Freedom of Information Release

On

Subject: Nikola Tesla

File #: 100-2237 Pages Reviewed - 160 Pages Released - 160



Federal Bureau of Investigation

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Weehawken; X.J., 9/24/40.

Department of Justice,

Atten. Mr. G. Edgar Hoover,

Washington, D. C.

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Dear Mr. Hoovers

The appended article was printed in the New York Times issue of Sunda The September 22, 1940 and if based on proven facts , should be of wital importance to our War Department as well as to that of other nations now controlled by insame dictators.

If , as the author states, the teleforce <u>has</u> oven perfected by Nikola Tesla, it would be a measure of foresightedness to insure his constant guarding against his beir melested , possibly kidnapped and tertured, by alien enemies for the purpose of seizing the secret of such an invaluable instrument of war and/or defense

The foregoing is offered just in case the article and its inferences have not been called to your attention.

Tery truly yours

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'Death Ray'' for Planes Nikola Tesla, one of the truly great invintors who celebrated his eighty-forth birthday on July 10, tells the writer that he stands r-ady to idivulge to the United States Government the secret of his "teleforce." with which, he said, simplane motors would be melied at distance of 250 miles so that an

a distance of 250 miles, so that an invisible Chinese Wall of Defense would be built around the country against any attempted attack by an enemy air force, no matter how large

This "teleforce," he said, is based on an entirely new principle of physics that "no one has ever dreamed about," different from the principle embodied in his inventions relating to the transmission of elec-trical power from a distance, for which he has received a number of basic patents. This new type of force, Mr. Tesha said, would oper-ate through a beam one one-hun-dred-millionth of a square centi-meter in diameter, and could be generated from a special plant that would cost no more than \$2,000,000 and would take only about three months to construct. This "teleforce," he said, is based

generated from a special plant that would cost no more than \$2,000,000 and would take only about three months to construct. A dozen such plants, located at strategic points along the coast, ac-cording to Mr. Tesla, would be enough to defend the country against all possible aerial attack. The beam would melt any engine, whether Diesel or gasoline-driven, and would also ignite the explosives aboard any bomber. No possible all-penetrating. High Vacuum Eliminated High Vacuum Eliminated The beam, he states, involves four beam, he states, involves four the asserts as method and apparatus these is a method and apparatus

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for producing rays for producing rays inter-fanific stations of er air, eliminating the _______sin, for a high vacuum; a second is a method and process for producing "very great electrical force"; the third is a method for amplifying this piher is a method for amplifying this force, and the fourth is a new method for producing "a tremen-idous electrical repelling force." This would be the projector, or gun, of the system. The voltage for propelling the heam to its objec-tive, according to the inventor, will attain a putential of 50,000,000 volts. volts.

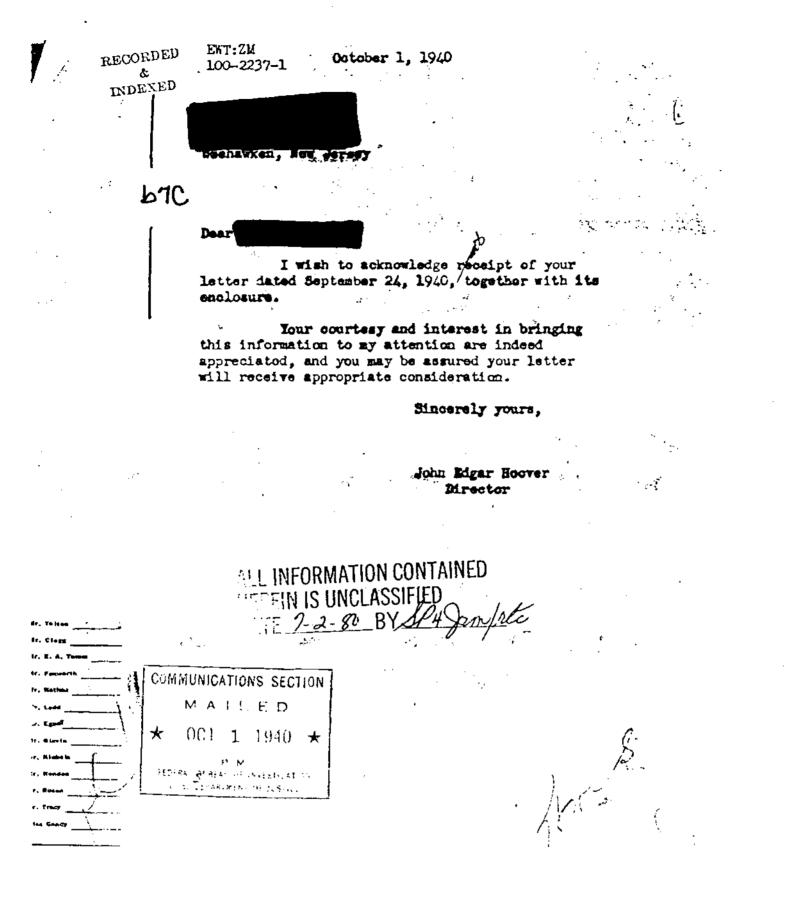
With this enormous voltage, he said, microscopic electrical parti-cles of matter will be catapulted on their mission of defensive destruction. He has been working on this invention, he added, for many years and has recently made a number of improvements in it. Mr. Tesla makes one important

