Dusk, dûsk. a. tending to darkness.
Dusk, dûsk. s. tendency to darkness.
Duskily, dûsk'-ê-lê. ad. with a tendency to darkness. [tending to obscurity
Duskish, dûsk'-ish. a. inclining to darkness,
Dusky, dûsk'-ê. a. tending to darkness, obscure.
Dust, dûst. s. earth reduced to small particles; the state of dissolution. [with dust.
Dust, dûst. v. a. to free from dust, to sprinkle
Dusty, dûs'-tê. a. clouded or covered with dust.
Dutchess, dûtsh'-ês. s. the lady of a duke.
Dutchy, dûtsh'-ê. s. a territory which gives title to a duke.
Duteous, dû-tê-ûs, or dû'-tshê-ûs. a. obedient, obsequious; enjoined by duty.
Butiful, dû'-tê-fûl. a. obedient, submissive to natural or legal superiors. [sively
Dutifully, dû'-tê-fûl-ê. ad. obediently, submis-
Dutifulness, dû'-tê-fûl-nês. s. obedience, sub-
mission to just authority.
Duty, dû'-tê. s. that to which a man is by any natural or legal obligation-bound; tax.
Dwarf, dwôr'. s. a man below the common size.
Dwarfish, dwôr'-ish. a. below the natural bulk, little.
Dwell, dwêl. v. n. pret. dwelt or dwelled. to in habit, to reside; to fix the mind upon; to con-
tinue long speaking.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—óil;—póund;—thin, THIS.

Dweller, dwél'-lár. *s.* an inhabitant.
 Dwelling, dwél'-láng. *s.* habitation, abode.
 Dwindle, d'wind'-dl. *v. n.* to shrink, to lose bulk
 Dying, dí'-láng. *part. of die.* expiring; giving a
 new colour.
 Dynasty, dí'-nás-té. *s.* government, sovereignty.
 Dyscrasy, dí's'-krá-sé. *s.* a distemperature of
 the blood.
 Dysentery, dí's'-sén-tér-é. *s.* a looseness.
 Dysphony, dí's'-fó-né. *s.* a difficulty in speak-
 ing. [urine.]
 Dysury, dí'sh'-ú-ré. *s.* a difficulty in making

E.

EACH, étsh. *pron.* either of two; every one.
 Eager, é'-gúr. *a.* ardently wishing; vehement,
 ardent; quick; sour, acrid.
 Eagerly, é'-gúr-lé. *ad.* ardently, keenly, sharp-
 ly. [mence, violence.]
 Eagerness, é'-gúr-nés. *s.* impetuosity, vehe-
 mence.
 Eagle, é'-gl. *s.* a bird of prey.
 Eagle-eyed, é'-gl-íde. *a.* sharp-sighted.
 Eaglet, é'-glét. *s.* a young eagle. [corn.]
 Ear, éér. *s.* the organ of hearing; a spike of
 Earless, éér'-lès. *a.* without any ears.
 Ear-ring, éér'-ring. *s.* jewels set in a ring, and
 worn at the ears.
 Ear-shot, éér'-shót. *s.* reach of the ear.
 Earwax, éér'-wáks. *s.* the cerumen, or exuda-
 tion which smears the inside of the ear.
 Earwig, éér'-wíg. *s.* an insect. [marquis.]
 Earl, érl. *s.* a title of nobility next to that of a
 Earlom, érl'-dúm. *s.* the seignior of an earl.
 Earliness, érl'-lès. *s.* quickness of action.
 Early, érl'-lé. *a.* soon with respect to something
 Early, érl'-lé. *ad.* soon, betimes. [else.]
 Earn, érn. *v. a.* to gain as the reward of la-
 bour. [fixed, eager.]
 Earnest, érl'-nést. *a.* warm, zealous; intent,
 Earnest, érl'-nést. *s.* money advanced, a pledge,
 seriousness. [eagerly.]
 Earnestly, érl'-nést-lé. *ad.* warmly, zealously;
 Earnestness, érl'-nést-nés. *s.* eagerness, warmth,
 vehemence. [fire, or water; the world.]
 Earth, érh. *s.* the element distinct from air,
 Earth, érh. *v. a.* to hide in earth; to cover with
 earth.

Earth, érh. *v. n.* to retire under ground.
 Earthborn, érh'-bórn. *a.* born of the earth;
 meanly born.
 Earthen, érl'-thú. *a.* made of earth.
 Earthiness, érh'-é-nés. *s.* the quality of con-
 taining earth, grossness.
 Earthly, érh'-lé. *a.* not heavenly, vile, mean,
 sordid. [vulsion of the earth.]
 Earthquake, érh'-kwáke. *s.* a tremour or con-
 Earthworm, érh'-wúrm. *s.* a worm bred un-
 der ground; a mean, sordid wretch.
 Earthy, érh'-é. *a.* consisting of earth; relating
 to earth.
 Ease, éze. *s.* quiet, rest, tranquillity; facility.
 Ease, éze. *v. a.* to free from pain; to relieve;
 to assuage.
 Easement, éze'-mént. *s.* assistance.
 Easily, é'-zé-lé. *ad.* without pain or difficulty.
 Easiness, é'-zé-nés. *s.* flexibility; readiness;
 freedom.
 East, éést. *s.* the quarter where the sun rises.
 Easter, éés'-túr. *s.* the day on which the Chris-
 tian Church commemorates our Saviour's
 resurrection.
 Easterly, éés'-túr-lé. *a.* towards the East.
 Eastern, éés'-túr. *a.* dwelling or found in the
 East, oriental.
 Eastward, éést'-wúrd. *ad.* towards the East.
 Easy, é'-zé. *a.* not difficult; quiet; complying.
 Eat, éte. *v. a.* pret. ate or eat; part. eat or eaten.
 to devour with the mouth; to consume, to
 corrode.
 Eat, éte. *v. n.* to take meals, to feed. [eaten.]
 Eatable, é'-tá-bl. *s.* any thing that may be
 Eaves, évz. *s.* the edges of the roof which over-
 hang the house. [der windows.]
 Eavesdropper, évz'-dróp-púr. *s.* a listener un-
 Ebb, éb. *s.* the reflux of the tide towards the
 sea; decline; waste. [to decline.]
 Ebb, éb. *v. n.* to flow back towards the sea;
 Ebon, éb'-ón. } *s.* a hard, black, valuable
 Ebony, éb'-ó-né. } wood.
 Ebriety, é-brí-é-té. *s.* drunkenness.
 Ebullition, éb-ú-lísh'-ón. *s.* the act of boiling up.
 Eccentric, ék-sén-tré-kál. } *a.* deviating from
 Eccentric, ék-sén-trík. } the centre; ir-
 regular. [a centre.]
 Eccentricity, ék-sén-trí-é-té. *s.* deviation from

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mè, mêt; —pine, pin; —

- Ecclesiastical**, êk-kîè-zhè-âs-tè-kâl. } *a. relating to the church.* [a clergyman.]
Ecclesiastick, êk-kîè-zhè-âs-tîk. } *ing to the church.* [a clergyman.]
Ecclesiastick, êk-kîè-zhè-âs-tîk. *s. a minister.*
Echo, êk'-kò. *s. the return of any sound; the sound returned.* [back.]
Echo, êk'-kò. *v. n. to resound, to be sounded.*
Echo, êk'-kò. *v. a. to send back a voice.*
Eclaircissement, êk-kîàrè-sîz-mènt. *s. explanation, the act of clearing up an affair.*
Eclat, è-kîàw'. *s. splendour, show, lustre.* [will.]
Eclectic, êk-lèk'-tîk. *a. selecting, choosing at.*
Eclipse, è-kîlps'. *s. an obscuration of the luminaries of heaven; darkness, obscuration.*
Eclipse, è-kîlps'. *v. a. to darken a luminary; to obscure; to disgrace.* [sphere.]
Ecliptic, è-kîlp'-tîk. *s. a great circle of the.*
Eclogue, êk-lòg. *s. a pastoral poem.* [tion.]
Economy, è-kôn'-ò-mè. *s. frugality; regula-*
Economick, êk-kò-nòm'-tîk. } *a. pertaining to the regula-*
Economical, êk-kò-nòm'-è-kâl. } *tion.*
tion of a household; frugal.
Ecstasy, êks-tâ-sè. *s. excessive joy, rapture.*
Ecstasied, êks-tâ-sîd. *a. enraptured.*
Ecstatical, êks-tât'-è-kâl. } *a. raptured, elevat-*
Ecstatack, êks-tât'-tîk. } *ed to ecstasy.*
Edacious, è-dâ'-shûs. *a. voracious, ravenous, greedy.* [ness.]
Edacity, è-dâs'-è-tè. *s. voraciousness, ravenous-*
Edder, èd'-dûr. *s. such wood as is commonly put upon the top of fences.*
Eddy, èd'-dè. *s. the water that, by some repercussion, or opposite wind, runs contrary to the main stream; a whirlpool.*
Edge, èdje. *s. the thin or cutting part of a blade; a narrow part rising from a broader; keenness, acrimony.*
Edge, èdje. *v. a. to sharpen; to furnish with an edge; to border; to exasperate.* [blunt.]
Edged, èdjîd, or èd'-jêd. *part. a. sharp, not*
Edging, èd'-jîng. *s. a narrow lace.*
Edgeless, èdje'-lès. *a. blunt.*
Edgetool, èdje'-tòol. *s. a tool made sharp to cut.*
Edgewise, èdje'-wlze. *ad. with the edge put into any particular direction.*
Edible, èd'-è-bl. *a. fit to be eaten.*
Edict, è-dîkt. *s. a proclamation of command or prohibition.*
- Edification**, èd-è-sè-kâ'-shûn. *s. improvement in holiness; instruction.*
Edifice, èd'-è-fls. *s. a building.* [teach.]
Edify, èd'-è-fl. *v. a. to build; to instruct, to*
Edile, èd'-dlie. *s. the title of a magistrate in old Rome.* [republishation, with revival.]
Edition, è-dîsh'-ûn. *s. publication of a book;*
Editor, èd'-è-tûr. *s. publisher, he that revises or prepares any work for publication.*
Educate, èd'-jû-kâte. *v. a. to bring up.*
Education, èd-jû-kâ'-shûn. *s. formation of manners in youth.*
Educe, è-dûsè'. *v. a. to bring out, to extract.*
Education, è-dûk'-shûn. *s. the act of bringing any thing into view.*
Edulcorate, è-dûl'-kò-râte. *v. a. to sweeten.*
Edulcoration, è-dûl-kò-râ'-shûn. *s. the act of sweetening.* [in mud.]
Eel, èèl. *s. a serpentine slimy fish, that lurks*
E'en, èèn. *ad. contracted from even.*
Effable, èf-fâ-bl. *a. expressive, utterable.*
Efface, èf-fâsè'. *v. a. to destroy, to wear away*
Effect, èf-fèkt'. *s. that which is produced by an operating cause; consequence, event.*
Effect, èf-fèkt'. *v. a. to bring to pass; to achieve.*
Effective, èf-fèkt'-tîv. *a. having the power to produce effects; operative.* [real operation.]
Effectively, èf-fèkt'-tîv-lè. *ad. powerfully, with*
Effectless, èf-fèkt'-lès. *a. without effect.*
Effectual, èf-fèkt'-tshû-âl. *a. productive of effects, powerful.*
Effectually, èf-fèkt'-tshû-âl-lè. *ad. efficaciously.*
Effectuate, èf-fèkt'-tshû-âte. *v. a. to bring to pass.* [manly delicacy.]
Effeminacy, èf-fèm'-è-nâ-sè. *s. softness, un-*
Effeminate, èf-fèm'-è-nâte. *a. womanish, voluptuous.* [womanish, to unman.]
Effeminate, èf-fèm'-è-nâte. *v. a. to make*
Effeminate, èf-fèm'-è-nâte. *v. n. to soften, to melt into weakness.*
Effervesce, èf-fèr-vès'. *v. n. to generate heat by intestine motion.*
Effervescence, èf-fèr-vès'-sènsè. *s. the act of growing hot, production of heat by intestine motion.*
Efficacious, èf-fè-kâ'-shûs. *a. powerful to produce the consequence intended.*
Efficaciously, èf-fè-kâ'-shûs-lè. *ad. effectually.*

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, bóll;—óll;—pónd;—thín, trís.

Effacacy, éf-fé-ká-sé. *s.* production of the consequence intended.

Efficiency, éf-fsh'-yénse. } *s.* the act of producing effects,

Efficiency, éf-fsh'-yén-sé. } *s.* agency.

Efficient, éf-fsh'-yént. *s.* the cause which makes effects; the effector.

Efficient, éf-fsh'-yént. *a.* causing effects.

Effigies, éf-fid'-jés. } *s.* resemblance; image in

Effigy, éf-fé-jé. } painting or sculpture.

Efflorescence, éf-fó-rés-sénsé. } *s.* production

Efflorescence, éf-fó-rés-sén-sé. } of flowers.

Efflorescent, éf-fó-rés-sént. *a.* shooting out in forms of flowers.

Effluence, éf-fó-én-sé. *s.* that which issues from some other principle.

Effluvia, éf-fó-vé-á. the plural of *effluvia*.

Effluvium, éf-fó-vé-ám. *s.* those small particles which are continually flying off from bodies.

Efflux, éf-fóks. *s.* effusion; emanation.

Effluxion, éf-fóks'-shún. *s.* the act of flowing out; effluvia.

Effort, éf-fórt. *s.* struggle, laborious endeavour.

Effrontery, éf-frón-tér-é. *s.* impudence.

Effulgence, éf-fúl'-jénsé. *s.* lustre, brightness.

Effulgent, éf-fúl'-jént. *a.* shining bright, luminous.

Effuse, éf-fúze'. *v. a.* to pour out. [nous.]

Effusion, éf-fú-zhún. *s.* the act of pouring out; the thing poured out.

Effusive, éf-fú-sív. *a.* pouring out, dispersing.

Eft, éft. *s.* a newt, an evel.

Egestion, é-jés'-tshún. *s.* the act of throwing out the digested food.

Egg, ég. *s.* that which is laid by feathered animals, from which their young is produced; the spawn or sperm of creatures; any thing fashioned in the shape of an egg.

Egg, ég. *v. a.* to incite, to instigate.

Eglantine, ég-lán-tín. *s.* a species of rose; sweetbriar. [of one's self.]

Egotism, é-gó-tizm. *s.* too frequent mention

Egotist, é-gó-tíst. *s.* one that is always talking of himself. [self.]

Egotize, é-gó-tíze. *v. n.* to talk much of one's

Egregious, é-gré-jé-ús. *a.* eminent, remarkable; remarkably vicious. [shamefully.]

Egregiously, é-gré-jé-ús-lé *ad* eminently.

Egress, é-grés. } *s.* the act of going out

Egression, é-grés'h'-ún. } *s.* the act of going out

Egret, é-grét. *s.* a fowl of the heron kind.

Eight, áyt. *a.* twice four; a word of number.

Eighth, áyth. *a.* next in order to the seventh.

Eighteen, áy-téén. *a.* twice nine.

Eighteenth, áy-téénth. *a.* the next in order to the seventeenth. [or quantity.]

Eightfold, áy't-fóld. *a.* eight times the number

Eighthly, áyth'-lé. *ad.* in the eighth place.

Eightieth, áy'-té-ét'h. *a.* the next in order to the seventy-ninth, eighth tenth.

Eightscore, áy't-akóre. *a.* eight times twenty.

Eighty, áy'-té. *a.* eight times ten.

Eisel, é-sil. *s.* vinegar, verjuice.

Either, é-tshúr. *pron distrib.* whichever of the two, whether one or the other.

Either, é-tshúr. *conj.* a distributive conjunction, answered by *or*: either the one or the other.

Ejaculate, é-ják'-ú-láte. *v. a.* to throw, to shoot out.

Ejaculation, é-ják'-ú-lá'-shún. *s.* a short prayer darted out occasionally.

Ejaculatory, é-ják'-ú-lá-túr-é. *a.* sudden, hasty.

Eject, é-jékt'. *v. a.* to throw out.

Ejection, é-jékt'-shún. *s.* an expulsion.

Ejectment, é-jékt'-mént. *s.* a legal writ by which any inhabitant of a house, or tenant of an estate, is commanded to depart.

Ejulation, éd-jú-lá'-shún. *s.* lamentation.

Eke, éke. *ad.* also, likewise, beside.

Eke, éke. *v. a.* to increase; to supply. [labour.]

Elaborate, é-láb'-ó-ráte. *v. a.* to produce with diligence.

Elaborate, é-láb'-ó-ráte. *a.* finished with great diligence.

Elaborately, é-láb'-ó-ráte-lé. *aa.* laboriously.

Elance, é-lánsé'. *v. a.* to throw out, to dart.

Elapse, é-lápsé'. *v. n.* to pass away.

Elastick, é-lás'-tík. *a.* having the power of returning to the form from which it is distended.

Elasticity, é-lás-tís-é-té. *s.* force in bodies by which they endeavour to restore themselves.

Elate, é-láte'. *a.* flushed with success.

Elate, é-láte'. *v. a.* to puff up; to exalt.

Elation, é-lá'-shún. *s.* haughtiness proceeding from success.

Elbow, é'l-bó. *s.* the next joint of the arm below the shoulder; any flexure or angle.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt, —plne, pln;—

Elbow, êl'-bô. *v. a.* to push with the elbow; to drive to a distance.

Elbow, êl'-bô. *v. n.* to jut out in angles.

Eld, êld. *s.* old age, old people.

Elder, êl'-dâr. *a.* surpassing another in years.

Elder, êl'-dâr. *s.* the name of a tree.

Elders, êl'-dâr-z. *s.* persons whose age gives them reverence; among the Jews, rulers of the people; among Presbyterians, laymen introduced into the kirk polity.

Elderly, êl'-dâr-lê. *a.* no longer young.

Eldest, êl'-dêst. *a.* the oldest. [also *starwort*.

Elecampane, êl'-ê-kâm-pâne. *s.* a plant, named Elect, ê-lêk'. *v. a.* to choose, to select as an object of favour. [from among others.

Elect, ê-lêk'. *a.* chosen, taken by preference

Electary, ê-lêk'-târ-rê. *s.* a form of medicine made of conserves and powders, of the consistence of honey.

Election, ê-lêk'-shûn. *s.* the act of choosing; the power of choice; voluntary preference.

Electioneering, ê-lêk'-shûn-êr-ing. *s.* concern in parliamentary elections.

Elective, ê-lêk'-tîv. *a.* exerting the power of choice. [choose or elect.

Electer, ê-lêk'-târ. *s.* one who has a right to Electoral, ê-lêk'-tô-râl. *a.* having the dignity of an elector. [elector.

Electorate, ê-lêk'-tô-râte. *s.* the territory of an Electre, ê-lêk'-târ. *s.* a mixed metal.

Electrical, ê-lêk'-trê-kâl. } *a.* attractive without

Electric, ê-lêk'-trîk. } magnetism.

Electricity, ê-lêk'-trîs-tê. *s.* a property in bodies, whereby, when rubbed, they draw substances, and emit fire.

Efectuary, ê-lêk'-tshû-âr-ê. *s.* See *Electary*.

Eleemosynery, êl'-ê-môz-ê-nâr-ê. *a.* living upon alms.

Elegance, êl'-ê-gânse. } *s.* beauty without

Elegancy, êl'-ê-gân-sê. } grandeur.

Elegant, êl'-ê-gânt. *a.* pleasing with minuter beauties; nice, not coarse.

Elegantly, êl'-ê-gânt-lê. *ad.* in such a manner as to please without elevation.

Elegiack, êl'-ê-jî-âk. *a.* used in elegies; mournful, sorrowful.

Elegist, êl'-ê-jîst. *s.* a writer of elegies.

Elegy, êl'-ê-jê. *s.* a mournful song.

Element, êl'-ê-mênt. *s.* the first or constituent principle of any thing; the proper habitation or sphere of any thing; the first rudiments of literature or science. [ments.

Elemental, êl'-ê-mên-tâl. *a.* produced by ele-

Elementary, êl'-ê-mên-târ-ê. *a.* uncompounded.

Elephant, êl'-ê-fân. *s.* the largest of all quadrupeds. [elephant.

Elephantine, êl'-ê-fân-tîn. *s.* pertaining to the

Elevate, êl'-ê-vâte. *v. a.* to exalt.

Elevate, êl'-ê-vâte. *part. a.* exalted, raised aloft. [aloft; exaltation

Elevation, êl'-ê-vâ-shûn. *s.* the act of raising

Elevator, êl'-ê-vâ-târ. *s.* a raiser or lifter up.

Eleven, ê-lêv'-vn. *a.* ten and one. [the tenth

Eleventh, ê-lêv'-vnth. *a.* the next in order to

Elf, êlf. *s.* plural, *elves*, a wandering spirit; s.

Elicit, ê-lîs'-sît. *v. a.* to strike out. [devis

Elicit, ê-lîs'-sît. *a.* brought into action.

Elicitation, ê-lîs-sê-tâ-shûn. *s.* a deducing the power of the will into act. [chosen.

Eligibility, êl'-ê-jê-bîl'-ê-tê. *s.* worthiness to be

Eligible, êl'-ê-jê-bî. *a.* fit to be chosen. [vision.

Elision, ê-lîz'-îdn. *s.* the act of cutting off, di-

Elixation, êl'-îk-sâ-shûn. *s.* the act of boiling.

Elixir, ê-lîk'-sûr. *s.* a medicine made by strong infusion; the quintessence of any thing; any cordial. [kind.

Elk, êlk. *s.* a large, stately animal of the stag

Ell, êl. *s.* a measure containing a yard and a quarter.

Ellipsis, êl-lîp'-sîs. *s.* a figure of rhetorick, by which something is left out; in geometry, an oval figure generated from the section of a cone.

Elliptical, êl-lîp'-tê-kâl. } *a.* having the form of

Elliptick, êl-lîp'-tîk. } an ellipsis.

Elm, êlm. *s.* the name of a tree.

Elocution, êl-ô-kû'-shûn. *s.* the power of fluent speech; eloquence, flow of language.

Elogy, êl'-ô-jê. *s.* praise, panegyrick.

Elongate, ê-lông'-gâte. *v. a.* to lengthen.

Elongation, êl-ông-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of lengthening; the state of being stretched.

Elope, ê-lôpe'. *v. n.* to run away, to break loose, to escape.

Eloperment, ê-lôpe'-mênt. *s.* departure from just restraint.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, bóll;—òll;—pòund;—/in, THIS.

Eloquence, èl'-ò-kwénse. *s.* the power of speaking with fluency and elegance. [oratory.
Eloquent, èl'-ò-kwént. *a.* having the power of Else, èlse. *pron.* other, one besides.
Else, èlse. *ad.* otherwise; besides, except.
Elsewhere, èlse-'hwàre. *ad.* in any other place.
Elucidate, è-lú-'sé-dàte. *v. a.* to explain, to clear.
Elucidation, è-lú-'sé-dá-shún. *s.* explanation, exposition. [itor, commentator.
Elucidator, è-lú-'sé-dá-túr. *s.* explainer, expositor.
Elude, è-lúde'. *v. a.* to avoid by artifice.
Eludible, è-lú-'dè-bl. *a.* possible to be eluded.
Elumated, è-lúm-'bá-téd. *a.* weakened in the loins. [examination, an artifice.
Elusion, è-lú-'zhún. *s.* escape from inquiry or
Elusive, è-lú-'sív. *a.* using arts to escape.
Elusory, è-lú-'súr-è. *a.* tending to elude.
Elute, è-lúte'. *v. a.* to wash off. [out.
Elutriate, è-lú-'tré-àte. *v. a.* to decant, to strain
Elysian, è-lyz'-è-àn. *a.* exceedingly delightful.
Elysium, è-lyz'-è-úm. *s.* the place assigned by the heathens to happy souls.
Emaciate, è-má-'shé-àte. *v. a.* to waste, to deprive of flesh.
Emaciate, è-má-'shé-àte. *v. n.* to lose flesh.
Emaciation, è-má-'shé-à-'shún. *s.* the act of making lean; the state of one grown lean.
Emaculation, è-mák-'ù-lá-'shún. *s.* the act of freeing any thing from spots or foulness.
Emanant, èm-'á-nánt. *a.* issuing from something else. [something else.
Emanate, èm-'á-náte. *v. n.* to issue or flow from
Emanation, èm-'má-ná-'shún. *s.* the act of issuing or proceeding from any other substance; that which issues.
Emanative, èm-'án-á-tív. *a.* issuing from another. [from servitude.
Emancipate, è-mán-'sè-páte. *v. a.* to set free
Emancipation, è-mán-'sè-pá-'shún. *s.* the act of setting free, deliverance from slavery.
Emasculate, è-más-'kú-láte. *v. a.* to castrate.
Emasculation, è-más-'kú-lá-'shún. *s.* castration.
Embale, èm-'bále'. *v. a.* to make up into a bundle; to enclose.
Embalm, èm-'bám'. *v. a.* to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may resist putrefaction. [putting or going on shipboard.
Embarkation èm-'bár-ká-'shún. *s.* the act of

Embargo, èm-'bár-'gò. *s.* a prohibition to pass, a stop put to trade.
Embark, èm-'bárk'. *v. a.* to put on shipboard; to engage another in any affair.
Embark, èm-'bárk'. *v. n.* to go on shipboard; to engage in any affair. [entangle.
Embarrass, èm-'bár-'rás. *v. a.* to perplex; to
Embarrassment, èm-'bár-'rás-mént. *s.* perplexity, entanglement.
Embase, èm-'báse'. *v. a.* to vitiate; to degrade.
Embasement, èm-'báse-'mént. *s.* depravation.
Embassador, èm-'bás-'sá-dòr. *s.* one sent on a publick message.
Embassadress, èm-'bás-'sá-drès. *s.* a woman sent on a publick message.
Embassage, èm-'bás-sáje'. *s.* a publick message; any solemn
Embassy, èm-'bás-sé. } } sage; any solemn
Embattle, èm-'bát-'l. *v. a.* to range in order of } } battle.
Embay, èm-'bá'. *v. a.* to bathe; to enclose in a } } bay. [beautify.
Embellish, èm-'bèl-'lsh. *v. a.* to adorn, to
Embellishment, èm-'bèl-'lsh-mént. *s.* ornament decoration.
Embers, èm-'bérz. *s.* hot cinders.
Embezzle, èm-'bèz-'zl. *v. a.* to appropriate by breach of trust; to waste.
Embezzlement, èm-'bèz-'zl-mént. *s.* the act of appropriating to himself that which is received in trust for another.
Emblaze, èm-'bláze'. *v. a.* to blazon, to paint with ensigns armorial.
Emblazon, èm-'blá-'zn. *v. a.* to adorn with figures of heraldry; to deck in glaring colours.
Emblem, èm-'blém. *s.* an occult representation, an allusive picture.
Emblematical, èm-'blè-mát-'è-kál. } } a. compris-
Emblematick, èm-'blè-mát-'ik. } } ing an
Emblematically, èm-'blè-mát-'è-kál-è. *ad.* in the manner of emblems, allusively.
Emboss, èm-'bòs'. *v. a.* to form with protuberances; to engrave with relief, or rising work; to enclose, to include, to cover.
Embossment, èm-'bòs-'mént. *s.* any thing standing out from the rest; relief, rising work.
Embowel, èm-'bòú-'èl. *v. a.* to deprive of the entrails,

Fâse, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pîne, pin;—

Embrace, ém-brâsse' v. a. to hold fondly in the arms. [brace.]

Embrace, ém-brâsse' v. n. to join in an embrace.
Embrace, ém-brâsse' s. clasp, fond pressure in the arms.

Embracement, ém-brâsse'-mênt. s. clasp in the arms, enclosure; conjugal endearment.

Embrasure, ém-brâ-zhûre' s. an aperture in the wall, battlement.

Embrocate, ém'-brô-kâte. v. a. to rub any part diseased with medicinal liquors.

Embrocation, ém-brô-kâ-shûn. s. the lotion with which any diseased part is washed.

Embroider, ém-brôé'-dûr. v. a. to decorate with figured works.

Embroiderer, ém-brôé'-dûr-ûr. s. one that adorns with needle-work. [needle-work.]

Embroidery, ém-brôé'-dûr-ê. s. variegated

Embroll, ém-brôll' v. a. to disturb, to distract.

Emroy, ém'-bré-ô. } s. the offspring yet un-

Embryon, ém'-bré-ôn. } finished in the womb;
any thing unfinished.

Emendable, é-mên-dâ-bl. a. capable of emendation, corrigible.

Emendation, ém-ên-dâ'-shûn. s. correction, alteration of any thing from worse to better.

Emerald, ém'-é-râld. s. a green precious stone.

Emerge, é-mérie' v. n. to rise out of any thing in which it is covered.

Emergence, é-mér'-jênsé. } s. the act of rising

Emergency, é-mér'-jênsé } into view; any
sudden occasion; pressing necessity.

Emergent, é-mér'-jênt a. rising into view or notice; sudden, unexpected, casual.

Emerted, é-mér'-it-êd. a. allowed to have done sufficient publick service.

Emersion, é-mér'-shûn. s. the time when a star, having been obscured by its too near approach to the sun, appears again.

Emery, ém'-êr-ê. s. an iron ore.

Emetick, é-mét'-ik. a. provoking vomits.

Emetick, é-mét'-ik. s. a vomit.

Emication, ém-é-kâ'-shûn. s. sparkling.

Emigrant, ém'-é-grânt. s. one that emigrates.

Emigrate, ém'-é-grâte. v. n. to remove from one place to another.

Emigration, ém-é-grâ'-shûn. s. change of habitation

Eminence, ém'-é-nênsé. } s. loftiness, height

Eminency, ém'-é-nên-sé. } summit, highest
part; distinction; a title.

Eminent, ém'-é-nênt. a. high, lofty; conspicuous, remarkable. [in a high degree]

Eminently, ém'-é-nênt-lê. ad. conspicuously

Emissary, ém'-is-sâ-rê. s. a secret agent. [vow]

Emission, é-mîsh'-ûn. s. the act of sending out

Emit, é-mî't' v. a. to let fly, to dart.

Emmet, ém'-mî't. s. an ant. a pismire.

Emmew, ém-inû' v. a. to mew or coop up.

Emollient, é-môl'-jênt. a. softening, suppling

Emollition, ém-môl'-îsh'-ûn. s. the act of softening.

Emolument, é-môl'-h-mênt. s. profit, advan

Emotion, é-mô'-shûn. s. disturbance of mind, vehemence of passion.

Empale, ém-pâlê' v. a. to fence with a pale; to enclose; to put to death by spitting on a stake fixed upright.

Empannel, ém-pân'-nêl. s. the writing or entering the names of a jury into a schedule.

Empannel, ém-pân'-nêl. v. a. to summon to serve on a jury.

Empassion, ém-pâsh'-ûn. v. a. to move with passion, to affect strongly.

Emperor, ém'-pér-ûr. s. a monarch of title and dignity superior to a king.

Emphasis, ém'-fâ-sîs. s. a remarkable stress laid upon a word or sentence.

Emphatical, ém-fât'-îk-âl. } a. forcible, strong,

Emphatick, ém-fât'-îk. } striking.

Emphatically, ém-fât'-ê-kâl-ê. ad. strongly, forcibly.

Empire, ém'-pîrê. s. imperial power; the region over which dominion is extended.

Empirick, ém'-pê-rîk. s. a quack.

Empirical, ém-pîr'-ê-kâl. } a. versed in experi-

Empirick, ém-pîr'-îk. } ments, practised
only by rote.

Empiricism, ém-pîr'-ê-sîzm. s. dependence on experience without knowledge; quackery.

Empiastick, ém-plâs'-îk. a. viscous, glutinous.

Emplead, ém-pî-de' v. a. to indict, to prefer a charge against. [work.]

Employ, ém-plôé' v. a. to busy, to keep at

Employ, ém-plôé' s. business object of industry; publick office

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb báll;—òll;—pònd;—thín, THIN.

- Employable**, ém-piò'-'á-bl. *a.* capable to be used, proper for use. [causes to be used.]
Employer, ém-piò'-'ár. *s.* one that uses, or
Employment, ém-piò'-'mènt. *s.* business, object of industry · office.
Emporetick, ém-pò-rét'-'fk. *a.* used at markets, or in merchandise.
Emporium, ém-pò-'rè-òm. *s.* a place of merchandise, a commercial city.
Empoveish, ém-pòv'-'ér-ìsh. *v. a.* to make poor; to lessen fertility.
Empovishment, ém-pòv'-'ér-ìsh-mènt. *s.* diminution · waste. [enable.]
Empow'r, ém-pòv'-'ár. *v. a.* to authorize; to
Empress, ém-'près. *s.* the queen of an emperor; a female invested with imperial dignity.
Emprise, ém-'prìze'. *s.* attempt of danger.
Empuin, ém-'tè-nès. *s.* the state of being empty a void space, vacuity. [raut, vain.]
Empty, ém-'tè. *a.* void; unsatisfactory; igno-
Empty, ém-'tè. *v. a.* to evacuate, to exhaust.
Empurle, ém-pòr'-'pl. *v. a.* to make of a purple colour. [aerial.]
Empyrean, ém-'pìr'-'é-ál. *a.* refined beyond
Empyrean, ém-'pì-rè-'àn. *s.* the highest heaven.
Empyrosis, ém-'pì-rò-'sìs. *s.* conflagration, general fire.
Emulate, ém-'ò-ìte. *v. a.* to rival.
Emulation, ém-'ò-ìt'-'shòn. *s.* rivalry; contest.
Emulative, ém-'ò-ìt'-'tív. *a.* inclined to emulation.
Emulator, ém-'ò-ìt'-'túr. *s.* a rival, a competitor.
Emulge, ém-'málje'. *v. a.* to milk out. [out.]
Emulgent, ém-'mòl'-'jènt. *a.* milking or draining
Emulous, ém-'ò-ìds. *a.* rivaling.
Emulsion, ém-'mòl'-'shòn. *s.* a form of medicine, by mixing oily seeds and kernels. [power.]
Enable, én-'á-'bl. *v. a.* to make able, to confer
Enact, én-'ákt'. *v. a.* to establish, to decree.
Enamel, én-'ám-'él. *v. a.* to inlay, to variegato with colours.
Enamel, én-'ám-'él. *s.* any thing enamelled; the substance inlaid in other things.
Enaneller, én-'ám-'él-'lúr. *s.* one that practises the art of enamelling.
Enamour, én-'ám-'ár. *v. a.* to inflame with love.
Encage, én-'kájè'. *v. a.* to coop up, to confine.
Encamp, én-'kám'p'. *v. a.* to pitch tents.
- Encamp**, én-'kám'p'. *v. a.* to form an army into a regular camp.
Encampment, én-'kám'p'-'mènt. *s.* the act of encamping; a camp, tents pitched in order.
Enchafe, én-'tsháfe'. *v. a.* to enrage, to irritate
Enchain, én-'tsháne'. *v. a.* to fasten with a chain, to bind.
Enchant, én-'tshánt'. *v. a.* to subdue by charms or spells; to delude in a high degree.
Enchanter, én-'tshánt'-'túr. *s.* a magician, a sorcerer. [charms; irresistible influence.]
Enchantment, én-'tshánt'-'mènt. *s.* magical
Enchantress, én-'tshánt'-'très. *s.* a sorceress; a woman whose beauty or excellence gives irresistible influence.
Enchase, én-'tsháse'. *v. a.* to enclose in any other body so as to be held fast, but not concealed. [in a ring or circle.]
Encircle, én-'sér-'kl. *v. a.* to environ, to enclose
Encliticks, én-'klìt'-'fks. *s.* particles which throw back the accent upon the last syllable of the foregoing word. [round.]
Enclose, én-'klòze'. *v. a.* to encircle, to surround.
Enclosure, én-'klò-'zhùre. *s.* the act of enclosing; the separation of common grounds into distinct possessions; the appropriation of things common; space enclosed.
Encomiast, én-'kò-'mè-'ást. *s.* a panegyrist, a praiser.
Encomiastical, én-'kò-'mè-'ás-'tè-'kál. } *a.* pane
Encomiastick, én-'kò-'mè-'ás-'tìk. } *gyrical,*
containing or bestowing praise.
Encomium, én-'kò-'mè-'òm. *s.* panegyrick praise, elogy.
Encompass, én-'kòm-'pás. *v. a.* to enclose.
Encore, óng-'kòre'. *ad.* again, once more.
Encounter, én-'kòòm'-'túr. *s.* duel, single fight battle.
Encounter, én-'kòòm'-'túr. *v. a.* to meet in a hostile manner, to rush against in conflict; to oppose.
Encounter, én-'kòòm'-'túr. *v. n.* to rush together in a hostile manner, to conflict; to fight; to come together by chance.
Encourage, én-'kúr'-'ridje'. *v. a.* to animate; to give courage, to embolden.
Encouragement, én-'kúr'-'ridje-'mènt. *s.* incitement, countenance, support.

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât;—mè, mèi;—pine, pin;—

Encroach, ên-krôsh'. *v. a.* to make invasions upon the right of another; to advance by stealth.

Encroachment, ên-krôsh'-mênt. *s.* an unlawful gathering in upon another man; advance into the territories or rights of another.

Encumber, ên-kûm'-bûr. *v. a.* to clog, to load, to impede.

Encumbrance, ên-kûm'-brânse. *s.* clog, load; burden upon an estate.

Encyclopedia, ên-si-klo-pé'-dê-â. *s.* the circle of sciences.

End, ênd. *s.* the extremity of any thing; conclusion; ultimate state; death; abolition; intention; final design. [*stroy.*]

End, ênd. *v. a.* to terminate, to finish; to de-
End, ênd. *v. n.* to come to an end; to conclude, to cease. [*harm.*]

Endamage, ên-dâm'-dije. *v. a.* to prejudice, to endanger, ên-dân'-jôr. *v. a.* to put into hazard, to bring into peril. [*beloved.*]

Endear, ên-dêér'. *v. a.* to make dear, to make
Endearment, ên-dêér'-mênt. *s.* the cause of love; state of being endeared.

Endeavour, ên-dêv'-ûr. *s.* labour directed to some certain end. [*certain purpose.*]

Endeavour, ên-dêv'-ûr. *v. n.* to labour to a
Endeavour, ên-dêv'-ûr. *v. a.* to attempt, to try.

Endemial, ên-dè'-mè-âl. } *a.* peculiar to a
Endemical, ên-dêm'-ê-kâl. } country; used
Endemick, ên-dêm'-ik. } of any disease that affects several people together in the same country.

Edict, } ên-dit'e'. } *v. a.* to charge any man
Edite, } ên-dit'e'. } by a written accusation before a court of justice; to draw up, to compose.

Edictment, } ên-dit'e'-mênt. } *s.* a bill or declaration,
Editement, } ên-dit'e'-mênt. } ration, made in form of law, for the benefit of the commonwealth.

Endive, ên'-div. *s.* an herb, succory.

Endless, ênd'-lêz. *s.* without end; perpetual.

Endlessly, ênd'-lêz-tê. *ad.* incessantly, perpetually. [*less duration.*]

Endlessness, ênd'-lêz-nêz. *s.* perpetuity, end-

**End-
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End-** *se, ên-dôrse'.* *v. a.* to register on the back of writing, to superscribe.

Endorsement, ên-dôrse'-mênt. *s.* superscription, writing on the back.

Endow, ên-dôô'. *v. a.* to enrich with a portion.

Endowment, ên-dôô'-mênt. *s.* wealth bestowed; a sufficient portion for perpetual maintenance; gift of nature. [*cellencies.*]

Endue, ên-dû'. *v. a.* to supply with mental ex-
Endurance, ên-dû'-rânse. *s.* continuance.

Endure, ên-dûre'. *v. a.* to bear, to undergo

Endure, ên-dûre'. *v. n.* to last, to continue; to brook.

Endwise, ênd'-wize. *ad.* erectly, on end.

Enemy, ên'-è-mè. *s.* a publick foe; a private opponent, an antagonist. [*vigorous.*]

Energetick, ên-êr-jêt'-ik. *a.* forcible, active,

Energize, ên-êr-jize. *v. n.* to act with energy.

Energy, ên-êr-jè. *s.* power, force.

Enervate, ê-nêr'-vâte. *v. a.* to weaken, to deprive of force.

Enervation, ên-êr-vâ'-shôn. *s.* the act of weakening; the state of being weakened.

Nerve, ê-nêrv'. *v. a.* to weaken, to break the force of.

Enfeeble, ên-fê'-bl. *v. a.* to weaken.

Enfeoff, ên-fêô'. *v. a.* to invest with any dignities or possessions. [*enchain.*]

Enfetter, ên-fê'-tûr. *v. a.* to bind in fetters, to

Enforce, ên-fôrse'. *v. a.* to strengthen; to compel.

Enforcement, ên-fôrse'-mênt. *s.* compulsion.

Enfranchise, ên-frân'-tshiz. *r. a.* to make free; to denizen.

Enfranchisement, ên-frân'-tshiz'-mênt. *s.* investiture of the privileges of a denizen; release from prison, or from slavery.

Engage, ên-gâje'. *v. a.* to enlist, to bring into a party; to embark in an affair; to attack; to win by pleasing means, to gain; to employ to fight.

Engage, ên-gâje'. *v. n.* to conflict, to fight to embark in any business, to enlist in any party.

Engagement, ên-gâje'-mênt. *s.* the act of engaging; obligation by contract; employment of the attention; fight, battle.

Engarrison, ên-gâr'-rê-n. *v. a.* to protect by garrison. [*duce, to form; to equip.*]

Engender, ên-jên'-dûr. *v. a.* to beget; to pro-

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, hòll;—òll;—pòund;—chin, rria.

Engine, èn-'jîn. *s.* any mechanical complication, in which various movements and parts concur to one effect; an instrument to throw water upon burning houses; an agent for another.

Engineer, èn-jè-nèer'. *s.* one who manages engines, or directs the artillery of an army.

Engird, èn-gèrd'. *v. a.* to encircle, to surround.

English, èng-'glîsh. *a.* belonging to England.

Englut, èn-glút'. *v. a.* to swallow up.

Engorge, èn-gòrje'. *v. a.* to swallow, to devour.

Engrain, èn-gràue'. *v. a.* to dio deep, to die in grain. [hold on each other.

Engrapple, èn-gráp-pl. *v. n.* to close with, to

Engrave, èn-gràve'. *v. a.* pret. *engraved*; part.

pass engraved or engraven. to picture by incisions in any matter; to impress deeply.

Engraver, èn-grà-vàr. *s.* a cutter in stone or other matter.

Engross, èn-gròse'. *v. a.* to purchase the whole of any commodity for the sake of selling at a high price; to copy in a large hand.

Engrossment, èn-gròs-mènt. *s.* appropriation of things in the gross, exorbitant acquisition.

Enhance, èn-hànce'. *v. a.* to advance in price.

Enigma, è-nìg'-má. *s.* a riddle, an obscure question. [biguously expressed.

Enigmatical, èn-ìg-mát'-è-kál. *a.* obscure, am-

Enigmatist, è-nìg-mát-ìst. *s.* one who deals in obscure matters.

Enjoin, èn-jîn'. *v. a.* to order, to prescribe.

Enjoy, èn-jòe'. *v. a.* to feel with pleasure; to obtain possession of; to please.

Enjoy, èn-jòe'. *v. n.* to live in happiness.

Enjoyment, èn-jòe'-mènt. *s.* happiness, fruition.

Enkindle, èn-kín-dl. *v. a.* to set on fire, to inflame.

Enlarge, èn-làrje'. *v. a.* to make greater; to dilate; to amplify, to release from confinement. [in many words.

Enlarge, èn-làrje'. *v. n.* to oxpatriate, to speak

Enlargement, èn-làrje'-mènt. *s.* increase, augmentation, farther extension; release from confinement.

Enlight, èn-lìte. *v. a.* to illuminate. [struct.

Enlighten, èn-lì-tìn. *v. a.* to illuminate, to in-

Enlink, èn-lìnk'. *v. a.* to chain to, to bind.

Enlist, èn-lìst'. *v. a.* to enter into military service

Enliven, èn-lì-vn. *v. a.* to make quick, to make alive, to animate. [malice.

Enmity, èn-'mè-tè. *s.* malevolence, aversion,

Enmesh, èn-mèsh'. *v. a.* to net, to entangle.

Ennoble, èn-nò-'bl. *v. a.* to dignify, to aggrandize [a knot; solution of a difficulty.

Enodation, èn-ò-dà'-shùh. *s.* the act of uniting

Enormity, è-nòr-mè-tè. *s.* deviation from rule; atrocious crime.

Enormous, è-nòr-mús. *a.* irregular, out of rule; large or wicked beyond the common measure

Enormously, è-nòr-mús-kè. *ad.* beyond measure. [able wickedness.

Enormousness, è-nòr-mús-nès. *s.* immeasur-

Enough, è-náf'. *a.* being in a sufficient measure

Enough, è-náf'. *s.* something sufficient in greatness or excellence.

Enough, è-náf'. *ad.* in a sufficient degree.

Enow, è-nòv'. the plural of *enough*, a sufficient number.

Enrage, èn-ràje'. *v. a.* to irritate, to provoke.

Enrange, èn-rànje'. *v. a.* to place regularly.

Enrapture, èn-ráp-'shùre. *v. a.* to transport with pleasure. [stasy

Enravish, èn-ráv-'îsh. *v. a.* to throw into ec-

Enravishment, èn-ráv-'îsh-mènt. *s.* ecstasy of delight. [fertilize

Enrich, èn-rìsh'. *v. a.* to make wealthy; to

Enrichment, èn-rìsh'-mènt. *s.* augmentation of wealth; improvement by addition.

Enridge, èn-rìdje'. *v. a.* to form with ridges.

Enripen, èn-rì-'pu. *v. a.* to ripen, to mature;

Enrobe, èn-ròbe'. *v. a.* to dress.

Enrol, èn-ròle'. *v. a.* to insert in a roll or register

Enrolment, èn-ròl'-mènt. *s.* register; writing in which any thing is recorded.

Ens, ènz. *s.* any being or existence.

Ensigne, èn-sàng-'gwìn. *v. a.* to smear with gore. [schedule or writing

Enschedule, èn-sèd-'ble. *v. a.* to insert in a

Ensconce, èn-skòuse'. *v. a.* to cover as with a fort.

Enshield, èn-shèld'. *v. a.* to cover. [sacred.

Enshrine, èn-shrìne'. *v. a.* to preserve as a thing

Ersign, èn-'sìne. *s.* the flag or standard of a regiment; mark of distinction; the officer who carries the flag.

Ensigny, èn-'sìn-sè. *s.* the office of an ensign.

Enslave, èn-slàve'. *v. a.* to deprive of liberty.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

Enslavement, ên-slâve-mênt. *s.* the state of servitude, slavery.

Ensnare. See *Ensnare*.

Ensuit, ên-sûi'. *v. a.* to follow, to pursue.

Insurance, ên-shû-rânse. *s.* exemption from hazard; the sum paid for security. [nify.]

Ensure, ên-shûre'. *v. a.* to ascertain, to indemnify.

Entablature, ên-tâb-lâ-tshûre. } *s.* the architrave, frize, and cornice of a pillar.

Entail, ên-tâle'. *s.* the estate entailed, or settled with regard to the rule of its descent.

Entail, ên-tâle'. *v. a.* to settle the descent of any estate so that it cannot be, by any subsequent possessor, bequeathed at pleasure.

Entame, ên-tâme'. *v. a.* to tame. [to perplex.]

Entangle, ên-tâng-gl'. *v. a.* to twist or confuse;

Entanglement, ên-tâng-gl'mênt. *s.* intricacy, perplexity.

Enter, ên-têr'. *v. a.* to go or come into any place; to initiate in a business; to set down in a writing.

Enter, ên-têr'. *v. n.* to come or go in; to penetrate mentally, to make intellectual entrance; to be initiated in. [a place.]

Entering, ên-têr-ing'. *s.* entrance, passage into

Enterlace, ên-têr-lâse'. *v. a.* to intermix.

Enterprise, ên-têr-prize. *s.* an undertaking of hazard. [attempt.]

Enterprise, ên-têr-prize. *v. a.* to undertake, to

Entertain, ên-têr-tâne'. *v. a.* to converse with; to treat; to receive hospitably; to divert.

Entertainment, ên-têr-tâne-mênt. *s.* treatment at table; hospitable reception; amusements; dramatick performance, the lower comedy.

Enthroned, ên-thrône'. *v. a.* to place on a regal seat; to invest with sovereign authority.

Enthusiasm, ên-thû-zhê-âz-m. *s.* heat of imagination; exaltation of ideas.

Enthusiast, ên-thû-zhê-âst. *s.* one of a hot imagination; one of elevated fancy, or exalted ideas.

Enthusiastical, ên-thû-zhê-âs-tê-kâl. } *a.* vehemently hot in any cause; elevated in fancy.

Enthusiastick, ên-thû-zhê-âs-tîk. } *a.* vehemently hot in any cause; elevated in fancy.

Entice, ên-tise'. *v. a.* to allure, to attract.

Enticement, ên-tise-mênt. *s.* allurements. [ner.]

Entirely, ên-tî-er-ly. *ad.* in a winning man-

Entire, ên-tî-er'. *a.* whole, undivided.

Entirely, ên-tî-er-ly. *ad.* without division; completely. [near.]

Entireness, ên-tî-er-nês. *s.* completeness, fullness.

Entirety, ên-tî-er-tê. *s.* completeness.

Entitle, ên-tî-tl'. *v. a.* to grace or dignify with a title; to give a claim to any thing; to grant any thing as claimed by a title.

Entity, ên-tê-tê. *s.* a real being.

Entoil, ên-tôil'. *v. a.* to insnare, to entangle.

Entomb, ên-tôm'. *v. a.* to put into a tomb.

Entrails, ên-trîls. *s.* the intestines, the bowels.

Entrance, ên-trânse. *s.* power of entering into a place; act of entering; passing; initiation, commencement.

Entrance, ên-trânse'. *v. a.* to put into a trance

Entrap, ên-trâp'. *v. a.* to insnare; to take advantage of. [to importune.]

Entreat, ên-trê-te'. *v. a.* to petition, to solicit.

Entreaty, ên-trê-tê. *s.* petition, prayer, solicitation.

Entry, ên-trê. *s.* the passage by which any one enters; ingress; act of entering into any city.

Eucleate, ê-nû-kle-âte. *v. a.* to solve, to clear.

Envelop, ên-vêl'ôp'. *v. a.* to inwrap, to cover to hide.

Envelope, ên-vê-lôpe'. *s.* a wrapper, an outward case.

Envenom, ên-vên'ân. *v. a.* to poison; to make odious.

Envious, ên-vê-â-bl'. *a.* deserving envy.

Envier, ên-vê-ôr'. *s.* one that envies another.

Envious, ên-vê-ôs. *a.* infected with envy.

Enviously, ên-vê-ôs-lê. *ad.* with envy. [velop.]

Environ, ên-vî-rûn. *v. a.* to surround; to en-

Environments, ên-vî-rûns. *s.* the places round about the country. [distinctly.]

Enumerate, ê-nû-mê-râte. *v. a.* to count over

Enumeration, ê-nû-mê-râ-shûn. *s.* the act of counting. [proclaim.]

Enuniate, ê-nân-shê-âte. *v. a.* to declare, to

Enunciation, ê-nûn-shê-â-shûn. *s.* occurrance, publick attestation. [expressive.]

Enunciative, ê-nûn-shê-â-ôv. *a.* declarative

Envoy, ên-vôé. *s.* a publick minister sent from one power to another, in dignity below an ambassador.

Envy, ên-vê. *v. a.* to hate another for excel-

nd, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tābe, tāb, bāll;—dīl;—pōōnd;—chīn, THIS.

lence or success; to grieve at any qualities of excellence in another; to grudge.
 Envy, *ēn'-vè. s. n.* to feel envy.
 Envy, *ēn'-vè. s.* pain felt and malignity conceived at the sight of excellence or happiness.
 Exact, *ē'-pākt. s.* a number whereby we note the excess of the common solar year above the lunar. [ornament.
 Epaullet, *ēp'-āw-lēt. s.* a military shoulder-
 Ephepera, *ē-fēm'-ē-rā. s.* a fever that terminates in one day; an insect that lives only one day.
 Ephemeral, *ē-fēm'-ē-rāl. } a.* diurnal, begin-
 Ephemeric, *ē-fēm'-ē-rīk. } ning and ending*
 in a day.
 Ephemeris, *ē-fēm'-ē-rīs. s.* an account of the daily motions of the planets.
 Ephemerist, *ē-fēm'-ē-rīst. s.* one who consults the planets. [Hebrew priests.
 Ephod, *ēp'-ōd. s.* an ornament worn by the
 Epick, *ēp'-īk. a.* comprising narrations. It is usually supposed to be heroic.
 Epicedium, *ēp'-ē-sē-dē-ūm. s.* an elegy, a poem upon a funeral. [luxury.
 Epicure, *ēp'-ē-kūre. s.* a man given wholly to
 Epicurean, *ēp'-ē-kū-rē-ān. s.* one who holds the principles of Epicurus.
 Epicurean, *ēp'-ē-kū-rē-ān. a.* luxurious, contributing to luxury. [enjoyment.
 Epicurism, *ēp'-ē-kū-rīzm. s.* luxury, sensual
 Epidemical, *ēp'-ē-dēm'-ē-kāl. } a.* that which
 Epidemick, *ēp'-ē-dēm'-īk. } falls at once*
 upon great numbers of people; generally prevailing; universal.
 Epidermis, *ēp'-ē-dēr'-mīs. s.* the scarf-skin of a man's body.
 Epigram, *ēp'-ē-grām. s.* a short poem terminating in a point.
 Epigrammatical, *ēp'-ē-grām-māt'-ē-kāl. } a.*
 Epigrammatick, *ēp'-ē-grām-māt'-īk. } dealing in or relating to epigrams.*
 Epigrammatist, *ēp'-ē-grām-mā-tīst. s.* a writer of epigrams.
 Epilepsy, *ēp'-ē-lēp-sē. s.* a convulsive motion of the body, with a loss of sense.
 Epileptick, *ēp'-ē-lēp'-tīk. a.* convulsed.
 Epilogue, *ēp'-ē-lōg. s.* the poem or speech at the end of a play.

Epiphany, *ē-pīf'-sā-nē. s.* a church festival, celebrated on the twelfth day after Christmas.
 Episcopacy, *ē-pls'-kō-pā-sē. s.* the government of bishops. [op.
 Episcopal, *ē-pls'-kō-pāl. ā.* belonging to a bishop.
 Episode, *ēp'-ē-sōde. s.* an incidental narrative, or digression in a poem. [episode
 Episodical, *ēp'-ē-sōd'-ē-kāl. a.* contained in an
 Epistle, *ē-pls'-sl. s.* a letter.
 Epistolary, *ē-pls'-tō-lār-ē. a.* relating to letters transacted by letters. [tomb-stone
 Epitaph, *ēp'-ē-tāf. s.* an inscription upon a
 Epithalamium, *ēp'-ē-thā-lā-mē-ūm. s.* a nuptial song. [quality.
 Epithet, *ēp'-ē-thēt. s.* an adjective denoting
 Epitome, *ē-plt'-ō-mē. s.* an abridgment, abbreviation. [curtail.
 Epitomise, *ē-plt'-ō-mīze. v. a.* to abstract, to
 Epoch, *ēp'-ōk. } s.* the time at which a new
 Epocha, *ēp'-ō-kā. } computation is begun.*
 from which dates are numbered.
 Equability, *ē-kwā-bīl'-ē-tē. s.* equality to itself, evenness, uniformity.
 Equable, *ē-kwā-bl. a.* equal to itself, uniform.
 Equably, *ē-kwā-blē. ad.* uniformly, evenly.
 Equal, *ē-kwāl. a.* like another; in just proportion, equitable; upon the same terms.
 Equal, *ē-kwāl. s.* one of the same age or rank.
 Equal, *ē-kwāl. v. a.* to make equal; to recompense fully. [be equal to.
 Equaise, *ē-kwāl-ize. v. a.* to make even; to
 Equality, *ē-kwōl'-ē-tē. s.* the same degree of dignity; uniformity. [evenly.
 Equally, *ē-kwāl-lē. ad.* in the same degree;
 Equanimity, *ē-kwā-nīm'-ē-tē. s.* evenness of mind. [to an equality.
 Equation, *ē-kwā-shūn. s.* a bringing of things
 Equator, *ē-kwā-tār. s.* a great circle which divides the globe into two equal parts, or hemispheres. [equator.
 Equatorial, *ē-kwā-tō-rē-āl. a.* pertaining to the
 Equery, *ē-kwēr'-ē. s.* master of the horse.
 Equestrian, *ē-kwēs-trē-ān. a.* appearing on horseback; skilled in horsemanship.
 Equidistant, *ē-kwē-dīs-tānt. a.* at the same distance.
 Equiformity, *ē-kwē-sōr'-mē-tē. s.* a equality.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—plne, pln ;—

Equilateral, ê-kwê-lât'-êr-âl. *a.* having all sides equal. [equally.]
Equilibrate, ê-kwê-ll'-brâte. *v. a.* to balance
Equilibrium, ê-kwê-llb'-rê-ûm. *s.* equipoise, equality of weight.
Equinoctial, ê-kwê-nôk'-shâl. *s.* the line that answers to the equator. [the equinox.]
Equinoctial, ê-kwê-nôk'-shâl. *a.* pertaining to
Equinox, ê'-kwê-nôks. *s.* the time when the day and night are equal.
Equinumerant, ê-kwê-nù'-mê-rânt. *a.* having the same number.
Equip, ê-kwip'. *v. a.* to furnish, to accoutre, to fit out. [vehicle ; attendance, retinue.]
Equipage, êk'-kwê-pâje. *s.* carriage of state,
Equipment, ê-kwip'-mênt. *s.* the act of equipping or accourting. [equilibration.]
Equipoise, ê'-kwê-pôlze. *s.* equality of weight,
Equipollence, ê-kwê-pôl'-lênse. *s.* equality of force or power. [power or force.]
Equipollent, ê-kwê-pôl'-lênt. *a.* having equal
Equiponderance, ê-kwê-pôn'-dêr-ânse. } *s.*
Equiponderancy, ê-kwê-pôn'-dêr-ân-sê. } equality of weight.
Equiponderant, ê-kwê-pôn'-dêr-ânt. *a.* being of the same weight.
Equiponderate, ê-kwê-pôn'-dêr-âte. *v. n.* to weigh equal to any thing. [partial.]
Equitable, êk'-kwê-tâ-bl. *a.* just, candid, impartially.
Equitably, êk'-kwê-tâ-blê. *ad.* justly, impartially. [tiality.]
Equity, êk'-kwê-tê. *s.* justice, right ; impar-
Equivalence, ê-kwiv'-vâ-lênse. } *s.* equality of
Equivalency, ê-kwiv'-vâ-lên-sê. } power' or worth.
Equivalent, ê-kwiv'-vâ-lênt. *a.* equal in value or excellence.
Equivalent, ê-kwiv'-vâ-lênt. *s.* a thing of the same weight or value. [ful.]
Equivocal, ê-kwiv'-vô-kâl. *a.* uncertain, doubtful,
Equivocally, ê-kwiv'-vô-kâi-ê. *ad.* ambiguously, in a doubtful sense.
Equivocalness, ê-kwiv'-vô-kâl-nês. *s.* ambiguity, double meaning.
Equivocate, ê-kwiv'-vô-kâte. *v. n.* to use ambiguous expressions.
Equivocation, ê-kwiv'-vô-kâ'-shûn. *s.* ambiguity of speech, double meaning.

Equivocator, ê-kwiv'-vô-kâ-tûr. *s.* one who uses ambiguous language.
Era, ê'-râ. *s.* the account of time from any particular date or epoch. [diance]
Eradiation, ê-râ-dê-â'-shûn. *s.* emission of ra
Eradicate, ê-râd'-ê-kâte. *v. a.* to pull up by the root ; to destroy.
Eradication, ê-râd'-ê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of tearing up by the root, destruction
Erase, ê-râse'. *v. a.* to destroy.
Erasement, ê-râse'-mênt. *s.* destruction ; expunction.
Ere, âre. *ad.* before, sooner than. [elapsed.]
Erelong, âre-lông'. *ad.* before a long time had
Erenow, âre-nôw'. *ad.* before this time.
Erewhile, âre-hwile'. } *ad.* some time ago.
Erewhiles, âre-hwitz'. }
Erect, ê-rêkt'. *v. a.* to place perpendicularly to the horizon ; to raise, to build.
Erect, ê-rêkt'. *v. n.* to raise upright.
Erect, ê-rêkt'. *a.* upright ; bold.
Erection, ê-rêk'-shûn. *s.* the act of raising, or state of being raised upward ; the act of building edifices.
Erectness, ê-rêkt'-nês. *s.* uprightness of posture.
Eremite, êr'-ê-mite. *s.* a hermit.
Eremitical, êr'-ê-mît-ê-kâl. *a.* religiously solitary. [away by force.]
Ereption, ê-rêp'-shûn. *s.* a snatching or taking
Ermine, êr'-mfn. *s.* an animal or its fur.
Ermined, êr'-mînd. *a.* clothed with ermine.
Erode, ê-rôde'. *v. a.* to canker or eat away.
Erogation, êr-rô-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of giving or bestowing.
Erosion, ê-rô'-zhûn. *s.* the act of eating away ; the state of being eaten away.
Err, êr. *v. n.* to wander ; to miss the right way to commit errors, to mistake.
Errand, âr'-rând. *s.* a message.
Errable, êr'-râ-bl. *a.* liable to err.
Errableness, âr'-râ-bl-nês. *s.* liability to err.
Errant, êr'-rânt. *a.* wandering, roving ; vile, abandoned.
Errantry, êr'-rânt-rê. *s.* an errant state.
Ergata, êr-râ'-tâ. *s.* the faults of the printer or author inserted in the beginning or end of the book.
Erratick, êr-rât'-lk. *a.* wandering ; irregular.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—óñ;—pòánd;—q̄in, THIS.

Erroneous, èr-rò'-nè-ús. *a.* mistaking, misled by error.

Erroneously, èr-rò'-nè-ús-lè. *ad.* by mistake, ^(not rightly)

Erroneousness, èr-rò'-nè-ús-nès. *s.* physical falsehood, inconsistency to truth.

Erreur, èr-rúr. *s.* mistake, a blunder.

Èst, èst. *ad.* first; in the beginning; once, when time was. ^(stomach)

Èruct è-rúkt'. *v. a.* to break wind from the Eructation, è-rúk-tá'-shún. *s.* the act of belching; belch.

Erudite, èr-ù-dl'te. *a.* learned.

Erudition, èr-ù-dlsh'-àn. *s.* learning.

Eruginous, è-rù'-jè-nús. *a.* partaking of the nature of copper.

Eruption, è-rúp'-shún. *s.* the act of breaking or bursting forth; emission; efflorescence.

Eruptive, è-rúp'-úv. *a.* bursting forth.

Erysipela, èr-è-síp'-é-lás. *s.* an eruption of a hot, acrid humour.

Escalade, ès-ká-láde'. *s.* the act of scaling the walls.

Escalop, skól'-lúp. *s.* a shell-fish.

Escape, è-skápe'. *v. a.* to fly, to avoid.

Escape, è-skápe'. *v. n.* to get out of danger.

Escape, è-skápe'. *s.* flight, the act of getting out of danger; oversight.

Escheat, ès-ishète'. *v. n.* to fall to a lord within his manor by forfeiture, or the death of his tenant dying without heir general or especial.

Escheat, ès-ishète'. *v. n.* to fall to the lord of the manor by forfeiture.

Eschew, ès-ishéd'. *v. a.* to fly, to avoid, to shun.

Escort, ès-kòrt. *s.* convóy, a guard.

Escort, ès-kòrt'. *v. a.* to convoy, to guard from place to place.

Escritoir, ès-krú-tóre'. *s.* a box with all the implements necessary for writing.

Esculent, ès-kú-lént. *a.* good for food, eatable.

Esculent, ès-kú-lént. *s.* something fit for food.

Escutcheon, ès-kútsh'-ín. *s.* the shield of the family, the picture of the ensigns armorial.

Espalier, ès-pál'-yér. *s.* trees planted and cut so as to join.

Especial, è-spèsh'-ál. *a.* principal, chief.

Especial, è-spèsh'-ál-lè. *ad.* principally, chiefly.

Espial, è-spi'-ál. *s.* a spy, a scout

Espousal, è-spòò'-zál. *a.* used in the act of espousing or betrothing.

Espousals, è-spòò'-zális. *s.* the act of contracting or affiancing a man and woman to each other.

Espouse, è-spòúze'. *v. a.* to contract or betroth to another.

Espy, è-spi'. *v. a.* to see a thing at a distance.

Esquire, è-skwl're'. *s.* a title of dignity, next in degree below a knight.

Essay, ès-sá'. *v. a.* to attempt, to try.

Essay, ès-sá. *s.* attempt, endeavour; a loose performance; an irregular, indigested piece; an easy, free kind of composition.

Essayist, ès-sá'-líst. *s.* one who makes essays.

Essence, ès-sènc. *s.* existence, the quality of being; constituent substance; the cause of existence; perfume.

Essence, ès-sènc. *v. a.* to perfume, to scent

Essential, ès-sèn'-shál. *a.* necessary; important in the highest degree, principal; highly rectified. ^(point)

Essential, ès-sèn'-shál. *s.* existence; the chief

Essentially, ès-sèn'-shál-lè. *ad.* by the constitution of nature.

Essoine, ès-sòin'. *s.* an excuse for him that is summoned, or sought for, to appear.

Establish, è-stáb'-lîsh. *v. a.* to settle firmly, to fix unalterably.

Establishment, è-stáb'-lîsh-mènt. *s.* settlement, fixed state; income.

Estate, è-státe'. *s.* condition of life; fortune.

Esteem, è-stèem'. *v. a.* to set a value; to prize to hold in opinion. ^(regard)

Esteem, è-stèem'. *s.* high value, reverential

Estimable, ès-tè-má-bl. *a.* worthy of esteem.

Estimate, ès-tè-máte. *v. a.* to rate, to adjust the value of; to calculate.

Estimate, ès-tè-máte. *s.* computation, calculation; value; regard.

Estimation, ès-tè-má-shún. *s.* the act of adjusting proportioned value; calculation; opinion, esteem, regard.

Estimator, ès-tè-má-túr. *s.* a setter of rates.

Estival, ès-tè-vál. *a.* pertaining to the summer.

Estrange, è-stránje'. *v. a.* to withdraw; to alienate. ^(distance)

Estrangement, è-stránje-mènt. *s.* alienation,

Estuary, ès-ísh-á-rè. *s.* an arm of the sea.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plue, pln;—

Estuate, ês'-tshù-âte. *v. a.* to swell and fall reciprocally.

Esurine, êzh'-û-rine. *a.* corroding, eating.

Etc. êt-sê'-ê-râ. &c. a contraction of the Latin words *et cœtera*, which signifies, And so of the rest.

Etch, êtsh. *v. a.* a method used in making of prints, by drawing with a proper needle upon a copper-plate. [per-plate.]

Etching, êtsh'-ing. *s.* an impression of a copper-plate.

Eternal, ê-têr'-nâl. *a.* without beginning or end.

Eternal, ê-têr'-nâl. *s.* one of the appellations of the Godhead.

Eternalize, ê-têr'-nâl-ize. *v. a.* to make eternal.

Eternally, ê-têr'-nâl-lè. *ad.* without beginning or end. [ginning or end.]

Eternity, ê-têr'-nè-tè. *s.* duration without beginning or end.

Eternize, ê-têr'-nîze. *v. a.* to make endless; to immortalize.

Ether, ê'-thêr. *s.* an element more fine and subtile than air; the matter of the highest regions above; a chymical preparation. [enly.]

Ethereal, ê-thê'-rè-âl. *a.* formed of ether, heavenly.

Ethical, êth'-ê-kâl. *a.* moral, treating on morality. [of morality.]

Ethick, êth'-ik. *a.* moral, delivering precepts

Ethicks, êth'-iks. *s.* a system of morality.

Ethnick, êth'-nik. *a.* heathen, pagan.

Ethnicks, êth'-niks. *s.* heathens.

Etiquette, êt-ê-kêt'. *s.* the polite form or manner of doing any thing; the ceremonial of good manners.

Etymological, êt-ê-mô-lôjê'-ê-kâl. *a.* relating to etymology.

Etymologist, êt-ê-mô-lô-jîst. *s.* one who searches out the original of words.

Etymology, êt-ê-mô-lô-jê. *s.* the descent or derivation of words.

Eucharist, yû-kâ-rîst. *s.* the act of giving thanks; the sacrament of the Lord's supper

Eucharistical, yû-kâ-rîst-ê-kâl. *a.* relating to the sacrament of the Lord's supper.

Eulogium, yû-lô-jê-âm. } *s.* praise, encomium.

Eulogy, yû-lô-jê. }

Eunuch, yû-nûk. *s.* one that is castrated.

Euphony, yû-fô-nè. *s.* an agreeable sound.

Euroclydon, yû-rôk'-lè-dôn. *s.* a tempestuous north-east wind.

European, yû-rô-pê'-ân. *a.* belonging to Europe

Eurus, yû-rûs. *s.* the east wind.

Euthanas, yû-thân'-â-sè. *s.* an easy death.

Evacuate, ê-vâ'-kâte. *v. a.* to empty out, to throw out. [quit.]

Evacuate, ê-vâk'-û-âte. *v. a.* to make empty; to

Evacuation, ê-vâk'-û-â-shûn. *s.* discharge; the practice of emptying.

Evade, ê-vâde'. *v. a.* to elude, to avoid.

Evade, ê-vâde'. *v. n.* to escape, to slip away.

Evagation, êv-â-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of wandering, deviation. [perceptible]

Evanescence, êv-â-nès'-sènt. *a.* vanishing, imperceptible.

Evangelical, êv-ân-jêl'-ê-kâl. *a.* agreeable to gospel.

Evangelism, ê-vân-jê-lîzm. *s.* the promulgation of the blessed gospel.

Evangelist, ê-vân-jê-lîst. *s.* a writer of the history of our Lord Jesus. [the gospel.]

Evangelize, ê-vân-jê-lîze. *v. a.* to instruct in the gospel.

Evanid, ê-vân-îd. *a.* faint, weak.

Evaporable, ê-vâp-ô-râ-bl. *a.* easily dissipated in fumes or vapours.

Evaporate, ê-vâp-ô-râte. *v. n.* to fly away in fumes or vapours.

Evaporate, ê-vâp-ô-râte. *v. a.* to drive away in fumes; to let out in ebullition or sallies.

Evaporation, ê-vâp-ô-râ-shûn. *s.* the act of flying away in fumes and vapours.

Evasion, ê-vâ-zhôn. *s.* excuse, subterfuge, artifice. [sive; sophistica.]

Evasive, ê-vâ-sîv. *a.* practising evasion, eluding.

Eve, êve. } *s.* the close of the day; the vigil

Even, ê'-vn. } or fast to be observed before a holiday.

Even, ê'-vn. *a.* level; uniform, smooth,

Even, ê'-vn. *v. a.* to make even; to make level.

Even, ê'-vn. *ad.* a word of strong assertion; verily; supposing that; notwithstanding.

Evenhanded, ê'-vn-hân-dèd. *a.* impartial, equitable.

Evening, ê'-vn-ing. *s.* the close of the day.

Evenly, ê'-vn-lè. *ad.* equally; smoothly; impartially.

Evenness, ê'-vn-nès. *s.* uniformity, regularity, equality of surface; freedom from perturbation.

Eventide, ê'-vn-tîde. *s.* the time of

mò, mòve, mòr, mòt;—tùbe, tùb, tùll;—òll;—pòònd;—thùs, tùm.

Event, è-ven'. *s.* any thing that happens; the consequence of an action.
Eventful, è-ven'-fùl *a.* full of incidents.
Eventilate, è-ven'-lè-làte. *v. a.* to winnow, to sift out; to examine.
Eventual, è-ven'-tshù-ál. *a.* consequential.
Eventually, è-ven'-tshù-ál-lè. *ad.* in the event, in the last result.
Ever, èv'-úr. *ad.* at any time; for ever.
Evergreen, èv'-úr-grèen. *s.* a plant that retains its verdure through all the seasons.
Everlasting, èv'-úr-làs'-ting. *a.* enduring without end, perpetual.
Everlasting, èv'-úr-làs'-ting. *s.* eternity.
Everlastingly, èv'-úr-làs'-ting-lè. *ad.* eternally, without end. [perpetuity]
Everlastingness, èv'-úr-làs'-ting-nèa. *s.* eternity.
Everliving, èv'-úr-liv'-ing. *a.* living without end.
Evermore, èv'-úr-mòre'. *ad.* always, eternally.
Evert, è-vert'. *v. a.* to destroy.
Every, èv'-úr-è. *a.* each one of all.
Everyday, èv'-úr-è-rà. *a.* usual, happening every day.
Evendropper, èvz'-dròp-púr. *s.* a mean fellow that skulks about the house in the night.
Evict, è-vikt'. *v. a.* to take away by a sentence of law.
Evidence, èv'-è-dènsè. *s.* the state of being evident; testimony; witness. [discovery of]
Evidence, èv'-è-dènsè. *v. a.* to prove, to make evident.
Evident, èv'-è-dènt. *a.* plain, apparent.
Evidently, èv'-è-dènt-lè. *ad.* apparently.
Evil, è-v'. *a.* wicked, corrupt; mischievous.
Evil, è-v'. *s.* wickedness, mischief; corruption; calamity; a disease. [injuriously]
Evil, è-v'. *ad.* not well in whatever respect;
Evilminded, è-vl-mind'-éd. *a.* malicious, mischievous.
Evilness, è-vl-nèa. *s.* contrariety to goodness.
Eviling, è-vl-spè-king. *s.* defamation, calumny.
Evince, è-vins'. *v. a.* to prove, to show.
Evinceable, è-vin'-sè-bl. *a.* capable of proof, demonstrable.
Eviscerate, è-vis'-sè-ràte. *v. a.* to embowel.
Avoidable, èv'-è-tà-bl. *a.* avoidable.
Avoid, èv'-è-tàte. *v. a.* to avoid, to shun.
Avoidance, èv'-è-tà'-shùs. *s.* the act of avoiding.

Evocation, èv-ò-kà'-shùs. *s.* the act of calling out. [away]
Evolution, èv-ò-là'-shùs. *s.* the act of flying
Evolution, èv-ò-lù'-shùs. *s.* the act of unfolding; the series of things unfolded or unfolded.
Evolve, è-vòlv'. *v. a.* to unfold, to disentangle.
Evolve, è-vòlv'. *v. n.* to open itself, to disclose itself.
Evulgarization, èv-ùl-gà'-shùs. *s.* the act of divulging. [out]
Evulsion, è-vùl'-shùs. *s.* the act of plucking
Ewe, yù. *s.* the she sheep.
Ewer, yù'-úr. *s.* a vessel in which water is brought for washing the hands.
Exacerbate, ègz-às-è. *v. a.* to embitter, to exasperate.
Exacerbation, ègz-às-èr-bà'-shùs. *s.* augmented force or severity.
Exacerbation, ègz-às-sèr-và'-shùs. *s.* the act of heaping up. [rate; strict]
Exact, ègz-àkt'. *a.* nice; methodical; accurate.
Exact, ègz-àkt'. *v. a.* to require authoritatively; to demand of right.
Exact, ègz-àkt'. *v. n.* to practise extortion.
Extortion, ègz-àkt'-shùs. *s.* extortion, unjust demand.
Exactly, ègz-àkt'-lè. *ad.* accurately, nicely.
Exactness, ègz-àkt'-nèa. *s.* accuracy, nicely.
Exaggerate, ègz-àdje'-è-ràte. *v. a.* to heighten by representation.
Exaggeration, ègz-àdje-è-rà'-shùs. *s.* the act of heaping together; hyperbolical amplification.
Exagitate, ègz-àdje'-è-tàte. *v. a.* to shake, to put in motion.
Exagitation, ègz-àdje-è-tà'-shùs. *s.* the act of shaking. [to extol]
Exalt, ègz-àlt'. *v. a.* to raise on high; to elevate.
Exaltation, ègz-àl-tà'-shùs. *s.* the act of raising on high; elevation in power or dignity.
Examine, ègz-à-mèn. *s.* examination, disquisition. [annexed]
Examine, ègz-àm'-è-nàte. *s.* the person examining.
Examination, ègz-àm-è-nà'-shùs. *s.* the act of examining by questions or experiment.
Examine, ègz-àm'-ìn. *v. a.* to try by interrogatories; to question a witness; to search into, to scrutinize.
Examiner, ègz-àm'-è-nùr. *s.* one

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fâ; —mê, mêt; —pine, pin; —

gates a criminal on evidence; one who searches or tries any thing.
Example, êgz-âm'-pl. *s.* copy or pattern, precedent. [blood.]
Exangulate, êk-sâng'-gwê-ûs. *a.* having no blood.
Exanimate, êgz-ân'-ê-mâte. *a.* lifeless, dead; spiritless. [of life.]
Examination, êgz-ân-ê-mâ'-shûn. *s.* deprivation
Exanimous, êgz-ân-ê-mûs. *a.* lifeless, dead.
Exantlate, êgz-ânt'-lâte. *v. a.* to draw out; to exhaust. [drawing out.]
Exantlation, êks-ânt-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of
Exasperate, êgz-âs'-pê-âte. *v. a.* to provoke to enrage, to irritate.
Exasperation, êgz-âs-pê-râ'-shûn. *s.* aggravation, provocation, irritation.
Excantation, êks-kân-tâ'-shûn. *s.* disenchantment by a counter charm. [flesh.]
Excaruate, êks-kâr'-mâte. *v. a.* to clear from
Excavate, êks-kâ'-vâté. *v. a.* to hollow, to cut into hollows.
Excavation, êks-kâ-vâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of cutting into hollows; the hollow formed.
Exceed, êk-sêéd'. *v. a.* to go beyond; to excel, to surpass. [beyond any limits.]
Exceed, êk-sêéd'. *v. n.* to go too far; to go
Exceeding, êk-sêé'-ding. *part. a.* great in quantity, extent, or duration. [degree.]
Exceedingly, êk-sêé'-ding-lê. *ad.* to a great
Excel, êk-sêl'. *v. a.* to surpass.
Excel, êk-sêl'. *v. n.* to have good qualities in a great degree.
Excellence, êk'-sêl'-ênse. } *s.* dignity, high
Excellency, êk'-sêl'-ên-sê. } rank; a title of honour.
Excellent, êk'-sêl'-ênst. *a.* of great virtue or dignity. [degree.]
Excellently, êk'-sêl'-ênst-lê. *ad.* well in a high
Except, êk-sêpt'. *v. a.* to leave out. [tions.]
Except, êk-sêpt'. *v. n.* to object, to make objection.
Except, êk-sêpt'. *prep.* exclusively of; unless.
Excepting, êk-sêp'-ihg. *prep.* without inclusion of, with exception of.
Exception, êk-sêp'-shûn. *s.* thing excepted; objection; offence taken.
Exceptionable, êk-sêp'-shûn-â-bl. *a.* liable to objection.
Excite, êk-sê-té. *v. a.* to rouse, to stir up.
Excitement, êk-sê-tém-nt. *s.* the motive by which one is stirred up.
Exclaim, êks-klâme'. *v. n.* to cry out with vehemence, to make an outcry. [clamour]
Exclamation, êks-klâ-mâ'-shûn. *s.* outcry
Exclamatory, êks-klâm-â-tôr-ê. *a.* practising or containing exclamation.
Exclude, êks-klûde'. *v. a.* to shut out; to except
Exclusion, êks-klû'-zhûn. *s.* the act of shutting out; exception.
Exclusive, êks-klû'-siv. *a.* having the power of excluding, or denying admission; excepting
Exclusively, êks-klû'-siv-lê. *ad.* without admission of another to participation; without comprehension in any account or number.
Excogitate, êks-kôdje'-ê-tâte. *v. a.* to invent, to strike out by thinking.
Excommunicate, êks-kôm-mû'-nê-kâte. *v. a.* to eject from the communion of the church by an ecclesiastical censure.
Excommunication, êks-kôm-mû-nê-kâ'-shûn. *s.*

Exceptive, êk-sêp'-tiv. *a.* including an exception. [lecting all exceptions]
Exceptless, êk-sêp'-lês. *c.* omitting or neg
Exceptor, êk-sêp'-tôr. *s.* objector.
Excern, êk-sêrn'. *v. a.* to strain out.
Excursion, êk-sêrp'-shûn. *s.* the act of gleaning; the thing gleaned.
Excess, êk-sê-s. *s.* superfluity; intemperance.
Excessive, êk-sê-s'-siv. *a.* beyond the common proportion. [eminently]
Excessively, êk-sê-s'-siv-lê. *ad.* exceedingly,
Exchange, êks-ihshânje'. *v. a.* to give and take reciprocally.
Exchange, êks-ihshânje. *s.* barter; the balance of the money of different nations; the place where merchants meet to negotiate their affairs.
Exchequer, êks-ihshêk'-tôr. *s.* the court to which are brought all the revenues belonging to the crown. [modities]
Excise, êk-size. *s.* a tax levied upon commodities.
Exciseman, êk-size'-mân. *s.* an officer who inspects commodities.
Excision, êk-sizh'-ûn. *s.* extirpation, destruction
Excitation, êk-sê-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of exciting or putting into motion.
Excite, êk-sê-té'. *v. a.* to rouse, to stir up.
Excitement, êk-sê-tém-nt. *s.* the motive by which one is stirred up.
Exclaim, êks-klâme'. *v. n.* to cry out with vehemence, to make an outcry. [clamour]
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Excogitate, êks-kôdje'-ê-tâte. *v. a.* to invent, to strike out by thinking.
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Excommunication, êks-kôm-mû-nê-kâ'-shûn. *s.*

êk-sêp'-shûn. *s.* neevish, froward.

nd, ndve, ndr, ndr;—tùbe, tùb, háll;—dn;—pòdnd;—thin, trin.

an ecclesiastical interdict, exclusion from the fellowship of the church.
Excoriate, òks-kò-ré-àte. *v. a.* to flay, to strip off the skin. [the act of flaying.]
Excoriation, òks-kò-ré-à'-shùn. *s.* loss of skin.
Excoortication, òks-kòr-té-ká'-shùn. *s.* pulling the bark off any thing.
Excrement, òks-kre'-mènt. *s.* that which is thrown out from the natural passages of the body. [is voided as excrement.]
Excremental, òks-kre'-mènt'-tál. *a.* that which
Excrecence, òks-kre'-sèns. } *s.* somewhat
Excrecency, òks-kre'-sènsè. } growing out of another without use, and contrary to the common order of production.
Excretion, òks-kre'-shùn. *s.* separation of animal substance.
Excretive, òks-kre'-tív. *a.* having the power of ejecting excrements. [torment.]
Excruciable, òks-króò'-shé-à-bl. *a.* liable to
Excruciate, òks-króò'-shé-àte. *v. a.* to torture.
Excubation, òks-kú-bá'-shùn. *s.* the act of watching all night.
Exculpate, òks-kúl'-páte. *v. a.* to clear from the imputation of a fault.
Excursion, òks-kúr'-shùn. *s.* an expedition into some distant part; digression.
Excursive, òks-kúr'-sív. *a.* rambling, wandering.
Excusable, òks-kú'-zá-bl. *a.* pardonable.
Excusableness, òks-kú'-zá-bl-nés. *s.* pardonableness. [cuse, apologetical.]
Excusatory, òks-kú'-zá-túr-é. *a.* pleading ex-
Excuse, òks-kúze'. *v. a.* to extenuate by apology; to disengage from an obligation; to remit; to pardon. [tion, apology.]
Excuse, òks-kúze'. *s.* plea offered in extenuation.
Excuseless, òks-kúze'-lès. *a.* inexcusable. [law.]
Excuse, òks-kúze'. *v. a.* to seize and detain by
Excussion, òks-kúsh'-shùn. *s.* seizure by law.
Execrable, òk'-sè-krá-bl. *a.* hateful, detestable.
Execrably, òk'-sè-krá-blè. *ad.* cursedly, abominably. [cate ill upon.]
Execrate, òk'-sè-kráte. *v. a.* to curse, to imprecate.
Execration, òk'-sè-krá'-shùn. *s.* a curse, imprecation of evil. [put to death.]
Execute, òk'-sè-kúte. *v. a.* to put into act; to
Execution, òk'-sè-kúshùn. *s.* performance; seizure; death inflicted by forms of law.

Executioner, òk'-sè-kú'-shùn-ér. *s.* he that inflicts capital punishment.
Executive, ògz-òk'-ù-tív. *a.* having the quality of executing or performing; active; having the power to put in act the laws.
Executor, ògz-òk'-ù-túr. *s.* he that is intrusted to perform the will of a testator.
Executory, ògz-òk'-ù-tó-ré. *a.* performing official duties.
Executrix, ògz-òk'-ù-tríks. *s.* a woman intrusted to perform the will of a testator.
Exemplar, ògz-ém'-plár. *s.* a pattern, an example to be imitated.
Exemplarily, ògz-ém'-plár-é-lè. *ad.* in such a manner as deserves imitation.
Exemplary, ògz-ém'-plár-é. *a.* such as may deserve to be proposed to imitation; such as may give warning to others.
Exemplification, ògz-ém'-plé-fé-ká'-shùn. *s.* a copy, a transcript; an illustration by example.
Exemplify, ògz-ém'-plé-fí. *v. a.* to illustrate by example; to copy.
Exempt, ògz-ém't. *v. a.* to privilege, to grant immunity from.
Exempt, ògz-ém't. *a.* free by privilege.
Exemption, ògz-ém'-shùn. *s.* immunity, privilege.
Exercise, òks'-ér-size. *s.* labour of the body for health or amusement; practice; task; act of divine worship.
Exercise, òks'-ér-size. *v. a.* to employ; to train by use; to task; to practise or use.
Exert, ògz-ért'. *v. a.* to use with an effort; to put forth, to perform. [effort.]
Exertion, ògz-ért'-shùn. *s.* the act of exerting.
Exesion, ògz-é'-shùn. *s.* the act of eating through.
Exfoliate, òks-fó'-lè-àte. *v. r.* to shed off.
Exhalable, ògz-há'-lá-bl. *a.* that which may be evaporated. [in vapours.]
Exhalation, òks-há'-lá'-shùn. *s.* that which rises
Exhale, ògz-háte'. *v. a.* to send or draw out vapours or fumes. [ed, vapour.]
Exhaustment, ògz-háwst'-mènt. *s.* matter exhaled.
Exhaust, ògz-háwst'. *v. a.* to drain, to draw out till nothing is left. [ing.]
Exhaustion, ògz-háwst'-tsi-òn. *s.* the act of drawing.
Exhaustless, ògz-háwst'-lès. *a.* inexhaust

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plnc, pln; —

Exhibit, êgz-ihv'-it. *v. a.* to show, to display.
Exhibitor, êgz-ihv'-k-ôr. *s.* he that offers any thing.
Exhibition, êks-hê-lish'-ân. *s.* the act of exhibiting, setting forth; allowance, salary.
Exhilarate, êgz-ihl'-â-râte. *v. a.* to make cheerful.
Exhilaration, êgz-ihl'-â-râ'-shûn. *s.* the act of giving gaiety; the state of being enlivened.
Exhort, êgz-hôr't. *v. a.* to incite by words to any good action.
Exhortation, êks-hôr-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of exhorting, incitement to good.
Exhortative, êgz-hôr'-tâ-iv'. *a.* tending to, or containing exhortation. [exhort.
Exhortatory, êgz-hôr'-tâ-tôr-ê. *a.* tending to exhort, êk-êk'-kâte. *v. a.* to dry.
Exiccative, êk-êk'-kâ-iv'. *a.* drying n quality.
Exigence, êk'-sê-jênse. } *s.* demand, need;
Exigency, êk'-sê-jên-sê. } pressing necessity.
Exigent, êk'-sê-jênt. } *s.* pressing business.
Exiguous, êgz-ig'-û-ûs. *a.* small, diminutive.
Exile, êks'-ile. *s.* banishment, the person banished.
Exile, êg-zil'-ê. *v. a.* to banish, to drive from a country. [ness.
Exhibition, êks-ê-lish'-ân. *s.* slender ness, sra'l'.
Exist, êg-zist'. *v. u.* to be, to have a being
Existence, êg-zis'tênse. } *s.* state of being.
Existency, êg-zis'tên-sê. }
Existent, êg-zis'tênt. *a.* in being.
Exit, êks'-it. *s.* departure, act of quitting; the theatre of life.
Exodus, êks'-ô-dûs. *s.* departure, journey from a place; the second book of Moses.
Exonerate, êgz-ôn'-êr-âte. *v. a.* to absolve, to absolve.
Exoneration, êgz-ôn'-êr-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of absolving.
Exorable, êks'-ô-râ-bl. *a.* to be moved by entreaty.
Exorbitance, êgz-ôr'-tê-tânse. } *v.* enormity;
Exorbitancy, êgz-ôr'-tê-tân-sê. } extravagant demand. } excessive.
Exorbitant, êgz-ôr'-tê-tânt. *a.* enormous, ex-
Exorcise, êks'-ôr-size. *v. a.* to adjure by some holy name; to purify from the influence of evil spirits

Exorcism, êks'-ôr-sizm. *s.* the form of adjuration, by which evil spirits are driven away.
Exordium, êgz-ôr'-dê-ûm. *s.* a formal preface.
Exornation, êks-ôr-nâ'-shûn. *s.* ornament, decoration.
Exotick, êgz-ôt'-ik. *a.* foreign, not produced in our own country.
Expand, êk-spând'. *v. a.* to spread, to lay open; to dilate.
Expanse, êk-spânsê'. *s.* a body widely extended without inequalities. [of extension
Expansibility, êk-spân-sê-hil'-ê-tê. *s.* capacity
Expansible, êk-spân-sê-bl. *a.* capable to be extended. [space
Expansion, êks-pân'-shûn. *s.* extent; pure
Expansive, êks-pân'-siv'. *a.* having the power to spread into a wider surface.
Expatriate, êk-spâ'-shê-âte. *v. u.* to range at large; to enlarge upon in language.
Expect, êk-spêkt'. *v. a.* to have a previous apprehension of either good or evil; to wait for.
Expectance, êk-spêk'-tânse. } *s.* the act of
Expectancy, êk-spêk'-tân-sê. } state of expecting; something expected.
Expectant, êk-spêk'-tânt. *a.* waiting in expectation. [expectation.
Expectant, êk-spêk'-tânt. *s.* one who waits in
Expectation, êk-spêk'-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act or state of expecting. [from the breast.
Expectorate, êks-pêk'-tô-râte. *v. a.* to eject
Expectoration, êks-pêk'-tô-râ'-shûn. *s.* the act of discharging from the breast; a discharge by coughing.
Expediency, êks-pê-dê-ênse. } *s.* fitness, pro-
Expediency, êks-pê-dê-ên-sê. } priety; haste.
Expedient, êks-pê-dê-ênt, or êks-pê-jê-ênt. } proper, fit.
Expedient, êks-pê-dê-ênt. *s.* that which helps forward; a shift, means to an end. [ably
Expediently, êks-pê-dê-ênt-lê. *ad.* fitly, suit-
Expedite, êks'-pê-dûe. *v. a.* to facilitate, to hasten; to despatch.
Expedite, êks'-pê-dûe. *a.* disencumbered; nimble, active; light armed.
Expedition, êks-pê-dish'-ân. *s.* speed, activity
Expedition, êks-pê-dish'-ân. *s.* speed, activity
Expeditions, êks-pê-dish'-ûs. *a.* speedy, quick, swift.

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, tùb, bùll; —dùl; —pòcud; —chin, tuis.

- Expel**, òks-pèl'. *v. a.* to drive out, to force away.
Expend, òks-pènd'. *v. a.* to lay out, to spend.
Expense, òks-pèns'. *s.* cost, charges.
Expenseless, òks-pèns'-lès. *a.* without cost.
Expensive, òks-pèn'-siv. *a.* given to expense; costly.
Expensively, òks-pèn'-siv-lè. *ad.* with great [expense].
Expensiveness, òks-pèn'-siv-nès. *s.* extravagance; costliness. [quent trial].
Experience, òks-pè-rè-èns. *s.* practice, fro-
Experience, òks-pè-rè-èns. *v. a.* to practise; to know by practice.
Experienced, òks-pè-rè-ènst. *part. a.* made skilful by experiance. [thing].
Experiment, òks-pèr-è-mènt. *s.* trial of any
Experimental, òks-pèr-è-mèn'-tál. *a.* built upon experiment; known by experiment.
Experimentally, òks-pèr-è-mèn'-tál-è. *ad.* by experience.
Expert, òks-pèrt'. *a.* skilful; ready, dexterous.
Expertly, òks-pèrt'-lè. *ad.* in a skilful, ready manner.
Expertness, òks-pèrt'-nès. *s.* skill, readiness.
Expiable, òks-pè-à-bl. *a.* capable to be expiated.
Expiate, òks-pè-à-te. *v. a.* to annul the guilt of a crime; to atone for.
Expiation, òks-pè-à-shùn. *s.* the act of expiating or atoning for any crime.
Expiatory, òks-pè-à-tùr-è. *a.* having the power of expiation.
Expiration, òks-pè-rà'-shùn. *s.* the act of breathing; the conclusion of any limited time; death.
Expire, òk-spi-rè'. *v. a.* to breathe out; to exhale, to send out in exhalations.
Expire, òk-spi-rè'. *v. n.* to die, to breathe the last; to conclude. [trate].
Explain, òks-plà-ne'. *v. a.* to expound; to illustrate.
Explainable, òks-plà-ne'-à-bl. *a.* capable of being explained.
Explanation, òks-plà-nà'-shùn. *s.* the act of explaining or interpreting; the sense given by an explainer or interpreter.
Explanatory, òks-plàn'-à-tùr-è. *a.* containing explanation.
Explicative, òks-plè-èv. *s.* something used only to take up room.
Explicable, òks-plè-à-bl. *a.* explainable.
Explicate, òks-plè-kà-te. *v. a.* to unfold. to
- Explication**, òks-plè-kà'-shùn. *s.* the act of unfolding or explaining; the sense given by explainer.
Explicative, òks-plè-kà-èv. *a.* having a tendency to explain.
Explicit, òks-plis'-h. *a.* plain, clear.
Explicitly, òks-plis'-h-lè. *ad.* plainly.
Explode, òks-plò-de'. *v. a.* to drive out with noise. [cessful attempt].
Exploit, òks-plòt'. *s.* an achievement, a success.
Explore, òks-plò-rà-te. *v. a.* to search out.
Exploration, òks-plò-rà'-shùn. *s.* search, examination. [examining].
Exploratory, òks-plòr'-à-tùr-è. *a.* searching,
Explore, òks-plò-rè'. *v. a.* to search into, to examine by trial.
Explosion, òks-plò-zhùn. *s.* the act of driving out any thing with noise and violence.
Explosive, òks-plò-èv. *a.* driving out with noise and violence.
Export, òks-pòrt'. *v. a.* to carry out of a country.
Export, òks-pòrt. *s.* commodity carried out in traffick.
Exportation, òks-pòr-tà'-shùn. *s.* the act or practice of carrying out commodities into other countries.
Expose, òks-pòze'. *v. a.* to lay open, to make liable to. [interpretation].
Exposition, òks-pò-zish'-ùn. *s.* an explanation,
Expositor, òks-pòz'-è-tùr. *s.* an explainer, interpreter.
Expostulate, òks-pòs'-tshù-là-te. *v. n.* to debate; to remonstrate in a friendly manner.
Expostulation, òks-pòs'-tshù-là'-shùn. *s.* debate, discussion of an affair.
Expostulatory, òks-pòs'-tshù-là-tùr-è. *a.* containing expostulation.
Exposure, òks-pò-zhù-re. *s.* the act of exposing; the state of being exposed.
Expound, òks-pòund'. *v. a.* to explain, to clear to interpret. [preter].
Expounder, òks-pòund'-dùr. *s.* explainer, interpreter.
Express, òks-près'. *v. a.* to represent; to declare; to squeeze out.
Express, òks-près'. *a.* resembling, exactly like plain; for a particular end.
Express, òks-près'. *s.* a messenger sent on purpose; a message sent.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pîns, pîn; —

- Expressible**, êks-prês-sê-bl. *a.* that may be uttered or declared.
- Expression**, êks-prêsh'-ân. *s.* the act or power of representing any thing; a phrase, a mode of speech; the act of saying or forcing out.
- Expressive**, êks-prês'-siv. *a.* having the power of utterance or representation.
- Expressively**, êks-prês'-siv-îe. *ad.* in a clear and representative way.
- Expressiveness**, êks-prês'-siv-nês. *s.* the power of expression, or representation by words.
- Expressly**, êks-prês'-lê. *ad.* in direct terms.
- Expressure**, êks-prêsh'-ûre. *s.* expression, utterance; form; mark.
- Exprobate**, êks-prô'-brâte. *v. a.* to impute openly with blame, to upbraid.
- Exprobation**, êks-prô'-brâ'-shûn. *s.* scornful charge, reproachful accusation.
- Expropriate**, êks-prô'-prê-âte. *v. a.* to relinquish one's property. [by assault]
- Expugn**, êks-pûnê'. *v. a.* to conquer, to take
- Expugnation**, êks-pûg-nâ'-shûn. *s.* conquest, the act of taking by assault. [away.]
- Expulse**, êks-pûlse'. *v. a.* to drive out, to force
- Expulsion**, êks-pûl'-shûn. *s.* the act of expelling; the state of being driven out.
- Expulsive**, êks-pûl'-siv. *a.* having the power of expulsion. [to efface]
- Expunge**, êks-pûnjê'. *v. a.* to blot or rub out
- Expurgation**, êks-pûr-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of cleaning; purification.
- Expurgatory**, êks-pûr'-gâ-tûr-ê. *a.* employed in purging away what is noxious.
- Exquisite**, êks'-kwê-zh. *a.* excellent, complete.
- Exquisitely**, êks'-kwê-zh-lê. *ad.* perfectly, completely. [fection.]
- Exquisiteness**, êks'-kwê-zh-nês. *s.* nicety, perfection.
- Exsiccant**, êk-sik'-kân. *a.* drying.
- Exsiccate**, êk-sik'-kâte. *v. a.* to dry. [ing.]
- Exsiccation**, êk-sik'-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of drying.
- Exsiccative**, êk-sik'-kâ-tiv. *a.* having the power of drying. [spitting.]
- Expulsion**, êk-spû-lsh'-ân. *s.* a discharge by
- Exsuction**, êk-sûk'-shûn. *s.* the act of sucking out. [to stir up.]
- Exsuscitate**, êk-sûs'-sê-tâto. *v. a.* to rouse up
- Extacy**, êk-âshn-sê. *s.* parts rising above the rest.
- Extant**, êk-âshn. *a.* standing out to view; now in being.
- Extatical**, êk-âsh'-ê-kâl. } *a.* rapturous.
- Extatick**, êk-âsh'-ik. }
- Extemporal**, êks-tê'm'-pô-râl. }
- Extemporaneous**, êks-tê'm'-pô-râ'-nê-ûa. } *a.*
- Extemporary**, êks-tê'm'-pô-râ-ê. }
- uttered or performed without premeditation
- Extempore**, êks-tê'm'-pô-rê. *ad.* without premeditation, readily.
- Extemporize**, êks-tê'm'-pô-rize. *v. a.* to speak extempore, or without premeditation.
- Extend**, êks-tênd'. *v. a.* to stretch out; to enlarge; to increase. [sion.]
- Extendible**, êks-tên'-tê-bl. *a.* capable of extension.
- Extendless**, êks-tênd'-lêss-nês. *s.* unlimited extension.
- Extendible**, êks-tên'-sê-bl. *a.* capable of being stretched into length or breadth.
- Extension**, êks-tên'-shûn. *s.* the act of extending; state of being extended.
- Extensive**, êks-tên'-siv. *a.* wide, large.
- Extensively**, êks-tên'-siv-lê. *ad.* widely, largely
- Extensiveness**, êks-tên'-siv-nês. *s.* largeness, diffusiveness, wideness.
- Extent**, êks-tên'. *s.* space or degree to which any thing is extended; communication; execution. [palliate]
- Extenuate**, êks-tên'-b-âte. *v. a.* to lessen; to
- Extenuation**, êks-tên'-b-â'-shûn. *s.* palliation, mitigation. [sick]
- Exterior**, êks-tê'-rê-ûr. *a.* external, not internal
- Exteriorly**, êks-tê'-rê-ûr-lê. *ad.* outwardly, externally.
- Exterminate**, êks-têr'-mê-nâte. *v. a.* to root out, to tear up; to destroy. [tion, excision.]
- Extirpation**, êks-têr'-mê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* destruction.
- Extirpator**, êks-têr'-mê-nâ-tûr. *s.* the person or instrument by which any thing is destroyed. [ing to extermination.]
- Extirpator**, êks-têr'-mê-nâ-tûr-ê. *a.* tend-
- External**, êks-têr'-nâl. *a.* outward, opposite to internal.
- Externally**, êks-têr'-nâl-ê. *ad.* outwardly.
- Extillation**, êk-sûl-lâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of filtering in drops.
- Extinct**, êk-sûngkt'. *a.* extinguished, put out, abolished.

no, máva, ndr, nót;—túbe, táb, búh;—ón;—póand;—chin, this.

- Extinction**, êk-sing'-shún. *s.* the act of quenching; state of being quenched; excision, suppression. [to quench; to destroy.]
- Extinguish**, êk-sing'-gwish. *v. a.* to put out.
- Extinguishable**, êk-sing'-gwish-á-bl. *a.* that may be quenched or destroyed.
- Extinguisher**, êk-sing'-gwish-ár. *s.* a hollow cone put upon a candle to quench it.
- Extinguishment**, êk-sing'-gwish-mént. *s.* extinction; suppression; abolition, nullification.
- Extirpate**, êk-sár'-pát. *v. a.* to root out, to excise.
- Extirpation**, êk-sár'-pá'-shún. *s.* the act of rooting out, excision. [celebrate.]
- Extol**, êk-sól'. *v. a.* to praise, to magnify, to extort, êk-tór'. *v. a.* to draw by force, to wrest; to gain by violence or oppression.
- Extort**, êk-tór'. *v. n.* to practise oppression and violence, or usury.
- Extortion**, êk-tór'-shún. *s.* the act or practice of gaining by violence, or usury.
- Extortioner**, êk-tór'-shún-ár. *s.* one who practises extortion. [select.]
- Extract**, êk-trák'. *v. a.* to draw out of; to extract, êk-trák'. *s.* the chief parts drawn from any thing; the chief heads of a book.
- Extraction**, êk-trák'-shún. *s.* the act of drawing one part out of a compound; lineage, descent.
- Extrajudicial**, êk-trá-jú-dish-ál. *a.* out of the regular course of law.
- Extramission**, êk-trá-mish-ún. *s.* the act of emitting outwards.
- Extramundane**, êk-trá-mán-dáne. *a.* beyond the verge of the material world.
- Extraneous**, êk-trá-né-ús. *a.* belonging to a different substance; foreign. [commonly.]
- Extraordinarily**, êk-trór'-de-nár-é-lé. *ad.* uncommonly.
- Extraordinariness**, êk-trór'-de-nár-é-nés. *s.* uncommonness, remarkableness.
- Extraordinary**, êk-trór'-de-nár-é. *a.* different from common order and method; eminent.
- Extraparochial**, êk-trá-pár-ó-ké-ál. *a.* not comprehended within any parish.
- Extraregular**, êk-trá-rég-ú-ár. *a.* not comprehended within a rule.
- Extravagance**, êk-tráv'-á-gánsé. } *s.* irregularity, wildness; waste
- Extravagancey**, êk-tráv'-á-gán-sé. }
- Extravagant**, êk-tráv'-á-gánt. *a.* roving beyond just limits; irregular; wasteful.
- Extravagantly**, êk-tráv'-á-gánt-é. *ad.* in an extravagant manner; wastefully.
- Extravagantness**, êk-tráv'-á-gánt-nés. *s.* excess, excursion beyond limits.
- Extravasated**, êk-tráv'-vá-sá-téd. *a.* forced out of the proper containing vessels.
- Extravasation**, êk-trá-vá-sá-shún. *s.* the act of forcing, or state of being forced, out of the proper containing vessels.
- Extreme**, êk-trémé'. *a.* greatest, of the highest degree; utmost.
- Extreme**, êk-trémé'. *s.* utmost point, highest degree of any thing. [degree.]
- Extremely**, êk-trémé'-lé. *ad.* in the utmost.
- Extremity**, êk-trém'-é-té. *s.* the utmost point; rigour, distress. [to set free.]
- Extricate**, êk-tré-káte. *v. a.* to disambarrass.
- Extraction**, êk-tré-ká'-shún. *s.* the act of disambarrassing. [ward.]
- Extrinsical**, êk-trín-sé-kál. *a.* external, out-
- Extrinsically**, êk-trín-sé-kál-é. *ad.* from without.
- Extrinsic**, êk-trín-sék. *a.* outward, external.
- Extruet**, êk-strák'. *v. a.* to build, to raise.
- Extractor**, êk-strák'-tár. *s.* a builder, a fabricator.
- Extrude**, êk-tród'. *v. a.* to thrust out.
- Extrusion**, êk-tród'-shún. *s.* the act of thrusting or driving out.
- Exuberance**, êgz-ú-bé-ránsé. *s.* overgrowth, superfluous abundance.
- Exuberant**, êgz-ú-bé-ránt. *a.* superfluously plentiful; abounding in the utmost degree.
- Exuberantly**, êk-ú-bé-ránt-é. *ad.* abundantly.
- Exuberate**, êgz-ú-bé-ráte. *v. n.* to abound in the highest degree.
- Exuccous**, êk-súk-kús. *a.* without juice, dry.
- Exudation**, êk-sú-dá-shún. *s.* the matter issuing out by sweat from any body.
- Exulate**, êk-sú-dáte. } *v. n.* to sweat out, to exude, êk-súde. } issue by sweat.
- Exulcerate**, êgz-ú-sé-ráte. *v. a.* to make sore with an ulcer.
- Exulceration**, êk-sú-sé-rá-shún. *s.* the beginning erosion which forms an ulcer; excoriation.

Fais, fâ, fâl, fât;—m. mêt;—plus, pln;—

Exult, *âg-âk'*. v. n. to rejoice above measure, to triumph.

Exultation, *âk-dî-tâ-shân*. s. joy, triumph.

Exuperable, *âk-sâ-pêr-â-bl.* a. conquerable, vincible. [greater proportion.

Exuperance, *âk-sâ-pê-rânse.* s. overbalance.

Exuscitate, *âk-sûs-sé-tâte.* v. a. to stir up, to rouse. [up.

Exustion, *âg-âs-tshân.* s. the act of burning.

Exuvia, *âg-â-ré-é.* s. cast skin, cast shells, whatever is shed by animals. [the nest.

Eyas, *l'-âs.* s. a young hawk just taken from

Eye, l. plural eyes. the organ of vision; aspect; regard; small notch into which a hook goes; bud of a plant.

Eye, l. v. a. to watch, to keep in view.

Eyeball, *l'-bâwl.* s. the apple of the eye. [eye.

Eyebrow, *l'-brû.* s. the hairy arch over the

Eyeless, *l'-lès.* a. without eyes, sightless.

Eyelet, *l'-lét.* s. a hole through which light may enter; any small perforation. [the eye.

Eyelid, *l'-lîd.* s. the membrane that shuts over

Eyeshot, *l'-shôt.* s. sight, glance, view.

Eyesight, *l'-sîte.* s. sight of the eye. [sight.

Eyesore, *l'-sôre.* s. something offensive to the

Eyetooth, *l'-tôôth.* s. the tooth in the upper jaw next the grinders, the fang.

Eyewitness, *l'-wî-wês.* s. one who gives testimony of facts seen with his own eyes.

Justices, *âre.* s. the court of justices itinerant.

Yrry, *â-ré.* s. the place where birds of prey build their nests.

F.

FABACIOUS, *fâ-bâ-shé-âs.* a. having the nature of a bean.

Fable, *fâ-bl.* s. a feigned story intended to enforce some moral precept; a fiction, a lie.

Fable, *fâ-bl.* v. n. to feign; to tell falsehoods.

Fabled, *fâ-bl.* a. celebrated in fables.

Fabricate, *fâb-ré-kâse.* v. a. to build, to construct; to forge, to devise falsely.

Fabrication, *fâb-ré-kâ-shân.* s. the act of building. [any system of matter.

Fabrick, *fâb-rîk.* s. a building, an edifice;

Fabulist, *fâb'-ô-âst.* s. a writer of fables.

Fabulous, *fâb'-ô-lôs.* a. a General Call of G. B. B.

Fabulously, *fâb'-ô-lôs-lé.* ad. in fiction.

Face, *fâse.* s. the visage; the front; appearance; confidence.

Face, *fâse.* v. n. to carry a false appearance to turn the face, to come in front.

Face, *fâse.* v. a. to meet in front, to oppose with confidence; to cover with an additional superficialities.

Faceless, *fâse'-lès.* a. without a face.

Facetious, *fâ-sé'-shûs.* a. gay, cheerful, lively.

Facetiously, *fâ-sé'-shûs-lé.* ad. gaily, cheerfully

Facetiousness, *fâ-sé'-shûs-nés.* s. cheerful wit mirth.

Facile, *fâs'-sîl.* a. easy, pliant, flexible.

Facilitate, *fâ-sîl'-é-tâte.* v. a. to make easy, to free from difficulty. [difficulty.

Facility, *fâ-sîl'-é-té.* s. easiness, freedom from

Facing, *fâ'-sîng.* s. an ornamental covering.

Facinorous, *fâ-sîn'-ô-rôs.* a. wicked, atrocious.

Fact, *fâkt.* s. reality; action, deed.

Faction, *fâk'-shûn.* s. a party, tumult.

Factionous, *fâk'-shûs.* a. given to faction.

Factionously, *fâk'-shûs-lé.* ad. in a manner criminally dissensious.

Factionous, *fâk'-shûs'-âs.* a. made by art. [stituto.

Factor, *fâk'-tôr.* s. an agent for another, a sub-

Factory, *fâk'-tôr-é.* s. a house or district inhabited by traders in a distant country; the traders embodied in one place.

Factotum, *fâk'-tô'-tâm.* s. a servant employed alike in all kinds of business.

Faculty, *fâk'-lît-é.* s. ability; reason; power; privilege, right to do any thing.

Faddle, *fâd'-dl.* v. n. to trifle, to play.

Fade, *fâde.* v. n. to tend from greater to less vigour; to tend from a brighter to a weaker colour; to wither; to die away gradually; to be transient.

Fadge, *fâdje.* v. n. to fit; to agree.

Fæces, *fâ-séz.* s. excrements, sediments.

Fag, *fâg.* v. n. to grow weary. [of any thing.

Fagend, *fâg-ênd'.* s. the refuse or meaner part

Fagot, *fâg-ôt.* s. a bundle of wood.

Fall, *fâle.* v. n. to be deficient; to be extinct; to perish; to decay; to miss.

Fail, *fâle.* v. a. to desert; not to assist; to omit; to be wanting to.

Failing, *fâ'-lîng.* s. deficiency, lapse.

nò, mòve, mòr, mòt; —tòbe, tób, hòll; —òl; —pòand; —òtis, tans.

Failure, fáil'-yòr. *s.* deficiency; omission; slip; a lapse.

Fain, fáin. *a.* merry, cheerful; obliged.

Fain, fáin. *ad.* gladly, very desirously.

Faint, fánt. *v. n.* to lose the animal functions, to sink motionless; to grow feeble. [pressé-l.

Faint, fánt. *a.* languid; feeble of body; de-

Fainthearted, fánt-hàrt'-éd. *a.* cowardly.

Fainting, fánt'-ing. *s.* temporary loss of animal motion.

Faintly, fánt'-lò. *ad.* feebly, languidly

Faintness, fánt'-nès. *s.* languor, feebleness.

Fair, fáir. *a.* beautiful; white in the complexion; clear; favourable; just; open; gentle; mild; equitable. [cessuall.

Fair, fáir. *ad.* gently, decently, civilly; suc-

Fair, fáir. *s.* elliptically, a fair woman; an annual or stated meeting of buyers and sellers.

Faunting, fáir'-ing. *s.* a present given at a fair.

Fairly, fáir'-lò. *ad.* beautifully; commodiously; honestly. justly; ingenuously; candidly; completely. [genúit.

Fairness, fáir'-nès. *s.* beauty; candour, in-

Fairspoken, fáir'-spò-kn. *a.* civil in language and address.

Fairy, fáir'-rè. *s.* an elf, a fay; enchantress.

Fairy, fáir'-rè. *a.* belonging to fairies.

Faith, fáit'h. *s.* belief; tenet bold; fidelity; honour; sincerity; veracity; promise given.

Faithful, fáit'h'-fól. *a.* firm in adherence to the truth of religion; loyal; honest, without fraud

Faithfully, fáit'h'-fól-è. *ad.* with firm belief in religion; with full confidence in God; sincerely; honestly.

Faithfulness, fáit'h'-fól-nès. *s.* honesty, veracity; loyalty.

Faithless, fáit'h'-lès. *a.* without belief; disloyal.

Faithlessness, fáit'h'-lès-nès. *s.* treachery, perfidy; unbelief. [a cineter.

Falchion, fáil'-shón. *s.* a short crooked sword,

Falcon, fáil'-kn. *s.* a hawk trained for sport; a sort of cannon.

Falconer, fáil'-kn-òr. *s.* one who trains hawks.

Fall, fáil. *v. n.* pret. *I fell*; compound pret. *I have fallen*. to drop; to apostatize; to enter into any state worse than the former; to decrease; to become the property of any.

Fall, fáil. *v. a.* to drop, to let fall; to sink, to depress; to diminish in value, to let sink in price; to cut down, to fell; to yoan, to bring forth

Fall, fáil. *s.* the act of falling; ruin; degradation; diminution; steep descent; cataract cascade. [deceit f.

Fallacious, fáil-là'-shòs. *a.* producing mistakes,

Fallaciously, fáil-là'-shòs-lò. *ad.* sophistically; with purpose to deceive. [deceit e.

Fallaciousness, fáil-là'-shòs-nès. *s.* tendency to

Fallacy, fáil'-lè-sè. *s.* sophism, logical artifice, deceitful argument. [deceit d.

Fallibility, fáil-lè-bil'-è-tè. *s.* liability to be

Fallible, fáil'-lè-bl. *a.* liable to error. [lopsy.

Falling sickness, fáil-ling-sik'-nès. *s.* the ep-

Fallow, fáil'-lò. *a.* uncultivated; uncropped.

Fallow, fáil'-lò. *s.* ground ploughed in order to be ploughed again; ground lying at rest.

Fallow, fáil'-lò. *v. n.* to plough in order to a second ploughing. [feit, hypocritical.

False, fáise. *a.* not true; treacherous; counter-

Faisehearted, fáise-hàrt'-éd. *a.* treacherous, deceitful.

Falsehood, fáise'-hòd. *s.* a lie, a false assert'on.

Falsely, fáise'-lò. *ad.* erroneously; treacherously. [duplicité, deceit.

Falseness, fáise'-nès. *s.* contrariety to truth;

Falsifier, fáis'-sè-fà-òr. *one* that makes any thing to seem what it is not, a liar

Falsity, fáil'-sè-fl. *v. a.* to counterfeit; to forge.

Falsity, fáil'-sè-fl. *v. n.* to tell lies.

Falsity, fáil'-sè-tè. *s.* falsehood; a lie.

Falter, fáil'-tòr. *v. n.* to hesitate in the utterance of words; to fail. [with difficulty

Falteringly, fáil'-tòr-ing-lò. *ad.* with hesitation

Fame, fáine. *s.* celebrity, renown.

Famed, fáind. *a.* renowned, celebrated.

Fameless, fáine'-lès. *a.* without fame.

Familiar, fá-mil'-yàr. *a.* domestick; affable, well known; accustomed.

Familiar, fá-mil'-yàr. *s.* an intimate.

Familiarity, fá-mil'-yè-àr-è-tè. *s.* omission or ceremony; acquaintance; easy intercourse.

Familiarize, fá-mil'-yàr-lze. *v. a.* to make easy by habitude. [formality.

Familiarly, fá-mil'-yàr-lò. *ad.* easily, without

Family, fá-mil'-p-là

Fas, fâr, fân, fât;—mê, mêt;—pue, pin;—

Famine, fâm'-în. *v.* scarcity of food, dearth.
Famish, fâm'-ish. *v. a.* to kill with hunger; to starve.

Famous, fâm'-ish. *v. n.* to die of hunger.

Famous, fâ'-mûs. *a.* renowned, celebrated.

Famously, fâ'-mûs-ê. *ad.* with celebrity.

Fan, fân. *s.* an instrument used by ladies to move the air and cool themselves; the instrument by which the chaff is blown away.

Fan, fân. *v. a.* to cool or recreate with a fan; to ventilate; to separate, as by winnowing.

Fanaticism, fâ-nâ'-tî-sim. *s.* enthusiasm, religious phrensy. [tious.

Fanatick, fâ-nâ'-tîk. *a.* enthusiastick, superstitious.

Fanatick, fâ-nâ'-tîk. *s.* an enthusiast.

Fanciful, fân'-sê-fûl. *a.* imaginative; directed by the imagination.

Fancifully, fân'-sê-fû-ê. *ad.* according to the wildness of imagination.

Fancy, fân'-sê. *s.* imagination; an inclination; caprice; frolick, vagary.

Fancy, fân'-sê. *v. n.* to imagine, to believe without being able to prove.

Fancy, fân'-sê. *v. a.* to portray in the mind; to be pleased with.

Fane, fânê. *s.* a temple consecrated to religion.

Fang, fâng. *s.* a long tusk; any thing like a long tooth.

Fanged, fângd. *a.* furnished with fangs.

Fangle, fâng'-gl. *s.* silly attempt, trifling scheme.

Fangled, fâng'-gl. *a.* vainly fond of novelty.

Fangless, fâng'-lês. *a.* without teeth.

Fantâsied, fân'-tâ-sîd. *a.* filled with fancies.

Fantastical, fân-tâs'-tê-kâl. } *a.* imaginary; hu-
Fantastick, fân-tâs'-tîk. } morous, un-
 steady; whimsical.

Fantastically, fân-tâs'-tê-kâl-ê. *ad.* capriciously; whimsically.

Fantasticness, fân-tâs'-tê-kâl-nês. *s.* mere compliance with fancy; whimsicalness; caprice. [humour.

Fantasy, fân'-tâ-sê. *s.* fancy, imagination;

Far, fâr. *ad.* to great extent, remotely; at a great distance; in a great part; to a great height; to a certain degree.

Far, fâr. *a.* distant, remote; from far.

Farce, fârse. *s.* a dramatick representation written without regularity.

Farecoat, fâr'-sê-kâl. *a.* belonging to a furze.

Fardel, fâr'-dêl. *s.* a bundle, a little pack.

Fare, fârê. *v. n.* to be in any state, good or bad; to feed, to eat, to be entertained.

Fare, fârê. *s.* price of passage in a vehicle provisions.

Farewell, fârê-wêl, or fârê-wêl'. *s.* the parting compliment, adieu; act of departure.

Farinaceous, fâr-ê-mâ'-shûs. *a.* mealy, tasting like meal.

Farm, fârm. *s.* ground let to a tenant; the state of lands let out to the culture of tenants.

Farm, fârm. *v. a.* to let out to tenants at a certain rent; to take of a certain rate; to cultivate land. [ground

Farmer, fâr'-mûr. *s.* one who cultivates hired

Farthest, fâr'-mûst. *a.* most distant.

Farraginous, fâr-râjî'-ô-nês. *a.* formed of different materials.

Farrago, fâr-râ'-jô. *s.* a medley.

Farrier, fâr'-rê-âr. *s.* a shoer of horses; a horse-doctor.

Farrow, fâr'-rô. *s.* a little pig. [more remotely.

Farther, fâr'-rêr. *ad.* at a greater distance;

Farther, fâr'-rêr. *a.* more remote; tending to greater distance. [ment

Fartherance, fâr'-rêr-ânse. *s.* encourage

Farthermore, fâr'-rêr-môrê. *ad.* besides, over and above, likewise. [rance

Farther, fâr'-rêr. *v. a.* to promote, to ad

Farthest, fâr'-rêst. *ad.* at the greatest distance.

Farthest, fâr'-rêst. *a.* most distant, remotest.

Farthing, fâr'-rîng. *s.* the fourth of a penny.

Farthingale, fâr'-rîng-gâl. *s.* a hoop used to spread the petticoat. [fore the combs

Fasces, fâs'-sêz. *s.* rods anciently carried before

Fasciation, fâsh-ê-â-shiôn. *s.* bandage.

Fascinate, fâs'-sê-nâte. *v. a.* to bewitch.

Fascination, fâs-sê-nâ-shiôn. *s.* the power or act of bewitching, enchantment.

Fascine, fâs'-sêne. *s.* a fagot.

Fascinosus, fâs-sê-nûs. *a.* caused or acting by witchcraft.

Fashion, fâsh'-shn. *s.* form, state of any thing with regard to appearance; custom; mode; rank.

Fashion, fâsh'-shn. *v. a.* to form; to fit; to make according to the rule prescribed by custom.

ad, m6ve, n6r, n6t; —t6be, t6b, b6ll; —66; —p66nd; —66in, r6is.

Fashionable, f6sh'-6n-6-bl. *a.* approved by custom, made according to the mode; having rank above the vulgar. [elegance.]

Fashionableness, f6sh'-6n-6-bl-n6s. *s.* inodish

Fashionably, f6sh'-6n-6-bl-6. *ad.* in a manner conformable to custom.

Fast, f6st. *v. n.* to abstain from food.

Fast, f6st. *s.* abstinence from food.

Fast, f6st. *a.* firm, immoveable; speedy, swift.

Fast, f6st. *aa.* firmly, immoveably; closely, swiftly. [to conjoin.]

Fasten, f6s'-sn. *v. a.* to make fast, to cement.

Fastener, f6s'-sn-6r. *s.* one that makes fast or firm. [etous.]

Fasthanded, f6st'-h6nd-6d. *a.* avaricious, cov-

Fastidious, f6s'-td'-6-6s, or f6s'-td'-je-6s. *a.* squeamish. [ad. squeamishly.]

Fastidiously, f6s'-td'-6-6s-l6, or f6s'-td'-je-6s-l6.

Fastness, f6st'-n6s. *s.* firmness; a strong

Fat, f6t. *a.* plump, fleshy. [place.]

Fat, f6t. *s.* the unctuous part of animal flesh.

Fat, f6t. *s.* a vessel in which any thing is put to ferment or to be soaked.

F6t, f6t. *v. a.* to make fat, to fatten.

Fat, f6t. *v. n.* to grow full-fleshed. [destiny.]

Fatal, f6-t6l. *a.* deadly, mortal; appointed by

Fatalist, f6-t6l-6st. *s.* one who maintains that all things happen by invincible necessity.

Fatality, f6-t6l-6-t6. *s.* predestination; decree of fate; tendency to danger.

Fatally, f6-t6l-6. *ad.* mortally, destructively; by the decree of fate.

F6t6, f6t6. *s.* destiny; event predetermined; death; cause of death.

Fated, f6-t6d. *a.* decreed by fate.

Father, f6-t6r. *s.* he who begets a child; appellation of an old man; an ecclesiastical writer of the first centuries; the title of a popish confessor; the title of a senator of old Rome; the appellation of the first person of the adorable Trinity.

Father, f6-t6r. *v. a.* to take as a son or daughter; to adopt. [father.]

Fatherhood, f6-t6r-h6d. *s.* the character of a

Fatherless, f6-t6r-l6s. *a.* without a father.

Fatherly, f6-t6r-l6. *a.* paternal, like a father.

Fatherly, f6-t6r-l6. *ad.* in the manner of a

Father

Fathom, f6th'-6m. *s.* a measure of length containing six feet; reach.

Fathom, f6th'-6m. *v. a.* to encompass with the arms; to sound.

Fathomless, f6th'-6m-l6s. *a.* bottomless.

Fatigue, f6-t6g'. *s.* weariness, lassitude; toil.

Fatigue, f6-t6g'. *v. a.* to tire, to weary.

Fattling, f6t'-6ng. *s.* a young animal fed fat to the slaughter.

Fatness, f6t'-n6s. *s.* the quality of being fat; unctuous matter; fertility.

Fatten, f6t'-tn. *v. a.* to feed up, to make fleshy; to increase. [ed.]

Fatten, f6t'-tn. *v. e.* to grow fat, to be plumper.

Fatuous, f6tsi'-6-6s. *a.* stupid, foolish.

Fatuity, f6-t6-6-t6. *s.* foolishness, weakness of mind.

Fatwitted, f6t'-wh-6d. *a.* heavy, dull.

Fatty, f6t'-t6. *a.* unctuous, oleaginous.

Faucet, f6w'-s6t. *s.* a pipe inserted into a vessel to give vent to the liquor. [puzzle.]

Fault, f6lt. *s.* offence, slight crime; defect.

Faultily, f6lt'-6-l6. *ad.* not rightly, improperly.

Faultiness, f6lt'-t6-n6s. *s.* badness, viciousness.

Faultless, f6lt'-l6s. *a.* without fault, perfect.

Faulty, f6lt'-t6. *a.* guilty of a fault, blamable.

Faun, f6wn. *s.* a kind of rural deity.

Favour, f6-v6r. *v. a.* to support; to assist with advantages or conveniences; to resemble in feature.

Favour, f6-v6r. *s.* countenance; support; lenity; leave; pardon; any thing worn openly as a token.

Favourable, f6-v6r-6-bl. *a.* kind, propitious.

Favourableness, f6-v6r-6-bl-n6s. *s.* kindness, benignity.

Favourably, f6-v6r-6-bl-6. *ad.* kindly, with fa-

Favoured, f6-v6r-6d. *part. a.* regarded with kindness; featured. [loved.]

Favourite, f6-v6r-6. *s.* a person or thing be-

Fawn, f6wn. *s.* a young deer.

Fawn, f6wn. *v. n.* to bring forth a young deer to court servilely.

Fawningly, f6w'-6ng-l6. *ad.* in a cringing, servile way.

Fay, f6. *s.* a fairy, an elf.

F6aty, f6-6-l-6. *s.* duty due to a superior lord.

Fear, f6r. *s.* dread, horror; anxiety

Fâte, fâr, fâi, fât; —né, nêt; —pluc, plin; —

Fear, fêre. v. a. to dread; to terrify, to make afraid.

Fearful, fêr'-fâl. a. timorous; awful; dreadful. Fearfully, fêr'-fâl-lê. ad. timorously; terribly, dreadfully. [bitual timidity.]

Fearfulness, fêr'-fâl-nês. s. timorousness, ha-

Fearlessly, fêr'-lês-lê. ad. without terror. [fear-

Feasible, fê-zê-blî-bê-tê. s. a thing practicable.

Feasibly, fê-zê-blê. ad. practicably.

Feast, fêst. s. an entertainment of the table, a sumptuous treat. [delight.]

Feast, fêst. v. a. to entertain sumptuously; to

Feat, fête. s. act, deed, action.

Feat, fête. a. ready, skilful; nice, neat.

Feather, fêth'-âr. s. the plume of birds; an or-

nament. [enrich.]

Feather, fêth'-âr. v. a. to dress in feathers; to

featherbed, fêth'-âr-bêd. s. a bed stuffed with feathers. [carrying feathers.]

Featherless, fêth'-âr-lês. a. without feathers.

Feathery, fêth'-âr-ê. a. clothed with feathers.

Featly, fêt'-lê. ad. neatly, nimbly.

Featness, fêt'-nês. s. neatness, dexterity.

Feature, fê'-tshêre. s. the cas' of the face; any

lineament. [to beat.]

Feaze, fêze. v. a. to untwist the end of a rope;

Febriuge, fêb'-rê-fujê. s. any medicine service-

able in a fever. [from a fever.]

Febriile, fêb'-rîl. a. constituting or proceeding

February, fêb'-rû-â-rê. s. the second month in the year.

Feces, fê'-nês. s. dregs, sediment; excrement.

Feculence, fêk'-û-lênse. } s. muddiness

Feculency, fêk'-û-lên-sê. }

Feculent, fêk'-û-lên-t. a. foul, dreggy.

Fecund, fêk'-ûnd. a. fruitful, prolific.

Fecundation, fêk'-kûn-dâ-shûn. s. the act of

making prolific.

Fecundity, fê-kûn-tê-sî. v. a. to make fruitful.

Fecundity, fê-kûn-tê-tê. s. fruitfulness.

Feed, fêd. pret. an.) part. pass. of to feed.

Federal, fêd'-êr-âl. a. relating to a league or

contract

Federate, fêd'-êr-âte. a. leagued.

Fee, fêe. s. recompense; payment occasionally

claimed by persons in office; reward paid to

physicians or lawyers.

Fee, fêe. v. a. to reward, to pay; to bribe.

Feeble, fê-bl. a. weakly, debilitated, sickly.

Feebleness, fê-bl-nês. s. weakness, imbecility

infirmary.

Feebly, fê-blê. ad. weakly, without strength.

Feed, fêed. v. a. to supply with food; to graze

to nourish; to entertain.

Feed, fêed. s. food, pasture. [that eats]

Feeder, fêed'-âr. s. one that gives food; one

Feel, fêel. v. n. pret. felt; part. pass. felt. to have

perception of things by the touch.

Feel, fêel. v. a. to perceive by the touch; to

have sense of pain or pleasure.

Feel, fêel. s. the sense of feeling, the touch.

Feeling, fêel'-ing. part. a. expressive of great

sensitivity; sensibly felt.

Feeling, fêel'-ing. s. the sense of touch; sensi-

bility, perception.

Feelingly, fêel'-ing-lê. ad. with expression of

great sensibility.

Feet, fêet. s. plural of foot.

Feetless, fêet'-lês. a. without feet.

Feign, fêne. v. a. to invent; to dissimulate

Feign, fêne. v. n. to relate falsely, to imagine

from the invention.

Feignedly, fêne'-êd-lê. ad. in fiction, not truly.

Feint, fênt. s. a false appearance.

Felicitate, fê-lîs-ê-tâtê. v. z. to make happy

to congratulate.

Felicitation, fê-lîs-ê-tâ-shûn. s. congratulation

Felicitous, fê-lîs-ê-tûs. a. happy.

Felicity, fê-lîs-ê-tê. s. happiness. [cat]

Feline, fê-lîne. a. like a cat, pertaining to a

Fell, fêl. a. cruel, barbarous; savage [down]

Fell, fêl. v. a. to knock down, to hew (or cut)

Fell, fêl. pret. of to fall.

Fellmonger, fêl'-mông-êr. s. a dealer in hides

Fellness, fêl'-nês. s. cruelty, savageness.

Fellso, fêl'-ô. s. the circumference of a wheel.

Fellow, fêl'-ô. s. an associate; one of a pair

a mean wretch; a member of college that

shares its revenue.

Fellow, fêl'-ô. v. a. to sui or pair with.

Fellowship, fêl'-ô-shîp. s. association.

no, méva, ndr, nôt;—têbe, têt, bôll;—ôll;—pôand;—ôlin, tnia.

ly; partnership; an establishment in a college with share in its revenue.
 clo-de-se, fê-lô-dê-sê. s. in law, he that committeth felony by murdering himself.
 çlon, fêv-ôu. s. one who has committed a capital crime; a whitlow. [malignant.
 çlonious, fê-lô-nê-ôu. a. wicked, traitorous,
 çloniously, fê-lô-nê-ôu-lê. *ad.* in a felonious way
 çlony, fêv-ôu-ê. s. a crime denounced capital, fêl. *prêt.* of fêl.
 çlt, fêh. s. cloth made of wool united without weaving; a hide or skin. [ours.
 çlucca, fê-lûk'-â. s. a small open boat with six female, fê-mâle. s. a she, one of the sex which brings young. [to a she.
 çmale, fê-mâle. a. not masculine, belonging
 çmality, fêm-ê-nâv'-ê-tê. s. female nature.
 çminino, fêm-ê-nû. a. female; soft, delicate; effeminate.
 çmoral, fêm-ê-râle. a. belonging to the thigh.
 çn, fên. s. a marsh, a moor, a bog.
 çnce, fênça. s. guard; enclosure.
 çnce, fênçe. v. a. to enclose, to secure by an enclosure or hedge; to guard.
 çnce, fênçe. v. n. to practise the art of manual defence; to fight according to art.
 çnceless, fênçe-lês. a. without enclosure, open.
 çncer, fên-ânr. s. one who touches or practises the use of weapons.
 çncible, fên-â-bi. a. capable of defence.
 çnd, fên-d. v. a. to keep off.
 çnd, fên-d. v. n. to dispute, to shift off a charge.
 çnder, fên-ânr. s. a defence against cinders.
 çnnel, fên-nêl. s. a plant of strong scent.
 çnny, fên-nê. a. marshy, boggy. [with right.
 çoff, fêf. v. a. to put in possession, to invest
 çoffee, fêf-fêê. s. one put in possession.
 çoffer, fêf-fûr. s. one who gives possession of any thing. [session.
 çonfiment, fêf-mênt. s. the act of granting-pô-
 çeral, fê-râle. a. funeral, mournful.
 çrine, fê-rine. a. wild, savage. [ness.
 çrineness, fê-rine-nês. s. barbarity, savage-
 çrment, fêf-mênt. v. a. to exalt or rarefy by
 intestine motion of parts.
 çrment, fêf-mênt. v. n. to have the parts put
 into intestine motion.

Ferment, fêf-mênt. s. intestine motion, tumult
 Fermentable, fêf-mênt'-â-bi. a. capable of fer-
 mentation.
 Fermentation, fêf-mênt-tâ-shôn. s. a slow mo-
 tion of the intestine particles of a mixed body
 Fermentative, fêf-mênt-tê-ôv. a. causing fer-
 mentation.
 Fern, fêra. s. a plant.
 Ferny, fêrn-ê. a. overgrown with fern.
 Ferocious, fê-rô-shûs. a. savage, fierce.
 Ferocity, fê-rô-ô-tê. s. savageness, fierceness.
 Ferrous, fêf-rê-ôu. a. consisting of iron, be-
 longing to iron.
 Ferret, fêf-rît. s. a quadruped of the weasel
 kind; a kind of narrow rihand. [places.
 Ferret, fêf-rît. v. a. to drive out of lurking-
 Ferruginous, fêf-rû'-jû-ôu. a. partaking of the
 particles and qualities of iron.
 Ferrule, fêf-rûl. s. a ring put round any thing
 to keep it from cracking
 Ferry, fêf-rê. v. a. to carry over in a boat.
 Ferry, fêf-rê. s. a vessel of carriage; the pas-
 sage over which the ferry-boat passes.
 Ferryman, fêf-rê-mân. s. one who keeps a ferry.
 Fertile, fêf-ûl. a. fruitful.
 Fertility, fêf-ûl-â-tê. s. abundance, fruitfulness.
 Fertilize, fêf-ûl-lîze. v. a. to make fruitful, to
 make productive. [zeal.
 Fervency, fêf-vên-sê. s. heat of mind, ardour;
 Fervent, fêf-vênt. a. hot, boiling; vehement.
 Fervently, fêf-vênt-lê. *ad.* eagerly, vehement-
 ly; with pious ardour. [zealous.
 Fervid, fêf-vîd. a. hot, burning; vehement.
 Fervidness, fêf-vîd-nês. s. ardour of mind, zeal.
 Fervour, fêf-vûr. s. heat of mind, zeal.
 Fescue, fês-kû. s. a small wire by which those
 who teach to read point out the letters.
 Fêstal, fês-tâl. a. belonging to a feast; festive,
 joyous.
 Fester, fês-ânr. v. n. to corrupt, to grow virulent.
 Festinate, fês-tê-nâte. a. hasty, hurried. [ous.
 Festival, fês-tê-vâl. a. pertaining to feasts, joy
 Festival, fês-tê-vâl. s. time of feast.
 Festive, fês-tiv. a. joyous, gay. [joining.
 Festivity, fês-tiv-ê-tê. s. festival, time of re-
 festoon, fês-tôon. s. an ornament of carved
 work in the form of a wreath or garland of
 flowers, or leaves twisted together.

Fate, fâ, fâl, fât;—mê, wê;—plur, plî;—

Fetch, fêch. v. a. to go and bring; to obtain as its price.

Fetch, fêch. s. a stratagem, a trick.

Fetid, fêt-id. a. stinking, rancid.

Fetidness, fêt-id-nês. s. the quality of stinking.

Fetlock, fêt-lôk. s. a tuft of hair that grows behind the pastern joint.

Fetter, fêt-tôr. v. a. to bind, to enchain.

Fetters, fêt-tôr-s. chains for the feet.

Fettle, fêt-tl. v. a. to do trifling business.

Fetus, fêt-tôs. s. an animal in embryo, any thing yet in the womb.

Feud, fûde. s. quarrel, contention.

Feudal, fû-dâl. a. held of a superiour lord.

Feudal, fû-dâl. s. a dependence, something held by tenure.

Féudatory, fû-dâ-tôr-ê. s. one who holds by some conditional tenure.

Fever, fê-vûr. s. a disease in which the body is violently heated, and the pulse quickened.

Feverish, fê-vûr-îsh. a. troubled with a fever; tending to a fever.

Few, fû. a. not a great number.

Fewness, fû-nês. s. smallness of number.

Fib, fb. s. a lie, a falsehood.

Fib, fb. v. n. to tell lies.

Fibber, fb-bôr. s. a teller of fibs.

Fibre, fî-bôr. s. a small thread or string.

Fibril, fî-brîl. s. a small fibre or string.

Fibrous, fî-brôs. a. composed of fibres.

Fickle, fîk-kl. s. changeable, inconstant. [ty.]

Fickleness, fîk-kl-nês. s. inconstancy, uncertainty.

Fictile, fîk-tîl. a. made by the potter.

Fiction, fîk-shân. s. the act of feigning, the thing feigned; a falsehood.

Fictions, fîk-shâs. a. fictitious, imaginary.

Fictitious, fîk-îsh-îs. a. counterfeit, not genuine.

Fictitiously, fîk-îsh-îs-lê. ad. falsely, counterfeitedly. [sic, a violin.]

Fiddle, fîd-dl. s. a stringed instrument of music.

Fiddle, fîd-dl. v. n. to play upon the fiddle; to trifle. [fiddle.]

Fiddler, fîd-dl-ôr. s. one that plays upon the fiddle.

Fiddlestring, fîd-dl-strîng. s. the string of a fiddle. [fence.]

Fidelity, fê-dêl-ê-tê. s. honesty, faithful adhe-

Fidge, fîdje. } v. n. to move nimbly and

Fidget, fîd-jîk } irregularly.

Fiducial, fê-dî-shâl. a. confident, unobtain-

Fiducial, fê-dî-shê-â-rê. s. one who holds any thing in trust. [ing.]

Fiduciary, fê-dî-shê-â-rê. a. confident, undoubt-

Fief, fêef. s. a fee, a manor.

Field, fêld. s. ground not inhabited; cultivated tract of ground; open country; place of bat-

Field, fêld. s. space; extent; the surface of a shield.

Fieldmarshal, fêld-mâr-shâl. s. command of an army in the field.

Fieldpiece, fêld-pêesc. s. small cannon used in battles.

Fiend, fêend. s. an enemy, Satan.

Fierce, fêersê. a. savage, ravenous.

Fiercely, fêersê-lê. ad. violently, furiously.

Fierceness, fêersê-nês. s. ferocity, savageness.

Fiery, fî-êr-ê. a. hot like fire; vehement, ar-

Fire, fîre. s. a pipe blown to the drum.

Fist, fîst. s. a fist.

Fistful, fîst-fûl. s. a quantity of ten.

Fifth, fîfth. a. the fifth after the ten.

Fifthly, fîfth-lê. ad. in the fifth place.

Fiftieth, fîfth-êth. a. the next to the forty-ninth.

Fifty, fîfth-ê. a. five tens.

Fig, fg. s. a tree and its fruit.

Fight, fîte. v. n. pret. fought; part. pass. fought to contend in battle, to make war; to contend in single fight. [against.]

Fight, fîte. v. a. to war against, to combat.

Fight, fîte. s. battle; combat, duel.

Fighter, fî-tôr. s. warrior, duellist.

Fighting, fî-îng. part. a. qualified for war, for battle.

Figment, fîg-mênt. s. an invention.

Figurate, fîg-î-kate. a. made of potter's clay.

Figurable, fîg-î-râ-îh. a. capable of being brought to certain form, and retained in it.

Figurability, fîg-î-râ-îh-ê-tê. s. capableness of a certain and stable form.

Figurate, fîg-î-râ-îh. a. of a certain and determinate form.

Figurative, fîg-î-râ-îv. a. representing some thing else, typical.

Figuratively, fîg-î-râ-îv-lê. ad. by a figure.

Figure, fîg-ûre. s. shape; statue; image; character, number, person.

nô, môte, nôr, nôt;—tôbe, rôt, bôt;—fil;—pônd;—ôin, trôin.

Figure, *fig'ô-ra. v. a.* to form into shape; to cover or adorn with figures.
Filaceous, *fil'ê-ô-shê. s.* consisting of threads.
Filament, *fil'ê-mên-t. s.* a slender thread.
Filbert, *fil'ê-bêrt. s.* a fine hazel-nut.
Filch, *fil'ch. v. s.* to steal; to pilfer.
Filcher, *fil'ch'êr. s.* a thief, a petty robber.
File, *fil. s.* a line on which papers are strung; a catalogue, roll; a line of soldiers ranged one behind another; an instrument to smooth metals.
File, *fil. v. a.* to string upon a thread or wire; to cut with a file.
File, *fil. v. s.* to march in file. [colour.
Filemot, *fil'ê-môt. s.* a brown or yellow-brown filial.
Filial, *fil'yâl. s.* pertaining to a son.
Filiation, *fil'ê-ô-shôn. s.* relation of a son to a father. [the file.
Fileings, *fil'ingz. s.* fragments rubbed off by
Fill, *fil. v. a.* to store till no more can be admitted; to satisfy; to make full, to occupy by bulk.
Fill, *fil. v. n.* to give drink; to grow full.
Fill, *fil. s.* as much as may produce complete satisfaction; the place between the shafts of a carriage.
Fillet, *fil'êt. s.* a band tied round the head or other part; the fleshy part of the thigh, applied commonly to veal; meat rolled together, and tied round. [fillet.
Fillet, *fil'êt. v. a.* to bind with a bandage or
Filip, *fil'ip. v. a.* to strike with the nail of the finger by a sudden spring.
Filip, *fil'ip. s.* a jerk of the finger et go from the thumb.
Filly, *fil'yê. s.* a young mare.
Film, *fil'm. s.* a thin pellicle or skin.
Filmy, *fil'mê. a.* composed of thin pellicles.
Filter, *fil'têr. v. a.* to strain, to percolate.
Filter, *fil'têr. s.* a strainer, a charm, a love-filth.
Filth, *fil'th. s.* dirt, nastiness. [potion.
Filthily, *fil'th'ê-lê. ad.* nastily, foully, grossly.
Filthiness, *fil'th'ê-nês. s.* nastiness, dirtiness, pollution.
Filthy, *fil'th'ê. a.* nasty, foul; polluted.
Filtrate, *fil'trê-tê. v. a.* to strain, to percolate.
Filtration, *fil'trê-shôn. s.* a method by which liquors are procured fine and clear.

Fin, *fin. s.* the wing of a fish.
Finable, *fin'ê-bl. a.* that admits a fine.
Final, *fin'êl. s.* ultimate, last; conclusive.
Finally, *fin'êl'ê. ad.* ultimately.
Finance, *fin'ân-sê. s.* revenue.
Financial, *fin'ân-shâl. s.* relative to finance.
Financier, *fin'ân-shêr'. s.* one who collects or farms the publick revenue.
Find, *find. v. a.* to obtain by searching or seeking; to meet with; to discover; to detect; to supply, to furnish.
Fine, *fine. a.* refined, pure; subtle; pellucid; delicate; dexterous; elegant; accomplished; splendid. [end, conclusion.
Fine, *fine. s.* a mulct; penalty; forfeit; the
Fine, *fine. v. a.* to refine, to purify; to punish with pecuniary penalty.
Fine, *fine. v. n.* to pay a fine. [keenly.
Finey, *fin'ê. ad.* beautifully, elegantly;
Fineness, *fin'ê-nês. s.* elegance, delicacy; show, splendour; purity. [pearance.
Finery, *fin'êrê. s.* show, splendour of appearance.
Finesse, *fin'ê-nês'. s.* artifice, stratagem
Finer, *fin'êr. s.* one who purifies metals.
Fine-spoken, *fin'ê-spôkn. a.* affectedly polite.
Finger, *fin'g'êr. s.* a flexible member of the hand; a small measure of extension.
Finger, *fin'g'êr. v. a.* to touch lightly; to touch an instrument of music.
Finical, *fin'ê-kâl. a.* nice, foppish.
Finically, *fin'ê-kâl'ê. ad.* foppishly.
Finicalness, *fin'ê-kâl-nês. s.* superfluous nicety
Finish, *fin'ish. v. a.* to perfect, to complete.
Finisher, *fin'ish-ur. s.* one that finishes.
Finite, *fin'itê. a.* limited, bounded.
Finiteless, *fin'itê-lês. a.* without bounds; unlimited. [certain degrees.
Finitey, *fin'itê-lê. ad.* with certain limits, to a
Finiteless, *fin'itê-nês. s.* limitation.
Finless, *fin'itê. a.* without fins.
Finlike, *fin'ê-like. a.* formed in imitation of fin.
Finny, *fin'ê. a.* furnished with fins. [made.
Fir, *fir. s.* the tree of which deal-boards are
Fire, *fire. s.* the element that burns; any thing burning, or that inflames the passions; ardour.
Fire, *fire. v. a.* to set on fire, to kindle; to inflame the passions, to animate

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pise, pla; —

- Fire**, fire. *v. n.* to take fire, to be heated with passion; to discharge any fire-arms.
Fire-arms, fire'-armz. *s.* guns, muskets.
Firebrand, fire'-brând. *s.* a piece of wood kindled; an incendiary.
Firelock, fire'-lôk. *s.* a soldier's gun.
Fireman, fire'-mân. *s.* one who is employed to extinguish burning houses. [rying fire.
Firepan, fire'-pân. *s.* a pan for holding or carrying fire.
Fireship, fire'-shîp. *s.* a ship filled with combustible matter to fire the vessels of the enemy.
Fireshovel, fire'-shôv'-vl. *s.* the instrument with which the hot coals are thrown.
Fire-side, fire'-sîde'. *s.* the hearth, the chimney.
Firestone, fire'-stône. *s.* stone that will bear the fire, the pyrites.
Firewood, fire'-wôd. *s.* wood to burn, fuel.
Firing, fî'-ring. *s.* fuel. [gallons.
Firkin, fêr'-kîn. *s.* a vessel containing nine gallons.
Firm, fêrm. *a.* strong; constant; resolute, unshaken; the name or names under which any course of trade is established.
Firmament, fêr'-mâ-mênt. *s.* the sky, the heavens. [the upper regions.
Firmamental, fêr'-mâ-mên'-tâl. *a.* celestial, of heaven.
Firmly, fêrm'-lê. *ad.* strongly; immovably.
Firmness, fêrm'-nêss. *s.* stability; steadiness, resolution. [time; highest in dignity.
First, fîrst. *a.* the ordinal of one; earliest in First, fîrst. *ad.* earliest; before any other consideration; at the beginning.
First-fruits, fîrst'-frôits. *s.* what the season first produces or matures of any kind.
Firstling, fîrst'-ling. *s.* the first produce.
Fiscal, fîs'-kâl. *s.* exchequer, revenue.
Fish, fîsh. *s.* an animal that inhabits the water.
Fish, fîsh. *v. n.* to be employed in catching fish; to endeavour at any thing by artifice.
Fish, fîsh. *v. a.* to search water in quest of fish.
Fisher, fîsh'-âr. } *s.* one whose em-
Fisherman, fîsh'-âr-mân. } ployment is to catch fish. [fish.
Fisbery, fîsh'-âr-ê. *s.* the business of catching fish.
Fishy, fîsh'-ê-sî. *v. a.* to turn to fish.
Fishing, fîsh'-ing. *s.* the art of taking fish.
Fishmeal, fîsh'-nêle. *s.* diet of fish.
Fishmonger, fîsh'-mông-gûr. *s.* a dealer in fish.
Fishy, fîsh'ê. *s.* consisting of fish.
- Fissure**, fîsh'-shûre. *s.* a cleft, a narrow channel.
Fist, fîst. *s.* the hand clenched.
Fisticuffs, fîs'-tê-kûfs. *s.* a battle with the fist.
Fistula, fîs'-tshû-lâ. *s.* a sinuous ulcer callous within.
Fistular, fîs'-tshû-lâr. *a.* hollow like a pipe.
Fistulous, fîs'-tshû-lôss. *a.* having the nature of a fistula. [tenesmus; disorder.
Fit, fît. *s.* a paroxysm of any intermittent disease.
Fit, fît. *a.* qualified, proper; right.
Fit, fît. *v. a.* to suit; to accommodate; to be adapted to.
Fitch, fîsh. *s.* a small kind of wild pea.
Fitful, fîf'-fûl. *a.* varied by paroxysms.
Fitly, fîf'-lê. *ad.* properly, justly. [snnableness.
Fitness, fîf'-nêss. *s.* propriety, meetness, reason.
Five, fîve. *a.* four and one.
Fives, fîvz. *s.* a kind of play with a ball.
Fix, fîks. *v. a.* to make fast; to settle.
Fix, fîks. *v. n.* to determine the resolution; to rest; to lose volatility.
Fixation, fîk-sh'-shûn. *s.* stability, firmness; reduction from fluidity to firmness.
Fixedly, fîk'-sêl-lê. *ad.* certainly, firmly.
Fixedness, fîk'-sêd-nêss. *s.* stability; steadiness.
Fixidity, fîk'-sêd-ê-tê. } *s.* coherence of parts.
Fixity, fîk'-sê-tê. }
Fixture, fîks'-tshûre. *s.* stable state; a piece of furniture fixed to a house.
Fixure, fîk'-shûre. *s.* firmness, stable stone.
Fizzig, fîz'-glg. *s.* a kind of dart or harpoon with which seamen strike fish.
Flabby, flâb'-lê. *a.* soft, not firm.
Flaccid, flâk'-sîd. *a.* weak, limber, lax.
Flaccidity, flâk'-sîd-ê-tê. *s.* laxity, limberness.
Flag, flâg. *v. n.* to hang loose; to grow spiritless; to lose vigour.
Flag, flâg. *v. a.* to let fall, to suffer to droop, lay with broad staves. [species of staves.
Flag, flâg. *s.* a water-plant; an ensign;
Flagelet, flâje'-ê-lêt. *s.* a small flute.
Flagellation, flâje-êl-lâ-shûn. *s.* the use of the scourge.
Flagginess, flâg'-gê-nêss. *s.* laxity, limberness.
Flaggy, flâg'gê. *a.* weak, lax, limber.
Flagitious, flâ-jîsh'-ôss. *a.* wicked, villainous, atrocious. [villany.
Flagitiousness, flâ-jîsh'-ôss-nêss. *s.* wickedness.

nd, mōve, nōr, nōt, —tūbe, tūo, būll; —ōll; —pō'nd; —thn, tnis.

Flagon, flāg'-ūn. *s.* a two-quart measure.
Flagrancy, flā'-grān-sē. *s.* burning heat, fire.
Flagrant, flā'-grānt. *a.* ardent, eager; notori-
 ous.
Flagration, flā'-grā'-shūn. *s.* burning.
Flail, flāle. *s.* a threshing instrument.
Flake, flāke. *s.* any thing that ap-
 pears loosely held together; a stratum, layer.
Flaky, flā'-kē. *a.* loosely hanging together;
 broken into laminae.
Flam, flām. *s.* a falsehood, a lie
Flambeau, flām'-bō. *s.* a lighted torch.
Flame, flāme. *s.* light from fire; blaze; ardour
 of temper or imagination; passion of love.
Flame, flāme. *v. n.* to shine as fire; to blaze;
 to break out in violence of passion.
Flammability, flām-mā-bil'-ē-tē. *s.* the quality
 of admitting to be set on fire. [ting on flame.
Flammation, flām-mē'-shūn. *s.* the act of set-
 ting flame on.
Flammable, flām-mē'-shūn. *s.* consisting of flame.
Flamy, flā'-mē. *a.* inflamed, burning.
Flank, flānk. *s.* the side; part of a bastion.
Flank, flānk. *v. a.* to attack the side of a bat-
 talion or fleet.
Flannel, flān-nēl. *s.* a soft, nappy stuff of wool.
Flap, flāp. *s.* any thing that hangs broad and
 loose; the motion of any thing broad and
 loose; a disease in horses.
Flap, flāp. *v. a.* to beat or move with a flap.
Flap, flāp. *v. n.* to ply the wings with noise; to
 fall with flaps.
Flare, flāre. *v. n.* to flutter with a splendid
 show; to glitter offensively.
Flash, flāsh. *s.* a sudden, transitory blaze; sud-
 den burst of wit or merriment.
Flash, flāsh. *v. n.* to glitter with a quick and
 transient flame; to break out into wit or merrim-
 ent. [stance.
Flashy, flāsh'-ē. *a.* empty; showy, without sub-
 stance.
Flask, flāsk. *s.* a bottle; a powder-horn.
Flasket, flāsk'-it. *s.* a vessel in which viands are
 served.
Flat, flāt. *a.* horizontally level; smooth; pro-
 strate; insipid; dull; spiritless; downy.
Flat, flāt. *s.* a level; even ground; shallow,
 strand; a mark or character in music.
Flat, flāt. *v. a.* to level; to depress; to make
 rapid.

Flat, flāt. *v. n.* to grow flat; to become rapid.
Flatly, flāt'-lē. *ad.* horizontally; dully; down
 right. [insipidity; dullness
Flatness, flāt'-nēs. *s.* evenness, level extension
Flatten, flāt'-tn. *v. a.* to make level; to deject,
 to dispirit.
Flatter, flāt'-tūr. *v. a.* to soothe with praises; to
 raise false hopes.
Flatterer, flāt'-tūr-rūr. *s.* a flatterer, a wheedler
Flattery, flāt'-tūr-ē. *s.* false praise, artful obs-
 equiousness.
Flatfish, flāt'-fīsh. *a.* somewhat flat.
Flatulency, flātsh'-ū-lēn-sē. *s.* windiness; vanity
Flatulent, flātsh'-ū-lēnt. *a.* urgid with air
 windy; puffy.
Flatuous, flātsh'-ū-ūs. *a.* windy, full of wind.
Flatus, flāt'-tōs. *s.* wind gathered in any cavities
 of the body. [appare.
Flaunt, flānt. *v. n.* to make a fluttering show in
 flaunt, flānt. *s.* any thing loose and airy.
Flavour, flā'-vūr. *s.* power of pleasing the
 taste; smell, odour. [ate; odorous
Flavourous, flā'-vūr-ūs. *a.* delightful to the pal-
 ate.
Flaw, flāw. *s.* a crack or breach; a defect.
Flaw, flāw. *v. a.* to break, to crack.
Flawless, flāw'-lēss. *a.* without cracks, without
 defects. [finest thread is made.
Flax, flāks. *s.* the fibrous plant of which u.s.
Flaxen, flāk'-sən. *a.* made of flax; fair.
Flay, flā. *v. a.* to strip off the skin.
Flea, flē. *s.* a small insect.
Flea, flē. *v. a.* to clean from fleas.
Flea-bitten, flē'-bit-tn. *a.* stung by fleas.
Fleak, flēke. *s.* a small hook, thread, or twist.
Fleam, flēme. *s.* an instrument used to bleed
 cattle. [strokes or touches.
Flecker, flēk'-ār. *v. a.* to spot, to mark with
Fled, flēd. *pret.* and *part. of flee.*
Fledge, flēdje. *v. a.* to furnish with wings, to
 supply with feathers.
Flee, flē. *v. n.* *pret.* fled. to run from danger.
Fleece, flēse. *s.* as much wool as is shorn from
 one sheep.
Fleece, flēse. *v. a.* to clip the fleece of
 sheep; to strip, to plunder.
Fleeced, flēst. *a.* having fleeces of wool.
Fleecy, flē'-sē. *a.* covered with wool.
Fleer, flēr. *v. n.* to mock, to gibe; to grin.

Flao, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pla; —

Floor, flôr. *s.* mockery; a deceitful grin of civility.

Fleet, flêt. *s.* a company of ships, a navy.

Fleet, flêt. *a.* swift, nimble, active.

Fleet, flêt. *v. n.* to fly swiftly; to be in a transient state. [time away lightly.]

Fleet, flêt. *v. a.* to skim the water; to pass

Fleetly, flêt'-lê. *ad.* swiftly, nimbly, with swift pace. [celerity.]

Fleetness, flêt'-nês. *s.* swiftness, nimbleness.

Flesh, fêsh. *s.* the body of an animal; animal nature; corporal appetites.

Flesh-colour, fêsh'-kôl-ôr. *s.* the colour of flesh.

Fleshliness, fêsh'-lê-nês. *s.* carnal passions or appetites.

Fleshly, fêsh'-lê. *a.* corporeal; carnal; animal.

Fleshneat, fêsh'-mêto. *s.* animal food.

Fleshy, fêsh'-ê. *a.* plump, full of flesh.

Flew, flû. *pret. of fly.*

Flexibility, flêks-ê-bil'-ê-tê. *s.* pliancy.

Flexible, flêks'-ê-bil. *a.* pliant; complying; ductile, manageable.

Flexibleness, flêks'-ê-bil-nês. *s.* possibility to be bent; obsequiousness, compliance; ductility.

Flexile, flêk'-sîl. *a.* pliant, easily bent, obsequious to any power or impulse.

Flexion, flêk'-shûn. *s.* a bending.

Flexuous, flêk'-shû-ûs. *a.* winding.

Flexure, flêk'-shûre. *s.* the act of bending; the part bent, the joint. [wings.]

Flicker, flîk'-ôr. *v. a.* to flutter, to play the

Flight, flite. *s.* the act of flying or running from danger; a flock of birds; heat of imagination.

Flighty, flî-tê. *a.* fleeting, swift; wild.

Flimsy, flîm'-zê. *a.* weak, feeble; mean.

Flinch, flînsb. *v. n.* to shrink from any suffering or undertaking. [any matter.]

Flincher, flînsb'-ôr. *s.* he who shrinks or fails in

Flung, flîng. *v. a.* *pret.* flung; part. flung, or flung; to cast from the hand, to throw; to dart. [unruly.]

Fling, flîng. *v. n.* to flounce, to wince; to grow

Fling, flîng. *s.* a throw, a cast; a gibe, a contemptuous remark.

Flint, flînt. *s.* a kind of stone used in firelocks; any thing proverbially hard.

Flint - made of flint is favorable.

Flip, flîp. *s.* a liquor made by mixing beer with spirits and sugar. [quacity.]

Flippancy, flîp'-pân-sê. *s.* talkativeness, lo-

Flippant, flîp'-pânt. *a.* nimble; pert, talkative.

Flippantly, flîp'-pânt-lê. *ad.* in a flowing, prating way. [elastick motion.]

Flirt, flîrt. *v. a.* to throw any thing with a quick

Flirt, flîrt. *v. n.* to jeer.

Flirt, flîrt. *s.* a quick, elastick motion; a sudden trick; a pert hussy. [tion; coquetry.]

Flirtation, flîrt-tâ-shûn. *s.* a quick, sprightly mo-

Flit, flit. *v. n.* to fly away; to flutter. [cured.]

Flitch, flîsh. *s.* the side of a hog salted and

Flitting, flî-tîng. *s.* an offence, a fault.

Flix, flîks. *s.* down, fur, soft hair. [water]

Floater, flôte. *v. n.* to swim on the surface of the

Floater, flôte. *s.* any body so contrived as to swim on the water; the cork or quill by which the angler discovers the bite.

Flock, flôk. *s.* a company of birds or herds.

Flock, flôk. *v. n.* to gather in crowds or large numbers.

Flog, flôg. *v. a.* to lash, to whip.

Flood, flôd. *s.* a body of water; a deluge, an inundation; flow. [waters]

Flood, flôd. *n. a.* to deluge, to cover with

Floodgate, flôd'-gate. *s.* a gate by which the watercourse is closed or opened at pleasure.

Flook, flôk. *s.* the broad part of an anchor.

Floor, flôre. *s.* the pavement; a story, a flight of rooms. [a floor.]

Floor, flôre. *v. a.* to cover the bottom with

Flooring, flô-rîng. *s.* bottom, floor.

Floral, flô-râl. *a.* relating to Flora, or to flowers.

Floret, flô-rêt. *s.* a small imperfect flower.

Flourid, flô-rîd. *a.* flushed with red; embellish'd, splendid.

Floridity, flô-rîd'-ê-tê. *s.* freshness of colour.

Floridness, flô-rîd-nês. *s.* freshness of colour; embellishment. [ers]

Floriferous, flô-rîf-fê-rûs. *a.* productive of flow

Florin, flôr-lîn. *s.* a coin first made by the Florentines.

Florist, flôr-rîst. *s.* a cultivator of flowers

Flosculous, flôs'-kû-lûs. *a.* composed of flowers.

Flounce, flô-nsê. *v. n.* to move with violence in the water or mire; to move with passionate agitation.

nô, nôve, nôr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôil;—pôûil;—ûin, THIS.

Flounce, fôûnce. *s.* any thing sewed to the garment, and hanging loose, so as to swell and shake; a furbelow.

Flounder, fôûm'-dôr. *s.* a small flat fish.

Flounder, fôûm'-dôr. *v. n.* to struggle with violent and irregular motions.

Flour, fôûr. *s.* the edible part of corn, or any grain reducible to powder.

Flourish, fûr'-rîsh. *v. n.* to be in vigour; not to fade; to use florid language; to boast; to play some prelude.

Flourish, fûr'-rîsh. *v. a.* to adorn with vegetable beauty; to move any thing in quick circles or vibrations; to adorn with embellishments of language.

Flourish, fûr'-rîsh. *s.* bravery, beauty; an ostentatious embellishment.

Flout, fôût. *v. a.* to mock, to insult.

Flout, fôût. *v. n.* to practise mockery, to behave with contempt.

Flout, fôût. *s.* a mock, an insult.

Flow, fô. *v. n.* to run or spread as water; to melt; to issue; to glide smoothly; to hang loose and waving.

Flow, fô. *s.* the rise of water; a sudden plenty or abundance; a stream of diction.

Flower, fôû'-ôr. *s.* the blossom of a plant; an ornament; the prime part.

Flower, fôû'-ôr. *v. n.* to be in flower; to be in the prime, to flourish; to manile.

Flower, fôû'-ôr. *v. a.* to adorn with fictitious or imitated flowers.

Floweret, fôû'-ôr-êt. *s.* a small flower.

Flowerly, fôû'-ôr-ê. *a.* full of flowers, adorned with flowers real or fictitious.

Flowingly, fô'-lûg-lê. *ad.* with volubility, with abundance. [escaped.]

Flown, fôwe. *part. of fly or flee.* gone away, fled.

Fluctuant, fûk'-tshû-ânt. *a.* wavering, uncertain.

Fluctuate, fûk'-tshû-âte. *v. n.* to float backward and forward; to be in an uncertain state, to be irresolute. [indetermination.]

Fluctuation, fûk'-tshû-ân'-shûn. *s.* uncertainty, fluctuation.

Flue, fô. *s.* a small pipe or chimney to convey air; *sof.* down or fur.

Fluency, fû'-ên-ê. *s.* the quality of flowing, smoothness, copiousness, volubility.

Fluent, fû'-ên-t. *a.* liquid, flowing; copious, voluble.

Fluid, fû'-îd. *a.* having parts easily separable, not solid. [that flows.]

Fluid, fû'-îd. *s.* an animal juice; any thing

Fluidity, fû'-îf-ê-tê. *s.* the quality in bodies opposite to solidity.

Flummery, fûm'-ôr-ê. *s.* a kind of food made by coagulation of wheat-flour or oatmeal.

Flung, fûng. *part. and pret. of fling.*

Fluor, fû'-ôr. *s.* a fluid state; catamenia.

Flurry, fûr'-rê. *s.* a hasty blast; hurry.

Flush, fûsh. *v. n.* to flow with violence; to come in haste. [elate.]

Flush, fûsh. *v. a.* to colour, to redden; to flush, fûsh. *a.* fresh, full of vigour; abounding.

Flush, fûsh. *s.* sudden impulse, violent flow; cards all of a sort.

Fluster, fûs'-târ. *v. a.* to make hot and rosy with drinking.

Flute, fûte. *s.* a musical pipe; a channel or furrow in a pillar.

Flute, fûte. *v. a.* to cut columns into hollows.

Flutter, fût'-târ. *v. n.* to take short flights with great agitation of the wings; to move irregularly. [hurry the mind.]

Flutter, fût'-târ. *v. a.* to drive in disorder; to flutter, fût'-târ. *s.* disorder of mind, confusion.

Flux, fûks. *s.* the act of flowing; dysentery.

Flux, fûks. *v. a.* to melt, to salivate, to evacuate by spitting. [matter that flows.]

Fluxion, fûk'-shûn. *s.* the act of flowing, the fly, fl. *v. n.* *pret. flew, or fled;* *part. fled, or flown.* to move with wings; to pass through the air; to pass away; to burst asunder; to run away. [quit by flight.]

Fly, fl. *v. a.* to shun, to avoid, to decline; to fly, fl. *s.* a small winged insect; that part of a machine which, being put into a quick motion, regulates the rest. [with maggots.]

Flyblow, fl'-blô. *v. a.* to taint with flies, to fil

Foal, fôle. *s.* the offspring of a mare, or other beast of burden.

Foal, fôle. *v. a.* to bring forth a foal.

Foam, fôme. *s.* the white substance which gathers on the top of liquors, froth, spume.

Foam, fôme. *v. n.* to froth, to gather foam; to be in rage.

Fôte, fâr, fâll, fâi;—mê, mêt;—plao, pla;—

Foamy, fô'-mê. *a.* covered with foam, frothy.
Fob, fôb. *s.* a small pocket.
Fob, fôb. *v. a.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud.
Focus, fô'-kô's. *s.* the point where the rays are collected by a burning-glass.
Fodder, fôd'-ôûr. *s.* dry food for cattle.
Fodder, fôd'-dâr. *v. a.* to feed with dry food.
Foe, fô. *s.* an enemy in war; an opponent.
Fœtus, fê'-tû's. *s.* the child in the womb after it is perfectly formed.
Fog, fôg. *s.* a thick mist; aftergrass.
Foggily, fôg'-gê-lê. *ad.* mistily, darkly, cloudily.
Fogginess, fôg'-gê-nês. *s.* the state of being dark or misty; mistiness.
Foggy, fôg'-gê. *a.* misty, cloudy.
Foh, fôh! *interj.* an interjection of abhorrence.
Foible, fô'-bl. *s.* a weak side, a blind side.
Foil, fôil. *v. a.* to put to the worst, to defeat.
Foil, fôil. *s.* a device; something of another colour near which jewels are set to raise their lustre; a blunt sword used in fencing.
Foist, fôist. *v. a.* to insert by forgery.
Fold, fôld. *s.* a pen for sheep.
Fold, fôld. *v. a.* to shut sheep in the fold; to double, to complicate. [*inæ* or *leaves*.]
Foliaceous, fô-lê-â'-shû's. *a.* consisting of laminae.
Foliage, fô-lê-âdje. *s.* leaves, tufts of leaves.
Foliate, fô-lê-âte. *v. a.* to beat into laminae or leaves.
Foliation, fô-lê-â'-shû'n. *s.* the act of beating into thin leaves; the flower of a plant.
Folio, fô-lê-ô. *s.* a large book, of which the pages are formed by a sheet of paper once doubled.
Folk, fôke. *s.* people; nations, mankind.
Follow, fôl'-lô. *v. a.* to go after; to attend as a dependant; to pursue; to be consequential; to imitate.
Follower, fôl'-lô-âr. *s.* one who comes after another; a dependant; an associate; an imitator.
Folly, fôl'-lê. *s.* want of understanding; criminal weakness, depravity of mind.
Foment, fô-mênt'. *v. a.* to cherish with heat; to bathe with warm lotions; to encourage.
Fomentation, fô-mên-tâ'-shû'n. *s.* a lotion prepared to foment the parts. [*supporter*.]
Fomentor, fô-mên-târ. *s.* an encourager, a

Fond, fônd. *a.* foolish, silly; foolishly tender.
Fondle, fônd'-dl. *v. a.* to treat with great indulgence.
Fondler, fônd'-dl-âr. *s.* one who fondles.
Fondling, fônd'-dl-îng. *s.* one regardful with great affection. [*tenderness*.]
Fondly, fônd'-lê. *ad.* foolishly; with extreme
Fondness, fônd'-nês. *s.* foolishness, weakness, unreasonable liking.
Font, fônt. *s.* a baptismal vessel.
Food, fôod. *s.* victuals, provisions.
Foodful, fôod'-fûl. *a.* fruitful, full of food.
Fool, fôol. *s.* an idiot; a buffoon.
Fool, fôol. *v. n.* to trifle, to play.
Fool, fôol. *v. a.* to treat with contempt; to insultate. [*practice*.]
Foolery, fôol'-âr-ê. *s.* habitual folly; trifling.
Foolhardiness, fôol'-hâr'-iê-nês. *s.* mad rashness. [*ous*.]
Foolhardy, fôol'-hâr'-dê. *a.* madly adventurous
Foolish, fôol'-îsh. *a.* void of understanding weak of intellect. [*understanding*.]
Foolishly, fôol'-îsh-lê. *ad.* weakly, without wit
Foolishness, fôol'-îsh-nês. *s.* folly, want of understanding.
Foot, fût. *s.* plural *feet*. that upon which a thing stands; a certain number of syllables constituting part of a verse; a measure of twelve inches.
Foot, fût. *v. n.* to dance, to trip; to walk.
Foot, fût. *v. a.* to spurn, to kick; to tread.
Football, fût'-bâll. *s.* a ball driven by the foot.
Footboy, fût'-bôe. *s.* a low, menial, an attendant in livery.
Footing, fût'-îng. *s.* ground for the foot; foundation, support; entrance, beginning; state, condition, settlement. [*livery*.]
Footman, fût'-mân. *s.* a low, menial servant in livery.
Footpad, fût'-pâd. *s.* one that robs on foot.
Footpath, fût'-pâth. *s.* a narrow way which will not admit horses. [*left* by the foot.
Footstep, fût'-stêp. *s.* trace, track, impression
Footstool, fût'-stôol. *s.* stool on which he that sits places his feet.
Fop, fôp. *s.* a coxcomb, one fond of dress.
Foppery, fôp'-êr-ê. *s.* folly, impertinence; affectation of show or importance.
Foppish, fôp'-îsh. *a.* foolish, idle, vain.

no, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tābe, tād, bōll;—dīl;—pōānd;—chīp, tūis.

- Foppishly**, fōp'-plāh-lē. *ad.* vainly, ostentatiously; [vanity.]
- Foppishness**, fōp'-plāh-nēs. *s.* vanity, showy
- For**, fōr. *prep.* because of; with respect to; considered as, in the place of; for the sake of; in comparative respect.
- For**, fōr. *conj.* because, on this account, for as much, in regard that, in consideration of.
- Forage**, fōr'-āje. *v. n.* to wander in search of provisions; to ravage, to feed on spoil.
- Forage**, fōr'-āje. *v. a.* to plunder, to strip.
- Forage**, fōr'-āje. *s.* search of provisions, the act of feeding abroad.
- Forbear**, fōr-bāre' *v. n.* pret. *forbore*; part. *forborn*. to cease from any thing, to intermit; to pause, to delay; to omit voluntarily; to abstain, to restrain any violence of temper, to be patient.
- Forbear**, fōr-bāre'. *v. a.* to decline, to omit voluntarily; to spare, to treat with clemency; to withhold.
- Forbearance**, fōr-bāre'-ānse. *s.* command of temper; lenity, delay of punishment, mildness.
- Forbid**, fōr-bīd'. *v. a.* pret. *forbade*; part. *forbidden* or *forbid*. to prohibit; to oppose, to hinder. [horrence.]
- Forbidding**, fōr-bīd'-dīng. *part. a.* raising ab-
- Force**, fōrse. *s.* strength, vigour, might; violence; efficacy; validness; armament, warlike preparation; destiny, fatal compulsion.
- Force**, fōrse. *v. a.* to compel, to constrain; to overpower; to impel; to enforce; to drive by violence or power; to storm, to take or enter by violence; to ravish; to extort.
- Forcedly**, fōr'-sēd-lē. *ad.* violently, constrainedly.
- Forceful**, fōrse'-fūl. *a.* violent, strong, impetuous. [us]
- Forcefully**, fōrse'-fūl-lē. *ad.* violently, impetuously.
- Forceless**, fōrse'-lēs. *a.* without force, feeble.
- Forceps**, fōr'-sēps. *s.* an instrument in surgery to extract any thing out of wounds.
- Forcer**, fōrse'-sūr. *s.* that which forces, drives, or constrains.
- Forcible**, fōrse'-sē-bl. *a.* strong; violent; efficacious; prevalent; valid.
- Forcibleness**, fōrse'-sē-bl-nēs. *s.* force, violence
- Forcibly**, fōrse'-sē-bl-ik. *ad.* strongly; impetuously; by force.
- Ford**, fōrd. *s.* a shallow part of a river.
- Ford**, fōrd. *v. a.* to pass without swimming.
- Fordable**, fōrd'-ā-bl. *a.* passable without swimming
- Fore**, fōrē. *a.* anterior. ming
- Forearm**, fōrē-ārm'. *v. a.* to provide for an attack or resistance before the time of need.
- Forebode**, fōrē-bōde'. *v. n.* to prognosticate, to foretell.
- Forecast**, fōrē-kāst'. *v. a.* to scheme; to contrive.
- Forecast**, fōrē-kāst'. *v. n.* to form schemes, to contrive beforehand.
- Forecast**, fōrē-kāst'. *s.* contrivance beforehand.
- Forecastle**, fōrē-kās-sl. *s.* part in a ship where the foremost stands.
- Forecited**, fōrē-sl'-tēd. *part.* quoted before.
- Foreclose**, fōrē-klōze'. *v. a.* to shut up, to preclude.
- Foredo**, fōrē-dōd'. *v. a.* to ruin; to harass.
- Forefather**, fōrē-fā'-thēr. *s.* ancestor.
- Forefend**, fōrē-fēnd'. *v. a.* to avert.
- Forego**, fōrē-gō'. *v. a.* to quit, to give up.
- Foreground**, fōrē-grōūd. *s.* the part of the field or expanse of a picture before the figures.
- Forehand**, fōrē-hānd. *s.* a thing done too soon.
- Forehead**, fōr'-hēd. *s.* that part of the face which reaches from the eyes upwards to the hair; impudence.
- Foreign**, fōr'-īn. *a.* not domestick; alien.
- Foreigner**, fōr'-rīn-ēr. *s.* a man that comes from another country.
- Foreknow**, fōrē-nō'. *v. a.* to have prescience of, to foresee.
- Foreknowledge**, fōrē-nōl'-lēdje. *s.* prescience, knowledge of that which has not yet happened. [land.]
- Foreland**, fōrē-lānd. *s.* a promontory, head.
- Forelay**, fōrē-lā'. *v. a.* to lay wait for, to entrap. [from the forepart of the head.]
- Forelock**, fōrē-lōk. *s.* the hair that grows
- Foreman**, fōrē-mān. *s.* the chief person on a jury; the first servant in a shop.
- Forementioned**, fōrē-mēn'-shōnd. *a.* mentioned or recited before.
- Foremost**, fōrē-mōst. *a.* first in pace
- Forenamed**, fōrē-nāmd'. *a.* nominated before

Fåte, får, fällt, får;—mè, mèt;—plac, plin;—

Forenoon, före-middn. *s.* the time of day before noon. [nate, to preordain.

Foreordain, före-ör-dåné. *v. a.* to predestinate.

Forerank, före-rångk. *s.* first rank, front.

Forerecited, före-ré-ä-léd. *a.* mentioned before.

Forerun, före-rån. *v. a.* to precede. [fore.

Forerunner, före-rån-när. *s.* a messenger sent before; a prognostick.

Foresay, före-sä. *v. a.* to predict.

Foresce, före-sce. *v. a.* to see beforehand.

Foreship, före-skip. *s.* the anterior part of the ship.

Foreshorten, före-slör-tu. *v. a.* to shorten the forepart. [it comes.

Foreshow, före-shö. *v. a.* to represent before.

Foresight, före-site. *s.* foreknowledge.

Foreskin, före-skin. *s.* the prepuce.

Forest, för-rést. *s.* a wild, uncultivated tract of ground, with wood.

Forestall, före-ställ. *v. a.* to anticipate, to take up beforehand. [pates the market.

Forestaller, före-ställ-är. *s.* one that anticipates.

Forester, för-rés-tär. *s.* an officer of the forest.

Foretaste, före-täste. *v. a.* to have antepast of.

Foretaste, före-täste. *s.* anticipation of.

Foretell, före-tél. *v. a.* to predict, to prophesy.

Foreteller, före-tél-lär. *s.* predictor.

Forethink, före-tänk. *v. a.* to anticipate in the mind. [icipation; provident care.

Forethought, före-tänk. *s.* prescience, anticipation.

Foretoken, före-tö-kn. *v. a.* to foreshow, to prognosticate. [prognostick.

Foretoken, före-tö-kn. *s.* prevenient sign.

Foretop, före-töp. *s.* the front of a peruke, &c.

Forewarn, före-wärn. *v. a.* to admonish beforehand; to caution.

Forfeit, för-fit. *s.* something lost by the commission of a crime, a fine.

Forfeit, för-fit. *v. a.* to lose by some offence or breach of condition. [ated.

Forfeit, för-fit. *a.* liable to penal seizure, alien-

Forfeitable, för-fit-ä-bl. *a.* possessed on conditions. [ing; the thing forfeited.

Forfeiture, för-fit-yüre. *s.* the act of forfeiting.

Forge, förje. *s.* the place where iron is beaten into form.

Forge, förje. *v. a.* to form by the hammer; to counterfeit, to falsify.

Forger, före-jär. *s.* one who makes or forms: one who counterfeits. [tion; smith's work

Forgery, före-jär-é. *s.* the crime of falsifica-

Forget, för-gét. *v. a.* pret. forgot; part. forgotten or forgot. to lose memory of.

Forgetful, för-gét-fül. *a.* oblivious, negligent.

Forgetfulness, för-gét-fül-nés. *s.* oblivion, loss of memory.

Forgive, för-giv. *v. a.* pret. forgave; part. forgiven. to pardon; to remit.

Forgiveness, för-giv-nés. *s.* the act of forgiving, pardon.

Forgot, för-göt. } part. pass. of forget

Forgotten, för-göt-tu. } not remembered.

Fork, förk. *s.* an instrument divided at the end into two or more points or prongs.

Fork, förk. *v. n.* to shoot into blades.

Forked, för-kéd. } *a.* opening into two parts.

Forky, för-ké. }

Forlorn, för-lörn. *a.* deserted, forsaken.

Forlornness, för-lörn-nés. *s.* misery, solitude.

Form, förn. *s.* shape; beauty; ceremony; external appearance; stated method; a long seat; a class; the bed of a hare.

Form, förn. *v. a.* to make; to model; to plan

Formal, för-mäl. *a.* ceremonious; regular, external. [pearance to reality.

Formalist, för-mäl-ist. *s.* one who prefers appearance to reality.

Formality, för-mäl-é-té. *s.* ceremony.

Formalize, för-mäl-lize. *v. a.* to model; to affect formality.

Formally, för-mäl-é. *ad.* according to established rules; ceremoniously.

Formation, för-mäl-shön. *s.* the act of forming: the manner in which a thing is formed.

Formative, för-mäl-iv. *a.* having the power of giving form, plastic. [past.

Former, för-mär. *a.* before another in time;

Formerly, för-mär-lé. *ad.* in times past.

Formidable, för-mé-dä-bl. *a.* terrible, dreadful

Formidably, för-mé-dä-blé. *ad.* in a terrible

Formless, förn-lés. *a.* shapeless. [manner.

Formula, för-mö-lä. *s.* a prescribed form.

Formulary, för-mö-lär-é. *s.* a book containing prescribed models. [ness.

Fornicate, för-né-käte. *v. n.* to commit lewd-

Fornication, för-né-kä-shön. *s.* concubinage or commerce with an unmarried woman.

no, move, ndr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôil;—pôûl;—ôia, tnia.

- Fornicator**, fôr'-nê-kâ-tûr. *s.* one that has commerce with unmarried woman.
- Fornitress**, fôr'-nê-kâ-três. *s.* a woman who, without marriage, cohabits with a man.
- Forsake**, fôr'-sâke'. *v. a. pret. forsook*; *part. pass. forsook* or *forsaken*. to leave; to desert, to fail. [*forsakes*.]
- Forsaker**, fôr'-sâ'-kâr. *s.* a deserter, one that forsooth, fôr'-sôûk'. *ad.* in truth, certainly.
- Forswear**, fôr'-swâre'. *v. a. pret. forswore*; *part. forsworn*. to renounce upon oath; to be perjured. [*commit perjury*.]
- For swear**, fôr'-swâre'. *v. n.* to swear falsely, to fort, fôr'. *s.* a fortified house, a castle.
- Fort**, fôrth. *ad.* forward; abroad; on to the end.
- Forth**, fôrth. *prep.* out of.
- Forthcoming**, fôrth-kôm'-ing. *a.* ready to appear, not absconding.
- Forthright**, fôrth-rite'. *ad.* straight forward.
- Forthwith**, fôrth-wîth'. *ad.* immediately.
- Fortieth**, fôr'-tê-êth. *a.* the fourth tenth.
- Fortification**, fôr'-tê-sê-kâ-shûn. *s.* a place built for strength. [*attacks*; to confirm.
- Fortify**, fôr'-tê-sî. *v. a.* to strengthen against
- Fortitude**, fôr'-tê-tûde. *s.* courage, magnanimity.
- Fortnight**, fôr'-nite. *s.* the space of two weeks.
- Fortress**, fôr'-três. *s.* a strong hold.
- Fortuitous**, fôr'-tû-ê-tûs. *a.* accidental, casual.
- Fortunate**, fôr'-tshû-nâte. *a.* lucky, successful.
- Fortunately**, fôr'-tshû-nâte-lê. *ad.* happily, successfully.
- Fortune**, fôr'-tshûne. *s.* chance; means of living; event; estate.
- Fortune**, fôr'-tshûne. *v. n.* to befall, to happen.
- Fortunehunter**, fôr'-tshûn-hûn-tûr. *s.* a man who seeks for a woman with a fortune.
- Fortuneteller**, fôr'-tshûn-têl-lâr. *s.* one who pretends to the knowledge of futurity.
- Forty**, fôr'-tê. *a.* four times ten. [*place*.]
- Forum**, fôr'-rûm. *s.* a market; any publick
- Forward**, fôr'-wârd. *ad.* towards, onward.
- Forward**, fôr'-wârd. *a.* warm, earnest; ardent, eager; confident; early ripe.
- Forward**, fôr'-wârd. *v. a.* to hasten; to advance.
- Forwarder**, fôr'-wâr-dâr. *s.* he who promotes any thing.
- Forwardly**, fôr'-wârd-lê. *ad.* eagerly hastily.
- Forwardness**, fôr'-wârd-nês. *s.* quickness, eagerness; confidence. [*progressively*.]
- Forwards**, fôr'-wârdz. *ad.* straight before,
- Fosse**, fôs. *s.* a ditch, a moat.
- Fossil**, fôs'-sil. *a.* dug out of the earth.
- Fossil**, fôs'-sil. *s.* that which is dug out of the bowels of the earth. [*to cherish*.]
- Foster**, fôs'-tûr. *v. a.* to nurse; to encourage,
- Fosterage**, fôs'-tûr-kîje. *s.* the charge of nursing. [*by a woman not the mother*.]
- Fosterchild**, fôs'-tûr-tshild. *s.* a child nursed
- Fought**, fawt. *pret.* and *part. of fight*.
- Foul**, fôul. *a.* not clean, filthy; wicked; gross; stormy.
- Foul**, fôul. *v. a.* to drub, to temire.
- Foulfaced**, fôul'-fâste. *a.* having an ugly or hateful visage.
- Foully**, fôul'-ê. *ad.* filthily, nastily.
- Foulmouthed**, fôul'-môûtyd. *a.* habituated to the use of opprobrious terms.
- Foulness**, fôul'-nês. *s.* filthiness; pollution.
- Found**, fôund. *pret.* and *part. pass. of find*.
- Found**, fôund. *v. a.* to lay the basis of any building; to establish.
- Found**, fôund. *v. a.* to form by melting and pouring into moulds.
- Foundation**, fôun-dâ'-shûn. *s.* the basis or lower part of an edifice; original; establishment.
- Founder**, fôun'-dâr. *s.* a builder; one from whom any thing has its original; a caster
- Founder**, fôun'-dâr. *v. a.* to make lame.
- Founder**, fôun'-dâr. *v. n.* to sink; to fail.
- Foundling**, fôund'-ing. *s.* a child found without any parent or owner.
- Foundress**, fôun'-drês. *s.* a woman that founds, builds, or establishes any thing.
- Foundry**, fôun'-drê. *s.* a casting-house.
- Font**, fônt. } *s.* a well, a spring; a fountain, fôun'-tîn. } spout of water; origin
- Four**, fôre. *a.* twice two. [*na*.]
- Fourfold**, fôre'-fôlt. *a.* four times told.
- Fourfooted**, fôre'-fût-êd. *a.* quadruped.
- Fourscore**, fôre'-skôre. *a.* eighty.
- Foursquare**, fôre'-skwâre. *a.* quadrangular.
- Fourteen**, fôre'-têen. *a.* four and ten. [*teen*.]
- Fourteenth**, fôre'-tênth. *a.* the ordinal of four
- Fourth**, fôrth. *a.* the ordinal of four.
- Fourthly**, fôrth'-lê. *ad.* in the fourth place.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plne, plu; —

- Fourwheeled, *foré-hwéeld. a.* running upon four wheels.
- Fowl, *fôl. s.* a winged animal, a bird.
- Fowl, *fôl. v. a.* to kill birds for food or game.
- Fowler, *fôul-ûr. s.* a sportsman who pursues birds. [birds.]
- Fowling-piece, *fôul-ing-piêse. s.* a gun for Fox.
- Fox, *fôks. s.* a wild animal of the chase; a Foxcase, *fôks'-kâse. s.* a fox's skin. [knave.]
- Foxchase, *fôks'-ishêse. s.* the pursuit of the fox with hounds. [ing foxes.]
- Foxhunter, *fôks'-hânt-ûr. s.* one fond of hunt.
- Foxtrap, *fôks'-trâp. s.* a snare to catch foxes.
- Fract, *frâkt. v. a.* to break, to violate.
- Fraction, *frâk'-shân. s.* the act of breaking, the state of being broken; a broken part of an integral.
- Fractional, *frâk'-shân-âl. a.* belonging to a broken number. [bone.]
- Fracture, *frâk'-shûre. s.* the breaking of a Fracture, *frâk'-shûre. v. a.* to break a bone.
- Fragile, *frâdj'-il. a.* brittle, easily snapped.
- Fragility, *frâ-jil-ê-tê. s.* brittleness; frailty.
- Fragment, *frâg'-mênt. s.* an imperfect piece.
- Fragmentary, *frâg'-mên-târ-ê. a.* composel of fragments.
- Fragrance, *frâ-grânse. } s. sweetness of smell,*
Frangancy, frâ-grân-sê. } pleasing scent.
- Fragrant, *frâ-grânt. a.* odorous. [duction.]
- Frail, *frâle. a.* weak; liable to error or sc-
- Frailty, *frâle-tê. s.* weakness of resolution, in-
- stability of mind.
- Fraise, *frâze. s.* pancake with bacon in it.
- Frame, *frâme. v. a.* to form; to make; to regu-
- late; to plan; to invent.
- Frame, *frâme. s.* any thing made so as to en-
- close or admit something else; order, regu-
- larity; scheme. [schemer.]
- Framer, *frâme-ûr. s.* maker, former, contriver,
- Franchise, *frân-shiz. s.* exemption from any
- onerous duty; immunity.
- Franchise, *frân-shiz. v. a.* to make free.
- Frangible, *frân-jê-bl. a.* fragile, brittle.
- Frank, *frângk. a.* liberal; open.
- Frank, *frângk. s.* a letter which pays no post-
- age; a French coin.
- Frank, *frângk. v. a.* to fatten; to exempt letters
- from postage.
- Frankincense, *frângk'-in-sêse. s.* an odorifer-
- ous kind of resin.
- Frankly, *frângk'-lê. ad.* liberally, freely
- Frankness, *frângk'-nês. s.* plainness, openness,
- liberality.
- Frantick, *frân'-tik. a.* mad; distracted.
- Frantickly, *frân'-tik-lê. ad.* madly, outrageously
- Frantickness, *frân'-tik-nês. s.* madness, fury o'
- Fraternak, *frâ-têr-nâl. a.* brotherly [passion]
- Fraternity, *frâ-têr-nê-tê. s.* body of men united
- society. [brother.]
- Fratricide, *frâ-têr-ê-side. s.* the murder of a
- Fraud, *frâwd. s.* deceit, cheat, trick. [trickish]
- Fraudful, *frâwd'-fûl. a.* treacherous, artful,
- Fraudulence, *frâw'-dû-lêse. } s. deceitfulness,*
Fraudulency, frâw'-dû-lê-sê. } trickishness.
- Fraudulent, *frâw'-dû-lênt. a.* trickish, deceitful
- Fraudulently, *frâw'-dû-lênt-lê. ad.* by fraud,
- deceitfully.
- Fraught, *frâwt. part. pass.* laden; filled.
- Fray, *frâ. s.* a broil, a battle. [bing]
- Fray, *frâ. v. a.* to rub, to wear away by rub
- Freak, *frêke. s.* a sudden fancy, a whim.
- Freakish, *frêke'-ish. a.* capricious.
- Freakishness, *frêke'-ish-nês. s.* capriciousness;
- Freckle, *frêk'-kl. s.* a spot raised in the skin by
- Freckled, *frêk'-kkl. a.* spotted. [the sun.]
- Freckly, *frêk'-lê. a.* full of freckles.
- Free, *frê. a.* at liberty; liberal; frank; ex-
- empt; invested with franchises.
- Free, *frê. v. a.* to set at liberty; to clear from;
- to exempt. [dcer.]
- Freebooter, *frêe-bôt-ûr. s.* a robber, a plun-
- Freeborn, *frêe-bôrn. a.* inheriting liberty.
- Freecost, *frêe-kôst. s.* without expense.
- Freedman, *frêe'-mân. s.* a slave manumitted.
- Freedom, *frêe-dôm. s.* liberty; privilege; ease
- or facility.
- Freehearted, *frêe-hâr-têd. a.* liberal.
- Freehold, *frêe-hôld. s.* land held in perpetual
- right. [freehold.]
- Freeholder, *frêe-hôld-ûr. s.* one who has a
- Freely, *frêe-lê. ad.* at liberty; without restraint;
- liberally.
- Freeman, *frêe-mân. s.* not a vassal; one par-
- taking of rights, or immunities.
- Freemason, *frêe-mâ-sn. s.* one of a numerous
- society who profess having a secret to keep.

nd, ndve, ndr, nft;—tibe, tób, tóll;—óil;—pónd;—áin, THIA.