stipulation. Should the government decide to take up his offer he would go to work at once, but they would have to trust him. He would suffer "no interference from experts." In ordinary times such a condi-tion would very likely interpose an insuperable obstacle. But times be-ing what they are, and with the nation getting ready to spend bil-lions for mational defense, at the same time taking in consideration the reputation of Mr. Tesla as an inventor who always was many years ahead of his time, the ques-tion arises whether it may not be adviaable to take Mr. Tesla at his "no interference from experts. advisable to take Mr. Tesla at his word and commission him to go ahead with the construction of his teleforce plant.

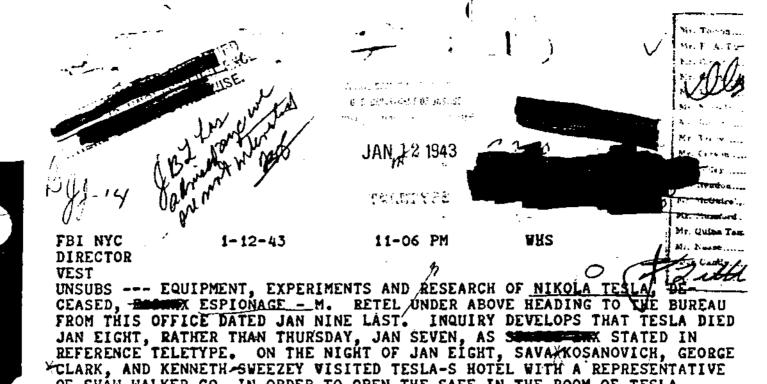
Such a Device "Invaluable"

After all, \$2,000,000 would be rela-After all, S2,000,000 would be rela-tively a very small sum compared with what is at stake. If Mr. Tesia really fulfills his promise the re-sult achieved would be truly stag-gering. Not only would it save bit-lions now planned for air defense, by making the country absolutely impregnable against any air attack, but it would also save many more billions in property that would billions in property that would otherwise be surely destroyed no matter how strong the defenses are as witness current events in Eng-land.

Take, for example, the Panama Canal. No matter how strong the defenses, a suicide squadron of dive