Freeminded, fré-mínd-éd. *a.* unconstrained.
Freedom, fré-ndá. *s.* openness, liberality.
Freeschool, fré-skóól. *s.* a school in which learning is given without pay.
Freespoken, fré-spó-kn. *a.* accustomed to speak without reserve. [in building].
Freestone, fré-stón. *s.* stone commonly used.
Freethinker, fré-thínk'-ár. *s.* a contemner of religion. [our own actions].
Freewill, fré-wíll'. *s.* the power of directing.
Freeze, fréze. *v. a. pret.* froze; *part.* frozen or froze to congeal with cold; to kill by cold; to chill by the loss of power or motion.
Freight, fráite. *v. a. prot.* freighted; *part.* freighted, freighted. to load a ship with goods for transportation; to load with a burden.
Freight, fráite. *s.* the loading of a ship. [mind].
Frenzy, frén-zé. *s.* madness, distraction of
Frequency, fré-kwénse. *s.* crowd, concourse, assembly.
Frequency, fré-kwén-sé. *s.* common occurrence, the condition of being often seen, or often occurring. [full of concourse].
Frequent, fré-kwént. *a.* often done or seen;
Frequent, fré-kwént'. *r. a.* to visit often.
Frequentable, fré-kwént'-á-bl. *a.* conversable, accessible. [frequenting].
Frequentation, fré-kwént-tá-shún. *s.* habit of
Frequenter, fré-kwént'-ár. *s.* one who often resorts to any place.
Frequently, fré-kwént-lé. *ad.* often, commonly.
Fresco, frés-kó. *s.* coolness, shade; a picture drawn in dusk. [sweet].
Fresh, frésh. *a.* cool; not salt; new; florid;
Freshen, frésh'-shn. *v. a.* to make fresh.
Freshen, frésh'-shn. *v. n.* to grow fresh.
Freshet, frésh'-ét. *s.* a pool of fresh water.
Freshly, frésh'-lé. *ad.* coolly; newly; rudely.
Freshness, frésh'-nésh. *s.* the state of being fresh.
Fret, frét. *s.* a frith or strait of the sea; any agitation of liquors; stop of a musical instrument; work rising in protuberance; passion.
Fret, frét. *v. a.* to wear away by rubbing; to form into raised work; to vex.
Fret, frét. *v. n.* to be in commotion; to be worn away; to be angry.
Fretful, frét'-fúl. *a.* angry, peevish.
Fretfulness, frét'-fúl-nés. *s.* peevishness

Friability, frí-á-bl'-é-té. *s.* capacity of being reduced to powder.
Friable, frí-á-bl. *a.* easily crumbled.
Friar, frí-ár. *s.* a religious brother of some regular order. [friars].
Friary, frí-ár-é. *s.* a monastery or convent of Friablers, fríh'-bl-ár. *s.* a trifler.
Fricassee, frík-á-séé. *s.* a dish made by cutting chickens or other small things in pieces, and dressing them with strong sauce.
Friction, frík-shún. *s.* the act of rubbing two bodies together.
Friday, frí-dé. *s.* the sixth day of the week.
Friend, frénd. *s.* a companion; one propitious.
Friendless, frénd'-lész. *a.* wanting friends.
Friendliness, frénd'-lé-nés. *s.* a disposition to friendship. [of a friend, favourable].
Friendly, frénd'-lé. *a.* having the disposition to friendship.
Friendship, frénd'-ship. *s.* favour, personal kindness; assistance, help.
Frieze, fréze. *s.* a coarse, warm cloth.
Frieze, fréze. *s.* in architecture, a large flat member which separates the architrave from the cornice.
Frigate, fríg'-át. *s.* a small ship of war.
Fright, fríte. *v. a.* to terrify.
Fright, fríte. *s.* a sudden terror.
Frighten, frí-tín. *r. a.* to terrify.
Frightful, fríte'-fúl. *a.* dreadful, full of terror.
Frightfully, fríte'-fúl-é. *ad.* dreadfully, horribly.
Frightfulness, fríte'-fúl-nés. *s.* the power of impressing terror.
Frigid, fríd'-jíd. *a.* cold; impotent.
Frigidity, frí-jíd'-é-té. *s.* coldness.
Frigidly, frí-jíd'-é. *ad.* coldly, dully. [section].
Frigidness, fríd'-jíd-nés. *s.* coldness, want of aff.
Frigorific, frí-gó-ríf'-ík. *a.* causing cold.
Fringe, frínje. *s.* an ornamental appendage added to dress or furniture.
Fringe, frínje. *v. a.* to adorn with fringes.
Frippery, fríp'-ér-é. *s.* the place where old clothes are sold; old clothes.
Friseur, fré-zúré'. *s.* a hair dresser.
Frisk, frísk. *v. n.* to leap, to skip.
Frisk, frísk. *s.* a frolic.
Friskiness, frísk'-é-nés. *s.* gaiety, liveliness.
Frisky, frísk'-é. *a.* gay, airy.
Frit frít. *s.* among chymists, ashes of salt

Frûe, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plae, plâ;—

- Frith, frîth. *s.* a strait of the sea; a kind of net.
- Fritter, frî't-târ. *s.* a small piece to be fried; cheese-cake.
- Fritter, frî't-târ. *v. a.* to cut meat into small pieces to be fried; to break into small parts.
- Frivollity, frê-vôl'-ê-tê. *s.* insignificance. [clea.]
- Frivolous, friv'-ô-lôs. *a.* slight, trifling.
- Frivolously, friv'-ô-lôs-lê. *ad.* triflingly.
- Fizzle, frîz'-zî. *v. a.* to curl in short curls.
- Fro, frô. *ad.* backward, regressively.
- Frock, frôk. *s.* a dress for children; an outward garment.
- Frog, frôg. *s.* a small amphibious animal; the hollow part of a horse's hoof.
- Frolick, frôl'-îk. *a.* full of levity. [whim.]
- Frolick, frôl'-îk. *s.* a wild prank, a flight of Frolick, frôl'-îk. *v. n.* to play wild pranks.
- Frolicsome, frôl'-îk-sôm. *a.* full of wild gaiety.
- Frolicksomeness, frôl'-îk-sôm-nê. *s.* wildness of gaiety, pranks.
- From, frôm. *prep.* away, noting privation; out of; because of; at a distance; contrary to.
- Front, frânt. *s.* the face; the van of an army; the forefront of any thing; impudence.
- Front, frânt. *v. a.* to oppose directly, or face to face.
- Front, frânt. *v. n.* to stand foremost.
- Fronted, frânt'-êd. *a.* formed with a front.
- Frontier, frôn'-ishêr. *s.* the marches, the utmost verge of any territory.
- Frontier, frôn'-ishêr. *a.* bordering.
- Frontispiece, frôn'-îs-pê. *s.* that part of any building or other body that directly meets the
- Frontless, frânt'-lê. *a.* without shame. [eye.]
- Frontlet, frânt'-lêt. *s.* a bandage worn upon the forehead.
- Frost, frôst. *s.* the last effect of cold, the power or act of congelation.
- Frostbitten, frôst'-bit-tin. *a.* nipped by the frost.
- Frosted, frôst'-têd. *a.* laid on in inequalities like those of the floor frost upon plants.
- Frosty, frôs'-tê-lê. *ad.* with excessive cold.
- Frostiness, frôs'-tê-nê. *s.* freezing cold.
- Frosty, frôs'-tê. *a.* excessively cold; rescm-
- Froth, frôth. *s.* spume, foam. [bling froth.]
- Froth, frôth. *v. n.* to foam, to throw out spume.
- Frothily, frôth'-lê. *ad.* with foam; in an empty, trifling manner
- Frothy, frôth'-ê. *a.* full of froth; vain.
- Frouzy, frôz'-zê. *a.* dim, soiled, musty.
- Froward, frô'-wârd. *a.* peevish.
- Frowardly, frô'-wârd-lê. *ad.* peevishly, perversely. [perverseness.]
- Frowardness, frô'-wârd-nê. *s.* peevishness.
- Frown, frôdn. *v. a.* to express displeasure or contracting the face to wrinkles.
- Frown, frôdn. *s.* a look of displeasure.
- Fructiferous, frûk'-îf'-fêr-ûs. *a.* bearing fruit.
- Fructification, frûk'-tê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of causing or bearing fruit, fertility
- Fructify, frûk'-tê-fl. *v. a.* to make fruitful, to fertilize.
- Fructify, frûk'-tê-fl. *v. n.* to bear fruit.
- Fructuous, frûk'-tshû-ûs. *a.* fruitful, fertile.
- Frugal, frû-gâl. *a.* thrifty, parsimonious.
- Frugality, frû-gâl'-tê. *s.* thrift, parsimony.
- Frugally, frû-gâl'-ê. *ad.* parsimoniously.
- Frugiferous, frû-îf'-fêr-ûs. *a.* bearing fruit.
- Fruit, frôot. *s.* the product of a tree or plant, production; the offspring of the womb.
- Fruitage, frôot'-îdje. *s.* fruit collectively.
- Fruitbearing, frôot'-bâr-îng. *a.* having the quality of producing fruit. [fruit]
- Fruiterer, frôot'-êr-êr. *s.* one who trades in fruitery, frôot'-êr-ê, *tê. s.* a fruit-loft. [teous.]
- Fruitful, frôot'-fûl. *a.* fertile; prolific; plentiful.
- Fruitfully, frôot'-fûl-ê. *ad.* plentifully, abundantly. [quality of being prolific.]
- Fruitfulness, frôot'-fûl-nê. *s.* fertility; the
- Fruition, frô-lîv'-ûn. *s.* enjoyment, possession.
- Fruitive, frû'-ê-ûv. *a.* enjoying, possessing.
- Fruitless, frôot'-lê. *a.* barren; vain, unprofitable. [ably]
- Fruitlessly, frôot'-lê-lê. *ad.* vainly, unprofit-
- Fruit-tree, frôot'-trê. *s.* a tree that produces fruit. [grain.]
- Fruментacious, frû-mên-tâ'-shû. *a.* made of Frump, frôm-p. *v. a.* to mock, to browbeat.
- Frush, frûsh. *v. a.* to break, bruise. [able]
- Frustraneous, frûs-trâ'-nê-ûs. *a.* vain, unprofit-
- Frustrate, frûs-trâ-tê. *v. a.* to defeat; to balk
- Frustrate, frûs-trâ-tê. *part. a.* vain, ineffectual unprofitable, void.
- Frustration, frûs-trâ'-shûn. *s.* disappointment, defeat.
- Frustrative, frûs-trâ-têv. *a.* disappointing.

nó, móve, nór, nót;—tòbe, táb, báll;—ón;—póond;—thin, THIS.

Frustum, frás'-tám. *s.* a piece cut off from a regular figure.

Fry, frí. *s.* the swarm of little fishes just produced from the spaw.

Fry, frí. *v. a.* to dress food in a pan.

Fry, frí. *s.* a dish of things fried.

Fryingpan, frí'-fing-pán. *s.* the vessel in which meat is roasted on the fire.

Fub, fúb. *v. a.* to put off.

Fuddle, fúf'-dl. *v. a.* to make drunk.

Fuddle, fúf'-dl. *v. n.* to drink to excess.

Fuel, fú'-fl. *s.* the aliment of fire.

Fugacious, fú-gá'-shás. *a.* volatile, fleeting.

Fugacity, fú-gás'-è-tè. *s.* volatility, instability.

Fugitive, fú-jé'-tív. *a.* unsteady; volatile; flying.

Fugitive, fú-jé'-tív. *s.* one who runs from his station or duty. [bility.]

Fugitiveness, fú-jé'-tív-nès. *s.* volatility, instability.

Fugue, féw-g. *s.* flying music. [rests.]

Fulciment, fúf'-sè-mènt. *s.* that on which a body

Fulfil, fúf'-fíl. *v. a.* to perform, accomplish.

Fulfillment, fúf'-fíl mènt. *s.* accomplishment.

Fulfrught, fúf'-fráwt'. *a.* full-stored.

Fulgency, fúf'-jèn-sè. *s.* splendour.

Fulgent, fúf'-jènt. } *a.* shining.

Fulgid, fúf'-jíd. }

Fulgidity, fúf'-jíd-è-tè. *s.* splendour.

Fulgour, fúf'-gúr. *s.* splendour, dazzling brightness. [ed; complete; mature.]

Full, fúl. *a.* replete; stored; plump; saturat-

Full, fúl. *v. a.* to cleanse cloth.

Full, fúl. *s.* complete measure; the total.

Full, fúl. *ad.* without abatement; quite; exactly; directly. [extent.]

Full-blown, fúf'-blóuc. *a.* spread to the utmost

Full-bottomed, fúf'-bót'-támd. *a.* having a large bottom. [eyes.]

Full-eyed, fúf'-lde'. *a.* having large prominent

Full-fed, fúf'-féd'. *a.* sated, saturated.

Full-spread, fúf'-spréd'. *a.* spread to the utmost extent. [cloth.]

Fuller, fúf'-lár. *s.* one whose trade is to cleanse

Fullers' Earth, fúf'-lárz-èrth. *s.* a kind of marl or clay used in fulling.

Fullingmill, fúf'-fing-míl. *s.* a mill where ham-

Fullly, fúf'-lè. *ad.* without vacuity; completely.

Fulminant, fúf'-mè-nánt. *a.* thundering.

Fulminate, fúf'-mè-náte. *v. n.* to thunder; to issue ecclesiastical censures.

Fulmination, fúf'-mè-ná'-shún. *s.* the act of thundering; denunciation of censures

Fulminatory, fúf'-mè-ná'-túr-è. *a.* thundering, striking horror.

Fulness, fúf'-nès. *s.* copiousness, plenty; satiety.

Fulsome, fúf'-súm. *a.* nauseous, offensive.

Fulsomeness, fúf'-súm-nès. *s.* nauseousness, obscenity. [awkwardly]

Fumble, fúm'-bl. *v. n.* to attempt any thing

Fumbler, fúm'-bl-úr. *s.* one who acts awkwardly. [manner.]

Fumblingly, fúm'-bling-lè. *ad.* in an awkward

Fume, fúme. *s.* smoke, vapour.

Fume, fúme. *v. n.* to smoke; to be in a rage.

Fume, fúme. *v. a.* to dry in the smoke; to disperse in vapours.

Fumid, fúf'-míd. *a.* smoky, vaporous.

Fumidity, fúf'-míd-è-tè. *s.* smokiness, tendency to smoke.

Fumigate, fúf'-mè-gáte. *v. n.* to smoke, to perfume by smoke or vapour.

Fumigation, fúf'-mè-gá'-shún. *s.* scents raised by fire.

Fumingly, fúf'-míng-lè. *ad.* angrily, in a rage.

Fun, fún. *s.* sport, high merriment.

Function, fúng'-shún. *s.* discharge, performance; office; power.

Fund, fúnd. *s.* stock, capital.

Fundament, fún-dá-mènt. *s.* the aperture from which the excrements are ejected.

Fundamental, fún-dá-mènt'-tál. *a.* serving for the foundation, essential.

Fundamental, fún-dá-mènt'-tál. *s.* leading proposition; that part on which the rest is built.

Fundamentally, fún-dá-mènt'-tál-è. *ad.* essentially, originally.

Funeral, fúf'-nér-ál. *s.* the solemnization or a burial; obsequies; interment.

Funeral, fúf'-nér-ál. *a.* used at the ceremony of interring the dead. [dismal.]

Funereal, fúf'-nér-è-ál. *a.* suiting a funeral, dark,

Fungous, fúng'-gús. *a.* excrescent, spongy.

Fungus, fúng'-gús. *s.* a mushroom; an excrescence.

Funicular, fúf'-ník'-ú-lár. *a.* consisting of a small cord or fibre. Digitized by Google

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât;—mê, mêt;—plac, pla;—

Funnel, fûn'-nêl. *s.* an inverted hollow cone, with a pipe descending from it through which liquors are poured into vessels.

Fur, fâr. *s.* soft hair of beasts found in cold countries; a substance sticking to the sides of vessels.

Fur, fâr. *v. a.* to line or cover with fur.

Furbelow, fûr'-bê-lô. *s.* an ornament of dress.

Furbelow, fûr'-bê-lô. *v. a.* to adorn with ornamental appendages.

Furbish, fûr'-bîsh. *v. a.* to polish, to rub up.

Furcation, fûr'-kâ'-shûn. *s.* forkiness.

Furious, fû'-rê-ûs. *a.* mad, phrenetick; raging.

Furiously, fû'-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* madly, vehemently.

Furiousness, fû'-rê-ûs-ûs. *s.* madness, transport of passion.

Furl, fûrl. *v. a.* to draw up, to contract.

Furlong, fûr'-lông. *s.* the eighth part of a mile.

Furlough, fûr'-lô. *s.* leave of absence to a soldier for a limited time. [wheat in milk.]

Furmenty, fûr'-mên-tê. *s.* food made by boiling

Furnace, fûr'-nîs. *s.* an enclosed fireplace.

Furnish, fûr'-nîsh. *v. a.* to supply; to fit up; to equip; to adorn.

Furniture, fûr'-nê-tshûre. *s.* moveables, goods put in a house for use or ornament.

Furrier, fûr'-rê-fûr. *s.* a dealer in furs

Furrow, fûr'-rô. *s.* a small trench.

Furrow, fûr'-rô. *v. a.* to cut in furrows; to divide into long hollows.

Furry, fûr'-rê. *a.* covered with fur.

Further, fûr'-thûr. *a.* at a great distance; beyond this.

Further, fûr'-thûr. *ad.* to a greater distance.

Further, fûr'-thûr. *v. a.* to put onward, to forward, to assist.

Furtherer, fûr'-thûr-ûr. *s.* promoter, advancer.

Furthermore, fûr'-thûr-môre. *ad.* moreover,

Furtive, fûr'-tîv. *a.* gotten by theft. [besides.]

Fury, fû'-rê. *s.* madness; rage; one of the infernal deities.

Furze, fûrz. *s.* gorse, goss.

Furzy, fûr'-zê. *a.* overgrown with furze.

Fuse, fûze. *v. a.* to melt, to put into fusion.

Fuse, fûze. *v. n.* to be melted.

Fusée, fû-zêê. *s.* the cone round which is wound the cord or chain of a clock or watch; a firelock, a small neat musket.

Fusibility, fû-sê-bîl'ê-tê. *s.* capacity of being melted, quality of growing liquid by heat.

Fusible, fû'-bê-bl. *a.* capable of being melted.

Fusil, fû-zêê. *s.* a firelock, a small neat musket.

Fusilier, fû-zî-lêêr. *s.* a soldier armed with a fusil.

Fusion, fû'-zhûn. *s.* the act of melting; state of being melted.

Fuss, fûs. *s.* a tumult, a bustle.

Fustian, fûr'-tshân. *s.* a kind of cloth made of linen and cotton; bombast.

Fustian, fûs'-tshân. *a.* made of fustian; swelling; ridiculously tumid.

Fustiness, fûs'-tê-nês. *s.* mouldiness.

Fusty, fûs'-tê. *a.* smelling moody.

Futile, fû'-tîl. *a.* trifling, worthless.

Futility, fû-tîl'ê-tê. *s.* talkativeness, loquacity, triflingness.

Future, fû'-tshûre. *a.* which will be hereafter.

Future, fû'-tshûre. *s.* time to come. [come.]

Futurity, fû-tshû-rê-tê. *s.* time to come; events to

Fuzz, fûz. *v. n.* to fly out in small particles.

Fuzzball, fûz'-bâ-l. *s.* a kind of fungus.

Fy, fl. *interj.* implying blame or disapprobation

G.

GABARDINE, gâl-âr-dêên'. *s.* a coarse frock.

Gabble, gâb'-bl. *v. n.* to make an inarticulate noise; to prate loudly.

Gabble, gâb'-bl. *s.* inarticulate noise; loud talk without meaning. [fellow.]

Gabblers, gâl'-bl-ûr. *s.* a prater, a chattering

Gabel, gâ'-hêl. *s.* an excise, a tax.

Gabion, gâ'-lê-ûn. *s.* a wicker basket which is filled with earth to make a fortification or entrenchment.

Gable, gâ'-bl. *s.* the sloping roof of a building

Gad, gâd. *s.* a wedge of steel. [settled purpose]

Gad, gâd. *v. n.* to ramble about without any

Gadder, gâd'-dâr. *s.* a rambler, one that runs much abroad without business.

Gadfly, gâd'-fl. *s.* a fly that stings cattle.

Gaff, gâf. *s.* a harpoon or large hook.

Gaffles, gâf'-fîz. *s.* artificial spurs upon cocks.

Gag, gâg. *v. n.* to stop the mouth.

Gag, gâg. *s.* something put into the mouth to hinder speech.

no, m6re, ndr, n6t; —t6be, t6b, b6ll; —6ll; —p6t6d; —t6n, t6ris.

Gage, g6je. *v. a.* to depone as a wager; to measure. [*goose.*]
Gaggle, g6g'-gl. *v. a.* to make a noise like a [goose].
Gaiety, g6'-t6. *s.* See *Gayety*.
Gaily, g6'-l6. *ad.* airily, cheerfully; splendidly.
Gain, g6ne. *s.* profit, advantage.
Gain, g6ne. *v. a.* to obtain; to win; to attain.
Gain, g6ne. *v. n.* to encroach; to get ground; to obtain influence with. [*for advantage.*]
Gainer, g6ne'-6r. *s.* one who receives profit
Gainful, g6ne'-f6l. *a.* advantageous; lucrative.
Gainless, g6ne'-l6s. *a.* unprofitable.
Gainlessness, g6ne'-l6s-n6s. *s.* unprofitableness.
Gainy, g6ne'-l6. *ad.* handily, readily.
Gainsay, g6ne'-s6' *v. a.* to contradict.
Gainsayer, g6ne'-s6'-6r. *s.* opponent, adversary.
Gairish, g6'-r6sh. *a.* gaudy, showy. [*gaudiness.*]
Gairishness, g6'-r6sh-n6s. *s.* finery, flaunting
Gait, g6t6. *s.* the manner and air of walking.
Gala, g6'-l6. *s.* a grand entertainment; splendid amusement.
Galaxy, g6l'-l6k-s6. *s.* the milky way.
Galbanum, g6l'-b6-n6m. *s.* a kind of gum.
Gale, g6le. *s.* a wind not tempestuous, yet stronger than a breeze.
Galeas, g6l'-y6s. *s.* a heavey, lowbuilt vessel.
Galeated, g6'-l6-6-t6d. *a.* covered as with a helmet. [*antime.*]
Galiot, g6l'-y6t. *s.* a little galley or sort of brig.
Gall, g6wl. *s.* the bile; rancour, indignity.
Gall, g6wl. *v. a.* to hurt by fretting the skin; to fret, to vex.
Gallant, g6l'-l6nt. *a.* gay; brave, high-spirited; inclined to courtship.
Gallant, g6l'-l6nt. *s.* a beau, a wooer.
Gallantly, g6l'-l6nt-l6. *ad.* splendidly; bravely.
Gallantly, g6l'-l6nt-l6. *ad.* like a wooer.
Gallantry, g6l'-l6nt-6r6. *s.* splendour of appearance; bravery; courtship; lewdness.
Gallery, g6l'-l6r6. *s.* a kind of walk along the floor of a house, into which the doors of the apartments open; the upper seats in a church or theatre.
Galley, g6l'-l6. *s.* a vessel driven with oars.
Galley-slave, g6l'-l6-sl6ve. *s.* a man condemned for some crime to row in the galleys.
Galliard, g6l'-y6rd. *s.* a gay, brisk man; a sprightly dance.

Galicism, g6l'-l6-sizm. *s.* a mode of speech peculiar to the French language.
Galligaskins, g6l'-l6-g6s'-k6ns. *s.* large open hose.
Gallinaufry, g6l'-l6-m6w'-fr6. *s.* a hotch-potch, a medley.
Gallipot, g6l'-l6-p6t. *s.* a pot painted and glazed.
Gallon, g6l'-l6n. *s.* a liquid measure of four quarts.
Galloon, g6l'-l66n'. *s.* a kind of close lace.
Gallop, g6l'-l6p. *v. n.* to move forward by leaps; to ride or move very fast.
Gallop, g6l'-l6p. *s.* the motion of a horse when he runs at full speed.
Galloway, g6l'-l6-w6. *s.* a horse not more than fourteen hands high.
Gallow, g6l'-l6. *v. a.* to terrify.
Gallows, g6l'-l6s. *s.* a beam laid over two posts, on which malefactors are hanged.
Galvanism, g6l'-v6n-lizm. *s.* a system of electricity lately discovered by Galvani.
Gambler, g6m'-bl-6r. *s.* a cheating gamester.
Gamboge, g6m'-b66djo'. *s.* a concreted vegetable juice. [*Irisk.*]
Gambol, g6m'-b6l. *v. n.* to dance, to skip, to gambol, g6m'-b6l. *s.* a skip, a frolic.
Game, g6me. *s.* sport of any kind; jest; sportive insult; field sports; animals pursued in the field.
Game, g6me. *v. n.* to play at any sport; to play wantonly and extravagantly for money.
Gamecock, g6ne'-k6k. *s.* a cock bred to fight.
Gamekeeper, g6ne'-k6ep-6r. *s.* a person who looks after game.
Gamesome, g6me'-s6m. *a.* frolicsome, sportive.
Gamesomeness, g6me'-s6m-n6s. *s.* sportiveness, merriment.
Gamester, g6me'-st6r. *s.* one who is viciously addicted to play.
Gammon, g6m'-m6n. *s.* the buttock of a hog salted and dried.
Gamut, g6m'-6t. *s.* the scale of musical notes.
Gander, g6n'-d6r. *s.* the male of the goose.
Gang, g6ng. *s.* a number hanging together, a troop, a company.
Gangrene, g6ng'-gr6ne. *s.* a mortification.
Gangrene, g6ng'-gr6ne. *v. a.* to corrupt to mortification.
Gangrenous, g6ng'-gr6-n6s. *a.* mortified

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pline, pln;—

- Gangway, gâng'-wâ. s.** in a ship, the several ways or passages from one part of it to the other.
- Gantlet, gânt'-lêt. s.** a military punishment in which the criminal running between the ranks receives a lash from each man.
- Gaol, jâle. s.** a prison.
- Gaoler, jâlê'-ûr. s.** the keeper of a prison.
- Gap, gâp. s.** a breach; a hole; a vacuity.
- Gape, gâp. v. n.** to open the mouth wide, to yawn; to stare irreverently.
- Garb, gârb. s.** dress; exterior appearance.
- Garbago, gâr'-bldje. s.** the bowels, the offal.
- Garble, gâr'-bl. v. n.** to sift, to part.
- Garboil, gâr'-bôll. s.** disorder, uproar.
- Garden, gâr'-dn. s.** a piece of ground enclosed and planted with herbs or fruits.
- Gardener, gâr'-dn-ûr. s.** he that attends or cultivates gardens.
- Gardening, gâr'-dn-îng. s.** the act of cultivating or planning gardens.
- Gargarism, gâr'-gâ-rîzm. s.** a liquid form of medicine to wash the mouth with.
- Gargle, gâr'-gl. v. a.** to wash the throat.
- Gargle, gâr'-gl. s.** a liquor with which the throat is washed. [flowers.]
- Garland, gâr'-lând. s.** a wreath of branches of garlick, gâr'-lîk. s. a plant.
- Garment, gâr'-mênt. s.** any thing by which the body is covered. [corn is stored up.]
- Garner, gâr'-nûr. s.** a place in which threshed corn is stored up.
- Garnet, gâr'-nêt. s.** a gem. [lish.]
- Garnish, gâr'-nîsh. v. a.** to decorate, to embellish.
- Garnish, gâr'-nîsh. s.** ornament, decoration, embellishment. [ment.]
- Garniture, gâr'-nê-tshûre. s.** furniture, ornament.
- Garret, gâr'-rêt. s.** a room on the highest floor of the house. [garret.]
- Garrettee, gâr'-rêt-têr'. s.** an inhabitant of a Garrison, gâr'-rê-sn. s. soldiers placed in a fortified town or castle. [tresses.]
- Garrison, gâr'-rê-sn. v. a.** to secure by fortification.
- Garrulity, gâr'-rû-lê-tê. s.** talkativeness.
- Garrulous, gâr'-rû-lûs. a.** prattling, talkative.
- Garter, gâr'-tûr. s.** a string or riband by which the stocking is held upon the leg; the highest order of English knighthood.
- Garter, gâr'-tûr. v. a.** to bind with a garter.
- Gas, gâs. s.** a spirit not capable of being coagulated.
- Gasconade, gâs-kò-nâdê'. s.** a boast, a bravado.
- Gash, gâsh. v. a.** to cut deep, so as to make a gaping wound.
- Gash, gâsh. s.** a deep and wide wound.
- Gaskins, gâs'-klâz. s.** wide loose, wide breeches.
- Gasp, gâsp. v. n.** to open the mouth wide to catch breath; to emit breath by opening the mouth convulsively; to long for.
- Gasp, gâsp. s.** the act of opening the mouth to catch breath; the short catch of the breath in the last agonies.
- Gastroloquist, gâs-trîl'-ô-kwîst. s.** one who speaks from the belly. [the belly]
- Gastroloquy, gâs-trîl'-ô-kwê. s.** speaking from the belly.
- Gate, gâto. s.** a large door or entrance.
- Gateway, gâto'-wâ. s.** a way through gates & enclosed grounds.
- Gather, gâth'-ûr. v. a.** to collect, to bring into one place; to pick up, to glean, to pluck.
- Gather, gâth'-ûr. v. n.** to be condensed; to grow larger; to assemble; to generate pus or matter. [itable contributions.]
- Gathering, gâth'-ûr-îng. s.** collection of church members.
- Gaudily, gâw'-dê-lê. ad.** showily. [appearance.]
- Gaudiness, gâw'-dê-nês. s.** showiness, times.
- Gaudy, gâw'-dê. a.** showy, splendid.
- Gavo, gâve. the pret. of give.** [a vessel]
- Gauge, gâdjê. v. a.** to measure the contents of.
- Gauge, gâdjê. s.** a measure, a standard.
- Gauger, gâ-jûr. s.** one whose business is to measure vessels.
- Gaunt, gânt. a.** thin, slender, lean.
- Gauntly, gânt'-lê. ad.** leanly, slenderly.
- Gauntlet, gânt'-lêt. s.** an iron glove thrown down in challenges.
- Gauze, gâwz. s.** a kind of thin, transparent silk.
- Gawk, gâwk. s.** a cuckoo; a foolish fellow.
- Gay, gâ. a.** airy, cheerful, merry; fune.
- Gayety, gâ'-ê-tê. s.** cheerfulness, airiness;
- Gayly, gâ'-lê. ad.** merrily, showily. [finery.]
- Gayness, gâ'-nês. s.** gayety, finery.
- Gaze, gâze. v. n.** to look intently and earnestly.
- Gaze, gâze. s.** intent regard, look of eagerness.
- Gazer, gâ'-zûr. s.** he that gazes. [or wonder]
- Gazette, gâ-zêt'. s.** a paper of news, a paper of publick intelligence.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt ; —tùbe, túb, búll ; —óll ; —póund ; —tín, THIS.

Grzettoer, gr-ét-téer. *s.* a writer of news.
Gazingstock, gá-áing-sók. *s.* a person gazed at with scorn.
Gear, gér. *s.* furriance, accoutrements.
Geese, gèse. *s.* the plural of *goose*.
Gelable, jél-á-bl. *a.* what may be congealed.
Gelatine, jél-á-tine. } *a.* formed into a
Gelatinous, jél-lá-tín-ús. } jelly.
Geld, gèld. *v.* a pret. *gelled* or *gelt* ; part. pass. *gelled* or *gelt*. to castrate.
Gelder, gèld-ér. *s.* one that performs the act of castration. [particularly a horse].
Gelding, gèld-íng. *s.* any animal castrated.
Gelid, jél-íd. *a.* extremely cold.
Gelidity, jél-íd-é-té. }
Gelidness, jél-íd-nés. } *s.* extreme cold.
Gelly, jél-lé. *s.* any viscous body, viscosity, glue substance.
Gem, jém. *s.* a jewel, a precious stone.
Gem, jém. *v.* *a.* to adorn as with jewels.
Gemini, jém-é-ní. *s.* the Twins ; the third sign in the zodiac.
Geminy, jém-mé-né. *s.* twins, a pair.
Geminous, jém-mé-nús. *a.* double.
Gender, jén-dúr. *s.* a kind, a sort, a sex ; a distinction of nouns in grammar.
Gender, jén-dúr. *v.* *a.* to beget ; to produce.
Gender, jén-dúr. *v.* *m.* to copulate, to breed.
Genealogical, jé-né-á-lódje-é-kál. *a.* pertaining to descents of families. [descents].
Genealogist, jé-né-ál-ó-jíst. *s.* he who traces genealogy, jé-né-ál-ó-jé. *s.* history of the succession of families.
General, jén-ér-ál. *a.* comprehending many species or individuals ; lax in signification ; public ; extensive ; common.
General, jén-ér-ál. *s.* the whole ; the public ; one that has the command over an army.
Generalissimo, jén-ér-ál-ís-é-mó. *s.* the supreme commander.
Generality, jén-ér-ál-é-té. *s.* the main body, the bulk. [iculars under general heads].
Generalize, jén-ér-ál-íze. *v.* *a.* to arrange par-
Generally, jén-ér-ál-é. *ad.* in general. [gate].
Generate, jén-ér-á-te. *v.* *a.* to beget, to propa-
Generation, jén-ér-á-shún. *s.* the act of beget-
 ting ; a race ; a progeny ; an age.
Generative, jén-ér-á-ív. *a.* prolific fruitful.

Generator, jén-ér-á-túr. *s.* the power which begets, causes, or produces.
Generical, jé-nér-é-kál. } *a.* that which con-
Generick, jé-nér-rík. } prehends the genus
Generosity, jén-ér-ós-é-té. *s.* liberality.
Generous, jén-ér-ús. *a.* noble of mind, open of heart, liberal, munificent. [liberal y].
Generously, jén-ér-ús-lé. *ad.* magnanimously ;
Generousness, jén-ér-ús-nés. *s.* the quality of being generous. [about of Msesa].
Genesis, jén-é-sís. *s.* generation, the first
Genet, jén-nít. *s.* a small Spanish horse.
Genera, jé-né-vá. *s.* a distilled spirituous liquor. [propagation ; natural].
Genial, jé-né-ál. *a.* that which contributes to
Genially, jé-né-ál-lé. *ad.* by genius, naturally ;
 gayly.
Geniculated, jé-ník-ú-lá-téd. *a.* knotted, jointed.
Genitals, jén-é-tálz. *s.* parts belonging to generation.
Geniting, jén-né-ín. *s.* an early apple.
Genitive, jén-é-ív. *a.* in grammar, the name of a case.
Genius, jé-né-ns. *s.* the protecting or ruling power of men, places, or things ; a man endowed with superior faculties ; nature
Geniaal, jén-té-ál. *a.* polite, elegant, civil.
Genieally, jén-té-ál-lé. *ad.* elegantly, politely.
Geniealness, jén-té-ál-nés. *s.* elegance, gracefulness, politeness. [uation, a pagan].
Genial, jén-ál. *s.* one of an uncovenanted
Genialism, jén-ál-izm. *s.* heathenism, paganism.
Geniality, jén-ál-é-té. *s.* good extraction ; elegance of behaviour.
Gentle, jén-tl. *a.* soft, mild, tame.
Gentlefolk, jén-tl-fóke. *s.* persons distinguished by their birth from the vulgar.
Gentleman, jén-tl-mán. *s.* a man of birth a term of complaisance.
Gentlemanlike, jén-tl-mán-like. } *a.* becoming
Gentlemanly, jén-tl-mán-lé. } a man of birth.
Gentleness, jén-tl-nés. *s.* softness of manners, meekness. [descendea].
Gentlewoman, jén-tl-wúm-ún. *s.* a woman well
Gently, jén-tlé. *ad.* softly, meekly.
Gentry, jén-tré. *s.* a class of people above the vulgar.

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât;—mê, mêt;—plac, plu;—

Genuflection, jè-nô-fêk'-shûn. *s.* the act of bending the knee.

Genuine, jên'-û-fn. *a.* not spurious.

Genuineness, jên'-û-fn-ûs. *s.* freedom from anything counterfeit.

Genus, jê'-nûs. *s.* in science, a class of being comprehending many species.

Geocentrick, jê'-ô-sên'-trik. *a.* applied to a planet or orb having the earth for its centre.

Geographer, jê'-ô-grâf'-grâ-fûr. *s.* one who describes the earth. [geography.]

Geographical, jê'-ô-grâf'-grâ-kâl. *a.* relating to

Geographically, jê'-ô-grâf'-grâ-kâl-ê. *ad.* in a geographical manner. [earth.]

Geography, jê'-ô-grâf'-grâ-fê. *s.* knowledge of the

Geology, jê'-ô-lô-jê. *s.* the doctrine of the earth.

Geomancer, jê'-ô-mân-sâr. *s.* a fortune-teller.

Geomancy, jê'-ô-mân-sê. *s.* the act of foretelling by figures. [art of casting figures.]

Geomantick, jê'-ô-mân'-ûk. *a.* pertaining to the

Geometer, jê'-ô-mêr'-ê-tôr. *s.* a geometrician.

Geometral, jê'-ô-mêr'-ê-trâl. *a.* pertaining to geometry.

Geometrical, jê'-ô-mêr'-trê-kâl. } *a.* pertaining

Geometrick, jê'-ô-mêr'-trik. } to geometry; according to geometry.

Geometrically, jê'-ô-mêr'-trê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according to the laws of geometry.

Geometrician, jê'-ô-mêr'-trê-ân. *s.* one skilled in geometry.

Geometry, jê'-ô-mêr'-trê. *s.* the science of quantity, extension, or magnitude, abstractedly considered.

George, jôrje. *s.* a figure of St. George on horseback, worn by the knights of the garter.

Georgick, jôr'-jîk. *s.* some part of the science of husbandry. [of agriculture.]

Georgick, jôr'-jîk. *a.* relating to the doctrine

German, jêr'-mân. *s.* a first cousin.

Germe, jêr'-m. *s.* a sprout or shoot. [seed.]

Germin, jêr'-mîn. *s.* a shooting or sprouting

Germinate, jêr'-mê-nâte. *v. n.* to sprout, to shoot. [sprouting; growth.]

Germination, jêr'-mê-nâ-shûn. *s.* the act of

Gerund, jêr'-ûnd. *s.* a kind of verbal noun.

Gest, jêst. *s.* a deed, an action; show.

Gestation, jêstâ-shûn. *s.* the act of bearing the young in the womb

Gesticulate, jêst-ûk'-û-khâ. *v. n.* to play anticth tricks, to show postures.

Gesticulation, jêst-ûk'-û-khâ-shûn. *s.* anticth tricks, various postures.

Gesture, jêst'-ishûre. *s.* action or posture expressive of sentiment.

Get, gêt. *v. a.* pret. *got*; part. pass. *got* or *gotten*. to procure, to obtain; to beget; to earn.

Gewgaw, gû'-gâw. *s.* a showy trife, a toy

Gewgaw, gû'-gâw. *a.* splendidly trifling, showy without value. [walking-spirits]

Ghastful, gâst'-fûl. *a.* dreary, dismal, fit for

Ghastliness, gâst'-lê-nês. *s.* horreur of countenance, resemblance of a ghost.

Ghastly, gâst'-lê. *a.* like a ghost; horrible.

Gherkin, gêr'-kîn. *s.* a pickled cucumber.

Ghost, gôst. *s.* a spirit.

Ghostliness, gôst'-lê-nês. *s.* spiritual tendency

Ghostly, gôst'-lê. *a.* spiritual, having a character from religion.

Giant, jî'-ânt. *s.* a man unnaturally large.

Giantlike, jî'-ânt-lîke. } *a.* gigantick, vast

Giantly, jî'-ânt-lê. }

Gibberish, gib'-bâr-ish. *s.* cant, words without

Gibbet, jîb'-bît. *s.* a gallows. [meaning gibbet.]

Gibbet, jîb'-bît. *c. a.* to hang or expose on a gibbet. [ence]

Gibbosity, gib'-bôs-ê-tê. *s.* convexity, prominence.

Gibbous, gib'-bôs. *a.* convex, protuberant.

Gibbousness, gib'-bôs-nês. *s.* convexity, prominence. [ness with contempt]

Gibe, jîbe. *v. n.* to sneer, to join censorious

Gibe, jîbe. *v. a.* to scoff, to ridicule.

Gibe, jîbe. *s.* a sneer, scoff. [usually]

Gibingly, jî'-lîng-îê. *ad.* scornfully, contempt-

Giblets, jîb'-lêts. *s.* the parts of a goose which are cut off before it is roasted.

Giddily, gid'-dê-lê. *ad.* with the head seeming to turn round; unsteadily; carelessly.

Giddiness, gid'-dê-nês. *s.* the state of being giddy; inconstancy; quick rotation.

Giddy, gid'-dê. *a.* having in the head a whirl or sensation of circular motion; unsteady; heedless; intoxicated.

Giddybrained, gid'-dê-brând. *a.* careless, thoughtless. [er, faculty.]

Gift, gif. *s.* a thing given or bestowed; pow

nó, ndóve, ndr, nót; —tóbé, tób, búll; —óll; —póllá; —chín, THIA.

- Gifted**, gí'-'téd. *a.* bestowed; endowed with extraordinary powers. [in play.]
- Gig**, gí. *s.* any thing that is whirled round
- Gigantick**, jí-gán'-tík. *a.* big, bulky, enormous.
- Giggle**, gíg-gí. *v. n.* to laugh idly, to titter.
- Giggler**, gíg-gí-ár. *s.* a laugher, a titterer
- Gilt**, gí'-'d. *v. a. pret.* gilded or gilt. to wash over with gold; to adorn with lustre.
- Gilding**, gí'-'díg. *s.* gold laid on any surface by way of ornament.
- Gills**, gíz. *s.* the aperturo at each side of a fish's head; the tesh under the chin.
- Gill**, jí. *s.* a measure of liquids containing the fourth part of a pint; ground ivy.
- Gillyflower**, jí'-'lè-á-dór. *s.* Julyflower.
- Gilt**, gít. *part. of gild.*
- Gimcrack**, jí'-'krák. *s.* a slight or trivial mechanism. [point.]
- Gimlet**, gím'-lét. *s.* a borer with a screw at its
- Gimp**, gím. *s.* a kind of silk twist or lace.
- Gin**, jí. *s.* a trap, a snare; the spirit drawn by distillation from juniper berries. [that plant.]
- Ginger**, jí'-'jór. *s.* an Indian plant; the root of
- Cingerbread**, jí'-'júr-bréd. *s.* a kind of sweetmeat made of dough and flavoured with ginger.
- Gingerly**, jí'-'júr-é. *ad.* cautiously.
- Gingival**, jí'-'jé-vál. *a.* belonging to the gums.
- Single**, jí'-'gí. *v. n.* to utter a sharp, clattering noise; to make an affected sound in periods or cadence.
- Gingle**, jí'-'gí. *s.* a shrill, resounding noise; affectation in the sound of periods.
- Ginseng**, jí'-'séng. *s.* a Chinese root brought lately into Europe. [tell fortunes.]
- Gipsy**, jí'-'sè. *s.* a vagabond who pretends to
- bird**, gér'd. *v. a. pret.* girded or girt. to bind round; to invest; to enclose, to encircle.
- Girdle**, gér'-dór. *s.* the largest piece of timber in a floor. [waist; a belt, a zorbé.]
- Girdle**, gér'-dór. *s.* any thing drawn round the
- Girdle**, gér'-díl. *v. a.* to gird; to enclose, to
- Gir**, gér'. *s.* a young woman or child. [shut in.]
- Girlan**, gér'l-ísh. *a.* suiting a girl.
- Girlishly**, gér'-ísh-é. *ad.* in a girlish manner.
- Girt**, gér't. *part. pass.* from to gird. [circle.]
- Girt**, gér't. *v. a.* to gird, to encompass, to en-
- Girth**, gér'th. *s.* the band by which the saddle is fixed upon a horse.
- Girth**, gér'th. *v. a.* to bind with a girth.
- Give**, gí'-'v. *v. a. pret.* gave; *part. pass.* given. to bestow; to pay; to grant; to yield to express; to addict; to resign.
- Give**, gí'-'v. *v. n.* to grow moist, to melt, to thaw; to move.
- Giver**, gí'-'v-ár. *s.* one that gives, a bestower.
- Gizzard**, gíz'-zárd. *s.* the strong, muscular stomach of a fowl.
- Glacial**, glá'-shé-ál. *a.* made of ice, frozen.
- Glaciate**, glá'-shé-á-te. *v. n.* to turn into ice.
- Glaciation**, glá'-shé-á-shún. *s.* the act of turning into ice, ice formed. [sloping bank.]
- Glacis**, glá'-sís, or glá'-sèze. *s.* in fortification, a
- Glad**, glád. *a.* cheerful; pleased, elevated with joy.
- Glad**, glád. } *v. a.* to cheer, to delight,
- Gladly**, glád'-dú. } to exhilarate.
- Glade**, gláde. *s.* a lawn or opening in a wood.
- Gladiator**, glád-dé-á-tór. *s.* a sword-player; a prize-fighter.
- Gladly**, glád'-lè. *ad.* joyfully, with merriment.
- Gladness**, glád'-nès. *s.* cheerfulness, exultation
- Gladsome**, glád'-sóm. *a.* pleased, gay.
- Glaire**, gláre. *s.* the white of an egg; a kind of halbert. [an egg.]
- Glaire**, gláre. *v. n.* to smear with the white of
- Glance**, glánsé. *s.* a sudden shoot of light or splendour.
- Glance**, glánsé. *v. n.* to shoot a sudden ray of splendour; to fly off in an oblique direction; to view with a quick cast of the eye.
- Gland**, glánd. *s.* a smooth, fleshy substance which serves as a kind of strainer to separate some particular fluid from the blood.
- Glanders**, glán'-dúr. *s.* a disease incident to horses. [acous.]
- Glandiferous**, glán-dí'-'fè-rús. *a.* bearing
- Glandulosity**, glán-dú-lós-é-té. *a.* a collection of glands. [glands.]
- Glandulous**, glán'-dú-lús. *a.* pertaining to the
- Glare**, gláre. *v. n.* to shine so as to dazzle the
- Glare**, gláre. *s.* overpowering lustre. [eyes.]
- Glareous**, gláre-ús. *a.* consisting of viscous, transparent matter.
- Glaring**, glá'-ríg. *a.* very bright; barefaced.
- Glass**, glás. *s.* an artificial transparent substance
- Glass**, glás. *a.* vitreous, made of glass.

Fåte, fâr, fäll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

glass, glâs. *v. a.* to cover with glass, to glaze.
Glassfurnace, glâs'-fûr-nîs. *s.* a furnace in which glass is made by liquefaction.
Glassgrinder, glâs'-grînd-âr. *s.* one whose trade is to polish and grind glass.
Glasshouse, glâs'-hûuse. *s.* a house where glass is manufactured.
Glassman, glâs'-mân. *s.* one who sells glass.
Glassmetal, glâs'-mêt-tl. *s.* glass in fusion.
Glasswork, glâs'-wûrk. *s.* manufactory of glass.
Glassy, glâs'-sê. *a.* resembling glass.
Glave, glâve. *s.* a broad sword, a falchion.
Glaze, glâze. *v. a.* to furnish or cover with glass.
Glazier, glâ'-zhûr. *s.* one whose trade is to make glass windows.
Gleam, glême. *s.* sudden shoot of light.
Gleam, glême. *v. n.* to shine with sudden flashes of light. [shoots of light.
Gleamy, glê'-mê. *a.* flashing, darting sudden
Glean, glêne. *v. a.* to gather what the reapers leave behind; to gather any thing scattered.
Gleaner, glê'-nûr. *s.* one who gleanis.
Gleaning, glê'-ning. *s.* the act of gleaning, *v.* thing gleaned.
Glebe, glêbe. *s.* turf, soil, ground.
Glebovs, glê'-bûs. } *a.* turfy.
Gleby, glê'-bê. }
Glee, glêe. *s.* joy, gayety, a kind of song.
Gleeful, glêe'-fûl. *a.* merry, cheerful.
Gleet, glêet. *s.* a thin ichor running from a sore.
Gleet, glêet. *v. n.* to drip or ooze with a thin, sanious liquor.
Glen, glên. *s.* a valley, a dale.
Glib, glîb. *a.* smooth, slippery; voluble.
Glibly, glîb'-lê. *ad.* smoothly, volubly.
Glinness, glîb'-nês. *s.* smoothness, slipperiness.
Glide, glîde. *v. n.* to flow gently and silently.
Glimmer, glîm'-mûr. *v. n.* to shine faintly.
Glimmer, glîm'-mûr. *s.* faint splendour, weak light. [transitory view.
Glimpse, glîmps. *s.* a weak, faint light; a short
Glisten, glîs'-sn. *v. n.* to shine, to sparkle with light.
Glister, glîs'-tûr. *v. n.* to shine, to be bright.
Glitter, glît'-tûr. *v. n.* to shine, to gleam.
Glisten, glît'-tûr. *s.* lustre, bright snow.
Gloat, glôe. *v. n.* to cast side-glances as a timorous lover

Globated, glô'-bâ-têd. *a.* formed like a globe spherical.
Globe, glôbe. *s.* a sphere, a ball; the world
Globose, glô'-bôse. *a.* spherical, round.
Globosity, glô'-bôs'-ê-tê. *s.* sphericainess.
Globous, glô'-bûs. } *a.* round, spherical
Globular, glôb'-û-lâr. }
Globule, glôb'-ûle. *s.* a small partiele of matter of a spherical figure. [a ball
Glomerate, glôm'-êr-âte. *v. a.* to gather
Gloom, glôom. *s.* dismalness, obscurity; heaviness of mind, sullenness.
Gloomily, glôom'-ê-lê. *ad.* obscurely, dimally with dark intentions.
Gloominess, glôom'-ê-nês. *s.* want of light; cloudiness of look.
Gloomy, glôom'-ê. *a.* obscure; sullen.
Gloried, glô'-rid. *a.* illustrious, honourable.
Glorification, glô-rê-tê-kâ-shûn. *s.* the act of giving glory.
Glorify, glô'-rê-fî. *v. a.* to pay honour or praise in worship; to exalt to glory or dignity. [lent
Glorious, glô'-rê-ûs. *a.* noble, illustrious, excel
Gloriously, glô'-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* nobly, illustriously.
Glory, glô'-rê. *s.* praise paid in adoration; the felicity of heaven; honour, celebrity; a circle of rays.
Glory, glô'-rê. *v. n.* to boast in, to be proud of.
Gloss, glôs. *s.* scholium, a comment.
Gloss, glôs. *v. n.* to comment.
Gloss, glôs. *v. a.* to explain by comment: embellish with superficial lustre.
Glossary, glôs'-sâ-rê. *s.* a dictionary of or antiquated words. [ficia.
Glossiness, glôs'-sê-nês. *s.* smooth polish;
Glossy, glôs'-sê. *a.* shining, smoothly pol
Glove, glûv. *s.* a cover for the hands.
Glover, glûv'-ûr. *s.* one whose trade is to or sell gloves.
Glow, glô. *v. n.* to be heated so as to shine out flame; to burn. [bright
Glow, glô. *s.* shining heat, unusual wa
Glow-worm, glô'-wûrm. *s.* a small inse a luminous tail.
Gloze, glôze. *v. n.* to flatter, to wh
Gloze, glôze. *s.* flattery, insinuation;
Glue, glû. *s.* a cement.
Glue, glû. *v. a.* to join with a viscosio

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùh, hòll;—dòl;—pòund;—thin, THIA.

Glum, glùm. *a.* sullen, stubbornly grave.
 Glut, glút. *v. a.* to devour; to cloy; to overfill.
 Glut, glút. *s.* more than enough.
 Glutinous, glút'-tè-nùs. *a.* viscous, tenacious.
 Glutinousness, glút'-tè-nùs-nès. *s.* viscosity, to nacity.
 Glutton, glút'-tu. *s.* one who indulges too much in eating; a voracious animal.
 Gluttonous, glút'-tùn-ùs. *a.* given to excessive feeding.
 Gluttony, glút'-tùn-è. *s.* excess of eating.
 Gnash, nàsh. *v. a.* to strike together, to clash.
 Gnash, nàsh. *v. n.* to grind o. collide the teeth.
 Gnat, nât. *s.* a small stinging insect.
 Gnaw, nâw. *v. a.* to eat by degrees, to devour by slow corrosion.
 Gnomon, nò'-mòn. *s.* the hand or pin of a dial.
 Gnomonicks, nò-mòn'-lks. *s.* the art of dialing.
 Go, gò. *v. n. pret.* *I went, I have gone.* to walk, to move; to proceed; to have recourse; to decline; to move by mechanism; to be pregnant; to contribute.
 Go-cart, gò'-kârt. *s.* a machine in which children are enclosed to teach them to walk.
 Goad, gòde. *s.* a pointed instrument with which oxen are driven.
 Goad, gòde. *v. a.* to prick or drive with a goad.
 Goad, gòde. *s.* starting post; the final purpose.
 Goat, gòte. *s.* an animal that seems a middle species between deer and sheep.
 Goatherd, gòte'-hêrd. *s.* one who attends goats.
 Goatish, gòte'-ish. *a.* resembling a goat in rankness or lust. [tumult and noise.
 Gobble, gòb'-bl. *v. a.* to swallow hastily with
 Go-between, gò'-nè-twèèn. *s.* one that transacts business by running between two parties.
 Goblet, gòb'-lèt. *s.* a bowl or cup.
 Goblin, gòb'-jìn. *s.* an evil spirit.
 God, gòd. *s.* the Supreme Being; an idol.
 Goldenchild, gòd'-tshild. *s.* the child for whom one became sponsor at baptism.
 Goddess, gòd'-dès. *s.* a female divinity.
 Godfather, gòd'-fâ-thûr. *s.* the sponsor at the font. [person.
 Godhead, gòd'-hêd. *s.* divine nature, a deity in
 Godless, gòd'-lès. *a.* atheistical, wicked, impious. [vinity.
 Godlike, gòd'-like. *a.* divine, resembling a di-

Goddiness, gòd'-lè-nès. *s.* piety to God.
 Godly, gòd'-lè. *a.* pious towards God.
 Godly, gòd'-lè. *ad.* piously, righteously
 Godmother, gòd'-inùth-âr. *s.* a woman who has become sponsor in baptism.
 Goggle, gòg'-gl. *v. n.* to look askint.
 Goggle-eyed, gòg'-gl'-ide. *a.* squinteyed.
 Going, gò'-ing. *s.* the act of walking; pregnancy; departure.
 Gold, gòld, or gòldl. *s.* the purest, heaviest, and most precious of all metals; money
 Gold, gòld. *a.* made of gold, golden.
 Goldbeater, gòld'-bè-târ. *s.* one whose occupation is to beat gold. [gold.
 Goldbound, gòld'-hòund. *a.* encompassed with
 Golden, gòl'-du. *a.* made of gold; of the colour of gold.
 Goldfinch, gòld'-fínsh. *s.* a singing bird.
 Goldsmith, gòld'-smìth. *s.* one who manufactures gold. [a cart-wheel
 Grease, gòme. *s.* the black and oily grease of
 Gondola, gòn'-dò-lâ. *s.* a boat used in Venice.
 Gondolier, gòn-dò-lèr'. *s.* a boatman.
 Gone, gòn. *part. pret.* from go.
 Gonfalon, gòn'-fâ-lôn. } *s.* an ensign, standard
 Gonfanon, gòn'-fâ-nôn. }
 Gonorrhœa, gòn-òr-rè-â. *s.* a morbid running.
 Good, gòd. *a. comp. better, super. best.* having such physical qualities as are expected or desired; proper; uncorrupted; wholesome pleasant; complete; useful: sound, legal, well qualified; skilful; virtuous, companionable.
 Good, gòd. *s.* the contrary to evil; virtue.
 Good, gòd. *ad.* well, not ill, not amiss.
 Goodliness, gòd'-lè-nès. *s.* beauty, grace
 Goodly, gòd'-lè. *a.* beautiful fine.
 Good-now, gòd'-nòh. *interj.* in good time.
 Goodness, gòd'-nès. *s.* desirable qualities
 Goods, gòdz. *s.* moveables in a house; wares, merchandise.
 Goody, gòd'-dè. *s.* a low term of civility.
 Goose, gòose. *s.* a water-fowl; a tailor's smooth
 iron.
 Gooseberry, gòoz'-bèr-è. *s.* a tree and fruit
 Gorbellied, gòr'-bèl-lid. *a.* fat, big-bellied
 Gorn, gòrd. *s.* an instrument of gaming.
 Gore, gòre. *s.* blood clotted or congealed.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fâl;—mê, mêt;—plne, pin;—

Gore, gôre. *v. a.* to pierce with a horn.
Gorge, gôrje. *s.* the throat, that which is gorged or swallowed.
Gorge, gôrje. *v. a.* to fill up the throat, to glut, to satiate.
Gorgeous, gôr'-jûs. *a.* fine, showy.
Gorgeously, gôr'-jûs-lê. *ad.* splendidly, finely.
Gorgeousness, gôr'-jûs-nês. *s.* splendour, magnificence. [defends the throat.
Gorget, gôr'-jêt. *s.* the piece of armour that
Gorgon, gôr'-gûn. *s.* a monster with snaky hairs.
Gormandize, gôr'-mân-dîze. *v. n.* to feed ravenously. [eater.
Gormandizer, gôr'-mân-dî-zêr. *s.* a voracious
Gorse, gôrse. *s.* furze, a thick, prickly shrub.
Gory, gôr-rê. *a.* covered with congealed blood; bloody, murderous.
Gosling, gôs'-lîng. *s.* a young goose.
Gospel, gôs'-pêl. 's. God's word, the holy book of the Christian revelation.
Gossamer, gôs-sâ-mâr. *s.* the down o' plants.
Gossip, gôs'-sîp. *s.* a sponsor in baptism; a tippling companion; one who runs about tattling.
Gossip, gôs'-sîp. *v. n.* to chat, to prate.
Got, gôt. *pret. of to get.*
Gotten, gôt'-ur. *parâ pass. of get.*
Gouge, gôôje. *s.* a chisel having a round edge.
Gourd, gôrd. *s.* a plant; a bottle.
Gout, gôdt. *s.* a periodical disease attended with great pain.
Gout, gôd. *s.* taste; a strong desire.
Gouty, gôdt-tê. *a.* afflicted with the gout; relating to the gout.
Govern, gûv'-âr-n. *v. a.* to rule; to regulate, to direct, to manage, to restrain.
Governable, gûv'-âr-nâ-bl. *a.* subject to rule, manageable. [rule, management.
Governance, gûv'-âr-nânse. *s.* government,
Governante, gûv'-âr-nânt'. *s.* a lady who has the care of young girls.
Governess, gûv'-âr-nês. *s.* a tutoress.
Government, gûv'-âr-nê-mênt. *s.* an establishment of legal authority, administration of publick affairs; manageableness.
Governour, gûv'-âr-nûr. *s.* one who has the supreme direction; a tutor; a pilot, a manager.
Gown, gôdn. *s.* a long upper garment

Gownman, gôdn'-mân. *s.* a man devoted to the arts of peace.
Grabble, grâb'-bl. *v. a.* to grope. [ground
Grabble, grâb'-bl. *v. n.* to lie prostrate on the
Grace, grâse. *s.* privilege, favour; virtue; pardon; ornament; the title of a duke. a short prayer.
Grace, grâse. *v. a.* to adorn, to dignify.
Graceful, grâse'-fûl. *a.* beautiful, with eloquence
Gracefully, grâse'-fûl-lê. *ad.* elegantly, with pleasing dignity. [manner
Gracefulness, grâse'-fûl-nês. *s.* elegance of
Graceless, grâse'-lês. *a.* wicked, abandoned.
Gracile, grâs'-sîl. *a.* slender, small.
Gracilent, grâs'-ê-lênt. *a.* lean.
Gracility, grâ-sîl'-ê-tê. *s.* slenderness.
Gracious, grâ'-shûs. *a.* merciful; kind; virtuous
Graciously, grâ'-shûs-lê. *ad.* kindly; in a pleasing manner. [sion; pleasing manner
Graciousness, grâ'-shûs-nês. *s.* kind condescen
Gradation, grâ-dâ-shûn. *s.* regular progress.
Gradient, grâ-dê-ânt, or grâ'-jê-ânt. *a.* walking
Gradual, grâd'-û-âl. *a.* step by step.
Graduality, grâd'-û-âl'-ê-tê. *s.* regular progression. [ular progression.
Gradually, grâd'-û-âl-ê. *ad.* by degrees, in reg-
Graduate, grâd'-û-âte. *v. a.* to dignify with a degree in the university, to mark with degrees; to heighten.
Graduate, grâd'-û-âte. *s.* a man dignified with an academical degree. [gression.
Graduation, grâd'-û-âl'-shûn. *s.* regular pro-
Graft, grâf. *s.* a ditch, a moat.
Graft or Graff, grâf or grâff. *s.* a small branch inserted into the stock of another tree.
Graft or Graff, grâft or grâff. *v. a.* to insert a scion or branch of one tree into the stock of another.
Grain, grâne. *s.* all kinds of corn; the seed of any fruit; any minute particle; the smallest weight; any thing proverbially small.
Grains, grânz. *s.* the husks of malt exhausted in brewing.
Gramineous, grâ-mîn'-ê-nês. *a.* grassy. [erting
Graminivorous, grâm-ê-nîv'-ô-rûs. *a.* grass
Grammar, grâm'-mâr. *s.* the science of speaking correctly; the book that treats of the various relations of words to each other.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb, háll; —ón; —pònd; —thio, TUIS.

- Grammarian**, grám-má'-rè-án. *s.* one who teaches grammar. [to grammar.]
- Grammatical**, grám-mát'-é-kál. *a.* belonging grammatically, grám-mát'-é-kál-lè. *ad.* according to the rules or science of grammar.
- Grampus**, grám'-pás. *s.* a large fish of the whale kind. [ed corn.]
- Granary**, grán'-á-rè. *s.* a store-house for thresh-
- Granate**, grán'-át. *s.* a kind of spotted marble.
- Grand**, gránd. *a.* great, illustrious, splendid.
- Grandam**, grán'-dám. *s.* grandmother.
- Grandchild**, gránd'-túld. *s.* the son or daughter of one's son or daughter. [dignity.]
- Grandee**, grán'-dèé'. *s.* a man of great rank or
- Grandeur**, grán'-júr. *s.* state, magnificence.
- Grandfather**, gránd'-fá-túhú. *s.* the father of a father or mother. [or mother's mother.]
- Grandmother**, gránd'-má-túh-úr. *s.* the father's
- Grand sire**, gránd'-sírè. *s.* grandfather.
- Grange**, gránge. *s.* a farm with a house at a distance from neighbours.
- Granite**, grán'-ít. *s.* a stone composed of separate concretions rudely compacted.
- Granivorous**, grá-nív'-vò-rús. *a.* eating grain.
- Grant**, gránt. *v. a.* to admit; to bestow.
- Grant**, gránt. *s.* the act of granting or bestowing; a gift, a boon. [granted.]
- Grantable**, gránt'-á-bl. *a.* that which may be granted.
- Grantee**, grán-tèé'. *s.* he to whom any grant is made. [made.]
- Grantor**, gránt-tò'. *s.* he by whom a grant is
- Granular**, grán'-à-lár-è. *a.* resembling a small grain or seed. [small grains.]
- Granulate**, grán'-ú-láte. *v. n.* to be formed into
- Granulate**, grán'-ú-láte. *v. a.* to break into small masses.
- Granule**, grán'-úle. *s.* a small compact particle.
- Granulous**, grán'-ú-lás. *a.* full of little grains.
- Grape**, grápe. *s.* the fruit of the vine.
- Graphical**, gráf'-ík. } *a.* well delineated.
- Graphical**, gráf'-é-kál. }
- Graphically**, gráf'-é-kál-è. *ad.* in a picturesque manner, with good delineation.
- Grapple**, gráp'-nèl. *s.* a small anchor belonging to a little vessel.
- Grapple**, gráp'-pl. *s. n.* to contend by seizing each other.
- Grapple**, gráp'-pl. *v. a.* to fasten, to fix.
- Grapple**, gráp'-pl. *s.* contest in which the combatants seize each other; close fight.
- Grapplement**, gráp'-pl-mènt. *a.* close fight.
- Grasp**, grásp. *v. a.* to hold in the hand, to gripe.
- Grasp**, grásp. *v. n.* to catch at, to endeavour to seize; to struggle; to gripe.
- Grasp**, grásp. *s.* the gripe or seizure of the hand; possession; power of seizing.
- Grass**, grás. *s.* the common herbage of fields on which cattle feed.
- Grasshopper**, grás'-hóp-úr. *s.* a small insect that hops in the summer grass.
- Grassiness**, grás'-sè-nès. *s.* the state of abounding in grass.
- Grassy**, grás'-sè. *a.* covered with grass.
- Grate**, gráte. *s.* partition made with bars; the range of bars within which fires are made.
- Grate**, grátè. *v. a.* to rub any thing by the attrition of a rough body; to offend by any thing — harsh or vexatious; to form a harsh sound.
- Grateful**, gráte'-fúl. *a.* having a due sense of benefits; pleasing, acceptable.
- Gratefully**, grátè'-fúl-è. *ad.* with willingness to acknowledge and repay benefits; in a pleasing manner.
- Gratefulness**, gráte'-fúl-nès. *s.* gratitude.
- Grater**, gráte'-úr. *s.* a coarse instrument with which soft bodies are rubbed to powder.
- Gratification**, grát-è-sè-ká-shiún. *s.* the act of pleasing; pleasure.
- Gratify**, grát'-è-fl. *v. a.* to indulge; to requite.
- Gratingly**, gráte'-ing-lè. *ad.* harshly, offensively.
- Gratis**, grá'-tis. *ad.* for nothing, without recompense. [desire to return benefits.]
- Gratitude**, grát'-è-túde. *s.* duty to benefactors;
- Gratuitous**, grá-tú-è-tús. *a.* voluntary; asserted without proof.
- Gratuitously**, grá-tú-è-tús-lè. *ad.* without claim or merit; without proof. [pense.]
- Gratuity**, grá-tú-è-té. *s.* a present or recompense.
- Gratulate**, grátsh'-ú-láte, or grát'-ú-láte. *v. a.* to congratulate, to salute with declarations of joy. [by expressing joy.]
- Gratulation**, grátsh'-ú-lá-shiún. *s.* salutation made
- Gratulatory**, grátsh'-ú-lá-túr-è. *a.* congratulatory, expressing congratulation.
- Grave**, gráve. *s.* the place in which the dead are reposed. Digitized by Google

Fâc, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mè, mèt ;—plne, pln ;—

Grave, grâve. *v. a. pret. graved; part. pass. graven.* to carve on any hard substance; to impress deeply.

Grave, grâve. *a. solemn, serious; of weight; not showy; not acute.*

Gravel, grâv'-êl. *s. hard sand; sandy matter concreted in the kidneys.* [embarrass.

Gravel, grâv'-êl. *v. a. to cover with gravel; to Gravelly, grâv'-êl-lè. a. full of gravel.*

Gravely, grâve'-lè. *ad. solemnly, seriously, soberly.* [nity.

Graveness, grâve'-nès. *s. seriousness, solemnity.*

Graver, grâ-vûr. *s. one whose business is to engrave; the fool used in graving.*

Gravitate, grâv'-è-tâte. *v. n. to tend to the centre of attraction.* [to the centre.

Gravitation, grâv'-è-tâ'-shûn. *s. act of tending*

Gravity, grâv'-è-tè. *s. weight, heaviness, tendency to the centre.*

Gravy, grâ'-vè. *s. the juice that runs from flesh not much dried by the fire.* [hoary.

Gray, grâ. *a. white with a mixture of black;*

Graybeard, grâ'-bèerd. *s. an old man.*

Grayness, grâ'-nès. *s. the quality of being gray.*

Graze, grâze. *v. n. to eat grass; to supply grass.*

Grazier, grâ'-zhûr. *s. one who feeds cattle.*

Grease, grêce. *s. the soft part of the fat; a disease in horses.*

Grease, grêze. *v. a. to smear or anoint with grease; to corrupt with presents.*

Greasiness, grê-zè-nès. *s. oiliness, fatness.*

Greasy, grê-zè. *a. unctuous; smeared with grease.* [tant; noble; pregnant.

Great, grâte. *a. large; considerable; important.*

Greatly, grâte'-lè. *ad. in a great degree.*

Greatness, grâte'-nès. *s. largeness; dignity.*

Greaves, grêvz. *s. armour for the legs.*

Grecism, grê-sizm. *s. an idiom of the Greek language.* [ciously.

Greedily, grêe'-dè-lè. *ad. ravenously; voraciously.*

Greediness, grêe'-dè-nès. *s. ravenousness, eagerness of appetite or desire.* [ger.

Greedy, grêe'-dè. *a. ravenous, voracious; eager.*

Green, grèen. *a. flourishing; new; not dry; ripe, young.*

Green, grèen. *s. a colour; a grassy plain.*

Greeneyed, grèen' lde. *a. having eyes coloured with red.*

Greenfinch, grèen'-fînsh. *s. a kind of bird.*

Greenhage, grèen'-gâje'. *s. a species of plum.*

Greenhouse, grèen'-hòuse. *s. a house in which tender plants are sheltered.*

Greenish, grèen'-îsh. *a. somewhat green.*

Greenness, grèen'-nès. *s. the quality of being green; immaturity.*

Green-Room, grèen'-ròom. *s. a room near the stage, to which actors retire during the intervals of their parts in the play.*

Greensickness, grèen'-sîk'-nès. *s. a disease of maids.*

Greensward, } grèen'-swârd. { *s. the turf on which grass grows.*

Greenweed, grèen'-wèed. *s. dyers' weed.*

Greet, grèet. *v. a. to address; to salute; to congratulate.*

Greeting, grèet'-îng. *s. salutation at meeting.*

Gregarious, grè-gâ'-rè-ûs. *z. going in flocks or herds.*

Grenade, grè-nâde'. *s. a ball; a small bomb.*

Grenadier, grè-â-dèer'. *s. a tall foot-soldier.*

Greyhound, grè-â-hòund. *s. a tall, fleet dog that chases in sight.*

Gridiron, grîd'-l-ûrn. *s. a portable grate.*

Grief, grèef. *s. sorrow, trouble.* [uneasiness.

Grievance, grèe'-vânse. *s. a state or cause of Grieve, grèev. v. a. to afflict, to hurt.*

Grievous, grèev'-ûs. *a. afflictive, painful, heavy.*

Grievously, grèev'-ûs-lè. *ad. painfully; calamitously; vexatiously.*

Grievousness, grèev'-ûs-nès. *s. sorrow, pain.*

Griffin, grîf'-fîn. *s. a fabled animal, said to be generated between the lion and the eagle.*

Grig, grîg. *s. a small eel; a merry creature.*

Grill, grîl. *v. n. to broil on a gridiron.*

Grim, grîm. *a. ugly, ill-looking.*

Grimace, grè-mâse'. *s. a distortion of the countenance from habit.*

Grimalkin, grîm-mâl'-kîn. *s. an old cat*

Grime, grîme. *s. dirt deeply insinuated.*

Grime, grîme. *v. a. to dirt, to sully deeply.*

Grimly, grîm'-lè. *ad. horribly, sourly, sullenly.*

Grimness, grîm'-nès. *s. horror, frightfulness of visage.* [withdraw the lips.

Gria, grîn. *v. n. to set the teeth together and*

Grin, grîn. *s. the act of closing the teeth.*

no, move, nor, not;—tùle, túb, búll;—óil;—póund;—thin, THIS.

- Grind, grind. *v. a. pret. ground; part. pass. ground.* to reduce any thing to powder by friction; to sharpen; to rub one against another; to harass.
- Grind, grind. *v. n.* to perform the act of grinding, to be moved as in grinding.
- Grinder, grind'-ér. *s.* one that grinds; the instrument of grinding; double tooth.
- Grindstone, grind'-stone. *s.* the stone on which edged instruments are sharpened.
- Grimmily, grím'-ulag-lè. *ad.* with a grinning laugh.
- Gripe, gripe. *v. a.* to hold with the fingers closed; to seize; to pinch; to press.
- Gripe, gripe. *v. n.* to pinch the belly, to give the cholick
- Gripe, gripe. *s.* grasp, hold; squeeze, pressure; oppression; pinching distress.
- Gripes, gripes. *s.* belly-ache, cholick.
- Grisamber, grís'-ám-bár. *s.* ambergris.
- Griskin, grís'-kín. *s.* the vertebrae of a hog broiled.
- Grisly, gríz'-lè. *a.* dreadful, hideous.
- Grist, gríst. *s.* corn to be ground.
- Gristle, grís'-sl. *s.* a cartilage.
- Gristly, grís'-sè. *a.* cartilaginous.
- Grit, grít. *s.* the coarse part of meal, or sand.
- Grittiness, grít'-tè-nès. *s.* sandiness.
- Gritty, grít'-tè. *a.* full of hard particles.
- Grizzle, gríz'-zl. *s.* a mixture of white and black; gray.
- Grizzled, gríz'-zkl. *a.* interspersed with gray.
- Grizzly, gríz'-zle. *a.* somewhat gray. [ful noise.
- Groat, gróne. *v. n.* to breathe with a mourn-Groan, gróne. *s.* breath expired with noise and difficulty; a hoarse, dead sound.
- Grout, gráwt. *s.* four-pence; hulled oats.
- Grocer, gró'-sár. *s.* a dealer in tea, sugar, plums, and spices.
- Grocery, gró'-sár-é. *s.* grocers' ware.
- Gram, gróg'-rdm. *s.* stuff woven with a large wool and a rough pile.
- Groin, gróin. *s.* the part next the thigh.
- Groom, gróom. *s.* a servant that takes care of the stable.
- Groove, gróov. *s.* a hollow cut with a tool.
- Groove, gróov. *v. a.* to cut hollow. [see.]
- Grope, grópe. *v. n.* to feel where one cannot
- Grope, grópe. *v. a.* to search by feeling in the dark. [inelegant; coarse, rough.]
- Gross, gróse. *a.* thick, corpulent; shameful;
- Gross, gróse. *s.* the main body; the bulk twelve dozen.
- Grossly, gróse'-lè. *ad.* bulkily, coarsely.
- Grossness, gróse'-nès. *s.* coarseness, unwieldy corpulence; want of refinement.
- Grot, grót. } *s.* a cavern or cave made for
- Grot, grót. } coolness.
- Grotesque, gró'-tesk'. *a.* distorted, unnatural.
- Ground, gróund. *s.* the earth; the floor; the first stratum of paint.
- Ground, gróund. *v. a.* to fix on the ground; to settle.
- Ground, gróund. } *rets and part. pass. of grind.*
- Groundless, gróund'-lès. *a.* void of reason.
- Groundlessly, gróund'-lès-lè. *ad.* without reason, without cause. [just reason.]
- Groundlessness, gróund'-lès-nès. *s.* want of
- Groundsel, gróund'-síl. *s.* a timber next the ground; a plant.
- Groundwork, gróund'-wórk. *s.* the ground, the first stratum; first principle.
- Group, gróop. *s.* a crowd, a cluster.
- Group, gróop. *v. a.* to put into a crowd, to huddle together.
- Grouse, gróuse. *s.* a heathcock.
- Grout, gróut. *s.* coarse meal, pollard.
- Grove, gróve. *s.* a walk shaded by trees.
- Grovel, gróv'-vl. *v. n.* to be prone, to creep low on the earth.
- Grow, gró. *v. n. pret. grew; part. pass. grown.* to vegetate; to increase in stature; to issue to improve; to adhere.
- Growl, gróul. *v. n.* to snarl or murmur like an angry cur.
- Grown, gróne. *part. pass. of grow.*
- Growth, gróth. *s.* vegetation; product; increase of stature; improvement. [ging]
- Grub, gráb. *v. a.* to dig up, to destroy by dig
- Grub, gráb. *s.* a small worm; a dwarf.
- Grubble, gráb'-bl. *v. n.* to feel in the dark
- Grudge, grádje. *v. a.* to envy; to give or take unwillingly.
- Grudge, grádje. *v. n.* to murmur, to repine; to be unwilling, to be envious.
- Grudge, grádje. *s.* old quarrel ill will; en-

Fâte, fâr, fâil, fât;—mè, mèt;—pine, pin;—

- Grudgingly**, grâd'-jîng-lè. *ad.* unwillingly, malignantly. [in water.]
- Gruel**, grû'-fl. *s.* food made by boiling oatmeal
- Gruff**, grûf. *a.* sour of aspect.
- Gruffly**, grûf'-lè. *ad.* harshly, ruggedly.
- Grum**, grûm. *a.* sour, surly.
- Grumble**, grûm'-bl. *v. n.* to murmur; to growl; to make a hoarse rattle.
- Gumbler**, grûm' ol-âr. *s.* a murmurer.
- Grumbling**, grûm'-bl-ing. *s.* a murmuring through discontent.
- Grunt**, grûnt. }
Gruntle, grûn'-tl. } *v. n.* to murmur like a hog.
Grunt, grûnt. *s.* the noise of a hog. [fish.]
- Grunder**, grûn'-târ. *s.* he that grunts; a kind of Grunting. grûn'-tîng. *s.* a young hog.
- Guaiacum**, gwâ'-yâ-kûm. *s.* a physical wood.
- Guarantee**, gâr-rân-tè. *s.* the power/who undertakes to see stipulations performed.
- Guaranty**, gâr-rân-tè. *v. a.* to undertake to secure the performance of a treaty or stipulation between contending parties.
- Guard**, gyârd. *v. a.* to watch by way of defence; to protect.
- Guard**, gyârd. *s.* a man, or body of men, whose business is to watch; a state of vigilance; limitation; part of the hilt of a sword.
- Guardian**, gyâr'-dè-ân, or gyâr'-jè-ân. *s.* one that has the care of an orphan; one to whom the care and preservation of any thing is committed.
- Guardian**, gyâr'-dè-ân. *a.* protecting.
- Guardianship**, gyâr'-dè-ân-shîp. *s.* the office of a guardian.
- Guardless**, gvard'-lès. *a.* without defence.
- Guardship**, gyârd'-shîp. *s.* a king's ship to guard the coast. [easily imposed on.]
- Gudgeon**, gûd'-jûn. *s.* a small fish; a person
- Guelion**, gér'-dûn. *s.* a reward, a recompense.
- Guess**, gès. *v. n.* to conjecture.
- Guess**, gès. *s.* conjecture; a supposition.
- Guest**, gèst. *s.* one entertained in the house of another. [entertainment.]
- Guestchamber**, gèst'-ushâm-bûr. *s.* chamber of
- Guggle**, gûg'-gl. *v. n.* to sound as water running with intermission out of a narrow vessel.
- Guidage**, gyî'-dâje. *s.* the reward given to a guide.
- Guidance**, gyî'-dânse. *s.* direction, government.
- Guide**, gyîde. *v. a.* to direct; to instruct.
- Guide**, gyîde. *s.* one who directs.
- Guideless**, gyîde'-lès. *a.* without a guide.
- Guild**, gîld. *s.* a society, a corporation.
- Guile**, gylle. *s.* deceitful cunning; insidious artifice. [artful.]
- Guileful**, gylle'-fûl. *a.* insidious, mischievously
- Guilefully**, gylle'-fûl-è. *ad.* insidiously, treacherously.
- Guileless**, gylle'-lès. *a.* without deceit.
- Guilt**, gîlt. *s.* crime, an offence.
- Guiltily**, gîlt'-è-lè. *ad.* without innocence.
- Guiltiness**, gîlt'-è-pès. *s.* the state of being guilty
- Guiltless**, gîlt'-lès. *a.* free from crime.
- Guiltlessness**, gîlt'-lès-pès. *s.* innocence, freedom from crime. [crime, not innocent]
- Guilty**, gîlt'-tè. *a.* justly chargeable with a
- Guinea**, ghr'-nè. *s.* a gold coin valued at one and twenty shillings.
- Guise**, gyzè. *s.* manner, mien, habit.
- Guitar**, gî-târ. *s.* a stringed instrument of music.
- Gules**, gûlz. *a.* red; a term used in heraldry.
- Gulf**, gûlf. *s.* a bay; a whirlpool.
- Gulfy**, gûl'-fè. *a.* full of gulfs.
- Gull**, gûl. *v. a.* to trick, to cheat.
- Gull**, gûl. *s.* a sea bird; one easily cheated.
- Gullet**, gûl'-lît. *s.* the throat.
- Gullyhole**, gûl'-lè-hôle. *s.* the hole where gutters empty themselves.
- Gulosity**, gû-lòs-è-tè. *s.* greediness, voracity.
- Gulp**, gûlp. *v. a.* to swallow eagerly. [once.]
- Gulp**, gûlp. *s.* as much as can be swallowed at
- Gum**, gûm. *s.* the viscous juice of trees &c fleshy covering that contains the teeth.
- Gum**, gûm. *v. a.* to close with gum.
- Gumminess**, gûm'-mè-nès. *s.* the state of being gummy.
- Gummos**, gûm'-mûs. *a.* of the nature of gum.
- Gummy**, gûm' mè. *a.* consisting of gum; covered with gum.
- Gun**, gûn. *s.* the instrument from which shot is discharged by fire.
- Gunner**, gûn'-nûr. *s.* a cannonier.
- Gunnery**, gûn'-nûr-è. *s.* the science of artillery.
- Gunpowder**, gûn'-pô-dûr. *s.* the powder put into guns to be fired

nó, móve, nór, nót;—tíbe, títb, báll;—ólí;—póód;—chín, raris.

Gunshot, gún'-shót. *s.* the reach or range of a gun.

Gunsmith, gún'-smíth. *s.* a man whose trade is to make guns. [barrel of a gun is fixed.]

Gunstock, gún'-stók. *s.* the wood to which the Gunwale or Gunnel of a ship, gún'-nll. *s.* that piece of timber which reaches on either side

of the ship from the half-deck to the fore-castle.

Gurge, gúrje. *s.* a whirlpool, a gulf

Gurgle, gúr'-gl. *v. n.* to fall or gush with noise.

Gush, gúsh. *v. n.* to rush out with violence.

Gush, gúsh. *s.* an emission of liquor in a large quantity at once. [to strengthen it.]

Gusset, gús'-sít. *s.* any thing sewed on to cloth

Gust, gúst. *s.* sense of tasting; liking; a sudden blast of wind. [the taste.]

Gustable, gús'-tá-bl. *a.* to be tasted; pleasant to

Gustation, gús'-tá-shún. *s.* the act of tastings.

Gustful, gúst'-fúl. *a.* well-tasted.

Gusto, gús'-tó. *s.* the relish of any thing; intellectual taste.

Gusty, gús'-té. *s.* stormy, tempestuous

Gut, gút. *v. n.* the inward passage for food. [side.]

Gut, gút. *v. a.* to eviscerate; to take out the in-

Gutter, gút'-túr. *s.* a passage for water.

Gutter, gút'-túr. *v. a.* to cut in small hollows.

Guttle, gút'-tú. *v. n.* to feed luxuriously, to gormandize.

Guttler, gút'-tú-úr. *s.* greedy eater. [throat.]

Guttural, gút'-tú-rál. *a.* belonging to the

Guzzle, gúz'-zl. *v. a.* to swallow with immoderate gust.

Guzzler, gúz'-zl-úr. *s.* a gormandizer.

Gymnastically, jílm-nás'-tè-kál-é. *ad.* athletically, fitly for strong exercise.

Gymnastick, jílm-nás'-tík. *a.* relating to athletic exercises. [thing about]

Gyration, jí-rá-shún. *s.* the act of turning any

Gyre, jíre. *s.* a circle described by any thing going in an orbit.

Gyve, jíve. *v. a.* to fetter, to shackle.

Gyves, jívz. *s.* fetters, chains for the legs.

H.

Ha, há. *interj.* an expression of wonder, surprise, or sudden exertion. [small wares.]

Haberasher, háb'-úr-dásh-úr. *s.* one who sells

Habergeon, háb-bér'-jé-ón. *s.* armour to cover the neck and breast.

Habitment, há-bl'-é-mént. *s.* dress, clothes

Habilitate, há-bl'-é-táte. *v. a.* to qualify.

Habilitation, há-llé-é-úk'-shún. *s.* qualification.

Habit, háb'-ít. *s.* state of any thing; dress custom.

Habit, háb'-ít. *v. a.* to dress, accoutre.

Habitable, háb'-é-tá-bl. *a.* capable of being dwelt in.

Habitanee, háb'-é-tánee. *s.* dwelling, abode.

Habitant, háb'-é-tánt. *s.* a dweller.

Habitation, háb'-é-tá-shún. *s.* a place of abode.

Habitual, há-bítsh'-ú-ál. *a.* customary.

Habitually, há-bítsh'-ú-ál-é. *ad.* by habit.

Habitude, háb'-é-túde. *s.* familiarity; custom.

Habnab, háb'-náb. *ad.* at random.

Hack, hák. *v. a.* to cut into small pieces.

Hackle, hák'-kl. *v. a.* to dress flax.

Hackney, hák'-né. *s.* a hired horse; a hiring.

Hackney, hák'-né. *v. a.* to practise in one thing, to accustom to the road.

Had, hád. *pres. and part. pass. of have.*

Haddock, hád'-dák. *s.* a sea fish of the cod kind

Haft, háft. *s.* a handle.

Haft, háft. *v. a.* to set in a haft.

Hag, hág. *s.* a fury; an ugly woman. [roar]

Hag, hág. *v. a.* to torment, to harass with ter

Haggard, hág'-gárd. *a.* wild, untamed; lean ugly, deformed. [ly]

Haggardly, hág'-gárd-é. *ad.* deformedly, wild

Haggle, hág'-gl. *v. a.* to cut, to chop, to man

Haggle, hág'-gl. *v. n.* to be tedious in a bar

Haggler, hág'-gl-úr. *s.* one that cuts, one that is tardy in bargaining. [effort]

Hah, há. *interj.* an expression of some sudden

Hail, hále. *s.* drops of rain frozen.

Hail, hále. *v. n.* to pour down hail.

Hail, hále. *interj.* a term of salutation.

Hail, hále. *v. a.* to salute, to call to. [hail]

Hailshot, hále'-shót. *s.* small shot scattered like

Hailstone, hále'-stóné. *s.* a particle or single ball of hail. [of the body]

Hair, háre. *s.* one of the common teguments

Hairbrained, háre'-bránd. *a.* wild, irregular.

Hairbreadth, háre'-brédth. *s.* a very small dis

tauce.

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât; —mè, mêt; —pine, pîn;—

Haircloth, háre'-klóth. *s.* stuff made of hair
Hairless, háre'-lès. *a.* without hair.
Hairiness, há'-rè-nès. *s.* a hairy state.
Hairy, há'-rè. *a.* overgrown with hair.
Halberd, háll'-búrd. *s.* a battle-axe.
Halberdier, háll'-búr-déer'. *s.* one who is armed with a halberd.
Halcyon, háł'-shè ún. *s.* a bird.
Halcyon, háł'-shè ún. *a.* placid, quiet, still.
Hale, hále. *a.* healthy, sound. [olently.
Hale, hále. *v. a.* to drag by force, to pull vi-
 Haler, há-lúr. *s.* he who pulls and hales.
Half, háł. *s.* a moiety, one of two equal parts.
Half, háł. *ad.* in part, equally.
Half-penny, há'-pèn-nè. *s.* a copper coin.
Halibut, háł'-lè-bút. *s.* a sort of fish.
Hall, háł. *s.* a court of justice; a large room.
Hallelujah, háł'-lè-lóó'-yá. *s.* praise ye the Lord!
 a song of thanksgiving.
Halloo, háł'-lóó'. *interj.* a word of encouragement
 when dogs are let loose on their game.
Halloo, háł'-lóó'. *v. n.* to cry as after the dogs.
Halloo, háł'-lóó'. *v. a.* to encourage with shouts;
 to call or shout to. [ence as holy.
Hallow, háł'-lò. *v. a.* to consecrate; to rever-
Hallucination, háł'-lú-sè-ná-shiún. *s.* error,
 blunder. [moon.
Halo, há'-lò. *a.* a red circle round the sun or
Halser, háw'-súr. *s.* a rope less than a cable.
Halt, háłt. *v. n.* to lump; to stop in a march;
 to hesitate.
Halt, háłt. *a.* lame, crippled.
Halt, háłt. *s.* the act or manner of limping; a
 stop in a march. [a cord, a string.
Halter, háł'-túr. *s.* a rope to hang malefactors;
Halter, háł'-túr. *v. a.* to bind with a cord; to
 catch in a noose.
Halve, háv. *v. a.* to divide into two parts.
Ham, hám. *s.* part of the thigh; a leg of pork
 cured.
Hamlet, hám'-lèt. *s.* a small village.
Hammer, hám'-múr. *s.* an instrument to drive
 nails. [mer; to work in the mind.
Hammer, hám'-múr. *v. a.* to beat with a ham-
Hammercloth, hám'-múr-klóth. *s.* the cloth
 upon the seat of a coach-box.
Hammock, hám'-múk. *s.* a swinging bed.
Hamper, hámp'-úr. *s.* a large basket

Hamper, hámp'-úr. *v. a.* to shackle; to per-
 plex, to embarrass. [lam.
Hamstring, hém'-stríng. *s.* the tendon of the
Hamstring, hámp'-stríng. *v. a.* pret. and part.
 pass. *hamstrang.* to lame by cutting the tendon
 of the ham.
Hand, hánd. *s.* that member which reaches from
 the wrist to the fingers' end; measure of four
 inches; side; rate; cards held at a game
 discipline; management; a workman.
Hand, hánd. *v. a.* to give or transmit; to gúde
 or lead.
Hand-basket, hánd'-bás-klét. *s.* a portable basket.
Hand-bell, hánd'-bèł. *s.* a bell rung by the hand.
Hand-breadth, hánd'-brèdth. *s.* the breadth of
 the hand.
Handed, hánd'-dèd. *a.* with hands joined.
Handful, hánd'-fúl. *s.* as much as the hand can
 gripe or contain.
Hand-gallop, hánd'-gál-lòp. *s.* an easy gallop.
Handicraft, hánd'-dè-kráft. *s.* manual occupation
Handily, hánd'-dè-lè. *ad.* with skill.
Handiness, hánd'-dè-nès. *s.* readiness, dexterity.
Hand-work, hánd'-dè-wúrk. *s.* work of the hand.
Handkerchief, háng'-kèr-tshíf. *s.* a piece of silk
 or linen used to wipe the face or cover the
 neck. [to treat in discourse.
Handle, hánd. *v. a.* to touch, to feel; to wield;
Handle, hánd. *s.* that part of a thing by which
 it is held. [at hand.
Handmaid, hánd'-má-é. *s.* a maid that waits
Handmill, hánd'-míl. *s.* a mill moved by the
 hand. [the hand
Handsaw, hánd'-sáw. *s.* a saw manageable by
Handsel, hánd'-sèł. *s.* the first act of using any
 thing; the first act of sale.
Handsel, hánd'-sèł. *v. a.* to use or do any thing
 the first time. [generous.
Handsome, hánd'-súm. *a.* beautiful, ample;
Handsomely, hánd'-súm-lè. *ad.* beautifully; ele-
 gantly [elegance.
Handsomeness, hánd'-súm-nès. *s.* beauty, grace
Handvice, hánd'-vise. *s.* a vice to hold small
 work in.
Handwriting, hánd'-rí-ting. *s.* a cast or form
 of writing peculiar to each hand.
Handy, hánd'-dè. *a.* ready, dexterous. [children.
Handydandy, hánd'-dè-dán'-dè. *s.* a play among

nò, mòve, nòr nòt;—tùbe, tùb, báll;—òll;—pòònd;—thin, THIS.

Hang, háng. *v. a.* pret. and part. pass. *hanged* or *hang.* to suspend; to choke and kill by suspending by the neck; to delay; to decline; to furnish with ornaments.

Hang, háng. *v. n.* to be suspended; to dangle; to impend; to be compact or united; to be in suspense; to linger; to be fixed or suspended with attention; to be executed by the halter.

Hanger, háng'-úr. *s.* a short broadsword.

Hanger-on, háng'-úr-òn'. *s.* a dependant.

Hanging, háng'-íng. *s.* drapery hung or fastened against the walls of rooms.

Hanging, háng'-íng. *part. a.* foreboding death by the halter; requiring to be punished by the halter. [tioner.

Hangman, háng'-mán. *s.* the publick executioner.

Hank, hángk. *s.* a skein of thread.

Hanker, hángk'-úr. *v. n.* to long inopportunately.

Hap, háp. *s.* chance, fortune; accident.

Hap, háp. *v. n.* to come by accident, to happen.

Haply, háp'-lè. *ad.* peradventure.

Hapless, háp'-lès. *a.* unhappy, unfortunate.

Happen, háp'-pu. *v. n.* to fall out; to come to pass.

Happily, háp'-pè-lè. *ad.* fortunately, successfully.

Happiness, háp'-pè-nès. *s.* felicity; good fortune.

Happy, háp'-pè. *a.* in a state of felicity; lucky, fortunate. [oration.

Harangue, há-ráng'. *s.* a speech, a popular

Harangue, há-ráng'. *v. n.* to make a speech.

Haranguer, há-ráng'-úr. *s.* an orator, a publick speaker.

Harass, há-rás. *v. a.* to weary, to fatigue.

Harbinger, há-rbín-jór. *s.* a forerunner.

Harbour, há-rbúr. *s.* a port or haven for shipping; a shelter.

Harbour, há-rbúr. *v. a.* to entertain, to shelter.

Harbourage, há-rbúr-áje. *s.* shelter, entertainment. [another.

Harbourer, há-rbúr-úr. *s.* one that entertains

Hard, hárd. *a.* firm; difficult; painful; cruel;

rigorous; insensible; severe; unreasonable;

austere; rough; avaricious.

Hard, hárd. *ad.* close, near; laboriously; un-

easily, distressfully; nimbly; tempestuously.

Harden, hárd-dn. *v. a.* to make hard; to stu-

fy; to endue with constancy. [ture.

Hardfavoured, hárd-fá-vúrd. *a.* coarse of fea-

Hardhearted, hárd-hárt'-éd. *a.* cruel, inexorable.

Hardiness, hárd-dé-nès. *s.* stoutness, bravery

effrontery.

Hardly, hárd'-lè. *ad.* with difficulty; scarcely;

severely; oppressively; harshly. [to the rem.

Hardmouthed, hárd-móúth'-éd. *a.* disobedient

Hardness, hárd'-nès. *s.* power of resistance in

bodies; difficulty; scarcity; obscurity; vehemence; cruelty; harshness; stinginess.

Hardship, hárd'-shíp. *s.* injury, oppress' or

fatigue. [metz.

Hardware, hárd-wáre. *s.* manufactures of

Hardwareman, hárd'-wáre-mán. *s.* a maker or

seller of metalline manufactures.

Hardy, hárd'-dè. *a.* bold, brave, stout. [lation

Hare, háre. *s.* a small quadruped; a constellation

Hairbrained, háre'-bráind. *a.* volatile, wild.

Harier, hárd'-rè-úr. *s.* a dog for hunting hares.

Hark, hárk. *v. n.* to listen.

Hark, hárk. *interj.* list! hear! listen!

Harlequin, hárd'-lè-kín. *s.* a buffoon who plays

tricks to divert the populace.

Harlot, hárd'-lút. *s.* a strumpet.

Harlotry, hárd'-lút-rè. *s.* fornication.

Harm, hárm. *s.* injury; mischief.

Harm, hárm. *v. a.* to hurt; to injure.

Harmful, hárm'-fúl. *a.* mischievous.

Harmless, hárm'-lès. *a.* innocent; undamaged

Harmlessness, hárm'-lès-nès. *s.* innocence

freedom from injury.

Harmonical, hárm-òn'-é-kál. } *a.* adapted to

Harmonick, hárm-òn'-ík. } each other

musical.

Harmonious, hárm-ò-né-ús. *a.* musical.

Harmoniously, hárm-ò-né-ús-lè. *ad.* musically

with concord of sounds.

Harmoniousness, hárm-ò-né-ús-nès. *s.* propor-

tion, musicalness. [proportion.

Harmonize, hárm-ò-níze. *v. a.* to adjust in fit

Harmony, hárm-ò-nè. *s.* just proportion of

sound; concord.

Harness, hárd'-nès. *s.* traces for horses. [traces

Harness, hárd'-nès. *v. a.* to fix horses in their

Harp, hárp. *s.* a lyre; a constellation.

Harp, hárp. *v. n.* to play on the harp; to dwell

vehemently on one subject.

Harper, hárd'-púr. *s.* a player on the harp.

Harpoon, hárd-pòòn'. *s.* a bearded dart with a

Fåte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—ploe, pln;—

- line fastened to the handle, with which whales are caught. [the harpoon.]
 Harpooner, hâr-pôô-nêér'. *s.* he that throws
 Harpsichord, hârp'-sê-kôrd. *s.* a musical instrument. [wetch.]
 Harpy, hâr'-pê. *s.* a fabulous bird; a ravenous
 Harrow, hâr'-rô. *s.* a frame of timbers crossing each other, and set with teeth.
 Harrow, hâr'-rô. *v. a.* to break with the harrow; to tear up; to disturb.
 Harsh, hârsh. *a.* austere, rough, sour.
 Harshly, hârsh'-lê. *ad.* sourly, austere; severely; ruggedly.
 Harshness, hârsh'-nês. *s.* sourness; roughness to the ear; ruggedness; crabbedness.
 Hart, hârt. *s.* the male of the roe.
 Hartshorn, hârts'-hörn. *s.* spirit drawn from horn; an herb. [the product of labour.]
 Harvest, hâr'-vêst. *s.* the season of reaping;
 Harvest-home, hâr'-vêst-hôm. *s.* the song which the reapers sing at the feast made for haying in the harvest.
 Mas, hâz. the third person singular of the verb to have. [pieces and mingle.]
 Hash, hâsh. *v. a.* to mince, to chop into small
 Haslet, hâ'-sîet. } *s.* the heart, liver, and
 Harslet, hâr'-sîet. } lights, of a hog.
 Hasp, hâsp. *s.* a clasp folded over a staple.
 Hasp, hâsp. *v. n.* to shut with a hasp.
 Hassock, hâs'-sôk. *s.* a thick mat to kneel on.
 Haste, hâste. } *v. n.* to make haste, to be in a
 Haste, hâste. } hurry.
 Hasten, hâ'-sn. } *ad.* in a hurry, speedily;
 Hastily, hâs'-tê-lê. } precipitately. [tation.]
 Hastiness, hâs'-tê-nês. *s.* haste, speed, precip-
 Hastings, hâs'-tîngs. *s.* peas that come early.
 Hasty, hâs'-tê. *a.* quick; passionate; early ripe.
 Hasty-pudding, hâs'-tê-pûd-îng. *s.* a pudding made of milk and flour boiled quick together.
 Hat, hât. *s.* a cover for the head. [the hat.]
 Hatband, hât'-bând. *s.* a band tied round
 Hatch, hâsh. *v. a.* to produce young from eggs; to contrive. [egg; a half-door.]
 Hatch, hâsh. *s.* a brood excluded from the
 Hatchel, hâk'-kl. *v. a.* to beat flax so as to ee, grate the fibrous from the brittle part.
 Hatchel, hâk'-kl. *s.* the instrument with which flax is beaten.
 Hatchet, hâsh'-it. *s.* a small axe.
 Hatchet-face, hâsh'-it-fâse. *s.* a thin, ugly face
 Hatchment, hâsh'-mênt. *s.* an escutcheon & the dead. [through the hatch]
 Hatchway, hâsh'-wâ. *s.* the way over
 Hate, hâte. *v. a.* to detest, to abominate.
 Hate, hâte. *s.* malignity, detestation.
 Hateful, hâte'-fûl. *a.* odious, malignant.
 Hatefully, hâte'-fûl-ê. *ad.* odiously, malignantly
 Hatfulness, hâte'-fûl-nês. *s.* odiousness.
 Hatred, hâ'-trêd. *s.* ill-will, malignity.
 Hatter, hât'-tôr. *s.* a maker of hats. [valley
 Haugh; hâw. *s.* a little meadow lying in a
 Haughtily, hâw'-tê-lê. *ad.* proudly, arrogantly
 Haughtiness, hâw'-tê-nês. *s.* pride, arrogance
 Haughty, hâw'-tê. *a.* proud, insolent, arrogant
 Haul, hâwl. *v. a.* to pull, to draw, to drag by violence.
 Haul, hâwl. *v. a.* violence in dragging.
 Haunch, hântsh. *s.* the thigh.
 Haunt, hânt. *v. a.* to frequent.
 Haunt, hânt. *v. n.* to be much about, to appear frequently.
 Haunt, hânt. *s.* place in which one is frequently found, habit of being in a certain place.
 Hautboy, hâ'-bôê. *s.* a wind instrument; a sort of large strawberry.
 Have, hâv. *v. a.* pret. and part. pass. had. to possess; to enjoy.
 Havez, hâ'-vn. *s.* a port, a harbour; an asylum
 Haycock, hâv'-vôk. *s.* waste; wide and general devastation.
 Havock, hâv'-vôk. *v. a.* to waste, to destroy.
 Haw, hâw. *s.* the berry of the hawthorn [haws.
 Hawthorn, hâw'-thörn. *s.* the thorn that bears
 Hawk, hâwk. *s.* a bird of prey; an effort to force plegm up the throat.
 Hawk, hâwk. *v. n.* to fly hawks; to force up plegm with a noise; to sell by proclaim in the streets.
 Hawker, hâw'-kûr. *s.* one who sells wares by proclaiming them in the streets.
 Hay, hâ. *s.* grass dried to fodder cattle in winter; a kind of dance.
 Haymaker, hâ'-mâ-kûr. *s.* one employed in drying grass for hay.

nó, móve, nór, nói;—tábe, táb, bôl;—ôl;—pônd;—thin, THU.

Hazard, ház'-árd. *s.* chance; danger; a game.
Hazard, ház'-árd. *v. a.* to expose to chance.
Hazard, ház'-árd. *v. n.* to try the chance, to adventure.
Hazardable, ház'-ár-dá-bl. *a.* venturesome.
Hazardous, ház'-ár-dás. *a.* dangerous.
Haze, háze. *s.* fog, mist.
Hazel, há'-zl. *s.* a nut-tree. [hazel].
Hazel, há'-zl. *a.* light brown, of the colour of
Hazy, há'-zè. *a.* dark, foggy, misty.
He, hêe. *pron.* oblique case *him*; plur. *they*,
 oblique case *them*. the man that was named
 before; the person; a male.
Head, hêd. *s.* the part that contains the brain;
 a chief; the top; principal topick of a dis-
 course; source of a stream; crisis.
Head, hêd. *v. a.* to lead, to govern.
Headach, hêd'-áko. *s.* pain in the head
Headband, hêd'-bánd. *s.* a fillet for the head.
Headress, hêd'-drês. *s.* the covering of a wo-
 man's head. [tion].
Headiness, hêd'-dè-nês. *s.* rashness, precipita-
Headland, hêd'-lánd. *s.* promontory, cape.
Headless, hêd'-lês. *a.* without a head; without
 a chief. [precipitate].
Headlong, hêd'-lông. *a.* rash, thoughtless;
Headlong, hêd'-lông. *ad.* with the head fore-
 most; precipitately. [force of mind].
Headpiece, hêd'-piês. *s.* armour for the head;
Headsmán, hêd'-mán. *s.* an executioner.
Headstall, hêd'-stáll. *s.* part of the bridle that
 covers the head. [stone].
Headstone, hêd'-stón. *s.* the first or capital
Headstrong, hêd'-strông. *a.* violent, ungovern-
Heady, hêd'-dè. *a.* rash, precipitate. [ablè].
Heal, hêa. *v. a.* to cure a person; to reconcile.
Heal, hêa. *v. n.* to grow well.
Healer, hêa'-ár. *s.* one who cures or heals.
Healing, hêa'-ing. *part. a.* mild, gentle, assua-
Health, hêlh. *s.* freedom from sickness. [sive].
Healthful, hêlh'-fúl. *a.* free from sickness.
Healthfulness, hêlh'-fúl-nês. *s.* state of being
 well; wholesomeness.
Healthily, hêlh'-é-lè. *ad.* without sickness.
Healthiness, hêlh'-é-nês. *s.* the state of health.
Healthsome, hêlh'-súm. *a.* wholesome, saluta-
 ry. [ness].
Healthy, hêlh'-é. *a.* in health, free from sick

Heap, hêpe. *s.* many things thrown together;
 a cluster, number. [to accumulate].
Heap, hêpe. *v. a.* to throw on heaps, to pile;
Hear, hêre. *v. a.* to perceive by the ear; to
 give an audience; to listen; to try. [course].
Hearer, hêre'-ár. *s.* one who attends to a dis-
Hearing, hêre'-ing. *s.* the sense by which
 sounds are perceived; judicial trial; race
 of the car.
Hearken, hâr'-kn. *v. n.* to listen; to attend.
Hearkener, nâr'-kn-ár. *s.* a listener.
Hearsay, hêre'-sâ. *s.* report, rumour.
Hearse, hêrse. *s.* a carriage for the dead.
Heart, hárt. *s.* the muscle which propels the
 blood through the course of circulation; the
 inner part of any thing; courage; affection;
 memory; conscience.
Heart-ach, hárt'-áko. *s.* sorrow, anguish.
Heart-breaking, hárt'-brá-king. *a.* overpow-
 ering with sorrow.
Heart-burning, hárt'-búr-ning. *s.* pain at the
 stomach; discontent, secret enmity.
Heart-clear, hárt'-dêre. *a.* sincerely beloved.
Heart-easing, hárt'-êz-ing. *a.* giving quiet.
Heartfelt, hárt'-fêlt. *a.* felt in the conscience,
 felt at the heart.
Heart-sick, hárt'-sik. *a.* pained in mind.
Heart-string, hárt'-suring. *s.* the tendons or
 nerves supposed to brace and sustain the
 heart. [yet unfixed].
Heart-whole, hárt'-hôle. *a.* with the affections
Hearten, hárt'-in. *v. a.* to encourage, to stir up
Hearth, hárt'h. *s.* the pavement of a room
 where a fire is made. [rously].
Heartily, hárt'-tè-lè. *ad.* sincerely, actively, vig-
Heartiness, hárt'-tè-nês. *s.* sincerity, freedom
 from hypocrisy; vigour. [iless].
Heartless, hárt'-lês. *a.* without courage, spr-
Hearty, hárt'-tè. *a.* sincere, warm, zealous;
 strong.
Heat, hête. *s.* the sensation caused by the ap-
 proach or touch of fire; hot weather; a
 course at a race; flush; agitation of sudden
 passion; contest.
Heat, hête. *v. a.* to make hot.
Heat, hête. *v. n.* to grow hot.
Heater, hê'-târ. *s.* an iron made hot, and put
 into a box-iron

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pîn;—

- Heath, hêth.** *s.* a plant; a place overgrown with heath.
- Heath-cock, hêth'-kôk.** *s.* a large fowl.
- Heathen, hê'-tân.** *s.* a gentile or pagan.
- Heathenish, hê'-tân-ish.** *a.* belonging to the gentiles; savage, cruel. [ganism.]
- Heathenism, hê'-tân-izm.** *s.* gentilism, paganism.
- Heave, hêve.** *v. a. pret. heaved; part. heaved.* to lift, to raise from the ground; to force up from the breast; to exult.
- Heave, hêve.** *v. n.* to pant; to rise with pain; to feel a tendency to vomit.
- Heaven, hêv'-vu.** *s.* the expanse of the sky; the habitation of God; the supreme power.
- Heaven-born, hêv'-vn-bôrn.** *a.* descended from the celestial regions. [celestial.]
- Heavenly, hêv'-vn-lê.** *a.* resembling heaven; heavenly, hêv'-vn-lê. *ad.* in a manner resembling that of heaven. [heaven.]
- Heavenward, hêv'-vn-wârd.** *ad.* towards heaven.
- Heavily, hêv'-ê-lê.** *ad.* grievously; sorrowfully.
- Heaviness, hêv'-ê-nês.** *s.* weight, dejection of mind; oppression; affliction.
- Heavy, hêv'-vê.** *a.* weighty; sorrowful; grievous; unanimated; drowsy; stupid; burdensome.
- Hebdomadal, hêb-dôm'-dâl.** *a.* weekly.
- Hebetate, hêb'-ê-tâje.** *v. a.* to dull, to blunt.
- Hebetude, hêb'-ê-tûde.** *s.* dulness.
- Hebraism, hêb'-râ-izm.** *s.* a Hebrew idiom.
- Hebraist, hêb'-râ-ist.** *s.* a man skilled in Hebrew.
- Hebrician, hê-brish'-ân.** *s.* one skilful in Hebrew.
- Hecatomb, hêk'-â-tômb.** *s.* a sacrifice of a hundred cattle.
- Hectick, hêk'-tik.** *a.* habitual, constitutional.
- Hector, hêk'-tôr.** *s.* a bully; a blustering fellow.
- Hector, hêk'-tôr.** *v. a.* to threaten, to bully.
- Hedge, hêdje.** *s.* a fence made of prickly bushes.
- Hedge, hêdje.** *v. a.* to enclose with a hedge.
- Hedgehog, hêdje'-hög.** *s.* an animal set with prickles.
- Hedger, hêdje'-är.** *s.* one who makes hedges.
- Heed, hêed.** *v. a.* to mind, to regard.
- Heed, hêed.** *s.* care, attention; caution; respectful notice. [tentive.]
- Heedful, hêed'-fûl.** *a.* watchful, cautious; at-
- Heedfully, hêed'-fûl-ê.** *ad.* attentively, carefully. [lance]
- Heedfulness, hêed'-fûl-nês.** *s.* caution, vigilance.
- Heedless, hêed'-lês.** *a.* negligent, careless.
- Heedlessly, hêed'-lês-lê.** *ad.* carelessly, negligently. [negligence]
- Heedlessness, hêed'-lês-nês.** *s.* carelessness.
- Heel, hêel.** *s.* the hind part of the foot.
- Heel-piece, hêel'-pêse.** *s.* a piece fixed on the hinder part of the shoe.
- Heel-piece, hêel'-pêse.** *v. a.* to put a piece of leather on a shoe-heel.
- Heft, hêft.** *s.* a handle. [Arabians.]
- Hegira, hêj'-râ.** *s.* the epocha used by the Heifer, hêf'-fâr. *s.* a young cow.
- Heighho, li-hô.** *interj.* an expression of slight languor and uneasiness.
- Height, hite.** *s.* elevation, above the ground, summit, towering eminence; state of excellence.
- Heighten, hê'-tn.** *v. a.* to raise higher. [hence.]
- Heinous, hâ'-nûs.** *a.* atrocious, wicked in a high degree.
- Heinously, hâ'-nûs-lê.** *ad.* atrociously, wickedly.
- Heinousness, hâ'-nûs-nês.** *s.* atrociousness, wickedness. [after the present possessor.]
- Heir, âre.** *s.* one that is inheritor of anything.
- Heiress, âre'-is.** *s.* an inheritrix.
- Heirless, âre'-lês.** *a.* without an heir.
- Heirship, âre'-ship.** *s.* the state, character, or privileges of an heir.
- Held, hêld.** *pret. and part. pass. of hold.*
- Heliacal, hêl'-â-kâl.** *a.* emerging from the lustre of the sun, or falling into it.
- Helical, hêl'-ê-kâl.** *a.* spiral, twisted.
- Heliocentrick, hêlê-ô-sên'-trik.** *a.* belonging to the centre of the sun.
- Hell, hêl.** *s.* the place of the devil and wicked souls; the infernal powers.
- Hellish, hêl'-ish.** *a.* having the qualities of hell, infernal. [horred qualities.]
- Hellishness, hêl'-ish-nês.** *s.* wickedness, abhorrence.
- Helm, hêlm.** *s.* the part of a coat of arms that bears the crest, the rudder; the station of government.
- Helmed, hêl'md.** *a.* furnished with a headpiece.
- Helmet, hêl'-mît.** *s.* a headpiece.
- Help, hêlp.** *v. a. pret. helped; part. helped.* to helpen to assist, to support, to aid.

nó. móve, nór, nót ; —túbe, túb, búll ; —óll ; —pófund, —thin, THIS

Help, hêlp. *s.* assistance, aid, support.
 Helper, hêlp'-ôr. *s.* an assistant, an auxiliary.
 Helpful, hêlp'-fúl. *a.* useful, assisting.
 Helpless, hêlp'-lêss. *a.* wanting support or assistance; irremediable.
 Helplessness, hêlp'-lêss-nêss. *s.* want of succour.
 Helter-skelter, hêl'-túr-skêl'-túr. *ad.* in a hurry.
 Heve, hêlv. *s.* the handle of an axe.
 Hem, hêm. *v.* the edge of a garment.
 Hem, hêm. *v. a.* to close the edge of cloth by a hem; to border. [pulsion of the breath].
 Hem, hêm. *v. n.* to utter a noise by violent exhalation.
 Hemisphere, hêm'-ê-sfêre. *s.* the half of a globe.
 Hemispherical, hêm'-ê-sfêr'-ík-ál. *a.* half-round, containing half a globe.
 Hemistick, hê-mis'-tík. *s.* half a verse.
 Hemorrhage, hêm'-ô-rádjé. *s.* a violent flux of the blood.
 Hemorrhoids, hêm'-ô-rôidz. *s.* the piles.
 Hemp, hêmp. *s.* a fibrous plant of which coarse linen and ropes are made.
 Hempen, hêm'-pn. *a.* made of hemp.
 Hen, hên. *s.* the female of any bird. [ardly].
 Hen-hearted, hên'-hár-têd. *a.* dastardly, cowardly.
 Hen-pecked, hên'-pêkt. *a.* governed by the wife.
 Hen-roost, hên'-róost. *s.* the place where the poultry rest.
 Hence, hênc. *ad.* or *interj.* from this place to another; away; to a distance; at a distance, in another place; for this reason, in consequence of this; from this cause, from this ground; from this original.
 Henceforth, hêncê'-fôrth. *ad.* from this time forward. [time to futurity].
 Henceforward, hêncê'-fôr-wárd. *ad.* from this time forward.
 Hepatical, hê-pát'-ê-kál. *a.* belonging to the liver. [sides or angles].
 Heptagon, hêp'-tá-gôn. *s.* a figure with seven sides.
 Heptarchy, hêp'-tár-kê. *s.* a sevenfold government.
 Her, hêr. *pron.* belonging to a female.
 Herald, hêr'-ákt. *s.* an officer whose business it is to register genealogies, and adjust ensigns armorial; a precursor, a harbinger.
 Heraldick, hê-ráld'-ík. *a.* relating to heraldry.
 Herakly, hêr'-ál-drê. *s.* the art or office of a herald. [stalks are soft].
 Herb, êrb. *s.* herbs are those plants whose

Herbaceous, hêr-bá'-shûs. *a.* belonging to herbs.
 Herbage, êr'-bidge. *s.* grass, pasture.
 Herbal, hêr'-bál. *s.* a book of plants.
 Herbalist, hêr'-bá-list. *s.* a man skilful in herbs.
 Herby, êr'-bê. *a.* having the nature of herbs.
 Herd, hêrd. *s.* a number of beasts together.
 Herd, hêrd. *v. n.* to run in herds; to associate.
 Herdsman, hêrdz'-mán. *s.* one employed tending herds.
 Here, hêre. *ad.* in this place or state.
 Hereabouts, hêre-á-bôúts. *ad.* about this place.
 Hereafter, hêre-áft'-tár. *ad.* in a future state.
 Hereat, hêre-át'. *ad.* at this.
 Hereby, hêre-bí'. *ad.* by this.
 Hereditable, hê-rêd'-ê-tá-bl. *a.* whatever may be occupied as inheritance.
 Hereditainment, hêr-ê-dít'-á-mênt. *s.* a law term denoting inheritance. [inheritance].
 Hereditary, hê-rêd'-ê-tá-rê. *a.* descending by birth.
 Herein, hêre-in'. *ad.* in this.
 Hereof, hêre-ôf'. *ad.* of this.
 Hereon, hêre-on'. *ad.* upon this. [religion].
 Heresy, hêr'-ê-sê. *s.* a fundamental error in religion.
 Heresiarch, hê-rê'-zhê-árk. *s.* a leader in heresy.
 Heretick, hêr'-ê-tík. *s.* one who propagates heretical opinions.
 Heretical, hê-rêt'-ê-kál. *a.* containing heresy.
 Heretically, hê-rêt'-ê-kál-ê. *ad.* with heresy.
 Hereto, hêre-tô'. *ad.* to this. [ciently].
 Heretofore, hêre-tô-fôre'. *ad.* formerly, and hitherto.
 Hereunto, hêre-ôn-tô'. *ad.* to this.
 Herewith, hêre-wít'. *ad.* with this. [herited].
 Heritable, hêr'-ê-tá-bl. *a.* capable of being inherited.
 Heritage, hêr'-ê-táje. *s.* inheritance; the people of God. [uniting two sexes].
 Hermaphrodite, hêr-náf'-frô-díte. *s.* an animal with both sexes.
 Hermetical, hêr-mêt'-ê-kál. *a.* chymical.
 Hermit, hêr-mít. *s.* a solitary, an anchorite; a hermit. [tion of a hermit].
 Hermitage, hêr-mít-áje. *s.* the cell or habitacle of a hermit.
 Hernia, hêr-nê-á. *s.* any kind of rupture.
 Hero, hê-rô. *s.* a man eminent for bravery.
 Heroical, hê-rô-ê-kál. *a.* besitting a hero.
 Heroick, hê-rô-ík. *a.* noble, brave, magnanimous.
 Heroickly, hê-rô-ík-ê. *ad.* suitably to a hero.
 Heroine, hêr'-ô-in. *s.* a female hero.
 Heroism, hêr'-ô-izm. *s.* the qualities of a hero.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—f lne, pln;—

- Heron**, hêr'-ân. *s.* a bird that feeds upon fish.
- Heroury**, hêr'-ân-rê. *s.* a place where herons breed.
- Herring**, hêr'-ring. *s.* a small sea-fish.
- Herself** hêr'-sêlf. *pron.* the female personal pronoun, in the oblique cases reciprocal.
- Hesitancy**, hêz'-ê-tân-sê. *s.* dubiousness, uncertainty.
- Hesitate**, hêz'-ê-tâte. *v. a.* to delay, to pause.
- Hesitation**, hêz'-ê-tâ-shân. *s.* doubt, uncertainty; intermission of speech.
- Heteroclite**, hêv'-êr-ô-klite. *s.* such nouns as vary from the common forms of declension.
- Heterodox**, hêt'-êr-ô-dôks. *a.* deviating from the established opinion, not orthodox.
- Heterogeneous**, hêt'-êr-ô-jê-nê-ôl. *a.* not of the same nature. [dissimilar in nature.]
- Heterogeneous**, hêt'-êr-ô-jê-nê-ôl. *a.* opposite or
- Hew**, hû. *v. a.* part. *hewn* or *hewed*. to hack; to cut with an axe. [or angles.]
- Hexagon**, hêks'-â-gôn. *s.* a figure of six sides
- Hexagonal**, hêgz'-âg'-ô-nâl. *a.* having six sides.
- Hexameter**, hêgz'-âm'-ê-têr. *s.* a verse of six feet. [corners.]
- Hexangular**, hêgz'-âng'-gû-lâr. *a.* having six
- Hey**, hâ. *interj.* an expression of joy.
- Heyday**, hâ'-dâ. *interj.* an expression of surprise.
- Heyday**, hâ'-dâ. *s.* frolick, wildness.
- Hiatus**, hi'-â-tûs. *s.* an aperture, a breach.
- Hibernial**, hi-bêr'-nâl. *a.* belonging to the winter.
- Hiccough**, hîk'-kôf. *s.* a convulsion of the stomach producing sob. [stomach.]
- Hickup**, hîk'-kôp. *v. n.* to sob with a convulsed
- Hide**, hîde. *v. a.* pret. *hid*; part. pass. *hid* or *hidden*. to conceal, to withhold or withdraw from sight or knowledge.
- Hide**, hîde. *v. n.* to lie hid, to be concealed.
- Hide**, hîde. *s.* the skin of an animal; a certain quantity of land. [dreadful.]
- Hideous**, hîd'-ê-ôl, or hîl'-jê-ôl. *a.* horrible,
- Hideously**, hîd'-ê-ôl-lê. *ad.* horribly; dreadfully. [dreadfulness.]
- Hideousness**, hîd'-ê-ôl-nês. *s.* horribleness.
- Hie**, hi. *v. n.* to hasten, to go in haste. [order.]
- Hierarchy**, hi'-ê-rârk. *s.* the chief of a sacred
- Hierarchal**, hi'-ê-rârk'-âl. *a.* of a hierarch.
- Hierarchy**, hi'-ê-rârk-lê. *s.* a sacred government; ecclesiastical establishment.
- Hieroglyphick**, hi-ê-rô-gîlf'-fik. *s.* an emblem; the art of writing in picture. [artical]
- Hieroglyphical**, hi-ê-rô-gîlf'-ê-klîl. *a.* emblem
- Higgle**, hîg'-gl. *v. n.* to chaffer, to be peevish in a bargain; to carry about.
- Higgler**, hîg'-glêr. *s.* one who sells provision by retail.
- High**, hi. *a.* elevated; exalted; abstruse; arrogant; noble; violent; unumquodque; strong-tasted; far advanced into antiquity; dear capital.
- High**, hi. *s.* elevation, superiour region.
- High-blown**, hi'-blône. *a.* swelled with wind.
- High-born**, hi'-bôrn. *a.* of noble extraction.
- High-flier**, hi'-flî-êr. *s.* one that carries his opinion to extravagance. [of spirit]
- High-mettled**, hi'-mêt-td. *a.* proud or ardent
- High-minded**, hi'-mînd-êd. *a.* proud, arrogant
- High-seasoned**, hi-sê'-zând. *a.* piquant to the palate.
- High-spirited**, hi-spîr'-it-êd. *a.* bold, daring.
- High-wrought**, hi'-râwt. *a.* accurately finished.
- Highland**, hi'-lând. *s.* mountainous region.
- Highlander**, hi'-lând-êr. *s.* a mountaineer.
- Highly**, hi'-lê. *adv.* with elevation; with esteem
- Highness**, hi'-nês. *s.* elevation; the title of princes. [the time]
- Highwater**, hi'-wâ-têr. *s.* the utmost flow of
- Highway**, hi'-wâ'. *s.* great road, publick path.
- Highwayman**, hi'-wâ-mân. *s.* a robber on the publick roads.
- Hilarity**, hi-lâr'-ê-ê. *s.* merriment. [mountain.]
- Hill**, hîl. *s.* an elevation of ground less than a
- Hillock**, hîl'-lôk. *s.* a little hill.
- Hilly**, hîl'-lê. *a.* full of hills. [early of a sworn]
- Hilt**, hîlt. *s.* the handle of any thing, particu
- Hiin**, hîn. the oblique case of *he*.
- Himself**, hîn-sêlf. *pron.* in the nominative. *he* in the oblique cases, it has a reciprocal signification.
- Hind**, hînd. *s.* the she to a stag; a peasant.
- Hinder**, hîn'-dêr. *v. a.* to obstruct, to impede.
- Hinder**, hîn'-dêr. *a.* in a position contrary to that of the face. [stop.]
- Hinderance**, hîn'-dêr-ânsê. *s.* impediment, let,
- Hindermost**, hînd'-êr-môst. *a.* last in the rear.
- Hindmost**, hînd'-môst. *a.* the last.
- Hinge** hînje. *s.* joint upon which a door

nd, ndve, ndr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôh;—pôband;—thin, THIS.

Hint, hnt. *v. a.* to bring to mind by a slight mention.

Hint, hnt. *s.* faint notice, remote allusion.

Hip, hîp. *s.* the joint of the thigh.

Hip, hîp. *s.* the fruit of the briar.

Hip, hîp. *int.* an exclamation, or calling to one.

Hippish, hîp'-pîsh. *s.* a corruption of *hyochondriack*.

Hippogriff, hîp'-pô-grîf. *s.* a winged horse.

Hippopotamus, hîp'-pô-pô-tâ-mûs. *s.* the river horse.

l'iphot, hîp'-shôt. *a.* sprained in the hip.

l're, hîr. *v. a.* to procure any thing for temporary use at a certain price; to engage for pay. [the use of any thing; wages.]

l're, hîr. *s.* reward or recompense paid for

l're, hîr. *s.* one who serves for wages; a mercenary.

l're, hîr. *s.* a vernal, mercenary.

Hîs, hîz. *pron. poss.* belonging to him.

Hiss, hîss. *v. n.* to utter a noise like that of a serpent. [plode.]

Hiss, hîss. *v. a.* to condemn by hissing, to ex-

Hiss, hîss. *s.* the voice of a serpent;—expression of contempt. [silence.]

Hist, hîst. *int.* an exclamation commanding

Historian, hîs-tô-ré-ân. *s.* a writer of history.

Historical, hîs-tô-ré-âl. *a.* pertaining to his-

Historick, hîs-tô-ré-îk. *s.* a story.

Historically, hîs-tô-ré-îk-âl-é. *ad.* in the manner of history.

Historiographer, hîs-tô-ré-ôg'-râ-fâr. *s.* an historian, a writer of history.

Historiography, hîs-tô-ré-ôg'-râ-fâr. *s.* the art or employment of an historian. [facts.]

History, hîs-târ-é. *s.* a narration of events and

Histrionick, hîs-tré-ôn-îk. *a.* befitting the stage, suitable to a player.

Hit, hît. *v. a.* to strike; to touch the mark; to attain, to reach the point. [to light on.]

Hit, hît. *v. n.* to clash, to collide; to succeed;

Hit, hît. *s.* a stroke, a lucky chance.

l'itch, hîsh. *v. n.* to catch, to move by jerks.

l'ither, hîth'-âr. *ad.* to this place.

l'ither, hîth'-âr. *a.* nearer, towards this part.

l'ithermost, hîth'-âr-môst. *a.* nearest to this

l'itherto, hîth'-âr-tô. *ad.* to this time. [side.]

l'ive, hîve. *s.* the habitation of bees.

Hive, hîve. *v. a.* to put into hives.

Ho, hô. *int.* a sudden exclamation to give notice of approach, or any thing else.

Hoar, hôr. *a.* gray with age; white with frost.

Hoar-frost, hôr'-frost. *s.* frozen dew.

Hoard, hôrde. *s.* a store laid up in secret.

Hoard, hôrde. *v. n.* to lay up store. [secret.]

Hoarder, hôr'-âr. *s.* one that stores up in

Hoariness, hôr-ré-nés. *s.* the state of being whitish.

Hoarse, hôrse. *a.* having the voice rough, as with a cold; having a rough sound

Hoarsely, hôrse'-lé. *ad.* with a rough, harsh voice.

Hoarseness, hôrse'-nés. *s.* roughness of voice.

Hoary, hôr'-ré. *a.* white or gray with age, white with frost.

Hobble, hób'-bl. *v. n.* to walk lamely. [low.]

Hobby, hób'-bè. *s.* a little horse; a stupid fel-

Hobgoblin, hób-gób'-lîn. *s.* a sprite, a fairy.

Hobnail, hób'-nâle. *s.* a nail used in shoeing a horse. [fetlock; old Rhenish wine.]

Hock, hók. *s.* the joint between the knee and

Hock, hók. *v. a.* to disable in the hock.

Huckle, hók'-kl. *v. a.* to hamstring.

Hocus-pocus, hò'-kûs-pò kûs. *s.* a juggler.

Hod, hód. *s.* a kind of trough in which a labourer carries mortar to the masons.

Hodman, hód'-mân. *s.* a labourer that carries mortar.

Hodge-podge, hódje'-pódje. *s.* a medley.

Hodiernal, hód-é-ér'-nâ. *s.* of to-day.

Hoe, hò. *s.* an instrument to cut up weeds.

Hoe, hò. *v. a.* to cut with a hoe.

Hog, hóg. *s.* the general name of swine,

Hogherd, hóg'-hêrd. *s.* a keeper of hogs.

Hoggish, hóg'-gîsh. *a.* brutish, selfish. [dianness]

Hoggishness, hóg'-gîsh-nés. *s.* brutality, etc.

Hogshank, hógz'-héd. *s.* a measure of sixty three gallons.

Hogsty, hóg'-stl. *s.* the place in which swine are shut to be fed.

Hogwash, hóg'-wôsh. *s.* the draft which is given to swine.

Holden, hólé'-dn. *s.* an awkward country girl.

Hoist, hólst. *v. a.* to raise up on high.

Hold, hól. *v. a.* pret. *held*; part. pass. *held*
holden. to grasp in the hand; to keep,

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pline, plu;—

- tain; to possess, to enjoy; to suspend; to stop; to detain; to stand.
- Hold, hòld.** *v. n.* to offer; to continue unbroken; to endure; to refrain; to adhere.
- Hold, hòld.** *int.* forbear! stop! be still!
- Hold, hòld.** *s.* seizure; support; catch; influence; custody.
- Holder, hòl'-dâr.** *s.* one that holds any thing.
- Holdfast, hòl'-fâst.** *s.* a catch, a hook.
- Hole, hòle.** *s.* a perforation; a hollow place; a mean habitation, a subterfuge.
- Holly, hòl'-lè.** *ad.* piously, inviolably.
- Holiness, hòl'-lè-nès.** *s.* sanctity, piety; the title of the pope. [any one at a distance.]
- Holla, hòl'-lò.** *int.* a word used in calling to
- Holland, hòl'-lând.** *s.* fine linen. [faithful.]
- Hollow, hòl'-lò.** *a.* excavated, void within, not
- Hollow, hòl'-lò.** *s.* a cavity; den; pit; opening; passage. [cavate.]
- Hollow, hòl'-lò.** *v. a.* to make hollow, to ex-
- Hollowness, hòl'-lò-nès.** *s.* cavity; deceit, insincerity.
- Holocaust, hòl'-ò-kâwst.** *s.* a burnt sacrifice.
- Holster, hòl'-stâr.** *s.* a case for a pistol.
- Holy, hòl'-lè.** *a.* good, pious, religious; pure; sacred.
- Holy-day, hòl'-è-dâ.** *s.* anniversary feast; a day of gayety and joy.
- Homage, hòm'-âje.** *s.* service paid, and fealty professed to
house; place of
habitation; to
- Homeborn, hòme'-bòrn.** *a.* native; domestick.
- Homebred, hòme'-brèd.** *a.* plain, artless; domestick.
- Homeliness, hòme'-lè-nès.** *s.* plainness.
- Homely, hòme'-lè.** *a.* plain, homespun, coarse.
- Homemade, hòme'-inâde.** *a.* made at home.
- Homer, hò-mâr.** *s.* a measure of about three pints. [home.]
- Homespun, hòme'-spân.** *a.* spun or wrought at
- Homeward, hòme'-wârd.** *ad.* towards home, towards the native place.
- Homicide, hòm'-è-sîde.** *s.* murder, manslaughter; a murderer, a manslayer. [gregation.]
- Homily, hòm'-è-lè.** *s.* a discourse read on a con-
- Homogenous, hò-mò-jè'-nè-âl.** } *a.* having the
Homogeneous, hò-mò-jè'-nè-âs. } same na-
ture or principles.
- Homonymy, hò-môn'-è-mâ.** *a.* equivocal.
- Homonymous, hò-môn'-è-mè.** *s.* equivocation, ambiguity.
- Honè, hòne.** *s.* a whetstone for a razor.
- Honest, òn'-nèst.** *a.* upright, true, sincere
chaste. [with chastity.]
- Honestly, òn'-nèst-lè.** *ad.* uprightly, justly
- Honesty, òn'-nèst-è.** *s.* justice, truth, virtue.
- Honey, hòn'-nè.** *s.* a thick, viscous substance, which is collected and prepared by bees; a name of tenderness.
- Honey-comb, hòn'-nè-kòme.** *s.* the cells of wax in which the bee stores her honey.
- Honey-dew, hòn'-nè-dû.** *s.* sweet dew.
- Honey-moon, hòn'-nè-mòôn.** *s.* the first month after marriage.
- Honey-suckle, hòn'-nè-sûk-kl.** *s.* woodbine.
- Honeyless, hòn'-nè-lès.** *a.* without honey.
- Honorary, òn'-nâr-â-rè.** *a.* done in honour; conferring honour without gain.
- Honour, òn'-nâr.** *s.* dignity; reputation; reverence; chastity; glory; decoration.
- Honour, òn'-nâr.** *v. a.* to reverence; to dignify
- Honourable, òn'-nâr-â-bl.** *a.* illustrious, noble
generous; honest; equitable.
- Honourably, òn'-nâr-â-blè.** *ad.* magnanimously
generously; reputably.
- Hoop, hòp.** *s.* a covering for the head.
- Hoop-stick, hòp'-stîk.** *v. a.* to blind; to cover; to deceive.
- Hoof, hòf.** *s.* the horny substance which composes the feet of several sorts of animals.
- Hook, hòök.** *s.* any thing bent so as to catch hold; a sickle; any expedient.
- Hook, hòök.** *v. a.* to catch with a hook.
- Hooked, hòök'-èd.** *a.* bent, curved
- Hookedness, hòök'-èd-nès.** *s.* state of being bent like a hook. [thing circular.]
- Hoop, hòp.** *s.* a part of a lady's dress, any
- Hoop, hòp.** *v. a.* to bind or enclose with hoops
- Hooping-cough, hòp-plûg-kòf.** *s.* a convulsive cough.
- Hoot, hòôt.** *v. n.* to shout; to cry as an owl
- Hoot, hòôt.** *s.* clamour, shout
- Hop, hòp.** *v. n.* to jump; to leap on

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt (—tùbe, túb, búll; —díl; —pònd; —thin, THIS.

Hop, hòp. *v. a.* to impregnate with hops.
Hop, hòp. *s.* a jump on one leg; a plant.
Hope, hòpe. *s.* expectation of some good. [good.
Hope, hòpe. *v. n.* to live in expectation of some
Hope, hòpe. *v. a.* to expect with desire.
Hopeful, hòpe'-fúl. *a.* full of expectation.
Hopefully, hòpe'-fúl-è. *adv.* in such a manner as
 to raise hope. [good.
Hopefulness, hòpe'-fúl-nès. *s.* likelihood to suc-
Hopeless, hòpe'-lès. *a.* without hope.
Hopper, hòp'-púr. *s.* part of a corn-mill.
Hour, hò'-rá. *a.* relating to the hour.
Hourly, hò'-rá-rè. *a.* relating to an hour; con-
 tinuing for an hour.
Horde, hòr-de. *s.* a clan, a migratory crew.
Horizon; hò-rí'-zón. *s.* the line that terminates
 the view. [zon; on a level.
Horizontal, hòr-è-zón'-tál. *a.* near the hori-
Horizontally, hòr-è-zón'-tál-è. *adv.* in a direc-
 tion parallel to the horizon.
Horn, hòrn. *s.* the hard, pointed bodies which
 grow on the heads of some quadrupeds; an
 instrument of music; the feeler of a snail.
Hornbook, hòrn'-bòók. *s.* the first book for
 children.
Horned, hòr'-nèd. *a.* furnished with horns.
Hornet, hòr'-nèt. *s.* a large stinging fly.
Hornpipe, hòrn'-pípe. *s.* a dance.
Horny, hòr'-nè. *a.* made of horn.
Horologe, hòr'-ò-lòdje. *s.* an instrument that
 tells the hour, as a clock, &c. [uring hours.
Horometry, hò-róm'-è-trè. *s.* the art of meas-
Horoscope, hòr'-rò-skòpe. *s.* the configuration
 of the planets at the hour of birth.
Horrent, hòr'-rènt. *a.* horrible, dreadful.
Horrible, hòr'-rè-bl. *a.* dreadful, shocking,
 enormous. [hideousness.
Horribleness, hòr'-rè-bl-nès. *s.* dreadfulness,
Horribly, hòr'-rè-bl-è. *adv.* dreadfully, hideously.
Horrid, hòr'-rid. *a.* hideous, rough.
Horrick, hòr'-rìk. *a.* causing horreur.
Horror, hòr'-rúr. *s.* terror mixed with detes-
 tation; gloom.
Horse, hòse. *s.* a well known quadruped; cav-
 alry; something on which any thing is sup-
 ported; a machine.
Horse, hòse. *v. a.* to mount upon a horse; to
 carry one on the back.

Horseback, hòrs'-bák. *s.* the state of being on
 a horse.
Horsebean, hòrs'-bèné. *s.* a small bean. [Lorsèb.
Horsebreaker, hòrs'-brá-kúr. *s.* one who tames
Horseflesh, hòrs'-flesh. *s.* the flesh of horses
Horsefly, hòrs'-fl. *s.* a fly that stings horses
Horsehair, hòrs'-hàre. *s.* the hair of horses.
Horse laugh, hòrs'-láf. *s.* a loud, violent, rude
 laugh. [horses; a farrier.
Horseleech, hòrs'-lèetch. *s.* a leech that bites
Horseman, hòrs'-mán. *s.* one skilled in riding
Horsemanship, hòrs'-mán-ship. *s.* the art of
 riding.
Horsemeat, hòrs'-mèté. *s.* provender.
Horseplay, hòrs'-plá. *s.* coarse, rough play.
Horsepond, hòrs'-pònd. *s.* a pond for horses.
Horse race, hòrs'-ràse. *s.* a match of horses in
 running. [root.
Horse radish, hòrs'-ràd-ísh. *s.* an acrid and biting
Horseshoe, hòrs'-shòò. *s.* a plate of iron nailed
 to the feet of horses. [away horses.
Horsestealer, hòrs'-stè-lár. *s.* a thief who takes
Horseway, hòrs'-wá. *s.* a broad way by which
 horses may travel. [advice.
Hortation, hòr-tá'-shùn. *s.* the act of exhorting.
Hortatory, hòr-tá'-tár-è. *a.* encouraging, ani-
 mating. [cultivating gardens.
Horticulture, hòr-tè-kùl-tshùre. *s.* the art of
Hortulan, hòr-tshè-lán. *a.* belonging to a gar-
 den. [praise to God
Hosanna, hò-zán'-ná. *s.* an exclamation of
Hose, hòze. *s.* stockings, covering for the legs.
Hosier, hò'-zhúr. *s.* one who sells stockings.
Hospitable, hòs-pè-tá-bl. *a.* giving entertain-
 ment to strangers.
Hospital, hòs-pè-tál. *s.* a place built for the
 reception of the sick, or support of the poor.
Hospitality, hòs-pè-tál-è-té. *s.* the practice of
 entertaining strangers.
Host, hòst. *s.* one who gives entertainment to
 another; a landlord; an army.
Hostage, hòs-táje. *s.* one given in pledge for
 security of performance of conditions.
Hostess, hòst'-èg. *s.* a female host.
Hostile, hòs'-til. *a.* adverse, opposite. [in war
Hostility, hòs-til-è-té. *s.* open war, opposition.
Hostler, hòs'-lúr. *s.* one who has the care of
 horses at an inn.

Fåte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mè, mèt; —plne, pln; —

- Hot, hôt. *a.* having the power to excite heat, fiery; lustful; ardent, eager; acrid.
- Hotbed, hôt-béd. *s.* a bed of earth made hot by the fermentation of dung. {furious.
- Hotbrained, hôt-brând. *a.* violent, vehement.
- Hotheaded, hôt-héd-éd. *a.* vehement, passionate.
- Hothouse, hôt-hôûse. *s.* a bagnio; a house in which tender plants are raised, and fruits are matured early. {of pea.
- Hotspur, hôt-spûr. *s.* a violent man; a kind
- Hough, hók. *s.* the lower part of the thigh.
- Hough, hók. *v. a.* to hamstring.
- Hound, hôund. *s.* a dog used in the chase.
- Hour, ôur. *s.* the twenty-fourth part of a day, sixty minutes.
- Hourglass, ôûr-glâs. *s.* a glass filled with sand, which marks the time. [hour.
- Hourly, ôûr-lê. *a.* happening or done every
- Hourly, ôûr-lê. *ad.* every hour.
- House, hôuse. *s.* a place of human abode; the table; family of ancestors, race; a body of the parliament.
- House, hôuze. *v. a.* to harbour; to shelter, to keep under a roof.
- Housebreaker, hôûs-brâ-kûr. *s.* one who makes his way into houses to steal.
- Housebreaking, hôûs-brâ-king. *s.* burglary.
- Household, hôûs-hôûl. *s.* a family; domestic management.
- Housekeeper, hôûs-kêep-ûr. *s.* the master of a family; a female superintendent.
- Housekeeping, hôûs-kêep-îng. *s.* provisions for a family.
- Houseless, hôûz-lêss. *a.* without abode.
- Housemaid, hôûs-mâde. *s.* a maid employed to keep the house clean.
- House room, hôûs-rôóm. *s.* place in a house.
- Housewarming, hôûs-wûr-mîng. *s.* a feast or merrymaking upon going into a new house.
- Housewife, hûz-wîf. *s.* a female economist.
- Housewifery, hûz-wîf-rê. *s.* management, female economy.
- Hovel, hów-îl. *s.* a shed open on the sides, and covered above; a mean cottage.
- Hover, hâv-ûr. *v. n.* to hang fluttering over road, to wander about one place.
- How, hâu. *ad.* in what manner, to what degree; by what reason; by what means.
- Howbeit, hâu-bê-tî. *ad.* nevertheless, notwithstanding.
- However, hâu-êv-vûr. *ad.* in whatsoever manner; at all events; at least; nevertheless yet.
- Howl, hôûl. *v. n.* to cry as a wolf or dog.
- Howl, hôûl. *s.* the cry of a wolf or dog.
- Howsoever, hâu-sô-êv-vûr. *ad.* in what manner soever; although. [deck
- Hoy, hôe. *s.* a large boat, sometimes with
- Hubbub, hûb-bûb. *s.* a tumult, a riot.
- Huckaback, hûk-hû-bâk. *s.* a kind of linen which the figures are raised.
- Hucklebone, hûk-kl-ône. *s.* the hip bone.
- Huckster, hûks-tûr. *s.* one who sells goods by retail, or in small quantities. [gains.
- Huckster, hûks-tûr. *v. n.* to deal in petty bar
- Huddle, hûd-dl. *v. a.* to dress up close so as not to be discovered; to perform in a hurry to throw together in confusion.
- Huddle, hûd-dl. *s.* crowd, tumult, confusion.
- Hue, hû. *s.* colour, die; a clamour.
- Huff, hûf. *s.* swell of sudden anger.
- Huff, hûf. *v. a.* to swell; to hector, to treat with insolence.
- Huffish, hûf-fîsh. *a.* arrogant, hectoring.
- Huffishly, hûf-fîsh-lê. *ad.* with arrogant petulance. [bluster
- Huffishness, hûf-fîsh-nêss. *s.* petulance, noisy
- Hug, hûg. *v. a.* to press close in an embrace
- Hug, hûg. *s.* close embrace.
- Huge, hûje. *a.* vast, immense.
- Hugely, hûje-lê. *ad.* immensely, enormously.
- Hugeness, hûje-nêss. *s.* enormous bulk, great
- Hulk, hûlk. *s.* the body of a ship. [ness
- Hull, hûl. *s.* the husk or integument of any thing; the body of a ship. [sing low
- Hum, hûm. *v. a.* to make the noise of bees; to
- Hum, hûm. *s.* the noise of bees; any low, dull noise. [deliberation
- Hum, hûm. *interj.* a sound implying doubt and
- Human, hû-mân. *a.* having the qualities of a man.
- Humane, hû-mâne. *a.* kind, good-natured.
- Humanely, hû-mâne-lê. *ad.* kindly, with good nature.
- Humanity, hû-mân-ê-tê. *s.* the nature of man; tenderness; philology.

nh, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tōbe, tōb, bōll;—ōll;—pōdnd;—thin, THIA.

Humanize, hū'-mān-ize. *v. a.* to soften, to make susceptible of tenderness or benevolence.

Humankind, hū'-mān-kyūd'. *s.* the race of man.

Humanly, hū'-mān-lē. *ad.* after the notions of men.

Humble, ūm'-bl. *a.* modest; low.

Humble, ūm'-bl. *v. a.* to make submissive; to subdue; to bring down. [of pride]

Humbleness, ūm'-bl-nēs. *s.* humility, abscence

Humbles, ūm'-blz. *s.* entrails of a deer.

Humbly, ūm'-blē. *ad.* with humility.

Humdrum, hūm'-drūm. *a.* dull, dronish, stupid.

Humeral, hū'-nē-rāl. *a.* belonging to the shoulder.

Humid, hū'-mīd. *a.* wet, moist, watery.

Humidity, hū'-mīd'-ē-tē. *s.* moisture.

Humiliation, hū'-mīl-ē-ā'-shūn. *s.* descent from greatness, act of humility.

Humility, hū'-mīl'-ē-tē. *s.* freedom from pride; act of submission.

Humorist, yū'-mūr-ist. *s.* one who gratifies his own humour.

Humorous, yū'-mūr-ūs. *a.* full of grotesque images; capricious; jocular. [cosely]

Humorously, yū'-mūr-ūs-lē. *ad.* merrily, joy-

Humorousness, yū'-mūr-ūs-nēs. *s.* fickleness, capricious levity. [humorous]

Humorous, yū'-mūr-sūm. *a.* peevish; odd;

Humour, yū'-mūr. *s.* moisture; general turn of mind; present disposition; jocularity; petulance; caprice. [with]

Humour, yū'-mūr. *v. a.* to gratify; to comply

Hump, hūmp. *s.* a crooked back.

Humpback, hūmp'-bāk. *s.* crooked back, high shoulders.

Hundred, hūn'-drēd. *s.* ten multiplied by ten; a canton or division of a county. [hundred]

Hundredth, hūn'-drēdth. *a.* the ordinal of a

Hung, hūng. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of hang.

Hunger, hūng'-gūr. *s.* desire of food.

Hunger, hūng'-gūr. *v. n.* to feel the pain of hunger; to desire with great eagerness.

Hungered, hūng'-gūrd. *a.* pinched by want of food.

Hungrily, hūng'-grē-lē. *ad.* with keen appetite.

Hungry, hūng'-grē. *a.* feeling pain from want of food; greedy.

Hunks, hūngks. *s.* a covetous wretch, a miser.

Hunt, hūnt. *v. a.* to chase; to pursue; to search for. [suo or search]

Hunt, hūnt. *v. n.* to follow the chase; to pursue.

Hunt, hūnt. *s.* a pack of hounds; a chase; pursuit.

Hunter, hūn'-tūr. *s.* one who chases animals for pastime; a horse or dog for the chase.

Hurtress, hūr'-trēs. *s.* a woman that follows the chase. [office is to manage the chase]

Huntsman, hūntis'-mān. *s.* the servant whose

Hurdle, hūr'-dl. *s.* a texture of sticks woven together.

Hurl, hūr'l. *v. a.* to throw with violence.

Hurlbat, hūr'l'-bāt. *s.* whirlbat.

Hurler, hūr'-lēr. *s.* one that plays at hurling.

Hurlyburly, hūr'-lē-būr-lē. *s.* tumult, commotion,

Hurricane, hūr'-rē-kān. *s.* a violent storm.

Hurry, hūr'-rē. *v. a.* to hasten, to put into confusion. [itation]

Hurry, hūr'-rē. *v. n.* to move on with precip-

Hurry, hūr'-rē. *s.* tumult, precipitation, commotion. [injure; to wound, to pain]

Hurt, hūr't. *v. a.* pret. hurt; part. pass. hurt. to

Hurt, hūr't. *s.* harm, mischief; wound or bruise.

Hurtful, hūr't'-fūl. *s.* mischievous, pernicious.

Hurtfully, hūr't'-fūl-ē. *ad.* mischievously, perniciously. [perniciousness]

Hurtfulness, hūr't'-fūl-nēs. *s.* mischievousness,

Husband, hūz'-bānd. *s.* a man married to a woman. [gality]

Husband, hūz'-bānd. *v. a.* to manage with fru-

Husbandman, hūz'-bānd mān. *s.* one who works in tillage.

Husbandry, hūz'-bān-drē. *s.* tillage; thrift, care of domestic affairs.

Hush, hūsh. *interj.* silence! be still! no noise.

Hush, hūsh. *a.* still, silent, quiet.

Hush, hūsh. *v. a.* to still, to silence, to appease.

Hushmoney, hūsh'-mūn-ē. *s.* a bribe to hinder information.

Husk, hūsk. *s.* the outmost integument of some sorts of fruit.

Husky, hūs'-kē. *a.* abounding in husks.

Hussar, hūz'-zār'. *s.* a kind of soldier.

Hussy, hūz'-zē. *s.* a sorry woman.

Hustings, hūs'-thgz. *s.* a court held

Hustle, hūs'-sl. *v. a.* to shake together.

Huswife, hūz'-zif. *s.* an economist.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè. mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Huswife**, hûz'-zîf. *v. a.* to manage with economy and frugality. [bad.]
- Huswifery**, hûz'-zîf-rè. *s.* management good or evil.
- Hut**, hût. *s.* a poor cottage.
- Hutch**, hûch. *s.* a cornchest. [mation.]
- Huzza**, hûz'-zâ. *interj.* a shout, a cry of acclamation.
- Huzza**, hûz'-zâ'. *v. n.* to utter acclamation.
- Huzza**, hûz'-zâ'. *v. a.* to receive with acclamation. [cious stone.]
- Hyacinth**, hî'-â-sîn-th. *s.* a plant, a kind of pre-Hyacinthine.
- Hyacinthine**, hî'-â-sîn'-thîn. *a.* made of hyacinths.
- Hydra**, hî'-drâ. *s.* a monster with many heads.
- Hydraulic**, hî'-drâw'-lè-kâl. } *a.* relating to the
Hydraulic, hî'-drâw'-lîk. } conveyance of
water through pipes.
- Hydraulicks**, hî'-drâw'-lîks. *s.* the science of conveying water through pipes or conduits.
- Hydrocele**, hî'-drô-sèle. *s.* a watery rupture.
- Hydrocephalus**, hî'-drô-sèf-sâ-lûs. *s.* a dropsy in the head. [draws snaps of the sea.]
- Hydrographer**, hî'-drôg-grâ-fûr. *s.* one who hydrographs.
- Hydrography**, hî'-drôg-grâ-fè. *s.* description of the watery part of the terraqueous globe.
- Hydromancy**, hî'-drô-mân-sè. *s.* prediction by water.
- Hydrouel**, hî'-drô-mèl. *s.* honey and water.
- Hydrometer**, hî'-drôm'-mè-tûr. *s.* an instrument to measure the extent of water.
- Hydrophobia**, hî'-drô-fô-bè-â. *s.* dread of water.
- Hypodropical**, hî'-drôp'-pè-kâl. } *a.* dropsical.
Hypodropick, hî'-drôp'-pîk. }
- Hydrostatical**, hî'-drô-stâ't'-è-kâl. *a.* relating to hydrostatics. [weighing fluids.]
- Hydrostaticks**, hî'-drô-stâ't'-lîks. *s.* the science of Hyena, hî'-è-nâ. *s.* an animal like a wolf.
- Hymen**, hî'-mèn. *s.* the god of marriage, the virgin membrane.
- Hymeneal**, hî-mè-nè'-âl. } *s.* a marriage song.
Hymenean, hî-mè-nè'-ân. }
- Hymeneal**, hî-mè-nè'-âl. } *a.* pertaining to
Hymenean, hî-mè-nè'-ân. } marriage.
- Hymn**, hîm. *s.* a song of adoration to some superior being. [with hymns.]
- Hymn**, hîm. *v. a.* to praise in song, to worship.
- Hyperbole**, hî-pèr'-bô-lè. *s.* a figure in rhetoric by which any thing is increased or diminished beyond the exact truth.
- Hyperbolic**, hî-pèr'-bô'l'-lè-kâl. } *a.* exagger
Hyperbolick, hî-pèr'-bô'l'-lîk. } ating or ex-
tenuating beyond fact.
- Hyperborean**, hî-pèr'-bô-rè-ân. *a.* northern.
- Hypercritick**, hî-pèr'-krî't'-lîk. *s.* a critick exact or captious beyond reason.
- Hypercritical**, hî-pèr'-krî't'-è-kâl. *a.* critical beyond use. [vir-tue, ever-living.]
- Hyphen**, hî'-fèn. *s.* a note of conjunction: as
- Hypochondriack**, hîp-pô-kôn'-drè-âk. *s.* one affected with melancholy.
- Hypocrisy**, hè-pôk'-krè-sè. *s.* dissimulation.
- Hypocrite**, hîp'-pô-krî't. *s.* a dissembler in religion. [insincere.]
- Hypocritical**, hîp'-pô-krî't'-lîk-kâl. *a.* dissembling
- Hypocritically**, hîp'-pô-krî't'-lîk-kâl-è. *ad.* with out sincerity. [personality.]
- Hypostasis**, hî-pôs-tâ-sîs. *s.* distinct substance.
- Hypostatical**, hî-pô-stâ't'-è-kâl. *a.* constitutive, personal.
- Hypothesis**, hîp-pôth'-è-sîs. *s.* a supposition, a system formed under some principle not proved. [supposition, conditional.]
- Hypothetical**, hî-pô-thè't'-lè-kâl. *a.* including a
- Hypothetically**, hî-pô-thè't'-lè-kâl-è. *ad.* upon supposition, conditional.
- Hyssop**, hîz'-zûp. *s.* a plant.
- Hysterical**, hîs-tèr'-rè-kâl. } *a.* troubled with
Hysterick, hîs-tèr'-lîk. } fits.
- Hystericks**, hîs-tèr'-lîks. *s.* fits of women.

I.

- I**, *pron. personal*, oblique case *me*; plural *we* oblique case *us*. The pronoun of the first person myself.
- Iambick**, î-âm'-lîk. *s.* verses composed of short and long syllable alternately.
- Ice**, îsè. *s.* frozen water; concreted sugar.
- Ice**, îsè. *v. a.* to cover with or turn to ice; to cover with concreted sugar. [reposit.]
- Icehouse**, îsè'-hûsè. *s.* a house in which ice is
- Ichor**, î'-kôr. *s.* a thin, watery humour.
- Ichorous**, îk'-ô-rûs. *a.* thin, undigested.
- Ichthyology**, îk-thè-ôl'-ô-jè. *s.* the doctrine of the nature of fish.
- Iceicle**, î'-sîk-kî. *s.* a shoot of ice hanging downwards.
- Icon**, î'-kôn. *s.* a representation.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—win, t'his.

- Icteric**, ík-tér-é-kál. *a.* afflicted with the icteric, í-sé. *a.* full of ice, cold. [*jaundice.*]
- Idea**, í-dé-á. *s.* a mental image.
- Ideal**, í-dé-ál. *a.* mental, intellectual.
- Ideally**, í-dé-ál-é. *ad.* intellectually, mentally.
- Identical**, í-dén-té-kál. } *a.* the same.
- Identick**, í-dén-tík. }
- Identify**, í-dén-té-í. *v. a.* to make two things to be the same.
- Identity**, í-dén-té-té. *s.* sameness.
- Ides**, ídz. *s.* a term anciently used among the Romans with regard to time; and meaning the 16th day of March, May, July, and October, and the 15th of every other month.
- Idiocracy**, íd-é-ók-krá-sé. *s.* peculiarity of constitution.
- Idiocy**, íd-é-ó-sé. *s.* want of understanding.
- Idiom**, íd-é-óm. *s.* a mode of speaking peculiar to a language.
- Idiot**, íd-é-ót. *s.* a fool, a changeling.
- Idiotism**, íd-é-ót-izm. *s.* peculiarity of expression; natural imbecility of mind.
- Idle**, í-dl. *a.* lazy, averse from labour.
- Idle**, í-dl. *v. n.* to lose time in laziness and inactivity. [*able.*]
- Illeheaded**, í-dl-héd-déd. *a.* foolish, unreason-
- Illeness**, í-dl-nés. *s.* laziness, sluggishness.
- Iller**, í-dl-úr. *s.* a lazy person.
- Illy**, í-dl-é. *ad.* lazily, carelessly.
- Idol**, í-dól. *s.* an image worshipped as God; one loved to adoration. [*honour to images.*]
- Idolater**, í-dól-lá-tár. *s.* one who pays divine
- Idolatry**, í-dól-lá-trús. *a.* tending to idolatry.
- Idolatrous**, í-dól-lá-tré. *s.* the worship of images.
- Idolize**, í-dól-lize. *v. a.* to love or reverence to adoration. [*or no.*]
- if. conj.* suppose that, allow that; whether
- igneous**, íg-né-ús. *a.* fiery, containing fire.
- Ignis-fatuus**, íg-nís-fát-shú-ús. *s.* will-w-with-the-wisp, jack-with-the-lantern.
- Ignate**, íg-nhé. *v. a.* to kindle, to set on fire.
- Ignition**, íg-nísh-án. *s.* the act of setting on fire.
- Ignitable**, íg-ní-té-bl. *a.* inflammable.
- Ignoble**, íg-nó-bl. *a.* mean of birth; worthless.
- Ignobly**, íg-nó-blé. *ad.* ignominiously, meanly.
- Ignominious**, íg-nó-mín-yús. *a.* mean, reproachful. [*disgracefully.*]
- Ignominiously**, íg-nó-mín-yús-lé. *ad.* meanly,
- Ignominy**, íg-nó-mín-é. *s.* disgrace, shame.
- Ignoramus**, íg-nó-rá-mús. *s.* foolish fellow.
- Ignorance**, íg-nó-ránsé. *s.* want of knowledge unskillfulness. [*unlearned*]
- Ignorant**, íg-nó-ránt. *a.* wanting knowledge.
- Ignorantly**, íg-nó-ránt-lé. *ad.* without knowledge, unskillfully.
- Iliac**, íl-é-ák. *a.* relating to the lower bowels
- Ill**, íl. *a.* bad in any respect, evil; sick.
- Ill**, íl. *s.* wickedness; misfortune, misery.
- Ill**, íl. *ad.* not well, not rightly; not easily.
- Illapse**, íl-láps. *s.* sudden attack, casual coming.
- Illation**, íl-lá-shún. *s.* inference, conclusion drawn from premises.
- Illaudable**, íl-láw-dá-bl. *a.* unworthy of praise or commendation.
- Illaudably**, íl-láw-dá-blé. *ad.* unworthily.
- Illegal**, íl-lé-gál. *a.* contrary to law.
- Illegality**, íl-lé-gál-té. *s.* contrariety to law.
- Illegally**, íl-lé-gál-té. *ad.* in a manner contrary to law.
- Illegible**, íl-léd-jé-bl. *a.* what cannot be read.
- Illegitimacy**, íl-lé-jít-té-iná-sé. *s.* state of bastardy. [*in wedlock.*]
- Illegitimate**, íl-lé-jít-té-má-sé. *a.* not begotten
- Illeviable**, íl-lév-vé-á-bl. *a.* what cannot be levied or exacted.
- Ilfavoured**, íl-lá-várd. *a.* deformed. [*rous.*]
- Il liberal**, íl-líb-lér-ál. *a.* not noble, not generous.
- Il liberality**, íl-líb-lér-rál-té. *s.* parsimony, niggardliness. [*meanly.*]
- Il liberally**, íl-líb-lér-rál-é. *ad.* disingenuously,
- Illicit**, íl-lís-ít. *a.* unlawful. [*not be bounded*]
- Illicitable**, íl-lím-mé-tá-bl. *a.* that which cannot be learned.
- Il literacy**, íl-lít-tér-á-sé. *s.* want of learning
- Il literate**, íl-lít-tér-á-té. *a.* unlettered, unlearned
- Il literateness**, íl-lít-tér-á-té-nés. *s.* want of learning.
- Illness**, íl-nés. *s.* sickness, malady.
- Il nature**, íl-ná-tshúrd. *s.* habitual malevolence.
- Il natured**, íl-ná-tshúrd. *a.* habitually malevolent; mischievous. [*of reason.*]
- Il logical**, íl-lód-jé-kál. *a.* contrary to the rules
- Il lude**, íl-léde. *v. a.* to deceive, to mock.
- Il lumine**, íl-lúm-é. } *v. o.* to enlighten, to sup-
- Il lumine**, íl-lúm-é. } ply with light; to dece-
- rate, to adorn.*
- Il luminate**, íl-lúm-é-té. *v. a.* to enlighten, to

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plao, plin; —

- supply with light; to adorn with festal lamps or bonfires; to adorn with pictures or initial letters of various colours; to illustrate.
- Illumination**, ð-lù-mê-nâ-shûn. *s.* that which gives light; festal light hung out as a token of joy; brightness, splendour; infusion of intellectual light.
- Illuminative**, ð-lù-mê-nâ-tiv. *a.* having the power to give light. [error.]
- Illusion**, ð-lù-zhûn. *s.* mockery, false show.
- Illusive**, ð-lù-siv. *a.* deceiving by false show.
- Illusory**, ð-lù-sûr-ê. *a.* deceiving, fraudulent.
- Illustrate**, ð-lùs-trâ-tê. *v. a.* to brighten with light; to elucidate. [citation.]
- Illustration**, ð-lùs-trâ-shûn. *s.* explanation; elucidation.
- Illustrative**, ð-lùs-trâ-tiv. *a.* having the quality of clearing.
- Illustrious**, ð-lùs-trê-ûs. *a.* conspicuous, noble.
- Illustriously**, ð-lùs-trê-ûs-tê. *ad.* conspicuously, nobly. [grandeur.]
- Illustriousness**, ð-lùs-trê-ûs-nês. *s.* eminence.
- Image**, ð-mâj-ê. *s.* a statue; an idol; an idea.
- Image**, ð-mâj-ê. *v. a.* to copy by the fancy, to imagine.
- Imagery**, ð-mâj-jêr-rê. *s.* sensible representation; false ideas. [conceived.]
- Imaginable**, ê-mâd-jin-â-bl. *a.* possible to be imagined.
- Imaginary**, ê-mâd-jin-â-ê. *a.* fancied, visionary. [contrivance.]
- Imagination**, ê-mâd-jin-â-shûn. *s.* fancy; idea.
- Imaginative**, ê-mâd-jin-â-tiv. *a.* fantastick, full of imagination. [the mind.]
- Imagine**, ê-mâd-jin. *v. v.* to fancy, to paint in
- Imbecile**, ð-mê-s-jin. *a.* feeble in mind or body.
- Imbecility**, ð-mê-s-jin-ê-tê. *s.* feebleness of mind or body.
- Imbibe**, ð-mibe. *v. a.* to drink in, to soak.
- Imbitter**, ð-mit-tê. *v. a.* to make bitter; to exasperate.
- Imbody**, ð-môd-dê. *v. a.* to condense to a body.
- Imbody**, ð-môd-dê. *v. n.* to unite into one mass, to coalesce.
- Imbolden**, ð-môl-dn. *v. a.* to encourage.
- Imbosom**, ð-môl-zâm. *v. a.* to hold on the bosom; to admit to the heart.
- Imbow**, ð-môl. *v. a.* to arch, to vault.
- Imbower**, ð-môl-ûr. *v. a.* to cover with bowers, to shelter with trees.
- Imbricated**, ð-m-brê-kâ-têd. *a.* indented with concavities. [ture.]
- Imbrication**, ð-m-brê-kâ-shûn. *s.* concave indent.
- Imbrown**, ð-m-brôu. *v. a.* to make brown.
- Imbrute**, ð-m-brôd. *v. a.* to steep, to soak.
- Imbrute**, ð-m-brôd. *v. a.* to degrade to brutishness.
- Imbue**, ð-m-bû. *v. a.* to tincture deep.
- Imburse**, ð-m-bûrsê. *v. a.* to stock with money.
- Imitability**, ð-m-ê-tâ-ûl-ê-tê. *s.* the quality of being imitable. [possible to be imitated.]
- Imitable**, ð-m-ê-tâ-bl. *a.* worthy to be imitated.
- Imitate**, ð-m-ê-tâ-tiv. *v. a.* to copy, to endeavour to resemble; to counterfeit.
- Imitation**, ð-m-ê-tâ-shûn. *s.* the act of copying, attempt to resemble.
- Imitative**, ð-m-ê-tâ-tiv. *a.* inclined to copy.
- Imitator**, ð-m-ê-tâ-tur. *s.* one who endeavours to resemble another.
- Immaculate**, ð-m-mâk-kû-lâ-tê. *a.* spotless, pure.
- Immanacle**, ð-m-mân-ûâ-kl. *v. a.* to fetter.
- Immanent**, ð-m-mâ-nênt. *a.* intrinsic, inherent.
- Immanifest**, ð-m-mân-nê-fêst. *a.* not plain.
- Immanify**, ð-m-mân-nê-tê. *s.* barbarity.
- Immarcescible**, ð-m-mâr-sê-s-ê-bl. *a.* unfading.
- Immarial**, ð-m-mâr-shâl. *a.* not warlike.
- Immaterial**, ð-m-mâ-tê-rê-âl. *a.* incorporeal; unimportant.
- Immateriality**, ð-m-mâ-tê-rê-âl-ê-tê. *s.* distinctness from body or matter.
- Immature**, ð-m-mâ-tê-rê. *a.* not ripe.
- Immaturely**, ð-m-mâ-tê-rê-ê. *ad.* too soon.
- Immatureness**, ð-m-mâ-tê-rê-nês. *s.* unripeness.
- Immaturity**, ð-m-mâ-tê-rê-tê. *s.* unripeness, incompleteness. [measured.]
- Immeasurable**, ð-m-mêzh-û-râ-bl. *a.* not to be measured.
- Immeasurably**, ð-m-mêzh-û-râ-bl-ê. *ad.* beyond all measure. [with regard to time.]
- Immediate**, ð-m-mê-dê-ât. *a.* instant, present.
- Immediately**, ð-m-mê-dê-ât-tê. *ad.* instantly, at the time present.
- Immedicable**, ð-m-mêd-dê-kâ-bl. *a.* incurable.
- Immemorial**, ð-m-mê-mô-rê-âl. *a.* past time of memory.
- Immense**, ð-m-mênsê. *a.* unlimited, unbounded.
- Immensely**, ð-m-mênsê-tê. *ad.* infinitely, without measure.
- Immensity**, ð-m-mên-sê-tê. *s.* unbounded greatness, infinity.

no. udve, mē, nōt;—tūbe, tūb, bōll;—ōll;—pōlad;—thia, vna.

Immeasurable, *im-mēa'-shū-rā-bl.* *a.* not to be measured.

Immerse, *im-mērjō'.* *v. a.* to put under water.

Immerse, *im-mērso'.* *v. a.* to put under water.

Immersion, *im-mēr'-shūn.* *s.* the state of sinking below the surface of a fluid.

Immethological, *im-mē-thōd'-ē-kāl.* *a.* confused, without regularity. [out method.]

Immethodically, *im-mē-thōd'-ē-kāl-lē.* *ad.* without method.

Imminence, *im-mē-nēnsē.* *s.* immediate or near danger. [ening.]

Imminent, *im-mē-nēt.* *a.* impending, threatening.

Imminution, *im-mē-nū-shūn.* *s.* diminution, decrease.

Immission, *im-mīsh'-ūn.* *s.* the act of sending in.

Immix, *im-mīks'.* *v. a.* to mingle. [mingled.]

Immixable, *im-mīks'-ā-bl.* *a.* impossible to be mixed.

Immobility, *im-mō-bl'-ē-tē.* *s.* unmoveableness, want of motion. [due mean.]

Immoderate, *im-mōd'-dēr-āt.* *a.* exceeding the measure.

Immoderately, *im-mōd'-dēr-āt-lē.* *ad.* in an excessive degree. [unreasonable.]

Immodest, *im-mōd'-dēs-t.* *a.* unchaste; obscene.

Immodesty, *im-mōd'-dēs-tē.* *s.* want of modesty.

Immolate, *im-mō-lā-tē.* *v. a.* to sacrifice, to kill in sacrifice. [slicing.]

Immolation, *im-mō-lā'-shūn.* *s.* the act of sacrificing.

Immortal, *im-mōr'-mēt.* *a.* trifling.

Immortal, *im-mōr'-rāl.* *a.* contrary to honesty, dishonest. [of virtue.]

Immortality, *im-mō-rāl'-ē-tē.* *s.* dishonesty, want of honesty.

Immortal, *im-mōr'-tāl.* *a.* exempt from death, never to die. [death.]

Immortality, *im-mōr'-tāl'-ē-tē.* *s.* exemption from death.

Immortalize, *im-mōr'-tāl-īzē.* *v. a.* to make immortal, to exempt from death.

Immortally, *im-mōr'-tāl-lē.* *ad.* with exemption from death. [from its place.]

Immoveable, *im-mōv'-ā-bl.* *a.* not to be forced to move.

Immoveably, *im-mōv'-ā-blē.* *ad.* in a state not to be shaken. [tion.]

Immunity, *im-mū-nē-tē.* *s.* privilege, exemption.

Immure, *im-mū-rē.* *v. a.* to enclose within walls, to confine.

Immusical, *im-mū-zē-kāl.* *a.* inharmonious.

Immutability, *im-mū-tā-bl'-ē-tē.* *s.* exemption from change, invariableness. [variable.]

Immutable, *im-mū-tā-bl.* *a.* unchangeable, in-

Immutably, *im-mū-tā-blē.* *ad.* unchangeably, un-

Imp, *imp.* *s.* a son; a puny devil. [changeable.]

Imp, *imp.* *v. a.* to enlarge with any thing as-
sistances; to assist.

Impact, *im-pākt'.* *v. a.* to drive close or hard.

Impair, *im-pā-rē'.* *v. a.* to diminish, to injure.

Impairment, *im-pā-rē-mēt.* *s.* diminution, in-
jury.

Impalpable, *im-pāl'-pā-bl.* *a.* not to be perceived
by a touch.

Imparadise, *im-pār'-ā-dīzē.* *v. a.* to put into a
state resembling paradise. [tice.]

Imparity, *im-pār'-ē-tē.* *s.* inequality, disproportion.

Impart, *im-pār't'.* *v. a.* to grant; to communicate.

Impartial, *im-pār'-shāl.* *a.* equitable.

Impartiality, *im-pār-shē-āl'-ē-tē.* *s.* equitable-
ness, justice.

Impartially, *im-pār'-shāl-lē.* *ad.* equitably; with-
out regard to party or interest.

Impartible, *im-pār'-ē-bl.* *a.* communicable.

Impassable, *im-pās'-sā-bl.* *a.* not to be passed.

Impassioned, *im-pāsh'-shūnd.* *a.* seized with pas-
sion.

Impatience, *im-pā'-shēnsē.* *s.* rage under suffer-
ing; vehemence of temper.

Impatient, *im-pā'-shēt.* *a.* not able to endure;
furious with pain; ardently desirous.

Impatiently, *im-pā'-shēt-lē.* *ad.* passionately;
eagerly.

Impeach, *im-pēčtsh'.* *v. a.* to accuse by publick
authority. [chargeable.]

Impeachable, *im-pēčtsh'-ā-bl.* *a.* accusable.

Impeachment, *im-pēčtsh'-mēt.* *s.* hindrance,
publick accusation.

Impearl, *im-pēr'l'.* *v. a.* to form in resemblance
of pearls; to decorate with pearls.

Impeccability, *im-pēk-kā-bl'-ē-tē.* *s.* exemptness
from sin. [sibility of sin.]

Impeccable, *im-pēk-kā-bl.* *a.* exempt from pos-
sibility of sin.

Impede, *im-pēdē'.* *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct.

Impediment, *im-pēd'-ē-nēt.* *s.* hindrance, ob-
struction. [to press on.]

Impel, *im-pēl'.* *v. a.* to drive on, to urge forward.

Impellent, *im-pēl'-lēt.* *s.* an impulsive power.

Impend, *im-pēnd'.* *v. n.* to hang over, to press
nearly.

Impendent, *im-pēn'-dēt.* *a.* hanging over.

Impenetrability, *im-pēn-ē-trā-bl'-ē-tē.* *s.* quality
of not being penetrated.

Impenetrable, *im-pēn-ē-trā-bl.* *a.* not to be pene-
trated.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pline, pln; —

- of not being pierceable; insusceptibility of intellectual impression. [pierced.]
- Impenetrable**, *im-pên'-ê-trâ-bl.* *a.* not to be
- Impenitence**, *im-pên'-ê-tênse.* *s.* obduracy, want of remorse for crimes.
- Impenitent**, *im-pên'-ê-tênt.* *a.* obdurate.
- Impenitently**, *im-pên'-ê-tênt-lê.* *ad.* without repentance. [ness.]
- Imperate**, *im-pê-râte.* *a.* done with conscious
- Imperative**, *im-pêr'-râ-tiv.* *a.* commanding, expressive of command.
- Imperceptible**, *im-pêr-sêp' tê-bl.* *a.* not to be discovered, not to be perceived.
- Imperceptibleness**, *im-pêr-sêp'-tê-bl-nês.* *s.* the quality of eluding observation.
- Imperceptibly**, *im-pêr-sêp'-tê-blê.* *ad.* in a manner not to be perceived.
- Imperfect**, *im-pêr'-fêkt.* *a.* not complete, defective. [ure, fault.]
- Imperfection**, *im-pêr-fêkt'-shûn.* *s.* defect, fault
- Imperfectly**, *im-pêr'-fêkt-lê.* *ad.* not completely, not fully. [emperor or monarch.]
- Imperial**, *im-pêr'-rê-âl.* *a.* royal; belonging to an
- Imperialist**, *im-pêr'-rê-âl-ist.* *s.* one that belongs to an emperor. [haughty.]
- Imperious**, *im-pêr'-rê-ûs.* *a.* commanding
- Imperiously**, *im-pêr'-rê-ûs-lê.* *ad.* with insolence of authority. [arrogance of command.]
- Imperiousness**, *im-pêr'-rê-ûs-nês.* *s.* authority
- Imperishable**, *im-pêr'-rîsh-â-bl.* *a.* not to be destroyed. [ording to the persons.]
- Impersonal**, *im-pêr'-sôn-âl.* *a.* not varied as
- Impersuadable**, *im-pêr-swâ'-zê-bl.* *a.* not to be moved by persuasion.
- Impertinence**, *im-pêr'-tê-nênse.* *s.* folly; troublesome, intrusion; trifle.
- Impertinent**, *im-pêr'-tê-nênt.* *a.* intrusive, meddling, foolish. [der, an intruder.]
- Impertinent**, *im-pêr'-tê-nênt.* *s.* a trifler, a meddling
- Impertinently**, *im-pêr'-tê-nênt-lê.* *ad.* officiously, intrusively. [penetrable.]
- Impervious**, *im-pêr'-vê-ûs.* *a.* unpassable, im-
- Imperviousness**, *im-pêr'-vê-ûs-nês.* *s.* the state of not admitting any passage.
- Impetuosity**, *im-pêtsh'-û-ûs'-ê-tê.* *s.* violence, fury, vehemence.
- Impetuous**, *im-pêtsh'-û-ûs.* *a.* violent; vehement, passionate.
- Impetuously**, *im-pêtsh'-û-ûs-lê.* *ad.* violently, vehemently. [fury.]
- Impetuosity**, *im-pêtsh'-û-ûs-nês.* *s.* violence
- Impetus**, *im-pê-tûs.* *s.* violent effort.
- Impiety**, *im-pî'-ê-tê.* *s.* irreverence to the Supreme Being; an act of wickedness.
- Impinge**, *im-plîncj.* *v. a.* to fall against, to strike against.
- Impious**, *im-pê-ûs.* *a.* irreligious, profane
- Impiously**, *im-pê-ûs-lê.* *ad.* profanely, wickedly
- Implacability**, *im-plâ-kâ-bîl'-ê-tê.* *s.* inexorable-ness, determined malice.
- Implacable**, *im-plâ-kâ-bl.* *a.* not to be pacified, inexorable.
- Implacably**, *im-plâ-kâ-blê.* *ad.* with malice not to be pacified, inexorably.
- Implant**, *im-plânt'.* *v. a.* to infix, to insert, to engraft. [setting or planting.]
- Implantation**, *im-plân-tê-shûn.* *s.* the act of
- Impious**, *im-plâw'-zê-bl.* *a.* not specious.
- Implément**, *im-plê-mênt.* *s.* tool, instrument of manufacture. [the state of being full.]
- Implosion**, *im-plê-shûn.* *s.* the act of filling,
- Implex**, *im-plêks.* *a.* intricate.
- Implicate**, *im-plê-kâte.* *v. a.* to entangle, to embarrass. [tanglement.]
- Implication**, *im-plê-kâ-shûn.* *s.* involution, en-
- Implicit**, *im-plîs'-it.* *a.* infolded; inferred, tacitly comprised; entirely obedient.
- Implicitly**, *im-plîs'-it-lê.* *ad.* by inference. [beg
- Implore**, *im-plôre'.* *v. a.* to solicit; to ask, to
- Imply**, *im-plî'.* *v. a.* to comprise. [with poison.]
- Impoison**, *im-pôzê'-zn.* *v. a.* to corrupt or kill
- Impolite**, *im-pô-lîte'.* *a.* unpolished, rude.
- Impoliteness**, *im-pô-lîte-nês.* *s.* want of politeness. [creeper.]
- Impolitic**, *im-pô-lî-tîk.* *a.* imprudent, indis-
- Imponderous**, *im-pôn-dêr-ûs.* *s.* void of perceptible weight. [closeness.]
- Imporosity**, *im-pô-rôs-sê-tê.* *s.* compactness.
- Imporous**, *im-pô-rûs.* *a.* free from pores or vacancies. [try from abroad; to infer.]
- Import**, *im-pôrt'.* *v. a.* to carry into any coun-
- Import**, *im-pôrt'.* *s.* importance; any thing imported.
- Importance**, *im-pôr-tânse.* *s.* matter; consequence, moment.
- Important**, *im-pôr-tânt.* *a.* momentous, weighty

nò, mòve; nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, báll;—òl;—pònd;—thin, THIS.

Importation, *im-pòr-tá-shún. s.* the act or practice of importing. [from abroad.]

Importer, *im-pòr-tár. s.* one that brings in

Importunacy, *im-pòr-tú-ná-sè. s.* the act of importuning. [solicitations.]

Importunate, *im-pòr-tshú-máte. a.* incessant in importunately, *im-pòr-tshú-nát-lé. ad.* with incessant solicitation. [harass.]

Importune, *im-pòr-túne. v. a.* to tease, to

Importunely, *im-pòr-túne-lé. ad.* troublesomely, incessantly. [licitation.]

Importunity, *im-pòr-tú-nè-tè. s.* incessant solicitation. [gatory on á body.]

Imposeable, *im-pò-zá-bl. a.* to be laid as obli-

Imposition, *im-pò-zásh-án. s.* injunction of any thing as a law or duty; cheat, imposture.

Impossible, *im-pòs-sé-bl. a.* impracticable.

Impossibility, *im-pòs-sé-bl-é-tè. s.* impracticability.

Impost, *im-pòst. s.* a tax, a toll. [biuity.]

Imposthume, *im-pòs-tshú-máte. v. n.* to form an abscess.

Imposthume, *im-pòs-tshúme. s.* a collection of purulent matter in a bag or cyst.

Impostor, *im-pòs-tár. s.* one who cheats.

Imposture, *im-pòs-tshúre. s.* cheat.

Impotence, *im-pò-ténse. } s.* want of power,

Impotency, *im-pò-tén-sè. } inability.*

Impotent, *im-pò-tént. a.* weak, feeble.

Impotently, *im-pò-tént-lé. ad.* without power.

Impound, *im-pònd'. v. a.* to enclose as in a pound, to shut in.

Impracticability, *im-prák-tè-ká-bl-é-tè. s.* impossibility.

Impracticable; *im-prák-tè-ká-bl. a.* impossible.

Impracticableness, *im-prák-tè-ká-bl-nès. s.* impossibility.

Imprecate, *im-prè-káte. v. a.* to call for evil.

Imprecation, *im-prè-ká-shún. s.* curse, prayer by which any evil is wished.

Imprecatory, *im-prè-ká-tár-é. a.* containing wishes of evil.

Impregn, *im-prènc'. v. a.* to fill with young.

Impregnable, *im-prèg-ná-bl. a.* not to be stormed; unmoved. [liffic; to fill.]

Impregnate, *im-prèg-náte. v. a.* to make pro-

Impregnation, *im-prèg-ná-shún. s.* the act of making prolific; fecundation.

Imprejudicate, *im-prè-jòò-dè-káte. a.* impartial.

Impreparation, *im-prèp-à-rá-shún. s.* want of preparation. [to force into service.]

Impress, *im-près'. v. a.* to print by pressure;

Impress, *im-près. s.* stamp; act of forcing into service.

Impression, *im-prèsh-án. s.* mark made by pressure, image fixed in the mind; influence;

edition. [presscl.]

Impressible, *im-près-sé-bl. a.* what may be im-

Impressure, *im-prèsh-úre. s.* the mark made by pressure, the diut.

Imprint, *im-print'. v. a.* to mark upon any substance by pressure; to fix on the mind.

Imprison, *im-príz-zú. v. a.* to shut up, to confine

Imprisonment, *im-príz-zú-mènt. s.* confinement

Improbability, *im-pròb-á-bil-é-tè. s.* unlikelyhood.

Improbable, *im-pròb-á-bl. a.* unlikely. [hood]

Improbably, *im-pròb-á-blé. ad.* without likelihood

Improriate, *im-prò-báte. v. a.* not to approve.

Improbation, *im-prò-bá-shún. s.* act of disallowing.

Improbability, *im-pròb-é-tè. s.* want of honesty.

Improffigate, *im-prò-lif-fè-káte. v. a.* to impregnate. [vaneous composition]

Impromptu, *im-pròm-tú. s.* a short extempore

Improper, *im-pròp-ár. a.* unfit.

Improperly, *im-pròp-ár-lé. ad.* unfitly.

Impropritate, *im-prò-pré-áte. v. a.* to convert to private use.

Impropriation, *im-prò-prè-á-shún. s.* church lands in the occupation of a layman.

Impropriator, *im-prò-prè-á-tár. s.* a layman that has the possession of the lands of the church.

Impropriety, *im-prò-pré-é-tè. s.* unfitness

Improsperous, *im-pròs-pár-ús. a.* unhappy.

Improsperously, *im-pròs-pár-ús-lé. ad.* unhappily, unsuccessfully, with ill-fortune.

Improvable, *im-pròv-vá-bl. a.* capable of being advanced. [better.]

Improve, *im-pròdv'. v. a.* to raise from good to

Improve, *im-pròdv. v. n.* to advance in goodness. [act of improving.]

Improvement, *im-pròdv-mènt. s.* melioration;

Improvvidence, *im-pròv-é-tènsè. s.* want of forethought.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plue, pln; —

- Improvident, *in-prôv'ê-dênt. a.* wanting fore-
cast.
- Improvably, *in-prôv'ê-dênt-lê. ad.* without
forethought.
- Imprudence, *in-prôd'ênse. s.* indiscretion.
- Imprudent, *in-prôd'ênnt. a.* injudicious, indis-
creet. [immodesty.]
- Impudence, *im-pû-dênse. s.* shamelessness.
- Impudent, *im-pû-dênt. a.* shameless.
- Impudently, *im-pû-dênt-lê. ad.* shamelessly.
- Impugn, *in-pûn'. v. a.* to attack; to assault.
- Impugner, *in-pû-nûr. s.* one that attacks or
invades. [weakness.]
- Impuissance, *im-pû-issânse. s.* impotence.
- Impulse, *in-pûlse. s.* communicated force;
influence upon the mind.
- Impulsive, *in-pûl'siv. a.* having the power of
impulse.
- Impunity, *im-pû-nê-tê. s.* freedom from pun-
ishment.
- Impure, *im-pûre. a.* unholy; seculent, grossy.
- Impurely, *im-pûre-lê. ad.* with impurity.
- Impurity, *im-pû-rê-tê. s.* want of holiness; act
of unchastity; seculent admixture.
- Impurple, *im-pûr-pl. v. a.* to make red.
- Imputable, *im-pû-tâ-bl. a.* chargeable upon
any one, accusable. [imputation.]
- Imputation, *im-pû-tâ-shûn. s.* censure; reflex-
ive imputation.
- Imputative, *im-pû-tâ-tiv. a.* capable of being
imputed.
- Impute, *im-pûte. v. a.* to attribute. [imputed.]
- n. *in prep.* noting place, state, time, power, or
proportion.
- n, *in. ad.* within some place; engaged to any
affair, placed in some state.
- Inability, *in-â-bil'ê-tê. s.* impotence.
- Inaccessible, *in-âk-sês-sê-bl. a.* not to be ap-
proached.
- Inaccuracy, *in-âk-kû-râ-sê. s.* want of exact-
ness. [accurate.]
- Inaccurate, *in-âk-kû-râ-tê. a.* not exact, not
action, *in-âk-shûn. s.* idleness.
- Inactive, *in-âk-tiv. a.* indolent.
- Inactively, *in-âk-tiv-lê. ad.* idly, sluggishly.
- Inactivity, *in-âk-tiv'ê-tê. s.* idleness.
- Inadequacy, *in-âd'ê-kwâ-sê. s.* the state of be-
ing unequal to some purpose.
- Inadequate, *in-âd'ê-kwâ-tê. a.* not equal to the
purpose, defective.
- Inadequately, *in-âd'ê-kwâ-tê. ad.* defectively;
- Inadvertence, *in-âd-vêr-tênse. s.* careless
- Inadvertency, *in-âd-vêr-tên-sê. s.* neg-
ligence. } ness. neg-
ligence.
- Inadvertent, *in-âd-vêr-tênt. a.* careless.
- Inadvertently, *in-âd-vêr-tênt-lê. ad.* carelessly
negligently. [alienated.]
- Inalienable, *in-â-lê-yên-â-bl. a.* that cannot be
alienated.
- Inalimentary, *in-â-l'ê-yên-tâ-l. a.* affording no
nourishment. [out animation.]
- Inanimate, *in-ân'ê-mâ-tê. a.* void of life, with-
out animation.
- Inanity, *in-ân'ê-tê. s.* emptiness. [title.]
- Inappetency, *in-âp-pê-tên-sê. s.* want of appe-
tite.
- Inapplicable, *in-âp-plê-kâ-bl. a.* not to be put
to a peculiar use. [negligence.]
- Inapplication, *in-âp-plê-kâ-shûn. s.* indolence.
- Inaptitude, *in-âp-tê-tû-tê. s.* unfitness.
- Inarticulate, *in-âr-tik'û-lâ-tê. a.* not uttered
with distinctness. [unclearly.]
- Inarticulately, *in-âr-tik'û-lâ-tê-lê. ad.* not dis-
tinctly.
- Inartificial, *in-âr-tê-fish'â-l. a.* contrary to art.
- Inartificially, *in-âr-tê-fish'â-l-lê. ad.* without art.
- Inattention, *in-ât-tên-shûn. s.* disregard, negli-
gence, neglect.
- Inattentive, *in-ât-tên-tiv. a.* careless, negligent.
- Inaudible, *in-âw-dê-bl. a.* not to be heard.
- Inaugurate, *in-âw-gû-râ-tê. v. a.* to consecrate,
to invest. [by solemn rites.]
- Inauguration, *in-âw-gû-râ-shûn. s.* investiture.
- Inauspicious, *in-âw-spish'ûs. a.* unlucky.
- Inborn, *in-bôrn. a.* implanted by nature.
- Inbred, *in-brêd. a.* produced within. [cultured.]
- Incalculable, *in-kâ-l'ê-kû-lâ-bl. a.* not to be cal-
culated.
- Incalescence, *in-kâ-lê-sânse. s.* the state
of growing warm, warmth. } of growin-
warm, warmth.
- Incantation, *in-kân-tâ-shûn. s.* enchantment.
- Incantatory, *in-kân-tâ-tûr-ê. a.* dealing by en-
chantment.
- Incantor, *in-kân-tûn. v. a.* to unite to a canto
- Incapability, *in-kâ-pâ-bil'ê-tê. s.* inability nat-
ural, disqualification legal.
- Incapable, *in-kâ-pâ-bl. a.* unable; disqualified.
- Incapacious, *in-kâ-pâ-shûs. a.* narrow.
- Incapacitate, *in-kâ-pâ-sê-tâ-tê. v. a.* to disab-
le to weaken.
- Incapacity, *in-kâ-pâ-sê-tê. s.* inability.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùe. tàb, bàll; —òn; —pònd; —chin, TRIS.

incarcerate, in-kár'-sè-ráte. *v. a.* to imprison.
 Incarceration, in-kár'-sè-rá-shàn. *s.* imprisonment, confinement.
 Incarn, in-kár'n'. *v. a.* to cover with flesh.
 Incarn, in-kár'n'. *v. n.* to breed flesh.
 Incarnate, in-kár'-nàte. *part. a.* clothed with flesh, embodied with flesh. [suming body.
 Incarnation, in-kár'-nà-shùà. *s.* the act of assuming body.
 Incase, in-kà'se'. *v. a.* to cover.
 Incautious, in-káu'-shòs. *a.* unwary, negligent.
 Incautiously, in-káu'-shòs-lé. *ad.* unwarily, heedlessly.
 Incendious, in-sèn'-dè-òs. *a.* rebellious, factious.
 Incendiary, in-sèn'-dè-à-ré. *v. o.* one who sets houses or towns on fire; one who inflames faction. [in honour of some god.
 Incense, in'-sènsè. *s.* perfumes exhaled by fire
 Incense, in'-sènsè. *v. n.* to perfume with incense.
 Incense, in'-sènsè'. *v. a.* to inflame with anger.
 Incensory, in'-sèn-sùr-é. *s.* the vessel in which incense is burnt.
 Incentive, in-sèn'-tív. *s.* incitement.
 Incentive, in-sèn'-tív. *a.* inciting, encouraging.
 Inception, in-sép'-shòn. *s.* beginning.
 Inceptive, in-sép'-tív. *a.* being a beginning.
 Incertitude, in-sér'-tù-dé. *s.* uncertainty, doubtfulness. [usual.
 Incessant, in-sès'-sánt. *a.* unintermitted, continuously, continually. [junction of persons.
 Incest, in'-sès. *s.* unnatural and criminal conjunction.
 Incestuous, in-sès'-tshù-òs. *a.* guilty of incest.
 Incestuously, in-sès'-tshù-òs-lé. *ad.* with unnatural love. [nice point of time.
 Inch, insh. *s.* the twelfth part of a foot; a
 Inch, insh. *v. a.* to drive or deal by inches; to give sparingly.
 Inchmeal, insh'-mè'le. *s.* a piece as inch long.
 Incidence, in'-sè-dènsè. *s.* accident, hap, casualty.
 Incident, in'-sè-dènt. *a.* casual, fortuitous.
 Incident, in'-sè-dènt. *s.* casualty, an event.
 Incidental, in-sè-dèn'-tál. *a.* casual, happening by chance. [the by.
 Incidentally, in'-sè-dènt-lé. *ad.* occasionally, by
 Incinerate, in-sùr'-nér-àte. *v. a.* to burn to ashes.
 Incircumspection, in-sér'-kùm-spék'-shùn. *s.* want of caution.
 Incised, in-sizd'. *q.* cut, made by cutting.