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OF SHAW WALKER CO. IN ORDER TO OPEN THE SAFE IN THE ROOM OF TESLA. KOSANOVICH LATER REPORTED TO WALTER GORSUCH, OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN, NYC, THAT HE WENT INTO THE ROOM IN ORDER TO SEARCH FOR A WILL OF TESLA. KOSANOVICH AND THE OTHERS MADE THE SEARCH OF THE SAFE IN THE PRESENCE OF THREE ASST MANAGERS OF HOTEL NEW YORKER AS WELL AS REPRESENTATIVES OF THE YUGOSLAVIAN CONSULATE, IDENTITIES OF LATTER NOT YET KNOWN. AFTER THE SAFE WAS OPENED, SWEEZEY, TOOK FROM THE SAFE A BOOK CONTAINING TESTIMONIALS SENT TO TESLA ON THE OCCASION OF HIS SEVEN-TY FIFTH BIRTHDAY. THIS BOOK WAS ARRANGED FOR TESLA BY SWEEZEY. KOSANOVICH TOOK FROM THE ROOM THREE PICTURES OF TESLA, TWO BEING EN-LARGED NEWSPAPER PICTUREX. ACCORDING TO MANAGERS OF HOTEL AND KOSANO-VICH HIMSELF, NOTHING ELSE WAS REMOVED FROM THE ROOM OR SAFE. THE SAFE WAS THEN CLOSED UNDER A NEW COMBINATION, WHICH COMBINATION IS NOW IN POSSESSION OF COMPANY KOSANOVICH. ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JAN NINE GORSUCH AND DECEMBER FTIZGERALD OF ALIEN PROPERTY CONTROL WENT TO HOTEL AND SEIZED ALL THE PROPERTY OF TESLA, CONSISTING OF ABOUT TWO TRUCKLOANDS OF MATERIAL, SEALED ALL ARTICLES AND TRANSFERRED THEM TO THE MANHATTAN STORAGE AND WAREHOUSE CO. NY, WHERE THEY ARE NOW LOCATED. AT THAT THAT TIME THERE WERE ALSO IN THIS WAREHOUSE APPROXIMATELY THIRTY BARRELS AND BUNDLES BELONGING TO TESLA WHICH HAD BEEN THERE SINCL ABOUT NINETEEN THIRTY FOUR. THESE HAVE ALSO BEMINN BEEN SEALED AND ARE NOW UNDER ORDERS OF ALIEN PROPERTYCUSTODIAN. IN VIEW OF FACT TESLA IS A US NATURALIZED CITIZEN, ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN FEELS THAT ITS JURISDICTION OVER PROPERTY IS DOUBTFUL BUT REMARK FEELS THAT NO OTHER AGENCY WILL BE ABLE TO GET CHEX TO THIS PROPERTY FOR AT LEAST TWO DAYS

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APPOINTED FOR THE PROPERTY WHO MAY TAKE THE PROPERTYINTO HIS CUS-TODY. TESLA ALSO HAD SOME PROPERTY, AMERICAN ALLEGED BY INFORMANT FITZGERALD IN THIS CASE, TO BE A WORKING MODEL OF AN INVENTION IN A SAFE DEPOSIT BOX IN GOVERNOR CLINTON HOTEL IN NY. INQUIRY SHOWS THAT THIS WAS PLACED HERE BY TESLA IN NINETEEN THIRTY TWO AS SECURITY FOR FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS OWED HOTEL. THIS BILL IS STILL OWED AND HOTEL APPEARS UNWILLING TO RELEASE THIS PROPERTY TO ANYONE AT LEAST UNTIL BEARKX DEBT IS PAID, BUT THIS OFFICE WILL BE ADVISED IF ANYONE ATTEMPTS TO PAY BILL AND OBTAIN REOPERTY. CONCERNING TESLA HOTEL MANAGERS RE-PORT HE WAS WORK VERY ECCENTRIC IF NOT NEEDER MENTALLY DERANGED DURING PAST TEN YEARS AND IT IS DOUBTFUL IF HE HAS CREATED ANYTHING OF VALUE DURING THAT TIME, ALTHOPRIOR TO THAT HE PROBABLY WAS A VERY BRILLIANT INVENTOR. THEREFORE, ANY NOTES OF VALUE WERE PROBABLY THOSE MADE PRIOR TO THAT TIME. KOSANOVICH IS A NEPHEW OF TESLA WHO DESCRIBED HIMSELF AS FORMERLY QUOTE YUGOSLAV MINISTER OF STATE UNQUOTE AND NOW QUOTE PREDERMENT PRESIDENT OF EASTERN AND CENTRAL PLANNING BOARD REP-RESENTING YUGOSLOVIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND AND GREECE, UNQUOTE. SWEEZEY IS A WRITER FOR POPULAR MECHANICS AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS WHO IS REGARX DESIROUS OF PUBLISHING A BIOGRAPHY OF TESLA AND THERFORE WOULD LIKE TO OBTAIN CONTROL OF HIS NOTES FOR THIS WORK. CLARK IS EMPLOYED BY RCA AND WOULD ALSOPROVIDE STORAGE ROOM FOR TESLAS EFFECTS IN ORDER TO USE THEM IN WRITING A BIOGRAPHY. TESLA AT ONE TIME REPORTED TO BE WORKING ON EXPERIMENTS FOR YUGOSLAVIAN GOVERNMENT IN EXILE. IT IS DESIRED THAT BUREAU ADVISE IMMEDIATELY WHETHER IT IS INTERESTED FURTHER IN THIS PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF TAKING CONTROL OF IT. SUGGEST THAT, IN VIEW OF FACT THAT THE NOTES AND OTHER MATERIAL WOULD BE HIGHLY TECH-NICAL IN CHARACTER AND FOR THAT REASON WHEN COULD NOT BE REVIEWED X EXCEPT BY A TRAINED PERSON THE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH DEVEL-