Incision, in-sizh'-shàn. *s.* a cut.
 Incisive, in-sí'-sív. *a.* having the quality of cutting or dividing.
 Incisor, in-sí'-sòr. *s.* cutter, tooth.
 Incisur, in-sizh'-tùr. *s.* a cut, an aperture.
 Incitation, in-sè'-tá-shùn. *s.* incensive, motive.
 Incite, in-sìt'. *v. a.* to stir up.
 Incitement, in-sìt'-mènt. *s.* motive, impulse.
 Incivility, in-sè-víl'-lè-té. *s.* want of courtesy rudeness. [ness.
 Inclemency, in-klèm'-mèn-sè. *s.* cruelty, harsh
 Inclement, in-klèm'-mènt. *a.* unmerciful, harsh
 Inclinal, in-klí'-nà-bl. *a.* willing.
 Inclination, in-klé'-nà-shùn. *s.* tendency towards any point; affection.
 Incline, in-klín'. *v. n.* to bend; to be favourably disposed to, to feel desire beginning.
 Incline, in-klín'. *v. a.* to give a direction; to bend, to incipitate.
 Inclip, in-klíp'. *v. n.* to grasp, to enclose
 Incloister, in-klòis'-tùr. *v. a.* to shut up in a cloister.
 Incloud, in-klòud'. *v. a.* to darken, to obscure.
 Include, in-klùd'. *v. a.* to enclose; to comprise
 Inclusive, in-klù'-sív. *a.* enclosing.
 Incoexistence, in-kò-èg-zis'-tènsè. *s.* the quality of not existing together.
 Incog, in-kòg'. *ad.* unknown, in private.
 Incogitancy, in-kòd'-jé-tán-sè. *s.* want of thought. [power of thought.
 Incogitative, in-kòg'-jé-tá-tív. *a.* wanting the
 Incognito, in-kòg'-é-tò. *ad.* in a state of concealment.
 Incoherence, in-kò-hè'-rènsè. } *s.* want of con
 Incoherence, in-kò-hè'-rènt. } nexion, in
 Incoherency, in-kò-hè'-rèn-sè. } congruity. [out cohesion
 Incoherent, in-kò-hè'-rènt. *a.* inconsistent; with
 Incoherently, in-kò-hè'-rènt-lé. *ad.* incoherently. [quality of resisting fire
 Incombustibility, in-kòm-bùs-té-bíl'-tè. *s.* the
 Incombustible, in-kòm-bùs-té-bl. *a.* not to be consumed by fire. [thing.
 Income, in'-kùm. *s.* revenue, produce of any
 Incommensurable, in-kòm-mèn'-shù-rá-bl. *a.* not to be reduced to any measure common to both.
 Incommensurate, in-kòm-mèn'-shù-ráte. *a.* not admitting one common measure

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pân; —

- Incommodé, In-kôm-mô-dê'.** *a.* to hinder or embarrass.
- Incommodious, In-kôm-mô-dê-ô-s,** or **In-kôm-mô-jê-ô-s.** *a.* inconvenient, vexatious.
- Incommodiously, In-kôm-mô-dê-ô-s-lê.** *ad.* inconveniently. [inconvenience.]
- Incommodiousness, In-kôm-mô-dê-ô-s-nês.** *s.*
- Incommunicable, In-kôm-mô-nê-kâ-bl.** *a.* not impartible; not to be told. [coloring.]
- Incompact, In-kôm-pâkt'.** *a.* not joined, not
- Incomparable, In-kôm-pâ-râ-bl.** *a.* excellent above compare.
- Incomparably, In-kôm-pâ-râ-blê.** *ad.* beyond comparison, without competition. [of pity.]
- Incompassionate, In-kôm-pâsh'-ân-âte.** *a.* void
- Incompatibility, In-kôm-pât-ê-bl'ê-tê.** *s.* inconsistency of one thing with another.
- Incompatible, In-kôm-pât-ê-bl.** *a.* inconsistent with something else.
- Incompetency, In-kôm-pê-tên-sê.** *s.* inability,
- Incompetent, In-kôm-pê-tênt.** *a.* not suitable, not adequate. [ably.]
- Incompetently, In-kôm-pê-tênt-lê.** *ad.* unsuit-
- Incomplete, In-kôm-plête'.** *a.* not perfect, not finished. [section.]
- Incompleteness, In-kôm-plête'-nês.** *s.* imper-
- Incompliance, In-kôm-pl'ân-se.** *s.* untractable-
- Incompracticableness, In-kôm-pôz'.** *a.* disturbed, dis-
- Incomprehensibility, In-kôm-prê-hên-sê-bl'ê-tê.** *s.* unconceivableness.
- Incomprehensible, In-kôm-prê-hên-sê-bl.** *a.* not to be conceived.
- Incomprehensibleness, In-kôm-prê-hên-sê-bl-nês.** *s.* unconceivableness.
- Incomprehensibly, In-kôm-prê-hên-sê-blê.** *ad.* in a manner not to be conceived.
- Incompressible, In-kôm-prê-sê-tê.** *a.* not capable of being compressed into less space.
- Inconcealable, In-kôn-sê-lâ-bl.** *a.* not to be kept secret. [conceived.]
- Inconceivable, In-kôn-sê-vâ-bl.** *a.* not to be
- Inconceivably, In-kôn-sê-vâ-blê.** *ad.* in a manner beyond comprehension.
- Inconceivable, In-kôn-sêp'-tê-bl.** *a.* not to be conceived.
- Inconclusive, In-kôn-kh'ê-siv.** *a.* not exhibiting
- Inconclusiveness, In-kôn-kh'ê-siv-nês.** *s.* want of rational cogency.
- Inconcoct, In-kôn-kôkt'.** *a.* unripened, immature. [being indigested]
- Inconcoction, In-kôn-kôkt'-sôn.** *s.* the state of
- Incondite, In-kôn-dite.** *a.* irregular.
- Inconditional, In-kôn-dsh'-ôn-â.** *a.* without exception or limitation.
- Inconditionate, In-kôn-dish'-ôn-â-tê.** *a.* not restrained, not restrained. [accs]
- Inconformity, In-kôn-fôr-mê-tê.** *s.* inconformi-
- Incongruence, In-kông-grôd-ênse.** } *s.* unsuita-
- Incongruity, In-kôn-grôd-ê-tê.** } bleness; absurdity; disagreement.
- Incongruous, In-kông-grôd-ús.** *a.* unsuitable not fitting.
- Inconnexedly, In-kôn-nêk'-sêd-lê.** *ad.* without any connexion or dependence.
- Inconsequence, In-kôn-sê-kwêuse.** *s.* incon-
- Inclusiveness, In-kôn-sê-kwênt.** [conclusion]
- Inconsequent, In-kôn-sê-kwênt.** *a.* without just
- Inconsiderable, In-kôn-sid'-êr-â-bl.** *a.* unworthy of notice. [small importance.]
- Inconsiderableness, In-kôn-sid'-êr-â-bl-nês.** *s.*
- Inconsiderate, In-kôn-sid'-êr-âte.** *a.* careless.
- Inconsiderately, In-kôn-sid'-êr-âte-tê.** *ad.* negligently; thoughtlessly.
- Inconsiderateness, In-kôn-sid'-êr-âte-nês.** } *s.*
- Inconsideration, In-kôn-sid'-êr-â-siôn.** } want of thought, inattention.
- Inconsistency, In-kôn-sis-tên-sê.** *s.* disagreement; incongruity; unsteadiness.
- Inconsistent, In-kôn-sis-tênt.** *a.* incompatible incongruous, absurd.
- Inconsistently, In-kôn-sis-tênt-lê.** *ad.* absurdly, incongruously. [forted, sorrowful.]
- Inconsonable, In-kôn-sê-lâ-bl.** *a.* not to be com-
- Inconsonancy, In-kôn-sô-nân-sê.** *s.* disagreement with itself. [ble, not perceptible.]
- Inconspicuous, In-kôn-spik'-û-ns.** *a.* indiscrimi-
- Inconstancy, In-kôn-stân-sê.** *s.* unsteadiness.
- Inconstant, In-kôn-stânt.** *a.* not firm; mutable
- Inconsumable, In-kôn-sê-mâ-bl.** *a.* not to be wasted.
- Incontestable, In-kôn-tê-s-tâ-bl.** *a.* not to be disputed
- Incontestably, In-kôn-tê-s-tâ-blê.** *ad.* indisputably, incontrovertibly.

no, nōve, nōr, nōt;—tābe, tūb, būll;—dīl;—pōlund;—tūin, THIS.

Incontiguous, ʼn-kōn-ūg'-gū-ūs. *a.* not touching each other.

Incontinence, ʼn-kōn'-tē-nēnsē. } *s.* unchastity.

Incontinency, ʼn-kōn'-tē-nēn-sē. } *s.* unchastity.

Incontinent, ʼn-kōn'-tē-nēnt. *a.* unchaste.

Incontinently, ʼn-kōn'-tē-nēnt-lē. *ad.* unchastely. [putable.

(Incontrovertible, ʼn-kōn-trō-vēr'-tē-bl. *a.* indisputable.

Inconvenience, ʼn-kōn-vēr'-nē-ēnsō. } *s.* unfit-

Inconveniency, ʼn-kōn-vēr'-nē-ēn-sē. } ness, disadvantage, difficulty.

Inconvenient, ʼn-kōn-vēr'-nē-ēnt. *a.* incommo-

dious; **inexpedient**.

Inconveniently, ʼn-kōn-vēr'-nē-ēnt-lē. *ad.* incommo-

diously; **unseasonably**.

Inconversible, ʼn-kōn-vēr'-sā-bl. *a.* unsocial.

Inconvertible, ʼn-kōn-vēr'-tē-bl. *a.* not trans-

mutable. [convinced.

Inconvincible, ʼn-kōn-vīn'-sē-bl. *a.* not to be

inconvincibly, ʼn-kōn-vīn'-sē-blē. *ad.* without

admitting conviction. [tinct from body.

Incorporal, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rāl. *a.* immaterial, dis-

incorporally, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rāl-tē. *ad.* without mat-

ter.

Incorporate, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rāte. *v. a.* to mix; to

form in; **to** be body; **to** unite. [bodied.

Incorporate, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rāte. *a.* immaterial, un-

incorporation, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rā'-shūn. *s.* union of

divers ingredients in one mass; **formation of**

a body politic; **association**.

Incorporeal, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rē-āl. *a.* immaterial, un-

bodied. [ity.

Incorporeity, ʼn-kōr'-pō-rē'-ē-tē. *s.* immaterial-

incorp, ʼn-kōrps'. *v. a.* to incorporate.

Incorrect, ʼn-kōr-rēkt'. *a.* not exact.

Incorrectly, ʼn-kōr-rēkt'-lē. *ad.* inaccurately,

not exactly. [want of exactness.

Incorrectness, ʼn-kōr-rēkt'-nēs. *s.* inaccuracy.

Incorrigible, ʼn-kōr'-rē-jē-bl. *a.* bad beyond

correction, **depraved**. [less depravity.

Incorrigibleness, ʼn-kōr'-rē-jē-bl-nēs. *s.* hope-

incorrigibly, ʼn-kōr'-rē-jē-blē. *ad.* beyond all

means of amendment. [tion; honest.

Incorrupt, ʼn-kōr-rāpt'. *a.* free from deprava-

incorruptibility, ʼn-kōr-rāp-tē-bl'-ē-tē. *s.* in-

capacity of decay.

Incorruptible, ʼn-kōr-rāp-tē-bl. *a.* not capable

of corruption.

Incorruption, ʼn-kōr-rāp'-shūn. *s.* incapacity of

corruption. [uers, honesty

Incorruptness, ʼn-kōr-rāpt'-nēs. *s.* purity of man-

incrassate, ʼn-krās'-sāte. *v. a.* to thicken.

Incrassation, ʼn-krās'-sā'-shūn. *s.* the act of

thickening. [quality of thickening.

Incrassative, ʼn-krās'-sā-ūv. *a.* having the

increase, ʼn-krēsē'. *v. n.* to grow.

Increase, ʼng'-krēsē. *s.* augmentation; **progre**;

generation. [of surpassing belief

Incredibility, ʼn-krēd-dē-bl'-ē-tē. *s.* the quality

incredible, ʼn-krēd'-ē-bl. *a.* not to be credited.

Incredibility, ʼn-krēd'-ē-bl-nēs. *s.* quality of

being not credible. [belief

Incredulity, ʼng'-krē-dū'-lē-tē. *s.* hardness of

incredulous, ʼn-krēd'-ū-lās. *a.* hard of belief,

refusing credit.

Incredulousness, ʼn-krēd'-jū-lās-nēs. *s.* hard-

ness of belief, **incredulity**.

Increment, ʼng'-krē-mēnt. *s.* increase; **pro-**

duce. [chiding.

Incrutation, ʼng'-krē-pā'-shūn. *s.* reprehension,

incrust, ʼn-krūs'. } *v. a.* to cover with

incrustate, ʼn-krūs'-tāte. } an additional coat.

Incrustation, ʼng'-krūs-tā'-shūn. *s.* an adherent

covering.

Incubate, ʼng'-kū-bāte. *v. n.* to sit upon eggs.

Incubation, ʼng'-kū-bā'-shūn. *s.* the act of sitting

upon eggs to hatch them.

Incubus, ʼng'-kū-būs. *s.* the nightmare.

Inculcate, ʼn-kūl'-kāte. *v. a.* to impress by fre-

quent admonitions. [ity.

Inculcation, ʼng'-kūl-kā'-shūn. *s.* the act of im-

pressing by frequent admonition.

Inculpable, ʼn-kūl'-pā-bl. *a.* unblameable.

Inculpably, ʼn-kūl'-pā-blē. *ad.* unblameably

Incumbency, ʼn-kūm'-bēn-sē. *s.* the state of

keeping a benefice.

Incumbent, ʼn-kūm'-bēnt. *a.* resting upon; **re-**

sting upon; **imposed as a duty**.

Incumbent, ʼn-kūm'-bēnt. *s.* he who is in pos-

session of a benefice.

Incur, ʼn-kūr'. *v. a.* to become liable to.

Incurability, ʼn-kū-rā-bl'-ē-tē. *s.* impossibility

of cure.

Incurable, ʼn-kū-rā-bl. *a.* not admitting remedy

Incurableness, ʼn-kū-rā-bl-nēs. *s.* state of not

admitting any cure.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pine, pîn;—

- Incurably**, in-kù'-rà-blé. *ad.* without remedy.
- Incurious**, in-kù'-rè-ús. *a.* negligent, without curiosity.
- Incursion**, in-kù'-shùn. *s.* attack, invasion.
- Incurvate**, in-kù'-vâte. *v. a.* to bend, to crook.
- Incurvation**, in-g-kù'-vâ'-shùn. *s.* the act of making crooked; flexion.
- Incurvity**, in-kù'-vè-tè. *s.* crookedness, the state of bending inward. [me.]
- Inlagate**, in-'dâ-gâte. *v. a.* to search, to examine.
- Inlagation**, in-'dâ-gâ'-shùn. *s.* search, examination. [aminer.]
- Indagator**, in-'dâ-gâ-tôr. *s.* a searcher, an explorer.
- Indart**, in-'dârt. *v. a.* to dart in.
- Indebted**, in-'dèb-téd. *part. a.* obliged by something received, bound to restitution.
- Indecency**, in-'dè-sèn-sè. *s.* any thing contrary to good manners. [ears.]
- Indecent**, in-'dè-sènt. *a.* unfit for the eyes or
- Indecently**, in-'dè-sènt-lè. *ad.* in a manner contrary to decency.
- Indeciduous**, in-'dè-sid'-ù-ús, or in-'dè-sid'-jù-ús. *a.* not falling, not shed. [tion.]
- Indecision**, in-'dè-sizh'-ùn. *s.* want of determination.
- Indeclinable**, in-'dè-klil'-nâ-bl. *a.* not varied by terminations. [coming.]
- Indecorous**, in-'dè-kò'-râs. *a.* indecent, unbecoming.
- Indecorum**, in-'dè-kò'-râm. *s.* indecency.
- Indeed**, in-'dèd. *ad.* in reality.
- Indefatigable**, in-'dè-fât-'tè-gâ-bl. *a.* unwearied.
- Indefatigably**, in-'dè-fât-'tè-gâ-blé. *ad.* without weariness.
- Indefeasible**, in-'dè-fè-'zè-bl. *a.* not to be cut off, not to be vacated.
- Indefensible**, in-'dè-fèb'-sè-bl. *a.* what cannot be defended.
- Indefinite**, in-'dèf-è-nit. *a.* not limited.
- Indefinitely**, in-'dèf-è-nit-lè. *ad.* without any settled limitation.
- Indefinitude**, in-'dèf-è-nit-ù-de. *s.* quantity not limited by our understanding.
- Indeliberate**, in-'dè-lib-èr-âte. *a.* unpremeditated, without consideration.
- Indelible**, in-'dèf-è-bl. *a.* not to be blotted out.
- Indelicacy**, in-'dèf-è-kâ-sè. *s.* want of delicacy.
- Indelicate**, in-'dèf-è-kâte. *a.* without decency.
- Indemnification**, in-'dèm-nè-fè-kâ'-shùn. *s.* security against loss or penalty; reimbursement.
- Indemnify**, in-'dèm-nè-fì. *v. a.* to secure against loss or penalty.
- Indemnity**, in-'dèm-nè-tè. *s.* security from punishment. [inequalities.]
- Indent**, in-'dènt. *v. a.* to mark any thing with
- Indent**, in-'dènt. *v. a.* to contract, to make a compact.
- Indent**, in-'dènt. *s.* inequality, indentation.
- Indentation**, in-'dèn-tâ-shùn. *s.* an indenture.
- Indenture**, in-'dèn-'tsiùre. *s.* a covenant so named because the counterparts are indented or cut one by the other.
- Independence**, in-'dè-pèn-'dènsè. } *s.* freedom,
- Independently**, in-'dè-pèn-'dèn-sè. } exemption from reliance or control.
- Independent**, in-'dè-pèn-'dènt. *a.* free, not controlled.
- Independent**, in-'dè-pèn-'dènt. *s.* one who in religious affairs holds that every congregation is a complete church.
- Independently**, in-'dè-pèn-'dènt-lè. *ad.* without reference to other things.
- Indesert**, in-'dè-zèrt. *s.* want of merit.
- Indesimently**, in-'dès-sè-nènt-lè. *ad.* without cessation. [destroyed.]
- Indestructible**, in-'dè-strùk-'tè-bl. *a.* not to be
- Indeterminable**, in-'dè-tèr-mè-nâ-bl. *a.* not to be fixed, not to be defined. [indefinite.]
- Indeterminate**, in-'dè-tèr-mè-nâte. *a.* unfixed
- Indeterminately**, in-'dè-tèr-mè-nâte-lè. *ad.* in definitely. [fixed.]
- Indetermined**, in-'dè-tèr-'mând. *a.* unsettled, un-
- Indetermination**, in-'dè-tèr-mè-nâ-shùn. *s.* want of resolution. [irreligion.]
- Indevotion**, in-'dè-vò'-shùn. *s.* want of devotion.
- Indevout**, in-'dè-vòüt. *a.* irreligious.
- Index**, in-'dèks. *s.* the discoverer; the hand that points to any thing; the table of contents to a book.
- Indexterity**, in-'dèks-tèr-è-tè. *s.* want of dexterity.
- Indicant**, in-'dè-kânt. *a.* showing, pointing out.
- Indicate**, in-'dè-kâte. *v. a.* to show, to point out.
- Indication**, in-'dè-kâ'-shùn. *s.* mark, symptom.
- Indicative**, in-'dik'-kâ-tiv. *a.* showing, pointing
- Indict**, in-'dite. *v. a.* to accuse, to charge. [sua.]
- Indictor**, in-'dik'-shùn. *s.* declaration, proclamation; an epocha of the Roman

nd, mōve, ndr, nōt;—tābe, tōb, bōll;—ōll;—pōōnd;—ōin. TERN.

- Indifference**, *in-dif-fēr-ēnsē. s.* neutrality; negligence, unconcernedness.
- Indifferent**, *in-dif-fēr-ēt. a.* neutral; unconcerned; impartial.
- Indifferently**, *in-dif-fēr-ēt-lē. ad.* without distinction; in a neutral state; middlingly.
- Indigence**, *in-dē-jēnsē. s.* want, penury. [try.]
- Indigenous**, *in-dīd'-jē-nōs. a.* native to a country.
- Indigent**, *in-dē-jēt. a.* poor, necessitous.
- Indigested**, *in-dē-jēs-tēd. a.* not separated; not formed; not concocted in 'he stomach.
- Indigestible**, *in-dē-jēs-tē-bl. a.* not concoctible in the stomach. [unconcocted.]
- Indigestion**, *in-dē-jēs-tshūn. s.* the state of meats
- Indigitate**, *in-dīd'-jē-tāte. v. a.* to point out, to show. [pointing out or showing.]
- Indignation**, *in-dīd-jē-tā-shūn. s.* the act of
- indign**, *in-dīnē. a.* unworthy, undeserving.
- Indignant**, *in-dīg'-nānt. a.* angry, raging.
- Indignation**, *in-dīg-nā-shūn. s.* anger mingled with contempt or disgust.
- Indignity**, *in-dīg-nē-tē. s.* contumely.
- Indigo**, *in-dē-gō. s.* a plant used in dyeing a blue colour.
- Indirect**, *in-dē-rēkt'. a.* not straight, not honest.
- Indirection**, *in-dē-rēkt'-shūn. s.* oblique means; dishonest practice. [fairly.]
- Indirectly**, *in-dē-rēkt'-lē. ad.* obliquely; unfairly.
- Indirectness**, *in-dē-rēkt'-nēs. s.* obliquity; unfairness. [ble, not discoverable.]
- Indiscernible**, *in-dīz-zēr-nē-bl. a.* not perceptible.
- Indiscernibly**, *in-dīz-zēr-nē-blē. ad.* in a manner not to be perceived. [separated.]
- Indiscerptible**, *in-dīs-sērp-tē-bl. a.* not to be
- Indiscreet**, *in-dīs-krēt'. a.* imprudent, incautious. [dence.]
- Indiscreetly**, *in-dīs-krēt'-lē. ad.* without prudence
- Indiscretion**, *in-dīs-krēsh'-ūn. s.* imprudence, rashness. [tinguishable.]
- Indiscriminate**, *in-dīs-krīm-tē-nāte. a.* indiscriminately, *in-dīs-krīm-tē-nāte-lē. ad.* without distinction. [spared, necessary.]
- Indispensable**, *in-dīs-pēr-sā-bl. a.* not to be
- Indispensableness**, *in-dīs-pēr-sā-bl-nēs. s.* necessity. [dispensation, necessarily.]
- Indispensably**, *in-dīs-pēr-sā-blē. ad.* without
- Indispose**, *in-dīs-pōzē. v. a.* to make unfit; to disorder.
- Indisposedness**, *in-dīs-pō-zēd-nēs. s.* state of unfitness or disinclination.
- Indisposition**, *in-dīs-pō-zēsh'-ūn. s.* disorder of health.
- Indisputable**, *in-dīs-pū-tā-bl*, or *in-dīs-pū-tā-bl. a.* uncontroversial, incontestable.
- Indisputableness**, *in-dīs-pū-tā-bl-nēs. s.* the state of being indisputable.
- Indisputably**, *in-dīs-pū-tā-blē. ad.* without controversy, certainly.
- Indissolubility**, *in-dīs-sō-lū-bīl'-tē. s.* resistance of a dissolving power.
- Indissoluble**, *in-dīs-sō-lū-bl. a.* firm, binding or subsisting for ever. [confused]
- Indistinct**, *in-dīs-tīngkt'. a.* not plainly marked
- Indistinctly**, *in-dīs-tīngkt'-lē. ad.* confusedly, uncertainly. [uncertainty.]
- Indistinctness**, *in-dīs-tīngkt'-nēs. s.* confusion,
- Indisturbance**, *in-dīs-tūr-bānsē. s.* calmness, freedom from disturbance.
- Individual**, *in-dē-vid'-ū-āl. s.* a single being.
- Individual**, *in-dē-vid'-jū-āl. a.* separate from others of the same species; undivided.
- Individuality**, *in-dē-vid-ū-āl'-tē. s.* separate or distinct existence.
- Individually**, *in-dē-vid-ū-āl-lē. ad.* with separate or distinct existence.
- Individuate**, *in-dē-vid-ū-āte. v. a.* to distinguish from others of the same species.
- Individuity**, *in-dē-vid-ū'-tē. s.* separate existence.
- Indivisibility**, *in-dē-vīz-tē-bīl'-tē. s.* state in which no more division can be made.
- Indivisible**, *in-dē-vīz-tē-bl. a.* what cannot be broken into parts. [be divided.]
- Indivisibly**, *in-dē-vīz-tē-blē. ad.* so as it cannot
- Indocible**, *in-dōs'-ē-bl. a.* unteachable.
- Indocil**, *in-dōs'-īl. a.* unteachable.
- Indocility**, *in-dō-āl'-tē. s.* unteachableness, refusal of instruction.
- Indoctrinate**, *in-dōkt-trē-nāte. v. a.* to instruct.
- Indoctrination**, *in-dōkt-trē-nā-shūn. s.* instruction, information.
- Indolence**, *in-dō-lēnsē. s.* laziness, listless
- Indolent**, *in-dō-lēt. a.* lazy, listless.
- Indolently**, *in-dō-lēt-lē. ad.* careless
- Indraught**, *in-drāft. s.* an inlet.
- Indrench**, *in-drēnsh'. v. a.* to soak.

Fræc. fæc. fæll. fæh. — æc. æht. — v. æht.

- Inconious, in-dû'-bê-ûs.** } *a. undoubted, un-*
inconspicuous, in-dû'-bê-tâ-bl. } *questionable.*
Indubitably, in-dû'-bê-tâ-blê. *ad. undoubtedly.*
Induce, in-dûs'. *v. a. to persuade.* [thing.
Inducement, in-dûs'-mênt. *s. motive to any*
Induct, in-dûkt'. *v. a. to introduce; to put in*
possession of a benefice.
Induction, in-dûkt'-shûn. *s. entrance.*
Inductive, in-dûkt'-tîv. *a. leading, persuasive.*
Indue, in-dû. *v. a. to invest.*
Indulge, in-dûlje'. *v. a. to fondle, to gratify.*
Indulgence, in-dûlj'-jênsê. *s. fondness; forbear-*
ance; favour granted.
Indulgent, in-dûlj'-jênt. *a. kind, favourable.*
Indulgently, in-dûlj'-jênt-lê. *ad. without sever-*
ity, without censure.
Indult, in-dûlt'. } *s. privilege or exemption.*
Indulto, in-dûlt'-tô. }
Indurate, in-dû-râte. *v. n. to harden.*
Indurate, in-dû-râte. *v. a. to harden the mind.*
Induration, in-dû-râ'-shûn. *s. the state of grow-*
ing hard; act of hardening; obduracy.
Industrious, in-dûs'-trê-ûs. *a. diligent, laborious.*
Industriously, in-dûs'-trê-ûs-lê. *ad. diligently,*
laboriously.
Industry, in-dûs'-trê. *s. diligence, assiduity.*
Inebriate, in-ê'-brê-âte. *v. a. to intoxicate, to*
make drunk. [intoxication.
Inebriation, in-ê'-brê-â'-shûn. *s. drunkenness,*
Inebriety, in-ê'-brî'-ê-tê. *s. drunkenness.* [æss.
Ineffability, in-êf-fâ-blî'-ê-tê. *s. unspeakable.*
Ineffable, in-êf-fâ-bl. *a. unspeakable.*
Ineffably, in-êf-fâ-blê. *ad. in a manner not to*
be expressed. [no effect.
Ineffective, in-êf-fêk'-tîv. *a. which can produce*
Ineffectual, in-êf-fêk'-tshû-ûl. *a. weak, without*
power. [effect.
Ineffectually, in-êf-fêk'-tshû-ûl-ê. *ad. without*
Ineffectualness, in-êf-fêk'-tshû-ûl-nêss. *s. inef-*
ficacy, want of power. [duce effects, weak.
Inefficacious, in-êf-fê-kâ'-shûs. *a. unable to pro-*
Inefficiency, in-êf-fê-kâ'-sê. *s. want of power.*
Inefficient, in-êf-fîsh'-ênt. *a. ineffective.*
Inelegance, in-êl'-ê-gânsê. *s. want of elegance.*
Inelegant, in-êl'-ê-gânt. *a. mean, despicable.*
Ineloquent, in-êl'-ê-kwênt. *a. not persuasive,*
not oratorical.
Inept, in-êpt'. *a. unfit, useless.*
- Ineptly, in-êpt'-lê.** *ad. triflingly, foolishly, un-*
fitly.
Inepitude, in-êp'-tê-tûde. *s. unfitness.*
Inequality, in-ê-kwôl'-ê-tê. *s. unevenness; in-*
adequateness.
Inerrable, in-êr'-râ-ol. *a. exempt from error.*
Inerrableness, in-êr'-râ-bl-nêss. *s. exemption*
Inert, in-êrt'. *a. dull, sluggish.* [from error.
Inertly, in-êrt'-lê. *ad. sluggishly, dully.*
Inestimable, in-ês'-tê-mâ-bl. *a. transcending all*
price.
Inevident, in-êv'-ê-dênt. *â. not plain, obscure.*
Inevitability, in-êv'-ê-tâ-blî'-ê-tê. *s. impossibility*
to be avoided.
Inevitable, in-êv'-ê-tâ-bl. *a. unavoidable.*
Inevitably, in-êv'-ê-tâ-blê. *ad. without possibility*
of escape. [caused
Inexcusable, in-êks-kû'-zâ-bl. *a. not to be ex-*
Inexcusableness, in-êks-kû'-zâ-bl-nêss. *s. enor-*
mity beyond palliation.
Inexcusably, in-êks-kû'-zâ-blê. *ad. to a degree*
of guilt or folly beyond excuse.
Inexhalable, in-êks-hâ'-lâ-bl. *a. that which can*
not evaporate. [to be emptied
Inexhausted, in-êks-hâws'-têd. *a. not possible*
Inexhaustible, in-êks-hâws'-tê-bl. *a. not to be*
spent. [ence.
Inexistence, in-êgz'-ls'-tênsê. *s. want of exist*
Inexistent, in-êgz'-ls'-tênt. *a. not having being*
Inexorable, in-êks'-ô-râ-bl. *a. not to be moved*
by entreaty.
Inexpedience, in-êks-pê'-dê-ênsê. } *s. want of*
Inexpediency, in-êks-pê'-dê-ê-nê. } *fitness.*
Inexpedient, in-êks-pê'-dê-ênt. *a. unfit, im-*
proper.
Inexperience, in-êks-pê'-rê-ênsê. *s. want of ex-*
perimental knowledge. [perioend
Inexperienced, in-êks-pê'-rê-ênt. *a. not ex-*
Inexpert, in-êks-pêrt'. *a. unskilful.*
Inexpiable, in-êks-pê-â-bl. *a. not to be atoned*
Inexplicable, in-êks-pîê-kâ-bl. *a. incapable of*
being explained.
Inexpressible, in-êks-prê's-ê-bl. *a. not to b-*
told, not to be uttered.
Inexpressibly, in-êks-prê's-ê-blê. *ad. to a de-*
gree or in a manner not to be uttered.
Inexpugnable, in-êks-pûg'-nâ-bl. *a. impregna-*
ble, not to be taken by assault.

né, mōve, nōr, nōt ;—tōbe, tōb, bōll ;—ōll ;—pōdōd ;—ōin, THIS.

Indistinguishable, in-ēks-tīng'-gwīsh-ā-bl. a. unquenchable. [entangled.]

Inextricable, in-ēks'-trē-kā-bl. a. not to be dis-
inve, in-ī. v. a. to inoculate.

Infallibility, in-fāl-lē-bīl'-ē-tē. } s. inerrability,
Infallibleness, in-fāl-lē-bī-nēs. } exemption
from error.

Infallible, in-fāl-lē-bl. a. incapable of mistake.
Infallibly, in-fāl-lē-bīl. ad. with security from
error, certainly. [guilt.]

Infamous, in-fā-mōs. a. publicly branded with
Infamously, in-fā-mōs-lē. ad. with open re-
proach; shamefully.

Infamousness, in-fā-mōs-nēs. } s. notoriety of
Infamy, in-fā-mē. } bad character

Infancy, in-fān-sē. s. the first part of life; be-
ginning. [age.]

Infant, in-fānt. s. a child under seven years of
Infanta, in-fān-tā. s. a princess descended from
the royal blood of Spain or Portugal. [fants.]

Infanticide, in-fān-tē-sīde. s. slaughter of in-
Infantile, in-fān-tīle. a. pertaining to an infant.
Infantine, in-fān-tīne. a. suitable to an infant.

Infantry, in-fān-trē. s. the foot soldiers of an
army
Infatuate, in-fāts'h-ū-āte. v. a. to strike with
folly, to deprive of understanding.

Infatuation, in-fāts'h-ū-ā-shūn. s. deprivation of
reason.

Infeasible, in-fē-zē-bl. a. impracticable.
Infect, in-fēkt'. v. a. to act upon by contagion,
to affect with communicated qualities.

Infection, in-fēkt'-shūn. s. contagion.
Infectious, in-fēkt'-shūs. a. contagious.
Infectiously, in-fēkt'-shūs-lē. ad. contagiously.

Infectiousness, in-fēkt'-shūs-nēs. s. contagious-
ness.
Infecund, in-fē-kūn-dē-tē. s. want of fertility.

Infelicity, in-fē-lī-sē-tē. s. misery, calamity.
Infer, in-fēr'. v. a. to induce; to draw conclu-
sions from foregoing premises.

Inferable, in-fēr'-ā-bl. a. to be inferred.
Inference, in-fēr-ēnsē. s. conclusion from pre-
vious arguments.

Inferrible, in-fēr-rē-bl. a. deducible from pre-
mised grounds.
Inferiority, in-fēr-rē-ōr'-ē-tē. s. lower state of
dignity or value

Inferiour, in-fēr-rē-ōr. a. lower in place, station
or value; subordinate.

Inferiour, in-fēr-rē-ōr. s. one in a lower rank or
station than another.

Infernal, in-fēr-nāl. a. hellish.
Infernal, in-fēr-nāl. s. one that comes from hell,
one exceedingly wicked.

Infertile, in-fēr-tīl. a. unfruitful.
Infest, in-fēs't. v. a. to harass, to disturb.

Infidel, in-fē-dēl. s. an unbeliever. [treachery
Infidelity, in-fē-dēl'-ē-tē. s. want of faith
Infinite, in-fē-nīt. a. unbounded, immense.

Infinitely, in-fē-nīt-lē. ad. without limits, im-
mensely. [lessness.]

Infiniteness, in-fē-nīt-nēs. s. immensity, bound-
Infinitive, in-fīn'-ē-tīv. a. unconfined, belong-
ing to that mood of a verb which expresses
the action or being indeterminately.

Infinitude, in-fīn'-ē-tōde. s. infinity; boundless
number. [ness.]

Infinity, in-fīn'-ē-tē. s. immensity, boundless-
Infirm, in-fēr'm. a. weak, feeble.

Infirmary, in-fēr'-mā-rē. s. lodgings for the sick.
Infirmity, in-fēr'-mā-tē. s. weakness; disease,
malady. [ness.]

Infirmissness, in-fēr'm-nēs. s. weakness, feeble-
Inflix, in-fīks'. v. a. to drive in, to fasten.

Inflame, in-flāmē'. v. a. to kindle, to exagger-
ate; to irritate. [ity of catching fire
Inflammability, in-flām-mā-bīl'-ē-tē. s. the qual-
Inflammable, in-flām'-mā-bl. a. easy to be set
on flame. [quality of easily catching fire.]

Inflammableness, in-flām-mā-bl-nēs. s. the
Inflammation, in-flām-mā-shūn. s. the state of
being in flame; the heat of any morbid par
occasioned by obstruction.

Inflammatory, in-flām-mā-tār-ē. a. having the
power of inflaming. [fill with the breath.
Inflate, in-flātē'. v. a. to swell with wind; to
Inflation, in-flā-shūn. s. the state of being
swelled with wind. [vary.]

Infect, in-fēkt'. v. a. to bend; to change or
Inflection, in-fēkt'-shūn. s. the act of bending
or turning; modulation of the voice; varia-
tion of a noun or verb.

Inflexibility, in-fēks-ē-bīl'-ē-tē. } stiffness;
Inflexibleness, in-fēks-ē-bī-nēs. } obstinacy;

unexorable persistence

Fâts, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pîne, pîn; —

Inflexible, in-flek'-ê-bl. *a.* not to be bent; not to be changed.
Inflexibly, in-flek'-ê-blê. *ad.* inexorably, invariably.
Inflict, in-flik'. *v. a.* to impose as a punishment.
Infliction, in-flik'-shôn. *s.* the act of using punishments. [a punishment].
Indictive, in-flik'-tiv. *a.* that which is laid on as
Influence, in-fû-ênse. *s.* ascendant power.
Influence, in-fû-ênse. *v. a.* to act upon with directive or impulsive power.
Influent, in-fû-ênt. *a.* flowing in.
Influential, in-fû-ên'-shâl. *a.* exerting influence or power.
Influx, in-fûks. *s.* act of flowing into any thing.
Infold, in-fôld'. *v. a.* to involve, to inwrap.
Intolate, in-fû-lê-âte. *v. a.* to cover with leaves.
Inform, in-fôrm'. *v. a.* to instruct, to acquaint; to offer an accusation. [formation].
Informant, in-fôr'-mânt. *s.* one who gives information.
Information, in-fôr-mâ'-shôn. *s.* intelligence given, instruction; charge or accusation exhibited. [gence].
Informers, in-fôrm'-ûr. *s.* one who gives intelligence.
Informidable, in-fôr'-mê-dâ-bl. *a.* not to be feared.
Informity, in-fôr'-mê-tê. *s.* shapelessness.
Infract, in-frâkt'. *v. a.* to break. [breach].
Infracton, in-frâk'-shôn. *s.* the act of breaking.
Infrangible, in-frân'-jê-bl. *a.* not to be broken.
Infrequency, in-frê'-kwên-sê. *s.* uncommonness, rarity.
Infrequent, in-frê'-kwênt. *a.* rare, uncommon.
Infrigidate, in-frîd'-jê-dâte. *v. a.* to chill.
Infringe, in-frînje'. *v. a.* to violate. [tion].
Infringement, in-frînje'-mênt. *s.* breach, violation.
Infuriate, in-fû-rê-âte. *a.* enraged, raging.
Infuse, in-fûzê'. *v. a.* to pour in, to instill; to tincture; to inspire with.
Infusible, in-fû-zê-bl. *a.* possible to be infused.
Infusion, in-fû-zhôn. *s.* the act of pouring in, instillation. [fusion or being infused].
Infusive, in-fû-siv. *a.* having the power of infusing.
Ingather, in-gâr-n'-ûr-îng. *s.* the act of gathering in harvest.
Ingeminate, in-jêm'-mê-nâte. *v. a.* to double, to repeat. [pon, reduplication].
Ingemination, in-jêm-mê-nâ'-shôn. *s.* repeti-

Ingenerate, in-jên'-ê-rîte. *a.* inborn, innate.
Ingenious, in-jê'-nê-ûs. *a.* witty, inventive.
Ingeniously, in-jê'-nê-ûs-lê. *ad.* wittily, subtly.
Ingeniousness, in-jê'-nê-ûs-nês. *s.* wittiness, subtlety.
Ingenuity, in-jê-nû'-ê-tê. *s.* wit, genius.
Ingenuous, in-jên'-nû-ûs. *a.* open, fair, candid.
Ingenuously, in-jên'-û-ûs-lê. *ad.* openly, candidly. [fairness, candour].
Ingenuousness, in-jên'-nû-ûs-nês. *s.* openness.
Inglorious, in-glô'-rê-ûa. *a.* void of honour.
Ingloriously, in-glô'-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* with ignominy
Ingot, in-gôt'. *s.* a mass of metal.
Ingraft, in-grâft'. *v. a.* to propagate trees by grafting; to fix deep, to settle.
Ingraftment, in-grâft'-mênt. *s.* the act of ingrafting; the sprig ingrafted.
Ingrate, in-grâte'.
Ingrateful, in-grâte'-fûl. } *a.* ungrateful.
Ingratiate, in-grâ-shê-âte. *v. a.* to put in favour
Ingratitude, in-grâ-tê-tûde. *s.* unthankfulness
Ingredient, in-grê'-jênt. *s.* component part of a body consisting of different materials.
Ingress, in-grêa'. *s.* entrance.
Ingression, in-grêsh'-ûn. *s.* the act of entering.
Ingulph, in-gûlf'. *v. a.* to swallow up in a vast profundity.
Ingurgitate, in-gûr'-jê-tâte. *v. a.* to swallow.
Ingurgitation, in-gûr-jê-tâ'-shôn. *s.* voracity.
Ingustable, in-gûs'-tâ-bl. *a.* not perceptible by the taste.
Inhabile, in-hâb'-îl. *a.* unskilful, unready, unfit.
Inhabit, in-hâb'-ît. *v. a.* to dwell in.
Inhabitable, in-hâb'-ê-tâ-bl. *a.* capable of affording habitation.
Inhabitation, in-hâb'-ît-ânse. *s.* residence of dwellers.
Inhabitant, in-hâb'-ît-ânt. *s.* one that lives or resides in a place. [ing].
Inhabitation, in-hâb-ê-tâ'-shôn. *s.* place of dwell
Inhabiter, in-hâb'-ît-ûr. *s.* a dweller. [inspire].
Inhale, in-hâlê'. *v. a.* to draw in with air, to
Inharmonious, in-hâr-mô'-nê-ûs. *a.* unamical.
Inhere, in-hêrê'. *v. n.* to exist in something else.
Inherent, in-hê-rênt. *a.* existing in something else; innate.
Inherit, in-hêr-îrê'. *v. a.* to receive or possess by inheritance.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt ;—tùbe, tùb, bùll ;—tù ;—pòund ;—thin, TMS.

Inheritable, in-hér'-rit-á-bl. *a.* transmissible by inheritance. *containable* by succession.
Inheritance, in-hér'-rit-áns. *s.* patrimony.
Inheritor, in-hér'-rit-úr. *s.* an heir.
Inheritor, in-hér'-rit-rés. } *s.* an heiress.
Inheritor, in-hér'-rit-triks. }
Inhibit, in-hib'-it. *v. a.* to restrain, prohibit.
Inhibition, in-hé-bish'-án. *s.* prohibition.
Inhold, in-nòk'. *s. a.* to contain in itself.
Inhospitable, in-hòs'-pé-tá-bl. *a.* affording no entertainment to strangers.
Inhospitably, in-hòs'-pé-tá-blé. *ad.* unkindly to strangers. [courtesy to strangers.]
Inhospitability, in-hòs'-pé-tá-bl'-é-té. *s.* want of inhumanity.
Inhuman, in-hú'-mán. *a.* barbarous, cruel. [ity.]
Inhumanity, in-hò-mán'-é-té. *s.* cruelty, barbarity.
Inhumanity, in-hò-mán-lé. *ad.* savagely, cruelly.
Inhumane, in-hú'-máte. } *v. a.* to bury, to inter.
Inhume, in-húme'. }
Inimical, in-im'-é-kál. *a.* hostile, contrary, repugnant. [to be imitated.]
Inimitability, in-im'-é-tá-bl'-é-té. *s.* incapacity to be imitated.
Inimitable, in-im'-é-tá-bl. *a.* not to be copied.
Inimitably, in-im'-é-tá-blé. *ad.* in a manner not to be imitated.
Iniquitous, in-ik'-kwé-tús. *a.* unjust, wicked.
Iniquity, in-ik'-kwé-té. *s.* injustice, wickedness.
Initial, in-nish'-ál. *a.* placed at the beginning; incipient.
Initiate, in-ish'-é-áte. *v. a.* to enter, to instruct.
Initiation, in-ish'-é-á-shún. *s.* the act of entering into any art or state.
Inject, in-jékt'. *v. a.* to throw in, to dart in.
Injection, in-jékt'-shún. *s.* the act of casting in.
Injudicial, in-jú-dish'-ál. *a.* not according to form of law.
Injudicious, in-jú-dish'-ús. *a.* without judgement.
Injudiciously, in-jú-dish'-ús-lé. *ad.* with ill judgement.
Injunction, in-júngk'-shún. *s.* order, precept.
Injure, in-júr. *v. a.* to hurt unjustly; to annoy.
Injurious, in-jú-ré-ús. *a.* unjust, mischievous; detractory, reproachful.
Injuriously, in-jú-ré-ús-lé. *ad.* wrongfully, with injustice. [proach.]
Injury, in-jú-ré. *s.* mischief; annoyance; re-
proach, in-jú-ré-ús. *s.* iniquity, wrong. [write.]
It, Ingk. *s.* the black liquor with which men

Ink, Ingk. *v. a.* to black or daub with ink.
Inkhorn, Ingk'-hòrn. *s.* a portable case for the instruments of writing.
Inkling, Ingk'-kl. *s.* narrow fillet, a tape.
Inkling, Ingk'-Ing. *s.* hint, intimation.
Inky, Ingk'-é. *a.* consisting of ink; black as ink.
Inland, in-lánd. *a.* interior.
Inlaspdate, in-láp'-é-dáte. *v. a.* to turn to stone.
Inlay, in-lá'. *v. a.* to diversify with different bodies inserted into the ground or substratum; to variegate.
Inlaw, in-láw'. *v. a.* to clear of outlawry.
Inlet, in-lét. *s.* place of ingress.
Inly, in-lé. *a.* internal, secret.
Inmate, in-máte. *s.* one that is admitted to dwell jointly with another man.
Inmost, in-mòst. *a.* deepest within, remotest from the surface.
Inn, In. *s.* a house of entertainment for travellers; a college for students of law.
Inn, in. *v. n.* to take up temporary lodging.
Innate, in-náte'. *a.* inborn. [innate]
Innateness, in-náte'-nès. *s.* the quality of being innavigable.
Innavigable, in-náv'-vé-gá-bl. *a.* not to be passed by sailing.
Inner, in-núr. *a.* interior, not outward.
Innermost, in-núr-mòst. *a.* remotest from the outward part. [inn.]
Innholder, in-hòl-dúr. *s.* a man who keeps an Innings.
Innings, in-nIngz. *s.* lands recovered from the sea.
Innkeeper, in-kéep-úr. *s.* one who keeps lodgings and provisions for entertainment of travellers.
Innocence, in-nò-séns. } *s.* purity; untamed
Innocency, in-nò-sén-sé. } integrity; harm-
lessness, innocuousness. }
Innocent, in-nò-sént. *a.* pure from mischief; un-
harmful, harmless.
Innocent, in-nò-sént. *s.* one free from guilt or
harm. [with simplicity.]
Innocently, in-nò-sént-lé. *ad.* without guilt.
Innocuous, in-nòk'-kú-ús. *a.* harmless.
Innovate, in-nò-váte. *v. a.* to bring in something not known before. -
Innovation, in-nò-vá'-shún. *s.* change by the introduction of novelty. [novelties.]
Innovator, in-nò-vá-túr. *s.* an introducer of

Fâie, fâr, f'âl, fât ;—mè, mêt ;—plne, pln ;—

- Innoxious**, in-nôk'-shô. *a.* free from mischievous effects.
- Innuendo**, in-nû-êu'-dô. *s.* an oblique hint.
- Innumerable**, in-nû'-mûr-â-bl. *a.* not to be counted for multitude. [number.]
- Innumerably**, in-nû'-mûr-â-blê. *ad.* without number.
- Inoculate**, in-ôk'-kû-lâte. *v. a.* to propagate by insertion.
- Inoculation**, in-ôk'-kû-lâ'-shûn. *s.* grafting in the bud ; the practice of transplanting the small-pox.
- Inodorous**, in-ô-dûr-ûs. *a.* wanting scent.
- Inoffensive**, in-ôf-fên'-siv. *a.* harmless, innocent.
- Inoffensively**, in-ôf-fên'-siv-lê. *ad.* without harm. [ness.]
- Inoffensiveness**, in-ôf-fên'-siv-nês. *s.* harmless-ness.
- Inopportune**, in-ôp-pôr-tûne'. *a.* unseasonable, inconvenient. [order.]
- Inordinateness**, in-ôr'-dê-nâ-sê. *s.* irregularity, disorder.
- Inordinate**, in-ôr'-dê-nâte. *a.* irregular.
- Inordinately**, in-ôr'-dê-nâte-lê. *ad.* irregularly.
- Inordination**, in-ôr'-dê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* irregularity.
- Inorganical**, in-ôr-gân'-ê-kâl. *a.* void of organs or instrumental parts.
- Inosculate**, in-ôf-kû-lâte. *v. n.* to unite by apposition or contact.
- Inosculation**, in-ôf-kû-lâ'-shûn. *s.* union by conjunction of the extremities.
- Inquest**, ing'-kwêst. *s.* judicial inquiry ; a jury.
- Inquietude**, in-kwi'-ê-tûde. *s.* disturbed state, want of quiet.
- Inquire**, in-kwire'. *v. n.* to ask questions, to make search.
- Inquirer**, in-kwi'-rûr. *s.* searcher, examiner.
- Inquiry**, in-kwi'-rê. *s.* interrogation.
- Inquisition**, ing-kwê-zîsh'-ûn. *s.* judicial inquiry ; the court established in some countries for the detection of heresy.
- Inquisitive**, in-kwiz'-ê-tiv. *a.* curious, active to pry into any thing.
- Inquisitiveness**, in-kwiz'-zê-tiv-nês. *s.* diligence to pry into things hidden.
- Inquisitor**, in-kwiz'-zê-tûr. *s.* an officer in the courts of inquisition.
- Inrail**, in-râle. *v. a.* to enclose with rails.
- Inroad**, in-'rôde. *s.* incursion. [ble.]
- Insane**, in-sân'-â-bl. *a.* incurable, irremediable.
- Insane**, in-sânê. *a.* mad, making mad.
- Insanity**, in-sân'-ê-tê. *s.* the state of being in sane ; madness. [measure.]
- Insatiable**, in-sâ'-shê-â-bl. *a.* greedy beyond measure.
- Insatiableness**, in-sâ'-shê-â-bl-nês. *s.* greediness not to be appeased.
- Insatiably**, in-sâ'-shê-â-blê. *ad.* with greediness not to be appeased.
- Insatiable**, in-sâtsh-û-râ-bl. *a.* not to be filled.
- Inscribe**, in-skribe'. *v. a.* to write on any thing to assign to a patron.
- Inscription**, in-skrip'-shûn. *s.* something written or engraved ; a title.
- Inscrutable**, in-skru'-tâ-bl. *a.* unsearchable.
- Insculp**, in-skûlp'. *v. a.* to engrave, to cut.
- Insculpture**, in-skûlp'-tshûro. *s.* any thing engraved. [a seam or cicatrix.]
- Inseam**, in-sême'. *v. a.* to impress or mark by a seam.
- Insect**, in-'sêkt. *s.* a small creeping or flying animal. [sects.]
- Insectile**, in-sêkt'-tîl. *a.* having the nature of an insect.
- Insectologer**, in-sêkt-tôl'-ô-jûr. *s.* one who describes insects.
- Insecure**, in-sê-kûre'. *a.* not secure ; not safe.
- Insecurity**, in-sê-kû-rê-tê. *s.* want of safety, danger. [scattering seed on ground.]
- Insemination**, in-sêm-mê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of sowing.
- Insensate**, in-sên'-sâte. *a.* stupid.
- Insensibility**, in-sên-sê-blî'-ê-tê. *s.* stupidity ; torpor. [of feeling.]
- Insensible**, in-sên-sê-bl. *a.* imperceptible ; void of feeling.
- Insensibleness**, in-sên-sê-bl-nês. *s.* absence of perception, inability to perceive.
- Insensibly**, in-sên-sê-blê. *ad.* imperceptibly.
- Insentient**, in-sên-shê-ênt. *a.* not having perception.
- Inseparability**, in-sêp-pâr-â-blî'-ê-tê. } *s.* the
- Inseparableness**, in-sêp-pâr-â-bl-nês. } quality of being such as cannot be divided
- Inseparable**, in-sêp-pâr-â-bl. *a.* united so as not to be parted. [soluble union.]
- Inseparably**, in-sêp-pâr-â-blê. *ad.* with indissolubility.
- Insert**, in-sêr'. *v. a.* to place in or among other things.
- Insertion**, in-sêr'-shûn. *s.* the act of placing any thing in or among other matter ; the thing inserted.
- Inservient**, in-sêr-vê-ênt. *a.* conducive.
- Insell**, in-sêl'. *v. a.* to hide in a shell.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—óil;—póund;—thin, THIS.

Inship, in-shíp'. v. a. to shut in a ship, to embark. [or precious case.

Inshrine, in-shrine'. v. a. to enclose in a shrine
Inside, in'-sáde. s. interior part.

Insidious, in-síd'-é-ús. a. circumventive, treacherous. [treacherous manner.

Insidiously, in-síd'-é-ús-lé. ad. in a sly and
Insight, in'-sáte. s. inspection.

Insignificance, in-síg-níf-fé-kánsé. s. want of meaning; unimportance

Insignificant, in-síg-níf-fé-xánt. a. wanting meaning; unimportant.

Insignificantly, in-síg-níf-fé-kánt-lé. ad. without meaning; without importance.

Insincere, in-sín-sé're'. a. dissembling, unfaithful.

Insincerity, in-sín-sé'r'-é-té. s. dissimulation.

Insinuant, in-sín'-ná-ánt. a. having the power to gain favour.

Insinuate, in-sín'-nú-áte. v. a. to introduce any thing gently; to hint; to infuse.

Insinuate, in-sín'-nú-áte. v. n. to wheedle, to gain on the affections by gentle degrees.

Insinuation, in-sín'-nú-á'-shún. s. the power of pleasing, or stealing upon the affections.

Inspid, in-síp'-píd. a. without taste.

Inspidity, in-sé-píd'-é-té. } s. want of taste.

Inspidness, in-síp'-píd-néa. }

Inspidly, in-síp'-píd-lé. ad. without taste.

Insipience, in-síp'-é-énsé. s. folly, want of understanding. [persist in.

Insist, in-síst'. v. n. to stand or rest upon; to

Insistent, in-síst'-ént. a. resting upon. [thrust.

Insitency, in-sítsh'-é-én-sé. s. exemption from

Insition, in-sítsh'-án. s. the insertion or ingraftment of one branch into another.

Insinuate, in-sín-sé're'. v. a. to entrap; to inveigle.

Insobriety, in-sò-brí'-é-té. s. drunkenness.

Insober, in-sò-bré'-é-bl. a. averse from conversation; incapable of connexion. [sun.

Insolation, in-sò-lá'-shún. s. exposition to the

Insolence, in'-sò-lénsé. s. pride exerted in overbearing treatment of others; petulant contempt. [overbearing.

Insolent, in'-sò-lént. a. contemptuous of others,

Insolently, in'-sò-lént-lé. ad. haughtily, rudely.

Insoluble, in-sòl'-ú-bl. a. not to be dissolved or separated.

Insolvable, in-sòl'-vá-bl. a. such as admits of no solution; that cannot be paid. [debts.

Insolvency, in-sòl'-vén-sé. s. inability to pay

Insolvent, in-sòl'-vém. a. unable to pay.

Insomuch, in-sò-mútsh'. conj. so that, to such a degree that.

Inspect, in-spékt'. v. a. to look into by way of examination.

Inspection, in-spékt'-shún. s. close survey; superintendence

Inspector, in-spékt'-túr. s. a superintendent.

Inspection, in-spér'-shún. s. a sprinkling.

Insphere, in-siére'. v. a. to place in an orb or sphere.

Inspiration, in-spé-rá'-shún. s. the act of drawing in the breath; infusion of ideas into the mind by a superiour power.

Inspire, in-spi're'. v. n. to draw in the breath.

Inspire, in-spi're'. v. a. to breathe into, to infuse into the mind.

Inspirit, in-sprí'-ít. v. a. to animate.

Inspissate, in-sps'-sáte. v. a. to thicken.

Inspissation, in-sps'-sá'-shún. s. the act of making any liquid thick. [ness.

Instability, in-stá-bíl'-é-té. s. inconstancy, fickleness.

Instable, in-stá'-bl. a. inconstant, changing.

Install, in-stáll'. v. a. to invest.

Installation, in-stál-lá'-shún. s. the act of giving visible possession.

Instalment, in-stál'-mém. s. the act of installing payment made at different times.

Instance, in'-stánsé. s. importunity, solicitation; motive, influence. [ample

Instance, in'-stánsé. v. n. to give or offer an example

Instant, in'-stánt. a. pressing, urgent.

Instant, in'-stánt. s. the present or current month.

Instantaneous, in-stán-tá'-né-ús. a. done in an instant.

Instantaneously, in-stán-tá'-né-ús-lé. ad. in an indivisible point of time. [gent importunity.

Instantly, in'-stánt-lé. ad. immediately, with urgency.

Instauration, in-stáw-rá'-shún. s. restoration

Instead, in-stéd'. prep. in room of.

Insteep, in-stéep'. v. a. to soak, to macerate

Instep, in'-stéep. s. the upper part of the foot.

Instigate, in'-sté-gáte. v. a. to urge to ill.

Instigation, in-sté-gá'-shún. s. impulse to ill.

Instigator, in'-sté-gá-túr. s. inciter to ill.

Fâie, fâr, fâi, fâi;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

Instill, *in-sûl'*. *v. a.* to infuse by drops.
Instillation, *in-sûl-lâ-shûn*. *s.* the act of pouring in by drops; the act of infusing slowly into the mind.
Instinct, *in-sûngk'*. *a.* moved, animated.
Instinct, *in-sûngkt'*. *s.* the power which determines the will of brutes; natural desire or aversion.
Instinctive, *in-sûngk'-tîv*. *a.* acting without the application or choice of reason.
Instinctively, *in-sûngk'-tîv-lê*. *ad.* by instinct.
Institute, *in-sû-tû-tê*. *v. a.* to establish.
Institute, *in-sû-tê-tû-tê*. *s.* established law, sealed order; precept, maxim, principle.
Institution, *in-sû-tû-shûn*. *s.* establishment; positive law. [tal.]
Institutionary, *in-sû-tû-shûn-âr-ê*. *a.* elementary.
Instruct, *in-sû-krûk'*. *v. a.* to teach, to form by
Instructor, *in-sû-krûk'-tûr*. *s.* a teacher. [precept.]
Instruction, *in-sû-krûk'-shûn*. *s.* the act of teaching, information. [edge.]
Instructive, *in-sû-krûk'-tîv*. *a.* conveying knowledge.
Instrument, *in-sû-rû-mênt*. *s.* a tool; a deed.
Instrumental, *in-sû-rû-mênt-tâi*. *a.* conducive as means to some end. [dinate agency.]
Instrumentality, *in-sû-rû-mênt-tâi-ê-tê*. *s.* subordination.
Instrumentally, *in-sû-rû-mênt-tâi-ê*. *ad.* as means to an end.
Insufferable, *in-sûf-fûr-â-bl*. *a.* intolerable.
Insufferably, *in-sûf-fûr-â-blê*. *ad.* to a degree beyond endurance.
Insufficiency, *in-sûf-fûh-ên-sê*. *s.* inadequateness to any end or purpose. [ties.]
Insufficient, *in-sûf-fûh-ên-t*. *a.* wanting ability.
Insufficiently, *in-sûf-fûh-ên-t-lê*. *ad.* with want of proper ability.
Insular, *in-sû-lâr*. *a.* belonging to an island.
Insulated, *in-sû-lâ-têd*. *a.* not contiguous on
Insult, *in-sûlt*. *s.* act of insolence. [any side.]
Insult, *in-sûlt'*. *v. a.* to treat with insolence.
Insultingly, *in-sûlt'-ing-lê*. *ad.* with contemptuous triumph.
Insuperability, *in-sû-pêr-â-bl-ê-tê*. *s.* the quality of being invincible.
Insuperable, *in-sû-pêr-â-bl*. *a.* insurmountable.
Insuperableness, *in-sû-pêr-â-bl-nês*. *s.* invincibility. [surmountably.]
Insuperably, *in-sû-pêr-â-blê*. *ad.* invincibly, in-

Insupportable, *in-sûp-pôr-tâ-bl*. *a.* intolerable, insufferable. [endurance.]
Insupportably, *in-sûp-pôr-tâ-blê*. *ad.* beyond
Insurmountable, *in-sûr-môun-tâ-bl*. *a.* not to be got over. [cibly, unconquerably.]
Insurmountably, *in-sûr-môun-tâ-blê*. *ad.* invincibly.
Insurrection, *in-sûr-rêk-shûn*. *s.* a seditious rising. [the touch.]
Intactible, *in-tâk'-tê-bl*. *a.* not perceptible to
Intaglio, *in-tâi'-yô*. *s.* any thing that has figures engraved on it.
Intastable, *in-tâs-tâ-bl*. *a.* not to be tasted.
Integer, *in-tê-jêr*. *s.* the whole of any thing.
Integral, *in-tê-grâl*. *a.* whole; not broken into fractions. [parts.]
Integral, *in-tê-grâl*. *s.* the whole made up of
Integral, *in-tê-grânt*. *a.* necessary for making up an integer.
Integrity, *in-tê-grê-tê*. *s.* honesty; entireness.
Integument, *in-tê-grû-mênt*. *s.* a covering.
Intellect, *in-tê-lêkt*. *s.* the power of understanding. [understand.]
Intellective, *in-tê-lêk'-tîv*. *a.* having power to
Intellectual, *in-tê-lêk'-shû-âl*. *a.* relating to the understanding. [understanding.]
Intelligence, *in-tê-lê-jên-sê*. *s.* notice; spirit.
Intelligencer, *in-tê-lê-jên-sêr*. *s.* one who conveys news, one who gives notice of private or distant transactions.
Intelligent, *in-tê-lê-jênt*. *a.* knowing, skilful.
Intelligibility, *in-tê-lê-jê-bl-ê-tê*. *s.* possibility to be understood.
Intelligible, *in-tê-lê-jê-bl*. *a.* to be conceivable to the understanding.
Intelligibleness, *in-tê-lê-jê-bl-nês*. *s.* possibility to be understood, perspicuity.
Intelligibly, *in-tê-lê-jê-blê*. *ad.* clearly.
Intemperament, *in-tê-m-pêr-â-mênt*. *s.* bad constitution. [moderation, excess.]
Intemperance, *in-tê-m-pêr-ân-sê*. *s.* want of
Intemperance, *in-tê-m-pêr-ân-sê*. *a.* immoderate.
Intemperateness, *in-tê-m-pêr-ân-sê-nês*. *s.* want of moderation. [some quality.]
Intemperature, *in-tê-m-pêr-â-tûr*. *s.* excess of
Intend, *in-tênd'*. *v. a.* to mean, to design.
Intendant, *in-tênd'-ânt*. *s.* an officer of the highest class. [to sustain.]
Intenerate, *in-tê-nêr-â-tê*. *v. a.* to make tender,

nò, mǒve, nǒr, nót;—tǔbe, tǔp, bǎll;—ōil;—pǒund;—thin, THIS.

- Inteneration**, in-tén-nér-à'-shǔn. *s.* the act of softening or making tender.
- Intenable**, in-tén-'é-bl. *a.* that cannot hold.
- Intense**, in-ténse'. *a.* raised to a high degree; vehement.
- Intensely**, in-ténse'-lè. *ad.* to a great degree.
- Intenseness**, in-ténse'-nès. *s.* the state of being affected to a high degree.
- Intension**, in-tén-shǔn. *s.* the act of forcing or straining any thing.
- Intensity**, in-tén-'sè-tè. *s.* intenseness.
- Intensive**, in-tén-'siv. *a.* intent, full of care.
- Intensively**, in-tén-'siv-lè. *ad.* to a great degree.
- Intent**, in-tén't'. *a.* anxiously diligent.
- Intent**, in-tén't'. *s.* a design, a drift.
- Intention**, in-tén-shǔn. *s.* design, purpose.
- Intentional**, in-tén'-shǔn-ál. *a.* designed, done by design. [with fixed choice.]
- Intentionally**, in-tén'-shǔn-ál-è. *ad.* by design.
- Intentive**, in-tén-'tív. *a.* busily attentive.
- Intentively**, in-tén-'tív-lè. } *ad.* with close application, closely.
- Intently**, in-tén't'-lè. }
- Intentness**, in-tén't'-nès. *s.* anxious application.
- Inter**, in-tér'. *v. a.* to bury.
- Intercalary**, in-tér-kál-'á-rè. *a.* inserted out of the common order to preserve the equation of time, as the 29th of February in a leap year is an *intercalary* day.
- Intercalate**, in-tér-'ká-là-te. *v. a.* to insert an extraordinary day.
- Intercalation**, in-tér-ká-lá'-shǔn. *s.* insertion of days out of the ordinary reckoning.
- Intercede**, in-tér-sèd'. *v. n.* to pass between; to act between two parties.
- Interceder**, in-tér-sèd'-dǔr. *s.* a mediator.
- Intercept**, in-tér-sèpt'. *v. a.* to stop and seize in the way; to cut off.
- Interception**, in-tér-sèp'-shǔn. *s.* obstruction, seizure by the way.
- Intercession**, in-tér-sesh'-ǔn. *s.* mediation.
- Intercessor**, in-tér-sès-'sǔr. *s.* mediator.
- Interchain**, in-tér-'shàné'. *v. a.* to chain, to link together.
- Interchange**, in-tér-'shànje'. *v. a.* to succeed alternately.
- Interchange**, in-tér-'shànje. *s.* commerce.
- Interchangeable**, in-tér-'shàn'-já-bl. *a.* given and taken mutually.
- Interchangement**, in-tér-'shànje'-mènt. *s.* exchange, mutual transference. [power]
- Intercipient**, in-tér-síp-'è-ènt. *s.* an intercepting
- Intercision**, in-tér-'sǐzh'-ǔn. *s.* interruption.
- Interclude**, in-tér-'klǔde'. *v. n.* to shut out.
- Interclusion**, in-tér-'klǔ-shǔn. *s.* obstruction, intercession. [space between pillars]
- Intercolumniation**, in-tér-kò-lǔm-nè-à'-shǔn. *s.*
- Intercostal**, in-tér-kòs-'tál. *a.* placed between the ribs. [munication.]
- Intercourse**, in-tér-'kòrse. *s.* commerce; com-
- Intercurrence**, in-tér-kǔr-'rènsè. *s.* passage between. [tween.]
- Intercurrent**, in-tér-kǔr-'rènt. *a.* running be-
- Interdict**, in-tér-'dǐkt'. *v. a.* to forbid, to prohibit.
- Interdict**, in-tér-'dǐkt. *s.* prohibition.
- Interdiction**, in-tér-'dǐk'-shǔn. *s.* prohibition, a curse. [an interdiction.]
- Interdictory**, in-tér-'dǐk'-tǔr-è. *a.* belonging to interest, in-tér-'èst. *v. a.* to concern.
- Interest**, in-tér-'èst. *s.* concern, advantage, participation; money paid for use.
- Interfere**, in-tér-'fèrè'. *v. n.* to interpose; to clash. [ing, an intermeddling.]
- Interference**, in-tér-'fè-'rènsè. *s.* an interpos-
- Interfluent**, in-tér-'fǔ-ènt. *a.* flowing between.
- Interfulgent**, in-tér-'fǔl-'jènt. *a.* shining between. [between.]
- Interfused**, in-tér-'fǔzd'. *a.* poured or scattered
- Interim**, in-tér-'im. *s.* mean time, intervening time.
- Interior**, in-tè-'rè-àr. *a.* internal.
- Interjacent**, in-tér-já-'sènt. *a.* intervening, lying between. [clamation.]
- Interjection**, in-tér-'jèk'-shǔn. *s.* a sudden ex
- Interjoin**, in-tér-jóin'. *v. n.* to join mutually, to intermarry. [knowledge.]
- Interknowledge**, in-tér-nól-'lèdje. *s.* mutua
- Interlace**, in-tér-làse'. *v. a.* to intermix.
- Interlapse**, in-tér-làpse'. *s.* the flow of time between any two events.
- Interlard**, in-tér-lárd'. *v. a.* to interpose, to insert between.
- Interleave**, in-tér-lève'. *v. a.* to chequer a book by the insertion of blank leaves.
- Interline**, in-tér-'lne'. *v. a.* to write in alternate lines; to correct by something written between the lines.

Fâc, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

- Interlineation**, in-têr-lîn-ê-k'-shûn. *s.* correction made by writing between the lines.
- Interlink**, in-têr-lîng't'. *v. a.* to join one in another.
- Interlocution**, in-têr-lò-k'ù-shûn. *s.* dialogue.
- Interlocutor**, in-têr-lòk'-kù-tûr. *s.* one that talks with another. [of dialogue.]
- Interlocutory**, in-têr-lòk'-kù-tûr-ê. *a.* consisting
- Interlope**, in-têr-lòp'e'. *v. n.* to run between parties, and intercept the advantage that one should gain from the other.
- Interloper**, in-têr-lò-pâr. *s.* one who runs into business to which he has no right.
- Interlucent**, in-têr-lù-sênt. *a.* shining between.
- Interlude**, in-têr-lòde. *s.* a farce.
- Interlunar**, in-têr-lù-nâr. *a.* belonging to the time when the moon, about to change, is invisible.
- Intermarriage**, in-têr-mâr-rîdje. *s.* marriage between two families, where each takes one and gives another.
- Intermarry**, in-têr-mâr-rê. *v. n.* to marry some of each family with the other.
- Intermeddle**, in-têr-mêd'-dl. *v. n.* to interpose officiously.
- Intermediacy**, in-têr-mê-dê-â-sê, or in-têr-mê-jê-â-sê. *s.* interposition, intervention.
- Intermedial**, in-têr-mê-dê-âl, or } *a.* interven-
in-têr-mê-jê-âl. } ing, inter-
 } posed.
- Intermediate**, in-têr-mê-dê-âte. }
- Interment**, in-têr-mênt. *s.* burial, sepulture.
- Intermigration**, in-têr-mê-grâ-shûn. *s.* an exchange of place.
- Interminable**, in-têr-mê-nâ-bl. } *a.* unbounded,
 } unlimited.
- Interminate**, in-têr-mê-nâte. }
- Intermingle**, in-têr-mîng'-gl. *v. a.* to mingle, to mix some things among others.
- Intermingle**, in-têr-mîng'-gl. *v. n.* to be mixed or incorporated.
- Intermission**, in-têr-mîsh'-ûn. *s.* pause; convenient time; state of being intermitted.
- Intermissive**, in-têr-mîs'-siv. *a.* coming by fits, not continual.
- Intermit**, in-têr-mî't'. *v. a.* to forbear any thing for a time, to interrupt.
- Intermit**, in-têr-mî't'. *v. n.* to grow mild between the fits.
- Intermittent**, in-têr-mî't'-tênt. *a.* coming by fits
- Intermix**, in-têr-mîks'. *v. a.* to mingle, to join to put some things among others.
- Intermix**, in-têr-mîks'. *v. n.* to be mingled together. [ed by mingling bodies.]
- Intermixture**, in-têr-mîks'-tshûre. *s.* mass form-
- Intermundane**, in-têr-mûn'-dane. *a.* subsisting between worlds. [walls.]
- Intermural**, in-têr-mû-râl. *a.* lying between
- Intermutual**, in-têr-mû-tshû-âl. *a.* mutual, interchanged.
- Internal**, in-têr'-nâl. *a.* inward; intrinsic.
- Internally**, in-têr'-nâl-ê. *ad.* inwardly; mentally.
- Interpolate**, in-têr'-pò-lâte. *v. a.* to foist any thing into a place to which it does not belong.
- Interpolation**, in-têr-pò-lâ-shûn. *s.* something added or put into the original matter.
- Interpolator**, in-têr'-pò-lâ-tûr. *s.* one who foists in counterfeit passages. [vention.]
- Interposal**, in-têr-pò-zâl. *s.* interposition; inter-
- Interpose**, in-têr-pòze'. *v. a.* to thrust in as an obstruction, interruption, or inconvenience, to place between.
- Interpose**, in-têr-pòze'. *v. n.* to mediate, to act between two parties.
- Interposer**, in-têr-pò-zûr. *s.* an intervening agent, mediator. [tween parties.]
- Interposition**, in-têr-pò-zîsh'-ûn. *s.* agency be-
- Interpret**, in-têr-prêt'. *v. a.* to explain, to translate.
- Interpretation**, in-têr-prêt'-tshûn. *s.* explanation; exposition.
- Interpreter**, in-têr-prêt'-tûr. *s.* an expositor.
- Interregnum**, in-têr-rêg'-nûm. *s.* soace between the death of one prince and accession of another.
- Interrogate**, in-têr-rò-gâte. *v. a.* to examine.
- Interrogation**, in-têr-rò-gâ-shûn. *s.* a question put, an inquiry; a note that marks a question, thus [?].
- Interrogative**, in-têr-ròg'-gâ-tiv. *a.* denoting a question, expressed in a questionary form of words.
- Interrogative**, in-têr-ròg'-gâ-tiv. *s.* a pronoun used in asking questions; as, who? what?
- Interrogator**, in-têr-rò-gâ-tûr. *s.* an asker of questions. [tion, an asker.]
- Interrogatory**, in-têr-ròg'-gâ-tûr-ê. *s.* a question

nò, móve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, bóll;—óll;—póhnd;—thín, trís.

Interrogatory, in-tér-róg'-gá-thr-è. *a.* containing or expressing a question.

Interrupt, in-tér-rúpt'. *v. a.* to hinder.

Interruptedly, in-tér-rúp'-téd-lè. *ad.* not in continuity. [tinuity; stop.]

Interruption, in-tér-rúp'-shún. *s.* breach of continuity.

Interscribe, in-tér-skríbe'. *v. a.* to write between.

Intersecant, in-tér-sé'-kánt. *a.* dividing any thing into parts.

Intersect, in-tér-sékt'. *v. a.* to cut, to divide each other mutually.

Intersection, in-tér-sék'-shún. *s.* the point where lines cross each other.

Intersect, in-tér-sékt'. *v. a.* to put in between.

Intersection, in-tér-sék'-shún. *s.* an insertion.

Interperse, in-tér-spérse'. *v. a.* to scatter here and there. [scattering here and there.]

Interpersation, in-tér-spér'-shún. *s.* the act of interstellar, in-tér-stél'-lár. *a.* intervening between the stars. [and another.]

Interstice, in-tér-stís. *s.* space between one thing and another.

Interstitial, in-tér-stísh'-ál. *a.* containing interstices.

Intertexture, in-tér-téks'-tshùre. *s.* diversification of things mingled or woven among each other.

Intertwine, in-tér-twíne'. } *v. a.* to unite by
Intertwist, in-tér-twíst'. } twisting.

Interval, in-tér-vál'. *s.* space between, interstices; remission of a distemper.

Intervene, in-tér-véne'. *v. n.* to come between.

Intervent, in-tér-vé'-né-ént. *a.* passing between. [tween; interposition.]

Intervention, in-tér-vén'-shún. *s.* agency between.

Intervert, in-tér-vért'. *v. a.* to turn to another course.

Interview, in-tér-vú. *s.* mutual sight.

Intervolve, in-tér-vól'. *v. a.* to involve one within another.

Intervolve, in-tér-véve'. *v. a.* pret. *intervove*; part. pass. *intervoven*, *intervovee*, or *intervolved*, to mix one with another in a regular texture, or to intermingle. [a will.]

Intervolve, in-tér-vól. *a.* disqualified to make

Intestate, in-tés'-táte. *a.* dying without a will.

Intestate, in-tés'-tè-nál. *a.* belonging to the estate.

Intestine, in-tés'-tín. *a.* internal; domestic.

Intestine, in-tés'-tín. *s.* the gut, the bowel.

Inthral, in-thráwl'. *v. a.* to enslave, to shackle.

Inthralment, in-thráwl'-mént. *s.* servitude, slavery.

Intimacy, in-té-má-sé. *s.* close familiarity.

Intimate, in-té-máte. *a.* familiar, closely acquainted.

Intimate, in-té-máte. *s.* a familiar friend.

Intimate, in-té-máte. *v. a.* to hunt, to point out indirectly.

Intimately, in-té-máte-lè. *ad.* closely

Intimation, in-té-má'-shún. *s.* hint, indirect declaration or direction. [to dastardize.]

Intimidate, in-ílm'-é-dáte. *v. a.* to make fearful.

Intire, in-ítre'. *a.* whole, unbroken.

Intireness, in-ítre'-nès. *s.* wholeness; integrity

Into, in-tó. *prep.* noting entrance with regard to place, or penetration beyond the outside.

Intolerable, in-tól'-lér-á-bl. *a.* insufferable.

Intolerably, in-tól'-lér-á-blé. *ad.* to a degree beyond endurance.

Intolerant, in-tól'-lér-ánt. *a.* not enduring.

Intolerance, in-tól'-lér-ánee. *s.* want of toleration. [ing.]

Intonation, in-tó-ná'-shún. *s.* manner of sound.

Intort, in-tórt'. *v. a.* to twist, to wreath.

Intoxicate, in-tóks'-é-káte. *v. a.* to inebriate, to make drunk.

Intoxication, in-tóks'-é-kl'-shún. *s.* inebriation.

Intractable, in-trákt'-tá-bl. *a.* ungovernable, furious. [perverseness.]

Intractableness, in-trákt'-tá-bl-nés. *s.* obstinacy.

Intransmutable, in-tráns-mú'-tá-bl. *a.* unchangeable to any other substance.

Intreasure, in-trézh'-dre. *v. a.* to lay up as in a treasury.

Intrench, in-trésh'. *v. n.* to break with ho. Jows; to fortify with a trench.

Intrenchant, in-trésh'-ánt. *a.* not to be divided.

Intrenchment, in-trésh'-mént. *s.* fortification with a trench.

Intrepid, in-trép'-íd. *a.* fearless, bold.

Intrepidity, in-trép-íd'-é-té. *s.* fearlessness, courage. [ly.]

Intrepidly, in-trép-íd-lè. *ad.* fearlessly, daring.

Intricity, in-tré-í-sé. *s.* perplexity, inconvolution.

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât;—mè, mêt;—pine, ph;—

Intricate, in-trè-kâte. *a.* entangled, perplexed, complicated.

Intricately, in-trè-kâte-lè. *ad.* with perplexity.
 Intricateness, in-trè-kâte-nès. *s.* perplexity, involution.

Intrigue, in-trèg. *s.* a plot; a love affair.

Intrigue, in-trèg'. *v. n.* to form plots, or carry on private designs.

Intriguingly, in-trèg'-ing lè. *ad.* with intrigue.

Intrinsic, in-trin'-sè-kâl. *a.* internal, natural.

Intrinsically, in-trin'-sè-kâl-è. *ad.* internally, naturally.

Intrinsic, in-trin'-sè-kâl. *a.* inward, real.

Introduce, in-trò-dùsè'. *v. a.* to conduct or usher into a place.

Introduction, in-trò-dùk'-shùn. *s.* the act of conducting or ushering to; the preface.

Introductive, in-trò-dùk'-tív. } *a.* previous,

Introductory, in-trò-dùk'-túr-è. } serving as a means to something farther.

Introgession, in-trò-grèsh'-shùn. *s.* entrance, the act of entering.

Introspection, in-trò-spèk'-shùn. *s.* a view of the inside.

Introspect, in-trò-spèk'-shùn. *v. n.* to enter, coming in.

Introspect, in-trò-spèk'-shùn. *v. n.* to enter, coming in.

Introduce, in-trò-dùsè'. *v. a.* to conduct or usher into a place.

Intruder, in-trò-dùr. *s.* one who forces himself into company without right.

Intrusion, in-trò-dùshùn. *s.* the act of intruding.

Intrusive, in-trò-dùsív. *a.* intruding, coming into company without invitation.

Intuit, in-trò-dùshùn. *s.* the act of intruding.

Intuitive, in-trò-dùshùn. *s.* the act of intruding.

Intuitive, in-trò-dùshùn. *s.* the act of intruding.

Intuitive, in-trò-dùshùn. *s.* the act of intruding.

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Intuitive, in-trò-dùshùn. *s.* the act of intruding.

Invade, in-vâdè'. *v. a.* to attack a country, to make a hostile entrance; to assault.

Invader, in-vâ-dùr. *s.* one who enters with hostility into the possessions of another as assailant.

Invalid, in-vâl'-lè. *a.* weak, of no efficacy.

Invalid, in-vâl'-lèd'. *s.* one disabled by sickness or hurts.

Invalidate, in-vâl'-è-dâte. *v. a.* to weaken or deprive of force or efficacy.

Invalidity, in-vâl'-lè-d-è-tè. *s.* weakness, want of efficacy.

Invaluable, in-vâl'-ù-â-bl. *a.* inestimable.

Invariable, in-vâ'-rè-â-bl. *a.* unchangeable, constant.

Invariableness, in-vâ'-rè-â-bl-nès. *s.* immutability, constancy.

Invariably, in-vâ'-rè-â-bl-è. *ad.* unchangeably, constantly.

Invasion, in-vâ'-zhùn. *s.* hostile encroachment.

Invasive, in-vâ'-sív. *a.* entering hostilely.

Invective, in-vèk'-tív. *s.* a severe censure in speech or writing.

Invective, in-vèk'-tív. *a.* satirical, abusive.

Invectively, in-vèk'-tív-lè. *ad.* satirically, abusively. [proch.]

Invective, in-vèk'-tív. *s.* a severe censure in speech or writing.

Invective, in-vèk'-tív. *a.* satirical, abusive.

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Invective, in-vèk'-tív. *s.* a severe censure in speech or writing.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—òll;—pòònd;—thin, THIS.

Investigable, in-vès-tè-gá-bl. *a.* discoverable by rational disquisition.

Investigate, in-vès-tè-gáte. *v. a.* to search out.

Investigation, in-vès-tè-gá-shún. *s.* examination. [possession.]

Investiture, in-vès-tè-túre. *s.* the right of giving

Investment, in-vès-témént. *s.* dress.

Inveteracy, in-vét-tér-á-sé. *s.* long continuance of any thing bad. [lished.]

Inveterate, in-vét-tér-áte. *a.* old, long estab-

Inveterateness, in-vét-tér-áte-nés. *s.* long continuance of any thing bad; obstinacy.

Invidious, in-víd-té-ús. *a.* envious, malignant.

Invidiously, in-víd-té-ús-lé. *ad.* malignantly, enviously.

Invidiousness, in-víd-té-ús-nés. *s.* quality of provoking envy or hatred.

Invigorate, in-víg-gò-ráte. *v. a.* to animate.

Invigoration, in-víg-gò-rá-shún. *s.* the act of invigorating; the state of being invigorated.

Invincible, in-vín-sé-bl. *a.* unconquerable.

Invincibility, in-vín-sé-bl-nés. *s.* unconquerableness, insuperableness.

Invincibly, in-vín-sé-blé. *ad.* insuperably.

Inviolable, in-ví-té-bl. *a.* not to be profaned; not to be broken. [failure.]

Inviolably, in-ví-té-blé. *ad.* without breach or

Inviolate, in-ví-té-láte. *a.* unhurt, unbroken.

Inviability, in-víz-té-bl-té. *s.* the state of being inviolable.

Inviable, in-víz-té-bl. *a.* not to be seen. [sight.]

Invisibly, in-víz-té-blé. *ad.* imperceptibly to the

Invitation, in-vè-tá-shún. *s.* the act of inviting, bidding.

Invite, in-víte. *v. a.* to bid, to ask.

Invitingly, in-ví-túng-lé. *ad.* in such a manner as invites or allures. [upon.]

Invocate, in-vò-káte. *v. a.* to invoke, to call

Invocation, in-vò-ká-shún. *s.* the act of calling upon in prayer. [of a ship.]

Invoice, in-vòlse. *s.* a catalogue of the freight

Involve, in-vòke. *v. a.* to implore, to pray to.

Involuntarily, in-vòl-ún-tá-rè-lé. *ad.* not by choice.

Involuntary, in-vòl-ún-tá-ré. *a.* not done will-

Involvement, in-vòlv-shún. *s.* the act of involv-

ing; complication.

Involve, in-vòlv. *v. a.* to inwrap; to comprise; to entangle; to blend. [wounded.]

Invulnerable, in-vúl-nér-á-bl. *a.* not to be

Inward, in-wárd. } *ad.* towards the interna.

Inwards, in-wárdz. } parts, within; concavely.

Inward, in-wárd. *a.* internal, placed within.

Inward, in-wárd. *s.* any thing within; a near acquaintance. [internally.]

Inwardly, in-wárd-lé. *ad.* within, privately;

Inwardness, in-wárd-nés. *s.* intimacy, familiarity.

Inweave, in-wevé. *v. a.* pret. *inweave* or *inweaved*; part. pass. *inweave* or *inweoven*. to mix in weaving.

Inwrap, in-ráp. *v. a.* to cover by involution.

Inwreath, in-rèthé. *v. a.* to surround as with a wreath.

Inwrought, in-ráwt. *a.* adorned with work.

Ionic, í-ón-ík. *a.* belonging to one of the dialects of the Greek language, or to one of the five orders of architecture. [plant.]

Ipecacuanha, íp-pé-kák-ú-á-ná. *s.* an Indian

Irascible, í-rás-sé-bl. *a.* disposed to anger.

Ire, íre. *s.* anger, rage, passionate hatred.

Ireful, íre-fúl. *a.* angry, raging, furious.

Iris, í-rís. *s.* the rainbow; the circle round the pupil of the eye; the flower-de-lucco.

Irksome, érk-súm. *a.* wearisome, troublesome.

Irksomeness, érk-súm-nés. *s.* tediousness, wearisomeness.

Iron, í-árn. *s.* a hard, fusil, malleable metal; a chain, a shackle.

Iron, í-árn. *a.* made of iron; resembling iron in colour; hard, impenetrable.

Iron, í-árn. *v. a.* to smooth with an iron; to shackle with irons. [and meaning another

Ironical, í-rón-né-kál. *a.* expressing one thing

Ironically, í-rón-né-kál-é. *ad.* by the use of irony. [iron.]

Ironmonger, í-árn-múng-gúr. *s.* a dealer in

Irony, í-árn-é. *a.* having the qualities of iron.

Irony, í-rán-é. *s.* a mode of speech in which the meaning is contrary to the words.

Irradiance, í-rá-dé-ánsé. } *s.* emission of rays

Irradiancy, í-rá-dé-án-sé. } or beams of light upon an object; beams of light emitted.

Irradiate, í-rá-dé-áts. *v. a.* to adorn with light emitted upon it; to enlighten intellectually.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Irradiation**, *ir-râ-dê-â'-shûn*. *s.* the act of emitting beams of light; illumination.
- Irrational**, *ir-râsh'-ô-nâl*. *a.* void of reason.
- Irrationally**, *ir-râsh'-ô-nâl-ê*. *ad.* without reason, absurdly. [reclaimed.]
- Irreclaimable**, *ir-rê-klâ'-mâ-bl.* *a.* not to be reclaimed.
- Irreconcilable**, *ir-rêk-ôn-â'-lâ-bl.* *a.* not to be reconciled. [reconcilable manner.]
- Irreconcilably**, *ir-rêk-ôn-â'-lâ-blê*. *ad.* in an irreconcilable manner.
- Irrecoverable**, *ir-rê-kûv'-âr-â-bl.* *a.* not to be regained. [recovery.]
- Irrecoverably**, *ir-rê-kûv'-âr-â-blê*. *ad.* beyond recovery.
- Irreducible**, *ir-rê-dû'-sê-bl.* *a.* not to be reduced.
- Irrefragability**, *ir-rêf-frâ-gâ-blî-ê-tê*. *s.* strength of argument not to be refuted. [futed.]
- Irrefragable**, *ir-rêf-frâ-gâ-bl.* *a.* not to be confuted.
- Irrefragably**, *ir-rêf-frâ-gâ-blê*. *ad.* with force above confutation.
- Irrefutable**, *ir-rê-fû-tâ-ôl.* *a.* not to be overthrown by argument. [immethodical.]
- Irregular**, *ir-rêg-gû-lâr*. *a.* deviating from rule;
- Irregularity**, *ir-rêg-gû-lâr-ê-tê*. *s.* deviation from rule; inordinate practice.
- Irregularly**, *ir-rêg-gû-lâr-ê*. *ad.* without observation of rule or method.
- Irrelative**, *ir-rêl-lâ-tîv.* *a.* having no reference to any thing. [lieving.]
- Irrelevant**, *ir-rêl-ê-vânt*. *a.* unassisting, unimportant.
- Irreligion**, *ir-rê-lîd'-jûn*. *s.* contempt of religion, impiety.
- Irreligious**, *ir-rê-lîd'-jûn*. *a.* impious. [turn.]
- Irremeable**, *ir-rê-mê-â-bl.* *a.* admitting no remedy.
- Irremediable**, *ir-rê-mê-dê-â-bl.* *a.* not to be remedied. [doned.]
- Irremissible**, *ir-rê-mîs'-sê-bl.* *a.* not to be pardoned.
- Irremovable**, *ir-rê-môv'-â-bl.* *a.* not to be moved, not to be changed. [paired.]
- Irreparable**, *ir-rêp-pâ-râ-bl.* *a.* not to be repaired.
- Irreparably**, *ir-rêp-pâ-râ-blê*. *ad.* without amends. [redeamed.]
- Irrepleviable**, *ir-rê-plêv'-vê-â-bl.* *a.* not to be implevied.
- Irreprehensible**, *ir-rêp-prê-hên'-sê-bl.* *a.* exempt from blame. [out blame.]
- Irreprehensibly**, *ir-rêp-prê-hên'-sê-blê*. *ad.* without blame.
- Irreproachable**, *ir-rê-prôtsh'-â-bl.* *a.* free from reproach.
- Irreprovable**, *ir-rê-prôv'-â-bl.* *a.* not to be blamed, irreproachable.
- Irreptitious**, *ir-rêp-tîsh'-ûn*. *a.* encroaching, creeping in. [above opposition.]
- Irresistibility**, *ir-rê-zîs-tê-blî-ê-tê*. *s.* power of resistance.
- Irresistible**, *ir-rê-zîs-tê-bl.* *a.* superiour to opposition. [not to be opposed.]
- Irresistibly**, *ir-rê-zîs-tê-blê*. *ad.* in a manner irresistible.
- Irresoluble**, *ir-rêz'-zô-lû-bl.* *a.* not to be broken, not to be dissolved.
- Irresolute**, *ir-rêz'-zô-lûs.* *a.* not determined.
- Irresolutely**, *ir-rêz'-zô-lûs-lê*. *ad.* without firmness of mind. [ness of mind.]
- Irresolution**, *ir-rêz-ô-lû'-shûn*. *s.* want of firmness of mind.
- Irretrievable**, *ir-rê-trê-â-bl.* *a.* not to be repaired, irrecoverable. [ably.]
- Irretrievably**, *ir-rê-trê-â-blê*. *ad.* irrecoverably.
- Irreverence**, *ir-rêv'-vêr-ênsê*. *s.* want of veneration.
- Irreverent**, *ir-rêv'-vêr-ênt*. *a.* not paying due homage or reverence. [respect.]
- Irreverently**, *ir-rêv'-vêr-ênt-lê*. *ad.* without due respect.
- Irreversible**, *ir-rê-vêr'-sê-bl.* *a.* not to be recalled. [called.]
- Irrevocable**, *ir-rêv'-vô-kâ-bl.* *a.* not to be recalled.
- Irrevocably**, *ir-rêv'-vô-kâ-blê*. *ad.* without recall.
- Irrigate**, *ir-rê-gâ-tê*. *v. a.* to wet, to moisten.
- Irrigation**, *ir-rê-gâ'-shûn*. *s.* the act of watering or moistening.
- Irrigulous**, *ir-rîg'-gû-ûs.* *a.* watery; dewy.
- Irrision**, *ir-rîzh'-ûn*. *s.* the act of laughing at another. [angry.]
- Irritable**, *ir-rê-tâ-bl.* *a.* capable of being made irritable.
- Irritate**, *ir-rê-tâ-tê*. *v. a.* to provoke, to exasperate; to heighten. [peration.]
- Irritation**, *ir-rê-tâ'-shûn*. *s.* provocation, exasperation.
- Irruption**, *ir-rûp'-shûn*. *s.* the act of anything forcing an entrance; inroad.
- Is**, *iz*. the third person singular of *to be*, I am, thou art, he is; it is sometimes expressed by 's, as, What's the price of this book?
- Isicle**, *î'-sîk-kl.* *s.* a pendent shoot of ice.
- Isinglass**, *î'-zîng-glâs.* *s.* a fine kind of glue made from the intestines of a fish.
- Island**, *î'-lând*. *s.* a tract of land surrounded by water.
- Islander**, *î'-lând-ûr*. *s.* an inhabitant of an island.
- Isle**, *île*. *s.* an island. [tached.]
- Isolated**, *î'-ô-lâ-têd*. *a.* alone, separate, de-

no; move, ndr, nôt;—t'ée, t'ib, d'âl;—ôl;—pônd;—chin, tris.

Isosceles, i-sô's-è-léz. *s.* that which hath only two sides equal.

Issue, ish'-shù. *s.* the act of passing out; egress; event; termination; offspring.

Issue, ish'-shù. *v. n.* to come out; to make an eruption; to proceed as an offspring; to be produced by any fund.

Issue, ish'-shù. *v. a.* to send out, to send forth.

Issueless, ish'-shù-lés. *a.* without offspring.

Isthmus, ist'-mùs. *s.* a neck of land joining the peninsula to the continent.

It, it, pron. the neutral demonstrative; the thing spoken of before.

Itch, itsh. *s.* a cutaneous disease.

Itch, itsh. *v. n.* to feel that uneasiness in the skin which is removed by rubbing.

Item, i'-tém. *ad.* also; a word used when any article is added to the former.

Item, i'-tém. *s.* a new article; a hint.

Iterate, i'-tér-à-te. *v. a.* to repeat.

Iterant, i'-tér-ànt. *a.* repeating.

Iteration, i'-tér-à-shún. *s.* repetition.

Itinerant, i-th'-nér-ànt. *a.* wandering, not settling.

Itinerary, i-dn'-nér-àr-é. *s.* a book of travels.

Itinerary, i-dn'-nér-àr-é. *a.* travelling, done on a journey.

Itself, it-sél'f. *pron.* the neutral reciprocal pro-

Ivory, i-vúr-é. *s.* the tusk of the elephant.

Ivory, i-vúr-é. *a.* made of or pertaining to ivory.

Ivy, i'-vé. *s.* a plant.

J.

JABBER, jáb'-bdr. *v. n.* to talk idly.

Jacant, já-sént. *a.* lying at length.

Jack, ják. *s.* the diminutive of *John*; an engine; a fish.

Jackal, ják-káll'. *s.* a small animal supposed

Jackanapes, ják-án-áps. *s.* an ape, a coxcomb.

Jackdaw, ják-dáw'. *s.* a small species of crow.

Jacket, ják-kht. *s.* a short coat.

Jaculation, ják-ò-lá-shún. *s.* the act of throwing missile weapons.

Jade, jáde. *s.* a horse of no spirit; a sorry

Jade, jáde. *v. a.* to tire, to weary.

Japes, já-dish. *a.* vicious, incontinent.

Jagg, jág. *s.* a denticulation.

Jagg, jág. *v. a.* to cut into indentures.

Jaggy, jág'-gè. *a.* uneven, denticulated.

Jail, jále. *s.* a gaol, a prison.

Jalap, já-lúp. *s.* a purgative root.

Jam, jám. *s.* a conserve of fruits.

Jamb, jám. *s.* the post of a door.

Jangle, jáng'-gl. *v. n.* to quarrel.

Janizary, ján-nè-zár-é. *s.* a Turkish soldier.

Janty, ján-tè. *a.* showy, fluttering. [year.]

January, ján-nù-àr-é. *s.* the first month of the

Japan, já-pán'. *s.* work varnished and raised in gold and colours. [dispute.]

Jar, jár. *v. n.* to sound unwellably, to clash, to

Jar, jár. *s.* an earthen vessel; a harsh sound; discord. [ish.]

Jargon, jár-gún. *s.* unintelligible talk, gibber-

Jasmine, jáz-mín. *s.* a flower.

Jasper, jáz-pdr. *s.* a precious stone.

Jaundice, ján-dís. *s.* a distemper from obstruction of the glands of the liver.

Jaunt, jánt. *v. n.* to make little excursions for air or exercise.

Jauntiness, ján-tè-nés. *s.* airiness.

Javelin, jáv-lln. *s.* a spear, or half pike.

Jaw, jáw. *s.* the bone of the mouth in which the teeth are fixed.

Jay, já. *s.* a bird.

Jealous, jál-lús. *a.* suspicious. [jealous.]

Jealousness, jál-lús-nés. *s.* the state of being

Jealousy, jál-lús-é. *s.* suspicion in love, suspicious fear.

Jeer, jèer. *v. n.* to scoff, to make mock.

Jeer, jèer. *s.* scoff, taunt.

Jeeringly, jèer-íng-lè. *ad.* scornfully, contempt-

Jehovah, jè-hó-vá. *s.* the Hebrew name for God.

Jejune, jè-jóon'. *a.* wanting; hungry; dry.

Jejuneness, jè-jóon'-nés. *s.* penury, poverty dryness. [ous state.]

Jellied, jèl-lid. *a.* glutinous, brought to a vis

Jelly, jèl-lè. *s.* a kind of tender coagulation.

Jennet, jèn-nit. *s.* a Spanish horse. [danger.]

Jeopard, jèp-pdr. *v. a.* to hazard, to put in

Jeopardous, jèp-pdr-dís. *a.* hazardous, danger-

Jeopardy, jèp-pdr-é. *s.* hazard, peril. [ous.]

Jerk, jèrk. *s.* a smart, quick lash; a sudden jolt.

Jerk, jèrk. *v. a.* to strike with a smart, quick

blow.

Jerken, jèr-khn. *s.* a jacket, a short coat

Jersey, jèr-zè. *s.* fine yarn of wool

Fâse, fâr, fâll, fât; —mè, mêt; —pine, pin; —

Jessamine, jès'-sâ-mîn. *s.* a fragrant flower.
 Jest, jêst. *s.* any thing ludicrous, or meant only to raise laughter.
 Jest, jêst. *v. n.* to divert. [water.
 Jet, jêt. *s.* a beautiful black fossil; a spout of
 Jet, jêt. *v. n.* to shoot forward, to jut out.
 Jetty, jêt'-tè. *a.* made of jet, black as jet.
 Jewel, jû'-ll. *s.* a precious stone; a name of fondness.
 Jeweller, jû'-ll-lûr. *s.* one who deals in jewels.
 Jews-harp, jûze'-hârp. *s.* a sort of musical instrument.
 Jig, jîg. *s.* a light dance or tune.
 Jig, jîg. *v. n.* to dance carelessly [tempt.
 Jilt, jîlt. *s.* a deceiving woman, a name of con-
 fult, jîlt. *v. a.* to trick a man by flattering his love with false hopes. [a bell.
 Jingle, jîng'-gl. *s.* any thing sounding, a rattle,
 Jingle, jîng'-gl. *v. n.* to sound correspondently.
 Job, jôb. *s.* a mean lucrative affair; a piece of chance-work. [instrument.
 Job, jôb. *v. a.* to strike suddenly with a sharp
 -ob, jôb. *v. n.* to buy and sell as a broker.
 Jobber, jôb'-bûr. *s.* one who sells stock in the public funds; one who does chance-work.
 Jockey, jôk'-kè. *s.* one who deals in horses; a trickish fellow.
 Jockey, jôk'-kè. *v. a.* to juggle, to trick.
 Jocose, jô-kôse' }
 Jocular, jôk'-ô-lûr. } *a.* merry, waggish.
 Jocosely, jô-kôse'-lè. *ad.* waggishly, in jest.
 Jocularity, jôk'-ô-lûr'-è-tè. *s.* merriment, disposition to jest.
 Jocund, jôk'-ând. *a.* merry, gay, lively.
 Jocundly, jôk'-ând-lè. *ad.* merrily, gaily.
 Jog, jôg. *v. a.* to push, to shake.
 Jog, jôg. *s.* a push, a slight shake.
 Joggle, jôg'-gl. *v. n.* to shake, to be in a tremulous motion. [cert.
 Join, jôin. *v. a.* to add, to unite; to act in con-
 Joiner, jôin'-dûr. *s.* conjunction.
 Joiner, jôin'-ûr. *s.* one who joins wood together.
 Joint, jôint. *s.* articulation of limbs; hinge; knot in a plant.
 Joint, jôint. *a.* shared among many, combined.
 Joint, jôint. *v. a.* to join together, to form in articulations; to divide a joint.
 Jointly, jôint'-lè. *aa.* together.

Jointress, jôin'-três. *s.* one who holds any thing in jointure.
 Jointure, jôin' tshûre. *s.* estate settled on a wife to be enjoyed after her husband's decease.
 Joist, jôist. *s.* the secondary beam of a floor.
 Joke, jôke. *s.* a jest.
 Joke, jôke. *v. n.* to jest.
 Jole, jôle. *s.* the face or cheek; the head of a fish.
 Jollity, jôl'-lè-tè. *s.* gayety, merriment, festivity.
 Jolly, jôl'-lè. *a.* gay, merry; plump.
 Jolt, jôlt. *s.* a shock, as in a carriage.
 Jolt, jôlt. *v. n.* to shake as a carriage.
 Jonquille, jôn-kwîl' *s.* a species of daffodil.
 Jostle, jôs'-sl. *v. a.* to juggle to rush against.
 Jot, jôt. *v. a.* a point, a tittle.
 Journal, jûr'-nâl. *s.* a diary; any paper published daily.
 Journalist, jûr'-nâl-îst. *s.* a writer of journals.
 Journey, jûr'-nè. *s.* travel by land; passage from place to place.
 Journey, jûr'-nè. *v. n.* to travel.
 Journeyman, jûr'-nè-mân. *s.* a hired workman.
 Joust, jôst. *s.* tilt, tournament.
 Joust, jôst. *v. n.* to run in the tilt.
 Jovial, jô'-vè-âl. *a.* gay, airy, merry.
 Jovially, jô'-vè-âl-lè. *ad.* merrily, gaily.
 Jovialness, jô'-vè-âl-nès. *s.* gayety, merriment.
 Joy, jôè. *s.* gladness, merriment; happiness.
 Joy, jôè. *v. n.* to rejoice.
 Joyful, jôè'-fûl. *a.* full of joy, glad.
 Joyfully, jôè'-fûl-è. *ad.* with joy, gladly.
 Joyfulness, jôè'-fûl-nès. *s.* gladness, joy.
 Joyless, jôè'-lès. *a.* void of joy.
 Joyous, jôè'-ûs. *a.* glad, merry, giving joy.
 Jubilant, jû'-bè-lânt. *a.* uttering songs of triumph.
 Jubilee, jû'-bè-lè. *s.* a public festivity.
 Jucundity, jû-kûn'-dè-tè. *s.* pleasantness, agreeableness.
 Judaical, jû-dâ'-è-kâl. *a.* Jewish.
 Judaism, jû-dâ-îzm. *s.* the religious rites of the Jews.
 Judaize, jû-dâ-îze. *v. n.* to conform to the Jews.
 Judge, jûdje. *s.* one who presides in a court of judicature; one who has sufficient skill to decide. [ine authoritative.
 Judge, jûdje. *v. a.* to pass sentence; to
 Judgement, jûdje' mënt. *s.* the power

nò. mòve, nòr, nòl;—tùbo, túb, búll;—díl;—pòhnd;—chín, vñia.

ing, decision; opinion; condemnation; the last doom.
 Judiciary, jù-dò-ká-tùr-é. *s.* a court of justice.
 Judicature, jù-dò-ká-tùre. *s.* power of distributing justice.
 Judicial, jù-dish'-á-l. *a.* practised in the distribution of publick justice; inflicted as a penalty.
 Judiciary, jù-dish'-ár-é. *a.* passing judgement upon any thing.
 Judicious, jù-dish'-ús. *a.* prudent, wise.
 Judiciously, jù-dish'-ús-l. *ad.* wisely.
 Jug, jóg. *s.* a large drinking vessel.
 Juggle, jóg'-gl. *v. n.* to play tricks by sleight of hand. [imposture.
 Juggle, jóg'-gl. *s.* a trick by legordemain; an
 Jugular, jù-gù-lár. *a.* belonging to the throat.
 Juice, jùse. *s.* the liquor of plants and fruits; the fluid in animal bodies.
 Juiceless, jùs'-lès. *a.* without moisture. [ence.
 Juiciness, jù-sé-nés. *s.* plenty of juice, succulence, jù-sé. *a.* moist, full of juice.
 July, jù-il'. *s.* the seventh month of the year.
 Jumble, jùm-bl. *v. a.* to mix violently and confusedly together.
 Jumble, jùm-bl. *s.* a confused mixture.
 Jump, jùmp. *s.* the act of jumping, a leap; a sort of waistcoat. [join.
 Jump, jùmp. *v. n.* to leap, to skip; to agree, to
 Juncate, júng'-kít. *s.* a cheesecake; any delicacy.
 Junction, júng'-shòr. *s.* union, coalition.
 Juncture, júngk'-tshùre. *s.* a joint, articulation; critical time.
 June, jùne. *s.* the sixth month of the year.
 Junior, jù-né-ár. *a.* younger. [of cable.
 Juniper, jù-té-púr. *s.* a plant. [of cable.
 Junk, jùnk. *s.* a small ship of China; pieces
 Junket, júng'-kít. *v. n.* to feast secretly.
 Junto, jùn-tò. *s.* a cabal.
 Juridical, jù-ríd'-tè kál. *a.* acting in the distribution of justice. [er; district.
 Jurisdiction, jù-rís-áik'-shùn. *s.* extent of power.
 Jurisprudence, jù-rís-prù'-dènsè. *s.* the science of law.
 Jurist, jù-ríst. *f.* a civil lawyer, a civilian.
 Jury, jù-rùr. *s.* one that serves on a jury.
 Jury-box, jù-rùr. *s.* a company of men, as 24 or 12, sworn to deliver truth upon such evidence

shall be given before them touching the matter in question.

Just, júst. *a.* upright, honest; complete, full.
 Just, júst. *s.* a mock encounter on horseback.
 Justice, jús'-ús. *s.* right, vindictive retribution a magistrate. [isters justice
 Justiciary, jús-ish'-é-á-rè. *s.* one who administers justice.
 Justifiable, jús-té-fl'-á-bl. *a.* defensible by law or reason.
 Justifiableness, jús-té-fl'-á-bl-nés. *s.* rectitude, possibility of being fairly defended.
 Justification, jús-té-fl'-ká-shùn. *s.* defence, vindication. [solver.
 Justifier, jús-té-fl'-ár. *s.* one who defends or absolves.
 Justify, jús-té-fl. *v. a.* to clear from imputed guilt, to defend. [each other
 Justle, jús'-sl. *v. n.* to encounter, to rush against.
 Justly, júst'-lè. *ad.* uprightly, honestly; exactly.
 Justness, júst'-nés. *s.* reasonableness, equity; accuracy.
 Jut, jút. *v. n.* to shoot into prominences, to come out of the line.
 Juvenile, jù-vé-níl. *a.* youthful.
 Juvenility, jù-vé-níl'-é-té. *s.* youthfulness.
 Juxtaposition, jùks-tá-pò-zísh'-àn. *s.* the state of being placed by each other

K.

KALENDAR, kál'-én-dúr. *s.* an account of time.
 Kali, ká'-lè. *s.* a sea weed.
 Keck, kék. *v. n.* to heave the stomach. [river.
 Kedger, kéd'-jér. *s.* a small anchor used in a
 Keel, kéel. *s.* the bottom of a ship. [monious.
 Keen, kéen. *a.* sharp, well edged; severe, acerbity.
 Keenly, kéen'-lè. *ad.* sharply, vehemently.
 Keeness, kéen'-nès. *s.* sharpness; asperity; eagerness, vehemence.
 Keep, kéep. *v. a.* to retain; to protect; to preserve; to hold; to observe any time; to maintain, to support with necessities of life; to remain in; not to reveal; to withhold.
 Keeper, kéep'-úr. *s.* one who holds any thing.
 Keg, kég. *s.* a small barrel.
 Ken, kèn. *v. a.* to see at a distance, to descry.
 Ken, kèn. *s.* view, reach of sight.
 Kennel, kén'-níl. *s.* a cot for dogs; the hole for or other beast; a water-course.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pin; —

Kennel, kên'-nî. *v. n.* to lie, to dwell.
Ke kêt. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *keep*.
Kerchief, kêt'-ishf. *s.* a head-dress.
Kernel, kêt'-nî. *s.* the edible substance contained in a shell.
Kersey, kêt'-zê. *s.* coarse stuff.
Ketch, kêtsh. *s.* a heavy ship.
Kettle, kêt'-tl. *s.* a vessel in which liquor is boiled.
Kettledrum, kêt'-d-drum. *s.* a drum made of brass.
Key, kêt. *s.* an instrument to open a lock; part of a musical instrument; a certain tone; a wharf.
Keyage, kêt'-ldje. *s.* money paid for wharfage.
Keyhole, kêt'-hôle. *s.* the perforation in a door or lock through which the key is put. [arch.
Keystone, kêt'-stône. *s.* the middle stone of an arch.
Kick, kîk. *v. a.* to strike with the foot.
Kick, kîk. *s.* a blow with the foot.
Kickshaw, kîk'-shâw. *s.* something fantastical; a dish so changed by the cookery that it can scarcely be known.
Kid, kîd. *s.* the young of a goat.
Kid, kîd. *v. a.* to bring forth kids.
Kidnap, kîd'-nâp. *v. a.* to steal children, to steal human beings. [man beings.
Kidnapper, kîd'-nâp-pûr. *s.* one who steals human beings.
Kidney, kîd'-nê. *s.* one of the two glands that separate the urine from the blood; ree. kind.
Kilderkin, kîl'-dêr-kîm. *s.* a small barrel.
Kill, kîl. *v. a.* to deprive of life.
Killer, kîl'-lûr. *s.* one that deprives of life.
Kiln, kîl. *s.* a stove, a fabrick formed for admitting heat to dry or burn things.
Kimbo, kîm'-bô. *a.* crooked, arched.
Kin, kîn. *s.* relation either of consanguinity or affinity.
Kind, kyîd. *a.* benevolent, favourable.
Kind, kyîd. *s.* race, general class; particular nature; natural state.
Kindle, kîl'-dl. *v. a.* to set on fire; to exasperate.
Kindly, kîlud'-lê. *ad.* with good-will.
Kindly, kîlud'-lê. *a.* congenial, mild.
Kindness, kîlud'-nês. *s.* benevolence, good-will. [lives.
Kindred, kîl'-drêd. *s.* relation, affinity; relationship.
Kindred, kîl'-drêd. *a.* congenial, related.

King, kîng. *s.* a monarch. [fering
Kingcraft, kîng'-krâf. *s.* the act or art of governing.
Kingdom, kîng'-dôm. *s.* the dominion of a king.
Kingly, kîng'-lê. *a.* royal, monarchical; august.
Kingly, kîng'-lê. *ad.* with an air of royalty, with superiour dignity.
Kingsevil, kîngz'-ê-vî. *s.* a scrofulous distemper commonly believed to be cured by the touch of the king.
Kinsfolk, kînz'-fôke. *s.* relations.
Kinsman, kînz'-mân. *s.* a man of the same race or family. [tion.
Kinswoman, kînz'-wâm-ûn. *s.* a female relation.
Kirk, kêrk. *s.* the church of Scotland.
Kiss, kîs. *v. a.* to touch with the lips.
Kiss, kîs. *s.* a salute given by joining lips.
Kit, kît. *s.* a small fiddle; a wooden vessel.
Kitchen, kîsh'-în. *s.* a room where provisions are cooked.
Kite, kyîte. *s.* a bird of prey; a name of reproach; a fictitious bird made of paper.
Kitten, kîl'-tn. *s.* a young cat.
Kitten, kîl'-tn. *v. n.* to bring forth young cats.
Klick, kîk. *v. n.* to make a small, sharp noise.
Knab, nâb. *v. a.* to bite, to catch.
Knack, nâk. *s.* a lucky dexterity; a nice trick.
Knap, nâp. *s.* a protuberance.
Knap, nâp. *v. a.* to bite, to break short.
Knapsack, nâp'-sâk. *s.* a soldier's bag.
Knave, nâve. *s.* a petty rascal, a scoundrel.
Knavery, nâ'-vûr-ê. *s.* dishonesty, petty villainy.
Knavish, nâ'-vîsh. *a.* dishonest; mischievous.
Knavishly, nâ'-vîsh-lê. *ad.* dishonestly; waggishly. [stance.
Knead, nêd. *v. a.* to beat or mingle any substance.
Knee, nêe. *s.* the joint between the leg and thigh. [sunk to the knees.
Kneedeep, nêe'-dêep. *a.* rising to the knees.
Kneel, nêel. *v. n.* to bend the knee, to rest on the knee. [funeral.
Knel, nê' *s.* the sound of a bell rung at a funeral.
Knew, nû. *pret.* of *know*.
Knife, nîfe. *s.* plural *knives*. an instrument edged and pointed, wherewith meat is cut.
Knight, nîte. *s.* the rank of gentlemen next to baronets; a champion.
Knight, nîte. *v. a.* to create a knight. [knight.
Knight-errant, nîte-êr'-rânt. *s.* a wandering

no, move, ndr, not;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôil;—pôund;—ûin, TRIS.

Knight-errantry, nite-êr-rânt-rê. *s.* the character or manners of wandering knights.
Knighthood, nite'-hûd. *s.* the character or dignity of a knight.
Knightly, nite'-lê. *a.* befitting a knight.
Knit, nit. *v. a.* pret. *knit* or *knitted*. to make or unite by texture without a loom.
Knitter, nit'-tûr. *s.* one who weaves or knits.
Knitting-needle, nit'-ing-nêe-dl. *s.* a wire which women use in knitting.
Knob, nôb. *s.* a protuberance.
Knobbed, nôbd. *a.* set with knobs.
Knock, nôk. *v. n.* to clash; to beat.
Knock, nôk. *s.* a sudden stroke, a blow.
Knocker, nôk'-kûr. *s.* the hammer of a door.
Knoll, nôle. *v. a.* to ring a bell, generally for a funeral.
Knot, nôt. *s.* a complication of a cord or string not easily to be disentangled; a hard part in a piece of wood; a confederacy; difficulty; a cluster.
Knot, nôt. *v. a.* to complicate in knots.
Knotted, nôt'-têd. *a.* full of knots. [tricity.
Knottiness, nôt'-tê-nês. *s.* fulness of knots; intricate.
Knotty, nôt'-tê. *a.* full of knots; intricate, difficult.
Know, nô. *n. a.* pret. *I knew, I have known*. to perceive with certainty; to distinguish; to recognise; to converse with another sex.
Know, nô. *v. n.* to have clear and certain perception; to be informed.
Knowing, nô'-ing. *a.* skilful, intelligent.
Knowingly, nô'-ing-lê. *ad.* with skill, with knowledge.
Knowledge, nôl'-lêdje. *s.* certain perception; learning; skill; cognizance.
Knuckle, nôk'-kl. *s.* the joint of the finger protuberant when the hand is closed.
Knuckle, nôk'-kl. *v. n.* to submit.
Knuckled, nôk'-kld. *a.* jointed.

L

L., *adv. interj.* see! look! behold!
Label, lâ'-bêl. *s.* a small slip or scrip of writing.
Lament, lâ'-bênt. *a.* sliding, gliding, slipping.
Labial, lâ'-bê-âl. *a.* uttered by the lips.
Labiated, lâ'-bê-â-têd. *a.* formed with lips.

Laboratory, lâb'-bô-râ-tûr-ê. *s.* a chymist's work-room.
Laborious, lâ-bô'-rê-ûs. *a.* assiduous; tiresome.
Laboriously, lâ-bô'-rê-ûs-lê. *ad.* with labour, with toil. [difficulty; assiduity.
Laboriousness, lâ-bô'-rê-ûs-nês. *s.* toilsomeness.
Labour, lâ'-bûr. *s.* pains, toils; childbirth.
Labour, lâ'-bûr. *v. n.* to toil; to do work; to move with difficulty; to be in travail.
Labourer, lâ'-bûr-ûr. *s.* one who is employed in coarse and toilsome work; one who takes pains in any employment.
Laboursome, lâ'-bûr-sûm. *a.* made with great labour and diligence.
Labyrinth, lâb'-bêr-înth. *s.* a maze, a place formed with inextricable windings.
Lace, lâse. *s.* a cord, an ornamental trimming.
Lace, lâse. *v. a.* to fasten with a string; to adorn with gold or silver textures sewed on. to beat.
Laceman, lâse'-mân. *s.* one who deals in lace.
Lacerable, lâs'-sêr-â-bl. *a.* such as may be torn.
Lacerate, lâs'-sêr-âte. *v. n.* to tear, to rend.
Laceration, lâs'-sêr-â-shûn. *s.* the act of tearing; the breach made by tearing.
Lacerative, lâs'-sêr-â-tiv. *a.* having the power to tear.
Lachrymal, lâk'-krê-mâl. *a.* generating tears.
Lachrymary, lâk'-krê-mâ-rê. *a.* containing tears.
Lack, lâk. *v. n.* to be in want.
Lack, lâk. *s.* want, need.
Lackbrain, lâk'-brâne. *s.* one that wants wit.
Lacker, lâk'-ûr. *s.* a kind of varnish.
Lacker, lâk'-kûr. *v. a.* to do over with lacker.
Lackey, lâk'-kê. *s.* a foot-boy.
Laconick, lâ-kôn'-îk. *a.* short, brief.
Laconism, lâk'-kô-nîzm. *s.* a concise style.
Laconically, lâ-kôn'-nê-kâi-ê. *ad.* briefly, [cise.y
Lactary, lâk'-tâ-rê. *a.* milky.
Lactary, lâk'-tâ-rê. *s.* a dairy.
Lacteal, lâk'-tê-âl. *a.* conveying chyle. [chyle.
Lacteal, lâk'-tê-âl. *s.* the vessel that conveys
Lacteous, lâk'-tê-ûs. *a.* milky.
Lad, lâd. *s.* a boy, a stripling.
Ladder, lâd'-dâr. *s.* a frame with steps; a gradual rise. [ous.
Lade, lâdo. *v. a.* to load, to freight; to heave
Lading, lâ'-ding. *s.* weight, burden, freight.

Pâte, fâr, fâl, fât;—mè, mèt;—pine, pin;—

Ladle, l'â-dî. *s.* a large spoon, a vessel.
Lady, l'â-dî. *s.* a woman of high rank; a word of complaisance.
Lady-day, l'â-dê-dâ'. *s.* the annunciation of the Blessed Virgin.
Lady-like, l'â-tê-lîke. *a.* delicate, elegant.
Ladyship, l'â-dê-shîp. *s.* the title of a lady.
Lag, l'â-g. *a.* counting behind.
Lag l'â-g. *v.* the lowest class, the lag end.
Lag, l'â-g. *v. n.* to loiter, to move slowly.
Laical, l'â-ê-kâl. *a.* belonging to the laity.
Laid, l'â-dê. *part. pass.* of lay.
Lain, l'â-nê. *part. pass.* of lie.
Lair, l'â-rê. *s.* the couch of a boar, or wild beast.
Laity, l'â-ê-tê. *s.* the people as distinguished from the clergy.
Lake, l'â-kê. *s.* a large diffusion of inland water.
Lamb, l'âm. *s.* the young of a sheep.
Lambkin, l'âm-kîn. *s.* a little lamb.
Lambative, l'âm-bâ-tîv. *s.* a medicine taken by licking with the tongue.
Lamb's-wool, l'âms-wôl. *s.* ale mixed with the pulp of roasted apples.
Lambent, l'âm-bênt. *a.* playing about, gliding over without harm.
Lame, l'â-mê. *a.* crippled; hobbling.
Lame, l'â-mê. *v. a.* to cripple. [limbs or plates.
Lamellated, l'âm-mêl-â-têd. *a.* covered with lamellæ, l'â-mê-lê. *ad.* like a cripple.
Lameness, l'â-mê-nê-s. *s.* the state of a cripple; imperfection. [to sorrow for.
Lament, l'â-mênt'. *v. a.* to bewail or bemoan.
Lament, l'â-mênt'. *s.* lamentation; expression of sorrow. [mournful.
Lamentable, l'âm-mên-tâ-bl. *a.* to be lamented;
Lamentably, l'âm-mên-tâ-blê. *ad.* pitifully.
Lamentation, l'âm-mên-tâ-shûn. *s.* expression of sorrow, audible grief. [laments.
Lamentor, l'â-mênt'-ôr. *s.* he who mourns or
Lamina, l'âm-mê-nâ. *s.* thin plate, one coat laid over another.
Laminated, l'âm-mê-nâ-têd. *a.* plated.
Lammas, l'âm-mâ-s. *s.* the first of August.
Lamp, l'âmp. *s.* a light made with oil and a wick; that which contains the oil and wick.
Lampblack, l'âmp-blâk. *s.* a black substance made by holding a torch under the bottom of a basin.

Lampoon, l'âm-pôon'. *s.* a personal satire, abuse.
Lampoon, l'âm-pôon'. *v. a.* to attack with personal satire. [personal satire.
Lampooner, l'âm-pôon'-ôr. *s.* a scribbler of lampreys, l'âm-prê. *s.* a kind of eel.
Lance, l'âns. *s.* a long spear.
Lance, l'âns. *v. a.* to pierce, to cut.
Lancet, l'ân-sît. *s.* a small, pointed, chirurgica instrument.
Lancinate, l'ân-sê-nâto. *v. a.* to tear, to rend
Land, l'ând. *s.* a country; a region; earth; nation, people.
Land, l'ând. *v. a.* to set on shore.
Land, l'ând. *v. n.* to come on shore.
Landau, l'ân-dâw'. *s.* a coach whose top may occasionally open.
Landed, l'ân-dêd. *a.* having a fortune in land.
Landflood, l'ând-fîd. *s.* an inundation.
Landgrave, l'ând-grâve. *s.* a German title of dominion.
Landholder, l'ând-hôl-dûr. *s.* one whose fortune is in land. [and sells land
Landjobber, l'ând-jôb-bûr. *s.* one who buys
Landlady, l'ân-lâ-dê. *s.* a woman who has tenants holding from her; the mistress of an inn.
Landless, l'ând-lê-s. *a.* without property, without fortune.
Landlocked, l'ând-lôkt. *a.* shut in or enclosed with land.
Landlord, l'ând-lôrd. *s.* the master of an inn.
Landmark, l'ând-mârk. *s.* any thing set up to preserve boundaries.
Landscape, l'ând-skâpe. *s.* a region, the prospect of a country; a picture.
Land-tax, l'ând-tâks. *s.* a tax laid upon land and houses. [customs
Land-waiter, l'ând-wâ-tîr. *s.* an officer of the
Landward, l'ând-wârd. *ad.* towards the land.
Lane, l'â-nê. *s.* a narrow way between hedges, a narrow street.
Language, l'âng-gwîdjê. *s.* human speech; the tongue of one nation as distinct from others; style.
Languid, l'âng-gwîd. *a.* faint, weak. [bleness
Languish, l'âng-gwîd-n'ê. *s.* weakness, feebleness.
Languish, l'âng-gwîsh. *v. n.* to pine.
Languishingly, l'âng-gwîsh-âng-lê. *ad.* feebly.

nd, mōve, ndr, nōt; —tābe, táb, bāll; —ōll; —pōund; —thin, trāh.

Languishment, lāng'-gwāsh-mēnt. *s.* state of pining; softness of mind.

Languor, lāng'-gwōr. *s.* faintness. [acerate.

Lanitor, lā-nō-āte. *s.* to tear in pieces; to

Lanifuge, lān'-ē-flā. *s.* woollen manufacture.

Lank, lāngk. *a.* loose, not filled up.

Lankness, lāngk'-nēs. *s.* want of plumpness.

Lantern, lān'-tār-n. *s.* a transparent case for a candle.

Lantern-jaws, lān'-tār-n-jāwz. *s.* a thin visage.

Lap, lāp. *s.* the loose part of a garment; the part formed by the knees in a sitting posture.

[ap, lāp. *v. a.* to wrap or twist round; to lick up.

Lapdog, lāp'-dōg. *s.* a little dog.

Lapful, lāp'-fūl. *s.* as much as can be contained in the lap.

Lapidary, lāp'-ē-dār-ē. *s.* one who deals in stones or gems.

Lapidate, lāp'-ē-dāte. *v. a.* to stone.

Lapidaceous, lā-pli'-ē-dēs. *a.* stony. [tion.

Lapidescence, lāp'-ē-dēs-sēns. *s.* stony concrete.

Lapidifick, lāp'-ē-dif-ik. *a.* forming stones.

Lapidist, lāp'-ē-dist. *s.* a dealer in stones or gems. [azure colour.

Lapis-lazuli, lā-pis-lāzh'-d-ī. *s.* a stone of an

Lappet, lāp'-pit. *s.* part of a head-dress.

Lapse, lāpse. *s.* flow, fall; petty error.

Lapse, lāpse. *v. n.* to fall by degrees; to fall from truth or faith.

Lapping, lāp'-wāg. *s.* a clamorous bird. [ship.

Larboard, lār'-bōrd. *s.* the left hand side of a

Larceny, lār'-sē-nē. *s.* petty theft.

Lard, lārd. *s.* the grease of swine.

Lard, lārd. *v. a.* to stuff with bacon; to fatten.

Larder, lār'-dār. *s.* the room where meat is kept or salted.

Large, lārdje. *a.* big, bulky, wide.

Largely, lārdje'-lē. *ad.* widely; liberally.

Largeness, lārdje'-nēs. *s.* bigness, extension.

Largess, lār'-jēs. *s.* a present, a bounty.

Lark, lār-k. *s.* a small singing bird.

Larkspur, lār-k'-spūr. *s.* a plant.

Larum, lār'-rēm. *s.* noise noting danger.

Larynx, lā'-rīngz. *s.* the windpipe. [toning.

Lascivient, lā-si'-vē-ēnt. *a.* frolicsome, wanton.

Lascivious, lā-si'-vē-ōs. *a.* lewd; wanton.

Lasciviousness, lā-si'-vē-ōs-nēs. *s.* wantonness, looseness.

Lash, lāsh. *s.* a stroke with any thing plāst and

tough; the thong or point of a whip

Lash, lāsh. *v. a.* to strike, to scourge; to tie any thing down to the side or mast of a ship.

Lass, lās. *s.* a girl, a young woman.

Lassitude, lās'-sē-tōde. *s.* weariness, fatigue.

Last, lās. *a.* latest; hindmost.

Last, lās. *ad.* the last time.

Last, lās. *v. n.* to endure, to continue.

Last, lās. *s.* the mould on which shoes are formed; a certain weight or measure.

Lasting, lās'-tīng. *part. a.* continuing, durable

Lastly, lās'-tē. *ad.* in the last place.

Latch, lāsh. *s.* a fastening for a door.

Latch, lāsh. *v. a.* to fasten with a latch.

Latchet, lāsh'-it. *s.* a shoe-string

Late, lāte. *a.* slow, long delayed; deceased far in the day or night. [season; lately

Late, lāte. *ad.* after long delays; in a latter

Lately, lāte'-lē. *ad.* not long ago.

Lateness, lāte'-nēs. *s.* time far advanced.

Latent, lā'-tēnt. *a.* hidden, secret.

Lateral, lār'-tēr-āl. *a.* on or near the side.

Laterally, lār'-tēr-āl-ē. *ad.* by the side.

Lath, lāth. *s.* a thin slip of wood.

Lath, lāth. *v. a.* to fit up with laths.

Lathe, lārhe. *s.* the tool of a turner.

Lather, lārth'-ār. *v. a.* to cover with foam of water and soap. [soap with water

Lather, lārth'-ār. *s.* a froth made by beating

Latinism, lā'-tīn-īzm. *s.* a Latin idiom.

Latinist, lā'-tīn-īst. *s.* one skilled in Latin.

Latinity, lā'-tīn-ē-tē. *s.* the Latin tongue.

Latinize, lā'-tīn-īze. *v. n.* to use words or phrases borrowed from the Latin.

Latinize, lā'-tīn-īze. *v. a.* to give names a Latin termination.

Latish, lāte'-lāsh. *a.* somewhat late.

Latitude, lā'-tē-tōde. *s.* breadth, width; extent; a particular degree reckoned from the equator.

Lattitudinarian, lā'-tē-tō-dē-ān'-rē-ān. *s.* one who allows himself great liberties in religious matters. [strained or confined

Lattitudinarian, lā'-tē-tō-dē-ān'-rē-ān. *a.* not re-

Latrant, lā'-trānt. *a.* barking.

Latten, lā'-tēn. *s.* brass.

Latter, lā'-tēr. *a.* modern; mentioned

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pln;—

- Latterly, lâ'-tûr-lê. *ad.* of late.
- Lattice, lâ'-tîs. *s.* a window made up with a kind of network.
- Laud, lâwd. *s.* praise.
- Laud, lâwd. *v. a.* to praise, to celebrate.
- Laudable, lâw'-dâ-bl. *a.* praiseworthy, commendable. [*ness.*]
- Laudableness, lâw'-dâ-bl-nês. *s.* praiseworthiness.
- Laudanum, lôd'-dâ-nûm. *s.* a soporifick tincture.
- Laugh, lâf. *v. n.* to make that noise which sudden merriment excites.
- Laugh, lâf. *v. a.* to deride, to scorn.
- Laugh, lâf. *s.* the convulsion caused by merriment. [*excites laughter.*]
- Laughable, lâf'-â-bl. *a.* such as may properly laugh.
- Laugher, lâf'-ûr. *s.* a man fond of merriment.
- Laughingly, lâf'-îng-lê. *ad.* in a merry way.
- Laughingstock, lâf'-îng-stôk. *s.* a butt, an object of ridicule.
- Laughter, lâf'-tûr. *s.* convulsive merriment.
- Launch, lâsh. *v. a.* to push to sea; to dart from the land.
- Laundress, lân'-drês. *s.* a washer-woman.
- Laundry, lân'-drê. *s.* the room in which clothes are washed. [*laurel.*]
- Laureate, lâw'-rê-ât. *a.* decked or invested with laurel.
- Laurel, lôr'-rîl. *s.* a tree.
- Laureled, lôr'-rîd. *a.* crowned with laurel.
- Lave, lâ'-vâ. *s.* the overflowing of sulphureous matter from a volcano.
- Lavation, lâ'-vâ-shûn. } *s.* a wash, the act of
- Lavatory, lâv'-vâ-tûr-ê. } washing.
- Lave, lâve. *v. a.* to wash, to bathe; to lade, to draw out.
- Lavender, lâv'-vên-dûr. *s.* a plant.
- Laver, lâ'-vûr. *s.* a washing-vessel.
- Lavish, lâv'-îsh. *a.* prodigal, wasteful; profuse.
- Lavish, lâv'-îsh. *v. a.* to scatter with profusion.
- Lavishly, lâv'-îsh-lê. *ad.* profusely, prodigally.
- Lavishment, lâv'-îsh-mênt. } *s.* prodigality, pro-
- Lavishness, lâv'-îsh-nês. } fusion.
- Law, lâw. *s.* a rule of action; edict; judicial process.
- Lawful, lâw'-fûl. *a.* agreeable to law.
- Lawfully, lâw'-fûl-lê. *ad.* legally.
- Lawfulness, lâw'-fûl-nês. *s.* legality.
- Lawgiver, lâw'-gîv-ûr. *s.* legislator
- Lawless, lâw'-lês. *a.* unrestrained by law; contrary to law. [*fine linen*]
- Lawn, lâwn. *s.* an open space between woods
- Lawsuit, lâw'-sûte. *s.* a process in law
- Lawyer, lâw'-yêr. *s.* professor of law.
- Lax, lâks. *a.* loose; vague.
- Laxation, lâk'-sâ-shûn. *s.* the act of loosing; the state of being loosened.
- Laxative, lâks'-â-tîv. *a.* having the power to ease costiveness.
- Laxity, lâks'-ê-tê. } *s.* looseness; slackness;
- Laxness, lâks'-nês. } openness.
- Lay, lâ. *prê. of lie,* to rest.
- Lay, lâ. *v. a.* to place along; to put; to make a bet; to calm; to prohibit a spirit to walk; to bring forth eggs; to impute.
- Lay, lâ. *s.* a row, a stratum; a wager.
- Lay, lâ. *s.* grassy ground, meadow; a song.
- Lay, lâ. *a.* belonging to the people as distinct from the clergy. [*plant.*]
- Layer, lâ'-ûr. *s.* a stratum; a bed; a sprig of a
- Layman, lâ'-mân. *s.* one of the laity.
- Lazar, lâ'-zâr. *s.* one infected with filthy and pestilential diseases.
- Lazar-house, lâ'-zâr-hôûse. } *s.* a hospital.
- Lazaretto, lâz-âr-rê-tô. }
- Lazily, lâ'-zê-lê. *ad.* idly, heavily.
- Laziness, lâ'-zê-nês. *s.* idleness, sluggishness
- Lazy, lâ'-zê. *a.* idle, sluggish.
- Lea, lê. *s.* ground enclosed.
- Lead, lêd. *s.* a soft, heavy metal.
- Lead, lêd. *v. a.* to fit with lead in any manner.
- Lead, lêde. *v. a.* to pre. *led.* to guide; to conduct to allure; to induce; to pass.
- Leaden, lêd'-dn. *a.* made of lead; heavy.
- Leader, lê'-dûr. *s.* one that leads or conducts a commander.
- Leading, lê'-dîng. *part. a.* principal.
- Leaf, lêfe. *s.* the green deciduous parts of plants and flowers; part of a book, or door, any thing foliated.
- Leafless, lêfe' lês. *a.* naked of leaves. [*length*]
- League, lêeg. *s.* a confederacy; a measure of
- League, lêeg. *v. n.* to unite, to confederate.
- Leagued, lêeg'd. *a.* confederated. [*water.*]
- Leak, lêke. *s.* a breach or hole which lets in
- Leak, lêke. *v. n.* to let water in or out, to drop through a breach.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tòbe, tób, tóbll;—tòl;—pònd;—tòin, tuis.

Leakage, lè' kktje. *s.* allowance for accidental loss in liquid measures.

Leaky, lè' kè. *c.* not close. [agnist.

Lean, léne. *v. n.* pret. *leaned* or *leant*. to incline

Lean, léne. *a.* meager; hungry; poor.

Lean, léne. *s.* the part of flesh which consists of the muscle without the fat.

Leanness, léne'-nès. *s.* want of flesh, meagerness.

Leap, lépe. *v. n.* to jump; to bound; to start.

Leap, lépe. *s.* bound, jump; embrace of animals.

Leap-frog, lépe'-fróg. *s.* a play of children.

Leap-year, lépe'-yére. *s.* every fourth year.

Learn, lérn. *v. a.* to gain knowledge.

Learned, lérn'-néd. *a.* versed in science and literature.

Learning, lérn'-ning. *s.* literature.

Learner, lérn'-nér. *s.* one who is yet in his rudiments.

Lease, lése. *s.* a contract by which a temporary possession is granted of houses or lands.

Lease, lése. *v. a.* to let by lease.

Lease, léze. *v. n.* to glean, to gather what the harvest-men leave.

Leaser, lé'-zér. *s.* a gleaner.

Leash, lésh. *s.* a leather thong; a band; a brace and a half.

Leash, lésh. *r. a.* to bind, to hold in a string.

Leasing, lé'-zing. *s.* lies, falsehood.

Least, lést. *a.* the superlative of *little*. smallest.

Least, lést. *ad.* in the lowest degree.

Leather, léth'-ér. *s.* dressed hides of animals; skin, ironically.

Leathery, léth'-ér-é. *a.* resembling leather.

Leave, léve. *s.* liberty, permission, farewell.

Leave, léve. *v. n.* a pret. *I left*; *I have left*. to quit, to forsake; to bequeath; to resign; to cease to do.

Leaven, lév'-vén. *s.* ferment mixed with any body to make it light.

Leaven, lév'-vén. *v. a.* to ferment.

Leavings, lé'-vínz. *s.* remnant, relics.

Lecherous, lésh'-ér-ús. *a.* lewd; lustful.

Lecherousness, lésh'-ér-ús-nés. } *s.* lewdness.

Lechery, lésh'-ér-é. }

Lecture, lék'-shüre. *s.* a discourse upon any subject; a magisterial reprimand.

Lecture, lék'-shüre. *v. a.* to instruct formally

Lecturer, lék'-shür'ér. *s.* an instructor, a teacher. [lecturer

Lecturoship, lék'-shür-shíp. *s.* the office of a Lect. *part. pret. of to lead.*

Ledge, lédje. *s.* a ridge rising above the rest, any prominence.

Lee, léé. *s.* the side opposite to the wind.

Lee, léé. *a.* having the wind blowing on, or directed towards it.

Leech, léesh. *s.* a kind of small water-serpent

Leek, léek. *s.* a pot-herb.

Leer, lére. *s.* an oblique view.

Leer, lére. *v. n.* to look obliquely or archly

Lees, lééz. *s.* dregs, sediment.

Leet, léét. *s.* a law day.

Leeward, léé'-wárd. *a.* opposite the wind.

Left, léft. *part. pret. of leave.*

Left, léft. *a.* sinistrous; not on the right hand.

Left-handed, léft'-hánd'-éd. *a.* using the left hand.

Left-handedness, léft'-hánd'-éd-nés. *s.* habitual use of the left hand.

Leg, lég. *s.* the limb between the knee and the foot. [will.

Legacy, lég'-á-sé. *s.* a particular thing given by

Legal, lé'-gál. *a.* according to law.

Legality, lé'-gál-é-té. *s.* lawfulness.

Legalize, lé'-gál-íze. *v. a.* to authorize.

Legally, lé'-gál-lé. *ad.* lawfully. [left.

Legatary, lég'-á-tár-é. *s.* one who has a legacy

Legatine, lég'-gá-tine. *a.* made by a legate.

Legate, lég'-gáte. *s.* an ambassador from the pope. [left him.

Legatee, lég'-gá-téé. *s.* one who has a legacy

Legation, lég'-gá-shün. *s.* an embassy.

Legend, lé'-jénd. *s.* a chronicle; an incredible narrative; any inscription.

Legendary, lél'-jén-dá-ré. *a.* pertaining to a legend. [hand, juggle.

Legerdemain, lél'-jér-dé-mánc'. *s.* sleight of

Legerity, lél'-jér-é-té. *s.* lightness, unbusiness.

Legible, lél'-jé-bl. *a.* such as may be read.

Legibly, lél'-jé-blé. *ad.* in such a manner as may be read.

Legion, lé'-jün. *s.* a body of soldiers.

Legionary, lél'-jün-ár-é. *a.* relating to a legion.

Legislation, lél'-jís-lá-shün. *s.* the art of giving laws

Fâie, fâr, fâll, fâi;—mè, mèi;—ploe, pln;—

Legislative, lèd'jîs-lâ-dv. *a.* law-giving.
Legislator, lèd'jîs-lâ-tûr. *s.* a law-giver.
Legislature, lèd'jîs-lâ-tshûr. *s.* the power that makes laws.
Legitimacy, lè-jît-tè-mâ-sè. *s.* genuineness.
Legitimate, lè-jît-tè-mâte. *a.* born in marriage, lawfully begotten.
Legitimate, lè-jît-tè-mâte. *v. a.* to procure to enjoy the right of legitimate birth; to make lawful.
Legitimation, lè-jît-tè-mâ-shûn. *s.* lawful birth; the act of investing with the privileges of lawful birth.
Leisureable, lè'-zhûr-â-bl. *a.* done at leisure.
Leisure, lè'-zhûre. *s.* freedom from business or hurry.
Leisurely, lè'-zhûr-lè. *ad.* slowly.
Lemma, lè'm-mâ. *s.* a proposition previously assumed.
Lemon, lè'm'-mân. *s.* the fruit of the lemon-tree.
Lemonade, lè'm-mân-âde'. *s.* liquor made of water, sugar, and the juice of lemons.
Lend, lènd. *v. a.* to deliver something to another on condition of repayment; to grant in general.
Lender, lènd'-âr. *s.* one who lends any thing.
Length, lèng'th. *s.* the extent of any thing from end to end.
Lengthen, lèng'-thîn. *v. a.* to draw out, to make longer; to protract.
Lengthen, lèng'-thîn. *v. n.* to grow longer.
Lengthwise, lèng'th'-wîze. *ad.* according to the length. [laxative.]
Lenient, lè-nè-ènt. *a.* assuasive, mitigating;
Lenitive, lè'n-tè-iv. *a.* assuasive, emollient.
Lenity, lè'n-tè-tè. *s.* mildness, mercy.
Lens, lènz. *s.* a glass spherically convex on both sides.
Lent, lènt. *part. pass.* from *lend*.
Lent, lènt. *s.* the quadragesimal fast; a time of abstinence. [lens.]
Lentiform, lè'n-tè-fôrm. *a.* having the form of a lentil.
Lentil, lè'n-tîl. *s.* a kind of pulse.
Leontine, lè'-ô-nîne. *a.* belonging to a lion, having the nature of a lion.
Leopard, lè'p-ârd. *s.* a spotted beast of prey.
Lepor, lè'pâr. *s.* one infected with a leprosy.
Leporous, lè'pâr-ûs. *a.* causing leprosy.

Leprosy, lè'p-prô-sè. *s.* a distemper which covers the body with white scales.
Leprous, lè'p-prûs. *a.* infected with a leprosy.
Less, lès. *a.* the comparative of *little*; opposed to *greater*.
Less, lès. *ad.* in a smaller degree.
Less, lès. *s.* a smaller quantity or degree.
Lessee, lès-èsh'. *s.* the person to whom a lease is given.
Lessen, lès'-sn. *v. a.* to diminish in bulk; to deprive of power or dignity.
Lessen, lès'-sn. *v. n.* to grow less, to shrink
Lesson, lès'-sn. *s.* any thing read or repeated to a teacher; precept; portion of Scripture
Lessor, lès'-sôr. *s.* one who grants a lease.
Lest, lèst. *conj.* that not; for fear that.
Let, lét. *v. a.* to allow, to suffer; to put to hire
Let, lét. *v. a.* to hinder, to obstruct.
Let, lét. *s.* hindrance, obstacle.
Lethargick, lè-thâr'-jîk. *a.* sleepy.
Lethargy, lèth'-âr-jè. *s.* a morbid drowsiness.
Lethe, lè'-thè. *s.* a poetical river of hell oblivion.
Letter, lét'-tûr. *s.* one of the elements of syllables; a written message; type with which books are printed.
Letter, lét'-tûr. *v. a.* to stamp with letters.
Lettered, lét'-tûrd. *a.* literate.
Lettuce, lét'-tûs. *s.* a plant.
Levee, lét'-vè. *s.* the time of rising; a crowd of attendants.
Level, lét'-vîl. *a.* even.
Level, lét'-vîl. *v. a.* to make even; to lay flat to point in taking aim.
Level, lét'-vîl. *s.* a plane; a standard; an instrument whereby masons adjust their work.
Levellér, lét'-vîl-lâr. *s.* one who makes any thing even; one who destroys superiority.
Levelness, lét'-vî-nès. *s.* evenness.
Lever, lét'-vâr. *s.* the second mechanical power used to raise a great weight.
Leveret, lét'-vâr-îl. *s.* a young hare.
Leviable, lét'-vè-â-bl. *a.* that may be levied.
Levite, lét'-vîte. *s.* one of the tribe of Levi.
Levitical, lét'-vî-tè-kâl. *a.* belonging to the Levites. [gayety.]
Levity, lét'-vè-tè. *s.* lightness; vanity; trifling.

nd, ndve, ndr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôll;—pônd;—ôin, THIS.

- Levy, lèv'-vè. v. a.** to raise.
Levy, lèv'-vè. s. the act of raising money or men.
Lewd, lûde. a. wicked; lustful.
Lewdly, lûde'-lè. ad. wickedly; lustfully.
Lewdness, lûde'-nès. s. lustful licentiousness.
Lexicographer, lèks-è-kôg'-gráf-ûr. s. a writer of dictionaries.
Lexicon, lèk'-sè-kûn. s. a dictionary, commonly of the Greek language.
Liable, lî'-â-bl. a. obnoxious, subject.
Liar, lî'-ûr. s. one who tells falsehoods.
Libration, lî-bâ'-shûn. s. the act of pouring wine on the ground in honour of some deity; the wine so poured.
Libel, lî'-bèl. s. defamatory writing, a lar'pôn.
Libel, lî'-bèl. v. a. to satirise, to lampoon.
Libellous, lî'-bèl-lûs. a. defamatory.
Liberal, lîb'-bèr-âi. a. munificent, generous, bountiful.
Liberality, lîb'-bèr-âi'-è-tè. s. munificence, generosity.
Liberalize, lîb'-bèr-âi-ize. v. a. to make liberal.
Liberalty, lîb'-bèr-âi-è. ad. bountifully, largely.
Liberate, lîb'-èr-âte. v. a. to free from confinement.
Liberation, lîb'-èr-â'-shûn. s. the act of delivering, or being delivered.
Libertine, lîb'-bèr-tûn. s. one who lives without restraint; one who pays no regard to the precepts of religion.
Libertine, lîb'-bèr-tûn. a. licentious, irreligious.
Libertinism, lîb'-bèr-tûn-izm. s. irreligion, licentiousness of opinions and practice.
Liberty, lîb'-bèr-tè. s. freedom; privilege; immunity; permission.
Libidinous, lè-bîd'-è-nûs. a. lewd, lustful.
Librarian, lî-brâ'-rè-ân. s. one who has the care of a library.
Library, lî'-brâ-rè. s. a large collection of books.
Librate, lî'-brâte. v. a. to poise, to balance.
Libration, lî-brâ'-shûn. s. the state of being balanced.
Libratory, lî'-brâ-tûr-è. a. balancing.
Lice, lîsè. plur. of louse.
License, lî'-sèns. s. liberty, permission.
License, lî'-sèns. v. a. to permit by a legal grant
Licentiate, lî-sèn'-shè-âte. s. a man who uses license; a degree
Licentious, lî-sèn'-shûs. a. unrestrained.
Licentiously, lî-sèn'-shûs-lè. ad. with too much liberty.
Licentiousness, lî-sèn'-shûs-nès. s. boundless liberty, contempt of just restraint.
Lick, lîk. v. a. to pass over with the tongue.
Lickerish, lîk'-èr-îsh. a. nice in the choice food; delicate.
Licorice, lîk'-kûr-îs. s. a root of sweet taste
Lid, lîd. s. a cover.
Lie, lî. s. any thing impregnated with some other body, as soap or salt; a criminal falsehood.
Lie, lî. v. n. to tell a lie; to rest upon; to be in a state of decumbiture; to press upon; to consist.
Lie, lîèf. ad. willingly.
Liege, lîèdje. a. subject; sovereign.
Liege, lîèdje. s. sovereign, superiour lord.
Lieger, lîèj-ûr. s. a resident ambassador.
Lieu, lî. s. place, room.
Lieutenancy, lîv-tèn'-nân-sè. s. the office of a lieutenant; the body of lieutenants.
Lieutenant, lîv-tèn'-nânt. s. a deputy, one who acts by vicarious authority.
Lieutenantsip, lîv-tèn'-nânt-shîp. s. the rank or office of lieutenant.
Lieve, lîèv. ad. willingly.
Life, lîfè. s. plur. âres. union and co-operation of sou' with body; conduct; condition; spirit; animated existence.
Lifeblood, lîfè-blûd. s. the blood necessary to life.
Lifeguard, lîfè-gûrd. s. the guard of a king's person.
Lifeless, lîfè-lès. a. dead; unanimated.
Lifetime, lîfè-tînc. s. continuance or duration of life
Lift, lîft. v. a. to raise, to elevate.
Lift, lîft. s. the act or manner of lifting; a hard struggle.
Ligament, lîg'-gâ-mènt. s. any thing which connects the parts of the body; bond, chain
Ligature, lîg'-gâ-tûre. s. a bandage.
Light, lîte. s. that quality or action of the medium of sight by which we see; instructional point of view; any thing that gives light.
Light, lîte. a. not heavy; easy; active; unencumbered; slight; gay, airy; not chaste

Fåte, får, fäll, fåt;—mê, mêt;—pine, plu;—

- Light**, lte. *v. a.* to kindle, to inflame; to illuminate; to ease of a burden.
- Light**, lte. *v. n.* to happen; to fall in any particular direction; to rest.
- Lighten**, ll'-in. *v. n.* to flash with thunder.
- Lighten**, ll'-in. *v. a.* to illuminate; to exonerate; to exhilarate.
- Lighter**, lte'-år. *s.* a heavy boat. [a lighter.
- Lighterman**, lte'-år-mån. *s.* one who manages
- Lightfingered**, lte'-fing'-gård. *a.* thievish.
- Lightheaded**, lte'-héd'-éd. *a.* unsteady; delirious.
- Lighthearted**, lte'-hår'-téd. *a.* gay, merry.
- Lighthouse**, lte'-høuse. *s.* a high building, at the top of which lights are hung to guide ships at sea.
- Lightly**, lte'-lê. *ad.* without weight; easily, cheerfully. [steady.
- Lightminded**, lte'-mind'-éd. *a.* unsettled, un-
- Lightness**, lte'-nês. *s.* levity; inconstancy; unchastity. [thunder.
- Lightning**, lte'-ning. *s.* the flash that precedes
- Lights**, ltes. *s.* the lungs.
- Lightsome**, lte'-søm. *a.* luminous; gay, having the power to exhilarate.
- Lightsomeness**, lte'-søm-nês. *s.* luminousness; cheerfulness, levity.
- Ligneous**, llg'-nê-ús. *a.* made of wood, wooden.
- Ligure**, ll'-gure. *s.* a precious stone.
- Like**, llke. *a.* resembling; equal.
- Like**, llke. *ad.* in the same manner.
- Like**, llke. *v. a.* to be pleased with.
- Likelihood**, llke'-lê-håd. *s.* probability.
- Likely**, llke'-lê. *a.* such as may please; probable.
- Likely**, llke'-lê. *ad.* probably, as may reasonably be thought [blance.
- Liken**, ll'-kn. *v. a.* to represent as having resemblance.
- Likeness**, llke'-nês. *s.* resemblance.
- Likewise**, llke'-wlze. *ad.* in like manner.
- Liking**, ll'-king. *s.* plumpness.
- Lilach**, ll'-lák. *s.* a tree.
- Lilied**, ll'-ld. *a.* embellished with lilies.
- Lily**, ll'-ly. *s.* a flower.
- Lilylivered**, ll'-lê-ly-vård. *a.* cowardly.
- Limb**, llm. *s.* a member; an edge.
- Limb**, llm. *v. a.* to tear asunder; to dismember.
- Limbeck**, llm'-bék. *s.* a still.
- Limber**, llm'-bår. *a.* flexible
- Limbo**, llm'-bø. *s.* a place of restraint.
- Lime**, llme. *s.* a viscous substance; matter of which mortar is made; a species of le mou.
- Lime**, llme. *v. a.* to entangle; to cement; to manure ground with lime.
- Limekiln**, llme'-kll. *s.* a kiln in which stones are burnt to lime. [lime is made.
- Limestone**, llme'-stone. *s.* the stone of which
- Limit**, llm'-mlt. *s.* bound, border.
- Limit**, llm'-mlt. *v. a.* to confine within certain bounds, to restrain. [daries.
- Limitary**, llm'-mlt-tår-ê. *a.* placed at the bound
- Limitation**, llm'-mê-tå-shån. *s.* restriction.
- Linu**, llm. *v. a.* to pain, any thing.
- Linuer**, llm'-når. *s.* a painter.
- Limous**, ll'-mús. *a.* muddy, slimy.
- Limp**, llmp. *v. n.* to halt, to walk lame, y.
- Limpid**, llm'-pld. *a.* clear, transparent.
- Limpidness**, llm'-pld-nês. *s.* clearness, purity.
- Limy**, ll'-mê. *a.* glutinous; containing lime.
- Linchpin**, llmsh'-pln. *s.* an iron pin that keeps the wheel on the axle-tree.
- Line**, llue. *s.* longitudinal extension; a string lineament; a verse; rank; equator; progeny; one tenth of an inch.
- Line**, llue. *v. a.* to cover on the inside; to guard within.
- Lineage**, llm'-nê-åje. *s.* race, family.
- Lineal**, llm'-nê-ål. *a.* allied by direct descent.
- Lineally**, llm'-nê-ål-lê. *ad.* in a direct line.
- Lineament**, llm'-nê-å-mênt. *s.* feature, discriminating mark in the form.
- Linear**, llm'-nê-år. *a.* composed of lines.
- Lineation**, llm'-ê-å-shån. *s.* draught of a line or lines.
- Linen**, llm'-nln. *s.* cloth made of flax.
- Linen**, llm'-nln. *a.* made of or resembling linen.
- Linendrapier**, llm'-nln-drå'-pår. *s.* he who deals in linen.
- Linger**, llng'-gård. *v. n.* to remain long in laguar and pain; to hesitate; to be long in producing effects.
- Lingo**, llng'-gå. *s.* language, speech.
- Linguist**, llng'-gwist. *s.* a man skilful in languages.
- Liniment**, llm'-nê-mênt. *s.* ointment.
- Lining**, ll' uing. *s.* the inner covering of any thing.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—òll;—pòpnd;—thin, THIS.

- Link**, língk. *s.* a single ring of a chain; any thing connecting; a sort of torch.
- Link**, língk. *v. a.* to unite; to join.
- Linnet**, lín'-nít. *s.* a small singing bird.
- Linnseed**, lín'-sèéd. *s.* the seed of flax.
- Linseywoolsey**, lín'-sè-wùl'-sè. *s.* made of linen and wool mixed.
- Lint**, línt. *s.* linen scraped.
- Lintel**, lín'-tèl. *s.* the upper part of a door-frame.
- Lion**, lí'-ón. *s.* the most magnanimous of quadrupeds.
- Lioness**, lí'-ón-nès. *s.* a she lion.
- Lip**, líp. *s.* the outer part of the mouth; the edge of any thing.
- Lipthymy**, lí'-pòth'-tè-mè. *s.* swoon, fainting fit.
- Lipitude**, líp'-pè-tùde. *s.* clearness of eyes.
- Lipwisdom**, líp'-wíz-dòm. *s.* wisdom in talk without practice.
- Liquefaction**, lík'-kwè-fák'-shàn. *s.* the act of melting, state of being melted. [melted.]
- Liquefiable**, lík'-kwè-fl-á-l. *a.* such as may be liquefy, lík'-kwè-fl. *v. a.* to melt; to dissolve.
- Liqueur**, lé-kùr'. *s.* a flavoured dram.
- Liquescent**, lí-kwè-sènt. *a.* melting.
- Liquid**, lík'-kwíld. *a.* fluid; clear; dissolved.
- Liquid**, lík'-kwíld. *s.* fluid substance, liquor.
- Liquidate**, lík'-kwè-dáte. *v. a.* to clear away, to lessen debts.
- Liquor**, lík'-kúr. *s.* any thing liquid; strong drink.
- Lisp**, lísp. *v. n.* to speak with too frequent appulses of the tongue to the teeth or palate.
- Lisp**, lísp. *s.* the act of lisping.
- Lisper**, lísp'-dr. *s.* one who lisps.
- List**, líst. *s.* a roll; enclosed ground, in which combats are fought; a strip of cloth; a border.
- List**, líst. *v. n.* to choose, to desire.
- List**, líst. *v. a.* to enlist, enrol, or register.
- Listen**, líst'-m. *v. n.* to hearken, to give attention.
- Listener**, líst'-su-dr. *s.* a hearer.
- Listless**, líst'-lès. *a.* careless, heedless.
- Listlessness**, líst'-lès-nès. *s.* inattention; want of desire.
- List**, líst. the *præ.* of *light*.
- Litany**, lí'-tán-è. *s.* a form of prayer.
- Lateral**, lí'-tèr-ál. *a.* according to the primitive meaning; following the letter.
- Literally**, lí'-tèr-ál-lè. *ad.* with close adherence to words.
- Literary**, lí'-tèr-á-rè. *a.* relating to letters or learning.
- Literate**, lí'-tèr-áte. *a.* learned; skilled in letters.
- Literati**, lí'-tèr-rá-tí. *s.* the learned.
- Literature**, lí'-tèr-rá-tùre. *s.* learning.
- Litharge**, líth'-árje. *s.* lead vitrified, either alone or with a mixture of copper.
- Lithography**, lí-thòg'-grá-lè. *s.* the art of engraving upon stones. [stones.]
- Lithomancy**, líth'-ò-mán-sè. *s.* prediction by stones.
- Lithotomy**, lí-thòt'-tó-mè. *s.* the art or practice of cutting for the stone. [of law.]
- Litigant**, lí'-tè-gánt. *s.* one engaged in a suit.
- Litigate**, lí'-tè-gáte. *v. a.* to contest in law, to debate. [suit of law.]
- Litigation**, lí-tè-gá'-shàn. *s.* judicial contest.
- Litigious**, lé-tú'-jús. *a.* inclinable to lawsuits, quarrelsome. [position.]
- Litigiousness**, lé-tú'-jús-nès. *s.* a wrangling disposition.
- Litter**, lít'-túr. *s.* a kind of portable bed; the straw laid under animals; a brood of young.
- Litter**, lít'-túr. *v. a.* to bring forth; to cover with straw.
- Little**, lít'-tl. *a.* small, diminutive. [much.]
- Little**, lít'-tl. *s.* a small space; a small part; not much.
- Little**, lít'-tl. *ad.* in a small degree; not much.
- Littleness**, lít'-tl-nès. *s.* smallness of bulk; meanness. [votions.]
- Liturgy**, lít'-túr-jè. *s.* formulary of publick devotion.
- Live**, lív. *v. n.* to be in a state of animation; to pass life in any certain manner; to cohabit; to maintain one's self; to be unextinguished.
- Live**, lív. *a.* quick, not dead; active, not extinguished.
- Livelihood**, lívè'-lè-húld. *s.* support of life, maintenance, means of living.
- Liveliness**, lívè'-lè-nès. *s.* vivacity, sprightliness.
- Livelong**, lívè'-lòng. *a.* tedious, lasting.
- Lively**, lívè'-lè. *a.* brisk; vigorous; airy.
- Lively**, lívè'-lè. *ad.* briskly, vigorously. [trails.]
- Liver**, lív'-vúr. *s.* one who lives; one of the eulivery, lív'-vúr-è. *s.* the clothes given to servants; a particular dress.
- Liveryman**, lív'-vúr-è-mán. *s.* one who

Fâte, fâr, fân, fât; —mê, mêt; —plue, plin; —

- livery, in London, a freeman of some standing in a company.
- Lives, lîvz. *s.* the plural of *live*.
- Livid, liv'ld. *a.* discoloured as with a blow.
- Lividly, lîv'ld'ê-tê. *s.* discoloration.
- Living, liv'-vîng. *s.* support, maintenance, livelihood; beneficence of a clergyman.
- Livre, lî-vîr. *s.* a French coin.
- Lixivial, lîk-siv'ê-â-l. *a.* impregnated with salts like a lixivium.
- Lixivate, lîk-siv'ê-â-tê. *a.* making a lixivium.
- Lixivium, lîk-siv'ê-â-m. *s.* lie, water impregnated with salt.
- Lizard, lîz-zârd. *s.* a reptile.
- Lo, lô. *interj.* look! see behold!
- Load, lôde. *s.* a burden, a freight.
- Load, lôde. *v. a.* to burden, to freight; to charge a gun; to make heavy.
- Loadstone, lôde-stone. *s.* the magnet.
- Loaf, lôfe. *s.* a mass of bread, &c.
- Loam, lôme. *s.* fat, unctuous earth, marl.
- Loamy, lô-mê. *a.* marly.
- Loan, lône. *s.* any thing lent.
- Loath, lôth. *a.* unwilling. [abhorrence.
- Loathe, lôthê. *v. a.* to hate, to look on with
- Loathful, lôth'-fûl. *a.* abhorring.
- Loathsome, lôth'-sûm. *a.* abhorred, detestable.
- Loathsoneness, lôth'-sûm-nês. *s.* quality of raising hatred.
- Loaves, lôvz. *s.* plural of *loaf*.
- Lob, lôb. *s.* any one heavy; a worm. [manner.
- Lob, lôb. *v. a.* to let fall in a slovenly or lazy
- Lobby, lôl'-bê. *s.* an opening before a room.
- Lobe, lôbe. *s.* a part of the lungs.
- Lobster, lôb'-stîr. *s.* a shell fish.
- Local, lô-kâl. *a.* of or in a place.
- Locality, lô-kâl'ê-tê. *s.* existence in place.
- Locally, lô-kâl-lê. *ad.* with respect to place.
- Lock, lôk. *s.* part of a door or gun; a quantity of hair or wool hanging together; a tuft; a contrivance to raise the water on a canal.
- Lock, lôk. *v. a.* to shut or fasten with locks.
- Locker, lôk'-kîr. *s.* any thing that is closed with a lock.
- Locket, lôk'-kîl. *s.* an ornamental lock.
- Lockram, lôk'-krîm. *s.* a sort of coarse linen.
- Locomotion, lô-kô-mô'-shûn. *s.* power of changing place.
- Locust, lô'-kûst. *s.* a devouring insect.
- Lodge, lôdje. *v. a.* to place in a temporary habitation; to afford a temporary dwelling; to place; to settle.
- Lodge, lôdje. *v. n.* to reside; to take a temporary habitation.
- Lodge, lôdje. *s.* a small house in a park or forest, as the porter's room.
- Lodgement, lôdje-mênt. *s.* accumulation of any thing in a certain place; possession of the enemy's work
- Lodger, lôdje'-îr. *s.* one who lives in rooms hired in the house of another; one that resides in any place.
- Lodging, lôdje'-îng. *s.* temporary habitation, place of residence; hired rooms.
- Loft, lôft. *s.* the highest floor.
- Loftily, lôf'-tê-lê. *ad.* on high; proudly.
- Loftiness, lôf'-tê-nês. *s.* height; haughtiness.
- Lofty, lôf'-tê. *a.* high; sublime; haughty.
- Log, lôg. *s.* a shapeless piece of wood; a Hebrew measure.
- Logarithms, lôg'-â-rîthmz. *s.* the indexes of the ratios of numbers one to another. [head.
- Loggerhead, lôg'-gîr-hêd. *s.* a dolt, a block-
- Logic, lôd'-jîk. *s.* the art of reasoning.
- Logical, lôd'-jîk-â-l. *a.* pertaining to logic.
- Logically, lôd'-jê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according to the laws of logic. [of logic.
- Logician, lô-jîsh'-ân. *s.* a teacher or professor
- Logomachy, lô-gôm'-â-kê. *s.* a contention about words. [dying.
- Logwood, lôg'-wîd. *s.* a wood much used in
- Loin, lôin. *s.* the back of an animal.
- Loiter, lôê'-tîr. *v. n.* to linger.
- Letterer, lôê'-tîr'-îr. *s.* a lingerer, an idler.
- Loll, lôl. *v. n.* to lean idly; to hang out.
- Lone, lône. *a.* solitary; single. [pansy.
- Loneliness, lône'-lê-nês. *s.* solitude, want of company.
- Lonely, lône'-lê. *a.* solitary.
- Loneness, lône'-nês. *s.* solitude.
- Lonesome, lône'-shûm. *a.* solitary, dismal.
- Long, lông. *a.* not short; dilatory protracted.
- Longboat, lông'-bôte. *s.* the largest boat belonging to a ship.
- Longevity, lông-jêv'-tê. *s.* length of life
- Longimanous, lông-jîm'-mâ-nûs. *a.* having long hands.

Longing, lûng'-lûng. *s.* earnest desire.
 Longitude, lôz'-jô-tûde. *s.* length; the distance of any part of the earth to the east or west of any place.
 Longitudinal, lôz'-jô-tû-dè-nâil. *a.* measured by the length, running in the longest direction.
 Longsome, lûng'-sûm. *a.* tedious.
 Longsuffering, lûng-sûf'-fûr-lûng. *a.* patient.
 Longways, lûng'-wâze. *ad.* in a longitudinal direction. [tedious.]
 Longwinded, lûng-wind'-êd. *x.* longwinded, too, lôz. *s.* a game at cards.
 Loobily, lôz'-bè-lè. *a.* awkward.
 Looby, lôz'-bè. *s.* a clumsy clown. [wind.]
 Loof, lôf. *s.* a to bring a ship close to the
 Look, lôk. *v. n.* to direct the eye to or from any object; to expect; to watch.
 Look, lôk. *v. a.* to seek; to search for; to turn the eye upon.
 Look, lôk. *interf.* see! lo! behold! observe!
 Look, lôk. *s.* air of the face, mien; the act of looking.
 Looking-glass, lôk'-lû-glâs. *s.* a mirror.
 Loom, lôm. *s.* the frame in which weavers work their cloth.
 oon, lôn. *s.* a sorry fellow.
 oop, lôp. *s.* a double through which a string or lace is drawn. [passage.]
 oophole, lôp'-nôle. *s.* aperture, hole to give a
 oose, lôse. *v. a.* to unbind; to relax; to disengage.
 oose, lôse. *s.* unbound; wanton; vague; unconnected; disengaged; remiss.
 oose, lôse. *s.* liberty, freedom from restraint.
 oosely, lôse-lè. *ad.* not fast; irregularly; negligently; unchastely.
 oosen, lôz'-sn. *v. a.* to relax any thing; to separate; to free from restraint.
 ooseness, lôse-nès. *s.* criminal levity; irregularity unchastity; diarrhoea.
 op, lôp. *v. a.* to cut off any thing.
 opacious, lô-kwâ'-shûs. *a.* full of talk.
 opacity, lô-kwâ'-shû-lè. *s.* too much talk.
 ord, lôrd. *s.* the Divine Being; monarch, ruler; master; a tyrant; a husband; a nobleman. [cally.]
 rd lôrd. *v. n.* to domineer, to rule despotically.
 rdling, lôrd'-lûng. *s.* a diminutive brd.

Lordliness, lôrd'-lè-nès. *s.* dignity, high-tion; pride.
 Lordly, lôrd'-lè. *a.* proud, insolent.
 Lordly, lôrd'-lè. *ad.* imperiously, proudly.
 Lordship, lôrd'-shîp. *s.* dominion; seignory; title of honour used to a lord.
 Lore, lôre. *s.* lesson, doctrine.
 Loricater, lôr'-rè-kâte. *v. a.* to plate over.
 Lorimer, lôr'-rè-mâr. } *s.* a bridle-cutter.
 Loriner, lôr'-rè-nâr. }
 Lose, lôze. *v. a.* to forfeit; to be deprived of; to bewilder; to employ ineffectually.
 Lose, lôze. *v. n.* to suffer loss; to decline, to fail. [thing.]
 Loser, lôz'-âr. *s.* one that is deprived of any
 Loss, lôs. *s.* forfeiture; damage.
 Lost, lôst. *pret.* and *part. of* to lose.
 Lot, lôt. *s.* fortune; a chance; a portion; proportion of taxes
 Lotion, lô-shûn. *s.* a form of medicine used to wash any diseased parts; a cosmetick.
 Lottery, lôt'-târ-è. *s.* a game of chance.
 Loud, lôd. *a.* noisy, clamorous.
 Loudly, lôd'-lè. *ad.* noisily; clamorously.
 Loudness, lôd'-nès. *s.* noise, force of sound.
 Louis-d'or, lô-è-dôre'. *s.* a gold coin of France valued at about twenty shillings.
 Lounge, lônje. *v. n.* to idle, to live lazily.
 Lounger, lôjn'-jûr. *s.* an idler.
 Louse, lôuse. *s.* a small insect. [with lice
 Lousiness, lôz'-zè-nès. *s.* the state of abounding
 Lousy, lôz'-zè. *a.* swarming with lice.
 Lout, lôût. *s.* a mean, awkward fellow.
 Loutish, lôût'-ish. *a.* clownish.
 Love, lôv. *v. a.* to regard with passionate affection; to be pleased with.
 Love, lôv. *s.* the passion between the sexes affection; liking; object beloved; principle of union; a word of endearment; a kind of thin silk stuff.
 Loveletter, lôv'-lè-âr. *s.* letter of courtship.
 Lovelily, lôv'-lè-lè. *ad.* amiably.
 Loveliness, lôv'-lè-nès. *s.* amiableness.
 Lovelorn, lôv'-lôrn. *a.* forsaken of one's love.
 Lovely, lôv'-lè. *a.* amiable; exciting love.
 Lover, lôv'-âr. *s.* one who is in love.
 Lovesick, lôv'-sîk. *a.* disordered with love gushing with amorous desire.

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pine, pîn;—

- Lovesong, lôv'-sông.** *s.* a song expressing love.
Lovetale, lôv'-tâle. *s.* narrative of love.
Lovethought, lôv'-thôwt. *s.* amorous fancy.
Lovetoy, lôv'-tôé. *s.* small present given by lovers.
Lovetrick, lôv'-trîk. *s.* art of expressing love.
Loving, lôv'-îng. *part. a.* kind, affectionate.
Lovingkindness, lôv'-îng-kyînd-nês. *s.* tenderness, favour, mercy.
Lovingly, lôv'-îng-lê. *ad.* affectionately.
Low, lô. *a.* not high; descending downwards, deep; shallow; dejected; abject; dishonourable; reduced.
Low, lô. *ad.* meanly; with a low voice.
Low, lôô. *v. n.* to bellow as a cow.
Lower, lôô'-âr. *v. a.* to bring low.
Lower, lôô'-âr. *v. n.* to appear dark and gloomy; to frown, to look sullen.
Loweringly, lôô'-îng-lê. *ad.* gloomily
Lowest, lô'-âr-môst. *a.* lowest.
Lowland, lô'-lând. *s.* a low country.
Lowliness, lô'-lê-nês. *s.* humility.
Lowly, lô'-lê. *a.* humble, meek.
Lowness, lô'-nês. *s.* absence of height; meanness; depression. [pressed].
Lowspirited, lô-spîr'-î-têd. *a.* dejected, de-
Loyal, lôê'-âl. *a.* obedient, true to the prince.
Loyalist, lôê'-âl-îst. *s.* one who professes uncommon adherence to his king.
Loyally, lôê'-âl-lê. *ad.* with fidelity
Loyalty, lôê'-âl-tê. *s.* fidelity.
Lozenge, lôz'-zênje. *s.* a figure in heraldry; a
 &rm of a medicine made into small pieces.
Lubber, lôb'-bâr. *s.* a sturdy drone.
Lubberly, lôb'-bâr-ê. *a.* lazy and bulky.
Lubberly, lôb'-bâr-lê. *ad.* awkwardly, clumsily.
Lubricate, lô-brô'-kâte. *v. a.* to make smooth or slippery.
Lubrlicity, lô-brîs'-sê-tê. *s.* slipperiness.
Lubrick, lô-brîk. *a.* slippery.
Lucent, lô-sênt. *a.* shining, splendid.
Lucerne, lô-sêru. *s.* a kind of grass cultivated as clover. [ened with madness].
Lucid, lô'-sîd. *a.* bright, glittering; not dark-
Lucidify, lô-sîd'-ê-tê. *s.* splendour, brightness.
Luciferous, lô-sîf'-fêr-ôs. *a.* giving light, afford-
 ing means of discovery.
Luck, lôk. *s.* chance, fortune.
- Luckily, lôk'-kê-lê.** *ad.* fortunately.
Luckless, lôk'-lê. *a.* unhappy.
Lucky, lôk'-kê. *a.* fortunate, happy by chance.
Lucrative, lô-krâ'-îv. *a.* gainful, profitable.
Lucre, lô'-kûr. *s.* gain, profit.
Lucubrate, lô'-kû-brâte. *v. n.* to watch, to study by night.
Lucubration, lô-kû-brâ'-shûn. *s.* study by candlelight, any thing composed by night.
Lucubratory, lô'-kû-brâ-târ-ê. *a.* composed by candlelight.
Ludicrous, lô'-dê-krûs. *a.* burlesque
Ludicrously, lô'-dê-krûs-lê. *ad.* sportively
Luff, lôf. *v. n.* to keep close to the wind
Lug, lôg. *v. a.* to pull with violence.
Luggage, lôg'-gîjje. *s.* any thing cumbersome and unwieldy. [different, not zealous
Lukewarm, lôke'-wârm. *a.* mildly warm; in-
Lukewarmness, lôke'-wârm-nês. *s.* moderate heat; indifference.
Lull, lôl. *v. a.* to compose to sleep.
Lullaby, lôl'-lâ-bl. *s.* a song to still babes.
Lumbago, lôm-bâ'-gô. *s.* pains about the loins and small of the back [bersome].
Lumber, lôm'-bâr. *s.* any thing useless or cum-
Lumber, lôm'-bâr. *v. a.* to heap like useless goods irregularly. [gives light].
Luminary, lô-mê-nâr-rê. *s.* any body which
Luminous, lô-mê-nôs. *a.* shining.
Lump, lômp. *s.* a shapeless mass; the gross.
Lump, lômp. *v. a.* to take in the gross.
Lumping, lômp'-îng. *a.* large, heavy.
Lumpish, lômp'-îsh. *a.* heavy, gross, unactive.
Lumpy, lômp'-ê. *a.* full of lumps. [the moon].
Lunacy, lô-nâ-sê. *s.* madness influenced by
Lunar, lô'-nâr. } *a.* relating to the moon.
Lunary, lô'-nâr-ê. }
Lunated, lô-nâ-têd. *a.* formed like a half moon
Lunatick, lô-nâ-tîk. *a.* mad, having the imagi-
 nation influenced by the moon.
Lunatick, lô-nâ-tîk. *s.* a madman. [moon
Lunation, lô-nâ-shûn. *s.* the revolution of the
Lunch, lônsh. } *s.* as much food as one's
Luncheon, lôn'-shûn. } hand can hold.
Lunette, lô-nêt. *s.* a small half moon.
Lungs, lôngs. *s.* the organs of respiration.
Lupine, lô'-pln. *s.* a kind of pulse.
Lurch, lôrsh. *s.* a forlorn condition.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, túll;—dòl;—pònd;—thin, THIN.

Lureh, lùrsh. *v. a.* to defeat, to disappoint; to fish.
Lurker, lùrtsh' òr. *s.* one that watches to steal, or to betray; a hunting dog.
Lure, lùr. *s.* an enticement.
Lurid, lù' rìd. *a.* gloomy, dismal.
Lurk, lùrk. *v. n.* to lie in wait.
Lurker, lùrk' òs. *s.* a thief that lies in wait.
Lurking-place, lùrk' òng-plèse. *s.* hiding-place.
Luscious, lùsh' òs. *a.* sweet; pleasing, cloying.
Lusciousness, lùsh' òs-nès. *s.* immoderate sweetness.
Lusurious, lù-sù' rè-òs. *a.* used in play, sportive.
Lust, lùst. *s.* carnal desire; any violent or irregular desire. [*v.* vehemently].
Lust, lùst. *v. n.* to desire carnally; to desire lustfully, lùst' fùl. *a.* libidinous. [*s.* piscence].
Lustfully, lùst' fùl-è. *ad.* with sensual concupiscence.
Lustfulness, lùst' fùl-nès. *s.* libidinousness.
Lustily, lùs' tè-lè. *ad.* stoutly, with vigour.
Lustiness, lùs' tè-nès. *s.* stoutness, sturdiness.
Lustral, lùs' trál. *a.* used in purification.
Lustration, lùs' trá-shùn. *s.* purification by water.
Lustre, lùs' tùr. *s.* brightness; a scone with lights; eminence; the space of five years.
Lustring, lùs' tùng. *s.* a shining silk.
Lustrous, lùs' trùs. *a.* bright, luminous.
Lusty, lùs' tè. *a.* stout, vigorous. [*s.* late].
Lutanist, lù' tán-íst. *s.* one who plays upon the Lutarious, lù' tá' rè-òs. *a.* living in mud.
Lute, lùte. *s.* a stringed instrument of music; a composition like clay, with which chymists close up their vessels.
Lutulent, lù' tshù-lùnt. *a.* muddy.
Lux, lùks. } *v. a.* to put out of joint.
Luxate, lùks' àte. }
Luxation, lùks' à' shùn. *s.* the act of disjoining any thing disjointed.
Luxuriance, lùg' zù' rè-fuse. } *s.* exuberance.
Luxuriance, lùg' zù' rè-òs-sè. }
Luxuriant, lùg' zù' rè-ònt. *a.* exuberant, superfluous. [*s.* superfluous plenty].
Luxuriate, lùg' zù' rè-àte. *v. n.* to shoot with
Luxurious, lùg' zù' rè-òs. *a.* voluptuous, enamoured to pleasure.
Luxuriously, lùg' zù' rè-òs-tè. *ad.* deliciously, voluptuously.

Luxury, lùk' shù-rè. *s.* voluptuousness. [*s.* Lycanthropy, lì-kán' tshò-pè. *s.* a kind of mad
Lying, lì' òng. the active participle of lie.
Lymph, lìmf. *s.* transparent, colourless liquor.
Lymphatic, lìmf' sàt' òk. *s.* a vessel conveying the lymph.
Lynx, lìngks. *s.* a spotted beast.
Lyre, lìre. *s.* a musical instrument.
Lyrical, lìr' rè-kál. } *a.* pertaining to a harp.
Lyrick, lìr' rìk. }
Lyrist; lì' rìst. *s.* a musician who plays upon the harp.

M.

MACARON, màk' à' ròdn'. *s.* a coarse, low fellow; a kind of sweet biscuit.
MACAW, mà-káw'. *s.* a bird in the West Indies.
Mace, màse. *s.* an ensign of authority; a kind of spice. [*s.* the mace].
Macebearer, màse' bùrò-òr. *s.* one who carries
Macerate, màs' sèr-àte. *v. a.* to make lean; to steep almost to solution.
Maceration, màs' sèr-à' shùn. *s.* the act of waist ing or making lean.
Machinal, màk' kè-nál. *a.* relating to machines
Machinate, màk' kè-nàte. *v. a.* to plan, to contrive. [*s.* irivance].
Machination, màk' kè-nà' shùn. *s.* artifice, contrivance.
Machine, mà-shèen'. *s.* any complicated piece of workmanship; an engine.
Machinery, mà-shèen' èr-è. *s.* enginery, complicated workmanship.
Machinist, mà-shèen' òst. *s.* a constructor of engines or machines.
Mackerel, màk' kàr-òl. *s.* a sea-fish.
Macula, màk' kù-là. *s.* a spot.
Maculate, màk' kù-làte. *v. a.* to stain, to spot.
Maculation, màk' kù-là' s' òu. *s.* stain, spot, taint.
Mad, màd. *a.* disordered in the mind
Mad, màd. *v. a.* to make mad, to make furious.
Madam, màd' òm. *s.* an address to a lady.
Madbrained, màd' bránd. *a.* hot-headed.
Madcap, màd' káp. *s.* a madman; a hot-headed fellow.
Madden, màd' òn. *v. n.* to become mad.
Madden, màd' òn. *v. a.* to make mad

Fine, fâr, fâh, fât, —mâ, mêt; —plne, pla; —

Maid, mâde. *part. pres. of make.*
Madhouse, mâd'-hòuse. *s. a house where madmen are cured or confined.*
Madly, mâd'-lê. *ad. without understanding.*
Madman, mâd'-mân. *s. a man deprived of his understanding.*
Madness, mâd'-nês. *s. distraction; fury, rage.*
Madrigal, mâd'-drô-gâl. *s. a pastoral song.*
Magazine, mâg-gâ-zêen'. *s. a storehouse; a miscellaneous pamphlet.*
Maggot, mâg'-gît. *s. a small grub; old fancy.*
Maggoty, mâg'-gût-ê. *a. full of maggots; whimsical.* [and invisible powers.
Magical, mâd'-jê-kâl. *a. performed by secret*
Magically, mâd'-jê-kâl-ê. *ad. according to the rites of magick.*
Magick, mâd'-jîk. *s. the art of putting in action the power of spirits.*
Magician, mâ-jîh'-ân. *s. one skilled in magick.*
Magisterial, mâd-jîs-tê-rê-âl. *a. lofty, arrogant.*
Magisterially, mâd-jîs-tê-rê-âl-ê. *ad. arrogantly.*
Magisterialness, mâd-jîs-tê-rê-âl-nês. *s. haughtiness.* [of a magistrate.
Magistracy, mâd'-jîs-trâ-sê. *s. office of dignity*
Magistrate, mâd'-jîs-trâte. *s. a man publicly invested with authority.* [of mind.
Magnanimity, mâg-nâ-nîm'-ê-tê. *s. greatness*
Magnanimous, mâg-nân'-ê-mûs. *a. great of mind, elevated in sentiment.*
Magnanimously, mâg-nân'-ê-mûs-lê. *ad. with greatness of mind.*
Magnet, mâg'-nêt. *s. the loadstone.*
Magnetical, mâg-nêt-tê-kâl. } *a. having powers*
Magnetic, mâg-nêt'-îk. } *correspondent to those of the magnet; attractive.* [ion.
Magnetism, mâg'-nêt-îzm. *s. power of attraction.*
Magnificent, mâg-nîf'-îk. *a. illustrious, grand.*
Magnificence, mâg-nîf-fê-sênsê. *s. grandeur of appearance.* [did, pompous.
Magnificent, mâg-nîf-fê-sênt. *a. grand, splendidly.*
Magnificently, mâg-nîf-fê-sênt-lê. *ad. pompously, splendidly.*
Magnifier, mâg'-nê-fl-îr. *s. a glass that increases the bulk of any object.* [extol.
Magnify, mâg'-nê-fl. *v. a. to make great, to*
Magnitude, mâg'-nê-tôde. *s. greatness.*
Magpie, mâg'-pl. *s. a bird.* [wood.
Mahogany, mâ-hôg'-â-nê. *s. a hard kind of*

Maid, mâde. } *s. a virgin; a woman.*
Maiden, mâ'-du. } *vant; a fish.*
Maidenly, mâ'-du-lê. *a. fresh, unpolished.*
Maidenly, mâ'-du-lê. *a. like a maid; modest.* [vant.
Maid-servant, mâde-sêr-vânt. *s. a female servant.*
Mail, mâle. *s. armour; a bag of post letters.*
Main, mâme. *v. a. to deprive of any necessary part, to cripple by loss of a limb.*
Maim, mâme. *s. privation of some essential part; injury; essential defect.*
Maize, mâne. *a. principal; strong; important.*
Main, mâne. *s. the gross, the bulk; the ocean; force.*
Mainland, mâne-lând'. *s. the continent.*
Mainly, mâne-lê. *ad. chiefly; powerfully.*
Mainmast, mâne-mâst. *s. the chief or mizzen mast.*
Mainprize, mâne-prîze. *s. delivery into the custody of a friend, upon security given for appearance.*
Mainsail, mâne-sâle. *s. the sail of a mainmast.*
Maintain, mên-tânc'. *v. a. to preserve; to keep up; to support.*
Maintainable, mên-tânc'-â-bl. *a. defensible.*
Maintenance, mên-tên-ânsê. *s. supply of the necessaries of life.* [man.
Maintop, mâne-tôp'. *s. the top of the main*
Maize, mâze. *s. Indian wheat.*
Majestical, mâ-jês-tê-kâl. } *a. august; stately*
Majestick, mâ-jês-îk. } *pompous*
Majestically, mâ-jês-tê-kâl-ê. *ad. with dignity*
Majesty, mâd'-jês-tê. *s. dignity, grandeur; sovereignty; a regal title.*
Major, mâ'-jûr. *a. greater in number, quality, or extent.*
Major, mâ'-jûr. *s. the officer above the captain, the first proposition of a syllogism.*
Majority, mâ-jôr-ê-tê. *s. the greater number; the office of a major.*
Make, mâke. *v. a. to create; to form; to produce; to hold; to commit; to force; to rain as profit from any thing; to arrive at.*
Make, mâke. *s. form, structure.*
Makebate, mâke-bâte. *s. breeder of swan*
Maker, mâ'-kfr. *s. the Creator; makes any thing.*

nò, môve, nòr, nòt;—wòbe, tòn, báll;—fíl;—pònd;—tòn, TIII.

- Machete** mák'-pé-sò. *s.* praccemaker; recon-
ciler.
- Makeweight**, mák'-wáit. *s.* any small thing
thrown in to make up weight.
- Malady**, má'-á-dé. *s.* a disease. [judence.
- Malapert**, má'-á-pérr. *a.* saucy; quick with im-
pudence.
- Male**, mále. *s.* the lie of any species.
- Misadministration**, míté-fid-wín-nls-trá-shún.
s. bad management of affairs.
- Miscontent** mále-kón-tént. *a.* discontented,
dissatisfied. [fied, or discontented.
- Miscontented**, mále-rón-tént. *s.* one dissatis-
fied.
- Malediction**, mále-lé-dík'-shún. *s.* curse, execra-
tion. [offence.
- Malefaction**, mále-fák'-shún. *s.* a crime, an
offence.
- Malefactor**, mále-fák'-tór. *s.* a criminal.
- Malpractice**, mále-prákt'-tís. *s.* practice con-
trary to rules. [lignity.
- Malevolence**, má-lév'-vò-léuse. *s.* ill will, ma-
liciousness.
- Malevolent**, má-lév'-vò-lént. *a.* ill-disposed to-
wards others.
- Malice**, má'-lís. *s.* deliberate mischief.
- Malicious**, má'-lích'-ús. *a.* ill-disposed to any
one, intending ill. [of mischief.
- Maliciously**, má'-lích'-ús-lé. *ad.* with intention
of mischief.
- Maliciousness**, má'-lích'-ús-nés. *s.* intention of
mischief.
- Malign**, má'-líné. *a.* unfavourable.
- Malignancy**, má'-líg'-nán-sé. *s.* malice, destruc-
tive tendency.
- Malignant**, má'-líg'-nánt. *a.* envious, malicious.
- Malignantly**, má'-líg'-nánt-lé. *ad.* maliciously,
mischievously. [another with ill will.
- Maligner**, má'-líné-ár. *s.* one who regards
with envy.
- Malignity**, má'-líg'-nété. *s.* malice; evilness of
nature.
- Malignly**, má'-líné-lé. *ad.* enviously, with ill will.
- Mall**, má'l. *s.* a kind of hammer; a walk where
they formerly played with malls and balls.
- Malleability**, mále-fé-á-bíl-é-té. *s.* quality of en-
during the hammer.
- Malleable**, mále-fé-á-bl. *a.* capable of being
spread by beating.
- Mallet**, mále-fé. *a.* to hammer.
- Mallet**, mále-fé. *s.* a wooden hammer.
- Malmsey**, má'm'-zé. *s.* a kind of wine.
- Malt**, má'l. *s.* barley steeped in water and dried
on a kiln.
- Maltfloor**, mále-flo're. *s.* a flour to dry malt.
- Maltman**, mále-mán. *s.* one who makes malt.
- Maltster**, mále-stér. *s.* one who makes malt.
- Malversation**, mále-vér-sá-shún. *s.* bad shifts,
mean artifices.
- Mamma**, má'm'-má. *s.* the fond word for mother.
- Mammillary**, má'm'-míl-lá-ré. *a.* belonging to
the paps. [piece.
- Mammoth**, má'm'-mók. *s.* a large, shapeless
mammoth.
- Mammoth**, má'm'-mók. *s.* a. to tear, to pull to
Mammoth. má'm'-mók. *s.* riches. [pieces.
- Man**, mán. *s.* the male of the human species; a
servant.
- Man**, mán. *v. a.* to furnish with men; to fortify.
- Manacles**, má'n'-ná-klz. *s.* chains for the hands.
- Manage**, má'n'-lidge. *v. a.* to conduct; to govern
to make tractable; to wield; to husband.
- Manage**, má'n'-lidge. *s.* conduct, administration,
a riding-school.
- Manageable**, má'n'-lidge-á-bl. *a.* governable,
tractable. [ministration.
- Management**, má'n'-lidge-mént. *s.* conduct, ad-
ministration.
- Manager**, má'n'-lidge-ár. *s.* one who has the di-
rection of any thing; a man of frugality.
- Manation**, má-ná-shún. *s.* the act of issuing
from.
- Manaculate**, má'n'-sè-páte. *v. a.* to enslave, to
bind. [court of the king's bench.
- Mandamus**, má'n-dá-mús. *s.* a writ from the
king's bench.
- Mandarin**, má'n-dá-rén. *s.* a Chinese nobleman
or magistrate.
- Mandate**, má'n-dá-té. *s.* command; precept.
- Mandatory**, má'n-dá-tár-é. *a.* preceptive, direc-
tive.
- Mandible**, má'n-dé-bl. *s.* the jaw. [tory.
- Mandrake**, má'n-dráke. *s.* a plant, the root of
which is said to bear a resemblance to the
human form.
- Manducate**, má'n-dú-káte. *v. a.* to chew.
- Mane**, máne. *s.* the hair which hangs down be-
hind the neck of a horse.
- Mancator**, má'n-é-ár. *s.* a cannibal.
- Manes**, má'-néz. *s.* ghost, shade.
- Manful**, má'n'-fúl. *a.* bold, stout, daring.
- Manfully**, má'n'-fúl-lé. *ad.* boldly, stoutly.
- Manfulness**, má'n'-fúl-nés. *s.* stoutness, boldness.
- Mange**, má'nje. *s.* the itch in cattle.
- Manger**, má'nje-ár. *s.* the vessel in which a
muls are fed with corn.