AFTER THAT TIME IT IS POSSIBLE THAT A PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR WILL BE

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իլ, լ Mr. R Mr. Tra Mr. Coffey 154 11-30 PM FEI NYC Ð 1-9-43 DIRECTOR COAT UNKNOWN SUBJECTS. EALERNEE 🗰 EXPERIMENTS AN NIKOLA TESLA, DECEASED. ESPIONAGE - M. NIKOLA TESLA, ON 👥 STANDING SCIENTISTS IN THE ELECTRICAL FIELD, DIED 🚛 NINE-TEEN FORTY THREE AT THE HOTEL NEW YORKER, NEW YORK G KIJ LIFETIME, HE CONDUCTED MANY EMPERIMENTS IN CONNECTION TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICAL POWER AND NEW WHAT ESTC THE DEATH RAY. ACCORDING TO INFORMATION FURNISHED THREE SIX FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY, THE NOTES AN EXPERIMENTS AND FORMULAE TOGETHER WITH DESIGNS OF VITALIZE THEM ARE AMONG TESLAS PERSONAL EFFECTS, AND MORE EPERATE BEEEN TAKEN TO PRESERVE THEM OR TO KEEP THEM FROM FALLING INTERAND, OF PEOPLE COMPANY UNFRIENDLY TO THE WAR EFFORT OF THE UN FIELD FICH INCCORD-1 ING TO SPANEL, A DISTANT RELATIVE OF TESLA, NAMED SUAS INTENSELY DISLIKED BY TESLA, IS TAKING STEPS TO THESE IMPORTANT DOCUMNTS AND PLANS. SPANEL BELIEVED ANOVICH, WHO SSESSION OF THERE IS A STRONG LIMELIHOOD THAT KOSANOVICH WILL MAKE THIS MATERIAL AVAILABLE TO TO THE ENEMY. SPANEL ADVISED & TWO HEADQUARTERS IN WASHINGTON, AS UELL AS HE MORKIN OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE IN WASHINGTON, CONCERING THE ABOVE. SPANEL WAS ALSO INTELEPHONIC COMMUNICATION WITH COMMON DR D LOZADO, ONE OF THE ADVISORS TO VICE PRESIDENT WALLACE CONCERNING THIS MATTER, AND LOZADO TOLD SPANEL TO THAT THE GOVERNMENT WAS VITALLY INTERESTED IN THE EFFECTS OF TESLA AND REQUESTED SPANEL TO LOSE NO TIME IN DOING ALL HE COULD TO PRESERVE REFERS THEM. BLOYCE FITZGERALD, AN ELECTRICAL ENGINEER WHO HAD BEEN QUITE CLOSE TO TESLA DURING HIS LIFE TIME, ADVISED THE NEW YORK OFFICE THAT ON JANUARY SEVENTH, NINETEEN FORTY THREE, SAVA KOSANOVICH, GEORGE CLARK, WHO IS IN CHARGE OF THE MUS-EUM AND LAEORATORY FOR RCA, AND KENNETH SWEZEY OF ONE SIX THREE MILTON STREET, BROOLKYN, NY, WENT TO TESLAS ROOMS IN THE NEW YORKER, AND WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF A COMPANY LOCKSMITH BROKE INTO A SAFE WHICH TESLA HAD INHIS ROOMS IN WHICH HE KEPT SOME OF HIS VALUABLE PAPERS, INCLUDING Z IMPORTANT BELECTRICAL FORMULAE, DESIGNS, ET CETERA. WITHIN THE PAST MONTH, TESLA TOLD <u>FITZGERALS</u> THAT HIS EXPERIMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE WIRELESS TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICAL POWER HAD BEEN COMPLETED AND RECLOSURY PERFECTED. The 1143 YBA Director EECORDED JUNI43 YBA Director EECORDED JUNIA JUNI43 BA. 100 - 2237 - 3 F B 18 1943 I JAN Redactions on this page are not FOIA Deletions