Fåie, får, fäll, tät; —mè, mêt; —plac, pla; —

- Mangle**, mång'-g'l. *v. a.* to lacerate, to cut or tear piecemeal, to smooth linen.
- Mångler**, mång'-g'l-är. *s.* one who mangles.
- Mangy**, måne'-jè. *a.* infected with the mange.
- Manhater**, män'-håte-är. *s.* misanthrope, one that hates mankind. [courage.
- Manhood**, män'-håd. *s.* human nature; vanity;
- Maniac**, mä'-né-äk. *s.* a mad person.
- Maniac**, mä'-né-äk. *a.* raging with madness.
- Manifest**, män'-né-fést. *a.* plain, open detected.
- Manifest**, män'-né-fést. *v. n.* to show plainly.
- Manifestation**, män'-né-fés-tå-shån. *s.* discovery, publication. [denly.
- Manifestly**, män'-né-fés-tè. *ad.* clearly, evidently.
- Manifestness**, män'-né-fést-nés. *s.* perspicuity.
- Manifesto**, män'-né-fés-tó. *s.* publick protestation. [many.
- Manifold**, män'-né-föld. *a.* of different kinds.
- Mankind**, män'-kylud. *s.* the race or species of human beings.
- Manlike**, män'-lhc. *a.* having the qualities of a man, befitting a man.
- Manliness**, män'-lè-nés. *s.* bravery, stoutness.
- Manly**, män'-lè. *a.* becoming a man, firm, brave.
- Manna**, män'-ná. *s.* a kind of gum, a physical drug.
- Manner**, män'-når. *s.* form, method; sort; mien; peculiar way.
- Mannerist**, män'-når-ist. *s.* any artist who performs all his works in one unvaried manner.
- Mannerliness**, män'-når-lè-nés. *s.* civility, ceremonious complaisance.
- Mannerly**, män'-når-lè. *a.* civil, complaisant.
- Manly**, män'-lhc. *a.* having the appearance of a man, bold, masculine.
- Manceuvre**, män'-ö-vår. *s.* an attempt, out of the common course of action, to relieve ourselves, or annoy our adversary.
- Manor**, män'-når. *s.* a lord's jurisdiction.
- Manston**, män'-shån. *s.* abode, house.
- Man slaughter**, män'-slåw-tår. *s.* the act of killing a man not wholly without fault, though without malice.
- Man slayer**, män'-slå-är. *s.* one that has killed another.
- Mansuete**, män'-swète. *a.* tame, gentle.
- Manucript**, män'-swè-tåd. *s.* tameness. pen-
- Mantel**, män'-tl. *s.* work raised before a chimney to conceal it.
- Mantoleet**, män'-tè-lèt'. *s.* a small cloak; a kind of moveable pent-house.
- Mantle**, män'-tl. *s.* a kind of cloak.
- Mantle**, män'-tl. *v. a.* to cloak; to cover.
- Mantle**, män'-tl. *v. n.* to be expanded; to gather any thing on the surface, to froth; to ferment.
- Mantua**, män'-tshü-å. *s.* a lady's gown.
- Mantuamaker**, män'-tö-må-tår. *s.* one who makes gowns for women.
- Manual**, män'-ö-ål. *a.* performed by the hand.
- Manual**, män'-ö-ål. *s.* a small book.
- Manufactory**, män'-ö-fåk-tår-ö. *s.* place where a manufactory is carried on.
- Manufacture**, män'-ö-fåk-tshåre. *s.* any thing made by art.
- Manufacture**, män'-ö-fåk-tshåre. *v. a.* to make by art and labour.
- Manufacturer**, män'-ö-fåk-tshü-rår. *s.* a workman, an artificer.
- Manumission**, män'-nù-mish-ån. *s.* the act of giving liberty to slaves.
- Manumit**, män'-nù-mit'. *v. a.* to release from slavery. [vation
- Manurable**, mä'-né-rå-bl. *a.* capable of cultivation.
- Manure**, mä'-nåre'. *v. a.* to cultivate by manual labour; to fatten with composts.
- Manure**, mä'-nåre'. *s.* soil to be laid on lands.
- Manuscript**, män'-å-skript. *s.* a book written not printed.
- Many**, mén'-né. *a.* numerous. [ly
- Manytimes**, män'-né-umz. *ad.* often, frequently.
- Map**, måp. *s.* a delineation of countries.
- Mappery**, måp'-pår-é. *s.* the art of planning and designing.
- Mar**, mär. *v. a.* to injure, to spoil.
- Maranatha**, mär'-å-måth'-å. *s.* a form of denouncing a curse among the Jews.
- Marauder**, mä'-rå-dår. *s.* a soldier that roves about in quest of plunder.
- Marble**, mär'-bl. *s.* stone used in statues and elegant buildings; a little ball with which children play.
- Marble**, mär'-bl. *a.* made of marble; variegated like marble.
- Marcasite**, mär'-kä-she. *s.* a solid, hard fossil.
- March**, märsh. *s.* the third month of the year.

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, bóll;—óíl;—pòónd;—óuin, thín.

March, mártsh. *s.* a movement, journey of soldiers; grave and solemn walk.

March, mártsh. *v. n.* to move in a military form; to walk in a grave, deliberate, or stately manner.

Marcher, mártsh'-úr. *s.* president of the marches or borders. [marchus.

Marchioness, márt'-shún-és. *s.* the wife of a Marquid, márt'-síd. *a.* leau, pining.

Mare, máre. *s.* the female of a horse.

Mareschal, márt'-shál. *s.* a chief commander of an army.

Margarite, márt'-gá-ríte. *s.* a pearl.

Margent, márt'-jént. } *s.* the border, the edge.

Margin, márt'-jín. }

Marginal, márt'-jé-nál. *s.* placed or written on the margin.

Marine, má-réén'. *a.* belonging to the sea.

Marine, má-réén'. *s.* a soldier taken on ship-board to be employed in descents upon the land.

Mariner, márt'-rín-úr. *s.* a seaman, a sailor.

Maritime, márt'-ré-tím. *a.* relating to the sea; marine.

Mark, márk. *s.* an impression; a proof.

Mark, márk. *v. a.* to impress with a token or evidence; to note.

Market, márt'-kít. *s.* a publick time of buying and selling; place where a market is held.

Market, márt'-kít. *v. a.* to deal at a market, to buy or sell.

Market-cross, márt'-kít-króts. *s.* a cross set up where the market is held.

Market-place, márt'-kít-pláse. *s.* place where the market is held.

Market-price, márt'-kít-príse. *s.* the price at which any thing is currently sold.

Market-town, márt'-kít-tóún. *s.* a town that has the privilege of a stated market.

Marketable, márt'-kít-á-bl. *a.* such as may be sold; current in the market.

Marksman, mártk'-mán. *s.* a man skilful to hit a mark.

Marl, márl. *s.* a kind of clay used for manure.

Marlinespike, márt'-lín-spike. *s.* a small piece of iron for fastening ropes.

Marl-pit, márt'-pít. *s.* pit out of which marl is dug.

Marmalade, márt'-má-láde. } *s.* the pulp of
Marmalet, márt'-má-lét. } quinces boiled
into a consistence with sugar.

Marrowrean, márt'-mò'-ré-áún. *a.* made of marble.

Marquetry, márt'-két-tré. *s.* chequered work, work inlaid with variegation.

Marquis, márt'-kwís. *s.* one of the second order of nobility, next in rank to a duke.

Marquise, márt'-kwíz-áte. *s.* the seignory of a marquis.

Marriage, márt'-rídje. *s.* the act of uniting a man and woman for life.

Marriageable, márt'-rídje-á-bl. *a.* of age to be married.

Married, márt'-ríd. *a.* conjugal; conjubial.

Marrow, márt'-ró. *s.* an oleaginous substance contained in bones.

Marrowless, márt'-ró-lés. *a.* void of marrow.

Marry, márt'-ré. *v. a.* to join a man and a woman; to take for husband or wife.

Marry, márt'-ré. *v. n.* to enter into the conjugal state.

Marsh, mártsh. *s.* a fen, a bog, a swamp.

Marshal, márt'-shál. *s.* the chief officer of arms; a pursuivant. [order.

Marshal, márt'-shál. *v. a.* to arrange, to rank in

Marshalsea, márt'-shál-sé. *s.* a prison belonging to the marshal of the king's household.

Marshy, mártsh'-é. *a.* boggy, ferny, swampy.

Mart, márt. *s.* a place of publick traffick.

Marten, márt'-tín. *s.* a large weasel; a kind of swallow.

Martial, márt'-snál. *a.* warlike.

Martingal, márt'-tín-gál. *s.* a broad strap made fast to the girths under the belly of a horse

Martinmas, márt'-tín-más. *s.* the feast of St. Martin.

Martyr, márt'-túr. *s.* one who by his death bears witness to the truth.

Martyr, márt'-túr. *v. a.* to put to death for virtue; to murder. [martyr

Martyrdom, márt'-túr-dóm. *s.* the death of a

Martyrology, márt'-túr-ról-lò-jé. *s.* a register of martyrs. [martyring.

Marvel, márt'-vél. *s.* a wonder, any thing as

Marvel, márt'-vél. *v. n.* to wonder, to be astonished.

Marvelous, márt'-vél-lús. *a.* wonderful, mira-

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mé, mêt; —plue, pin; —

Majestuousness, mâr-vêl-lûs-nês. *s.* wonderfulness, strangeness.

Masculine, mâs-kû-lîn. *a.* male; virile.

Mash, mâsh. *s.* any thing mingled or beaten together into an undistinguished or confused body.

Mash, mâsh. *v. a.* to beat into a confused mass; to mix malt and water together in brewing.

Mask, mâsk. *s.* a cover to disguise the face; a dramatick performance.

Mask, mâsk. *v. a.* to disguise with a mask or visor; to cover.

Mason, mâ'-ân. *s.* a builder with stone.

Masonry, mâ'-ân-rê. *s.* the craft or performance of a mason.

Masquerade, mâs-kâr-râde'. *s.* a diversion in which the company is masked.

Masquerade, mâs-kâr-râde'. *v. n.* to go in disguise; to assemble in masks. [mask.]

Masquerader, mâs-kâr-râ'-dûr. *s.* a person in a mask.

Mass, mâs. *s.* a body, a lump; the service of the Roman church.

Massacre, mâs-sâ-kâr. *s.* butchery, indiscriminate destruction.

Massacre, mâs-sâ-kâr. *v. a.* to butcher, to slaughter indiscriminately.

Massiness, mâs-sê-nês. } *s.* weight, bulk,

Massiveness, mâs-sêv-nês. } ponderousness.

Massive, mâs-sêv. } *a.* weighty; bulky.

Massy, mâs-sê. } *a.* weighty; bulky.

Mast, mâst. *s.* the beam or post raised above a vessel, to which the sail is fixed; the fruit of the oak and beech.

Master, mâ'-stâr. *s.* owner, proprietor; a ruler, chief commander; a teacher.

Master, mâ'-stâr. *v. a.* to conquer, to overcome.

Masterstroke, mâ'-stâr-strôke. *s.* capital performance. [dued.]

Masterless, mâ'-stâr-lês. *a.* ungoverned, unsubdued.

Masterly, mâ'-stâr-lê. *a.* artful, skillful.

Masterpiece, mâ'-stâr-pêsc. *s.* capital performance.

Mastership, mâ'-stâr-shîp. *s.* rule, power; skill.

Mastery, mâ'-stâr-ê. *s.* rule; superiority; skill.

Mastication, mâs-tê-kâ-shûn. *s.* the act of chewing.

Mastic, mâs-tîk. *s.* a sweet-scented gum; a kind of mortar.

Mastiff, mâs'-tîf. *s.* a large dog.

Mat, mât. *s.* a texture of sedge, flags, or rushes.

Mat, mât. *v. a.* to cover with mats; to join like a mat.

Matalore, mât-â-lôre'. *s.* a term used in the games of quadrille and ombre.

Match, mâsh. *s.* a contest; one equal to another; a marriage; a slip of wood tipped with brimstone.

Match, mâsh. *v. a.* to be equal to; to equal; to suit; to marry.

Matchless, mâsh'-lês. *a.* without an equal.

Matchlessness, mâsh'-lês-nês. *s.* state of being without an equal.

Matchmaker, mâsh'-nâ-kâr. *s.* one who contrives marriages; one who makes matches.

Mate, mâte. *s.* a husband or wife; a companion; one that sails in the same ship; one that eats at the same table; the second or

subordination. [to equal]

Mate, mâte. *v. a.* to match, to marry; to oppose

Material, mâ-tê-rê-âl. *a.* consisting of matter corporeal; important. [mater]

Materialize, mâ-tê-rê-âl-ize. *v. a.* to regard as

Materials, mâ-tê-rê-âl. *s.* the substance of which any thing is made.

Materialist, mâ-tê-rê-âl-ist. *s.* one who denies spiritual substances. [istence]

Materiality, mâ-tê-rê-âl-ê-tê. *s.* material existence.

Materially, mâ-tê-rê-âl-ê. *ad.* importantly, essentially.

Materialness, mâ-tê-rê-âl-nês. *s.* state of being material, importance.

Maternal, mâ-tê-r-nâ. *a.* motherly, pertaining to a mother.

Mathematical, mâth-ê-mât-ê-kâl. } *a.* accord-

Mathematick, mâth-ê-mât-ê-k. } ing to the doctrine of the mathematicians.

Mathematically, mâth-ê-mât-ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* according to the laws of the mathematical sciences.

Mathematician, mâth-ê-mât-ê-k-ân. *s.* a man versed in the mathematics.

Mathematicks, mâth-ê-mât-ê-k. *s.* that science which contemplates whatever is capable of being numbered or measured. [ing]

Matin, mâ-tîn. *a.* morning, used in the most

Matins, mâ-tîn. *s.* morning worship.

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt ;—thbe, tób, ból ;—ól ;—pònd ;—thin, THIS.

Matrice, má'-trís *s.* the womb; a mould. [or. **Matricide**, má't'-tré-áldé. *s.* slaughter of a moth.
Matriculate, má-trík'-ú-láto. *v. a.* to enter or admit to a membership of the universities of England. [of matriculating.

Matriculation, má-trík-kú-lá'-shón. *s.* the act
Matrimonial, má't'-tré-mò'-né-ál. *a.* suitable to marriage, connubial.

Matrimony, má't'-tré-món-é. *s.* marriage, the nuptial state.

Matrix, má'-tríks. *s.* womb, a place where any thing is generated or formed.

Matron, má'-trón. *s.* an elderly lady.

Matronly, má'-trón-lé. *a.* elderly, ancient.

Matross, má'-trós. *s.* a soldier in the artillery.

Matter, má't'-tár. *s.* body, substance; subject; affair; cause of disturbance; import; pursuit running.

Matter, má't'-tár. *v. n.* to be of importance; to generate matter.

Mattock, má't'-tók. *s.* a pickaxe.

Mattress, má't'-trís. *s.* a kind of quilted bed.

Maturation, má'tsh-ú-rá'-shón. *s.* the act of ripening, the state of growing ripe.

Maturation, má'tsh-ú-rá-úv. *a.* ripening.

Mature, má-túre'. *a.* ripe, perfect.

Mature, má-túre'. *v. a.* to ripen, to advance to ripeness. [with counsel.

Maturely, má-túre'-lé. *ad.* ripely, completely;

Maturity, má-tú'-ré-té. *s.* ripeness, completion.

Maudlin, máw'-dín. *a.* drunk, fuddled.

Mauve, máw'-gúr. *ad.* in spite of, notwithstanding.

Maul, máwl. *v. a.* to beat, to bruise. [mur.

Maulander, máw'-dór. *v. a.* to grumble, to mur-

Maunder-thursday, máw'n-dé, or máw'-détshúr'-dá. *s.* the Thursday before Good-Friday. [neral monument.

Mausoleum, máw-sò-lé-úm. *s.* a pompous su-

Maw, máw. *s.* the stomach of animals.

Mawkish, máw'-kísh. *a.* apt to offend the stomach. [cause loathing.

Mawkishness, máw'-kísh-nés. *s.* aptness to

Maw-worm, máw'-wúrm. *s.* a worm in the stomach. [jaw-bone.

Maxillary, máks'-lí-lár-é. *a.* belonging to the

Maxim, máks'-lm. *s.* an axiom, a general principle.

May, má. *auxiliary verb*, pret. *might*. to be permitted; to be possible.

May, má. *s.* the fifth month of the year.

May, má. *v. n.* to gather flowers on May morning.

May-game, má'-game. *s.* diversion, sport.

Mayor, má'-úr. *s.* the chief magistrate of a corporation. [mayor

Mayoralty, má'-úr-ú-té. *s.* the office of a

Mayoress, má'-úr-és. *s.* the wife of a mayor.

Maze, máze. *s.* a labyrinth; perplexity.

Maze, máze. *v. a.* to bewilder; to confuse.

Me, mé. the oblique case of *I*.

Mead, méde. *s.* a kind of drink made of water and honey.

Mead, méde. } *s.* a pasture ground, from

Meadow, méd'-dò. } which hay is made.

Meager, mé'-gúr. *a.* lean; hungry. [flesh

Meagerness, mé'-gúr-nés. *s.* leanness, want of

Meal, mélo. *s.* a repast; the edible part of corn.

Mealman, mélo'-mán. *s.* one that deals in meal.

Mealy, mé'-lé. *a.* having the taste of meal.

Mealy-mouthed, mé'-lé-mòúthd. *a.* unable to speak freely.

Mean, méne. *a.* base, despicable.

Mean, méne. *s.* mediocrity, medium; interval; instrument.

Mean, méne. *v. n.* to intend, to purpose.

Meander, mé-án'-dór. *s.* maze, labyrinth.

Meander, mé-án'-dúr. *v. n.* to run winding.

Meandrous, mé-án'-dúrs. *a.* winding flexuous

Meaning, mé'-níng. *s.* purpose, intention.

Meanly, méne'-lé. *ad.* poorly; ungenerously.

Meanness, méne'-nés. *s.* poverty; sordidness.

Meant, mént. *pret. and part. pass.* of *to mean*.

Measles, mé'-zíz. *s.* a kind of eruptive and infectious fever; a disease of swine and trees.

Measly, mé'-zíz. *a.* spotted with the measles.

Measurable, mézh'-úr-ú-bl. *a.* such as may be measured.

Measure, mézh'-úre. *s.* that by which any thing is measured; proportion; degree; proportionate time; moderation; limit; metre.

Measure, mézh'-úre. *v. a.* to compute; to pass through; to adjust; to mark out.

Measureless, mézh'-úr-lés. *a.* immense, unmeasurable.

Measurement, mézh'-úr-mént. *s.* measurement.

Fåte, får, fäll, füt;—mè, mêt;—pine, pia;—

Measurer, mèzh'-ür-ür. *s.* one that measures.
Meat, mète. *s.* flesh to be eaten; food in general.
Mechanical, mè-kân'-è-kål. } *a.* mean, servile;
Mechanick, mè-kân'-nik. } skilled in mechanics.
Mechanick, mè-kân'-nik. *s.* a manufacturer, a low workman. [motion.]
Mechanicks, mè-kân'-niks. *s.* the geometry of
Mechanically, mè-kân'-nik-è. *ad.* according to the laws of mechanism.
Mechanism, mèk'-à-niz-m. *s.* construction of parts depending on each other.
Medal, mèd'-dål. *s.* an ancient coin; a piece stamped in honour of some remarkable performance.
Medallick, mè-dål'-lik. *a.* pertaining to medals.
Medallion, mè-dål'-yün. *s.* a large medal.
Medallist, mèd'-dål'-ist. *s.* a man curious in medals. [pose.]
Meddle, mèd'-dl. *v. n.* to have to do; to inter-
Meddler, mèd'-dl-är. *s.* one who busies himself with things in which he has no concern.
Meddlesome, mèd'-dl-süm. *a.* intermeddling.
Mediate, mè-dé-àte. *v. n.* to interpose as an equal friend to both parties.
Mediate, mè-dé-àte. *a.* interposed intervening.
Mediation, mè-dé-à-shün. *s.* interposition; entreaty for another.
Mediator, mè-dé-à-tür. *s.* one that intervenes between two parties; an intercessor.
Mediatorial, mè-dé-à-tür-è-äl. } *a.* belonging
Mediatory, mè-dé-à-tür-è. } to a mediator.
Mediatorship, mè-dé-à-tür-ship. *s.* the office of a mediator
Mediatix, mè-dé-à-triks. *s.* a female mediator.
Medical, mèl'-è-kål. *a.* physical.
Medically, mèl'-è-kål-è. *ad.* physically.
Medicament, mèl'-è-kå-mènt. *s.* any thing used in healing. [any thing medicinal.]
Medicate, mèl'-è-kète. *v. a.* to uncture with
Medicinal, mè-üs'-è-nål. *a.* having physical virtue.
Medicinally, mè-üs'-è-nål-è. *ad.* physically.
Medicine, mèd'-è-sin. *s.* any remedy administered by a physician. [middle rate.]
Mediocrity, mè-dé-ök-rè-tè. *s.* small degree,

Meditate, mèd'-è-täte. *v. a.* to pign, to converse; to think on. [close attention.]
Meditation, mèd'-è-tä-shün. *s.* deep thought.
Meditative, mèd'-è-tä-üv. *a.* addicted to meditation.
Mediterranean, mèd'-è-tèr-rä-nè-än. } *a.* en
Mediterraneous, mèd'-è-tèr-rä-nè-üs. } circled with land; inland.
Medium, mèd'-dè-sün, or mè-jè-üm. *s.* any thing intervening; middle place or degree.
Medlar, mèd'-lär. *s.* a tree and its fruit.
Medley, mèd'-lè. *s.* a mixture.
Medley, mèd'-lè. *a.* mingled, confused. [row
Medullar, mè-dül'-lär. *a.* pertaining to the marrow
Meed, mèed. *s.* reward; gift.
Meek, mèek. *a.* mild of temper.
Meekly, mèek'-lè. *ad.* mildly, gently.
Meekness, mèek'-nès. *s.* gentleness, mildness
Meer, mère. *s.* a lake, a boundary.
Meet, mèet. *a.* fit, proper. [counter.]
Meet, mèet. *v. a.* to come face to face, to encounter.
Meeting, mèet'-ing. *s.* an assembly; a convention
Meety, mèet'-lè. *ad.* fitly, properly. [title.]
Meetness, mèet'-nès. *s.* fitness, propriety.
Megrim, mè-grim. *s.* disorder of the head.
Melancholy, mèl'-än-kòl-è. *s.* sadness; a kind of madness. [with melancholy.]
Melancholy, mèl'-än-kòl-è. *a.* gloomy; diseased
Meliorate, mè-lè-ò-rate. *v. a.* to better, to improve.
Melioration, mè-lè-ò-rä-shün. *s.* improvement.
Melliferous, mèl'-lif'-fèr-üs. *a.* productive of honey. [practice of making honey.]
Mellification, mèl'-lè-fè-kä-shün. *s.* the art or
Mellifluence, mèl'-lif'-fü-ènsè. *s.* a honeyed flow, a flow of sweetness.
Mellifluent, mèl'-lif'-fü-ènt. } *a.* flowing with
Mellifluous, mèl'-lif'-fü-üs. } honey.
Mellow, mèl'-lö. *a.* soft with ripeness; drunk
Mellowness, mèl'-lö-nès. *s.* ripeness, softness by maturity. [ous.]
Melodious, mè-lö-dè-üs. *a.* musical, harmonious
Melodiously, mè-lö-dè-üs-lè. *ad.* musically.
Melodiousness, mè-lö-dè-üs-nès. *s.* harmoniousness.
Melody, mèl'-lö-dè. *s.* musick, harmony or sound.
Melon, mèl'-lün. *s.* a plant; a fruit.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—ll;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Melt, mèlt. *v. a.* to dissolve; to soften to love or tenderness.

Member, mèm-bèr. *s.* a limb, a part.

Membrane, mèm-brà-ne. *s.* a web of several sorts of fibres interwoven.

Membranous, mèm-brà-nè-ús. } a consisting
Membranous, mèm-brà-nè-ús. } of mem-
branes. [memory.

Memento, mè-mèn'-tò. *s.* a hint to awaken the

Memor, mè-mòir'. *s.* an account of any thing.

Memorable, mèm-mùr'-à-bl. *a.* worthy of mem-
ory. [help the memory.

Memorandum, mèm-mò-ràn'-dùm. *s.* a note to

Memorial, mè-mò-rè-ál. *s.* something to pre-
serve memory; a written act containing a

Memorialist, mè-mò-rè-ál-íst. *s.* one who
writes memorials.

Memory, mèm-mùr'-è. *s.* the power of retain-
ing or recollecting things past, recollection.

Men, mèn. *s.* the plural of man.

Menace, mèn-nà-se. *v. a.* to threaten

Menace, mèn-nà-se. *s.* a threat.

Menagerie, mè-nà-zhe-àr'-è. *s.* a collection of animals
for keeping foreign birds, and other curious ani-
mals. [improve.

Mend, mènd. *v. a.* to repair; to correct; to

Mendacity, mèn-dàs'-è-tè. *s.* falsehood.

Mendicancy, mèn-dè-kàn-sè. *s.* beggary.

Mendicant, mèn-dè-kàn-t. *a.* begging.

Mendicant, mèn-dè-kàn-t. *s.* a beggar. [alms.

Mendicate, mèn-dè-kà-te. *v. a.* to beg, to ask

Menial, mè-nè-ál. *a.* belonging to the retinue
of servants.

Menology, mè-nòl'-lò-jè. *s.* a register of months.

Mensal, mèn-sál. *a.* belonging to the table.

Menstrual, mèn-strù-ál. *a.* monthly. [menia.

Menstruous, mèn-strù-ús. *a.* having the cata-

Mentally, mèn-tál'-è. *adv.* intellectually. . . .
Mention, mèn-shún. *s.* oral or written expres-
sion. [or writing

Mention, mèn-shún. *v. a.* to express in words

Mephitick, mè-fít'-ík. *a.* ill-savoured; stinkung.

Mercantile, mèr-kàn-tíl. *a.* trading commercial

Mercenary, mèr-sè-nà-rè. *a.* venal, hired

Mercenary, mèr-sè-nà-rè. *s.* a hireling.

Mercer, mèr-sùr. *s.* one who sells silks.

Mercery, mèr-sùr'-è. *s.* trade of mercers

Merchandise, mèr-tshàn-dtze. *s.* traffick, com-
merce; warea.

Merchandise, mèr-tshàn-dtze. *v. a.* to trade,
to traffick.

Merchant, mèr-tshàn. *s.* one who trafficks to
remote countries. [trade.

Merchantman, mèr-tshàn-mán. *s.* a ship of

Mercifully, mèr-sè-fùl. *a.* compassionate, tender.

Mercifulness, mèr-sè-fùl-nès. *a.* tenderness,
willingness to spare. [less.

Merciless, mèr-sè-lès. *a.* void of mercy, pit-

Mercilessness, mèr-sè-lès-nès. *s.* want of pity.

Mercurial, mèr-kù-rè-ál. *a.* sprightly; consist-
ing of quicksilver.

Mercury, mèr-kù-rè. *s.* quicksilver; sprightly
qualities; a planet; a newspaper. [tion.

Mercy, mèr-sè. *s.* clemency; pardon; discre-

Mere, mèrè. *a.* that or this only.

Merely, mèrè-lè. *ad.* simply, only.

Meretricious, mèr-rè-trish-ús. *a.* whorish; al-
luring by false show.

Meridian, mè-rid'-è-àn; or mè-rid'-jè-àn. *a.* noon,
mid-day; the line drawn from north to south,
which the sun crosses at noon.

Meridional, mè-rid'-è-ò-nál. *a.* southern.

Merit, mèr-ít. *s.* desert; claim.

Merit, mèr-ít. *v. a.* to deserve. [reward

Meritorious, mèr-rè-tò-rè-ús. *a.* deserving of

Merlin, mèr-lín. *s.* a kind of hawk.

Mermaid, mèr-mà-de. *s.* a sea-woman.

Merrily, mèr-re-è. *ad.* gaily, cheerfully

Merriment, mèr-rè-mènt. *s.* mirth.

Merry, mèr-rè. *a.* laughing, gay.

Merry-andrew, mèr-rè-àn-drò. *s.* a buffoon.

Merry-thought, mèr-rè-tshàwt. *s.* a forked bone
in the body of fowls.

Mersion, mèr-shún. *s.* the act of sinking.

Pâte, sâr, sâll, sât;—mê, mêt;—plne, phi;—

- Mesh, mēsh.** *s.* the space between the threads of a net.
- Meshy, mēsh.** *a.* reticulated, of net-work.
- Meslin, mē-sîn.** *s.* mixed corn, as wheat and rye. [set who eat together.]
- Mess, mēs.** *s.* a dish, a quantity; a particular
- Mess, mēs.** *v. n.* to eat, to feed together.
- Message, mēs-sājē.** *s.* an errand. [errand.]
- Messenger, mēs-sēn-jūr.** *s.* one who carries an
- Messiah, mēs-si'ā.** *s.* the Anointed, the Christ.
- Messieurs, mēs-siōōr.** *s.* sirs, gentlemen.
- Messmate, mēs-māte.** *s.* one of a set who mess together.
- Message, mēs-swādje.** *s.* the house and ground set apart for household uses.
- Met, mēt.** *pret.* and *part. of meet.*
- Metal, mēt-ik.** *s.* a hard, compact body, malleable and capable of fusion.
- Metalline, mēt-tā-līn.** *a.* impregnated with metal; consisting of metal.
- Metallist, mēt-tā-līst.** *s.* a worker in metals.
- Metallurgy, mēt-tā-lūr-jē.** *s.* the art of working metals. [the form.]
- Metamorphose, mēt-tā-mōr-fōs.** *v. a.* to change
- Metamorphosis, mēt-tā-mōr-fō-sis.** *s.* transformation.
- Metapher, mēt-tā-fēr.** *s.* the application of a word to a use, to which, in its original import, it cannot be put. [figurative.]
- Metaphorical, mēt-tā-fēr-t-kāl.** *a.* not literal.
- Metaphrase, mēt-tā-fāzē.** *s.* a verbal translation. [tr.]
- Metaphrast, mēt-tā-fāst.** *s.* a literal translator.
- Metaphysical, mēt-tā-fiz-ō-kāl.** *a.* versed in metaphysics, relating to metaphysics.
- Metaphysics, mēt-tā-fiz-ō-ks.** *s.* ontology, the doctrine of the general affections of beings.
- Mete, mēte.** *v. a.* to measure.
- Metempsychosis, mēt-ēmp-si-kō-sis.** *s.* a transmigration of souls.
- Meteor, mēt-tē-ār.** *s.* any body in the air or sky that is of a transitory nature.
- Meteorological, mēt-tē-ō-rō-lō-jē-kāl.** *a.* relating to meteors. [of meteors.]
- Meteorology, mēt-tē-ō-rō-lō-jē.** *s.* the doctrine
- Meter, mēt-tēr.** *s.* a measurer.
- Methegin, mēt-thēg-līn.** *s.* drink made of hops boiled with water and fermented
- Methinks, mē-thīnks.** *verb impersonal.* I think, it seems to me.
- Method, mē-thōd.** *s.* the placing of several things, or performing several operations, in the most convenient order. [ceeding in due order]
- Methodical, mē-thōd-t-kāl.** *a.* ranged or pro-
- Methodically, mē-thōd-t-kāl-ē.** *ad.* according to method and order.
- Methodize, mē-thōd-ē-līzē.** *v. a.* to regulate.
- Methodist, mē-thō-dis.** *s.* a religious sect, divided into parties.
- Methought, mēt-thōwt.** *pret. of methinks.*
- Metonymy, mēt-tōn-ē-mē.** *s.* a rhetorical figure by which one word is put for another.
- Metoposcopy, mēt-tō-pōs-kō-pō.** *s.* the study of physiognomy.
- Metre, mēt-tēr.** *s.* speech confined to a certain number and harmonick disposition of syllables. [for numbers]
- Metrical, mēt-trō-kāl.** *a.* pertaining to metre
- Metropolis, mēt-trō-pō-līs.** *s.* the chief city of any country or district. [bishop]
- Metropolitan, mēt-trō-pō-lē-tān.** *s.* an arch-
- Metropolitan, mēt-trō-pō-lē-tān.** *a.* belonging to a metropolis.
- Mettle, mēt-tl.** *s.* spirit, courage.
- Mettled, mēt-tl.** *a.* courageous.
- Mettlestone, mēt-tl-sūn.** *a.* lively, brisk.
- Mew, mū.** *s.* a cage, an enclosure.
- Mewl, mūle.** *v. n.* to squall as a child.
- Mezzotint, mēt-sō-tūr-tō-s.** *s.* a kind of graving.
- Mice, mīse.** *s.* the plural of mouse.
- Michaelmas, mīk-kēl-mās.** *s.* the feast of the archangel Michael.
- Micher, mīsh-ār.** *s.* a lazy loiterer. [man.]
- Microcosm, mī-krō-kōzīm.** *s.* the little world;
- Micrography, mī-krōg-rā-fē.** *s.* description of the parts of such objects as are discernible only with a microscope.
- Micrometer, mī-krō-m-ē-tēr.** *s.* an instrument to measure small spaces.
- Microscope, mī-krō-skōpe.** *s.* an optick instrument for viewing small objects.
- Microscopick, mī-krō-skōp-plk.** *a.* assisted by or resembling a microscope.
- Mid, mīd.** *a.* middle.
- Mid-day, mīd-dā.** *s.* noon. [two extremes.]
- Middle, mīd-dī.** *a.* equally distant from the

mò, mòve, mòr, mòt; —tù're, túb, búll; —òñ; —pòònd; —tùin, t'his.

Middle, mid'-dl. *s.* part equally distant from two extremities. [of life.]

Middle-aged, mid'-dl.-ájd. *a.* about the middle

Middlemost, mid'-dl.-mòst. *a.* being in the middle. [moderate size.]

Middling, mid'-dng. *a.* of middle rank; of

Midland, mid'-lánd. *a.* in the midst of the land.

Mid-heaven, mid'-hév.-va. *s.* the middle of the sky.

Midleg, mid'-lég. *s.* midthe of the leg

Midnoist, mid'-mòst. *a.* the middle

Midnight, mid'-nite. *s.* the depth of night.

Midriff, mid'-drif. *s.* the diaphragm.

Midshipman, mid'-ship.-mán. *s.* a lower officer on board a ship.

Midst, midst. *s.* middle.

Midst, midst. *a.* being in the middle. [stúç.]

Midsummer, mid'-súm.-már. *s.* the summer ac-

Midway, mid'-wá. *s.* the part of the way equal-ly distant from the beginning and end.

Midwife, mid'-wifc. *s.* a woman who assists women in childbirth.

Midwifery, mid'-wif.-rò. *s.* trade of a midwife.

Mien, ménc. *s.* air, look, manner.

Might, mite. *the pret. of may.*

Might, mite. *s.* power, strength.

Mightily, mí'-tè.-lè. *ad.* powerfully, efficaciously.

Mightiness, mí'-tè.-nèa. *s.* power, greatness, height of dignity.

Mighty, mí'-tè. *a.* powerful.

Mighty, mí'-tè. *ad.* in a great degree. [plac.]

Migration, mí.-grá.-shàn. *s.* act of changing

Milk, mísh. *a.* giving milk.

Mild, míld. *a.* kind, tender; gentle; mellow.

Mildew, míl'-dú. *s.* a disease in plants.

Mildew, míl'-dú. *r. a.* to taint with mildew. *a.*

Mildly, míkl'-lè. *ad.* tenderly.

Mildness, míkl'-nèa. *s.* gentleness, tenderness, clemency.

Mile, míle. *s.* a land measure of 1760 yards.

Milestone, míle.-stòne. *s.* stone set to mark the miles.

Military, míl'-yá.-rè. *a.* small, resembling a millet-seed. [wartare.]

Militant, míl'-lè.-tánt. *a.* fighting; engaged in

Military, míl'-lè.-tá.-rè. *a.* soldierly; warlike.

Militia, míl'-lsh.-yá. *s.* the trainbands, the standing force of a nation

Milk, mílk. *s.* the liquor with which animals feed their young; emulsion made by con- sion of seeds. [to suck]

Milk, mílk. *v. a.* to draw milk from the breast; Milkmen, mílk.-kú. *a.* consisting of milk.

Milkeness, mílk'-è.-nèa. *s.* softness like that of milk. [in the dairy]

Milkmaid, mílk'-máid. *s.* a woman employ'd

Milkman, mílk'-mán. *s.* a man who sells milk.

Milkscore, mílk'-skòre. *s.* account of milk (wool for, a petty sum.)

Milksop, mílk'-sòp. *s.* a soft, effeminate man.

Milkwhite, mílk'-hwíte. *a.* white as milk.

Milkwoman, mílk'-wóm.-wóm. *s.* a woman whose business is to serve families with milk

Milky, mílk'-è. *a.* made of milk; resembling milk.

Milky-way, mílk'-è.-wá. *s.* the galaxy.

Mill, míl. *s.* an engine to grind with.

Mill, míl. *v. a.* to grind; to beat up.

Millenarian, míl.-lè.-má.-rò.-án. *s.* one who ex- pects the millennium. [sánd.]

Millenary, míl'-lè.-má.-rè. *a.* consisting of a thou-

Millennium, míl.-lè.-má.-rè.-án. *s.* a thousand years; generally taken for the thousand years during which some expect our blessed Sa- viour shall reign upon earth after the resur- rection.

Miller, míl.-kúr. *s.* one who attends a mill.

Millesimal, míl.-lès.-sè.-mál. *s.* thousandth.

Millet, míl'-út. *s.* a plant; a kind of fish.

Milliner, míl'-lín.-núr. *s.* one who makes head dresses, &c. for women. [milliner]

Milinery, míl'-lín.-núr.-è. *s.* goods sold by a

Million, míl'-yán. *s.* the number of ten hundred thousand.

Millstone, míl'-stòne. *s.* the stone by which corn is ground.

Milt, mílt. *s.* the sperm of the male fish.

Miltor, mílt'-úr. *s.* the male of any fish.

Mimetic, mè.-mèt'-ik. *a.* having a tendency to imitation.

Mimical, mím'-mè.-kál. *a.* imitative. [itator.]

Mimick, mím'-mík. *s.* a ludicrous servile im-itation.

Mimick, mím'-mík. *v. a.* to imitate, to ridicule by burlesque imitation.

Mimickry, mím'-mík.-rè. *s.* burlesque imitation

Mince, mínce. *v. a.* to cut small.

Fâle, fâr, fâil; fâ; —mê, mêt + phæ, pîn; —

Mince, *mîns*. *v. n.* to walk nicely by short steps; to speak small and imperfectly.

Mincingly, *mîn'-sing-lè*. *ad.* in small parts.

Mind, *mînd*. *s.* intelligent power; choice; opinion; memory. [*mind*]

Mind, *mînd*. *v. a.* to mark; to attend; to remember.

Minded, *mînd'-éd*. *a.* disposed.

Mindful, *mînd'-fûl*. *a.* attentive.

Mindfulness, *mînd'-fûl-nês*. *s.* attention, regard.

Mindless, *mînd'-lês*. *a.* inattentive, regardless.

Mine, *mîne*. *pron. possessive*, belonging to me.

Mine, *mîne*. *s.* a cavern which contains metals or minerals.

Mine, *mîne*. *v. n.* to dig mines or burrows.

Mine, *mîne*. *v. a.* to sap, to ruin by mines.

Miner, *mîne'-âr*. *s.* one that digs for metals; one who makes military mines.

Mineral, *mîn'-nêr-âl*. *s.* matter dug out of mines.

Mineral, *mîn'-nêr-âl*. *a.* consisting of fossil bodies. [*minerals*]

Mineralist, *mîn'-nêr-âl-îst*. *s.* one skilled in

Mineralogy, *mîn'-nêr-âl-lô-jè*. *s.* the doctrine of minerals. [*minerals*]

Mingle, *mîng'-gl*. *v. a.* to mix, to join, to combine.

Mingle, *mîng'-gl*. *s.* mixture. [*small compass*]

Miniature, *mîn'-i-tûre*. *s.* representation in a

Minikin, *mîn'-nê-kîn*. *a.* small, diminutive.

Minim, *mîn'-nîm*. *s.* a small being, a dwarf.

Minion, *mîn'-yûn*. *s.* a favourite, a low dependant. [*of state or the church*]

Minister, *mîn'-nîs-târ*. *s.* an agent; an officer

Minister, *mîn'-nîs-târ*. *v. a.* to give, to supply, to afford. [*office; to give assistance*]

Minister, *mîn'-nîs-târ*. *v. n.* to serve in any

Ministerial, *mîn'-nîs-tê-rê-âl*. *a.* acting under superior authority, sacerdotal; pertaining to ministers of state.

Ministration, *mîn'-nîs-trâ-shûn*. *s.* agency; office, ecclesiastical function.

Ministry, *mîn'-nîs-trê*. *s.* office, service; persons employed in the public affairs of state.

Minium, *mîn'-yûm*. *s.* vermilion, red lead.

Minor, *mî'-nôr*. *a.* petty; less.

Minor, *mî'-nôr*. *s.* one under age.

Minority, *mê-nôr'-ê-tê*. *s.* the state of being under age; the smaller number.

Minster, *mîn'-stâr*. *a.* a monastery.

Minstrel, *mîn'-strêl*. *s.* a musician.

Minstrelsey, *mîn'-strêl-sê*. *s.* music.

Mint, *mînt*. *s.* a plant; the place where money is coined; any place of invention.

Mintage, *mîn'-tîje*. *s.* duty paid for coming

Minuet, *mîn'-nû-êl*. *s.* a stately, regular dance.

Minuum, *mîn'-nûm*. *s.* with musicians, a note of slow time.

Minute, *mê-nûte'*. *a.* small, slender.

Minute, *mîn'-nû*. *s.* the sixtieth part of an hour; the first draught of any agreement in writing.

Minute, *mîn'-nû*. *v. a.* to set down in short time

Minutely, *mê-nûte'-lè*. *ad.* exactly.

Minuteness, *mê-nûte'-nês*. *s.* smallness; inconsiderableness. [*any thing*]

Minutia, *mê-nû'-shê-â*. *s.* the smallest part of

Minx, *mîngks*. *s.* a young, pert, wanton girl.

Miracle, *mîr'-â-kl*. *s.* a wonder, something above human power.

Miraculous, *mê-râk'-kû-lûs*. *a.* done by miracle

Miraculousness, *mê-râk'-kû-lûs-nês*. *s.* superiority to natural power.

Mire, *mîre*. *s.* mud, dirt.

Mirror, *mîr'-rûr*. *s.* a looking-glass.

Mirth, *mêrth*. *s.* merriment, jollity.

Mirthful, *mêrth'-fûl*. *a.* merry, gay.

Miry, *mî'-rê*. *a.* deep in mud.

Misadventure, *mîs-âd-vên'-tshûre*. *s.* mischance, ill luck; manslaughter.

Misadvised, *mîs-âd-vîzd'*. *a.* ill directed.

Misaimed, *mîs-âmd'*. *a.* not aimed rightly.

Misanthrope, *mîs'-ân-thrôpe*. *s.* a hater of mankind. [*mankind*]

Misanthropy, *mîs'-ân'-thrô-pê*. *s.* hatred of

Misapplication, *mîs-âp-plê-kâ-shûn*. *s.* application to a wrong purpose. [*purpose*]

Misapply, *mîs-âp-plê*. *v. a.* to apply to wrong

Misapprehend, *mîs-âp-prê-hênd'*. *v. a.* not understand rightly. [*take*]

Misapprehension, *mîs-âp-prê-hên'-shûn*. *s.* a

Misbecome, *mîs-bê-kûm'*. *v. a.* to be unseemly, not to suit. [*get*]

Misbegotten, *mîs-bê-gû't-un*. *a.* unlawfully

Misbehave, *mîs-bê-hâve'*. *v. n.* to act improperly. [*bad practice*]

Misbehaviour, *mîs-bê-hâve'-yûr*. *s.* ill conduct.

Misbelief, *mîs-bê-lêef'*. *s.* a wrong belief.

Miscalculate, *mîs-kâl'-kû-lâte*. *v. a.* to reckon wrong.

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tòbe, tòn, bòn;—òr;—pònd;—thin, THIS.

Misnomer, mis-nòm'er. *v. a.* to name improperly.
Miscarriage, mis-kar'-ridge. *v.* abortive; failure.
Miscarry, mis-kar'-ré. *v. a.* to fail; to have an abortion.

Miscellaneous, mis-sel-là-nè-ús. *a.* mingled, composed of various kinds.

Miscellany, mis-sel-làn-é. *s.* a mass or collection of various kinds.

Mischance, mis-tshán-é. *s.* ill luck, ill fortune.

Mischief, mis'-tshif. *s.* harm, hurt.

Mischief, mis'-tshif. *v. a.* to hurt, to injure.

Mischiefmaker, mis'-tshif-má-kúr. *s.* one who causes mischief. [c]jeus.

Mischievous, mis'-tshè-vús. *a.* harmful; malicious.

Mischievously, mis'-tshè-vús-lò. *ad.* hurtfully, wickedly.

Miscible, mis'-sà-bl. *a.* possible to be mingled.

Miscitation, mis-si-tà-shàn. *s.* unfair or false quotation.

Misclaim, mis-klám-é. *s.* mistaken claim.

Misconception, mis-kón-sép'-shún. *s.* a wrong notion. [management.]

Misconduct, mis-kón-dák't. *s.* ill behaviour; ill

Misconstruction, mis-kón-strúk'-shún. *s.* wrong interpretation. [wrong.]

Misconstrue, mis-kón'-strú. *v. a.* to interpret

Miscreance, mis-kre-áns-é. *s.* unbelief, false faith. [false faith; a vile wretch.]

Miscreant, mis-kre-ánt. *s.* one that holds a

Misdeed, mis-dé-é. *s.* evil action.

Misdeem, mis-dé-ém'. *v. a.* to judge ill of.

Misdemean, mis-dé-mè-né. *v. a.* to betray ill.

Misdemeanour, mis-dé-mé-núr. *s.* a petty of-

Misdo, mis-dò. *v. a.* to do wrong. [fence.]

Misdoubt, mis-dé-é. *v. a.* to suspect.

Misdoubt, mis-dòt'. *s.* suspicion, irresolution.

Misemploy, mis-ém-plé-é. *v. a.* to use to wrong purposes. [ity.]

Miser, mí-zér. *s.* a wretch covetous to extreme.

Miserable, mí-zér-á-bl. *a.* unhappy; stingy.

Miserableness, mí-zér-á-bl-nès. *s.* state of misery. [misfortune.]

Misery, mí-zér-é. *s.* wretchedness; calamity,

Misfortune, mis-fór-tshún-é. *s.* calamity, ill luck.

Misgive, mí-gí-vé. *v. a.* to fill with doubt.

Misguidance, mis-gí-dáns-é. *s.* false direction.

Misguide, mis-gí-é. *v. a.* to direct ill.

Mishap, mis-háp. *s.* ill chance, ill luck.

Misinfer, mis-in-fér'. *v. a.* to infer wrong.

Misinform, mis-in-fòm'. *v. a.* to deceive (by false accounts. [to a wrong sense.]

Misinterpret, mis-in-tér'-prét. *v. a.* to explain

Misjoin, mis-jóin'. *v. a.* to join unfitly or improperly.

Misjudge, mis-júdj-é. *v. a.* to judge ill.

Mislay, mis-lá'. *v. a.* to lay in a wrong place.

Mislead, mis-léd-é. *v. a.* to guide a wrong way

Mislike, mis-lik-é. *v. a.* to disapprove.

Mislike, mis-lik-é. *s.* disapprobation.

Mismanage, mis-mán-ádj-é. *v. a.* to manage ill.

Mismanagement, mis-mán-ádj-é-méut. *s.* ill management, ill conduct. [ily.]

Mismatch, mis-másh't. *v. a.* to match unsuitedly.

Misname, mis-nám-é. *v. a.* to call by the wrong name. [a wrong name.]

Misnomer, mis-nò-mér. *s.* an indictment by

Misobserve, mis-ób-zèrv'. *v. a.* not to observe accurately. [hater.]

Misogamist, mé-sò-gá-míst. *s.* a marriage

Misogyny, mé-sò-jé-né. *s.* hatred of women.

Mispend, mis-spénd'. *v. a.* to spend ill, to waste.

Misplace, mis-plás-é. *v. a.* to put in a wrong place.

Misprise, mis-príz-é. *v. a.* to mistake.

Misprison, mis-prízh'-shún. *s.* mistake, misconception; concealment.

Misquote, mis-kwòt-é. *v. a.* to quote falsely.

Misrecite, mis-ré-sít-é. *v. a.* to recite not according to the truth.

Misreckon, mis-rék'-kón. *v. a.* to reckon wrong.

Misrelate, mis-ré-lát-é. *v. a.* to relate inaccurately.

Misreport, mí-ré-pòrt'. *s.* false account.

Misrepresent, mis-rép-pré-zént'. *v. a.* to represent not as it is.

Misrepresentation, mis-rép-pré-zént'-shún. *s.* the act of misrepresenting; account maliciously false.

Misrule, mis-ròd'. *s.* tumult, confusion.

Miss, mí-s. *s.* the term of honour to a young girl or unmarried woman; a concubine; loss, error.

Miss, mí-s. *v. a.* not to hit; to fail; to omit.

Misseeom, mis-sé-ém'. *v. a.* to make false appearance; to misbecome. [form.]

Misshape, mis-sháp-é. *v. a.* to shape ill, to do

- Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mô; —plus, pîn; —

Missile, mis'-sil. *a.* thrown by the hand.
Mission, mis'-shn. *s.* commission; persons sent on any account.
Missionary, mis'-shn-nâr-ê. *s.* one sent to propagate religion.
Missive, mis'-siv. *a.* such as may be sent.
Missspeak, mis'-spêk'. *v. a.* to speak wrong.
Mist, mist. *s.* a low thin cloud, a small thin rain.
Mist, mist. *v. a.* to cloud, to cover with vapour or steam.
Mistake, mis'-take'. *v. a.* to conceive wrong.
Mistake, mis'-take'. *v. n.* to err.
Mistake, mis'-take'. *s.* misconception, error.
Mistate, mis'-stât'. *v. a.* to state wrong.
Misteach, mis'-têsh'. *v. a.* to teach wrong.
Mistern, mis'-têrn'. *v. a.* to term erroneously.
Mistime, mis'-tim'. *v. a.* not to time right.
Mistiness, mis'-tê-nês. *s.* cloudiness, state of being overcast.
Mistletoe, mis'-zl-tô. *s.* a plant.
Mistook, mis'-tôok'. *part. pass. of mistake.*
Mistress, mis'-tris. *s.* a woman who governs; a woman teacher; a concubine.
Mistrust, mis'-trâst'. *s.* diffidence, suspicion.
Mistrust, mis'-trâst'. *v. a.* to suspect, to doubt.
Mistrustful, mis'-trâst'-fûl. *a.* diffident, doubting. [doubt.
Mistrustfulness, mis'-trâst'-fûl-nês. *s.* diffidence, doubting.
Mistrustless, mis'-trâst'-lês. *a.* confident, unsuspecting.
Misty, mis'-tê. *a.* clouded, obscure.
Misunderstand, mis'-ûn-dâr-stând'. *v. a.* to misconceive.
Misunderstanding, mis'-ûn-dâr-stând'-ing. *s.* disagreement; misconception.
Misusage, mis'-û-zhêj. *s.* abuse, ill use.
Misuse, mis'-ûzê'. *v. a.* to treat improperly, to abuse.
Mite, mite. *s.* a small insect.
Mitigant, mit'-tê-gânt. *a.* lenient, lenitive.
Mitigate, mit'-tê-gâtê. *v. a.* to soften; to alleviate.
Mitigation, mit'-tê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* abatement.
Mitre, mi'-târ. *s.* a kind of episcopal crown.
Mittens, mit'-flnz. *s.* gloves without fingers.
Mittimus, mit'-ê-mûs. *s.* a warrant to commit an offender to prison.
Mix, mis. *v. a.* to unite; to mingle.

Mixture, mis'-shûre. *s.* the act of mixing; mass formed by mingled ingredients.
Mizzen, miz'-zn. *s.* a mast in the stern of a ship.
Moan, mône. *v. a.* to lament.
Moan, mône. *s.* audible sorrow.
Moat, môie. *s.* a canal round a house.
Mob, môb. *s.* a crowd; a kind of head-dress.
Mob, môb. *v. a.* to harass or overbear by tumult. [the populace
Mobility, mô-bil'-ê-tê. *s.* nimbleness, activity.
Mock, môk. *v. a.* to deride; to mimic; to ridicule. [ry
Mock, môk. *s.* act of contempt, sneer; mimicry.
Mock, môk. *a.* counterfeit. [sult
Mockery, môk'-kâr-ê. *s.* derision; sportive imitation.
Modal, mô'-dâl. *a.* relating to the form or mode.
Mode, môde. *s.* form; fashion.
Model, môd'-dêl. *s.* a representation; a copy.
Model, môd'-dêl. *v. a.* to plan, to shape.
Modeller, môd'-dêl-lâr. *s.* plauner, contriver.
Moderate, môd'-dêr-ête. *a.* temperate, of the middle rate.
Moderate, môd'-dêr-ête. *v. a.* to regulate.
Moderately, môd'-dêr-êt-ê. *ad.* temperately mildly. [of extremity
Moderation, môd-dêr-ê'-shûn. *s.* forbearance.
Moderator, môd-dêr-ê'-târ. *s.* one who presides in a disputation.
Modern, môd'-dâr-n. *a.* late, recent.
Moderns, môd'-dâr-nz. *s.* those who have lived lately, opposed to the ancients.
Modernize, môd'-dâr-n-ize. *v. a.* to adapt ancient compositions to modern persons and things.
Modernness, môd'-dâr-n-nês. *s.* novelty.
Modest, môd'-dîst. *a.* diffident, chaste.
Modestly, môd'-dîst-lê. *ad.* humbly, chastely.
Modesty, môd'-dîst-ê. *s.* decency; chastity, purity. [tas
Modicum, môd'-dê-kûm. *s.* small portion.
Modification, môd-dê-fê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* use and modifying. [to abe
Modify, môd'-dê-f. *v. a.* to change the form.
Modillion, mô-ûl'-yân. *s.* a little bracket.
Modish, mô'-dîsh. *a.* fashionable. [fash
Modishness, mô'-dîsh-nês. *s.* affectation of fashion.
Modulate, môd'-û-lâte. *v. a.* to form sound to certain key or note.

mò, mòve, mdr, nôt;—tòbe, táb, bái;—dî;—pònd;—tân, tñis.

modulation, mò-dù-lé-shàn. *s.* sound modulation; agreeable harmony.

module, mòd'-hò. *s.* a model. [lithes.]

modus, mò-dàs. *s.* an equivalent in lieu of

modair, mò-hàre. *s.* thread or stuff made of hair. [parts.]

moiety, mò-é-té. *s.* half, one of two equal

moist, mòist. *a.* wet in a small degree.

moisten, mò'-sn. *v. a.* to damp.

moistness, mòist'-nèa. *s.* dampness. [liquid.]

moisture, mòist'-shure. *s.* small quantity of

sole, mòie. *s.* a false conception; a natural

spot; a mound; a small animal. [things.]

molecule, mòl'-é-kùle. *s.* a small part of any

solehill, mòe'-hù. *s.* a hillock thrown up by a

moie.

molest, mò-lést'. *v. a.* to disturb, to trouble.

molestation, mò-és-té-shàn. *s.* disturbance.

mollient, mòl'-yént. *a.* softening. [enod.]

molliabile, mòl'-lé-fl-á-bl. *a.* that may be soft-

molify, mòl'-lé-fl. *v. a.* to soften; to assuage.

molten, mòl'-tù. *part. pass.* from melt.

molasses, mò-làs'-síz. *a.* treacle, the scum of

the juice of the sugar-cane.

moment, mò-mént. *a.* importance, value; an

indivisible particle of time.

momentary, mò-mén-tá-ré. *a.* lasting for a

moment, done in a moment.

momentous, mò-mén-tús. *a.* important, weighty.

monachal, mòn'-ná-kál. *a.* monastick.

monachism, mòn'-ná-kíz-m. *s.* monastick life.

monarch, mòn'-nárk. *s.* a king.

monarchical, mò-nár'-kál. *a.* regal, princely.

monarchical, mò-nár'-kè-kál. *a.* vested in a

single ruler.

monarchy, mòn'-nár-ké. *s.* the government of a

single person; kingdom.

monastery, mòn'-ná-stré, or mòn'-nás-tér-ré. *s.*

house of religious retirement.

monastick, mò-nás'-tík. } *a.* religiously re-

monastical, mò-nás'-tè-kál. } cise.

monday, mùn-dé. *s.* the second day of the

week.

money, mùn-né. *s.* metal coined for the pur-

poses of commerce.

moneyed, mùn-néd. *a.* rich in money.

moneyless, mùn-né-lés. *a.* pennyless.

monger, mòng-gár. *s.* a dealer.

Mongre, mòng'-gril. *s.* of a mixed breed.

Monitor, mòn'-né-tár. *s.* one who warns of

faults, or informs of duty.

Monitory, mòn'-né-tár-ti. *a.* giving admonition

Monk, mùnk. *s.* one of a religious community

bound by vows to certain observances.

Monkey, mùnk'-kè. *s.* an animal bearing some

resemblance of man; a word of contempt.

Monkish, mùnk'-kìsh. *a.* pertaining to monks.

Monochord, mòn'-nò-kòrd. *s.* an instrument of

one string.

Monocular, mò-nòk'-kù-lár. } *a.* one-eyed.

Monocular, mò-nòk'-kù-lús. }

Monody, mòn'-nò-dé. *s.* a poem sung by one

person.

Monogamist, mò-nég'-gá-mít. *s.* one who dis-

allows second marriages.

Monogamy, mò-nég'-gá-né. *s.* marriage of one

wife.

Monogram, mòn'-nò-grám. *s.* a cipher.

Monologue, mòn'-nò-lóg. *s.* a soliloquy.

Monopolist, mò-nòp'-pò-lít. *s.* one who by en-

grossing obtains the sole power of vending

any commodity.

Monopolize, mò-nòp'-pò-líz. *v. a.* to have the

sole power of vending any commodity.

Monoptote, mòn'-nòp-tòt. *s.* a noun used only

in some one oblique case.

Monosyllable, mòn'-nò-síl-lá-lá. *s.* a word of

only one syllable.

Monotonous, mò-nòt'-ò-nú. *a.* having a same-

ness of sound.

Monotony, mò-nòt'-tò-né. *s.* want of variety in

cadences.

Monsoon, mòn-sòón'. *s.* a shifting trade-wind.

Monster, mòn-s'tér. *s.* something out of the

common order of nature.

Monstrous, mòn-s'trés. *a.* unnatural; enormous,

shocking.

Monstrousness, mòn-s'trés-néa. *s.* enormity; in-

regarding nature or behaviour.

Month, mùnth. *s.* the space of four weeks.

Monthly, mùnth'-lè. *adv.* once a month.

Momentary, mòn'-nò-mént. *s.* any thing by

which the memory of persons or things is pro-

served; a tomb, a cenotaph.

Monumental, mòn-nù-mén-tál. *a.* memorial,

perpetuating memory.

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plac. pin;—

Mood, môôd. *s.* the form of an argument; style of music; change of a verb; temper; state of mind.

Moody, môô'-dê. *a.* out of humour.

Moon, môôn. *s.* the changing luminary of the night; a month.

Moon-beam, môôn'-bême. *s.* ray of lunar light.

Moon-eyed, môôn'-idê. *a.* dim-eyed, purblind.

Moonless, môôn'-lêz. *a.* not enlightened by the moon. [the moon.]

Moonlight, môôn'-llite. *s.* the light afforded by

Moonlight, môôn'-llite. *a.* illumined by the moon.

Moonshine, môôn'-shine. *s.* the lustre of the moon. [moon.]

Moonshiny, môôn'-shl-nê. *a.* illuminated by the

Moonstruck, môôn'-strôk. *a.* lunatick, affected by the moon.

Moor, môôr. *s.* a marsh, a fen; a negro.

Moor, môôr. *v. a.* to fasten by anchors. [fens.]

Moorhen, môôr'-hên. *s.* a fowl that feeds in the

Moorish, môôr'-ish. *a.* fenney, marshy.

Moorland, môôr'-lând. *s.* marsh, fen.

Moory, môôr'-ê. *a.* marshy, fenney.

Mop, môp. *s.* a utensil to clean houses.

Mop, môp. *v. a.* to rub with a mop.

Mope, môpe. *v. n.* to be stupid, to drowse.

Mope, môpe. *v. a.* to make spiritless.

Moppet, môp'-pît. } *s.* a puppet; a fondling

Mopsey, môp'-sê. } name of a girl.

Mopus, mô'-pûs. *s.* a drone, a dreamer.

Moral, môr'-râl. *a.* relating to vice or virtue.

Moral, môr'-râl. *s.* practice or doctrine of the duties of life; the doctrine inculcated by a

Moralist, môr'-râl-ist. *s.* one who teaches the

Morality, mô-râl'-lê-jê. *s.* the doctrine of the

Moralize, môr'-râl-ize. *v. n.* to speak or write on moral subjects.

Morally, môr'-râl-ê. *ad.* in the ethical sense, according to the rules of virtue. [of life.]

Morals, môr'-râlz. *s.* the practice of the duties

Morass, mô-râs'. *s.* fen, bog, moor.

Morbid, môr'-bid. *a.* diseased. [ceased.]

Morbidness, môr'-bid-nêz. *s.* state of being dis-

Morbifick, môr'-bif'-fik. *a.* causing diseases.

Mordacious, môr'-dâ'-shûs. *a.* biting.

More, môre. *a.* in greater number or quantity.

More, môre. *ad.* to a greater degree.

More, môre. *s.* a greater degree; greater thing.

Moreland, môre'-lând. *s.* a mountainous or hilly country. [been mentioned.]

Moreover, môre-ô'-vêr. *ad.* beyond what has

Morn, môrn. } *s.* the first part of the

Morning, môr'-ning. } day.

Morose, mô-rose'. *a.* peevish, sullen. [new]

Moroseness, mô-rose'-nêz. *s.* sourness, peevish

Morphew, môr'-shû. *s.* a scurf on the face.

Morrow, môr'-rô. *s.* the day after the present

Morsel, môr'-sh. *s.* a mouthful; a small quan-

Mort, môrt. *s.* a tone sounded at the death of the

Mortal, môr'-tâl. *a.* subject to death; destruc-

Mortal, môr'-tâl. *s.* a human being. [game]

Mortality, môr'-tâl'-lê-jê. *s.* subjection to death,

Mortality, môr'-tâl'-lê-jê. *s.* human nature. [death.]

Mortally, môr'-tâl-ê. *ad.* irrecoverably, to

Mortar, môr'-târ. *s.* a vessel to pound in; a

Mortar, môr'-târ. *s.* short, wide cannon; cement used to join stones

Mortar, môr'-târ. *s.* or bricks.

Mortgage, môr'-gâdjê. *s.* a dead pledge, a thing

Mortgage, môr'-gâdjê. *v. a.* to pledge.

Mortgagee, môr'-gâ-jêe'. *s.* he that takes or re-

Mortgagee, môr'-gâ-jêe'. *s.* ceives a mortgage. [mortgaga.]

Mortgager, môr'-gâ-jêr. *s.* he that gives a

Mortiferous, môr'-dîf'-fêr'-ûs. *a.* deadly.

Mortification, môr'-tê-fê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* gangrene

Mortification, môr'-tê-fê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* humiliation; trouble.

Mortify, môr'-tê-fî. *v. a.* to destroy vital quali-

Mortify, môr'-tê-fî. *v. a.* ties; to subdue inordinate passions; to vex.

Mortise, môr'-ûs. *s.* a hole cut into wood that

Mortise, môr'-ûs. *s.* another piece may be put into it.

Mortise, môr'-ûs. *v. a.* to cut or join with

Mortise, môr'-ûs. *v. a.* mortise.

Mortmain, môrt'-mâne. *s.* an unalienable state

Mortuary, môr'-tshû-âr-rê. *s.* a gift left to

Mortuary, môr'-tshû-âr-rê. *s.* church.

Mosaick, mô-zâ'-fik. *a.* a kind of painting

Mosaick, mô-zâ'-fik. *a.* small pebbles, and shells of sundry colours.

Mosque, môsk. *s.* a Mahometan temple.

Moss, môz. *s.* a plant.

Mossy, môz'-sê. *a.* overgrown with moss.

Most, môst. *a.* the superlative of more.

mô, môve, môr, mô; -mô, mô, môll; -mô; -mô; -mô, THIA.

Mô, mô. *ad.* the particle noting the superlative degree.
Mô, mô. *s.* the greatest number.
Mô, mô. *ad.* for the greatest part.
Mô, mô. *s.* a small particle of matter.
Mô, mô. *s.* a small insect.
Mô, mô. *fr. s.* a woman that has borne a child; that which has produced any thing.
Mô, mô. *a.* destitute of a mother.
Mô, mô. *fr. k.* a suitable to a mother.
Mô, mô. *fr. k.* a draggy; feculent.
Mô, mô. *s.* the act of changing place; manner of moving; action; proposal.
Mô, mô. *a.* without motion.
Mô, mô. *a.* causing motion.
Mô, mô. *s.* that which incites to action.
Mô, mô. *a.* mingled with various colours.
Mô, mô. *s.* a sentence added to a device, or prefixed to any thing written.
Mô, mô. *a.* a kind of concretion; earth, soil; matrix.
Mô, mô. *v. s.* to form, to knead.
Mô, mô. *v. n.* to perish in dust.
Mô, mô. *s.* the state of being mouldy.
Mô, mô. *s.* ornamental cavities in wood or stone.
Mô, mô. *a.* overgrown with concretions. [feathers.
Mô, mô. *v. n.* to shed or change the
Mô, mô. *s.* any thing raised to fortify or defend.
Mô, mô. *s.* a mountain; an artificial hill.
Mô, mô. *v. n.* to rise on high; to get on horseback.
Mô, mô. *v. a.* to raise aloft; to ascend; to place on horseback; to embellish with ornaments.
Mô, mô. *s.* a large hill. [stains.
Mô, mô. *s.* a found on the mountain.
Mô, mô. *s.* an inhabitant of the mountains; a rustic.
Mô, mô. *a.* hilly, full of mountains.
Mô, mô. *s.* a quack doctor.
Mô, mô. *s.* one that mous.
Mô, mô. *v. n.* to grieve, to be sorrowful.

Mô, mô. *s.* one that mous.
Mô, mô. *s.* sorrowful; betokening sorrow.
Mô, mô. *ad.* sorrowfully.
Mô, mô. *s.* narrow, appearance of sorrow.
Mô, mô. *s.* lamentation, sorrow, the dress of sorrow.
Mô, mô. *s.* a little animal.
Mô, mô. *s.* one that hunts mice.
Mô, mô. *s.* a snare or gin in which mice are taken.
Mô, mô. *s.* the aperture in the head at which the food is received; an opening.
Mô, mô. *v. a.* to utter with a voice affectedly big. [taut at once.
Mô, mô. *s.* what the mouth contains.
Mô, mô. *a.* without a mouth.
Mô, mô. *v. a.* to change place; to give an impulse to; to propose; to affect; to make angry. [moved.
Mô, mô. *a.* capable of being moved.
Mô, mô. *s.* goods, furniture.
Mô, mô. *a.* not to be put out of the place.
Mô, mô. *s.* motion.
Mô, mô. *s.* the person or thing that gives motion; a proposer.
Mô, mô. *part. a.* pathetic, touching.
Mô, mô. *ad.* pathetically.
Mô, mô. *s.* a heap of hay or corn.
Mô, mô. *v. a.* to cut with a sith.
Mô, mô. *s.* one who cuts with a sith.
Mô, mô. *ad.* in a great degree.
Mô, mô. *s.* a great deal.
Mô, mô. *a.* slimy, musty.
Mô, mô. *s.* sliminess, mustiness.
Mô, mô. *s.* a slimy or viscous body.
Mô, mô. *a.* shifty.
Mô, mô. *s.* dung, any thing low or filthy.
Mô, mô. *v. a.* to manure with muck, to dung.
Mô, mô. *s.* a dunghill.
Mô, mô. *s.* nastiness; filth.
Mô, mô. *s.* a worm that lives in dung; a muser.
Mô, mô. *a.* nasty, filthy.
Mô, mô. *a.* slimy, viscous.

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât } mē; mēt; } —plno, pln } —

- Mucousness, mû'-kôo-nêa. *s.* slime, viscosity.
 Mucus, mû'-kôa. *s.* any viscous matter.
 Mud, mûd. *s.* the slime at the bottom of still water; earth well moistened with water.
 Mudily, mûd'-dê-lê. *ad.* turbidly, with foul mixture. [caused by mud].
 Muddiness, mûd'-dê-nêa. *s.* turbidness, foulness.
 Muddle, mûd'-dl. *v. a.* to make turbid, to foul.
 Muddy, mûd'-dê. *a.* turbid, foul, impure.
 Mue, mû, *v. a.* to moult, to change feathers.
 Muff, mûf. *s.* a soft cover for the hands.
 Bluffe, mûf'-fl. *v. a.* to blindfold; to conceal, to involve.
 Muffler, mûf'-fl-ûr. *s.* a cover for the face.
 Mufti, mûf'-tê. *s.* the high priest of the Mahometans.
 Mug, mûg. *s.* a cup to drink out of.
 Muggy, mûg'-gê. } *a.* moist, damp.
 Muggish, mûg'-gîsh. }
 Mughouse, mûg'-hòsse. *s.* an ale-house.
 Muiatto, mûi-lâ'-tô. *s.* one got between a white and a black.
 Mulberry, mûl'-bêr-rê. *s.* a tree and fruit.
 Mulct, mûkt. *s.* a fine, a penalty. [seizure].
 Mulet, mûkt. *v. a.* to punish with fine or forfeiture.
 Mule, mûle. *s.* an animal generated between a ne-ass and a mare, or between a horse and a ne-ass.
 Muleteer, mû-lê-têr. *s.* a mule-driver.
 Mulketry, mû-lê-têr'-brê-tê. *s.* womanhood.
 Full, mûl. *v. a.* to beat unproductive any liquor.
 Mullet, mûl'-lî. *s.* a sea-fish. [honey].
 Mulse, mûlse. *s.* wine boiled and mingled with
 Multangular, mûl'-âng'-gê-lâr. *s.* many-corn-ered. [into many partitions or cells].
 Multicapsular, mûl-tê-kâp'-stû-lâr. *a.* divided
 Multifarious, mûl-tê-tâ'-rê-ûa. *a.* having great multiplicity. [shapes or appearances].
 Multiflorum, mûl-tê-fôr'm. *a.* having various
 Multilateral, mûl-tê-lâ'-têr-âl. *a.* having many sides. [many names].
 Multinomial, mûl-tê-nô-mê-mûl. *a.* having
 Multifarious, mûl-tê-pê-rêa. *a.* bringing many at a birth. [feet].
 Multi-pede, mûl-tê-pêd. *s.* an insect with many
 Multi-pê, mûl-tê-pl. *s.* a number which contains another several times; as, nine is the multiple of three.
- Multiplicable, mûl-tê-pli-â-bl. *a.* capable of being multiplied. [to be multiplied].
 Multiplicand, mûl-tê-plê-kând. *s.* the number
 Multiply, mûl-tê-plê-kâ-tê. *a.* consisting of more than one. [of multiplying].
 Multiplication, mûl-tê-plê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act
 Multiplier, mûl-tê-plê-kâ'-têr. *s.* the number by which another number is multiplied.
 Multiplicity, mûl-tê-pli'-tê-tê. *s.* state of being many. [in arithmetic].
 Multiplier, mûl-tê-pli-ûr. *s.* the multiplier
 Multiply, mûl-tê-pl. *v. n.* to increase in number.
 Multipresence, mûl-tê-prêz'-ênse. *s.* the power of being present in more places than one
 Multitude, mûl-tê-tûd. *s.* many; a great number; a crowd.
 Multitudinous, mûl-tê-tû'-dê-nûa. *a.* manifold
 Multocular, mûl-tê-kô-lâr. *a.* having more eyes than two.
 Murn, mûrn. *interj.* silence! hush! —
 Murn, mûrn. *s.* ale brewed with wheat.
 Mumble, mûm'-bl. *v. a.* to speak inwardly to oneself.
 Mumbler, mûm'-bl-ûr. *s.* a mutterer.
 Mummer, mûm'-mâr. *s.* a masker. [mask].
 Mummery, mûm'-mâr-rê. *s.* masking, frolic
 Mummy, mûm'-mê. *s.* a dead body preserved by the Egyptian art of embalming; a sort of wax used in the planting and grafting of trees
 Munch, mûmp. *v. a.* to nibble; to go a begging
 Muncher, mûmp'-ûr. *s.* a beggar.
 Mumps, mûmps. *s.* swelliness; a disease.
 Munch, mûnsh. *v. a.* to chew by great mouthfuls. [work].
 Mundane, mûn'-dâne. *a.* belonging to the
 Mundatory, mûn'-dâ-târ-rê. *a.* having the power to cleanse.
 Mundick, mûn'-dik. *s.* a kind of marcassite.
 Mundification, mûn-dê-fê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of cleansing.
 Mundity, mûn'-dê-fl. *v. a.* to cleanse.
 Muncery, mûn'-nê-rê. *s.* having the nature of a girl.
 Mungrel, mûng'-grîl. *s.* any thing generated between different kinds.
 Mungrel, mûng'-grîl. *a.* generated between different natures; degenerate.

nô, môve, nôr, nôt;—tûbe, tâb, bûll;—ôll;—pôund;—thia, THIS.

Municipal, mû-nîs'-sè-pâ, *a.* belonging to a corporation. [act of giving.]
Munificence, mû-nîf'-fè-sense. *s.* liberality, the
Munificent, mû-nîf'-fè-sent. *a.* liberal, generous.
Munificently, mû-nîf'-fè-sent-lè. *ad.* liberally, generously. [hold.]
Munition, mû-nîsh'-ân. *s.* fortification, strong
Mural, mû-râ-l. *a.* pertaining to a wall. [fully.]
Murder, mûr'-dâr. *s.* the act of killing unlaw-
Murder, mûr'-dâr. *v. a.* to kill unlawfully.
Murderer, mûr'-dâr-ër. *s.* one who has shed human blood unlawfully. [mits murder.]
Murderess, mûr'-dâr-ès. *s.* a woman that com-
Murderous, mûr'-dâr-ûs. *a.* guilty of murder.
Muriatick, mû-rè-ât'-ûk. *a.* partaking of the taste or nature of brine.
Murk, mûrk. *s.* darkness.
Murky, mûr'-kè. *a.* dark, cloudy.
Murmur, mûr'-mûr. *s.* a low, buzzing noise; a complaint half suppressed.
Murmur, mûr'-mûr. *v. a.* to give a low, buzzing sound; to grumble.
Murrain, mûr'-rân. *s.* the plague in cattle.
Murrey, mûr'-rè. *a.* darkly red. [grape.]
Muscadine, mûs'-kè-dî-ne. *s.* a kind of sweet
Muscle, mûs'-sî. *s.* the fleshy fibrous part of an animal body; a shell-fish. [cles.]
Muscular, mûs'-kû-lâr. *a.* performed by mus-
Muscularity, mûs'-kû-lâr-è-tè. *s.* the state of having muscles. [brawny.]
Musculous, mûs'-kû-lûs. *a.* full of muscles,
Muse, mûse. *s.* one of the nine sister goddesses who, in the heathen mythology, are supposed to preside over the liberal arts; deep thought, close attention, absence of mind.
Muses, mûse. *v. a.* to ponder, to study in silence.
Museum, mû-sè-ûm. *s.* a repository of learned curiosities. [an upstart.]
Mushroom, mûsh'-rûm. *s.* a springing plant;
Musick, mû-zîk. *s.* the science of harmonical sounds; harmony.
Musical, mû-zè-kâl. *a.* harmonious. [ny.]
Musician, mû-zîsh'-ûn. *s.* one skilled in harmon-
Musick, mûs'-k. *s.* a perfume; a flavour.
Musket, mûs'-kî-t. *s.* a soldier's hand-gun.
Musqueteer, mûs'-kè-tèr. *s.* a soldier whose weapon is his musket.
Musketoon, mûs'-kè-tûn. *s.* a blunderbuss.

Muskiness, mûs'-kè-nès. *s.* the scent of musk.
Musky, mûs'-kè. *a.* fragrant, sweet of scent.
Muslin, mûz'-lîn. *s.* a fine stuff made of cotton
Mussulman, mûs'-sûl-mân. *s.* a Mahometan believer.
Must, mûst. *v. imperfect.* to be obliged.
Must, mûst. *s.* new wine, new wort.
Must, mûst. *v. n.* to grow mouldy.
Mustaches, mûs'-stâ-shîz. *s.* whiskers.
Mustard, mûs'-târd. *s.* a plant.
Muster, mûs'-târ. *v. n.* to assemble.
Muster, mûs'-târ. *s.* a review; a register.
Mustermaster, mûs'-târ-mâ-stâr. *s.* one who superintends the muster. [forces.]
Muster-roll, mûs'-târ-rôle. *s.* a register of
Mustiness, mûs'-tè-nès. *s.* mould, damp foulness.
Musty, mûs'-tè. *a.* mouldy, spoiled with damp.
Mutability, mû-tâ-bîl-è-tè. *s.* changeableness, inconstancy. [terable.]
Mutable, mû-tâ-bl. *a.* subject to change; al-
Mutation, mû-tâ-shûn. *s.* change, alteration.
Mute, mûte. *a.* silent, not vocal.
Mute, mûte. *s.* one that has no power of speech a letter which can make no sound.
Mute, mûte. *v. n.* to dung as birds.
Mutely, mûte-lè. *ad.* silently. [essential part.]
Mutilate, mû-tîl-â-te. *v. a.* to deprive of some
Mutilation, mû-tè-lâ-shûn. *s.* deprivation of a limb, or any essential part.
Mutineer, mû-tî-nèr. *s.* a mover of sedition.
Mutinous, mû-tî-nûs. *a.* seditious.
Mutinousness, mû-tî-nûs-nès. *s.* seditiousness
Mutiny, mû-tè-nè. *v. a.* to rise against authority, to make insurrection.
Mutiny, mû-tè-nè. *s.* insurrection, sedition.
Mutter, mût'-târ. *v. n.* to grumble, to murmur.
Mutton, mût'-tn. *s.* the flesh of sheep. [rec.]
Muttonfiest, mût'-ta-flîst. *s.* a hand large and
Mutual, mû-tshû-â-l. *a.* reciprocal.
Mutually, mû-tshû-â-l-lè. *ad.* reciprocally.
Mutuality, mû-tshû-â-l-lè-tè. *s.* reciprocation.
Muzzle, mûz'-zî. *s.* the mouth of any thing; a fastening for the mouth.
Muzzle, mûz'-zî. *v. a.* to bind the mouth.
My, ml. *pron. possessive.* belonging to me
Myology, mû-î-lô-jè. *s.* the doctrine of the muscles.
Myopy, mû-ô-pè. *s.* shortness of sight

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, plu;—

Myriad, mîr'-rê-âd. *s.* the number of ten thousand.

Myrmidon, mîr'-mê-dôn. *s.* any rude ruffian.

Myrrh, mîr. *s.* a precious kind of gum.

Myrtle, mîr'-tl. *s.* a fragrant tree.

Myself, mî-sêlf. *s.* an emphatical word added to I; as, I myself do it.

Mysterious, mîs-tê-rê-ûs. *a.* inaccessible to the understanding.

Mysteriousness, mîs-tê-rê-ûs-nês. *s.* holy obscurity; artful difficulty or perplexity.

Mysterize, mîs-tê-rîze. *v. a.* to explain as enigmas.

Mystery, mîs-tê-rê. *s.* something above human intelligence; an enigma; a calling.

Mystical, mîs-tê-kâl. } *a.* secretly obscure; es-

Mystick, mîs-ûk. } blematical.

Mysticalness, mîs-tê-kâl-nês. *s.* involution of some secret meaning.

Mythological, mîth-ô-lôj'-jê-kâl. *a.* relating to the explication of fabulous history.

Mythologist, mê-thôl'-lô-jîst. *s.* a relater or expositor of the heathen ancient fables.

Mythology, mê-thôl'-lô-jê. *s.* system of fables.

N.

NAB, nâb. *v. a.* to catch unexpectedly.

Nadir, nâ'-dôr. *a.* the point opposite to the zenith.

Nag, nâg. *s.* a small horse.

Naiad, nây-âd. *s.* a water nymph.

Nail, nâle. *s.* the horny substance at the ends of the fingers and toes; a spike of metal; a boss; a kind of measure.

Nail, nâle. *v. a.* to fasten or stud with nails.

Naked, nâ-kêd. *a.* uncovered; evident; simple.

Nakedness, nâ'-kêd-nês. *s.* nudity; plainness.

Name, nâme. *s.* an appellation; character.

Nameless, nâme'-lês. *a.* not distinguished by any discriminative appellation.

Namely, nâme'-lê. *ad.* specially. [name.

Namesake, nâme'-shko. *s.* one of the same

Nap, nâp. *s.* slumber, a short sleep; down.

Nap, nâp. *v. n.* to sleep, to be drowsy

Nape, nâpe. *s.* the joint of the neck behind

Naphtha, nâp'-thâ. *s.* a kind of bitumen.

Napkin, nâp'-kîu. *s.* a cloth used at table to wipe the hands.

Napless, nâp'-lês. *a.* wanting nap, threadbare.

Nappy, nâp'-pê. *a.* frothy, sunny.

Narcissus, nâr-âs'-sûs. *s.* a daffodil.

Narcotick, nâr-kôt'-tik. *a.* producing torpor, or stupefaction.

Narrable, nâr-râ-bl. *a.* capable to be told.

Narrate, nâr-râte. *v. a.* to relate, to tell.

Narration, nâr-rê'-shôn. *s.* account, relation.

Narrative, nâr-râ-tîv. *a.* relating; story-telling

Narrative, nâr-râ-tîv. *s.* a relation, an account

Narrator, nâr-râ-tôr. *s.* a relater. [count of

Narrify, nâr-rê-fl. *v. a.* to relate, to give ac

Narrow, nâr-rô. *a.* not broad or wide.

Narrowly, nâr-rô-lê. *ad.* contractedly; closely

Narrowness, nâr-rô-nês. *s.* want of breadth confined state.

Nasal, nâ-zâl. *a.* belonging to the nose.

Nasty, nâs'-tê. *a.* dirty, filthy; obscene.

Nastiness, nâs'-tê-nês. *s.* dirt; filth; obscenity.

Natal, nâ-tâl. *a.* relating to nativity.

Natation, nâ-tâ'-shôn. *s.* the act of swimming.

Nation, nâ'-shôn. *s.* a distinct people.

National, nâsh-ôn-âl. *a.* publick, general.

Native, nâ-tîv. *a.* produced by nature; natural

Native, nâ-tîv. *s.* one born in any place.

Nativity, nâ-tîv'-vê-tê. *s.* birth.

Natural, nât-tshû-râl. *a.* produced or effected by nature; illegitimate; unaffected.

Natural, nât-tshû-râl. *s.* an idiot, a fool.

Naturalist, nât-tshû-râl-îst. *s.* a student in physicks.

Naturalization, nât-tshû-râl-ê-zâ-shôn. *s.* the act of investing aliens with the privileges of native subjects.

Naturalize, nât-tshû-râl-îze. *v. a.* to invest with the privileges of native subjects.

Naturally, nât-tshû-râl-lê. *ad.* without affectation; spontaneously.

Nature, nâ-tshûre. *s.* the native state of any thing; constitution; disposition; regular course; compass of natural existence; state of the world; sort, species.

Naught, nâwt. *a.* corrupt, worthless

Naught, nâwt. *s.* nothing.

Naughtily, nâw'-tê-lê. *ad.* wickedly, corruptly

Naughtiness, nâw'-tê-nês. *s.* wickedness, bad

Naughtiness, nâw'-tê-nês. *s.* wickedness, bad

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nh, mōve, nōr, nōt; —tābe, tōb, hōll; —ōil; —pōnd; —thin, tinn.

Nauseate, nāw'-shē-āte. *v. a.* to loathe, to reject with disgust.
Nauseous, nāw'-shūs. *a.* loathsome, disgusting.
Nauseously, nāw'-shūs-lē. *ad.* loathisomely, disgustfully.
Nauseousness, nāw'-shūs-nēs. *s.* loathsomeness, quality of raising disgust.
Nautical, nāw'-tē-kāl. }
Nautick, nāw'-tik. } *a.* pertaining to sailors.
Nautilus, nāw'-tū-ūs. *s.* a shell-fish furnished with something analogous to oars and a sail.
Naval, nā'-vāl. *a.* consisting of ships; belonging to ships.
Nave, nāve. *s.* the middle part of a wheel, or church. [belly].
Navel, nā'-vl. *s.* the point in the middle of the **Navigable**, nāv'-vē-gā-bl. *a.* capable of being passed by ships or boats. [water].
Navigate, nāv'-vē-gāte. *v. n.* to sail, to pass by
Navigation, nāv'-vē-gā-shūn. *s.* the act of passing by water.
Navigator, nāv'-vē-gā-tūr. *s.* sailor, seaman.
Navy, nā'-vē. *s.* an assembly of ships, a fleet.
Nay, nā. *ad.* no, an adverb of negation.
Neal, nēle. *v. a.* to temper by a gradual heat.
Neap, nēpe. *a.* low, decreescent.
Near, nēre. *prep.* close to, nigh.
Near, nēre. *ad.* almost; at hand.
Near, nēre. *a.* not distant; close; intimate; parsimonious.
Nearly, nēre'-lē. *ad.* at no great distance; closely; in a niggardly manner.
Nearness, nēre'-nēs. *s.* closeness; alliance of blood or affection; tendency to aversion.
Neat, nēte. *s.* black cattle, oxen.
Neat, nēte. *a.* elegant without dignity.
Neatherd, nēte'-hērd. *s.* a cowkeeper.
Neatly, nēte' lē. *ad.* elegantly; cleanlyly.
Neatness, nēte'-nēs. *s.* spruceness; cleanliness.
Nebulous, nēh'-bū-lūs. *a.* misty, cloudy.
Necessaries, nēs'-sēs-sēr-riz. *s.* things not only convenient but needful. [ly].
Necessarily, nēs'-sēs-sēr-rē-lē. *ad.* indispensably.
Necessary, nēs'-sēs-sēr-rē. *a.* needful, indispensably requisite. [cessary].
Necessitate, nēs'-sēs-sē-tāte. *v. a.* to make necessary.
Necessitated, nēs'-sēs-sē-tā-tēd. *s.* in a state of want.

Necessitous, nēs'-sēs-sē-tūs. *a.* pressed with poverty.
Necessity, nēs'-sēs-sē-tē. *s.* compulsion, fatality want, need, poverty.
Neck, nēk. *s.* the part between the head and body; a long narrow part.
Neckcloth, nēk'-klōth. *s.* that which men wear on their neck. [women on the neck].
Necklace, nēk'-lāse. *s.* an ornament worn by
Necromancer, nēk'-krō-mān-sēr. *s.* an enchanter, a conjurer. [conjuraton].
Necromancy, nēk'-krō-mān-sē. *s.* enchantment,
Nectar, nēk'-tūr. *s.* the supposed drink of the heathen gods.
Nectareous, nēk'-tā-rē-ūs. *a.* resembling nectar
Nectarine, nēk'-tēr-in. *s.* a fruit of the plum kind.
Need, nēd. *s.* exigency, necessity.
Need, nēd. *v. a.* to want, to lack.
Needful, nēd'-fūl. *a.* indispensably requisite.
Needily, nēd'-dē-lē. *ad.* in poverty, poorly
Neediness, nēd'-dē-nēs. *s.* want, poverty.
Needle, nēd'-dl. *s.* a small instrument for sewing; the small steel bar which in the magnetic compass stands regular'y north and south.
Needlework, nēd'-dl-wōrk. *s.* the business of a sempstress; embroidery by the needle. [site].
Needless, nēd'-lē. *a.* unnecessary, not required.
Needs, nēdz. *ad.* indispensably.
Needy, nēd'-dē. *a.* poor, necessitous.
Nef, nēf. *s.* the body of a church.
Nefarious, nēf'-rē-ūs. *a.* wicked, abominable
Negation, nē-gā-shūn. *s.* denial.
Negative, nēg'-gā-tiv. *s.* a proposition by which something is denied.
Neglect, nēg'-lēkt. *v. a.* to omit by carelessness; to postpone.
Neglect, nēg'-lēkt. *s.* instance of inattention
Neglectful, nēg'-lēkt'-fūl. *a.* heedless, inattentive. [inattention].
Neglectfully, nēg'-lēkt'-fūl-lē. *ad.* with heedlessness
Negligence, nēg'-lē-jēns. *s.* habit of omitting by heedlessness.
Negligent, nēg'-lē-jēt. *a.* careless, heedless.
Negligently, nēg'-lē-jēt-lē. *ad.* carelessly, heedlessly.
Negotiate, nē-gō-shē-āte. *v. n.* to have intercourse of business, to traffick.

Fâc, fâr, f'ân, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pin; —

Negotiation, nè-gô-si-ô-k'shùn. *s.* treaty of business.Negro, nè-grô. *s.* a blackmoor.Neigh, nâ. *v. n.* to utter the voice of a horse.Neigh, nâ. *s.* the voice of a horse.Neighbour, nâ-bâr. *s.* one who lives near to another.Neighbourhood, nâ-bâr-hûd. *s.* place adjoining.Neighbourly, nâ-bâr-lê. *a.* becoming a neighbour, civil.Neighbourly, nâ-bâr-lê. *ad.* with social civility.Neither, nè-tîdr. *conj.* not either.Neoterick, nè-ô-têr-rik. *a.* modern, novel.Nepenthe, nè-pên-thê. *s.* a drug that drives away all pains.Nephew, nè-vû. *s.* the son of a brother orNephritick, nè-frî-ûk. *a.* good against the stone,Nepotism, nè-pô-tîzm. *s.* fondness for nephews.Nerve, nèrv. *s.* an organ of sensation.Nerveless, nèrv-lês. *a.* without strength.Nervous, nèrv-vûs. *a.* well strung, strong, vigorous; having weak nerves.Nescience, nèsh-ê-ênse. *s.* ignorance, the state of not knowing.Nest, nèst. *s.* the bed formed by a bird for incubation; boxes of drawers.Nestegg, nèst-êg. *s.* an egg left in the nest to keep the hen from forsaking it.Nestle, nèst-sl. *v. n.* to settle; to lie close andnestling, nèst-lîng. *s.* a bird taken out of the nest.Net, nèt. *s.* a texture woven with large inter-Neither, nèth-âr. *a.* lower, not upper.Nethermost, nèth-âr-môst. *a.* lowest.Nettle, nèt-tl. *s.* a stinging herb.Network, nèt-wûrk. *s.* any thing resembling the work of a net.Neuter, nè-tûr. *a.* indifferent, not engaged onNeuter, nè-tûr. *s.* one indifferent and unengaged.Neutral, nè-trâl. *a.* indifferent, not engaged on either side; neither good nor bad.Neutral, nè-trâl. *s.* one who does not act nor engage on either side.Neutrality, nè-trâl-lê. *ad.* indifferently.Never, nèv-âr. *ad.* at no time.Nevertheless, nèv-âr-tîr-ê-lês. *ad.* notwithstanding that.New, nû. *a.* fresh; modern.Newfangled, nû-fâng-gld. *a.* formed with vain or foolish love of novelty.Newel, nû-ll. *s.* the compass round which the staircase is carried.Newly, nû-lê. *ad.* freshly, lately.Newness, nû-nês. *s.* freshness, novelty.News, nûze. *s.* fresh account of any thing.New-year's gift, nû-yêr-z-gift. *s.* present made on the first day of the year.Next, nèkst. *a.* nearest in place.Nibble, nîb-bl. *v. a.* to bite by little at a time, to eat slowly.Nice, nîse. *a.* accurate; delicate; refined.Nicely, nîse-lê. *ad.* accurately, minutely, delicately.Niceness, nîse-nês. *s.* accuracy, minute exactness.Nicety, nî-sê-tê. *s.* minute accuracy; subtlety, effeminate softness.Niche, nîsh. *s.* a hollow in which a statue mayNiek, nîk. *s.* exact point of time; a notch; a score.Niek, nîk. *v. a.* to hit, to touch luckily; to cuNickname, nîk-nâme. *s.* a name given in scorn or contempt.Nickname, nîk-nâme. *v. a.* to call by an opNidification, nîd-ê-lê-kâ-shùn. *s.* the act of building nests.Nidulation, nîd-jû-lê-shùn. *s.* the time of reNiece, nèse. *s.* the daughter of a brother orNiggard, nîg-gûrd. *s.* a miser.Niggard, nîg-gûrd. *a.* sordid, avaricious.Niggardliness, nîg-gûrd-lê-nês. *s.* avarice sordid parsimony.Niggardly, nîg-gûrd-lê. *a.* avaricious, sordid!Nigh, nî. *prep.* at no great distance from.Nighly, nî-lê. *ad.* nearly, within a littleNight, nîte. *s.* the time of darkness.Nightcap, nîte-kâp. *s.* a cap worn in bed, or in undress.Nightdress, nîte-drês. *s.* the dress worn at night.Nightfaring, nîte-fî-rîng. *a.* travelling by the night.Nightgown, nîte-gôwn. *s.* a loose gown used for an undress.

nó, móve, nór, nó;—túbe, táb, báil;—bí;—pónd;—thin, THIA.

Nightingale, nite'-in-gá-lo. *s.* a small bird that sings in the night.
 Nightly, nite'-le. *a.* done by night
 Nightman, nite'-mán. *s.* one who carries away ordure in the night.
 Nightmare, nite'-máre. *s.* a morbid oppression in the night, resembling the pressure of weight upon the breast.
 Nightpiece, nite'-pé-see. *s.* a picture so coloured as to be supposed seen by candlelight.
 Nightshade, nite'-shade. *s.* a plant.
 Nightwalker, nite'-wak'-ér. *s.* one who roves in the night upon ill designs.
 Nightwatch, nite'-wótsch. *s.* a period of the night as distinguished by change of the watch.
 Nigrescent, ni-grés'-sént. *a.* growing black.
 Nimble, ním'-bl. *a.* quick, active.
 Nimbleness, ulm'-bl-nés. *s.* quickness, activity.
 Nimbly, ním'-blé. *ad.* quickly, speedily.
 Nincompoop, nín'-kóm-póóp. *s.* a fool, a trifler.
 Nine, níne. *a.* one more than eight.
 Ninefold, níne'-fóld. *a.* nine times.
 Ninepins, níne'-pláz. *s.* a play where nine pieces of wood are set up on the ground to be thrown down by a bowl.
 Ninescore, níne'-skóre. *a.* nine times twenty.
 Nineteen, níne'-téev. *a.* nine and ten. [teen.
 Nineteenth, níne'-téeth. *a.* the ordinal of nine-
 Ninety, níne'-tí. *a.* nine times ten.
 Ninth, nínth. *a.* next in order to the eighth.
 Ninetieth, níne'-tí-tíh. *a.* the tenth nine times
 Ninny, nínné. *s.* a fool, a simpleton. [old.
 Nip, níp. *v. a.* to pinch; to bite; to blast; to vex. [a blast; a taunt.
 Nip, níp. *s.* a pinch with the nails or teeth,
 Nippers, níp'-púr. *s.* small pincers.
 Nipple, níp'-pl. *s.* a teat, dug.
 Nisi-príus, ní'-sè-prí'-ús. *s.* a judicial writ.
 Nit, ní. *s.* the egg of a louse.
 Nitid, ní'-íd. *a.* bright, shining.
 Nitre, ní'-íd. *s.* saltpetre.
 Nitrous, ní'-trús. *a.* impregnated with nitre.
 Nitty, ní'-tí. *a.* abounding with nits.
 No, nó. *ad.* the word of refusal.
 Nobilitate, nó-bíl-lé-tate. *v. a.* to make noble
 Nobility, nó-bíl-lé-té. *s.* antiquity of family joined with splendour; persons of high rank.
 Noble, nó-bl. *a.* of an ancient and splendid

family; great, illustrious; exalted; magnificent; liberal.
 Noble, nó-bl. *s.* one of high rank; an old count rated at six shillings and eight-pence.
 Nobleman, nó-bl-mán. *s.* one who is ennobled.
 Nobleness, nó-bl-nés. *s.* greatness.
 Nobless, nó-blés. *s.* nobility.
 Nobly, nó'-blé. *ad.* illustriously.
 Nobody, nó'-bód-é. *s.* no one.
 Nocent, nó'-sént. *a.* guilty; hurtful.
 Noctiferous, nók-íff-í-ér-ús. *a.* bringing night.
 Noctuary, nók'-tshú-á-ré. *s.* an account of what passes by night.
 Nocturnal, nók-túr-nál. *a.* nightly.
 Nod, nód. *v. a.* to decline the head with a quick motion; to be drowsy.
 Nod, nód. *s.* a quick declination of the head, a slight obeisance.
 Nodde, nód'-dl. *s.* a head, in contempt.
 Noddy, nók'-dé. *s.* a simpleton, an idiot.
 Node, nóde. *s.* a knot; a swelling.
 Nodors, nó'-ús. *a.* knotty, full of knots.
 Noggin, nóg'-gín. *s.* a small mug.
 Noise, nóze. *s.* any kind of sound; outcry, occasion of talk. [report.
 Noise, nóze. *v. a.* to spread by rumour, or
 Noiseless, nóze'-lés. *a.* without sound.
 Noisiness, nóz'-zé-nés. *s.* loudness of sound.
 Noisome, nóé'-súm. *a.* noxious, mischievous.
 Noisomeness, nóé'-súm-nés. *s.* aptness to disgust, offensiveness.
 Noisy, nóé'-zé. *a.* sounding loud; clamorous
 Nollition, nó-ísh'-ún. *s.* unwillingness.
 Nombres, nóm'-blz. *s.* the entrails of a deer.
 Nomenclator, nóm-én-khí-túr. *s.* one who calls things by their proper names.
 Nomenclature, nóm-én-klá'-tshúre. *s.* a vocabulary, a dictionary.
 Nominal, nóm'-mé-nál. *a.* referring to names.
 Nominally, nóm'-mé-nál-é. *ad.* by name, usually. [name; to appoint.
 Nominate, nóm'-mé-náte. *v. a.* to mention by
 Nomination, nóm'-mé-ná'-shún. *s.* the power of appointing.
 Nominative, nóm'-mé-ná-tív. *s.* the case in grammar that primarily designates the name of any thing.
 Nonage, nón'-ájje. *s.* minority

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

Nonconformity, nôn-kôn-fôr-mê-tê. *s.* refusal of compliance.

None, nôn. *s.* not one; not any.

Nonentity, nôn-ên-tê-tê. *s.* nonexistence.

Nonexistence, nôn-êg-zis-tênse. *s.* inexistence.

Nonjuring, nôn-jû-ring. *a.* refusing to swear allegiance.

Nonnatural, nôn-nât-tshû-râlz. *s.* any thing which is not naturally, but by accident or abuse, the cause of disease, as air, diet, sleep, exercise, exertion, and the passions.

Nonpareil, nôn-pâ-rêl'. *s.* excellence unequalled; a kind of apple; a printing letter.

Nonplus, nôn-plûs. *s.* puzzle, inability to say or do more.

Nonplus, nôn-plûs. *v. a.* to confound, to puzzle.

Nonresidence, nôn-rêz-tê-dênse. *s.* failure of residence.

Nonresident, nôn-rêz-tê-dênt. *s.* one who neglects to live at the proper place. [dience.]

Nonresistance, nôn-rêz-zis-tânse. *s.* passive obedience.

Nonsense, nôn-sênse. *s.* unmeaning or ungrammatical language. [foolish.]

Nonserious, nôn-sên-sê-kâl. *a.* unmeaning.

Nonsolution, nôn-sô-lû-shûn. *s.* failure of solution.

Nonsuit, nôn-sûte. *v. a.* to deprive of the benefit of a legal process for some failure in the management.

Noodle, nôô-dl. *s.* a fool, a simpleton.

Nock, nôôk. *s.* a corner.

Noon, nôôn. *s.* the middle hour of the day.

Noonday, nôôn-dâ'. *s.* mid-day.

Noonday, nôôn-dâ'. *a.* meridional.

Noontide, nôôn-tîde. *s.* mid-day.

Noontide, nôôn-tîde. *a.* meridional.

Noose, nôôse. *s.* a running knot.

Nooses, nôôze. *v. a.* to tie in a noose.

Not, nôr. *conj.* a particle marking the second or subsequent branch of a negative proposition.

North, nôrth. *s.* the point opposite to the sun in the meridian; the point opposite to the south.

Northeast, nôrth-êst'. *s.* the point between the north and east.

Northerly, nôr-thûr-lê. *a.* towards the north.

Northern, nôr-thûrn. *a.* in the north.

Northern, nôrth-sâr. *s.* the pole-star.

Northwest, nôrth-west'. *s.* the point between the north and west.

Nose, nôze. *s.* the prominence on the face, which is the organ of scent, and the emunctory of the brain.

Nose, nôze. *v. a.* to scent, to smell.

Nosegay, nôze-gâ'. *s.* a bunch of flowers

Noseless, nôze-lês. *a.* wanting a nose.

Nosle, nôz-zl. *s.* the extremity of a thing, as the nosle of a pair of bellows.

Nostril, nôs-trîl. *s.* the cavity in the nose.

Nostrum, nôs-trûm. *s.* a medicine not yet made publick. [no more]

Not, nôt. *ad.* the particle of negation or refusal.

Notable, nô-tâ-bl. *a.* remarkable; observable.

Notable, nô-tâ-bl. *a.* careful, bustling.

Notableness, nô-tâ-bl-nês. *s.* appearance of business. [bly.]

Notably, nô-tâ-blê. *ad.* memorably, remarkably.

Notary, nô-tâ-rê. *s.* an officer whose business it is to take notes of any thing which may concern the publick.

Notation, nô-tâ-shûn. *s.* the act or practice of recording any thing by marks. [thing]

Notch, nôtsh. *s.* a nick, a hollow cut in any

Notch, nôtsh. *v. a.* to cut in small hollows.

Note, nôte. *s.* mark, token; notice; sound in musick; a small letter; explanatory annotation. [down.]

Note, nôte. *v. a.* to observe; to attend, to set

Noted, nô-têd. *part. a.* remarkable, eminent.

Nothing, nôth-îng. *s.* nonentity.

Nothingness, nôth-îng-nês. *s.* nonexistence of thing of no value.

Notice, nô-tîs. *s.* remark, heed; information.

Notification, nô-tê-fê-kâ-shûn. *s.* the art of making known.

Notify, nô-tê-fl. *v. a.* to declare. [ion.]

Notion, nô-shûn. *s.* thought, sentiment, opinion

Notional, nô-shûn-âl. *a.* imaginary, ideal. [ly.]

Notionally, nô-shûn-âl-lê. *ad.* in idea, mental

Notoriety, nô-tô-rî-tê-tê. *s.* publick knowledge.

Notorious, nô-tô-rê-fs. *a.* publickly known.

Notoriously, nô-tô-rê-fs-lê. *ad.* publickly, evidently. [though; nevertheless, however.]

Notwithstanding, nôt-wîth-stând-îng. *conj.* al-

Nought, nôwt. *s.* nothing.

Noun, nôôn. *s.* the name of any thing.

nó, móve, nór, nót ;—túbe, túb, búll ;—óll ;—póund ;—thín, trís.

Nourish, *núr-rísh*. *v. a.* to increase or support by food. [nourishment.]

Nourishable, *núr-rísh-á-bl.* *a.* susceptible of nourisher, *núr-rísh-ár.* *s.* the person or thing that nourishes. [naucc.]

Nourishment, *núr-rísh-mént.* *s.* food, sustenance.

Novel, *nóv-vél.* *a.* new.

Novel, *nóv-vél.* *s.* a small tale. [of novels.]

Novelist, *nóv-vél-íst.* *a.* s. innovator, a writer

Novelty, *nóv-vél-té.* *s.* newness.

November, *nó-vém-bér.* *s.* the eleventh month of the year.

Novice, *nóv-vís.* *s.* one not acquainted with any thing, a fresh man. [ice.]

Novitate, *nó-vísh-é-áté.* *s.* the state of a novice.

Now, *nó.* *ad.* at this time, at the time present.

Now, *nó.* *s.* present moment.

Nowadays, *nóv-á-dáze.* *ad.* in the present age.

Nowhere, *nó-hwáre.* *ad.* not in any place.

Nowise, *nó-wíze.* *ad.* not in any manner or degree.

Noxious, *nók-shús.* *a.* hurtful.

Noxiousness, *nók-shús-nés.* *s.* hurtfulness.

Noxiously, *nók-shús-té.* *ad.* hurtfully.

Nozle, *nóz-zl.* *s.* the nose, the end.

Nubiferous, *nú-bíf-fér-ús.* *a.* bringing clouds.

Nubile, *nú-bíl.* *a.* marriageable.

Nuciferous, *nú-sh-fér-ús.* *a.* nutbearing.

Nucleus, *nú-klé-ús.* *s.* a kernel, any thing about which matter is gathered.

Nudity, *nú-dé-té.* *s.* naked parts.

Nugacity, *nú-gás-sé-té.* *s.* futility, trifling talk.

Nugation, *nú-gá-shún.* *s.* the act or practice of trifling.

Nugatory, *nú-gá-tór-é.* *a.* trifling, futile.

Nuisance, *nú-sánsé.* *s.* something noxious or offensive.

Nullify, *núl-lé-fl.* *v. a.* to annul, to make void.

Nullity, *núl-lé-té.* *s.* want of force.

Numb, *núm.* *a.* torpid; producing chillness.

Numb, *núm.* *v. a.* to make torpid.

Number, *núm-bár.* *v. a.* to count, to reckon.

Number, *núm-bár.* *s.* the species of quantity by which it is computed how many; many, more than one; comparative multitude; harmony; poetry.

Numberless, *núm-bár-lés.* *a.* innumerable.

Numbness, *núm-nés.* *s.* torpor, stupefaction.

Numerable, *núr-mér-á-bl.* *a.* capable to be numbered.

Numeral, *núr-mér-ál.* *a.* relating to number.

Numerary, *núr-mér-á-ré.* *a.* belonging to a number

Numeration, *nú-mér-á-shún.* *s.* the art of numbering; a rule of arithmetic.

Numerator, *núr-mér-á-tár.* *s.* he that numbers; that number which serves as the common measure to others. [ting number.]

Numerical, *núr-mér-rík-ál.* *a.* numeral, denominationally, *nú-mér-rík-ál-té.* *ad.* respecting sameness in number.

Numerous, *núr-nér-rús.* *a.* containing or consisting of many.

Nummary, *núm-má-ré.* *a.* relating to money.

Numskull, *núm-skúl.* *s.* a dunce, a dolt.

Nun, *nún.* *s.* a woman secluded in a cloister from the world. [from the pope.]

Nuncio, *nún-shé-ó.* *s.* a messenger, an envoy

Nunciation, *nún-shún.* *s.* a piece of victuals eaten between meals.

Nuncupative, *nún-kú-pá-tív.* } *a.* publicly

Nuncupatory, *nún-kú-pá-tór-ré.* } or solemnly declaratory, verbally pronounced.

Nunnery, *nún-núr-é.* *s.* a house of nuns.

Nuptial, *núp-shál.* *a.* pertaining to marriage.

Nuptials, *núp-shálz.* *s.* marriage.

Nurse, *núrse.* *s.* a woman that has the care of another's child; a woman that has the care of a sick person. [the sick.]

Nurse, *núrse.* *v. a.* to bring up a child; to tend

Nursery, *núr-súr-ré.* *s.* a room in which children are kept; a plantation of young trees.

Nursling, *núr-síng.* *a.* a fondling.

Nurture, *núr-tshúre.* *s.* food, diet; education.

Nurture, *núr-tshúre.* *v. a.* to educate, to train to bring up.

Nurture, *núr-sí.* *v. a.* to fuddle, to cherish.

Nut, *nút.* *s.* the fruit of certain trees; a small body with teeth, which correspond with the teeth of wheels.

Nutbrown, *nút-brúdn.* *a.* brown like a nut kept long.

Nutcrackers, *nút-brák-kúr.* *s.* an instrument used to break nuts.

Nutgall, *nút-gál.* *s.* excrescence of an oak.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât — mè, mèt; — plne, pln; —

Nutmeg, nû'-még. *s.* a kind of spice imported from the East Indies.
Nutshell, nû'-shêl. *s.* the hard substance that encloses the kernel of the nut.
Nut-tree, nû'-trêe. *s.* a tree that bears nuts.
Nutrition, nû'-trê-çhôn. *s.* manner of feeding or being fed.
Nutrimént, nû'-tré-mént. *s.* food, aliment.
Nutritional, nû'-tré-mén-tál. *a.* having the qualities of food. [nourishing].
Nutrition, nû'-trish'-ôn. *s.* the act or quality of
Nutritious, nû'-trish'-ús. } *a.* nourishing.
Nutritive, nû'-tré-ív. }
Nutriture, nû'-tré-tûre. *s.* the power of nourishing.

Nuzzle, nûz'-zl. *v. a.* to nurse, to foster; to go with the nose down like a hog.
Nymph, nûmf. *s.* a goddess of the woods, meadows, or waters; in poetry, a lady.

O.

Oaf, ôfe. *s.* a changeling; an idiot.
Obstinacy, ôfe'-sh-nés. *s.* stupidity, dulness.
Oak, ôke. *s.* a well known tree. [on the oak].
Oakapple, ôke'-âp-pl. *s.* a spongy excrescence
Oaken, ô'-kn. *a.* made of oak.
Oakum, ô'-kûm. *s.* cords untwisted.
Oar, ôre. *s.* an instrument to row with.
Oaten, ô'-tn. *a.* made of oats.
Oath, ôth. *s.* an affirmation, negation, or promise, corroborated by the attestation of the Divine Being. [by grinding oats].
Oatmeal, ô'-mêle, or ôte'-mêle. *s.* flour made
Oats, ôtes. *s.* a grain with which horses are fed.
Obduce, ôb-dûse'. *v. a.* to draw over as a covering.
Obduction, ôb-dûk'-shûn. *s.* the act of covering.
Obduracy, ôb'-jû-râ-sé. *s.* inflexible wickedness, hardness of heart. [bly obstinate].
Obdurate, ôb'-jû-râte. *a.* hard of heart, inflexible.
Obdurateness, ôb'-jû-râ-tés. *s.* stubbornness, impenitence. [thority].
Obedience, ô-bé'-jé-ânse. *s.* submission to authority.
Obedient, ô-bé'-jé-ânt. *a.* submissive to authority. [rule of obedience].
Obediential, ô-bé'-jé-ân-shál. *a.* according to the
Obediently, ô-bé'-jé-ânt-té. *ad.* with obedience.

Obeisance, ô-bâ'-sânse. *s.* a courtesy, *a. s. a* of reverence.
Obelisk, ôb'-é-lisk. *s.* a sort of pyramid.
Obese, ô-bése'. *a.* fat, loaden with flesh.
Obesity, ô-bés'-sé-té. *s.* morbid fatness.
Obeys, ô-bâ'. *v. a.* to pay submission to.
Obit, ô'-bit. *s.* funeral obsequies.
Object, ôb'-jekt. *s.* that about which any power or faculty is employed.
Object, ôb'-jekt'. *v. a.* to oppose. [fault found]
Objection, ôb'-jekt'-shûn. *s.* adverse argument
Objective, ôb'-jekt'-ív. *a.* belonging to or contained in an object; proposed as an object.
Objector, ôb'-jekt'-tûr. *s.* one who offers objections.
Objurgate, ôb'-jûr'-gâte. *v. a.* to chide, to reprove.
Objurgation, ôb'-jûr'-gâ'-shûn. *s.* reproof, reprehension.
Oblate, ôb-lâte'. *a.* flattened at the poles.
Oblation, ôb-lâ'-shûn. *s.* an offering, a sacrifice.
Oblation, ôb-lék'-tâ'-shûn. *s.* delight, pleasure.
Obligation, ôb-lé-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the binding power of any oath, or contract; favour by which one is bound to gratitude.
Obligatory, ôb'-lé-gâ-tûr-é. *a.* imposing an obligation, binding. [please, to gratify].
Oblige, ô-bildje'. *v. a.* to bind, to compel; to
Obligee, ôb-lé-jéé'. *s.* one bound by a legal contract.
Obliging, ô-bil'-jing. *part. a.* civil, complaisant.
Obligingness, ô-bil'-jing-nés. *s.* complaisance.
Oblique, ôb-liké'. *a.* not direct.
Obligueness, ôb-liké'-nés. } *s.* deviation from
Oblivity, ôb-lik'-wé-té. } physical or moral
Oblivity, ôb-lik'-wé-té. } rectitude; deviation from perpendicularity.
Obliterate, ôb-ll'-tér-râte. *v. a.* to efface.
Obliteration, ôb-ll'-tér-râ'-shûn. *s.* effacement.
Oblivion, ô-bliv'-vê-ûn. *s.* forgetfulness; amnesia. [ness].
Oblivious, ô-bliv'-vê-ús. *a.* causing forgetful
Oblong, ôb'-lông. *a.* longer than broad.
Obloquy, ôb'-lô-kwé. *s.* blame, slander; disgrace.
Obnoxious, ôb-nôk'-shûn. *a.* subject; liable, exposed. [scare].
Obnubilare, ôb-nû'-bé-lâse. *v. a.* to cloud, to obscure.
Obscene, ôb-sé-n'. *a.* immodest; disgusting.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, táb, bóll;—óll;—pònd;—áin, thís.

- Obtenceness**, ób-òtèn'-nès. } *s.* impurity of
Obcenity, ób-òtèn'-nè-tè. } thought or lan-
 guage, lewdness.
- Obturation**, ób-òtù-rá'-shùn. *s.* the act of dark-
 ening; state of being darkened.
- Obscure**, ób-òskùr'. *a.* dark, gloomy; abstruse.
- Obscure**, ób-òskùr'. *v. a.* to darken.
- Obscurely**, ób-òskùr'-lè. *ad.* not brightly.
- Obscureness**, ób-òskùr'-nès. } *s.* darkness; un-
Obscurity, ób-òskù'-rè-tè. } noticed state,
 privacy; darkness of meaning.
- Obscuration**, ób-òt-krá'-shùn. *s.* entreaty.
- Obsèques**, ób-òt-kwíz. *s.* funeral rites.
- Obssequious**, ób-òt-kwé-ús. *a.* obedient, com-
 pliant.
- Obssequiousness**, ób-òt-kwé-ús-nès. *s.* obedi-
 ence, compliance. [nent.]
- Observable**, ób-òtér'-vá-bl. *a.* remarkable, omi-
Observance, ób-òtér'-vánsè. *s.* respect; religious
 rite; rule of practice.
- Observant**, ób-òtér'-vánt. *a.* attentive.
- Observation**, ób-òtér'-vá-shùn. *s.* the act of ob-
 serving; note, remark.
- Observer**, ób-òtér'-vánt. *s.* a remarker.
- Observatory**, ób-òtér'-vá-tùr-é. *s.* a place built
 for astronomical observation. [obey.]
- Observe**, ób-òtér'. *v. a.* to watch; to note; to
Observer, ób-òtér'-vánt. *s.* one who looks on, a
 beholder.
- Obsolete**, ób-òt-òlètè. *a.* disused, unfashionable.
- Obsolescence**, ób-òt-òlètè-nès. *s.* unfashionable-
 ness.
- Obstacle**, ób-òt-òkl. *s.* hinderance, obstruction.
- Obstetrication**, ób-òt-è-tré-ká'-shùn. *s.* the office
 of a midwife.
- Obstetrick**, ób-òt-è-trík. *a.* befitting a midwife.
- Obstinacy**, ób-òt-è-ná-sè. *s.* stubbornness, con-
 stancy. [cious.]
- Obstinately**, ób-òt-è-ná-tè. *ad.* stubbornly, in-
 constancy. [ous.]
- Obstreperous**, ób-òt-rép'-pér-ús. *a.* loud, clamor-
Obstreperousness, ób-òt-rép'-pér-ús-nès. *s.* loud-
 ness, clamour.
- Obligation**, ób-òt-è-lyá-shùn. *s.* obligation, bond.
- Obliterate**, ób-òt-è-lyát'. *v. a.* to hinder.
- Obliteration**, ób-òt-è-lyát'-shùn. *s.* hinderance · ob-
 literate.
- Obstructive**, ób-òt-è-lyát'-shùn. *a.* hindering, causing
 impediment.
- Obstruent**, ób-òt-è-lyát'-shùn. *a.* hindering.
- Obtain**, ób-òtáin'. *v. a.* to gain, to acquire.
- Obtainable**, ób-òtáin'-á-bl. *a.* to be procured.
- Obtend**, ób-òténd'. *v. d.* to oppose.
- Obtention**, ób-òt-èn'-shùn. *s.* the act of obtending.
- Obtest**, ób-òtést'. *v. a.* to beseech, to supplicate.
- Obtestation**, ób-òt-èst-à'-shùn. *s.* supplication.
- Obtrude**, ób-òt-rùd'. *v. a.* to thrust in by force.
- Obtruder**, ób-òt-rùd'-ér. *s.* one that obtrudes.
- Obtrusion**, ób-òt-rùd'-shùn. *s.* the act of obtruding.
- Obtrusive**, ób-òt-rùd'-ív. *a.* inclined to force one's
 self or any thing else upon others. [en]
- Obtund**, ób-òtund'. *v. a.* to blunt, to dull, to dead
- Obtuse**, ób-òtús'. *a.* not pointed, not acute.
- Obtuseness**, ób-òtús'-nès. *s.* bluntness.
- Obvert**, ób-òvèrt'. *v. a.* to turn towards.
- Obviate**, ób-òv-é-áte. *v. a.* to meet in the way, to
 prevent.
- Obvious**, ób-òvè-ús. *a.* open; easily discovered.
- Obviousness**, ób-òv-é-ús-nès. *s.* state of being
 evident or apparent.
- Occasion**, ók-ká'-zhùn. *s.* occurrence, incident;
 convenience; casual exigence. [ual.]
- Occasion**, ók-ká'-zhùn. *v. a.* to cause; to influ-
 ence. [ual.]
- Occasional**, ók-ká'-zhùn-ál. *a.* incidental, cas
- Occultation**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* the act of blind
 ing.
- Occident**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* the west.
- Occidental**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn-ál. *a.* western. [head.]
- Occiput**, ók-òk-ká'-pút. *s.* the hinder part of the
- Occlude**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *v. a.* to shut up. [u:]
- Occlusion**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* the act of shutting
- Occult**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *a.* secret, hidden.
- Occultation**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* the time that a
 star or planet is hidden from our sight.
- Occupancy**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* the act of taking
 possession. [sion of any thing.]
- Occupant**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* he that takes posses-
 sion.
- Occupation**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* employment,
 business; trade, vocation.
- Occupier**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* a possessor.
- Occupy**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *v. a.* to possess.
- Occur**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *v. a.* to appear here and there,
 to happen. [dent event.]
- Occurrence**, ók-òk-ká'-shùn. *s.* incident, acci-

Fåte, får, fäll, fåt; —mé, mêt; —pine, pln; —

Ocean, *ô-shên. s.* the main, the great sea.
 Oceanick, *ô-shê-ân-lk. a.* pertaining to the ocean
 Ocellated, *ô-sêl'-lê-têd. a.* resembling the eye.
 Ochre, *ô'-kûr. s.* a kind of earth
 Ochreous, *ô'-krê-ôus. a.* consisting of ochre.
 Octagon, *ôk'-tâ-gôn. s.* a figure consisting of eight sides and angles.
 Octagonal, *ôk'-tâg'-gô-nâl. a.* having eight angles and sides. [angles.
 Octangular, *ôk'-tâng'-gû-lâr. a.* having eight [angles.
 Octave, *ôk'-tâve. s.* the eighth day after some festival; an interval of eight sounds.
 Octavo, *ôk'-tâ'-vô. a.* a book is said to be in octavo when a sheet is folded into eight leaves.
 Octennial, *ôk'-tên'-nê-âl. a.* happening every eighth year. [year.
 October, *ôk'-tô'-bêr. s.* the tenth month of the
 Octuple, *ôk'-tû-pl. a.* eightfold.
 Ocular, *ôk'-kû-lâr. a.* known by the eye.
 Oculist, *ôk'-kû-list. s.* one who professes to cure distempers of the eyes. [likely.
 Odd, *ôd. a.* not even; particular; strange; un-
 Oddly, *ôd'-lê. ad.* not evenly; strangely, particularly.
 Oddness, *ôd'-nês. s.* the state of being not even; strangeness, particularity.
 Odds, *ôdz. s.* inequality; superiority; quarrel, debate, dispute.
 Ode, *ôde. s.* a lyric poem. [nable.
 Odious, *ô-dê-ôus. a.* hateful, detestable, abominable.
 Odiousness, *ô-dê-ôus-nês. s.* hatefulness.
 Odium, *ô-dê-âm. s.* invincibility. [fumed.
 Odoriferous, *ô-dô-rif'-fêr-ôus. a.* fragrant, perfume-
 Odoriferousness, *ô-dô-rif'-fêr-ôus-nês. s.* sweetness of scent.
 Odorous, *ô-dôr-ôus. a.* fragrant, perfumed.
 Odour, *ô'-dôr. s.* scent, whether good or bad.
 Oecumenical, *êk'-û-mên'-nê-kâl. a.* general.
 Ocelliad, *ô-ll'-yâd. s.* a glance, token of the eye.
 Oesophagus, *ê-sôf'-fâ-gûs. s.* the gullet.
 Of, *ôv. prep.* concerning.
 Off, *ôf. ad.* signifying distance, absence or departure, disappointment.
 Off, *ôf. interj.* depart!
 Off, *ôf. prep.* not on; distant from.
 Offal, *ôf'-ul. s.* waste meat; coarse flesh; refuse.

Offence, *ôf-fên-sê. s.* crime; injury; displeasure given; anger.
 Offenceless, *ôf-fên-sê-lês. a.* innocent.
 Offend, *ôf-fênd'. v. a.* to make angry; to transgress. [gressor.
 Offender, *ôf-fên'-dêr. s.* a criminal, a transgressor.
 Offensive, *ôf-fên'-siv. a.* displeasing; injurious.
 Offensively, *ôf-fên'-siv-lê. ad.* mischievously, injuriously [bid; to propose.
 Offer, *ôf-fêr. v. a.* to present; to sacrifice; to
 Offer, *ôf-fêr. s.* proposal; price bid; attempt.
 Offering, *ôf-fêr-rîng. s.* a sacrifice.
 Offeritory, *ôf-fêr-tôr-ê. s.* the thing offered, the act of offering.
 Office, *ôf-fis. s.* public charge or employment; business; ^{place} where business is transacted. [public commander.
 Officer, *ôf-fêr-sêr. s.* a man employed by the
 Official, *ôf-fish'-âl. a.* pertaining to a public charge. [belonging to office.
 Officially, *ôf-fish'-âl-ê. ad.* in a manner be-
 Cificiate, *ôf-fish'-ê-âte. v. n.* to discharge an office, to perform an office for another.
 Officialness, *ôf-fish'-ôus. a.* over-forwardness.
 Officialness, *ôf-fish'-ôus-nês. s.* over-forwardness.
 Offing, *ôf-fîng. s.* the act of steering to a distance from the land.
 Offset, *ôf-sê-t. s.* shoot of a plant.
 Offscouring, *ôf-skôûr'-îng. s.* recreation, part rubbed away in cleaning any thing.
 Offspring, *ôf-sprîng. s.* children; production of any kind.
 Oft, *ôft. ad.* frequently, many times.
 Often, *ôf-fn. ad.* frequently, many times.
 Ogee, *ô-jê-ê. s.* a sort of moulding in architecture. [in fondness.
 Ogle, *ô-gl. v. a.* to view with side glances, to
 Oglio, *ô-lê-ô. s.* a modley. [surprise.
 Oh, *ô. interj.* an exclamation denoting pain or
 Oil, *ôil. s.* the juice of olives; grease &c.
 Oil, *ôil. v. a.* to smear or lubricate with oil.
 Oiliness, *ôil'-lê-nês. s.* unctuousness, greasiness.
 Oilman, *ôil'-mân. s.* one who trades in oils and pickles.
 Oily, *ôil'-ê. a.* consisting of oil.
 Ointment, *ôint'-mênt. s.* unguent.
 Old, *ôld. a.* past the middle of life; of long continuance; ancient; long practised.

no, mōve, nēr, nōt; —tābe, tāb, bāll; —ōll; —pōānd; —thin, THIS.

Old-fashioned, ōld-fāsh'-dnd. *a.* formed according to obsolete custom.
Oleaginous, ō-lē-ād'-jīn-ūs. *a.* oily, unctuous.
Olfactory, ōl-fāk'-tūr-ē. *a.* having the sense of smelling.
Oligarchy, ōl-ig-ār-kē. *s.* a form of government which places the supreme power in a small number; aristocracy.
Olio, ō-lē-ō. *s.* a mixture, a medley.
Olive, ōl'-līv. *s.* a plant producing oil; the emblem of peace. [alphabet.
Omega, ō-nē-gā. *s.* the last letter of the Greek
Omelet, ōm-lēt. *s.* a kind of pancake made with eggs. [nostick.
Omen, ō-mēn. *s.* a sign good or bad, a prog-
mentum, ō-mēn'-tūm. *s.* the cow, the double membrane spread over the entrails.
Ominous, ōm-mīn-ūs. *a.* foreshowing ill.
Ominousness, ōm-mīn-ūs-nēs. *s.* the quality of being ominous.
Omission, ō-mīsh'-ōn. *s.* neglect of duty.
Omit, ō-mīt. *v. a.* to leave out, not to mention.
Omnifarious, ōm-nē-fā-rē-ūs. *a.* of all kinds.
Omniferous, ōm-nīf-ēr-ūs. *a.* all-bearing.
Omnifick, ōm-nīf'-fīk. *a.* all-creating.
Omnipotence, ōm-nīp'-pō-tēns. } *s.* almighty
Omnipotency, ōm-nīp'-pō-tēn-sē. } power, unlimited power.
Omnipotent, ōm-nīp'-pō-tēt. *a.* almighty.
Omnipresence, ōm-nē-prēz'-ēns. *s.* ubiquity, unbounded presence.
Omnipresent, ōm-nē-prēz'-ēnt. *a.* present in every place. [knowledge.
Omniscience, ōm-nīsh'-ē-ēns. *s.* boundless
Omniscient, ōm-nīsh'-ē-ēnt. *a.* knowing without bounds.
Omnivorous, ōm-nīv'-vō-rūs. *a.* all-devouring.
On, ōn. *prep.* noting addition or accumulation, state of progression, dependence or reliance, the motive or occasion of any thing, the time at which any thing happens.
On, ōn. *ad.* forward. [agoment.
On, ōn. *interj.* a word of incitement or encouragement.
Once, wānsē. *ad.* one time; formerly.
One, wān. *a.* less than two, single; any; particularly one.
One, wān. *s.* a single person; the first hour; the same thing; concord.

One-eyed, wān'-īde. *a.* having only one eye.
Oneirocritick, ō-nī-rō-krit'-īk. *s.* an interpreter of dreams. [ing one
Oneness, wān'-nēs. *s.* unity; the quality of being one.
Onerate, ōn-nēr-rāte. *v. a.* to load, to burthen.
Oneration, ōn-nēr-ā'-shūn. *s.* the act of loading
Onerous, ōn-nēr-ūs. *a.* burthensome.
Onion, ōn'-yūn. *s.* a plant.
Only, ōnē-lē. *a.* single.
Only, ōnē-lē. *ad.* simply, singly
Onset, ōn-sēt. *s.* attack, assault.
Ontologist, ōn-tōl'-lō-jist. *s.* a metaphysician.
Ontology, ōn-tōl'-lō-jē. *s.* metaphysics.
Onward, ōn-wārd. *ad.* forward, progressively.
Oolix, ō-ōlīks. *s.* a semipellucid gem.
Ooze, ōoze. *s.* soft mud; slime.
Ooze, ōoze. *v. n.* to run gently.
Oozy, ōō-zē. *a.* miry, muddy.
Opacate, ō-pā-kāte. *v. n.* to shade, to darken.
Opacity, ō-pāis-sē-tē. *s.* cloudiness.
Opacous, ō-pā-kūs. *a.* dark, obscure
Opal, ō-pāl. *s.* a precious stone.
Opaque, ō-pāke'. *a.* not transparent, dark.
Open, ō-pn. *v. a.* to uncloze; to divide; to disclose.
Open, ō-pn. *a.* unclosed; apparent; sincere.
Openeyed, ō-pn-lē. *a.* vigilant, watchful.
Openhanded, ō-pn-hānd'-ēd. *a.* generous, liberal. [did.
Openhearted, ō-pn-hārt'-ēd. *a.* generous, candid.
Opening, ō-pn-īng. *s.* aperture, breach; dawn.
Openly, ō-pn-lē. *ad.* publicly, plainly.
Openness, ō-pn-nēs. *s.* plainness, clearness.
Opera, ōp'-pēr-rā. *s.* a poetical fiction, represented by vocal and instrumental music.
Operant, ōp'-pēr-rānt. *a.* active.
Operate, ōp'-pēr-āte. *v. n.* to act, to have agency
Operation, ōp'-pēr-rā'-shūn. *s.* agency, production of effects, influence.
Operator, ōp'-pēr-rā-tūr. *s.* one that performs any act of the hand.
Operose, ōp'-pēr-rōse', *a.* laborious.
Ophthalmick, ōp-thāl'-mīk. *a.* relating to the eye.
Ophthalmia, ōp-thāl-mē. *s.* a disease of the eyes
Opiate, ō-pē-āt. *s.* a medicine that causes sleep.
Opine, ō-pīne'. *v. n.* to think, to judge.
Opiniative, ō-pīn'-yē-ā-tīv. *a.* stiff in a preconceived notion.

Fâle, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mât;—plus, plû;—

- Opinion, ô-plin'-yûn. *s.* persuasion of the mind without proof; judgement, notion.
- Opinionated, ô-plin'-yûn-â-téd. *a.* attached to certain opinions. [conceived notions.
- Opinionative, ô-plin'-yûn-nâ-îv. *a.* fond of pro-
- Opinionist, ô-plin'-yûn-nîst. *s.* one fond of his own notions. [note sleep.
- Opium, ô'-pé-ûm. *s.* a medicine used to pro-
- Oppidan, ôp'-pè-dân. *s.* a townsman, an inhabitant of a town.
- Oppilation, ôp'-pè-lâ'-shûn. *s.* obstruction.
- Opponent, ôp'-pô-nênj. *a.* opposite, adverse.
- Opponent, ôp'-pô-nênst. *s.* antagonist, adversary.
- Opportune, ôp'-pôr-tûnc'. *a.* seasonable.
- Opportunately, ôp'-pôr-tûnc'-lê. *ad.* seasonably.
- Opportunity, ôp'-pôr-tû-nè-tê. *s.* fit place, time, convenience.
- Oppose, ôp'-pôze'. *v. a.* to act against; to resist.
- Opposés, ôp'-pôze'-lêz. *a.* irresistible.
- Opposer, ôp'-pô-zûr. *s.* one that opposes, an antagonist. [trary.
- Opposite, ôp'-pô-zî. *a.* placed in front; con-
- Opposite, ôp'-pô-zî. *s.* adversary, opponent.
- Opposition, ôp'-pô-zîsh'-ân. *s.* situation so as to front something opposed; hostile resistance; contrariety of interest.
- Oppress, ôp'-prêz'. *v. a.* to crush by hardship.
- Oppression, ôp'-prêz'-ûn. *s.* cruelty, severity; calamity. [overwhelming.
- Oppressive, ôp'-prêz'-sîv. *a.* cruel, inhuman;
- Oppressor, ôp'-prêz'-sûr. *s.* one who harasses others with unjust severity.
- Opprobrious, ôp'-prô'-brê-ûs. *a.* reproachful, disgraceful. [proachfulness.
- Opprobriousness, ôp'-prô'-brê-ûs-nêz. *s.* re-
- Oppugn, ôp'-pûne'. *v. a.* to oppose, to resist.
- Oppugnancy, ôp'-pûng'-nân-sê. *s.* opposition.
- Optative, ôp'-îâ-îv. *a.* expressive of desire.
- Optical, ôp'-îê-kâl. *a.* relating to the science of opticks.
- Optician, ôp'-îsh'-ân. *s.* one skilled in opticks.
- Optick, ôp'-îk. *a.* visual, relating to the science of vision. [sight.
- Optick, ôp'-îk. *s.* an instrument or organ of Opticks, ôp'-îks. *s.* the science of vision.
- Optimacy, ôp'-îê-mâ-sê. *s.* nobility.
- Optimity, ôp'-îsh'-mè-tê. *s.* the state of being best.
- Option, ôp'-shûn. *s.* choice, election.
- Opulence, ôp'-pô-lênse. } *s.* wealth, affluence.
- Opulency, ôp'-pô-lên-sê. }
- Opulent, ôp'-pô-îmit. *a.* rich, wealthy.
- Or, ôr. *conj.* a disjunctive particle
- Oracle, ôr'-râ-kl. *s.* something delivered by supernatural wisdom; any person or place where certain decisions are obtained; one famed for wisdom.
- Oracular, ô-râk'-kû-lâr. } *a.* uttering oracles.
- Oraculous, ô-râk'-kû-lûs. }
- Oraculousness, ô-râk'-kû-lûs-nêz. *s.* the state of being oracular. [cation.
- Oraison, ôr'-rê-zûn. *s.* prayer, verbal suppli
- Oral, ô'-râl. *a.* delivered by mouth.
- Orally, ô'-râl-lê. *ad.* by mouth.
- Orange, ôr'-rinje. *s.* a well known fruit.
- Orange, ôr'-rinje. *a.* of the colour of an orange.
- Orangery, ô-râwn'-shêr-ê. *s.* plantation of oranges. [ing to the laws of rhetoric.
- Oration, ô-râ'-shûn. *s.* a speech made accord-
- Orator, ôr'-râ-tûr. *s.* a publick speaker, a ma- of eloquence.
- Oratorical, ôr-â-tô'-rê-âl. *a.* rhetorical, florid.
- Oratorical, ôr-â-tô'-rê-kâl. *a.* befitting an orator.
- Oratorio, ôr-â-tô'-rê-ô. *s.* a kind of sacred drama, generally taken from the Scriptures, and set to musick.
- Oratory, ôr'-râ-tûr-ê. *s.* eloquence, rhetorical skill; a private place allotted for prayer.
- Orb, ôrb. *s.* sphere, orbicular body; wheel; circle.
- Orbation, ôr-bâ'-shân. *s.* privation of parents & children.
- Orbed, ôr'-bêd, or ôrbd. *a.* round, circular, or bicular.
- Orbicular, ôr-blk'-kû-lâr. *a.* circular.
- Orbit, ôr'-bî. *s.* the line described by the revolution of a planet.
- Orchard, ôr'-shûrd. *s.* a garden of fruit-trees.
- Orchestra, ôr-kêz'-trâ. *s.* a part of the theatre appropriated to the musicians.
- Orchestre, ôr-kêz'-tûr. *s.* the place where the musicians are set at a publick show.
- Ordain, ôr-dîns'. *v. a.* to appoint, to decree; to establish; to invest with sacerdotal power.
- Ordeal, ôr-dê-âl. *s.* a trial by fire or water.
- Order, ôr'-dûr. *s.* method; regularity; man-

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, bóll;—òñ;—pòònd;—thín, THIN.

date; rule; regular government; a rank or class; a religious fraternity.

Order, òr'-dùr. *v. a.* to regulate, to adjust, to conduct; to command. [theologicalness.

Orderliness, òr'-dùr-lè-nès. *s.* regularity, methodical.

Orderly, òr'-dùr-lè. *a.* methodical; well regulated. [larly.

Orderly, òr'-dùr-lè. *ad.* methodically, regularly.

Ordinal, òr'-dè-nál. *s.* a ritual, a book containing orders.

Ordinance, òr'-dè-nánsè. *s.* law, rule, prescript.

Ordinarily, òr'-dè-ná-rè-lè. *ad.* according to established rules; commonly.

Ordinary, òr'-dè-ná-rè. *a.* established, methodical, regular; common, usual; mean.

Ordinary, òr'-dè-ná-rè. *s.* established judge of ecclesiastical causes; settled establishment; a place of eating established at a certain price.

Ordinate, òr'-dè-ná-tè. *a.* regular, methodical.

Ordination, òr'-dè-ná-shún. *s.* established order or tendency; the act of investing any man with sacerdotal power.

Ordnance, òr'-dè-nánsè. *s.* cannon, great guns.

Ordnance, òr'-dè-nánsè. *s.* disposition of figures in a picture.

Ordure, òr'-jùrè. *s.* dung, filth.

Ore, òrè. *s.* metal unrefined.

Organ, òr'-gán. *s.* natural instrument; an instrument of music.

Organical, òr'-gán-ik-ál. } *a.* instrumental.

Organick, òr'-gán-ik. }

Organism, òr'-gá-nizm. *s.* organical structure.

Organist, òr'-gá-níst. *s.* one who plays on the organ.

Organization, òr'-gá-nè-zá-shún. *s.* construction in which the parts are so disposed as to be subservient to each other.

Organize, òr'-gá-níze. *v. a.* to construct so as that one part co-operates with another.

Organ loft, òr'-gán-lòft. *s.* the loft where the organ stands.

Organ, òr'-gán. *s.* sudden vehemence.

Orgies, òr'-jèz. *s.* frantick revels.

Orient, òr'-rè-ènt. *a.* rising as the sun; eastern.

Oriental, òr'-rè-ènt-ál. *a.* eastern.

Oriental, òr'-rè-ènt-ál. *s.* an inhabitant of the eastern parts of the world

Orifice, òr'-rè-ña. *s.* any opening or perforation.

Origin, òr'-rè-jín. } *s.* beginning, first ex-

Original, òr'-rè-jè-nál. } *s.* istence; fountain; first copy; descent.

Original, òr'-rè-jè-nál. *a.* primitive, pristine, first.

Originally, òr'-rè-jè-nál-lè. *ad.* primarily.

Originary, òr'-rè-jè-ná-rè. *a.* productive; primitive. [istence.

Originate, òr'-rè-jè-ná-tè. *v. a.* to bring into existence.

Origination, òr'-rè-jè-ná-shún. *s.* the act of bringing into existence.

Orison, òr'-rè-zún. *s.* a prayer, a supplication

Ornament, òr'-ná-mènt. *s.* embellishment, decoration. [ishment.

Ornamental, òr'-ná-mènt-ál. *a.* giving embellishment.

Ornamented, òr'-ná-mènt-éd. *a.* embellished, bedecked.

Ornate, òr'-ná-tè. *a.* bedecked, decorated, fine.

Orphan, òr'-fan. *s.* a child who has lost father or mother, or both.

Orphan, òr'-fan. *a.* bereft of parents.

Orpiment, òr'-pè-mènt. *s.* a kind of mineral yellow arsenick. [ment.

Ortery, òr'-rè-rè. *s.* an astronomical instrument.

Orthodox, òr'-thò-dòks. *a.* sound in opinion and doctrine.

Orthodoxy, òr'-thò-dòks-è. *s.* soundness in opinion and doctrine.

Orthoepist, òr'-thò-è-píst. *s.* one who is skilled in orthoepy. [tion of words.

Orthoepy, òr'-thò-è-pe. *s.* the right pronunciation.

Orthogon, òr'-thò-gón. *s.* a rectangular figure.

Orthographer, òr'-thò-g'gráf-fer. *s.* one who spells according to the rules of grammar.

Orthographical, òr'-thò-gráf-fè-kál. *a.* rightly spelled; relating to the spelling.

Orthographically, òr'-thò-gráf-fè-kál-lè. *ad.* according to the rules of spelling.

Orthography, òr'-thò-g'gráf-fè. *s.* the art or practice of spelling. [plane.

Ortive, òr'-tív. *a.* relating to the rising of a star.

Orts, òr'ts. *s.* refuse, that which is left.

Oscillation, òs-íl-lá-shún. *s.* the act of moving like a pendulum.

Oscitancy, òs-sè-ít-án-sè. } *s.* the act of yawning.

Oscitation, òs-sè-ít-shún. } *s.* yawning.

Fate, fâr, fâi, fât;—mê, mêt;—plue, plû;

- Oster, ô'-zhêr. s.** a tree of the willow kind.
Ossicle, ôs'-sik'-kl. s. a small bone.
Ossification, ôs'-sê-kâ'-shûn. s. change of
 carnesous into bony substance.
Ossify, ôs'-sê-fl. v. a. to change into bone.
Ostensible, ôs-tên'-sê-bl. a. apparent.
Ostentation, ôs-tên-tâ'-shûn. s. outward show,
 appearance; ambitious display.
Ostentatious, ôs-tên-tâ'-shûs. a. boastful, vain,
 fond of show. [boastfulness.
Ostentatiousness, ôs-tên-tâ'-shûs-nês. s. vanity,
 [boastfulness.
Osteology, ôs-tê-ôl'-jê. s. a description of the
 bones. [horses at an inn.
Ostler, ôs'-lâr. s. the man who takes care of
Ostrich, ôs'-tritsh. s. the largest of birds.
Other, ôth'-âr. pron. not the same, different.
Otherwise, ôth'-âr-wize. ad. in a different
 manner; in other respects.
Otter, ôt'-tûr. s. an amphibious animal.
Ought, ôwt. s. any thing; not nothing.
Ought, ôwt. verb imperf. t. to be obliged by
 duty; to be fit, to be necessary.
Ounce, ôunse. s. a weight; a lynx.
Our, ôûr. pron. poss. pertaining to us.
Ourselves, ôûr-sêlvz. recip. pron. we, not others.
Oust, ôust. v. a. to vacate, to take away.
Out, ôût. ad. not within; not at home; in a
 state of extinction; to the end; locally; in an
 error; at a loss. [expulsion.
Out, ôût. interj. an expression of abhorrence or
Outact, ôût-âkt'. v. a. to do beyond.
Outbalance, ôût-bâl'-ânse. v. a. to overweigh.
Outbid, ôût-bid'. v. a. to overpower by bidding
 a higher price. [voyage.
Outbound, ôût-hôund. a. destined to a distant
Outbrave, ôût-brâvê'. v. a. to bear down.
Outbrazen, ôût-brîz'-zn. v. a. to bear down with
 impudence.
Outcast, ôût-kâst. s. exile, one expelled.
Outcry, ôût-kri. s. cry of vehemence or distress.
Outdo, ôût-dô. v. a. to excel, to surpass.
Outermost, ôût-târ-môst. a. remotest from the
 midst.
Outfly, ôût-fl'. v. a. to leave behind in flight.
Outgate, ôût-gâte. s. an outlet.
Outgive, ôût-giv'. v. a. to surpass in giving.
Outgo, ôût-gô'. v. a. to surpass, to excel.
Outgrow, ôût-grô'. v. a. to surpass in growth.

- Outlandish, ôût-lând'-ish. a.** foreign.
Outlaw, ôût-lâw. s. one excluded from the ben-
 efit of the law; a plunderer.
Outlaw, ôût-lâw. v. a. to deprive of the benefits
 and protection of the law.
Outlawry, ôût-lâw-rê. s. a decree by which
 any man is deprived of the protection of the
 law.
Outleap, ôût-lêpê'. v. a. to pass by leaping
Outlet, ôût-lêt. s. passage outwards.
Outline, ôût-lîne. s. contour; extremity.
Outlive, ôût-liv'. v. a. to survive. [mensura.
Outmeasure, ôût-mêzh'-ûre. v. a. to exceed in
Outnumber, ôût-nôm'-hâr. v. a. to exceed in
 number. [dc.
Outmost, ôût-môst. a. remotest from the mid-
Outparish, ôût-pâr-rish. s. parish not lying
 within the walls. [value set upon it.
Outprize, ôût-prîzê'. v. a. to exceed in the
Outrage, ôût-râdjê. v. a. to injure violently or
 contumeliously.
Outrage, ôût-râdjê. s. open violence.
Outrageous, ôût-râ-jûs. a. violent, exorbitant
 excessive; atrocious. [lencu.
Outrageousness, ôût-râ-jûs-nês. s. fury, vio-
Outreach, ôût-rêctsh'. v. a. to go beyond.
Outright, ôût-rîst. ad. immediately, completely
Outroar, ôût-rôre'. v. a. to exceed in roaring.
Outroot, ôût-rôôt'. v. a. to extirpate. [aug.
Outrun, ôût-rûn'. v. a. to leave behind in run
Outsail, ôût-sâlê'. v. a. to leave behind in
 sailing.
Outshine, ôût-shîne'. v. a. to excel in lustre.
Outside, ôût-sîde. s. superficies, surface; ex-
 ternal part.
Outsit, ôût-sit'. v. a. to sit beyond the time.
Outstretch, ôût-stretsh'. v. a. to extend, to
 spread out.
Outstrip, ôût-strip'. v. a. to leave behind.
Outswear, ôût-swânê'. v. a. to overpower by
 swearing.
Outvie, ôût-vî'. v. a. to exceed, to surpass.
Outvote, ôût-vôcê'. v. a. to conquer by plurality
 of suffrages.
Outwalk, ôût-whâwk'. v. a. to leave behind in
 walking.
Outward, ôût-wârd. s. external; extraneous.
Outward, ôût-wârd. ad. to foreign parts.

nó, móve, nór, nót :—tábe, táb, búll ;—óll ;—póund ;—thiu, THII.

Outwardly, óút-wárd-lé. *ad.* externally; not sincerely.

Outwards, óút-wárdz. *ad.* towards the outparts.

Outweigh, óút-wá'. *v. a.* to exceed in gravity; to preponderate. [gem.]

Outwit, óút-wít'. *v. a.* to overcome by stratagem.

Outwork, óút-wúrk'. *s.* the parts of a fortification next the enemy.

Ova, ó'-vú: *a.* oblong. [egg.]

Oval, ó'-vú: *s.* that which has the shape of an oval.

Ovarious, ó-vá'-ré-ús. *a.* consisting of eggs.

Ovary, ó'-vá-ré. *s.* that part of the oody in which impregnation is formed.

Ovation, ó-vá'-shún. *s.* a lesser triumph among the Romans. [fire to hake oread.]

Oven, óv'-vn. *s.* an arched cavity heated with

Over, ó'-vúr. *prep.* above; across.

Over, ó'-vúr. *ad.* more; across; above; upon; before.

Over-act, ó'-vúr-ákt'. *v. a.* to act more than enough. [down, to preponderate.]

Over-balance, ó'-vúr-bál'-láns. *v. a.* to weigh

Over-bear, ó'-vúr-báre': *v. a.* to repress. to subdue. [equivalent.]

Over-bid, ó'-vúr-bíd'. *v. a.* to offer more than

Over-blow, ó'-vúr-bló'. *v. a.* to drive away as clouds before the wind. [snip.]

Over-board, ó'-vúr-bórd. *ad.* off or out of the

Over-burden, ó'-vúr-búrk'-du. *v. a.* to load with too great a weight.

Over-carry, ó'-vúr-kár'-ré. *v. a.* to carry too far.

Overcast, ó'-vúr-kást'. *v. a.* to cloud, to darken.

Over-charge, ó'-vúr-tshárje'. *v. a.* to oppress; to fill too full. [charge.]

Over-charge, ó'-vúr-tshárje. *s.* too great a

Over-cloud, ó'-vúr-klóúdk'. *v. a.* to cover with clouds. [quer.]

Overcome, ó'-vúr-kúm'. *v. a.* to subdue, to con-

Over-count, ó'-vúr-kóúnt'. *v. a.* to rate above the true value.

Overdo, ó'-vúr-dó'. *v. a.* to do more than enough.

Over-drive, ó'-vúr-drive'. *v. a.* to drive too hard, or beyond strength.

Overflow, ó'-vúr-hé. *v. a.* to fill beyond the brim; to overrun. [rauce.]

Overflow, ó'-vúr-hé. *s.* inundation; exuberance.

Overhallowing, ó'-vúr-hé'-húg. *s.* exuberance co-

Over-growth, ó'-vúr-gróth. *s.* exuberant growth.

Over-head, ó'-vúr-héd'. *ad.* aloft, in the zenith, above. [do not mean to be heard.]

Over-hear, ó'-vúr-hére'. *v. a.* to hear those who

Overjoy, ó'-vúr-jóé'. *v. z.* to transport with too much joy.

Overjoy, ó'-vúr-jóé. *s.* transport, ecstasy.

Overlarge, ó'-vúr-lákrje'. *a.* larger than enough.

Overlay, ó'-vúr-lá'. *v. a.* to oppress by too much weight or power; to smother.

Overleap, ó'-vúr-lépe'. *v. a.* to pass by a jump.

Overlive, ó'-vúr-lyv'. *v. a.* to survive, to outlive.

Overload, ó'-vúr-lóde'. *v. a.* to burden with too much.

Overlong, ó'-vúr-lóng'. *a.* too long.

Overlook, ó'-vúr-lóok'. *v. a.* to view from a higher place; to peruse; to neglect; to pass over unnoticed. [powers.]

Overmatch, ó'-vúr-mátsh. *s.* one of superiour

Overmuch, ó'-vúr-mátsh'. *a.* too much, more than enough. [degree.]

Overmuch, ó'-vúr-mátsh'. *ad.* in too great a

Overnight, ó'-vúr-níte'. *s.* the night before.

Overpass, ó'-vúr-pás'. *v. a.* to overlook, to omit.

Overpay, ó'-vúr-pá'. *v. a.* to reward beyond the price.

Overplus, ó'-vúr-plús. *s.* surplus.

Overpoise, ó'-vúr-póize'. *v. a.* to outweigh.

Overpower, ó'-vúr-póú'-úr. *v. a.* to oppress by superiority. [high a price.]

Overprize, ó'-vúr-prize'. *v. a.* to value at too

Overreach, ó'-vúr-réetsh'. *v. a.* to deceive, to go beyond.

Overroast, ó'-vúr-róst'. *v. a.* to roast too much.

Overrule, ó'-vúr-róú'. *v. a.* to influence with predominant power; to superintend; to supercede.

Overrun, ó'-vúr-rún'. *v. a.* to harass by incursions, to ravage; to overspread.

Overseer, ó'-vúr-séé'-úr. *s.* a superintendent; an officer who has the care of the parochial provision for the poor. [upward.]

Overset, ó'-vúr-sét'. *v. a.* to turn the bottom

Overshade, ó'-vúr-sháde'. *v. a.* to cover with darkness.

Overshadow, ó'-vúr-shádk'-dó. *v. a.* to shelter

Overshoot, ó'-vúr-shóú'. *v. z.* to fly beyond the mark

Fâto, fâr, fâll, fât, — mê, mêt; — phæ, plu; —

Overight, ô-vûr-sîte. *s.* mistake, error.
 Oversleep, ô-vûr-slep'. *v. a.* to sleep too long.
 Overstep, ô-vûr-slep'. *v. a.* to pass undone; to neglect.
 Overspread, ô-vûr-sprêd'. *v. a.* to cover over.
 Overstock, ô-vûr-stôk'. *v. a.* to fill too full, to crowd. [far.]
 Overstrain, ô-vûr-strâne'. *v. a.* to stretch too.
 Overt, ô-vêrt. *a.* open, public.
 Overtly, ô-vêrt-lê. *ad.* openly.
 Overtake, ô-vûr-tâke'. *v. a.* to catch any thing by pursuit, to come up to something going before.
 Overthrow, ô-vûr-thrô'. *v. a.* to turn upside down; to demolish; to defeat.
 Overthrow, ô-vûr-thrô'. *s.* the state of being turned upside down; ruin; defeat.
 Overtook, ô-vûr-tôok'. *pret. and part. pass. of overtake.* [excel, to surpass; to obscure.]
 Overtop, ô-vûr-tôp'. *v. a.* to rise above; to
 Overture, ô-vêr-tshûre. *s.* opening, disclosure; proposals; a piece of music.
 Overturn, ô-vûr-tûrn'. *v. a.* to throw down, to ruin; to conquer. [high a price.]
 Overvalue, ô-vûr-vâl-lû. *v. a.* to rate at too.
 Overweak, ô-vûr-wêke'. *a.* too weak, too feeble.
 Overweigh, ô-vûr-wâ'. *v. a.* to preponderate.
 Overweight, ô-vûr-wâite. *s.* preponderance.
 Overwhelm, ô-vûr-hwêlm'. *v. a.* to crush.
 Overwrought, ô-vûr-râwt'. *part.* laboured too much.
 Overworn, ô-vûr-wôrn'. *part.* worn out.
 Ovoid, ô-vê-fôrm. *a.* having the shape of an egg.
 Oviparous, ô-yô-pâ-rûs. *a.* bringing forth eggs.
 Owe, ô. *v. a.* to be indebted.
 Owl, ôhl. } *s.* a bird that flies about in the
 Owlet, ôh-lê. } night.
 Own, ône. *s.* a word added to the possessive pronouns, *my, thy, his, her, our, your, their.*
 Own, ône. *v. a.* to acknowledge; to claim; to avow. [long.]
 Owner, ô-nûr. *s.* one to whom any thing be-
 Ox, ôks. *s.* plural *oxen.* the general name for black cattle; a castrated bull.
 Oxlip, ôks-lîp. *s.* the cowslip.
 Oxycrate, ôks-ê-krate. *s.* a mixture of water and vinegar

Oxygen, ôks-ê-jên. *s.* a quality generating acid
 Oxymel, ôk-sê-mêl. *s.* a mixture of vinegar and honey.

Oyer, ô-yûr. *s.* a court of judicature.
 Oyes, ô-yis'. *s.* the introduction to any proe-
 mation or advertisement given by the publick
 criers

Oyster, ô-ê-stûr. *s.* a bivalve testaceous fish.
 Ozena, ô-zê-nâ. *s.* an ulcer in the inside of the nostrils

P.

PABULAE, pâb-bû-lâr. *a.* affording aliment or provender.

Pabulation, pâb-bû-lê-shûn. *s.* the act of feeding, or procuring provender. [aliment]

Pabulous, pâb-bû-lûs. *a.* alimental, affording

Pace, pâse. *v. s.* step; gait; amble.

Pace, pâse. *v. n.* to move on slowly.

Pacer, pâ-sûr. *s.* he that paces; a pad.

Pacification, pâs-sê-fê-kâ-shûn. *s.* the act of making peace.

Pacificator, pâs-sê-fê-kâ-tûr. *s.* peacemaker.

Pacificatory, pâ-sê-fê-kâ-tûr-ê. *a.* tending to make peace.

Pacifick, pâ-sîf-flk. *a.* mild, gentle.

Pacifier, pâs-sê-fî-ûr. *s.* one who pacifies.

Pacify, pâs-sê-fî. *v. a.* to appease.

Pack, pâk. *s.* a large bundle; a due number of caris; a number of hounds hunting together; any great number.

Pack, pâk. *v. a.* to bind up for carriage.

Packer, pâk-kûr. *s.* one who binds up bales for carriage.

Packet, pâk-kît. *s.* a mail of letters.

Packhorse, pâk-hôrse. *s.* a horse of burden.

Packthread, pâk-thrêd. *s.* strong thread used in tying up parcels.

Pact, pâkt.

Paction, pâk-shûn. } *s.* a bargain, a covenant.

Pad, pâd. *s.* the road, a foot-path; an easy paced horse; a robber that infests the roads on foot; a low soft saddle.

Pad, pâd. *v. n.* to travel gently; to rob on foot to beat a way smooth and level.

Paddle, pâd-dl. *v. n.* to row to play in water.

nô, nôve, nôr, nôt ;—tûbe, tûb, bûll ;—ôll ;—pôund ;—thin, THIS.

- paddle**, pâd'-dl. *s.* an oar, particularly that which is used by a single rower in a boat.
- paddock**, pâd'-dôk. *s.* a great frog or toad ; a small enclosure for deer.
- padlock**, pâd'-lôk. *s.* a hanging lock. [lock.]
- padlock**, pâd'-lôk. *v. a.* to fasten with a padlock.
- Pæan**, pé-'ân. *s.* a song of triumph.
- Pagan**, pâ-'gân. *s.* a heathen.
- Pagan**, pâ-'gân. *a.* heathenish.
- Paganism**, pâ-'gân-izm. *s.* heathenism.
- Page**, pâdʒe. *s.* one side of the leaf of a book ; a young boy attending on a great person.
- Page**, pâdʒe. *v. a.* to mark the pages of a book.
- Pageant**, pâd'-jânt. *s.* a statue in a show, a spectacle of entertainment.
- Pageant**, pâd'-jânt. *a.* showy, pompous.
- Pageantry**, pâd'-jân-trè. *s.* pomp, show.
- Pagod**, pâ-'gôd. *s.* an Indian idol ; the temple of the idol.
- Paid**, pâde. the *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *pay*.
- Pail**, pâle. *s.* a wooden vessel. [hold.]
- Pailful**, pâle-'fûl. *s.* the quantity that a pail will hold.
- Pain**, pâne. *s.* penalty ; sensation of uneasiness.
- Painful**, pâne-'fûl. *a.* full of pain ; afflicted ; laborious.
- Painfully**, pâne-'fûl-lè. *ad.* with great pain ; laboriously.
- Painfulness**, pâne-'fûl-nès. *s.* affliction ; laboriousness.
- Painless**, pâne-'lès. *a.* without pain.
- Painstaker**, pânz-'tâ-kûr. *s.* a laborious person.
- Painstaking**, pânz-'tâ-kîng. *a.* laborious, industrious. [and colours.]
- Paint**, pânt. *v. a.* to represent by delineation.
- Paint**, pânt. *s.* colours representative of any thing ; colours laid on the face.
- Painter**, pânt-'tûr. *s.* one who professes painting.
- Painting**, pânt-'tîng. *s.* the act of representing objects by delineation and colours, a picture.
- Pair**, pâre. *s.* two things suiting one another ; a couple.
- Pair**, pâre. *v. a.* to join in couples.
- Palace**, pâl-'lâs. *s.* a royal house.
- Palanquin**, pâl-'ân-kèen'. *s.* a kind of covered carriage, used in the eastern countries, and supported on the shoulders of slaves.
- Palatable**, pâl-'lât-tâ-bl. *a.* pleasing to the taste.
- Palate**, pâl-'lât. *s.* the instrument of taste ; mental relish.
- Pale**, pâle. *a.* wan, white of look ; faint of lustre, dim.
- Pale**, pâle. *s.* an enclosure ; a district or territory ; the middle part of a scutcheon.
- Pale**, pâle. *v. a.* to enclose with pales.
- Palefaced**, pâle-'fâste. *a.* having the face wan.
- Paleness**, pâle-'nès. *s.* wanness.
- Palette**, pâl-'lèt. *s.* a painter's board.
- Palfrey**, pâl-'frè, or pâl'-frè. *s.* a small horse fit for ladies.
- Palinode**, pâl-'lîn-ôde. } *s.* a recantation.
- Palinody**, pâl-'lîn-ô-dè. }
- Palisade**, pâl-lè-sâde'. *s.* pales set by way of enclosure.
- Palish**, pâle-'îsh. *a.* somewhat pale.
- Pall**, pâll. *s.* a cloak or mantle of state ; the covering thrown over the dead.
- Pall**, pâll. *v. a.* to make insipid or vapid ; to dispirit ; to clov
- Pallet**, pâl-'lît. *s.* a small, mean bed.
- Pallmall**, pâl-'mél'. *s.* a play in which the ball is struck with a mallet through an iron ring.
- Palliate**, pâl-'lè-âte. *v. a.* to cover with excuse ; to extenuate. [able representation.]
- Palliation**, pâl-lè-'â-'shûn. *s.* extenuation, favour.
- Palliative**, pâl-lè-'â-'tîv. *s.* something mitigating.
- Pallid**, pâl-'lîd. *a.* pale, not high-coloured.
- Palm**, pâm. *s.* a tree ; victory ; inner part of the hand. [hand ; to impose by fraud.]
- Palm**, pâm. *v. a.* to conceal in the palm of the hand.
- Palmer**, pâm-'âr. *s.* a pilgrim.
- Palmiferous**, pâl-'mîf-'fèr-'ûs. *a.* bearing palms
- Palmipede**, pâl-'mè-pède. *a.* web-footed.
- Palmistry**, pâl-'mîs-trè. *s.* the cheat of foretelling fortunes by the lines in the palm.
- Palmy**, pâ-'mè. *a.* bearing palms.
- Palpability**, pâl-pâ-'bîl-'è-tè. *s.* quality of being perceivable to the touch.
- Palpable**, pâl-pâ-'bl. *a.* gross ; plain. [gross]
- Palpableness**, pâl-pâ-'bl-nès. *s.* plainness, gross.
- Palpably**, pâl-pâ-'blè. *ad.* grossly, plainly.
- Palpitate**, pâl-pè-'tâte. *v. a.* to beat as the heart to flutter. [heart.]
- Palpitation**, pâl-pè-'tât-'shân. *s.* a panting of the heart.
- Palsied**, pâl-'zîd. *a.* diseased with a palsy.
- Palsy**, pâl-'zè. *s.* a privation of the sense of feeling.
- Palter**, pâl-'tûr. *v. n.* to shift to dodge.

Pâte, fâr, fâil, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

- Patricess, pâ-trè-nê. *s.* the state of being patry.
- Paltry, pâi'-trè. *a.* sorry, mean.
- Pamper, pâmp'-pâr. *v. a.* to glut, to feed with food.
- Pamphlet, pâmp'-fiêt. *s.* a small book unbound.
- Pamphleteer, pâmp'-fiêt-têr'. *s.* a scribbler of small books. [of a gun.
- Pan, pâ. *s.* a kitchen vessel; part of the lock
- Panacea, pâ-nê-ê-â. *s.* universal medicine
- Pancake, pâ-n'-kêke. *s.* thin pudding baked in the frying pan.
- Panalo, pâ-nê'-dô. *s.* bread boiled in water.
- Pancreas, pâng'-krê-âs. *s.* the sweetbread.
- Pandect, pâ-n'-dêkt. *s.* a complete treatise.
- Pandemick, pâ-n-dêm'-nlk. *a.* incident to a whole people.
- Pander, pâ-n'-dâr. *s.* a pimp, a procurer.
- Pane, pâne. *s.* a square of glass.
- Panegyrick, pâ-nê-jêr'-rik. *s.* an elogy, an encomiastick piece.
- Panegyrist, pâ-nê-jêr'-rist. *s.* one that writes praise, an encomiast.
- Panegyryze, pâ-n'-ê-jê-rize. *v. a.* to praise highly.
- Panel, pâ-n'-nêl. *s.* a square inserted between other bodies; a schedule, or roll, containing the names of such jurors as the sheriff provides to pass upon a trial.
- Pang, pâng. *s.* extreme pain. [fear.
- Panick, pâ-n'-nlk. *s.* a sudden and groundless
- Pannel, pâ-n'-nêl. *s.* a kind of rustick saddle.
- Pannier, pâ-n'-yûr. *s.* a basket
- Panoply, pâ-n'-nô-plê. *s.* complete armour.
- Pant, pânt. *v. n.* to palpitate, to wish earnestly.
- Pant, pânt. *s.* palpitation, motion of the heart.
- Pantaloon, pâ-n-tâ-lôn'. *s.* a man's garment; a character in a pantomime. [gods.
- Pantheon, pâ-n-thê'-ôn. *s.* a temple of all the
- Pantile, pâ-n'-têl. *s.* a gutter tile.
- Pantomime, pâ-n'-tô-mime. *s.* a tale exhibited only in gesture and dumb show.
- Pantry, pâ-n'-trè. *s.* the room in which provisions are reposit. [infants.
- Pap, pâp. *s.* the nipple, a dug; food made for
- Papa, pâ-pâ'. *s.* a fond name for father.
- Papacy, pâ-pâ-ê. *s.* popedom.
- Papal, pâ-pâ'. *a.* belonging to the pope.
- Paper, pâ-pâr. *s.* substance on which men write and print.
- Paper, pâ-pâr. *a.* any thing slight or thin, made of paper.
- Paper, pâ-pâr. *v. a.* to furnish with paper hangings. [sels, or resemblances of paps
- Papillary, pâp'-pêl-ê-rê. *a.* having emulgent ves
- Papist, pâ-pêst. *s.* one that adheres to popery.
- Papistical, pâ-pêst-ê-kâl. *a.* relating to the religion of papists.
- Pappy, pâp'-pê. *a.* soft, succulent.
- Par, pâ. *s.* state of equality, equal value
- Parable, pâ-râ-bl. *s.* a similitude [tions.
- Parabola, pâ-râ-bô-lâ. *s.* one of the conick sec-
- Parabohcal, pâ-râ-bôl-ê-kâl. *a.* expressed by parable or similitude; having the nature or form of a parabola.
- Parabolically, pâ-râ-bôl-ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* by way of parable; in the form of a parabola.
- Parade, pâ-râ-dê'. *s.* show; military order.
- Paradigm, pâ-râ-dîm. *s.* example.
- Paradisical, pâ-râ-dê-si'-ê-kâl. *a.* suiting paradise, making paradise. [place of felicity
- Paradise, pâ-râ-dîse. *s.* the garden of Eden; a
- Paradox, pâ-râ-dôks. *s.* a tenet contrary to received opinion. [new tenets.
- Paradoxical, pâ-râ-dôk-sê-kâl. *a.* inclined to
- Paragon, pâ-râ-gôn. *s.* a model, a pattern.
- Paragraph, pâ-râ-grâf. *s.* a distinct part of a discourse. [parallax.
- Parallactick, pâ-râl-lâk-êk. *a.* pertaining to a
- Parallax, pâ-râl-lâks. *s.* the distance between the true and apparent place of any star.
- Parallel, pâ-râl-lêl. *a.* extended in the same direction, and preserving the same distance; having the same tendency; equal.
- Parallel, pâ-râl-lêl. *s.* lines continuing their course, and still remaining at the same distance from each other; resemblance.
- Parallelism, pâ-râl-lêl-izm. *s.* state of being parallel. [lined quadrilateral figure
- Parallogram, pâ-râ-lêl-lô-grâm. *s.* a right
- Parallopiped, pâ-râ-lêl-lô-pêd. *s.* a prism whose base is a parallogram. [mens
- Paralogism, pâ-râl-lô-jîzm. *s.* a false argu
- Paralogy, pâ-râl-lô-jê. *s.* false reasoning.
- Paralyze, pâ-râ-lîze. *v. a.* to weaken, to deprive of strength as if struck with a palsy.
- Paralytical, pâ-râ-lî-tê-kâl. } a palsied
- Paralytick, pâ-râ-lî-êk. }

nò, môve, nôr, nôt;—tôbe, tûb, bûl;—ôll;—pônd;—thin, THIS.

Paramount, pâ-â-mônt'. *a.* superiour.
Paramount, pâ-â-mônt'. *s.* the chief.
Paramour, pâ-râ-môdr'. *s.* a lover or mistress.
Parapet, pâ-râ-pêt'. *s.* a wall breast high.
Paraphernalia, pâ-â-fêr-nâ-lê-â'. *s.* goods in the wife's disposal.
Paraphrase, pâ-râ-frâze'. *s.* a loose interpretation, an explanation in many words.
Paraphrase, pâ-râ-frâze'. *v. a.* to interpret with laxity of expression.
Paraphrast, pâ-râ-frâst'. *s.* a lax interpreter.
Parasite, pâ-â-sîte'. *s.* one that frequents rich tables, and earns his welcome by flattery.
Parasitical, pâ-â-sî-tê-kâl'. *a.* flattering, wheedling. [shade from the sun.
Parasol, pâ-râ-sôle'. *s.* a small umbrella to Parboil, pâ-r-bôll'. *v. a.* to half boil.
Parcel, pâ-r-êl'. *s.* a small bundle; a part of the whole taken separately.
Parcel, pâ-r-êl'. *v. a.* to divide into portions.
Parch, pârtsh'. *v. a.* to burn slightly and superficially. [writer.
Parchment, pârtsh'-mênt'. *s.* skins dressed for the Pardon, pâ-r-dn'. *v. a.* to excuse an offender; to forgive a crime; to remit a penalty.
Pardon, pâ-r-dn'. *s.* forgiveness, or exemption from punishment.
Pardonable, pâ-r-dn-â-bl'. *a.* venial, excusable.
Pare, pâre'. *v. a.* to cut off extremities or the surface, to diminish.
Paregorick, pâ-ê-gôr-ik'. *a.* having the power in medicine to comfort, mollify, and assuage.
Parent, pâ-rênt'. *a.* a father or mother.
Parentage, pâ-rên-tâdjê'. *s.* extraction, birth.
Parental, pâ-rên-tâl'. *a.* becoming parents.
Parenthesis, pâ-rên-thê-sis'. *s.* a sentence so included in another sentence, as that it may be taken out, without injuring the sense of that which encloses it.
Parer, pâ-r-rûr'. *s.* an instrument to cut away the surface.
Parhellow, pâ-r-hê-lê-ûn'. *s.* a mock sun.
Parietal, pâ-r-i-ê-tâl'. *a.* constituting the sides or walls. [thing, the hind.
Paring, pâ-r-îng'. *s.* that which is pared off any Parish, pâ-r-rîsh'. *s.* the particular charge of a secular priest. [by the parish.
Parish, pâ-r-rîsh'. *a.* belonging to or maintained

Parishioner, pâ-r-rîsh'-ûn-ûr'. *s.* one that belongs to the parish.
Parity, pâ-r-rê-tê'. *s.* equality, resemblance.
Park, pârk'. *s.* a piece of ground enclosed and stored with deer. [to talk
Parley, pâ-r-lê'. *v. n.* to treat by word of mouth, Parley, pâ-r-lê'. *s.* oral treaty, talk, conference.
Parliament, pâ-r-lê-mênt'. *s.* the assembly of the king, lords, and commons.
Parliamentary, pâ-r-lê-mênt'-tâ-rê'. *a.* pertaining to parliament.
Parlour, pâ-r-lûr'. *s.* a room in houses on the first floor, furnished for reception or entertainment.
Parochial, pâ-rô-kê-âl'. *a.* belonging to a parish.
Parody, pâ-r-rô-dê'. *s.* a kind of writing in which the words of an author or his thoughts are taken, and, by a slight change, adapted to some new purpose. [ody
Parody, pâ-r-rô-dê'. *v. a.* to copy by way of par-Parole, pâ-rô-lê'. *s.* word given as an assurance.
Paroquet, pâ-r-ô-kwêt'. *s.* a small species of parrot.
Paroxysm, pâ-r-rôk-sizm'. *s.* a fit, periodical exacerbation of a disease.
Parricide, pâ-r-rê-sîdê'. *s.* one who destroys his father; the murder of a father.
Parricidal, pâ-r-rê-sî-dâl'. *a.* relating to parricide, committing parricide.
Parrot, pâ-r-rût'. *s.* a party-coloured bird.
Parry, pâ-r-rê'. *v. n.* to put by thrusts, to fence.
Parse, pârsê'. *v. a.* to resolve a sentence into the elements or parts of speech. [frugal.
Parasimonious, pâ-r-sê-mô-nê-ûs'. *a.* covetous, Parasimoniousness, pâ-r-sê-mô-nê-ûs-nê-s'. *a.* a disposition to spare.
Parasimony, pâ-r-sê-mîn-ê'. *s.* frugality, covetousness.
Parsley, pâ-r-âlê'. *s.* a plant.
Parson, pâ-r-an'. *s.* the priest of a parish; a clergyman; a preacher. [ish.
Parsonage, pâ-r-an-êjê'. *s.* the benefice of a par-Part, pârt'. *s.* something less than the whole, a portion, a quantity taken from a larger quantity; side, party. [rate.
Part, pârt'. *v. a.* to divide, to distribute; to separate.
Part, pârt'. *v. n.* to be separated; to take leave well. *To part with*, to resign.

Pâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plue, pla;—

Partable, pârt'-â-bl. *a.* divisible, such as may be parted.

Partake, pârt-tâke'. *v. n. pret.* partook; *part.* pass. partaken. to have share of any thing; to participate.

Partaker, pârt-tâ'-kâr. *s.* a sharer, an associate.

Parterre, pârt-târe'. *s.* a level division of ground.

Partial, pârt'-shâl. *a.* inclined to favour one party; affecting only one part; not universal.

Partiality, pârt-shê-âl'-tê-tê. *s.* unequal judgment. [dialike.]

Partially, pârt'-shâl-lê. *ad.* with unjust favour or

Participant, pârt-tis'-sê-pânt. *a.* sharing.

Participate, pârt-tis'-sê-pâte. *v. n.* to partake, to have share.

Participation, pârt-tis-sê-pâ'-shûn. *s.* the state of sharing something in common; distribution.

Participle, pârt-tê-shp-pl. *s.* a word partaking at once of the qualities of a noun and verb.

Particle, pârt-tê-kl. *s.* any small portion of a greater substance.

Particular, pârt-tik'-û-lâr. *a.* relating to single persons, not general; individual; odd.

Particular, pârt-tik'-û-lâr. *s.* a single instance, a single point.

Particularity, pârt-tik-kû-lâr'-lê-tê. *s.* private incident; something peculiar.

Particularize, pârt-tik'-kû-lâr-rize. *v. a.* to mention distinctly, to detail. [singly.]

Particularly, pârt-tik'-kû-lâr-lê. *ad.* distinctly,

Partisan, pârt-tê-zân. *s.* a kind of pike or halberd; the commander of a party.

Partition, pârt-tish'-ân. *s.* the act of dividing, a state of being divided; division, separation, distinction.

Partition, pârt-tish'-ân. *v. a.* to divide into distinct parts. [degree.]

Partly, pârt'-lê. *ad.* in some measure, in some

Partner, pârt'-nâr. *s.* partaker, sharer.

Partnership, pârt'-nâr-shp. *s.* joint interest or property; the union of two or more in the same trade.

Partook, pârt-tôok'. *pret.* of partake.

Partridge, pârt'-tridje. *s.* a bird of game.

Parturient, pârt-tû'-rê-ânt. *a.* about to bring forth.

Parturition, pârt-tû-sh'-ân. *s.* the state of being about to bring forth.

Party, pârt'-tê. *s.* a number of persons confed-

erated; one of two litigants; cause, side; select assembly; a person distinct from, opposed to, another; a detachment of soldiers

Party-coloured, pârt-tê-kûl-lôrd. *a.* having diversity of colours.

Party-wall, pârt-tê-wâll' *s.* a wall that separates one house from the next.

Parvity, pârt'-vê-tê. *s.* littleness.

Paschal, pâs'-kâl. *a.* relating to the pasover relating to Easter.

Pasquin, pâs'-kwîn.

Pasquinade, pâs-kwîn-â-dê' } *s.* a lampoon.

Pass, pâs. *v. n.* to go, to be progressive; to make way; to vanish; to be spent; to be at an end; to be enacted; to become current; to occur; to determine finally; to exceed; to thrust; to omit; to go through the alimentary duct.

Pass, pâs. *v. a.* to go beyond; to go through; to spend time; to move hastily over; to utter ceremoniously; to transmit; to put an end to; to excel; to transcend; to transgress; to admit; to enact a law; to impose fraudulently; to practise artfully, to make succeed

Pass, pâs. *s.* a narrow entrance; passage, road thrust in fencing.

Passable, pâs'-sâ-bl. *a.* possible to be passed through or over; tolerable.

Passado, pâs-sâ'-dô. *s.* a push, a thrust.

Passage, pâs'-sâdje. *s.* act of passing, journey road; entrance or exit, liberty to pass; part of a book.

Passenger, pâs'-ân-jêr. *s.* a traveller; one who hires in any vehicle the liberty of travelling.

Passible, pâs'-sê-bl. *a.* susceptible of impressions from external agents.

Passibleness, pâs'-sê-bl-nês. *s.* quality of receiving impressions from external agents.

Passing, pâs'-sing. *part. a.* supreme, eminent exceeding.

Passingbell, pâs'-sing-bêl. *s.* the bell which rings immediately after death.

Passion, pâsh'-ân. *s.* anger, zeal, ardour; love eagerness; the last suffering of the Redeemer.

Passionate, pâsh'-ân-nât. *a.* moved by passion

Passionately, pâsh'-ân-nât-lê. *ad.* with desire love, or hatred; angrily. [fering]

Passive, pâs'-siv. *s.* external; unresisting - sul

nô, môve, nôr, nôt;—tûbe, tûb, bûll;—ôll;—pônd;—thin, THIS.

- Passively**, pás'-siv-lé. *ad.* with a passive nature.
- Passiveness**, pás'-siv-nés. *s.* quality of receiving impressions from external agents; power of suffering.
- Passover**, pás'-ô-vûr. *s.* a Jewish festival.
- Passport**, pás'-pôrt. *s.* permission of egress.
- Past**, pás. *part. a.* not present, gone through.
- Past**, pás. *prep.* beyond in time; no longer capable of; out of reach of; farther than; above.
- Paste**, pâste. *s.* any thing mixed up so as to be viscous and tenacious; imitation of precious stones.
- Paste**, pâste. *v. a.* to fasten with paste.
- Pasteboard**, pâste'-bôrd. *s.* a kind of coarse, thick, stiff paper.
- Pastern**, pás'-tûrn. *s.* the distance between the joint next the foot and the coronet of a horse.
- Pastil**, pás'-dîl. *s.* a roll of paste.
- Pastime**, pás'-tîme. *s.* sport, amusement.
- Pastor**, pás'-tûr. *s.* a shepherd, a clergyman who has the care of a flock.
- Pastoral**, pás'-tûr-âl. *a.* rural, imitating shepherds; relating to the care of souls.
- Pastoral**, pás'-tûr-âl. *s.* a poem relative to the incidents in a country life, a bucolick.
- Pastry**, pâ'-stré. *s.* pies or baked paste.
- Pastry-cook**, pâ'-stré-kôôk. *s.* one whose trade is to make and sell things baked in paste.
- Pasturable**, pás'-tshû-râ-bl. *a.* fit for pasture.
- Pasturage**, pás'-tshû-râdje. *s.* lands grazed by cattle.
- Pasture**, pás'-tshûre. *s.* food; ground on which cattle feed; education.
- Pasty**, pás'-té. *s.* a pie of crust raised without a dish; a pie.
- Pat**, pát. *a.* convenient, exactly suitable.
- Pat**, pát. *s.* a light, quick blow, a tap.
- Pat**, pát. *v. a.* to strike lightly, to tap.
- Patch**, pâsh. *v. a.* to cover with a piece sewed on; to mend clumsily.
- Patch**, pâsh. *s.* a piece sewed on to cover a hole; spot of black silk put on the face.
- Patchwork**, pâsh'-wûrk. *s.* work made by sewing small pieces of different colours interchangeably together.
- Pate**, pâte. *s.* the head.
- Patent**, pâ't-ént, or pâ'-tént. *a.* open to the perusal of all; appropriated by letters patent.
- Patent**, pâ't-ént. *s.* a writ conferring some exclusive right or privilege.
- Patentee**, pâ't-ént-té. *s.* one who has a patent.
- Paternal**, pâ'tér-nâl. *a.* fatherly; hereditary.
- Paternity**, pâ'tér-né-té. *s.* fathership, the relationship of a father.
- Path**, pâth. *s.* way, road, track.
- Pathetick**, pâ'thét'-dîk. *a.* affecting the passions.
- Pathetically**, pâ'thét'-tè-kâl-é. *ad.* in such a manner as may strike the passions.
- Pathless**, pâth'-lès. *a.* untrodden.
- Pathos**, pâ'thós. *s.* passion, warmth, affection of mind. [ed on foot.]
- Pathway**, pâth'-wâ. *s.* a narrow way to be passed.
- Patibulary**, pâ'tû'-bû-lâ-ré. *a.* belonging to the gallows.
- Patience**, pâ'-shênsé. *s.* endurance, the power of expecting long without rage or discontent, the power of supporting injuries without revenge.
- Patient**, pâ'-shént. *a.* having the quality of enduring; calm under pain or affliction.
- Patient**, pâ'-shént. *s.* a person diseased.
- Patiently**, pâ'-shént-lé. *ad.* without rage or affliction.
- Patly**, pâ't-lé. *ad.* commodiously, fitly.
- Patriarch**, pâ'-tré-ârk. *s.* the father and ruler of a family; a bishop superiour to archbishops. [triarcha.]
- Patriarchal**, pâ-tré-ârk'-kâl. *a.* belonging to patriarchate.
- Patriarchate**, pâ-tré-ârk'-kât. *s.* a bishoprick superiour to archbishops.
- Patrician**, pâ'-trîsh'-ân. *a.* senatorial, noble.
- Patrician**, pâ'-trîsh'-ân. *s.* a nobleman among the Romans. [inheritance.]
- Patrimonial**, pâ'trè-mô'-né-âl. *a.* possessed by
- Patrimony**, pâ'trè-môn-né. *s.* an estate possessed by inheritance.
- Patriot**, pâ'-tré-ût. *s.* one whose ruling passion is the love of his country. [try.]
- Patriotism**, pâ'-tré-ût-izm. *s.* love of one's country.
- Patrol**, pâ'-trôle. *s.* the act of going the rounds in a garrison; those that go the rounds.
- Patrol**, pâ'-trôle. *v. a.* to go the rounds in a camp or garrison.
- Patron**, pâ'-trôn. *s.* one who countenances, supports, or protects.
- Patronage**, pâ'trôn-dje. *s.* support, protection.

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât;—mè, met;—plne, pln;—

Patronal, pát'-rò-nál. *a.* protecting, guarding.
Patroness, pá'-trún-és. *s.* a female that defends, countenances, or supports; a female guardian saint. [port.
Patronise, pá'-trò-náse. *v. a.* to protect, to support.
Patten, pá'-tên. *s.* a wooden clog with an iron ring. [beating of hail.
Patter, pá'-túr. *v. n.* to make a noise like the Patten, pá'-túr. *s.* the original proposed to imitation; a specimen.
Paucity, páw'-sé-té. *s.* fewness, smallness of number or quantity.
Paunch, páush. *s.* the belly.
Pauper, páw'-púr. *s.* a poor person.
Pause, páwz. *s.* a stop; suspense; break.
Pause, páwz. *v. n.* to wait, to stop; to deliberate. [to floor with stone.
Pave, páve. *v. a.* to lay with brick or stone.
Pavement, páve'-mènt. *s.* stones or bricks laid on the ground.
Pavier, páve'-yúr. *s.* one who lays with stones.
Pavilion, pá-víl'-yún. *s.* a tent.
Paw, páw. *s.* the foot of a beast.
Paw, páw. *v. a.* to strike with the fore foot; to handle roughly.
Pawn, páwn. *v. a.* to pledge.
Pawn, páwn. *s.* something given in pledge.
Pawnbroker, páwn'-brò-kúr. *s.* one who lends money upon pledge.
Pay, pá. *v. a.* to discharge a debt; to reward.
Pay, pá. *s.* wages, hire.
Payable, pá'-á-bl. *a.* due; to be paid.
Paymaster, pá'-má-súr. *s.* one from whom wages or reward is received. [ward.
Payment, pá'-mènt. *s.* the act of paying; a re-
Pea, pé. *s.* a well known kind of pulse.
Peace, pése. *s.* respite from war; quiet; rest; silence.
Peace, pése. *interj.* a word commanding silence.
Peaceable, pése'-á-bl. *a.* free from war; quiet, undisturbed. [position to peace.
Peaceableness, pése'-á-bl-nés. *s.* quietness, dis-
Peaceably, pése'-á-blé. *ad.* without tumult.
Peaceful, pése'-fúl. *a.* quiet; pacifick, mild.
Peacefully, pése'-fúl-lé. *ad.* quietly; mildly, gently. [from disturbance.
Peacefulness, pése'-fúl-nés. *s.* quiet, freedom
Peach, pésh. *s.* a fruit tree; the fruit.

Peach-coloured, pésh'-kól-kúrd. *a.* of a colour like a peach.
Peacock, pé'-kók. *s.* a fowl eminent for the beauty of his feathers.
Peahen, pé'-hèn. *s.* the female of a peacock.
Peak, péke. *s.* the top of a hill; the rising fore part of a head-dress.
Peal, péle. *s.* a succession of loud sounds, as of bells, thunder, or cannon. [frú't
Pear, páre. *s.* a well known fruit-tree; the
Pearl, pérl. *s.* a gem generated in the body of a testaceous fish. [bling pearls
Pearly, pérl'-lé. *a.* abounding with or resembling
Peasant, péz'-zánt. *s.* a hind, one whose business is rural labour.
Peasantry, péz'-zánt-ré. *s.* peasants, rusticks.
Peashell, pé'-shél. *s.* the husk that contains peas
Pease, péze. *s.* food of peas.
Peat, péte. *s.* a species of turf used for fire.
Pebble, péb'-bl. } *s.* a round, hard
Pebblestone, péb'-bl-stóné. } stone; a sort of bastard gem.
Pebbly, péb'-blé. *a.* full of pebbles.
Peccability, pék'-ká-blí'-é-té. *s.* state of being subject to sin.
Peccable, pék'-ká-bl. *a.* incident to sin.
Peccadillo, pék'-ká-díl'-ló. *s.* a petty fault.
Peccancy, pék'-kán-sé. *s.* bad quality.
Peccant, pék'-kánt. *a.* criminal; ill-disposed.
Peck, pék. *s.* the fourth part of a bushel.
Peck, pék. *v. a.* to strike with the beak as a bird, to pick up food with the beak.
Pectoral, pék'-túr-ál. *a.* belonging to the breast.
Pectoral, pék'-túr-ál. *s.* a medicine proper to strengthen the breast and stomach.
Peculate, pék'-kò-láte. *v. n.* to rob or defraud the publick. [puback.
Peculation, pék'-kò-lá'-shún. *s.* robbery of the
Peculator, pék'-kò-lá'-túr. *s.* robber of the publick. [ular, single
Peculiar, pé-kú'-lé-úr. *a.* appropriate; partic-
Peculiarity, pé-kú'-lé-úr'-é-té. *s.* peculiarity.
Peculiarly, pé-kú'-lé-úr-lé. *ad.* particularly, singly.
Pecuniary, pé-kú'-né-úr-é. *a.* relating to money
Pedagogue, péd'-dá-góg. *s.* a school-master, a pedant.
Pedals, péd'-dál. *s.* the large pipes of an organ.

nô, môve, nôr, nôt ; —tûbe, tûb, bûll ; —ôll ; —pôand ; —tûn, tûis.

Pedant, pèd'-dânt. s. a man vain of low knowledge.

Pedantick, pè-dân'-tik. a. awkward ostentations of learning.

Pedantry, pèd'-dân-trè. s. awkward ostentation of needless learning.

Peddle, pèd'-dl. v. s. to be busy about trifles.

Peddling, pèd'-dl-îng. a. petty dealing.

Pedestal, pèd'-dès-tâl. s. the lower member of a pillar, the basis of a statue.

Pedestrious, pè-dès-trè-ûs. a. going on foot.

Pedicle, pèd'-dè-kl. s. the footstalk.

Pedigree, pèd'-dè-grè. s. genealogy, lineage.

Pediment, pèd'-dè-mènt. s. an ornament that finishes the fronts of buildings, and serves as a decoration over gates.

Pedler, pèd'-lûr. s. one who travels the country with small commodities.

Pedlery, pèd'-lûr-è. s. wares sold by pedlers.

Pedobaptism, pèd-dò-bâp'-tizm. s. infant baptism. [uses infant baptism.]

Pedobatist, pèd-dò-bâp'-tist. s. one that practices.

Peel, pèl. v. a. to decurcate, to flay.

Peel, pèl. s. the skin or thin rind of any thing ; a thin board with a long handle, used by bakers.

Peep, pèp. v. z. to look slyly, or curiously.

Peep, pèp. s. first appearance ; a sly look.

Peephole, pèp'-hòle. s. a hole through which one may look without being discovered.

Peer, pèr. s. equal, one of the same rank ; a nobleman. [the body of peers.]

Peerage, pèr'-îdje. s. the dignity of a peer ;

Peeress, pèr'-ès. s. the lady of a peer.

Peerless, pèr'-lès. a. unequalled.

Peevish, pèe' vîsh. a. petulant, irritable.

Peevishness, pèe'-vîsh-nès. s. irascibility, fretfulness.

Peg, pèg. s. a piece of wood driven into a hole ; the pin of an instrument.

Peg, pèg. v. a. to fasten with a peg.

Pelt, pèlt. s. money ; riches in an odious sense.

Pelican, pèl'-lè-kân. s. a bird.

Pellet, pèl'-lît. s. a little ball.

Pellicle, pèl'-lè-kl. s. a thin skin.

Pellmell, pèl'-mèl'. ad. confusedly. [chequer.]

Pells, pèlz. s. an office belonging to the excellent, pèl-lû' sîd. a. clear, transparent.

Pellucidness, pèl-lû'-sîd-nès. s. transparency, clearness.

Pelt, pèlt. s. skin, hide.

Pelt, pèlt. v. a. to strike with something thrown, [to throw]

Pelvis, pèl'-vîs. s. the lower part of the body.

Pen, pèn. s. an instrument of writing ; a small enclosure.

Pen, pèn. v. a. to coop, to shut up ; to write.

Penal, pè'-nâl. a. enacting punishment.

Penalty, pèn'-nâl-tè. s. punishment, judicial infliction.

Penance, pèn'-nânse. s. infliction suffered as an expression of repentance for sin.

Pence, pènse. s. the plural of penny.

Pencil, pèn'-sîl. s. a small brush of hair any instrument of writing without ink.

Pendant, pèn'-dânt. s. a jewel hanging in the ear ; any thing hanging by way of ornament

Pendence, pèn'-dènse. s. slopiness.

Pendency, pèn'-dèn-sè. s. suspense.

Pendent, pèn'-dènt. a. hanging.

Pending, pènd'-îng. a. depending.

Pendulous, pèn'-jû-lûs. a. hanging.

Pendulum, pèn'-jû-lûm. s. part of a clock.

Penetrability, pèn-nè-trâ-bîl'-è-tè. s. susceptibility of impression.

Penetrable, pèn'-nè-trâ-bî. a. such as may be pierced ; susceptible of impression.

Penetrant, pèn'-nè-trânt. a. having the power to pierce or enter.

Penetrate, pèn'-nè-trâte. v. a. to pierce, to enter beyond the surface.

Penetration, pèn-nè-trâ-shûn. s. the act of entering into any body ; sagacity.

Penetrative, pèn'-nè-trâ-tiv. a. piercing, subtle.

Penguin, pèn'-gwîn. s. a bird ; a fruit.

Peninsula, pèn-lû'-shû-lâ. s. a piece of land almost surrounded by the sea.

Peninsulated, pèn-lû'-shû-lâ-téd. a. almost surrounded with water.

Penitence, pèn'-nè-tènse. s. repentance.

Penitent, pèn'-nè-tènt. a. repentant, contrite.

Penitent, pèn'-nè-tènt. s. one sorrowful for sin.

Penitential, pèn-nè-tèn-shâl. a. expressing penitence.

Penitentiary, pèn-nè-tèn'-shâ-rè. s. one who prescribes the rules and measures of penance a penitent ; place where penance is enjoined.

Fâte, fâr, f'âl, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln,—

Penknife, pên-'nîf. *s.* a knife used to cut pens.

Penman, pên-'mân. *s.* one who professes the art of writing; a writer.

Pennant, pên-'nânt. *s.* a small flag.

Pennated, pên-'nâ-téd. *a.* winged.

Penny, pên-'nê. *s.* a small coin, of which twelve make a shilling.

Pennyless, pên-'nê-lês. *a.* poor, wanting money.

Pennyweight, pên-'nê-wâte. *s.* 24 grains Troy weight.

Pennyworth, pên-'nê-wûrth. *s.* as much as is ought for a penny; something advantageously bought.

Pensile, pên-'dl. *a.* hanging, suspended.

Pension, pên-'shûn. *s.* an allowance made without an equivalent. [pensions.]

Pensionary, pên-'shûn-â-rê. *a.* maintained by

Pensioner, pên-'shûn-îr. *s.* a dependant.

Pensive, pên-'siv. *a.* sorrowfully thoughtful.

Pensively, pên-'siv-lê. *ad.* with melancholy.

Pent, pên't. *part. pass.* of *pen*. shut up.

Pentachord, pên-'tâ-kôrd. *s.* an instrument with five strings.

Pentædrous, pên-'tâ-ê-'drûs. *a.* having five sides.

Pentagon, pên-'tâ-gôn. *s.* a figure with five angles. [angles.]

Pentagonal, pên-'tâ-g'ô-nâl. *a.* having five

Pentameter, pên-'tâm-'mê-tûr. *s.* a Latin verse of five feet.

Pentangular, pên-'tâng-'gû-lâr. *a.* five-cornered.

Pentateuch, pên-'tâ-tûke. *s.* the five books of Moses. [Jews.]

Pentecost, pên-'tê-kôste. *s.* a feast among the

Penthouse, pên-'hâuse. *s.* a shed hanging out aloof from the wall. [but one.]

Penultima, pên-'nûl-'tê-mâ. *s.* the last syllable

Penultimate, pên-'nûl-'tê-mâte. *a.* belonging to the last syllable but one. [ow.]

Penumbra, pên-'nûm-brâ. *s.* an imperfect shadow.

Penurious, pên-'nû-'rê-ûs. *a.* niggardly, sparing.

Penuriousness, pên-'nû-'rê-ûs-nês. *s.* parsimony.

Penury, pên-'nû-rê. *s.* poverty, indigence.

People, pê-'pl. *s.* a nation; the commonalty; men.

People, pê-'pl. *v. a.* to stock with inhabitants.

Pepper, pê-'pîr. *s.* an aromatic kind of grain.

Pepper, pê-'pîr. *v. a.* to sprinkle with pepper; to mingle with shot or blows

Peppercorn, pê-'pîr-kôrn. *s.* any thing of no considerable value. [hot]

Peppermint, pê-'pîr-mînt. *s.* mint eminently

Peptick, pê-'tîk. *a.* helping digestion.

Peradventure, pê-'âd-vên-'tâ-tûre. *ad.* perhaps

Perambulate, pê-'âm-'bû-lâte. *v. a.* to walk through. [of passing through]

Perambulation, pê-'âm-'bû-lâ-'shûn. *s.* the act

Perceivable, pê-'sê-'vâ-bl. *a.* perceptible.

Perceive, pê-'sêvê'. *v. a.* to discover, to observe. [itza]

Perceptibility, pê-'sêp-'tê-bl/'ê-tê. *s.* persep

Perceptible, pê-'sêp-'tê-bl. *a.* such as may be known or observed. [notion.]

Perception, pê-'sêp-'shûn. *s.* consciousness

Perceptive, pê-'sêp-'tîv. *a.* having the power of perceiving.

Perch, pêrsh. *s.* a fish; a bird's roost; a measure of five yards and a half.

Perch, pêrsh. *v. n.* to sit or roost as a bird.

Perchance, pêr-'tshânsê'. *ad.* perhaps.

Percolate, pêr-'kô-lâte. *v. a.* to strain.

Percolation, pêr-'kô-lâ-'shûn. *s.* the act of straining. [stroke.]

Percussion, pêr-'kûsh-'ûn. *s.* the act of striking

Percutient, pêr-'kû-'shênt. *a.* striking.

Perdition, pêr-'dîsh-'ûn. *s.* destruction, ruin; eternal death.

Perdue, pêr-'dû'. *ad.* close in ambush.

Perdurable, pêr-'dû-râ-bl. *a.* lasting, long continued. [to live in foreign countries.]

Peregrinate, pêr-'rê-grê-nâte. *v. n.* to travel.

Peregrination, pêr-'rê-grê-nâ-'shûn. *s.* travel, abode in foreign countries.

Peregrine, pêr-'rê-grîn. *a.* foreign.

Peremption, pêr-'êmp-'shûn. *s.* crush, extinction.

Peremptorily, pêr-'rêm-tûr-rê-lê. *ad.* absolutely positively.

Peremptoriness, pêr-'rêm-tûr-ê-nês. *s.* positiveness, dogmatism.

Peremptory, pêr-'rêm-tûr-ê. *a.* dogmatical, absolute. [year]

Perennial, pêr-'ên-'nê-âl. *a.* lasting through the

Perennity, pêr-'ên-'nê-tê. *s.* quality of lasting through all seasons. [immaculate.]

Perfect, pêr-'fêkt. *a.* complete, consummate

Perfect, pêr-'fêkt. *v. a.* to finish, to complete, to consummate.

nó, móve, ndr, nót;—túbe, túb, búll;—óll;—póhnd;—thin, THIS.

Perfection, pèr-fèk'-shún. *s.* the state of being perfect.

Perfective, pèr-fèk'-tív. *a.* conducing to perfection. [exactly.]

Perfectly, pèr-fèk'-lè. *ad.* totally, completely.

Perfectness, pèr-fèk'-nès. *s.* completeness; virtue.

Perfidious, pèr-fid'-yús. *a.* treacherous.

Perfidiously, pèr-fid'-yús-lè. *ad.* treacherously.

Perfidiousness, pèr-fid'-yús-nès. *s.* the quality of being perfidious. [faith.]

Perfidy, pèr-fè-dè. *s.* treachery, breach of faith.

Perforate, pèr-fò-rá-tè. *v. a.* to pierce with a tool, to bore. [ing; hole.]

Perforation, pèr-fò-rá'-shún. *s.* the act of boring.

Perforce, pèr-fòr-sè. *ad.* violently.

Perform, pèr-fòm'. *v. a.* to execute, to do.

Performance, pèr-fòm'-máns. *s.* completion of something designed. [any thing.]

Performer, pèr-fòm'-ár. *s.* one that performs.

Perfricate, pèr-frè-ká-tè. *v. a.* to rub over.

Perfume, pèr-fú-mè. *s.* sweet odour, fragrance.

Perfume, pèr-fú-mè. *v. a.* to impregnate with sweet scent. [fumery.]

Perfumer, pèr-fú-múr. *s.* one who deals in perfume.

Perfunctory, pèr-fúnk'-túr-è. *a.* slight, careless, negligent. [spread.]

Perfúze, pèr-fú-zè. *v. a.* to tincture, to overpour.

Perhaps, pèr-háps'. *ad.* peradventure.

Pericardium, pèr-è-kár-dè-úm. *s.* a thin membrane covering the heart.

Pericranium, pèr-è-krá-nè-úm. *s.* the membrane that covers the skull.

Perigee, pèr-è-jèè. } *s.* a point in the

Perigeum, pèr-è-jè-úm. } heavens, wherein

a planet is said to be in its nearest distance possible from the earth.

Perihelium, pèr-è-hè-lè-úm. *s.* that point of a planet's orbit wherein it is nearest the sun.

Peril, pèr-ril. *s.* danger, hazard, jeopardy.

Perilous, pèr-ril-ús. *a.* dangerous, hazardous.

Period, pèr-rè-ód. *s.* a circuit; a stated number of years, a round of time; the end or conclusion; a complete sentence.

Periodical, pèr-rè-ód'-dè-kál. *a.* happening by revolution; regular. [periods.]

Periodically, pèr-rè-ód'-dè-kál-è. *ad.* at stated periods.

Peripatetic, pèr-è-pá-tét-ik. *s.* one of an an-

cient sect of philosophers; a follower of Aristotle.

Periphery, pè-rif'-tè-rè. *s.* circumference.

Periphrasis, pè-rif' frá-ús. *s.* circumlocution.

Peripneumony, pèr-íp-nú'-mò-nè. *s.* an inflammation of the lungs.

Perish, pèr-rish. *v. n.* to die, to come to nothing; to be lost eternally.

Perishable, pèr-rish-à-bl. *a.* liable to perish.

Periwig, pèr-rè-wíg. *a.* hair not natural.

Periwinkle, pèr-rè-wín-kl. *s.* a small shell-fish.

Perjure, pèr-jú-rè. *v. a.* to forswear, to taint with perjury. [ly.]

Perjurer, pèr-jú-rúr. *s.* one that swears falsely.

Perjury, pèr-jú-rè. *s.* false oath.

Perk, pèrk. *v. n.* to hold up the head with an affected briskness.

Permanence, pèr-má-nènsè. } *s.* duration.

Permanency, pèr-má-nèn-sè. }

Permanent, pèr-má-nènt. *a.* durable. [ingly.]

Permanently, pèr-má-nènt-lè. *ad.* durably, lastingly.

Permansion, pèr-mán'-shún. *s.* continuance.

Permeable, pèr-mè-à-bl. *a.* such as may be passed through.

Permeant, pèr-mè-ánt. *a.* passing through.

Permission, pèr-mish'-úns. *s.* allowance.

Permissive, pèr-mish'-ív. *a.* granting liberty.

Permit, pèr-mít. *v. a.* to allow.

Permit, pèr-mít. *s.* a written permission from an excise officer for transporting goods from place to place.

Permittance, pèr-mít'-tánsè. *s.* allowance, permission.

Permutation, pèr-mò-tá'-shún. *s.* exchange.

Pernicious, pèr-nish'-ús. *a.* mischievous, destructive.

Perniciously, pèr-nish'-ús-lè. *ad.* destructively.

Peroration, pèr-ò-rá'-shún. *s.* the conclusion of an oration. [to consider attentively.]

Perpend, pèr-pènd'. *v. a.* to weigh in the mind.

Perpendicular, pèr-pèn-dík'-ú-lár. *a.* cutting the horizon at right angles.

Perpendicular, pèr-pèn-dík'-ú-lár. *s.* a line crossing the horizon at right angles.

Perpendicularity, pèr-pèn-dík'-ú-lár-è-tè. *s.* the state of being perpendicular.

Perpension, pèr-pèn'-shún. *s.* consideration.

Perpetrate, pèr-pè-trá-tè. *v. s.* to commit.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

- Perpetration, pèr-pè-trâ-shûn. *s.* the act of committing a crime.
- Perpetual, pèr-pè'-shû-âl. *a.* continual.
- Perpetually, pèr-pè'-shû-âl-tè. *ad.* constantly.
- Perpetuate, pèr-pè'-ishû-âte. *v. a.* to make perpetual. [faturity.]
- Perpetuity, pèr-pè-tû-tè-tè. *s.* duration to all
- Perplex, pèr-plèks'. *v. a.* to entangle; to embarrass. [ment, intricacy.]
- Perplexity, pèr-plèks'-tè-tè. *s.* anxiety, entangle-
- Perquisite, pèr-'kwiz-î-tè. *s.* something gained by a place or office over and above the settled wages.
- Perry, pèr-rè. *s.* cider made of pears.
- Persecute, pèr-sè-kûte. *v. a.* to pursue with malignity; to importune much.
- Persecution, pèr-sè-kû'-shûn. *s.* the act or practice of persecuting. [cutes.]
- Persecutor, pèr-sè-kû-tûr. *s.* one who persecutes.
- Perseverance, pèr-sè-vè-rânse. *s.* steadiness in pursuits. [tempt.]
- Persevere, pèr-sè-vèrè'. *v. n.* to persist in an attempt.
- Persist, pèr-sist'. *v. n.* to persevere, to continue firm.
- Person, pèr-'ân. *s.* an individual; human being; exterior appearance; character. [ful.]
- Personable, pèr-'sûn-â-bl. *a.* handsome, graceful.
- Personage, pèr-'sûn-îdje. *s.* a considerable person.
- Personal, pèr-'sûn-âl. *a.* belonging to men or women; affecting individuals; peculiar; corporal. [ality of any one.]
- Personality, pèr-sò-nâl'-lè-tè. *s.* the individuality.
- Personally, pèr-'sûn-âl-tè. *ad.* in person.
- Personate, pèr-'sûn-âte. *v. a.* to represent; to counterfeit.
- Personification, pèr-'sûn-nè-tè-kâ'-shûn. *s.* change of things to persons.
- Personify, pèr-'sûn-nè-î. *v. a.* to change from a thing to a person.
- Perspective, pèr-spèk'-tîv. *s.* a glass through which things are viewed; view.
- Perspective, pèr-spèk'-tîv. *a.* relating to the science of vision, optical. [ed.]
- Perspicacious, pèr-spè-kâ'-shûs. *a.* quick-sighted.
- Perspicaciousness, pèr-spè-kâ'-shûs-nèss. } *s.*
- Perspicacity, pèr-spè-kâs'-tè-tè. }
quickness of sight.
- Perspicuity, pèr-spè-kû-tè-tè. *s.* clearness to the mind.
- Perspicuous, pèr-spèk'-kû-ûs. *a.* clear.
- Perspirable, pèr-spl'-râ-bl. *a.* such as may be emitted by the cuticular pores.
- Perspiration, pèr-spè-râ'-shûn. *s.* excretion by the cuticular pores.
- Perspire, pèr-spi-rè'. *v. n.* to perform excretion by the cuticular pores; to be excreted by the skin. [persuaded.]
- Persuadable, pèr-swâ'-dâ-bl. *a.* such as may be persuaded, pèr-swâdè'. *v. a.* to bring to an opinion. [ding; opinion.]
- Persuasion, pèr-swâ'-zhûn. *s.* the act of persuading.
- Persuasive, pèr-swâ'-sîv. } *a.* having the
- Persuasory, pèr-swâ'-sîr-è. } power to persuade.
- Pert, pèrt. *a.* brisk; smart; saucy.
- Pertain, pèr-tâne'. *v. n.* to belong, to relate to.
- Pertinacious, pèr-tè-nâ'-shûs. *a.* obstinate stubborn. [nately.]
- Pertinaciously, pèr-tè-nâ'-shûs-lè. *ad.* obstinately.
- Pertinacity, pèr-tè-nâs'-tè-tè. *s.* obstinacy.
- Pertinence, pèr-tè-nènsè. *s.* propriety to the purpose, appositeness. [apposite.]
- Pertinent, pèr-tè-nènt. *a.* just to the purpose.
- Pertingent, pèr-tîng-ènt. *a.* reaching to, touching.
- Pertly, pèrt'-lè. *ad.* briskly, smartly, saucily.
- Pertness, pèrt'-nèss. *s.* brisk folly, sauciness, petulance.
- Perturb, pèr-tûrb'. } *v. a.* to disquiet, to
- Perturbate, pèr-tûr-bâte. } disturb.
- Perturbation, pèr-tûr-bâ'-shûn. *s.* disquiet of mind; commotion of passions.
- Pertusion, pèr-tû'-zhûn. *s.* the act of piercing or punching. [wig.]
- Perruque, pèr-rûke. *s.* a cap of false hair.
- Perusal, pèr-rû-zâl. *s.* the act of reading.
- Peruse, pèr-rûze'. *v. a.* to read; to examine.
- Peruser, pèr-rû-zûr. *s.* a reader, examiner.
- Pervade, pèr-vâdè'. *v. a.* to pass through an aperture, to permeate. [through.]
- Pervasion, pèr-vâ'-zhûn. *s.* the act of passing through.
- Perverse, pèr-vèrse'. *a.* obstinate in the wrong, stubborn.
- Perversely, pèr-vèr'-lè. *ad.* peevishly vexatiously.

nó, móve, nór, nót ;—túbe, túb, búll ;—óll ;—póðnd ;—éin, THIS.

Perverseness, pèr-vèrs'-nès. *s.* petulance, peevishness.
Perversion, pèr-vèr'-shún. *s.* change to worse.
Pervert, pèr-vèr't'. *v. a.* to distort from the true end or purpose; to corrupt.
Pervious, pèr'-vè'-ús. *a.* admitting passage.
Pest, pést. *s.* plague, pestilence.
Pester, pést'-túr. *v. a.* to disturb, to harass.
Pesthouse, pést'-hóúse. *s.* an hospital for persons infected with the plague. [tential].
Pestiferous, pést'-tíf'-fèr'-ús. *a.* destructive; pestilential.
Pestilence, pést'-tè'-lènsè. *s.* plague, contagious distemper. [tagious].
Pestilential, pést'-tè'-lèn'-shál. *a.* infectious, contagious.
Pestle, pést'-l. *s.* an instrument with which any thing is broken in a mortar. [favourite].
Pet, pét. *s.* a slight passion or fit of anger; a pet, pét. *v. a.* to spoil by too much fondling.
Petal, pé-tál, or pét'-ál. *s.* the leaf of a flower, as distinguished from the leaf of a plant.
Petechial, pé-tè'-kè'-ál. *a.* pestilentially spotted.
Petition, pé-tish'-ún. *s.* request, supplication.
Petitioner, pé-tish'-ún. *v. a.* to solicit.
Petitionary, pé-tish'-ún-á-rè. *a.* supplicatory.
Petitioner, pé-tish'-ún-úr. *s.* one who offers a petition.
Petre, pé-tér. *s.* nitre, salt-petre.
Petrescent, pé-très'-sènt. *a.* becoming stone.
Petresfaction, pé-trè'-fák'-shún. *s.* the act of turning to stone; that which is made stone.
Petrify, pé-trè'-fí. *v. a.* to change to stone.
Petrify, pé-trè'-fí. *v. n.* to become stone.
Petroleum, pé-trò'-lè'-úm. *s.* a liquid bitumen.
Petticoat, pé-tè'-kóte. *s.* the lower part of a woman's dress. [rate lawyer].
Pettifogger, pé-tè'-fóg'-gúr. *s.* a petty, small-pettish.
Pettish, pé-tish. *a.* fretful, peevish. [ness].
Pettishness, pé-tish'-nès. *s.* fretfulness, peevishness.
Pettitoes, pé-tè'-tóze. *s.* the feet of a sucking pig.
Petty, pé-tè. *a.* small, little. [ness].
Petulance, pé-tish'-lánsè. *s.* sauciness, peevishness.
Petulant, pé-tish'-ánt. *a.* saucy, perverse.
Pew, pí. *s.* a seat enclosed in a church.
Pewter, pí-tér. *s.* an artificial metal.
Pewterer, pí-tér-úr. *s.* a smith who works in pewter. [in the works of nature].
Phænomenon, fé-nór'-è-nón. *s.* an appearance

Phaeton, fé-è-tón. *s.* a high, open carriage.
Phalanx, fé-lánk. *s.* a troop of men closely imbedded. [ance].
Phantasm, fán'-tázm. *s.* vain and airy appearance.
Phantom, fán'-túm. *s.* a spectre, an apparition.
Pharisaical, fár-rè-sá'-è-kál. *a.* ritual, externally religious.
Pharmacopœia, fár-má-kò-pè'-yá. *s.* a book containing rules for the composition of medicines. [ecary].
Pharmacopœist, fár-má-kòp'-pò-físt. *s.* an apothecary.
Pharmacy, fár'-má-sè. *s.* the art or practice of preparing medicines the trade of an apothecary.
Pharos, fé-rós. *s.* a light-house.
Phasis, fé-ás. *s.* plural *phases*. appearance exhibited by the moon.
Pheasant, féz'-zánt. *s.* a kind of wild cock.
Phenomenon, fé-nóm'-mè-nón. *s.* novel appearance, visible quality.
Phial, fé-ál. *s.* a small bottle.
Philanthropy, fil-án'-thró-pè. *s.* love of mankind, good nature. [tion].
Philippick, fil-líp'-pík. *s.* an invective declamation.
Philologist, fé-lól'-lò-jér. } *s.* a critic, a grammarian.
Philologist, fé-lól'-lò-jst. }
Philology, fé-lól'-lò-jè. *s.* criticism, grammatical learning.
Philomel, fil-lò-mèl. *s.* the nightingale.
Philosopher, fé-lós'-sò-fúr. *s.* a man deep in knowledge.
Philosophick, fil-lò-zòf'-fík. } *a.* belonging
Philosophical, fil-lò-zòf'-fé-kál. } to philosophy.
Philosophically, fil-lò-zòf'-fé-kál-è. *ad.* in a philosophical manner.
Philosophism, fé-lós'-sò-fíz-m. *s.* visionary or unfounded philosophy. [a philosopher].
Philosophize, fé-lós'-sò-fíze. *v. a.* to reason like a philosopher.
Philosophy, fé-lós'-sò-fè. *s.* knowledge natural or moral.
Philter, fil-tér. *s.* something to cause love.
Phiz, fíz. *s.* the face. [a vein].
Phlebotomist, fé-bót'-tò-míst. *s.* one that opens
Phlebotomy, fé-bót'-tò-mè. *s.* blood-letting.
Phlegm, félm. *s.* the watery humour of the body.
Phlegmatick, félg'-má-tík. *a.* abounding in phlegm; dull, frigid.
Phlema, féme. *s.* an instrument to bleed cattle.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pîn; —

- Phlogiston, fî-ô-jh'-tôn. *s.* a chymical liquor extremely inflammable.
- Phosphorus, fô'-fô'-rûs. *s.* the morning star; a chymical substance which exposed to the air takes fire.
- Phrase, frâze. *s.* an idiom, a mode of speech.
- Phraseology, frâ-zê-ôl'-lô-jê. *s.* style, diction.
- Phrenetic, frê-nêt'-ik. *a.* mad, frantick.
- Phrensy, frên'-zê. *s.* madness, frantickness.
- Phthisical, tîz'-zê-kâl. *a.* wasting.
- Phthisick, tîz'-zîk. *s.* a consumption.
- Phylactery, fê-lâk'-têr-ê. *s.* a bandage on which was inscribed some memorable sentence.
- Physical, fiz'-zê-kâl. *a.* relating to nature; medicinal. [*ture.*]
- Physically, fiz'-zê-kâl-lê. *ad.* according to nature.
- Physician, fê-zah'-ân. *s.* one who professes the art of healing. [*icines, remedies.*]
- Physick, fiz'-zîk. *s.* the science of healing; medicinal.
- Physick, fiz'-zîk. *v. a.* to treat with physick, to cure.
- Physiognomist, fizh-ê-ôg'-nô-mîst. *s.* one who judges of the temper or future fortune by the features of the face.
- Physiognomy, fizh-ê-ôg'-nô-mê. *s.* the art of discovering the temper and foreknowing the fortune by the features of the face; the cast of the look. [*natural philosophy.*]
- Physiologist, fizh-ê-ôl'-lô-jîst. *s.* a writer of Physiology.
- Physiology, fizh-ê-ôl'-lô-jê. *s.* the doctrine of nature.
- Phytology, fî-tôl'-lô-jê. *s.* the doctrine of plants.
- Particular, pl-âk'-kô-lâr. *a.* expiatory.
- Pia-mater, pl-â-mâ'-tûr. *s.* a delicate membrane, which covers the brain.
- Piazza, pê-âz'-zâ. *s.* a walk under a roof supported by pillars. [*size.*]
- Pica, pl'-kâ. *s.* a printing letter of a particular
- Picaroon, pik-kâ-rôôn'. *s.* a robber, a plunderer.
- Pick, pik. *v. a.* to choose; to gather; to separate; to peck.
- Pickapack, pik'-â-pâk. *ad.* in manner of a pack upon the back.
- Pickaxe, pik'-âks. *s.* an axe with a sharp point.
- Picked, pik'-kêd. *a.* sharp, smart.
- Picker, pik'-kûr. *s.* one who picks or cuts.
- Pickle, pik'-kl. *s.* a salt and acid liquor; thing kept in pickle; condition.
- Pickle, pik'-kl. *v. a.* to preserve in pickle.
- Picklock, pik'-lôk. *s.* an instrument by which locks are opened. [*from the pocket*]
- Pickpocket, pik'-pôk-î. *s.* a thief who steals
- Pickthank, pik'-thânk. *s.* an officious fellow.
- Picture, pik'-tshûr. *s.* a resemblance in colours.
- Picture, pik'-tshûr. *v. a.* to paint; to represent.
- Picturesque, pik-tshû-rêsk'. *a.* expressed happily as in picture.
- Piddle, pid'-dl. *v. n.* to pick at table, to feed squeamishly; to trifle. [*a magpie.*]
- Pie, pl. *s.* a crust baked with something in it;
- Piebold, pl'-bôld. *a.* of various colours.
- Piece, pêsee. *s.* a patch; a part; a picture; a composition; a gun; a coin.
- Piece, pêsee. *v. a.* to enlarge by the addition of a piece; to join.
- Piecemeal, pêes'-mêle. *ad.* in pieces.
- Piecemeal, pêes'-mêle. *a.* separate, divided.
- Pied, plde. *a.* variegated, party-coloured.
- Pier, pêér. *s.* the column on which the arch of a bridge is raised. [*affect*]
- Pierce, pêerse. *v. n.* to penetrate, to enter, to
- Piercer, pêers'-ûr, or pêrs'-ûr. *s.* an instrument that bores or penetrates. [*parents.*]
- Piety, pl'-ê-tê. *s.* discharge of duty to God or to
- Pig, pig. *s.* a young sow or boar.
- Pig, pig. *v. n.* to farrow, to bring pigs.
- Pigeon, pid'-jîn. *s.* a well-known bird.
- Piggin, pig'-gin. *s.* a small vessel.
- Pigment, pig'-mênt. *s.* paint.
- Pignut, pig'-nût. *s.* an earth nut. [*diers*]
- Pike, pîke. *s.* a large fish; a lance used by soldiers.
- Pikestaff, pik'-stâf. *s.* the wooden frame of a pike.
- Pilaster, pê-lâs'-tûr. *s.* a square column.
- Pile, plle. *s.* a strong piece of wood driven into the ground; a heap; an edifice.
- Pile, plle. *v. a.* to heap, to lay one thing on another. [*robbery.*]
- Pilfer, pl'-fûr. *v. a.* to steal, to gain by petty
- Pilferer, pl'-fûr-ûr. *s.* one who steals petty things. [*religious account.*]
- Pilgrim, pl'-grim. *s.* one who travels on a religious
- Pilgrimage, pl'-grim-âdje. *s.* a journey on account of devotion.
- Pill pl. *s.* medicine made into a small ball.

nó, móve, nór, nót;—túbe, túb, bóll;—díl;—pófund;—thin, THIS.

Pillage, pí/-díje. *s.* plunder.
Pillage, pí/-díje. *v. a.* to plunder.
Pillar, pí/-lár. *s.* a column; a supporter.
Pillared, pí/-lár-d. *a.* supported by columns.
Pillion, pí/-yún. *s.* a soft saddle; a pad.
Pillory, pí/-lár-é. *s.* a frame erected on a pillar, and made with holes and folding boards, through which the heads and hands of criminals are put. [lory.]
Pillory, pí/-lár-é. *v. a.* to punish with the pillory.
Pillow, pí/-lò. *s.* a bag of down or feathers to lay the head on.
Pillowcase, pí/-lò-káse. *s.* the cover of a pillow.
Pilosity, pé/-lòs-é-sé. *s.* hairiness.
Pilot, pí/-lát. *s.* he who steers a ship.
Pilotage, pí/-lát-díje. *s.* a pilot's hire.
Pimp, pímp. *s.* a procurer, a pander.
Pimp, pímp. *v. a.* to pander.
Pimping, pímp/-ing. *a.* little.
Pimple, pímp/-pl. *s.* a small red pustule.
Pimpled, pímp/-pl-d. *a.* full of pimples.
Pin, pí. *s.* a short pointed wire; a peg.
Pin, pí. *v. a.* to fasten with pins.
Pincase, pímp/-káse. *s.* a case to keep pins in.
Pincers, pímp/-sárz. *s.* an instrument by which nails are drawn.
Pinch, pímpsh. *v. a.* to squeeze; to press hard.
Pinch, pímpsh. *s.* a painful squeeze; a small quantity contained between the finger and thumb; time of distress.
Pinchbeck, pímpsh/-bék. *s.* a compound metal.
Pincushion, pímp/-kúsh-tún. *s.* a small bag stuffed, on which pins are stuck.
Pine, píne. *s.* a tree.
Pine, píne. *v. a.* to languish.
Pineapple, píne/-áp-pl. *s.* a plant. [confined.]
Pinfold, pímp/-fóld. *s.* a place in which beasts are pinfolded.
Pinfold, pímp/-fóld. *a.* fat, unctuous.
Pinion, pímp/-yún. *s.* the joint of the wing remote from the body; wing; fetters.
Pinion, pímp/-yún. *v. a.* to bind the wings; to shackle.
Pin, pímp. *s.* a small fragrant flower.
Pin, pímp. *v. a.* to pierce in small holes.
Pinnacoe, pímp/-mán-né. *s.* a wife's pocket money. [of war.]
Pinnace, pímp/-sá. *s.* a boat belonging to a ship.
Pinnacle, pímp/-ná-kl. *s.* a turret.

Pint, pínt. *s.* half a quart; in medicine, twelve ounces.
Pioneer, pí/-ó-néer. *s.* one whose business is to level the road, or sink mines, in military operations.
Pious, pí/-ús. *a.* careful of the duties of religion.
Piously, pí/-ús-lé. *ad.* in a pious manner, religiously.
Pip, píp. *s.* a disease in fowls; a spot on cards.
Pipe, pípe. *s.* a tube; an instrument of music, a liquid measure containing two hogsheads.
Pipe, pípe. *v. n.* to play on the pipe.
Piper, pí/-pér. *s.* one who plays on the pipe.
Pipkin, pímp/-kín. *s.* a small earthen boiler.
Pippin, pímp/-pín. *s.* a sharp apple.
Piquant, pímp/-kánt. *a.* pricking, pungent.
Piquancy, pímp/-kánt-sé. *s.* sharpness, tartness.
Pique, péék. *s.* ill-will, petty malevolence.
Pique, péék. *v. a.* to touch with envy; to offend; to value, to fix reputation as on a point.
Piquet, pé/-két. *s.* a game at cards.
Piracy, pí/-rá-sé. *s.* the act or practice of robbing on the sea.
Pirate, pí/-rá. *s.* a sea-robber.
Piratical, pí/-rá/-tè-kál. *a.* predatory.
Piscatory, pímp/-ká-túr-é. *a.* relating to fishes.
Pisces, písp/-sés. *s.* the twelfth sign in the zodiac.
Pish, písh. *interj.* a contemptuous exclamation.
Pismire, písp/-míre. *s.* an ant; an emmet.
Pissburnt, písp/-bárnt. *a.* having a colour as though stained with urine.
Pistol, písp/-túll. *s.* a small hand-gun.
Pistol, písp/-túll. *v. a.* to shoot with a pistol.
Pistole, písp/-tóle. *s.* a coin of many countries and different degrees of value.
Piston, písp/-tún. *s.* the moveable part in a pump or syringe.
Pit, pí. *s.* a hole in the ground; grave; middle part of the theatre; any hollow of the body.
Pitapat, pí/-á-pát. *s.* a flutter, a palpitation.
Pitch, písh. *s.* the resin of the pine extracted by fire and inspissated; any degree of elevation; degree.
Pitch, písh. *v. a.* to fix, to plant; to throw head long; to smear with pitch.
Pitcher, písh/-ér. *s.* an earthen vessel.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mè, mèt; —plne, pln; —

Fitchfork, *plsh' -fôrk*. *s.* a fork used in husbandry.

Pitchiness, *plsh' -è-nèa*. *s.* blackness, darkness.

Pitchy, *plsh' -è*. *a.* smeared with pitch; black.

Pit-coal, *pl' -kô.e*. *s.* fossil coal. [ate.]

Piteous, *plsh' -è-ûa*. *a.* sorrowful; compassion-

Piteously, *plsh' -è-ûa-lè*. *ad.* in a piteous manner.

Pitfall, *pl' -fâll*. *s.* a pit dug and covered.

Pith, *pîth*. *s.* marrow; strength; energy, cogency; principal part. [gency.]

Pithily, *plsh' -è-lè*. *ad.* with strength, with copithiness, *plsh' -è-nèa*. *s.* energy, strength.

Pithless, *plsh' -lès*. *a.* wanting energy.

Pithy, *pîth' -è*. *a.* strong, energetick.

Pitiable, *pl' -tè-â-bl*. *a.* deserving pity. [try.]

Pitiful, *pl' -tè-fûl*. *a.* melancholy; tender; pal-

Pitifully, *pl' -tè-fûl-è*. *ad.* mournfully.

Pitifulness, *pl' -tè-fûl-nèa*. *s.* tenderness, compassion.

Pitiless, *pl' -tè-lès*. *a.* wanting pity.

Pittance, *pl' -tânse*. *s.* a small portion.

Pituitous, *pè-tû-è-tûa*. *a.* consisting of phlegm.

Pity, *pl' -tè*. *s.* compassion, tenderness.

Pity, *pl' -tè*. *v. a.* to compassionate misery.

Pivot, *plv' -vût*. *s.* a pin on which any thing turns. [be appeased.]

Placable, *plâ-kâ-bl*. *a.* willing or possible to

Placard, *plâk-ârd'.* } *s.* an edict, a manifesto.

Placart, *plâk-ârt'.* }

Place, *plâse*. *s.* locality; space; residence; rank; office.

Place, *plâse*. *v. a.* to put in any place; to fix, to establish.

Placid, *plâs-âd*. *a.* gentle, quiet; soft, mild.

Plact, *plâs' -tè*. *s.* decree, determination.

Plagiarism, *plâ-jâ-rîz-m*. *s.* literary theft.

Plagiary, *plâ-jâ-rè*. *s.* a thief in literature, one who steals the thoughts or writings of another.

Plague, *plâg*. *s.* a pestilence.

Plague, *plâg*. *v. a.* to trouble, to harass.

Plaguily, *plâ-gè-lè*. *ad.* vexatiously, horribly.

Plaguy, *plâ-gè*. *a.* vexatious, troublesome.

Plaice, *plâse*. *s.* a flat fish.

Plaid, *plâd*. *s.* a variegated cloth.

Plain, *plâne*. *a.* smooth, flat; artless; clear.

Plain, *plâne*. *ad.* distinctly; simply.

Plain, *plâne*. *s.* level ground, a field of battle.

Plain, *plâne*. *v. a.* to level, to make even.

Plaindealing, *plâne-dè-flng*. *a.* acting without art. [void of art.]

Plaindealing, *plâne-dè-flng*. *s.* management

Plainly, *plâne-lè*. *ad.* levelly; without ornament; sincerely; in earnest; clearly.

Plainness, *plâne-nèa*. *s.* flatness; artlessness, simplicity.

Plain, *plânt*. *s.* complaint.

Plaintiff, *plâne-tîf*. *s.* he that commences a suit in law against another.

Plaintive, *plâne-tiv*. *a.* complaining. [work]

Plainwork, *plâne-wûrk*. *s.* common needle

Plait, *plâte*. *s.* a fold, a double.

Plait, *plâte*. *v. a.* to fold, to double.

Plan, *plân*. *s.* a scheme, a form, a model.

Plan, *plân*. *v. a.* to scheme, to form in design.

Plane, *plâne*. *s.* a level surface; a tool.

Plane, *plâne*. *v. a.* to smooth with a plane.

Planet, *plân-tè*. *s.* one of the celestial bodies in our system, which move round and receive light from the sun. [planet.]

Planetary, *plân-nè-târ-rè*. *a.* pertaining to the Planetstruck, *plân-h-strûk*. *a.* blasted.

Planisphere, *plân-nè-sfère*. *s.* a sphere projected on a plane.

Plank, *plângk*. *s.* a thick, strong board.

Plank, *plângk*. *v. a.* to cover or lay with planks

Planoconvex, *plâ-nô-kôn-vèks*. *a.* flat on the one side, and convex on the other.

Plant, *plânt*. *s.* any vegetable production.

Plant, *plânt*. *v. a.* to set; to place; to settle.

Plantain, *plân-tîn*. *s.* an herb; a tree.

Plantation, *plân-tâ-shûn*. *s.* a place planted; a colony. [vates]

Planter, *plânt' -ûr*. *s.* one who sows or culti

Plash, *plâsh*. *s.* a small lake of water.

Plashy, *plâsh' -è*. *a.* watery, filled with puddles.

Plasm, *plâzm*. *s.* a mould, a matrix for metals.

Plaster, *plâs-tûr*. *s.* substance made of water and lime, with which walls are overlaid; a

salve.

Plaster, *plâs-tûr*. *v. a.* to overlay as with plaster; to cover with a medicated plaster.

Plasterer, *plâs-tûr-ûr*. *s.* one whose trade is to overlay walls with plaster. [form]

Plastick, *plâs-dîk*. *a.* having the power to give

Plat, *plât*. *v. a.* to weave, to make by texture.

Plat, *plât*. *s.* a small piece of ground



nò, mòve, ndr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—fíl;—pònd;—tún, TRIS.

- Plate, pláté, s.** wrought silver; a small shallow vessel on which meat is eaten; the prize run for by horses.
- Plate, pláté, v. a.** to cover with plates; to beat into laminae or plates.
- Platen, plát'-én, s.** that flat part of a printing press by which the impression is made.
- Platform, plát'-fòrm, s.** a horizontal plane; a level place before a fortification.
- Platina, plát'-é-ná, s.** a species of metal.
- Platoon, plá-tóón', s.** a small square body of musketeers.
- Platter, plát'-túr, s.** a large dish.
- Plaudit, pláw'-dít, s.** applause.
- Plausibility, pláw'-zé-blí'-é-té, s.** speciousness, superficial appearance of right.
- Plausible, pláw'-zé-blí, a.** superficially pleasing, specious. [show of right.]
- Plausibleness, pláw'-zé-blí-nés, s.** speciousness.
- Plausibly, pláw'-zé-blé, ad.** with fair show, speciously.
- Play, plá, v. n.** to sport, to frolic; to toy; to trifle; to game; to touch a musical instrument; to represent a character.
- Play, plá, s.** amusement, sport; a drama; game; act of touching an instrument.
- Player, plá'-úr, s.** one who plays. [ment.]
- Playfellow, plá'-fél-ló, s.** companion in amuse-
- Playful, plá'-fúl, a.** sportive.
- Playgame, plá'-gámé, s.** play of children.
- Playhouse, plá'-hóuse, s.** house where dramatic performances are represented.
- Plaything, plá'-thíng, s.** a toy. [excuse.]
- Plea, plé, s.** the act or form of pleading; an
- Plead, plé, v. n.** to argue before a court of justice; to speak for or against, to reason with another.
- Pleader, plé'-dúr, s.** one who argues in a court of justice; one who pleads.
- Pleasant, pléz'-zánt, a.** delightful; cheerful.
- Pleasantness, pléz'-zánt-nés, s.** delightfulness; cheerfulness.
- Pleasantry, pléz'-zánt-ré, s.** gaiety, merriment.
- Pleaze, pléze, v. a.** to delight, to gratify.
- Pleasurable, plézh'-úr-á-blí, a.** delightful.
- Pleasure, plézh'-úre, s.** delight, gratification; arbitrary will.
- Pleasure, plézh'-úre v. a.** to please, to gratify.
- Plebeian, plé-bé'-yán, s.** one of the lower people.
- Plebeian, plé-bé'-yán, a.** vulgar, common.
- Pledge, plédje, s.** a pawn. [to drink.]
- Pledge, plédje, v. a.** to put in pawn; to invite
- Pledget, pléd'-jít, s.** a small mass of lint.
- Pleiades, plé'-yá-déz, s.** a northern constellation.
- Plenary, plén'-á-ré, a.** full, complete.
- Plenilunary, plén-né-lú'-ná-ré, a.** relating to the full moon.
- Plenipotentiary, plén-né-pó-tén-shá-ré, s.** a negotiator invested with full power.
- Plenitude, plén'-né-túde, s.** fulness; repletion; exuberance.
- Plentuous, plén'-tshé-ús, a.** copious, exuberant.
- Plentuously, plén'-tshé-ús-lé, ad.** copiously.
- Plentuousness, plén'-tshé-ús-nés, s.** abundance, fertility.
- Pleñtiful, plén'-tshé-fúl, a.** copious, abundant.
- Plenifully, plén'-tshé-fúl-é, ad.** copiously.
- Pleñtifulness, plén'-tshé-fúl-nés, s.** abundance, fertility.
- Plenty, plén'-tshé, s.** abundance; exuberance.
- Plethora, pléth'-ó-rá, s.** the state in which the vessels are fuller of humours than is agreeable to the natural state of health.
- Plethorick, plé-thór'-ík, a.** having a full habit.
- Pleurisy, plú'-ré-sé, s.** an inflammation of the pleura. [riety.]
- Pleuritick, plú'-rí-tshé, a.** diseased with a pleu-
- Pliable, plí'-á-blí, a.** flexible.
- Pliability, plí'-á-blí-nés, s.** flexibility.
- Pliancy, plí'-án-sé, s.** easiness to be bent
- Pliant, plí'-ánt, a.** bending, flexible.
- Pliantness, plí'-ánt-nés, s.** flexibility.
- Pliers, plí'-úr, s.** a kind of small pincers.
- Plight, plíte, v. a.** to pledge.
- Plight, plíte, s.** condition, state.
- Plinth, plínth, s.** the square member which serves as a foundation to the base of a pillar.
- Plod, plód, v. n.** to toil, to drudge, to travel laboriously; to study closely and dully.
- Plodder, plód'-dúr, s.** a dull, heavy, laborious man.
- Plot, plót, s.** a small extent of ground; a conspiracy; an intrigue; stratagem.
- Plot, plót, v. n.** to form schemes of mischief; to contrive.
- Plough, plóó, s.** an agricultural instrument.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Plough**, plôd. *v. a.* to turn with the plough; to furrow, to divide. [plough.]
- Ploughboy**, plôd'-bôé. *s.* a boy that follows the
- Ploughman**, plôd'-mân. *s.* one who attends or uses the plough.
- Pluck**, plâk. *v. a.* to pull with force, to snatch.
- Pluck**, plâk. *s.* a pull; the heart, liver, and lights of an animal.
- Plug**, plûg. *s.* a stopple.
- Plug**, plûg. *v. a.* to stop with a plug.
- Plum**, plâm. *s.* a fruit; the sum of one hundred thousand pounds.
- Plumage**, plû'-mâje. *s.* feathers.
- Plumb**, plûm. *s.* a leaden weight let down at the end of a line. [zon.]
- Plumb**, plûm. *ad.* perpendicularly to the horizon.
- Plumb**, plûm. *v. a.* to sound; to regulate. [lead.]
- Plumber**, plûm'-mâr. *s.* one who works upon
- Plume**, plûme. *s.* a feather; pride.
- Plume**, plûme. *v. a.* to adjust feathers; to adorn with plumes. [cil.]
- Plummet**, plûm'-mît. *s.* a leaden weight or plummet.
- Plumous**, plû'-mûs. *a.* feathery.
- Pump**, plûmp. *a.* sleek, full and smooth.
- Pump**, plûmp. *v. a.* to fatten, to swell.
- Pump**, plûmp. *ad.* with a sudden fall.
- Pumpness**, plûmp'-nês. *s.* fulness.
- Plumy**, plû'-mê. *a.* covered with feathers.
- Plunder**, plân'-dâr. *v. a.* to pillage. [war.]
- Plunder**, plân'-dâr. *s.* pillage, spoils gotten in
- Plunderer**, plân'-dâr-âr. *s.* a hostile pillager, a robber.
- Plunge**, plûnje. *v. a.* to put suddenly under water; to force in suddenly.
- Plunge**, plûnje. *s.* act of sinking under water.
- Plural**, plû'-râl. *a.* implying more than one.
- Plurality**, plû'-râl'-ê-tê. *s.* a number more than one; the majority.
- Plush**, plûsh. *s.* a kind of shaggy cloth.
- Pluvial**, plû'-vê-âl. } *a.* rainy, relating to
- Pluvius**, plû'-vê-ûs. } rain.
- Ply**, pll. *v. a.* to work on any thing closely and importunately; to keep busy; to solicit importunately. [relative to wind.]
- Pneumatick**, nû-mât'-ûk. *a.* moved by wind,
- Pneumaticks**, nû-mât'-ûks. *s.* the doctrine of the air [of spiritual existence.]
- Pneumatology**, nû-mâ-tôl'-lô-jê the doctrine
- Poach**, pôsh. *v. a.* to boil slightly; to plunder by stealth.
- Poacher**, pôsh'-âr. *s.* one who steals game.
- Pock**, pôk. *s.* a pustule raised by the small pox
- Pocket**, pôk'-kît. *s.* the small bag inserted into clothes.
- Pocket**, pôk'-kît. *v. a.* to put in the pocket.
- Pod**, pôd. *s.* the case of seeds.
- Poem**, pô'-êm. *s.* the work of a poet, a metrical composition. [poetry.]
- Poesy**, pô'-ê-sê. *s.* the art of writing poems.
- Poet**, pô'-ét. *s.* a writer of poems.
- Poetaster**, pô'-ê-tâs-târ. *s.* a vile, petty poet
- Poetess**, pô'-ê-tês. *s.* a female poet.
- Poetical**, pô-êt'-tê-kâl. } *a.* pertaining to poetry
- Poetick**, pô-êt'-ûk. } {
- Poetically**, pô-êt'-tê-kâl-ê. *ad.* with the qualities of poetry.
- Poetry**, pô'-ê-trê. *s.* metrical composition; the art or practice of writing poems.
- Poignancy**, pôé'-nân-sê. *s.* sharpness.
- Poignant**, pôé'-nânt. *a.* satirical, keen.
- Point**, pôint. *s.* a sharp end; headland; sting of an epigram; a moment; space; punctilio a spot.
- Point**, pôint. *v. a.* to sharpen; to direct towards an object; to show; to distinguish by stops or points.
- Pointed**, pôint'-êd. *a.* sharp; epigrammatical.
- Pointer**, pôint'-âr. *s.* any thing that points; a dog.
- Poison**, pôé'-zn. *s.* that which destroys or injures life; venom.
- Poison**, pôé'-zn. *v. a.* to infect with poison; to corrupt.
- Poisonous**, pôé'-zn-ûs. *a.* venomous.
- Poise**, pôéze. *s.* balance, equipoise.
- Poise**, pôéze. *v. a.* to balance.
- Poke**, pôke. *s.* a pocket, a small bag.
- Poke**, pôke. *v. a.* to feel in the dark, to search any thing with a long instrument.
- Poker**, pô' kâr. *s.* the iron bar with which the fire is stirred.
- Polar**, pô'-lâr. *a.* found near the pole.
- Polarity**, pô-lâr'-ê-tê. *s.* tendency to the poles.
- Polarly**, pô'-lâr-ê. *a.* having a direction towards the pole.
- Pole**, pôle. *s.* the extremity of the axis of the

nó, móve, nór, nór;—tábu, táb, bál;—bíl;—pónd;—táin, THH.

- earth**; a long staff; a measure of length containing five yards and a half.
- Poleaxe, póle-áks.** *s.* an axe fixed to a long pole.
- Polecat, póie-kát.** *s.* a stinking animal.
- Polemical, pó-lém-mé-kál.** } *a.* controversial,
Polemick, pó-lém-mík. } disputative.
- Polemick, pó-lém-mík.** *s.* a disputant, controversialist. [any guide or director.]
- Polestar, póle-sár.** *s.* a star near the pole;
- Police, pó-lés.** *s.* the government of a city, so far as regards the inhabitants. [et nec.]
- Policy, pó-lé-sé.** *s.* the art of government; prudish, pó-lsh. *v. a.* to smooth; to make elegant of manners. [manners.]
- Polish, pó-lsh.** *s.* artificial gloss; elegance of **Polite, pó-lte.** *a.* elegant of manners.
- Politeness, pó-lte-nés.** *s.* elegance of manners, gentility.
- Political, pó-lt-té-kál.** *a.* relating to politicks.
- Politically, pó-lt-té-kál-é.** *ad.* with relation to publick administration; artfully.
- Politician, pó-lé-tsh-án.** *s.* one versed in politicks. [ment.]
- Politicks, pó-lé-tks.** *s.* the science of government.
- Polity, pó-lé-té.** *s.* a form of government, civil constitution. [election.]
- Poll;** póll. *s.* the head; a list of voters at an **Poll, póll.** *v. a.* to lop the top of trees; to cut off hair from the head; to insert into a number as a voter.
- Pollard, pó-lárd.** *s.* a tree lopped. [defile.]
- Pollute, pó-lúte.** *v. a.* to make unclean; to **Pollutedness, pó-lú-téd-nés.** } *s.* the state of
Pollution, pó-lú-shún. } being defiled, defilement.
- Poltron, pó-l-trón.** *s.* a coward, a scoundrel.
- Polyanthes, pó-lé-án-thús.** *s.* a plant bearing many flowers.
- Polyedrous, pó-lé-é-drús.** *a.* having many sides.
- Polygamy, pó-lig-gá-mé.** *s.* plurality of wives.
- Polyglot, pó-lé-gtót.** *a.* having many languages.
- Polygon, pó-lé-gón.** *s.* a figure of many angles.
- Polygonal, pó-lig-gó-nál.** *a.* having many angles.
- Polypetalous, pó-lé-pét-tál-ús.** *a.* having many petals. [polypus.]
- Polypous, pó-lé-pús.** *a.* having the nature of a **Polypus, pó-lé-pús.** *s.* a swelling in the nostrils; an animal with many feet
- Polysyllable, pó-lé-sil-lá-bí.** *s.* a word of many syllables. [plurality of gods.]
- Polytheism, pó-lé-té-izm.** *s.* the doctrine of
- Pomaceous, pó-m-áshús.** *a.* consisting of apples
- Pomade, pó-máde.** *s.* a fragrant ointment.
- Pomander, pó-mán-dár.** *s.* a sweet ball.
- Pomatia, pó-má-tiús.** *s.* an ointment.
- Pomegranate, pó-m-grán-wít.** *s.* a tree; the fruit. [on a sword or saddle.]
- Pommel, pó-m-míl.** *s.* a round ball of knoe
- Pommel, pó-m-míl.** *v. a.* to bruise.
- Pomp, pómp.** *s.* splendour, pride.
- Pompion, pó-m-pé-án.** *s.* a pumpkin. [piousness]
- Pospositivity, pó-m-pés-é-té.** *s.* affectation of **Pomposity, pó-m-pés.** *a.* stentorian, grand.
- Pompously, pó-m-pés-lé.** *ad.* magnificently.
- Pompousness, pó-m-pés-nés.** *s.* magnificent splendour.
- Pond, pónd.** *s.* a small pool or lake of water.
- Ponder, pó-n-dár.** *v. a.* to weigh mentally; to consider. [nom]
- Ponderosity, pó-n-dár-ús-sé-té.** *s.* weight, heav
- Ponderous, pó-n-dár-ús.** *a.* heavy, weighty.
- Ponderousness, pó-n-dár-ús-nés.** *s.* heaviness weight.
- Poniard, pó-n-yárd.** *s.* a dagger.
- Poniard, pó-n-yárd.** *v. a.* to stab with a poniard
- Pontiff, pó-n-ísh.** *s.* a high priest; the pope.
- Pontifical, pó-n-ísh-té-kál.** *a.* belonging to a high priest; popish.
- Pontificate, pó-n-ísh-té-kát.** *s.* papacy, popedom.
- Ponton, pó-n-tón.** *s.* a floating bridge, or invention to pass over water.
- Pony, pó-né.** *s.* a small horse.
- Pool, póól.** *s.* a lake of standing water.
- Poop, póóp.** *s.* the hindmost part of a ship.
- Poor, póór.** *a.* indigent; trifling; mean; low.
- Poorly, póór-lé.** *ad.* without spirit.
- Pop, póp.** *s.* a small, smart, quick sound.
- Pop, póp.** *v. v.* to move or enter with a quick and unexpected motion.
- Pope, pópe.** *s.* the bishop of Rome.
- Popedom, pópe-dém.** *s.* papal dignity.
- Popery, pó-pár-é.** *s.* the religion of the church of Rome. [play.]
- Popgun, póp-gán.** *s.* a gun with which children **Popish, pó-psh.** *a.* relative to popery. [tube]
- Populace, póp-pú-lás.** *s.* the vulgar, the multitude.

Fite, fâr, fâll, fât — m, mêt — pîna, plî —

- Popular**, póp-pó-lâr. *a.* vulgar, plebeian; pleasing to the people.
- Popularity**, póp-pó-lâr-é-té. *s.* state of being favoured by the people.
- Population**, póp-pó-lâ-shûn. *s.* the state of a country with respect to numbers of people.
- Populous**, póp-pó-lâs. *a.* full of people.
- Populousness**, póp-pó-lâs-nés. *s.* the state of abounding with people.
- Porcelain**, pór-sé-lâne. *s.* china-ware.
- Porch**, pórsh. *s.* a portico, a covered walk.
- Porcupine**, pór-kú-plîne. *s.* a kind of hedgehog.
- Pore**, póre. *s.* spiracle of the skin, passage of perspiration; any narrow spiracle or passage.
- Pore**, póre. *v. n.* to look with great intenceness.
- Pork**, pórk. *s.* swine's flesh.
- Porker**, pórk-âr. *s.* a hog, a pig. [pores.]
- Porosity**, pó-rós-sé-té. *s.* quality of having [having]
- Porous**, pó-rós. *a.* having small spiracles or passages.
- Porphyry**, pór-fûr-é. *s.* marble of a particular kind.
- Porpoise**, } pór-pó. *s.* the sea-hog.
- Popus**, }
- Porridge**, pór-rîdjo. *s.* a kind of broth.
- Porringer**, pór-rîa-jûr. *s.* a vessel in which broth is eaten. [kind of wine.]
- Port**, pórt. *s.* a harbour; a gate; carriage; a
- Portable**, pórt-â-bl. *a.* that may be carried.
- Portage**, pórt-îdjo. *s.* the price of carriage; port-hole. [the gate opens.]
- Portal**, pórt-tâl. *s.* a gate, the arch under which
- Portcullis**, pórt-kûl-lîs. *s.* a machine hung over the gates of a city, to be let down to keep out an enemy. [show.]
- Portend**, pór-ténd' *v. a.* to foretoken, to fore-
- Portent**, pór-tént'. *s.* omen of ill.
- Portentous**, pór-tént'-tós. *a.* monstrous, fore-tokening ill.
- Porter**, pór-târ. *s.* one that has the charge of the gate; one who carries bardeus for hire; strong bear. [riage.]
- Porterage**, pór-târ-îdjo. *s.* money paid for car-
- Port-folio**, pórt-fv-lé-ô. *s.* an empty binding to keep loose paper in.
- Portico**, pór-îé-kó. *s.* a covered walk, a piazza.
- Portion**, pór-shûn. *s.* a part; an allotment; a
- Portion**, pór-shûn. *v. a.* to divide, to endow with a fortune.
- Portliness**, pórt-lé-nés. *s.* dignity of mien
- Portly**, pórt-lé. *a.* grand of mien.
- Portmanteau**, pórt-mân-tó. *s.* a chest or bag in which clothes are carried. [life.]
- Portrait**, pórt-trâte. *s.* a picture drawn from the
- Portray**, pór-trâ'. *v. a.* to paint, to describe by picture. [parts]
- Portress**, pór-trés. *s.* a female guardian of a
- Pose**, póze. *v. a.* to puzzle. [down]
- Position**, pó-zîsh'-ûn. *s.* situation; principle laid
- Positive**, póz-zé. *adv.* a. real, absolute; direct.
- Positively**, póz-zé-ûv-lé. *adv.* absolutely; per-emptorily. [of the populace]
- Posse**, póz-sé. *s.* an armed power, consisting
- Possess**, póz-zés'. *v. a.* to have as an owner; to enjoy. [in one's own power.]
- Possession**, póz-zés'h'-ûn. *s.* the state of having
- Possessive**, póz-zés'-sîv. *a.* having posses-
- Possessory**, póz-zés-sâr-é. *s.* one.
- Possessor**, póz-zés-sûr. *s.* owner, proprietor.
- Posset**, póz-sît. *s.* milk curdled with wine.
- Possibility**, póz-sé-lîv-é-té. *s.* the state of being possible. [to be done.]
- Possible**, póz-sé-bl. *a.* having the power to be
- Possibly**, póz-sé-blé. *adv.* by any power; per-haps.
- Post**, póst. *s.* a hasty messenger; quick course of travelling; office; a piece of timber set erect.
- Post**, póst. *v. n.* to travel with speed.
- Post**, póst. *v. a.* to fix opprobriously on posts; to place, to station.
- Postage**, póst-klje. *s.* money paid for convey-ance of a letter. [real time]
- Postulate**, póz-dâte. *v. a.* to date later than the
- Postilluvian**, póst-dé-lû-vé-ân. *s.* one that lives since the flood.
- Poster**, póst-âr. *s.* a courier. [placed after]
- Posterior**, póz-té-ré-âr. *a.* happening after
- Posteriors**, póz-té-ré-âr. *s.* the hinder parts.
- Posterity**, póz-tâ-é-té. *s.* succeeding genera-tions, descendants.
- Postern**, póz-térn. *s.* a small gate. [istances]
- Postexistence**, póst-ég-zîs-ténsé. *s.* future ex-
- Posthaste**, póst-hâste'. *s.* haste like that of, a courier.

no, m&ve, ndr, nôt ;—tûbe, tûb, bûll ;—ôll ;—pôund ;—ôin, rnis.

Posthorse, pôt'-h&ss. *s.* a horse stationed for the use of couriers.

Posthouse, pôt'-h&ss. *s.* postoffice.

Posthumous, pôt'-h&ss. *a.* done, had, or published, after one's death.

Postillion, pôt'-dî'-y&ss. *s.* one who guides the first pair of a set of horses in a coach; one who guides a post-chaise.

Postmaster, pôt'-m&st&r. *s.* one who has the charge of a publick conveyance of letters.

Postmeridian, pôt'-m&e-rid'-ê-ân. *a.* being in the afternoon.

Postoffice, pôt'-ôf-fis. *s.* a posthouse.

Postpone, pôt'-pôn&. *v. a.* to put off, to delay.

Postscript, pôt'-skript. *s.* paragraph added to the end of a letter.

Postulate, pôt'-t&h&-l&t. *s.* position supposed or assumed without proof.

Postulation, pôt'-t&h&-l&-sh&n. *s.* the act of supposing without proof.

Postulatum, pôt'-t&h&-l&-t&m. *s.* position assumed without proof.

Posture, pôt'-tsh&re. *s.* place, situation; disposition.

Posturemaster, pôt'-tsh&-r&-m&-st&r. *s.* one who teaches or practices artificial contortions of the body.

Posy, pôt'-z&. *s.* a motto on a ring.

Pot, pôt. *s.* a vessel to hold liquids.

Pot, pôt. *v. a.* to preserve seasoned meats in pots.

Potable, pôt'-t&-bl. *a.* drinkable.

Potash, pôt'-âsh. *s.* an impure fixed alkaline salt, made by burning from vegetables.

Potation, pôt'-t&-sh&n. *s.* drinking bout.

Potato, pôt'-t&-tô. *s.* an esculent root.

Potbellied, pôt'-b&-l&-ld. *a.* having a swollen paunch.

Potency, pôt'-t&-n&-z&. *s.* power; efficacy.

Potent, pôt'-t&-nt. *a.* powerful, efficacious.

Potentate, pôt'-t&-nt&-t&. *s.* monarch, sovereign.

Potential, pôt'-t&-nt&-sh&l. *a.* existing in possibility, not in act.

Potently, pôt'-t&-nt&-l&. *ad.* powerfully.

Potter, pôt't&-r. *s.* bustle, turnuk.

Potherb, pôt'-êrb. *s.* an herb fit for the pot.

Potion, pôt'-sh&n. *s.* a physical draught.

Pottage, pôt'-t&-dj&. *s.* any thing boiled or decocted for food.

Potter, pôt'-t&-r. *s.* a maker of earthen vessels.

Pottle, pôt'-tl. *s.* a measure containing four pints.

Pouch, pôt't&. *s.* a small bag, a pocket.

Poult, pôt't. *s.* a young chicken, particularly of a turkey.

Poulturer, pôt'-t&-r. *s.* one whose trade is to sell fowls ready for the cook.

Poultice, pôt'-tis. *s.* a soft, mollifying application.

Poultice, pôt'-tis. *v. a.* to apply a poultice.

Poultry, pôt'-tr&. *s.* domestick fowls.

Pounce, pôt'n&. *s.* the claw of a bird of prey the powder of gum sandarach.

Pound, pôt'nd. *s.* a weight, consisting, in Troy weight, of twelve, in Avoirdupois, of sixteen ounces; the sum of twenty shillings; a pin fold, an enclosure.

Pound, pôt'nd. *v. a.* to beat with a pestle; to imprison as in a pound.

Poundage, pôt'nd'-ldje. *s.* a certain sum deducted from a pound; payment rated by the weight of the commodity.

Pounder, pôt'nd'-r. *s.* a heavy, large pear; a gun; a pestle.

Pour, pôt'r. *v. a.* to let some liquid out of a vessel; to emit, to give vent to.

Pout, pôt't. *v. n.* to look sullen by thrusting out the lips.

Poverty, pôt'-v&-r&-t&. *s.* indigence, necessity; want.

Powder, pôt'-d&-r. *s.* dust; gunpowder; sweet dust for the hair.

Powder, pôt'-d&-r. *v. a.* to reduce to dust; to sprinkle as with dust.

Powdery, pôt'-d&-r. *a.* dusty, friable.

Power, pôt'-r. *s.* command, dominion; ability; the moving force of an engine; faculty of the mind; military force.

Powerful, pôt'-r-f&-l. *a.* potent; mighty.

Powerfulness, pôt'-r-f&-l-n&. *s.* power, efficacy.

Powerless, pôt'-r-l&-s. *a.* weak, impotent.

Practicability, pr&k'-t&-k&-bil'-ê-t&. *s.* a possibility of being performed.

Practicable, pr&k'-t&-k&-bl. *a.* feasible, capable to be practised.

Practicableness, pr&k'-t&-k&-bl-n&. *s.* possibility of being performed.

Practical, pr&k'-t&-k&-l. *a.* relating to action, not merely speculative.

Practically, pr&k'-t&-k&-l. *ad.* by practice, in real fact.

Får, får, fäll, fält; —né, mét; —plis, plu; —

- Practicalness**, präk'te-kät-nés. *s.* the quality of being practical.
- Practice**, präk'tis. *s.* habit; use; actual performance; medical treatment of diseases.
- Practise**, präk'tis. *v. a.* to do habitually.
- Practitioner**, präk'tish'-än-är. *s.* one engaged in the actual exercise of any art.
- Præcognita**, prä-kög'-né-tä. *s.* things previously known in order to understand something else.
- Pragmatick**, präg-mät'-itk. } *a.* meddling.
- Pragmatical**, präg-mät'-të-käl. } assuming business without invitation. [gratitude.]
- Praise**, präze. *s.* commendation; tribute of
- Praise**, präze. *v. a.* to commend, to applaud.
- Praiseworthy**, präze-wär-rue. *a.* deserving praise.
- Prame**, präme. *s.* a flat-bottomed boat.
- Prance**, präns. *v. n.* to spring and bound in high mettle.
- Prank**, prängk. *s.* a frolick, a wicked act.
- Prate**, präte. *v. n.* to talk carelessly and without weight.
- Prate**, präte. *s.* slight talk, unmeaning loquacity.
- Prattle**, prä'tl. *v. n.* to talk lightly, to chatter.
- Prattle**, prä'tl. *s.* empty talk.
- Prattler**, prä'tlör. *s.* a chatterer.
- Pravity**, präv'-ë-të. *s.* corruption, badness.
- Prawn**, präwn. *s.* a small shell-fish.
- Pray**, prä. *v. n.* to make petitions to Heaven; to entreat, to ask submissively.
- Prayer**, prä-är. *s.* petition to Heaven; entreaty.
- Preach**, präsh. *v. n.* to pronounce a publick discourse upon sacred subjects.
- Preacher**, präsh'-är. *s.* one who discourses publicly upon religious subjects.
- Preamble**, prä-äm-bl. *s.* something previous, introduction, preface.
- Prebend**, präb'-ënd. *s.* a stipend in cathedral churches; a prebendary.
- Prebendary**, präb'-än-lér-ë. *s.* a stipendiary of a cathedral. [by courtesy.]
- Precarious**, prä-kä'-rë-äs. *a.* uncertain, held
- Precariousness**, prä-kä'-rë-äs-nés. *s.* uncertainty, dependence on others. [ure.]
- Precaution**, prä-kaw'-shün. *s.* preventive measure
- Precipitaneous**, prä-ë-dä'-né-äs. *a.* previous, antecedent. [of time.]
- Precede**, prä-sëde'. *v. a.* to go before in order
- Precedence**, prä-së-dënsë. } *a.* the act or state
- Precedency**, prä-së-dën-së. } of going before, priority.
- Precedent**, prä-së-dënt. *a.* former, going before
- Precedent**, prä-së-dënt. *s.* a rule or example of any thing done before of the same kind.
- Precentor**, prä-sën'-tör. *s.* he that leads the choir. [given, a mandate]
- Precept**, prä-sëpt. *s.* a rule authoritative
- Preceptive**, prä-sëp'tiv. *a.* giving precepts.
- Preceptor**, prä-sëp'tör. *s.* a teacher, a tutor.
- Precession**, prä-sësh'-än. *s.* the act of going before. [dary.]
- Precinct**, prä-singkt'. *s.* outward limit, bound
- Precious**, präsh'-üs. *a.* valuable; costly.
- Preciousness**, präsh'-üs-nés. *s.* valuableness, worth. [full perpendicular.]
- Precipice**, prä-së-pis. *s.* a headlong steep;
- Precipitance**, prä-sip'-pë-tänsë. } *s.* rash haste,
- Precipitancy**, prä-sip'-pë-tän-së. } headlong haste. [ing headlong; hasty.]
- Precipitant**, prä-sip'-pë-tänt. *a.* falling or rushing
- Precipitate**, prä-sip'-pë-täte. *v. a.* to throw headlong; to hurry blindly or rashly; to throw to the bottom.
- Precipitate**, prä-sip'-pë-tät. *a.* headlong, hasty.
- Precipitate**, prä-sip'-pë-tät. *s.* a corrosive medicine made by precipitating mercury.
- Precipitately**, prä-sip'-pë-tät-ë. *ad.* headlong hastily, in blind hurry.
- Precipitation**, prä-sip'-pë-tä-shün. *s.* the act of throwing headlong; tumultuous hurry.
- Precise**, prä-sisë'. *a.* exact, strict, nice; formal
- Precisely**, prä-sisë'-lë. *ad.* exactly, nicely, accurately. [nicely.]
- Preciseness**, prä-sisë'-nës. *s.* exactness, rigidity
- Precision**, prä-sizh'-än. *s.* exact limitation.
- Preclude**, prä-klüde'. *v. a.* to shut out.
- Precocity**, prä-kös'-së-të. *s.* ripeness before the time. [knowledge]
- Præcognition**, prä-kög-nish'-än. *s.* previous
- Preconceit**, prä-kön-sëte'. *s.* an opinion previously formed. [opinion beforehand]
- Preconceive**, prä-kön-sëve'. *v. a.* to form an
- Preconception**, prä-kön-sëp'-shün. *s.* opinion previously formed.
- Precontract**, prä-kön'-uräkt. *s.* a contract previous to another.

no, mōre, nōr, nōi; —tōbe, tōb, bōll; —ōil; —pōnd; —tōn, tōis.

Precontract, prē-kōn-trakt'. *s. a. to contract or bargain beforehand.*

Precurse, prē-kūrse'. *a. forerunning.* [ger.]

Precursor, prē-kūr-sōr. *s. forerunner, harbinger.*

Predaceous, prē-dā-shōs. *a. living by prey.*

Predal, prē-dāl. *a. robbing.* [tising rapine.]

Predatory, prē-dā-tōr-ē. *a. plundering, practicing.*

Predecessor, prē-dē-sēs-sōr. *s. one that was in any state or place before another.*

Predestinarian, prē-dēs-tē-nā-rē-ān. *s. one that holds the doctrine of predestination.*

Predestinate, prē-dēs-tē-nāte. *v. a. to appoint beforehand by irrevocable decree.* [nation.]

Predestination, prē-dēs-tē-nā-shūn. *s. preordination.*

Predetermination, prē-dē-tēr-mē-nā-shūn. *s. determination made beforehand.* [farma.]

Predial, prē-dē-āl, or prē-jē-āl. *a. consisting of.*

Predicament, prē-dik-kā-mēnt. *s. a class or arrangement.* [any thing.]

Predicant, prē-dē-kānt. *s. one that affirms.*

Predicate, prē-dē-kāt. *s. that which is affirmed of the subject.*

Predication, prē-dē-kā-shūn. *s. affirmation.*

Predict, prē-dikt'. *v. a. to foretell.*

Prediction, prē-dik-shūn. *s. prophecy.*

Predilection, prē-dē-lēk-shūn. *s. preference; prepossession in favour of any thing.*

Predispose, prē-dis-pōzē'. *v. a. to adapt previously to any certain purpose.*

Predisposition, prē-dis-pō-zish-ōn. *s. previous adaptation to any certain purpose.*

Predominance, prē-dōm-mē-nāns. *s. prevalence, superiority.*

Predominant, prē-dōm-mē-nānt. *a. prevalent.*

Predominate, prē-dōm-mē-nāte. *v. u. to prevail, to be ascendant.*

Pre-eminence, prē-ēm-mē-nēns. *s. pre-eminence.* [above others.]

Pre-eminent, prē-ēm-mē-nēnt. *a. excellent.*

Pre-emption, prē-ēm-mē-nōn. *s. the right of purchasing before another.*

Pre-engage, prē-ēn-gādje'. *v. a. to engage by precedent contracts.* [dapt obligation.]

Pre-engagement, prē-ēn-gādje-mēnt. *s. precedent.*

Pre-exist, prē-ēgz-ist'. *v. n. to exist beforehand.*

Pre-existence, prē-ēgz-ist-ēns. *s. existence beforehand.* [forehand.]

Pre-existent, prē-ēgz-ist-ēnt. *a. existent be-*

Preface, prē-fās. *s. introduction.*

Preface, prē-fās. *v. n. to say something introductory.*

Prefatory, prē-fā-tōr-ē. *a. introductory.*

Prefect, prē-fēkt. *s. a governour.*

Prefecture, prē-fēkt-ūr. *s. a command, office of government.* [vance.]

Prefer, prē-fēr'. *v. a. to regard more; to sit.*

Preferable, prē-fēr-ā-bl. *a. eligible before something else.*

Preference, prē-fēr-ēns. *s. estimation of one thing above another.*

Preferment, prē-fēr-mēnt. *s. advancement.*

Prefiguration, prē-flg-yū-rā-shūn. *s. antecedent representation.*

Prefigure, prē-flg-yūre. *v. a. to exhibit by an antecedent representation.*

Prefix, prē-flks'. *v. a. to place before.*

Pregnancy, prēg-nān-sē. *s. the state of being with young; fruitfulness.*

Pregnant, prēg-nānt. *a. breeding; fertile.*

Prejudge, prē-jūdjē'. *v. a. to determine beforehand.* [dice.]

Prejudicate, prē-jū-dē-kāt. *a. formed by prejudice.*

Prejudication, prē-jū-dē-kā-shūn. *s. the act of judging beforehand.* [jury.]

Prejudice, prē-jū-dis. *s. prepossession; in-*

Prejudice, prē-jū-dis. *v. a. to fill with prejudices; to injure.* [injurious.]

Prejudicial, prē-jū-dish-āl. *a. mischievous.*

Prelacy, prē-lā-sē. *s. the dignity of a prelate.*

Prelate, prē-lāt. *s. an ecclesiastick of the highest dignity.*

Predlection, prē-lēk-shūn. *s. a lecture.*

Preliminary, prē-llm-ē-nā-rē. *a. previous, introductory.* [vious, preparatory measure.]

Preliminary, prē-llm-ē-nā-rē. *s. something pre-*

Prelude, prē-lūdē. *a. some short flight of music played before a full concert; something introductory.* [daction.]

Prelude, prē-lūdē'. *v. a. to serve as an intro-*

Prelusive, prē-lū-siv. *a. previous, introductory.*

Premature, prē-mā-tūrē. *a. ripe too soon, formed before the time.* [soch.]

Prematurely, prē-mā-tūrē-lē. *ad. too early, too*

Premeditate, prē-mēd-ā-tāte. *v. a. to conceive beforehand.* [meditating beforehand.]

Premeditation, prē-mēd-ā-tā-shūn

Fñe, fñr, fñl, fñi; —mè, mèt; —pluc, plñ; —

Præmerit, præ-mèr'-rñ. *v. a.* to deserve before.
Premier, præ-miè'-rñ. *a.* first, chief.
Premise, præ-mi-zè'. *v. a.* to lay down premises.
Premises, præm'-lè-siz. *s.* propositions antecedently supposed or proved; houses or lands.
Premium, præ-mi-ù'm. *s.* a reward.
Premonish, præ-mòw'-nèsh. *v. a.* to warn beforehand. [advising.]
Premonitory, præ-mòw'-nè-tùr-è. *a.* previously
Premonition, præm'-mò-ni-rè. *s.* a writ, penalty, difficulty. [of telling before.]
Pre-nunciation, præ-nùn-shè-à'-shùn. *s.* the act
Preoccupancy, præ-òk'-kù-pàn-sè. *s.* the act of taking possession before another. [pate.]
Preoccupate, præ-òk'-kù-pàtè. *v. a.* to anticipate.
Preoccupation, præ-òk'-kù-pà'-shùn. *s.* anticipation; prepossession.
Preoccupy, præ-òk'-kù-pl. *v. a.* to prepossess.
Preopinion, præ-ò-plñ'-yù. *s.* prepossession.
Preordain, præ-òr-dà-nè'. *v. a.* to ordain beforehand. [of preordaining.]
Preordination, præ-òr-dè-nà'-shùn. *s.* the act
Preparation, præp-èr-à'-shùn. *s.* the act of preparing; previous measures.
Preparative, præ-pàr'-rà-tiv. *a.* having the power of preparing.
Preparative, præ-pàr'-rà-div. *s.* that which has the power of preparing.
Preparatory, præ-pàr'-rà-tùr-è. *a.* antecedently necessary; previous. [make ready.]
Prepare, præ-pàrè'. *v. a.* to fit, to adjust, to
Prepense, præ-pènsè'. *a.* preconceived.
Preponder, præ-pòn-dèr. *v. a.* to outweigh.
Prepotulérance, præ-pòn-dèr-ànsè. *s.* superiority of weight. [ing.]
Preponderant, præ-pòn-dèr-ànt. *a.* outweigh-
Preponderate, præ-pòn-dèr-àtè. *v. a.* to outweigh. [state of outweighing.]
Preponderation, præ-pòn-dèr-à'-shùn. *s.* the
Prepose, præ-pòzè'. *v. a.* to put before.
Proposition, præp-pò-zish'-ùn. *s.* a particle governing a case.
Propositor, præ-pòz-zi-tùr. *s.* a scholar appointed by the master to overlook the rest.
Preposess, præ-pòz-zèz'. *v. a.* to prejudice.
Prepossession, præ-pòz-zèsh'-ùn. *s.* prejudice, preconceived opinion. [verted.]
Preposterous, præ-pòs-tèr-ùs. *a.* absurd, per-

Preposterousness, præ-pòs-tèr-ùs-nèz. *s.* absurdity, wrong order.
Prepotency, præ-pò-tèn-sè. *s.* superior power
Prepuce, præ-pùsè. *s.* that which covers the glans, foreskin. [visually necessary.]
Prerequisite, præ-rèk-kwiz-ìt. *s.* something pre-
Prerogative, præ-ròg'-gà-div. *s.* a peculiar privilege.
Presage, præ-sàdje. *s.* prognostick. [tel.]
Presage, præ-sàdje'. *v. a.* to forebode, to fore-
Presagement, præ-sàdje'-mènt. *s.* forebode-ment; foretold.
Presbyter, præz'-bè-tèr. *s.* a priest. [elders.]
Presbyterian, præz-bè-tèr-rè-àn. *a.* consisting of
Presbyterian, præz-bè-tèr-rè-àn. *s.* an abettor of presbytery.
Presbytery, præz'-bè-tèr-è. *s.* body of elders
Prescience, præ-she-ènso. *s.* foreknowledge.
Prescient, præ-she-ènt. *a.* foreknowing.
Prescind, præ-sind'. *v. n.* to cut off.
Prescribe, præ-skrìbè'. *v. a.* to order, to direct.
Prescript, præ-skrìp'. *s.* direction, precept.
Prescription, præ-skrìp'-shùn. *s.* rule produced and authorized by custom; medical receipt.
Presence, præz'-zènsè. *s.* state of being present, port, mien; readiness at need.
Present, præz'-zènt. *a.* face to face, at hand; not past; propitious.
Present, præz'-zènt. *s.* a gift, a donative.
Present, præ-zènt'. *v. a.* to exhibit; to offer; to give. [presenting; exhibition.]
Presentation, præz-zèn-tà'-shùn. *s.* the act of
Presentee, præz-zèn-tèr'. *s.* one presented to a benefice.
Presenter, præ-zèn-tùr. *s.* one that presents.
Presentation, præ-zèn-tè-mènt. *s.* previous idea. [mediately, soon after.]
Presently, præz'-zènt-lè. *ad.* at present; im-
Presentation, præ-zèn-tè-mènt. *s.* the act of presenting. [preserving.]
Preservation, præz-zèr-và'-shùn. *s.* the act of
Preservative, præ-zèr-và-div. *s.* that which has the power of preserving.
Preserve, præ-zèrv'. *v. a.* to save.
Preserve, præ-zèrv'. *s.* fruit preserved whole in sugar.
Preserver, præ-zèrv'-àr. *s.* one who preserves
Preside, præ-sidè'. *v. a.* to be set over.

nd, mōve, ndr, nōt;—tābe, tōh, bōll;—ōll;—pōānd;—chīn, thīn.

Presidency, prēz-ē-tē-shē. *s.* superintendence.

President, prēz-ē-tēt. *s.* one at the head of others; governour, prefect.

Press, prēs. *v. a.* to squeeze; to crush; to distress; to enforce; to force into naval service.

Press, prēs. *s.* an instrument for pressing; crowd, throng; a commission to force men into naval service.

Pressgang, prēs-gāng. *s.* a crew employed to force men into naval service.

Pressman, prēs-mān. *s.* one who makes the impression of print by the press.

Pressure, prēs'h-shūr. *s.* the act of pressing; state of being pressed; force; gravitation.

Presto, prēs-tō. *ad.* quick, at once.

Presume, prē-zūm'. *v. n.* to suppose; to venture without positive leave.

Presumption, prē-zūm'-shūn. *s.* supposition previously formed; arrogance, confidence.

Presumptive, prē-zūm'-tīv. *a.* taken by previous supposition; supposed; confident.

Presumptuous, prē-zūm'-tshū-ūs. *a.* arrogant, confident.

Presumptuousness, prē-zūm'-tshū-ūs-nēs. *s.* confidence, irreverence.

Presupposal, prē-sūp-pō-zāi. *s.* supposal previously formed.

Presuppose, prē-sūp-pōzē'. *v. a.* to suppose as previous. [*tion* previously formed.]

Presupposition, prē-sūp-pō-zāsh'-ūn. *s.* supposition.

Presurmise, prē-sūr-mīzē'. *s.* surmise previously formed.

Preterence, prē-tēnsē'. *s.* a false argument grounded upon fictitious postulates; assumption.

Preternal, prē-tēnd'. *v. a.* to allege falsely; to show hypocritically; to claim.

Pretender, prē-tēnd'-ār. *s.* one who lays claim to any thing.

Pretension, prē-tēn'-shūn. *s.* claim.

Preterimperfect, prē-tēr-lm-pēr-fēkt. *a.* not perfectly past.

Preterit, prē-tēr-īt. *a.* past.

Preteritaped, prē-tēr-īpēt'. *a.* past and gone.

Pretermit, prē-tēr-īt'. *v. a.* to pass by.

Preternatural, prē-tēr-nāt'-tshū-rāl. *a.* different from what is natural, irregular.

Preterperfect, prē-tēr-pēr-fēkt. *s.* absolutely past.

Preterpluperfect, prē-tēr-pā-pēr-fēkt. *a.* relatively past, or past before some other past time. [*anre.*]

Pretext, prē-tēkst'. *s.* pretence, false appearance.

Pretor, prē-tōr. *s.* a Roman judge.

Pretorian, prē-tō-rē-ān. *a.* judicial, exercised by the pretor.

Prettily, prīt-tē-lē. *ad.* neatly, pleasingly. [*ty.*]

Prettiness, prīt-tē-nēs. *s.* beauty without dignity.

Pretty, prīt-tē. *a.* neat, elegant.

Pretty, prīt-tē. *ad.* in some degree.

Prevail, prē-vāil'. *v. n.* to be in force, to have effect; to overcome; to persuade.

Prevailing, prē-vā-il-lug. *a.* predominant.

Prevalence, prēv'-vā-lēnsē. *s.* superiority; influence. [*domināns.*]

Prevalent, prēv'-vā-lēt. *a.* victorious; pre-

Prevaricate, prē-vār-rē-kātē. *v. n.* to cavil, to quibble, to shuffle. [*cevil.*]

Provarication, prē-vār-rē-kā-shūn. *s.* shuffle.

Prevenient, prē-vē-nē-ēt. *a.* preceding.

Prevent, prē-vēt'. *v. a.* to go before as a guide; to anticipate; to hinder.

Prevention, prē-vēn'-shūn. *s.* the act of going before; hindrance. [*dering ill.*]

Preventive, prē-vēt'-tīv. *a.* preservative, hindering.

Preventive, prē-vēt'-tīv. *s.* a preservative an antidote.

Previous, prē-vē-ūs. *a.* antecedent.

Previously, prē-vē-ūs-lē. *ad.* beforehand.

Prey, prā. *s.* something to be devoured; plunder; depredation. [*der.*]

Prey, prā. *v. n.* to feed by violence; to quit.

Price, prīzē. *s.* value, estimation; reward.

Prick, prīk. *v. a.* to pierce; to erect; to spur to pain; to mark a time.

Prick, prīk. *s.* any thing by which a puncture is made; remorse of conscience; a puncture.

Prickle, prīk'-kl. *s.* a small sharp point.

Prickly, prīk'-lē. *a.* full of sharp points.

Pride, prīdē. *s.* inordinate self-esteem; loftiness of air; elevation; ostentation. [*offices.*]

Priest, prīest. *s.* one who officiates in sacred

Priestcraft, prīest'-krāft. *s.* religious fraud.

Priestess, prīest'-tēs. *s.* a woman who officiates in heathen rites.

Priesthood, prīest'-hūd. *s.* the office and character of a priest.

Pâte, pâ, fâ, fât, fât; —mê, mêt; —pîne, piê

- Priesthood**, *prêst'è-nô*. *s.* the appearance of a priest.
- Priestly**, *prêst'è*. *a.* becoming a priest.
- Prig**, *prîg*. *s.* a pert, conceited, saucy fellow.
- Priam**, *prîm*. *a.* formed, precise.
- Priam**, *prîm*. *v. a.* to deek uf precisely, to form to an affected nicety. [station.]
- Primacy**, *prî'mâ-sè*. *s.* the chief ecclesiastical
- Primarily**, *prî'mâ-rè-lè*. *ad.* originally, in the first intention.
- Primary**, *prî'mâ-rè*. *s.* original, first.
- Primate**, *prî'mât*. *s.* the chief ecclesiastick
- Prize**, *prîz*. *s.* the dawn of the beginning; the best part; the spring of life; the first part.
- Prime**, *prîm*. *a.* early; principal; original.
- Prime**, *prîm*. *v. a.* to put in the first powder, to put powder in the pan of a gun; to lay the first colours on in painting. [cellently.]
- Primely**, *prîm'è*. *ad.* originally, primarily, ex-
- Primer**, *prîm'mâr*. *s.* a small book in which children are taught to read.
- Primeval**, *prî-mô-vîl*. *a.* original. [mary.]
- Primitive**, *prîm'è-tîv*. *a.* ancient, original; pri-
- Primitiveness**, *prîm'è-tîv-nês*. *s.* antiquity, conformity to antiquity. [primary.]
- Primogenial**, *prî-mô-jên'è-âl*. *a.* first-born
- Primogeniture**, *prî-mô-jên'è-tûr*. *s.* state of being first-born. [from the begining.]
- Primordial**, *prî-môr'è-âl*. *s.* original, existing
- Primrose**, *prîm-rôz*. *s.* a flower. [king.]
- Prince**, *prîns*. *s.* a sovereign; the son of a
- Princedom**, *prîns-tîm*. *s.* the rank, estate, or power of a prince.
- Princely**, *prîns'è*. *a.* becoming a prince, royal, grand.
- Princely**, *prîns'è*. *ad.* in a princelike manner.
- Princess**, *prîns-ès*. *s.* a sovereign lady; the daughter of a king; the wife of a prince.
- Principal**, *prîns-pâl*. *a.* chief, capital.
- Principal**, *prîns-pâl*. *s.* a head, & chief; a capital sum placed out at interest.
- Principality**, *prîns-pâl-tè*. *s.* sovereignty; the country which gives title to a prince.
- Principally**, *prîns-pâl-tè*. *ad.* chiefly.
- Principle**, *prîns-pl*. *s.* element; original cause; fundamental truth; tenet.
- Print**, *prînt*. *v. a.* to impress any thing so as to
- leave its form; to impress words, or marks, books, by the press.
- Print**, *prînt*. *s.* a mark; picture made by impression; the form, size, or arrangement, of the types used in printing books.
- Printer**, *prînt'âr*. *s.* one who prints.
- Prior**, *prî'âr*. *a.* former, antecedent.
- Prior**, *prî'âr*. *s.* the head of a convent of monks
- Priores**, *prî'âr-ès*. *s.* a lady superior of a convent of nuns.
- Priority**, *prî'âr-rô-tè*. *s.* the state of being first
- Priory**, *prî'âr-è*. *s.* a convent in dignity below an abbey.
- Prism**, *prîzm*. *s.* a mathematical glass.
- Prismatick**, *prîz-mâ'tîk*. *a.* formed as a prism
- Prismoid**, *prîz-môîd*. *s.* a body approaching to the form of a prism.
- Prison**, *prîz'n*. *s.* a jail, a place of confinement.
- Prisoner**, *prîz'zû-âr*. *s.* a captive; one under an arrest.
- Pristine**, *prîst'în*. *a.* ancient, original. [crecy.]
- Privacy**, *prî-vâ-sè*. *s.* state of being secret, so-
- Private**, *prî-vât*. *a.* secret; alone.
- Privateer**, *prî-vâ-tèer*. *s.* a private ship of war.
- Privateer**, *prî-vâ-tèer*. *v. n.* to fit out ships against enemies, at the charge of private persons.
- Privately**, *prî-vât'è*. *ad.* secretly.
- Privation**, *prî-vâ-shôn*. *s.* removal or destruction of any thing.
- Privative**, *prîv'vâ-tîv*. *a.* causing privation.
- Privilege**, *prîv'vè-lîdjè*. *s.* peculiar advantage; immunity. [lege; to exempt.]
- Privilegio**, *prîv'vè-lîdjè*. *v. a.* to grant a priv-
- Privily**, *prîv'è-lè*. *ad.* secretly, privately.
- Privy**, *prîv'è-tè*. *s.* private communication.
- Privy**, *prîv'è*. *a.* secret; admitted to secrets.
- Privy**, *prîv'è*. *s.* piece of retirement.
- Prize**, *prîz*. *s.* a reward gained by contest with competitors; plunder.
- Prize**, *prîz*. *v. a.* to rate, to value; to esteem.
- Prizefighter**, *prîz-fî-tûr*. *s.* one that fights publicly for a reward.
- Probability**, *prôb-â-lîl'è-tè*. *s.* likelihood, appearance of truth.
- Probable**, *prôb-â-bl*. *a.* likely.
- Probably**, *prôb-â-bl'è*. *ad.* likely.
- Probat**, *prô'bât*. *s.* the proof of a will.

no, nôve, nôr, nôt; —tôbe, tôb; bôll; —ôll; —pôônd; —ôin, TENS.

Probation, prô-bâ'-shôn. *s.* trial, proof, evidence, or testimony. [*trial*]

Probationary, prô-bâ'-shôn-â-rê. *a.* serving for

Probationer, prô-bâ'-shôn-âr. *s.* a novice.

Probatum est, prô-bâ'-tûm-êst. *s.* a Latin ex-

pression, signifying, *It is tried or proved.*

Probe, prôbe. *v. a.* to search, to try by an in-

strument.

Probity, prôb'-itê. *s.* honesty, sincerity.

Problem, prôb'-lêm. *s.* a question proposed.

Problematical, prôb'-lêm-â-tê-kâl. *a.* uncer-

tain, disputable.

Proboscis, prô-bôs'-sîs. *s.* a snout, the trunk of

an elephant.

Proceed, prô-sêd'-jûre. *s.* manner of pro-

ceeding.

Proceed, prô-sêd'-v. *v. n.* to go forward; to

come forth; to advance; to act.

Proceeding, prô-sêd'-lûg. *s.* progress from one

thing to another, transaction.

Process, prô-sês'-s. *s.* tendency; gradual pro-

gress; course of law.

Procession, prô-sês'-shôn. *s.* a train marching in

ceremonious solemnity. [*procession*]

Processional, prô-sês'-shôn-âl. *s.* relating to

Proclaim, prô-klâm'-v. *a.* to promulgate; to

tell openly.

Proclamation, prô-klâm'-shôn. *s.* publication

by authority; a declaration of the king's will.

Proclivity, prô-klîv'-itê. *s.* tendency, propen-

sion. [*to delay*]

Procrastinate, prô-kràs'-tîn-âte. *v. a.* to defer,

procrastination, prô-kràs'-tîn-â-shôn. *s.* delay,

dilatation. [*produce*]

Procreate, prô-krê'-âte. *v. a.* to generate, to

Procreation, prô-krê'-â-shôn. *s.* generation.

Procreative, prô-krê'-â-tîv. *a.* generative

Proctor, prô-ktôr. *s.* an attorney in the spiritual

court.

Proctorship, prô-ktôr'-shîp. *s.* office of a proctor,

Procumbent, prô-kûm'-bênt. *a.* lying down.

Procurable, prô-kû'-fâ-bl. *a.* obtainable.

Procurator, prô-kû-râ'-tôr. *s.* manager.

Procurer, prô-kû-râ'-v. *a.* to manage, to transact

for another; to obtain, to acquire.

Procurress, prô-kû-rês'-s. *a.* a bawd.

Prodigal, prôd'-dê-gâl. *a.* profuse, wasteful.

Prodigal, prôd'-dê-gâl. *s.* a waster, a spend

thrift. [*waste*]

Prodigality, prôd'-dê-gâl-ê-tê. *s.* extravagance.

Prodigally, prôd'-dê-gâl-ê. *ad.* profusely, wasta-

fully

Prodigious, prô-dîj'-jûs. *a.* amazing.

Prodigiously, prô-dîj'-jûs-lê. *ad.* amazingly.

Prodigy, prôd'-dê-jê. *s.* any thing out of the

ordinary process of nature, portent; monster

Produce, prô-dûsê'-v. *a.* to exhibit; to bear, to

bring forth.

Produce, prôd'-dûsê. *s.* product; gain.

Product, prôd'-dûkt. *s.* something produced.

Production, prô-dûkt'-shôn. *s.* thing produced

product. [*produce, fertile*]

Productive, prô-dûkt'-tîv. *a.* having the power to

Proem, prô'-êm. *s.* preface, introduction.

Profanation, prôf-â-nâ'-shôn. *s.* the act of vio-

lating any thing sacred. [*lute*]

Profane, prô-fâne. *a.* irreverent, secular; pol

Profane, prô-fâne. *v. a.* to violate, to pollute.

Profanely, prô-fâne-lê. *ad.* with irreverence to

sacred names or things.

Profaneness, prô-fâne-nês. *s.* irreverence.

Profess, prô-fês'-v. *n.* to declare openly.

Professedly, prô-fês'-sêd-lê. *ad.* according to

open declaration.

Profession, prô-fêsh'-shôn. *s.* calling, declaration.

Professional, prô-fêsh'-shôn-âl. *a.* relating to a

profession. [*teaches an art*]

Professor, prô-fês'-sâr. *s.* one who publicly

Professorship, prô-fês'-sâr-shîp. *s.* the station

or office of a publick teacher.

Proffer, prôf'-fâr. *v. a.* to propose.

Proffer, prôf'-fâr. *s.* offer made.

Proficiency, prô-fîsh'-ân-sê. *s.* advancement in

any thing, improvement gained.

Proficient, prô-fîsh'-ânt. *s.* one who has made

advancement in any study or business.

Profile, prô-fêl'-s. the side-face.

Profit, prôf'-fît. *s.* gain, advantage.

Profit, prôf'-fît. *v. a.* to benefit, to advantage.

Profitable, prôf'-fît-â-bl. *a.* gainful, advanta-

geous. [*ness, advantageousness*]

Profitableness, prôf'-fît-â-bl-nês. *s.* gainful-

Profitless, prôf'-fît-lês. *a.* void of gain or ad-

vantage. [*virtue and decency*]

Profligate, prôf'-dê-gât. *a.* abandoned, lost to

Prâe, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pluê, plû;—

- Profligate**, *prôf-fâ-gât*. *s.* an abandoned, shameless wretch.
- Profligateness**, *prôf-fâ-gât-nês*. *s.* the quality of being profligate.
- Proficiency**, *prôf-fî-shên-sê*. *s.* progress, course.
- Proficient**, *prôf-fî-shên-t*. *a.* flowing forward.
- Profund**, *prô-fôund*. *a.* deep; submissive; earned.
- Profundness**, *prô-fôund-nês*. } *s.* depth of place
Profundity, *prô-fôund-ê-tê*. } or knowledge.
- Profuse**, *prô-fûsê'*. *a.* lavish, prodigal.
- Profuseness**, *prô-fûsê-nês*. *s.* prodigality.
- Profusion**, *prô-fû-zhôn*. *s.* lavishness.
- Progenitor**, *prô-jên-h-âr*. *s.* a forefather, an ancestor.
- Progeny**, *prô-jê-nê*. *s.* offspring, race. [tell.]
- Prognosticate**, *prô-gnôf-tê-kâ-tê*. *v. a.* to fore-
Prognostication, *prô-gnô-tê-kâ-shôn*. *s.* a foretoken. [a circuit.]
- Progress**, *prô-grés*. *s.* course; advancement;
- Progression**, *prô-grêsh-ôn*. *s.* process, regular and gradual advance.
- Progressive**, *prô-grêsh-siv*. *a.* going forward.
- Progressively**, *prô-grêsh-siv-lê*. *ad.* by regular course.
- Prohibit**, *prô-hîb-ît*. *v. a.* to forbid, to interdict.
- Prohibition**, *prô-hê-bîsh-ôn*. *s.* forbiddance, interdiction.
- Prohibitory**, *prô-hîb-bê-târ-ê*. *a.* forbidding.
- Project**, *prô-jêkt'*. *v. a.* to throw out, to cast forward; to scheme.
- Project**, *prô-jêkt*. *s.* scheme, contrivance.
- Projectile**, *prô-jêkt-îll*. *s.* a body put in motion.
- Projectile**, *prô-jêkt-îll*. *a.* impelled forward.
- Projection**, *prô-jêkt-shôn*. *s.* the act of shooting forward; plan, delineation; scheme.
- Projector**, *prô-jêkt-târ*. *s.* one who forms schemes or designs.
- Prolate**, *prô-lâ-tê'*. *v. a.* to pronounce.
- Prolation**, *prô-lâ-shôn*. *s.* utterance.
- Prolifick**, *prô-îlf-îk*. *a.* fruitful, generative.
- Prolix**, *prô-îlks'*. *a.* long, tedious.
- Prolixity**, *prô-îlks-ê-tê*. *s.* tediousness. [ly.]
- Prolisly**, *prô-îlks-lê*. *ad.* at great length, tedious.
- Prolocutor**, *prô-lôk-û-târ*. *s.* the speaker of a convocation.
- Prologue**, *prô-lôg*. *s.* introduction to a play
- Prolong**, *prô-lông*. *v. a.* to lengthen out.
- Prolongation**, *prô-lông-gâ-shôn*. *s.* delay to a longer time.
- Pronounced**, *prôm-mê-nêm*. *a.* standing out beyond the other parts, preponderant.
- Pronomence**, *prôm-mê-nên-sê*. } *s.* pronoun
Pronominal, *prôm-mê-nên-sê*. } ance.
- Promiscuous**, *prô-mîs-kô-ûs*. *a.* mingled, confused. [it to be conferred]
- Promise**, *prôm-mîz*. *s.* declaration of some bene
- Promise**, *prôm-mîz*. *v. n.* to assure one by a promise.
- Promiser**, *prôm-mîz-âr*. *s.* one who promises.
- Promissory**, *prôm-mîs-sûr-ê*. *a.* containing pro
- Promissory**, *prôm-mîs-sûr-ê*. *s.* confession of some benefit to be conferred.
- Promissory**, *prôm-mîs-sûr-ê-lê*. *ad.* by way of promise.
- Promontory**, *prôm-môn-târ-ê*. *s.* a headland, a cape, high land jutting into the sea.
- Promote**, *prô-môtê'*. *v. a.* to forward, to advance; to elevate, to exalt, to prefer.
- Promoter**, *prô-môtê-âr*. *s.* advancer, forwarder, encourager.
- Promotion**, *prô-mô-shôn*. *s.* advancement, encouragement, exaltation to some new honour or rank, preferment.
- Prompt**, *prôm-t*. *a.* quick, ready; petulant ready without hesitation, wanting no new motive; ready, told down.
- Prompt**, *prôm-t*. *v. a.* to assist by private instruction, to help at a loss; to incite, to instigate; to remind, to act as a prompter.
- Prompter**, *prôm-târ*. *s.* one who helps a public speaker, by suggesting the word to him when he falters; an admonisher, a reminder.
- Promptitude**, *prôm-tê-tûdê*. *s.* readiness, quickness
- Promptly**, *prôm-tê*. *ad.* readily, quickly, expeditiously. [a activity.]
- Promptness**, *prôm-tên-sê*. *s.* readiness, quickness
- Promulgate**, *prô-mûl-gâtê*. *v. a.* to publish, to make known by open declaration.
- Promulgation**, *prôm-mûl-gâ-shôn*. *s.* publication, open exhibition. [open teacher.]
- Promulgator**, *prôm-mûl-gâ-târ*. *s.* publisher
- Promulge**, *prô-mûl-gê'*. *v. a.* to promulgate, to publish, to teach openly. [gather]
- Promulger**, *prô-mûl-gâr*. *s.* publisher, promul-
- Prone**, *prô-nê*. *a.* bending downward; lying wide

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, háll;—òñ;—pònd;—thin, thia.

- the face downwards; precipitous, headlong; sloping; inclined, disposed.
- Prone**, prò-ne. *s.* the state of bending downwards; the state of lying with the face downwards; descent, declivity; inclination, disposition to ill.
- Pron**, pròng. *s.* a fork. [ture of a pronoun.
- Pronominal**, prò-nóm'-è-nál. *a.* having the nature of a noun or name.
- Pronoun**, prò-nòun. *s.* a word used instead of a noun or name.
- Pronounce**, prò-nòunse'. *v. a.* to speak, to utter; to utter solemnly; to utter confidently; to form or articulate by the organs of speech; to utter rhetorically.
- Pronounce**, prò-nòunse'. *v. a.* to speak with confidence or authority. [nounces.
- Pronounce**, prò-nòun-súr. *s.* one who pronounces.
- Pronunciation**, prò-nún-shè-à'-shún. *s.* act or mode of utterance.
- Proof**, pròóf. *s.* evidence, test, trial, experiment; firm temper; rough sheet of print.
- Proof**, pròóf. *a.* impenetrable.
- Proofless**, pròóf-lès. *a.* unproved.
- Prop**, pròp. *v. a.* to sustain, to support.
- Prop**, pròp. *s.* a support, a stay. [generate.
- Propagate**, pròp-à-gàte. *v. a.* to promote; to propagate.
- Propagation**, pròp-à-gà'-shún. *s.* continuance or diffusion by generation or successive production.
- Propel**, prò-pèl'. *v. a.* to drive forward.
- Propense**, prò-pènsè'. *a.* inclined, disposed
- Proper**, pròp-pür. *a.* peculiar; fit.
- Properly**, pròp-pür-lè. *ad.* fitly, suitably.
- Property**, pròp-pür-tè. *s.* quality; possession.
- Prophecy**, pròf-fè-sè. *s.* a prediction.
- Prophecy**, pròf-fè-sè. *v. a.* to predict.
- Prophet**, pròf-fèt. *s.* one who tells future events.
- Prophetess**, pròf-fèt-tès. *s.* a woman that foretells future events.
- Prophetic**, pròf-fèt-ik. } *a.* foretelling future events.
- Prophetic**, pròf-fèt-tè-kál. } *a.* foretelling future events.
- Propinquity**, prò-pìng'-kwè-tè. *s.* nearness.
- Propitiate**, prò-pìsh'-è-tè. *v. a.* to conciliate.
- Propitiation**, prò-pìsh'-è-à'-shún. *s.* the act of making propitious; an atonement.
- Propitiator**, prò-pìsh'-è-à'-túr. *a.* having the power to make propitious.
- Propitious**, prò-pìsh'-è-à. *a.* favourable, kind.
- Propitiousness**, prò-pìsh'-è-à-nès. *s.* favourable-ness, kindness.
- Proplasm**, prò-plázm. *s.* mould, matrix.
- Proponent**, prò-pò-nènt. *s.* one that makes a proposal.
- Proportion**, prò-pòr'-shún. *s.* comparative relation of one thing to another, ratio.
- Proportion**, prò-pòr'-shún. *v. a.* to adjust by comparative relations.
- Proportionable**, prò-pòr'-shún-à-bl. *a.* adjusted by comparative relation.
- Proportional**, prò-pòr'-shún-ál. *a.* having a set ratio.
- Proportionate**, prò-pòr'-shún-át. *a.* adjusted to something else according to a certain rate.
- Proposal**, prò-pò'-zál. *s.* scheme propounded.
- Propose**, prò-pòze'. *v. a.* to offer to the consideration.
- Proposition**, pròp-ò-zìsh'-ún. *s.* a sentence in which any thing is affirmed or decreed; proposal. [eration, to propose.
- Propound**, prò-pòund'. *v. a.* to offer to consider.
- Proprietor**, prò-pri'-è-túr. *s.* a possessor in his own right. [ness.
- Propriety**, prò-pri'-è-tè. *s.* exclusive right; justice.
- Propugn**, prò-pùne'. *v. a.* to defend, to vindicate. [forward.
- Propulsion**, prò-pùl'-shún. *s.* the act of driving forward.
- Prorogation**, pròr-rò-gà'-shún. *s.* prolongation; interruption of the session of parliament by royal authority.
- Prorogue**, prò-ròg'. *v. a.* to protract; to put off.
- Prosaic**, prò-zà-ik. *a.* resembling prose.
- Proscribe**, prò-skrìbe'. *v. a.* to censure capitally.
- Proscription**, prò-skrìp'-shún. *s.* doom to death or confiscation.
- Prose**, pròze. *s.* language not restrained to harmonick sounds or set number of syllables.
- Prosecute**, pròs-sè-kùte. *v. a.* to pursue to continue; to sue criminally.
- Prosecution**, pròs-sè-kù'-shún. *s.* pursuit, endeavour to carry on; suit against a man in a criminal cause. [purpose.
- Prosecutor**, pròs-sè-kù-túr. *s.* a pursuer of any criminal cause.
- Proselyte**, pròs-sè-lìto. *s.* a convert.
- Prosemination**, prò-sém-mè-nà'-shún. *s.* propagation by seed. [or prosody.
- Prosodian**, prò-sé'-dè-àn. *s.* one skilled in metre.

Fate, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèt;—pine, pîn;—

Prosody, prôs-sè-tè. *s.* the part of grammar which teaches the sound and quantity of syllables, and the measures of verse.

Prosopopœia, prôs-sò-pò-pè-yâ. *s.* personification, figure by which things are made persons.

Prospect, prôs-pèkt. *s.* a view. [landscape.]

Prospective, prò-spèk-tiv. *a.* viewing at a distance.

Prosper, prôs-pâr. *v. a.* to favour. [thrive.]

Prosper, prôs-pâr. *v. n.* to be successful; to prosper.

Prosperity, prôs-pèr-tè-tè. *s.* success, good fortune. [state.]

Prosperous, prôs-pâr-ûs. *a.* successful, fortunate.

Prospicience, prò-spèk-tè-è-nse. *s.* the act of looking forward. [for a reward.]

Prostitute, prôs-tè-tùt. *v. a.* to expose to crimes.

Prostitute, prôs-tè-tùt. *a.* sold to infamy or wickedness. [pet.]

Prostitute, prôs-tè-tùt. *s.* a hireling; a strumpet.

Prostitution, prôs-tè-tù-shùn. *s.* the state of being set to sale for vile purposes.

Prostrate, prôs-trât. *a.* lying at length.

Prostrate, prôs-trâte. *v. a.* to throw down; to fall down in adoration.

Prostration, prôs-trâ-shùn. *s.* the act of falling down in adoration.

Protect, prò-tèkt'. *v. a.* to defend. [from evil.]

Protection, prò-tèk'-shùn. *s.* a defence, shelter.

Protector, prò-tèk-tûr. *s.* a defender.

Protectorate, prò-tèk-tò-râte. *s.* government by a protector.

Protest, prò-tènd'. *v. a.* to hold out.

Protest, prò-tèst'. *v. n.* to give a solemn declaration of opinion or resolution.

Protest, prò-tèst'. *v. a.* to note the non-payment of a bill of exchange.

Protest, prò-tèst', or prò-tèst. *s.* a solemn declaration of opinion against something.

Protestant, prò-tèst-tânt. *a.* belonging to Protestants.

Protestant, prò-tèst-tânt. *s.* one who protests against the church of Rome.

Protestantism, prò-tèst-tân-tizm. *s.* the Protestant religion. [declaration.]

Protestation, prò-tèst-tân-shùn. *s.* a solemn declaration.

Prothonotary, prò-thôn'-nò-târ-è. *s.* the head register. [Urb.]

Protomartyr, prò-tò-mâr-tûr. *s.* the first mar-

Prototype, prò-tò-tîp. *s.* the original of a copy.

Protract, prò-trâkt'. *v. a.* to draw out, to delay to lengthen.

Protraction, prò-trâkt'-shùn. *s.* the act of drawing to length.

Protractive, prò-trâkt'-tiv. *a.* dilatory, delaying.

Protrude, prò-trùdè'. *v. a.* to thrust forward.

Protrusion, prò-trùdè'-zhùn. *s.* the act of thrusting forward. [swelling above the rest.]

Protuberance, prò-tù-bèr-ânse. *s.* something protuberant.

Protuberant, prò-tù-bèr-ânt. *a.* swelling, prominent.

Proud, pròud. *a.* elated; haughty; salacious.

Proudly, pròud-lè. *ad.* arrogantly.

Prove, pròv. *v. a.* to evince; to try.

Provender, pròv'-vèu-dûr. *s.* dry food for brutes hay and corn. [adage.]

Proverb, pròv'-vèrb. *s.* a common saying, an adage.

Proverbial, pròv'-vèr-bè-âl. *a.* mentioned in a proverb.

Provide, prò-vîdè'. *v. a.* to procure.

Providence, pròv'-vè-dèns. *s.* foresight; the care of God over created beings; frugality.

Provident, pròv'-vè-dènt. *a.* forecasting, cautious. [Providence.]

Providential, pròv'-vè-dèn'-shâl. *a.* effected by Providence.

Providently, pròv'-vè-dènt-tè. *ad.* with foresight, with wise precaution. [procures.]

Provider, prò-vî-dûr. *s.* he who provides or procures.

Province, pròv'-vîns. *s.* a country governed by a delegate. [ince.]

Provincial, pròv'-vîn-shâl. *a.* relating to a province.

Provincial, pròv'-vîn-shâl. *s.* a spiritual governor.

Provinciate, pròv'-vîn-shè-âte. *v. a.* to turn to a province.

Provision, prò-vîzh'-ân. *s.* the act of providing beforehand; measures taken; victuals.

Provisional, prò-vîzh'-ân-âl. *a.* temporarily established.

Proviso, prò-vî-zò. *s.* stipulation.

Provocation, pròv'-vò-kè-shùn. *s.* cause of anger.

Provocative, pròv'-vò-kè-tiv. *s.* any thing which provokes a decayed appetite.

Provoke, prò-vòkè'. *v. a.* to rouse, to incense.

Provokingly, pròv'-vò-kèng-tè. *ad.* in such a manner as to raise anger.

Provost, pròv'-vòst. *s.* the chief of any body as, the provost of a college.

no. move, nór, nót; —túbe, túb, búll; —dñ; —póund; —thin, THIS.

- Prow**, prób, or pró. *s.* the head or forepart of a ship.
- Prowess**, prób'-és, or pró'-és. *s.* bravery, valour, military gallantry.
- Prowl**, próbl. *v. a.* to wander for prey.
- Proximate**, próks'-é-mát. *a.* next, near.
- Proximity**, próks'-ím'-é-te. *s.* nearness.
- Proxy**, próks'-é. *s.* the substitution of another.
- Prude**, pródd. *s.* a woman over-nice and scrupulous. [practice.]
- Prudence**, prób'-dénse. *s.* wisdom applied to Prudent, prób'-dént. *a.* practically wise.
- Prudential**, prób'-dén'-shál. *a.* eligible on principles of prudence. [dence.]
- Prudentials**, prób'-dén'-sháls. *s.* maxims of prudence.
- Prudently**, prób'-dént-lé. *ad.* discreetly.
- Prudery**, prób'-ér-é. *s.* overmuch nicety in conduct.
- Prudish**, prób'-ish. *a.* affectedly grave.
- Prune**, próbn. *v. a.* to lop. to divest trees of their superfluities.
- Prune**, próbn. *s.* a dried plum.
- Prunello**, prób'-nèl'-lò. *s.* a kind of stuff.
- Prurience**, prób'-ré-éuse. *s.* an itching or great desire.
- Prurient**, prób'-ré-ént. *a.* itching.
- Pry**, pri. *v. n.* to peep narrowly.
- Psalm**, sálm. *s.* a holy song.
- Psalmist**, sál'-míst. *s.* a writer of holy songs.
- Psalmody**, sál'-mò-dé. *s.* the act of singing holy songs.
- Psalter**, sáwl'-túr. *s.* a psalm book.
- Psaltery**, sáwl'-túr-é. *s.* a kind of harp benten with sticks.
- Pshaw**, sháw. *interj.* an expression of contempt.
- Ptisan**, úz-zán'. *s.* a medicinal drink.
- Puberty**, pù-bér-té. *s.* the time of life in which the two sexes begin first to be acquainted.
- Pubescence**, pù-bés'-sèuse. *s.* the state of arriving at puberty.
- Publican**, pùb'-lè-kán. *s.* a man that keeps a house of general entertainment; a toll-gatherer. [lishing.]
- Publication**, pùb'-lè-ká'-shán. *s.* the act of publishing.
- Publick**, pùb'-lík. *a.* belonging to a state or nation; open, notorious. [tion.]
- Publick**, pùb'-lík. *s.* the general body of a nation.
- Publickly**, pùb'-lík-lé. *ad.* openly.
- Publish**, pùb'-lish. *v. a.* to make known.
- Publisher**, pùb'-lish-ér. *s.* one who makes publick; one who puts out a book into the world.
- Pucelage**, pù'-sèl'-é-dje. *s.* a state of virginity.
- Pucker**, pùk'-kúr. *v. a.* to gather into wrinkles to contract into folds.
- Pudder**, pùd'-dúr. *s.* a tumult.
- Pudder**, pùd'-dúr. *v. a.* to perplex, to disturb.
- Pudding**, pùd'-ding. *s.* a kind of food variously compounded. [plash.]
- Puddle**, pùd'-dl. *s.* a small muddy lake, a dirty
- Pudicity**, pù-dís'-sè-té. *s.* modesty, chastity.
- Puerile**, pù'-é-ríl. *a.* childish, toyish.
- Puerility**, pù'-é-ríl'-é-té. *s.* childishness.
- Puff**, pùf. *s.* a small blast of wind; a fungus; any thing light and porous; something to sprinkle powder on the hair.
- Puff**, pùf. *v. a.* to swell as with wind; to blow up with praise.
- Puffy**, pùf'-fè. *a.* windy, flatulent; turgid.
- Pug**, pùg. *s.* a kind name of a monkey.
- Pugnacious**, pùg-ná'-shús. *a.* inclinable to fight, quarrelsome.
- Pugnacity**, pùg-nás'-sè-té. *s.* quarrelsomeness, inclination to fight.
- Puisne**, pù-nè. *a.* young, younger. [force]
- Puissance**, pù'-ls-sàuse. *s.* power, strength.
- Puissant**, pù'-ls-sánt. *a.* powerful.
- Puke**, pùke. *s.* a vomit.
- Puke**, pùke. *v. n.* to vomit.
- Pulchritude**, pùl'-kré-túde. *s.* beauty.
- Pule**, pùle. *v. n.* to cry like a chicken.
- Pull**, pùll. *v. a.* to draw forcibly.
- Pull**, pùll. *s.* the act of pulling.
- Pullet**, pùl'-lít. *s.* a young hen. [cord]
- Pulley**, pùl'-lé. *s.* a small wheel for a running
- Pulmonary**, pùl'-mò-nár-é. *a.* belonging to the lungs.
- Pulp**, pùlp. *s.* the soft part of fruit.
- Pulpit**, pùl'-pit. *s.* a place raised on high, where a speaker stands; the higher desk in a church.
- Pulpous**, pùp'-ús. *a.* soft.
- Pulsation**, pùl-sá'-shún. *s.* the act of beating with quick strokes against any thing opposing
- Pulse**, pùlse. *s.* the motion of any artery as the blood is driven through it. [der]
- Pulverize**, pùl'-vèr-ize. *v. a.* to reduce to powder.
- Pulvil**, pùl'-vl. *s.* sweet scents.

Fâs, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plue, pîn;—

- Pulvil**, pûl'-vîl. *n. a.* to sprinkle with perfumes in powder.
- Pumice**, pû'-mîs. *s.* a cinder of some fossil.
- Pump**, pûmp. *s.* an engine by which water is drawn up from wells; a kind of shoe.
- Pump**, pûmp. *v. n.* to work a pump.
- Pump**, pûmp. *v. a.* to examine artfully.
- Pun**, pûn. *s.* an equivocation, a quibble.
- Pun**, pûn. *v. n.* to quibble.
- Punch**, pûnsh. *v. a.* to bore or perforate by driving a sharp instrument.
- Punch**, pûnsh. *s.* a pointed instrument; a liquor; the harlequin of a puppet-show.
- Punchoon**, pûnsh'-ûn. *s.* a measure of liquids.
- Punctilio**, pûngk'-lî'-yô. *s.* nicety of behaviour.
- Punctilious**, pûngk'-lî'-yôs. *a.* nice, exact.
- Puncto**, pûngk'-tô. *s.* the point in fencing.
- Punctual**, pûngk'-tshû'-âi. *a.* exact, nice.
- Punctuality**, pûngk'-tshû'-âi'-e-tê. *s.* nicety.
- Punctually**, pûngk'-tshû'-âi'-ê. *ad.* nicely, exactly.
- Punctuation**, pûngk'-tshû'-k'-shûn. *s.* the act or method of pointing.
- Puncture**, pûngk'-tshûre. *s.* a hole made with a sharp point.
- Pungency**, pûn'-jên-sê. *s.* power of pricking; acrimony.
- Pungent**, pûn'-jên-t. *s.* pricking; acrimonious.
- Puniness**, pû'-nê-nês. *s.* smallness.
- Punish**, pûn'-nêh. *v. a.* to chastise.
- Punishment**, pûn'-nêh-mên-t. *s.* an infliction imposed in vengeance of a crime.
- Punition**, pû'-nêh'-ûn. *s.* punishment.
- Punk**, pûngk. *s.* a common prostitute.
- Punster**, pûn'-stûr. *s.* a quibbler, a low wit.
- Puny**, pû'-nê. *a.* young; inferior, petty.
- Pup**, pûp. *v. n.* to bring forth whelps.
- Pupil**, pû'-pîl. *s.* the apple of the eye; a scholar.
- Pupilage**, pû'-pîl'-âje. *s.* state of being a scholar, wardship, minority. [or ward.]
- Pupillary**, pû'-pîl'-âr-ê. *a.* pertaining to a pupil.
- Puppet**, pûp'-î-t. *s.* a small image moved by men in a mock drama.
- Puppetshow**, pûp'-pî-t-shû. *s.* a mock drama performed by puppets. [fellow.]
- Puppy**, pûp'-pê. *s.* a whelp; an impertinent
- Purblind**, pûr'-blînd. *a.* near-sighted.
- Purchase**, pûr'-tshûs. *v. a.* to buy for a price; to obtain at any expense
- Purchase**, pûr'-tshûs. *s.* any thing bought or obtained for a price.
- Purchaser**, pûr'-tshûs-ûr. *s.* a buyer.
- Pure**, pûrs. *a.* not sullied; clear; chaste.
- Purely**, pûr'-lê. *ad.* in a pure manner.
- Purgation**, pûr'-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of cleansing.
- Purgative**, pûr'-gâ'-tîv. *a.* cathartic.
- Purge**, pûrdje. *v. a.* to cleanse, to clear.
- Purge**, pûrdje. *s.* a cathartic medicine
- Purification**, pûr'-rê-sê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of making pure. [er to make pure.]
- Purificatory**, pûr'-rê-sê-kâ' tûr-ê. *a.* having power
- Purifier**, pûr'-rê-sê-kâ' tûr-ê. *s.* cleanser, refiner.
- Purify**, pûr'-rê-sê. *v. a.* to make pure.
- Puritan**, pûr'-rê-tân. *s.* a sectary. [ritans]
- Puritanical**, pûr'-rê-tân'-nê-kâi. *a.* relating to Purity.
- Purity**, pûr'-rê-tê. *s.* cleanness; chastity.
- Purl**, pûrl. *s.* a kind of laco; a medicated malt liquor. [the noise]
- Purl**, pûrl. *v. n.* to murmur, to flow with a gen
- Purlieu**, pûr'-lî. *s.* border, enclosure.
- Purloin**, pûr'-lîu. *v. a.* to steal, to take by theft
- Purple**, pûr'-pl. *a.* red tinged with blue.
- Purplish**, pûr'-pl'-sh. *a.* somewhat purple
- Purport**, pûr'-pûrt. *v.* design, tendency
- Purport**, pûr'-pûrt. *v. n.* to intend, to show.
- Purpose**, pûr'-pûs. *s.* intention, design.
- Purpose**, pûr'-pûs. *v. n.* to intend.
- Purposely**, pûr'-pûs-lê. *ad.* by design.
- Purr**, pûr. *v. n.* to murmur as a cat.
- Purse**, pûrsê. *s.* a small bag for money.
- Purse**, pûrsê. *v. a.* to contract as a purse.
- Purseproud**, pûrsê-prôbd. *a.* puffed up with money.
- Purser**, pûr'-sûr. *s.* the paymaster of a ship.
- Pursiness**, pûr'-sê-nês. *s.* shortness of breath.
- Pursuable**, pûr'-sû-â-bl. *a.* what may be pursued
- Pursuance**, pûr'-sû-ânse. *s.* process.
- Pursuant**, pûr'-sû-ânt. *a.* done in consequence or prosecution of any thing. [to imitate]
- Pursue**, pûr'-sû. *v. a.* to chase; to prosecute
- Pursuit**, pûr'-sû-tê. *s.* the act of following.
- Pursuivant**, pûr'-sû-ê-vânt. *s.* an attendant of the heralds.
- Pursy**, pûr'-sê. *a.* short breasted and fat.
- Purtenance**, pûr'-tên-ânse. *s.* the pluck of an animal. [and matter]
- Purulence**, pûr'-rû-lênse. *s.* generation of pu

nò, mòve, nòr, nèt;—tábe, táb, báll;—díl;—pòfud;—áin, TUM.

Purulent, pù-rù-lén. *a.* consisting of pus
Purvey, pùr-vá'. *v. n.* to buy in provisions.
Purveyance, pùr-vá'-áns. *s.* procurement of
victuals.

Purveyor, pùr-vá'-úr. *s.* a procurer.
Pus, pús. *s.* the matter of a well-digested sore.
Push, púsh. *v. a.* to thrust; to urge.
Push, púsh. *s.* thrust; an impulse; assault;
trial

Pushing, púsh'-ing. *a.* enterprising. [See.]
Pusillanimity, pù-sí-lán-ím'-mè-té. *s.* cowardly.
Pusillanimous, pù-sí-lán'-nè-mús. *a.* cowardly.

Puss, pús. *s.* a cat; a hare.
Pustule, pús'-tshùle. *s.* a pimple.
Pustulous, pús'-tshù-lús. *a.* pimply.
Put, pút. *v. a.* to lay; to place; to cause.
Put, pút. *s.* a rustick, a clown.

Putid, pù-úd. *a.* mean, low.
Putrefaction, pù-tré-fák'-shún. *s.* the state of
growing rotten.

Putrefactive, pù-tré-fák'-tiv. *a.* making rotten.
Putrefy, pù-tré-fí. *v. a.* to make rotten, to cor-
rupt. [ting.]

Putrescence, pù-trés'-sèns. *s.* the state of rot-
putrescent, pù-trés'-shnt. *a.* growing rotten.
Putrid, pù-tríd. *a.* rotten, corrupt.

Putty, pút'-tè. *s.* a kind of powder on which
glass is ground; cement used by glaziers.

Puzzle, púz'-zl. *v. a.* to perplex, to embarrass.
Puzzle, púz'-zl. *s.* embarrassment, perplexity.
Pygmean, plg-mè'-án. *a.* belonging to a pygmy.
Pygmy, plg-mè. *s.* a dwarf.

Pyramid, pí-r-á-míd. *s.* a solid figure, whose
base is a polygon, and whose sides are plane
triangles, their several points meeting in
one.

Pyramidal, pè-rám'-é-dál. } *v. a.* having the
Pyramidal, pí-r-á-míd'-é-kát. } form of a
pyramid.

Pyre, píre. *s.* a pile to be burnt.
Pyrites, pè-ní-téz. *s.* firestone.
Pyromancy, pí-r-ó-mán-sè. *s.* divination by fire.
Pyrotechnicks, pí-r-ó-ték'-níks. *s.* the art of
fireworks.

Pyrrhonism, pí-r-rò-níz-m. *s.* scepticism, uni-
versal doubt.

Pythagorean, pè-thág-ó-ré-án. *a.* founded on
the opinion of Pythagoras

Q.

QUACK, kwák. *v. n.* to try like a duck.
Quack, kwák. *s.* a boastful pretender to art
which he does not understand; a vain, boast-
ful pretender to physick.

Quackery, kwák'-kúr-é. *s.* mean or bad acts in
physick.

Quadragesimal, kwód-rá-jès'-sè-má. *s.* be-
longing to Lent.

Quadrangle, kwód-ráng-gl. *s.* a surface with
four right angles.

Quadrangular, kwá-drán'-gù-lár. *a.* square
having four right angles.

Quadrant, kwód-ránt. *s.* an instrument with
which latitudes are taken. [of a circle.]

Quadrantal, kwá-drán'-tál. *a.* in the fourth part
Quadrate, kwá'-dráte. *a.* square.

Quadrat, kwá'-dráte. *s.* a square. [square]

Quadratick, kwá-drát'-ík. *a.* belonging to a
Quadrantial, kwá-drén'-né-ál. *a.* happening
once in four years.

Quadrille, kwód-ré-bl. *a.* that may be squared
Quadrille, ká-dríl. *s.* a game at cards.

Quadrupartite, kwá-dríp'-pár-títe. *a.* divided
into four parts. [goes on four legs.]

Quadruped, kwód-drú-péd. *s.* an animal that
Quadruple, kwód-drú-pl. *a.* fourfold.

Quadruplication, kwód-drú-plè-ká-shún. *s.*
taking a thing four times.

Quære, kwé-ré. *s.* inquire, seek. [draughts.]

Quaff, kwáf. *v. a.* to drink, to swallow in large
Quagmire, kwág'-míre. *s.* a shaking marsh.

Quail, kwále. *s.* a bird of game. [fected]

Quaint, kwánt. *a.* minutely exact; neat; s.
Quaintly, kwánt-lé. *ad.* nicely, exactly; cri-
tically. [grace.]

Quaintness, kwánt'-nès. *s.* nicety, petty ele-
Quack, kwáke. *v. n.* to shake with cold or fear

Quaker, kwá'-kúr. *s.* a religious sectary.

Qualification, kwól-lè-fè-ká-shún. *s.* accom-
plishment; abatement.

Qualify, kwól-lè-fí. *v. a.* to fit for any thing
to accomplish; to abate; to regulate.

Quality, kwól-lè-té. *s.* nature relatively co-
sidered; property; rank.

Qualm, kwám. *s.* a sudden fit of sickness

Fâc, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pâc, pân;—

- Quailish, kwâm'-lsh. a.** seized with sickly languor.
Quandary, kwôn-dâ'-rê. s. a doubt, a difficulty.
Quantity, kwôn-tê-tê. s. bulk or weight; proportion; the measure of time in pronouncing a syllable.
Quantum, kwôn-tûm. s. the quantity.
Quarantine, kwôr-rân-tên'. s. forty days, being the time which a ship suspected of infection is obliged to forbear intercourse or commerce.
Quarrel, kwôr-rîl. s. a brawl, a scuffle.
Quarrel, kwôr-rîl. v. n. to debate, to squabble.
Quarrelsome, kwôr-rîl-sûm. a. inclined to brawls, choleric.
Quarrelsome, kwôr-rîl-sûm-nês. s. choleric, sickness, petulance.
Quarry, kwôr'-rê. s. game flown at by a hawk; a stone mine. [stones.
Quarry, kwôr'-rê. v. n. to prey upon, to dig out.
Quart, kwôr't. s. the fourth part of a gallon.
Quartan, kwôr-tân. s. the fourth-day ague.
Quarter, kwôr-târ. s. a fourth part; the place where soldiers are lodged; mercy granted by a conqueror; a measure of eight bushels.
Quarter, kwôr-târ. v. a. to divide into four parts; to lodge soldiers; to bear as appendage to hereditary arms. [ance.
Quarterage, kwôr-târ-îdjé. s. a quarterly allowance.
Quarterday, kwôr-târ-dâ. s. one of the four days in the year on which rent or interest is paid. [deck.
Quarterdeck, kwôr-târ-dêk. s. the short upper part.
Quarterly, kwôr-târ-lê. a. containing a fourth part.
Quarterly, kwôr-târ-lê. ad. once in a quarter.
Quartermaster, kwôr-târ-mâ-sûr. s. one who regulates the quarters of soldiers.
Quartern, kwôr-târ-n. s. a gill, the fourth part of a pint. [fence.
Quarterstaff, kwôr-târ-stâf. s. a staff of deerskins.
Quarto, kwôr-tô. s. a book in which every sheet makes four leaves.
Quash, kwôsh. v. a. to crush; to subdue.
**Quaternion, kwâ-têr-nê-ôn. } s. the number
 Quaternity, kwâ-têr-nê-tê. } four.
Quatrain, kwâ-têr-n. s. a stanza of four lines rhyming alternately.
Quaver, kwâ-vâr. v. n. to shake the voice.**
- Quay, kê. s.** an artificial bank, to the side of a river.
Quean, kwêno. s. a worthless woman.
Queasy, kwê-zê. a. fastidious, squeamish.
Queen, kwêen. s. the wife of a king, a supreme governess.
Queer, kwêér. a. odd, strange.
Queerly, kwêér-lê. ad. particularly, oddly.
Queerness, kwêér-nês. s. oddness, particularity.
Quail, kwêl. v. a. to crush, to subdue.
Quench, kwêns. v. a. to extinguish.
Querist, kwê-rîst. s. an inquirer.
Querulous, kwê-rû-lûs. a. mourning, habitually complaining.
Query, kwê-rê. s. a question.
Query, kwê-rê. v. a. to ask questions.
Quest, kwêst. s. act of seeking; an empaneled jury. [quy.
Question, kwê'-tshûn. s. interrogatory; inquiry.
Question, kwê'-tshûn. v. n. to inquire.
Question, kwê'-tshûn. v. a. to doubt, to be uncertain of. [disputable.
Questionable, kwê'-tshûn-â-bl. a. doubtful.
Questionless, kwê'-tshûn-lês. ad. certainly without doubt. [for prosecutions
Questman, kwêst'-mân. s. starter of lawsuits.
Questuary, kwêst'-tshû-â-rê. a. studious of profit.
Quibble, kwîb'-bl. v. n. to pun.
Quibble, kwîb'-bl. s. a low conceit, a pun.
Quibbler, kwîb'-bl-âr. s. a punster.
Quick, kwîk. a. living; swift.
Quick, kwîk. ad. nimbly, speedily. [thor.
Quick, kwîk. s. the living flesh; plants of hardy nature.
Quicken, kwîk'-kn. v. a. to make alive; to hasten.
Quicken, kwîk'-kn. v. n. to become alive.
Quicklime, kwîk'-îlme. s. lime unquenched.
Quickly, kwîk'-lê. ad. nimbly, speedily.
Quickness, kwîk'-nês. s. speed; activity.
Quicksand, kwîk'-sând. s. moving sand.
Quickset, kwîk'-sêt. s. living plant set to grow.
Quicksighted, kwîk'-sî-têd. a. having a sharp sight.
Quicksilver, kwîk'-sî-vâr. s. mercury.
Quiddity, kwîd'-jê-tê. s. essence; a cavil.
Quiescence, kwî-ês-sênsê. s. rest, repose.
Quiescent, kwî-ês-sênt. a. resting.
Quiet, kwî-êt. a. still, peaceable.

no, move, no, no; -tba, táb, háit; -dā, -dā; -shin, 7 Mia.

Quiet, kwí-ét. *v. a. to calm; to still.*
 Quietly, kwí-ét-lá. *ad. calmly; at rest.*
 Quietness, kwí-ét-lá. *s. coolness of temper; peace; stillness.*
 Quietude, kwí-ét-tá. *s. rest, repose.*
 Quill, kwíl. *s. the strong feather of the wing, of which a pen is made; dart of a porcupine.*
 Quilt, kwilt. *s. a cover of a bed*
 Quilt, kwilt. *v. a. to stitch cam cloth upon another with something soft between them.*
 Quince, kwínse. *s. a tree, the fruit.*
 Quincangular, kwín-kwáng'-gh-tár. *a. having five corners.*
 Quinquennial, kwín-kwén'-né-ál. *a. lasting five years, happening once in five years.*
 Quinsy, kwín-zé. *s. a tumid inflammation in the throat.*
 Quint, kínt. *s. a set of five.*
 Quintain, kwín-ín. *s. a post with a turning top.*
 Quintessence, kwín-tés-sense. *s. an extract from any thing containing all its virtues.*
 Quintuple, kwín-tú-pl. *a. fivefold.*
 Quip, kwíp. *s. a sharp jest, a taunt.*
 Quire, kwíre. *s. a body of singers; a bundle of paper consisting of twenty-four sheets.*
 Quire, kwíre. *v. z. to sing in concert.*
 Quirister, kwí-rís-tár. *s. a chorister.*
 Quirk, kwérk. *s. subtily, nicety.*
 Quit, kwít. *v. a. to discharge an obligation, to make even; to resign, to give up.*
 Quite, kwíte. *ad. completely, perfectly.*
 Quittance, kwít-rént. *s. small rent reserved.*
 Quittance, kwít-táns. *s. discharge.*
 Quiver, kwív-vír. *s. a case for arrows.*
 Quiver, kwív-vír. *v. z. to quake, to shiver.*
 Quolibet, kwó-lé-bét. *s. a nice point, a subtily.*
 Quon, kwóit. *s. something thrown to a great distance to a certain point.*
 Quondam, kwón-dám. *a. having been formerly.*
 Quorum, kwó-rúm. *s. a bench of justices, such a number of any officers as is sufficient to do business.*
 Quota, kwó-tá. *s. a share, a proportion.*
 Quotation, kwó-tá-shún. *s. citation; passage quoted.*
 Quote, kwóte. *v. a. to cite an author.*

Quoth, kwóth. *verb. imp. say or said.*
 Quotidian, kwó-tú-dám. *a. daily.*
 Quotient, kwó-shúnt. *s. the number produced by division.*

R.

RABBIT, ráb-bit. *s. a joint made by pairing two pieces so that they wrap over one another.*
 Rabbi, ráb-bé. } *s. a doctor among the Jews.*
 Rabbim, ráb-bín. }
 Rabbinical, ráb-bín'-é-kál. *a. belonging to the Rabbins.*
 Rabbit, ráb-bit. *s. a furry animal.*
 Rabble, ráb-bl. *s. a tumultuous crowd.*
 Rabid, ráb-íd. *a. fierce, furious.*
 Race, ráse. *s. a family; generation; a particular breed; contest in running; course.*
 Racehorse, ráse-hórsé. *s. a horse bred to run for prizes.* [speed]
 Racer, ráse-rúr. *s. runner, one that contends to*
 Raciness, rá-sé-nés. *s. the quality of being racy*
 Rack, rák. *s. an engine of torture; torture; a wooden grate in which hay is placed for cattle*
 Rack, rák. *v. a. to torment; to stretch; to draw off from the tees.* [most]
 Rack-rent, rák-rént. *s. rent raised to the utter*
 Racket, rák-kít. *s. a clattering noise; the instrument with which players strike the ball.*
 Racy, rá-sé. *a. strong, flavoured.*
 Radiance, rá-dé-ánsé. } *s. sparkling lustre.*
 Radiancy, rá-dé-ánsé. }
 Radiant, rá-dé-áns. *a. shining, brightly sparkling.*
 Radiate, rá-dé-áns. *v. z. to emit rays.*
 Radiation, rá-dé-á-shún. *s. hoamy lustre, emission of rays.*
 Radical, rád-dé-kál. *a. primitive, original.*
 Radically, rád-dé-kál-lé. *ad. originally.*
 Radicate, rád-dé-káts. *v. a. to root, to plow deeply.*
 Radish, rád-dísh. *s. a well known root.* [cic]
 Radius, rá-dé-ús. *s. the semi-diameter of a circle.*
 Raffle, ráf-fl. *v. z. to cast dice for a prize*
 Raffle, ráf-fl. *s. a species of game or lottery.*
 Raft, ráft. *s. a float made by laying pieces of timber cross each other.* [house]
 Rafter, ráf-tár. *s. the secondary timbers of a*

Rā, rā, rā, rā;—mā, mā;—pā, pā;—

- Rag, rāg.** *s.* a piece of cloth torn from the rest, a tatter; worn out clothes. [fellow.]
- Ragamuffin, rāg-ē-mūf-flū.** *s.* a paltry, mean
- Rage, rāje.** *s.* violent anger, vehement fury.
- Rage, rāje.** *v. n.* to be in a fury, to be hoated with excessive anger. [in tatters.]
- Ragged, rāg-gīd.** *a.* rent into tatters; dressed
- Ragingly, rā-jīng-lē.** *ad.* with vehement fury.
- Ragman, rāg-mān.** *s.* one who deals in rags
- Ragout, rā-gōt.** *s.* meat stewed and highly seasoned. [two upright posts.]
- Rail, rāle.** *s.* a cross beam fixed in the ends of
- Rail, rāle.** *v. a.* to enclose with rails.
- Rail, rāle.** *v. n.* to use insolent and reproachful language. [ful language.]
- Railing, rā-jīng.** *s.* a series of rails; reproach-
- Railery, rā-jīr-ē.** *s.* slight satire.
- Raiment, rā-mēnt.** *s.* vesture, dress.
- Rain, rāne.** *v. n.* to fall in drops from the clouds; to fall as rain. [clouds.]
- Rain, rāne.** *v.* the moisture that falls from the
- Rainbow, rāne-bō.** *s.* the iris, the semicircle of various colours which appears in showery weather.
- Rainy, rāne-ē.** *a.* showery, wet.
- Raise, rāze.** *v. a.* to lift; to erect; to exalt; to advance; to excite.
- Raisin, rā-zā.** *s.* a dried grape.
- Rake, rāke.** *s.* an instrument with teeth; a loose, disorderly fellow.
- Rake, rāke.** *v. a.* to gather with a rake; to search with eager and vehement diligence; to fire on a ship in the direction of head and stern.
- Rakish, rāket-īsh.** *a.* loose, dissolute.
- Rally, rā-lē.** *v. a.* to put disordered forces into order; to treat with satirical merriment.
- Ram, rām.** *s.* a male sheep; an instrument to batter walls.
- Ram, rām.** *v. a.* to drive with violence.
- Ramble, rām-ol.** *v. n.* to rove loosely and irregularly.
- Ramble, rām-bl.** *s.* irregular excursion.
- Rambler, rām-bl-ār.** *s.* rover, wanderer.
- Ramification, rām-mē-ē-kā-shūn.** *s.* division or separation into branches, the act of branching. [branches.]
- Rainy, rām-ūē-fī.** *v. a.* to separate into
- Rammer, rām-mār.** *s.* an instrument with which any thing is driven hard.
- Ramous, rā-mōs.** *a.* branchy.
- Ramp, rāmp.** *v. n.* to leap with violence; to climb as a plant.
- Ramp, rāmp.** *s.* leap, spring. [ing restrain.]
- Rampant, rāmp-ānt.** *a.* exuberant, overgrow
- Rampart, rām-pārt.** *s.* the wall round forti
- Rampire, rām-pīre.** } fixed places.
- Ran, rān.** *pret.* of *run*.
- Rancid, rān-sīd.** *a.* strong-scented.
- Rancidness, rān-sīd-nēs.** } *s.* strong scent.
- Rancidity, rān-sīd-ē-lē.** }
- Rancorous, rāng-kōr-ōs.** *a.* malignant.
- Rancour, rāng-kōr.** *s.* inveterate malignity.
- Random, rān-dām.** *s.* want of direction.
- Random, rān-dām.** *a.* done by chance.
- Rang, rāng.** *pret.* of *ring*. [over.]
- Range, rānje.** *v. a.* to place in order; to rove
- Range, rānje.** *s.* a rank; a class; excursion room for excursion.
- Ranger, rān-jār.** *s.* a rover; an officer who tends the game of a forest.
- Rank, rāngk.** *a.* high growing, luxuriant; strong-scented; gross, coarse.
- Rank, rāngk.** *s.* line of men placed abreast; a row; class.
- Rank, rāngk.** *v. a.* to place abreast; to range in any particular class.
- Rankle, rāngk-kl.** *v. n.* to fester.
- Rankly, rāngk-lē.** *ad.* coarsely, grossly.
- Rankness, rāngk-nēs.** *s.* exuberance, superfluity of growth. [narrow'y.]
- Ransack, rān-sāk.** *v. n.* to plunder; to search
- Ransom, rān-sōm.** *s.* price paid for liberty.
- Ransom, rān-sōm.** *v. a.* to redeem.
- Rant, rānt.** *v. a.* to rave in violent or t. g. sounding language.
- Rant, rānt.** *s.* high-sounding language.
- Rantipole, rānt-ē-pōle.** *a.* wild, rakish.
- Rap, rāp.** *v. n.* to strike with a quick, smart blow
- Rap, rāp.** *s.* a quick, smart blow.
- Rapacious, rā-pās-ē-shās.** *a.* given to plunder seizing by violence.
- Rapacity, rā-pās-ē-tē.** *s.* addictedness to plunder, exercise of plunder.
- Rape, rāpe.** *s.* violent defloration of chastity something snatched away; a plunder.

nó, móre, nár, nót; —tábe, táb, bóll; —ón; —pómal; —éin, THIS.

Rapid, ráp/íd. *a.* quick, swift.
 Rapidity, rá-píd' é-té. *s.* velocity, swiftness.
 Rapidly, ráp-íd-lé. *ad.* swiftly. [thrusting.
 Rapier, rá'-pé-ér. *s.* a small sword used only in
 Rapine, ráp'-ín. *s.* violence, force.
 Rapture, ráp'-tshúre. *s.* ecstacy, transport.
 Rapturous, ráp'-tshúr-ús. *a.* ecstasick, trans-
 porting.
 Rare, ráre. *a.* scarce, uncommon; subtle.
 Rarefaction, rá-ré-fák'-shón. *s.* extension of the
 parts of a body.
 Rarefy, rá-ré-fl. *v. a.* to make thin.
 Rarefy, rá-ré-fl. *v. n.* to become thin.
 Rarely, ráre'-lé. *ad.* seldom; finely.
 Rareness, ráre'-nés. } *s.* uncommonness.
 Rarity, rá-ré-té. }
 Rascal, rás-kál. *s.* a mean fellow, a scoundrel.
 Rascalion, rás-kál'-yón. *s.* one of the lowest
 people.
 Rascally, rás-kál'-é. *a.* mean, worthless.
 Raze, ráze. *v. a.* to skim, to strike on the sur-
 face; to destroy.
 Rash, rásh. *a.* hasty, precipitate.
 Rash, rásh. *s.* a breaking out.
 Rasher, rásh'-úr. *s.* a thin slice of bacon.
 Rashly, rásh'-lé. *ad.* hastily, violently. [ger.
 Rashness, rásh'-nés. *s.* foolish contempt of dan-
 Rasp, rásp. *s.* a berry; a rough file.
 Rasp, rásp. *v. a.* to rub to powder.
 Raspberry, rás'-bér-é. *s.* a kind of berry.
 Rasure, rá'-zhúre. *s.* the act of scraping; a
 mark in a writing where something has been
 rubbed out.
 Rat rát. *s.* an animal of the moussé kind.
 Ratable, rá'-tá bl. *a.* set at a certain value.
 Ratafia, rát á-té-á. *s.* a fine liquor, prepared
 from the kernels of apricots and spirits.
 Ratan rát-tán'. *s.* an Indian cane.
 Rate, ráte. *s.* price fixed; degree; quantity as-
 signable: tax imposed by the parish.
 Rate, ráte. *v. a.* to value; to chide hastily.
 Rath, ráth. *a.* early, coming before the time.
 Rather, ráth'-úr. *ad.* more willingly; prefera-
 bly. [fruit kernels.
 Ratifia, rát-é-téé. *s.* a liquor flavoured with
 Ratification, rát-té-té-ká'-shón. *s.* confirmation.
 Ratify, rát-té-fl. *v. a.* to confirm, to settle.
 Ratio rá'-shé-ó. *s.* proportion

Ratiocinate, rásh-é-ús'-é-náte. *v. a.* to reason, to
 argue.
 Ratiocination, rásh-é-ús-é-ná'-shón. *s.* the act
 of reasoning. [wise.
 Rational, rásh'-ón-ál. *a.* agreeable to reason; }
 Rationality, rásh-é-ó-nál'-é-té. *s.* the power of
 reasoning.
 Rationally, rásh'-ón-ál-é. *ad.* reasonably.
 Ratsbane, ráts'-báne. *s.* arsenick.
 Rattle, rá't-íl. *v. n.* to make a quick, sharp noise,
 to speak eagerly and noisily.
 Rattle, rá't-íl. *s.* a quick noise nimble repeated
 empty and loud talk; an instrument which
 agitated makes a chattering noise.
 Rattlesnake, rá't-ú-snáke. *s.* a kind of serpent.
 Ravage, ráv'-vldje. *v. a.* to lay waste.
 Ravage, ráv'-vldje. *s.* spoil, ruin, waste.
 Ravager, ráv'-vldje-úr. *s.* plunderer, spoiler.
 Rave, ráve. *v. n.* to be delirious; to burst out
 into furious exclamations.
 Ravel, ráv'-vl. *v. a.* to entangle.
 Ravelin, ráv'-lín. *s.* a half moon in fortification
 Raven, rá'-vn. *s.* a large black fowl.
 Raven, ráv'-vn. *v. a.* to devour with great ea-
 gerness and rapacity.
 Ravenous, ráv'-vn-ús. *a.* voracious.
 Ravenousness, ráv'-vu-ús-nés. *s.* rage for prey,
 furious voracity.
 Ravin, ráv'-ín. *s.* prey; rapine.
 Ravish, ráv'-ish. *v. a.* to constuprate by force-
 to take away by violence; to delight.
 Ravisher, ráv'-ish-úr. *s.* one who takes any
 thing by violence. [port, rapture.
 Ravishment, ráv'-ish-mént. *s.* violation; trans
 Raw, ráw. *a.* not subdued by the fire; not cov-
 ered with the skin; bleak, chill.
 Rawboned, ráw'-bónd. *a.* having bones scarce-
 ly covered with flesh. [skillfulness
 Rawness, ráw'-nés. *s.* state of being raw -
 Ray, rá. *s.* a beam of light; a fish.
 Raze, ráze. *s.* a root of ginger.
 Raze, ráze. *v. a.* to overthrow; to efface.
 Razor, rá'-zhr. *s.* a knife used in shaving.
 Razure, rá'-zhúre. *s.* act of erasing;
 Reaccess, ré-ák-sés'. *s.* visit renewed.
 Reach, résh. *v. a.* to touch with the hand or
 tended; to arrive at; to extend.
 Reach, résh. *s.* act of reaching or bringing to

Fâs; fâr, fâh, fât;—mê, mêt;—pîne, ph;—

- extension of the hand; power; contrivance, artful scheme.
- React**, ré-âk'. *n. a.* to return the impression.
- Reaction**, ré-âk'-siôn. *s.* the reciprocation of any impulse or force impressed.
- Read**, réed. *v. a. pret. read*; *part. pass. read.* to peruse; to discover.
- Read**, réd. *part. a.* skillful by reading.
- Reademption**, ré-âd-ép'-siôn. *s.* recovering, act of regaining.
- Reader**, réâd'-ôr. *s.* one who reads.
- Readily**, réâd'-lê. *ad.* expeditely, with little hindrance or delay. [titude; facility]
- Readiness**, réd'-dê-nês. *s.* expediteness, promptitude.
- Reading**, réed'-ing. *s.* study, perusal of books; a lecture.
- Readmission**, ré-âd-mîsî'-ôn. *s.* the act of admitting again.
- Readmit**, ré-âd-mît'. *v. a.* to let in again.
- Ready**, réd'-dê. *a.* prompt; prepared; willing; near; opportune. [mation.]
- Reaffirmance**, ré-âf-fêr'-mânse. *s.* second affirmation.
- Real**, ré-âl. *a.* true, genuine.
- Reality**, ré-âl'-é-tê. *s.* truth, what is. [act.]
- Realize**, ré-âl-ize. *v. a.* to bring into being or
- Really**, ré-âl-ê. *ad.* with actual existence; truly.
- Realm**, rélm. *s.* a kingdom.
- Ream**, réme. *s.* a bundle of paper containing twenty quires. [life.]
- Reanimate**, ré-ân'-né-mâte. *v. a.* to restore to
- Reannex**, ré-ân-nêks'. *v. a.* to annex again.
- Reap**, répe. *v. a.* to cut corn; to gather, to obtain.
- Reaper**, ré-pôr. *s.* one that cuts corn at harvest.
- Rear**, rére. *s.* the hinder troop; the last class.
- Rear**, rére. *a.* half roasted, half sodden.
- Rear**, rére. *v. a.* to raise up; to educate; to rouse. [ter part.]
- Rearward**, rére'-wârd. *s.* the last troop; the last
- Reascend**, ré-âs-sênd'. *v. n.* to climb again.
- Reason**, ré-zâ. *s.* cause, principle; argument, motive. [bate.]
- Reason**, ré-zâ. *v. n.* to argue rationally; to de-
- Reasonable**, ré-zâ-â-bl. *a.* having the faculty of reason; agreeable to reason.
- Reasonably**, ré-zâ-â-blê. *ad.* agreeably to reason; moderately. [guer.]
- Reasoner**, ré-zâ-ôr. *s.* one who reasons, an ar-
- Reasoning**, ré-zâ-ing. *s.* argument.
- Reassemble**, ré-âs-sênt'-bl. *v. a.* to collect anew.
- Reassume**, ré-âs-sûme'. *v. a.* to resume, to take again.
- Reassure**, ré-â-sûre'. *v. a.* to free from fear.
- Reave**, réve. *v. a.* to take away by stealth.
- Rebaptize**, ré-bâp-tize'. *v. a.* to baptizo again
- Rebate**, ré-bâte'. *v. a.* to blunt.
- Rebeck**, ré-rêk. *s.* a three-stringed fiddle
- Rebel**, rébêl'-ê. *s.* one who opposes lawful authority. [lawful authority.]
- Rebel**, ré-bêl'. *v. n.* to rise in opposition against
- Rebellion**, ré-bêl'-yôn. *s.* insurrection against lawful authority. [authority.]
- Rebellious**, ré-bêl'-yâs. *a.* opponent to lawful
- Rebellow**, ré-bêl'-lô. *v. n.* to echo back a loud noise.
- Rebound**, ré-bôund'. *v. n.* to spring back.
- Rebound**, ré-bôund'. *s.* resiliency.
- Rebuff**, ré-bûf'. *s.* repulsion, quick and sudden resistance.
- Rebuff**, ré-bûf'. *v. a.* to beat back.
- Rebuild**, ré-bild'. *v. a.* to re-edify.
- Rebuke**, ré-bûke'. *v. a.* to chide. [pression]
- Rebuke**, ré-bûke'. *s.* reprehension, chiding or
- Rebus**, ré-bûs. *s.* a kind of riddle.
- Recall**, ré-kâll'. *v. a.* to call back, to revoke.
- Recall**, ré-kâll'. *s.* revocation.
- Recant**, ré-kânt'. *v. a.* to retract, to recall.
- Recantation**, ré-kân-tâ'-siôn. *s.* retraction.
- Recapitulate**, ré-kâ-pt'-tshû-lâte. *v. a.* to repeat again distinctly.
- Recapitulation**, ré-kâ-pt'-tshû-lâ'-siôn. *s.* distinct repetition of the principal points.
- Recede**, ré-sêd'. *v. n.* to fall back; to desert.
- Receipt**, ré-sête'. *s.* the act of receiving; a note by which money is acknowledged to have been received; prescription of ingredients.
- Receivable**, ré-sê-vâ-bl. *a.* capable of being received.
- Receive**, ré-sêve'. *v. a.* to take; to admit.
- Receiver**, ré-sê-vûr. *s.* one who receives; a vessel.
- Recent**, ré-sênt. *a.* new; late.
- Recently**, ré-sênt-lê. *ad.* newly, freshly.
- Recentness**, ré-sênt-nês. *s.* newness, freshness.
- Receptacle**, ré-sêp-tâ-kl. *s.* a vessel or place into which any thing is received.

nò, mōve, nōr, pū;—tūbe, tūb, būll;—dū;—pōnd;—chū, THIS.

- Reception**, rē-sēp'-shūn. *s.* the act of receiving; the state of being received.
- Receptive**, rē-sēp'-līv. *a.* having the quality of admitting what is communicated.
- Recess**, rē-sēs'. *s.* retirement, retreat; suspension of any procedure.
- Recession**, rē-sēs'h'-shūn. *s.* the act of retreating.
- Recharge**, rē-tshānjō'. *v. a.* to change again.
- Recharge**, rē-tshānjō'. *v. a.* to accuse in return; to attack anew.
- Recipe**, rēs'-sē-pē. *s.* a medical prescription.
- Recipient**, rē-sēp'-pē-ēt. *s.* a receiver. [tual.]
- Reciprocal**, rē-sēp'-prō-kāl. *a.* alternate; mutual.
- Reciprocate**, rē-sēp'-prō-kāte. *v. n.* to act interchangeably, to alternate. [terchanged.]
- Reciprocation**, rē-sēp'-prō-kāl'-shūn. *s.* action in return.
- Reciprocity**, rēs'-ē-prōs'-ē-tō. *s.* mutual return.
- Recession**, rē-sēs'-shūn. *s.* the act of cutting off.
- Retical**, rē-ā'-tāl. } *s.* repetition, rehearsal.
- Recitation**, rēs'-sē-tā'-shūn. } *s.* a kind of recitation.
- Recitative**, rēs'-sē-tā-tēv'. } *s.* a kind of recitation.
- Recitativo**, rēs'-sē-tā-tēv'-ō. } *s.* tuneful pronunciation; chant.
- Recite**, rē-sit'. *v. a.* to rehearse.
- Reckless**, rēk'-lēs. *a.* careless, heedless.
- Reckon**, rēk'-kn. *v. a.* to number, to esteem.
- Reckoner**, rēk'-kn-ēr. *s.* one who computes.
- Reckoning**, rēk'-kn-īng. *s.* computation, calculation; money charged by a host.
- Reclaim**, rē-klām'. *v. a.* to reform; to tame.
- Recline**, rē-klīn'. *v. a.* to lean back or sidewise.
- Reclose**, rē-klōzē'. *v. a.* to close again.
- Recluse**, rē-klūdō'. *v. a.* to open.
- Recluse**, rē-klūsē'. *a.* shut up, retired.
- Recluse**, rē-klūsē'. *s.* a person shut up or retired. [coagulation.]
- Recoagulation**, rē-kō-āg-gū-lā'-shūn. *s.* second coagulation.
- Recognition**, rē-kōg'-ūp-zānsē. *s.* a bond of record; a badge. [ledge; to review.]
- Recognise**, rēk'-kōg-nīzē. *v. a.* to acknowledge.
- Recognisee**, rē-kōg-nē-zē'. *s.* he in whose favour the bond is drawn.
- Recogniser**, rē-kōg-nē-zēr'. *s.* he who gives the recognition.
- Recognition**, rēk'-kōg-nīsh'-shūn. *s.* review; acknowledgment.
- Recoil**, rē-kōil'. *v. a.* to rush back in consequence of resistances; to shrink
- Recoinage**, rē-kōin'-āje. *s.* the act of coining anew. [minting.]
- Recollect**, rēk'-kōl-lēkt'. *v. a.* to recover to memory.
- Recollection**, rēk'-kōl-lēk'-shūn. *s.* recovery of notion, revival in the memory. [anew.]
- Recommence**, rē-kōm-mēnsō'. *v. a.* to begin anew.
- Recommend**, rēk'-kōm-mēnd. *v. a.* to praise to another; to make acceptable; to commend with prayers.
- Recommendation**, rēk'-kōm-mēn-dā'-shūn. *s.* that which secures to one a kind reception from another.
- Recommendatory**, rēk'-kōm-mēn'-dā-tōr-ē. *a.* that which recommends to another.
- Recommit**, rē-kōm-mīt'. *v. a.* to commit anew.
- Recompense**, rēk'-kōm-pēnsē. *v. a.* to repay, to requite. [compensation.]
- Recompense**, rēk'-kōm-pēnsē. *s.* equivalent.
- Recomplement**, rē-kōm-plē'mēt. *s.* new complement.
- Recompose**, rē-kōm-pōzē'. *v. a.* to settle or quiet anew; to form or adjust anew.
- Reconcile**, rēk'-kōn-sīle. *v. a.* to compose differences; to make any thing consistent.
- Reconciliable**, rēk'-kōn-sī-lē-ā-īl. *a.* capable of renewed kindness; possible to be made consistent. [conciliation.]
- Reconciliation**, rēk'-kōn-sīle'mēt. *s.* reconciliation.
- Reconciliation**, rēk'-kōn-sī-ē-ā'-shūn. *s.* renewal of friendship.
- Reconlitate**, rēk'-kōn-dīte. *a.* secret, abstruse.
- Reconduct**, rē-kōn-dūkt'. *v. a.* to conduct again. [again.]
- Reconquer**, rē-kōng'-kūr. *v. a.* to conquer again.
- Reconvene**, rē-kōn-vēnē'. *v. a.* to assemble anew.
- Record**, rē-kōrd'. *v. a.* to register; to celebrate.
- Record**, rēk'-ōrd. *s.* register, authentick memorial.
- Recorder**, rē-kōrd'-ūr. *s.* one whose business is to register any events; the keeper of the rolls in a city.
- Recount**, rē-kōm't'. *v. a.* to relate in detail.
- Recourse**, rē-kōrsē'. *s.* application as for help or protection. [rest; to regain.]
- Recover**, rē-kāv'-ūr. *v. a.* to restore from sickness.
- Recoverable**, rē-kāv'-ūr-ē-ā-īl. *s.* possible to be restored.

Fâc, fâr, fâb, fât, —mê, mêt, —pine, pin, —

- Recovery**, rê-khiv'-âr-ê. *s.* restoration from sickness; power or act of regaining.
- Recreant**, rêk'-krê-ânt. *a.* cowardly, apostate.
- Recreate**, rêk'-krê-âte. *v. a.* to refresh, to amuse.
- Recreation**, rêk'-krê-â'-shûn. *s.* amusement; refreshment, diversion.
- Recrement**, rêk'-krê-mênt. *s.* dross, spume.
- Recremental**, rêk'-krê-mên'-tâi. } *a.*
- Recrementitious**, rêk'-krê-mên-dah'-tâ. } *a.*
drossy, superfluous.
- Recriminatè**, rê-krîm'-ê-nâte. *v. n.* to return one accusation with another.
- Recrimination**, rê-krîm-ê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* return of one accusation with another.
- Recruit**, rê-krôôt'. *v. a.* to repair.
- Recruit**, rê-krôôt'. *v. n.* to raise new soldiers.
- Recruit**, rê-krôôt'. *v. s.* supply of any thing wanted; a new soldier.
- Rectangle**, rêk'-tâng-gi. *s.* a figure which has one angle or more of ninety degrees.
- Rectangular**, rêk'-tâng'-gu-lâr. *a.* right-angled.
- Rectifiable**, rêk'-tê-fl-â-bl. *s.* capable to be set right.
- Rectify**, rêk'-tê-fl. *v. a.* to make right; to exalt and improve by repeated distillation.
- Rectilinear**, rêk'-tê-lîn'-ê-âr. *a.* consisting of right lines.
- Rectitude**, rêk'-tê-tôde. *s.* straightness, uprightness, freedom from moral obliquity.
- Rector**, rêk'-tûr. *s.* ruler; parson of an unimpropriated parish.
- Rectorial**, rêk'-tô-âl. *a.* belonging to a rector.
- Rectorship**, rêk'-tûr-shîp. *s.* the rank or office of a rector. [ish.]
- Rectory**, rêk'-tûr-ê. *s.* an unimpropriated parsonage.
- Reclination**, rêk'-kû-bâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of lying or leaning. [of leaning; repose.]
- Recumbency**, rê-kûm'-bên-sê. *s.* the posture of lying down.
- Recumbent**, rê-kûm'-bênt. *a.* lying, leaning.
- Recur**, rê-kûr'. *v. n.* to come back to the thought; to have recourse to.
- Recurrence**, rê-kûr'-rênsê. *s.* return.
- Recurrent**, rê-kûr'-rênt. *a.* returning from time to time.
- Recurvation**, rê-kûr'-vâ'-shûn. } *s.* flexure backward.
- Recurvature**, rê-kûr'-vê-tê. } *s.* warts.
- Recurrent**, rê-kû'-rênt. *s.* a nonconformist.
- Recuse**, rê-kûsê'. *v. n.* to refuse.
- Red**, rêd. *a.* of the colour of blood.
- Redbreast**, rêd'-brêst. *s.* a small bird.
- Redden**, rêd'-dîn. *v. a.* to make red.
- Redden**, rêd'-dîn. *v. n.* to grow red. [ness]
- Reddishness**, rêd'-dîsh-nês. *s.* tendency to red.
- Reddle**, rêd'-dî. *s.* a sort of mineral.
- Redeem**, rê-dêem'. *v. a.* to ransom, to rescue.
- Redeemable**, rê-dêem'-â-bl. *a.* capable of redemption.
- Redeemer**, rê-dêem'-âr. *s.* one who ransoms or redeems; our Saviour. [ing back]
- Redelivery**, rê-dê-iv'-âr-ê. *s.* the act of delivering.
- Redemption**, rê-dêem'-shûn. *s.* ransom, release.
- Redemptory**, rê-dêem'-tûr-ê. *a.* paid for ransom.
- Redhot**, rêd'-hôt. *a.* heated to redness.
- Redlead**, rêd'-lêd'. *s.* minium.
- Redness**, rêd'-nês. *s.* the quality of being red.
- Redolence**, rêd'-ô-lênsê. } *s.* sweet scent.
- Redolency**, rêd'-ô-lên-sê. } *s.* sweet scent.
- Redolent**, rêd'-ô-lênt. *a.* sweet of scent.
- Redouble**, rê-dôub'-bl. *v. a.* to repeat often.
- Redouble**, rê-dôub'-bl. *v. n.* to become twice as much. [cation.]
- Redoubt**, rê-dôôt'. *s.* the outlook of a fortification.
- Redoubtable**, rê-dôôt'-â-bl. *a.* formidable.
- Redoubted**, rê-dôôt'-êd. *a.* dreadful, awful.
- Redound**, rê-dôônd'. *v. n.* to be sent back by action.
- Redress**, rê-drês'. *v. a.* to set right, to relieve.
- Redress**, rê-drês'. *s.* reformation, relief, remedy.
- Reduce**, rê-dûsê'. *v. a.* to make less; to downgrade; to bring into a class.
- Reduction**, rê-dûsê'-mênt. *s.* the act of bringing back; subduing. [ed.]
- Reducible**, rê-dû-sê-bl. *a.* possible to be reduced.
- Reduction**, rê-dûsê'-shûn. *s.* the act of reducing.
- Reductive**, rê-dûk'-tîv. *a.* having the power of reducing.
- Redundance**, rê-dân'-dânse. } *s.* superfluity.
- Redundancy**, rê-dân'-dân-sê. } *s.* superfluity.
- Redundant**, rê-dân'-dânt. *a.* exuberant.
- Reduplicate**, rê-dû-ple-kâte. *v. a.* to double.
- Reduplication**, rê-dû-ple-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of doubling.
- Reduplicative**, rê-dû-ple-kâ-tîv. *a.* double.
- Re-echo**, rê-êk'-kô. *v. n.* to echo back.
- Reed**, rêed. *s.* a small pipe; an arrow.

nó, n'vo, ndr, ndr j—túbe, úb, bál; —díl; —póand; —chin, THIS.

Re-edify, ré-éd'í-fí. *v. a.* to rebuild.
Reedy, réed'-é. *a.* abounding with reeds.
Reek, réek. *s.* smoke, steam.
Reek, réek. *v. n.* to smoke, to steam.
Reel, réel. *s.* a frame upon which yarn is wound.
Reel, réel. *v. a.* to gather yarn off the spindle.
Reel, réel. *v. n.* to stagger.
Re-election, ré-é-ék'-shún. *s.* repeated election.
Re-enforcement, ré-én-fórsé'-mént. *s.* fresh assistance. [second time.]
Re-enjoy, ré-én-jóé'. *v. a.* to enjoy anew, or a
Re-enter, ré-én-tár. *v. a.* to enter again.
Re-establish, ré-é-stáb'-blish. *v. a.* to establish anew.
Re-establishment, ré-é-stáb'-blish-mént. *s.* the act of re-establishing, the state of being re-established. [anew.]
Re-examine, ré-é-gzám'-ín. *v. a.* to examine
Refection, ré-fék'-shún. *s.* refreshment after hunger or fatigue. [ing room.]
Refectory, ré-fék'-tár-é, or réf'-ék-tár-é. *s.* eat-
Refer, ré-fél'. *v. a.* to refuse.
Refer, ré-fér'. *v. a.* to dismiss for information or judgement; to betake for decision.
Reference, réf'-fér'-éncé. *s.* relation, respect, allusion to; dismissal to another tribunal.
Refine, ré-fíne'. *v. a.* to purify; to polish.
Refinement, ré-fíne'-mént. *s.* the act of purifying; improvement; affectation of elegance.
Refiner, ré-fí-nér. *s.* a purifier.
Refit, ré-fít'. *v. a.* to repair.
Reflect, ré-fékt'. *v. a.* to throw back; to throw reproach.
Reflection, ré-fékt'-shún. *s.* the act of throwing back; that which is reflected; attentive consideration; censure. [past.]
Reflective, ré-fékt'-ív. *a.* considering things
Reflector, ré-fékt'-úr. *s.* considerer.
Reflex, ré-féks. *a.* thrown backward.
Reflexibility, ré-féks-é-bíl'-é-té. *s.* the quality of being reflexible. [back.]
Reflexible, ré-féks-é-bl. *a.* capable to be thrown
Reflexive, ré-féks'-ív. *a.* having respect to something past.
Reflourish, ré-floú'-rish. *v. v.* to flourish anew.
Reflow, ré-fló'. *v. v.* to flow back.
Refract, ré-frákt. *v. a.* to break
Reflux, ré-floú. *s.* backward course

Reform, ré-fórm'. *v. a.* to change from worse to better.
Reform, ré-fórm'. *v. n.* to grow better.
Reformation, ré-fór-má'-shún. *s.* change from worse to better. [change for the better.]
Reformer, ré-fórm'-úr. *s.* one who makes a
Refract, ré-frákt'. *v. a.* to break the course of rays. [of light.]
Refraction, ré-frákt'-shún. *s.* variation of a ray
Refractive, ré-frákt'-ív. *a.* having the power of refraction. [istinary.]
Refractoriness, ré-frákt'-úr-é-né-s. *s.* sullen ob-
Refractory, ré-frákt'-úr-é. *a.* obstinate, perverse.
Refrain, ré-fráin'. *v. n.* to forbear.
Refrangibility, ré-frán-jé-bíl'-é-té. *s.* disposition of the rays of light to be turned out of their way, in passing out of one transparent body or medium into another.
Refrangible, ré-frán-jé-bl. *a.* turned out of course. [after pain; to cool.]
Refresh, ré-fresh'. *v. a.* to recreate, to relieve
Refreshment, ré-fresh'-mént. *s.* relief after pain, want, or fatigue; food, rest.
Refrigerant, ré-fríd-jér-ánt. *a.* cooling.
Refrigerate, ré-fríd-jér-áte. *v. a.* to cool.
Refrigerative, ré-fríd-jér-átív. *a.* cooling.
Reft, réft. *part. pret.* of *reave*. deprived, taken away.
Refuge, réf'-júdjé. *s.* shelter; protection. [ness.]
Refugee, réf'-jú-jéé'. *s.* one who flies to shelter or protection. [ness.]
Refulgence, ré-sál-jéuse. *s.* splendour, bright-
Refulgent, ré-sál-jént. *a.* bright, glittering.
Refund, ré-fúnd'. *v. a.* to repay what is received, to restore.
Refusal, ré-fú-zál. *s.* denial.
Refuse, ré-fúze'. *v. a.* to deny; to reject.
Refuse, réf'-úze. *s.* that which remains disregarded when the rest is taken.
Refuser, ré-fú-zér. *s.* he who refuses. [ing.]
Refutation, réf-fú-tá'-shún. *s.* the act of refuting.
Refute, ré-fúte'. *v. a.* to prove false or erroneous.
Regain, ré-gáne'. *v. a.* to recover.
Regal, ré-gál. *a.* royal, kingly.
Regale, ré-gále'. *v. a.* to entertain.
Regalement, ré-gále'-mént. *s.* entertainment.
Regalia, ré-gá-lé-á. *s.* ensigns of royalty.
Regality, ré-gál-é-té. *s.* royalty, sovereignty

Fâie, fâr, FAR, fâr; —mê, mêt; —plu, plu; —

- Regard, ré-gârd. *v. a.* to value; to remark; to respect. [tion.]
- Regard, ré-gârd'. *s.* attention; respect; relation.
- Regardful, ré-gârd'-fûl. *a.* attentive.
- Regardless, ré-gârd'-lès. *s.* heedless.
- Regardlessness, ré-gârd'-lès-nès. *s.* heedlessness, negligence.
- Regency, ré-jên-sé. *s.* vicarious government; those to whom vicarious regality is intrusted.
- Regenerate, ré-jên'-ér-âle. *v. a.* to produce anew; to be born anew.
- Regenerate, ré-jên'-ér-ât. *a.* reproduced; born anew by grace.
- Regeneration, ré-jên'-ér-â'-shûn. *s.* new birth; birth by grace.
- Regent, ré-jên. *a.* exercising vicarious authority. [with vicarious royalty.]
- Regent, ré-jên't. *s.* governor; one invested.
- Regeneration, ré-jên'-mê-nâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of sprouting again.
- Regicide, ré-jê'-sîd. *s.* murderer of his king.
- Regimen, ré-jê'-mên. *s.* that care in diet that is suitable to every particular course of medicine. [under one colonel.]
- Regiment, ré-jê'-mên't. *s.* a body of soldiers.
- Regimental, ré-jê'-mên'tâl. *a.* belonging to a regiment; military.
- Regimentals, ré-jê'-mên't-âls. *s.* the uniform military dress of a regiment.
- Region, ré-jôn. *s.* tract of land, country.
- Register, ré-jîs-têr. *s.* an account of any thing regularly kept.
- Register, ré-jîs-têr. *v. a.* to record.
- Regnant, ré-jân't. *a.* reigning. [back.]
- Regorge, ré-gôrjê'. *v. a.* to vomit up, to throw.
- Regulate, ré-grâte'. *v. a.* to engross, to forestall.
- Regulator, ré-grâte'-ûr. *s.* forestaller, engrosser.
- Regress, ré-grês. *s.* a passage back.
- Regression, ré-grêsh'-ûn. *s.* the act of returning or going back.
- Regret, ré-grêt'. *s.* vexation at something past.
- Regret, ré-grêt'. *v. a.* to repent, to grieve at.
- Regular, rég-û-lâr. *a.* agreeable to rule.
- Regularity, rég-û-lâr'-tê. *s.* method, certain order.
- Regulate, rég-û-lâte'. *v. a.* to adjust; to direct.
- Regulation, rég-û-lâ'-shûn. *s.* method, rule.
- Regulator, rég-û-lâr'-ûr. *s.* one that regulates.
- Regurgitate, ré-gûr'-jê-tê. *v. a.* to pour back.
- Rehearsal, ré-hêr'-sâl. *s.* recital.
- Rehearse, ré-hêrsê'. *v. a.* to repeat, to recite.
- Reign, râné. *v. n.* to exercise sovereign authority; to prevail. [government.]
- Reign, râné. *s.* royal authority; time of a king's.
- Reinbody, ré-îm-bôd'-ê. *v. a.* to embody again.
- Reimburse, ré-îm-bûrsê'. *v. a.* to repay.
- Reimbursement, ré-îm-bûrsê'-mên't. *s.* repayment or repayment. [impression.]
- Reimpression, ré-îm-prêsh'-ûn. *s.* a repetition.
- Rein, râné. *s.* part of a bridle. [strait.]
- Rei', râné. *v. a.* to govern by a bridle; to restrain.
- Reins, râné. *s.* the kidneys.
- Reinspire, ré-în-spi'rê'. *v. a.* to inspire anew.
- Reinstate, ré-în-sîstê'. *v. a.* to put again in possession.
- Reinvest, ré-în-vest'. *v. a.* to invest anew.
- Reiterate, ré-ît-êr-âle. *v. a.* to repeat again and again.
- Reiteration, ré-ît-êr-â'-shûn. *s.* repetition.
- Reject, ré-jêkt'. *v. a.* to refuse; to throw aside.
- Rejection, ré-jêkt'-shûn. *s.* the act of casting aside.
- Rejoice, ré-jôisê'. *v. n.* to be glad, to exult.
- Rejoice, ré-jôisê'. *v. a.* to exhilarate.
- Rejoin, ré-jôin'. *v. a.* to join again.
- Rejoin, ré-jôin'. *v. n.* to answer to a reply.
- Rejoinder, ré-jôin'-dûr. *s.* reply.
- Rejudge, ré-jôujê'. *v. a.* to re-examine.
- Rekindle, ré-kîl'-dl. *v. a.* to set on fire again.
- Relapse, ré-lâpsê'. *v. n.* to fall back into vice and error. [once forsaken.]
- Relapse, ré-lâpsê'. *s.* fall into vice or error.
- Relate, ré-lâte'. *v. a.* to tell, to recite.
- Relate, ré-lâte'. *v. n.* to have reference.
- Relation, ré-lâ'-shûn. *s.* reference; kindred kinsman or kinswoman; narrative. [sing.]
- Relative, ré-lâ-tîv. *a.* having relation, respect.
- Relative, ré-lâ-tîv. *s.* relation. [thing else.]
- Relatively, ré-lâ-tîv-lê. *a.* as it respects some.
- Relax, ré-lâks'. *v. a.* to slacken; to divert.
- Relaxation, ré-lâks'-â'-shûn. *s.* diminution of tension; remission of attention or application.
- Relay, ré-lâ. *s.* horses on the road to relieve others.
- Release, ré-lêse'. *v. a.* to set free; to quit; to let go; to slacken.

no, move, no, not; —ébe, tob. bñl; —ñl; —pñnd; —thin, THIS.

Release, ré-lés'. *s.* dismissal from confinement; servitude, or pain; remission of a claim; acquittance from debt signed by the creditor.

Relegate, ré-lé-gáte. *v. a.* to banish.

Relegation, ré-lé-gá-shún. *s.* exile, judicial banishment.

Relent, ré-lé-nt. *v. n.* to soften.

Relentless, ré-lé-nt-lés. *a.* un pitying.

Relevant, ré-lé-vánt. *a.* relieving. [*science.*]

Reliance, ré-lé-ánsé. *s.* trust, dependence, con-
Relick, ré-lé-ík. *s.* that which remains; the body deserted by the soul; that which is kept in memory of another.

Relict, ré-lé-íkt. *s.* a widow.

Relief, ré-lé-éf. *s.* the prominence of a figure in stone or metal; alleviation, mitigation; dis-
mission of a sentinel from his post; legal rem-
edy of wrongs. [*succour.*]

Relieve, ré-lé-év. *v. a.* to support, to assist; to

Ralievo, ré-lé-év-ó. *s.* the prominence of a fig-
ure or picture. [*and worship.*]

Religion, ré-lé-ján. *s.* a system of divine faith

Religionist, ré-lé-ján-íst. *s.* a bigot to any re-
ligious persuasion.

Religious, ré-lé-jús. *a.* pious.

Religiously, ré-lé-jús-lé. *ad.* piously, reve-
rently; oraculy. [*quit.*]

Relinquish, ré-léng'-kwísh. *v. a.* to forsake; to

Relish, ré-lé-ísh. *s.* taste; liking. [*thing; to taste.*]

Relish, ré-lé-ísh. *v. a.* to give a taste to any

Reluctant, ré-lé-lé-sént. *a.* shining, transparent.

Reluctance, ré-lé-lé-tánsé. *s.* unwillingness.

Reluctancy, ré-lé-lé-tánsé. *s.* unwillingness.

Reluctant, ré-lé-lé-tánt. *a.* unwilling.

Relume, ré-lé-lé-mé. *v. a.* to light anew.

Relumine, ré-lé-lé-mín. *v. a.* to light anew.

Rely, ré-lé-lé. *v. n.* to put trust in.

Remain, ré-má-ne. *v. n.* to be left out of a

Remainder, ré-má-ne-dér. *s.* what is left.

Remain, ré-má-ne. *v. n.* to be left out of a

Remand, ré-má-nd. *v. a.* to send back.

Remnant, ré-má-né-nt. *s.* the part remaining.

Remark, ré-má-ík. *s.* observation, note.

Remark, ré-má-ík. *v. a.* to note, to observe.

Remarkable, ré-má-ík-á-bl. *a.* observable,
worthy of note.

Remarkably, ré-má-ík-á-bl. *ad.* observably.

Remediable, ré-mé-dé-á-bl. *a.* capable of rem-
edy. [*curable.*]

Remediless, ré-mé-dé-lés. *a.* irreparable.

Remedy, ré-mé-dé. *s.* a medicine by which

any illness is cured; cure. [*mischief.*]

Remedy, ré-mé-dé. *v. a.* to cure; to repair

Remember, ré-mé-mé-búr. *v. i.* to bear in mind;

to put in mind.

Remembrance, ré-mé-mé-bránsé. *s.* recolla-
tion; memorial.

Remembrancer, ré-mé-mé-brán-súr. *s.* one that

reminds; an officer of the exchequer.

Remigrate, ré-mé-é-gráte. *v. n.* to remove back

again.

Remind, ré-mí-nd. *v. a.* to put in mind. [*tion.*]

Reminiscence, ré-mé-mé-nsé-nsé. *s.* recollé-
ction; memorial. [*tion.*]

Remiss, ré-mís. *a.* slack; slothful. [*tion.*]

Remission, ré-mísh-ón. *s.* abatement, relaxa-
tion.

Remissly, ré-mís-é-lé. *ad.* carelessly, negligently.

Remissness, ré-mís-é-nés. *s.* carelessness, negli-
gence. [*send money to a distant place.*]

Remit, ré-mít. *v. a.* to relax; to forgive; to

Remittance, ré-mít-tánsé. *s.* sum sent to a dis-
tant place.

Remnant, ré-má-nt. *s.* residue. [*resentation*]

Remonstrance, ré-món-stránsé. *s.* strong rep-
resentation.

Remonstrate, ré-món-stráte. *v. n.* to show

reasons.

Remorse, ré-mórse. *s.* pain of guilt.

Remorseless, ré-mórse-lés. *a.* un pitying, cruel.

Remote, ré-móte. *a.* distant. [*note.*]

Remoteness, ré-móte-nés. *s.* state of being re-
mote.

Remount, ré-mó-nt. *v. n.* to mount again.

Removeable, ré-móv-á-bl. *a.* such as may be

removed.

Removal, ré-móv-ál. *s.* dismissal from a

post; the state of being removed.

Remove, ré-móv. *v. n.* to change place; to

go from one place to another.

Remove, ré-móv. *s.* change of place; depár-
ture; a step in the scale of gradation.

Remunerable, ré-mú-nér-á-bl. *a.* rewardable.

Remunerate, ré-mú-nér-áte. *v. a.* to reward

to requite. [*requital*]

Remuneration, ré-mú-nér-á-shún. *s.* reward.

Remunerative, ré-mú-nér-á-ty. *a.* exercised

in giving rewards.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plac, plin;—

Remurmur, rê-mûr'-mûr. *v. a.* to utter back in murmurs, to repeat in low hoarse sounds.

Renaescent, rê-nâs'-sênt. *a.* rising again into being. [situation; sudden combat.

Rencounter, rê-n-kôûn'-tûr. *s.* personal oppo-

Rencounter, rê-n-kôûn'-tûr. *v. n.* to clash; to fight hand to hand.

Reud, rêud. *v. a.* pret. and part. pass. *rent.* to tear with violence, to lacerate.

Render, rêr'-dûr. *v. a.* to return, to pay back; to translate. [of meeting.

Rendezvous, rê-n-dê-vôûz'. *s.* assembly; place

Rendezvous, rê-n-dê-vôûz'. *v. n.* to meet at a place appointed.

Renegade, rê-n-ê-gâde. } *s.* an apostate.

Renegado, rê-n-ê-gâ'-dô. }

Renew, rê-nû'. *v. a.* to restore to its former state; to make anew. [renewed.

Renewable, rê-nû'-â-bl. *a.* capable of being re-

Renewal, rê-nû'-âl. *s.* the act of renewing.

rennet, rê-n'-nêt. *s.* the ingredient with which milk is coagulated in order to make cheese.

Renounce, rê-nôûnse'. *v. a.* to disown. [tion.

Renouncement, rê-nôûnse'-mênt. *s.* renuncia-

Renovate, rê-n'-vâte. *v. a.* to renew.

Renovation, rê-n'-vâ'-shôn. *s.* renewal.

Renown, rê-nôûn'. *s.* fame, celebrity. [brated.

Renowned, rê-nôûnd'. *part. a.* famous, cele-

Rent, rênt. *v. a.* to tear, to lacerate.

Rent, rênt. *s.* money paid for any thing held of another; a laceration.

Rental, rênt'-âl. *s.* schedule or account of rents.

Renter, rênt'-ûr. *s.* he that holds by paying rent.

Renunciation, rê-nân-shê-â'-shôn. *s.* the act of renouncing.

Reordain, rê-ûr-dâne'. *v. a.* to ordain again.

Reordination, rê-ûr-dê-nâ'-shôn. *s.* repetition of ordination.

Repaid, rê-pâde'. *part. of repay.*

Repair, rê-pâre'. *v. a.* to restore after injury or dilapidation.

Repair, rê-pâre'. *s.* reparation, supply of loss.

Reparable, rêp'-pâr-â-bl. *a.* capable of being amended or retrieved. [paring; amends.

Reparation, rêp'-pâr-â'-shôn. *s.* the act of re-

Repartee, rêp'-pâr-têe'. *s.* smart reply.

Repass, rê-pâs'. *v. a.* to pass again.

Repast, rê-pâst'. *s.* a meal; food.

Repay, rê-pâ'. *v. a.* to require.

Repeal, rê-pêle'. *v. a.* to recall; to revoke.

Repeal, rê-pêle. *s.* revocation; abrogation.

Repeat, rê-pête. *v. a.* to speak again; to rehearse.

Repeatedly, rê-pê'-têd-lê. *ad.* over and over.

Repeater, rê-pê'-têr. *s.* one that repeats, a watch that strikes the hours at will by compression of a spring.

Repel, rê-pêl'. *v. a.* to drive back.

Repellent, rê-pêl'-lênt. *s.* an application that has a repelling power. [past with sorrow.

Repent, rê-pênt'. *v. n.* to think on any thing

Repentance, rê-pênt'-ânse. *s.* sorrow for sin.

Repentant, rê-pênt'-ânt. *a.* sorrowful for sin.

Repercuss, rê-pêr-kûs'. *v. n.* to beat back.

Repercussion, rê-pêr-kûsh'-ûn. *s.* the act of driving back. [bounding

Repercussive, rê-pêr-kûs'-siv. *a.* repellant; re-

Repository, rêp'-pêr-tûr-ê. *s.* a treasury.

Repetition, rê-pê-tish'-ûn. *s.* iteration of the same thing.

Repine, rê-pine'. *v. n.* to fret, to vex.

Replace, rê-plâse'. *v. a.* to put again in place.

Replant, rê-plânt'. *v. a.* to plant anew.

Replantation, rê-plân-tâ'-shôn. *s.* the act of planting again.

Replenish, rê-plên'-nish. *v. a.* to stock, to fill.

Replete, rê-pête'. *a.* full, completely filled.

Repletion, rê-pê'-shôn. *s.* the state of being over full. [replevined

Repleviable, rê-plêv'-vê-â-bl. *a.* what may be

Replevin, rê-plêv'-vîn. } *v. a.* to take back or

Replevy, rê-plêv'-vê. } set at liberty and

thing seized, upon security given.

Repliator, rêp-plê-kâ'-shôn. *s.* a reply

Reply, rê-plî'. *v. n.* to answer.

Reply, rê-plî'. *s.* return to an answer.

Repolish, rê-pôl'-fish. *v. a.* to polish again

Report, rê-pôrt'. *v. a.* to give an account of.

Report, rê-pôrt'. *s.* rumour; repute; sound.

Repose, rê-pôze'. *v. n.* to lay to rest. [fiducio-

Repose, rê-pôze'. *v. n.* to sleep; to rest in ease

Repose, rê-pôze'. *s.* sleep, quiet.

Reposit, rê-pôz'-zh. *v. a.* to lodge as in a place of safety. [any thing is safely laid up.

Repository, rê-pôz'-ê-tûr-ê. *s.* a place where

Repossess, rê-pôz-zê'. *v. a.* to possess again.

re, move, nōr, nōt;—tābe, tūb, būl;—dī;—dānd;—dīn, tēis.

Reprehend, rē-prē-hēn'. *v. a.* to reprove, to chide. [censurable.]
Reprehensible, rē-prē-hēn'-sē-bl. *a.* blameable.
Reprehension, rē-prē-hēn'-shūn. *s.* reproof, open blame. [proof.]
Reprehensive, rē-prē-hēn'-siv. *a.* given in reproof.
Represent, rē-prē-zēn't'. *v. a.* to exhibit; to fill the place of another by a vicarious character. [likeness.]
Representation, rē-prē-zēn-tā'-shūn. *s.* image.
Representative, rē-prē-zēn't'-ā-tiv. *s.* one exhibiting the likeness, or exercising the power, of another. [or idea proposed.]
Representation, rē-prē-zēn't-mēnt. *s.* image.
Repress, rē-prēs'. *v. a.* to crush, to subdue.
Repression, rē-prēs'-shūn. *s.* act of repressing.
Repressive, rē-prēs'-siv. *a.* having power to repress. [force of death.]
Reprieve, rē-prēv'. *v. a.* to respite after sentence.
Reprieve, rē-prēv'. *s.* respite after sentence of death.
Reprimand, rē-prē-mān'd'. *n. a.* to reprove.
Reprimand, rē-prē-mān'd'. *s.* reprehension.
Reprint, rē-prīn'. *v. a.* to print a new edition.
Reprisal, rē-prī'-zāl. *s.* something seized by way of retaliation. [braid.]
Reproach, rē-prōsh'. *v. a.* to censure; to upbraid.
Reproach, rē-prōsh'. *s.* censure, shame.
Reproachable, rē-prōsh'-ā-bl. *a.* worthy of reproach.
Reproachful, rē-prōsh'-fūl. *a.* scurrilous; infamous, vile. [abandoned.]
Reprobate, rē-prō-bāte. *s.* lost to virtue.
Reprobate, rē-prō-bāte. *s.* a wretch abandoned to wickedness.
Reprobate, rē-prō-bāte. *v. a.* to disallow, to reject.
Reprobation, rē-prō-bā'-shūn. *s.* a condemnatory sentence.
Reproduce, rē-prō-dūse'. *v. a.* to produce again.
Reproduction, rē-prō-dūk'-shūn. *s.* the act of producing anew.
Reproof, rē-prōv'. *s.* blame to the face.
Reprovable, rē-prōv'-ā-bl. *a.* blameable.
Reprove, rē-prōv'. *v. a.* to blame; to chide.
Reprune, rē-prōn'. *v. a.* to prune a second time. [many feet.]
Reptile, rēp'-til. *s.* an animal that creeps upon

Republican, rē-pūb'-lē-kān. *a.* placing the government in the people.
Republican, rē-pūb'-lē-kān. *s.* one who thinks a commonwealth the best government.
Republicanism, rē-pūb'-lē-kān-iz-m. *s.* attachment to a republican government.
Republick, rē-pūb'-lik. *s.* commonwealth.
Repudiate, rē-pū-dē-āte. *v. a.* to divorce.
Repudiation, rē-pū-dē-ā'-shūn. *s.* divorce.
Repugnance, rē-pūg'-nāns. } *s.* inconsistency;
Repugnancy, rē-pūg'-nān-sē. } *cy*; reluctance.
Repugnant, rē-pūg'-nānt. *a.* reluctant, contrary.
Repullulate, rē-pūl'-lē-kāte. *v. n.* to bud again.
Repulse, rē-pūls'. *s.* the condition of being driven off or put aside.
Repulse, rē-pūls'. *v. a.* to beat back.
Reputation, rē-pūl'-shūn. *s.* the act or power of driving off from itself.
Repulsive, rē-pūl'-siv. *a.* driving off.
Repurchase, rē-pūr'-chās. *v. a.* to buy again.
Reputable, rē-pū-tā-bl. *a.* honourable.
Reputation, rē-pū-tā'-shūn. *s.* credit, honour.
Repute, rē-pūte'. *v. a.* to account.
Repute, rē-pūte'. *s.* character, reputation.
Request, rē-kwēst'. *s.* petition, entreaty, crave.
Request, rē-kwēst'. *v. a.* to solicit.
Requiem, rē-kwē-ēm. *s.* a hymn in which the implore rest for the dead.
Require, rē-kwire'. *v. a.* to demand.
Requisite, rēk'-wē-zīt. *a.* necessary.
Requisite, rēk'-wē-zīt. *s.* any thing necessary.
Requisition, rēk'-wē-zīsh'-ūn. *s.* a requiring or demanding of something.
Requit, rē kwī'-tāl. *s.* retaliation.
Requite, rē-kwīt'. *v. a.* to retaliate, to recompense.
Rereward, rē-rē-wārd. *s.* the rear or last troop.
Resail, rē-sāle'. *v. a.* to sail back.
Resale, rē-sāle'. *s.* sale at second hand.
Rescind, rē-sīnd'. *v. a.* to cut off; to abrogate a law.
Rescission, rē-sīzh'-shūn. *s.* abrogation.
Rescribe, rē-skrīb'. *v. a.* to write back; to write over again.
Rescript, rē-skrīpt. *s.* edict of an emperor.
Rescue, rēs'-kū. *v. a.* to set free from suzerainty, confinement, or dang t.

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât; mē, mēt; ploic, pin;

Rescue, ré-sôk'. *s.* deliverance from violence, danger, or confinement.

Research, ré-sérch'. *s.* inquiry.

Resemblance, ré-sém'-lânss'. *s.* likeness.

Resemble, ré-zém'-bl'. *v. a.* to be like.

Resent, ré-zém'. *v. a.* to take ill.

Resentful, ré-zém'-fûl'. *a.* easily provoked to anger, and long retaining it. [jury.]

Resentment, ré-zém'-mēt'. *s.* deep sense of injury. *réz-ér-vâ'-shûn'*. *s.* reserve; something kept back. [tain.]

Reserve, ré-zêrv'. *v. a.* to keep in store; to re-

Reserve, ré-zêrv'. *s.* something kept for exigence; something concealed in the mind; exception; modesty, caution in personal behaviour.

Reserved, ré-zêrvd'. *a.* modest.

Reservoir, réz-êr-vwôr'. *s.* place where any thing is kept in store.

Resettle, ré-sêt'-tl'. *v. a.* to settle again.

Resettlement, ré-sêt'-tl-mēt'. *s.* the act of settling again.

Reside, ré-zide'. *v. n.* to dwell; to subside.

Residence, réz-ê-dêns'. *s.* act of dwelling in a place; place of abode.

Resident, réz-ê-dênt'. *a.* dwelling in any place.

Resident, réz-ê-dênt'. *s.* an agent. [idence.]

Residential, réz-ê-dên'-shêr-ê'. *a.* holding res-

Residual, ré-zîd'-i-âl'. } *a.* relating to the

Residuary, ré-zîd'-jû-âr-ê'. } residue.

Residue, réz-zê-dû'. *s.* that which is left.

Resign, ré-zîgn'. *v. u.* to give up; to submit.

Resignation, réz-zîg-nâ'-shûn'. *s.* the act of resigning; submission.

Resignment, ré-zîgn'-mēt'. *s.* act of resigning.

Resilience, ré-zîl'-ê-ns'. *s.* the act of starting or leaping back. [back.]

Resilient, ré-zîl'-ê-nt'. *a.* starting or springing

Resin, réz'-în'. *s.* a well known clammy drug.

Resinous, réz'-îz-ûs'. *a.* containing resin.

Resist, ré-zîst'. *v. a.* to oppose. [opposition.]

Resistance, ré-zîst'-ê-ns'. *s.* the act of resisting.

Resistible, ré-zîst'-ê-bl'. *a.* that may be resisted.

Resistless, ré-zîst'-lêss'. *a.* irresistible.

Resoluble, réz-ô-lû-bl'. *a.* that may be dissolved.

Resolute, réz-ô-lû-ê'. *a.* determined.

Resolutely, réz-ô-lû-ê-tê'. *ad.* steadily. [ness.]

Resoluteness, réz-ô-lû-ê-nêss'. *s.* determinate-

Resolution, réz-ô-lû'-shûn'. *s.* fixed determination, settled thought; firmness; determination of a cause. [tyrod or separated]

Resolvable, ré-zô-l'-vâ-bl'. *a.* that may be ana-

Resolve, ré-zôlv'. *v. a.* to inform; to solve; to settle in an opinion; to analyze.

Resolve, ré-zôlv'. *v. n.* to determine; to melt, to be dissolved.

Resolve, ré-zôlv'. *s.* resolution, fixed determination. [power of causing solution.]

Resolvent, ré-zôlv'-vânt'. *s.* that which has the

Resonant, réz-zô-nânt'. *a.* resounding.

Resort, ré-zôrt'. *v. n.* to have recourse to.

Resort, ré-zôrt'. *s.* assembly; concourse.

Resound, ré-zôund'. *v. a.* to echo; to return sounds.

Resource, ré-sôrs'. *s.* resort, expedient.

Respect, ré-spêkt'. *v. a.* to regard.

Respect, ré-spêkt'. *s.* regard, attention; reverence. [spect or regard.]

Respectable, ré-spêkt'-tâ-bl'. *a.* deserving of re-

Respectful, ré-spêkt'-fûl'. *a.* ceremonious.

Respectfully, ré-spêkt'-fûl-ê'. *ad.* with some degree of reverence. [tive, not absolute.]

Respective, ré-spêkt'-tîv'. *a.* particular; rela-

Respectively, ré-spêkt'-tîv-lê'. *ad.* particularly; relatively. [breathing.]

Respiration, réz-pô-râ'-shûn'. *s.* the act of

Respire, ré-spir'. *v. n.* to breathe.

Respite, réz'-pî'. *s.* reprieve; pause.

Respite, réz'-pî'. *v. a.* to relieve by a pause; to suspend.

Resplendence, ré-splên'-dêns'. } *s.* lustre

Resplendency, ré-splên'-dên-sê'. }

Resplendent, ré-splên'-dênt'. *a.* bright.

Respond, ré-spônd'. *v. n.* to answer. [ask]

Respondent, ré-spônd'-ênt'. *s.* an answerer in

Response, ré-spôns'. *s.* an answer.