PAGE TWC FITZGERALD ALSO KNOWS THATTESLA HAS CONCEIVED AND D A REVOLUTION-ARY TYPE OF TORPEDO WHICH IS NOT PRESENTLY IN USE B THE NATIONS. IT IS FITZGERALDS BELIEF THAT THIS DESIGN HAS NOT B AVAILABLE TO ANY NATION UP TO THE PRESENT TIME. FROM STATEME GEARLD BY TESLA, HE KNOWS THAT THE COMPLETE PLANS, AND EXPLANATION OF THE BASIC THEORIES OF THESE THIN TO FITZ-Υ. **ICATIONS** ONE PLACE IN THE PERSONAL EFFECTS OF TESLA. HE ALSO KNOWS THAT MODEL OF TESLAS WHICH COST MORE THAN TEN THOUSAND D A SAFETY SELECTION DEPOSIT BOX BELONGING TO TESLA CLINTON HOLE AND FOR AND FOR ANY FITZGEARLD BE HAS TO DO WITH THE SO CALLEDE DEATH RAY OR THE WIRE 💲 A WORKING TO EUILD IN EOVERNOR THIS MODEL CONVERSATIONS ELECTRICAL CURRENT. TESLA HAS ALSO TOLD FITZGEARLE CONVERSATION: THAT HE HAS SOME LOOK EIGHTY TRUNKS INDIFFERENCE CES CONTAINING TRANSCRIPTS AND PLANS HAVING TO DO WITH EXPERIMENTS CONTAINING THE BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO ADVISE IMMEDIATELY WHAT, IF A TION SHOULD EE TAKEN CONCERNING THIS MATTER BY THE NEW YORK FIEL OF TSION. FOXWORTH CORRECTION- THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE TELETYPE THE NAME THAT SHOULD APPEAR IS FITZGEABLE NOT FITZGERALD CON AS IT SOMETIMES IS SPELLED HOLD 1.14 Redactions on this page are not FOIA Deletions

Mr. Tolson_ TOHN FOGAR HOOVER Mr. E.A. Tamm___ DIRECTOR Mr. Clegg___ Mr. Glavin_ Federal Bureau of Investiga Mr. Ladd_ United States Department of Inter-Mr. Nichols_ Mr. Rosen_ Mashington, D. C. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED Mr. Tracy_ Mr. Carson January 11, 1943 Mr. Coffey_ Mr. Hendoa_ Mr. Kramer_ MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. McGuire_ Mr. Harbo__ PE: UNKNOWN SUBJEC Mr. Quinn Tamm____ EXPURIMENTS AT Tele. Room_ OF NIKOLA TESI Mr. Nease_