Responsibility, ré-spôn-sê-bîl'-ê-tê'. *s.* state of being obliged to answer.

Responsibile, ré-spôn'-sê-bl'. *a.* answerable.

Responsion, ré-spôn'-shûn'. *s.* the act of answering. [which answers]

Rest, rést'. *s.* sleep, repose; quiet; others, the

Rest, rést'. *v. n.* to sleep; to die; to be still; to be supported.

Restagnant, ré-stâg'-nânt'. *a.* remaining without flow or motion.

to, move, nór, nót;—tábe, táb, báll;——;—pédd;——;—thin, tris

Restora, ré-sórá'. *v. a.* to force back against the current.

Restful, ré-s'f'. *a.* unwilling to stir; stubborn.

Restitution, ré-sé-tú'shún. *s.* the act of restoring.

Restless, rést'-lès. *a.* without sleep; unquiet.

Restlessness, rést'-lès-nés. *s.* want of sleep; agitation. [stored.]

Restorable, ré-s'tó-rá-bl'. *a.* what may be re-

Restoration, ré-s'tó-rá'shún. *s.* the act of replacing in a former state.

Restorative, ré-s'tó-rá-tív'. *a.* that which has the power to recruit life.

Restore, ré-s'tóré'. *v. a.* to give back what has been lost or taken away; to retrieve.

Restrain, ré-stráin'. *v. a.* to withhold; to confine.

Restrained, ré-stráin't'. *s.* abridgment of liberty.

Restrict, ré-stríkt'. *v. a.* to limit.

Restriction, ré-stríkt'-shún. *s.* limitation. [tion.]

Restrictive, ré-stríkt'-ív'. *a.* expressing finiteness.

Restricting, ré-stríkt'-jén't'. *s.* that which has the power of restraining.

Resty, rést'-té. *a.* obstinate in standing still.

Result, ré-zúlt'. *v. n.* to fly back; to rise as a consequence. [solve.]

Result, ré-zúlt'. *s.* resilience; consequence; resumable, ré-zú-má-bl'. *a.* what may be taken back. [again.]

Resume, ré-zúmé'. *v. a.* to take back; to take

Resumption, ré-zú'm'-shún. *s.* the act of resuming.

Resurrection, réz-úr-rék'-shún. *s.* return from the grave.

Resuscitate, ré-sús-sé-táte. *v. a.* to revive.

Resuscitation, ré-sús-sé-tá'shún. *s.* the act of stirring up anew.

Retail, ré-táil'. *v. a.* to sell in small quantities.

Retail, ré-táil'. *s.* sale by small quantities.

Retailer, ré-tá-il-ér'. *s.* one who sells by small quantities.

Retain, ré-táin'. *v. a.* to keep; to hire. [dant.]

Retainer, ré-táin-ér'. *s.* an adherent, a depend-

Retake, ré-táke'. *v. a.* to take again.

Retaliate, ré-tál-é-áte. *v. a.* to repay, to requite.

Retaliation, ré-tál-é-á'shún. *s.* requital, return of like for like.

Retard, ré-tárd'. *v. a.* to hinder.

Retch, rétsi. *v. n.* to force up something from the stomach. [memory; crampment]

Retention, ré-tén'-shún. *s.* the act of retaining;

Retentive, ré-tén'-ív'. *a.* having the power of retention. [small net.]

Reticular, ré-ítk'-é-lér'. *a.* having the form of a

Retina, rét'-é-ná. *s.* the optic nerve which receives the image of the object in vision.

Retinue, rét'-é-nú. *s.* a train of attendants

Retire, ré-tíre'. *v. n.* to retreat, to withdraw.

Retirement, ré-tíre'-mém't'. *s.* private abode.

Retold, ré-tóld'. *part. pass.* of retell. related or told again.

Retort, ré-tórt'. *v. a.* to throw back; to retort; any argument, censure, or incivility.

Retort, ré-tórt'. *s.* a censure or incivility returned; a chymical vessel.

Retoss, ré-tóss'. *v. a.* to toss back. [touches]

Retouch, ré-tóúsh'. *v. a.* to improve by new

Retrace, ré-tráse'. *v. a.* to trace back.

Retract, ré-trákt'. *v. a.* to recall, to recant.

Retraction, ré-trákt'-shún. *s.* recantation.

Retreat, ré-tréte'. *s.* place of privacy.

Retreat, ré-tréte'. *v. n.* to retire.

Retrench, ré-trénsh'. *v. a.* to cut off.

Retrenchment, ré-trénsh'-mém't'. *s.* the act of lopping away.

Retribute, ré-tríbt'-úte. *v. a.* to pay back.

Retribution, ré-tré-bít'-shún. *s.* repayment.

Retrievable, ré-tréev'-á-bl'. *a.* that may be retrieved.

Retrieve, ré-tréev'. *v. a.* to recover.

Retrossion, ré-tró-sésh'-shún. *s.* the act of going back. [contrary.]

Retrograde, rét'-tró-gráde. *a.* going backwards;

Retrossion, rét'-tró-grésh'-shún. *s.* the act of going backwards.

Retrospect, rét'-tró-spékt'. *s.* look throw upon things behind or things past.

Retrospection, rét'-tró-spékt'-shún. *s.* act of looking backwards. [wards.]

Retrospective, rét'-tró-spékt'-ív'. *a.* looking back-

Retund, ré-tánd'. *v. a.* to blunt.

Return, ré-tárn'. *v. n.* to come back; to retort.

Return, ré-tárn'. *s.* act of coming back; profit; retribution; relapse.

Returnable, ré-tárn'-á-bl'. *a.* allowed to be reported back

Plus, sâr, fâ, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, plu;—

- Reunion, rê-û-ni-ôn. *s.* return to a state of co-
hesion or concord.
- Reunite, rê-û-ni-ê'. *v. a.* to join again.
- Reve, rê-ve. *s.* the bailiff of a franchise or manor.
- Reveal, rê-vê-le'. *v. a.* to lay open, to disclose.
- Revel, rê-vê-lê'. *v. a.* to feast with loose and
clamorous merriment. [jollity]
- Revel, rê-vê-lê'. *s.* a feast with loose and noisy
revelation, rê-vê-lê'-shôn. *s.* communication
of sacred truths.
- Revelry, rê-vê-lê'-rê. *s.* loose jollity.
- Revenge, rê-vênjê'. *v. a.* to return an injury.
- Revenge, rê-vênjê'. *s.* return of an injury.
- Revengeful, rê-vênjê'-fûl. *a.* vindictive.
- Revenue, rê-vê-ni. *s.* income.
- Reverberate, rê-vêr-bêr-â-te. *v. a.* to beat back;
to heat in an intense furnace.
- Reverberation, rê-vêr-bêr-â'-shôn. *s.* the act of
beating or driving back.
- Reverberatory, rê-vêr-bêr-â-tûr-ê. *a.* return-
ing, beating back.
- Revere, rê-vêrê'. *v. a.* to reverence.
- Reverence, rê-vêr-ê-nse. *s.* veneration, respect.
- Reverence, rê-vêr-ê-nse. *v. a.* to regard with
awful respect.
- Reverend, rê-vêr-ê-nd. *a.* deserving reverence;
the honorary epithet of the clergy.
- Reverent, rê-vêr-ê-nt. *a.* expressing veneration.
- Reverential, rê-vêr-ê-nt-shâl. *a.* expressing rev-
erence.
- Reverently, rê-vêr-ê-nt-lê. *ad.* respectfully.
- Reverse, rê-vêrsê'. *v. a.* to turn upside down;
to repeal.
- Reverse, rê-vêrsê'. *s.* change; an opposite.
- Reversion, rê-vêr'-shôn. *s.* right of succession.
- Reversionary, rê-vêr'-shôn-â-rê. *a.* to be en-
joyed in succession.
- Revert, rê-vêrt. *v. a.* to change; to turn back.
- Reversible, rê-vêrt-ê-bl. *a.* returnable.
- Revery, rê-vêr-ê. *s.* loose musing, irregular
thought. [sion or office.]
- Revest, rê-vêst. *v. a.* to vest again in a posses-
sion.
- Revictual, rê-vî-tûl. *v. a.* to stock with victuals
again.
- Review, rê-vi. *v. a.* to survey, to examine.
- Review, rê-vi. *s.* survey, re-examination; a
military exhibition
- Reville, rê-vi. *v.* approach, to vilify.
- Revisal, rê-vi-zâl. *s.* re-examination.
- Revise, rê-vîze'. *v. a.* to review, to overlook.
- Revise, rê-vîze'. *s.* review; a second proof of
sheet corrected.
- Revision, rê-vîzh'-ôn. *s.* review
- Revisit, rê-vîz'-it. *v. a.* to visit again.
- Revisual, rê-vî-zîl. *s.* recall from a state of for-
gotten, oblivion, or obscurity.
- Revive, rê-vîve'. *v. a.* to bring to life again to
quicken. [of recalling to life]
- Revivification, rê-vî-ê-fê-kâ'-shôn. *s.* the act
- Revocable, rê-vô-kâ-bl. *a.* that may be re-
called.
- Revocation, rê-vô-kâ'-shôn. *s.* repeal, reversal.
- Revoke, rê-vôkê'. *v. a.* to repeal, to recall.
- Revolt, rê-vôlt', or rê-vôlt'. *v. n.* to fall off from
one to another.
- Revolt, rê-vôlt'. *s.* desertion, change of sides.
- Revolt, rê-vôlt'-ûr. *s.* one who changes sides;
a deserter.
- Revolution, rê-vô-lû'-shôn. *s.* course of any
thing which returns to the point at which it
began to move; change in a state; returning
motion.
- Revolutionary, rê-vô-lû'-shôn-â-rê. *a.* founded
on a revolution.
- Revolutionist, rê-vô-lû'-shôn-îst. *s.* an undis-
tinguishing proponent of revolutions in gov-
ernment.
- Revolve, rê-vôlv'. *v. n.* to perform a revolution
- Revision, rê-vôlv'-shôn. *s.* the act of drawing
humours from a remote part of the body.
- Reward, rê-wârd'. *v. a.* to give in return; to
repay.
- Reward, rê-wârd'. *s.* recompense.
- Rewarder, rê-wârd'-ûr. *s.* one that rewards
- Reward, rê-wârd'. *v. a.* to repeat in the same
words. [a word]
- Rhabdomaney, râb-dô-mân-sê. *s.* divination by
Rhapsodist, râp-sô-dist. *s.* one who writes theap-
sodies.
- Rhapsody, râp-sô-dê. *s.* a writing without ne-
cessary dependence or natural connexion
- Rhetorick, rê-tô-rik. *s.* oratory.
- Rhetorical, rê-tô-ê-kâl. *a.* oratorical.
- Rhetorically, rê-tô-ê-kâl-ê. *ad.* figuratively.
- Rhetorician, rê-tô-rîsh'-ân. *s.* one who teaches
the science of rhetorick.

no, move. nē nē; —ēbe, tēb, bēf; —fī; —pōnd; —thū, tūis.

Rheum, rōm'-s. a ten, watery matter issuing through the glands.

Rheumatick, rōd-mā'-fū. a. proceeding from rheum.

Rheumatism, rōd-mā'-thūm. s. a painful distemper supposed to proceed from acrid humors.

Rheury, rōd-mē. a. full of sharp moisture.

Rhomb, rōm'b. s. a quadrangular figure.

Rhombick, rōm'-bīk. a. shaped like a rhomb.

Rhomboid, rōm'-bōid. s. a figure approaching to a rhomb.

Rhubarb, rōd-bārb. s. a medical root slightly purgative.

Rhyme, rīme. s. the consonance of verses; poetry. [verses.]

Rhyme, rīme. v. n. to agree in sound; to make

Rib, rīb. s. a bone; a piece of timber.

Ribaldry, rīb-bāld-rē. s. mean, lewd language.

Riband, rīb-blā. s. a fillet of silk.

Ribbed, rīb-d. a. furnished with ribs.

Ribbon, rīb-blā. s. See *riband*.

Rice, rīs. s. one of the esculent grains.

Rich, rīsh. a. wealthy, valuable; fertile.

Riches, rīsh-īz. s. wealth, money.

Richly, rīsh-īē. ad. wealthily, splendidly.

Richness, rīsh-nēs. s. opulence; fertility.

Rick, rīk. s. a pile of corn or hay.

Rickets, rīk-kīts. s. a disorder in children.

Rickety, rīk-kīt. a. diseased with the rickets.

Rid, rīd. pret. of *ride*.

Rid, rīd. v. a. to set free; to clear.

Riddance, rīd-dāns. s. deliverance.

Ridden, rīd-dn. part. of *ride*. [tion.]

Riddle, rīd-dl. s. an enigma, a puzzling question.

Riddle, rīd-dl. v. a. to solve; to separate by a coarse sieve.

Ride, rīde. v. n. to travel on horseback, to be supported as ships on the water.

Rider, rī-dēr. s. one who is carried on a horse or in a vehicle.

Ridge, rīdje. s. the rough top of any thing; the ground thrown up by the plough; the top of the roof rising to an acute angle.

Ridgill, rīd-jīl.

Ridging, rīdjo-īng. } s. a ram half castrated.

Ridge, rīd-je. a. rising in a ridge.

Ridicule, rīd'-ā-kūle. s. wit which provokes laughter

Ridicule, rīd'-ā-kūle. v. a. to expose to laughter

Ridiculous, rē-dīk'-kū-lūs. a. worthy of laughter

Ridiculousness, rē-dīk'-kū-lūs-nēs. s. the quality of being ridiculous.

Riding, rī-dīng. s. a district visited by an *fiore*

Ridotto, rē-dōt'-tō. s. a kind of opera.

Rifo, rīfe. a. prevalent, abounding.

Rifeness, rīf-nēs. s. prevalence, abundance

Rife, rī'-fē. v. a. to pillage, to plunder.

Rift, rīft. s. a cleft, a breach.

Rift, rīft. v. n. to burst, to open.

Rig, rīg. v. a. to accoutre; to fit with tackling.

Rigadoon, rīg-ā-dōōn'. s. a dance.

Rigger, rīg-gēr. s. one that rigs or dresses.

Rigging, rīg-īng. s. the sails or tackling of a ship;

Rigish, rīg-īsh. a. wanton.

Right, rīte. a. fit; just, honest.

Right, rīte. ad. properly, justly.

Right, rīte. s. justice; just claim; prerogative.

Right, rīte. v. a. to do justice to; to relieve from wrong.

Righteous, rī-tīsh-ūs. a. just, virtuous.

Righteousness, rī-tīsh-ūs-nēs. s. justice, honest, virtue.

Rightful, rīte'-fūl. a. having a just claim; just.

Rightly, rīte'-lē. ad. properly, suitably; honestly; exactly.

Right, rīd'-īd. a. stiff; severe, cruel.

Rigidity, rē-jīd'-ē-tē. s. stiffness.

Rigidity, rīd'-īd-nēs. s. severity, inflexibility.

Rigor, rīgōr'-gūr. s. cold stiffness; severity, strictness. [abatem'at.]

Rigorous, rīg'-gūr-ūs. a. severe, allowing no

Rill, rīl. s. a small brook, a little streamlet.

Rim, rīm. s. a border, a margin

Rime, rīme. s. hoar frost.

Rind, rīnd. s. bark, husk.

Ring, rīng. s. a circle; a circle of gold worn as an ornament; a sound. [metal.]

Ring, rīng. v. n. to sound as a bell or sonorous

Ringdove, rīng'-dōv. s. a kind of pigeon.

Ringer, rīng-ēr. s. he who rings. [out body]

Ringleader, rīng'-lē-dēr. s. the head of a riot.

Ringlet, rīng'-lēl. s. a small ring; a curl. [ed.]

Ringstreaked, rīng'-streak. n. circularly streaked.

Rinse, rīns. v. a. to cleanse by washing; to wash soap out of clothes.

Riot, rī'-ūt. s. wild and loose festivity; sedition.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, plaj;—

Roast, rôst. *v. a.* to revel; to raise a sedition.
Bloter, rô-ô-ô. *s.* one who raises an uproar.
Riotous, rô-ô-ô. *a.* licentiously festive; sedi-
 tious. [riotous.
Riotousness, rô-ô-ô-nês. *s.* the state of being
 riot. **rip**, rô. *v. a.* to tear, to lacerate.
Ripe, rôpe. *a.* mature; complete.
Ripely, rôpe-lê. *ad.* maturely, at the fit time.
Ripen, rô-pn. *v. n.* to grow ripe.
Ripeness, rôpe-nês. *s.* maturity.
Ripple, rôp-pl. *v. n.* to fret on the surface as
 water swiftly running.
Rippling, rôp-ling. *s.* a moving roughness on
 the surface of running water.
Rise, rôze. *v. n.* to get up; to spring; to swell;
 to break out from below the horizon; to in-
 crease in price. [increase of price; original.
Rise, rôd. *s.* the act of rising; elevated place;
Risibility, rôz-ê-bil-ê-tê. *s.* the quality of laugh-
 ing.
Risible, rôz-ê-bl. *a.* exciting laughter.
Risk, rôsk. *s.* hazard, danger.
Risk, rôsk. *v. a.* to hazard. [observance.
Rite, rôze. *s.* solemn act of religion, external
Ritual; rô-ô-ô-ô. *a.* solemnly ceremonious.
Ritual, rô-tabô-ô. *s.* a book in which the rites
 and observances of religion are set down.
Rival, rô-vâl. *s.* a competitor.
Rival, rô-vâl. *v. a.* to oppose, to emulate.
Rivalry, rô-vâl-rê. *s.* competition, emulation.
Rivalship, rô-vâl-shîp. *s.* the state or character
 of a rival.
Rive, rôve. *v. a.* part. *rîvez*. to split, to cleave.
Rivel, rôv-vi. *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles.
River, rôv-ô. *s.* a land-current of water larger
 than a brook. [river.
River-god, rôv-ô-ô-gôd. *s.* tutelary deity of a
Rivet, rôv-ô. *s.* a fastenag pin clenched at both
 ends.
Rivet, rôv-ô. *v. a.* to fasten with rivets.
Rivulet, rôv-ô-lê. *s.* a small river, a streamlet.
Road, rôde. *s.* large way.
Roam, rôme. *v. n.* to wander.
Roan, rône. *a.* bay, sorrel, or black, with gray
 or white spots interspersed.
Roar, rôre. *v. n.* to make a loud noise.
Roar, rôre. *s.* the cry of a lion or other beast;
 any loud noise.

Roast, rôst. *v. a.* to dress meat by turning
 round before the fire.
Rob, rôb. *n. a.* to plunder.
Robber, rôb-bâr. *s.* a thief. [or with privacy
Robbery, rôb-bâr-ê. *s.* theft perpetrated by force.
Robe, rôbe. *s.* a gown of state.
Robe, rôbe. *v. a.* to dress pompously.
Robust, rô-bôst. *a.* strong, vigorous.
Rochealun, rôsh-âl-lâm. *s.* a pure kind of
 alum. [a distill
Rock, rôk. *s.* a vast mass of stone protection
Rock, rôk. *v. a.* to shake; to move a cradle.
Rocket, rôk-kê. *s.* an artificial fire-work.
Rockwork, rôk-wôrck. *s.* stones fixed in mortar
 in imitation of the asperities of rocks.
Rocky, rôk-kê. *a.* full of rocks; hard.
Rod, rôd. *s.* a long twig, an instrument of cor-
 rection.
Rode, rôde. *pret.* of *ride*.
Rodomontade, rô-ô-môn-tâde. *s.* an empty
 noisy bluster or boast. [of him
Roe, rô. *s.* the female of the hart; the egg
Rogation, rô-gâ-shôn. *s.* supplication.
Rogation-week, rô-gâ-shôn-wêek. *s.* the week
 immediately preceding Whitsunday.
Rogue, rôg. *s.* a vagabond; a rascal
Roguery, rô-gô-ô. *s.* knavish tricks; waggery
Roguish, rô-gô-ô. *a.* knavish; waggish.
Roist, rôist. *v. n.* to behave turbulently, to act
 at discretion.
Roll, rôle. *v. a.* to move in a circle; to unwrap.
Roll, rôle. *v. n.* to run on wheels; to perform a
 periodical revolution; to move as waves; to
 fluctuate; to revolve on its axis.
Roll, rôle. *a.* a thing rolling; mass made round;
 a register, a catalogue; a chronicle.
Roller, rô-lâr. *s.* any thing turning on its
 axis; bandage, file.
Rolling-pipe, rô-ling-pîn. *s.* a round piece
 of wood with which paste is moulded.
Romage, rô-mâjô. *s.* a tumult, an active
 tumultuous search.
Romance, rô-mânsê. *s.* a tale of wild ad-
 ventures in war and love; a fiction.
Romance, rô-mânsê. *v. n.* to lie, to forge.
Romancer, rô-mâns-ô. *s.* a liar, a juggler,
 a tale.
Romanize, rô-môn-lze. *v. a.* to Latinize

no. mōve, nōr, nōt;—tōbe, tōb, hōll;—ōll;—pōund;—thin, THIS.

- Romantick**, rō-mān'-tīk. *a.* wild; fanciful, full of wild scenery.
- Roman**, rō'-mān. *a.* belonging to Rome.
- Rome**, rōm *s.* the capital city of Italy.
- Romp**, rōmp. *s.* a rude, awkward girl.
- Romp**, rōmp. *v. n.* to play rudely.
- Rondeau**, rōn-dō'. *s.* a kind of ancient poetry.
- Ronion**, rōn'-yōn. *s.* a fat, bulky woman.
- Roof**, rōōf. *s.* the fourth part of an acre, a pole, a measure of 16 feet and a half in long measure; the cross.
- Roof**, rōōf. *s.* the cover of a house.
- Roof**, rōōf. *v. a.* to cover with a roof.
- Rook**, rōōk. *s.* a bird; a cheat.
- Rook**, rōōk. *v. n.* to rob, to cheat.
- Rookery**, rōōk'-ār-ē. *s.* a nursery of rooks.
- Room**, rōōm. *s.* space; place of another, stead; an apartment.
- Roomage**, rōōm'-lōje. *s.* space, place.
- Roomy**, rōōm'-ē. *a.* spacious, wide.
- Roost**, rōōst. *s.* that on which a bird sits to roost.
- Roost**, rōōst. *v. n.* to sleep as a bird. [sleep.]
- Roost**, rōōst. *s.* that part of the plant which rests in the ground, and supplies the stems with nourishment; the original; impression.
- Root**, rōōt. *v. z.* to fix the root, to strike far into the earth; to turn up earth.
- Rooted**, rōōt-ēd. *a.* fixed deep, radical.
- Rope**, rōpe. *s.* a cord, a string, a halter.
- Rope**, rōpe. *v. z.* to draw out in a line as viscous matter.
- Ropiness**, rō'-pē-nēs. *s.* viscosity. [ropes to sell.]
- Ropemaker**, rōpe'-māke-ār. *s.* one who makes rope.
- Ropy**, rō'-pē. *a.* viscous, glutinous.
- Roquelaure**, rōk-ē-lō'. *s.* a cloak for men.
- Rosary**, rō'-zār-ē. *s.* a string of beads.
- Roscid**, rōs'-sīd. *a.* dewy.
- Rose**, rōze. *s.* a flower.
- Rose**, rōze. *pret.* of rise.
- Roseate**, rō'-zhē-āt. *a.* rosy, full of roses.
- Rosemary**, rōze'-mā-rē. *s.* a plant.
- Rosin**, rōz'-zīn. *s.* inspissated turpentine.
- Rostrum**, rōs'-trūm. *s.* the beak of a bird or ship; a pulpit. [beauty, or fragrance.]
- Rosy**, rō'zē. *a.* resembling a rose in bloom.
- Rot**, rōt. *v. n.* to putrefy, to lose the cohesion of its parts. [tion.]
- Rot**, rōt. *s.* a distemper among sheep; putrefac-
- Rotary**, rō'-iā-rē. *a.* whirled as a wheel
- Rotation**, rō-tā'-siōn. *s.* the act of whirling round; revolution.
- Rote**, rōte. *s.* words uttered by mere memory without comprehension of the sense.
- Rotten**, rō'-tā. *a.* putrid, not sound.
- Rottenness**, rōt'-tū-nēs. *s.* state of being rotten, putrefaction.
- Rotund**, rō-tūnd'. *a.* round, circular. [larity]
- Rotundity**, rō-tūn'-dē-tē. *s.* roundness, circularity
- Rotundo**, rō-tūn'-dō. *s.* a building formed round both in the inside and outside.
- Rouge**, rōōzhe. *s.* red paint for the face.
- Rough**, rōōf. *a.* rugged; harsh; inelegant.
- Roughcast**, rōōf'-kāst. *v. a.* to mould without nicety or elegance; to form any thing in its first rudiments.
- Roughcast**, rōōf'-kāst. *s.* a rude model.
- Roughdraught**, rōōf'-drāft. *s.* a draught in its rudiments.
- Roughdraw**, rōōf'-drāw. *v. a.* to trace coarsely.
- Roughly**, rōōf'-lē. *ad.* with uneven surface harshly, rudely.
- Roughness**, rōōf'-nēs. *s.* unevenness; harshness; ruggedness; tempestuousness.
- Round**, rōōnd. *a.* circular; spherical; plain.
- Round**, rōōnd. *s.* a circle, an orb; step of a ladder; a revolution; a walk.
- Round**, rōōnd. *ad.* every way, on all sides.
- Round**, rōōnd. *v. a.* to encircle; to make spherical; to move about any thing.
- Roundabout**, rōōnd'-ā-bōūt. *a.* ample, circuitous. [poetry.]
- Roundelay**, rōōn'-dē-lā. *s.* a kind of ancient song.
- Roundhouse**, rōōnd'-hōūse. *s.* the constabulary prison.
- Roundly**, rōōnd'-lē. *ad.* in a round form openly; plainly.
- Roundness**, rōōnd'-nēs. *s.* circularity; honesty, openness. [cite to thought or action.]
- Rouse**, rōōze. *v. a.* to wake from rest; to excite.
- Rout**, rōōt. *s.* a clamorous multitude; confusion of an army defeated or dispersed.
- Rout**, rōōt. *v. a.* to dissipate and put into confusion by defeat.
- Route**, rōōt. *s.* road, way.
- Rove**, rōve. *v. n.* to ramble, to wander.
- Rover**, rō'-vēr. *s.* a wanderer; a pirate

Fåte, fâr, fäll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plue, plin;—

- Row, rô. *s.* a rank or file, a number of things ranged in a line. [by oars.]
 Row, rô. *v. n.* to impel a vessel in the water
 Rowel, rôd'-il. *s.* the point of a spur turning on an axis; a seton.
 Rowel, rôd'-il. *v. a.* to pierce through the skin, and keep the wound open by a rowel.
 Royal, rôé'-âl. *a.* kingly, regal; noble.
 Royalist, rôé'-âl-ist. *s.* adherent to a king. [ly.
 Royally, rôé'-âl-é. *ad.* in a kingly manner, regal-
 Royalty rôé'-âl-té. *s.* kingship.
 Rub, rûb. *v. a.* to scour; to wipe; to move one body upon another; to remove by friction.
 Rub, rûb. *s.* collision, hinderance.
 Rubber, rûb'-bâr. *s.* one that rubs; a coarse file; two games out of three.
 Rubbish, rûb'-bish. *s.* ruins of buildings.
 Rubify, rôd'-bè-fl. *v. a.* to make red.
 Rubrick, rôd'-brîk. *s.* directions printed in books of law, and in prayer-books. [colour.
 Ruoy, rôd'-bè. *s.* a precious stone of a red
 Rudder, rûd'-dâr. *s.* the instrument at the stern of a vessel by which its course is governed.
 Ruddiness, rûd'-dè-nés. *s.* the quality of approaching to redness.
 Ruddle, rûd'-dî. *s.* red earth
 Ruddy, rûd'-dè. *a.* approaching to redness
 Rude, rôd'. *a.* rough; harsh, untaught; shapeless; inelegant.
 Rudely, rôd'-lè. *ad.* in a rude manner.
 Rudeness, rôd'-nés. *s.* coarseness of manners, incivility. [the first elements of science.
 Rudiment, rôd'-dè-mènt. *s.* the first principles,
 Rudimental, rôd'-dè-mènt'-âl. *a.* initial, relating to first principles.
 Rue, rôd'. *v. a.* to grieve for; to lament.
 Rue, rôd'. *s.* an herb.
 Rueful, rôd'-fûl. *a.* mournful, woful. [house.
 Ruelle, rôd'-èl'. *s.* an assembly at a private
 Ruff, rôf. *s.* a puckered linen ornament; a small fish. [low; a robber.
 Ruffian, rôf'-yân. *a.* a brutal, mischievous fel-
 Ruffian, rôf'-yân. *a.* brutal, savagely boisterous. [pose.
 Ruffle, rôf'-fl. *v. a.* to disorder; to discom-
 Ruffle, rôf'-fl. *s.* plaited linen used as an ornament. [mean beds.
 Rug, rôg. *s.* a coarse nappy coverlet used for
 Rugged, rôg'-gd'. *a.* rough; stormy, boisterous.
 Ruggedly, rôg'-gd'-lè. *ad.* in a rugged manner.
 Ruggedness, rôg'-gd'-nés. *s.* the state or quality of being rugged. [ness or fortune.
 Ruin, rôd'-în. *s.* fall, destruction, loss of happiness.
 Ruin, rôd'-în. *v. a.* to demolish; to destroy.
 Ruinous, rôd'-în-ûs. *a.* fallen to ruin; pernicious, destructive.
 Rule, rôdl. *s.* government, sway.
 Rule, rôdl. *v. a.* to govern, to manage.
 Ruler, rôdl'-ûr. *s.* governour; an instrument of which lines are drawn. [molasses.
 Rum, rûm. *s.* a kind of spirits distilled from
 Rumble, rûm'-bl. *v. n.* to make a hoarse, low, continued noise.
 Ruminant, rôd'-mè-nânt. *a.* having the property of chewing the cud.
 Ruminates, rôd'-mè-nâte. *v. n.* to chew the cud; to muse.
 Rumination, rôd'-mè-nâ-shûn. *s.* the property or act of chewing the cud; meditation.
 Rummage, rûm'-mîdje. *v. n.* to search places.
 Rummer, rôm'-mûr. *s.* a glass, a drinking cup
 Rumour, rôd'-mûr. *s.* flying report.
 Rumour, rôd'-mûr. *v. a.* to report abroad.
 Rump, rômp. *s.* the end of the backbone; the buttock. [puckers.
 Ruple, rûm'-pl. to crush or contract into
 Ruple, rûm'-pl. *s.* pucker, rough plait.
 Run, rôu. *v. n.* pret. *ran.* to move swiftly; to contend in a race; to flow; to melt; to have a continua tenour; to get by artifice or fraud
 Run, rôu. *s.* the act of running.
 Runagate, rôu'-nâ-gâté. *s.* a fugitive, rebel apostate. [ger
 Runaway, rôu'-â-wâ. *s.* one that flies from danger
 Rundle, rôu'-al. *s.* a step of a ladder.
 Rundlet, rôud'-lît. *s.* a small barrel.
 Ring, rông. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of ring.
 Runic, rô'-nlk. *a.* denoting the old Scandinavian language.
 Runt, rônt. *s.* a dwarf.
 Rupture, rôp'-tshûre. *s.* the act of breaking. state of being broken; a breach of peace, open hostility; burstness.
 Rural, rôd'-râl. *a.* existing in the country; suit- ing the country.
 Rush, rôsh. *a.* a plant - any thing worthless.

so, mōve, nōr, nōi;—tōbē, tūb, būll;—ōll;—pōōnd;—thīn, THUS.

Rush, rūsh. *v. n.* to move with violence, to go on with tumultuous rapidity.
 Rush, rūsh. *s.* a violent course.
 Rusk, rūsk. *s.* hard bread for stores. [rustick.
 Russet, rūś-săt. *a.* reddish brown; coarse.
 Rust, rūst. *s.* the red incrustation of iron, &c
 Rust, rūst. *v. n.* to gather rust.
 Rustical, rūś-tē-kāl. *a.* rough, boisterous.
 Rusticate rūś-tē-kāte. *v. n.* to reside in the country [rural appearance.
 Rusticity, rūś-ūs-ē-tē. *s.* simplicity, rudeness;
 Rustick, rūś-tīk. *a.* rural; rude; artless.
 Rustick, rūś-tīk. *s.* a clown, an inhabitant of the country. [rattle.
 Rustle, rūś-sl. *v. n.* to make a low, continued
 Rusty, rūś-tē. *a.* covered with rust.
 Rut, rūt. *s.* copulation of deer; the track of a cart wheel.
 Ruth, rūth. *s.* pity, tenderness.
 Ruthful, rūth'-fūl. *a.* rueful, woful.
 Ruthless, rūth'-lēś. *a.* cruel, pitiless.
 Ruttish, rūt'-tīsh. *a.* wanton, libidinous.
 Ryder, rī'-dūr. *s.* a clause added to an act of parliament at its third reading.
 Rye, rī. *s.* a coarse kind of bread corn.

S.

SABBATH, săt'-băt. *s.* a day appointed by God for public worship; set time of rest.
 Sabbatical, săt-băt'-tē-kāl. *a.* resembling the sabbath.
 Sable, săt'-bl. *s.* fur.
 Sable, săt'-bl. *a.* black.
 Sabre, săt'-bēr. *s.* a cimeter, a short sword.
 Sabulous, săt'-h-lūs. *a.* gritty, sandy.
 Saccharine, sāk'-kār-īne. *a.* having the qualities of sugar.
 Sacerdotal, sās-ēr-dō'-tāl. *a.* priestly.
 Sack, sāk. *s.* a bag; the measure of three bushels; a woman's loose robe; Canary wine.
 Sack, sāk. *v. a.* to put in bags; to plunder.
 Sackbut, sāk'-būt. *s.* a kind of pipe.
 Sackcloth, sāk'-klōth. *s.* cloth of which sacks are made.
 Sackful, sāk'-fūl. *s.* a sack quite filled.
 Sackposset, sāk-pōś-săt. *s.* a posset made of milk and sack.

Sacrament, sāk'-krā-mēt. *s.* an oath; an outward and visible sign of an inward and spiritual grace; the holy communion.
 Sacramental, sāk-krā-mēt'-āl. *a.* constituting a sacrament.
 Sacred, sāk'-krēd. *a.* holy; consecrated.
 Sacredness, sāk'-krēd-nēs. *s.* holiness.
 Sacrifice, sāk'-krē-flīze. *v. a.* to offer to Heaven, to immolate; to devote with loss.
 Sacrifice, sāk'-krē-flīze. *s.* the act of offering; thing offered or immolated; any thing destroyed or quitted for the sake of something else. [fice.
 Sacrificial, sāk-krē-flīsh'-āl. *a.* performing sacrifice.
 Sacrilege, sāk'-krē-līdje. *s.* the crime of robbing Heaven. [sacred.
 Sacrilegious, sāk-krē-lē'-jūs. *a.* violating things.
 Sacrilegiously, sāk-krē-lē'-jūs-lē. *ad.* with sacrilege.
 Sacristy, sāk'-krīs-tē. *s.* an apartment where the consecrated vessels or moveables of a church are deposited.
 Sad, sād. *a.* sorrowful; afflictive.
 Sadden, sād'-dn. *v. a.* to make sad.
 Saddle, sād'-dl. *s.* the seat which is put upon a horse for the accommodation of the rider.
 Saddle, sād'-dl. *v. a.* to cover with a saddle; to load. [saddles.
 Saddler, sād'-lār. *s.* one whose trade is to make
 Saddy, sād'-lē. *ad.* sorrowfully, mournfully.
 Sadness, sād'-nēs. *s.* sorrowfulness.
 Safe, sāfe. *a.* free from danger.
 Safe, sāfe. *s.* a buttry, & pantry. [rant to pass.
 Safeconduct, sāfe-kōn'-dūkt. *s.* convoy; war
 Safeguard, sāfe-gārd. *s.* defence, security.
 Safely, sāfe'-lē. *ad.* in a safe manner.
 Safety, sāfe'-tē. *s.* freedom from danger
 Saffron, sāf'-fūr. *s.* a plant.
 Saffron, sāf'-fūr. *a.* yellow.
 Sagacious, sā-gā'-shūs. *a.* quick of scent; quick of thought. [acuteness.
 Sagacity, sā-gās'-sē-tē. *s.* quickness of scent
 Sage, sādje. *s.* a plant; a philosopher.
 Sage, sādje. *a.* wise, grave, prudent.
 Sagely, sādje'-lē. *ad.* wisely, prudently
 Sago, sā'-gō. *s.* a kind of eatable grain.
 Said, sād. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of say.
 Saik, sā'-lk. *s.* a Turkish vessel.

Fâto, fâr, fâl, fât;—mê, mêt;—pline, pln;—

Sail, sâle. s. a canvass sheet; a ship.
Sail, sâle. v. n. to be moved by the wind with sails; to pass by sea.
Sailor, sâ-lôr. s. a seaman. [sajl is extended.
Sailyard, sâle-yârd. s. the pole on which the Sainfoin, sâu'-fîn. s. a kind of herb.
Saint, sânt. s. a person eminent for piety.
Saint, sânt. v. a. to canonize.
Sainted, sânt'-êd. a. holy, pious.
Sauntlike, sânt'-like. a. becoming a saint.
Saintly, sânt'-lê. ad. like a saint.
Sake, sâke. s. a final cause, end.
Salacious, sâ-lâ'-shûs. a. lustful, lecherous.
Salacity, sâ-lâs'-gê-tê. s. lust, lechery.
Salad, sâl-lâd. s. food of raw herbs. [ment.
Salary, sâl-lâ-rê. s. stated hire, periodical pay-
Sale, sâle. s. the act of selling; vent; auction
Saleable, sâ-lâ-bl. a. vendible, fit for sale.
Salesman, sâlz'-mân. s. one who sells clothes.
Salework, sâle-wûrk. s. work for sale.
Salient, sâl'-lê-ênt. a. leaping, bounding.
Saline, sâ-lîne' a. consisting of salt.
Saliva, sâl-l'-vâ. s. every thing that is spit up, but it more strictly signifies that juice which is separated by the glands called salival.
Salivary, sâl'-ê-vâ-rê. a. relating to spittle.
Salivate, sâl'-lê-vâte. v. a. to purge by the salival glands. [by spitting.
Salivation, sâl-lê-vâ-shûn. s. a method of cure
Sallow, sâl-lô. a. sickly, yellow.
Sallowness, sâl-lô-nês. s. yellowness, sickness.
Sally, sâl'-lê. s. eruption; quick egress; frolic. [are made.
Sallyport, sâl-lê-pôrt. s. gate at which sallies
Salmagundi, sâl-nâ-gûn'-dê. s. a mixture of chopped meat and pickled herrings, with oil, vinegar, pepper, and onions.
Salmon, sâl-môn. s. a well known fish.
Salmontout, sâl-môn-trôût. s. a trout that has some resemblance to a salmon.
Salt, sâl. s. a body whose two essential properties seem to be dissolubility in water, and a pungent sapor; wit.
Salt, sâl. r. having the taste of salt.
Salt, sâl. v. a. to season with salt. [jumping.
Saltation, sâl-tâ-shûn. s. the act of dancing or
Saltcellar, sâl-sêl-lôr. s. vessel of salt set on the table.

Saltish, sâl'-ish. a. somewhat salt.
Saltiness, sâl'-nês. s. taste of salt.
Saltpetre, sâl-pêtr'-tôr. s. nitre. [fu.
Salubrious, sâ-lû'-brê-ûs. a. wholesome, health
Salubrity, sâ-lû'-brê-tê. s. wholesomeness.
Salutary, sâl-lô-tâ-rê. a. wholesome, healthful
Salutation, sâl-lô-tâ-shûn. s. the act or style of saluting, greeting.
Salute, sâ-lûte. v. a. to greet, to hail; to kiss.
Salute, sâ-lûte. s. salutation; a kiss.
Salutiferous, sâl-lô-ûf'-fêr-ûs. a. healthy, bring-
ing health. [being saved
Salvability, sâl-vâ-bîl'-ê-tê. s. possibility of
Salvage, sâl'-vidje. s. a recompense for saving
goods from a wreck. [eternal death
Salvation, sâl-vâ-shûn. s. preservation from
Salvatory, sâl'-vâ-tôr-ê. s. a place where any
thing is preserved.
Salvê, sâl. v. s. a glutinous matter applied to
wounds and hurts; remedy.
Salve, sâl. v. a. to cure with medicaments
applied. [is presented.
Salver, sâl'-vôr. s. a plate on which any thing
Salvo, sâl'-vô. s. an exception, a reservation
Same, sâme. a. identical, of the like kind
Sameness, sâme'-nês. s. identity.
Sampnre, sâm'-fir. s. a plant.
Sample, sâm'-pl. s. a specimen.
Sampler, sâm'-pl-ôr. s. a pattern of work.
Sanable, sân'-nâ-bl. a. curable.
Sanative, sân'-nâ-ûv. a. healing.
Sanctification, sângk'-tê-fê-kâ-shûn. s. the ac-
of making holy, consecration.
Sanctifier, sângk'-tê-fî-ôr. s. he that sanctifies
Sanctify, sângk'-tê-fî. v. a. to make holy.
Sanctimonious, sângk'-tê-mô'-nê-ûs. a. saintly.
Sanctimony, sângk'-tê-mô-nê. s. holiness, ap-
pearance of holiness. [tion; ratification.
Sanction, sângk'-shûn. s. the act of confirma-
Sanctitude, sângk'-tê-tûde. } s. holiness.
Sanctity, sângk'-tê-tê. }
Sanctuary, sângk'-ishû-â-rê. s. a holy place
a sacred asylum.
Sand, sând. s. stone broken to powder.
Sandal, sând'-tâl. s. a loose shoe.
Sandstone, sând'-stone. s. stone of a loose and
friable kind.
Sandy, sând'-ê. a. full of sand.

nò, mòve, nòt, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—thin, TRUIS.

Sane, sàne. *a.* sound, healthy.

Sang, sàng. the *pret.* of sing. [blood.

Sanguiferous, sàng-gwí'f-ér-ús. *a.* conveying

Sanguinary, sàng-gwè'nà-rè. *a.* cruel, murderous.

Sanguine, sàng-gwín. *a.* red; warm, ardent.

Sanguineous, sàng-gwín'è-ús. *a.* abounding with blood. [among the Jews.

Sankhedrim, sán'hè-drím. *s.* the chief council

Saries, sà'ne-èz. *s.* thin matter.

Sanity, sán't-è. *s.* soundness of mind.

Sank, sàngk. the *pret.* of sinck.

Sap, sàp. *s.* the vital juice of plants.

Sap, sàp. *v. a.* to undermine.

Sapience, sà'p-è-énc. *s.* wisdom, sageness.

Sapient, sà'p-è-ént. *a.* wise, sage.

Sapless, sàp'l-ès. *a.* wanting sap.

Sapling, sàp'ling. *s.* a young tree.

Saponaceous, sàp'ò-nà-shùs. } *a.* soapy.

Saponary, sàp'pò-nà-rè. }

Sapor, sà'p-èr. *s.* taste, power of stimulating the palate. [colour.

Sapphire, sáf-flr. *s.* a precious stone of a blue

Sappiness, sàp'p-è-ès. *s.* succulence, juiciness.

Sappy, sàp'p-è. *a.* juicy, succulent; young.

Saraband, sà'r-rà-bànd. *s.* a Spanish dance.

Sarcasm, sà'r-kàzm. *s.* a keen reproach, a taunt.

Sarcastically, sà'r-kàs't-è-kál-è. *ad.* tauntingly, severely.

Sarcastical, sà'r-kàs't-è-kál. } *a.* taunting, se-

Sarcastick, sà'r-kàs't-èk. } vere.

Sarconet, sàr'sè-nèt. *s.* fine, thin-woven silk.

Sarcophagus, sà'r-kòf-fà-gùs. *s.* a tomb in which the human flesh is consumed and eaten away by time.

Sardonyx, sà'r-dò-niks. *s.* a precious stone.

Sarsaparilla, sàr-sà-pà-ríl-là. *s.* a plant.

Sash, sàsh. *s.* a belt; a silken band

Sat, sàt. the *pret.* of sit.

Satan, sà'tàn. *s.* the prince of evil.

Satanical, sà'tàn'è-kál. } *a.* devilish

Satanick, sà'tàn'èk. }

Satchel, sàsh'i. *s.* a little bag.

Sate, sàte. *v. a.* to satiate, to glut.

Satellite, sà't-èl-ite. *s.* a small planet revolving round a larger.

Satiate, sà't-èl-ite. *v. a.* to satisfy, to fill.

Satiate. sà't-èl-ite. *a.* glutted.

Satiety, sà't-è-t-è. *s.* more than enough, state of being palled.

Satin, sà't-ín. *s.* a soft, close, and shining silk.

Satire, sà't-úr, sà't-úr'è, or sà't-lre. *s.* a poem in which wickedness or folly is censured.

Satirical, sà't-úr'è-kál. } *a.* belonging to satire

Satirick, sà't-úr'èk. } severe in language.

Satirise, sà't-úr-ize. *v. a.* to censure as in a satire.

Satirist, sà't-úr-ist. *s.* one who writes satires.

Satisfaction, sà't-ús-fák'shùn. *s.* the state of being pleased; gratification; atonement.

Satisfactorily, sà't-ús-fák't-úr-è-lè. *ad.* in a satisfactory manner. [tent; atoning.

Satisfactory, sà't-ús-fák't-úr-è. *a.* giving com-

Satisfy, sà't-ús-fl. *v. a.* to content; to feed to the fill; to recompense; to convince.

Saturate, sà't-tshù-ràte. *v. a.* to impregnate till no more can be received. [week.

Saturday, sà't-túr-dè. *s.* the last day of the

Saturity, sà't-úr-è-t-è. *s.* fulness.

Saturn, sà't-úr-n, or sà't-túr-n. *s.* the remotest planet of the solar system; in chymistry, lead. [ly.

Saturnine, sà't-túr-nue. *a.* gloomy, melanco-

Satyr, sà't-úr, or sà't-úr. *s.* a sylvan god.

Sauce, sàwse. *s.* something eaten with food to improve its taste. [petulant fellow.

Saucebox, sàwse'bòks. *s.* an impertinent or

Saucepan, sàwse'pàn. *s.* a small skillet with a long handle.

Saucer, sàw'súr. *s.* a platter of china, into which a tea-cup is set.

Sauciness, sàw'sè-ès. *s.* impudence, petulance.

Saucy, sàw'sè. *a.* pert, insolent.

Saunter, sàn't-úr, or sàwn't-úr. *v. n.* to wander about idly, to loiter.

Sausage, sàw'sàlje, or sàw'sàdje. *s.* a roll made commonly of pork or beef minced very small, with salt and spice.

Savage, sàv'vldje. *a.* wild, barbarous.

Savage, sàv'vldje. *s.* a barbarian.

Savanna, sà-vàn-nà. *s.* an open meadow with out wood. [struction.

Save, sàvo. *v. a.* to preserve from danger or de-

Save, sàvo. *ad.* except. [of candle.

Saveall, sàve'Àll. *s.* a small pan to save the ends

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât ;—mè, mêt ;—pine, pln ;—

Saving, sâ'-ving. *a.* frugal, parsimonious.
Saving, sâ'-ving. *ad.* with exception.
Saving, sâ'-ving. *s.* escape of expense, somewhat preserved.
Saviour, sâve'-yûr. *s.* Redeemer.
Savour, sâ'-vûr. *s.* a scent, odour.
Savour, sâ'-vûr. *v. n.* to have any particular smell or taste.
Savoury, sâ'-vûr-ê. *a.* pleasing to the smell ; piquant to the taste.
Savoy, sâ'-vôé. *s.* a sort of colewort.
Saw, sâw. *the pret. of see.*
Saw, sâw. *s.* a dentated instrument for cutting ; a proverb. [cut timber.
Saw, sâw. *v. a.* part. pass. *sawed* and *sawn.* to
Sawdust, sâw'-dûs. *s.* dust made by sawing.
Sawpit, sâw'-pît. *s.* a pit where wood is sawn.
Sawyer, sâw'-yûr. *s.* one who saws timber.
Saxifrage, sâk'-sê-frâdje. *s.* a plant,
Say, sâ. *v. a.* pret. *said,* to speak ; to tell.
Saying, sâ'-ing. *s.* expression.
Scab, skâb. *s.* an incrustation over a sore.
Scabbard, skâb'-bûrd. *s.* the sheath of a sword.
Scabby, skâb'-bê. *a.* diseased with scabs.
Scabious, skâ'-bê-ûs. *a.* itchy, leprous.
Scabrous, skâ'-brûs. *a.* rough, rugged.
Scaffold, skâf'-fôld. *s.* a temporary stage raised either for shows or spectators ; the gallery raised for execution of malefactors.
Scaffolding, skâf'-fôld-îng. *s.* building slightly erected.
Scald, skâld. *v. a.* to burn with hot liquor.
Scale, skâle. *s.* part of the covering of a fish ; a balance ; means of ascent ; a figure subdivided by lines ; gamut.
Scale, skâle. *v. a.* to climb as by ladders ; to take off a thin lamina.
Scaliness, skâ'-lê-nês. *s.* the state of being sealy.
Scall, skâwl. *s.* leprosy.
Scallion, skâl'-yûn. *s.* a kind of onion.
Scallop, skâl'-lôp. *v. a.* to mark on the edge with segments of circles.
Scalp, skâlp. *s.* the skull.
Scalp, skâlp. *v. a.* to deprive the skull of its integuments.
Scaly, skâ'-lê. *a.* covered with scales.
Scammony, skâm'-mô-nê. *s.* a concreted juice drawn from an Asiatick plant.

Scamper, skâm'-pûr. *v. n.* to fly with speed and trepidation.
Scan, skân. *v. a.* to examine a verse by counting the feet ; to examine nicely.
Scandal, skân'-dâl. *s.* reproachful aspersion, opprobrious censure, infamy. [defame.
Scandalize, skân'-dâ-lîze. *v. a.* to disgrace, to scandalous, skân'-dâ-lîs. *a.* opprobrious, shameful. [scanning a verse.
Scansion, skân'-shûn. *s.* the act or practice of
Scant, skânt. *a.* parsimonious.
Scantiness, skân'-tê-nês. *s.* narrowness.
Scantlet, skânt'-lêt. *s.* a small pattern.
Scantling, skânt'-îng. *s.* a quantity cut for a particular purpose ; a small quantity.
Scanty, skân'-tê. *a.* narrow, small.
Scape, skâpe. *v. a.* to escape, to shun.
Scapula, skâp'-û-lâ. *s.* the shoulder-blade.
Scar, skâr. *s.* a mark made by hurt or fire, a cicatrix. [moley dress
Scaramouch, skâr'-â-môûtsh. *s.* a buffoon in
Scarce, skârse. *a.* rare, not common.
Scarce, skârse. } *ad.* hardly, scantily.
Scarcely, skârse'-lê. }
Scarceness, skârse'-nês. } *s.* smallness of quan
Scarcity, skâr'-sê-tê. } *s.* uty ; penury ; rare
ness
Scare, skâre. *v. a.* to frighten, to terrify
Scarecrow, skâre'-krô. *s.* an image to fright birds.
Scarf, skârf. *s.* any thing that hangs loose upon the shoulders.
Scarskin, skârf'-skîn. *s.* the cuticle ; the epidermis. [the skin with a lancet
Scarification, skâr-ê-sê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* incision or
Scarfing, skâr'-rê-fl. *v. a.* to lance or cut the skin
Scarlet, skâr'-lêt. *s.* beautiful bright-red colour
Scarlet, skâr'-lêt. *a.* of the colour of scarlet.
Scarp, skârp. *s.* the slope of a ditch.
Scate, skâte. *s.* an iron to slide with a fish.
Scate, skâte. *v. n.* to slide on scates.
Scathful, skâth'-fûl. *a.* mischievous, destructive
Scatter, skât'-tûr. *v. a.* to dissipate, to disperse.
Scavenger, skâv'-înj-ûr. *s.* one whose province is to keep the streets clean
Scene, sêeu. *s.* the stage ; appearance, a display ; part of a play.
Scenery, sêeu'-êr-ê. *s.* representation ; the

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dùl;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

- position and consecution of the scenes of a play.
- Scenick, sèn'-nik. *a.* dramattick, theatrical.
- Scenography, sè-nòg'-grà-fè. *s.* the art of perspective
- Scent sènt. *s.* the power of smelling, smell; chase followed by smell.
- Scout, sènt. *v. a.* to smell; to perfume.
- Sceptick. *s.* See *skeptick*.
- Sceptre, sèp'-tùr. *s.* the ensign of royalty borne in the hand.
- Schedule, sèd'-jùle, or skèd'-jùle. *s.* a small scroll; a little inventory.
- Scheme, skème. *s.* a plan, design, a project.
- Schemer, skè'-mùr. *s.* a projector.
- Schism, sçzm. *s.* a separation or division in the church. [from the true church.]
- Schismattick, sçz'-mà-ùk. *s.* one who separates
- Scholar, skòl'-lùr. *s.* a disciple; a man of letters.
- Scholarship, skòl'-lùr-shíp. *s.* learning.
- Scholastick, skò-làs'-ùk. *a.* pertaining to the school. [notes.]
- Scholiast, skò'-lè-àst. *s.* a writer of explanatory
- Scholium, skò'-lè-ùm. *s.* an explanatory observation.
- School, skòl. *s.* a house of discipline and instruction; a place of literary education.
- School, skòl. *v. a.* to instruct, to train.
- Schoolboy, skòl'-bòe. *s.* a boy that is in his rudiments at school. [same school.]
- Schoolfellow, skòl'-fèl-lò. *s.* one bred at the
- Schoolman, skòl'-màn. *s.* one versed in academical disputation.
- Schoolmaster, skòl'-mà-stùr. *s.* one who teaches in a school.
- Schoolmistress, skòl'-mìs-tris. *s.* a woman who governs a school.
- Sciatica, si-àt'-tè-kà. } *s.* the hip gout.
- Sciattick, si-àt'-ùk. } *s.* the hip gout.
- Sciattick, si-àt'-tè-kàl. *a.* afflicting the hip.
- Science, si-èncè. *s.* knowledge; art attained by precepts, or built on principles.
- Sciential, si-èn'-shàl. *a.* producing science.
- Scientificall, si-èn-ùf'-tè-kàl. } *a.* producing demonstrative
- Scientifick, si-èn-ùf'-fik } *knowledge.*
- Scimitar, sim'-mè-tùr. *s.* a short sword with a convex edge.
- Scintillation, sìn-ùf-là'-shùn. *s.* the act of sparkling. [perfectly.]
- Sciolist, si'-ò-ùst. *s.* one who knows things superficially.
- Sciomachy, si-òm'-mà-kè. *s.* battle with a shadow.
- Scion, si'-ùn. *s.* a small twig taken from one tree to be ingrafted into another.
- Scirrhus, skùr'-rùs. *s.* an indurated gland.
- Scirrhus, skùr'-rùs. *a.* having a gland indurated
- Scissible, sçs'-sè-bl. } *a.* capable of being cut
- Scissile, sçs'-sçl. } *divided.*
- Scission, sçzh'-ùn. *s.* the act of cutting.
- Scissors, sçz'-zùr. *s.* a small pair of shears.
- Scissure, sçzh'-ùre. *s.* a crack, a rent.
- Scoff, skòf. *v. n.* to treat with insolent ridicule.
- Scoff, skòf. *a.* contemptuous ridicule. [scornèr.]
- Scoffer, skòf'-fùr. *s.* insolent ridiculer, saucy
- Scold, skòld. *v. n.* to quarrel clamorously.
- Scold, skòld. *s.* a clamorous, rude woman.
- Scollop, skòl'-lùp. *s.* a shell fish.
- Sconce, skònce. *s.* a fort; the head; a pensile candlestick.
- Sconce, skònce. *v. a.* to mulct, to fine.
- Scoop, skòòp. *s.* a kind of large ladle.
- Scoop, skòòp. *v. a.* to lade out.
- Scope, skòpe. *s.* aim, intention, drift. [scurvy.]
- Scorbutick, skòr-bù-ùk. *a.* diseased with the
- Scorch, skòrtsh. *v. a.* to burn superficially.
- Score, skòre. *s.* a line drawn; account kept; debt; motive; twenty.
- Score, skòre. *v. a.* to set down as a debt; to impute; to mark by a line.
- Scoria, skò'-rè-à. *s.* dross, recrement.
- Scorious, skò'-rè-ùs. *a.* drossy, recrementitious
- Scorn, skòrn. *v. a.* to despise.
- Scorn, skòrn. *s.* contempt, scoff.
- Scornèr, skòrn'-ùr. *s.* contemner, insolent.
- Scornful, skòrn'-fùl. *a.* contemptuous, insolent.
- Scornfully, skòrn'-fùl-lè. *ad.* insolently.
- Scorpion, skòr'-pè-ùn. *s.* a reptile; one of the signs of the zodiack; a sea fish.
- Scot, skòt. *s.* shot, payment.
- Scotch, skòtsh. *v. a.* to cut with shallow incisions.
- Scotch, skòtsh. *a.* belonging to Scotland.
- Scoundrel, skòdn'-fùl. *s.* a mean rascal.
- Scour, skòùr. *v. a.* to rub hard, in order to cleanse the surface to cleanse to pass swiffly.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pine, pin; —

- Scourer, skôûr'-âr. *s.* one that cleans by rubbing.
- Scourge, skôrje. *s.* a whip, a lash.
- Scourge, skôrje *v. a.* to lash with a whip; to castigate.
- Scout, skôût. *s.* one who is sent privily to observe the motions of the enemy.
- Scowl, skôûl. *v. n.* to frown, to look angry.
- Scowl, skôûl. *s.* look of sullenness or discontent.
- Scrabble, skràb'-bl. *v. n.* to paw with the hands.
- Scrag, skràg, *s.* any thing thin or lean.
- Scraggy, skràg'-gè. *a.* lean, thin.
- Scramble, skrà'm'-bl. *v. n.* to catch eagerly; to climb by the help of the hands.
- Scramble, skrà'm'-bl. *s.* eager contest for something.
- Scrambler, skrà'm'-bl-ôr. *s.* one that scrambles.
- Seranch, skrà'nsh. *v. a.* to grind between the teeth.
- Scrap, skràp. *s.* a small particle.
- Scrape, skràpe. *v. a.* to deprive of the surface by the light action of a sharp instrument to take away by scraping.
- Scrape, skràpe. *s.* difficulty, oustress
- Scraper, skrà'-pâr. *s.* instrument with which any thing is scraped; a miser; a vile fiddler.
- Scratch, skràtsh. *v. a.* to tear with the nails; to write or draw awkwardly.
- Scratch, skràtsh. *s.* laceration with the nails; a slight wound. [unskillfully.]
- Scrawl, skràwl. *v. a.* to draw clumsily; to write
- Scrawl, skràwl. *s.* unskillful and inelegant writing.
- Scream, skréke. *v. n.* to make a shrill noise
- Scream, skréme. *v. n.* to cry out shrilly.
- Scream, skréme. *s.* a shrill, loud cry of terror or pain.
- Screoch, skréetsh. *v. n.* to cry out as in terror or anguish; to cry as an owl. [ter.]
- Screen, skréén. *s.* any thing that affords shelter.
- Screen, skréén. *v. a.* to shelter.
- Screw, skréw. *s.* one of the mechanical powers; a kind of twisted nail which enters by turning.
- Screw, skréw. *v. a.* to turn by a screw; to fasten with a screw.
- Scrubble, skríb'-bl. *v. a.* to write without use or elegance.
- Scrubble, skríb'-bl. *s.* worthless writing.
- Scribbler, skríb'-bl-ôr. *s.* a petty author.
- Scribe, skríbe, *s.* a writer.
- Script, skríp. *s.* a small bag.
- Scriptory, skríp'-tôr-è. *a.* written.
- Scriptural; skríp'-tshû-râ-l. *a.* contained in the Bible, biblical.
- Scripture, skríp'-tshûre. *s.* the Bible. [tracta.]
- Scrivener, skrív'-nâr. *s.* one who draws cosmetics.
- Scrofula, skróf'-û-lâ. *s.* a deprivation of the humors of the body, which breaks out in sores commonly called the king's evil.
- Scrofulous, skróf'-û-lâs. *a.* diseased with the scrofula.
- Scroll, skróle. *s.* a writing rolled up.
- Scrub, skràb. *v. a.* to rub hard with something coarse and rough.
- Scrub, skràb. *s.* a mean fellow.
- Scrubbed, skràb'-bld. } *a.* mean, vile.
- Scrubby, skràb'-bè. }
- Scruple, skróû'-pl. *s.* doubt; twenty grains
- Scruple, skróû'-pl. *v. n.* to doubt, to hesitate.
- Scrupulosity, skróû'-pû-lôs-è-tè. *s.* minute and nice doubtfulness; tenderness of conscience.
- Scrupulous, skróû'-pû-lôs. *a.* nicely doubtful; cautious
- Scrupulousness, skróû'-pû-lôs-nês. *s.* the state of being scrupulous. [query.]
- Scrubtable, skróû'-tâ-bl. *a.* discoverable by inquiry.
- Scrutinous, skróû'-tîn-ûs. *a.* captious, full of inquiries. [amiation.]
- Scrutiny, skróû'-tè-nè. *s.* inquiry, search, examination.
- Scrutinize, skróû'-tîn-ize. *v. a.* to search, to examine. [for writing.]
- Scrutire, skróû'-tôr-è. *s.* a case of drawers
- Scud, skôûd. *v. n.* to fly, to run away with precipitation. [fected precipitation.]
- Scuddle, skôûd'-dl. *v. n.* to run with a kind of scuffle.
- Scuffle, skôûf'-fl. *s.* a confused quarrel.
- Scuffle, skôûf'-fl. *v. n.* to fight confusedly
- Sculk, skôûk. *v. n.* to lurk in hiding places.
- Scull, skôûl. *s.* the bone which incases and defends the brain; a small boat.
- Sculler, skôûl'-ôr. *s.* a boat in which there is but one rower.
- Scullery, skôûl'-ôr-è. *s.* the place where kettles, or dishes, are cleaned. [wash.]
- Scullion, skôûl'-yân. *s.* the lowest domestick servant.
- Sculpture, skôûlp'-tûr. *a.* made by carving.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb, búll; —bíl; —póund; —thin, THIS.

- Sculptor, skùl/-túr. *s.* a carver.
 Sculpture, skùlp/-tshùre. *s.* carved work.
 Scum, skúm. *s.* that which rises to the top of any liquor; dross.
 Scum, skúm. *v. a.* to clear off the scum.
 Scurf, skúrf. *s.* a kind of dry scab; any thing sticking on the surface. [*scurfy*]
 Scurfiness, skúrf/-é-nés. *s.* the state of being scurfy.
 Scurrility, skúr-ríl/-é-té. *s.* low abuse.
 Scurrilous, skúr-ríl/-ó. *a.* grossly opprobrious.
 Scurvily, skúr/-vé-lé. *ad.* vilely, basely.
 Scurvy, skúr/-vé. *s.* a distemper.
 Scurvy, skúr/-vé. *a.* diseased with the scurvy; worthless, contemptible.
 Scut, skút. *s.* the tail of a hare, &c.
 Scutcheon, skútsh/-ín. *s.* the shield represented in heraldry. [*pac.*]
 Scuttle, skút/-tl. *s.* a wide, shallow basket; quick
 Scuttle, skút/-tl. *v. n.* to run with affected precipitation.
 Sea, *sè. s.* the ocean; a collection of water.
 Seaborñ, *sè/-bòrn. a.* born of the sea.
 Seabreeze, *sè/-bréze. s.* wind blowing from the sea. [*by sea.*]
 Seacoal, *sè/-kòle. s.* coal brought to London
 Seacoast, *sè/-kòsté. s.* shore, edge of the sea.
 Seafaring, *sè/-fá-ríng. a.* travelling by sea.
 Seafight, *sè/-fíté. s.* battle of ships.
 Seagirt, *sè/-gért. a.* encircled by the sea.
 Seagreen, *sè/-grén. a.* resembling the colour of the distant sea.
 Seaman, *sè/-mán. s.* a sailor, a navigator.
 Seanympy, *sè/-nímf. s.* a godless of the sea.
 Seapiece, *sè/-péso. s.* a picture representing any thing at sea.
 Seaport, *sè/-pòrt. s.* a harbour.
 Searoom, *sè/-róóm. s.* open sea, spacious main.
 Seashore, *sè/-shòre. s.* the coast of the sea.
 Seasick, *sè/-síck. a.* sick, as new voyagers on the sea. [*men.*]
 Seaterm, *sè/-tèrm. s.* word of art used by sea-
 Seawater, *sè/-wá-túr. s.* the salt water of the sea.
 Seal, *séle. s.* the sea-calf.
 Seal, *séle. s.* a stamp; the impression made in wax.
 Seal, *séle. v. a.* to fasten with a seal; to confirm.
 Sealingwax, *sè/-íng-wáks. s.* hard wax used to seal letters.
 Seam, *sème. s.* what joins two pieces together a scar.
 Seam, *sème. v. a.* to join together; to scar.
 Seamless, *sème/-lés. a.* having no seam.
 Sear, *séru. a.* dry.
 Sear, *sére. v. a.* to burn.
 Searcloth, *sère/-klóth. s.* a plaster.
 Search, *sérsch. v. a.* to examine, to explore
 Search, *sérsch. s.* inquiry; quest.
 Searcher, *sérsch/-úr. s.* examiner, inquirer.
 Season, *sé-zn. s.* one of the four parts of the year; a fit time. [*ture.*]
 Season, *sé-zn. v. a.* to give a relish to; to ma-
 Seasonable, *sé/-zn-á-bl. a.* opportune.
 Seasonably, *sé/-zn-á-blé. ad.* properly with respect to time.
 Seasoning, *sé/-zn-íng. s.* that which is added to any thing to give it a relish.
 Seat, *séte. s.* a chair; tribunal; mansion.
 Seat, *séte. v. a.* to place on seats.
 Seaward, *sè/-wárd. ad.* towards the sea.
 Secant, *sè/-kánt. s.* a geometrical line.
 Secede, *sè/-séed. v. n.* to withdraw from fellow ship. [*ing from.*]
 Seccession, *sè/-sesh/-ín. s.* the act of withdraw-
 Seclude, *sè/-klúde. v. a.* to confine from, to ex-
 clude.
 Second, *sék'/-kúnd. a.* next to the first.
 Second, *sék'/-kúnd. s.* one who accompanies another in a duel, to direct or defend him; the sixtieth part of a minute.
 Second, *sék'/-kúnd. v. a.* to support, to assist; to follow in the next place.
 Secondary, *sék'/-kún-dá-ré. a.* not primary.
 Secondary, *sék'/-kún-dá-ré. s.* a delegate, a deputy.
 Secondly, *sék'/-kún-d-lé. ad.* in the second place.
 Secondrate, *sék'/-kúnd-ráte. s.* the second order in dignity or value.
 Secrecy, *sé/-kré-sé. s.* privacy; close silence.
 Secret, *sé/-krít. a.* not revealed; private faithful to a secret intrusted.
 Secret, *sé/-krít. a.* a thing unknown.
 Secretariship, *sék'/-kré-tá-ré-shíp. s.* the office of a secretary.
 Secretary, *sék'/-kré-tá-ré. s.* one who writes for another.
 Recrete, *sé/-kré-sé. v. a.* to hide, to separate

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; -mê, mêt; -pine, lân; -

Secretion, sê-kre'-shûn. *s.* separation of the animal juices; the fluid secreted.

Secretitious, sêk-rê-tsh'-ûs. *a.* parted by animal secretion.

Secretly, sê'-kri'-lê. *ad.* privately. [tenets.]

Sect, sêkt. *s.* a body of men united in some

Sectary, sêk'-tâ-rê. *s.* one who joins with those distinguished by some particular whims.

Sectator, sêk'-tâ'-tûr. *s.* a follower, a disciple.

Section, sêk'-shûn. *s.* the act of cutting; a part divided from the rest; a distinct part of a writing or book.

Sector, sêk'-tûr. *s.* a mathematical instrument.

Secular, sêk'-kû-lûr. *a.* not spiritual, relating to affairs of the present world.

Secularize, sêk'-kû-lâ-rize. *v. a.* to convert to common use.

Secundine, sêk'-kûn'-lne. *s.* the membrane in which the embryo is wrapped.

Secure, sê-kûre'. *a.* free from fear, easy. [fast.]

Secure, sê-kûre'. *v. a.* to make certain; to make

Securely, sê-kûre'-lê. *ad.* safely.

Security, sê-kû-rê-tê. *s.* freedom from fear; confidence; protection.

Sedan, sê-dân'. *s.* a kind of portable chair.

Sedate, sê-dâte'. *a.* calm, serene.

Sedately, sê-dâte'-lê. *ad.* calmly.

Sedateness, sê-dâte'-nês. *s.* calmness.

Sedatarness, sêd'-dân-tâ-rê-nês. *s.* inactivity.

Sedentary, sêd'-dân-tâ-rê. *a.* passed in sitting still; inactive.

Sedge, sêdje. *s.* a narrow flag.

Sedgy, sêd'-jê. *a.* overgrown with narrow flags.

Sediment, sêd'-ê-mênt. *s.* that which settles at the bottom. [tion.]

Sedition, sê-dish'-ûn. *s.* a tumult, an insurrection.

Seditious, sê-dish'-ûs. *a.* factious with

Seditiousness, sê-dish'-ûs-nês. *s.* disposition to sedition.

Seduce, sê-dûse'. *v. a.* to draw aside, to tempt

Seducement, sê-dûse'-mênt. *s.* practice of seduction. [corrupt.]

Seducer, sê-dû'-sûr. *s.* one who draws aside

Seduction, sê-dûk'-shûn. *s.* the act of seducing

Seduity, sê-dû'-jê-tê. *s.* industry.

Sedulous, sêd'-û-lûs. *a.* assiduous. [dustry.]

Sedulousness, sêd'-û-lûs-nês. *s.* assiduity, industry.

See, sê. *s.* the diocese of a bishop

See, sê. *v. a.* to perceive by the eye.

See, sê. *intery.* lo' look!

Seed, sêed. *s.* the organized particle produced by plants and animals, from which new plants and animals are generated; progeny.

Seed, sêed. *v. n.* to grow to perfect maturity so as to shed the seed.

Seedtime, sêed'-tîme. *s.* the season of sowing.

Seedling, sêed'-lîng. *s.* a young plant.

Seedsman, sêedz'-mân. *s.* a sower, he that deals in seeds.

Seedy, sêed'-ê. *a.* abounding with seed.

Seeing, sê'-îng. *s.* sight, vision.

Seeing, sê'-îng. *ad.* since, it being so that.

Seek, sêek. *v. a.* pret. *sought*; part. pass. *sought* to look for; to solicit.

Seeker, sêek'-ûr. *s.* one who seeks, an inquirer.

Seel, sêl. *v. a.* to close the eyes

Seem, sêem. *v. n.* to appear; to have semblance

Seeming, sêem'-îng. *s.* appearance

Seemingly, sêem'-îng'-lê. *ad.* in show

Seemliness, sêem'-lê-nês. *s.* comeliness.

Seemly, sêem'-lê. *a.* decent, fit.

Seen, sêen. *a.* skilled, versed.

Seer, sêér. *s.* a prophet.

Seesaw, sê'-sâw. *s.* reciprocating motion.

Seesaw, sê'-sâw. *v. n.* to move with a reciprocating motion.

Seeth, sêeth. *v. a.* to boil.

Segment, sêg'-mênt. *s.* a piece cut off.

Segregate, sêg'-grê-gate. *v. a.* to set apart

Segregation, sêg'-grê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* separation from others. [power.]

Seigniorial, sê-nû'-rê-âl. *a.* invested with lordship

Seignior, sêne-yûr. *s.* a lord.

Seigniorly, sêne-yûr-rê. *s.* a lordship.

Seine, sêne. *s.* a net used in fishing.

Seize, sêze. *v. a.* to take possession of, to grasp to lay one's

Seizin, sê-zîn. *s.* the act of taking possession of the things possessed.

Seizure, sê-zhûre. *s.* the action of seizing; thing seized

Seldom, sêv'-dûm. *ad.* rarely.

Select, sê-lêkt'. *v. a.* to choose in preference

Select, sê-lêkt'. *a.* nicely chosen, choice.

Selection, sê-lêk'-shûn. *s.* the act of choosing

Self, sêlf. *pron. plur.* selves one's own persons

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt ;—tùbe, túb, búll ;—díl ;—pòund ;—thin, THIS.

Selfish, sèlf'-'ish. *a.* attentive only to one's own interest, void of regard for others.
Selfishness, sèlf'-'ish-nès. *s.* self-love.
Self-same, sèlf'-'sámò. *a.* numerically the same.
Sell, sèl. *v. a.* to give for a price.
Seller, sèl'-'túr. *s.* the person that sells.
Selvage, sèl'-'vélje. *s.* the edge of cloth where it is closed by complicating the threads.
Selves, sèlvz. *the plur. of self.*
Simblance, sém'-'blánsè. *s.* likeness, similitude.
Simble, sém'-'bl. *v. n.* to represent.
Semianular, sém'-'mè-án'-'nù-lár. *a.* half round.
Semibrief, sém'-'mè-brèf. *s.* a note in music.
Semicircle, sém'-'mè-sèr-kl. *s.* a half circle.
Semicircular, sém'-'mè-sèr'-'kù-lár. *s.* half round.
Semicolon, sém'-'mè-kò-lón. *s.* half a colon, a point made thus [;]. [diameter.
Semidiameter, sém'-'mè-dí-ám'-'è-túr. *s.* half a
Semifluid, sém'-'mè-fú-'fíd. *a.* imperfectly fluid.
Semitarar, sém'-'mè-lá-nár. *a.* resembling in form a half moon.
emimetal, sém'-'mè-mèt-'t. *s.* imperfect metal.
eminal, sém'-'è-nál. *a.* belonging to seed; radical.
eminary, sém'-'è-ná-rè. *s.* the ground where any thing is sown to be afterwards transplanted; place of education.
emimifick, sém'-'è-ní-'fík. *a.* productive of seed.
emipellucid, sém'-'mè-pèl-lú-'síd. *a.* half clear, imperfectly transparent. [perfectly clear.
emiperspicuous, sém'-'mè-pèr-spík'-'ú-'ús. *a.* im-
emiquaver, sém'-'mè-kwá-vèr. *s.* a note containing half the quantity of the quaver.
emivowel, sém'-'mè-vòù-'íl. *s.* a consonant which has an imperfect sound of its own.
emipiternal, sém'-'pè-tèr'-'nál. *a.* eternal.
emipiternity, sém'-'pè-tèr'-'nè-tè. *s.* future duration without end. [by her needle.
emipetress, sém'-'pè-très. *s.* a woman who lives nary, sém'-'nà-rè. *a.* belonging to the number six.
enate, sém'-'nát. *s.* an assembly of counsellors.
emator, sém'-'nà-túr. *s.* a publick counsellor.
ematorial, sém'-'nà-tó-'rè-ál. *a.* belonging to
ematorian, sém'-'nà-tó-'rè-án. *s.* emator.
emad, sém'-'d. *v. a.* to despatch; to omit; to diffuse.
emascence, sém'-'nèr'-'tènsè. *s.* decay by time.
emochal, sém'-'nèr-kál. *s.* a sort of steward.

Senile, sè-'nile. *a.* belonging to old age, consequent on old age.
Senior, sè-'nè-'túr. *s.* one older than another.
Seniority, sè-'nè-'túr'-'è-tè. *s.* eldship, priority of birth.
Sennight, sém'-'nít. *s.* a week. [of the senses
Sensation, sém'-'sà-'shón. *s.* perception by means
Sense, sènsè. *s.* faculty or power by which external objects are perceived; perception; understanding; opinion; meaning.
Senseless, sèns'-'lès. *a.* wanting sense.
Senselessness, sèns'-'lès-nès. *s.* folly, absurdity.
Sensibility, sém'-'sè-'bíl'-'è-tè. *s.* quickness of sensation.
Sensible, sém'-'sè-'bl. *a.* perceptible by the senses; having moral perception; convinced.
Sensibly, sém'-'sè-'blè. *ad.* perceptibly to the senses; with perception of either mind or body. [tion, but not reason.
Sensitive, sém'-'sè-'tív. *a.* having sense of perception.
Sensorium, sém'-'sò-'rè-'úm. *s.* organ of sensation.
Sensual, sém'-'shù-'ál. *a.* carnal, not spiritual; lewd. [corporeal pleasures.
Sensualist, sém'-'shù-'ál-'íst. *s.* one devoted to
Sensuality, sém'-'shù-'ál'-'è-tè. *s.* addiction to corporeal pleasures. [sual pleasures.
Sensualize, sém'-'shù-'ál-'íze. *v. a.* to sink to sensual.
Sensually, sém'-'shù-'ál-'lè. *ad.* in a sensual manner.
Sent, sém. *the part. pass of send.* [paragraph.
Sentence, sém'-'tènsè. *s.* determination; a short
Sentence, sém'-'tènsè. *v. a.* to pass the last judgment on any one. [getick.
Sententious, sém'-'tèn'-'shùs. *a.* short and energetic.
Sententiously, sém'-'tèn'-'shùs-'lè. *ad.* with striking brevity.
Sentient, sém'-'snè-'tènt. *a.* having perception.
Sentiment, sém'-'tè-'mènt. *s.* thought; a striking sentence in a composition.
Sentinel, sém'-'tè-'nèl. } *s.* a watch; guard.
Sentry, sém'-'trè. }
Separable, sèp'-'pár-'à-'bl. *a.* possible to be disjoined from something. [join.
Separate, sèp'-'pár-'àtè. *v. n.* to disunite, to dis-
Separate, sèp'-'pár-'àt. *v. a.* divided from.
Separately, sèp'-'pár-'àt-'lè. *ad.* singly, distinctly
Separation, sèp'-'pár-'à-'shón. *s.* disjunction, a
 voice

Fâs, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

Sept, *sêpt*. *s.* a clan, a race, a generation.
September, *sêp-têm-bâr*. *s.* the ninth month of the year.

Septenary, *sêp-tên-âr-ê*. *a.* consisting of seven.
Septennial, *sêp-tên-nê-âl*. *a.* lasting seven years.
Septentrion, *sêp-tên-trê-ôn*. *s.* the north.
Septentrionate, *sêp-tên-trê-ô-nâte*. *v. n.* to tend northerly. [putrefaction.]

Septical, *sêp-tê-kâl*. *a.* having power to produce
Septilateral, *sêp-tê-lât-têr-âl*. *a.* having seven sides. [sisting of seventy.]

Septuagesimal, *sêp-tshû-â-jês-sê-inâl*. *a.* con-
Septuagint, *sêp-tshû-â-jint*. *s.* the old Greek version of the Old Testament, supposed the work of seventy-two interpreters.

Septuple, *sêp-tû-bl*. *a.* seven times as much.
Sepulchral, *sê-pûl-krâl*. *a.* relating to burial.
Sepulchre, *sêp-pûl-kûr*. *s.* a grave, a tomb.
Sepulchre, *sê-pûl-kûr*. *v. a.* to bury, to entomb.
Sepulture, *sêp-pûl-tûre*. *s.* interment, burial.
Sequacious, *sê-kwâ-shûs*. *a.* following; pliant.
Sequacity, *sê-kwâs-ê-tê*. *s.* ductility, toughness.
Sequel, *sê-kwêl*. *s.* conclusion.

Sequence, *sê-kwênsê*. *s.* order of succession
Sequent, *sê-kwênt*. *a.* following.

Sequester, *sê-kwêts-tûr*. *v. a.* to put aside; to deprive of possessions. [aration.]

Sequestrable, *sê-kwêts-trâ-bl*. *a.* capable of sep-
Sequestration, *sêk-wêts-trâ-shûn*. *s.* separation; deprivation of profits.

Seraglio, *sê-râl-yô*. *s.* a house of women kept for debauchery.

Seraph, *sêr-râf*. *s.* one of the orders of angels.

Seraphical, *sê-râf-ê-kâl*. } *a.* angelical.

Seraphick, *sê-râf-ê-ik*. }

Seraphim, *sêr-râ-fim*. *s.* angels of one of the heavenly orders.

Sere, *sêre*. *a.* dry, withered.

Serenade, *sêr-ê-nâde*. *s.* musick with which ladies are entertained by their lovers in the night. [nocturnal musick.]

Serenade, *sêr-ê-nâde*. *v. a.* to entertain with
Serene, *sê-rênsê*. *a.* calm, placid.

Serenely, *sê-rênsê-lê*. *ad.* calmly, quietly.

Serenity, *sê-rên-nê-tê*. *s.* calmness.

Serge, *sêrdje*. *s.* a kind of cloth.

Sergeant, *sêr-jânt*. *s.* a petty officer in the army; a lawyer of the highest rank under a judge.

Series, *sê-rê-êz*. *s.* sequence; succession

Serious, *sê-rê-ûs*. *a.* grave, solemn.

Seriously, *sê-rê-ûs-lê*. *ad.* gravely, solemnly

Seriousness, *sê-rê-ûs-nês*. *s.* gravity, solemnity

Sermon, *sêr-môn*. *s.* a pious discourse.

Sermonize, *sêr-môn-îze*. *v. n.* to preach or give instruction in a formal manner.

Serous, *sê-rûs*. *a.* thin, watery

Serpent, *sêr-pênt*. *s.* an animal that moves undulation without legs. [pe

Serpentine, *sêr-pên-tine*. *a.* winding like a snake

Serrate, *sêr-râte*. } *a.* formed with jags like

Serrated, *sêr-râ-têr*. } the edge of a saw.

Servant, *sêr-vânt*. *s.* one who attends another and acts at his command.

Serve, *sêrv*. *v. a.* to attend at command; to comply with any thing; to promote.

Service, *sêr-vis*. *s.* office of a servant; profession of respect obedience; military duty; use; advantage; course, order of dishes.

Serviceable, *sêr-vis-â-bl*. *a.* active; useful.

Serviceableness, *sêr-vis-â-bl-nês*. *s.* active usefulness.

Servile, *sêr-vîl*. *a.* slavish, mean.

Servilely, *sêr-vîl-lê*. *ad.* meanly.

Servility, *sêr-vîl-ê-tê*. *s.* slavishness.

Servitor, *sêr-vê-tûr*. *s.* attendant; one of the lowest order in the university.

Servitude, *sêr-vê-tûde*. *s.* slavery, dependent state of a servant.

Sess, *sês*. *s.* rate, tax.

Session, *sêsh-ôn*. *s.* the act of sitting; an assembly of magistrates or senators.

Set, *sêt*. *v. a.* pret. *sêt*. part. pass. *sêt*. to plant; to fix; to adjust, to plant; to embarrass.

Set, *sêt*. part. *a.* regular, not lax.

Set, *sêt*. *s.* a number of things suited to another.

Setaceous, *sê-tâ-shûs*. *a.* bristly.

Seton, *sê-tûn*. *s.* an issue in the neck.

Settee, *sê-tê-tê*. *s.* a long seat with a back

Setter, *sê-tûr*. *s.* one who sets; a dog.

Settle, *sê-tl*. *s.* a bench.

Settle, *sê-tl*. *v. a.* to fix; to establish; to mine; to compose.

Settle, *sê-tl*. *v. n.* to subside; to lose motion; fermentation; to establish a domesticity to make a jointure for a wife

no, move, ndr, not; —tābe, tūh, bōl; —ēl; —pānd; —thin, tris.

(tlement, sēt-'tī-mēt. *s.* a jointure granted to a wife; subsidence; act of quitting a roving for a domestick life; a colony, a place where a colony is established
 ven, sēv'-vn. *a.* four and three.
 venfold, sēv'-vn-'fōld. *a.* repeated seven times.
 vennight, sēn-'nīht. *s.* a week.
 venteen, sēv'-vn-'tēen. *a.* seven and ten.
 venth, sēv'-vnth. *a.* the ordinal of seven.
 venthy, sēv'-vnth-'lē. *ad.* in the seventh place.
 venty, sēv'-vn-'tē. *a.* seven times ten.
 ver, sēv'-vār. *v. a.* to part by violence; to disunite.
 vērāl, sēv'-ār-'āl. *a.* distinct; divers, many.
 vērally, sēv'-ār-'āl-'ē. *ad.* distinctly.
 vere, sē-'vērē. *a.* sharp; cruel; rigid.
 verely, sē-'vērē-'lē. *ad.* painfully, afflictively.
 verity, sē-'vēr-'ē-'tē. *s.* cruel treatment; rigour.
 w, sō. *v. a.* to join by threads drawn with a needle.
 wer, sō-'ār. *s.* he or she that uses a needle.
 wer, shōrē. *s.* a passage for foul or useless water.
 [is male or female.
 x, sēks. *s.* the property by which any animal xagenary, sēks-'ād-'jēn-'ār-'ē. *a.* aged sixty years.
 [Sunday before Lent.
 xagesima, sēks-'ā-'jēs-'sē-'mā. *s.* the second xagesimal, sēks-'ā-'jēs-'sē-'māl. *a.* sixtieth.
 xangular, sēks-'āng-'gō-'lār. *a.* having six angles.
 xennial, sēks-'ēn-'nē-'āl. *a.* lasting six years.
 xtant, sēks-'tānt. *s.* the sixth part of a circle.
 xtile, sēks-'tīl. *a.* at the distance of sixty degrees.
 xtton, sēks-'tūn. *s.* an officer of the church.
 xtuple, sēks-'tū-'pl. *a. si.* fold.
 abby, shāb-'bē-'lē. *ad.* meanly, despicably.
 abbinness, shāb-'bē-'nēs. *s.* meanness.
 abby, shāb-'bē. *a.* mean, paltry.
 ackle, shāk-'kl. *v. a.* to chain, to fetter.
 ackles, shāk-'klz. *s.* fetters, chains.
 ade, shādē. *s.* obscurity; screen; umbrage; heater; a colour; a spirit.
 ade, shādē. *v. a.* to cover from the light or heat; to shelter.
 adiness, shā-'dē-'nēs. *s.* umbrageousness.
 adlow, shād-'dō. *s.* shade; dark part of a picture; faint representation; type

Shadow, shād-'dō. *v. a.* to cloud; to screen; to represent typically.
 Shady, shā-'dē. *a.* full of shade.
 Shaft, shāft. *s.* an arrow; a deep perpendicular pit; the spire of a church.
 Shag, shāg. *s.* rough woolly hair; a kind of cloth.
 Shagged, shāg-'gēd. } *a.* hairy; rough, rugged
 Shaggy, shāg-'gē. }
 Shagreen, shā-'grēen'. *s.* the skin of a kind of fish; or skin made rough in imitation of it.
 Shake, shāke. *v. a.* pret. shook; part pass. shaken or shook. to put into a vibrating motion; to make to totter or tremble; to make afraid.
 Shake, shāke. *v. n.* to tremble; to be in terrour.
 Shake, shāke. *s.* concussion; motion given and received.
 Shalloon, shāl-'lōon'. *s.* a slight woollen stuff.
 Shallop, shāl-'lāp. *s.* a small boat.
 Shallow, shāl-'lō. *a.* not deep; futile, silly.
 Shallow, shāl-'lō. *s.* a shelf, a shoal.
 Shallowness, shāl-'lō-'nēs. *s.* want of depth; want of thought.
 Sham, shām. *v. n.* to trick, to cheat.
 Sham, shām. *s.* fraud, trick, imposture.
 Sham, shām. *a.* false, counterfeit.
 Shambles, shām-'blz. *s.* a butchery.
 Shambling, shām-'bl-'līng. *a.* moving awkwardly and irregularly.
 Shame, shāme. *s.* disgrace, ignominy.
 Shame, shāme. *v. a.* to disgrace.
 Shamefaced, shāme-'faste. *a.* modest, bashful.
 Shameful, shāme-'fūl. *a.* disgraceful.
 Shamefully, shāme-'fūl-'ē. *ad.* disgracefully.
 Shameless, shāme-'lēs. *a.* impudent.
 Shamelessly, shāme-'lēs-'lē. *ad.* impudently, audaciously, without shame.
 Shank, shāngk. *s.* that part of the leg which reaches from the ankle to the knee.
 Shape, shāpe. *v. a.* to form, to mould.
 Shape, shāpe. *s.* form; make; idea. [form.
 Shapeless, shāpe-'lēs. *a.* wanting regularity of
 Shapeliness, shāpe-'lē-'nēs. *s.* proportion of form.
 Shapely, shāpe-'lē. *a.* well formed.
 Shard, shārd. *s.* a fragment of an earthen vessel; a plant; a sort of fish.
 Share, shāre. *v. a.* to divide; to cut.
 Share, shāre. *s.* part; dividend

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèt;—plue, plû;—

- Sharer, shâ'-rûr. *s.* one who divides; one who participates. [artful fellow.]
- Shark, shârk. *s.* a voracious sea-fish; a greedy, Shark, shârp. *a.* keen, piercing; inventive; quick; shrill; sarcastic; hungry; painful; vigilant. [to point.]
- Sharpen, shâ'-pn. *v. a.* to make keen, to edge, Sharper, shârp'-ûr. *s.* a petty thief.
- Sharply, shârp'-lè. *ad.* severely; keenly; acutely.
- Sharpness, shârp'-nès. *s.* keenness; sourness, ingenuity. [surous.]
- Sharp-set, shârp-sèt'. *a.* eager, vehemently de- Sharp-sighted, shârp-sî'-téd. *a.* having quick sight. [pieces; to dissipate.]
- Shatter, shât'-tûr. *v. a.* to break into many Shave, shâve. *v. a.* pret. *shaved*; part. pass. *shaved* or *shaven*. to pare off with a razor; to cut in thin slices. [art of shaving.]
- Shaver, shâ'-vûr. *s.* a man that practises the Shaving, shâ'-ving. *s.* a thin slice pared off from any body.
- She, shèè. *pron.* the female pronoun demonstra- tive; the woman before mentioned.
- Sheaf, shèfè. *s.* a bundle of stalks of corn bound together.
- Shear, shère. *v. a.* pret. *shore* or *sheared*; part. pass. *shorn*. to clip or cut.
- Shears, shèrz. *s.* an instrument to cut, consisting of two blades moving on a pin.
- Sheath, shèth. *s.* the scabbard of a weapon.
- Sheath, } shèth. *v. a.* to enclose in a sheath.
- Sheathe, }
- Shed, shéd. *v. a.* to effuse, to spill.
- Shed, shéd. *s.* a slight temporary covering.
- Sheen, shèèn. *s.* brightness, splendour.
- Sheep, shèèp. *s.* the animal that bears wool.
- Sheepcot, shèèp-kôt. *s.* a little enclosure for sheep. [are enclosed.]
- Sheepfold, shèèp'-fôld. *s.* the place where sheep
- Sheepish, shèèp'-ish. *a.* bashful; diffident.
- Sheepishness, shèèp'-ish-nès. *s.* bashfulness.
- Sheep's-eye, shèèp'-l'. *s.* a modest, diffident look.
- Sheepwalk, shèèp'-wâlk. *s.* pasture for sheep.
- Sheer, shère. *a.* pure, clear.
- Sheet, shèèt. *s.* linen of a bed; sail; as much paper as is made in one body; any thing ex- panded.
- Shekel, shèk'-kl. *s.* a Jewish coin, in value about two shillings and sixpence.
- Shelf, shèlf. *s.* a board fixed against a supports so that any thing may be placed upon it; a sandbank in the sea, a rock under shallow water.
- Shell, shèl. *s.* the hard covering of any thing, the external crust.
- Shell, shèl. *v. a.* to take out of the shell.
- Shellfish, shèl'-fish. *s.* fish invested with a hard covering.
- Shelly, shèl'-lè. *a.* abounding with shells.
- Shelter, shèl'-tûr. *s.* a cover from any external injury or violence; security.
- Shelter, shèl'-tûr. *v. a.* to defend, to protect.
- Shelving, shèl'-ing. *a.* sloping, inclining.
- Shepherd, shèp'-pûrd. *s.* one who tends sheep.
- Shepherdess, shèp'-pûrd-ès. *s.* a woman that tends sheep.
- Sherbet, shèr-bèt'. *s.* the juice of lemons or oranges mixed with water and sugar.
- Sherd, shèrd. *s.* the fragment of broken earthenware.
- Sheriff, shèr'-f. *s.* an officer to whom is intrusted in each county the execution of the laws.
- Sheriffalty, shèr'-f-âl-tè. *s.* the office or jurisdiction of a sheriff.
- Sherry, shèr'-rè. *s.* a kind of Spanish wine.
- Shew. See *show*.
- Shield, shèeld. *s.* a buckler; defence.
- Shield, shèeld. *v. a.* to defend, to protect.
- Shift, shîft. *v. a.* to change, to alter; to transfer.
- Shift, shîft. *s.* expedient; last resource; artifice; evasion; a woman's linen.
- Shifter, shîft'-ûr. *s.* a man of artifice. [live.]
- Shiftless, shîft'-lès. *a.* wanting means to act.
- Shilling, shîl'-ing. *s.* a silver coin, value two pence.
- Shily, shî'-lè. *ad.* not frankly.
- Shin, shîn. *s.* the forepart of the leg.
- Shine, shîné. *v. n.* pret. *I shone*, *I have shined* sometimes *I shined*, *I have shined*. to be splendid; to be propitious.
- Shiness, shî'-nès. *s.* unwillingness to be frank.
- Shingle, shîng'-gl. *s.* a thin board to cover houses.
- Shingles, shîng'-glz. *s.* a kind of tetter or scurf that soreads itself round the loins.

nó, móve, nór, nót;—tábe, táb, táll;—díl;—póund;—thín, THIA.

Shiny, shí'-nè. *a.* bright, luminous.
Ship, shíp. *s.* a large vessel made to pass over the sea with sails.
Ship, shíp. *v. a.* to put into a ship.
Shipping, shíp'-plng. *s.* vessels of navigation.
Shipwreck, shíp'-rèk. *s.* the destruction of ships by rocks or shelves; destruction.
Shipwreck, shíp'-rèk. *v. a.* to destroy by dashing on rocks or shallows.
Shipwright, shíp'-ríto. *s.* a builder of ships.
Shire, shíre. *s.* a county.
Shirt, shúrt. *s.* the under linen garment of a man.
Shirtless, shúrt'-lès. *a.* wanting a shirt.
Shive, shíve. *s.* a slice, a thick splinter.
Shiver, shív'-úr. *v. n.* to quake, to tremble.
Shiver, shív'-úr. *s.* one fragment of many into which any thing is broken.
Shoal, shóle. *s.* a crowd, a sandbank.
Shoal, shóle. *a.* shallow, obstructed with banks.
Shoaly, shó'-lè. *a.* full of shoals.
Shock, shók. *s.* concussion, external violence; offence; a pile of sheaves of corn.
Shock, shók. *v. a.* to shake by violence; to offend, to disgust.
Shod, shód. *the pret. and part. pass. of shoe.*
Shoe, shóe. *s.* the cover of the foot.
Shoe, shóe. *v. a. pret. I shod; part. pass. shod.* to fit the foot with a shoe.
Shoebuy, shóe'-búe. *s.* a boy that cleans shoes.
Shoemaker, shóe'-má-kúr. *s.* one who makes shoes.
Shoing, shóing. *s.* violent concussion.
Shine, shín. *the pret. of shine.*
Shook, shók. *the pret. of shake.*
Shot, shót. *v. a. pret. shot; part. shot or shot-* to discharge from a bow or gun; to let to emit. [pain].
Shótt, v. *n.* to germinate, to feel a quick
shótt. *s.* a branch issuing from the main
shótt-úr. *s.* one that shoots.
shop. *s.* a place for sale or work.
shop, shóp'-bórd. *s.* bench on which any is done. [in a shop].
shop, shóp'-kèep-úr. *s.* a trader who sells
shop-mán. *s.* one who serves in a [of a river; a butress].
shore. *s.* the coast of the sea; the bank

Shore, shóre. *v. a.* to prop, to support.
Shoreless, shóre'-lès. *a.* having no coast.
Shorn, shórré. *the part. pass. of shear.*
Short, shórt. *a.* not long; defective; scanty brittle.
Short, shórt. *ad.* not long. [tract].
Shorten, shórt'-ín. *v. a.* to make short; to cut
Shorthand, shórt'-hánd. *s.* a method of writing in compendious characters.
Shortly, shórt'-lè. *ad.* quickly, briefly. [short].
Shortness, shórt'-nès. *s.* the quality of being
Shortsighted, shórt-sí'-tèd. *a.* unable to see far.
Shot, shót. *the pret. and part. pass. of shoot.*
Shot, shót. *s.* the flight of a shot; the small pellets for the charge of a gun; a sum charged, a reckoning.
Shotten, shót'-ín. *a.* having ejected the spawn.
Should, shóud. *s.* a kind of auxiliary verb used in the subjunctive mood.
Shoulder, shól'-dúr. *s.* the joint which connects the arm to the body; the upper joint of the fore leg of a beast.
Shoulder, shól'-dúr. *v. a.* to push with insolence, to put upon the shoulder. [tation].
Shout, shóut. *v. n.* to cry in triumph or exultation.
Shout, shóut. *s.* a loud and vehement cry of triumph or exultation. [rush against].
Shove, shúv. *v. a.* to push by main strength; to shove, shúv. *s.* the act of shoving, a push.
Shovel, shúv'-vl. *s.* an instrument consisting of a long handle and broad blade with raised edges. [shovel].
Shovel, shúv'-vl. *v. a.* to throw or heap with a
Show, shó. *v. a. pret. showed and shown; part. pass. shown.* to exhibit to view; to direct; to teach. [ance; exhibition].
Show, shó. *s.* a spectacle; external appearance.
Shower, shóe'-úr. *s.* a fall of rain; liberal distribution.
Shower, shóe'-úr. *v. a.* to wet; to pour down.
Showery, shóe'-úr-è. *a.* rainy.
Shrank, shránk. *the pret. of shrink.*
Shred, shréd. *v. a.* to cut into small pieces
Shred, shréd. *s.* a small piece cut off; a fragment.
Shrew, shróe. *s.* a peevish, turbulent woman.
Shrewd, shróed. *a.* maliciously sly, cunning.
Shrewdly, shróed'-ly. *adv.* mischievously; slyly

Fâte, fâr, fâh, fât; —mê, mêt; —plie, plû; —

- Shrewdness**, shroôd'-nês. *s.* sly cunning, archness. [to scream.]
- Shriek**, shréek. *v. n.* to cry out inarticulately;
- Shriek**, shréek. *s.* an inarticulate cry of anguish or horror.
- Shrill**, shrîl. *a.* piercing or tremulous in sound.
- Shrilly**, shrîl'-lê. *ad.* with a shrîl. noise.
- Shrillness**, shrîl'-nês. *s.* the quality of being shrill.
- Shrimp**, shrîmp. *s.* a small shellfish; a dwarf.
- Shrine**, shrîne. *s.* a case in which something sacred is reposed.
- Shrink**, shrînk. *v. n. pret.* shrunk, or shrank; *part.* shrunken, to contract itself into less room, to shrivel; to fall back as from danger.
- Shrivel**, shrîv'-vl. *v. a.* to contract into wrinkles.
- Shroud**, shroôd. *s.* the dress of the dead; sail-ropes.
- Shroud**, shroôd. *v. a.* to shelter, to cover.
- Shrovetide**, shrové'-tîde. } *s.* the day
- Shrovetuesday**, shrovp'-tûze'-dê. } before Ash-
- wednesday.
- Shrub**, shrâb. *s.* a small tree; spirit, acid, and sugar mixed.
- Shrubby**, shrûb'-bê. *a.* full of shrubs.
- Shrug**, shrûg. *v. a.* to contract or draw up.
- Shrug**, shrûg. *s.* a motion of the shoulders usually expressing dislike.
- Shrunk**, shrûnk. *the pret. and part. pass. of shrink.*
- Shrunken**, shrûnk'-kn. *the part. pass. of shrink.*
- Shudder**, shûd'-dâr. *v. a.* to quake with fear.
- Shuffle**, shûf'-fl. *v. a.* to throw into disorder; to change the position of cards.
- Shuffle**, shûf'-fl. *v. n.* to play mean tricks, to evade fair questions; to move with an irregular gait.
- Shuffle**, shûf'-fl. *s.* a trick, an artifice.
- Shuffler**, shûf'-fl-ûr. *s.* he who plays tricks, or shuffles.
- Shun**, shûn. *v. a.* to avoid, to decline.
- Shut**, shût. *v. a. pret.* shut; *part. pass.* shut. to close; to bar; to contract.
- Shut**, shût. *part. a. rid.* clear.
- Shutter**, shût'-tûr. *s.* a cover, a door. [ing.]
- Shuttle**, shût'-tî. *s.* an instrument used in weaving.
- Shuttlecock**, shût'-tî-kôk. *s.* a cork stuck with feathers, and beaten backward and forward
- Shy**, shî. *a.* reserved; cautious
- Sibilation**, sib-ê-lâ'-shûn. *s.* a hissing sound.
- Siccidity**, sik'-sê-tê. *s.* want of moisture.
- Sick**, sik. *a.* afflicted with disease.
- Sicker**, sik'-kn. *v. a.* to make sick. [gusto.]
- Sicken**, sik'-kn. *v. n.* to grow sick; to be dis-
- Sickle**, sik'-kl. *s.* a hook to cut corn.
- Sickness**, sik'-lê-nês. *s.* disposition to sickness
- Sickly**, sik'-lê. *a.* not healthy; faint, languid.
- Sickness**, sik'-nês. *s.* state of being diseased, malady.
- Side**, side. *s.* the part of animals fortified by the ribs; margin; party.
- Side**, side. *a.* lateral, oblique. [faction.]
- Side**, side. *v. n.* to take a party, to engage in.
- Sideboard**, side'-bôrd. *s.* a side-table for conveniences. [front, not direct]
- Sidelong**, side'-lông. *a.* lateral, oblique, not in
- Sidelong**, side'-lông. *ad.* laterally, obliquely.
- Sideral**, sid'-dêr-âl. *a.* starry, astral.
- Sideration**, sid-dêr-â'-shûn. *s.* a blast, sucker deprivation of sense. [horseback]
- Sidesaddle**, side'-sâd-dl. *s.* a woman's seat on
- Sidesman**, sidz'-mân. *s.* an assistant to the church-wardens.
- Sideways**, side'-wâze. } *ad.* on one side.
- Sidewise**, side'-wîze. }
- Siege**, sêdje. *s.* the act of besetting a fortified place
- Sieve**, sîv. *s.* a bolter, a searce.
- Sift**, sîft. *v. a.* to separate by a sieve.
- Sigh**, sl. *v. n.* to emit the breath audibly.
- Sigh**, sl. *s.* a violent and audible emission of breath. [edge; eye; show]
- Sight**, site. *s.* perception by the eye, know-
- Sightless**, site'-lês. *a.* wanting sight.
- Sightly**, site'-lê. *a.* pleasing to the eye.
- Sign**, sine. *s.* a token; a miracle; a constellation in the zodiac. [seal.]
- Sign**, sine. *v. a.* to mark; to ratify by hand or
- Signal**, sig'-nâl. *s.* a sign that gives notice.
- Signal**, sig'-nâl. *a.* eminent, remarkable.
- Signalize**, sig'-nâl-ize. *v. a.* to make eminent.
- Signally**, sig'-nâl-ê. *ad.* eminently.
- Signature**, sig'-nâ-tûre. *s.* a sign or mark impressed upon any thing, a stamp. [king.]
- Signet**, sig'-nêt. *s.* a seal; the seal-manual of a
- Significance**, sig-nîf'-fê-kân-sê. *s.* meaning.
- Significant**, sig-nîf'-fê-kânt. *a.* expressive

nò, mòve, nòr, nèt, —tùbe, jùb, báll; —díl; —pòdnd; —thin, THIS.

something beyond the external mark; be-
tokening; important. [of expression.]
Significantly, *sig-nif-ik-ànt-lè*. *ad.* with force
Signification, *sig-nif-ik-à-shùn*. *s.* meaning
expressed by a sign or word.
Signify, *sig-nè-fl.* *v. a.* to mean; to import.
Signory, *sène-yò-rè*. *s.* lordship, dominion.
Signpost, *sine-pòst*. *s.* that upon which a sign
hangs. [ness.]
Silence, *si-lènse*. *s.* habitual taciturnity; still-
Silence, *si-lènse*. *interj.* an authoritative re-
straint of speech. [peace.]
Silence, *si-lènse*. *v. a.* to still, to oblige to hold
Silent, *si-lènt*. *a.* not speaking; still.
Silently, *si-lènt lè*. *ad.* without speech; with-
out noise.
Silicious, *se-lish-às*. *a.* made of hair.
Silk, *silk*. *s.* the thread of the silk-worm; the
stuff made of the worm's thread.
Silken, *silk-kn*. *a.* made of silk.
Silkmercer, *silk-mèr-sâr*. *s.* a dealer in silk.
Silkweaver, *silk-wè-vâr*. *s.* one who weaves
silken stuffs. [silk.]
Silkworm, *silk-wârm*. *s.* the worm that spins
Silky, *silk-è*. *a.* made of silk; soft, pliant.
Sill, *sill*. *s.* the timber or stone at the foot of the
door.
Sillabub, *sill-lâ-bûb*. *s.* a mixture of milk warm
from the cow with wine, sugar, &c.
Silliness, *sill-lè-nès*. *s.* simplicity.
Silly, *sill-lè*. *a.* artless; foolish, witless.
Silver, *sil-vâr*. *s.* a white and hard metal.
Silver, *sil-vâr*. *a.* made of silver.
Silver, *sil-vâr*. *v. a.* to cover superficially with
silver to adorn with mild lustre.
Silversmith, *sil-vâr-smith*. *s.* one that works in
silver. [semblance.]
Similar, *sim-è-lâr*. *a.* homogeneous, having re-
Similarity, *sim-è-lâr-è-tè*. *s.* likeness.
Simile, *sim-è-lè*. *s.* a comparison by which any
thing is illustrated.
Similitude, *se-mil-è-tùde*. *s.* likeness, resem-
blance.
Simmer, *sim-mûr*. *v. n.* to boil gently.
Simony, *sim-ûn-è*. *s.* the crime of buying or
selling church preferment.
Simper, *sim-pâr*. *v. n.* to smile foolishly.
Simple, *sim-pl*. *a.* plain, artless; silly.

Simple, *sim-pl*. *s.* a single ingredient in a med-
icine, a drug, an herb
Simpleton, *sim-pl-tôn*. *s.* a silly mortal.
Simplicity, *sim-plis-è-tè*. *s.* plainness, artless
ness.
Simplify, *sim-plè-fl.* *v. a.* to make less com-
plex; to reduce to first principles.
Simply, *sim-plè*. *ad.* without art; of itself.
Simulation, *sim-û-lâ-shùn*. *s.* that part of ho-
pocrisy which pretends that to be which is
not.
Sin, *sin*. *s.* an act against the laws of God.
Sin, *sin*. *v. n.* to violate the laws of religion.
Since, *sinsè*. *ad.* because that; before this.
Sincere, *sin-sère*. *a.* pure; honest, undissem-
bling. [pocrisy.]
Sincerely, *sin-sère-lè*. *ad.* honestly, without hy
Sincerity, *sin-sèr-è-tè*. *s.* honesty of intention,
purity of mind.
Sine, *sinè*. *s.* geometrical line.
Sinecure, *si-nè-kûre*. *s.* an office which has
revenue without any employment.
Sinew, *sin-nû*. *s.* a tendon; a nerve.
Sinewy, *sin-nû-è*. *a.* nervous; strong. [med.]
Sinful, *sin-fûl*. *a.* alien from God; unsancti-
Sinfulness, *sin-fûl-nès*. *s.* alienation from God;
neglect or violation of the duties of religion.
Sing, *sing*. *v. n.* pret. *sang* or *sung*; part. pass
sung. to form the voice to melody, to articu-
late musically.
Singe, *sinje*. *v. a.* to scorch.
Singer, *sing-âr*. *s.* one that sings.
Single, *sing-gl*. *a.* alone; unmarried.
Single, *sing-gl*. *v. a.* to choose out from among
others; to separate.
Singly, *sing-glè*. *ad.* individually, particu-
Singular, *sing-glâr*. *a.* single; alone.
Singularity, *sing-glâr-è-tè*. *s.* any thing re-
markable; a curiosity.
Singularly, *sing-glâr-lè*. *ad.* particularly.
Sinister, *sin-nis-lâr*. *a.* on the left hand; bad;
unfair; unlucky.
Sink, *singk*. *v. n.* pret. *sunk*; part. *sunk* or
sunken. to fall down through any medium; to
fall gradually; to fall into rest or indolence
to tend to ruin.
Sink, *singk*. *s.* a drain, a jakes.
Sinless, *sin-lès*. *a.* exempt from sin.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mè, mèt; —plne, pln; —

- Sinner**, sn'-nûr. *s.* one at enmity with God; an offender. [sacrifice for sin.]
- Sinoffering**, sn'-ôf-fûr *ing. s.* an expiation or
- Sinoper**, sn'-ô-pûr. *s.* a species of earth, ruoæ.
- Sinuous**, sh'-yû-ûs. *a.* bending in and out.
- Sinus**, sl' nûs. *s.* a bay of the sea; fold or opening. [in at the mouth.]
- Sip**, *v. a.* to take a small quantity of liquid
- Sip**, sl' p. *a.* small quantity of liquid taken in at the mouth. [are conveyed.]
- Siphon**, sl'-fûn. *s.* a pipe through which liquors
- Sippet**, sl'-pft. *s.* a small sop.
- Sir**, sâr. *s.* the word of respect in compellation; the title of a knight or baronet.
- Sire**, slre. *s.* a father.
- Siren**, sl'-rên. *s.* a fabulous goddess who enticed men by singing, and devoured them.
- Sirius**, sl'-rê-ûs. *s.* the dog-star.
- Sirrah**, sâr'-râ. *s.* a compellation of reproach.
- Sirup**, sâr'-rûp. *s.* the juice of vegetables boiled with sugar. [parents; one of the same faith.]
- Sister**, sls'-tôr. *s.* a woman born of the same
- Sisterhood**, sls'-tôr-hûd. *s.* a number of women of the same order.
- Sisterly**, sls'-târ-lê. *a.* like a sister.
- Sit**, slt. *v. n.* pret. *sat.* to be in a state of rest, or idleness; to be in any local position; to incubate.
- Site**, sltu. *s.* situation, local position. [with]
- Sithe** or **Scythe**, slrhe. *s.* an instrument to mow
- Sitting**, slt'-tîng. *s.* the act of resting on a seat; meeting of an assembly; time for which one sits without rising.
- Situate**, slt'-tshû-tê. *part. a.* placed with respect to any thing else.
- Situation**, slt'-tshû-â-shûn. *s.* position; state.
- Six**, slks. *a.* twice three.
- Sixpence**, slks'-pênse. *s.* a coin, half a shilling.
- Sixteen**, slks'-têen. *a.* six and ten.
- Sixth**, slksth. *a.* the first after the fifth.
- Sixthly**, slks'th'-lê. *ad.* in the sixth place.
- Sixtieth**, slks'-tê-êth. *a.* the tenth six times repeated.
- Sixty**, slks'-tê. *a.* six times ten.
- Size**, slze. *s.* bulk, comparative magnitude; glutinous substance.
- Size**, slze. *v. a.* to adjust, to arrange according to size; to besmear with size.
- Sizeable**, sl'-zâ-bl. *a.* reasonably bulky.
- Sizer**, sl'-zûr. *s.* a certain rank of students in the universities.
- Sizy**, sl'-zê. *a.* viscous, glutinous.
- Skate**, skâte. *s.* a flat fish; a sort of shoe armed with iron, for sliding on the ice.
- Skein**, skâne. *s.* a knot of thread or silk wound
- Skeleton**, skêl'-lê-tûn. *s.* the bones of the body preserved together.
- Skeptick**, skêp'-ûk. *s.* one who doubts, or pretends to doubt, of every thing.
- Skeptical**, skêp'-tê-kâl. *a.* doubtful.
- Skepticism**, skêp'-tê-sîzm. *s.* universal doubt.
- Sketch**, skêts. *s.* an outline. [outline.]
- Sketch**, skêts. *v. a.* to draw, by tracing the
- Skewer**, skûre. *s.* a wooden or iron pin.
- Skewer**, skûre. *v. a.* to fasten with skewers.
- Skiff**, skiff. *s.* a small light boat.
- Skilful**, skil'-fûl. *a.* knowing.
- Skilfully**, skil'-fûl-ê. *ad.* with skill. [ness]
- Skilfulness**, skil'-fûl-nês. *s.* ability, dexterous
- Skill**, skil. *s.* knowledge of any practice or art.
- Skillet**, skil'-lit. *s.* a small kettle or boiler.
- Skin**, skîm. *v. a.* to clear off from the upper part; to take by skimming; to pass very near the surface.
- Skimmer**, skîm'-mûr. *s.* a shallow vessel with which the scum is taken off.
- Skimmilk**, skîm-mîlk'. *s.* milk from which the cream has been taken. [hide, pelt.]
- Skin**, skîn. *s.* the natural covering of the flesh.
- Skin**, skîn. *v. a.* to flay, to strip or divest of the skin; to cover superficially.
- Skinner**, skîn'-nûr. *s.* a dealer in skins.
- Skinny**, skîn'-nê. *a.* consisting only of skin, wanting flesh.
- Skip**, skîp. *v. z.* to miss, to pass over.
- Skip**, skîp. *s.* a light leap or bound.
- Skipjack**, skîp'-jâk. *s.* an upstart.
- Skipper**, skîp'-pûr. *s.* a shipmaster.
- Skirmish**, skêr'-mîsh. *s.* a slight fight.
- Skirmish**, skêr'-mîsh. *v. n.* to fight loosely.
- Skirt**, skêrt. *s.* edge, margin, border.
- Skirt**, skêrt. *v. a.* to border, to run along the edge.
- Skittish**, skît'-ûsh. *a.* easily frightened; wanton.
- Skittishness**, skît'-ûsh-nês. *s.* wantonness, stiness

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—òll;—pònd;—thin, THIS.

Skittle, skít'-tl *s.* a piece of wood like a sugar loaf, used in the play of skittles.

Skreen, skrén. *s.* a coarse sieve; shelter.

Skreen, skrén *v. a.* to sift; to shade; to shelter.

Skue, skú. *a.* oblique, sidelong

Skulk, skúlk. *v. n.* to hide, to lark in fear.

Skull, skúl. *s.* the bone that encloses the head.

Sky, skél. *s.* the region which surrounds the earth beyond the atmosphere; the heavens.

Skylark, skél'-lárk. *s.* a lark that mounts and sings. [ceiling.]

Skylight, skél'-líte. *s.* a window placed in the Skyrocket, skél'-ròk-it. *s.* a kind of firework.

Slab, sláb. *s.* a plane of stone.

Slabber, sláb'-bár. *v. n.* to let the spittle fall from the mouth, to drivel.

Slabby, sláb'-bè. *a.* viscous; wet.

Slack, slák. *a.* loose; remiss; relaxed.

Slack, slák *s.* small coal, coal broken in small parts.

Slacken, slák'-kn. *v. n.* to be remiss; to abate.

Slackness, slák'-nès. *s.* looseness; negligence.

Slain, sláne. *part. pass.* of *slay*.

Slake, sláke. *v. a.* to quench, to extinguish.

Slander, slán'-dúr. *v. a.* to censure falsely, to belie.

Slander, slán'-dúr. *s.* false invective. [other.]

Slanderer, slán'-dúr-úr. *s.* one who belies another.

Slanderous, slán'-dúr-ús. *a.* uttering reproachful falsehoods; calumnious.

Slang, sláng. *the pret.* of *sling*.

Slant, slánt.

Slanting, slánt'-ing. } *a.* oblique.

Slap, sláp. *s.* a smart blow.

Slap, sláp. *v. a.* to strike with a slap.

Slash, slásh. *v. a.* to cut; to lash.

Slash, slásh. *s.* cut, wound; a cut in cloth.

Slate, sláte. *s.* a gray fossil stone.

Slate, sláte. *v. a.* to cover the roof.

Slattern, slát'-túr. *s.* a woman negligent.

Slaughter, sláw'-túr. *s.* a massacre. [the sword.]

Slaughter, sláw'-túr. *v. a.* to slay, to kill with

Slaughterhouse, sláw'-túr-hóuse. *s.* house in which beasts are killed for the butcher.

Slaughterman, sláw'-túr-mán. *s.* one employed in killing.

Slave, sláve. *s.* one mancipated to a master.

Slaver, sláv'-úr. *s.* spittle running from the mouth

Slaver, sláv'-úr. *v. n.* to emit spittle. [a slave.]

Slavery, sláv'-úr-è. *s.* servitude, the condition of

Slavish, sláv'-vish. *a.* servile, mean.

Slavishness, sláv'-vish-nès. *s.* servility, meanness.

Slay, slá. *v. a.* pret. *slaw*; part. pass. *slain*. to kill, to butcher.

Sleazy, slé'-zè. *a.* wanting substance.

Sled, sléd. *s.* a carriage drawn without wheels.

Sledge, slédje. *s.* a large heavy hammer; a carriage without wheels

Sleek, sléek. *a.* smooth, glossy.

Sleep, sléep. *v. n.* to take rest by suspension of the mental powers; to be dead.

Sleep, sléep. *s.* repose, rest, slumber.

Sleeper, sléep'-úr. *s.* one who sleeps.

Sleepiness, sléep'-è-nès. *s.* drowsiness, disposition to sleep.

Sleepless, sléep'-lès. *a.* wanting sleep.

Sleepy, sléep'-è. *a.* drowsy, disposed to sleep

Sleet, sléet. *s.* a kind of small hail or snow.

Sleety, sléet'-è. *a.* bringing sleet.

Sleeve, sléev. *s.* the part of a garment that covers the arms. [ing propriety.]

Sleeveless, sléev'-lès. *a.* wanting sleeves; want-

Sleight, slíte. *s.* artful trick, dexterous practice.

Slender, slén'-dúr. *a.* thin, small

Slenderness, slén'-dúr-nès. *s.* thinness, smallness of circumference.

Slept, slépt. *the pret.* of *sleep*

Slew, slú. *the pret.* of *slay*

Slice, slíse. *v. n.* to cut into flat pieces.

Slice, slíse. *s.* a broad piece; a spatula.

Slid, slíd. *pret.* of *slide*.

Slidden, slíd'-dn. *part. pass.* of *slide*.

Slide, slíde. *v. n.* pret. *slid*; part. pass. *slidden* to pass along smoothly, to glide; to move upon the ice. [course]

Slide, slíde. *s.* smooth and easy passage; even

Slight, slíte. *a.* small, weak; thin.

Slight, slíte. *s.* neglect, contempt.

Slight, slíte. *v. a.* to neglect, to disregard.

Slightingly, slít'-ing-lé. *ad.* without reverence, with contempt. [ously; weakly.]

Slightly, slíte-lé. *ad.* negligently, contempt-

Slightness, slíte'-nès. *s.* weakness.

Slim, slím. *a.* slender. [substance.]

Slime, slíme. *s.* viscous mire; any glutinous

Slimy, slím-è. *a.* viscous, glutinous

Fåte, får, fäll, fåt;—mè, mêt;—plne, pñ;—

Sliness, sl'-'nès. *s.* designing artifice.
 Sling, slng. *s.* a missile weapon
 Sling, slng. *v. a.* to throw by a sling.
 Slink, slngk. *v. n.* pret. *slunk.* to sneak, to steal out of the way.
 Slip, slp. *v. n.* to slide; to glide; to fall into fault or error; to escape.
 Slip, slp. *v. a.* to lose by negligence; to part twigs from the main body by laceration; to let loose.
 Slip, slp. *s.* a false step; mistake; a twig torn from the main stock; a long narrow piece.
 Slipknot, slp'-nòt. *s.* a bow knot.
 Slipper, slp'-pür. *s.* a shoe without leather behind, into which the foot slips easily.
 Slipperiness, slp'-pür-è-nès. *s.* static or quality of being slippery.
 Slippery, slp'-pür-è. *a.* smooth, glib; uncertain.
 Slipshod, slp'-shòd. *a.* having the shoes not pulled up at the heels.
 Slipslop, slp'-slop. *s.* weak liquor.
 Slit, slt. *v. a.* pret. and part. *slitted.* to cut longwise.
 Slit, slt. *s.* a long cut and narrow opening.
 Sloe, slò. *s.* the fruit of the blackthorn.
 Sloop, slòp. *s.* a small ship.
 Slop, slòp. *s.* mean and vile liquor of any kind.
 Slope, slòpe. *a.* oblique.
 Slope, slòpe. *s.* an oblique direction, any thing obliquely directed; declivity. [*clivity.*]
 Slope, slòpe. *v. a.* to form to obliquity or deslopingly, slò'-pìng-lè. *ad.* obliquely
 Sloppy, slòp'-pè. *a.* miry and wet.
 Sloth, slòth. *v.* laziness, idleness.
 Slothful, slòth'-fùl. *a.* lazy, sluggish.
 Slothfulness, slòth'-fùl-nès. *s.* laziness, sluggishness. [*sion of the head.*]
 Slouch, slòtsh. *s.* a downcast look, a depressed
 Slough, slòf. *s.* a deep miry place.
 Slough, slòff. *s.* the skin which a serpent casts off at his periodical renovation.
 Sloughy, slòtsh-è. *a.* miry, boggy.
 Sloven, slòv' vèn. *s.* a man dirtily dressed.
 Slovenliness, slòv' vèn-lè-nès. *s.* neglect of cleanliness.
 Slovenly, slòv' vèn-lè. *a.* not cleanly.
 Slo, slò. *a.* not swift; dull; tardy.
 Slo, slò. *ad.* tardily, sluggishly.

Slubber slúb'-bür. *v. a.* to stain, to daub; to cover coarsely or carelessly.
 Sludge, slúdjé. *s.* mire, dirt mixed with water.
 Slug, slúg. *s.* an idler, a drone; a kind of slow creeping snail; a piece of metal shot from a gun.
 Sluggard, slúg'-gürd. *s.* an inactive, lazy fellow
 Sluggish, slúg'-gish. *a.* lazy, slothful.
 Sluggishness, slúg'-gish-nès. *s.* sloth, laziness
 Sluice, slúse. *s.* a floodgate, a vent for water.
 Slumber, slúm'-bür. *v. n.* to sleep lightly.
 Slumber, slúm'-bür. *s.* light sleep.
 Slung, slúng. *pret.* and part. *pass.* of *sling.*
 Slunk, slúngk. *pret.* and part. *pass.* of *slink.*
 Slur, slür. *v. a.* to sully, to soil.
 Slur, slür. *s.* slight disgrace.
 Slut, slút. *s.* a dirty woman.
 Slutty, slút'-tish. *a.* nasty, dirty.
 Sluttishness, slút'-tish-nès. *s.* the qualities or practice of a slut.
 Sly, slí. *a.* meanly artful, secretly insidious.
 Slyly, slí-lè. *ad.* with secret artifice, insidiously
 Smack, smák. *v. n.* to be tingured with any particular taste; to make a noise by separation of the lips strongly pressed together.
 Smack, smák. *s.* taste, flavour; a small quantity, a taste; a loud kiss; a small ship.
 Small, smáll. *a.* little; slender, minute.
 Smallcoal, smáll'-kòle. *s.* little wood coals used to light fires.
 Smallercraft, smáll'-kráf. *s.* a vessel below the denomination of a ship.
 Smallpox, smáll'-pòks'. *s.* an eruptive distemper of great malignity.
 Smallness, smáll'-nès. *s.* littleness, minuteness.
 Smart, smárt. *s.* quick, pungent, lively pain.
 Smart, smárt. *v. n.* to feel quick, lively pain.
 Smart, smárt. *a.* pungent, sharp; acute; lively
 Smartly, smárt'-lè. *ad.* sharply, briskly.
 Smartness, smárt'-nès. *s.* liveliness, briskness, wittiness.
 Smatch, smátsh. *s.* taste, twang.
 Smatter, smát'-tür. *v. n.* to have a slight, superficial knowledge.
 Smatter, smát'-tür. *s.* superficial knowledge.
 Smatterer, smát'-tür-ür. *s.* one who has a superficial knowledge.
 Smear, smèer. *v. a.* to soil, to contaminate

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tàb, bàll;—ðil;—pòùnd;—thin, THIS.

Smell, smèll. *v. a.* to perceive by the nose.
 Smell, smèll. *s.* power of smelling; scent.
 Smelt, smèlt. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *smell*.
 Smelt, smèlt. *s.* a small scabbish.
 Smelt, smèlt. *v. a.* to melt ore. [woman.
 Smicket, smàk'-kít. *s.* the under garment of a
 Smile, smìle. *v. n.* to express pleasure by the
 countenance.
 Smile, smìle. *s.* a look of pleasure or kindness.
 Smirk, smèrk. *v. n.* to smile wantonly.
 Smit, smít. *part. pass.* of *smite*.
 Smite, smíte. *v. a.* *pret. smote*; *part. pass. smit*,
smíten. to strike, to kill; to afflict; to affect
 with any passion.
 Smith, smíth. *s.* one who works in metals.
 Smithery, smíth'-ár-è. *s.* the shop of a smith.
 Smitten, smít'-ín. *part. pass.* of *smite*.
 Smock, smòk. *s.* the under garment of a wo-
 man, a shift. [enly.
 Smockfaced, smòk'-fàste. *a.* palefaced, maid-
 Smoke, smòke. *s.* a sooty exhalation.
 Smoke, smòke. *v. n.* to emit a dark exhalation
 by heat; to smell; to use tobacco in a pipe.
 Smoky, smò'-kè. *a.* emitting smoke, fumed.
 Smooth, smòòth. *a.* even on the surface, level.
 Smooth, smòòth. *v. a.* to level; to palliate; to
 flatter.
 Smoothly, smòòth'-lè. *ad.* evenly; readily.
 Smoothness, smòòth'-nès. *s.* evenness on the
 surface.
 Smote, smòte. *pret.* of *smite*.
 Smother, smòth'-ár. *v. a.* to suffocate.
 Smother, smòth'-ár. *s.* smoke, thick dust.
 Smouldering, smòl'-dàr-íng. *a.* burning and
 smoking without vent.
 Smug, smóg. *a.* nice, spruce.
 Smuggle, smóg'-gl. *v. a.* to import or export
 goods without payment of the customs.
 Smuggler, smóg'-gl-ár. *s.* one who imports and
 exports goods without payment of the cus-
 toms.
 Smugly, smóg'-lè. *ad.* neatly, sprucely.
 Smugness, smóg'-nès. *s.* spruceness, neatness.
 Smut, smút. *s.* a spot made with soot or coal;
 mildew; obscenity.
 Smut, smút. *v. a.* to mark with soot or coal; to
 taint with mildew.
 Smuttily, smút'-tè-lè. *ad.* blackly, smokily.

Smuttiness, smút'-tè-nès. *s.* soil from smoke;
 obscenity. [obscene.
 Smutty, smút'-tè. *a.* black with smoke or coal;
 Suack, snàk. *s.* a share, a part. [nose.
 Snaffle, snáf'-fl. *s.* a bridle which crosses the
 Snag, snág. *s.* a tooth standing beyond the rest.
 Snagged, snág'-géd. } *a.* full of snags.
 Snaggy, snág'-gè. }
 Snail, snàle. *s.* a slimy animal; a drone.
 Snake, snàke. *s.* a serpent of the oviparous kind,
 distinguished from the viper.
 Snaky, snà'-kè. *a.* resembling a snake.
 Snap, snáp. *v. a.* to break at once, to break
 short; to bite.
 Snap, snáp. *s.* the act of breaking with a quick
 motion; a quick, eager bite; a catch.
 Snapper, snáp'-pór. *s.* one who snaps.
 Snappish, snáp'-písh. *a.* eager to bite; peevish.
 Snappishness, snáp'-písh-nès. *s.* peevishness.
 Snare, snàre. *s.* a gin, a net.
 Snare, snàre. *v. a.* to entrap; to entangle.
 Snarl, snàrl. *v. n.* to growl as an angry animal
 Snarler, snàrl'-lúr. *s.* one who snarls.
 Snatch, snátsh. *v. a.* to seize hastily.
 Snatch, snátsh. *s.* a hasty catch.
 Sneak, snèke. *v. n.* to creep slyly; to behave
 with meanness and servility.
 Sneaking, snè'-kíng. *part. a.* servile, mean.
 Sneer, snère. *v. n.* to show contempt by looks;
 to insinuate contempt by covert expressions.
 Sneer, snère. *s.* a look of contemptuous ridicule,
 an expression of ludicrous scorn.
 Sneeze, snèze. *v. n.* to emit wind audibly by
 the nose. [by the nose.
 Sneeze, snèze. *s.* emission of wind audibly
 Sniff, sníf. *v. n.* to draw breath audibly by the
 nose.
 Snip, sníp. *v. a.* to cut at once with scissors.
 Snip, sníp. *s.* a single cut with scissors.
 Snipe, snípe. *s.* a small fen-fowl with a long bill.
 Snippet, sníp'-pít. *s.* a small part, a share.
 Snivel, snív'-vl. *s.* the running of the nose.
 Snivel, snív'-vl. *v. n.* to run at the nose; to cry
 as children. [menter.
 Sniveller, snív'-vl-ár. *s.* a weeper, a weak la-
 Snore, snòre. *v. n.* to breathe hard through the
 nose. [through the nose.
 Snore, snòre. *s.* audible respiration of sleepers

Fåte, fâr, fäll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Snort**, snôrt. *v. n.* to blow through the nose as a high-mettled horse.
- Snout**, snôht. *s.* the nose of a beast.
- Snow**, snò. *s.* water frozen in flakes.
- Snow**, snò. *v. a.* to scatter like snow.
- Snowball**, snò-báll. *s.* a round lump of congealed snow.
- Snowdrop**, snò-dròp. *s.* an early flower.
- Snowy**, snò-è. *a.* white like snow. [nip.]
- Snuub**, snúb. *v. a.* to check, to reprimand; to
- Snuiff**, snúif. *s.* the useless excrescence of a candle; powdered tobacco taken by the nose.
- Snuiff**, snúif. *v. a.* to scent; to crop a candle.
- Snuiff box**, snúif-bòks. *s.* the box in which snuff is carried. [which the candle is clipped.]
- Snuiffers**, snúif-fúr. *s.* the instrument with
- Snuiffle**, snúif-fl. *v. n.* to speak through the nose. [nuience.]
- Snug**, snóg. *a.* close, free from any inconvenience.
- Snuggle**, snúg'-gl. *v. a.* to lie close, to lie warm.
- So**, sò. *ad.* in like manner.
- Soak**, sóke. *v. a.* to macerate in any moisture, to steep, to drench.
- Soap**, sópe. *s.* a substance used in washing.
- Soar**, sóre. *v. n.* to fly aloft, to tower.
- Sob**, sób. *v. n.* to heave audibly with convulsive sorrow, to sigh with convulsion.
- Sòb**, sòh. *s.* a convulsive act of respiration obstructed by sorrow.
- Sober**, só' búr. *a.* temperate; calm; serious.
- Soberly**, só'-búr-lè. *ad.* temperately, moderately; colly. [hess.]
- Sobriety**, só-brí'-è-tè. *s.* temperance; calm.
- Sociability**, só'-shè-à-blí'-è-tè. *s.* natural tendency to be sociable.
- Sociable**, só'-shè-à-bl. *a.* friendly; familiar.
- Sociable**, só'-shè-à-bl. *s.* an open carriage with two seats facing each other, and a box for the driver.
- Sociably**, só'-shè-à-blè. *ad.* conversably.
- Social**, só'-shál. *a.* relating to a general or public interest; easy to mix in friendly gayety.
- Society**, só-sí'-è-tè. *s.* community; company; fraternity.
- Socinian**, só-sín'-è-án. *s.* one who adopts the tenets of Socinus.
- Sock**, sók. *s.* something put between the foot and shoe; a theatrical shoe
- Socket**, sók'-kít. *s.* a hollow pipe; the receptacle of the eye.
- Sod**, sód. *s.* a turf, a clod. [seethed]
- Sodden**, sód'-dn. *part. pass.* of *see'the*. boiled.
- Sofa**, só'-fá. *s.* a splendid seat covered with carpets.
- Soft**, sóft. *a.* ductile; flexible, yielding; tender.
- Soft**, sóft. *interj.* hold! stop!
- Soften**, sóft'-fn. *v. a.* to make soft.
- Softly**, sóft'-lè. *ad.* gently, placidly; mildly.
- Softness**, sóft'-nès. *s.* quality contrary to hardness; mildness; gentleness; effeminacy.
- Soho**, só-hò'. *interj.* a form of calling from a distant place.
- Soil**, sóil. *v. a.* to foul, to dirt, to pollute.
- Soil**, sóil. *s.* dirt, spot, pollution; ground; land dung, compost.
- Sojourn**, só'-jurn. *v. n.* to dwell any where for a time, to live as not at home.
- Sojourner**, só'-jurn-úr. *s.* a temporary dweller
- Solace**, sól'-lâs. *v. a.* to comfort, to cheer.
- Solace**, sól'-lâs. *s.* comfort, pleasure. [sun]
- Solar**, só'-lâr. *a.* of the sun; belonging to the
- Sold**, sóld. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *sell*
- Solder**, sól'-dâr. *v. a.* to unite or fasten with any kind of metallic cement.
- Solder**, sól'-dâr. *s.* metallic cement.
- Soldier**, sól'-jâr. *s.* a fighting man, a warrior.
- Soldiery**, sól'-jâr-è. *s.* body of military men.
- Sole**, sóle. *s.* the bottom of the foot; a kind of sea-fish.
- Sole**, sóle. *v. a.* to furnish with soles.
- Sole**, sóle. *a.* single, not married.
- Solecism**, sól'-è-sízm. *s.* unfitness of one word to another.
- Solely**, sóle'-lè. *ad.* singly, only
- Solemn**, sól'-ém. *a.* religiously grave.
- Solemnity**, sól'-ém-nè-lè. *s.* religious ceremony; gravity, awful grandeur.
- Solemnization**, sól'-ém-nè-zá'-shún. *s.* the act of solemnizing.
- Solemnize**, sól'-ém-níze. *v. a.* to dignify by particular formalities, to celebrate.
- Solemnly**, sól'-ém-lè. *ad.* with formal gravity and stateliness. [treat; to excite.]
- Solicit**, só-lís'-sít. *v. a.* to importune, to entreat.
- Solicitation**, só-lís-è-tá'-shún. *s.* importunity, invitation.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—óll;—pòddnd;—thín, THIS.

Solicitor, sò-lis'-lì-úr. s. one who petitions for another; one who does in chancery the business which is done by attorneys in other courts.

Sollicitous, sò-lis'-sìt-ús. a. anxious.

Solicitude, sò-lis'-sè-tùde. s. anxiety, carefulness. [true; grave.

Solid, sól'-lìd. a. compact, dense; firm; sound; **Solidity, sò-llì'-è-tè. s.** fullness of matter; firmness; compactness; certainty.

Soliloquy, sò-llì'-lò-kwè. s. a discourse made by one in solitude to himself.

Solitary, sól'-lè-tà-rè. a. living alone, retired.

Solitude, sò-lè-tùde. s. lonely life; a lone place, a desert.

Solo, sò'-lò. s. a tune played on a single instrument.

Solstice, sól'-sìs. s. the point beyond which the sun does not go, the tropical point. [stice.

Solstitial, sól'-sìsh'-àl. a. belonging to the sol-soluble; sól'-ò-bl. a. capable of dissolution.

Solubility, sól'-ò-blì'-è-tè. s. susceptiveness of separation of parts.

Solution, sò-lù'-shùn. s. disjunction, separation.

Solutive, sól'-ù-lìv. a. laxative, causing relaxation.

Solve, sól'v. v. a. to clear, to explain.

Solvency, sól'-vèn-sè. s. ability to pay.

Solvent, sól'-vènt. a. able to pay.

Solvable, sól'-vè-bl. x. possible to be cleared by reason or inquiry.

Some, sòm. a. more or less; certain persons.

Somebody, sòm'-bòd-è. s. a person indiscriminate and undetermined.

Somerser, sòm'-múr-sèt. s. a leap by which a jumper throws himself from a beam and turns over his head

Somehow, sòm'-hòt. ad. one way or other.

Something, sòm'-tìng. s. more or less.

Sometime, sòm'-tìme. ad. once, formerly.

Sometimes, sòm'-tìmz. ad. now and then.

Something, sòm'-hwòt. s. something; more or less. [other.

Somewhere, sòm'-hwàre. ad. in one place or

Somniferous, sòm-nìf'-fèr-ús. } a. causing sleep.

Somnifick, sòm-nìf'-fìk. }

Somnolent, sòm-nò-lèn-sè. s. sleepiness.

Son, sùn. s. a male child; native of a country.

Son-in-law, sùn'-ìn-làw. s. a man married to one's daughter.

Sonata, sò-nà'-tà. s. a tune. { a ballad.

Song, sòng. s. a poem modulated to the voice; **Songster, sòng'-stúr. s.** a singer.

Songstress, sòng'-strès. s. a female singer.

Sonnet, sòn'-nèt. s. a small poem. [cont'mpt.

Sonnetteer, sòn-nèt-tèer'. s. a small poet, in **Sonorous, sò-nò-rús. a.** giving loud or shrill sound.

Soon, sòdn. ad. before long; early.

Soot, sòt. s. condensed or imbodied smoke.

Sooted, sòt'-èd. a. covered with soot. [cam.

Sooth, sòth v. a. to flatter, to please; to **Soothsayer, sòth'-sà-úr. s.** a foreteller, a prognosticator.

Sooty, sòt'-tè. a. breeding soot; black, dark.

Sop, sòp. s. any thing steeped in liquor to be eaten.

Sop, sòp. v. a. to steep in liquor.

Soph, sòf. s. a young man who has been two years at the university.

Sophism, sòf'-fìzm. s. a fallacious argument.

Sophist, sòf'-fìst. s. a professor of philosophy.

Sophister, sòf'-fìs-tèr. s. an insidious logician.

Sophistical, sò-fìs'-tè-kál. a. fallaciously subtle,

Sophisticate, sò-fìs'-tè-kàte. v. a. to corrupt with something spurious. [tion.

Sophistry, sòf'-fìs-trè. s. fallacious ratiocina-

Soporiferous, sòp-ò-rìf'-úr-ús. } a. causing sleep,

Soporifick, sòp-ò-rìf'-fìk. } opiate.

Sorcerer, sòr'-sèr-úr. s. a conjurer, a magician.

Sorceress, sòr'-sèr-ès. s. a female magician, an enchantress.

Sorcery, sòr'-sèr-è. s. magic, enchantment.

Sort, sòrd. s. turf, grassy ground.

Sordid, sòr'-dìd. a. mean, vile, base; covetous

Sordidly, sòr'-dìd-lè. ad. meanly, covetously.

Sore, sòre. s. a place tender and painful, an ulcer.

Sore, sòre. a. tender to the touch; easily vexed.

Sorely, sòre'-lè. ad. with great pain or distress.

Soreness, sòre'-nès. s. tenderness of a hurt.

Sorrel, sòr'-rìl. s. a plant.

Sorriily, sòr'-rè-lè. ad. meanly, despicably

Sorrow, sòr'-rò. s. grief, pain, sadness.

Sorrow, sòr'-rò. v. n. to grieve, to be sad.

Sorrowful, sòr'-rò-fùl. a. mournful, grieving.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plue, plû;—

- Sorry, sôr'-rè. *a.* grieved for something past; worthless.
- Sort, sôrt. *s.* a kind, a species; rank.
- Sort, sôrt. *v. a.* to separate; to cull.
- Sortment, sôrt'-mênt. *s.* the act of sorting, distribution.
- Soss, sôs. *v. n.* to fall at once into.
- Sot, sôt. *s.* a blockhead; a wretch stupified by drinking.
- Sottish, sôt'-tish. *a.* dull, stupid, doltish.
- Sottishness, sôt'-tish-nês. *s.* stupidity, insensibility. [Bohea tea.]
- Souchong, sôô'-tshông'. *s.* the finest sort of Sought, sawt. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of seek.
- Soul, sôle. *s.* the immortal spirit of man; vital principle; intelligent being.
- Sound, sôund. *a.* healthy; right; stout; lusty.
- Sound, sôund. *s.* a shallow sea; a noise; a probe. [met;] to try.
- Sound, sôund. *v. a.* to search with a plumb.
- Sound, sôund. *v. n.* to make a noise; to exhibit by likeness of sound.
- Soundly, sôund'-lê. *ad.* healthily; rightly; fast.
- Soundness, sôund'-nês. *s.* health, heartiness; truth, solidity. [table.]
- Soup, sôôp. *s.* strong decoction of flesh for the
- Sour, sôur. *a.* acid, austere; peevish.
- Sour, sôur. *v. a.* to make acid; to make discontented. [nal.]
- Source, sôrse. *s.* spring, fountain-head; origin.
- Sourish, sôôr'-ish. *a.* somewhat sour.
- Sourly, sôôr'-lê. *ad.* with acidity.
- Sourness, sôôr'-nês. *s.* acidity; asperity.
- Souse, sôuse. *s.* pickle made of salt.
- Souse, sôuse. *v. n.* to fall as a bird on its prey.
- Souse, sôuse. *aa.* with sudden violence.
- South, sôuth. *s.* the part where the sun is to us at noon; the southern region.
- South, sôuth. *a.* southern, meridional. [south.]
- South, sôuth. *ad.* towards the south; from the
- Southern, sôûth'-ûrn, or sôûth'-ûrn. *a.* belonging to the south, meridional.
- Southward, sôûth'-ward, or sôûth'-ûrd. *ad.* towards the south.
- Sow, sôô. *s.* a female pig; a mass of lead.
- Sow, sô. *v. a.* *part. pass.* sown. to scatter in the ground in part to growth; to spread; to stock with seed.
- Sowins, sôô'-inz. *s.* flummery.
- Sown, sône. *part.* of to sow. [of time.]
- Space, spâse. *s.* room, extension; quantity.
- Spacious, spâ'-shûs. *a.* wide, extensive, roomy.
- Spaciousness, spâ'-shûs-nês. *s.* roomness, wide extension.
- Spade, spâde. *s.* the instrument of digging.
- Span, spân. *s.* the space from the end of the thumb to the end of the little finger extended.
- Span, spân. *v. a.* to measure by the hand.
- Spangle, spâng'-gl. *s.* a small plate of shining metal. [gles.]
- Spangle, spâng'-gl. *v. a.* to besprinkle with span.
- Spaniel, spân'-yêl. *s.* a dog used for sport.
- Spank, spângk. *v. a.* to strike with the open hand.
- Spar, spâr. *s.* marcesite; a small beam.
- Spar, spâr. *v. n.* to fight like cocks with prelu sive strokes.
- Spare, spâre. *v. a.* to use frugally; to do without; to forbear; to treat with pity.
- Spare, spâre. *a.* scanty, parsimonious; lean.
- Sparerib, spâre'-rib. *s.* some part cut off from the ribs.
- Sparing, spâ'-ring. *a.* scarce; scanty.
- Spark, spârk. *s.* a small particle of fire; a lively gay man.
- Sparkle, spâr'-kl. *s.* a spark.
- Sparkle, spâr'-kl. *v. n.* to emit sparks; to glitter.
- Sparrow, spâr'-rô. *s.* a small bird.
- Spasm, spâzm. *s.* convulsion.
- Spasmodick, spâz-mô'-dîk. *a.* convulsive.
- Spatter, spât'-tûr. *v. a.* to sprinkle with dirt or any thing offensive. [the legs.]
- Spatterdashes, spât'-tûr-dâsh-iz. *s.* coverings for Spatula, spât'-ishû-lâ. *s.* a spatule or slice, used by apothecaries in spreading plasters.
- Spavin, spâv'-in. *s.* a disease in horses.
- Spaw, spâw. *s.* any mineral water. [mouth.]
- Spawl, spâwl. *v. n.* to throw moisture out of the
- Spawl, spâwl. *s.* spittle.
- Spawn, spâwn. *s.* the eggs of fish or of frogs.
- Spay, spâ. *v. a.* to castrate female animals.
- Speak, spêke. *v. n.* *pret.* spake or spoke; *part. pass.* spoken. to utter articulate sounds, to express thoughts by words.
- Speakable, spê'-kâ-bl. *a.* possible to be spoken.
- Speaker, spê'-kûr. *s.* one that speaks. [point.]
- Spear, spêre. *s.* a long weapon with a sharp

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Special, spèsh'-ál. *a.* particular, peculiar.
Species, spè'-shéz. *s.* a sort; class of nature.
Specifick, spè-síf'-fík. *s.* a specifick medicine.
Specifick, spè-síf'-fík. *a.* that which makes a thing of the species of which it is; appropriated to the cure of some particular distemper.
Specifically, spè-síf'-fè-kál-è. *ad.* according to the nature of the species.
Specify, spés'-sè-fí. *v. a.* to show by some particular mark of distinction.
Specimen, spés'-sè-mèn. *s.* a sample.
Specious, spè'-shús. *a.* showy; plausible.
Speck, spèk. *s.* a small discoloration, a spot.
Speck, spèk. *v. a.* to spot.
Speckle, spèk'-kl. *v. a.* to mark with small spots.
Spectacle, spèk'-tá-kl. *s.* a show, a gazing-stock; glasses to assist the sight.
Spectator, spèk'-tá'-túr. *s.* a looker on.
Spectre, spèk'-túr. *s.* apparition.
Specular, spèk'-kú-lár. *a.* having the qualities of a mirror; assisting sight. [contemplate].
Speculate, spèk'-kú-láte. *v. n.* to meditate, to speculate.
Speculation, spèk'-ú-lá'-shún. *s.* mental view; scheme not reduced to practice.
Speculative, spèk'-kú-lá-úv. *a.* contemplative, theoretical. [glass].
Speculum, spèk'-kú-lúm. *s.* a mirror, a looking-glass.
Sped, spèd. *pret. and part. pass. of spend.*
Speech, spèetsh. *s.* the power of articulate utterance; language; any thing spoken; oration.
Speechless, spèetsh'-lès. *a.* mute, dumb.
Speed, spèéd. *v. n.* pret. and part. pass. *sped* and *speeded*. to make haste, to move with celerity; to have success.
Speed, spèéd. *s.* quickness, celerity.
Speedily, spèéd'-lè. *ad.* with haste, quickly.
Speedy, spèéd'-è. *a.* quick, swift.
Spell, spèll. *s.* a charm; a turn of work. [read].
Spell, spèll. *v. n.* to form words of letters; to spend, spend. *v. a.* to consume, to lay out; to effuse; to waste; to harass. [isher].
Spendthrift, spènd'-thrift. *s.* a prodigal, a lav-
Sperm, spèrm. *s.* seed; that by which the species is continued [whale].
Spermaceti, spèr-má-sè-tè. *s.* the seed of a
Spermatik, spèr-mát'-tík. *a.* seminal; belong-
 ing to the sperm.

Sphere, sère. *s.* a globe, orb, circuit of motion; province, compass of knowledge or action.
Spherical, sfèr'-rè-kál. } *a.* round; globular.
Spherick, sfèr'-rík. }
Sphericity, sfè-rís-è-tè. *s.* roundness, rotundity
Spheroid, sfè'-róid. *s.* a body approaching to the form of a sphere.
Spherule, sfèr'-úle. *s.* a little globe.
Sphinx, sfínks. *s.* a fabled monster in Egypt, having the face of a virgin, and the body of a lion.
Spice, spíse. *s.* a vegetable production fragrant to the smell and pungent to the palate.
Spice, spíse. *v. a.* to season with spice.
Spicery, spí'-súr-è. *s.* the commodity of spices; a repository of spices. [of spice].
Spicy, spí'-sè. *a.* aromattick, having the qualities
Spider, spí'-dúr. *s.* the animal that spins a web for flies. [cet].
Spigot, spíg'-ét. *s.* a pin or peg put into the fault.
Spike, spíke. *s.* an ear of corn; a nail.
Spike, spíke. *v. a.* to fasten with long nails; to set with spikes.
Spikenard, spíke-nárd. *s.* the name of a plant.
Spill, spíll. *s.* a small shiver of wood; a small quantity.
Spill, spíll. *v. a.* to shed.
Spin, spín. *v. a.* pret. *spun*, or *span*; part. *spun*. to draw out into threads; to protract; to draw out tediously.
Spinal, spí'-nál. *a.* belonging to the back-bone.
Spindle, spín'-dl. *s.* the pin by which the thread is formed; a long, slender stalk.
Spine, spíne. *s.* the back-bone.
Spinet, spín-nèt'. *s.* a small harpsichord.
Spinner, spín'-núr. *s.* one skilled in spinning.
Spinous, spín'-ús. *a.* thorny, full of thorns.
Spinster, spíns'-túr. *s.* a woman that spins; the general term for a girl or maiden woman.
Spiny, spí'-nè. *a.* thorny, perplexed.
Spiracle, spír'-á-kl. *s.* a breathing hole, a vent.
Spiral, spír'-rál. *a.* curve, winding.
Spire, spíre. *s.* a curve line; any thing growing up taper; a steeple.
Spirit, spír'-ít. *s.* breath; an apparition; ardour; vigour of mind; desire; an inflammable liquor raised by distillation.
Spirited, spír'-ít-éd. *a.* lively, full of fire.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pîn;—

- Spiritedness**, spîr'-î-t-êd-nês. *s.* disposition or make of mind.
- Spiritless**, spîr'-î-t-lês. *a.* dejected, low, depressed.
- Spirituous**, spîr'-î-t-ûs. *a.* refined, advanced near to spirit.
- Spiritual**, spîr'-î-t-îsh-û-âl. *a.* immaterial, incorporeal; relating to the things of heaven.
- Spirituality**, spîr'-î-t-îsh-û-âl-ê-tê. *s.* immateriality.
- Spiritualization**, spîr'-î-t-îsh-û-âl-ê-zâ'-shûn. *s.* act of spiritualizing. [the intellect.]
- Spirituaize**, spîr'-î-t-îsh-û-âl-lze. *v. a.* to refine
- Spiritually**, spîr'-î-t-îsh-û-âl-lê. *ad.* with attention to things purely intellectual.
- Spirituous**, spîr'-î-t-îsh-û-ûs. *a.* having the quality of spirit; lively, airy.
- Spirit**, spîrt. *v. a.* to throw out in a jet.
- Spiry**, spîr'-rê. *a.* pyramidal, wreathed.
- Spissitude**, spîs'-sê-tûde. *s.* grossness, thickness.
- Spit**, spît. *s.* an utensil to roast meat on.
- Spit**, spît. *v. a.* pret. *spat*; part. pass. *spit* or *spitted*. to put upon a spit; to thrust through.
- Spit**, spît. *v. n.* to eject from the mouth; to throw out spittle.
- Spite**, spîte. *s.* malice, rancour, hate.
- Spite**, spîte. *v. a.* to vex, to thwart malignantly.
- Spiteful**, spîte'-f-ûl. *a.* malicious.
- Spitefully**, spîte'-f-ûl-ê. *ad.* maliciously.
- Spitefulness**, spîte'-f-ûl-nês. *s.* malignity.
- Spittle**, spît'-tl. *s.* moisture of the mouth.
- Splash**, splâsh. *v. a.* to daub with dirt in great quantities.
- Splashy**, splâsh-ê. *a.* apt to daub. [inward.]
- Splayfoot**, splâ'-f-ût. *a.* having the foot turned
- Spleen**, splêen. *s.* the milt; anger, spite, ill-humour.
- Spleenful**, splêen'-f-ûl. *a.* angry, peevish, fretful.
- Splendent**, splên'-dênt. *a.* shining, glossy.
- Splendid**, splên'-dîd. *a.* showy, magnificent.
- Splendidly**, splên'-dîd-lê. *ad.* magnificently.
- Splendour**, splên'-dâr. *s.* lustre, magnificence.
- Splenetic**, splên'-ê-tîk. *a.* fretful, peevish.
- Splice**, spîlse. *v. a.* to join the two ends of a rope without a knot.
- Splint**, spînt. *s.* a thin piece of wood used by surgeons.
- Splinter**, spînt'-ûr. *v. a.* to secure by splints; to shiver.
- Splinter**, spînt'-ûr. *s.* a thin piece of wood.
- Split**, spîlt. *v. a.* pret. *spîlt*. to cleave; to break into discord. [late speaking]
- Splutter**, spîlt'-tûr. *s.* bustle; hasty and inarticulate
- Spoil**, spîll. *v. a.* to rob; to plunder.
- Spoil**, spîll. *s.* plunder, pillage.
- Spoiler**, spîll'-ûr. *s.* a robber, a plunderer
- Spoke**, spôke. *s.* the bar of a wheel.
- Spoke**, spôke. *pret.* of *speak*.
- Spoken**, spô'-kn. *part. pass.* of *speak*.
- Spokesman**, spôks'-mân. *s.* one who speaks for another.
- Spoilate**, spô'-lê-âte. *v. a.* to rob, to plunder.
- Spoilation**, spô-lê-â'-shûn. *s.* the act of robbery.
- Spoudee**, spôn'-dê. *s.* a foot in poetry of two long syllables.
- Sponge**, spånje. *s.* a soft, porous substance, remarkable for sucking up water.
- Sponge**, spånje. *v. a.* to blot, to wipe away as with a sponge.
- Spongy**, spån'-jê. *a.* soft and full of small interstitial holes.
- Sponsal**, spôn'-sâl. *a.* relating to marriage.
- Sponson**, spôn'-shûn. *s.* the act of becoming surety for another.
- Sponsor**, spôn'-sûr. *s.* a surety
- Spontaneous**, spôn-tâ'-nê-ûs. *a.* voluntary.
- Spontaneously**, spôn-tâ'-nê-ûs-lê. *ad.* voluntarily.
- Spoon**, spôôn. *s.* a concave vessel with a handle, used in eating liquids.
- Spoonful**, spôôn'-f-ûl. *s.* as much as is generally taken at once in a spoon.
- Spoonmeat**, spôôn'-mête. *s.* nourishment taken with a spoon.
- Sport**, spôrt. *s.* play, diversion; mock.
- Sport**, spôrt. *v. n.* to play; to frolick, to game.
- Sportful**, spôrt'-f-ûl. *a.* merry, frolicksome, in jest
- Sportive**, spôrt'-îtv. *a.* gay, merry.
- Sportiveness**, spôrt'-îtv-nês. *s.* gayety, play.
- Sportsman**, spôrts'-mân. *s.* one who pursues the recreations of the field.
- Spot**, spôt. *s.* a blot; a taint, a disgrace; a particular place.
- Spot**, spôt. *v. a.* to mark with discoloration; corrupt, to disgrace.
- Spotless**, spôt'-lês. *a.* immaculate, pure.
- Spousal**, spôût'-zâl. *a.* nuptial, bridal.
- Spouse**, spôûze. *s.* a husband or wife

nò, mòve, ndr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—ðll;—pòlnd;—lun, THIS.

Spout, spòút. *s.* a pipe, the mouth of a vessel out of which any thing is poured; a cataract.
 Spout, spòút. *v. a.* to pour with violence; to speak speeches out of plays.
 Sprain, spráine. *s.* extension of ligaments without dislocation of the joint.
 Sprang, spráing. *pret.* of *spring*.
 Sprat, sprát. *s.* a small sea-fish.
 Sprawl, spráwl. *v. n.* to struggle; to tumble with agitation. [foam of the sea
 Spray, sprá. *s.* the extremity of a braccn; the spread, spréd. *v. a.* to extend; to cover over.
 Spread, spréd. *s.* extent, compass.
 Prig, sprig. *s.* a small branch.
 Pright, spríte. *s.* apparition.
 Prightliness, spríte'-lè-nès. *s.* liveliness, briskness, gaiety.
 Prightly, spríte'-lè. *a.* gay, brisk.
 Pring, spring. *v. n.* *pret.* *spring* or *sprang*. to begin to grow; to issue forth; to arise; to bound; to jump, to fly with elastic power.
 Pring, spring. *v. a.* to rouse game; to produce to light; to discharge a mine.
 Pring, spring. *s.* a season of the year; elastic force; a leap; a bound; a fountain; a source; original.
 Pringe, sprínje. *s.* a gin, a noose.
 Pringiness, spring'-é-nès. *s.* elasticity, power of restoring itself. [high tide.
 Pringtide, spring'-tíde. *s.* tide at the new moon.
 Pringy, spring'-é. *a.* elastic; full of springs or fountains. [to besprinkle.
 Prinkle, spring'-kl. *v. a.* to scatter in drops; [spritsail, sprít'-sále. *s.* the sail which belongs to the boltsprit-mast.
 Prite, spríte. *s.* a spirit. [germinate.
 Prout, spròút. *v. n.* to shoot by vegetation, to
 prout, spròút. *s.* a shoot of a vegetable.
 Pruce, spròúse. *a.* nice, trim, neat.
 Rucebeer, spròúse-bèer'. *s.* beer tintured with branches of fir. [elegance.
 Ruceness, spròúse'-nès. *s.* neatness without
 rung, spráing. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *spring*.
 Ud, spúú. *s.* a short knife.
 Umé, spúme. *s.* foam, froth.
 Umé, spúme. *v. n.* to foam, to froth.
 Umous, spú'-mús. }
 Umy, spú'-mè. } *a.* frothy, foamy.

Spun, spún. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *spin*.
 Spunge, spúnje. *s.* See *sponge*.
 Spunge, spúnje. *v. n.* to hang on others for maintenance.
 Spungy, spún'-jè. *a.* full of small holes, and soft like a sponge.
 Spur, spúr. *s.* a sharp point fixed in the rider's heel; incitement, instigation; a stimulus.
 Spur, spúr. *v. a.* to prick with the spur; to instigate.
 Spurious, spú'-rè-ús. *a.* counterfeit, adulterine.
 Spurn, spúr. *v. a.* to kick; to scorn; to treat with contempt.
 Spurrier, spúr'-rè-úr. *s.* one who makes spurs.
 Spurt, spúr. *v. n.* to fly out with a quick stream.
 Sputter, spút'-túr. *v. n.* to emit moisture in small flying drops; to speak hastily. [others.
 Spy, spl. *s.* one sent to watch the conduct of
 Spy, spl. *v. a.* to discover.
 Spy, spl. *v. n.* to search narrowly. [ligence.
 Spyboat, spl'-bòte. *s.* a boat sent out for intelligence.
 Squab, skwób. *a.* unfeathered; fat, thick and stout, awkwardly bulky.
 Squabbish, skwób'-búsh. *a.* thick, heavy. [glø.
 Squabble, skwób'-bl. *v. n.* to quarrel, to wrangle.
 Squabble, skwób'-bl. *s.* a low brawl. [fleeet.
 Squadron, skwá'-drún. *s.* part of an army or
 Squalid, skwól'-líd. *a.* foul, nasty, filthy.
 Squall, skwáll. *v. n.* to scream suddenly.
 Squall, skwáll. *s.* loud scream; sudden gust of wind.
 Squally, skwáll'-lè. *a.* windy, gusty.
 Squander, skwón'-dár. *v. a.* to spend profusely to dissipate.
 Square, skwáre. *a.* having right angles; cornered; parallel; exact.
 Square, skwáre. *s.* a figure with right angles and equal sides; an area of four sides with houses on each side; a rule or instrument; level, equality.
 Square, skwáre. *v. a.* to form with right angles; to accommodate. [bodies.
 Squash, skwósh. *s.* a sudden fall; a shock of soft
 Squat, skwót. *v. n.* to sit close to the ground.
 Squet, skwót. *a.* cowering, close to the ground; short and thick. [tone.
 Squeak, skwéke. *v. n.* to cry with a shrill, acute
 Squeak, skwéke. *s.* a shrill, quick cry.

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât,—mê, mêt;—plne, pñ;—

- Squeal, skwéle. *v. n.* to cry with a shrill, sharp voice. [ly disgusted.]
- Squeamish, skwé'-mîsh. *a.* nice, fastidious, easily disgusted.
- Squeamishness, skwé'-mîsh-nês. *s.* delicacy, fastidiousness.
- Squeeze, skwéze. *v. a.* to press, to crush between two bodies; to harass by extortion; to force between close bodies.
- Squeeze, skwéze. *s.* compression, pressure.
- Squelch, skwêlsh. *s.* heavy fall. [wildfire.]
- Squib, skwîb. *s.* a small pipe of paper filled with squint, skwînt. *v. n.* to look obliquely.
- Squill, skwîl. *s.* a plant; a fish.
- Squire, skwîre. *v. n.* to look obliquely.
- Squire, skwîre. *s.* a gentleman next in rank to a knight; an attendant on a noble warrior.
- Squirrel, skwêr'-rîl. *s.* a small animal.
- Squirt, skwûrt. *v. a.* to throw out in a quick stream.
- Squirt, skwûrt. *s.* an instrument by which a quick stream is ejected.
- Stab, stâb. *v. a.* to pierce with a pointed weapon.
- Stab, stâb. *s.* a wound with a sharp-pointed weapon; a sly mischief. [resolution.]
- Stability, stâ-bîl'-ê-tê. *s.* steadiness; firmness of
- Stable, stâ'-bl. *a.* fixed; steady, constant.
- Stable, stâ'-bl. *s.* a house for beasts.
- Stableness, stâ'-bl-nês. *s.* steadiness, constancy, stability.
- Stablish, stâb'-lîsh. *v. a.* to establish, to fix.
- Stack, stâk. *s.* a large quantity of hay, corn, or wood; a number of chimneys.
- Stack, stâk. *v. a.* to pile up regularly in ricks.
- Staff, stâf. *s.* plur. *staves.* a walking-stick; a prop; an ensign of office.
- Stag, stâg. *s.* the male red deer.
- Stage, stâdje. *s.* a floor raised to view, on which any show is exhibited; the theatre; a place in which rest is taken on a journey.
- Stagecoach, stâdje-kôush'. *s.* a coach that keeps its stages, a coach that passes and repasses on certain days for the accommodation of passengers. [hesitate.]
- Stagger, stâg'-gâr. *v. n.* to reel; to faint; to stagger, stâg'-gârz. *s.* a kind of horse-apoplexy.
- Stagnant, stâg'-nânt. *a.* motionless, still.
- Stagnate, stâg'-nâte. *v. n.* to have no course or stream.
- Stagnation, stâg-nâ'-shûn. *s.* stop of course, cessation of motion.
- Staid, stâde. *part. a.* sober, grave, regular.
- Stain, stâne. *v. a.* to blot, to spot, to disgrace.
- Stain, stâne. *s.* blot, spot, discoloration.
- Stair, stâre. *s.* step by which we rise in ascent from the lower part of a building to upper.
- Staircase, stâre'-kâse. *s.* the part of a fabric that contains the stairs.
- Stake, stâke. *s.* a post fixed in the ground; a thing pledged or wagered.
- Stake, stâke. *v. a.* to fasten or defend with posts; to wager.
- Stalactites, stâl-âk-tî'-têz. *s.* spars in the form of icicles.
- Stale, stâlê. *a.* old, long kept. [long kept.]
- Staleness, stâlê'-nês. *s.* oldness, state of being stale.
- Stalk, stâwk. *v. n.* to walk with high and perpendicular steps.
- Stalk, stâwk. *s.* a stem.
- Stalking-horse, stâwk'-îng-hôrse. *s.* a horse either real or fictitious, by which a fox shelters himself from the sight of the game.
- Stall, stâll. *s.* a crib for a horse or an ox bench or form where any thing is set to stall, a small shed in which certain trades are practised; the seat of a dignified clergyman in choir.
- Stallion, stâl'-yûn. *s.* a horse kept for mares.
- Stamina, stâm'-îu-â. *s.* the solids of a human body; the fine threads of plants.
- Stammer, stâm'-mûr. *v. n.* to speak with natural hesitation. [with hesitation.]
- Stammerer, stâm'-mûr-ûr. *s.* one who speaks with natural hesitation.
- Stamp, stâmp. *v. a.* to strike by pressing the foot hastily downward; to impress.
- Stamp, stâmp. *s.* an instrument by which an impression is made, impression; make, foot.
- Stanch, stâns. *v. a.* to stop blood, to hinder from running.
- Stanch, stâns. *a.* sound, firm, trusty.
- Stand, stând. *v. n.* pret. *I stood, I have stood* be upon the feet; to be placed as an edifice to remain erect; to stop, to halt; to remain the present state.
- Stand, stând. *s.* a station; post; a stop, facility

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, táb, búll;—ðil;—pòund;—thiin, THIS.

undarl, stánd'-árd. *s.* an ensign in war; a
 etled rate; a standing tree. [lished.

unding, stánd'-íng. *part. a.* settled, estab-
 unding, stánd'-íng. *s.* continuance; station;
 ank; condition.

ndish, stán'-dísh. *s.* a case for pen and ink.
 nza, stán'-zá. *s.* so much of a poem as con-
 ains every variation of measure or relation
 f rhyme. [ed emporium.

ple, stá'-pl. *s.* a settled mart, an establish-
 ple, stá'-pl. *a.* settled, established in com-
 merce.

ple, stá'-pl. *s.* a loop of iron.
 r, stár. *s.* a luminous body in the heavens;
 mark of reference. [of a ship.

rboard, stár'-bòrd. *s.* the right-hand side
 rch, stá'rish. *s.* a kind of viscous matter,
 with which linen is stiffened.

rch, stá'rish. *v. a.* to stiffen with starch.
 re, stáre. *v. n.* to look with fixed eyes, to look
 with wonder. [astrologer.

razer, stár'-gá-zár. *s.* an astronomer or
 rk, stárk. *a.* stiff, rugged; plain, gross.
 rless, stár'-lès. *a.* having no light of stars.

rlight, stár'-líte. *s.* lustre of the stars.
 rlight, stár'-líte. *a.* lighted by the stars.
 rling, stár'-líng. *s.* a bird.

ry, stár'-rè. *a.* decorated with stars.
 rt, stá'rt. *v. n.* to move with sudden quick-
 ness; to shrink; to set out upon any pursuit.

t, stá'rt. *s.* a motion of terrou, a sudden
 vitch or contraction of the frame; sally;
 x of setting out. [purpose.

ter, stá'rt'-úr. *s.* one that shrinks from his
 tle, stár'-tl. *v. n.* to shrink.
 tle, stár'-tl. *v. a.* to fright, to shock.

ve, stárv. *v. n.* to perish with hunger; to be
 lled with cold.

ary, stá'-tá-rè. *a.* fixed, settled.
 e, státe. *s.* condition; the community; rank;
 lemn pomp; dignity.

e, státe. *v. a.* to settle, to regulate.
 eliness, státe'-lè-nès. *s.* grandeur, majestic
 appearance.

ely, státe'-lè. *x.* august, grand.
 ely, státe'-lè. *ad.* majestically.
 esman, státs'-mán. *s.* one employed in pub-
 :k affairs.

Statical, stát'-tè-kál. } *a.* relating to the science
 Statick, stát'-tik. } of weighing.

Staticks, stát'-tikks. *s.* the science which consid-
 ers the weight of bodies.

Station, stá'-shún. *s.* the act of standing; pos-
 assigned; situation; office; rank, condition.

Station; stá'-shún. *v. a.* to place in a certain
 post, rank; or place.

Stationary, stá'-shún-á-rè. *a.* fixed.
 Stationer, stá'-shún-úr. *s.* a seller of paper.

Stát'-tshù-á-rè. *s.* the art of carving
 images, one that carves images.

Statue, stát'-tshù. *s.* an image. [nal
 Statute, stát'-tshùre. *s.* the height of any ani-
 Statutable, stát'-tshù-tá-bl. *a.* according to
 statute.

Statute, stát'-tshùte. *s.* a law, an edict.
 Stave, stáve. *v. a.* to break in pieces to pour
 out by breaking the cask.

Staves, stáve. *s.* plural of staff.
 Stay, stá. *v. n.* to continue in a place; to wait;
 to dwell. [restraint; a support.

Stay, stá. *s.* continuance in a place; a stop;
 Stayed, stáde. *part. a.* fixed, settled; serious.

Stáze, stáze. *s.* a bodice, a kind of stiff waist-
 coat worn by ladies; ropes in a ship.

Stead, stéd. *s.* room, place; use.
 Steadfast, stéd'-fást. *a.* firm, fixed; constant

Steadfastly, stéd'-fást-lè. *ad.* firmly, constantly.
 Steadfastness, stéd'-fást-nès. *s.* fixedness; firm-
 ness. [without variation.

Steadily, stéd'-è-lè. *ad.* without tottering.
 Steadiness, stéd'-è-nès. *s.* firmness; unvaried
 conduct.

Steady, stéd'-è. *a.* firm, fixed.
 Steak, stáke. *s.* a slice of flesh; a collop.

Steal, stéle. *v. a.* pret. stole; part. pass. stolén.
 to take by theft.

Stealth, stéltsh. *s.* the act of stealing, theft.
 Steam, stéme. *s.* vapour of any thing moist and
 hot.

Steam, stéme. *v. n.* to smoke or vapour with
 moist heat; to send up vapours.

Steed, stéed. *s.* a horse for state or war.
 Steel, stéel. *s.* a kind of iron, refined and hard-
 ened. [to make hard.

Steel, stéel. *v. a.* to point or edge with steel,
 Steelyard, stéel'-yárl. *s.* a kind of balance.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mèi;—pline, pln;—

Steep, stêep. *a.* rising or descending with great inclination.

Steep, stêep. *s.* precipice.

Steep, stêep. *v. a.* to soak, to macerate.

Steeple, stêe'-pl. *s.* a turret of a church.

Steeply, stêep'-lê. *ad.* with precipitous declivity.

Steepness, stêep'-nês. *s.* precipitous declivity.

Steer, stêr. *s.* a young bullock.

Steer, stêr. *v. a.* to direct.

Steerage, stêer'-ldje. *s.* the act of steering; hinder part of a ship.

Steersman, stêerz'-mân. *s.* a pilot.

Steganography, stêg'-â-nôg'-grâf-fê. *s.* the art of secret writing.

Stegnoick, stêg'-nôl'-îlk. *a.* binding.

Stellar, stêl'-lâr. *a.* relating to the stars.

Stelliferous, stêl'-lîf'-fêr'-ûs. *a.* having stars.

Stem, stêm. *s.* stalk; family, race.

Stem, stêm. *v. a.* to oppose a current.

Stench, stêns. *s.* a violent stink.

Stenography, stê-nôg'-grâf-fê. *s.* short-hand.

Stentorophonick, stên-tô-rô-fôn'-îk. *a.* speaking loudly.

Step, stêp. *v. n.* to move with the feet; to walk.

Step, stêp. *s.* progression by one removal of the foot; a small space; gait. [dunging.]

Stercoration, stêr-kô-râ'-shûf. *s.* the act of Stereographick, stêr-ê-ô-grâf-fk. *a.* delineated on a plane.

Stereography, stêr-ê-ôg'-grâf-fê. *s.* the art of drawing the forms of solids upon a plane.

Stereometry, stêr-rê-ôm'-mê-trê. *s.* the art of measuring all sorts of solid bodies.

Stereotype, stê-rê-ô-tîpe. *s.* the art of printing from solid plates cast from moveable types.

Steril, stêr'-rîl. *a.* barren, unfruitful.

Sterility, stê-rîl'-ê-tê. *s.* barrenness.

Sterling, stêr'-lîng. *a.* genuine. [rate.]

Sterling, stêr'-lîng. *s.* English coin; standard

Stern, stêrn. *a.* severe; harsh, unrelenting.

Stern, stêrn. *s.* the hinder part of a ship.

Sternly, stêrn'-lê. *ad.* in a stern manner, severely. [manners.]

Sternness, stêrn'-nês. *s.* severity of look or

Sternum, stêr-nôn. *s.* the breast-bone.

Sternutation, stêr-nû-tâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of sneezing. [moist heat.]

Stew, stê. *v. a.* to seethe any thing in a slow,

Stew, stê. *s.* a bagnio, a hot-house; a brothel a storepond.

Steward, stê'-ûrd. *s.* one who manages the affairs of another; an officer of state.

Stewardship, stê'-ûrd-shîp. *s.* the office of a steward.

Stick, sîk. *s.* a piece of wood.

Stick, sîk. *v. n.* to adhere; to be united with any thing; to stop; to be constant; 'e dwell; 'e or to scruple

Stick, sîk. *v. a.* to stay; to fix upon a pointed body; to set with something pointed.

Stickiness, sîk'-kê-nês. *s.* adhesive quality, glutinousness.

Stickle, sîk'-kl. *v. n.* to contest, to altercation.

Stickler, sîk'-kl-ûr. *s.* an obstinate contender

Sticky, sîk'-kê. *a.* viscous, adhesive.

Stiff, stîf. *a.* rigid; stubborn; obstinate; formal

Stiffen, stîf'-fn. *v. a.* to make stiff.

Stiffen, stîf'-fn. *v. n.* to grow stiff.

Stiffly, stîf'-lê. *ad.* rigidly, stubbornly.

Stiffness, stîf'-nês. *s.* rigidity; obstinacy.

Stifle, stî'-fl. *v. a.* to oppress or kill by closeness of air, to suffocate

Stigma, stîg'-mâ. *s.* a mark of infamy.

Stigmatize, stîg'-mâ-tîze. *v. a.* to mark with a brand, to disgrace with a note of reproach.

Stile, stîle. *s.* a set of steps in a field; the pin of a sun-dial.

Stiletto, stîl'-lê-tô. *s.* a small dagger.

Still, stîl. *v. a.* to silence, to appease.

Still, stîl. *a.* silent; quiet.

Still, stîl. *ad.* to this time, till now

Still, stîl. *s.* a vessel for distillation.

Stillatory, stîl'-lâ-tûr-ê. *s.* an alembick; the room in which stills are placed. [birth]

Stillborn, stîl'-bôrn. *a.* born lifeless; dead in the

Stillness, stîl'-nês. *s.* calm, quiet.

Stilts, stîts. *s.* supports on which boys raise themselves when they walk.

Stimulate, stîm'-mû-lâte. *v. a.* to prick forward to excite.

Stimulation, stîm'-mû-lâ'-shûn. *s.* excitement pungency.

Sting, stîng. *v. a.* pret. *stung*; part. pass. *stung* and *stung*. to pierce or wound with a point darted out; to pain acutely.

Sting, stîng. *s.* a sharp point with which some

nó, móve, nór, nót ;—tábe, táb, báll ;—óll ;—póánd ;—thin, THIS.

animals are armed ; the point in the last verse of an epigram.

stinginess, stín-jè-nés. *s.* avarice.

stingo, stíng-gò. *s.* old strong beer.

stingy, stín-jè. *a.* covetous, avaricious.

stink, stíngk. *v. n.* pret. *stunk* or *stank*. to emit an offensive smell.

stink, stíngk. *s.* offensive smell.

stinkpot, stíngk 'pót. *s.* an artificial composition offensive to the smell.

stint, stínt. *v. a.* to limit, to restrain.

stipend, stí-pénd. *s.* wages, settled pay.

stipendiary, stí-pén-dé-á-ré. *s.* one who performs any service for a settled payment.

stiptick, stíp-'tík. *a.* having the power to stanch blood, astringent.

stipulate, stíp-pú-láte. *v. n.* to contract.

stipulation, stíp-ú-lá-shún. *s.* bargain.

stir, stúr. *v. a.* to move ; to incite.

stir, stúr. *s.* tumult, bustle ; agitation.

stirp, stérp. *s.* race family, generation. [foot.

stirrup, stúr-rúp. *a.* an iron for a horseman's

stitch, stítsh. *v. a.* to sew ; to unite.

stitch, stítsh. *s.* a pass of the needle and thread through any thing ; a sharp and sudden pain.

stock, stók. *s.* a trunk ; a log ; the handle of any thing ; a close neckcloth ; a race, a family ; fund already provided.

to ck, stók. *v. a.* to store.

stocking, stók-'íng. *s.* the covering of the leg.

stockjobber, stók-jób-búr. *s.* one who gets money by buying and selling in the funds.

stocklock, stók-'lók. *s.* lock fixed in wood.

stocks, stóks. *s.* prison for the legs.

stockstill, stók-'stíll. *a.* motionless. [Zenó.

stock, stó-'ík. *s.* a philosopher of the sect of

stole, stóle. *s.* a long vest.

stole, stóle. *pret.* of *steal*.

stolen, stó-'lín. *part. pass.* of *steal*.

stomach, stóm-'mák. *s.* the ventricle of digestion ; appetite ; anger ; sullenness, pride.

stomach, stóm-'mák. *v. a.* to resnt.

stomacher, stóm-'má-tshúr. *s.* an ornamental covering for the breast.

stomachick, stó-mák-'ík. *a.* relating to the stomach.

stomachick, stó-mák-'ík. *s.* a medicine for the stomach.

Stone, stóne. *s.* a hard and insipid body ; calculeous concretion in the kidneys or bladder the case which in some fruits contains the seed ; a weight containing fourteen pounds.

Stone, stóne. *a.* made of stone.

Stone, stóne. *v. a.* to pelt or kill with stones

Stonecutter, stóne-'kút-túr. *s.* one whose trade is to hew stones. [trated

Stonehorse, stóne-'hórsé. *s.* a horse not cas

Stonepit, stóne-'pít. *s.* a quarry.

Stonework, stóne-'wúrk. *s.* building of stone.

Stony, stó-'né. *a.* made of stone ; abounding with stones.

stood, stúd. *pret.* of *to stand*. [tion.

Stool, stóól. *s.* a seat without a back, a evacua-

Stoop, stóóp. *v. n.* to bend down ; to submit ; to alight from the wing.

Stoop, stóóp. *s.* act of stooping ; descent from dignity ; a vessel of liquor.

Stop, stóp. *v. a.* to hinder ; to put an end to ; to close ; to obstruct.

Stop, stóp. *s.* cessation of progressive motion, obstruction ; prohibition ; a point in writing.

Stopcock, stóp-'kók. *s.* a pipe made to let out liquor, stopped by a turning cock.

Stoppage, stóp-'pídje. *s.* the act of stopping, state of being stopped.

Stopple, stóp-'pl. *s.* that by which a hole or the mouth of a vessel is filled up. [house.

Store, stóre. *s.* plenty ; a supply hoarded ; store

Store, stóre. *a.* hoarded, laid up.

Store, stóre. *v. a.* to furnish ; to stock ; to lay up

Storehouse, stóre-'hóúse. *s.* magazine, treasury

Storied, stó-'ríd. *a.* adorned with historical pictures.

Stork, stórk. *s.* a bird of passage.

Storm, stórm. *s.* a tempest ; assault ; tumult

Storm, stórm. *v. a.* to attack by open force:

Storm, stórm. *v. n.* to rage, to fume.

Stormy, stórm-'é. *a.* tempestuous.

Story, stó-'ré. *s.* history ; tale ; a floor.

Story, stó-'ré. *v. a.* to tell in history, to relate.

Storyteller, stó-'ré-tél-lúr. *s.* one who relates tales.

Stout, stóút. *a.* strong, valiant.

Stout, stóút. *s.* strong beer.

Stoutly, stóút-'lè. *ad.* lustily, boldly. [ne

Stoutness, stóút-'nés. *s.* strength, valour ; be

Fåte, får, fäll, fåt;—mè, mêt;—plne, pln;—

Stove, stóve. *s.* a hot-house; a place in which fire is made.

Stow, stó. *v. a.* to lay up

Stowage, stó'-fdje. *s.* room for laying up; the state of being laid up.

Straddle, strád'-dl. *v. n.* to stand or walk with the feet removed far from each other.

Straggle, strág'-gl. *v. n.* to wander; to exuberate.

Straggler, strág'-gl-úr. *s.* a wanderer, a rover.

Straight, stráte. *a.* right; narrow, close.

Straight, stráte. *ad.* immediately.

Straighten, strá'-tn. *v. a.* to make straight.

Straightways, stráte'-wáze. *ad.* immediately, straight.

Strain, stráne. *v. a.* to squeeze through something; to sprain; to make straight or tense.

Strain, stráne. *s.* an injury by too much violence; style of speaking; song.

Strainer, strá'-núr. *s.* an instrument of filtration.

Trait, stráte. *a.* narrow, close; strict. [culty.

Trait, stráte. *s.* a narrow pass, or frith; difficult. Straitsen, strá'-tn. *v. a.* to make narrow; to distress.

Straitly, stráte'-lè. *ad.* narrowly.

Strand, stránd. *s.* the verge of the sea or of any water. [shallows.

Strand, stránd. *v. a.* to drive or force upon the

Strange, stránje. *a.* foreign; odd; new.

Strange, stránje. *int.* an expression of wonder.

Strangely, stránje'-lè. *ad.* wonderfully.

Strangeness, stránje'-nès. *s.* foreignness; uncommunicativeness; mutual dislike.

Stranger, strán'-júr. *s.* a foreigner; one unknown.

Strangle, stráng'-gl. *v. a.* to choke, to suffocate.

Strangles, stráng'-glz. *s.* swellings in a horse's throat. {strangling, suffocation

Strangulation, strán'-gú-lá'-shún. *s.* the act of

Strangury, stráng'-gú-rè. *s.* a difficulty of urine attended with pain.

Strap, stráp. *s.* a long slip of leather.

Strappado, stráp-pá'-dò. *s.* chastisement by blows.

Strapping, stráp'-píng. *a.* vast, large.

Strata, strá'-tá. *s.* plural of *stratum*. beds, layers.

Stratagem, strá'-tá-jèm. *s.* an artifice.

Stratum, strá'-tóm. *s.* a bed, a layer.

Straw, stráw. *s.* the stalk on which corn grows

Strawberry, stráw'-bér-rè. *s.* a fruit. [yellow

Strawcoloured, stráw'-kúl-úrd. *a.* of a light

Stray, strá. *v. n.* to wander, to rove.

Stray, strá. *s.* any thing lost by wandering.

Streak, stréke. *s.* a line of colour, stripe.

Streak, stréke. *v. a.* to stripe, to variegate.

Stream, stréme. *s.* a running water; current.

Stream, stréme. *v. n.* to flow, to issue forth with continuance.

Steamer, suré'-múr. *s.* an ensign.

Street, stréet. *s.* a paved way.

Stren th, stréngth. *s.* force, vigour.

Strengthen, stréng'-thn. *v. a.* to make strong, to establish.

Strengthen, stréng'-thn. *v. n.* to grow strong.

Strengthened, stréng'-thn-úr. *s.* that which gives strength.

Strenuously, strén'-ú-ús. *a.* brave, active; zealous.

Strenuously, strén'-ú-ús-lè. *ad.* vigorously, zealously.

Streperous, strép'-ér-ús. *a.* loud, noisy.

Stress, strés. *s.* importance, force

Stretch, strétsh. *v. a.* to extend.

Stretch, strétsh. *s.* extension, reach.

Strew, stró. *v. a.* to spread by scattering.

Stricken, strík'-kn. *part.* of *strike*.

Strict, stríkt. *a.* exact; severe; close

Strictly, stríkt'-lè. *ad.* exactly; rigorously.

Stricture, strík'-ishúre. *s.* contraction; a slight touch upon a subject.

Stride, stríde. *s.* a long step.

Stride, stríde. *v. n.* pret. *stróde* or *stríd*; part. pass. *stridden*. to walk with long steps.

Strife, strífe. *s.* contention; contest.

Strike, stríke. *v. a.* pret. *strúck*; part. pass. *struck*, *stricken*. to hit with a blow; to notify by the sound of a hammer on a bell; to stamp

Striking, strí'-kíng. *part.* *a.* affecting, surprising

String, stríng. *s.* a slender rope; any set of things filed on a line; a nerve, a tendon.

String, stríng. *v. a.* pret. *stríng*; part. pass. *strung*. to furnish with strings; to make tense

Stringent, strín'-jènt. *a.* binding.

Stringy, stríng'-é. *a.* fibrous.

Strip, stríp. *v. a.* to make naked; to plunder

Strip, stríp. *s.* a narrow shred.

Stripe, strípe. *v. a.* to variegate with lines of different colours.

nò, môve, nòr, nòt; —tâbe, tâb, báll; —ðñ; —pòðand; —thin, THIS.

- Stripe, stripe.** *s.* a lineary variation of colour; a lash.
- Stripling, strip-ling.** *s.* a youth.
- Strive, strive.** *v. n.* *pret.* *stroue*; *part. pass.* *striven*. to struggle, to make an effort; to contend. [touch]
- Stroke, stròke.** *s.* a blow; sound of a clock; a *Stroke, stròke.* *v. a.* to rub gently in one direction.
- Stroll, stròle.** *v. n.* to wander, to ramble.
- Stroller, stròl'-lâr.** *s.* a vagrant, a vagabond.
- Stroag, stròng.** *a.* vigorous; potent; vehement; cogent; firm.
- Strongly, stròng'-lè.** *ad.* powerfully, forcibly
- Strophe, strò'-lè.** *s.* a stanza.
- Strove, stròve.** the *pret.* of *strive*.
- Strow, strò.** *v. a.* to spread by scattering, to besprinkle.
- Struck, stròk.** *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *strike*.
- Structure, stròk'-shùre.** *s.* an edifice, building.
- Struggle, stròg'-gl.** *v. n.* to strive, to contend; to labour in difficulties.
- Struggle, stròg'-gl.** *s.* labour, effort, contest.
- Strumous, stròò'-mùs.** *a.* having swellings in the glands.
- Strumpet, stròm'-pít.** *s.* a prostitute.
- Strung, stròng.** *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *string*.
- Strut, strút.** *v. n.* to walk with affected dignity.
- Strut, strút.** *s.* an affectation of stateliness in the walk.
- Stub, stúb.** *s.* a log, a block.
- Stub, stúb.** *v. a.* to force up, to extirpate.
- Stubble, stúb'-bl.** *s.* the stalks of corn left in the field by the reaper.
- Stubborn, stúb'-bùrn.** *a.* obstinate.
- Stubbornness, stúb'-bùrn-nès.** *s.* obstinacy.
- Succo, stúk'-kò.** *s.* a fine plaster for walls.
- Stuck, sták.** *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *stick*.
- Stud, stúd.** *s.* a nail with a large head driven for ornament; a collection of horses.
- Stud, stúd.** *v. a.* to adorn with studs or knots.
- Student, stúd'-dènt.** *s.* a man given to books.
- Studied, stúd'-ld.** *a.* learned.
- Studious, stúd'-dè-ùs.** *a.* given to books; diligent.
- Studiosly, stúd'-dè-ùs-lè.** *ac.* contemplatively; attentively. [study]
- Studiosness, stúd'-dè-ùs-nès.** *s.* addiction to study
- Study, stúd'-è.** *s.* application to books and learning; any particular kind of learning; apartment set off for literary employment.
- Study, stúd'-è.** *v. n.* to muse.
- Study, stúd'-è.** *v. n.* to consider attentively.
- Stuff, stúff.** *s.* materials out of which any thing is made; furniture; medicine; cloth.
- Stuff, stúff.** *v. a.* to fill; to swell out.
- Stuff, stúff.** *v. n.* to feed gluttonously.
- Stuffing, stúff'-f'ing.** *s.* that by which any thing is filled; relishing ingredients put into meat.
- Stumble, stúm'-bl.** *v. n.* to trip in walking; to err. [der]
- Stumble, stúm'-bl.** *s.* trip in walking; a blun-
- Stumbler, stúm' bl-ùr.** *s.* one that stumbles.
- Stump, stúmp.** *s.* part of any solid body remaining after the rest is taken away.
- Stun, stún.** *v. a.* to confound or dizzy with noise, to make senseless or dizzy with a blow.
- Stung, stúng.** *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *sting*.
- Stunk, stúngk.** *pret.* of *stink*.
- Stunt, stúnt.** *v. a.* to hinder from growth
- Stupe, stúpe.** *s.* cloth or flax dipped in warm medicaments, applied to a hurt or sore.
- Stupe, stúpe.** *v. a.* to foment. [pidity]
- Stupefaction, stú-pè-fák'-shùn.** *s.* dulness, stu-
- Stupendous, stú-pèn'-dús.** *a.* wonderful, amazing, astonishing.
- Stupid, stú'-píd.** *a.* dull, heavy.
- Stupidity, stú'-píd'-è-tè.** *s.* dulness.
- Stupify, stú'-pè-fl.** *v. a.* to make stupid.
- Stupor, stú'-pòr.** *s.* suspension or diminution of sensibility.
- Sturdiness, stúr'-dè-nès.** *s.* stoutness, hardness
- Sturdy, stúr'-dè.** *ad.* hardy, stout.
- Sturgeon, stúr'-jùn.** *s.* a sea-fish.
- Stutter, stút'-túr.** *v. n.* to stammer.
- Stutterer, stút'-túr-ùr.** *s.* a stammerer.
- Sty, stí.** *s.* a cabin to keep hogs in.
- Stygian, stúd' jè-àn.** *a.* infernal. [of a dia]
- Style, stíle.** *s.* manner of writing; title; the pen
- Style, stíle.** *v. a.* to call, to name.
- Styptic, stúp'-tík.** *a.* astringent. [suade]
- Suasory, swá'-súr-è.** *a.* having tendency to per-
- Suavity, swá'-è-tè.** *s.* sweetness to the senses
- Subacid, súb-às'-síd.** *a.* sour in a small degree
- Subacrid, súb-ák'-kríd.** *a.* sharp and pungent a small degree.
- Subaction, súb-ák'-shùn.** *s.* the act of

Fâte, fâr, fâd, fât;—mê, mêt;—pline, pln;—

Subaltern, sùb'-âl-tèrn. *a.* inferior.

Subaltern, sùb'-âl-tèrn. *s.* an inferior.

Subclavian, sùb-klâ'-vè-ân. *a.* under the arm-pit or shoulder. [the skin.]

Subcutaneous, sùb-kù-tâ'-nè-ûs. *a.* lying under

Subdean, sùb-dè-nè'. *s.* the vicar of a dean.

Subdiversify, sùb-dè-vèr'-sè-fl. *v. a.* to diversify over again.

Subdivide, sùb-dè-vidè'. *v. a.* to divide a part into yet more parts.

Subdivision, sùb-dè-vîzh'-ûn. *s.* the act of subdividing; the parts distinguished by a second division.

Subduce, sùb-dùsè'. *v. a.* to take away.

Subduction, sùb-dûk'-shûn. *s.* the act of taking away.

Subdue, sùb-dû'. *v. a.* to conquer; to tame.

Subduple, sùb-dû-pl. } *a.* containing

Subduplicate, sùb-dû'-plè-kâte. } one part of two.

Subitaneous, sùb-è-tâ'-nè-ûs. *a.* sudden, hasty.

Subjacent, sùb-jâ'-sènt. *a.* lying under.

Subject, sùb-jèkt'. *v. a.* to put under; to reduce. [exposed.]

Subject, sùb'-jèkt. *a.* placed or situated under;

Subject, sùb'-jèkt. *s.* one who lives under the dominion of another; that on which any operation is performed.

Subjection, sùb-jèk'-shûn. *s.* the state of being under government.

Subjective, sùb-jèk'-tîv. *a.* relating to a subject.

Subjoin, sùb-jôin'. *v. a.* to add at the end.

Subjugate, sùb-jû-gâte. *v. a.* to conquer, to subdue. [duing.]

Subjugation, sùb-jû-gâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of sub-

Subjunction, sùb-jûng'-shûn. *s.* the act of sub-

Subjunctive, sùb-jûng'-tîv. *a.* subjoined to something else. [lined.]

Sublimable, sùb-ll'-mâ-bl. *x.* possible to be sub-

Sublimate, sùb-lè-mât. *s.* quicksilver raised in the retort.

Sublimate, sùb-lè-mâte. *v. a.* to raise by the force of chymical fire.

Sublimation, sùb-lè-mâ'-shûn. *s.* a chymical operation by fire.

Sublime, sùb-blîmè'. *a.* high, exalted.

Sublime, sùb-blîmè'. *s.* grand or lofty style.

Sublime, sùb-blîmè'. *v. a.* to raise by a chymical fire.

Sublimely, sùb-blîmè'-lè. *ad.* loftily, grandly.

Sublingual, sùb-îng'-gwâl. *a.* placed under the tongue.

Sublimity, sùb-blîm'-è-tè. *s.* loftiness.

Sublunary, sùb-lù-nâr-è. *a.* terrestria. [sea.]

Submarine, sùb-mâ-rèen'. *a.* lying under the

Submersion, sùb-mèr'-shûn. *v.* the act of drowning, state of being drowned.

Submiss, sùb-mîs'. *a.* humble, obsequious.

Submission, sùb-mîsh'-ûn. *s.* obsequiousness, obedience.

Submissive, sùb-mîs'-sîv. *a.* humble.

Submissively, sùb-mîs'-sîv-lè. *ad.* humbly.

Submit, sùb-mît'. *v. a.* to resign to authority to refer to judgement.

Submit, sùb-mît'. *v. n.* to be subject.

Submultiple, sùb-mûl'-tè-pl. *s.* that which is contained in another number a certain number of times exactly.

Suboctave, sùb-òk'-tâve. } *a.* one part of eight.

Suboctuple, sùb-òk'-tû-pl. } *a.* one part of eight.

Subordinancy, sùb-òr-dè-nân-sè. *s.* the state of being subject. [der.]

Subordinate, sùb-òr-dè-nât. *a.* inferior in or

Subordinately, sùb-òr-dè-nât-lè. *ad.* in a series regularly descending.

Subordination, sùb-òr-dè-nâ'-shûn. *s.* the state of being inferior. [means.]

Suborn, sùb-òrn'. *v. a.* to procure by indirect

Subpœna, sùb-pè'-nâ. *s.* a writ commanding at tendance.

Subquadruple, sùb-kwòd'-drû-pl. *a.* containing one part of four. [one part of five]

Subquintuple, sùb-kwîn'-tû-pl. *a.* containing

Subscribe, sùb-skrîbè'. *v. a.* to give consent to by underwriting the name; to attest.

Subscriber, sùb-skrî'-bâr. *s.* one who subscribes

Subscription, sùb-skrîp'-shûn. *s.* any thing underwritten; the act or state of contributing to any undertaking. [lowing.]

Subsequence, sùb-sè-kwènsè. *s.* the state of following.

Subsecutive, sùb-sèk'-kù-tîv. *a.* following in train.

Subsequent, sùb-sè-kwènt. *a.* following in train.

Subsequently, sùb-sè-kwènt-lè. *ad.* so as to follow in train.

• nò, móve, nór, nót; —tábe, táb, báll; —síl; —pólm; —thin, THIS.

Subserve, súb-sér'v. v. a. to serve in subordination.
 Subservience, súb-sér'-vé-énse. } s. instru-
 Subserviency, súb-sér'-vé-én-sé. } mental fit-
 ness.
 Subservient, súb-sér'-vé-ént. a. subordinate.
 Subside súb-síd'e. v. n. to sink, to tend down-
 wards
 Subsidence, súb-sí'-dénse. } s. the act of sink-
 Subsidence, súb-sí'-dén-sé. } ing.
 Subsidiary, súb-síd'-é-à-rè. a. assistant.
 Subsidize, súb-sé'-díze. v. a. to give money to
 receive aid or assistance.
 Subsidy, súb-sé'-dé. s. aid, commonly such as
 is given in money.
 Subsign, súb-síne'. v. a. to sign under.
 Subsist, súb-síst'. v. n. to continue; to have
 means of living, to be maintained.
 Subsistence, súb-sís'-ténse. s. means of support.
 Subsistent, súb-sís'-tént. a. having real being.
 Substance, súb-sístánse. s. being; essential part;
 body; wealth [erately wealthy].
 Substantial, súb-sístán'shál. a. real; solid; mod-
 est
 Substantiality, súb-sístán'shé-ál'-é-té. s. real ex-
 istence; corporeity.
 Substantially, súb-sístán'shál'-é. ad. strongly,
 solidly; with competent wealth. [exist.
 Substantiate, súb-sístán'shé-áte. v. a. to make to
 Substantive, súb-sístán'tív. s. a noun betokening
 the thing. [of another].
 Substitute, súb-sísté-túte. v. a. to put in the place
 Substitute, súb-sísté-túte. s. one put to act in the
 place of another. [from the whole].
 Subtract, súb-strákt'. v. a. to take away part
 Subtraction, súb-strákt'-shún. s. the act of tak-
 ing part from the whole.
 Substruction, súb-strákt'-shún. s. underbuilding.
 Subsultory, súb-súl-túr-é. a. bounding, moving
 by starts.
 Subtend, súb-ténd'. v. a. to be extended under.
 Subtense, súb-ténse'. s. the chord of an arch.
 Subterfuge, súb-tér-fúje. s. a shift, an eva-
 sion.
 Subterranean, súb-tér-rá-né-án. } a. lying un-
 Subterraneous, súb-tér-rá-né-ús. } der the
 earth.
 Subtile, súb-fí. a. thin; piercing, acute.
 Subtlety, súb-tíl-lé. ad. finely, cunningly.

Subtiliate, súb-tíl'-yáte. v. a. to make thin.
 Subtily, súb-tíl-té. s. thinness, cunning.
 Subtilization, súb-tíl-é-zá'shán. s. refinement
 superfluous acuteness. [fine.
 Subtilize, súb-tíl-íze. v. a. to make thin; to re-
 Subtle, súb-tíl. a. sly, artful, cunning.
 Subtlety, súb-tíl-té. s. artfulness, cunning.
 Subtract. See *subtract*.
 Subtraction. See *subtraction*.
 Suburb, súb-úr'b. b. building without the walls
 of a city; the confines.
 Subversion, súb-vér'-shún. s. overthrow, ruin.
 Subversive, súb-vér'-sív. a. having tendency to
 overturn. [stroy'
 Subvert, súb-vér't'. v. a. to overthrow, to de-
 Succedaneous, súb-sé-dá-né-ús. a. supplying
 the place of something else.
 Succeed, súb-sééd'. v. n. to follow in order; to
 obtain one's wish.
 Success, súb-sés'. s. the termination of any
 affair happy or unhappy. [fortunate.
 Successful, súb-sés'-fúl. a. prosperous, happy,
 Successfully, súb-sés'-fúl-é. ad. prosperously
 luckily.
 Successfulness, súb-sés'-fúl-nés. s. happy con-
 clusion, series of good fortune.
 Succession, súb-sés'h-ún. s. a series of things or
 persons following one another; a lineage;
 order of descendants.
 Successive, súb-sés'-sív. a. following in order.
 Successively, súb-sés'-sív-lé. ad. in uninter-
 rupted order.
 Successor, súb-sés-súr. s. one that follows in
 the place or character of another.
 Succinct, súb-síngkt'. a. girded up; concise.
 Succinctly, súb-síngkt'-lé. ad. briefly, concisely.
 Succour, súb-kúr. v. a. to help, to relieve.
 Succour, súb-kúr. s. aid, assistance.
 Succulent, súb-kú-lén-sé. s. juiciness.
 Succulent, súb-kú-lént. a. juicy, moist.
 Succumb, súb-kúmb'. v. a. to yield, to sink un-
 der difficulty.
 Such, súbsh. pron. of that kind.
 Suck, súb. v. a. to draw in with the mouth.
 Suck, súb. s. the act of sucking; milk given by
 females.
 Sucker, súb-kúr. s. any thing that draws by
 suction; a young twig shooting from the stock.

Fâue, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê. mêt;—plae, plu;—

Suckle, sùk'-kl. *v. a.* to nurse at the breast.
 Suckling, sùk'-lîng. *s.* a young creature yet fed by the pap.
 Suction, sùk'-shûn. *s.* the act of sucking.
 Sudation, sù-dâ'-shûn. *s.* sweat.
 Sudatory, sù'-dâ'-tûr-ê. *s.* a sweating bath.
 Sudden, sùd'-dîn. *a.* without previous notice; hasty, precipitate.
 Suddenly, sùd'-dîn-lê. *ad.* in an unexpected manner.
 Suddenness, sùd'-dîn-nês. *s.* state of being sudden, unexpected presence.
 Sudorific, sù-dô-rîf'-fîk. *a.* causing sweat.
 Suds, sùdz. *s.* a lixivium of soap and water.
 Sue, sù. *v. a.* to prosecute by law.
 Sue, sù. *v. n.* to entreat, to petition.
 Suet, sù'-t. *s.* a hard fat, particularly that about the kidneys.
 Suety, sù'-t-ê. *a.* consisting of suet.
 Suffer, sùf'-fûr. *v. a.* to bear to allow.
 Sufferable, sùf'-fûr-â-bl. *a.* tolerable.
 Sufferance, sùf'-fûr-ânse. *s.* permission.
 Sufferer, sùf'-fûr-ûr. *s.* one who endures pain; one who permits.
 Suffering, sùf'-fûr-îng. *s.* pain suffered.
 Suffice, sùf'-fîze'. *v. n.* to be enough.
 Sufficiency, sùf'-fîsh'-ên-sê. *s.* competence, enough.
 Sufficient, sùf'-fîsh'-ênt. *a.* equal to any end or purpose; competent.
 Sufficiently, sùf'-fîsh'-ênt-lê. *ad.* enough.
 Suffocate, sùf'-fô-kâte. *v. a.* to choke by exclusion of air.
 Suffocation, sùf'-fô-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the act of choking, state of being choked.
 Suffragan, sùf'-frâ-gûn. *s.* a bishop considered as subject to his metropolitan.
 Suffrage, sùf'-frîdje. *s.* vote, voice given.
 Suffumigation, sùf'-fû-mê-gâ'-shûn. *s.* operation of fumes raised by fire.
 Suffuse, sùf'-fûze'. *v. a.* to spread over with a vapor or tincture.
 Suffusion, sùf'-fû-zhûn. *s.* the act of overspreading with any thing. [cane.
 Sugar, shûg'-ûr. *s.* the native salt of the sugar.
 Sugar, shûg'-ûr. *v. a.* to impregnate or season with sugar.
 Suggest, sùg'-jêst'. *v. a.* to hint, to intimate.

Suggestion, sùg'-jêst'-tshûn. *s.* hint, intimation.
 Suicide, sù'-ê-side. *s.* self-murder.
 Suit, sùte. *s.* a set; clothes made one part to answer another; courtship.
 Suit, sùte. *v. a.* to fit; to be fitted to, to clothe.
 Suitable, sù'-tâ-bl. *a.* according with, agreeable to [bleness
 Suitableness, sù'-tâ-bl-nês. *s.* fitness, agreea
 Suitably, sù'-tâ-bl-ê. *ad.* agreeably.
 Suite, swête. *s.* French series, regular order retinue, company.
 Suiter, { sù'-tûr. *s.* a petitioner; a wooer.
 Suitor, {
 Sulky, sùl'-kê. *a.* silently sullen, morose.
 Sulkiness, sùl'-kê-nês. *s.* silent sullenness, moroseness.
 Sullen, sùl'-lîn. *a.* gloomy; obstinate. [ness
 Sullenness, sùl'-lîn-nês. *s.* gloominess, morose
 Sully, sùl'-lê. *v. a.* to soil, to spot.
 Sulphur, sùl'-fûr. *s.* brimstone.
 Sulphureous, sùl'-fû-r-ê-ûs. } *a.* containing su
 Sulphurous, sùl'-fûr-ûs. } phur.
 Sulphury, sùl'-fûr-ê. *a.* partaking of sulphur
 Sultan, sùl'-tân. *s.* the Turkish emperor.
 Sultana, sùl'-tâ-pâ. *s.* the queen of an eastern emperor. [sultury
 Sultriness, sùl'-trê-nês. *s.* the state of being Sultry, sùl'-trê. *a.* hot and close.
 Sum, sùm. *s.* the whole of any thing; quantity of money; the amount.
 Sum, sùm. *v. a.* to compute.
 Sumless, sùm'-lês. *a.* not to be computed.
 Summary, sùm'-mâ-rê. *a.* short, brief. [ment
 Summary, sùm'-mâ-rê. *s.* compendium, abridg-
 Summer, sùm'-mûr. *s.* the season in which the sun arrives at the hither solstice.
 Summit, sùm'-mît. *s.* the top, the utmost height
 Summon, sùm'-mûn. *v. a.* to call with authority
 Summons, sùm'-mûnz. *s.* a call of authority.
 Sumpter, sùm'-tûr. *s.* a horse that carries clothes or furniture.
 Sumption, sùm'-shûn. *s.* the act of taking.
 Sumptuary, sùm'-tshû-ê-rê. *a.* regulating the cost of life.
 Sumptuous, sùm'-tshû-ûs. *a.* costly, expensive.
 Sumptuously, sùm'-tshû-ûs-lê. *ad.* expensively
 Sumptuousness, sùm'-tshû-ûs-nês. *s.* costliness.
 Sun, sùn. *s.* the luminary that makes the day.

nó, móve, nór, nót ;—túbe, túb, bóll ;—óll ;—póund ;—thin, TRIS.

Sun, sún. *v. a.* to expose to the sun.
Sunbeam, sún'-bème. *s.* ray of the sun.
Sunburnt, sún'-búrn't. *part. a.* tanned.
Sunday, sún'-dè. *s.* the Christian sabbath.
Sunder, sún'-dúr. *v. a.* to part, to separate.
Sundial, sún'-dí-ál. *s.* a marked plate on which the shadow points the hour.
Sundry, sún'-drè. *a.* several.
Sung, sún'g. *pret. and part. pass. of sing.*
Sunk, sún'k. *pret. and part. pass. of sink.*
Sunless, sún'-lés. *a.* wanting sun.
Sunny, sún'-nè. *a.* bright ; exposed to the sun.
Sunrise, sún'-ríze. } *s.* the appearance of
Sunrising, sún'-ríz-íng. } the sun.
Sunset, sún'-sèt. *s.* close of the day.
Sunshine, sún'-shíne. *s.* action of the sun.
Sup, súp. *v. n.* to eat the evening meal.
Sup, súp. *s.* a small draught.
Superable, sú'-pér-á-bl. *a.* conquerable.
Superabound, sú'-pér-á-bóund'. *v. n.* to be stored with more than enough. [than enough.
Superabundance, sú'-pér-á-bún'-dánse. *s.* more
Superabundant, sú'-pér-á-bún'-dánt. *a.* being more than enough. [above.
Superadd, sú'-pér-ád'. *v. a.* to add over and
Superaddition, sú'-pér-ád-dísh'-án. *s.* that which is added. [qualify by age.
Supernate, sú'-pér-án'-nù-áte. *v. a.* to dis-
Superb, sú'-pérb'. *a.* grand, pompous.
Supercargo, sú'-pér-kár'-gó. *s.* an officer who manages the trade of a ship.
Supercelstial, sú'-pér-sé-lés'-tshál. *a.* placed above the firmament. [matial.
Supercilious, sú'-pér-sí'-yás. *a.* haughty, dog-
Superciliously, sú'-pér-sí'-yás-lé. *ad.* haughtily, contemptuously.
Supereminence, sú'-pér-ém'-mè-nènsè. *s.* uncommon degree of eminence.
Supereminent, sú'-pér-ém'-mè-nènt. *a.* eminent in a high degree.
Supererogate, sú'-pér-ér-rò-gáte. *v. n.* to do more than duty requires.
Supererogation, sú'-pér-ér-rò-gá'-shún. *s.* performance of more than duty.
Superexcellent, sú'-pér-ék'-sèl'-ént. *a.* uncommonly excellent.
Superficial, sú'-pér-flásh'-ál. *a.* lying on the surface: shallow.

Superficially, sú'-pér-flásh'-ál-lé. *ad.* on the surface.
Superficies, sú'-pér-flásh'-éz. *s.* outside, surface.
Superfine, sú'-pér-flíne'. *a.* eminently fine.
Superfluitant, sú'-pér-flú'-é-tánt. *a.* floating above. [enough.
Superfluity, sú'-pér-flú'-é-té. *s.* more than
Superfluous, sú'-pér-flú-ús. *a.* exuberant, more than enough. [than is wanted.
Superflux, sú'-pér-flúks. *s.* that which is more
Superincumbent, sú'-pér-ín-kúm'-bént. *a.* lying on the top of something else.
Superinduce, sú'-pér-ín-dúse'. *v. a.* to bring in. [to overlook.
Superintend, sú'-pér-ín-tènd'. *v. a.* to oversee,
Superintendence, sú'-pér-ín-tènd'-énse. }
Superintendency, sú'-pér-ín-tènd'-én-sè. } *s.* the act of overseeing. [who overlooks others
Superintendent, sú'-pér-ín-tènt'-dènt. *s.* one
Superiority, sú'-pè-rè-ór-é-té. *s.* pre-eminence, the quality of being greater.
Superiour, sú'-pè-rè-úr. *a.* higher.
Superiour, sú'-pè-rè-úr. *s.* one more excellent or dignified than another.
Superlative, sú'-pér-lá-tív. *a.* implying or expressing the highest degree. [the moon.
Superlunar, sú'-pér-lú'-nár. *a.* placed above
Supernal, sú'-pér-nál. *a.* placed above, celestial.
Supernatant, sú'-pér-ná-tánt. *a.* swimming above.
Supernatural, sú'-pér-nát'-tshù-rál. *a.* above the powers of nature. [a stated number
Supernumerary, sú'-pér-nù'-mèr-ár-é. *a.* above
Superscribe, sú'-pér-skíbe'. *v. a.* to inscribe upon the top or outside.
Superscription, sú'-pér-skírp'-shún. *s.* that which is written on the top or outside.
Supersede, sú'-pér-sède'. *v. a.* to set aside.
Supersedeas, sú'-pér-sè-dé-ás. *s.* the name of a writ to set aside some proceeding at law.
Superstition, sú'-pér-súsh'-án. *s.* false religion over-nicety. [superstition.
Superstitious, sú'-pér-súsh'-ús. *a.* addicted to
Superstrain, sú'-pér-stráns'. *v. a.* to strain beyond the just stretch. [any thing.
Superstruct, sú'-pér-strúkt'. *v. a.* to build upon
Superstruction, sú'-pér-strúkt'-shún. *s.* an edifice raised on any thing

Få'e, får, fáll, fát;—mè, mèt;—pline, plin;—

- Superstructure, sù-për-strák-'tshùre. *s.* that which is built upon something else.
- Supervene, sù-për-vené'. *v. n.* to come as an extraneous addition. [ditional.]
- Superveniënt, sù-për-vené'-nè-ñt. *a.* added, ad-
- Supervention, sù-për-ven'-shùn. *s.* the act of supervening. [oversee.]
- Supervise, sù-për-vice'. *v. a.* to overlook, to
- Supervisor, sù-për-ví-'zúr. *s.* an overseer.
- Supine, sù-pline'. *a.* lying with the face upward; careless, indolent.
- Supine, sù-pline. *s.* a kind of verbal noun.
- Supinely, sù-pline'-lè. *ad.* with the face upwards; indolently. [face upward; indolence.]
- Supineness, sù-pline'-nès. *s.* posture with the
- Supper, sùp-'pár. *s.* the evening repast.
- Supperless, sùp-'pár-lès. *a.* wanting supper.
- Supplant, sùp-'plánt'. *v. a.* to displace by stratagem.
- Supplanter, sùp-'plánt'-úr. *s.* one that supplants.
- Supple, sùp-'pl. *a.* pliant, flexible.
- Supplement, sùp-'plè-mènt. *s.* addition to any thing by which its defects are supplied.
- Supplemental, sùp-'plè-mènt'-ál. } *a.* addi-
- Supplementary, sùp-'plè-mènt'-ár-è. } tional, such as may supply the place of what is lost.
- Suppleness, sùp-'pl-nès. *s.* plianness, flexibility.
- Suppletory, sùp-'plè-túr-è. *s.* that which is to fill up deficiencies.
- Suppliant, sùp-'plè-ánt. *a.* entreating.
- Suppliant, sùp-'plè-ánt. } *s.* one that entreats
- Supplicant, sùp-'plè-kánt. } or implores.
- Supplicate, sùp-'plè-káte. *v. a.* to implore, to entreat. [bly delivered.]
- Supplication, sùp-'plè-ká-'shùn. *s.* petition hum-
- Supply, sùp-'plí'. *v. a.* to give something wanted, to afford; to relieve.
- Supply, sùp-'plí'. *s.* relief of want. [to endure.]
- Support, sùp-'pört'. *v. a.* to sustain, to prop;
- Support, sùp-'pört'. *s.* prop, supply.
- Supportable, sùp-'pört'-á-bl. *a.* tolerable.
- Supporter, sùp-'pört'-úr. *s.* one that supports; a prop. [belief.]
- Supposal, sùp-'pò-zál. *s.* position without proof,
- Suppose, sùp-'pòze'. *v. a.* to lay down without proof; to imagine. [down, hypothesis.]
- Supposition, sùp-'pò-zish'-ún. *s.* position laid
- upposititious sùp-'pòz-è-'tsh'-ús. *a.* not genuine.
- Suppress, sùp-'près'. *v. a.* to crush, to subdue; to conceal. [pressing.]
- Suppression, sùp-'prèsh'-ún. *s.* the act of sup-
- Suppurate, sùp-'pù-ráte. *v. a.* to generate pus or matter. [the matter of a tumour into pus]
- Suppuration, sùp-'pù-rá-'shùn. *s.* the ripening of
- Suppurative, sùp-'pù-rá-tív. *a.* digestive.
- Supremacy, sùp-'prém'-á-sè. *s.* highest place highest authority. [authority.]
- Supreme, sù-'prème'. *a.* highest in dignity or
- Supremely, sù-'prème'-lè. *ad.* in the highest degree.
- Sural, sù-'rál. *a.* being in the calf of the leg.
- Surance, sùr-'ránse. *s.* warrant, security.
- Surcease, sùr-'sèse'. *v. n.* to stop, to cease.
- Surcharge, sùr-'tshárje'. *s.* overburden.
- Surcharge, sùr-'tshárje'. *v. a.* to overload, to overburden.
- Surcingle, sùr-'sìng-gl. *s.* a girth.
- Surcle, sùr-'kl. *s.* a shoot, a twig, a sucker.
- Surcoat, sùr-'kòte'. *s.* a short coat worn over the rest of the dress.
- Surd, sùrd. *a.* deaf; unheard.
- Sure, shùre. *a.* certain; firm.
- Sure, shùre. *ad.* certainly, doubtless.
- Surely, shùre'-lè. *ad.* certainly, undoubtedly.
- Surety, shùre'-tè. *s.* certainty; security; hostage. [against the shore or a rock.]
- Surf, sùrf. *s.* the swell of the sea that beats
- Surface, sùr-'fás. *s.* superficies, outside.
- Surfeit, sùr-'fít. *v. a.* to feed with meat or drink to satiety and sickness.
- Surfeit, sùr-'fít. *s.* sickness or satiety caused by over-fulness.
- Surge, sùrje. *s.* a swelling sea.
- Surgeon, sùr-'jún. *s.* one who cures by manual operations. [manual operations.]
- Surgery, sùr-'jèr-è. *s.* the act of curing by
- Surgy, sùr-'jè. *a.* rising in pillows.
- Surliness, sùr-'lè-nès. *s.* moroseness, sotir anger.
- Surly, sùr-'lè. *a.* gloomily morose.
- Surmise, sùr-'mize'. *v. a.* to suspect, to imagine imperfectly.
- Surmise, sùr-'mize'. *s.* imperfect notion.
- Surmount, sùr-'móunt'. *v. a.* to rise above; to overcome.
- Surmountable, sùr-'móunt'-á-bl. *a.* conquerable
- Surname, sùr-'námè. *s.* the name of the family

uò, mōve, nōr, nōt;—tābe, táb, báll;—ōll;—pōund;—thin, THIS.

Surpass, sūr-pās'. *v. a.* to excel, to exceed.

Surpassing, sūr-pās'-sing. *part. a.* excellent in a high degree [the clergy.

Surplice, sūr-plis. *s.* a white garment worn by Surplus, sūr-plis. *s.* overplus.

Surprisal, sūr-prī'-zál. } *s.* the state of being

Surprise, sūr-prize'. } taken unawares; sudden confusion or perplexity.

Surprise, sūr-prize'. *v. a.* to take unawares.

Surprising, sūr-prī'-zing. *part. a.* wonderful.

Surrender, sūr-rén'-dār. *v. a.* to yield up.

Surrender, sūr-rén'-dār. *s.* the act of yielding.

Surreption, sūr-rép'-shún. *s.* surprise, sudden and unperceived invasion.

Surreptitious, sūr-rép'-tish'-ús. *a.* done by stealth, gotten fraudulently.

Surrogate, sūr-ró-gate. *s.* a deputy, a delegate.

Surround, sūr-róund'. *v. a.* to environ, to encompass. [all the rest.

Surtout, sūr-tóot'. *s.* a large coat worn over

Survene, sūr véne'. *v. a.* to supervene.

Survey, sūr-vá'. *v. a.* to overlook.

Survey, sūr-vá'. *s.* view, prospect.

Surveyor, sūr-vá'-úr. *s.* an overseer; a measurer of land. [of another.

Survive, sūr vive'. *v. n.* to live after the death

Survivor, sūr-ví'-vúr. *s.* one who outlives another. [outliving another.

Survivorship, sūr-ví'-vúr-shíp. *s.* the state of Susceptibility, sús-sép-té-bíl'-é-té. *s.* quality of admitting. [mitting.

Susceptible, sús-sép-té-bí. *a.* capable of ad-

Susception, sús-sép'-shún. *s.* act of taking.

Susceptive, sús-sép'-tiv. *a.* capable to admit.

Susceptient, sús-sép'-pé-ént. *s.* one who takes.

Suscitate, sús-sé-tate. *v. n.* to rouse, to excite.

Suspect, sús-pékt'. *v. a.* to imagine with a degree of fear and jealousy what is not known; to hold uncertain.

Suspend, sús-pénd'. *v. a.* to hang; to delay.

Suspense, sús-pénsé'. *s.* uncertainty.

Suspension, sús-pén'-shún. *s.* act of delaying or withholding; interruption, temporary cessation.

Suspicion, sús-pish'-shún. *s.* the act of suspecting.

Suspicious, sús-pish'-ús. *a.* inclined to suspect; liable to suspicion.

Suspiration, sús-spé-rá'-shún. *s.* a sigh.

Suspire, sús-spíre'. *v. n.* to sigh.

Sustain, sús-táine'. *v. a.* to bear; to support.

Sustainer, sús-tá'-nár. *s.* one that supports; a sufferer. [naance.

Sustenance, sús-té-nánsé. *s.* support, mainte-

Sutler, sūt'-lár. *s.* a man that sells provisions.

Suture, sūt'-shúrc. *s.* a manner of sewing or stitching wounds.

Swab, swób. *s.* a kind of mop.

Swabber, swób' bār. *s.* a sweeper of the deck

Swaddle, swód'-dl. *v. a.* to swathe.

Swag, swág. *v. n.* to sink down by its weight.

Swagger, swág'-gúr. *v. n.* to bluster, to bully.

Swaggerer, swág'-gúr-ér. *s.* a blusterer; a bully.

Swain, swáne. *s.* a pastoral youth.

Swale, swale. } *v. a.* to waste or blaze away.

Sweal, swéle. } *v. a.* to waste or blaze away.

Swallow, swól'-lò. *s.* a small bird, the throat.

Swallow, swól'-lò. *v. a.* to take down the throat; to receive without examination.

Swain, swám. *pret. of swim.*

Swamp, swómp. *s.* a marsh, a fen.

Swampy, swómp'-pé. *a.* boggy, fenny.

Swan, swón. *s.* a large water-fowl.

Swanskin, swón'-skín. *s.* a kind of soft flannel.

Swap, swóp. *ad.* hastily.

Sward, swárd. *s.* the surface of the ground.

Sware, swáre. *pret. of swear.*

Swarm, swárm. *s.* number of bees or other small animals; a multitude.

Swarm, swárm. *v. n.* to rise as bees in a body, and quit the hive; to appear in multitudes, to crowd.

Swarthiness, swár'-thé-nés. *s.* darkness of complexion.

Swarthy, swár'-thé. *a.* dark of complexion, tawny. [noise.

Swash, swósh. *v. n.* to make a great clatter or

Swathe, swáthe. *v. a.* to bind as a child with bands and rollers [ern, to influence.

Sway, swá. *v. a.* to wave in the hand; to gov-

Sway, swá. *s.* the swing or sweep of a weapon; power, dominion.

Swear, swáre. *v. n.* *pret. swore or swore; part. pass. sworn.* to utter an oath; to declare upon oath.

Swear, swá. *v. v.* to put to an oath

Fåte, får, fäll, fåt;—mè, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- weat, swét. *s.* the matter evacuated at the pores by heat or labour.
- Sweat, swét. *v. n.* pret. *sweat*, *sweated*; part. pass. *sweaten*. to emit moisture.
- Sweaty, swét'-lè. *a.* moist with sweat.
- Sweep, swéep. *v. a.* to clean with a besom; to carry with pomp; to pass over with celerity.
- Swéep, swéep. *s.* the act of sweeping; direction of any motion.
- Sweepings, swéep'-ingz. *s.* that which is swept away. [all; a prize at a race.]
- Sweepstake, swéep'-stake. *s.* a man that wins
- Sweet, swéet. *a.* luscious to the taste; fragrant to the smell; melodious to the ear; pleasing to the eye.
- Sweet, swéet. *s.* sweetness; a perfume.
- Sweatbread, swéet'-bréd. *s.* the pancreas of the calf. [palliate.]
- Sweeten, swéet'-tn. *v. a.* to make sweet; to Sweetheart, swéet'-hárt. *s.* a lover or mistress.
- Sweetly, swéet'-lè. *ad.* in a sweet manner.
- Sweetmeat, swéet'-niète. *s.* fruits preserved with sugar. [sweet.]
- Sweetness, swéet'-nès. *s.* the quality of being
- Swell, swéll. *v. n.* part. pass. *swollen*. to grow bigger; to be exasperated.
- Swéll, swéll. *s.* extension of bulk.
- Swelling, swéll'-flug. *s.* morbid tumour; protuberance.
- Swelter, swéll'-túr. *v. a.* to parch, or dry up with heat.
- Sweltry, swéll'-trè. *a.* suffocating with heat.
- Swept, swépt. part. and pret. of *sweep*.
- Swerve, swérv. *v. n.* to wander; to deviate.
- Swift, swíft. *a.* quick fleet, speedy.
- Swiftly, swíft'-lè. *ad.* fleetly, rapidly.
- Swiftness, swíft'-nès. *s.* speed, nimbleness.
- Swig, swíg. *v. n.* to drink by large draughts.
- Swill, swíll. *v. a.* to drink luxuriously.
- Swíll, swíll. *s.* drink luxuriously poured down.
- Swim, swím. *v. n.* pret. *swam* or *swum*. to float on the water; to be dizzy.
- Swimmer, swím'-múr. *s.* one who swims.
- Swimmingly, swím'-míng-lè. *ad.* smoothly, without obstruction.
- Swindle, swín'-dl. *v. a.* to cheat under the pretence of trading or trafficking.
- Swine, swíne. *s.* a hog, a pig, a sow.
- Swineherd, swíne'-hèrd. *s.* a keeper of hogs.
- Swing, swíng. *v. n.* to wave loosely.
- Swing, swíng. *s.* motion of any thing hanging loosely; a line on which any thing hangs loose; unrestrained liberty.
- Swinging, swín'-jíng. *a.* great nuge.
- Swinish, swí'-nìsh. *a.* besetting swine.
- Switche, swítsh. *s.* a small flexible twig.
- Swivel, swív'-vl. *s.* something fixed in another body so as to turn round in it.
- Swobber, swób'-búr. *s.* a sweeper of the deck
- Swollen, or Swoln, swóln. part. pass. of *swell*
- Swoon, swódn. *v. n.* to faint.
- Swoon, swódn. *s.* a fainting fit.
- Swoop, swóóp. *s.* fall of a bird of prey upon his quarry. [another]
- Swop, swóp. *v. a.* to exchange one thing for
- Sword, sórd. *s.* a weapon used either in cutting or thrusting.
- Swordman, sórd'-mán. *s.* a fighting man.
- Swore, swóre. pret. of *swear*.
- Sworn, swórn. part. pass. of *swear*.
- Swum, swóm. pret. and part. pass. of *swim*.
- Swung, swúng. pret. and part. pass. of *swing*
- Sycophant, sík'-ó-fánt. *s.* a flatterer.
- Sycophantick, sík'-ó-fánt'-ík. *a.* flattering.
- Syllable, síl'-lá-bl. *s.* as much of a word as is uttered by the help of one vowel or one articulation.
- Syllabus, síl'-lá-bús. *s.* a compendium containing the heads of a discourse.
- Syllogism, síl'-lò-jízrn. *s.* an argument composed of three propositions.
- Syllogize, síl'-lò-jíze. *v. n.* to reason by syllogism.
- Sylvan, síl'-ván. *a.* woody, shady.
- Sylvan, síl'-vám. *s.* a wood god, a satyr.
- Symbol, sím'-ból. *s.* an abstract; a type.
- Symbolical, sím'-ból'-è-kál. *a.* typical.
- Symbolize, sím'-bò-líze. *v. a.* to make representative of something.
- Symmetrical, sím-mét'-trè-kál. *a.* proportionate.
- Symmetrize, sím-mè-tríze. *v. a.* to bring to symmetry.
- Symmetry, sím-mè-trè. *s.* proportion.
- Sympathetick, sím-pá-thét'-ík. *a.* having mutual sensation. [other]
- Sympathize, sím-pá-thíze. *v. n.* to feel with an

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—óll;—póund;—thin, THIS.

Sympathy, sìm'-pá-thè. *s.* fellow-feeling, mutual sensibility.

Symphonious, sìm-fò'-nè-ús. *a.* harmonious.

Symphony, sìm-fò'-nè. *s.* harmony of mingled sounds.

Symptom, sìm'-túm. *s.* a sign, a token

Symptomatiek, sìm-tò-mát'-tík. *a.* happening concurrently or occasionally.

Synagogue, sín'-á-góg. *s.* an assembly of the Jews to worship. [of events.]

Synchronism, sìn'-krò-níz-m. *s.* concurrence

Syncope, sìn'-kò-pè. *s.* fainting fit.

Syndrome, sín'-drò-mè. *s.* concurrent action.

Synod, sín'-nòd. *s.* an assembly of ecclesiastics.

Synodical, sè-nòd'-f-kál. } *a.* relating to a
Synodick, sè-nòd'-f-k. } synod.

Synonyma, sè-nón'-nè-má. *s.* names which signify the same thing.

Synonymous, sè-nón'-nè-más. *a.* expressing the same thing by different words.

Synopsis, sè-nóp'-sís. *s.* a general view.

Syntax, sín'-táks. *s.* a system; the construction of words. [posed to analysis.]

Synthesis, sín'-thè-sís. *s.* the act of joining, opposing.

Synthetick, sín-thèt'-tík. *a.* conjoining, compounding.

Syphon, sí'-fún. *s.* a tube, a pipe.

Syringe, sír'-ínje. *s.* a pipe through which any liquor is squirted.

Syrtis, sér'-tís. *s.* a quicksand, a bog.

System, sís'-tém. *s.* a scheme.

Systematical, sís-tè-mát'-tè-kál. *a.* methodical.

Systematize, sís-tém'-á-tíze. *v. a.* to reduce to a system. [the shortening of a long syllable.]

Systole, sís-tò-lè. *s.* the contraction of the heart;

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TABBY, táb'-bè. *s.* a kind of waved silk.

Tabby, táb'-bè. *a.* brindled, brindled.

Tabefy, táb'-è-f. *v. n.* to waste by disease.

Tabernacle, táb'-èr-ná-kl. *s.* a temporary habitation; a place of worship.

Tabid, táb'-íd. *a.* wasted by disease.

Tablature, táb'-á-tùre. *s.* painting on walls or ceilings [entertainment; an index.]

Table, tá'-òl. *s.* any flat surface; fare or entertainment.

Table-cloth, tá'-h-klóth. *s.* linen spread on a table.

Tablet, táb'-lèt. *s.* a small level surface.

Tabour, tá'-bár. *s.* a drum beaten with a on stick to accompany a pipe.

Tabret, táb'-rèt. *s.* a tabour.

Tabular, táb'-ù-lár. *a.* formed in squares.

Tacit, tá'-tít. *a.* silent, implied.

Tacitly, tá'-tít-lè. *ad.* silently.

Taciturnity, tá'-è-túr'-nè-tè. *s.* habitua; silence.

Tack, ták. *v. a.* to fasten to any thing; to join.

Tack, ták. *s.* a small nail; the act of turning ships at sea.

Tackle, ták'-kl. *s.* the ropes of a ship.

Tackling, ták'-lìng. *s.* furniture of the mast; instruments of action. [ing a battle.]

Tactick, ták'-tík. *a.* relating to the art of ranging.

Tacticks, ták'-tíks. *s.* the art of ranging men in the field of battle.

Tactile, ták'-tíl. *a.* susceptible of touch. [or touch.]

Tadpole, tád'-pòle. *s.* a young shapeless frog

Taffeta, táf'-fè-tá. *s.* a thin silk.

Tag, tág. *s.* a point of metal put to the end of a string. [to join.]

Tag, tág. *v. a.* to fit any thing with an end;

Tail, tále. *s.* the hinder part of any thing.

Tailor, tá'-lár. *s.* one whose business is to make clothes.

Taint, tánt. *v. a.* to infect.

Taint, tánt. *s.* a stain; infection.

Take, táke. *v. a.* pret. took; part. pass. taken to receive; to seize; to understand in any particular sense; to close in with; to swallow as a medicine; to carry; to rent.

Taken, tá'-kn. part. pass. of take.

Taking, tá'-kìng. *s.* seizure, distress.

Tale, tále. *s.* a narrative, a story; number reckoned. [ficious intelligence.]

Talebearer, tále'-bá-rúr. *s.* one who gives of.

Talent, tál'-ènt. *s.* a certain weight, or sum; faculty; nature.

Talisman, tál'-íz-mán. *s.* a magical character.

Talk, táwk. *v. n.* to speak; to prattle; to confer. [subject of discourse.]

Talk, táwk. *s.* oral conversation; rumour

Talkative, táwk'-á-tív. *s.* loquacious.

Talkativeness, táwk'-á-tív-nès. *s.* loquacity.

Talker, táwk'-úr. *s.* one who talks; a boaster, a bragging fellow.

Tall, táll. *a.* high in stature; lofty

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Tallow**, tâl'-lò. *s.* the grease or fat of an animal.
uret. [makes tallow candles.
- Tallowhandler**, tâl'-lò-tshând'-lûr. *s.* one who
- Tally**, tâl'-lè. *s.* a stick notched or cut in conformity to another stick.
- Tally**, tâl'-lè. *v. n.* to fit, to suit.
- Talmud**, tâl'-môd. *s.* the book containing the Jewish traditions.
- Talness**, tâll'-nès. *s.* height of stature.
- Talon**, tâll'-ôn. *s.* the claw of a bird of prey
- Tame**, tâme. *a.* domestick; subdued.
- Tame**, tâme. *v. a.* to reduce from wildness; to subdue.
- Tamely**, tâme'-lè. *ad.* not wildly, meanly.
- Tameness**, tâme'-nès. *s.* the quality of being tame. [do without fitness or necessity.
- Tamper**, tâmp'-pûr. *v. n.* to meddle, to have to
- Tan**, tân. *v. a.* to imbue with bark, to imbrown by the sun.
- Tang**, tâng. *s.* a strong taste; relish.
- Tangent**, tân'-jènt. *s.* a right line perpendicularly raised on the extremity of a radius, which touches a circle so as not to cut it.
- Tangibility**, tân-jè-bil'-è-tè. *s.* the quality of being perceived by the touch.
- Tangible**, tân'-jè-bl. *a.* perceptible by the touch.
- Tangle**, tâng'-gl. *v. a.* to implicate: to embroil.
- Tankard**, tângk'-ûrd. *s.* a large vessel with a cover, for strong drink. [leather.
- Tanner**, tân'-nûr. *s.* one whose trade is to tan
- Tantalize**, tân-tâ-lîze. *v. a.* to torment by the show of pleasures which cannot be reached.
- Tantamount**, tânt-â-môônt'. *a.* equivalent.
- Tap**, tâp. *v. a.* to touch lightly; to broach a vessel. [the liquor of a vessel is let out.
- Tap**, tâp. *s.* a gentle blow; a pipe at which
- Tape**, tâpe. *s.* a narrow fillet.
- Taper**, tâ'-pûr. *s.* a wax candle.
- Taper**, tâ'-pûr. *a.* regularly narrowed from the bottom to the top.
- Taper**, tâ'-pûr. *v. n.* to grow smaller. [figures.
- Tapestry**, tâps'-irè. *s.* cloth woven in regular
- Tapster**, tâp'-stûr. *s.* one whose business is to draw beer in an alehouse.
- Tar**, târ. *s.* liquid pitch; a sailor.
- Tar**, târ. *v. a.* to smear over with tar.
- Tardily**, târ'-dè-lè. *ad.* slowly, sluggishly.
- Tardiness**, târ'-dè-nès. *s.* slowness, sluggishness.
- Tardy**, târ'-dè. *a.* slow, dilatory, late.
- Tare**, târe. *s.* the weight of any thing containing a commodity; also the allowance made for it.
- Tare**, târe. *pret.* of *tear*
- Target**, târ'-gèt. *s.* a kind of buckler or shield.
- Tariff**, târ'-îf. *s.* a cartol of commerce.
- Tarnish**, târ'-nîsh. *v. a.* to sully, to soil.
- Tarpawling**, târ-pâw'l'-îng. *s.* hempen cloth smeared with tar.
- Tarry**, târ'-rè. *v. n.* to stay; to delay.
- Tart**, târt. *a.* sour, acid.
- Tart**, târt. *s.* a small pie of fruit.
- Tartar**, târ'-târ. *s.* that which sticks to wine casks, like a hard stone.
- Tartarean**, târ-tâ'-rè-ân. } *a.* consisting of tar
Tartareous, târ-tâ'-rè-ûs. } tar; hellish.
- Tartarous**, târ'-târ-ûs. *a.* containing tartar
- Tartly**, târt'-lè. *ad.* sharply, sourly.
- Tartness**, târt'-nès. *s.* sharpness, sourness.
- Task**, tâsk. *s.* something to be done imposed on another; employment, business.
- Tassel**, tâs'-sèl. *s.* an ornamental bunch of silk or glittering substances.
- Taste**, tâste. *v. a.* to perceive and distinguished by the palate; to essay first; to have perception of.
- Taste**, tâste. *s.* the act of tasting; intellectual relish or discernment; an essay.
- Tasteful**, tâst'-fûl. *a.* highly relished, savoury.
- Tasteless**, tâst'-lès. *a.* having no relish.
- Tastelessness**, tâst'-lès-nès. *s.* insipidity, want of relish.
- Tatter**, tât'-tûr. *v. a.* to tear, to rend.
- Tatter**, tât'-tûr. *s.* a fluttering rag. [ged fellow
- Tatterdemalion**, tât-tûr-dè-mâl'-yûn. *s.* a rag
- Tattle**, tât'-tl. *v. n.* to prate, to talk idly.
- Tattle**, tât'-tl. *s.* prate, idle chat.
- Tattler**, tât'-tl-ûr. *s.* an idle talker, a prater
- Taught**, tâwt. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *teach*.
- Taunt**, tânt. *v. a.* to reproach, to revile, to ridicule.
- Taunt**, tânt. *s.* insult, reproach.
- Tauntingly**, tânt'-îng-lè. *ad.* with insult, scoffingly. [the same thing
- Tautological**, tâw-tò-lôd'-jè-kâl. *a.* repeating
- Tautology**, tâw-tòl'-lò-jè. *s.* repetition of the same words

nò, mòve, nòr, pòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—dùll;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Autophony, tãw-tòf-ò-nè. *s.* a successive repetition of the same sound.
Savern, tãv-'òrn. *s.* a house where wine is sold.
Saw, tãw. *v. a.* to dress white leather.
Saw, tãw. *s.* a marble to play with.
Sawdustiness, tãw-'drè-nès. *s.* tinsel finery.
Sawdust, tãw-'drè. *a.* meanly showy.
Sawny, tãw-'nè. *a.* yellow, like things tanned.
Sax, tãks. *s.* an impost, a tribute imposed.
Sax, tãks. *v. a.* to load with imposts; to charge, to censure.
Taxable, tãks-'à-bl. *a.* that may be taxed.
Taxation, tãks-'à-shùn. *s.* the act of loading with taxes, impost.
Tea, tè. *s.* a Chinese plant.
Teach, tètsh. *v. a.* pret. and part. pass. *taught*. to instruct. [struction.
Teachable, tètsh-'à-bl. *a.* susceptible of instruction.
Teachableness, tètsh-'à-bl-nès. *s.* docility, willingness to learn.
Teacher, tètsh-'òr. *s.* an instructor, a preacher.
Teal, tèle. *s.* a wild fowl.
Team, tème. *s.* a number of horses or oxen drawing at once the same carriage.
Tear, tère. *s.* water from the eyes.
Tear, tère. *s.* a rent, a fissure.
Tear, tère. *v. a.* pret. *tore*; part. pass. *torn*. to pull in pieces, to lacerate.
Tear, tère. *v. n.* to fume, to rave.
Tearful, tère-'fùl. *a.* weeping. [with importunity.
Tease, tère. *v. a.* to comb wool; to torment
Teat, tète. *s.* the udder of a beast.
Technical, tèk-'né-kál. *a.* belonging to arts.
Techny, tètsh-'é. *a.* peevish, fretful.
Tectonick, tèk-tòn-'ik. *a.* pertaining to building.
Tedious, tè-'dè-ús. *a.* troublesome; wearisome by prolixity; slow. [as to weary.
Tediously, tè-'dè-ús-lè. *ad.* in such a manner
Tediousness, tè-'dè-ús-nès. *s.* wearisomeness by continuance.
Teem, tèém. *v. n.* to bring young; to be pregnant. [twenty.
Tens, tèenz. *s.* the years between twelve and
Teeth, tèèth. plural of *tooth*.
Tegument, tèg-'ù-mènt. *s.* cover, the outward part.
Tint, tint. *s.* colour, touch of the pencil.
Telegraph, tèl-'è-gráf. *s.* an instrument that

conveys intelligence to a distance through the means of signals.
Telescope, tèl' lè-skòpe. *s.* a glass by which distant objects are viewed.
Tell, tèll. *v. a.* pret. and part. pass. *told*. to utter; to relate; to inform; to count.
Teller, tèl-'lòr. *s.* one who tells or relates.
Telltale, tèl-'tãle. *s.* one who carries officious intelligence.
Temerarious, tèm-'èr-'à-rè-ús. *a.* rash, heedless.
Temerity, tè-mèr-'è-tè. *s.* rashness, unreasonable contempt of danger.
Temper, tèm-'pür. *v. a.* to compound; to modify, to assuage.
Temper, tèm-'pür. *s.* due mixture of contrary qualities; disposition of mind.
Temperament, tèm-'pèr-'à-mènt. *s.* constitution.
Temperance, tèm-'pèr-'ànse. *s.* moderation; patience, sedateness.
Temperate, tèm-'pèr-'àte. *a.* moderate.
Temperately, tèm-'pèr-'àte-lè. *ad.* moderately calmly.
Temperature, tèm-'pèr-'à-tür. *s.* constitution of nature; moderation. [wind; tumult.
Tempest, tèm-'pèst. *s.* the utmost violence of the
Tempestuous, tèm-pès-'tshù-ús. *a.* stormy, turbulent.
Templar, tèm-'plár. *s.* a student in the law
Temple, tèm-'pl. *s.* a place appropriated to acts of religion or the study of the law; an ornamental building in a garden; the upper part of the sides of the head.
Temporal, tèm-'pò-rál. *a.* measured by time, secular; placed at the temples.
Temporally, tèm-'pò-rál-'è. *ad.* with respect to this life.
Temporaneous, tèm-pò-rál-'nè-ús. *a.* temporary.
Temporary, tèm-'pò-rá-rè. *a.* lasting only for a limited time.
Temporize, tèm-'pò-rize. *v. n.* to procrastinate; to comply with the times or occasions.
Tempt, tèmt. *v. a.* to solicit to ill, to entice.
Tempter, tèm-'tùr. *s.* an enticer.
Temptation, tèm-tá-'shùn. *s.* the act of tempting, enticement.
Ten, tèn. *a.* the decimal number twice five.
Tenable, tèn-'à-bl. *v.* such as may be maintained or held.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —pline, pln; —

- Tenacious**, tē-nâ'-shûs. *a.* grasping hard; retentive; cohesive.
- Tenant**, tēn'-ânt. *s.* one who rents of another.
- Tenantable**, tēn'-ânt-â-bl. *a.* such as may be held by a tenant.
- Tenantless**, tēn'-ânt-lēs. *a.* unoccupied.
- Tend**, tēnd. *v. a.* to watch, to guard; to attend.
- Tendance**, tēn'-dânse. *s.* attendance.
- Tendence**, tēn'-dēnse. } *s.* direction; drift.
- Tendency**, tēn'-dēn-sē. }
- Tender**, tēn'-dâr. *a.* soft; easily pained; delicate; compassionate; amorous.
- Tender**, tēn'-dâr. *v. a.* to offer, to propose to acceptance. [tance.]
- Tender**, tēn'-dâr. *s.* offer, proposal to accept.
- Tenderly**, tēn'-dâr-jē. *ad.* mildly, gently.
- Tenderness**, tēn'-dâr-nēs. *s.* the state of being tender, susceptibility of impression; soreness.
- Tendinous**, tēn'-dē-nûs. *a.* sinewy.
- Tendon**, tēn'-dôn. *s.* a sinew.
- Tendril**, tēn'-dril. *s.* the clasp of a vine.
- Tenebrious**, tē-né'-brē-ûs. *a.* dark, gloomy.
- Tenement**, tēn'-è-mēt. *s.* any thing held by a tenant.
- Tenet**; tēn'-nît. *s.* position, principle, opinion.
- Tennis**, tēn'-nîs. *s.* a play at which a ball is driven with a racket.
- Tenour**, or **Tenor**, tēn'-nûr. *s.* continuity of state; a sound in music.
- Tense**, tēnse. *a.* stretched, stiff. [time.]
- Tense**, tēnse. *s.* a variation of the verb to signify
- Tenseness**, tēnse'-nēs. *s.* contraction, tension.
- Tensible**, tēn'-sē-bl. } *a.* capable of extension.
- Tensile**, tēn'-sil. }
- Tension**, tēn'-shûn. *s.* the act o. stretching, state of being stretched. [ness or contraction.]
- Tensive**, tēn'-slv. *a.* giving a sensation of stiffness.
- Tent**, tēt. *s.* a moveable lodging-place; a pavilion; a roll of lint put into a sore; a species of wine.
- Tentation**, tēn-tâ'-shûn. *s.* trial, temptation.
- Tentative**, tēn'-tâ-dv. *a.* trying, essaying.
- Tented**, tēnt'-âd. *a.* covered with tents.
- Tenter**, tēn'-târ. *s.* a hook on which things are stretched.
- Tenth**, tēnth. *a.* ordinal of ten.
- Tenth**, tēnth. *s.* the tenth part; tithe.
- Tenthly**, tēnth'-lâ. *ad.* in the tenth place.
- Tenuity**, tē-nû'-tē. *s.* thinness, exility.
- Tenuous**, tēn'-nû-ûs. *a.* thin, small, minute.
- Tenure**, tē'-nûre. *s.* the manner whereby tenements are holden of their lords.
- Tepid**, tēp'-id. *a.* lukewarm.
- Terce**, tērse. *s.* a vessel containing forty-two gallons of wine.
- Tergeminous**, tēr-jēm'-t-nûs. *a.* threefold.
- Tergiversation**, tēr-jē-vēr-sâ'-shûn. *s.* shift, subterfuge, evasion.
- Term**, tērm. *s.* limit, boundary; the word by which a thing is expressed; condition.
- Term**, tērm. *v. a.* to name, to call.
- Termagancy**, tēr-mâ-gân-sē. *s.* turbulence, tumultuousness. [ug.]
- Termagant**, tēr-mâ-gânt. *a.* tumultuous; scold.
- Termagant**, tēr-mâ-gânt. *s.* a scold.
- Terminable**, tēr-mē-nâ-bl. *a.* limitable.
- Terminate**, tēr'-mē-nâte. *v. a.* to limit; to put an end to. [sua.]
- Termination**, tēr-mē-nâ'-shûn. *s.* end, conclu.
- Terrace**, tēr-râs. *s.* a small mount of earth covered with grass. [land and water.]
- Terraqueous**, tēr-râ'-kwē-ûs. *a.* composed of
- Terrene**, tēr-rēnē'. *a.* earthly, terrestrial.
- Terreous**, tēr-rē-ûs. *a.* earthy, consisting of earth.
- Terrestrial**, tēr-rēs'-trē-âl. *a.* earthly.
- Terrible**, tēr'-rē-bl. *a.* dreadful, formidable.
- Terribly**, tēr'-rē-blē. *ad.* dreadfully, formidably.
- Terrier**, tēr-rē-ûr. *s.* a dog that follows his game under ground.
- Terrific**, tēr-rîf'-fik. *a.* dreadful.
- Terrify**, tēr'-rē-fî. *v. a.* to fright.
- Territory**, tēr'-rē-tûr-ē. *s.* land, district.
- Terror**, tēr'-rûr. *s.* fear communicated or received; the cause of fear.
- Terse**, tērse. *a.* smooth; neat. [one d.]
- Tertran**, tēr'-shûn. *s.* an age intermittingly
- Tesselated**, tēs-sēl-lâ-téd. *a.* variegated squares.
- Test**, tēt. *s.* a cupel to try metals; trial.
- Testaceous**, tēs-tâ'-shûs. *a.* consisting of shells.
- Testament**, tēs-tâ-mēt. *s.* a will; the name of Holy Scripture. [w.]
- Testamentary**, tēs-tâ-mēn'-tâ-rē. *a.* given
- Testate**, tēs-tâtc. *a.* having made a will.
- Testator**, tēs-tâ-tûr. *s.* one who leaves a will

nò, móve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—díl;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Estatrix, tés-tá-tríks. s. a woman who leaves a will.
ested, tés-téd. a. tried by a test. [bed.
ester, tés-túr. s. a sixpence; the cover of a
esticle, tés-té-kl. s. an organ of seed in animals.
estifier, tés-té-fl-úr. s. one who testifies.
estify, tés-té-fl. v. n. to witness.
estily, tés-té-lé. ad. fretfully, peevishly.
estimonial, tés-té-mò-né-ál. s. a writing produced by any one as an evidence for himself.
estimony, tés-té-mún-é. s. evidence; proof.
estiness, tés-té-nés. s. moroseness.
esty, tés-té. a. fretful, peevish.
etchy, tés-té-é. a. froward, peevish.
éte-a-tete, tate-á-tate. ad. cheek by jowl.
étier, tés-té-úr. s. a string by which cattle are held from pasturing too wide.
étragonal, tés-té-trá-gò-nál. a. square.
étarch, tés-té-trá-k. or tés-trá-k. s. a Roman governor of the fourth part of a province.
étarchy, tés-té-trá-k-é. s. a Roman government.
étrastick, tés-tés-trás-tík. s. a stanza of four verses.
etter, tés-túr. s. a scab, a scurf.
éutonick, tú-tón-ík. a. spoken by the Teutones, or ancient Germans.
ext, tés-t. s. that on which a comment is written; sentence of Scripture.
éxtile, tés-tíl. a. woven.
éxture, tés-tshúre. s. a web; disposition of the parts of bodies.
éhan, thán. ad. placed in comparison.
éhan, thánk. v. a. to return acknowledgements. [your, expression of gratitude.
éhanks, thánks. s. acknowledgement for favour.
éhankful, thánk'-fúl. a. full of gratitude.
éhankless, thánk'-lés. a. unthankful. [of mercy.
éhanksgiving, thánks'-gív-íng. s. celebration.
éhat, thát. pron. which; who.
éhatch, thátsh. s. straw laid upon the top of a house to keep out the weather.
éhat-h, thátsh. v. a. to cover as with straw.
éhatcher, thátsh'-úr. s. one who covers houses with straw.
éhaw, tháw. v. n. to grow liquid, to melt.
éhaw, tháw. s. liquefaction of any thing congealed.
éhe, thé. article. noting a particular thing.

Theatral, thé-á-trál. a. belonging to a theatre.
Theatre, thé-á-túr. s. a playhouse; a place rising by steps like a theatre.
Theatrick, thé-á'-trík. } a. suiting a theatre.
**Theatrical, thé-á'-tré-kál. }
Thee, thée. the oblique singular of thou.
Theft, théft. s. the act of stealing.
Their, tháre. pron. of them.
Theist, thé-íst. s. one who believes in God.
Theism, thé-ízm. s. the mere belief of a Goddeism.
Them, thém. s. the oblique case of they.
Theme, théme. s. a subject, short dissertation.
Themselves, thém-sélvz. s. these very persons.
Then, thén. ad. at that time. [that time.
Thence, thénsé. ad. from that place; from
Thenceforth, thénsé-fórh. } ad. from
**Thenceforward, thénsé-fór'-wárd. } that time.
Theocracy, thé-ók'-krá-sé. s. government immediately superintended by God.
Theocratical, thé-ók'-krá'-tè-kál. a. relating to a theocracy. [essor of divinity
Theologian, thé-ó-ló-jé-án. s. a divine; a pro-
Theological, thé-ó-ló'-jé-kál. a. relating to the science of divinity.
Theologist, thé-ó-ló'-jíst. s. a divine.
Theorem, thé-ó-rém. s. a position laid down as a settled truth.
Theoretical, thé-ó-rét'-tè-kál. } a. speculative.
**Theoretick, thé-ó-rét'-ík. }
Theoretically, thé-ó-rét'-é-kál-é. ad. speculatively.
Theorist, thé-ó-ríst. s. a speculatist.
Theory, thé-ó-ré. s. speculation. scheme.
There, tháre. ad. in that place.
Thereabout, tháre-á-bóút. } ad. near that
**Thereabouts, tháre-á-bóúts. } place.
Thereat, tháre-á'. ad. at that, on that account.
Thereby, tháre-bí'. ad. by that.
Therefore, thé'-fóre. ad. for this reason.
Therefrom, tháre-fóm'. ad. from that.
Therein, tháre-ín'. ad. in that, in this.
Thereinto, tháre-ín-tó'. ad. into that.
Thereof, tháre-óf'. ad. of that.
Thereon, tháre-ón'. ad. on that.
Thereto, tháre-tó'. } ad. to that.
**Thereunto, tháre-úntó'. }
Thereupon, tháre-áp-ón'. ad. upon that**********

Fâte, fâr, fáll, fât;—mè, mèt;—plre, pln;—

Therewith, *thèrè-wíth'*. *ad.* with that; immediately.

Theriacal, *thè-rí'-á-kál*. *a.* medicinal.

Thermometer, *thèr-móm'-è-túr*. *s.* an instrument for measuring the degrees of heat and cold.

These, *thèzè*. *pron.* the plural of *this*.

Thesis, *thè'-sís*. *s.* a position.

They, *thè*. *pron.* men, women, persons.

Thick, *thík*. *a.* gross; muddy; close, crowded.

Thick, *thík*. *ad.* frequently, fast, closely.

Thicken, *thík'-kn*. *v. a.* to make thick.

Thicken, *thík'-kn*. *v. n.* to grow thick.

Thicket, *thík'-ét*. *s.* a close wood.

Thickness, *thík'-nès*. *s.* the state of being thick, density; considerable depth; grossness; closeness. [to another.

Thief, *thèf*. *s.* one who takes what belongs

Thiefcatcher, *thèf-kátsh-úr*. } *s.* one whose

Thieftaker, *thèf-tà-kúr*. } business is

to detect thieves.

Thieve, *thèév*. *v. n.* to steal. [ing.

Thievery, *thèév'-úr-è*. *s.* the practice of steal.

Thievish, *thèév'-ísh*. *a.* given to stealing. [steal.

Thievishness, *thèév'-ísh-nès*. *s.* disposition to

Thigh, *thí*. *s.* a limb including all between the buttocks and the knee.

Thill, *thíl*. *s.* the shafts of a wagon.

Thimble, *thím'-bl*. *s.* a metal cover by which women secure their fingers from the needle.

Thin, *thín*. *a.* rare; small, lean, slender.

Thin, *thín*. *ad.* not thickly. [tenuate.

Thin, *thín*. *v. a.* to make thin or rare; to at-

Thine, *thíne*. *pron.* belonging or relating to *thee*.

Thing, *thíng*. *s.* whatever is.

Think, *thíngk*. *v. n.* pret. *thought*. to have ideas, to reason; to judge; to intend; to muse.

Thinking, *thíngk'-íng*. *s.* imagination.

Thinly, *thín'-lè*. *ad.* not thickly.

Thinness, *thín'-nès*. *s.* the contrary to thickness.

Third, *thúrd*. *a.* the first after the second.

Third, *thúrd*. *s.* the third part.

Thirdly, *thúrd'-lè*. *aa.* in the third place.

Thirst, *thúrst*. *s.* the pain suffered for want of drink; vehement desire.

Thirst, *thúrst*. *v. n.* to feel want of drink; to have a vehement desire. [thirsty.

Thirstiness, *thúrst'-lè-nès*. *s.* the state of being

Thirsty, *thúrst'-lè*. *a.* suffering want of drink; possessed with any vehement desire.

Thirteen, *thúrt'-tèen*. *a.* ten and three. [tenth

Thirteenth, *thúrt'-tènth'*. *a.* the third after the

Thirtieth, *thúrt'-tè-étsh*. *a.* the tenth thrice told

Thirty, *thúrt'-tè*. *a.* thrice ten.

This, *thís*. *pron.* that which is present.

Thistle, *thís'-sl*. *a.* a prickly weed.

Thistly, *thís'-lè*. *a.* overgrown with thistles

Thither, *thítsh'-úr*. *ad.* to that place; to that end.

Thitherto, *thítsh'-úr-tó*. *ad.* so far.

Thitherward, *thítsh'-úr-wárd*. *ad.* towards that place.

Thou, *thó*. *conj.* contracted from *though*.

Thong, *thóng*. *s.* a strap or string of leather.

Thoracick, *thó-rás'-ík*. *a.* belonging to the breast.

Thoral, *thó'-rál*. *a.* relating to the bed.

Thorn, *thórn*. *s.* a prickly tree.

Thorny, *thórn'-nè*. *a.* full of thorns, vexatious.

Thorough, *thúrr'-rò*. *a.* complete. [it rough

Thoroughfare, *thúrr'-rò-fáre*. *s.* a passage

Thoroughly, *thúrr'-rò-lè*. *ad.* fully.

Thoroughpaced, *thúrr'-rò-páste*. *a.* perfect

Thoroughped, *thúrr'-rò-spéd*. *a.* finished in principles, thoroughpaced. [fully

Thoroughstitch, *thúrr'-rò-stítsh*. *ad.* completely

Those, *thózè*. *pron.* plural of *that*.

Thou, *thó*. *pron.* in the oblique case singular *thee*; in the plural *ye*; in the oblique case plural *you*. [although

Though, *thó*. *conj.* notwithstanding that

Thought, *tháwt*. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of *think*.

Thought, *tháwt*. *s.* the act of thinking; idea; sentiment; conception; opinion; solicitude.

Thoughtful, *tháwt'-fúl*. *a.* contemplative, anxious. [tation; anxiety.

Thoughtfulness, *tháwt'-fúl-nès*. *s.* deep medi-

Thoughtless, *tháwt'-lès*. *a.* negligent, careless.

Thoughtlessness, *tháwt'-lès-nès*. *s.* want of thought. [ten hundred

Thousand, *thóú'-zánd*. *a.* or *s.* the number of Thousandth, *thóú'-zándth*. *a.* the ordinal of a thousand.

Thraldom, *thráwl'-ddm*. *s.* slavery, servitude.

Thral, *thráwl*. *s.* a slave; slavery.

Thrash, *thrásh*. *v. a.* to beat corn from the straw

nò, móve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, túb, búll;—dùl;—pòund;—thia, THIA.

thrasher, thrásh'-úr. *s.* one who thrashes corn.
 thrasonical, thrá-són'-nè-kál. *a.* boastful.
 thread, thréd. *s.* a small line or twist.
 thread, thréd. *v. a.* to pass through with a thread.
 threadbare, thréd'-bàre. *a.* worn out.
 threat, thrét. *s.* menace.
 threaten, thrét. } *v. a.* to menace, to de-
 threaten, thrét'-in. } nounce evil.
 threateningly, thrét'-in-ìng-lè. *ad.*, in a threat-
 ening manner.
 three, thrèe. *a.* two and one.
 threefold, thrèe'-fòld. *a.* thrice repeated.
 threescore, thrèe'-skòre. *a.* thrice twenty.
 threshold, thrèsh'-hòld. *s.* entrance, gate, door.
 threw, thrò. *pret.* of *throw*.
 thrice, thrise. *ad.* three times.
 thrift, thrift. *s.* profit, gain, frugality.
 thriftily, thrift'-lè. *ad.* frugally.
 thriftiness, thrift'-nès. *s.* frugality.
 thriftless, thrift'-lès. *a.* profuse, extravagant.
 thrifty, thrift'-tè. *a.* frugal, sparing.
 thrill, thril. *v. a.* to pierce, to penetrate.
 thrive, thrive. *v. a.* *pret.* *throve, thrived*; *part.*
thriven. to prosper, to grow rich.
 thrivingly, thrif'-ving-lè. *ad.* in a prosperous
 way.
 throat, thròte. *s.* the forepart of the neck.
 throb, thròb. *v. n.* to heave, to beat; to palpi-
 tate. [tation.
 throb, thròb. *s.* heave, beat, stroke of palpi-
 tation.
 throe, thrò. *s.* the pain of travail; the final and
 mortal struggle.
 throne, thròne. *s.* a royal seat.
 throng, thròng. *s.* a crowd, a multitude.
 throng, thròng. *v. n.* to crowd.
 throttle, thròt'-l. *s.* the windpipe.
 throttle, thròt'-l. *v. a.* to choke.
 through, thrò. *prep.* from end to end.
 thoroughly, thrò'-lè. *ad.* completely, fully.
 throughout, thrò'-hút. *prep.* quite through.
 throughout, thrò'-hút. *ad.* every where
 throw, thrò. *v. a.* *pret.* *threw*; *part. pass.*
thrown. to fling, to cast; to toss.
 throw, thrò. *s.* a cast; the space to which any
 thing is thrown; effort, violent sally.
 throwster, thrò'-stúr. *s.* one who twists silk, or
 throws it into a proper state for being woven.
 thrum, thrúm. *v. a.* to play coarsely

Thrush, thrúsh. *s.* a singing bird; an ulcerous
 disorder.
 Thrust, thrúst. *v. a.* to push; to stab; to impel
 Thrust, thrúst. *s.* assault, attack.
 Thumb, thúm. *s.* the short strong finger.
 Thumb, thúm. *v. a.* to handle awkwardly.
 Thump, thúmp. *s.* a heavy blow. [blows.
 Thump, thúmp. *v. a.* to beat with dull, heavy
 Thunder, thún'-dúr. *s.* a loud, rumbling noise,
 which usually follows lightning.
 Thunder, thún'-dúr. *v. n.* to make a loud, sud-
 den, and terrible noise.
 Thunderbolt, thún'-dúr-bòlt. *s.* lightning.
 Thunderclap, thún'-dúr-kláp. *s.* explosion of
 thunder. [accompanied with thunder
 Thundershower, thún'-dúr-shòò-úr. *s.* a rare
 Thunderstrike, thún'-dúr-strike. *v. a.* to blast or
 hurt with lightning.
 Thurfiferous, thúr'-fèr-ús. *a.* bearing frankin-
 cense.
 Thursday, thúrzh'-dè. *s.* the fifth day of the week
 Thus, thús. *ad.* in this manner.
 Thwack, thwák. *v. a.* to strike with something
 blunt and heavy.
 Thwack, thwák. *s.* a hard blow.
 Thwart, thwárt. *a.* transverse.
 Thwart, thwárt. *v. a.* to cross; to oppose.
 Thwartingly, thwárt'-ìng-lè. *ad.* with oppor-
 tion.
 Thy, thí, or thè. *pron.* of *thee*. [to.
 Thyself, thí-sèlf. *pron.* the very person spoken
 Thyme, thím. *s.* a plant.
 Tiara, tí-à'-rà. *s.* a dress for the head, a diadem
 Tick, ùk. *s.* spore, trust; bed-case.
 Tick, ùk. *v. n.* to run on score; to make a noise
 like that of a watch. [bedding
 Ticking, ùk'-kín. *s.* a sort of strong linen
 Ticket, ùk'-t. *s.* a token of right upon the oc-
 casion of which admission is granted.
 Tickle, ùk'-kl. *v. a.* to please by slight gratifi-
 cation.
 Ticklish, ùk'-kl-ìsh. *a.* easily tickled; uncertain
 Ticklishness, ùk'-kl-ìsh-nès. *s.* the state of being
 ticklish.
 Ticktack, ùk'-ták. *s.* a game at tables.
 Tide, tíde. *s.* alternate ebb and flow
 Tidewater, tíde'-wà-úr. *s.* an officer who watch-
 es the landing of goods at the custom-house.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—pine, pîn;—

Tidly, tî'-dè-lè. *ad.* neatly.
Tidness, tî dè-nès. *s.* neatness.
Tidings, tî'-dingz. *s.* news.
Tidy, tî' jè. *a.* neat, ready.
Tie, tî. *v. a.* to bind, to fasten; to hinder.
Tie, tî. *s.* knot; a bow, obligation.
Tier, tèer. *s.* a row, a rank.
Tierce, tèrse. *s.* a vessel holding the third part of a pipe.
Tiff, tîf. *s.* liquor, drink; fit of peevishness, a pet.
Tiff, tîf. *v. n.* to be in a pet, to quarrel.
Tiffany, tîf'-fâ-nè. *s.* very thin silk.
Tiger, tî'-gôr. *s.* a fierce beast.
Tight, tite. *a.* tense; free from fluttering rags.
Tighten, tî'-tn. *v. a.* to straiten.
Tightly, tîe'-lè. *ad.* closely; neatly.
Tightness, tite'-nès. *s.* closeness.
Tigress, tî'-grès. *s.* the female of the tiger.
Tile, tîl. *s.* a thin plate of baked clay.
Tile, tîl. *v. a.* to cover with tiles.
Tiling, tî'-ling. *s.* a roof covered with tiles.
Till, tîll. *s.* a money-box in a desk or counter.
Till, tîll. *conj.* to the time; to the degree that.
Till, tîll. *v. a.* to cultivate.
Tillable, tîl'-là-bl. *a.* arable, fit for the plough.
Tillage, tîl'-lîdje. *s.* husbandry.
Tiller, tîl'-lûr. *s.* husbandman; a small drawer.
Tilt, tîlt. *s.* any covering overhead; the cover of a boat. [turn up.
Tilt, tîlt. *v. a.* to cover; to point as in tilts; to
Tilth, tîlt. *s.* husbandry, culture.
Timber, tîm'-bôr. *s.* wood fit for building.
Timbrel, tîm'-brîl. *s.* a kind of musical instrument.
Time, tîme. *s.* measure of duration; season; continuance; musical measure. [ure.
Time, tîme. *v. a.* to adapt; to regulate; to measure.
Timeful, tîme'-fûl. *a.* seasonable, timely.
Timeless, tîme'-lès. *a.* unascendable.
Timely, tîme'-lè. *a.* seasonable, early.
Timeserver, tîme'-sêrv-ûr. *s.* one who complies with prevailing notions.
Timeserving, tîme'-sêrv-îng. *a.* meanly complying with present power.
Timid, tîm'-îd. *a.* fearful, timorous.
Timidity, tîe'-mîd'-è-tî. *s.* fearfulness, habitual cowardice.
Timorous, tîm'-ûr-ûs. *a.* fearful.

Timorously, tîm'-ûr-ûs-lè. *ad.* fearfully.
Timorousness, tîm'-ûr-ûs-nès. *s.* fearfulness.
Tin, tîn. *s.* one of the primitive metals.
Tin, tîn. *v. a.* to cover with tin.
Tinct, tîngkt. *s.* colour, stain, spot.
Tincture, tîngk'-tshûre. *s.* colour; extract of some drug, an infusion.
Tincture, tîngk'-tshûre. *v. a.* to imbue.
Tinder, tîn'-dûr. *s.* any thing eminent & inflammable.
Tinge, tînje. *v. a.* to impregnate or imbue.
Tingle, tîng'-gl. *v. n.* to feel a sound; to feel a sharp, quick pain.
Tink, tîngk. *v. n.* to make a sharp, shrill noise.
Tinker, tîngk'-ûr. *s.* a mender of old brass.
Tinkle, tîngk'-kl. *v. n.* to make a sharp noise, to clink.
Tinman, tîn'-mân. *s.* a manufacturer of tin.
Tinner, tîn'-nûr. *s.* one who works in the tin mines.
Tinsel, tîn'-sîl. *s.* a kind of shining cloth; any thing shining with false lustre.
Tint, tînt. *s.* a dye, a colour.
Tiny, tî'-nè. *a.* little, small, puny.
Tip, tîp. *s.* top, end, point, extremity.
Tip, tîp. *v. a.* to top, to cover on the end.
Tipplet, tîp'-pîl. *s.* something worn about the neck.
Tipple, tîp'-pl. *v. n.* to drink luxuriously.
Tipple, tîp'-pl. *s.* drink, liquor.
Tippler, tîp'-pl-ûr. *s.* a sottish drunkard.
Tipstaff, tîp'-stâf. *s.* an officer with a staff tipped with metal; the staff itself.
Tipsy, tîp'-sè. *a.* drunk.
Tiptoe, tîp'-tò. *s.* the end of the toe.
Tire, tîre. *s.* a head-dress; furniture.
Tire, tîre. *v. a.* to fatigue, to make weary.
Tire, tîre. *v. n.* to fail with weariness.
Tiresome, tîre'-sûm. *a.* wearisome, fatiguing.
Tissue, tîsh'-û. *s.* cloth interwoven with gold and silver.
Tit, tît. *s.* a small horse; a bird.
Titbit, tît'-bîl. *s.* nice bit, nice food.
Tithe, tîthe. *s.* the tenth part, the part to the maintenance of the ministry.
Tithe, tîthe. *v. a.* to pay the tenth part.
Titheable, tîth'-â-bl. *a.* subject to the of tithes

nò, mòve, nòr nòt;—tùbe, tòb, báll;—òñ;—pòund;—tùn, tñis.

ther, t'-tùr s. one who gathers tithes.
thingman, t'-tùng-mán. s. a petty peace-officer.

titillate, tít'-tìl-làte. v. a. to tickle.

titillation, tít'-tìl-là'-shón. s. the act of tickling.

tile, tìl'-tì. s. an appellation; first page of a book; a claim of right

title, tìl'-tì. v. a. to entitle, to name.

titlepage, tìl'-tì-pàdje. s. the page containing the title of a book.

ttter, tít'-tùr. v. n. to laugh with restraint.

ttter, tít'-tùr. s. a restrained laugh.

tttle, tít'-tì. s. a small partic'le, a point.

tttle-tattle, tít'-tì-tà'-tì. s. idle talk. [title.

ttular, tít'-tshù-làr. a. nominal, having only the

ttulary, tít'-tshù-là-rè. a. relating to a title.

o, tòd. prep. noting motion toward, opposed to from.

oad, tòde. s. an animal resembling a frog.

oadstool, tòdò'-sòdòl. s. a plant like a mushroom.

oast, tòste. v. a. to dry or heat at the fire; to name when a health is drunk.

oast, tòste. s. bread dried before the fire; a celebrated woman whose health is often drunk.

oaster, tòst'-àr. s. he who toasts.

obacco, tò-bák'-kò. s. a plant much used in smoking, chewing, &c.

obaccouist, tò-bák'-kò-níst. s. a preparer and vender of tobacco.

od, tòd. s. a bush; a weight of twenty-eight pounds.

oe, tò. s. the divided extremities of the feet.

ogether, tò-gè'ts'-àr. ad. in company; in concert.

oil, tòil. v. n. to labour.

oil, tòil. s. labour, fatigue.

oilet, tòil'-ét. s. a dressing-table.

oilsome, tòil'-sùm. a. laborious.

oilsomeness, tòil'-sùm-nés. s. wearisomeness, laboriousness.

oken, tò'-kn. s. a sign; mark; evidence.

old, tòld. pret. and part. pass. of tell. mentioned, related.

olerable, tòl'-àr-à-bl. a. supportable; passable.

olerably, tòl'-àr-à-blé. ad. supportably; passably.

olerance, tòl'-àr-à-nse. s. act of enduring.

olerate, tòl'-àr-à-te. v. a. to allow, to suffer

Toleration, tòl'-àr-à'-shón. s. allowance given to that which is not approved.

Toll, tòle. s. an exise of goods.

Toll, tòle. v. n. to pay toll.

Toll, tòle. v. a. to ring a bell.

Tomb, tòòm. s. a monument in which the dead are enclosed.

Tombless, tòòm'-lès. a. wanting a tomb.

Tomboy, tòm'-bòe. s. a wild, coarse girl.

Tome, tòme. s. a volume; a book.

Ton, tún. s. a weight of twenty hundred.

Tone, tòne. s. note, sound; whine.

Tong, tóng. s. the catch of a buckle.

Tongs, tóngz. s. an instrument by which hold is taken of any thing.

Tongue, tóng. s. the instrument of speech in human beings; the organ by which animals lick; speech. [ment of speech

Tonguetied, tóng'-tìde. a. having an impediment

Tonick, tòn'-ik. a. relating to tones or sounds possessing bracing or strengthening qualities.

Tonnage, tòn'-nàtje. s. a custom or impost upon every ton. [hair.

Tonsure, tòn'-shùre. s. the act of clipping the

Too, tòd. ad. over and above, over-much.

Took, tòdòk. pret. of take. [tion; a hireling.

Tool, tòdòl. s. any instrument of manual operation.

Tooth, tòdòh. s. plur. teeth. one of the bones of the mouth; the prominent part of wheels.

Toothach, tòdòh'-àke. s. pain in the teeth.

Toothless, tòdòh'-lès. a. wanting teeth.

Toothpick, tòdòh'-pik. s. an instrument by which the teeth are cleansed.

Toothsome, tòdòh'-sùm. a. palatable.

Top, tòp. s. the highest part of any thing; the surface; a play-thing for boys. [to crow.

Top, tòp. v. a. to rise above the top; to rise above

Topaz, tò'-páz. s. a yellow gem.

Topful, tòp'-fùl. a. full to the top

Topgallant, tòp-gét'-lànt. s. the highest sail.

Topheavy, tòp-hév'-è. a. having the upper part too weighty for the lower.

Topknot, tòp'-nòt. s. a ribbon worn by women on the top of the head.

Topmost, tòp'-mòst. a. uppermost.

Topsail, tòp'-sàle. s. the highest sail. [cees.

Tope, tòpe. v. n. to drink hard to drink to excess.

Toper, tò'-pàr. s. a drunkard

Flie, fli, fli, fli; —mé, mé; —pice, pice; —

- Toucal**, tóu'-kál. *a.* local.
- Topick**, tóu'-ík. *s.* a general head.
- Topography**, tó-póg'-gráf-é. *s.* description of particular places.
- Topping**, tóu'-ping. *a.* fine, noble.
- Topple**, tóu'-pl. *v. n.* to fall forward.
- Topsyturvy**, tóu'-sè-túr-vé. *ad.* with the notion upward. [*cle.* arch, tóu'si. *s.* a wax-light bigger than a candle, tóre. *pref.* of *tear.* [*tease.*]
- Torment**, tór-mént'. *v. a.* to put to pain; to torment, tór-mént. *s.* pain, misery, anguish.
- Tormentor**, tór-mént'-tór. *s.* one who torments.
- Torn**, tór. *part. pass.* of *tear.*
- Tornado**, tór-ná'-dó. *s.* a hurricane.
- Porpedo**, tór-pé'-dó. *s.* a fish which bumps the hand that touches it.
- Porpent**, tór-pént. *a.* benumbed.
- Torpid**, tór-pld. *a.* numbed, motionless.
- Torpid**, tór-pór. *s.* dulness, numbness.
- Torrefaction**, tór-ré-fák'-shún. *s.* the act of drying by the fire.
- Torrefy**, tór-ré-fl. *v. a.* to dry by the fire.
- Torrent**, tór-rént. *s.* a rapid stream.
- Torrid**, tór-ríd. *a.* parched; burning.
- Tortile**, tór-ül. *a.* twisted, wreathed.
- Tortoise**, tór-üz. *s.* an animal covered with a hard shell.
- Tortuosity**, tór-tshó-ús-é-é. *s.* wreath, flexure.
- Tortuous**, tór-tshú-ús. *a.* twisted, wreathed.
- Torture**, tór-tshúre. *s.* pain, anguish.
- Torture**, tór-tshúre. *v. a.* to exerceiate, to torment.
- Tory**, tó-ré. *s.* the name of a party opposed to that of a *whig.*
- Toas**, tós. *v. a.* to throw with the hand; to disquiet; to keep in play.
- Toas**, tós. *s.* the act of tossing; an affected manner of raising the head.
- Toss-pot**, tós-pót. *s.* a toper.
- Total**, tó-tál. *a.* whole, complete. [*quantity.*]
- Totality**, tó-tál-é-té. *s.* complete sum, whole
- Totally**, tó-tál-é. *ad.* wholly, fully. [*a fall.*]
- Totter**, tó-túr. *v. n.* to shake so as to threaten
- Touch**, tóush. *v. a.* to reach so as to be in contact; to affect; to infect; to strike a musical instrument.
- Touch**, tóush. *s.* sense of feeling; act of touch-
- ing; test; act of the hand upon a musical instrument; a stroke.
- Touch-hole**, tóush'-hóle. *s.* the hole through which the fire is conveyed to the powder in gun.
- Touchiness**, tóush'-é-nés. *s.* peevishness.
- Touching**, tóush'-ing. *prep.* with respect or relation to.
- Touching**, tóush'-ing. *a.* pathetic, affecting.
- Touchstone**, tóush'-stóne. *s.* stone by which metals are examined; any test.
- Touchwood**, tóush'-wóod. *s.* rotten wood used to catch the fire struck from a flint.
- Touchy**, tóush'-é. *a.* peevish, irritable.
- Tough**, tóf. *a.* not brittle; stiff.
- Toughen**, tóf-in. *v. g.* to grow tough.
- Toughness**, tóf-nés. *s.* viscosity, tenacity; firmness against injury.
- Tour**, tóór. *s.* ramble, roving journey
- Tournament**, tóór-ná-mént. *s.* tilt, military sport, mock encounter. [*amputation*]
- Tourniquet**, tór-né-kwét. *s.* a bandage used to
- Touse**, tóúze. *v. a.* to pull, to tear.
- Tow**, tó. *s.* flax or hemp dressed.
- Tow**, tó. *v. a.* to draw by a rope.
- Toward**, tó-árd. } *prep.* in a direction to.
- Towards**, tó-árdz. }
- Towardliness**, tó-wárd-lé-nés. *s.* docility, compliance. [*shy*]
- Towardly**, tó-wárd-lé. *a.* docile, compliant with
- Towardness**, tó-wárd-nés. *s.* docility.
- Towel**, tóú-ül. *s.* a cloth on which the hands are wiped.
- Tower**, tóú-úr. *s.* a high building; high flight.
- Tower**, tóú-úr. *v. n.* to soar, to fly or rise high.
- Town**, tóún. *s.* any walled collection of houses
- Townsmán**, tóúnz'-mán. *s.* one of the same town
- Towntalk**, tóún'-táwk. *s.* common prattle of a place. [*thing*]
- Toy**, tóé. *s.* a petty commodity, a trifle; a play-
- Toy**, tóé. *v. n.* to trifle, to dally amorously.
- Toysnop**, tóé-shóp. *s.* a shop where toys are sold. [*hames*]
- Trace**, trásc. *s.* mark left by any thing passing
- Trace**, trásc. *v. a.* to follow by the footstep; to mark out.
- Track**, trásk. *s.* a beaten path.
- Track**, trásk. *v. a.* to follow by the footstep.

mò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, túb, búll; —óll; —pònd; —tín, ténis.

Trackless, trák'-lès. *a.* marked with no foot-steps.

Track, trák'. *s.* a region; course; small book.

Tractable, trák'-tá-bl. *a.* manageable.

Tractate, trák'-táte. *s.* a treatise, a tract.

Tractile, trák'-dli. *a.* capable to be drawn out.

Trade, tráde. *s.* traffick, commerce.

Trade, tráde. *v. n.* to traffick.

Trader, trá'-dòr. *s.* one engaged in merchandise or commerce.

Tradesman, trádz'-mán. *s.* a shop-keeper.

Tradition, trá-dish'-àn. *s.* any thing delivered orally.

Traditional, trá-dish'-àn-ál. } *a.* delivered

Traditionary, trá-dish'-àn-ár-è. } by tradition.

Traduce, trá-dùse'. *v. a.* to censure; to calumniate.

Traducement, trá-dùse'-mènt. *s.* censure, obloquy. [lumniator.

Traducer, trá-dù'-sùr. *s.* a false censurer, a caltack.

Traffick, tráf'-fik. *s.* commerce, trade.

Traffick, tráf'-fik. *v. n.* to practise commerce.

Tragedian, trá-jé'-dè-àn. *s.* a writer or actor of tragedy.

Tragedy, trád'-jé-dè. *s.* a dramattick representation of a serious action; any mournful event.

Tragical, trád'-jé-kál. } *a.* relating to tragedy;

Tragick, trád'-jik. } mournful.

Tragically, trád'-jé-kál-è. *ad.* in a tragical manner.

Tragicomedy, trád'-jé-kóm'-è-dè. *s.* a drama compounded of merry and serious events.

Tragicomical, trád'-jé-kóm'-è-kál. *a.* relating to tragicomedy. [along.

Trakk, tráde. *v. a.* to hunt by the track; to draw

Trakk, tráde. *s.* track followed by the hunter; any thing drawn to length.

Tráin, tráne. *v. a.* to draw along; to educate, to bring up.

Tráin, tráne. *s.* artifice; the tail of a bird; part of a gown that falls behind; a series; a retinue; a procession; a line of powder.

Tráinbands, tráne'-bándz. *s.* militia, the part of a community trained to martial exercise.

Tráinoil, tráne'-òil. *s.* oil drawn by coction from the fat of the whale.

Tráipse, trápes. *v. n.* to walk in a careless or sluttish manner.

Trait, trá. *s.* a stroke, a touch.

Traitor, trá'-tòr. *s.* one who, being trusted, betrays. [ous.

Traitorous, trá'-tòr-ús. *a.* treacherous, perfidi-

Traitress, trá'-très. *s.* a woman who betrays.

Trajectory, trá-jékt'. *v. a.* to cast through, to throw.

Trajection, trá-jékt'-shùn. *s.* the act of darting through.

Tralincate, trá-ínf'-yáte. *v. n.* to deviate from any direction. [for a horse.

Trammel, trám'-mèl. *s.* a kind of net; shackles

Trammel, trám'-mèl. *v. a.* to catch, to intercept.

Trample, trám'-pl. *v. a.* to tread under foot.

Tranation, trá-ná'-shùn. *s.* the act of swimming over.

Trance, tránse. *s.* an ecstasy.

Tranced, tránst. *a.* lying in a trance or ecstasy

Tranquil, tráng'-kwíl. *a.* quiet, peaceful.

Tranquillity, trán-kwíl'-è-tè. *s.* quiet, freedom from perturbation. [gotiate.

Transact, tráns-ákt'. *v. a.* to manage, to ne-

Transaction, tráns-ák'-shùn. *s.* negotiation, dealing between man and man.

Transcend, trán-sènd'. *v. a.* to surpass, to excel

Transcendence, trán-sèn'-dèuse. } *s.* superem-

Transcendency, trán-sèn'-dèn-sè. } inence.

Transcendent, trán-sèn'-dènt. *a.* excellent, passing others. [eminently.

Transcendently, trán-sèn'-dènt-lè. *ad.* super-

Transcribe, trán-skríbe'. *v. a.* to copy.

Transcript, trán'-skrípt. *s.* a copy.

Transcursion, tráns-kùr'-shùn. *s.* passage beyond certain limits.

Transfer, tráns-fer'. *v. a.* to convey, or make over, from one to another.

Transfer, tráns-fer'. *s.* the act of conveying from one person to another.

Transferable, tráns-fer'-á-bl. *a.* capable of being transferred. [of form.

Transfiguration, tráns-fíg-ù-rá'-shùn. *s.* change

Transfigure, tráns-fíg' yùr. *v. a.* to transform

Transfix, tráns-fiks'. *v. a.* to pierce through.

Transform, tráns-fòm'. *v. a.* to metamorphose

Transformation, tráns-fòm'-má'-shùn. *s.* change of form.

Transfuse, tráns-fúze'. *v. a.* to pour out of one into another.

Transgress, tráns-grès'. *v. a.* to violate

Fâte, fâr, f'ân, fât; —mê, mêt; —pîne, pîn;

- Transgression, trâng-grêsh'-ân.** *s.* offence, crime, fault. [*offender.*]
- Transgressor, trâng-grêsh'-sêr.** *s.* law-breaker;
- Transient, trâng-shê'-ânt.** *a.* soon passed.
- Transilience, trâng-shi'-yênse.** } *s.* leap from
Transiliency, trâng-shi'-yên-sê. } thing to thing.
- Transit, trâng-sêt.** *s.* the passing of a planet.
- Transition, trâng-sizh'-ân.** *s.* removal; change.
- Transitive, trâng-tê'-lv.** *a.* having the power of passing. [*short time.*]
- Transitory, trâng-sê'-tôr-ê.** *a.* continuing but a
- Translate, trâng-slât'-ê.** *v. a.* to remove; to interpret in another language.
- Translation, trâng-sh'ê'-shân.** *s.* removal, act of removing; the act of turning into another language, version.
- Translator, trâng-sh'ê'-tôr.** *s.* one that turns any thing into another language.
- Translucent, trâng-lê'-sênt.** } *a.* transparent,
Translucid, trâng-lê'-sêd. } clear.
- Transmarine, trâng-mâ'-rêên'.** *a.* lying or found beyond sea.
- Transmigrate, trâng-mê'-grâte.** *v. n.* to pass from one place or country into another
- Transmigration, trâng-mê'-grâ'-shân.** *s.* passage from one place or state into another.
- Transmission, trâng-mish'-ân.** *s.* the act of transmitting. [*one to another.*]
- Transmissive, trâng-mis'-siv.** *a.* derived from
- Transmutable, trâng-mù'-tâ-bl.** *a.* capable of change. [*into another nature or substance.*]
- Transmutation, trâng-mù'-tâ'-shân.** *s.* change
- Transmute, trâng-mùtê'.** *v. n.* to change from one nature or substance to another.
- Transparency, trâng-pâ'-rên-sê.** *s.* clearness, power of transmitting light.
- Transparent, trâng-pâ'-rênt.** *a.* percious to the sight, clear.
- Transpierce, trâng-pêrse'.** *v. a.* to penetrate.
- Transpiration, trâng-spê'-rà'-shân.** *s.* emission in vapour.
- Transpire, trâng-spîrê'.** *v. n.* to be emitted by vapour; to escape from secrecy to notice.
- Transplace, trâng-plâse'.** *v. a.* to remove, to put into a new place.
- Transplant, trâng-plânt'.** *v. a.* to remove and plant in a new place.
- Transport, trâng-pôrt'.** *v. a.* to carry into ban-
- ishment; to hurry by violence of passion; to put into ecstasy.**
- Transport, trâng-pôrt.** *s.* a vessel of carriage; rapture, ecstasy. [*carriage.*]
- Transportance, trâng-pôrt-tânse.** *s.* conveyance
- Transportation, trâng-pôrt-tâ'-shân.** *s.* removal banishment.
- Transposal, trâng-pô'-zâl.** *s.* the act of putting things in each other's place.
- Transpose, trâng-pôze'.** *v. a.* to put each in the place of other.
- Transposition, trâng-pô-zisê'-ân.** *s.* the act of putting one thing in the place of another.
- Transubstantiate, trâng-sûb-stân'-shê-âte.** *v. a.* to change to another substance.
- Transubstantiation, trâng-sûb-stân-shê-â'-shân.** *s.* change of substance. [*vapour.*]
- Transude, trâng-sûde'.** *v. n.* to pass through in
- Transumption, trâng-sûm'-shân.** *s.* the act of taking from one place to another.
- Transversal, trâng-vêr'-sâl.** *a.* running cross wise. [*line.*]
- Transverse, trâng-vêrse'.** *a.* in a cross direc
- Transversely, trâng-vêrs'-lê.** *ad.* in a cross direction. [*vapour.*]
- Trap, tráp.** *s.* a snare; an ambush, a strat
- Trap, tráp.** *v. a.* to insnare, to catch. [*vapour.*]
- Trapdoor, tráp-dôre'.** *s.* a door opening and shutting unexpectedly.
- Trapezium, trâ-pê'-zhê-ûm.** *s.* a quadrilateral figure, whose four sides are not equal, and none of its sides parallel.
- Trapezoid, trâ-pê'-zôid.** *s.* a figure whose four sides are not parallel. [*fishments.*]
- Trappings, tráp-plâz.** *s.* ornaments, embell
- Trash, trâsh.** *s.* any thing worthless, dross, dregs.
- Travail, tráv'-lê.** *v. n.* to labour.
- Travail, tráv'-lê.** *s.* labour, toil.
- Travel, tráv'-lê.** *v. n.* to make journeys, to pass, to go.
- Travel, tráv'-lê.** *s.* journey.
- Traveller, tráv'-lê-êr.** *s.* one who goes a journey
- Traverse, trâ-vêrse'.** *ad.* crosswise, athwart.
- Traverse, trâ-vêrse'.** *prep.* through, crosswise.
- Traverse, trâ-vêrse.** *a.* lying across.
- Traverse, tráv'-êrse.** *v. a.* to cross, to thwart with obstacles; to wander over; to examine thoroughly.

nh, mōve, nōr, nōt; —tōbe, tōb, bōh; —ōn; —pōund; —thin, tris.

ravesty, trāv' -ā-tē. *a.* dressed so as to be made ridiculous.

[is carried.

ray, trā. *s.* a shallow trough in which meat reacherous, trēsh' -ēr-ōs. *a.* faithless, perfidious.

reacherously, trēsh' -ēr-ōs-lē. *ad.* faithlessly.

reachery, trēsh' -ēr-ē. *s.* perfidy, breach of faith.

reacle, trē'-kl. *s.* molasses, the spume of sugar.

read, trēd. *v. n.* pret. *trod*; part. pass. *trodden*. to set the foot; to trample; to couple.

read, trēd. *s.* step with the foot.

readle, trēd'-dl. *s.* part of an engine on which the feet act.

reason, trē'-za. *s.* an offence against the person of majesty, or the dignity of the commonwealth.

[treason.

reasonable, trē'-zn-ā-bl. *a.* of the nature of

reasure, trēzh' -ūra. *a.* wealth hoarded.

reasure, trēzh' -dre. *v. n.* to hoard. to lay up.

reasurer, trēzh' -ū-rūr. *s.* one who has the care of money.

[coy is kept.

reasury, trēzh' -ū-rē. *s.* a place in which mon-

reat, trēte. *v. o.* to negotiate; to discourse on; to manage; to entertain.

reat, trēte. *s.* an entertainment given.

reatise, trē'-tē. *s.* discourse, written tractate.

reatment, trēte'-mēt. *s.* usage.

reaty, trē'-tē. *s.* negotiation.

reble, trēb' -bl. *a.* threefold; sharp of sound.

reble, trēb' -bl. *v. o.* to multiply by three.

reble, trēb' -bl. *s.* a sharp sound; the upper part in music.

[quantity.

reby, trēb' -biē. *ad.* in threefold number or

ree, trēē. *s.* a large vegetable rising with one woody stem to a considerable height; any thing branched out.

[or osier.

rellis, trēl'-lls. *s.* a lattice-work of iron, wood,

remble, trēm'-b. *v. n.* to shake as with fear or cold.

remendous, trē-mēn' -dīs. *a.* dreadful.

remour, trē-mōr. *s.* quivering or vibratory motion.

remulous, trēm' -ō-līs. *a.* trembling, fearful.

rench, trēsh. *v. o.* to cut into pits or ditches.

rench, trēsh. *s.* a pit or ditch; earth thrown up.

renchant, trēs'-shās. *a.* cutting, sharp.

Trencher, trēn'-shūr. *s.* a wooden platter.

Trencherman, trēn'-shūr-mān. *s.* a feeder, an eater.

Trendle, trēn'-dl. *s.* any thing turned round.

Trepan, trē-pān'. *s.* a surgeon's instrument.

Trepan, trē-pān'. *v. o.* to perforate with the trepan; to insnare.

Trepidation, trēp-ē-ān'-shūn. *s.* the state of trembling; state of terror.

Trepass, trēs' -pās. *v. n.* to transgress; to enter unlawfully.

Trepass, trēs' -pās. *s.* transgression.

Tresses, trēs'-sēz. *s.* curls of hair.

Trestle, trēs'-al. *s.* a moveable form by which any thing is supported.

Tret, trēt. *s.* an allowance in weight for waste.

Trey, trā. *s.* a three at cards.

Triable, trī'-ā-bl. *a.* capable of trial.

Trial, trī'-ād. *s.* three united.

Trial, trī'-āl. *s.* test, examination.

Triangle, trī'-āng-gl. *s.* a figure of three angles.

Triangular, trī'-āng'-gō-lār. *a.* having three angles.

Tribe, trībe. *s.* a distinct body of people.

Tribulation, trīb-ō-lā'-shūn. *s.* vexation, disturbance of life.

Tribunal, trī-bū'-nāl. *s.* the seat of a judge.

Tributary, trīb' -ō-tā-rē. *a.* paying tribute.

Tributary, trīb' -ō-tā-rē. *s.* one who pays tribute.

Tribute, trīb' -ūtē. *s.* payment made in acknowledgement of subjection.

Trice, trīse. *s.* a short time, an instant.

Trick, trīk. *s.* a sly fraud; a dexterous artifice.

Trick, trīk. *v. o.* to cheat, to defraud; to decorate.

Tricking, trīk'-īng. *s.* dress, ornament.

Trickle, trīk'-kl. *v. n.* to fall in drops.

Trident, trī'-dēt. *s.* the three-forked sceptre of Neptune.

Triennial, trī-ēn'-yāl. *a.* lasting three years.

Trifallow, trī'-fāl-lō. *v. o.* to plough land the third time before sowing.

Trifle, trī'-fl. *v. n.* to act or talk with levity.

Trifle, trī'-fl. *s.* a thing of no moment.

[levity

Trifler, trī'-fl-ēr. *s.* one who acts or talks with

trifling, trī'-fl-īng. *a.* unimportant.

Triform, trī'-fōrm. *a.* having a triple shape.

Trigger, trīg'-gēr. *s.* a catch of a wheel or gun

Tri, trī, trī, trī, —nd, mlt, —plm, pl, —

- Triangular**, trī-ō-ŋ-gŭ-l. *a.* triangular; having three corners. [measuring triangles.]
- Trigonometry**, trī-ō-nōm-ē-trē. *s.* the art of measuring triangles.
- Triangular**, trī-lāt-ēr-ō-l. *s.* having three sides.
- Trill**, trīl. *s.* a quaver, tremulousness of musick.
- Trill**, trīl. *v. a.* to utter quavering. [lions.]
- Trillion**, trī-yūn. *s.* a million of millions of millions.
- Trim**, trīm. *a.* nice, dressed up. [neat.]
- Trim**, trīm. *v. a.* to dress; to shave; to make neat.
- Trimeter**, trīm-ē-tēr. *a.* consisting of three measures.
- Trimly**, trīm-lē. *ad.* nicely, neatly.
- Trimmer**, trīm-mēr. *s.* one who changes sides to balance parties, a turncoat.
- Trimming**, trīm-mīng. *s.* ornamental appendages to a coat or gown.
- Trine**, trīne. *s.* an aspect of planets placed in three angles of a trigon.
- Trinitarian**, trī-ē-tā-rē-ān. *s.* one who believes the doctrine of the Trinity.
- Trinity**, trī-ē-tē. *s.* the union of the three persons in the Godhead.
- Trinket**, trīngk'-kēt. *s.* toy, ornament of dress.
- Trip**, trīp. *v. n.* to fall by losing the hold of the feet; to err; to stumble.
- Trip**, trīp. *s.* a stumble; a mistake; a short voyage or journey. [parts.]
- Tripartite**, trīp-pār-tīte. *a.* divided into three
- Tripe**, trīpe. *s.* the intestines.
- Tripedal**, trīp-ē-dāl. *a.* having three feet.
- Triphthong**, trīp-thōng. *s.* a coalition of three vowels.
- Triple**, trīp-pl. *a.* threefold, treble.
- Triplet**, trīp-līt. *s.* three of a kind.
- Triplcity**, trī-plī-ē-tē. *s.* trebleness.
- Tripod**, trī-pōd. *s.* a seat with three feet.
- Tripping**, trīp-pīng. *a.* quick, nimble. [cases.]
- Tripiote**, trīp-iōte. *s.* a noun used but in three
- Trisection**, trī-sēk'-shūn. *s.* division into three equal parts.
- Trisyllable**, trī-sīl-lā-bl. *s.* a word consisting of three syllables.
- Trite**, trīte. *a.* worn out, stale.
- Triteness**, trīte-nēs. *s.* staleness, commonness.
- Triumph**, trī-ōmf. *s.* pomp with which a victory is publicly celebrated; victory; joy for success. [with pomp.]
- Triumph**, trī-ōmf. *v. n.* to celebrate a victory
- Triumphal**, trī-ōmf-ōl. *a.* used in celebrating victory. [story.]
- Triumphant**, trī-ōmf-ōnt. *a.* celebrating a vic-
- Triumphantly**, trī-ōmf-ōnt-ly. *ad.* in a tri-
phant manner.
- Triumvirate**, trī-ōm'-vēr-ātē. } *a.* a coalition of
Triumviri, trī-ōm'-vēr-ē. } three men.
- Triune**, trī-ōne'. *a.* at once three and one.
- Trivet**, trīv'-ēt. *s.* any thing supported by three feet [important]
- Trivial**, trīv'-yāl. *a.* vile, worthless; trifling, un-
- Trivially**, trīv'-yāl-ē. *ad.* commonly; lightly.
- Trivialness**, trīv'-yāl-nēs. *s.* commonness; light-
ness.
- Trochee**, trō-kē. *s.* a foot in Latin poetry, con-
sisting of a long and short syllable.
- Trod**, trōd.
- Trodden**, trōd'-den. } *part. pass. of tread.*
- Troglodyte**, trōg'-lō-dīte. *a.* one who inhabits
caves.
- Troll**, trōll. *v. n.* to run round; to fish with a rod
which has a pulley towards the bottom.
- Trollop**, trōl-lōp. *s.* a slattern.
- Troop**, trōp. *s.* a company; a body of soldiers
- Troop**, trōp. *v. n.* to march in a body.
- Trooper**, trōp-ēr. *s.* a horse soldier.
- Trope**, trōpe. *s.* a change of a word from its
original signification.
- Tropical**, trōp-ē-dāl. *a.* adorned with tropes.
- Trophy**, trōf-ē. *s.* something taken from an
enemy.
- Tropical**, trōp-ē-dāl. *a.* rhetorically changed
from the original meaning; belonging to the
tropick. [turns face.]
- Tropick**, trōp-ēk. *s.* the line at which the sun
- Trot**, trōt. *v. n.* to move with a high, jolting pace
- Trot**, trōt. *s.* the jolting, high pace of a horse.
- Troth**, trōth. *s.* truth, faith, fidelity.
- Trouble**, trōb'-bl. *v. a.* to disturb, to perplex; to
distress; to sue for a debt. [cases.]
- Trouble**, trōb'-bl. *s.* disturbances, afflictions; vex-
- Troublesome**, trōb'-bl-ōm. *a.* vexatious, annoy-
ing; afflictive; burdensome; tedious.
- Troublous**, trōb'-bl-ōs. *a.* tumultuous, confused,
disordered.
- Trough**, trōf. *s.* any thing hollowed.
- Trounce**, trōns. *v. n.* to trounce

no, móve, nór, nít, y—táhe, tít, bóh, ——páah—thin, TRIS.

Trousers, tróo'-súr. *s.* breeches.
 Trout, tróot. *s.* a delicate fish.
 Trow, tró. *v.* *n.* to think, to imagine.
 Truvel, tróv'-fl. *s.* a tool to take up mortar, and spread it on bricks.
 Troy-weight, tróv'-wáite. *s.* a kind of weight by which gold and bread are weighed.
 Truant, tróv'-ánt. *s.* an idler. [ness.
 Truuant, tróv'-ánt. *a.* idle, wandering from business.
 Truce, tróvse. *s.* a temporary peace, a cessation of hostilities. [ing.
 Trucidation, tróv-sé-dá-shún. *s.* the act of kill-
 Truck, trók. *v.* *n.* to traffic by exchange.
 Truck, trók. *s.* exchange; wooden wheels for carriage. [jection.
 Truckle, trók'-kl. *v.* *n.* to be in a state of sub-
 Truculent, tróv-kó-lépt. *s.* savage, barbarous.
 Trudge, tróvje. *v.* *n.* to jog on, to march heavily on.
 True, tróo. *a.* not false; veracious; genuine; faithful; honest; exact.
 Trueborn, tróo'-bórn. *a.* having a right by birth.
 Truebred, tróo'-bréd. *a.* of a right breed.
 Truehearted, tróo'-hárt'-éd. *a.* honest, faithful.
 Trueness, tróo'-néss. *s.* sincerity, faithfulness.
 Truffle, tróv'-fl. *s.* a kind of subterraneous mushroom.
 Truisin, tróv'-izm. *s.* an identical proposition.
 Trull, tróh. *s.* a vagrant strumpet.
 Truly, tróv'-lé. *ad.* really; exactly; indeed.
 Trump, trómp. *s.* a trumpet; a winning card.
 Trump, trómp. *v.* *a.* to win with a trump card.
 Trumpery, trómp'-ér-é. *s.* something fallacious-ly splendid, empty talk; trifles.
 Trumpet, trómp'-ét. *s.* an instrument of martial music.
 Trumpet, trómp'-ét. *v.* *a.* to publish by sound of trumpet, to proclaim. [trumpet.
 Trumpeter, trómp'-ét-ér. *s.* one who sounds a
 Truncate, tróng'-káin. *v.* *a.* to maim.
 Truncation, trún-ká-shún. *s.* the act of lopping or maiming. [command.
 Truncheon, trún-shún. *s.* a cudgel; a staff of
 Trundle, trún-dil. *v.* *n.* to roll.
 Trunk, tróngk. *s.* the body of any thing; a chest for clothes; the proboscis of an elephant or other animal.
 Trusion, tróv-shún. *s.* the act of thrusting.

Truss, trús. *s.* a bandage for ruptures; bundle of hay or straw.
 Truss, trús. *v.* *a.* to pack close together.
 Trust, trúst. *s.* confidence, reliance; credit; deposit.
 Trust, trúst. *v.* *a.* to place confidence in; to believe; to sell upon credit. [thing.
 Trustee, trús-téé. *s.* one intrusted with any
 Trusty, trúst'-é. *a.* honest, faithful, true.
 Truth, tróv'th. *s.* purity from falsehood; fidelity; reality.
 Try, trí. *v.* *a.* to examine; to essay.
 Tub, tób. *s.* a large open vessel of wood.
 Tube, túbé. *s.* a pipe, a siphon.
 Tubercle, tú'-bér-kl. *s.* a small swelling.
 Tuberosus, tú'-bér-ús. *a.* having prominent knots.
 Tubular, tú'-bú-lár. } *a.* fistular; longi-
 Tubulated, tú'-bú-lá-téd. } tudinally hollow.
 Tuck, tók. *s.* a long, narrow sword.
 Tuck, tók. *v.* *a.* to crush together, to hinder from spreading.
 Tucker, tók'-ér. *s.* a small piece of linen that shades the breasts of women.
 Tuesday, túz'-dé. *s.* the third day of the week
 Tuft, túft. *s.* a cluster, a clump.
 Tufted, túft-éd. *a.* growing in tufts or clusters.
 Tufty, túft-te. *a.* adorned with tufts.
 Tug, túg. *v.* *a.* to pull, to pluck. [effort
 Tug, túg. *s.* a pull performed with the utmost
 Tuition, tú-sh'-ún. *s.* guardianship.
 Tulip, tú-líp. *s.* a flower.
 Tumble, túm'-bl. *v.* *n.* to fall; to fall about.
 Tumble, túm'-bl. *s.* a fall.
 Tumbler, túm'-bl-ér. *s.* one who shows postures or feats of activity.
 Tumbrel, túm'-bril. *s.* a dung cart.
 Tumefaction, tú-mé-fák'-shún. *s.* a swelling
 Tumefy, tú'-mé-fí. *v.* *a.* to swell.
 Tumid, tú'-míd. *a.* swelling, puffed up.
 Tumour, tú'-múr. *s.* a morbid swelling.
 Tumulose, tú-mú-lóse. *a.* full of trials.
 Tumult, tú'-múlt. *s.* a stir; a wild commotion.
 Tumultuary, tú-mé-túid-é-é. *a.* disorderly confused. [less.
 Tumultuous, tú-mú-túid-ús. *a.* turbulent; dis-
 Tumultuously, tú-mú-túid-ús-lé. *ad.* with con-
 fusion and violence.
 Tun, tún. *s.* a large cask; two pipes.

Fâte, fâr, fâl, fât ;—mê, mêt ;—pine, pin ;—

- Tun, tûn. v. a.** to put into casks, to barrel.
Tunable, tû-nâ-bl. a. harmonious.
Tunably, tû-nâ-blê. ad. harmoniously.
Time, tûne. s. a diversity of notes put together ; harmony, concert of parts ; right disposition.
Tune, tûne. v. a. to put into such a state as that the proper sound may be produced.
Tuneful, tûne'-fûl. a. musical.
Tunicle, tû-nê-kl. s. cover, integument.
Tunnage, tûn'-nûje. s. content of a vessel measured by the tun ; a tax.
Tunnel, tûn'-nûl. s. the shaft of a chimney ; a funnel.
Tup, tûp. s. a ram.
Tup, tûp. r. a. to butt like a ram.
Turban, tûr-bân. s. the head-dress worn by the Turks.
Turbary, tûr-bâ-râ. s. right of digging turf.
Turbid, tûr-bîd. a. thick, muddy.
Turbith, tûr-bîth. s. yellow precipitate.
Turbot, tûr-bût. s. a delicate fish.
Turbulence, tûr-bû-lênce. s. tumult, confusion.
Turbulent, tûr-bû-lênt. a. tumultuous, violent.
Turcism, tûr-sîzm. s. the religion of the Turks.
Turf, tûrf. s. a clod covered with grass.
Turf, tûrf-ê. a. full of turfs.
Turgid, tûr-ji-d. a. swelling ; pompous.
Turkey, tûr-kê. s. a large domestick fowl.
Turmeric, tûr-mêr-ik. s. an Indian root which makes a yellow dye.
Turmoil, tûr-môil. s. trouble, disturbance.
Turmoil, tûr-môil'. v. a. to harass with commotion ; to weary.
Turn, tûrn. v. a. to put into a circular or vertiginous motion ; to change with respect to position ; to transform ; to translate ; to convert ; to make giddy ; to double in ; to blunt ; to repeal ; to retort.
Turn, tûrn. s. the act of turning ; meaning ; change.
Turncoat, tûrn-kôte. s. a renegade.
Turner, tûrn-ûr. s. one whose trade is to turn.
Turnkey, tûrn-kêe. s. one who opens and locks the doors of a prison.
Turning, tûrn-ing. s. flexure, meander.
Turnip, tûrn-îp. s. a white esculent root.
Turnpike, tûrn-pike. s. a toll-gate on a road.
Turnstile, tûrn-stîle. s. a cross-bar turned on a pin to let foot passengers through, and prevent horses. [by the pine, &c.]
Turpentine, tûr-tên-dne. s. the gum exuded
Turpitude, tûr-pê-tûde. s. inherent vile-ness, badness.
Turret, tûr-rêt. s. a little tower.
Turtle, tûr-tl. s. a species of dove ; the sea tortoise. [of architecture]
Tuscan, tûs-kân. a. denoting the rudest order
Tush, tûsh. interj. an expression of contempt
Tusk, tûsk. s. a fang.
Tutelage, tû-tê-lêje. s. guardianship.
**Tutelar, tû-tê-lâr. } a. defensive, guardian.
 Tutelary, tû-tê-lâr-ê. }**
Tutor, tû-tûr. s. one who has the care of another's learning and morals.
Tutor, tû-tûr. v. a. to instruct.
Tutorage, tû-tûr-êje. s. the authority of a tutor.
Tutress, tû-tûr-ês. s. directress, governess.
Tutty, tû-tê. s. a sublimate of zinc or calamine collected in the furnace.
Twain, twâne. a. two.
Twang, twâng. v. n. to sound with a quick sharp noise.
Twang, twâng. s. a sharp, quick sound.
Twattle, twôt-tl. v. n. to prate, to chatter.
Tweak, tweke. v. a. to pinch, to squeeze the twist the fingers.
Tweddle, twêê-dl. v. a. to handle lightly.
Tweezers, tweê-zûrs. s. nippers.
Twelfth, twêlth. a. second after the tenth.
Twelfthtide, twêlth'-tîde. s. the twelfth after Christmas.
Twelve, twêlv. a. two and ten.
Twelvemonth, twêlv'-môn'th. s. a year.
Twentieth, twên-tê-êth. a. twice tenth.
Twenty, twên-tê. a. twice ten.
Twice, twise. ad. two times ; doubly.
Twiddle, twi'-dl. v. a. to touch lightly.
Twig, twig. s. a small shoot of a branch.
Twilight, twi'-lîte. s. the dubious light between sunrise and after sunset.
Twilight, twi'-lîte. a. obscure ; seen by twilight.
Twin, twîn. s. one of two children born at a birth.
Twinhorn, twîn-bôrn. a. born at the
Twine, twîne. v. a. to twist.
Twipe, twipe. s. a twisted thread.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tòbe, tób, bòl;—òl;—pòmd;—òin, tuis.

Twinge, twinge. *v. a.* to torment with sudden and short pain; to pinch.

Twinge, twinge. *s.* a sudden sharp pain; a tweak; a pinch.

Twinkle, twinkle. *v. n.* to sparkle; to open and shut the eye by turns.

Twinkling, twinkle. *s.* a sparkling, intermitting light, a motion of the eye.

Twirling, twin. *s.* a twin lamb.

Twirl, twirl. *v. a.* to turn round.

Twirl, twirl. *s.* rotation, circular motion.

Twist, twist. *v. a.* to form by complication; to wreath. [tjou; a cord; writhe.

Twist, twist. *s.* any thing made by convolu-

Twit, twit. *v. a.* to sneer, to reproach.

Twit, twit. *v. a.* to snatch.

Twit, twit. *s.* a quick pull.

Twitter, twitter. *v. n.* to make a sharp, tremulous, intermitted noise. [of passion.

Twitter, twitter. *s.* any motion or disorder

Two, tó. *a.* one and one. [side.

Twoedged, tó. *adj.* a. having an edge on each

Two-fold, tó. *adj.* a. double.

Twopence, tó. *s.* a small coin.

Tymbal, tó. *s.* a kind of kettle-drum.

Tympanum, tó. *s.* the drum of the ear.

Tympany, tó. *s.* a kind of obstructed flatulence that swells the body like a drum.

Type, tpe. *s.* emblem; a printing letter.

Typical, tpe. *adj.* a. emblematical.

Typically, tpe. *adv.* in a typical manner.

Typify, tpe. *v. a.* to figure, to show in emblem.

Typographer, tpe. *s.* a printer.

Typographical, tpe. *adj.* a. belonging to the printer's art.

Typography, tpe. *s.* art of printing.

Tyranness, tpe. *s.* a shie tyrant.

Tyrannical, tpe. *adj.* a. like a tyrant,

Tyrannick, tpe. *adj.* despotic.

Tyrannically, tpe. *adv.* in manner of a tyrant.

Tyrannise, tpe. *v. n.* to play the tyrant.

Tyrannous, tpe. *adj.* a. tyrannical, arbitrary.

Tyranny, tpe. *s.* unresisted and cruel power; severity, rigour, inclemency;

Tyrant, tpe. *s.* an absolute monarch gov-

erning imperiously; a cruel, despotick, and severe master.

Tyro, tpe. *s.* one in his rudiments.

U.

UBERTY, yò. *s.* abundance.

Ubiquitary, yò. *adj.* a. existing every where.

Ubiquity, yò. *s.* omnipresence.

Udder, ù. *s.* the dugs of a cow.

Ugliness, ù. *s.* deformity.

Ugly, ù. *adj.* a. deformed, offensive.

Ulcer, ù. *s.* a sore of continuance.

Ulcerate, ù. *v. a.* to disease with sores

Ulceration, ù. *s.* the act of breaking into ulcers.

Ulcerous, ù. *adj.* a. afflicted with sores.

Uliginous, ù. *adj.* a. slimy, muddy. [sort.

Ultimate, ù. *adj.* a. intended in the last re-

Ultimately, ù. *adv.* in the last consequence.

Ultramarine, ù. *s.* blue colour.

Ultramontane, ù. *adj.* a. being beyond the mountains. [the world

Ultramundane, ù. *adj.* a. beyond

Umber, ù. *s.* a colour, a fish. [navel.

Umbilical, ù. *adj.* a. belonging to the

Umbles, ù. *s.* a deer's entrails.

Umbrage, ù. *s.* shade; offence.

Umbrageous, ù. *adj.* a. shady.

Umbrella, ù. *s.* a screen to keep off the sun or rain.

Umpire, ù. *s.* an arbitrator.

Unabashed, ù. *adj.* a. not ashamed.

Unable, ù. *adj.* a. weak, impotent.

Unabolished, ù. *adj.* a. not repealed.

Unacceptable, ù. *adj.* a. not pleasing

Unaccompanied, ù. *adj.* a. not attended. [finished

Unaccomplished, ù. *adj.* a. un-

Unaccountable, ù. *adj.* a. not to be solved by reason. [ly.

Unaccountably, ù. *adv.* a. strange

Unaccustomed, ù. *adj.* a. not habituated; new.

Unacquainted, ù. *adj.* a. not known,

Fūs, fār, fāl, fāt;—mē, mēt;—pīn, pīn;—

Unadvised, ūn-ā-dīz-īd'. a. imprudent, indis-
creet.

Unadulterated, ūn-ā-dūl'-tēr-ā-tēd'. a. genuine.

Unaffected, ūn-āf'-fēk'-tēd'. a. real; open, candid.

Unaided, ūn-ā-dēd'. a. not assisted. [11e.]

Unalienable, ūn-ālo'-yēn-ā-bl'. a. not transfera-
ble. [11e.]Unaltered, ūn-āl'-tēr-ā-bl'. a. incapable of
Unanimous, yū-nān'-ī-mūs. a. being of one
mind.Unanointed, ūn-ā-nōi'-tēd'. a. not anointed;
not prepared for death by extreme unctionUnanswerable, ūn-ān'-sūr-ā-bl'. a. not to be
refuted.

Unappalled, ūn-āp'-pāld'. a. not daunted.

Unappeasable, ūn-āp'-pē'-zā-bl'. a. not to be
pacified.

Unapt, ūn-āpt'. a. dull; unfit.

Unarmed, ūn-ārm'd'. a. having no armour.

Unasked, ūn-āsk't'. a. not sought by solicitation.

Unaspiring, ūn-ās-p'-rīng. a. not ambitious.

Unassisted, ūn-ās-sī'-tēd'. a. not helped. [ed.]

Unattainable, ūn-āt-tā'-nā-bl'. a. not to be gain-
ed. Unattempted, ūn-āt-tēpt'-ēd'. a. untried, not
essayed. [11e.]Unattended, ūn-āt-tēn'-dēd'. a. having no reti-
Unauthorized, ūn-āw'-tīz-īz-d'. a. not support-
ed by authority.Unavailable, ūn-ā-vā'-lā-bl'. a. useless, vain with
respect to any purpose.

Unavailing, ūn-ā-vā'-līng. a. useless, vain.

Unavoidable, ūn-āvōid'-lā-bl'. a. inevitable.

Unaware, ūn-ā-wāre'. } ad. without previous

Unawares, ūn-ā-wārz'. } meditation; unex-
pectedly.Unawed, ūn-āwd'. a. unrestrained by fear or
reverence.

Unbar, ūn-bār'. v. a. to unbolt.

Unbecoming, ūn-bē-kūm'-īng. a. indecent.

Unbefitting, ūn-bē-fīt'-īng. a. not suitable.

Unbegotten, ūn-bē-gōt'-tū. a. eternal without
generation.

Unbelief, ūn-bē-lēf'. s. incredulity; infidelity.

Unbeliever, ūn-bē-lēv'-ēr. s. an infidel.

Unbending, ūn-bēn'-dīng. a. not suffering flex-
ure. [to a benefice.]

Unblessed, ūn-bēn'-nōst'. a. not preferred

Unbent, ūn-bēn't'. a. not subdued

Unbeseeching, ūn-bē-sēch'-īng. a. unbeseeching

Unbeshawed, ūn-bē-shāw'd'. a. not innointed.

Unbidden, ūn-bīd'-dū. a. uninvited.

Unbind, ūn-bīnd'. v. a. to loose, to untie.

Unblamable, ūn-blā'-mā-bl'. a. not culpable

Unblemished, ūn-blēm'-īd'. a. free from tur-
pitude, free from reproach.

Unblest, ūn-blēs't'. a. wretched.

Unblown, ūn-blōw'. a. having the head yet un-
expanded.

Unbodied, ūn-bōd'-īd'. a. incorporeal.

Unbolt, ūn-bōlt'. v. a. to unbar

Unborn, ūn-bōrn'. a. not yet brought into life.

Unbosom, ūn-bōs'-ūm. v. a. to reveal in confi-
dence; to open.

Unbought, ūn-bāwt'. a. obtained without money

Unbound, ūn-bōūd'. a. loose.

Unbounded, ūn-bōūd'-ēd'. a. unlimited.

Unbrace, ūn-brās'. v. a. to loose, to relax.

Unbred, ūn-brēd'. a. not instructed in civility

Unbridled, ūn-brīd'-īd'. a. licentious.

Unbroke, ūn-brōk'. } a. not subdued; no

Unbroken, ūn-brōk'-n. } tuned. [11e.]

Unbuckle, ūn-būk'-kl'. v. a. to loose from bus

Unbuilt, ūn-bīlt'. a. not yet erected.

Unburied, ūn-bēr'-īd'. a. not interred.

Unburnt, ūn-bōrn't'. a. not consumed by fire.

Unburthen, ūn-bār'-rēn. v. a. to rid of a load

Unbutton, ūn-bāt'-tū. v. a. to loose any thing
buttoned.

Uncalled, ūn-kāwd'. a. not summoned.

Uncease, ūn-kāsē'. v. a. to disengage from an
covering; to flay.

Uncaught, ūn-kāwt'. a. not yet caught.

Uncertain, ūn-sēr'-ūn. a. doubtful

Uncertainty, ūn-sēr'-ūn-tē. s. doubtfulness.

Unchain, ūn-tshān'. v. a. to free from chains.

Unchangeable, ūn-tshān'-jā-bl'. a. immutable.

Unchangeably, ūn-tshān'-jā-blē. ad. immutab-
ly. [11e.]

Unchanging, ūn-tshān'-īng. a. unvarying

Uncharitable, ūn-tshān'-ē-tā-bl'. a. contrary to
charity. [11e.]

Uncharitableness, ūn-tshān'-ē-tā-bl-ness.

Unchaste, ūn-tshāstē'. a. lewd, immodest.

Unchristian, ūn-kris-tshān'. a. contrary to the
laws of Christianity.

mò, mòvo, nòr, nòt; —tòhe, tòb, hòl; —òh; —pòònd; —thin, THIS.

Uncircumcised, ùn-s'v'-k'um-s'zd. *a.* not circumcised.

Uncircumcision, ùn-s'v'-k'um-s'zh'-ùn. *s.* omission of circumcision. [limited]

Uncircumscribed, ùn-s'v'-k'um-s'k'ribd. *a.* un-

Uncivil, ùn-s'v'-l. *a.* unpolite.

Uncivilized, ùn-s'v'-l'-z'd. *a.* barbarous; coarse, indecent.

Unclassified, ùn-k'l'ar'-è'-f'id. *a.* not purified.

Unclasp, ùn-k'l'asp'. *v. a.* to open what is shut with clasps.

Uncle, ùng'-kl. *s.* the father's or mother's brother.

Unclean, ùn-k'l'èn'. *a.* foul, dirty.

Uncleanliness, ùn-k'l'èn'-l'è-n'èa. *s.* want of cleanliness.

Uncleanly, ùn-k'l'èn'-l'è. *a.* foul, filthy.

Uncleanness, ùn-k'l'èn'-n'èa. *s.* lewdness, incontinence. [hand]

Unclench, ùn-k'l'ènsh'. *v. a.* to open the closed

Unclod, ùn-k'l'óg'. *v. a.* to disencumber.

Unclode, ùn-k'l'òze'. *v. a.* to open.

Unclutch, ùn-k'l'ùtsh'. *v. a.* to open.

Uncoil, ùn-k'òl'. *v. a.* to open from being coiled.

Uncoined, ùn-k'òind'. *a.* not coined.

Uncollected, ùn-k'òl'èk'-t'èd. *a.* not collected.

Uncombed, ùn-k'òmd'. *a.* not parted or adjusted by the comb.

Uncomely, ùn-k'um'-l'è. *a.* wanting grace.

Uncomfortable, ùn-k'um'-f'ar-t'ù-bl. *a.* gloomy, miserable.

Uncomfortableness, ùn-k'um'-f'ar-t'ù-bl-n'èa. *s.* want of cheerfulness. [out cheerfulness]

Uncomfortably, ùn-k'um'-f'ar-t'ù-bl. *ad.* with-

Uncommon, ùn-k'um'-m'ùn. *a.* not frequent.

Uncommonness, ùn-k'um'-m'ùn-n'èa. *s.* infrequency. [not communicated]

Uncommunicated, ùn-k'um'-m'ù-n'è-k'è-t'èd. *a.* simple.

Uncompelled, ùn-k'um'-p'èld'. *a.* free from compulsion. [not mixed]

Uncompounded, ùn-k'um'-p'òònd'-èd. *a.* simple.

Unconcern, ùn-k'um'-s'èrn'. *s.* negligence, freedom from anxiety. [not disturbed]

Unconcerned, ùn-k'um'-s'èrn'd'. *a.* not anxious.

Unconquerable, ùn-k'um'-k'w'èr-à-bl. *a.* incapable of being conquered. [their couples]

Uncouple, ùn-k'um'-p'. *v. a.* to loose dogs from

Uncourteous, ùn-k'um'-t'èò. *a.* uncivil, un-

Uncourtliness, ùn-k'um'-t'èò-n'èa. *a.* unbecom-

Uncourtesy, ùn-k'um'-t'èò. *s.* insolent or un-

Uncreated, ùn-k'r'è-à'-t'èd. *a.* not yet created.

Uncropped, ùn-k'r'òp't'. *a.* not cropped, not gathered.

Uncrossed, ùn-k'r'òs't'. *a.* uncanceled.

Unction, ùng'-sh'ùn. *s.* the act of anointing.

Unctuous, ùng'-tsh'ù. *a.* fat, clammy, oily.

Unctuousness, ùng'-tsh'ù-n'èa. *s.* fatness, oil-

Unculled, ùn-k'ùl'. *a.* not gathered.

Uncultivated, ùn-k'ùl'-t'è-v'è-t'èd. *a.* not cultivated; not instructed. [strained]

Uncurbed, ùn-k'ùrb'd'. *a.* licentious, not re-

Uncurl, ùn-k'ùrl'. *v. a.* to loose from ringlets or convolutions.

Uncut, ùn-k'ùt'. *a.* not cut.

Undam, ùn-d'ám'. *v. a.* to free from the restrain-

Undamaged, ùn-d'ám'-f'id. *a.* not made worse.

Undaunted, ùn-d'án'-t'èd. *a.* unsubdued by fear.

Undauntedly, ùn-d'án'-t'èd-l'è. *ad.* boldly, trepidly.

Undazzled, ùn-d'áz'-z'd. *a.* not dimmed or con-

Undebauched, ùn-d'è-b'aw'tsh'. *a.* not corrupted by debauchery.

Undecagon, ùn-d'èk'-à-g'ón. *s.* a figure of eleven angles or sides.

Undecaying, ùn-d'è-k'è-ìng. *a.* not suffering diminution. [minished]

Undecayed, ùn-d'è-k'è-d'. *a.* not liable to be di-

Undeceive, ùn-d'è-s'èv'. *v. a.* to set free from the influence of a fallacy. [settled]

Undecided, ùn-d'è-s'è-d'. *a.* not determined, not

Undecisive, ùn-d'è-s'è-v'. *a.* not decisive.

Undeclined, ùn-d'è-k'l'ìnd'. *a.* not grammatically varied by termination.

Undefeasible, ùn-d'è-f'è-z'è-bl. *a.* not defeasible.

Undefiled, ùn-d'è-f'ild'. *a.* not polluted.

Undefined, ùn-d'è-f'ind'. *a.* not circumscribed.

Undefinedly, ùn-d'è-f'ìnd-l'è. *ad.* not to be mar-

Undemolished, ùn-d'è-m'ól'-l'isht. *a.* not raised, not

Fåte, får, fäll, fäst;—mè, mét;—pine, pln;—

- Undemonstrable, ün-dè-môn'-strá-bl. a. incapable of full evidence. [be gaimayed.]
- Undeniable, ün-dè-ní'-á-bl. a. such as cannot be denied.
- Undeniably, ün-dè-ní'-á-bl. ad. so plainly as to admit no contradiction.
- Undepleted, ün-dè-plòrd'. a. not lamented.
- Under, ün'-där. prep. in a state of subjection or pupilage; beneath; below.
- Under, ün'-där. ad. in a state of subjection; less.
- Underbid, ün-där-bíd'. v. a. to offer less than the worth. [requisite.]
- Underdo, ün-där-dòd'. v. a. to do less than is required.
- Undergo, ün-där-gò. v. a. to suffer.
- Underground, ün-där-gròund'. s. subterraneous space.
- Undergrowth, ün-där-gròth'. s. that which grows under the tall wood.
- Underhand, ün-där-hánd'. ad. clandestinely, with fraudulent secrecy.
- Underived, ün-dè-rívd'. a. not borrowed.
- Underlay, ün-där-lá'. v. a. to strengthen by something laid under.
- Underline, ün-där-líne'. v. a. to mark with lines below the words.
- Underling, ün'-där-íing. s. an inferior agent.
- Undermine, ün-där-míne'. v. a. to sap; to excavate under.
- Underminer, ün-där-mí'-nür. s. he that saps; a clandestine enemy.
- Undermost, ün'-där-mòst. a. lowest.
- Underneath, ün-där-nèr-th'. ad. below; under.
- Underogatory, ün-dè-ròg'-gá-tür-è. a. not derogatory.
- Underplot, ün'-där-plòt. s. a series of events proceeding collaterally with the main story of a play, and subservient to it.
- Underrate, ün-där-ráte'. v. a. to rate too low.
- Underrate, ün'-där-ráte. s. a price less than is usual. [another.]
- Undersell, ün-där-sèl'. v. a. to sell cheaper than usual.
- Understand, ün-där-stánd'. v. a. pret. and part. pass. understood to comprehend fully, to conceive.
- Understanding, ün-där-stán'-dìng. s. intellectual powers; intelligence. [skilful.]
- Understanding, ün-där-stán'-dìng. a. knowing.
- Understood, ün-där-stòd'. pret. and part. pass. of understand.
- Understrapper, ün'-där-stráp-pòr. s. an inferior agent.
- Undertake, ün-där-táke'. v. a. pret. undertook; part. pass. undertaken to attempt, to engage in; to have the charge of. [take.]
- Undertaken, ün-där-tá'-kn. part. pass. of undertake.
- Undertaker, ün-där-tá'-kòr. s. one who engages in projects and affairs; one who manages funerals. [gagement.]
- Undertaking, ün-där-tá'-kìng. s. enterprise, enterprise.
- Undertenant, ün-där-tèn'-ánt. s. a secondary tenant. [take.]
- Undertook, ün-där-tòòk'. part. pass. of undertake.
- Undervalue, ün-där-válf-ú. v. a. to rate too low.
- Undervent, ün-där-vènt'. pret. of undergo.
- Underwood, ün'-där-wòd. s. the low trees that grow among the timber.
- Underwrite, ün-där-rít'. v. a. to write under something else.
- Underwriter, ün-där-rí'-túr. s. an insurer.
- Undescribed, ün-dè-skrib'. a. not described.
- Undescried, ün-dè-skride'. a. not seen, uncovered.
- Undeserved, ün-dè-zèrvd'. a. not merited.
- Undeserving, ün-dè-zèr'-vìng. a. not having merit.
- Undesigned, ün-dè-sínd'. a. not intended.
- Undesigning, ün-dè-sí'-íing. a. sincere.
- Undestroyed, ün-dè-stròid'. a. not destroyed.
- Undeterminate, ün-dè-tèr'-mín-ét. a. not settled. [undecided.]
- Undetermined, ün-dè-tèr'-mínd. a. unsettled.
- Undiaphanous, ün-dí-áf-fá-nòs. a. not transparent.
- Undid, ün-díd'. pret. of undo.
- Undigested, ün-dè-jès-téd. s. not concocted.
- Undiminished, ün-dè-mín'-íshd. a. not impaired.
- Undirected, ün-dè-rèk'-téd. a. not directed.
- Undiscerned, ün-díz-zèrn'd'. a. not discovered.
- Undiscernible, ün-díz-zèrn'-é-bl. a. invisible.
- Undiscerning, ün-díz-zèrn'-íng. a. injudicious, incapable of making due distinction.
- Undisciplined, ün-dís-íp-plínd. a. untaught uninstructed. [he found out.]
- Undiscoverable, ün-dís-kòv'-ér-é-bl. a. not to be discovered.
- Undiscovered, ün-dís-gýld'. a. open, plain.
- Undismayed, ün-dís-máyd'. a. not discouraged.
- Undispersed, ün-dís-pèrs'. a. not scattered.

né, móve, nór, nót;—tábe, táb, bóll;—óll;—óddna, —ólin. THIS

Undisputed, ún-dís-pó-téd. *a.* incontrovertible, evident. [ed; not dispersed.

Undissipated, ún-dís-sé-pá-téd. *a.* not scattered.

Undistinguished, ún-dís-ting'-gwíshít. *a.* not marked out by objects or intervals; not seen.

Undisturbed, ún-dís-tórb'd'. *a.* calm; tranquil.

Undivided, ún-dé-ví-déd. *a.* unbroken; whole.

Undivulged, ún-dé-vúlj'd'. *a.* secret; not promulgated.

Undo, ún-dóv. *v. a.* pret. *un-did*; part. pass. *undone*; from *do*. to ruin; to loose; to open what is shut, to unravel.

Undoing, ún-dóv'-ing. *s.* ruin; destruction.

Undone, ún-dóv'. *a.* not done; not performed; ruined. [putable.

Undoubted, ún-dóv'-téd. *a.* indubitable; indis-

Undoubtedly, ún-dóv'-téd-té. *ad.* indubitably; without question. [ternal force.

Undrawn, ún-dráwn'. *a.* not pulled by any ex-

Undress, ún-drés'. *v. a.* to divest of clothes; to strip.

Undress, ún-drés. *s.* a loose or negligent dress.

Undried, ún-dríde'. *a.* not dried.

Undue, ún-dú'. *a.* not right; not legal.

Undulatory, ún-jú-lá-ré. *a.* playing like waves.

Undulate, ún-jú-láte. *v. n.* to play as waves in curls.

Undulation, ún-jú-lá'-shún. *s.* waving motion.

Undulatory, ún-jú-lá-tó-ré. *a.* moving in the manner of waves. [dient.

Undutious, ún-dú-té-ás. *a.* irreverent; disobed-

Undutiful, ún-dú-té-fó'. *a.* not obedient; not reverent.

Undutifulness, ún-dú-té-fó'-nés. *s.* want of respect; disobedience.

Uneasiness, ún-é-zé-nés. *s.* trouble, perplexity.

Uneasy, ún-é-zé. *a.* painful; disturbed.

Unedifying, ún-éd'-é-fí-ing. *a.* not improving in good life.

Unselected, ún-é-lék'-téd. *a.* not chosen.

Uneligible, ún-é-lé-jé-bl. *a.* not worthy to be chosen.

Unemployed, ún-ém-pióld'. *a.* at leisure, idle.

Unendowed, ún-én-dóv'd'. *a.* not invested, not graced. [possessed.

Unenjoyed, ún-én-jóld'. *a.* not obtained, not

Unenlarged, ún-én-lárg'd'. *a.* contracted,

Unenlightened, ún-én-ll'-únd. *a.* not illuminated.

Unenvied, ún-én'-ví. *a.* exempt from envy.

Unequal, ún-é-kwál. *a.* not even; inferior.

Unequally, ún-é-kwál-é. *ad.* in unparalleled.

Unequally, ún-é-kwál-é. *ad.* in disproportion one to the other.

Unequivocal, ún-é-kwíw'-ó-kál. *a.* not equivocal.

Unerring, ún-ér'-ring. *a.* incapable of failure certain. [essence.

Unessential, ún-és-sén'-shál. *a.* not constituting

Unestablished, ún-é-stáb'-lísht. *a.* not established.

Uneven, ún-é-vn. *a.* not level.

Unevenness, ún-é-vn-nés. *s.* surface not level, inequality. [discussed.

Unexamined, ún-ég-zám'-lnd. *a.* not tried, not

Unexamined, ún-ég-zám'-pld. *a.* not known by any example.

Unexceptionable, ún-ék-sép'-shún-á-bl. *a.* not liable to objection. [ed.

Unexecuted, ún-ék-sé-kú-téd. *a.* not performed.

Unexemplified, ún-ég-zém'-plé-fíde. *a.* not made known by example.

Unexercised, ún-ék-sér-sízd. *a.* not practised.

Unexhausted, ún-éks-háws'-téd. *a.* not spent.

Unexpected, ún-ék-spék'-téd. *a.* not thought on, sudden.

Unexpectedly, ún-ék-spék'-téd-té. *ad.* suddenly.

Unexperienced, ún-éks-pé-ré-éust. *a.* not acquainted by practice.

Unexpedient, ún-éks-pé-ré-ént. *a.* not fit.

Unexpert, ún-éks-pér't'. *a.* wanting skill or knowledge.

Unexplored, ún-éks-plórd'. *a.* not searched out.

Unextinguishable, ún-éks-ting'-gwísh-á-bl. *a.* unquenchable. [out.

Unextinguished, ún-éks-ting'-gwíshít. *a.* not put

Unfaded, ún-fá'-déd. *a.* not withered.

Untanding, ún-fá'-tíng. *a.* not liable to wither.

Unfailing, ún-fá'-líng. *a.* certain.

Unfair, ún-fáre'. *a.* disingenuous. [ous.

Unfaithful, ún-fáuh'-fól. *a.* perfidious, traitor.

Unfaithfully, ún-fáuh'-fól-é. *ad.* perfidiously.

Unfashionable, ún-fásh'-ún-á-bl. *a.* not modish

Unfashionableness, ún-fásh'-ún-á-bl-nés. *s.* deviation from the mode.

Unfashioned, ún-fásh'-únd. *a.* having no regular form.

Unfasten, ún-fás'-sn. *v. a.* to loose, to unfix.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fâr;—mê, mêt;—phê, ph;—

- Unfathomable, ün-fârn'-ân-â-bl. *a.* not to be sounded by a line. [sounded.]
- Unfathomed, ün-fârn'-âm-d. *a.* not to be sounded.
- Unfavourable, ün-fâ'-vâr-â-bl. *z.* unpropitious.
- Unfavourably, ün-fâ'-vâr-â-blê. *ad.* unkindly, unpropitiously. [ers.]
- Unfathored, ün-fêrn'-ôrd. *a.* naked of feathers.
- Unfeeling, ün-fêl'-lêg. *a.* insensible.
- Unfeigned, ün-fând'. *a.* real, sincere.
- Unfeignedly, ün-fâ'-nêd-lê. *ad.* really, sincerely.
- Unfelt, ün-fêl'. *a.* not felt. [enclosure.]
- Unfenced, ün-fênst'. *a.* not surrounded by any fence.
- Unfetter, ün-fêt'-tôr. *v. a.* to free from shackles.
- Unfinished, ün-fîn'-lsh. *a.* incomplete.
- Unfit, ün-ft'. *a.* improper.
- Unfitly, ün-ft'-lê. *ad.* not properly.
- Unfitness, ün-ft'-nês. *s.* want of propriety.
- Unfix, ün-flks'. *v. a.* to loosen.
- Unfixed, ün-fêdj'. *a.* that has not yet the full furniture of features.
- Unfoiled, ün-fôld'. *a.* unsubdued.
- Unfold, ün-fôld'. *v. a.* to expand; to discover.
- Unforbidden, ün-fôr-hêd'-ân. *a.* not prohibited.
- Unforeknown, ün-fôre-nône'. *a.* not foreseen by prescience.
- Unforeseen, ün-fôre-scên'. *a.* not known before it happened.
- Unforgiving, ün-fôr-glv'-lêg. *a.* relentless, implacable. [ular shape.]
- Unformed, ün-fôrmd'. *a.* not modified into regular shape.
- Unfortified, ün-fôr-tê-fld. *a.* not strengthened.
- Unfortunate, ün-fôr-tshû-nât. *a.* unprosperous, wanting luck. [pily.]
- Unfortunately, ün-fôr-tshû-nât-lê. *ad.* unhappily.
- Unfound, ün-fôund'. *a.* not found.
- Unframed, ün-frâm'. *a.* not formed.
- Unfrequent, ün-frê'-kwênt. *a.* uncommon.
- Unfrequented, ün-frê-kwênt'-êd. *a.* rarely visited. [monly.]
- Unfrequently, ün-frê'-kwênt-lê. *ad.* not commonly.
- Unfriendly, ün-frênd-lê. *a.* not kind.
- Unfrozen, ün-frô'-zn. *a.* not congealed to ice.
- Unfruitful, ün-frûd'-fûl. *a.* not fertile.
- Unfulfilled, ün-fûl-fld'. *a.* not fulfilled.
- Unfurl, ün-fûrl'. *v. a.* to expand.
- Unfurnish, ün-fûr'-nsh. *v. a.* to strip, to divest.
- Unfurnished, ün-fôr'-nsh. *a.* without furniture.
- Unfurnishably, ün-gâne'-lê. *a.* awkward.
- Ungartered, ün-gâr'-fûrd. *a.* being without garters. [not picked.]
- Ungathered, ün-gârn'-âm-d. *a.* not cropped.
- Ungenerous, ün-jên'-êr-ûs. *a.* mean, ignominious.
- Ungentle, ün-jên'-tl. *a.* harsh, rude, rugged.
- Ungentlemanly, ün-jên'-tl-mân-lê. *a.* illiberal.
- Ungird, ün-gôrd'. *v. a.* to loose a girdle.
- Ungirt, ün-gêrt'. *a.* loosely dressed.
- Unglue, ün-gi'. *v. a.* to loose any thing cemented. [cunes.]
- Ungodliness, ün-gôd'-lê-nês. *s.* impiety, wickedness.
- Ungodly, ün-gôd'-lê. *a.* wicked, negligent of God. [ruled.]
- Ungovernable, ün-gôv'-âr-nâ-bl. *a.* not to be governed.
- Ungoverned, ün-gôv'-ârnd. *a.* unbridled; licentious.
- Ungraceful, ün-grâse'-fûl. *a.* wanting elegance.
- Ungracious, ün-grâ'-shûs. *a.* offensive, unpleasing. [turns.]
- Ungrateful, ün-grâte'-fûl. *a.* making ill retribution.
- Ungratefulness, ün-grâte'-fûl-nês. *s.* ingratitude. [foundation.]
- Ungrounded, ün-grôdn'-dêd. *a.* having no foundation.
- Unguarded, ün-gyâr'-dêd. *a.* careless, negligent. [illiberal.]
- Unhandsome, ün-hân'-sôm. *a.* ungraceful.
- Unhandy, ün-hând'-ê. *a.* awkward.
- Unhappy, ün-hâp'-pê. *a.* wretched, unfortunate, distressed.
- Unharmonious, ün-hâr-mô' nê-ûs. *a.* disproportionate; unmusical.
- Unharness, ün-hâr'-nês. *v. a.* to loose from the traces. [the eggs.]
- Unhatched, ün-hâtsh'. *z.* not disclosed from the shell.
- Unhealthful, ün-hêlth'-fûl. *a.* unwholesome.
- Unhealthy, ün-hêlth'-ê. *a.* sickly, wanting health.
- Unheard, ün-hêrd'. *a.* not perceived by the ear; not vouchsafed an audience.
- Unheeded, ün-hêd'-êd. *a.* disregarded.
- Unheeding, ün-hêd'-lêg. *a.* negligent.
- Unhelped, ün-hêlp'. *a.* unassisted.
- Unhewn, ün-hûne'. *part. a.* not hewn.
- Unhinge, ün-hûnjê. *v. a.* to throw from the hinges, to displace by violence. [not.]
- Unholiness, ün-hô'-lê-nês. *s.* impiety, profaneness.
- Unholy, ün-hô'-lê. *a.* profane, wicked.

né, nôve, nêr, nêt, —têbe, têt, hêt; —têt; —pôdêr; —têt, THIA.

Unabridged. ün-äb-'brîd'. a. not treated with respect.

Unbapt. ün-bäp't'. v. a. to divest of hoops.

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. a. greater than hope had promised. [room to hope.]

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. a. such as leaves no

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. v. a. to throw from the saddle. [habitation.]

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. v. a. to drive from the

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. a. homeless, wanting a house. [the sacrament.]

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. a. not having received

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. a. not humbled.

Unbepet. ün-bêp'et'. a. free from harm.

Unicorn. yü-nê-körn. s. a beast that has only one horn.

Uniform. yü-nê-fôrm. a. similar to itself.

Uniformity. yü-nê-fôr-'mê-tê. s. even tenor; resemblance of one to another. [tion.]

Uniformity. yü-nê-fôr-'mê-tê. ad. without variation.

Unimaginable. ün-ä-mä-dä-'jä-ä-bl. a. not to be imagined.

Unimpeached. ün-ä-m-pê-äsh't'. a. not accused.

Unimprovable. ün-ä-m-p'r-ä-vä-'bl. a. assuming no airs of dignity. [of melioration.]

Unimprovable. ün-ä-m-p'r-ä-vä-'bl. a. incapable

Unimprovableness. ün-ä-m-p'r-ä-vä-'bl-nê-s. s. quality of not being improvable.

Unimproved. ün-ä-m-p'r-ä-vä-'d'. a. not taught, not meliorated. [structed.]

Uninformed. ün-ä-m-fôr-'mê-d'. a. untaught, unin-

Uninhabitable. ün-ä-m-häb-'lê-ä-bl. a. unfit to be inhabited. [dwellers.]

Uninhabited. ün-ä-m-häb-'lê-ä-bl. a. having no

Uninjured. ün-ä-m-jôr-d'. a. unhurt. [scription.]

Uninscribed. ün-ä-m-skrîb-'d'. a. having no in-

Uninstructed. ün-ä-m-sträk-'tê-d'. a. not taught.

Uninstructive. ün-ä-m-sträk-'tê-v. a. not confer- ring any improvement.

Unintelligible. ün-ä-m-têl-'lê-jê-bl. a. not such as can be understood. [be understood.]

Unintelligibly. ün-ä-m-têl-'lê-jê-blê. ad. not to

Unintentional. ün-ä-m-tên-'shün-äl. a. happening without design. [interest.]

Uninterested. ün-ä-m-têr-'ê-s-tê-d'. a. not having

Unintermitted. ün-ä-m-têr-'mê-tê-d'. a. continued.

Uninterrupted. ün-ä-m-têr-röp-'tê-d'. a. not inter- rupted.

Uninterruptedly. ün-ä-m-têr-röp-'tê-d-lê. ad. with- out interruption.

Uninvited. ün-ä-m-vî-tê-d'. a. not asked.

Union. yü-nê-ün. s. the act of joining, consens-

Unison. yü-nê-sôn. a. sounding alone.

Unison. yü-nê-sôn. s. a string that has the same sound with another.

Unite. yü-nê-tê. s. one, the least number

Unite. yü-nê-tê. v. a. to join; to make to agree.

Unitive. yü-nê-tê-v. a. having the power of uniting. [cord.]

Unity. yü-nê-tê. s. the state of being one; con-

Univalve. yü-nê-välv. a. having one shell.

Universal. yü-nê-vêr-'säl. a. general; compris- ing all particulars.

Universality. yü-nê-vêr-'säl-ê-tê. s. generality

Universally. yü-nê-vêr-'säl-ê. ad. without ex- ception. [of things.]

Universe. yü-nê-vêr-se. s. the general system

University. yü-nê-vêr-'sê-tê. s. a school where all the arts and faculties are taught and studied.

Univocal. yü-nê-v-ä-käl. a. having one mean- ing; certain, regular. [od.]

Unjointed. ün-jöj'n-'tê-d'. a. disjointed; separat-

Unjoyous. ün-jöê-'üs. a. not gay, not cheerful.

Unjust. ün-jäst'. a. iniquitous. [justified.]

Unjustifiable. ün-jäs-'tê-fl-ä-bl. a. not to be

Unjustifiableness. ün-jäs-'tê-fl-ä-bl-nê-s. s. the quality of not being justifiable.

Unjustifiably. ün-jäs-'tê-fl-ä-blê. ad. in a man- ner not to be justified. [tary to right.]

Unjustly. ün-jäst'ê-tê. ad. in a manner con-

Unkeannel. ün-kên-'nêl. v. a. to drive down to hole.

Unkept. ün-kêp't'. a. not kept.

Unkind. ün-kynd'. a. not favourable.

Unkindly. ün-kynd-'lê. a. unmeasur-; unfa- vourable.

Unkindly. ün-kynd-'lê. ad. without kindness.

Unkindness. ün-kynd-'nê-s. s. ill-will, want of affection.

Unknowing. ün-nô-'ng. a. ignorant.

Unknowingly. ün-nô-'ng-lê. ad. ignoran- tly.

Unknown. ün-nônê'. a. not known.

Unlaboured. ün-lä-'bôrd. a. spontaneous, vol- untary. [tened with strength.]

Unlaced. ün-lä-sê'. v. a. to lose anything as:

Fåte, fâ, fâll, fâi, — mêt, — plus, pin, —

- Unlade, ün-lâde'. v. a. to unload, to exonerate.
 Unlamented, ün-lâ-mênt'-êd. a. not deplored.
 Unlatch, ün-lâsh'. v. a. to open by lifting up the latch.
 Unlawful, ün-lâw'-fâl. a. contrary to law.
 Unlawfully, ün-lâw'-fâl-lê. ad. in an unlawful manner.
 Unlawfulness, ün-lâw'-fâl-nês. s. contrariety to law.
 Unlearn, ün-lêrn'. v. a. to forget, to disuse what has been learned.
 Unlearned, ün-lêr'-nêd. a. ignorant.
 Unleavened, ün-lêv'-rênd. a. not fermented.
 Unless, ün-lê's'. conj. except, if not.
 Unlettered, ün-lê-têr'd. a. unlearned, untaught.
 Unevelled, ün-lêv'-êld. a. not cut even.
 Unlicensed, ün-lî'-sênst. a. having no regular permission.
 Unlicked, ün-lik't'. a. shapeless.
 Unlike, ün-lik'e'. a. dissimilar.
 Unlikelihood, ün-lik'e'-lê-hûd. s. improbability.
 Unlikely, ün-lik'e'-lê. a. improbable.
 Unlikeness, ün-lik'e'-nês. s. dissimilitude.
 Unlimitable, ün-lîm'-tâ-bl. a. admitting no bounds.
 Unlimited, ün-lîm'-tê-d. a. having no bounds.
 Unlink, ün-lînk'. v. a. to untwist, to open.
 Unliquified, ün-lîk'-wê-fîde. a. unmelted, undissolved. [erate.
 Unload, ün-lôde'. v. a. to disturben, to exonerate.
 Unlock, ün-lôk'. v. a. to open what is shut with a lock.
 Unloose, ün-lôse'. v. a. to loose.
 Unloveliness, ün-lôv'-lê-nês. s. unamiableness.
 Unluckily, ün-lûk'-ê-lê. ad. unfortunately.
 Unlucky, ün-lûk'-ê. a. unfortunate; subject to frequent misfortunes; inauspicious.
 Unmade, ün-mâde'. z. not yet formed.
 Unman, ün-mân'. v. a. to deprive of the constituent qualities of a human being; to emasculate; to deject.
 Unmanageable, ün-mân'-ê-jâ-bl. a. not manageable. [effeminate.
 Unmanly, ün-mân'-lê. a. unbecoming a man.
 Unmannered, ün-mân'-nêrd. a. rude, uncivil.
 Unmannerliness, ün-mân'-nêr-lê-nês. s. breach of civility. [civil.
 Unmannerly, ün-mân'-nêr-lê. a. ill-bred, not
- Unmarried, ün-mâr'-rîd. a. having no husband, or no wife.
 Unmask, ün-mâsk'. v. a. to strip off a mask.
 Unmasked, ün-mâsk't'. a. open to the view.
 Unmastered, ün-mâ'-stêrd. a. not subdued.
 Unmeaning, ün-mê'-ning. a. expressing no meaning.
 Unmeasurable, ün-mêzh' ün-â-bl. a. boundless.
 Unmeditated, ün-mêd'-ê-tâ-têd. a. not formed by previous thought.
 Unmeet, ün-mêet'. a. not fit, not proper.
 Unmellowed, ün-mêl'-lôde. a. not fully ripened.
 Unmelted, ün-mêl'-êd. a. undissolved by heat.
 Unmentioned, ün-mên'-shûnd. a. not told, not named.
 Unmerciful, ün-mêr'-sê-fâl. a. cruel, severe.
 Unmercifully, ün-mêr'-sê-fâl-ê. ad. without mercy. [ency, cruelty.
 Unmercifulness, ün-mêr'-sê-fâl-nês. s. inaction.
 Unmerited, ün-mêr'-tê-d. a. not deserved.
 Unmindful, ün-mînd'-fâl. a. negligent, inattentive. [any thing mingled.
 Unmingled, ün-mîng'-gid. a. not vitiated by admixture.
 Unmitigated, ün-mî't'-ê-gâ-têd. a. not softened.
 Unmixed, ün-mîks't'. a. not mingled with any thing, pure. [turbance.
 Unmolested, ün-mô-lêst'-êd. a. free from disturbance.
 Unmoor, ün-môor'. v. a. to loose from land by taking up the anchors.
 Unmoveable, ün-môov'-â-bl. a. such as cannot be removed.
 Unmoved, ün-môov'd'. a. not put out of one place into another; not affected.
 Unmute, ün-mût'-ê. v. a. to put off a covering from the face. [not pleasing by sound.
 Unmusical, ün-mîv'-zê-kâl. a. not harmonious.
 Unnamed, ün-nâmd'. a. not mentioned.
 Unnatural, ün-nât'-tshû-râl. a. contrary to the laws of nature. [tion to nature.
 Unnaturally, ün-nât'-tshû-râl-ê. ad. in opposition to nature.
 Unnavigable, ün-nâv'-ê-gâ-bl. a. not to be navigated. [necessity.
 Unnecessarily, ün-nês'-sê-sâ-rê-lê. ad. without necessity.
 Unnecessary, ün-nês'-sê-sâ-rê. a. needless.
 Unneighbourly, ün-nê'-bûr-lê. a. not suited to the duties of a neighbour.
 Unnerved, ün-nêrv'd'. a. weak, feeble.
 Unnumbered, ün-nûm'-bûrd. a. innumerable.

nò. mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, tùb, bàll; —díl; —pònd; —tùin, THIS.

Unobservaule, ún-òb-zér'-vâ-bl. *a.* not to be observed.

Unobservant, ún-òb-zér'-vânt. *a.* not attentive.

Unobserved, ún-òb-zér'vd'. *a.* not regarded.

Unobserving, ún-òb-zér'-vìng. *a.* inattentive.

Unobstructed, ún-òb-strâk'-téd. *a.* not hindered.

Unoccupied, ún-òk'-kù-plde. *a.* unpossessed.

Unoffending, ún-òf'-fènd'-ìng. *a.* harmless, sinless.

Unopposed, ún-òp-pòzd'. *a.* not encountered by hostility or obstruction.

Unorganized, ún-òr'-gân-ìzd. *a.* having no part instrumental to the nourishment of the rest.

Unowned, ún-ònk'. *a.* having no owner.

Unpack, ún-pâk'. *v.* *a.* to exonerate; to open any thing bound together.

Unpaid, ún-pâde'. *a.* not discharged.

Unpalatable, ún-pâl'-â-tâ-bl. *a.* nauseous, disgusting.

Unparazoned, ún-pâr'-â-gònd. *a.* unequalled.

Unparalleled, ún-pâr'-â-lèld. *a.* not to be matched.

Unpardonable, ún-pâr'-dn-â-bl. *a.* irremissible.

Unpardonably, ún-pâr'-dn-â-blè. *ad.* beyond forgiveness.

Unparoned, ún-pâr'-dnd. *a.* not forgiven.

Unparliamentary, ún-pâr-jè-mènt'-â-rè. *a.* contrary to the rules of parliament.

Unpeg, ún-pég'. *v.* *a.* to open any thing closed with a peg. [sion.]

Unpensioned, ún-pèn'-shùnd. *a.* without a pension.

Unperceived, ún-pèr'-sèvd'. *a.* not observed.

Unperformed, ún-pèr'-fòrm'd'. *a.* undone.

Unperishable, ún-pèr'-ìsh-â-bl. *a.* lasting to perpetuity.

Unphilosophical, ún-fìl-ò-zòf'-è-kâl. *a.* unsuitable to the rules of philosophy.

Unpin, ún-phì'. *v.* *a.* to open what is fastened with a pin.

Unpitied, ún-phì'-tìd. *a.* not compassionated.

Unpitying, ún-plt'-tè-ìng. *a.* having no compassion. [easy.]

Unpleasant, ún-plèz'-ânt. *a.* troublesome, unpleasantly ún-plèz'-ânt-lè. *ad.* not delightfully, uneasily.

Unpleasantness, ún-plèz'-ânt-nès. *s.* want of qualities to give delight. [ing.]

Unpleasing, ún-plè'-zìng. *a.* offensive, disgust

Unpliant, ún-plì'-ânt. *a.* not easily bent.

Unploughed, ún-plòdd'. *a.* not ploughed.

Unpoetical, ún-pò-èt'-tè-kâl. } *a.* not such as be-

Unpoetick, ún-pò-èt'-ìk. } comes a poet.

Unpolished, ún-pòl'-ìsh't. *a.* not smoothed; not civilized.

Unpolite, ún-pò-lìtè'. *a.* not elegant, not civil.

Unpolluted, ún-pòl-lù'-téd. *a.* not corrupted.

Unpopular, ún-pòp'-ù-lâr. *a.* not fitted to please the people.

Unportable, ún-pòrt'-â-bl. *a.* not to be carried

Unpossessed, ún-pòz-zèst'. *a.* not obtained.

Unpractised, ún-prâk'-tìst. *a.* not skilled by use and experience.

Unprecedented, ún-près'-sè-dèn-téd. *a.* not justifiable by any example. [justice]

Unprejudiced, ún-prèd'-jù-dìst. *a.* free from pre-

Unpremeditated, ún-prè-mèd'-è-tâ-téd. *a.* not prepared in the mind beforehand.

Unprepared, ún-prè-pârd'. *a.* not fitted by previous measures.

Unpreparedness, ún-prè-pâ'-rètù-nès. *s.* state of being unprepared.

Unprevented, ún-prè-vent'-èd. *a.* not previously hindered. [prince.]

Unprincely, ún-prìns'-jè. *a.* unsuitable to a

Unprincipled, ún-prìn'-sè-plèd. *a.* not settled in tenets or opinions.

Unprofitable, ún-pròf'-è-tâ-bl. *a.* useless.

Unprofitableness, ún-pròf'-è-tâ-bl-nès. *s.* uselessness.

Unprofitably, ún-pròf'-è-tâ-blè. *ad.* uselessly.

Unprolifick, ún-prò-ìfl'-ìk. *a.* barren, not productive.

Unpropitious, ún-prò-pìsh'-ùs. *a.* inauspicious.

Unproportioned, ún-prò-pòr'-shùnd. *a.* not suited to something else. [upheld.]

Unpropped, ún-pròp't'. *a.* not supported, not

Unprosperous, ún-pròs'-pâr-ùs. *a.* unfortunate.

Unprotected, ún-prò-tèk'-téd. *a.* not protected.

Unproved, ún-pròòvd'. *a.* not evinced by argument.

Unprovided, ún-prò-vì'-nèd. *a.* not securely qualified by previous measures.

Unprovoked, ún-prò-vòkt'. *a.* not provoked.

Unpruned, ún-prùnd'. *a.* not cut, not lopped.

Unpublished, ún-pâb'-ìsh't. *a.* secret, unknown

Unpunished, ún-pân'-ìsh't. *a.* not punished.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plue, pln; —

Unpurchased, ûn-pâr'-tshâst. *a.* unbought.
 Unpurged, ûn-pûrj'd'. *a.* not purged.
 Unpurified, ûn-pû'-rê-fide. *a.* not cleansed.
 Unpursued, ûn-pûr-sûde'. *a.* not pursued.
 Unqualified, ûn-kwôl'-ê-fide. *a.* not fit.
 Unquenchable, ûn-kwêns'h'-â-bl. *a.* unextinguishable.
 Unquenched, ûn-kwênsht'. *a.* not extinguished.
 Unquenchableness, ûn-kwêns'h'-â-bl-nês. *s.* unextinguishableness.
 Unquestionable, ûn-kwê's-tshûn-â-blê. *ad.* indubitably.
 Unquestioned, ûn-kwê's-tshûnd. *a.* not doubted.
 Unquiet, ûn-kwî'-êt. *a.* disturbed; restless.
 Unquietness, ûn-kwî'-êt-nês. *s.* want of tranquillity; restlessness.
 Unracked, ûn-râkt'. *a.* not poured from the lees.
 Unravel, ûn-râv'-vl. *v. a.* to disentangle, to extricate.
 Unrazored, ûn-râ'-zûrd. *a.* unshaven.
 Unread, ûn-rêd'. *a.* not read, untaught.
 Unreal, ûn-rê'-âl. *a.* unsubstantial.
 Unreasonable, ûn-rê'-zu-â-bl. *a.* exorbitant; not agreeable to reason.
 Unreasonableness, ûn-rê'-zu-â-bl-nês. *s.* exorbitance; inconsistency with reason.
 Unreclaimed, ûn-rê'-klam'd'. *a.* not reformed.
 Unreconciled, ûn-rêk'-ûn-sild. *a.* not reconciled.
 Unreformed, ûn-rê-fôrind'. *a.* not amended, not corrected.
 Unrefracted, ûn-rê-frâk'-têd. *a.* not refracted.
 Unrefreshed, ûn-rê-frêsh't'. *a.* not cheered, not relieved.
 Unregarded, ûn-rê-gyâr'-dêd. *a.* not heeded.
 Unregenerate, ûn-rê-jên'-êr-âte. *a.* not brought to a new life.
 Unrelenting, ûn-rê-lênt'-îng. *a.* hard, cruel.
 Unrelieved, ûn-rê-lêv'd'. *a.* not succored.
 Unreliable, ûn-rê-mê'-dê-â-bl. *a.* admitting no remedy.
 Unremoved, ûn-rê-môdv'd'. *a.* not taken away.
 Unrepealed, ûn-rê-pêld'. *a.* not revoked.
 Unrepentant, ûn-rê-pênt'-êd. *a.* not regarded with penitential sorrow.
 Unrepenting, ûn-rê-pênt'-îng. }
 Unrepentant, ûn-rê-pênt'-ânt. } *a.* not penitent.

Unrepining, ûn-rê-pk'-îng. *a.* not peevishly complaining.
 Unreplenished, ûn-rê-plên'-isht. *a.* not filled.
 Unreproached, ûn-rê-prôsh't'. *a.* not censured.
 Unreprovable, ûn-rê-prôbv'-â-bl. *a.* not liable to blame. [ted for
 Unrequited, ûn-rê-kwî'-têd. *a.* not compensa
 Unreserved, ûn-rê-zêrv'd'. *a.* open, frank.
 Unreservedly, ûn-rê-zêr'-vêd-lê. *ad.* without concealment, openly.
 Unreservedness, ûn-rê-zêr'-vêd-nês. *s.* openness, frankness.
 Unresisted, ûn-rê-zis'-têd. *a.* not opposed.
 Unresisting, ûn-rê-zis'-îng. *a.* not opposing.
 Unresolved, ûn-rê-zôlv'd'. *a.* not determined not cleared.
 Unrestored, ûn-rê-stôrd'. *a.* not restored.
 Unrestrained, ûn-rê-strând'. *a.* not confined; licentious.
 Unretracted, ûn-rê-trâk'-têd. *a.* not revoked.
 Unrevealed, ûn-rê-vêld'. *a.* not told, not discovered.
 Unrevenged, ûn-rê-vênjd'. *a.* not revenged.
 Unrewarded, ûn-rê-wârd'-êd. *a.* not recompensed.
 Unriddle, ûn-rîd'-dl. *v. a.* to solve an onigma, to explain.
 Unrig, ûn-rîg'. *v. a.* to strip off the tackle.
 Unrighteous, ûn-rî'-tshê-ûs. *a.* unjust, wicked, sinful. [wickedly
 Unrighteously, ûn-rî'-tshê-ûs-lê. *ad.* unjustly
 Unrighteousness, ûn-rî'-tshê-ûs-nês. *s.* wickedness, injustice.
 Unrip, ûn-rîp'. *v. a.* to cut open.
 Unripe, ûn-rîpê'. *a.* immature.
 Unripened, ûn-rî'-pnd. *a.* not matured.
 Unripeness, ûn-rîpê'-nês. *s.* immaturity
 Unrivalled, ûn-rî'-vâld. *a.* having no peer or equal. [convoiced.
 Unroll, ûn-rôle'. *v. a.* to open what is rolled or
 Unroof, ûn-rôôf'. *v. a.* to strip off the roof.
 Unrounded, ûn-rôûnd'-êd. *a.* not shaped.
 Unruffled, ûn-rûf'-fd. *a.* calm, tranquil.
 Unruliness, ûn-rôôf'-lê-nês. *s.* turbulence, tumultuousness.
 Unruly, ûn-rôôf'-lê. *a.* turbulent, ungovernable.
 Unsafe, ûn-sâfê'. *a.* hazardous, dangerous
 Unsafely, ûn-sâfê'-lê. *ad.* not securely.

no, m6ve, ndr, n6t;—t6be, t6b, b6ll;—6ll;—p66nd;—6in, th6s.

- Unsaid, 6n-s6t'. *a.* not uttered.
- Unsalted, 6n-s6lt'-6d. *a.* not seasoned with salt.
- Unsanctified, 6n-s6nk'-t6-fide. *a.* unholy.
- Unsatiable, 6n-s6'-sh6-6-bl. *a.* not to be satisfied.
- Unsatisfactory, 6n-s6t'-t6-s6k'-t6r-6. *a.* not giving satisfaction.
- Unsatisfied, 6n-s6t'-t6-fide. *a.* not contented.
- Unsavouriness, 6n-s6'-v6r-6-n6s. *s.* bad taste; bad smell. [gusting.]
- Unsavoury, 6n-s6'-v6r-6. *a.* tasteless; fetid; disagreeable.
- Unsay, 6n-s6'. *v. a.* to retract.
- Unschool, 6n-sk66ld'. *a.* uneducated.
- Unscriptural, 6n-skr6p'-tsh6-r6l. *a.* not defensible by scripture.
- Unseal, 6n-s6l'. *v. a.* to open any thing sealed.
- Unsealed, 6n-s6ld'. *a.* wanting a seal.
- Unsearchable, 6n-s6rsh'-6-bl. *a.* not to be explored.
- Unsearchableness, 6n-s6rsh'-6-bl-n6s. *s.* impossibility to be explored.
- Unseasonable, 6n-s6'-zn-6-bl. *a.* unfit, untimely, ill-timed. [ably.]
- Unseasonably, 6n-s6'-zn-6-bl6. *ad.* not seasonably.
- Unsecure, 6n-s6-k6r6'. *a.* not safe.
- Unseemliness, 6n-s66m'-l6-n6s. *s.* indecency, indecorum.
- Unseemly, 6n-s66m'-l6. *a.* indecent.
- Unseen, 6n-s66n'. *a.* not seen; invisible.
- Unserviceable, 6n-s6r'-vis-6-bl. *a.* bringing no advantage. [advantage.]
- Unserviceably, 6n-s6r'-vis-6-bl6. *ad.* without advantage.
- Unsettle, 6n-s6t'-tl. *v. a.* to make uncertain; to move from a place. [steadily.]
- Unsettled, 6n-s6t'-tl6. *a.* not determined, not settled.
- Unshaken, 6n-sh6'-kn. *a.* not agitated; not subject to concussion.
- Unshapen, 6n-sh6'-pn. *a.* deformed.
- Unsheath, 6n-sh6r'h'. *v. a.* to draw from the scabbard. [tuit.]
- Unsheltered, 6n-sh6l'-t6rd. *a.* wanting protection.
- Unship, 6n-sh6p'. *v. a.* to take out of a ship.
- Unshod, 6n-sh6d'. *a.* having no shoes.
- Unshorn, 6n-sh6rn'. *a.* not clipped. [sight.]
- Unsightly, 6n-sht6'-l6. *a.* disagreeable to the eye.
- Unskilled, 6n-sk6ld'. *a.* wanting skill.
- Unskilful, 6n-sk6l'-f6l. *a.* wanting art, wanting knowledge. [edge.]
- Unskilfully, 6n-sk6l'-f6l-6. *ad.* without knowledge.
- Unskilfulness, 6n-sk6l'-f6l-n6s. *s.* want of art and knowledge.
- Unslaked, 6n-sl6kt'. *a.* not quenched.
- Unsmoked, 6n-sm6kt'. *a.* not smoked.
- Unsociable, 6n-s6'-sh6-6-bl. *a.* not kind.
- Unsold, 6n-s6ld'. *a.* not sold.
- Unsophisticated, 6n-s6'-f6s'-t6-k6-t6d. *a.* not adulterated. [proper separation.]
- Unsorted, 6n-s6rt'-6d. *a.* not distributed by order.
- Unought, 6n-s6wt'. *a.* had without seeking.
- Unsound, 6n-s66nd'. *a.* sickly; not free from cracks; rotten; not orthodox.
- Unsoundness, 6n-s66nd'-n6s. *s.* erroneousness of belief; corruptness of any kind.
- Unsparring, 6n-sp6r'-ring. *a.* not sparing.
- Unspeaking, 6n-sp6'-k6-bl. *a.* not to be expressed.
- Unspeakingly, 6n-sp6'-k6-bl6. *ad.* inexpressibly.
- Unspent, 6n-sp6nt'. *a.* not wasted.
- Unspilt, 6n-sp6lt'. *a.* not spilt.
- Unstable, 6n-st6h'-bl. *a.* not fixed; irresolute.
- Unsteadiness, 6n-st6d6'-n6s. *s.* indiscretion, volatile mind. [stayed.]
- Unstaunch, 6n-st6nsh't'. *a.* not stopped, not steady.
- Unsteadily, 6n-st6d'-d6-l6. *ad.* inconstantly.
- Unsteadiness, 6n-st6d'-d6-n6s. *s.* want of constancy, mutability.
- Unsteady, 6n-st6d'-d6. *a.* inconstant, mutable.
- Unstop, 6n-st6p'. *v. a.* to free from stop or obstruction.
- Unstopped, 6n-st6pt'. *a.* meeting no resistance.
- Unstrained, 6n-str6nd'. *a.* easy, not forced.
- Unstring, 6n-str6ng'. *v. a.* to relax any thing strung, to undo.
- Unstudied, 6n-st6d'-ld. *a.* not premeditated.
- Unsubstantial, 6n-s6b-st6n'-sh6l. *a.* not solid, not palpable.
- Unsuccessful, 6n-s6k-s6s'-f6l. *a.* not having the wished event.
- Unsuccessfully, 6n-s6k-s6s'-f6l-6. *ad.* unfortunately. [of success.]
- Unsuccessfulness, 6n-s6k-s6s'-f6l-n6s. *s.* want of success.
- Unsupportable, 6n-s6f-s6r-6-bl. *a.* not supportable, intolerable. [proportionate.]
- Unsuitable, 6n-s6-t6-bl. *a.* not congruous, not suitable.
- Unsuitableness, 6n-s6-t6-bl-n6s. *s.* incongruity.
- Un sullied, 6n-s6l'-ld. *a.* not fouled, pure.
- Unsung, 6n-s6ng'. *a.* not celebrated in verse.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pline, pln;—

Unsupported, ùn-súp-pòrt'-éd. *a.* not sustained, not held up.

Unsure, ùn-sùr'. *a.* not certain.

Unsurmountable, ùn-sùr-mòunt'-â-bl. *a.* not to be overcome. [not liable to admit]

Unsusceptible, ùn-sùs-sép'-tè-bl. *a.* incapable.

Unsuspected, ùn-sùs-pék'-téd. *a.* not considered as likely to do or mean ill.

Unsuspecting, ùn-sùs-pék'-ting. *a.* not imagining that any ill is designed.

Unsuspecting, ùn-sùs-plsh'-ús. *a.* having no suspicion.

Unsupported, ùn-sùs-tând'. *a.* not supported.

Untameable, ùn-tâ'-mâ-bl. *a.* not to be tamed.

Untangle, ùn-tâng'-gl. *v. a.* to loose from intricacy or convolution.

Untasted, ùn-tâs'-téd. *a.* not tasted. [cated.]

Untaught, ùn-tâwt'. *a.* uninstructed, unedu

Unthankful, ùn-thânk'-fùl. *a.* ungrateful.

Unthankfully, ùn-thânk'-fùl-ê. *ad.* without thanks.

Unthankfulness, ùn-thânk'-fùl-nês. *s.* want of thankfulness. [ros.]

Unthawed, ùn-thâwd'. *a.* not dissolved.

Unthinking, ùn-thînk'-ing. *a.* thoughtless

Unthrifily, ùn-thrîf'-tè-lè. *ad.* without frugality.

Unthrifty, ùn-thrîf'-tè. *a.* prodigal, lavish, wasteful.

Untidy, ùn-tî'-dè. *a.* reverse of tidy.

Untie, ùn-tî'. *v. a.* to unbind; to set free; to resolve.

Untied, ùn-tîdè'. *a.* not bound. [that.]

Until, ùn-til'. *adv.* to the time that; to the place

Untilled, ùn-tîld'. *a.* not cultivated.

Untimely, ùn-tîmè'-lè. *a.* happening before the natural time. [time.]

Untimely, ùn-tîmè'-lè. *ad.* before the natural

Unto, ùn-tò. *prep.* the old word for to.

Untold, ùn-tòld'. *a.* not related.

Untouched, ùn-tâtst'. *a.* not touched.

Untoward, ùn-tò'wârd. *a.* froward, perverse.

Untowardly, ùn-tò'wârd-lè. *a.* awkward, perverse, froward. [lar.]

Untrained, ùn-trând'. *a.* not educated, irregu

Untransferable, ùn-trâns-fèr'-â-bl. *a.* incapable of being transferred.

Untravelled, ùn-trâv'-ld. *a.* having never seen foreign countries.

Untried, ùn-trîdè'. *a.* not yet attempted.

Untrodden, ùn-tròd'-ân. *a.* not passed, not marked by the foot.

Untroubled, ùn-trùb'-ld. *a.* not disturbed; not agitated, not confused.

Untrue, ùn-trùd'. *a.* false; contrary to eality.

Untruly, ùn-trùd'-lè. *ad.* falsely.

Untruth, ùn-trùth'. *s.* falsehood.

Untunable, ùn-tù'-nâ-bl. *a.* unharmonious.

Untutored, ùn-tù'-târd. *a.* uninstructed, untaught.

Untwine, ùn-twîne'. *v. a.* to open what is held together by convolution.

Untwist, ùn-twîst'. *v. a.* to separate any things involved in each other.

Unused, ùn-ùzd'. *a.* unemployed; not accustomed.

Unusual, ùn-ù'-zhù-âl. *a.* not common, rare.

Unusualness, ùn-ù'-zhù-âl-nês. *s.* uncommonness, infrequency. [pressable.]

Unutterable, ùn-ùt'-târ-â-bl. *a.* ineffable, inex-

Unvanquished, ùn-vâng'-kwîsh't. *a.* not conquered.

Unvariable, ùn-vâ'-rè-â-bl. *a.* not changeable.

Unvaried, ùn-vâ'-rîd. *a.* not changed.

Unvarnished, ùn-vâr'-vîsh't. *a.* not adorned, not decorated. [change.]

Unvarying, ùn-vâ'-rè-ing. *a.* not liable to

Unveil, ùn-vâle'. *v. a.* to disclose, to show.

Unwarily, ùn-wâ'-rè-lè. *ad.* without caution, carelessly.

Unwariness, ùn-wâ'-rè-nês. *s.* want of caution, carelessness.

Unwarrantable, ùn-wôr'-rân-tâ-bl. *a.* not to be justified. [justifiably.]

Unwarrantably, ùn-wôr'-rân-tâ-blè. *ad.* un-

Unwarranted, ùn-wôr'-rân-téd. *a.* not ascertained, uncertain.

Unwary, ùn-wâ'-rè. *a.* imprudent, precipitate.

Unwashed, ùn-wôsh't'. *a.* not washed.

Unwearied, ùn-wè'-rîd. *a.* not tired; indefatigable. [grateful.]

Unwelcome, ùn-wèl'-kâm. *a.* not pleasing, not

Unwell, ùn-wèl'. *a.* not in perfect health.

Unwept, ùn-wèpt'. *a.* not lamented.

Unwholesome, ùn-whòle'-sùm. *a.* insalubrious.

Unwieldily, ùn-wèèl'-dè-lè. *ad.* heavily, with difficult motion.

nô, nôve, nôr, nôt; —ûbe, tûb, bûll; —ûll; —pûnd; —ûin, THU.

- Unwieldiness**, ûn-wêêl'-dè-nês. *s.* heaviness, difficulty to move, or be moved.
- Unwieldy**, ûn-wêêl'-dè. *a.* unmanageable, bulky, ponderous.
- Unwilling**, ûn-wîl'-lîng. *a.* loath, not inclined.
- Unwillingly**, ûn-wîl'-lîng-lè. *ad.* not with good will. [disinclination.]
- Unwillingness**, ûn-wîl'-lîng-nês. *s.* loathness.
- Unwind**, ûn-wînd'. *v. a.* pret. and part. pass. *unwound*, to separate any thing convolved; to disentangle.
- Unwise**, ûn-wîzè'. *a.* weak, defective in wisdom.
- Unwisely**, ûn-wîzè'-lè. *ad.* weakly, not prudently. [sual.]
- Unwound**, ûn-wûn'-têd. *a.* uncommon, unworthily, ûn-wûr'-thè-lè. *ad.* not according to desert. [worth, want of merit.]
- Unworthiness**, ûn-wûr'-thè-nês. *s.* want of merit.
- Unworthy**, ûn-wûr'-thè. *a.* not deserving; not suitable. [unwind. untwisted.]
- Unwound**, ûn-wûnd'. *part. pass.* and *pret.* of **Unwounded**, ûn-wûnd'-dêd. *a.* not wounded.
- Unwreath**, ûn-rêth'. *v. a.* to untwine.
- Unyoke**, ûn-yôkè'. *v. a.* to loose from the yoke; to disjoin. [yoke; unrestrained.]
- Unyoked**, ûn-yôkè'. *a.* having never worn a yoke.
- Unzoned**, ûn-zônd'. *a.* not bound with a girdle.
- Up**, ûp. *ad.* aloft; out of bed; above the horizon.
- Up**, ûp. *interj.* a word of exhortation exciting or rousing to action.
- Upbraid**, ûp-brâdè'. *v. a.* to charge contemptuously; to reproach. [proach.]
- Upbraidingly**, ûp-brâd'-lîng-lè. *ad.* by way of reproach.
- Upheld**, ûp-hêld'. *pret.* and *part. pass.* of **uphold**, maintained, sustained.
- Upkill**, ûp'-hîll. *a.* difficult, like the labour of climbing a hill.
- Uphold**, ûp-hôld'. *v. a.* *pret.* **upheld**; *part. pass.* **upheld** and **upholden**. to support, to sustain; to continue. [dertaker.]
- Upholder**, ûp-hôld'-âr. *s.* a supporter; an upholsterer, ûp-hôls'-tûr-âr. *s.* one who furnishes houses.
- Upland**, ûp'-lând. *s.* higher ground
- Uppmost**, ûp'-môst. *a.* highest, topmost.
- Upon**, ûp ûn'. *prep.* not under; in immediate consequence of; with respect to; near to; on; **upon**; according to; by
- Upper**, ûp'-pûr. *a.* superiour in place, higher.
- Uppermost**, ûp'-pûr-môst. *a.* highest.
- Upraise**, ûp'-ràzè'. *v. a.* to exalt.
- Upright**, ûp'-rîte. *a.* straight up; honest.
- Uprightly**, ûp'-rîte-lè. *ad.* perpendicularly to the horizon; honestly.
- Uprightness**, ûp'-rîte-nês. *s.* perpendicular erection; honesty.
- Uproar**, ûp'-rôre. *s.* tumult, bustle, disturbance.
- Uproshot**, ûp'-shôt. *s.* conclusion, end.
- Upstart**, ûp'-stârt. *s.* one suddenly raised to wealth or power.
- Upward**, ûp'-wûrd. *a.* directed to a higher part.
- Upwards**, ûp'-wûrdz. *ad.* towards a higher place; with respect to the higher part; more than towards the source.
- Urbanity**, ûr-bân'-tè-tè. *s.* civility, politeness.
- Urchin**, ûr'-tshû. *s.* a hedgehog; name of slight anger to a child.
- Urethra**, yû-rè'-thrå. *s.* the passage of the urine.
- Urge**, ûrje. *v. a.* to incite, to push; to provoke to importune.
- Urgency**, ûr'-jèn-sè. *s.* pressure of difficulty.
- Urgent**, ûr'-jènt. *a.* pressing; importunate.
- Urgently**, ûr'-jènt-lè. *ad.* cogently, vehemently, importunately.
- Urinal**, yû-rè-nâl. *s.* a bottle in which water is kept for inspection.
- Urine**, yû-rî. *s.* animal water.
- Urinous**, yû-rîn-ûs. *a.* partaking of urine.
- Urn**, ûrn. *s.* any vessel, of which the mouth is narrower than the body; the vessel in which the remains of burnt bodies were put.
- Us**, ûs. *pron.* the oblique case of *we*.
- Usage**, yû'-zîdje. *s.* treatment; custom.
- Usance**, yû'-zânse. *s.* use, usury.
- Use**, yûse. *s.* advantage received; convenience; help; habit; custom; interest. [treat.]
- Use**, yûze. *v. a.* to employ; to accustom; to Useful, yûse'-fûl. *a.* convenient, profitable.
- Usefulness**, yûse'-fûl-nês. *s.* conduciveness to some end.
- Useless**, yûse'-lès. *a.* answering no purpose.
- Uselessness**, yûse'-lès-nês. *s.* unfitness to any end.
- Usher**, ûsh'-âr. *s.* one whose business is to introduce strangers, or walk before a person of high rank; an under-teacher

Fâte, fâr, f'âl, fât; —mè, mêt; —plne, pln; —

- Usher, ôsh'âr. *v. a.* to introduce.
 Usquebaugh, ôs-kwè-bâ'. *s.* a compounded distilled spirit.
 Usual, yû'-zhû-âl. *a.* common, frequent.
 Usually, yû'-zhû-âl-ê. *ad.* commonly, frequently.
 Usurer, yû'-zhû-rûr. *s.* one who puts money out at interest. [of profit.
 Usurious, yû'-zhû-rè-ûs. *a.* exorbitantly greedy
 Usurp, yû'-zûrp'. *v. a.* to seize or possess without right. [for possession.
 Usurpation, yû'-zûr-pâ'-shûn. *s.* illegal seizure
 Usurper, yû'-zûrp'-ûr. *s.* one who seizes that to which he has no right.
 Usury, yû'-zhû-rè. *s.* money paid for the use of money, interest.
 Utensil, yû'-tên-sil. *s.* an instrument for use.
 Uterine, yû'-têr-îne. *a.* belonging to the womb.
 Uterus, yû'-tê-rûs. *s.* the womb.
 Utility, yû'-tîl-ê-tè. *s.* usefulness.
 Utmost, ôt'-môt. *a.* extreme; being in the highest degree. [greatest power.
 Utmost, ôt'-môt. *s.* the most that can be, the Utopian, yû'-tô'-pè-ân. *a.* ideal.
 Utter, ôt'-tûr. *a.* situate on the outside; extreme, utmost. [publish.
 Utter, ôt'-tûr. *v. a.* to speak, to pronounce; to Utterable, ôt'-tûr-â-bl. *a.* expressible.
 Utterance, ôt'-tûr-ânse. *s.* pronunciation.
 Utterly, ôt'-tûr-lè. *ad.* completely, perfectly.
 Uttermost, ôt'-tûr-môt. *a.* extreme, most remote.
 Uttermost, ôt'-tûr-môt. *s.* the greatest degree.
 Uxorious, ôg-zô'-rè-ûs. *a.* submissively fond of a wife, infected with connubial dotage.
 Uxorionsness, ôg-zô'-rè-ûs-nês. *s.* connubial dotage, fond submission to a wife.

V.

- VACANCY, vâ'-kân-sè. *s.* empty space, vacuity.
 Vacant, vâ'-kân-t. *a.* empty; free.
 Vacate, vâ'-kâ-te. *v. a.* to annul; to make vacant, to quit possession of.
 Vacation, vâ'-kâ-shûn. *s.* leisure.
 Vaccine, vâk'-sîne. *a.* belonging to a cow.
 Vacillancy, vâs'-sil-ân-sè. *s.* a state of wavering, fluctuation. [of reeling.
 Vacillation, vâs-sil-lâ-shûn. *s.* the act or state

- Vacuity, vâ'-kû-ê-tè. *s.* emptiness.
 Vacuum, vâk'-û-ûm. *s.* space unoccupied.
 Vagabond, vâg'-â-bônd. *a.* wandering without any settled habitation, wanting a home; wandering, vagrant.
 Vagabond, vâg'-â-bônd. *s.* a vagrant.
 Vagary, vâ-gâ-rè. *s.* a wild freak.
 Vagrant, vâ'-grânt. *a.* wandering, unsettled.
 Vagrant, vâ'-grânt. *s.* a vagabond.
 Vague, vâg. *a.* wandering; unfixed, unsettled.
 Vail, vâle. *s.* a curtain; a part of female dress money given to servants.
 Vain, vâne. *a.* fruitless; empty; idle.
 Vainglorious, vâne-glô-rè-ûs. *a.* boasting without performances.
 Vainglory, vâne-glô-rè. *s.* empty pride.
 Vainly, vâne-lè. *ad.* without effect; arrogantly.
 Valance, vâl'-lânse. *s.* the drapery hanging round the tester of a bed.
 Vale, vâle. *s.* a valley; money given to servants.
 Valédiction, vâl-è-dîk'-shûn. *s.* a farewell.
 Valentine, vâl'-ên-ûn. *s.* a sweet-heart chosen on St. Valentine's day.
 Vale', vâl'-ét. *s.* a waiting servant.
 Valetudinarian, vâl-jè-tù-dè-nâ-rè-ân. *s.* and *a.* a person uncommonly careful of his health.
 Valetudinary, vâl-lè-tù-dè-nâ-rè. *a.* weakly sickly.
 Valiant, vâl'-yânt. *a.* stout, brave.
 Valid, vâl'-îd. *a.* powerful; conclusive.
 Validity, vâl-îd-ê-tè. *s.* certainty.
 Valley, vâl'-lè. *s.* a low ground between hills.
 Valorous, vâl'-ûr-ûs. *a.* brave, stout.
 Valour, vâl'-ûr. *s.* personal bravery. [price.
 Valuable, vâl'-û-â-bl. *a.* precious, of great
 Valuation, vâl-û-â'-shûn. *s.* value set upon any thing; appraisement.
 Valuator, vâl-û-â'-tûr. *s.* an appraiser, one who sets upon any thing its price.
 Value, vâl'-û. *s.* price, worth; rate.
 Value, vâl'-û. *v. a.* to rate at a certain price; to appraise.
 Valve, vâlv. *s.* a folding door; any thing that opens over the mouth of a vessel.
 Vamp, vâmp. *s.* the upper leather of a shoe.
 Vamp, vâmp. *v. a.* to piece an old thing with some new part.

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tùbe, tùb, bùll; —òll; —pònd; —thin, thín.

Van, ván. *s.* the front of an army.
Vane, váne. *s.* a plate to turn with the wind.
Vanguard, ván-gýard'. *s.* the front.
Vanish, ván'-ish. *v. n.* to disappear.
Vanity, ván'-è-tè. *s.* emptiness; petty pride.
Vanquish, vánk'-wish. *v. a.* to conquer.
Vanquisher, vánk'-wish-úr. *s.* conqueror, subduer.
Vantage, ván'-tádje. *s.* gain, profit.
Vapid, váp'-ld. *a.* spiritless.
Vaporish, vá'-púr-ish. *a.* splenetick, humor-some. [lent.
Vaporous, vá'-púr-ús. *a.* full of vapours; flatu-
Vapour, vá'-púr. *s.* any thing exhalable; fume; spleen. [brag.
Vapour, vá'-púr. *v. n.* to pass in a vapour; to
Variable, vá'-rè-à-bl. *a.* changeable.
Variableness, vá'-rè-à-bl-nés. *s.* changeableness.
Variably, vá'-rè-à-bl. *ad.* changeably.
Variance, vá'-rè-ánse. *s.* discord, disagreement.
Variation, vá'-rè-à-shún. *s.* change; mutation.
Variagate, vá'-rè-è-gáte. *v. a.* to diversify.
Variagation, vá'-rè-è-gá-shún. *s.* diversity of colours.
Variety, vá'-rí-è-tè. *s.* change.
Various, vá'-rè-ús. *a.* different.
Variet, vár'-lét. *s.* a scoundrel.
Varnish, vò'-nish. *s.* à shining liquid.
Varnish, ván'-nish. *v. a.* to cover, to palliate.
Vary, vá'-rè. *v. a.* to change; to diversify, to variegate. [full of vessels.
Vascular, vás'-kú-lár. *a.* consisting of vessels.
Vase, váze. *s.* a vessel rather for ornament than use.
Vassal, vás'-sál. *s.* a subject, a dependant.
Vassalage, vás'-sál-áje. *s.* the state of a vassal.
Vast, vást. *a.* large, great.
Vast, vást. *a.* an empty waste.
Vastly, vást'-lè. *ad.* greatly. [greatness.
Vastness, vást'-nès. *s.* immensity, enormous
Vat, vát. *s.* a vessel in which liquors are kept in an immature state.
Vaticinate, vá-tis'-sè-náte. *v. n.* to prophesy.
Vault, vávlt. or váwt. *s.* a continued arch; cellar; cove; repository for the dead; a leap.
Vault, vávlt. *v. a.* to arch.
Vault, vávlt. *v. n.* to leap, to jump.
Vaultage, vávlt'-kje. *s.* arched cellar.