Miss Gandy_ Nikola Tesla, one of the world's outstand the electrical field, died at his residence in the New York City, on Jenuary 7, 1943. In the course of a fucted. many experiments with respect to the transvission by meens of radio and what is commonly called the Death Ray 🗟 n th respect to the wireless transmission of electrical power were T to have d e been completed and perfected, and Tesla had also completed and revolutionary type of torpedo which is not in use by nation; time. The specifications, explanations of the basic theories, in the present Wrking models of Tesla's scientific endeavors are reported to be **song his** effects. Tesls is reported to have some 80 trunks in different places containing transcripts and plens having to do with his experiments as well as a working model of one of his developments in the safety deposit box at the Governor Clinton Hotel. The state

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Miss Beahm_

Information concerning Tesla's experiment, the point reported to the New York Office by A. N. Spenel and Bloyce Fitzgerald, the latter an electrical engineer who had been quite close to Tesla. Both of these individuals have indicated that no steps have been taken to preserve Tesla's records and models or to keep them from falling into the hands of individuals sympathetic to the Axis powers.

Tesla has a distant relative by the name of Sava Kosanovich, whom he intensely disliked. Kosanovich is reported to be taking steps to get possession of these important documents and plans, and Spanel believes there is a strong likelihood that Kosanovich will make such information available to the enemy. On January 7, 1943, Kosanovich, accompanied by Feorge Clark, in charge of the Huseum and Laboratory for RCA, and Kenneth Ewezey of Brooklyn, New York, entered Tesla's rooms at the New Yorker where, with the aid of a locksmith, the broke into a safe in which Tesla kept some of Apportunable papers, including important electrical formulae, designs, et ceters.

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Mr. Spanel, in addition to reporting these developments to the Eureau, has also advised the headquarters of the Military Intelligence Division, a Ur. Workin of the Department of Justice in Washington, and Dr. JAN Loidsol943e of the advisors to Vice President Wallace. Lozado advised Spanel that the Sovernment was vitally intervised in the effects of Tesla and requested that Spanel loose no time in doing all he could to preserve them.

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Femorandum for the Director

The New York Office was instructed to discretive take the matter up with the State's Attorney in New York City with the **state** possibly taking Kosanovich into custedy on a burglary charge and obtains the various pepers which Kosanovich is reported to have taken from Teslet the . It was pointed out that any activities pursued by the State's Attorney and be hardled in a most secret fashion in order to avoid any publicity the tapect to Tesla's inventions. The New York Office was also instructed the taken the Surrogate Court in order that stops could be placed against the taken for Tesla both in his hotel and any other points, in particular, the **story could** boxes that he may have in order that no one may enter them without a **bareau enterna** The New York Office is to keep the Bureau advised of all devilopments.

Respectfully, Ladd

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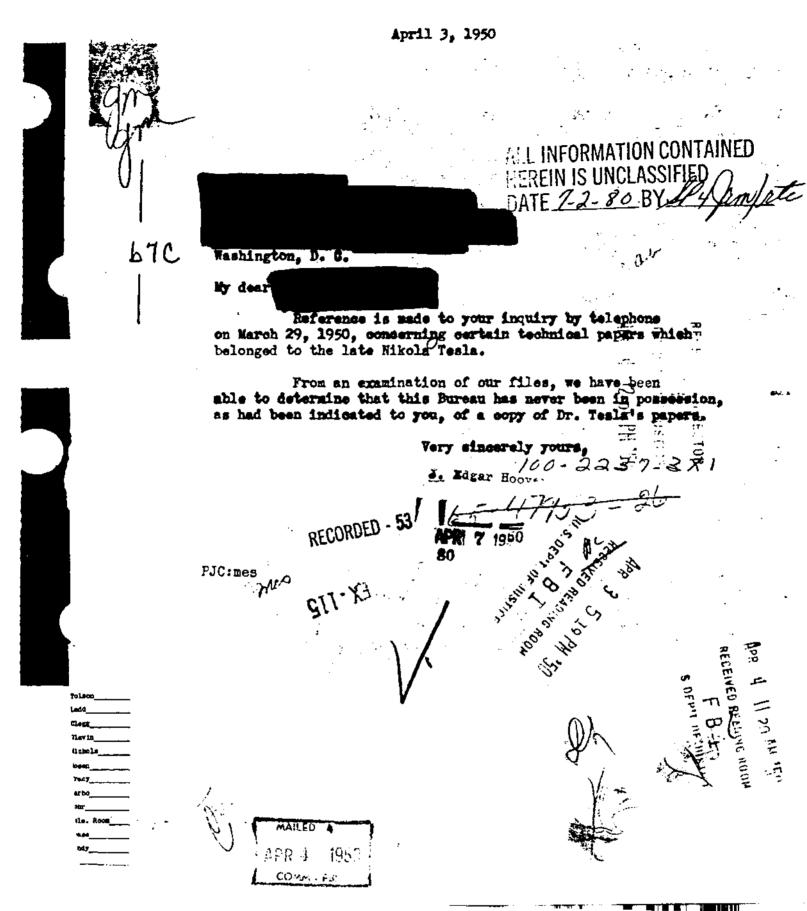
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Mr. Tolson_____ $\overline{7}$ LION. LOL R HOOVER Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg___ **Federal Bureau of Investigation** Mr. Glavin____ Mr. Ladd_ United States Department of Justice Mr. Nichols___ Mr. Rosen____ Washington, D. C. Mr. Tracy_ Mr. Carson Mr. Coffey__ EAT:DS January 12, 1943 41-14 Mr. Hendon____ Mr. Kramer___ đ MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD (Mr. McGuire___ Mr. Harbo____ Mr. Quinn Tamm__ Tele. Room_ Mr. Nease Miss Beahm_ On Friday, January 8th, Mr. L. M. C. Smith called me Misy Gapdy in connection with the death of Nikola Tesla. He ad vised me that he was concerned about the possibility of enemy agents confiscating some of the trunks of Tesla, who had died on January 7th. He understood What the War Department was interested in this matter and that apparently the Alien Property Custodian's office was taking some action. He desired to know whether the Bureau would take some steps to refrain relatives of Tesla from taking the contents of his trunks and whether the Bureau would seize possession of the trunks. Mr. Smith indicated that he was talking to the Alien Property Custodian along the same lines. I told him that in view of the fact he was going to handle the matter with the Alien Property Custodian's office, there did not appear to be any action which the Bureau could or should take. Edw. A. Tamm RECORDED B Q2_VICTORY JAN 13 1943 BUY JAN 22 1-

b7C Wilwanker 6, Wis april 16, 1948 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED Mr. J. E. Hoomer DATE 2-3-82 BY SP4 Federal Beacan of Investigation Wasnington D.C. Dear Mr. Kaoner, I an a student at the Minoanker Low of Engineering, studying Electrical Engineering. I am also friend in the life and work of Michola Lesla I understand, that at the time of his death. your department took his manuscripts and experiment data for national security. A en fre pain a bessin The prevented before the student branch of the American Institute of Electrical Engines on Tala Tela. If it is prairie funded appreciate and methode of & periment.

This information would help ine in a better presentation of this paper and consequentie a far greater appreciation of his work in the piele of science. I know that a part office perments and theory have a scenet classification, and it do not expect any of it. I am intusted in Ground & arent Transmittion" as the resis of my thesis for graduation. If is presible to tain this information, I would be very grateful. Mours ner, tral, 67C

AINED 3X April 22, 2948 LEOORDEE Inditate D. F. S. S. C. b Tow letter of April 10, 1968, has been received and I must be express by appro-ciation to you for having written me as you did. The effects of Nicksla Tesla mere handled by the Office of Alien Property, and not by this Bureau. It is suggested you may destre to com-municate with the Office of Alien Property. Duited States Department of Justice, 101 Indiana Avenue, Fashington, D. C. Stacerely yours, 56 John Edgar Boover Director NOTE: This individual requests information relative to the work of Nickola Tesla relative to electrical experiments he mas conducting, which Swain under-stands more taken by this Surrow and held for security reasons. Bureau file 43-47232 reflects that the effects of Tesla were handled by the Office of Alien Property. WPrfac d 00 PH 1 MUNICATIONS SECTION MAILED 8 ☆ APR 20 1949 P.M. Mr. Harts Dr. Sbrr Mr. Serr The Mr. Suite 7 Tale. scort FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION C. S. WARD AND RUSTICE C CLARY A GUAR THE REAL



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Director, FBI

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SAC, New York

SAVA N. KOSANOVIC INTERNAL SECURITY-TU (Buille 65-47953)

Rebulst dated April 3 last.