Vaunt, vávnt. *v. a.* to boast.
Vaunt, vávnt. *s.* brag, boast.
Vauntingly, vávnt'-ing-lè. *ad.* boastfully.
Veal, véle. *s.* the flesh of a calf.
Vecture, vèk'-ishùre. *s.* carriage.
Veer, vére. *v. n.* to turn about.
Vegetable, véd'-jè-tá-bl. *s.* any thing that has growth without sensation, as plants.
Vegetable, véd'-jè-tá-bl. *a.* belonging to a plant.
Vegetate, véd'-jè-táte. *v. n.* to grow as plants.
Vegetation, véd'-jè-tá-shún. *s.* the power of growth without sensation.
Vegetative, véd'-jè-tá-ív. *a.* having the quality of growing without life.
Vegete, vé-jète'. *a.* vigorous, active, sprightly.
Vegetive, véd'-jè-ív. *a.* vegetable.
Vehemence, vé'-hè-mènce. } *s.* violence.
Vehemency, vé'-hè-mèn-sè. }
Vehement, vé'-hè-mènt. *a.* violent, forcible.
Vehicle, vé'-hè-kl. *s.* a carriage.
Veil, vále. *v. a.* to cover; to invest. [guisc.
Veil, vále. *s.* a cover to conceal the face; a dis
Vein, váne. *s.* a tube in the flesh through which the blood flows; course of metal; tendency of the mind; favourable moment; humour strain; streak.
Veined, vánd. } *a.* full of veins; streaked
Veiny, vá'-nè. }
Velleity, vél-lè-è-tè. *s.* the lowest degree of desire.
Vellicate, vél'-lè-káte. *v. a.* to twitch.
Vellication, vél'-lè-ká-shún. *s.* twitching.
Vellum, vél'-lùm. *s.* the skin of a calf dressed for the writer.
Velocity, vé-lòs'-è-tè. *s.* speed, swiftness.
Velvet, vél'-vít. *s.* silk with a short pile upon it.
Velvet, vél'-vít. *a.* made of velvet.
Venal, vé'-nál. *a.* mercenary.
Venality, vé'-nált'-è-tè. *s.* mercenariness
Venatick, vé'-nát'-fk. *a.* used in hunting.
Vend, vènd. *v. a.* to sell.
Vender, vènd'-úr. *s.* a seller.
Vendible, vènd'-è-bl. *a.* saleable. [ing.
Vendition, vènd'-ish-ún. *s.* sale, the act of sell-
Veneer, vé-nèer'. *v. a.* to make a kind of mas-
 quety or inlaid work.
Venemous, vèn'-è-mús. *a.* poisonous.
Venenate, vèn'-è-náte. *v. a.* to poison.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât; —mê, mêt; —plao, pln; —

- Venerable**, vên'-êr-â-bl. *a.* to be regarded with awe.
- Venerate**, vên'-êr-â-te. *v. a.* to reverence.
- Vénération**, vên'-êr-â-shûn. *s.* reverent regard, awful respect.
- Veneral**, vè-nê'-rê-âl. *a.* relating to love.
- Venery**, vên'-êr-ê. *s.* the commerce of the sexes.
- Venesection**, vè-nê-sêk'-shûn. *s.* blood-letting.
- Venge**, vênje. *v. a.* to avenge.
- Vengeance**, vên'-jânso. *s.* punishment.
- Vengeful**, vênje-fûl. *a.* vindictive, revengeful.
- Veniable**, vè-nê-â-bl. } *a.* pardonable, excusable.
- Venial**, vè-nê-âl. } *ble.*
- Venison**, vên'-zn. *s.* game, the flesh of deer.
- Venom**, vên'-ûm. *s.* poison.
- Venomous**, vên'-ûm-ûs. *a.* poisonous.
- Vent**, vânt. *s.* a hole; passage; sale.
- Vent**, vânt. *v. a.* to let out; to utter; to publish; to sell.
- Venter**, vên'-tûr. *s.* the abdomen; womb.
- Ventiduct**, vên'-tê-dûkt. *s.* a passage for the wind.
- Ventilate**, vên'-tê-lâ-te. *v. a.* to fan with wind.
- Ventilation**, vên'-tê-lâ-shûn. *s.* the act of fanning; vent.
- Ventilator**, vên'-tê-lâ-tûr. *s.* an instrument to supply close places with fresh air.
- Ventosity**, vên-tôs'-ê-tê. *s.* windiness.
- Ventricle**, vên'-trê-kl. *s.* the stomach; any small cavity in an animal body.
- Ventiloquist**, vên-trîl'-lô-kwîst. *s.* one who speaks in such a manner as that the sound seems to issue from his belly.
- Ventiloquy**, vên-trîl'-ô-kwê. *s.* speaking inwardly as from the belly.
- Venture**, vên'-tshûre. *s.* a hazard; hap.
- Venture**, vên'-tshûre. *v. n.* to dare; to run hazard.
- Venturous**, vên'-tshûr-ûs. *a.* daring.
- Veracity**, vè-râs-ê-tê. *s.* moral truth.
- Verb**, vèrb. *s.* a part of speech signifying existence, or some modification thereof, as action, passion.
- Verbal**, vèrb-âl. *a.* spoken; oral.
- Verbalize**, vèr'-bâl-îze. *v. n.* to use many words.
- Verbally**, vèr'-bâl-ê. *ad.* in words, orally.
- Verbatim**, vèr-bâ'-thm. *ad.* word for word.
- Verberate**, vèr'-bêr-â-te. *v. a.* to beat.
- Verberation**, vèr'-bêr-â-shûn. *s.* blows, beating.
- Verbose**, vèr-bôse'. *a.* prolix, tedious.
- Verbosity**, vèr-bôs'-ê-tê. *s.* exuberance of words.
- Verdant**, vèr'-dânt. *a.* green.
- Verdierer**, vèr'-dêr-ûr. *s.* an officer in a forest.
- Verdict**, vèr'-dîkt. *s.* determination of a jury.
- Verdigris**, vèr'-dê-grêes. *s.* the rust of brass.
- Verditure**, vèr'-dê-tûr. *s.* the faintest and palest green.
- Verdure**, vèr'-jûre. *s.* green colour.
- Verdurous**, vèr'-jû-rûs. *a.* covered with green.
- Verge**, vèrje. *s.* a rod; the mace of a dean, the brink, the edge, the utmost border.
- Verge**, vèrje. *v. n.* to tend, to bend downward.
- Verger**, vèr'-jûr. *s.* he that carries the mace before the dean.
- Verification**, vèr-ê-sê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* confirmation by argument, evidence.
- Verify**, vèr-ê-sî. *v. a.* to justify, to prove true.
- Verily**, vèr-ê-lê. *ad.* in truth, certainly.
- Verisimilar**, vèr-ê-sîm'-ê-lâr. *a.* probable, likely.
- Veritable**, vèr-ê-tâ-bl. *a.* true.
- Verity**, vèr-ê-tê. *s.* truth, [crab-apples]
- Verjuice**, vèr'-jûs. *s.* acid liquor expressed from
- Vermicelli**, vèr-mê-tshêl'-ê. *s.* a paste rolled and broken in the form of worms.
- Vermicular**, vèr-mîk'-û-lâr. *a.* acting like a worm. [work in chequer work.]
- Vermiculate**, vèr-mîk'-û-lâ-te. *r. a.* to inlay, to
- Vermiculous**, vèr-mîk'-û-lûs. *a.* full of grubs.
- Vermilion**, vèr-mîl'-yûn. *s.* a beautiful red colour.
- Vermin**, vèr'-mîn. *s.* any noxious animal.
- Vermiparous**, vèr-mîp'-pâ-rûs. *a.* producing worms.
- Vernacular**, vèr-nâk'-û-lâr. *a.* native.
- Vernal**, vèr-nâl. *a.* belonging to the spring.
- Vernant**, vèr'-nânt. *a.* flourishing as in spring.
- Versatile**, vèr'-sâ-tîl. *a.* that may be turned round; changeable, variable.
- Versatility**, vèr-sâ-tîl'-ê-tê. *s.* the quality of being versatile.
- Verse**, vèrse. *s.* a line consisting of a certain succession of sounds, and number of feet; a paragraph of a book; poetry.
- Versification**, vèr-sê-sê-kâ'-shûn. *s.* the art of making verses.
- Versifier**, vèr'-sê-sî-ûr. *s.* a maker of verses.

uò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—òll;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

Versify, vèr'-sè-fl. *v. n.* to make verses.
Version, vèr'-shùn. *s.* translation; the act of translating.
Vert, vèrt *s.* every thing that bears a green leaf within the forest. [of the spine.
Vertical, vèr'-té-brál. *a.* relating to the joints
Vertèbre, vèr'-té-bâr. *s.* a joint of the back.
Vertex, vèr'-tèks. *s.* zenith, the point over head; the top of a hill.
Vertical, vèr'-té-kál. *a.* placed in a direction perpendicular to the horizon.
Verticity, vèr'-tìs'-é-tè. *s.* the power of turning, rotation. [giddy.
Vertiginous, vèr'-tìk'-jìn-ús. *a.* turning round;
Vertigo, vèr'-tè-gò. *s.* a giddiness.
Very, vèr'-è. *a.* true, real.
Very, vèr'-è. *ad.* in a great degree.
Vesicate, vès'-sè-kàte. *v. a.* to blister.
Vesicatory, vès'-sìk'-à-tùr-è. *s.* a blistering medicine. [flated.
Vesicle, vès'-è-kl. *s.* a small cuticle, filled or iavesper, vès'-pûr. *s.* the evening star.
Vespers, vès'-pûrz. *s.* the evening service.
Vessel, vès'-sìl. *s.* any thing in which liquids are put; the containing parts of an animal body; a ship.
Vest, vèst. *s.* an outer garment.
Vest, vèst. *v. a.* to dress, to deck.
Vestal, vès'-tál. *s.* a pure virgin.
Vestal, vès'-tál. *a.* denoting pure virginity.
Vestibule, vès'-tè-bùle. *s.* the porch or first entrance of a house.
Vestige, vès'-tìdje. *s.* footstep, mark left behind in passing.
Vestment, vès'-mènt. *s.* garment.
Vestry, vès'-trè. *s.* a room appendant to the church, in which the sacerdotal garments and consecrated things are repositèd; a parochial assembly.
Vesture, vès'-tshùro. *s.* garment, robe.
Veteran, vèt'-dr-àn. *s.* an old soldier, a man long practised. [perienced.
Veteran, vèt'-dr-àn. *a.* long practised, long ex-
Veterinary, vèt'-èr-è-nà-rè. *a.* belonging to cattle, particularly horses.
Vex, vèks. *v. a.* to plague, to disquiet.
Vexation, vèk-sà'-shùn. *s.* the act of troubling;

portow

Vexatious, vèk-sà'-shùs. *a.* afflictive, trouble some. [ness, uneasiness
Vexatiousness, vèk-sà'-shùs-nès. *s.* troublesome-
Vial, vl'-ál. *s.* a small bottle.
Viand, vl'-ònd. *s.* food, meat dressed. [ney.
Viaticum, vl'-át'-kùm. *s.* provision for a jour-
Vibrate, vl'-bràte. *v. n.* to play up and down, or to and fro; to quiver.
Vibration, vl-brà'-shùn. *s.* the act of moving with quick returns.
Vibratory, vl'-brà-tùr-è. *a.* vibrating continually
Vicar, vik'-âr. *s.* the incumbent of an impropriated benefice.
Vicarage, vik'-âr-ìdje. *s.* the benefice of a vicar.
Vicarial, vl-kà'-rè-ál. *a.* belonging to a vicar.
Vicarious, vl-kà'-rè-òs. *a.* deputed, acting in the place of another.
Vice, vîsè. *s.* the course of action opposite to virtue; a kind of small iron press with screws.
Viceadmiral, vîsè-ád'-mè-rál. *s.* the second commander of a fleet.
Viceagent, vîsè-à'-jènt. *s.* one who acts in the place of another.
Vicegerent, vîsè-jè'-rènt. *s.* a lieutenant, one who is intrusted with the power of the superior.
Vicechancellor, vîsè-ìshàn'-sèl-lâr. *s.* the second magistrate of the universities.
Viceroy, vîsè-ròè. *s.* he who governs in place of the king with regal authority.
Vicinity, vè-sìn'-è-tè. *s.* state of being near; neighbourhood. [adjoining.
Vicinage, vîs'-ìn-ìdje. *s.* neighbourhood, place
Vicinal, vîs'-è-nál. *a.* near, neighbouring.
Vicious, vîsh'-òs. *a.* devoted to vice.
Vicissitude, vè-sìs'-è-tùde. *s.* regular change, revolution.
Victim, vik'-tìm. *s.* a sacrifice.
Victor, vik'-tòr. *s.* a conqueror.
Victorious, vik-tò'-rè-òs. *a.* conquering.
Victoriously, vik-tò'-rè-òs-è. *ad.* with conquest triumphantly.
Victory, vik'-tùr-è. *s.* conquest.
Victress, vik'-très. *s.* a female that conquers.
Victuals, vit'-tlz. *s.* provision of food, meat.
Victual, vit'-tl. *v. a.* to store with provision.
Victualler, vit'-tl-ùr. *s.* one who provides victuals.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plnc, pln;—

Videlicet, vè-dèl'è-sèt. *ad.* to wit.
 Vie, vi. v. n. to contest, to contend.
 View, vû. v. a. to survey; to see.
 View, vû. *s.* prospect; sight; survey.
 Viewless, vû-lès. *a.* unseen. [holiday.
 Vigil, vîd-jîl. *s.* watch; a fast kept before a
 Vigilance, vîd-jîl-ân-se. } *s.* watchfulness.
 Vigilancy, vîd-jîl-ân-sè. }
 Vigilant, vîd-jîl-ânt. *a.* watchful.
 Vignette, vîn-yèt. *s.* ornamental flowers or fig-
 ures placed by printers at the beginning or
 end of chapters.
 Vigorous, vig'âr-ûs. *ad.* forcible.
 Vigour, vig'âr. *s.* force, strength.
 Vile, vile. *a.* base, mean, sordid.
 Vileness, vile-nès. *s.* baseness, meanness.
 Vilify, vil'è-fl. *v.* o. to debase, to defame.
 Villa, vil'-là. *s.* a country seat.
 Village, vil'-ldje. *s.* a small collection of houses.
 Villager, vil'-ld-jûr. *s.* an inhabitant of a village.
 Villain, vil'-ân. *s.* a wicked wretch.
 Villanous, vil'-ân-ûs. *a.* base, wicked.
 Villany, vil'-ân-è. *s.* wickedness, baseness.
 Villous, vil'-ûs. *a.* shaggy, rough.
 Vimineous, vè-mîn-è-ûs. *a.* made of twigs.
 Vincible, vîn-sè-bl. *a.* conquerable.
 Vindemial, vîn-dè-mè-âl. *a.* belonging to a
 vintage. [venge.
 Vindicate, vîn-dè-kâte. *v. a.* to justify; to re-
 vindication, vîn-dè-kâ-shûn. *s.* defence, justi-
 fication.
 Vindicative, vîn-dè-kâ-tîv. *a.* revengeful.
 Vindictive, vîn-dîk'-tîv. *a.* given to revenge, re-
 vengeful.
 Vine, vine. *s.* the plant that bears the grape.
 Vinegar, vîn-nè-gûr. *s.* any thing really or met-
 aphorically sour. [vines.
 Vineyard, vîn-yêrd. *s.* a ground planted with
 Vinous, vî-nûs. *a.* consisting of wine.
 Vintage, vîn-ildje. *s.* the time in which grapes
 are gathered.
 Vintner, vîn-nûr. *s.* one who sells wine.
 Viol, vi'-âl. *s.* a stringed instrument of musick.
 Violable, vi'-ô-lâ-bl. *a.* such as may be violated.
 Violate, vi'-ô-lâte. *v. a.* to injure; to infringe;
 to ravish. [jury; rape.
 Violation, vi'-ô-lâ-shûn. *s.* infringement or in-
 violence, vi'-ô-lênse. *s.* force; outrage.

Violent, vi'-ô-lênt. *a.* forcible; extorted.
 Violently, vi'-ô-lênt-lê. *ad.* with force, vehem-
 ently.
 Violet, vi'-ô-lêt. *s.* a flower.
 Violin, vi'-ô-lîn'. *s.* a fiddle.
 Violoncello, vè-ô-lôn-tshèl'-ô. *s.* a stringed in-
 strument of musick.
 Viper, vi'-pûr. *s.* a serpent. [culme woman.
 Virago, vè-râ-gò. *s.* a female warrior, a ma-
 Virgin, vèr-jîn. *s.* a maid.
 Virgin, vèr-jîn. *a.* besitting a virgin.
 Virginal, vèr-jîn-âl. *a.* maiden.
 Virginity, vèr-jîn-è-tè. *s.* maidenhead.
 Virile, vi'-rîle. *a.* belonging to a man.
 Virility, vi-rîl'-è-tè. *s.* manhood, power of pro-
 creation.
 Virtu, vèr-tûd'. *s.* a taste for the elegant arts,
 and curiosities of nature.
 Virtual, vèr-tshû-âl. *a.* having the efficacy
 without the sensible part.
 Virtually, vèr-tshû-âl-è. *ad.* in effect.
 Virtue, vèr-tshû. *s.* moral goodness; efficacy.
 Virtuoso, vèr-tûd'-ô-shû. *s.* a man skilled in an-
 tique or natural curiosities,
 Virtuous, vèr-tshû-ûs. *a.* morally good; those
 having medicinal qualities. [sky
 Virulence, vir'-û-lênse. *s.* mental poison, [mang
 Virulent, vir'-û-lênt. *a.* venomous; malignant.
 Visage, viz'-ldje. *s.* face, look.
 Viscerate, vis'-sè-râte. *v. a.* to imbowel.
 Viscid, vis'-sîd. *a.* glutinous, tenacious.
 Viscidity, vè-sîd'-è-tè. *s.* glutinousness, tenacity.
 Viscosity, vis-kòs'-è-tè. *s.* glutinousness, tena-
 city. [gree to an earl.
 Viscount, vi'-kòûnt. *s.* a nobleman next in de-
 Viscountess, vi'-kòûnt-ès. *s.* the lady of a vis-
 count
 Viscous, vis'-kûs. *a.* glutinous, sticky.
 Visibility, viz-è-bl'-è-tè. *s.* the state of being
 perceptible.
 Visible, viz'-è-bl. *a.* apparent, open.
 Visibly, viz'-è-blè. *ad.* in a manner perceptible
 by the eye.
 Vision, vizh'-ûn. *s.* sight; a supernatural appear-
 ance; a dream. [toms; imaginary
 Visionary, vizh'-ûn-â-rè. *a.* affected by phan-
 Visionary, vizh'-ûn-â-rè. *s.* one whose imagina-
 tion is disturbed

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt; —tòhe, túb, búll; —òll; —pòònd; —chin, THIS.

Vist, viz'-h. v. a. to go to see
Visit, viz'-it. v. n. to keep up the intercourse of ceremonial salutations at the houses of each other
Visat, viz'-it. s. the act of going to see another.
Visitant, viz'-è-tánt. s. one who goes to see another. [judicial visit.
Visitation, viz'-è-tá'-shún. s. the act of visiting;
Visitor, viz'-it-úr. s. one who comes to see another.
Visor, viz'-úr. s. a mask. [emw.
Vista, viz'-tá. s. view, prospect through an av-
Visual, vizh'-ú-ál. a. used in sight, exercising the power of sight.
Vital, ví'-tál. a. necessary to life; relating to life.
Vitality, ví'-tál'-é-té. s. power of subsisting in life.
Vitally, ví'-tál-é. ad. in such a manner as to give life.
Vitals, ví'-tálz. s. parts essential to life.
Vitiate, vizh'-è-áte. v. a. to deprave.
Vitiation, vizh'-è-á'-shún. s. depravation, corruption.
Vititious, vizh'-ús. a. corrupt, wicked.
Vitreous, ví'-tré-ús. a. glassy.
Vitriification, ví'trè-fè-ká'-shún. s. act of changing, or state of being changed, into glass.
Vitrify, ví'trè-fl. v. a. to change into glass.
Vitriol, ví'trè-ú-l. s. a kind of mineral salt.
Vitriolate, ví'trè-ú-láte. a. impregnated with vitriol.
Vitriolick, ví'trè-ú-l-ík. a. containing vitriol.
Vituline, ví'tshú-líne. a. belonging to a calf.
Vituperate, vé-tú-pér-áte. v. a. to censure.
Vivacious, vé-vá'-shús. a. sprightly, active.
Vivacity, vé-vás'-è-té. s. sprightliness.
Vivid, vív'-íd. a. quick, active, lively.
Vivification, vív'-è-fè-ká'-shún. s. the act of giving life.
Vivifick, vé-víf-ík. a. giving life.
Vivify, vív'-è-fl. v. a. to make alive, to animate.
Viviparous, ví-víp-pá-rús. a. bringing the young alive.
Vixen, víz'-en. s. the name of a she fox.
Vizard, víz'-árd. s. a mask used for disguise.
Vizier, viz'-yére. s. the prime minister of the Turkish empire. [word-book.
Vocabulary, vò-káb'-ú-lá-ré. s. a dictionary, a
Vocal, vò-kál. a. having a voice

Vocalise, vò-kál-láe. v. a. to make vocal
Vocally, vò-kál-lé. ad. in words. [ment.
Vocation, vò-ká'-shún. s. calling, trade, employ
Vocative, vòk'-á-úv. s. the grammatical case used in calling or speaking to. [cry.
Vociferation, vò-sí'-ér-á'-shún. s. clamour, out-
Vociferous, vò-sí'-ér-ús. a. clamorous, noisy.
Vogue, vòg. s. fashion, mode. [vota.
Voice, vòis. s. sound emitted by the mouth
Void, vòí. a. empty, vacant.
Void, vòí. s. an empty space.
Void, vòí. v. a. to quit, to emit.
Volant, vò'-lánt. a. flying, active.
Volatile, vòí'-á-ú-l. a. flying, lively, fickle.
Volatility, vòí'-á-ú-l'-é-té. s. the quality of flying away by evaporation; mutability of mind.
Volcano, vòl-ká'-nò. s. a burning mountain.
Volitation, vòl-è-tá'-shún. s. the act or power of flying. [of choice exerted
Volition, vò-lísh'-ún. s. the act of willing, power
Volley, vòí'-lé. s. a flight of shot.
Volubility, vòl-ú-blí'-é-té. s. fluency of speech.
Voluble, vòl-ú-bl. a. fluent of words.
Volume, vòí'-yúme. s. something rolled or convolved; a book. [ny volumes.
Voluminous, vò-lú-mé-nús. a. consisting of ma-
Voluntarily, vòl'-ún-tá-ré-lé. ad. spontaneously
Voluntary, vòl'-ún-tá-ré. s. a piece of music played at will.
Voluntary, vòl'-ún-tá-ré. a. acting by choice.
Volunteer, vòl'-ún-téer. s. a soldier who enters into the service of his own accord.
Voluptuary, vò-lúp'-tshú-á-ré. s. a man given up to luxury.
Voluptuous, vò-lúp'-tshú-ús. a. luxurious.
Voluptuousness, vò-lúp'-tshú-ús-nés. s. the state of being luxurious. [ach.
Vomit, vòm'-it. v. a. to throw up from the stom-
Vomit, vòm'-it. s. an emetick medicine
Voracious, vò-rá'-shús. a. ravenous.
Voraciousness, vò-rá'-shús-nés. } s. ravenous.
Voracity, vò-rás'-è-té. } nes.
Vortex, vòr'-tèks. s. any thing whirled round.
Vertical, vòr'-tè-kál. a. having a whirling motion.
Votaress, vò'-tá-rés. s. a devoted votary.
Votary, vò'-tá-ré. s. one devoted to any service, worship, or study.

Fâte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pln;—

Vote, vôte. *s.* suffrage, voice given and un-
bared.Vote, vôte. *v. a.* to choose by vote.Voter, vôt-ûr. *s.* one who has a right to vote.Votive, vôt-iv. *a.* given by vow.Vouch, vôtush. *v. a.* to attest, to warrant.Voucher, vôtush-ûr. *s.* one who gives witness
to any thing.Vouchsafe, vôtush-shâf. *v. a.* to grant.Vow vôt. *s.* a solemn promise.Vow, vôt. *v. n.* to make vows. [by itself.]Vowel, vôt-îl. *s.* a letter which can be utteredVoyage, vôt-âdje. *s.* a passage by sea.Voyager, vôt-â-jûr. *s.* one who travels by sea.Vulgar, vôt-gûr. *a.* plebeian, mean.Vulgar, vôt-gûr. *s.* the common people.Vulgarity, vôt-gâr-ê-tê. *s.* meanness, state of
the lowest people.Vulgarism, vôt-gâr-îzm. *s.* an expression used
only by the vulgar.Vulgate, vôt-gât. *s.* a Latin version of the Bible.Vulnerable, vôt-nûr-â-bl. *a.* liable to external
injuries. [of wounds.]Vulnery, vôt-nûr-â-rê. *a.* useful in the cureVulpine, vôt-pln. *a.* belonging to a fox.Vulture, vôt-ishûrê. *s.* a large bird of prey.Vulturine, vôt-ishû-rêe. *a.* belonging to a vul-
ture.

W.

WABBLE, wôb-bl. *v. n.* to shake, to move from
side to side. [gether.]Wad, wôd. *s.* a bundle of straw thrust close to-Wadding, wôd-dîng. *s.* a kind of soft stuff loose-
ly woven. [side to side.]Waddle, wôd-dl. *v. n.* to shake in walking fromWade, wâde. *v. n.* to walk through the waters.Wafer, wâ-fâr. *s.* a thin cake; paste made to
close letters. [on the water.]Waft, wâft. *v. a.* to carry through the air, orWaftage, wâft-îdje. *s.* carriage by water or air.Wafture, wâft-ishûrê. *s.* the act of wafting.Wag, wâg. *v. a.* to move or shake lightly.Wag, wâg. *s.* a merry droll. [carry on.]Wage, wâdje. *v. a.* to attempt; to make, toWager, wâ-jûr. *s.* a bet.Wag yr, wâ-jûr. *v. a.* to lay, to pledge as a bet.Wages, wâ-jîz. *s.* pay given for service.Waggery, wâg-ûr-ê. *s.* mischievous merrimentWaggish, wâg-îsh. *a.* frolicsome.Waggishness, wâg-îsh-nês. *s.* merry mischief.Waggon, wâg-ûn. *s.* a heavy carriage for bur-
dens. [waggon]Waggoner, wâg-ûn-ûr. *s.* one who drives a
Wail, wâle. *s.* goods found, and claimed by no
body.Wail, wâle. *v. a.* to moan, to lament.Wail, wâle. *v. n.* to express sorrow.Wail, wâle. *s.* audible sorrow. [row]Wailing, wâ-îng. *s.* lamentation, audible sor-Wailful, wâle-fûl. *a.* sorrowful, mournful.Wain, wâne. *s.* a carriage.Wainscot, wên-skût. *s.* the inner wooden cov-
ering of a wall.Waist, wâste. *s.* the smallest part of the body.Waistcoat, wês-kôt. *s.* a garment worn about
the waist.Wait, wâte. *v. a.* to expect, to stay for; to attend.Wait, wâte. *s.* ambush.Waiter, wâ-tûr. *s.* an attendant.Wake, wâke. *v. a.* to rouse from sleep; to excite.Wake, wâke. *v. n.* to watch.Wake, wâke. *s.* feast of the dedication of a
church, formerly kept by watching all night;
vigils.Wakeful, wâke-fûl. *a.* vigilant. [sleep]Wakefulness, wâke-fûl-nês. *s.* forbearance ofWaken, wâ-kn. *v. n.* to wake.Wale, wâle. *s.* a rising part in cloth.Walk, wâwk. *v. n.* to move by leisurely steps
to move for exercise or amusement.Walk, wâwk. *s.* act of walking; gait; way, roadWalker, wâwk-ûr. *s.* one that walks.Wall, wâll. *s.* a series of brick or stone carried
upwards and cemented with mortar.Wall, wâll. *v. a.* to enclose with walls.Wallet, wôl-îsh. *s.* a bag, a knapsack.Walleyed, wâll-îde. *a.* having white eyes.Wallfruit, wâll-frûôt. *s.* fruit which, to be
opened, must be planted against a wall.Wallop, wôl-lôp. *v. n.* to boil.Wallow, wôl-lô. *v. n.* to roll in mire.Walnut, wâl-nût. *s.* a large nut. [sicken]Wamble, wôm-bl. *v. n.* to roll with nausea andWan wôn. *a.* ale as with sickness

nò, mòve, nêr, nôt;—tùbe, tùb, bùll;—ôil;—pôônd;—shin, tris.

Wand, wônd. *s.* a small twig, a long rod.
Wander, wân'-dêr. *v. n.* to rove, to ramble.
Vanderer, wôn'-dêr'-dr. *s.* rover.
Wane, wâne. *v. n.* to grow less.
Vane, wâne. *s.* decrease; decline.
Vanness, wôn'-nês. *s.* paleness.
Want, wônt. *v. a.* to be without; to fall short of; to long for.
Want, wônt. *s.* need; deficiency; poverty.
Vanton, wôn'-tôn. *a.* lascivious; licentious.
Vanton, wôn'-tôn. *s.* a lascivious person, a strumpet. [to revel.
Vanton, wôn'-tôn. *v. n.* to play lasciviously;
Vantonily, wôn'-tôn-lê. *ad.* lasciviously.
Vantonness, wôn'-tôn-nês. *s.* lasciviousness; licentiousness.
War, wâr. *s.* hostility, act of opposition.
War, wâr. *v. n.* to make war.
Warble, wâr'-bl. *v. a.* to quaver.
Warbler, wâr'-bl'-dr. *s.* a singer.
Ward, wârd. *v. a.* to guard; to turn aside any thing mischievous.
Ward, wârd. *s.* fortress; district of a town; custody; part of a lock; one in the hands of a guardian.
Warden, wâr'-dn. *s.* a keeper; a head officer.
Warder, wârd'-dr. *s.* a keeper.
Wardmote, wârd'-môte. *s.* a ward meeting.
Wardrobe, wârd'-rôbe. *s.* a room where clothes are kept. [pilage.
Wardship, wârd'-shîp. *s.* guardianship; purchase.
Ware, wâre. *s.* something to be sold.
Warehouse, wâre'-hóuse. *s.* a storehouse of merchandise.
Warfare, wâr'-fâre. *s.* military life.
Warily, wâ'-rê-lê. *ad.* cautiously.
Wariness, wâ'-rê-nês. *s.* caution.
Warlike, wâr'-like. *a.* military. [zealous.
Warm; wârm. *a.* heated to a small degree;
Warm, wârm. *v. a.* to heat in a gentle degree; to heat mentally.
Warmly, wârm-lê. *ad.* with gentle heat; eagerly, ardently. [sion.
Warmth, wârmth. *s.* gentle heat; zeal, passion.
Warn, wârn. *v. a.* to caution; to admonish.
Warning, wâr'-ning. *s.* caution.
Warp, wârp. *s.* the thread that crosses the woof.

Warp, wârp. *v. a.* to contract; to turn aside from the true direction.
Warrant, wôr'-rânt. *v. a.* to give authority to; to justify.
Warrant, wôr'-rânt. *s.* a writ conferring some right or authority.
Warrantable, wôr'-rânt-â-bl. *a.* justifiable.
Warrantably, wôr'-rânt-â-blê. *ad.* justifiably.
Warranty, wôr'-rânt-ê. *s.* authority.
Warren, wâr'-rîn. *s.* a kind of park for rabbits.
Warrener, wôr'-rîn'-dr. *s.* the keeper of a warren.
Warriour, wâr'-yûr. *s.* a soldier.
Wart, wârt. *s.* a corneous excrescence.
Wary, wâ'-rê. *a.* cautious, scrupulous.
Was, wôz. *pret. of to be.*
Wash, wôsh. *v. a.* to cleanse by ablution.
Wash, wôsh. *s.* any thing collected by water; a bog; a cosmetic lotion; a superficial colour; feed of hogs; act of washing the clothes of a family; the linen washed at once.
Washy, wôsh'-ê. *a.* watery, damp.
Wasp, wôsp. *s.* a brisk stinging insect.
Waspish, wôsp'-lsh-w. *peevish, irritable.*
Wast, wôst. *s.* the second person of *was*, from *to be.*
Waste, wâste. *v. a.* to diminish; to consume.
Waste, wâste. *a.* destroyed, ruined.
Waste, wâste. *s.* consumption; useless expense; desolate or uncultivated ground.
Wasteful, wâste'-fûl. *a.* destructive; lavish.
Wastefulness, wâste'-fûl-nês. *s.* prodigality.
Watch, wôts. *s.* forbearance of sleep; guard a period of the night; a pocket clock.
Watch, wôts. *v. a.* to guard; to tend.
Watchful, wôts'-fûl. *a.* vigilant.
Watchfulness, wôts'-fûl-nês. *s.* vigilance.
Watchhouse, wôts'-hóuse. *s.* place where the watch is set.
Watchmaker, wôts'-mâ-kûr. *s.* one whose trade is to make watches.
Watchman, wôts'-mân. *s.* guard, sentinel.
Watchword, wôts'-wôrd. *s.* the word given to the sentinels to know their friends.
Water, wâ'-tûr. *s.* one of the elements; urine; lustre of a diamond.
Water, wâ'-tûr. *v. a.* to irrigate; to give water.
Waterfall, wâ'-tûr-fâll. *s.* cataract, cascade.

Fise, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—pine, pin;—

- Waterfowl, wâ'tûr-fôol. *s.* fowl that get their food in water.
- Waterman, wâ'tûr-mân. *s.* a boatman.
- Watermark, wâ'tûr-mârk. *s.* the utmost limit of the rise of the flood. [water.]
- Watermill, wâ'tûr-mill. *s.* a mill turned by water.
- Waterwork, wâ'tûr-wûrk. *s.* any hydraulic performance.
- Watery, wâ'tûr-ê. *a.* thin, liquid, tasteless.
- Wattle, wôt'tl. *s.* the loose red flesh that hangs below the cock's bill; a hurdle.
- Wattle, wôt'tl. *v. a.* to bind with twigs.
- Wave, wâve. *s.* a billow.
- Wave, wâve. *v. n.* to play loosely.
- Wave, wâ'vûr. *v. n.* to play to and fro; to be unsettled.
- Wavy, wâ've. *a.* rising in waves.
- Wax, wâks. *s.* matter gathered by the bees; any tenuous mass, such as is used to fasten letters; the substance that exudes from the ear.
- Wax, wâks. *v. a.* to smear or join with wax; to grow, to increase.
- Waxen, wâk'sn. *a.* made of wax.
- Way, wâ. *s.* road; course, direction of motion; passage; means.
- Wayfarer, wâ'fâ-rûr. *s.* passenger.
- Wayfaring, wâ'fâ-rîng. *a.* travelling.
- Waylay, wâ-lâ'. *v. a.* to beset by ambush.
- Wayward, wâ'wûrd. *a.* froward, peevish.
- We, wê. *pron.* the plural of *I*.
- Weak, wêk. *a.* feeble; infirm; pliant.
- Weaken, wê'kn. *v. a.* to debilitate.
- Weaking, wêke'fîng. *s.* a feeble creature.
- Weakly, wêke'lê. *ad.* feebly.
- Weakness, wêke'nês. *s.* feebleness; infirmity; foolishness of mind. [infirmity.]
- Weakside, wêke-side'. *s.* foible, deficiency.
- Weal, wêle. *s.* happiness, prosperity.
- Wealth, wêlth. *s.* riches, money.
- Wealthiness, wêlth'ê-nês. *s.* richness.
- Wealthy, wêlth'ê. *a.* rich, opulent.
- Wean, wêne. *v. a.* to put from the breast.
- Weapon, wêp'pn. *s.* instrument of offence.
- Weaponless, wêp'pn-lês. *a.* unarmed.
- Wear, wâre. *v. a.* to waste; to consume; to use as clothes.
- Wearer, wâ'rûr. *s.* one who wears any thing.
- Weariness, wê'rê-nês. *s.* lassitude; fatigue.
- Wearisome, wê'rê-sum. *a.* tedious, causing weariness.
- Wearisomeness, wê'rê-sum-nês. *s.* the quality of tiring; state of being easily tired.
- Weary, wê'rê. *v. a.* to tire, to fatigue.
- Weary, wê'rê. *a.* subdued by fatigue; impatient of the continuance of any thing painful.
- Weasand, wê'zn. *s.* the windpipe.
- Weather, wêrh'ûr. *s.* state of the air.
- Weather, wêrh'ûr. *v. a.* to pass with difficulty.
- Weatherbeaten, wêrh'ûr-bê-tûn. *a.* harassed and seasoned by hard weather.
- Weathercock, wêrh'ûr-kôk. *s.* a vane on the top of a spire.
- Weatherglass, wêrh'ûr-glâs. *s.* a barometer.
- Weatherwise, wêrh'ûr-wîze. *a.* skilful in foretelling the weather.
- Weave, wêve. *v. a.* pret. *wove*, *woveed*; part pass. *woven*, *woveed*. to form by texture.
- Weaver, wê'vûr. *s.* one who makes thread into cloth.
- Web, wêb. *s.* any thing woven.
- Webbed, wêbd. *a.* joined by a film.
- Wed, wêd. *v. a.* to marry.
- Wedding, wêd'fîng. *s.* marriage, nuptials.
- Wedge, wêdje. *s.* a body which, having a sharp edge, continually growing thicker, is used to cleave timber.
- Wedge, wêdje. *v. a.* to fasten with wedges.
- Wedlock, wêd'lôk. *s.* marriage. [week]
- Wednesday, wêdz'dê. *s.* the fourth day of the week.
- Weed, wêed. *s.* a useless or noxious herb; habit of mourning.
- Weed, wêed. *v. a.* to rid of noxious plants.
- Week, wêek. *s.* the space of seven days.
- Weekday, wêek'dâ. *s.* any day except Sunday.
- Weekly, wêek'lê. *a.* happening or done once a week.
- Weekly, wêek'lê. *ad.* once a week.
- Ween, wêen. *v. n.* to imagine.
- Weep, wêep. *v. n.* pret. and part. pass. *weped*, *weped*. to shed tears; to lament.
- Weeper, wêep'ûr. *s.* a mourner; a white border on the sleeve of a mourning dress.
- Weigh, wâ. *v. a.* to examine by the balance.
- Weigher, wâ'ûr. *s.* one who weighs.
- Weight, wâte. *s.* a mass by which bodies are

nò, mòve, nòr, nòt;—tùbe, tùb', bòll;—òil;—pòund;—thin, THIS.

weighed; heaviness; pressure; importance; influence.

Weightily, wà'-tè-lè. *ad.* heavily, importantly.

Weightiness, wà'-tè-nés. *s.* heaviness; importance.

Weighty, wà'-tè. *a.* heavy, important.

Welcome, wél'-kòm. *a.* received with gladness.

Welcome, wél'-kòm. *interj.* a form of salutation used to a new comer. [comer.

Welcome, wél'-kòm. *s.* kind reception of a new

Welfare, wél'-fàre. *s.* happiness, prosperity.

Welkin, wél'-kín. *s.* the visible regions of the air.

Well, wéll. *s.* a spring, a fountain.

Well, wéll. *a.* not sick; happy.

Well, wéll. *ad.* skilfully, properly; favourably.

Welladay, wél'-à-à. *interj.* alas!

Wellbeing, wél'-bé-íng. *s.* happiness, prosperity.

Wellborn, wél'-bòrn'. *a.* not meanly descended.

Wellbred, wél'-bréd'. *a.* polite.

Welldone, wél'-dòn. *interj.* a word of praise.

Wellmet, wél'-mèt'. *interj.* a term of salutation.

Wellnigh, wél'-ní'. *ad.* almost.

Wellspent, wél'-spènt. *a.* passed with virtue.

Wellspring, wél'-spring. *s.* fountain, source.

Wellwisher, wél'-wish'-úr. *s.* one who wishes the good of another.

Welt, wélt. *s.* a border, a guard.

Welter, wél'-túr. *v. n.* to roll in water or mire.

Wen, wén. *s.* a fleshy or callous excrescence.

Wench, wénsh. *s.* a young woman.

Wencher, wénsh'-úr. *s.* a fornicator.

Wept, wépt. *pret. and part. of weep.*

Were, wér. *pret. of the verb to be, which see; likewise the participle been.* [pret. of to be.

Wert, wért. the second person singular of the West. wést. *s.* the region where the sun sets.

West, wést. *a.* towards, or coming from, the west.

Westerly, wést'-úr-lè. *a.* towards the west.

Western, wést'-úrn. *a.* in the west.

Westward, wést'-wàrd. *ad.* towards the west.

Wet, wét. *a.* humid; rainy.

Wet, wét. *s.* water, humidity.

Wet, wét. *v. u.* to moisten; to drench with drink.

Wether, wéth'-úr. *s.* a ram castrated.

Wetness, wét'-nés. *s.* the state of being wet, moisture

Whale, hwàle. *s.* the largest of fish.

Wharf, hwòrf. *s.* a place to land goods at.

Wharfage, hwòrf'-fàje. *s.* dues for landing at a wharf. [a wharf.

Wharfinger, hwòrf'-fín-júr. *s.* one who attends

What, hwót. *pron.* that which; which part.

Whatever, hwót'-év'-úr. } *pron.* having

Whatsoever, hwót'-sò-év'-úr. } one nature or another; any thing; this or that

Wheat, hwéle. *s.* a pustule.

Wheat, hwète. *s.* bread corn.

Wheaten, hwé'-tn. *a.* made of wheat.

Wheedle, hwéé'-dl. *v. a.* to entice by soft words.

Wheel, hwéél. *s.* a circular body that turns round upon an axis.

Wheel, hwéél. *v. a.* to move on wheels; to turn on an axis.

Wheelbarrow, hwéél'-bàr-rò. *s.* a carriage driven forward on one wheel.

Wheelwright, hwéél'-rite. *s.* a maker of wheel carriages.

Wheeze, hwééze. *v. n.* to breathe with noise.

Whelm, hwélm. *v. a.* to cover; to bury.

Whelp, hwélp. *s.* the young of a dog, &c.

Whelp, hwélp. *v. a.* to bring young.

When, hwén. *ad.* at the time that.

Whence, hwénde. *ad.* from what place; for which cause. [what place soever

Whencesoever, hwénde-sò-év'-úr. *ad.* from

Whenever, hwén'-év'-úr. } *ad.* at whatso-

Whenssoever, hwén'-sò-év'-úr. } ever time.

Where, hwàre. *ad.* at which place.

Whereabout, hwàre'-à-bòút. *ad.* near what place. [ry; at which place.

Whereas, hwàre-àz' *ad.* when on the contra-

Whereat, hwàre-át'. *ad.* at which.

Whereby, hwàre-bl'. *ad.* by which.

Wherever, hwàre-év'-úr. *ad.* at whatsoever place. [for what reason.

Wherefore, hwàre'-fòre. *ad.* for which reason;

Wherein, hwàre-ín' *ad.* in which.

Whereinto, hwàre-ín-tòò'. *ad.* into which.

Whereof, hwàre-òf'. *ad.* of which.

Whereon, hwàre-òn'. *ad.* on which.

Wheresoever, hwàre-sò-év'-úr. *ad.* in what place soever.

Whereunto, hwàre-òn-tòò'. *ad.* to which.

Whereupon, hwàre-òp-òn'. *ad.* upon which

Fåte, fâr, fâll, fât;—mê, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Wherewithal, hwâr-wîrth-âll' *ad.* with which.
- Wherret, hwêr'-rê. *v. a.* to hurry, to tease.
- Wherry, whêr'-rê. *s.* a light boat used on rivers.
- Whet, hwêl. *v. a.* to sharpen, to edge.
- Whet, hwêl. *s.* the act of sharpening; any thing that makes hungry.
- Whether, hwêrth'-âr. *pron.* which of two.
- Whetstone, hwêl'-stône. *s.* a sharpening stone.
- Whey, hwâ. *s.* the serous part of milk.
- Which, hwîsh. *pron. relat.* that, relating to things.
- Whiff, hwîf. *s.* a blast, a puff.
- Whig, hwîg. *s.* the name of a party in politics.
- Whiggish, hwîg'-gîsh. *a.* relating to the Whigs.
- Whiggism, hwîg'-gîzm. *s.* the notions of a Whig.
- While, hwîlle. *s.* space of time.
- While, hwîlle. } *ad.* during the time that; as
 Whilst, hwîlst. } long as.
- Whilom, whl'-lôm. *ad.* formerly.
- Whim, hwîm. *s.* a freak, an odd fancy.
- Whimper, hwîm'-pâr. *v. n.* to cry without any loud noise.
- Whimsey, hwîm'-zê. *s.* a freak, an odd fancy.
- Whimsical, hwîm'-zê-kâll. *a.* freakish, capricious.
- Whine, hwîne. *v. n.* to lament in low murmurs, to moan meanly. [plaint.
- Whine, hwîne. *s.* plaintive noise, mean com-
- Whinny, hwîn'-nê. *v. n.* to make a noise like a horse or colt.
- Whip, hwîp. *v. a.* to strike with any thing tough and flexible; to sew slightly.
- Whip, hwîp. *s.* an instrument of correction tough and pliant.
- Whipcord, hwîp'-kôrd. *s.* cord of which lashes are made.
- Whiphand, hwîp'-hând. *s.* advantage over.
- Whiplash, hwîp'-lâsh. *s.* the small end of a whip.
- Whirl, hwêrl. *v. a.* to turn round rapidly.
- Whirl, hwêrl. *s.* quick rotation, circular motion.
- Whirligig, hwêrl'-lê-gîg. *s.* a toy which children spin round.
- Whirlpool, hwêrl'-pôdl. *s.* a place where the water moves circularly.
- Whirlwind, hwêrl'-wînd. *s.* a stormy wind moving circularly.
- Whisk, hwîsk. *s.* a small besom.
- Whisk, hwîsk. *v. a.* to sweep with a whisk.
- Whisker, hwîsk'-kôr. *s.* hair growing on the cheek unshaven; the mustachio. [locks
- Whisper, hwîsh'-pâr. *v. n.* to speak wîtz. [s. in
- Whisper, hwîsh'-pâr. *s.* a low, soft voice
- Whisperer, hwîsh'-pâr-âr. *s.* one that speak low; a private talker.
- Whist, hwîst. *interj.* be still!
- Whist, hwîst. *s.* a game at cards.
- Whistle, hwîsh'-al. *v. n.* to form a kind of musical sound by an inarticulate modulation of the breath; to sound shrill.
- Whistle, hwîsh'-sl. *s.* sound made by the modulation of the breath; a small wind instrument
- Whit, hwî. *s.* a point; a jet.
- White, hwîte. *a.* snowy; pale; pure.
- White, hwîte. *s.* any thing white; the adverbial part of eggs.
- Whiten, hwîl'-tn. *v. a.* to make white.
- Whiten, hwîl'-tn. *v. n.* to grow white. [white
- Whiteness, hwîte'-nêss. *s.* the state of being
- Whitewash, hwîte'-wôsh. *v. a.* to make white by applying a wash to the surface.
- Whither, hwîrth'-âr. *ad.* to what place.
- Whithersoever, hwîrth'-âr-sô-êv'-âr. *aa.* to whatsoever place.
- Whiting, hwîl'-tîng. *s.* a small sea-fish; soft chalk.
- Whitish, hwîl'-tîsh. *a.* somewhat white.
- Whitlow, hwîl'-lô. *s.* a swelling.
- Whitsuntide, hwîl'-sûm-tîde. *s.* the feast of Pentecost.
- Whiz, hwîz. *v. z.* to make a loud, hissing noise
- Who, hôd. *pron.* which person.
- Whoever, hôd-êv'-âr. *pron.* any one.
- Whole, hôle. *a.* total; uninjured.
- Whole, hôle. *s.* the totality.
- Wholesale, hôle'-sâle. *s.* sale in the lump.
- Wholesome, hôle'-sûm. *a.* sound; salutary.
- Wholesomeness, hôle'-sûm-nêss. *s.* salubrity, salutariness.
- Wholly, hôle'-ê. *ad.* completely, totally.
- Whom, hôdm. the accusative of *whu*, *sing.* and *plur.* [ou] exception
- Whomsoever, hôdm-sô-êv'-âr. *pron.* any who
- Whoop, hôop. *s.* a shout of pursuit.
- Whoop, hôop. *v. n.* to shout with scorn; to speak insultingly.
- Whore, hôôr. *s.* a fornicatress; a prostitute.

no, móve, ndr, nót;—túbe, sá, báll;—óil;—póund;—óin, TRIN.

Where, hór. v. n. to converse unlawfully with the other sex.
 Whoredom, hór'-dóm. s. fornication.
 Whoremaster, hór'-má-str. } s. one who
 Whoremonger, hór'-máng-gúr. } keeps or
 converses with whores.
 Whorish, hór'-ish. a. unchaste, incontinent.
 Whose, hóz. genitive of who and which.
 Whosoever, hóz-só-év'-r. pron. any without restriction.
 Why, hwi. ad. for what reason.
 Wick, wík. s. part of a candle.
 Wicked, wík'-id. a. given to vice.
 Wickedly, wík'-id-lé. ad. criminally.
 Wickedness, wík'-id-nés. s. corruption of manners, guilt.
 Wicket, wík'-it. s. a small gate.
 Wide, wíde. a. broad, extended far each way; remote.
 Wide, wíde. ad. at a distance; with great extent.
 Widely, wíde'-lé. ad. with great extent each way; remotely.
 Wide, wí'-dn. v. a. to make wide, to extend.
 Widgeon, wíd'-jín. s. a water-fowl. [dead.
 Widow, wíd'-ú. s. a woman whose husband is
 Widower, wíd'-ú-úr. s. one who has lost his wife.
 Widowhood, wíd'-ú-hú-d. s. the state of a widow.
 Width, wíth. s. breadth, wideness.
 Wild, wéild. v. a. to use with full command.
 Wildly, wéild'-dè. a. manageable.
 Wife, wífe. plur. wíves. a woman that has a husband. [of cake.
 Wig, wíg. s. false hair worn on the head; a sort
 ight, wíte. s. a person, a being.
 Wild, wíld. a. not tame; not cultivated; savage.
 Wild, wíld. s. a desert. [pathless tract.
 Wilder, wíld'-dúr. v. a. to lose or puzzle in a
 Wilderness, wíld'-dúr-nés. s. a desert.
 Wildfire, wíld'-fíre. s. a composition of inflam-
 mable materials, easy to take fire.
 Wildgoosechase, wíld-gúós'-ishás. s. a pursuit
 of something unlikely to be caught.
 Wildness, wíld'-nés. s. rudeness; irregularity
 of manners; savageness.
 Wile, wíle. s. a deceit, a fraud.
 Will, wíll. s. a stubborn, perverse.
 Willfully, wíll'-fú-lé. a. obstinate. [ness.
 Willfulness, wíll'-fú-l-nés. s. obstinacy, stubborn-

Williness, wíll'-nés. s. cunning, guile
 Will, wíll. s. choice; command.
 Will, wíll. v. a. to command, to direct.
 Willing, wíll'-líng. a. inclined to any thing; com-
 plying. [sent.
 Willingly, wíll'-líng-lé. ad. with one's own con-
 Willingness, wíll'-líng-nés. s. freedom from re-
 luctance.
 Willow, wíll'-ú. s. a tree.
 Wily, wíll'-é. a. cunning, sly.
 Win, wín. v. a. pret. wón and wón; part. wón.
 to gain by conquest; to obtain: to gain by
 courtship.
 Wince, wínce. v. n. to kick as impatient of a
 rider, or of pain.
 Winch, wínsk. v. n. to kick with impatience, to
 shrink from any uneasiness.
 Wind, wínd. s. a strong motion of the air
 breath, flatulence.
 Wind, wínd. v. a. to turn round, to twist; to
 sound by inflation. [round.
 Wind, wínd. v. n. to turn, to change; to move
 Windbound, wínd'-búnd. a. confined by con-
 trary winds.
 Windy, wínd'-úr. s. an instrument or person by
 which any thing is turned round.
 Windfall, wínd'-fáll. s. fruit blown down from
 the tree.
 Windgun, wínd'-gún. s. a gun which discharges
 a bullet by means of wind compressed
 Windiness, wínd'-dè-nés. s. flatulence; tendency
 to generate wind.
 Winding, wínd'-líng. s. flexure, meander.
 Windingsheet, wínd'-líng-shéet. s. a sheet in
 which the dead are inwrapped.
 Windlass, wínd'-lás. s. a handle by which any
 thing is turned. [wind.
 Windmill, wínd'-míll. s. a mill turned by the
 Window, wínd'-ú. s. an aperture in a building
 by which air and light are introritted.
 Windpipe, wínd'-pípe. s. the passage of breath.
 Windward, wínd'-wúrd. ad. towards the wind.
 Windy, wínd'-dè. a. consisting of wind; tem-
 pestuous.
 Wine, wíne. s. the fermented juice of the grape.
 Wing, wíng. s. the limb of a bird by which it
 flies; the side body of an army
 Winth, wíng. v. a. to enable to fly.

ate, fâr, fâll, fât;—mè, mêt;—plne, pln;—

- Wink, wîngk. *v. n.* to shut the eyes; to direct by the motion of the eyelids; to connive.
- Wink, wîngk. *s.* act of closing the eye; a hint given by motion of the eye.
- Winner, wîr'-nûr. *s.* one who wins.
- Winning, wîn'-îng. *part. a.* attractive.
- Winning, wîn'-îng. *s.* the sum won.
- Winnow, wîn'-nô. *v. a.* to separate by means of the wind; to fan.
- Winter, wîn'-tûr. *s.* the cold season of the year.
- Winter, wîn'-tûr. *v. n.* to pass the winter.
- Winterly, wîn'-tûr-lè. *a.* suitable to winter.
- Wintry, wîn'-trè. *a.* belonging to winter.
- Wipe, wîpe. *v. a.* to cleanse by rubbing with something soft.
- Wipe, wîpe. *s.* a blow, a stroke, a rub.
- Wire, wî'-ûr. *s.* metal drawn into threads.
- Wiredraw, wî'-ûr-draw. *v. a.* to spin into wire; to draw by art or violence. [wire.]
- Wiredrawer, wî'-ûr-draw-ûr. *s.* one who spins
- Wisdom, wîz'-dôm. *s.* sapience.
- Wise, wîze. *a.* sapient, judging rightly.
- Wise, wîze. *s.* way of being or acting.
- Wiseacre, wîze'-â-kûr. *s.* a fool, a dunce.
- Wisely, wîze'-lè. *ad.* judiciously; prudently.
- Wish, wîsh. *v. n.* to have strong desire.
- Wish, wîsh. *s.* longing desire.
- Wishful, wîsh'-fûl. *a.* longing.
- Wishfully, wîsh'-fûl-è. *ad.* with longing.
- Wisp, wîsp. *s.* a small bundle, as of hay or straw.
- Wistful, wîst'-fûl. *a.* attentive, earnest.
- Wistfully, wîst'-fûl-lè. *ad.* attentively, earnestly.
- Wit, wît. *s.* the intellect; quickness of fancy; a man of genius; sense.
- Witch, wîtsh. *s.* a woman given to unlawful arts. [witches.]
- Witchcraft, wîtsh'-krâft. *s.* the practice of
- With, wîth. *prep.* by, noting the cause or means.
- Withal, wîth-âll. *ad.* along with the rest.
- Withdraw, wîth-draw. *v. a.* to take back; to call away.
- Withdraw, wîth-draw. *v. n.* to retreat.
- Withdrawingroom, wîth-draw'-îng-rôom. *s.* room behind another for retirement.
- Withé, wîth. *s.* a willow twig; a band.
- Wither, wîth'-ûr. *v. n.* to fade; to waste.
- Withers, wîth'-ûrz. *s.* the joining of the shoulder-bones at the bottom of the neck and
- Withhold, wîth-hôld. *v. a. pret. and part. wîth-held or withheld.* to restrain; to keep back.
- Within, wîth-în. *prep.* in the inner part; no longer ago than; in the reach of.
- Withinside, wîth-în'-sîde. *ad.* in the interior parts.
- Without, wîth-ôut. *prep.* not with; beyond, not within the compass of; not by; on the outside of.
- Without, wîth-ôut. *conj.* unless, if not, except.
- Withstand, wîth-stand. *v. a.* to oppose, to resist.
- Witless, wît'-lès. *a.* wanting understanding.
- Witling, wît'-îng. *s.* a pretender to wit.
- Witness, wît'-nès. *s.* testimony. [wit.]
- Witness, wît'-nès. *v. a.* to attest.
- Witticism, wît'-tè-sîzm. *s.* a mean attempt at
- Wittily, wît'-tè-lè. *ad.* ingeniously.
- Wittingly, wît'-îng-lè. *ad.* knowingly.
- Witty, wît'-tè. *a.* ingenious; sarcastic.
- Wive, wîve. *v. a.* to match to a wife.
- Wives, wîvz. *s.* plur. of wife.
- Wizard, wîz'-ûrd. *s.* a conjurer.
- Wo, wô. *s.* grief, sorrow, misery.
- Woad, wôde. *s.* a plant used in dying.
- Wobegone, wô'-bè-gôn. *a.* lost in wo.
- Woful, wô'-fûl. *a.* sorrowful, afflicted.
- Wofully, wô'-fûl-è. *ad.* sorrowfully; wretchedly
- Wold, wôld. *s.* a plain, open country.
- Wolf, wôlf. *s.* a kind of wild dog.
- Wolfish, wôlf'-îsh. *a.* resembling a wolf.
- Woman, wûm'-ûn. *s.* the female of the human race.
- Womanhater, wûm'-ûn-hâ-tûr. *s.* one who has an aversion for the female sex.
- Womanhood, wûm'-ûn-hûd. *s.* the qualities of a woman. [woman.]
- Womanish, wûm'-ûn-îsh. *a.* suitable to a woman.
- Womankind, wûm'-ûn-kyînd. *s.* the female sex, the race of women. [woman.]
- Womanly, wûm'-ûn-lè. *a.* becoming a woman.
- Womb, wôbm. *s.* the place of the foetus in the mother; the place whence any thing is produced.
- Women, wûm'-mîn. *s.* plur. of woman.
- Won, wûn. *pret. and part. pass. of win.*
- Wonder, wûn'-dûr. *v. n.* to be struck with admiration, to be astonished

nd, m&v&e, n&r; n&t;—t&be, t&ib, t&il;—t≪—p∧—t&un, t&his.

Wonder, w&nd-*d&r*. *s.* admiration, amazement.
 Wonderful, w&nd-*d&r*-*f&il*. *a.* strange, astonish-
 ing. [ful manner.
 Wonderfully, w&nd-*d&r*-*f&il*-*l&*. *ad.* in a wonder-
 fully manner.
 Wonderstruck, w&nd-*d&r*-*str&k*. *a.* amazed.
 Wondrous, w&nd-*d&r*-*dr&s*. *a.* marvellous.
 Wont, w&nt. *v. n.* to be accustomed.
 Wanted, w&nt-*ed*. *part. a.* accustomed.
 Woo, w&od. *v. a.* to court, to sue to for love; to
 court solicitously, to invite with importunity.
 Woo, w&od. *v. n.* to court, to make love.
 Wood, w&od. *s.* a large and thick plantation of
 trees; timber.
 Woodcock, w&od-*k&k*. *s.* a bird of passage.
 Wooded, w&od-*ed*. *a.* supplied with wood.
 Wooden, w&od-*dn*. *a.* ligneous. [wood.
 Woodland, w&od-*l&nd*. *s.* ground covered with
 Woodlark, w&od-*l&rk*. *s.* a melodious sort of
 lark.
 Woodlouse, w&od-*l&use*. *s.* the millepedes.
 Woodman, w&od-*m&n*. *s.* a sportsman.
 Woodnote, w&od-*no&te*. *s.* wild music.
 Woodnymph, w&od-*n&mf*. *s.* a dryad. [neous.
 Woody, w&od-*l&*. *a.* abounding with wood; lig-
 Wooper, w&od-*o&r*. *s.* one who courts a woman.
 Woof, w&odf. *s.* the thread that crosses the warp.
 Wool, w&il. *s.* the fleece of sheep.
 Woollen, w&il-*fn*. *a.* made of wool.
 Woolpack, w&il-*p&k*. } *s.* a bag of wool.
 Woolsack, w&il-*s&k*. }
 Woolly, w&il-*l&*. *a.* consisting of wool.
 Word, w&rd. *s.* a single part of speech; tidings;
 Scripture; the second person of the adorable
 Trinity.
 Word, w&rd. *v. a.* to express in proper words.
 Ordy, w&rd-*l&*. *a.* verbose.
 Ore, w&re. *pret. of wear.*
 Ork, w&rk. *v. a.* pret. *worked*, or *wrought*. to
 labour, to toil; to ferment; to operate.
 Ork, w&rk. *s.* toil, labour; embroidery of the
 needle. [poor.
 Orkhouse, w&rk-*h&use*. *s.* a house for parish
 Orkingday, w&rk-*ng-d&*. *s.* day on which
 labour is permitted, not the sabbath.
 Orkman, w&rk-*m&n*. *s.* an artificer.
 Orkmanlike, w&rk-*m&n*-*l&ke*. *a.* well per-
 formed. [ture; the art of working.
 Orkmanship, w&rk-*m&n*-*shp*. *s.* manufac-

Workwoman, w&rk-*w&dm*-*fm*. *s.* a woman skill-
 ed in needlework.
 World, w&rd. *s.* the earth; present state of ex-
 istence; and publick life; mankind.
 Worldliness, w&rd-*l&*-*n&s*. *s.* covetousness.
 Worlthig, w&rd-*l&*. *s.* a mortal set upon
 profit. [world; human.
 Worldly, w&rd-*l&*. *a.* secular; bent upon this
 Worldly, w&rd-*l&*. *ad.* with relation to the
 present life.
 Worm, w&rm. *s.* a small harmless serpent; ani-
 mal bred in the body; a grub; something
 tormenting; any thing vermiculated.
 Worm, w&rm. *v. n.* to work slowly, secretly,
 and gradually.
 Wormeaten, w&rm-*l&*-*tn*. *a.* gnawed by worms.
 Wormwood, w&rm-*w&od*. *s.* a plant.
 Wormy, w&rm-*l&*. *a.* full of worms.
 Worn, w&rn. *part. pass. of wear.*
 Worry, w&rr-*l&*. *v. a.* to tear or mangle
 Worse, w&rs&. *a.* comparative of *bad*. more
 bad, more ill.
 Worse, w&rs&. *ad.* in a manner more bad.
 Worse, w&rs&. *s.* the loss; something less good.
 Worship, w&rr-*shp*. *s.* dignity, a character of
 honour; a term of ironical respect; religious
 act of reverence; idolatry of lovers.
 Worship, w&rr-*shp*. *v. a.* to adore; to honour.
 Worshipful, w&rr-*shp*-*f&il*. *a.* claiming respect
 by any character or dignity.
 Worshipper, w&rr-*shp*-*p&r*. *s.* one that worships.
 Worst, w&rst. *a.* the superlative of *bad*. most
 bad, most ill. [ed state.
 Worst, w&rst. *s.* the most calamitous or wick-
 ed.
 Worst, w&rst. *v. a.* to defeat, to overthrow
 Worsted, w&rs-*td*. *s.* woollen yarn.
 Wort, w&rt. *s.* a plant of the cabbage and
 new beer.
 Worth, w&wth. *s.* price, value; virtue.
 Worth, w&wth. *a.* equal in value to.
 Worthily, w&rr-*th&*-*l&*. *ad.* suitably; deserved-
 ly; justly. [lence, dignity.
 Worthiness, w&rr-*th&*-*n&s*. *s.* desert, excel-
 lence.
 Worthless, w&wth-*l&s*. *a.* having no value.
 Worthlessness, w&wth-*l&s*-*n&s*. *s.* want of value.
 Worthy, w&rr-*th&*. *a.* deserving.
 Worthy, w&rr-*th&*. *s.* a man of noble or
 eminent quality.

Fåta, får, fall, fát;—mè, mêt;—pine, phap.

Wet, wét. s. n. to know, to be aware.
Would, wúld. pret. of will.
Wound, wúnd. s. a hurt given by violence.
Wound, wúnd. v. a. to hurt by violence.
Wound, wúnd. pret. and part. pass. of to wound.
Wrangle, ráng'-gl. v. n. to dispute peevishly.
Wrangle, ráng'-gl. s. a quarrel, a perverse dispute.
Wrangler, ráng'-gl.-úr. s. a perverse, disputative man.
Wrap, ráp. v. a. to roll together, to complicate.
Wrapper, ráp'-púr. s. one who wraps; that in which any thing is wrapped.
Wrath, róth. s. anger, fury, rage.
Wrathful, róth'-fúl. a. angry, furious. [ately.
Wrathfully, róth'-fúl-é. ad. furiously, passionately.
Wreak, réke. v. a. to revenge.
Wreakful, réke'-fúl. a. revengeful.
Wreath, réth. s. a garland, a chaplet.
Wreath, réth. v. a. pret. wreathed; part. pass. *wreathed, wreathen.* to curl, to twist; to encircle as a garland.
Wreathy, ré'-thé. a. spiral, curled.
Wreck, rék. s. destruction, ruin.
Wreck, rék. v. a. to destroy by dashing on rocks or sands; to ruin.
Wren, rén. s. a small bird.
Wrench, rénsh. v. a. to pull by violence; to wrest, to force. [sprain.
Wrench, rénsh. s. a violent pull or twist; a
Wrest, rést. v. a. to twist by violence, to extort by force.
Wrest, rést. s. distortion, violence.
Wrestle, rést'-sl. v. n. to contend who shall throw the other down; to struggle.
Wrestler, rést'-lúr. s. one who wrestles.
Wretch, réthsh. s. a miserable mortal.
Wretched, réth'-éd. a. miserable; calamitous; worthless; despicable.
Wretchedly, réthsh'-éd-lé. ad. miserably; unhappily; despicably.
Wretchedness, réthsh'-éd-nés. s. misery, unhappiness; pitiful despicableness.
Wriggle, rig'-gl. v. n. to move to and fro with short motions.
Wright, rít. s. a workman.
ing, rig. v. a. pret. and part. pass. wringed
and wrung, to twist; to squeeze, to press; to

extort; to harass, to torture; to persecute with extortion.
Wrinkle, ring'-kl. s. furrow of the skin in the face; any roughness. [rows
Wrinkle, ring'-kl. v. a., to contract into fur
Wrist, rist. s. the joint by which the hand is joined to the arm.
Wristband, rist'-bánd. s. the fastening of the shirt at the hand.
Writ, rít. s. any thing written; Scripture; a judicial process.
Writ, rít. pret. of write.
Write, rít. v. a. pret. writ or wrote; part. pass. *written, writ, or wrote.* to express by means of letters.
Writer, rít'-úr. s. one who practises the art of writing; an author. [wrest
Writhe, rítth. v. a. to distort; to twist; to
Writing, rít'-ting. s. a legal instrument; a composition, a book.
Written, rít'-ín. part. pass. of write.
Wrong, róng. s. injury.
Wrong, róng. a. not right; unfit, unsuitable.
Wrong, róng. ad. not rightly, amiss.
Wrong, róng. v. a. to injure.
Wrongdoer, róng'-dúú-úr. s. an injurious person
Wrongful, róng'-fúl. a. injurious, unjust.
Wrongfully, róng'-fúl-é. ad. unjustly.
Wrongly, róng'-lé. ad. unjustly; amiss.
Write, rít. pret. and part. of write.
Wrought, ráwt. pret. and part. pass. of work
effected, performed; worked; operated.
Wrung, rúng. pret. and part. pass. of wring.
Wry, rí. a. crooked; distorted.

X.

X, says Johnson, is a letter, which, though found in Saxon words, begins no word in the English language.
Xerodes, zér'-ró-déz. s. any tumour attended with dryness. [cancer.
Xeromirum, zér'-ó-mí'-rúm. s. a drying ointment.
Xerophthalmia, zér'-róp'-thál-mé. s. a dry, red soreness or itching in the eyes.
Xerotes, zér'-ró-téz. s. a dry habit or disposition of body.
Xiphias, zíf'-é-ás. s. the sword-fish.

no, move, ndr, nôt, p-tbe, tûr, bâl, -dî, -pând, -thin, TRIA.

Xylobalanum, xi-lô-bâl-â-mân. *s.* the wood of the balsam tree.

Xyster, xi-tûr. *s.* a surgeon's instrument to scrape bones with.

Y.

YACHT, yôt. *s.* a small ship for carrying passengers.

Yard, yârd. *s.* enclosed ground adjoining to a house; a measure of three feet; the support of a sail.

Yare, yâre. *a.* ready, dexterous, eager.

Yarely, yâre-lê. *ad.* dexterously, skillfully.

Yarn, yâr-n. *s.* spun wool.

Yarrow, yâr-rô. *s.* a plant.

Yawl, yâwl. *s.* a ship's boat.

Yawn, yâwn. *v. n.* to gape; to open wide.

Yawn, yâwn. *s.* oscitation; gape.

Yawning, yâwn'-îng. *a.* sleeping, slumbering.

Ye, yê. the solemn nominative plural of *thou*.

Yea, yê. *ad.* yes.

Yean, yêne. *v. n.* to bring young.

Yeanning, yêne'-îng. *s.* the young of sheep.

Year, yêre. *s.* twelve months.

Yearling, yêre'-îng. *a.* being a year old.

Yearly, yêre'-lê. *a.* annual.

Yearly, yêre'-lê. *ad.* annually. [siness.

Yearn, yêrn. *v. n.* to feel great internal uneasiness.

Yelk, yêlk. *s.* the yellow part of an egg.

Yell, yêll. *v. n.* to cry out with horror and agony.

Yell, yêll. *s.* a cry of horror.

Yellow, yêl'-lô. *a.* of a bright glaring colour.

Yellowish, yêl'-lô-ish. *a.* approaching to yellow.

Yellowness, yêl'-lô-nês. *s.* the quality of being yellow.

Yelp, yêlp. *v. n.* to bark as a hound.

Yeoman, yô-mân. *s.* a man of small estate in land, a gentleman farmer.

Yeomanry, yô-mân-rê. *s.* the collective body of yeomen.

Yes, yês. *ad.* a term of affirmation.

Yest, yêst. *s.* the foam or spume of beer in fermentation; barm.

Yesty, yêst. *a.* frothy, spumy.

Yesterday, yês-tûr-dâ. *s.* the day last past.

Yesternight, yês-tûr-nê. *s.* the night before this night.

Yet, yêt. *conj.* nevertheless, notwithstanding.
Yet, yêt. *ad.* beside, over and above; still; once again; after all.

Yew, yôd. *s.* a tree of tough wood.

Yield, yêld. *v. a.* to produce; to resign.

Yoke, yôke. *s.* a bandage placed on the neck; a mark of servitude; a chain, a bond.

Yoke, yôke. *v. a.* to bind by a yoke; to couple with another.

Yokel, yôke'-fêl. *s.* companion in labour; mate.

Yon, yôn. *a.* being at a distance with-

Yonder, yôn'-dûr. *s.* in view.

Yore, yôre. *ad.* of old time, long ago.

You, yôd. *pron.* the oblique case of *ye*.

Young, yûng. *a.* in the first part of life.

Young, yûng. *s.* the offspring of animals collectively.

Youngster, yûng'-stûr. *s.* a young person

Younker, yûngk'-ûr. *s.* a young person

Your, yôd. *pron.* belonging to you.

Yourself, yûr-sêlf. *s.* you, even you.

Youth, yôdth. *s.* the part of life succeeding to childhood; a young man; young men.

Youthful, yôdth'-fûl. *a.* young. [ner.

Youthfully, yôdth'-fûl-ê. *ad.* in a youthful man-

Z.

ZANY, zâ'-nê. *s.* a merry-andrew, a buffoon.

Zeal, zêl. *s.* passionate ardour.

Zealot, zêl'-ût. *s.* one passionately ardent in any cause.

Zealous, zêl'-ûs. *a.* ardently passionate.

Zealously, zêl'-ûs-lê. *ad.* with passionate ardour.

Zealousness, zêl'-ûs-nês. *s.* the quality of being zealous.

Zenith, zê'-nîth. *s.* the point overhead opposite the nadir.

Zephyr, zêf'-fêr. *s.* the west wind.

Zephyrus, zêf'-fêr-ûs. *s.* the west wind.

Zest, zêst. *s.* the peel of an orange squeezed into wine; a relish. [relish.

Zest, zêst. *v. a.* to heighten by an additional

Zetetic, zê-têt'-îk. *a.* proceeding by inquiry.

Zigzag, zig'-zâg. *s.* any thing composed of short turns.

PRONUNCIATION

OR

SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES.

When a word is succeeded by a word printed in Italicks, this latter word is merely to seal the former as it ought to be pronounced. Thus *As'e-fs* is the true pronunciation of the preceding word *Ac'i-pha*; and so of the rest.

AB	AB	AC	AC	AD
A'-A-LAR	Ab'e-san	A-bh'o-am	A-cel'-da-ma	Ac'i-tho
A'-a-ron	Ab'e-sar	A-bi'-ram	<i>A-cel'-da-ma</i>	A-cu'a
Ab	A'bez	A-bi'-rom	A'-chah	A'-cub
Ab'-a-cue	Ab'-ga-rus	A-bi'-a-i	A'-chad	A'-da
Ab'-a-dah	A'bi	Ab-i-se-i	A'-cha'-i-a	A'-dad
A-bad'-don	A-bi'a, or	Ab'-i-shag	A'-cha'-i-rus	Ad'-a-da, or
Ab-a-di'-as	A-bi'-ah	A-bish'-a-i	A'-chan	Ad'-a-dah
A-bag'-tha	A-bi'-al'-bon	A-bish'-a-har	A'-char	Ad-ad-e'-zer
A'-bal	A-oi'-a-enph	A-bish'-a-lom	A'-chas	Ad-ad-r'm'-mon
Ab'-a-na	A-bi'-a-thar	A-bish'-u-a	Ach'-bor	A'-dah
Ab'-a-rim	A'-bab	Ab'-i-shur	A'-chi-ach'-a-rus	Ad-a-i'-ah
Ab'-a-ron	A-bi'-dah	Ab'-i-sun	A'-chim	Ad-a-li'-a
Ab'-ba	Ab'-i-dan	Ab'-i-tal	A'-chim'-e-lech	Ad'-am
Ab'-da	A'-bi-el	Ab'-i-tub	A'-chi-or	Ad'-a-ma, or
Ab'-di	A-bi-e'-zer	A-bi'-ud	A'-chi-ram	Ad'-a-mah
Ab-di'-as	A-bi-ex'-rite	Ab'-ner	A'-chish	Ad'-a-mi
Ab'-di-el	Ab'-i-gail	A'-bram, or	Ach'-i-tob, or	Ad'-a-mi Ne'-kee
Ab'-don	Ab'-i-gel	A'-bra-ham	Ach'-i-tub	A'-dar
A-bed'-ne-go	Ab-i-ha'-il	Ab'-sa-lom	A-chi'-o-pher	Ad'-a-sa
A'-bel	A-bi'-hu	A-bu'-bus	A-chi'-o-fer	Ad'-a-tha
A' bel Beth-ma'-	A-bi'-hud	Ac'-cad	Ach'-me-tha	Ad'-be-el
a-cah	A-bi'-jah	Ac'-a-ron	A'-thor	Ad'-dan
A'-bel Ma'-im	A-bi'-jam	Ac'-a-tan	Ach'-sa	Ad'-dar
A'-bel Me-hy'-	Ab-i-je'-ne	Ac'-a-rot	Ach-shaph	Ad'-di
lath	A-bim'-a-el	Ac'-cho	Ach'-zib	Ad'-din
A' bel Mir'-ra-im	A-bim'-e-lech	Ac'-cos	Ac'-i-pha	Ad'-do
A'-bel Shu'-im	A-bin'-a-dab	Ac'-goz	<i>As'e-fs</i>	Ad'-dus

AH	AH	AM	AN	AP
A'-der	A-har'-ah	A-ho-lib'-a-mah	A-mad'-a-thus	A-nam'-e tech
Ad'-i-da	A-har'-al	A-hu'-ma-i	A'-mal	A'-nan
A'-di-el	A-has'-a-i	A-hu'-zam	A-mal'-da	An-a'-ni
A'-din	A-has-u-e-rus	A-huz'-zah	Am'-a-lek	An-a-ni'-ah
Ad'-i-na	A-ha'-va	A'-i	Am'-a-lek-ites	An-a-ni'-as
Ad'-i-no	A'-haz	A-i'-ah	A'-man	A-nan'-i-el
Ad'-i-nus	A-haz'-a-i	A-i'-ath	Am'-a-na	A'-nath
Ad'-i-tha	A-ha-zi'-ah	A-i'-ja	Am-a-ri'-ah	A-nath'-e-ma
Ad-i-tha'-jim	Ah'-ban	A-i'-jah	Am'-a-sa	An'-a-thoth
Ad'-la-i	A'-her	Ai'-ja-lon	A-mas'-a-i	An'-a-thoth-ite
Ad'-mah	A'-hi	Ad'-ja-lon	Am-a-shi'-ah	An'-drew
Ad'-ma-tha	A-hi'-ah	Ai'-e-leth Sha'-	Am-a-the'-is	A'-nem, or A'-n
Ad'-na	A-hi'-am	har	Am-a-this	A'-ner
Ad'-nah	A-hi-e'-zer	Ad'-je-leth	Am-a-zi'-ah	A'-nes
Ad'-o-nai	A-hi'-hud	A'-in	A'-men	A'-neth
Ad-o-ni'-as	A-hi'-jah	A-i'-otn	A'-mi	A'-nu-am
A-don-i-be'-zea	A-hi'-kam	A-i'-rus	A-min'-a-dao	A'-nim
Ad-o-ni'-jah	A-hi'-lud	Ak'-kub	Am-i-shad'-da-i	An'-na
A-don'-i-kam	A-him'-a-az	Ak rab'-bim	A-mit'-tai	An'-na-as
A-don-i'-ram	A-hi'-man	A-lam'-e-lech	A-miz'-a-bad	An'-nas
A-don-i-ze'-dek	A-him'-e-lech	Al'-a-meth	Am'-mah	An-nu'-us
A-do'-ra	A-him'-e-lek	Al'-a-moth	Am-inad'-a-tha	An-ti-lib'-a-nus
Ad-o-ra'-im	A-hi'-moth	Al'-ci-mus	Am'-mi	An'-ti-och
A-do'-ram	A-hin'-a-dab	Al'-e-ma	Am-mid'-i-oi	An-ti'-o-chis
A-dram'-e-lech	A-hin'-o-am	A-le'-meth	Am-ni'-el	An-ti'-o-chus
A'-dri-a	A-hi'-o	Al-ex-an'-dri-a	Am-mi'-hud	An'-ti-pas
A'-dri-el	A-hi'-ra	Al-ex-an'-dri-on	Am'-mon	An-tip'-a-tris
A-du'-el	A-hi'-ram	Al-le-lu'-jah	Am'-mon-ites	An'-ti-pha
A-dul'-lam	A-hi'-ram-ites	Al-le-lu'-yah	Am'-noi	An-to'-ni-a
A-dum'-mim	A-his'-a-mach	A-li'-ah	A'-mok	An-to-thi'-jah
A-e-di'-as	A-hish'-a-lur	A-li'-an	A'-mon	An'-toth-ite
Æ'-gypt	A-hi'-sham	Al'-lom	Am'-o-rites	A'-nub
Æ-ne'-as—Virgil	A-hi'-shar	Al'-lon Bac'-huth	A'-mos	A'-nus
Æ'-ne-as—Acts 9	A-hi'-tob	Al-mo'-dad	Am'-pli-as	Ap-a-me'-a
Æ'-non	A-hit'-o-phel	Al'-mon Dib-la-	Am'-ra-i	Aph-a-ra'-im
Æ'-nos	A-hi'-tub	tha'-im	Am'-ram-ites	A-phar'-sath
Ag'-a-ba	A-hi'-ud	Al'-na-thian	Am'-ran	chites
Ag'-a-bus	Ah'-lah	Al'-loth	Am'-ra-pheh	A-phar'-sites
A'-gag	Ah'-lai	Al'-pha	Am'-zi	A'-phek
A'-gag-ite	A-ho'-e, or	Al-phe'-us	A'-nab	A-phe'-kah
A'-gar	A-ho'-ah	Al-ta-ne'-us	An'-a-el	A-pher'-e-ma
Ag-a-rens'	A-ho'-ite	Al-tas'-chith	A'-nah	A-pher'-ra
Ag'-e-e	A-ho'-lah	Al-te'-k'n	An-a-ha'-rath	A-phi'-ah
Ag-ge'-us	A-hol'-ba	Al'-vah, r Al'-van	An-a-i'-ah	Aph'-rah
Ag-noth-ta'-bor	A-hol'-bah	A'-lush	A'-nak	Aph'-ses
A'-gur	A-ho'-li-ab	A'-mad	An'-a-kims	A-poc'-a-lypse
A'-hab	A-ho'-i-bah	A-mad'-a-tha	An'-a-mim	A-poc'-ry-pha

AR	AS	AS	AZ	BA
A-pol'-los	A-re'-us	A-seb-e-bi'-a	As-si-de'-ans	Az-a-ri'-as
A-pol'-ly-on	Ar'-gob	As'-e-nath	As'-sir	A'-zaz
A-pol'-yon	Ar'-gol	A'-ser	As'-sos	A-za'-zel
Ap'-pa-im	A rid'-a-i	A-se'-rar	As'-ta-roth	Az-a-zi'-ah
Ap'-phi-a	A-rid'-a-tha	Ash-a-bi'-ah	Ash'-ta-roth	Az-bar'-a-re
Aph'-e-a	A-ri'-eh	A'-shau	As-tar'-te	Az'-buk
Ap'-phus	A'-ri-el	Asb'-be-a	As'-tath	A-ze'-kah
Aph'-us	Ar-i-ma-the'-a	Ash'-bel	A-sup'-pim	A'-zel
Aq'-ui-la	A'-ri-och	Ash'-bel-ites	A-syn'-cri-tus	A'-zem
Ar	A-ris'-a-i	Ash'-dod	A'-tad	Az-e-phu'-rith
A'-ra	Ar-is-to-bu'-lus	Ash'-doth-ites	At'-a-rah	A'-zer
A'-rab	Ark'-ites	Ash'-doth Pis'-gah	A-tar'-ga-tis	A-ze'-tas
Ar'-a-bah	Ar-ma-ged'-don	A'-she-an	At'-a-roth	Az'-gad
Ar-a-bat'-ti-ne	Ar mi-shad'-a-i	Ash'-er	A'-ter	A-zi'-a
A-ra'-bi-a	Ar-mon	Ash'-i-math	At-e-re-zi'-as	A-zi'-e-i
A'-rad	Ar'-nan	Ash'-ke-naz	A'-lhack	A'-zi-el
A'-rad-ite	Ar'-ne-pher	Ash'-nah	Ath-a-i'-ah	A-zi'-za
Ar'-a-dus	Ar-mon	A'-shou	Ath-a-li'-ah	Az'-ma-ve-th
A'-rah	A'-rod	Ash'-pe-naz	Ath-a-ri'-as	Az'-mon
A'-ram	Ar'-o-di	Ash'-ri-el	Ath-e-no'-bi-us	Az'-noth Ta' b
A'-ran	Ar'-o-er	Ash'-ta-roth	Ath'-ens	A'-zor
Ar'-a-rat	A'-rom	Ash'-te-moth	Ath'-la-i	A-zo'-tus
A-rau'-nah	Ar'-pad, or	Ash'-ta-roth-ites	At'-roth	Az'-ri-el
Ar'-ba, or Ar'-bah	Ar'-phad	A-shu'-ath	At'-tai	Az'-ri-kam
Ar'-bal	Ar'-sa-ces	Ash'-ur	At-ta-li'-a	A-zu'-bah
Ar-bat'-tis	Ar-phax'-ad	A-shu'-rim	At'-ta-lus	A'-zur
Ar-be'-la, in Syria	Ar'-te-mas	Ash'-ur-ites	At-thar'-a-tes	Az'-u-ran
Ar-bel'-la	Ar'-u-both	A'-si-a	Au'-gi-a	Az'-y-mutes
Ar'-bie	A-ru'-mah	As-i-bi'-as	Au-ra-ni'-tis	Az'-zah
Ar-bo'-nai	Ar'-vad	A'-si-el	Au-ra'-nus	Az'-zan
Ar-che-la'-us	Ar'-vad-ites	As'-i-pha	Au-te'-us	Az'-zur
Ar-ches'-tra-tus	Ar'-za	As'-ke-lon	A'-va	
Ar'-che-vites	A'-sa	As'-ma-dai	Av'-a-ran	
Ar'-chi	As-a-di'-as	As'-ma-eth	A'-ven	
Ar-chi-at'-a-roth	As'-a-el	As-mo-de'-us	A'-vim	B.
Ar-chip'-pus	As'-a-hel	As-mo-ne'-ans	A'-vims	BA'-AL, or Be'
Arch'-ites	As-a-i'-ah	As'-nah	A'-vites	Ba'-al-ah
Ard	As'-a-na	As-nap'-per	A'-vith	Ba'-al-ath
Ar'-dath	A'-saph	A-so'-chis	Az-a-e'-lus	Ba'-al-a-n Be'er
Ard'-ites	As'-a-phar	A'-som	A'-zah	Ba'-al Be'rith
Ar'-don	As'-a-ra	As'-pa-tha	A'-zal	Ba'-al-le
A-re'-li	A-sar'-e-el	Az-a-li'-ah	Az-a-phi-on	Ba'-al Gad'
A-re'-lites	As-a-re'-lah	As-phar'-a-sus	Az'-a-ra	Ba'-al Ham'on
A-re-op'-a-gite	As-baz'-a-reth	As'-ri-el	A-za'-ni'-ah	Ba'-al Han'an
A-re-op'-a-gus	As-ca'-lon	As-sa-bi'-as	Az'-a-ra	Ba'-al Ha'-zor
A'-res	A-se'-as	As-sal'-i-moth	A-za'-re-el	Ba'-al Her-mon
Ar-o'-tas	As-e-bi'-a	As-sa-ni'-as	Az-a-ri'-ah	Ba'-al-i
				Ba'-al-i-m—Milton

BA	BE	BE	BE	BE
Ba'al-is	Ban'-nus	Be'-dad	Be'-ra	Beth-es'-da
Ba'al Me'-on	Ban'-u-as	Bed-a-i'-ah	Ber'-a-chah	Beth-e'-zel
Ba'al Pe'-or	Ba-rab'-bas	Be-el-i'-a-da	Ber-a-chi'-ah	Beth-ga'-der
Ba'al Per'-a-zim	Bar'-a-chel	Be-el'-sa-rus /	Ber-a-i'-ah	Beth-ga'-mul
Ba'al Shal'-i-sha	Bar-a-chi'-ah	Be-el-teth'-mus	Be-re'-a	Beth-hac'-ce-rim
Ba'al T'a'-mar	Bar-a-chi'-as	Be-el'-ze-bub	Be'-red	Beth-hak'-ser im
Ba'al Ze'-bub	Ba'-rak	Be'-er	Be'-ri	Beth-ha'-ran
Ba'al Ze'-phon	Bar-ce'-nor	Be-e'-ra	Be-ri'-ah	Beth-hog'-lah
Ba'-a-na	Bar'-go	Be-e'-rah, or	Be'-rites	Beth-ho'-ron
Ba'-a-nah	Bar-hu'-mites	Be'-rah	Be'-rith	Beth-jes'-i-moth
Ba'-a-nan	Bar-hi'-ah	Be-er-e'-lim	Be-ri'-ce	Beth-leb'-a-cha
Ba'-a-nath	Bar-je'-sus	Be-e'-ri	Be-ro'-dach Bal'-	Beth'-le-hem
Ba-a-ni'-as	Bar-jo'-na	Be-er-la-ha'-i-roi	a-dan	Beth'-le-hem
Ba'-a-ra	Bar'-kos	Be-e'-roth	Be'-roth	Eph'-ra-tah
Ba'-a-sha	Bar-na-bas	Be-e'-roth-ites	Be-ro'-o-thai	Beth'-le-hem Ju'
Ba'-a-shah	Ba-ro'-dis	Be-er'-she-ba	Be-ro'-thath	dah
Ba-a-si'-ah	Bar'-sa-bas	Be-esh'-te-rah	Be'-yl	Beth'-le-hem-ite
Ba'-bel	Bar'-ta-cus	Be'-he-moth	Ber-ze'-lus	Beth-lo'-mon
Ba'-bi	Bar-thol'-o-mew	Be'-kah	Be'-sai	Beth-ma'-a-cal
Bab'-y-lon	Bar-ti-me'-us	Be'-la	Bes-o-dei'-ah	Beth-mar'-ca-bot
Ba'-ca	Bar-ru'-ch	Be'-lah	Be'-sor	Beth-me'-on
Bach'-rites	Bar-zil'-la-i	Be'-la-ites	Be'-tah	Beth-nim'-rah
Bac-chu'-rus	Bas'-ca-ma	Be'-e-mus	Be'-ten	Beth-o'-ron
Bach'-uth-AL'-lon	Ba'-shan or	Bel'-ga-i	Beth-ab'-a-ra	Beth-pa'-let
Ba-go'-as	Bas'-san	Be'-li-al	Beth-ab'-a-rah	Beth-paz'-zer
Bag'-o-i	Ba'-shan Ha'-voth	Bel'-ma-im	Bel'-a-nath	Beth-pe'-or
Ba-ha'-rum-ite	Fa'-ir	Bel'-men	Beth'-a-noth	Beth'-pha-ge
Ba-hu'-rim	Bash'-e-math	Bel-shaz'-zar	Beth'-a-ny	Beth'-fa-je
Ba'-jith	Bas'-lith	Bel-te-shaz'-zar	Beth'-a-ne	Beth'-phe-lea
Bak-bak'-er	Bas'-math	Ben	Beth-ar'-a-bah	Beth'-ra-bah
Bak'-buk	Bas'-sa	Ben-ai'-ah	Beth'-a-ram	Beth'-ra-pha
Bak-buk-i'-ah	Bas'-ta-i	Ben-am'-mi	Beth-ar'-bel	Beth'-re-hob
Ba'-la-am	Bat'-a-ne	Ben-eh'-e-rak	Beth-a'-ven	Beth-sa'-i-da
Ba'-lam	Bath	Ben-e-ja' a-kam	Beth-az'-ma-veh	Beth'-sa-mos
Bal'-a-dan	Bath'-a-loth	Ben'-ha-dad	Beth ba-al-me'-on	Beth'-shan
Ba'-lah	Bath-rab'-bim	Ben-ha'-il	Beth-ba'-ra	Beth-she'-an
Ba'-lak	Bah'-she-ba	Ben-ha'-nan	Beth-ba'-rah	Beth'-she-meal
Bal'-a-mo	Bath'-shu-a	Ben'-ja-min	Beth'-ba-si	Beth-shit'-tah
Bal'-a-nus	Bav'-a-i	Ben'-ja-mite	Beth-bir'-e-i	Beth'-si-mos
Bal-tha'-sar	Be-a-li'-ah	Ben'-ja-mites	Beth'-car	Beth-tap'-pu-a
Ba'-mah	Be'-a-loth	Ben'-i-nu	Beth-da'-gon	Beth-su'-ra
Be'-moth	Be'-an	Ben'-i-i	Beth-di-b-la-tha'-	Be-thu'-el
Ag'-e-e' h Ba'-al	Beb'-a-i	Be'-no	im	Beth'-thul
Ag'-ge'-us	Be'-cher	Be-no'-ni	Beth'-el	Beth-u-li'-a
Ag'-noth-ta'-	Be'-ker	Ben-zo'-heth	Beth'-el-ite	Beth'-zor
A'-gur	Bech-o'-rath	Be'-on	Beth-e'-mek	Beth'-zur
A'-had	Bech'-ti-leth	Be'-or	Be'-ther	Be-to'-li-us

BO	CA	CH	CH	CO
Be't-o-mes'-tham	Brig'-an-dine	Caph-ar-sal'-a-ma	Chal-de'-a	Chil'-le-ab
Be't-o-nim	Buk'-ki	Ca-phen'-a-tha	Cha' nes	Chi-li'-on
Be'u'-lah	Buk-ki'-ah	Ca-phi'-ra	Chan-nu'-ne'-us	Chil'-mad
Be'-zai	Bul, <i>rhy-mes</i> dull	Caph'-tor	Char-a-ath'-a-lar	Chim'-ham
Be-zal'-e-el	Bu'-nah	Caph'-to-rim	Char'-a	Chis'-leu, Cas'-les,
Be'-zek	Bun'-ni	Caph'-to-rims	Char'-a-sim	or Cis'-leu
Be'-zer, or Boz'-ra	Buz	Cap-pa-do'-ci-a	Char'-cus	Chis'-lon
Be'-zeth	Bu'-zi	Cap-pa-do'-she-a	Cha'-re-a	Chis'-loth Ta'-bor
Bi'-a-tas	Buz'-ite	Car-a-ba'-si-on	Char'-mis	Chit'-tim
Ch'-ri		Car-a-ba'-ze-on	Char'-ran	Chi'-u
Chid' kar		Car'-cha-mis	Chas'-e-ba	Chlo'-e
Chig'-tha		Car'-che-mish	Che'-bar	Cho'-ba
Chig'-than		Ca-re'-ah	Ched-er-la'-o-mer	Cho-ra'-sin, or
Chig'-tha-na		Ca'-ri-a	Che'-lal	Cho-ra'-shan, or
Chig'-va-i		Car'-kas	Chel'-ci-as	Cho-ra'-zin
Chid'-dad		Car-ma'-ni-ans	Kel'-she-as	Chos-a-me-us
Chig'-o-am		Car'-me	Chel'-lub	Cho-ze'-ba
Chig'-gah		Car'-mel	Che'-lod	CHRIST
Chig'-ga-i		Car'-mel-ite	Che'-lub	Chub
Chig'-ba, or Bil'-hah		Car'-mel-i-tess	Chel'-li-ans	Kub
Chig'-han		Car'-mi	Chel'-lus	Chun
Chig'-shan		Car'-mites	Che-lu'-bai	Chu'-sa, or Chu'-za
Chig'-hal		Car'-na-im	Che-lu'-bar	Chush'-an Rish-a-
Chig'-e-a		Car'-ni-on	Chem'-a-rims	tha'-im
Chig'-nu-i		Car'-pus	Che'-mosh	Chu'-si
Chig'-sha		Car-she'-na	Che-na'-a-nah	Cin'-ner-eth, or
Chig'-za-with		Ca-siph'-i-a	Chen'-a-ni	Cin'-ner-oth
Chig'-lam		Cas'-leu	Chen-a-ni'-ah	Cir'-a-ma
Chig'-ah		Cas'-lu-him	Che'-phar Ha-	Ci'-sai
Chig'-ron		Cas'-phor	am'-mo-nai	Cis'-leu
Chig'-jo-thi'-ah		Cas'-pis, or	Cneph-i'-rah	Cith'-e-rus
Chig'-jo-thi'-jah		Cas'-phin	Che'-ran	Cit'-ums
Chig'-tha		Ca-thu'-ath	Ca'-re-as	Ciau'-da
Chig'-tus		Ce'-dron	Cher'-eth-ims	Cle-a'-sa
Chig'-ner'-ges		Cei'-lan	Cher'-eth-ites	Clem'-ent
Chig'-az, or Bo'-oz		Ce-le-mi'-a	Cher'-rith, or	Cle'-o-pas
Chig'-cas		Cen'-chrc-a	Che'-rish	Cle'-o-phas
Chig'-e-ru		Cen-de-be'-us	Cher'-ub	Clo'-e
Chig'-chim		Cen-tu-ri-on	Cher'-u-bim	Cni'-dus
Chig'-nan		Ce'-phas	Ches'-a-lon	Ni'-dus
Chig'-cath		Ce'-ras	Che'-sed	Col-ho'-zel
Chig'-or		Ce'-teb	Che'-sil	Col'-li-us
Chig'-o-ra		Cha'-bris	Che'-sud	Co-los'-se
Chig'-rah		Cha'-di-as	Che-sul'-loth	Co-los'-si-ans
Chig'-ra-li		Chae'-re-as	Chet'-tim	Co-lost'-e-ans
Chig'-ez		Chal'-ce-do-ny	Che'-zib	Co-ni'-ah
Chig'-rah		Chal'-col	Chi'-don	Con-o-ni'-ah

C.

CAB

Cab'-bon
Cab'-ham
Ca'-bul—See BU.

Cad'-dis
Ca'-des
Ca'-desh
Cai'-a-phas

Cain
Ca-i'-nan
Cai'-rites
Ca'-lah

Cal'-a-mus
Cal'-col
Cal-dees'
Ca'-leb

Ca'-leb Eph'-ra-
tah
Cal'-i-tas
Cal-a-mol'-a-lus

Cal'-neth
Cal'-no
Cal'-phi
Cal'-va-ry

Cal'-va-re
Ca'-mon
Ca'-na

Ca'-na-an
Ca'-na-an-ites
Can'-nan-ites

Can'-neh
Can'-nee
Can'-veh
Can'-vee
Ca-per'-na um

DA	DI	EG	EL	EL
Co'os	Dan'i-el	Di'shan	E'/gypt	E-li'-dad
Cor	Dan-ja'-an	Di'shon	E'/hi	E'/li-el
Cor'-be	Dan'-nah	Diz'-a-hab	E'-hud	E-li-e'-na-i
Cor'-ban	Dan'-o-brath	Do'-cus	E'-ker	E-li-e'-zer
Co'-re	Da'-ra	Dod'-a-i	Ek'-re-bel	E-li'-ha-ba
Cor'-inth	Dar'-da	Dod'-a-nim	Ek'-ron	El-i-ho'-na i
Co-rin'-thu-ans	Da'-ri-an	Dod'-a-vah	Ek'-ron-ites	El-i-ho'-reph
Co'-sam	Dar'-kon	Do'-do	E'/la	E-li'-hu
Cou'-tha	Da'-than	Do'-eg	E'/a-dah	E-li'-as
Coz	Dath'-e-mah, or	Doph'-kah	E'-lah	E'-li-jah
Coz'-bi	Dath'-mah	Dor	E'-lam	El'-i-ka
Cres'-cens	Da'-vid	Do'-ra	E' lam-ites	E'-lim
Crete	De'-bir	Dor'-cas	E'/a-sah	E-lim'-e-lech
Cre'tans	Deb'-o-rah	Do-rym'-e-nes	E'/lath	E-li-os'-na-i
Cretes	De-cap'-o-lis	Do-sith'-e-us	El-beth'-el	E-li-o'-nas
Cre'ti-ans	De'-dan	Do'-tha-im, or	El'-ci-a	El'-i-pha
Cre'-she-ans	Ded'-a-nim	Do'-than	E'/she-a	E-liph'-a-leh
Cu'-bit	Ded'-a-nims	Du'-mah	El'-da-ah	E-li'-phaz
Cush	De-ha'-vites	Du'-ra	El'-dad	E-liph'-e-let
Cu'-shan	De'-kar		E'-le-ad	E-lis'-a-beta
Cu'-shan Rish-a-	Del-a-i'-ah	E.	E-le-a'-leh	El-i-ss'-us
tha'-im	Del'-i-lah	E'-A-NAS	E-le-a'-le—Milton	El-i-se'-us
Cu'-shi	De'-mas	E'-bal	E-le'-a-sak	E-li'-sha
Cuth, or Cuth'-ah	Der'-be	E'-bed	E-le-a'-zer	E-li'-shah
Cu'-the-ans	Des'-saur	E-bed'-me-lech	E-le-a-zu'-rus	E-lish'-a-ma
Cy'-a-mon	De-u'-el	Eb-en-e'-zer	El-el-o'-he Is'-ra-	E-lish'-a-mah
Cy-re'-ne	Deu-ter-on'-o-my	Eb-er	el	E-lish'-a-phat
Cy-re'-ni-us	Dib'-la-im	E-bi'-a-saph	E-leu'-the-rus	E-lish'-e-ba
	Dib'-lath	E-bro'-nah	El-eu-za'-i	El-i-shu'-a
D.	Di'-bon	E-ca'-nus	El-ha'-nan	E-lis'-i-mus
DAB'-A-REH	Di'-bon Gad	Ec-bat'-a-na	E'-li	E-li'-hu
Dab'-ba-sheth	Dib'-ri	Ec-cle-si-as-na	E'-li-ab	E'-li-ud
Dab'-e-rath	Dib'-za-hab, or	Ec-cle-si-as'-tes	E-l'-a-da	E-liz'-a-phan
Da'-bri-a	Diz'-a-hab	Ec-cle-si-as'-ti-cus	E-li'-a-dah	E-li'-zur
Da-co'-bi	Di'-drachm	Ed	E-l-a-dun	El'-ka-nah
Dad-de'-us	Di'-dram	E'-dar	E-li'-ah	El'-ko-shite
Da'-gon	Did'-y-mus	E'-den	E-li'-ah-ba	El'-la-sar
Dai'-san	Dik'-lah, or	E'-der	E-li'-a-kim	El'-mo-dam
Dal-a-i'-ah	Dil'-dah	E'-des	E-li'-a-li	El'-na-am
Dal'-i-lah	Dil'-e-an	E'-di-as	E-li'-am	El'-na-than
Dal-ma-nu'-tha	Dim'-nah	Ed'-na	E-li'-as	E'-lon
Dal'-phon	Di'-mon	E'-dom	E-li'-a-saph	E'-lon-ites
Dam-a-ris	Di-mo'-nah	E'-dom-ites	E-li'-a-shib	E'-lon Beth-
Dam-a-scenes'	Di'-nah	Ed'-re-i	E-li'-a-sis	nan
Dan	Di'-na-ites	Eg'-lah	E-li'-a-tha, or	E'-loth
Dau'-ites	Din'-la-bah	Eg'-la-im	E-li'-a-thah	El'-pa-el
	Di-ot'-re-phea	Eg'-lon	E-li-a'-zar	El'-pa-let

EP	ET	GA	GA	GE
E-pa'-ran	E'-phod	Eth'-a-nim	Gab'-a-el	Gaz'-zam
E'-te keh	E'-phor	Eth'-ba-al	Gab'-a-tha	Ge'-ba
E'-te-keth	Eph'-pha-tha	E'-ther	Gab'-bai	Ge'-bal
E'-te-kon	E'-phra-im	Eth'-ma	Gab'-ba-tha	Ge'-bar
E'-to-lad	E'-phra-im-ites	Eth'-nan	Ga'-bri-as	Ge'-ber
E'-lul	Eph'-ra-tah	Eth'-ni	Ga'-bri-el	Ge'-bim
E-lu'-za-i	Eph'-rath	Eu-as'-i-bus	Gad	Ged-a-li'-ah
E-lu'-ma'-is	Eph'-rath-ites	Eu-bu'-lus	Gad'-a-ra	Ged'-dur
E-lu'-mas	E'-phron	Eve	Gad-a-venes'	Ge'-der
E-lu'-za-bad	Er	E'-vi	Gad'-des	Ge-de'-rah
E-lu'-za-phan	E'-ran	E'-vil Mer-o'-dach	Gad'-di-el	Ged'-e-rite
E-mal-cu'-el	E'-ran-ites	Eu'-na-than	Ga'-di	Ge-de'-roth
E-man'-u-el	E-ras'-tus	Eu-ni'-ce	Gad'-ites	Ged-e-roth-a' im
E'-mims	E'-rech	Eu-o'-di-as	Ga'-ham	Ge'-dir
E-m'-ma-us	E'-ri	Eu-pol'-e-mus	Ga'-har	Ge'-dor
E-m'-mer	E'-sa	Eu-roc'-ly-don	Ga'-i-us	Ge-ha'-zi
E'-mor	E-sa'-i-as	Eu'-ty-chus	Ga'-yus	Ge-l'-i-loth
E'-nam	E'-sar-had'-don	Ex'-o-dus	Gad'-a-ad	Ge-mal'-li
E'-nan	E'-sau	E'-zar	Ga'-lal	Gem-a-ri'-ah
E-n'-dor	Es'-dras	Ez'-ba-i	Gal'-e-ed	Ge-ne'-zar
E'-ne-as	Es-dre'-lon	Ez'-bon	Gal'-ga-la	Ge-nes'-a-reth
E-n-eg'-la'-im	Es'-e-bon	Ez-e-chi'-as	Gal'-i-lee	Gen-e-sis
E-n-e-mes'-sar	E-se'-bri-as	Ez-e-ki'-as	Gal'-lim	Jen'-e-sis
E-ne'-ni-as	E'-sek	E-ze'-ki-el	Gal'-li-o	Gen-ne'-us
E-n-gan'-nim	Esh'-ba-al	E'-zel	Gam'-a-el	Gen-u'-bath
E-n'-ge-di	Esh'-ban	E'-zem	Ga-ma'-li-el	Gen'-tiles
E-n-had'-lah	Esh'-col	E'-zer	Gam'-ma-dims	Jen'-tiles
E-n-hak'-ko-re	E'-she-an	Ez-e-ri'-as	Ga'-mul	Ge'-on
E-n-ha'-zor	E'-shek	E-zi'-as	Gar	Ge'-ra
E-n-mish'-pat	Esh'-ka-lon	E'-zi-on Ge'-bar,	Gar'-reb	Ge'-rah
E'-noch	Esh'-ta-o-l	or E'-zi-on-ge'-	Gar'-i-zim	Ge'-rar
E'-nock	Esh'-tau-lites	ber	Gar'-mites	Ger'-a-sa
E'-non	Esh-tem'-o-a	Ez'-nite	Gash'-mu	Ger'-ga-shi
E'-nos	Esh'-te-moth	Ez'-ra	Ga'-tam	Ger'-ga-shites
E'-nosh	Esh'-ton	Ez'-ra-hite	Gath	Ger-ge-senes'
E-n-rim'-mon	Es'-li	Ez'-ri	Gath He'-pher	Ger'-i-zim
E-n-ro'-gel	Es-ma-chi'-ah	Ez'-ri-el	Gath Rim'-mon	Ger-rin'-i-ans
E-n'-she-mesh	E-sc' ra	Ez'-ril	Gau'-Jan	Ger-roe'-ans
E-n-tap'-pu-ah	Es'-ril	Ez'-ron, or Hez'-	Gau'-lon	Ger'-shom
E-p'-a-phras	Es'-rom	ron	Ga'-za	Ger'-shon
E-pap'-ro-di'-tus	Es-senes'	Ez'-ron-ites	Gaz'-a-bar	Ger'-shon-ites
E-pen'-e-tus	Est'-ha-ol		Ga-za'-ra	Ger'-shur
E'-phah	Es'-ther	G.	Ga'-zath-ites	Ge'-sem
E'-phai	Es'-ter		Ga'-zer	Ge'-shan
E'-pher	E'-tam	GA'-AL	Ga-ze'-ra	Ge'-shem
E'-phes-dam'-mim	E'-tham	GA'-ash	Ga'-zez	Ge'-shur
E-ph'-lal	E'-than	GA'-ba	Gaz'-ites	Gesh'-u-ri

GH	HA	HA	HA	HE
G sh'-u-shes	Go'-ath	Ha-dat'-tah	Ha'-mul-ites	Ha'-she-
Ge'-thur	Gob	Ha'-did	Ha-mu'-tal	Hash-me/-mah
Geth-o-li'-as	Gog	Had'-la-i	Ha-nam'-e-e	Ha'-she-
Geth-sam'-e-wo	Go'-lan	Ha-do'-ram	Ha'-nan	Ha-shr'-pha
Ge'-u'-el	Go'-go-tha	Ha'-drach	Ha-sar'-e-el	Has'-rah
Ge'-zer	Go-li'-ah	Ha'-gao	Har'-a-ni	Has-to-nr'-ah
Ge'-zer-ites	Go-li'-ath	Hag'-a-bah	Han-a-ni'-ah	Ha-su'-pha
Gi'-ah	Go'-mer	Hag'-a-i	Ha'-ses	Ha'-tah
Gib'-bar	Go-mor'-rah	Ha'-gar	Hau'-i-el	Ha'-tach
Gib'-be-thon	Go'-pher-wood	Ha-gar-ener'	Har'-nah	Ha'-thah
Gib'-e-a	Gor'-gi-as	Ha'-gar-ites	Han'-na-thon	Har'-i-ah
Gib'-e-ah	Gor'-je-as	Hag'-ga-i	Har'-ni-el	Har'-ah
Gib'-e-ath	Gor'-ty-am	Hag'-go-ri	Ha'-noch	Har-ti'-pha
Gib'-e-on	Go'-shen	Hag'-gi	Ha'-noch-ites	Har'-tush
Gib'-e-on-ites	Go-thon'-i-el	Hag'-gi-ah	Ha'-nun	Hau'-ran
Gib'-lites	Go'-zan	Hag'-gites	Haph-a-ra'-im	Hav'-i-lah
Gid-dal'-ti	Gra'-ba	Hag'-gish	Ha'-ra	Ha'-voth Je'-is
Gid'-dal	Gre'-ci-a	Ha'-i	Har'-a-dah	Har'-a-el
Gid'-e-on	Gre'-she-a	Hak'-ka-tan	Har-a-i'-ah	Ha-zai'-ah
Gid-e-o'-ni	Gud'-go-dah	Hak'-kos	Ha'-ran	Ha'-zar Ad'-das
Gi'-dom	Gu'-ni	Ha-ku'-pha	Ha'-ra-rite	Ha'-zar E'-man
Gi'-er Ea'-gle	Gu'-nites	Ha'-lah	Har-bo'-na	Ha'-zar Gad'-she
Jy'-er Eagle	Gur	Ha'-jac	Har-bo'-nah	Ha'-zar Has'-ti-
Gi'-hon	Gur-be'-al	Hal'-lul	Ha'-reph	con
Gi'l'-a-lai		Ha'-li	Ha'-reth	Ha'-zar Ha'-vath
Gi'l'-bo-a		Hal-to-lu'-jah	Har'-has	Ha-za'-reth
Gi'l'-e-ad		Hal-to-lu'-yah	Har'-ha-ta	Ha'-zar She'-el
Gi'l'-e-ad-ite		Hal-lo'-esh	Har'-hur	Ha'-zar Su'-ah
Gi'l'-gal		Ham	Ha'-rim	Ha'-zar Su'-am
Gi'-loh		Ha'-man	Ha'-riph	Ha'-zel El-pe'-ni
Gi'-lon-ite		Ha'-math, or	Har'-no-pher	Ha-ze'-rim
Gim'-zo		He'-math	Ha'-rod	Ha-ze'-roth
Gi'-nath		Ha'-math-ite	Ha'-rod-ite	Ha'-zer She'-am
Gin'-no-tho		Ha'-math Zo'-bah	Har'-o-eh	Has'-e-zon Te'-
Gin'-no-thon		Ham'-math	Ha'-ro-rite	mar
Gir'-ga-shi		Ham-med'-a-tha	Ha'-ro-sheth	Ha-zi'-a
Gir'-ga-shites		Ham'-e-lech	Har'-sha	Ha-ze
Gi'-pa		Ham'-i-tal	Ha'-run	Ha'-zor
Gi't'-ah He'-pher		Ham-mol'-e-keth	Ha-ru'-maph	Har'-o-bah
Gi't'-ta-im		Ham'-mon	Ha-ru'-phite	He'-ber
Gi't'-tite		Ham'-e-sah	Ha'-ruz	He'-ber-itan
Gi't'-lites		Ha'-mon Gog	Has-a-di'-ah	He'-brews
Gi't'-tish		He'-mor	Has-e-nu'-sh	He'-bron
Gi'-zo-nite		Ha'-moth	Hash-a-bi'-ah	He'-bron-stee
Glede		Ha'-moth Dor	Hash-ab'-nah	Hog'-a-i
Gni'-dus		Ha-mu'-el	Hash-ab-ni'-ah	Ho'-g'
²⁷ -dus		Ha'-mul	Hash-bad'-a-za	Ho'-lah

H.

HA-A-HASH/
TA-RI

Ha-bar'-ah
 Hab'-ak-kuk
 Hab-e-zi-ni'-ah
 Ha-ber'-ge-on
 Ha'-bor
 Hach-a-li'-ah
 Hach'-i-lah
 Hach'-mo-ni
 Hach'-mo-nite
 Ha'-da
 Ha'-dad
 Had-ad-e'-zer
 Ha'-dal Rim'-
 mon
 Ha'-dar
 Had'-a-shah
 Ha-das'-sa
 Ha-das'-sah

HE

He'-lam
 He'-lah
 He'-ben
 He'-ch'-'ah
 He'-da-i
 He'-leb
 He'-led
 He'-lek
 He'-lek-ites
 He'-lem
 He'-leph
 He'-les
 He'-li
 He'-ka-i
 He'-kath
 He'-kath Haz'
 zu-ri'
 He'-ki'-as
 He'-lon
 He'-man
 He'-math, or
 Ha'-math
 Hem'-dan
 Hen
 He'-na
 Hen'-a-dad
 He'-noch
 He'-pher
 He'-pher-ites
 Heph'-zi-bah
 He'-ram
 He'-res
 He'-resh
 He'-mas
 Her-mog'-e-neas
 Her'-mon
 Her'-mon-ites
 Her'-od
 He-ro'-di-ans
 He-ro'-di-as
 He-ro'-di-an
 He'-seb
 He'-sed
 Hesh'-bon
 Hesh'-mon
 Heth
 Heth' lon

HO

Hez'-e-ki
 Hez-e-ki'-zh
 He'-zer, or He'-zir
 He-zi'-a
 He'-zi-on
 Hez'-ra-i
 Hez'-ro
 Hez'-ron
 Hez'-ron-ites
 Hid'-da-i
 Hid'-de-kei
 Hi'-el
 Hi-er'-e-el
 Hi-er'-e-moth
 Hi-er-i-e'-lus
 Hi-er'-mas
 Hi-er-on'-y-mus
 Hig-gai'-on
 Hi'-len
 Hil-ki'-ah
 Hil'-lel
 Hin
 Hin'-nom
 Hi'-rah
 Hi'-ram
 Hir-ca'-nus
 His-ki'-jan
 Hit'-tites
 Hi'-vites
 Ho'-ba, or Ho'-
 bah
 Ho'-bab
 Hod
 Hod-a-i'-ah
 Hod-a-vi'-ah
 Ho'-dish
 Ho-de'-va
 Ho-de'-vah
 Ho-di'-ah
 Ho-di' jah
 Hog'-lah
 Ho'-ham
 Ho'-len
 Ho-lo-fe'-nes
 Ho'-lon
 Ho'-man, or
 He'-man

HY

Ho'-mer
 Hoph'-ni
 Hoph'-rah
 Hor
 Ho'-ram
 Ho'-reb
 Ho'-rem
 Hor-a-gid'-dad
 Ho'-ri
 Ho'-rims
 Ho'-rites
 Hor'-mah
 Hor-o-na'-im
 Hor'-o-nites
 Ho'-sa, or Has'-ah
 Ho-san'-na
 Ho-se'-a
 Ho-ze'-a
 Hosh-a-i'-ah
 Hosh'-a-ma
 Ho-sue'-a
 He'-tham
 Ho'-than
 Ho'-thir
 Huk'-kok
 Hul
 Hul'-dah
 Hum'-tah
 Hu'-pham
 Hu'-pham-ites
 Hup'-pan
 Hup'-pim
 Hur
 Hu'-rai
 Hu'-ram
 Hu'-ri
 Hu'-shah
 Hu'-shai
 Hu'-sham
 Hu'-shath-ite
 Hu'-shim
 Hu'-shub
 Hu'-shu-bah
 Huz
 Hu'-zoth
 Huz'-zab
 Hy-das'-pes

IR

Hy-e'-na
 Hy-men-e'-us

I.
 IB'-HAR
 Ib'-le-am
 Ib-nei'-ah
 Ib-ni'-jah
 Ib'-ri
 Ib'-zan
 Ich'-a-bod
 I-co'-ni-um
 Id'-a-lan
 Id'-bash
 Id'-do
 Id'-u-el
 Id-u-mae'-ra
 Id-u-mae'-ans
 I'-gal
 Ig-da-li'-ah
 Ig-e-ab'-a-rim
 Ig'-e-al
 I'-jon
 Ik'-kesh
 I'-lai
 Im
 Im'-lah
 Im'-mah
 Im-man'-u-el
 Im'-mer
 Im-na, or Im'-nah
 Im'-rah
 Im'-ri
 I-o'-ta
 Iph-e-dei'-ah
 Ir
 I'-ra
 I'-rad
 I'-ram
 I'-ri
 I-ri'-jah
 Ir'-na-hash
 I'-ron
 Ir'-pe-el
 Ir-she'-mish
 I'-ru

IZ

I'-sa-ac
 I'-zak
 I-sai'-ah
 Is'-cah
 Is-car'-i-ot
 Is'-da-el
 Ish'-bah
 Ish'-bak
 Ish'-bi Be'-nab
 Ish'-bo-sheth
 I'-shi
 I-shi'-ah
 I-shi'-jah
 I-shi'-ma
 Ish'-ma-el
 Ish'-ma-el-ites
 Ish-ma-i'-ah
 Ish'-me-rai
 I'-shod
 Ish'-pan
 Ish'-tob
 Ish'-u-a
 Ish'-u-ai
 Is-ma-chir'-ah
 Is-ma-i'-ah
 Is'-pah
 Is'-ra-el
 Is'-ra-el-ites
 Is'-sa-char
 Is-tal-cu'-rus
 Is'-u-i
 Is'-u-ites
 Ith'-a-i, or It'-a-4
 It'-a-ly
 Ith'-a-mar
 Ith'-i-el
 Ith'-mah
 Ith'-nan
 Ith'-ra
 Ith'-ran
 Ith'-re-am
 Ith'-rites
 It'-tah Ka'-zar
 It'-ta-i
 It-u-re'-a
 I'-vah
 Iz'-e-har

	JA	JE	JE	JE
Is'-har	Ja'-hath	Ja'-rah	Je'-zer	Je-hu-di' jah
Is'-nar-a	Ja'-baz	Ja'-reb	Je'-zer-nes	Je'-hush
Is'-ra-hi'	Ja-ha'-za	Ja'-red	Je'-gar Sa-ha-du- tha	Je-i'-el
Is'-ra-hi'a	Ja-ha'-zah	Jar-e-si'-ah	Je-ha'-le-el	Je-kab'-ze-a
Is-ra-i'-ah	Ja-ha'-zi'-ah	Jar'-ha	Je-hal'-e-lal	Jek-a-me'-am
Is-ra-i'-a'	Ja-ha'-zi-el	Jar'-rib	Je-ha'-zi-el	Jek-a-mi'-ah
Iz'-re-el	Jah'-da-i	Jar'-muth	Jeh-dei'-ah	Je-ku'-thi-el
Iz'-ri	Jah'-di-el	Ja-ro'-ah	Je-bei'-el	Jem'-u-ma
Iz'-rites	Jah'-do	Ja'-a-el	Je-bez'-e-kei	Jem-u'-el
	Jah'-le-el	Ja'-shem	Je-hi'-ah	Jeph'-thah
	Jah'-le-el-ites	Ja'-shen	Je-hi'-el	Je-phun'-nean
	Jah'-ma-i	Ja'-shier	Je-hi'-e-li	Je'-rah
	Jah'-zah	Ja-sho'-be-am	Je-hi'-e-li	Je-rahm'-e-a
	Jah'-ze-el	Jash'-ub	Je-hish'-a-i	Je-rahm'-e-el
	Jah'-zi-el	Jash'-u-bi Le'- hem	Je-his-ki'-an	Jer'-e-chus
	Jah'-ze-el-ites	Jash'-ub-ites	Je-ho'-a-dah	Je'-red
	Jah'-ze-rah	Ja'-si-el	Je-ho-ad'-dan	Jer'-e-mai
	Ja'-ir	Ja-su'-bus	Je-ho'-a-haz	Jer-e-mi'-aa
	Ja'-ir-ites	Ja'-tal	Je-ho'-ash	Jer'-e-mota
	Ja'-i-rus	Jath'-ni-el	Je-ho'-ha-dah	Jer'-e-mouta
	Ja'-e-rus	Jat'-tir	Je-ho'-a-nan	Je-ri'-ah
	Ja'-kan	Ja'-van	Je-hoi'-a-chin	Jer'-i-ba
	Ja'-keh	Ja'-zar	Je-hoi'-a-da	Jer'-i-cho
	Ja'-kim	Ji'-zer	Je-hoi'-a-kim	Je'-ri-el
	Jak'-kim	Ja'-zi-el	Je-hoi'-a-rib	Je-ri'-jah
	Ja'-kon	Ja'-ziz	Je-hon'-a-dab	Jer'-i-moth
	Jam'-bres	Je'-a-rim	Je-hon'-a-than	Je'-ri-oth
	Jam'-bri	Je-at'-e-rai	Je-ho-shab'-e-ath	Jer'-o-don
	James	Je-ber-e-chi'-ah	Je-hosh'-a-phat	Jer'-o-ham
	Ja'-min	Je-bus	Je-hosh'-e-ba	Jer-o-bo'-am
	Ja'-min-ites	Je-bu'-si	Je-hosh'-u-a	Je-rub'-ba-el
	Jam'-lech	Jeb'-u-sites	JE-HO'-VAH	Je-rub'-e-sheth
	Jam'-na-an	Jec-a-mi'-ah	Je-ho'-vah Ji' eth	Jer'-u-el
	Jam'-ni'-a	Jec-o-li'-ah	Je-ho'-vah Nis'-si	Je-ru'-sa-lem
	Jam'-nites	Jec-o-ni'-ah	Je-ho'-vah Shal'- lom	Je-ru'-sha
	Jan'-na	Je-dai'-a	Je-ho'-vah Sham'- mah	Je-sai'-ah
	Jan'-nes	Je-dai'-ah	Je-ho'-vah Tsid' ke-nu	Jesh-a-i'-ah
	Ja-no'-ah	Jed-de'-us	Je-hoz'-a-bad	Jesh'-a-nah
	Ja-no'-hah	Jed'-du	Je-hub'-bah	Jesh-ar'-e-lah
	Ja'-num	Je-dei'-ah	Je'-hu-cal	Jesh-eb'-e-ah
	Ja'-phet	Je-di'-a-el	Je'-hud	Jesh-eb'-e-ah
	Ja'-pheth	Jed'-i-ah	Je-hu'-di	Je'-sher
	Ja-phi'-ah	Jed-e-di'-ah		Jesh'-i-moa
	Japh'-let	Je'-di-el		Je-shish'-a-i
	Japh'-le-ti	Jed'-u-thaa		Jesh-o-ha-i'
	Ja'-pho	Je-e'-li		Jesh'-u-a
	Jar			Jesh'-u-um

J.

JA'-A-KAN
 Ja-ak'-o-bah
 Ja-a'-la
 Ja-a'-ah
 Ja-a'-lam
 Ja'-a-nai
 Ja-ar-e or'-a-gb
 Ja-as-a-ni'-a
 Ja'-a-sau
 Ja-a'-si-el
 Ja-a'-zah
 Ja-az-a-ni'-ah
 Ja-a'-zar
 Ja-a'-zi'-ah
 Ja-a'-zi-el
 Ja'-nal
 Jab'-bok
 Ja'-besh
 Ja'-bez
 Ja'-bin
 Jab'-ne-el
 Jab'-neh
 Ja'-char
 Ji'-chun
 Ja'-chin-ites
 Ja'-cob
 Ja-cu'-bus
 Ja'-da
 Jad-du'-a
 Ja'-don
 Ja'-el
 Ja'-gur
 Jah
 Ja-ha'-le-e.
 Ja-hal'-e-lal

JO	JO	KA	KI	LA
Jo-a-ah	Jo-a-zab'-dus	Jo'-se-el	Ka'-nah	Kir'-jath Ba'-al
Jo-sim'-i-el	Job	Jo'-seph	Ka-re'-ah	Kir'-jath Hu'-zoon
Jo'-se	Jobe	Jo'-ses'	Kar'-ra-a	Kir'-jath Je'-a-rim
Jo'-u-a	Jo'-hab	Josh'-a-bea	Kar'-kor	Kir'-jath San'-nan
Jo'-u-i	Joch'-s-bed	Jo'-shah	Kar'-na-in	Kir'-jath Se'-paer
Jo'-sus	Jo'-da	Josh'-a-phat	Kar'-tin	Rish
Jo'-ther	Jo'-ed	Josh'-e-vi'-ah	Kar'-tah	Kish'-i
Jo'-theth	Jo'-el	Josh'-bek'-u-sha	Ke'-dar	Kish'-i-on
Joth'-iah	Jo'-e'-lah	Josh'-u-a	Ked'-e-mah	Ki'-shon, or
Jo'-thre	Jo'-e'-zer	Jo'-si'-ah	Ked'-e-moth'	Ki'-son
Jo'-tur	Jog'-bo-ah	Jo'-si'-as	Ke'-desh	Ki'-son
Jo'-u-el	Jog'-li	Jos-i-bi'-ah	Ke'-desh	Kith'-lish
Jo'-ushi	Jo'-ha	Jos-i-phi'-ah	Ke'-hel'-a-thah	Ki'-ron
Jo'-uz	Jo-ha'-nas	Jo'-si'-phus	Kei'-ah	Kil'-tim
Jew'-rie	Joi'-e-da	Jot'-bah	Ke-lai'-ah	Ko'-a
Jez'-a-si'-ah	Joi'-a-kim	Jot'-bath	Ke'-i-ta	Ke'-nath
Jez'-a-hel	Joi'-a-rib	Jot'-ba-tha	Ke'-kath-ha-zu'-rim	Ko'-hath-ites
Jo'-ze'-hu	Jok'-a-dab	Jo'-tham	Kem-u'-el	Kol-a-i'-ah
Jo'-zer	Jok'-a-kim	Joz'-a-bad	Ke'-nah	Ko'-rah
Jo'-zer-ites	Jok'-a-rib	Joz'-a-bad	Ke'-nan	Ko'-rah-ites
Jo'-zi'-ah	Jok'-de-am	Joz'-a-cha	Ke'-nath	Ko'-rath-ites
Jo'-zi-el	Jo'-kim	Joz'-a-dak	Ke'-nath	Ko'-hite
ez'-li'-ah	Jok'-me-an	Ju'-bal	Ke'-naz	Kor'-hites
Jez'-o-ar	Jok'-me-am	Ju'-cal	Ken'-ites	Kor'-ites
Jez'-ra hi'-ah	Jok'-shan	Ju'-dal	Ken'-niz-zites	Ko'-ro
Jez'-ra el	Jok'-tan	Ju'-dah	Ken'-en-hap'-puch	Koz
Jez'-ro el-ite	Jok'-the-el	Ju'-dat	Ken'-en-hap'-puk	Kush'-ai'-ah
Jez'-ro el-i-tess	Jo'-na	Jude	Ke'-ri-oth	
Jib'-sam	Jon'-a-dab	Ju'-de'-a	Ke'-ros	
Jid'-laph	Jo'-rah	Ju'-dith	Ke-tu'-ra	LA'-A-DATH
Jim	Jo'-nan	Ju'-el	Ke-tu'-rah	La'-a-dan
Jim'-la, or Im'-la	Jo'-nas	Ju'-li-a	Ke-zu'-ra	La'-bau
Jim'-na, or Jim'-nah	Jon'-a-athan	Ju'-ni-a	Ke-zu'-a	Lab'-a-na
Jim'-nites	Jo'-nath E'-rim	Ju-shab'-be-ped	Ke'-ziz	La'-chish
Jiph'-tah	Ro-cho'-chim	Jus'-tus	Kib'-roth Hat-ta'-n-rah	La'-cu'-nus
Jiph thah-et	Jop'-pa	Jut'-tah	Kib'-za-im	La'-das
Jo'-ab	Jo'-ra		Kid'-ron	La'-el
Jo'-a-chas	Jo'-ra-i		Ki'-nah	La'-had
Jo'-a-da'-nus	Jo'-ram	KAB	Kir	La'-hai'-roi
Jo'-ah	Jor'-dan	Kab'-zo-el	Kir-har'-a-seth	La'-han
Jo'-a-haz	Jor'-i-bes	Ka'-des	Kir'-he-reah	La'-mas
Jo'-a-kim	Jo'-rim	Ka'-desh, or Ca'-desh	Kir'-i-eth, or Kir'-jath	La'-ma
Jo-an'-na	Jor'-ko-am	Ka'-desi Bar'-ne-a	Kir'-i-eth	La'-lab
Jo-an'-nan	Jo'-a-bad	Kal'-mi-el	Kir'-jath Ar'-ba	La'-luz
Jo'-ash	Jo'-e'-phat	Kal'-moy-ites	Kir'-jath A'-im	La'-us
Jo'-a-tham	Jos-a-phi'-as	Kal'-ja-i	Kir'-jath A'-rim	
	Jo'-so		Kir'-jath A'-ri-ee	
	Jo'-e'-dech			

K.

PROMUNCIATION OF SCRIPTURE PROPER NAMES.

LAU	MA	MA	MA	ME
La'-shan	Lu'-dim	Ma-di'-a-bun	Mal-chi'-jah	Ma'-shul
La'-na-ron	Lu'-hich	Ma-di'-ah	Mal-chi'-ram	Mas'-man
Lae'-no-nas	Luko	Ma'-di-an	Mal-chi-shu'-an	Mas'-moth
Lag'-a-rus	Luz	Mad-man'-nah	Mal'-chom	Mas'-re-kah
Le'-an	Lyc-a-o'-ni-a	Ma'-don	Mal'-chus	Ma'-sa
Leb'-a-nah	Lyc'-ca	Ma-e'-lus	Mal'-las	Mas'-oah
Leb'-a-non	Lyd'-da	Mag'-lish	Mal'-lo-thi	Mas'-si'-as
Leb'-woth	Lyd'-i-a	Mag'-da-la	Mal'-luch	Ma'-trod
Leb-be'-us	Ly-sa'-ni-as	Mag'-da-len	Ma-mu'-as	Ma'-tri
Le-bo'-nah	Lys'-i-a	Mag-da-le'-no	Main'-mon	Mat'-tan
Le'-chah	Lizh'-e-a	Mag'-dj-el	Main-ni-ta-na-mus	Mat-tan'ah
Le'-ta-bim	Lys'-i-as	Ma'-gog	Mam'-re	Mat-tan-i'-ah
Lo'-li	Lys'-tra	Ma'-gor	Ma-inu'-cus	Mat-ta-tha
Lem'-u-el		Mag'-pi-ash	Man'-a-en	Mat-ta-thi'-as
Le'-shem		Ma-ha-lah	Man'-a-hu'n	Mat-te-na'-i
Let'-tus	M.	Ma-ha-lub	Man'-a-hem	Mat'-than
Le-tu'-chim	MA'-A-CAH	Le-an'-noth	Ma-na'-heth-ites	Mat'-that
Le-um'-mim	Ma'-a-chah	Ma-ha-lath	Ma-na-se'-as	Mat-the'-las
Le'-vi	Ma-ach'-a-ah	Ma'-chil	Ma-nas'-seh	Mat'-thow
Le-vi'-a-than	Ma-ach'-u-thites	Ma-ha'-le-el	Ma-nas'-sites	Mat-thi'-as
Le'-vis	Ma-ad'-ni	Ma-ha-li	Ma-nas'-sites	Mat-ti-thi'-ah
Le'-vites	Ma-a-di'-ah	Ma-ha-ni	Ma-nas'-sites	Maz-i-ti'-as
Le-yit'-i-cus	Ma-a'i	Ma-ha-nn'-ira	Man-ha-na'-im	Maz-i-ti'-as
Lib'-a-nus	Ma-nl'-eh A-crab'-bim	Ma-ha-neh Dan	Ma'-ni	Maz'-za-roth
Lib'-nah	Ma'-a-nai	Ma-ha-nem	Man'-na	Me'-ah
Lib'-ni	Ma'-a-rath	Ma-har'-a-i	Ma-no'-ah	Me-a'-ni
Lib'-nites	Ma'-a-sci'-ah	Ma'-nath	Ma-och	Me-a'-rah
Lib'-y-a	Ma-a-si'-uh	Ma'-ha-vites	Ma'-on	Me-bu'-sus
Lig-nal'-oes	Ma-nth	Ma'-haz	Ma'-on-ites	Me-chi'-e-rath
Li'-gura	Ma'-az	Ma-ha'-zi-oth	Ma'-ra	Me-chi'-e-rath-sa
Lik'-hi	Ma-a-zi'-ah	Ma-her-shal'-el	Ma'-rah	Me'-dad
Lo-am'-mi	Mab'-da-i	Ma-hak'-bez	Ma'-rah	Mad'-a-lah
Lod	Mac'-a-lon	Mnn'-lah	Ma-r-a-lah	Me'-dan
Lod'-e-bar	Mac'-ca-hes	Mah'-li	Ma-r-a-nath'-a	Mad'-e-bur
Log	Mac'-ca-hes	Mah'-lites	Ma-ro-lo-cho'-us	Modes
Lo'-is	Mac-ca-hes'-us	Mah'-jou	Ma-ro-shah	Me'-di-a
Le Ru'-ha-mah	Mach'-be-nah	Mai-an'-e-as	Mark	Me'-di-an
Lot	Macn'-bo-nai	Ma'-kas	Mar'-i-sa	Me-e'-da
Lo'-tan	Mach-he'-loth	Ma'-ked	Mar'-moth	Me-gid'-du
Loth-a-su'-bus	Ma'-chi	Mak'-o-loth	Ma'-roth	Me-gid'-don
Lo'-non	Ma'-chir	Mak-ke'-dal	Mar'-re-kah	Me-ha'-li
Lu'-bim	Ma'-chir-ites	Mak-tesh	Mar'-se-na	Me-het'-a-b'el
Lu'-bims	Mach'-mas	Mal'-a-chi	Mar'-te-na	Me-hi'-da
Lu'-cus	Mach-na-de'-bai	Mal'-cham	Mar'-tha	Me-hir
Lu'-ci-fer	Mach-pe'-lah	Mal'-chi'-ah	Ma-ry	Me-hol'-ath-ites
Lu'-ci-us	Ma'-croo	Mal'-chi-el	Mas'-chil	Me-hu'-ja-el
Lud	Mad'-a-	Mal'-chi-el-ites	Mas'-e-loth	Me-hu'-man
			U'-sh	Me-hu'-nig

ME	MI	MO	NA	NA
Me-hu'-nims	Me'-set	Mig'-da-lel	Mo-a-di'-ah	Na'-a-rath
Me-jar'-han	Me'-sha	Mig'-dal Gad	Mock'-mur	Na'-ash'-en
Mek'-o-nah	Me'-shach	Mig'-dol	Mock'-ran	Na'-a-thus
Mel'-a-ti'-ah	Me'-shech	Mig'-rop	Mo'-dir	Na'-bal
Mel'-chi	Me'-shek	Mij'-a-min	Mo'-ein	Nab'-a-ri'-as
Mel'-chi'-ah	Mesh'-ei-o-mi'-ah	Mik'-lot	Mo'-h-dah	Na'-ba-thes'-anus
Mel'-chi'-as	Mesh'-er'-a-bel	Mik'-wei'-ah	Mo'-lech	Na'-bath'-uses
Mel'-chi-el	Mesh'-er'-a-be-el	Mil'-a-la'-i	Mo'-le'z	Na'-boah
Mel'-chir'-e-dek	Mesh'-il-la'-mith	Mil'-cah	Mo'-li	Na'-chon
Mel'-chi-shur'-a	Mesh'-il'-le-moth	Mil'-chan	Mo'-lid	Na'-chor
Me-le'-a	Me-shu'-bah	Mil'-cha	Mo'-loch	Ne'-dob
Me'-lech	Mo-shul'-iam	Mil'-com	Mo'-tok	Na'-dab'-a-tha
Mel'-ti-cu	Me-shul'-le-mith	Mil'-lo	Blom'-di	Nag'-ge
Mel'-i-ta	Mes'-o-bah	Mi'-na	Mo-o-si'-as	Na'-lu'-di-el
Mel'-zar	Mes'-o-ba-ite	Mi'-ni'-a-min	Mo'-rash'-ite	Na'-hal'-lal
Mem'-phis	Mes'-o-pa'-ni'-mi-a	Mil'-ni	Mo'-ras-thite	Na'-ha-lol
Mo-mu'-can	Mes'-si'-ah	Mir'-nith'	Mo'-de-cai	Na'-ham
Men'-a-hem	Mes'-si'-as	Mipl'-kad	Mo'-reh	Na'-ham'-a-ni
Me'-nan	Me-te'-rus	Mir'-i-am	Mo'-esh-eth Gath	Na'-har'-a-i
Me'-no	Me'-theg Au'-	Mir'-na	Mo'-si'-ah	Na'-hesh
Me'-nith	'nah	Mis'-gab	Mo-so'-ra	Na'-hath
Men'-o-thai	Meth'-ro-dati	Mish'-a-el	Mo-so'-rap	Nah'-bi
Me-on'-e-nam	Me-thu'-sa-el	Mi'-shal	Mo-so'-roth	Na'-ha-bi
Mepl'-a-ah	Me-thu'-se-lah	Mi'-sham	Mo'-ses	Na'-hor
Me-phib'-o-sheth	Me-thu'-se-la	Mi'-she-al	Mo'-ses	Nah'-shon
Me'-rab	Me u'-nim	Mish'-na	Mo-sol'-lam	Na'-hum
Mer'-a-i'-ah	Mez'-a-nah	Mish'-man'-na	Mo-sul'-la-non	Na'-i-dus
Me-rai'-ath	Mi'-a-min	Mish'-ra-ues	Mo'-za	Na'-im
Mo'-rau	Mih'-gar	Mis'-par	Mo'-zah	Na'-in
Mor'-a-ri	Mil'-sam	Mis'-pe-reth	Muy'-pina	Nai'-pdi
Mor'-a-rites	Mij'-zar	Mis'-pha	Mu'-shi	Ne'-pe'-a
Mor'-a-tha'-im	Mi'-cah	Mis'-phah	Mu'-shites	Na'-o-mi
Me'-rod	Mi'-cai'-ah	Mis'-ra-im	Mu-nab'-ben	Na'-pish
Me'-ro-moth	Mi'-cha	Mis'-te-photh-ma'-	Myn'-dus	Naph'-i-si
Me'-res	Mi'-cha-el	im	My'-ra	Naph'-thar
Me'-ri-bah	Mi'-chah	Mith'-cah	Myt'-e-le-uc	Naph'-thar
Me'-ri-bah Ké'-	Mi'-chai'-ah	Mith'-nite		Naph'-tu-him
'desh	Mi'-chel	Mith'-ri-dath		
Me-rib'-bu-al	Mi'-chiel	Mi'-zar	N.	
Me-ri-moth	Mi'-chiel	Miz'-pah	NA' AM	
Me-ro'-dach	Mi'-chiel	Miz'-peh	Na'-a-mah	
Bal'-e-deu	Mi'-chiel	Miz'-ro-im	Na'-a-mam	
Me'-rom	Mi'-chiel	Miz'-zah	Na'-a-ma-thites	
Me-ron'-a-thise	Mi'-chiel	Mo'-son	Na'-a-mites	
Me'-ron	Mi'-chiel	Na'-son	Na'-a-rah	
Me'-ruth	Mik'-i-an	Mo'-ab	Na'-a-rai	
Me'-soch	Mid'-i-an-ites	Mo'-ab-ites	Na'-a-ran	

NE	NO	OP	PA	PE
Naz-a-rene/	Ne'-re-us	Nun, (the father of Joshua)	O'-phir	Par-mest'-ta
Naz-a-renes'	Nar'-gal	Nym'-phas	Oph'-ni	Par-mie-nas
Naz'-a-reth	Ner'-gal Shu-re		Oph'-rah	Par-nath
Naz'-a-rite	zer		O'-reb	Par-nach
Ne'-ah	Ne'-ri	O.	O'-ren, or O'-ran	Pa't-rosh
Ne-a-ri'-ah	Ne-ri'-ah	OB-A OY-AH	O-ri'-on	Par-shan'-da-tha
Neb'-a-i	Ne-than'-e-el	O'-bal	O'-ran	Par'-u-ah
Ne-bai'-oth	Neth-a-li'-ah	O'-bed	O'-phah	Par-va'-im
Ne-ba'-joth	Neth'-i-nims	O'-bed E'-dom	O'-fa	Pa'-sach
Ne-bal'-lat	No-to'-phiah	O'-beth	Or-tho-si'-as	Pa'-dam' min
Ne'-bat	Ne-toph'-a-thi	O'-bil	O-sai'-as	Pa-se'-ah
Ne'-bo	Ne-toph'-a-thites	O'-both	O-se'-as	Pash'-ur
Neb-u-chad-nez'-	Ne-zi'-ah'	O'-chi-el	O-see	Pass'-a-ver
zar	Ne'-zib	O'-chi-el	O'-sho-a	Pa't'-a-ra
Neb-u-chod-on'-	Nib'-has	Oci-de'-lus	Os'-pray	Pa-te'-o-li
o-sor	Nib'-shan	Os-i-de'-lus	Os'-si-frage	Pa-the'-us
Neb-u-chad-rez'-	Nie-o-to'-mus	Oc-i-na	Oth'-ni	Path'-ros
zar	Nic-o-la'-i-tanes	Os-i-us	Oth'-ni-el	Path-ru'-sur
Neb-u-chas'-ben	Nie'-o-las	Oc'-ran	Oth-o-ni'-as	Pa'-ro-bas
Neb-u-zar'-a-dan	Nim'-rah	O'-ded	O'-zem	Pa'-u
Ne'-cho	Nim'-rim	O-dol'-lam	O-zi'-as	Paul
Ne-co'-dan	Nim'-rod	Od-on-ar'-kes	O-zi-el	Ped'-a-be
Ned-a-bi'-ah	Nith'-shi	Og	Oz'-ni	Ped'-ah-zir
Ne-e-mi'-as	Niu'-e-ve	O'-had	Oz'-uites	Red-zi'-ah
Neg'-i-noth	Nim'-e-veh	O'-hel	O-zo'-ra	Pe'-kah
Ne-hel'-a-mite	Nin'-e-vites	Of'-a-mus		Pe'-a-ni' ah
Ne-he-mi'-ah	Ni'-san	O-lym'-phas	P.	Pe'-kod
Ne-he-mi'-as	Nis'-roch	On-a-e'-rus	PA'-A RAI	Pei-a-i'-ah
Ne'-hum	Nis'-rok	O'-mar	Pa'-dan	Pei-a-li'-an
Ne-hush'-ta	No-a-di'-ah	O-me'-ga	Pa'-dan A-ram	Pei-a-ti' ah
Ne-hush'-tah	No'-ah, or	O'-mer	Pa'-don	Pe'-leg
No-hush'-tan	No'-e	Om'-ri	Pa'-gi-e	Pe'-ret
Ne'-i-el	Nob'	On	Pa'-gi-e	Pe'-leth
Ne'-keb	No'-bph	O'-nam	Pa'-hath Mi'-ah	Pe'-leth-ites
Ne-ko'-da	Nod	O'-nan	Pa'-i	Pe-li'-as
Nem-u'-el	No'-dab	O-nes'-i-mus	Pa'-lal	Pe'l'-o-nite
Nem-u'-el-ites	Ne'-e-ba	On-e-tiph'-o-rus	Pal'-os-tiao	Pe-ni'-el
Ne'-phag	No'-ga, or No'-	O-ni'-a-res	Pal'-us	Pe-niur'-rab
Ne'-phi	gah	O-ni'-as	Pal'-u-ites	Pen-ri-nas
Ne'-phis	No'-hah	O'-no	Pal'-ri	Pen-tap'-o-as
Ne'-phish	Norr	O'-nus	Pal'-ti-el	Pen-ta-touch
Ne-phish'-e-sim	Norr'-a-das	O-ny'-as	Pal'-tite	Pen-ta-touch
Neph'-tha-li	Non	On'-y-cha	Pan'-nag	Pen-te-cost
Nep'-tho-ah	Nopht	On'-e-ka	Pa'-nag	Pen-tre-cent
Neph'-tu-um	Nof	O'-nyx	Pa'-rah	Pe-m'-el
Ne-plu'-sim	No'-phah	O'-phel	Pa'-ras	Pe'-er
	No-she'-ni-us	O'-pher	Pa'-ras	Pe'-er

PH	RA	RA	RE	SA
Pe'-resh	Phil-o-me'-tor	Ra-a-mi'-ah	Ra'-phu	Re'-zin
Pe'-rez	Phin'-e-as	Ra-am'-ses	Rae'-sis	Re'-zon
Pe'-rez Uz'-za	Phin'-o-has	Rab'-bah	Rae'-u-mas	Rhe'-gi-um
Pe'-ga	Phi'-son	Rab'-bath	Ra'-zis	Re'-je-um
Pe'-ga-mos	Phle'-gon	Rab'-bat	Re-a-i'-ah	Rhe'-sa
Pe'-ri-da	Pho'-ros	Rab'-bi	Re'-sa	Re'-sa
Pe'-ri-zites	Phul, <i>rhymes dull</i>	Rab'-bith	Re-ber'-ca	Rho'-da
Pe'-re-mas	Phur	Rab'-bo'-ni	Re'-rhab	Rho'-o-cus
Pe'-ri-u'-da	Phu'-rah	Rab'-mag	Re'-chab-ites	Ri'-bai
Peth-a-hi'-ah	Phut, <i>rhymes nut</i>	Rab'-sa-cos	Re'-chah	Rib'-lah
Pe'-ther	Phur'-vair	Rab'-sa-ris	Re'-kah	Rim'-mon
Pe-thu'-el	Phy-gel'-lus	Rab'-sha-keh	Re-el-ai'-ah	Rim'-mon Pa'-rez
Pe-ul'-thai	Phy-lac'-te-ries	Ra'-ca, or Ra'-cha'	Re-el-i'-as	Kim'-nah
Phac'-a-reth	Pi-ha-ff'-roth	Ra'-cab	Ree-sai'-as	Ri'-phath
Phai'-sur	Pi'-late	Ra'-cal	Re'-gem, the g	Ry'-fath
Phal-dai'-us	Pil'-dash	Ra'-chab	<i>hard</i>	Ris'-sah
Pha-le'-us	Pil'-e-tha	Ra'-chel	Re'-gem-me-lech	Rith'-mah
Pha'-leg	Pil'-tai	Rad'-da-i	Re'-gom	Ris'-pah
Phal'-lu	Pi'-non	Ra'-gau	Re-ha-bi'-ah	Ro-go'-lim
Phal'-ti	Pi'-ra	Ra'-ges	Re'-bob	Roh'-gah
Phal'-ti-el	Pi'-ram	Rag'-u-a	Re-ho-bo'-am	Ro'-ga
Pha-no'-el	Pir'-a-then	Ra'-gu'-ei	Re-ho'-both	Ro'-i-mus
Phar'-a-cun	Pir'-a-thon-ite	Ra'-hab	Re'-ju	Ro-mam-ti-e'-zer
Pha'-ra-oh	Pis'-gah	Ra'-ham	Re'-lum	Rosh
Ph'-ro	Pi'-son	Ra'-kem	Re'-i	Ru'-by
Phar-a-tho'-ni	Pis'-pah	Rak'-kath	Re'-kem	Rur'-fus
Pha'-rez	Pi'-tith	Rak'-kou	Rein-a-i'-ah	Ru'-ha-mah
Pha'-rez-ites	Poch'-e-reth	Ram	Re'-meth	Ru'-mah
Phar'-i-sces	Pon'-tus Pi'-late	Ra'-ma, or	Rein'-mon	Rus'-ti-cus
Pha'-rosh	Pot'-a-tha	Ra'-mah	Rein'-mon Meth'-o-ar	Ruth
Phar'-phar	Pot'-i-phar	Ra'-math	Rem'-phan	
Phar'-zites	Po-tiph'-e-ra	Ra-math-a'-im	Rem'-phis	
Pha'-se-an	Proch'-o-rus	Ram'-a-them	Re'-pha-el	
Pha'-se-lis	Pu'-a, or Pu'-ah	Ra'-math-ite	Re'-phah	
Pha'-s-i-rou	Pu'-dens	Ra'-math Le'-hi	Re'-phah	
Pha'-be	Pu'-lites	Ra'-math Mis'-peh	Reph-a-i'-ah	
Pha'-ni'-co	Pul, <i>rhymes dull</i>	Ra-me'-ses	Reph'-a-im	
Pha'-e-seth	Pu'-nites	Ra-mi'-ah	Reph'-a-ims	
Pha'-col	Pu'-non	Ra'-moth	Reph'-i-dim	
Pha'-lar'-ches	Pur, or Pu'-rim'	Ra'-moth Gil'-e-ai	Re'-sen	
Pha'-lo'-mon	Put, <i>rhymes nut</i>	Ra'-pba	Re'-sheph	
Pha'-le-tus	Pu'-ti-el	Ra'-pha-el	Re'-u	
Pha'-lis'-ti-a	Pu'-garg	Ra'-phel	Reu'-ben	
Pha'-lis'-tim		Ra'-phah	Re-u'-el	
Pha'-lis'-unos		Raph'-a-um	Reu'-mah	
Pha'-lis'-tius		Ra'-phon	Re'-zeph	
Pha'-lo'-o-gus			Re'-za	

R.

RA'-A-MAH

S.

SA-BAC-THIA

- NI
- Sab'-a-oth
- Sa'-bat
- Sab'-a-tus
- Sab'-ban
- Sab'-bath
- Sab-ha-the'-us
- Sab-be'-us
- Sab-de'-us
- Sab'-di
- Sa'-e-am
- Sa'-bi

SA	SC	SE	SII	SH
Sab'-tah	San'-a-sib	Scy-thop'-o-lis	Sha-al-ab'-bin	Sha'-shak
Sab'-te-cha	San-hal'-int	Scyth-o-pol'-i-tans	Sha-al'-bim	Sha'-ul
Sa'-car	San'-he-drim	Se'-ba	Sha-al'-bo-nite	Sha'-ul-ites
Sad-a-mi'-as	San-san'-nah	Se'-bat	Sha'-aph	Sha-u'-sha
Sa'-das	Saph	Sec-a-cah	Sha-a-ra'-im	Sha'-veh
Sad-de'-us	Sa'-phat	Sech-e-ni'-as	Shar'-a-im	Sha'-veth
Sad'-duc	Saph-a-ti'-as	Se'-chu	Saz-ash'-gas	Sho'-al
Sad'-du-coes	Saph'-ir	Sei-e-ci'-as	Shab-beth'-a-i	She-al'-ti-el
Sa'-doc	Sa'-pheth	Sei-e-si'-as	Shach'-i-a	She-a-r-i-ah
Sa-ha-du'-tha Je'-gar	Sap-phi'-ra	Se'-gub	Shad'-da-i	Shc-ar-ja'-sruil
Sa'-la	Sap'-phire	Se'-ir	Sha'-draca	She'-ba, or
Sa'-lah	Sar-a-bi'-as	Se'-i-rath	Sha-go	She'-bah
Sa-a-sad'-a-i	Sa'-ra, or Sa' rai	Se'-la	Sha-kaz'-i-nath	She'-ban
Sa-la'-thi-el	Sar-a-i'-ah	Se'-la Ham-mah-	Shal'-le-chem	Sheb-a-mi'-ah
Sal'-cah	Sa-rqi'-as	lo'-koth	Sha'-lem	Sheb'-a-rim
Sal'-chah	Sa-ram'-a-el	Se'-lah	Sha'-liun	She'-bat
Sa'-lem	Sar'-a-mel	Se'-led	Shal'-i-sha	Shc'-ber
Sa'-lin	Sa'-raph	Set-e-mi'-as	Shal'-hnn	Shob'-na
Sal'-la-i	Sar-ched'-o-nus	Scm	Shal'-ma-i	Sheb'-u-el
Sal'-lu	Sar'-de-us	Sem-a-chi'-ah	Shal'-man	Shoc-a-ni'-ah
Sal'-lum	Sar'-dis	Sem-a-i'-ah	Shal-ma-ne'-ser	Shc'-chem
Sal-lu'-mus	Sar'-dites	Sem-a-i'-as	Sha'-ma	She'-chem-ites
Sal'-ma, or	Sar'-di-us	Sem'-e-i	Sham-a-ri'-ah	Shoch'-i-nah
Sal'-maah	Sar'-dine	Se-mel'-le-us	Sha'-mod	Sheb'-e-nah
Sal'-mon	Sar'-do-nyx	Se'-mis	Sha'-mer	Sbed'-e-ur
Sal-mo'-ne	Sa'-re-a	Sen'-a-ah	Sham'-gar	Shc-ha-ri'-ah
Sa'-lom	Sa-rep'-ta	Se'-neh	Sham'-huth	She'-kel
Sa-lo'-me	Sar'-gon	Se'-mir	Sha'-mir	She'-lah
Sa'-lu	Sa'-rid	Sen-a-che'-rib	Sham'-ma	She'-lan-ites
Sa'-lum	Sa'-ron	Sen'-u-ah	Sham'-mah	Shol'-o-mi'-ah
Sam'-a-el	Sa-to'-thi	Se-o'-rim	Sham'-ma-i	She'-leph
Sa-mai'-as	Sar-se'-chim	Se'-phar	Sham'-moth	She'-lesh
Sa-na'-ri-a, or	Sa'-ruch	Seph'-a-rad	Sham-mu'-a	Shei'-o-mi
Sa-ma'-ri'-a	Sa'-tan	Seph-ar-va'-im	Sham-mu'-ah	Shel'-o-mita
Sa-mar'-i-tans	Sath-ra-baz'-nes	Se'-phar-vites	Sham-she'-ra-i	Shel'-o-moth
Sam'-a-tus	Sath-ra-beu'-za'-nes	Se'-phe'-la	Sha'-pham	She-hu'-mi-el
Sa-me'i-us	Saul	Se'-rah	Sha'-phaa	Shem
Sam'-gar Ne'-bo	Sav'-a-ian	Se-ra-i'-nh	Sha'-phat	She'-ma
Sa'-mi	Sa'-vi-as	Ser'-a-phim	Sha'-pher	Shem'-a-ah
Sa'-mis	Se'-va	Se'-red	Shar'-a-i	Shem-a-i'-ah
Sam'-lah	Se'-ra	Se'-ron	Shar'-ma-im	Shem-a-r'-ah
Sam'-nus	Sche'-chem	Se'-rug	Sha'-rar	Shem'-e-ber
Samp'-sa-mes	She'-kem	Se'-sis	Sha-re'-zer	She'-mer
Sam'-sou	Scribes	Ses'-thel	Sha'-ron	She-mi'-da
Sau'-u-el	Scyth'-i-ans	Seth	She'-ron-ite	Shem'-i-nah
Saa-a-bas'-ti-rus	Syth'-i-ans	Se'-thar	Sha-ru'-hen	She-mir'-a
		Se'-ther	Shash'-a-i	She-mur'-el

SH

SH

SI

SU

TA

Shen
She-na'-zar
She'-uir
She'-pham
Sheph-a-ti'-ah
She'-phi
She'-pho
She-phu'-phan
She'-rah
She-r-a-bi'-ah
She'-resh
She-re'-zer
She'-shack
She'-shai
She'-shan
Shesh-baz'-zar
Sheth
She'-th-r
She'-uar Boz'-
na-i
She'-va
Shib'-bo-leth
Shib'-mah
Shi'-chron
Shig-gai'-on
Shi'-on
Shi'-hor
Shi'-nor Lib'-nath
Shi'-im
She-i'-im
Shil'-hi
Shil'-him
Shil'-lem
Shil'-lem-ites
Shi'-loh, or Shi'-lo
Shi-lo'-al
Shi-lo'-ni
Shi-lo'-nites
Shil'-shah
Shim'-e-a
Shim'-e-ah
Shim'-e-am
Shim'-e-ath
Shim'-e-ath-ites
Shim'-e-i
Shim'-e-on
Shim'-hi

Shi'-mi
Shim'-ites
Shim'-ma
Shi'-mon
Shim'-rath
Shim'-ri
Shim'-rith
Shim'-ron
Shim'-ron-ites
Shim'-ron Me'-ru
Shim'-shai
Shi'-nab
Shi'-nar
Shi'-phi
Shiph'-mite
Shiph'-ra
Shiph'-rath
Shup'-tan
Shi'-sha
Shi'-shak
Shit'-ra-i
Shit'-tah
Shit'-um Wood
Shi'-za
Sho'-a
Sho'-ah
Sho'-ab
Sho'-bach
Sho'-ba-i
Sho'-bal
Sho'-bek
Sho'-bi
Sho'-cho
Sho'-chek
Sho'-ham
Sho'-mer
Sho'-phach
Sho'-phan
Sho-shan'-nim
Sho-shan'-nim E'-
duth
Shu'-a
Shu'-ah
Shu'-al
Shu'-be-el
Shu'-ham
Shu'-ham-kes

Shu'-hites
Shu'-lam-ke
Shu'-math-ites
Shu'-nan-ite
Shu'-nem
Shu'-ni
Shu'-nites
Shu'-pham
Shu'-pham-ite
Shup'-pira
Shur
Shu'-shan
Sou'-shan E'-duth
Shu'-the-lah
Shu'-thal-ites
Si'-a
Si'-a-ka
Si'-ba
Sib'-ba-chai
Sib'-bo-leth
Sib'-mah
Sib'-ra-im
Si'-chem
Sid'-dam
Si'-de
Si'-don
Si-gi'-o-noth
Si'-ha
Si'-hon
Si'-hor
Si'-las
Sil'-la
Sil'-o-a
Sil'-o-as
Sil'-o-ah, or
Sil'-o-am
Sil'-o-o
Si-mal-cu'-e
Sim'-e-on
Sim'-e-on-ites
Sim'-on
Sim'-ri
Sin
Si'-nai
Si'-nim
Sin'-ites
Si'-on

Siph'-moth
Sip'-pai
Si'-rach
Si'-rah
Sir'-ion
Sis-au'-a-i
Sis'-o-ra
Si-sin'-nes
Sit'-nah
Si'-van
So
So'-choh
So'-ko
So'-coh
So'-ko
So'-di
Sod'-om
Sod'-om-ites
Sod'-o-ma
Sod'-o-mon
Sop'-a-ter
Sop'-e-reth
So'-rek
So-sip'-a-ter
Sos'-the-nes
Sos'-tra-tus
So'-ta-i
Sta'-chys
Sta'-kees
Stac'-te
Steph'-a-nas
Steph'-a-na
Ste'-phen
Su'-ah
Su'-ba
Su'-ba-i
Suc'-coth
Suc'-coth Be'-notn
Su-ca'-ath-ites
Sud
Su'-di-as
Suk'-ki-ims
Sur
Su'-sa
Su'-san-chites
Su-san'-nah
Su'-si

Syc'-a-mine
Sy'-ce'-ne
Sy'-char
Sy'-e-lus
Sy'-e-ne
Syn'-a-gogue
Syn'-a-gog
Syn'-ti-cho
Syr'-i-a Ma'-a-can
Syr'-i-on
Sy-ro-pho-nic-i-a

T.

TA'-A-NACH
Ta'-a-nach Shi'-lo
Tab'-ba-oth
Tab'-bath
Ta'-be-al
Ta'-be-el
Ta-bel'-li-us
Tab'-e-ra
Tab'-i-tha
Ta'-hor
Tab'-ri-mon
Tach'-mo-nite
Tad'-mor
Ta'-han
Ta'-han-ites
Ta-haph'-a-nes
Ta-hap'-e-nes
Ta'-hath
Tah'-pe-nes
Tah'-ro-a
Tah'-tim Hod'-ah
Tal'-i-tha Cu'-mi
Tal'-mai
Tal'-mon
Tal'-sas
Ta'-mah
Ta'-mar
Tam'-muz
Ta'-nach
Tay'-hu-moth
Ta'-nis
Ta'-phath
Taph'-e-nes

TH	TI	TY	XE	ZA
Taph'-nes	Tha'-hash	Ty'-ras		Xe-rol'-y-be
Ta'-phon	Tha'-mah	Ty'-rath-ites		Xys'-tus
Tap'-pu-ah	Tham'-na-tha	Tir'-ha-kah		
Ta'-ran	Tha'-ra	Tir'-ha-nah		
Tar'-a-lah	Thar'-ra	Tir'-i-a		
Ta-re-a	Thar'-shish	Tir'-sha-tha		
Tar'-pel-ites	Thas'-si	Tir'-zah		
Tar'-shis	The'-bez	Tish'-bite		
Tar'-shish	The-co'-e	Ti'-van		
Tar-shi'-si	The-las'-ser	Ty'-za		
Tar'-sus	The-ler'-sas	Ty'-zite		
Tar'-tak	The-oc'-a-nus	To'-ah		
Tar'-tar	The-oc'-o-tus	To'-a-nah		
Tat'-na-i	The-oph'-i-lus	Tob		
Te'-bah	The'-ras	To-bi'-ah		
Teb-a-li'-ah	Ther'-me-ieth	To-bi'-as		
Te'-beth	Thes-sa-lo-ni'-ca	To'-biz, Eng.		
Te-haph'-ue-hes	Theu'-das	To'-bi-el		
Te-hir'-nah	Thom'-na-thath	To-bi'-jah		
Te'-kei	This'-be	To' bit		
Te-ko'-a, or	Thom'-as	To'-chen		
Te-ko'-ah	Thom'-us	To-gar'-mah		
Te-ko'-ities	Thom'-o-i	To'-hu		
Tel'-a-bib	Thra-se'-as	To'-i		
Te'-lah	Thum'-mim	To'-la		
Tel'-a-im	Thy-a-ti'-ra	To'-lad		
Te-las'-sar	Tib'-bath	To'-la-ites		
Te'-lem	Ti-be'-ri-as	Tol'-ba-nes		
Tel-ha-re'-sha	Tit'-ni	Toi'-mai		
Tel-har'-sa	Ti'-dal	To'-phei		
Tel'-me-la	Tig'-lath Pi-le'-	Ty'-phct		
Tel'-me-lah	ser	To'-u		
Te'-ma	Tik'-vah	Trach-o-ni'-tis		
Te'-man	Tik'-vash	Trip'-o-lis		
Tem'-a-ni	Ti'-lou	Tro'-as		
Te-man-ites	Ti-me'-lus	Tro-gyl'-li-unn		
Tem'-e-ui	Tim'-na	Troph'-i-mus		
Te'-pho	Tim'-nath	Try-pha'-na		
te'-rah	Tim'-na-thah	Try-pho'-sa		
Ter'-a-phim	Tim'-nath	Tu'-bal		
Te'-resh	He'-res	Tu'-bal Cain		
Ter'-ti-us	Tim'-nath	Tu-bi'-e-ni		
Ter'-she-us	Se'-rah	Ty-be'-ri-as		
Ter'-ul'-lus	Tim'-nite	Tych'-i-cus		
Te'-ta	Ti-mo'-the-us	Tyre, one syllable		
Ter'-rarch	Tim'-o-they, Eng.	Ty-ran'-nus		
Thad-de'-us	Tip'-zah	Ty'-rus		
			U.	
			U'-CAL	
			U'-el	
			U'-la-i	
			U'-lam	
			U'-la	
			U-n'-mah	
			Un'-ni	
			U'-phaz	
			U-phar'-sir	
			Ur'-ba-ne	
			U'-ri	
			U-ri'-ah	
			U-ri'-as	
			U-ri-el	
			U-ri-jah	
			U'-rim	
			U'-ta	
			U'-tha-i	
			U'-thi	
			U'-za-i	
			U'-zal	
			Uz'-za	
			Uz'-zah	
			Uz'-zen She'-rah	
			Uz'-zi	
			Uz-zi'-ah	
			Uz-zi'-el	
			Uz-zi'-el-ites	
			V.	
			VA-JEZ'-A	
			THA	
			Va-ni'-ah	
			Vash'-ni	
			Vash'-ti	
			Voph'-si	
			X.	
			XA-GUS	
			Xan' thi-cus	
			Xe'-ze-as	
			Xex-o-pha'-gi-a	
			Z.	
			ZA-A-NA'-IM	
			Za'-a-man	
			Za-a-nar'-nim	
			Za'-a-van	
			Za'-had	
			Zab-a-de'-ans	
			Zab-a-dai'-as	
			Zab'-bai	
			Zab'-ud	
			Zao-de-us	
			Zab'-di	
			Zab'-di-el	
			Za-bi'-na	
			Za'-bud	
			Zab'-u-lon	
			Zac'-ca-i	
			Zac'-cur	
			Zach-a-ri'-ah	
			Za'-cher	
			Za'-ker	
			Zac-che'-us	
			Zak'-ke-us	
			Za' dok	
			Za-hana	
			Za'-ir	
			Za-laph	
			Zal'-mon	
			Zal-mo'-nah	
			Zal-mun'-a-a	
			Zam'-bis	
			Zam'-bsi	
			Za'-moth	
			Zam-zum'-nim	
			Za-no'-ah	
			Zapn-nath'-pa-a	
			ne'-ah	
			Za'-phon	
			Za'-ra	
			Zar'-a-ces	
			Za'-rah	
			Zar-a'-as	
			Za'-re-ah	

ZE	ZE	ZI	ZI	ZU
Za'-re-ah-ites	Zed'-e-ki'-ah	Zer'-e-da	Zif	Zi'-na
Za'-red	Zeeb	Zer'-e dah	Zi'-ha	Zo'-an
Zar'-e-phath	Ze'-lah	Ze-red'-a-thah.	Zik'-lag	Zo'-ar
Zar'-e-tas	Ze'-lek	Zer'-c-radu	Zil'-lah	Zo'-ba, or
Za'-rath Sha'-har	Ze-lo'-phe-ad	Ze'-resh	Zil'-pah	Zo'-bah
Zar'-hites	Ze-lo'-tes	Ze'-reth	Zil'-thai	Ze-be'-bah
Zar'-in-nah	Zel'-zah	Ze'-ri	Zim'-mah	Zo'-har
Zar'-than	Zem'-a-ra'-im	Ze'-ror	Zim'-ram, or	Zo'-he-leth
Zath'-o-o	Zem'-a-rite	Ze-ru'-ah	Zim'-ran	Zon'-a-ras
Za-thu'-i	Ze-mi'-ra	Ze-ru'-ba-bel	Zim'-ri	Zo'-peth
Zath'-thu	Ze'-nan	Zer-u-i'-th	Zim	Zo'-phah
Zat'-tu	Ze'-nas	Zer-vi'-ah	Zi'-na	Zo'-phai
Za'-van	Ze-or'-im	Ze'-tham	Zi'-on, or Bi'-on	Zo'-phar
Za'-za	Zeph'-a-ur'-ah	Ze'-tian	Zi'-or	Zo'-phim
Zeb'-e-ji'-ah	Ze'-phath	Ze'-thar	Ziph	Zo'-rah
Ze'-bah	Zephi'-a-thah	Zi'-a	Zi'-phah	Zo'-rath-ites
Ze-be'-im	Ze'-phi, or Ze'-	Zi'-ba	Ziph'-i-on	Zu re-ah
Zeb'-o-dee	pho	Zib'-e-on	Ziph'-ites	Zo'-rites
Zo-bi'-na	Ze'-phon	Zib'-i-on	Zi'-phron	Zo-rob'-a-tee
Ze-bo'-im	Zeph'-on-ites	Zich'-ri	Zip'-por	Za'-ar
Ze-bus'-da	Zer	Zik'-ri	Zip-po'-rah	Zuph
Zo'-bud	Ze'-rah	Zid'-dim	Zith'-ri	Zur
Zeb'-u-lon	Zer-a-hi'-ah	Zid'-ki'-jah	Ziz	Zu'-ri-el
Zeb'-u-lon-ites	Zer-a-i'-a	Zi'-don, or Si'-don	Zi'-ze	Zu-ri-shad'-o
Zech'-a-ri'-ah	Ze'-rau	Zi'-do-ni-ans	Zi'-zal	Zu'-zims
Ze'-dad	Ze'-rod			

PROPER NAMES

WHICH OCCUR IN

ANCIENT AND MODERN GEOGRAPHY.

In the following names, *a* sounds short and open, as in *placid*; *o* long, as in *rose*

AV	CA	DA	FR	IL
A.	B.			
AB-YS-SIN-I-A Ac-a-pul'-co Ac-ar-na'-ni-a A-dri-an-o'-ple A-dri-at'-ic Af-ri-ca A-lep'-po Al-ex-an'-dri-a A-mal'-fi A-mer'-i-ca Am'-i-ens <i>Am'-me-ong</i> Am-hip'-o-lis Am-ster-dam' An'-ti-och An-tip'-á-ros Ant'-werp Ar-chi-pel'-a-go Ar-me'-ni-a A'-si-a As-syr'-i-a As-tra-can' Ath'-ens Au'-stri-a Av-ign'-on <i>Av-vin'-góng</i>	BAB-EL-MAN'-DEL Bab'-y-lou Ba'-bec Bar'-ba-ry Bar-ce-lo'-na Ben-gal' <i>Ben-guel'</i> Ber'-lin Bo-rys'-the-nes Bos'-phe-rus Bour-deaux' <i>Boor-dó</i> Brau'-den-burg Brus'-sels By-zen'-ti-um	Cal-i-for'-ni-a Cal-la'-o Ca-na'-ry Can'-ter-bury Can-ton® Car-a-ma'-ni-a Car'-thage Car-tha-ge'-na Ceph-a-lo'-ni-a Cey-lon' <i>Se-lone'</i> Chæ-ro-ne'-a Chal-de'-a Cher-so-ne'-sus Cor-stan-ti-no'-ple Ce-pen-tia'-gen Cor-do'-va Cor'-inth Cuz'-co Cyc'-la-des <i>Sik'-la-deez</i>	Da-mi-et'-ta Dantz'-ic Dau'-ube Dar-da-nelles' Dar-da-ni-a' Del'-hi Do-do'-na Do-min'-i-ca Dres'-den Dyr-rach'-i-um	Fri-ur'-li <i>Fre-co'-le</i>
			E.	G.
			ED-IN-BURGH El-e-phan'-ta E-jeu'-the-ræ Eph'-e-sus Epi'-dau'-rus E-pi'-rus Es-cu'-ri-al E-thi-o'-pi-a	GAL-LIP'-O-LIS Gal-i-o-græ'-ci-a Gar-a-man'-tes Ge-ne'-va Ger'-ma-ny <i>Jer'-mo-ne</i> Jib-ral'-tar <i>Jib-ruel'-ter</i> Gol-con'-da
	C.	D.	F.	H.
	CAD-IZ Cai'-ro Ky'-ro Cal'-ais <i>Kal'-lay, or Kal'-lis</i> Cal-cut'-ta	DA'-CI-A Dal-e-car'-li-a Dal-ma'-ti-a <i>Dal-ma'-she-a</i> Da-mas'-cus	FER-RA'-RA Fer'-rol Fon-ta-ra'-bi-a Fred'-er-icks-burg	HAL-I-CAR-NAS'-SUS Han'-o-ver Ha-van'-nah He-li-op'-o-lis Hel'-les-pont His-pan-i-o'-la Hyr-ca'-ni-a
				I.
				IL-LYR'-I-CUM

MA	NU	RO	TR	ZA
In'-di-a Ir'-gol-stadt It'-a-ly iU'-a-ca	Ma-dras' Mad'-rid Mad'-reed Man'-tu-a Mar'-a-thon Mar-seilles Mar-sales' Mar-ti-ni'-co Mar-ti-noc'-co Mec'-ca Med-i'-na Med-ee'-na Med-i-ter-ra'-nor an Men'-phis Me-no-e-nou'-gi Mcs-o-po-ta'-nu-ja Mes-s'-na Mes-se'-na Mex'-i-co Mil'-an Mon-o-nia-ta'-ja Mont-pe'n-ler Mong-pel'-ya Mos'-cow Mu'-nich Moo'-nik Mun'-ster Mus'-co-yy	O. Og'-ZA-KOW O-lym'-pus O-por'-to O-ver-ys'-sel (is')	Ilou'-en Roo'-ong Rus'-si-a Ru'-she-a, or Rush'-e-o	Tur-co-qa'-ul-a Tu-rin'
J. JA KUT'-SKOI Ja-mai'-ca Ju-nei'-ro Ja-na'-ro Jo-ru'-sa-lem	J. Ja-mai'-ca Ju-nei'-ro Ja-na'-ro Jo-ru'-sa-lem	P. PAD'-U-A Pa-ler'-mo Paph-la-go'-ni-a Par'-is Par'-ree Pa-ta-gon'-ni-a Pe-gu Pe-kin Penm-syl-va'-ni-a Per'-si-a Per'-she-et Pe'ters-burg Pinf-a-cel'-pha-a Pla-ue'-a Prus'-si-a Pru'-she-a, or Prush'-e-a	S. SA-GUN'-TUM Sal-a-man'-ca Sam-ar-cand' Sa-ma'-ri-a Sar-a-gos'-sa Sar-din'-i-a Scar'-bo-rough Sel-eu'-ci-a Se-rim'-ga-pa-tam' So-wlo Si'-nim Si-be'-ri-a Smyr'-na Stock-holm (hohn) Stras'-burg Su-ri-man' Switz'-er-land Sy'-ra-cuse Syr'-i-a	U. UP'-SAL U'-ra'-ni-en-berg U'-trecht Oo'-trekt
K. KAMT-SCHIAT' KA Kant-shat'-kd Kf'-ow Ko'-nga-berg	K. KAMT-SCHIAT' KA Kant-shat'-kd Kf'-ow Ko'-nga-berg	Q. QUE-BEC' Qui-lo'-a	T. TAR-RA-GO'- NA Tar'-ta-ry Tel'-lis Ten'-c-riffe Thes-sa-lo-ni'-ca To-bol'-ski To-le'-dc Tom-buc-toof' Ton-ga-ta-boo' Tou'-lon Tou'-long Ton-syl-va'-ni-a	V. VA-IEN'-CIA Va-len she-a Val-en ci'-ennes Val-tang-se'-en Ven'-ice Ven'-nis Ve-ru'-na Ver-sailles' Ver-sales' Vo-su'-vi-us Vien'-na
L. LAC-E-DAE'- MON La-od-i-ee'-a ha'-ti-nun Lin'-coln Ling'-kim Lis'-bon Lis'-kun Lith-u-a'-ni-a Lj-va'-di-a Lon'-don Lan'-dus Lou-is-t-a'-nn (loo) Lyc-a-a'-ni-a	L. LAC-E-DAE'- MON La-od-i-ee'-a ha'-ti-nun Lin'-coln Ling'-kim Lis'-bon Lis'-kun Lith-u-a'-ni-a Lj-va'-di-a Lon'-don Lan'-dus Lou-is-t-a'-nn (loo) Lyc-a-a'-ni-a	R. RAT'-IS-BON Ra-ven'-na Roch'-elle Rosh'-el Ro-set'-ta Ro-zel'-ta Rot-ter-dam'	W. WAR'-SAW West-plia'-ji-a	X. XY-LI-NOP'-O- LIS
IA-CE-DO- Na-A (mas-se)	N. NA-PIES Na'-plz Na-to'-E-a Ne-ga-pa-tam' Ni-ag'-a-ra Nic-a-re'-gua Nic-o-mo'-di-a Ni-co-p'o-lis Nin'-o-veh No'-va-go-rod Nu-man'-ti-a			Y. YAR'-MOUTH Yar'-muth
				Z. ZAN-GUE-BAR

GEOGRAPHICAL DERIVATIVES

U In the following derivatives, *i* sounds short, as in *magnify*; *e* short and obscure, as in *liberty*; *q* short and obscure, as in *victory*.

A.

ACHEENESE, *ak-kin-ees'*. *s.* the natives of Acheen: *a.* of or pertaining to Acheen.
AF-ghans, *s.* the natives of Afghanistan.
AF-ri-can, *s.* a native of Africa: *a.* of or pertaining to Africa.
Al-ba'-ul-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Albania: *s.* a native of Allama.
Al-lo-reze', *s.* the same as the Horaforas.
Algerine, *al-jer-ees'*. *s.* a native of Algiers: *a.* of or pertaining to Algiers.
Alpine, *al'-pin*. *a.* of or pertaining to, or resembling, the Alps.
Ambonese, *am-boy-nees'*. *s.* natives of Amboyna.
A-mor'-i-can, *s.* a native of America: *a.* of or pertaining to America.
Anglican, *ang'-gle-kian*. *a.* English.
Anglo (*ang'-glo*) **Da'-nish**, *a.* pertaining to the English Danes.
Anglo-Nor'-man, *a.* pertaining to the English Normans.
Anglo-Sax'-on, *a.* pertaining to the English Saxons.
An'-ti-Gal'-li-can, *a.* adverse to the French.
Arabs, *ar'-rabs*. *s.* wandering tribes of Africa, inhabiting the whole coast of the Mediterranean, Egypt, Abyssinia, and the eastern side as far as the Cape of Good Hope.
A-ra'-bi-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Arabia.
Arabic, *ar'-ra-bik*. *a.* of Arabia: *s.* the language of Arabia.

Ar'-naut, *s.* an Albanian.
Ar-ra-can'-ner, *s.* a native of Arracan.
Ar-ra-gon-ese', (*ees'*) *s.* the natives of Arragon in Spain.
Asian, *a'-she-un*. *a.* of Asia.
Asiatic, *a-she-at'-ik*. *a.* of or pertaining to Asia: *s.* a native of Asia.
Assamese, *as-sam-ees'*. *s.* the natives of Assam.
Au'-stri-an, *s.* of or pertaining to Austria: *s.* a native of Austria.

B.

BABYLONISH, *bab-be-lo'-mish*. *a.* pertaining to Babylon.
Ba-ta'-vi-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Batavia.
Ba-va'-ri-an, *s.* a native of Bavaria.
Belgian, *bel'-je-un*. *s.* a native of Belgium, in the Netherlands.
Belgic, *bel'-jik*. *a.* of or pertaining to Belgium.
Bengally, *ben-gaul'-e*. *a.* of or pertaining to Bengal.
Bengalese, *ben-ga-lees'*. *s.* the natives of Bengal.
Bir'-mans, *s.* the natives of Ava.
Bis-cay'-an, *s.* a native of Biscay.
Bo-ho'-mi-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Bohemia.
Bra-zil'-i-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Brazil.
Brit'-ish, *a.* of or pertaining to Britain.
Briton, *brit'-on*. *s.* a native of Britain.

C.

CAFFRE, *caf'-fr*. *s.* a native of Caffra in Africa.

Cal-e-do-ni-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Scotland: *s.* a native of Scotland.
Cam'-bri-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Wales: *s.* a Welshman.
Cam'-bro-Brit'-on, *s.* a Welshman.
Ca-na'-di-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Canada: *s.* a native of Canada.
Car-rib-be'-an, *a.* pertaining to the Carribbee Islands in the West Indies.
Cat'-a-lan, *s.* a native of Catalonia in Spain.
Caucasian, *kaw-ka'-she-un.* *a.* pertaining to Mount Caucasus.
Ces'-tri-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Cheshire.
Ceyloneſe, *se-ih-nee'*. *s.* the natives of Ceylon.
Chil'-i-an, *a.* pertaining to Chili.
Chinese, *chi-nee'*. (*plu.* Chineseſes.) *s.* a native of China: *a.* of or pertaining to China.
Circasian, *ser-kash'-e-un.* *a.* of or pertaining to Circassia: *s.* a native of Circassia.
Cis-alpine, *al'-pin.* *a.* an epithet applied to the countries on that side of the Alps next to France.
Copt, *s.* one of the ancient Egyptians.
Cop'-tic, *a.* pertaining to the ancient Egyptians.
Co-re'-an, *s.* a native of Corea.
Cor'-fute, *s.* a native of Corfu.
Cor'-nish, *s.* the people of Cornwall: *a.* of or pertaining to Cornwall.
Cor'-ſi-can, *a.* of or pertaining to Corsica: *s.* a native of Corsica.
Cortes, *kor'-teez.* *s.* the states or the assembly of the states of Spain and of Portugal.
Cre'-ole, *s.* one born in the West Indies of Spanish parents. [Croatia.]
Croats, *s.* irregular troops formed of natives of
Cul-dees', *s.* monks in Scotland and Ireland.

D.

DAM-AS-CENE', *a.* of or pertaining to Damascus.
Dane, *s.* a native of Denmark. [Danes.]
Da'-nish, *a.* of or pertaining to Denmark or the
Dec'-ca-nſy, *a.* of or pertaining to the Deccan.

E.

EGYPTIAN, *e-jip'-she-un.* *a.* of or pertaining to Egypt: *s.* a native of Egypt.

English, *ing'-gliſh.* *a.* of or pertaining to England.
Er'-in, Ireland.
Esquimaux, *es-kwe-mawz'*. *s.* the inhabitants of Labrador.
E'-thi-op-, *s.* a native of Ethiopia; *generally*, a blackamoor.
E-thi-o'-pi-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Ethiopia: *s.* a native of Ethiopia.
Eu-ro-pe'-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Europe: *s.* a native of Europe.

F.

FIN-NISH, *a.* of or pertaining to Finland.
Flem'-ing, *s.* a native of the Low-Countries.
Flem'-ish, *a.* pertaining to the Flemings, or to the Low-Countries.
Flör'-en-tine, *a.* of or pertaining to Florence: *s.* a native of Florence.
French, *frēnsh.* *a.* of or pertaining to France.

G.

GAL'-LE-GO, *s.* a native of Galicia in Spain.
Gal'-li-can, *a.* French.
Gas'-con, *a.* a native of Gascony in France.
Geneveſe, *jen-e-veez'*, *a.* of or pertaining to Geneva: *s.* the natives of Geneva.
Genoeſe, *jen-o-eez'*, *a.* of or pertaining to Genoa: *s.* the natives of Genoa.
Genſoo, *jen-loc'*. *s.* an aboriginal inhabitant of Hindostan.
German, *jer'-man.* *a.* of or pertaining to Germany: *s.* a native of Germany.
Grecian, *gre'-she-un.* *a.* of or pertaining to Greece.
Greek, *s.* a native of Greece: *a.* of or pertaining to Greece.

H.

HANSE, *s.* a company of merchants; applied to certain towns in Germany, confederated for the mutual protection of their commerce.
Han-se-at'-ic, *a.* pertaining to the Hanse towns.
Han-o-ve'-ri-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Hanover: *s.* a native of Hanover.
He-brid'-e-an, *a.* pertaining to the Hebrides.

Hessian, *hesi'-e-un.* a. of or pertaining to Hesse in Germany. [s. a native of Ireland.]
Hiber-ni-an, a. of or pertaining to Ireland.
Hin-doo', s. a native of Hindostan.
Hindostance, **Hindostany**, *hin-dus-tan'-ne.* a. of or pertaining to Hindostan.
Horaforas, *hor-ra'-fo'-ruz.* s. the aboriginal inhabitants of all the islands west of Papua or New Guinea. [to Hungary.]
Hungarian, *hung-ga'-re-un.* a. of or pertaining to
Hyd-ri-ot, a. pertaining to Hydra, a small island in the Grecian archipelago.

I.

ICE-LAN-DIC, a. of or pertaining to Iceland.
Indi-an, a. of or pertaining to India: s. a native of India.
I'-rish, a. of or pertaining to Ireland.
Italian, *it-al'-e-un.* a. of or pertaining to Italy.

J.

JAP-A-NESE', (*nee'*) s. the natives of Japan.
Ja'-van, s. a native of Java.
Java-nese', (*nee'*) s. the natives of Java.

K.

KAMTSCHADALE, *kam'-sha-dale.* s. a native of Kamtschatka. [Kuriles islands.]
Kuriles, *keu-ri-els'* s. the inhabitants of the

L.

LIG'-U-RES, (*rees*) s. the natives of Liguria.
Li-gu'-ri-an, a. of or pertaining to Liguria, a country at the western extremity of Italy, the capital of which is Leghorn.

M.

MA-CAS'-SARS, s. natives of Macassar.
Madecasses, *mad-e-kas'-iz.* s. natives of Madagascar. [Malta.]
Maharattas, *ma-rat'-tas.* s. natives of Malabar.
Mai-nat'-ti, or **Mal'-nates**, s. natives of Malina in Greece.
Ma-loy'-can, s. a native of Majorca.
Ma-lay', s. a native of Malacca.
Ma-lay'-an, a. of or pertaining to Malacca.

Maltese, *mal-teez'.* s. the natives of Malta: s. belonging to Malta. [Africa.]
Man-diu'-goes, s. natives of Mandingo in
Mank, *man'k.* s. a native of the isle of Man.
Manx, *man'ks.* a. of or pertaining to the isle of Man. [Marquesas.]
Mendoçans, *men-do'-suns.* s. natives of the
Mex'-i-can, a. of or pertaining to Mexico.
Mil-an-ese', (*ceez'*) s. the natives of Milan.

N.

NEP-AU-LESE' (*ceez'*) a. of or pertaining to Nepal: s. the natives of Nepal.
Nor'-man, a. of or pertaining to Normandy: s. a native of Normandy.
Norwegian, *nor-wek'-je-un.* a. of or pertaining to Norway: s. a native of Norway.
Nor-thum'-bri-an, a. of or pertaining to Northumberland: s. a native of Northumberland.

O.

OTAHETTEAN, *ota-tat'-te-un.* s. a native of
Otaheite: u. of or pertaining to Otaheite.
Os-to-man, a. pertaining to the Turkish empire.

P.

PARGIOT, *par'-je-ot.* s. an inhabitant of Parga in the island of Corfu.
Parisian, *pa-riz'-e-un.* a. of or pertaining to Paris: s. a native of Paris. [Italy.]
Par-me-san', a. of or pertaining to Parma:
Pat-a-go'-ni-an, s. a native of Patagonia.
Pe-gu'-er, s. a native of Pegu.
Persian, *per'-she-un.* a. of or pertaining to Persia: s. a native of Persia.
Per'-sic, a. of Persia. [native of Peru.]
Pe-ru'-vi-an, a. of or pertaining to Peru: s. a
Piedmontese, *pe-ed-mont-teez'.* s. the natives of Piedmont in Italy: a. pertaining to Piedmont.
PY-san, s. a native of Pien.
Polo, s. a native of Poland.
Pol'-ish, a. of or pertaining to Poland.
Pol-o-ness', (*nee'*) a. Polish.
Portuguese, *por-tu-geez'.* a. of or pertaining to Portugal: s. the natives of Portugal.
Provençal, *pro-ven'-sal.* a. pertaining to Provence in France.

Prussian, *pru'-she-us*, or *prush'-e-us*. *a.* of or pertaining to Prussia; *s.* a native of Prussia.
Pyr-e-ne'-an, *a.* pertaining to the Pyrenees, mountains which form the boundary between France and Spain.

R.

RHETIAN, *re'-she-us*. *a.* an epithet applied to a portion of the Alps, situated between the Griasons' country and Milan.
Ro-ma'-ic, *s.* the modern Greek language.
Russian, *rus'-she-us*, or *rush'-e-us*. *a.* of or pertaining to Russia; *s.* a native of Russia.

S.

SAMOYEDS, *sam'-moy-oids*. *s.* once a numerous and powerful people of Tartary, now dispersed.

Sar-din'-i-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Sardinia.
Sar-a-ven'-ic, *a.* of or pertaining to the Saravoy'-ard, *s.* a native of Savoy. [cons.
Sax'-on, *a.* of or pertaining to Saxony; *s.* a native of Saxony. [land.
Scotch, *Scot'-ish*; *a.* of or pertaining to Scotland.
Siamese, *si-am-ees*. *s.* the natives of Siam.
Si-be'-ri-an. *s.* of or pertaining to Siberia.
Si-cil'-i-an, *s.* of or pertaining to Sicily; *s.* a native of Sicily.

Singhalese, *sing-ga-leez*. *a.* of or pertaining to Ceylon; *s.* the natives of Ceylon.

Span'-i-ard, *s.* a native of Spain.
Span'-ish, *a.* of or pertaining to Spain.
Su-ma'-tran, *s.* a native of Sumatra; *a.* pertaining to Sumatra.

Swede, *s.* a native of Sweden.
Swede'-ish, *a.* of or pertaining to Sweden.
Swiss, *a.* of or pertaining to Switzerland; *s.* a native of Switzerland.

Syr'-i-ac, *a.* of or pertaining to Syria.
Syr'-i-an, *s.* a native of Syria.

T.

TAR'-YAR, *s.* a native of Tartary.
Tar-tar'-i-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Tartary.
The'-ban, *a.* of or pertaining to Thebes; *s.* a native of Thebes.
Thibetian, *ti-be'-she-us*. *a.* a native of Thibet.

Thracian, *thra'-she-us*. *a.* of or pertaining to Thrace.

Trans-alpine, *tranz'-al-pin*. *a.* an epithet applied to the countries on that side of the Alps furthest from France.

Trans-at-lan'-tic, *a.* an epithet applied to the countries beyond the Atlantic ocean.

Tripoline, *trip'-o-lin*. *a.* pertaining or belonging to Tripoli.

Tri-pol'-i-tan, *s.* a native or an inhabitant of Tripoli; *a.* pertaining to Tripoli. [Tunis.

Tunisian, *tu-mish'-e-us*. *a.* of or pertaining to Tunquinese, *tung-kin-ees*: *s.* the natives of Tunquin.

Turk, *s.* a native of Turkey.
Turk'-ish, *a.* of or pertaining to Turkey.

Tus-can, *a.* of or pertaining to Tuscany.
Tyr-o-lese, (*leez*) *a.* of or pertaining to the Tyrol; *s.* the natives of the Tyrol.

U.

U'-LANS, *s.* a certain description of militia among the modern Tartars.

U-ra'-li-an, *a.* of or pertaining to, or bordering on, the Ural, a river of Russia, rising in Mount Caucasus.

V.

VALLAISANS, *val-lay'-sians*. *s.* natives of the Vallais. [France

Ven-de'-an, *a.* of or pertaining to Vendée in Venetian, *ve-ne'-she-us*. *a.* of or pertaining to Venice; *s.* a native of Venice.

W.

WALDENSES, *wal-det'-sees*. *s.* the natives of Valais in Piedmont.

Welsh, *a.* of or pertaining to Wales.
Whi'-dah, *s.* of or pertaining to Whidah in Africa; *s.* a native of Whidah.

Y.

YAKOUTE, *ya-hoot'*. *s.* a native of Yakouts

Z.

ZAN'-TIOTE, *s.* a native of Zanta

Written May 22. 1880.

(0:24.55 min)
The following is a list of the
names of the persons who
were present at the
meeting held on the
24th day of May, 1900.

(May 22, 1880)

Wm. A. Gray
" A. N. Frye
" R. F. Wilder
" G. C. Cady
" J. H. Parker

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