On April 7, 1950 agents of this effice interviewed Mr. J.V. FOTTS, Vice President of the Manhattan Warehouse and Storage Company, 52nd Street & 7th Avenue, New York City, and at that time Mr. FOTTS advised that the rules of his firm required that all persons gaining access to goods stored by Monhattan first had to fill out an appropriate form setting forth their names, date of visit, and reason for requesting access to the goods.

In a review of the file pertaining to the storage of the effects of NJR/LA TESLA, MR. POTTS revealed that only one such visit had been made by persons outside of the management of Manhattan Storage itself. This one occassion took place on January 26 and 27, 1943, at which time representatives of the Alien Propert, Custodian made a therough review of the entire effects of the HESLA estate. NIKOLA I CSLAT

The TESLA effects are stored in rooms 5J and 5L of Manhattan Storage's marshouse at 52nd Street & 7th Avenue, New York City. MR. MICHAEL MING, who stated he had been Floor Supervisor for approximately 10 years on the floor in question, stated that he could recall only the one occassion in early 1943 when an examination was made of the TESLA effects. He stated that at that time numerous photographs were taken by the examiners. His description of the equipment used would tend to show that a microfilm reproduction was made of some of the papers of the deceased scientist. MR. MINO added that several of the group making the examination wore U.S. Navy uniforms, and during the two days required to complete the examination the civilian assistants in the group were identified to him only as "FEDERAL AUTHORITIES". According to MR. MINO, no other instance of microfilming of the records of the TESLA setate hes taken place minoe that time.

It should be noted that the Bureau was informed of the examination mentioned above by New York letter (with attachments) dated October 17, 1945; entitled UNENNON SUBJECT; SAVA KOSANOVICH; Experiments & Research of WIKOLA TESLA (Discessed), Espionage-No

cc: 65-12290

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Letter to Director, FBI NY 105-1391

KR. POTTS stated that no inquiry had been received by Manhattan from SAVA N. MDSAMOVICH, nor had Manhattan informed him, in any way, that an examination of the TESIA effects had been made by anyone. In fact, added MR. POTTS, the only correspondence relating to the TESIA estate has been in the form of bills for storage.

MR. POTTS stated that any personal inquires regarding the estate would of pecessity be directed to him, and to date no such inquiries have been made.

Interviewing agents explained to MR. POTTS that the examination made, as mentioned above, was not instigated by the Bureau, nor had the Bureau taken part in that examination.

Unless advised to the contrary, this investigation is being placed in a closed status, and no further investigative action is contemplated by this office. CLOSED.

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Minneapolis 14, Minnesota August 18, 1952

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Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Records Washington, D. C. DATE 2-2-80 DY SPACE AND ALE

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Gentlemen:

In a manner of introduction, I wish to state that I am working toward a degree in Electrical Engineering at the Institute of Technology of the University of Minnesota.

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For several years, I have been engaged in a study of extensive compass and detail concerning the researches and writings of the late, world renowned scientist, Dr. Nikola Tesla. At considerable expense, I have acquired an extensive collection of materials relating to Dr. Tesla and his works which include:

- 1) Personal letters written by Tesla to his close friend.
- 2) Numerous periodicals, some of which are to be found in only a few libraries throughout the United States.
- 3) A few rare books which have now become "collector's items".
- 4) A collection of issued patents.

Although the items listed are considerable in number, the specific information desired is lacking.

As I understand it, because of the nature of Dr. Tesla's role in scientific developments, all research papers, patent applications, etc., were secured by the Federal Bureau of Investigation at the time of Dr. Tesla's death in January of 1943.

The purpose of this seizure, as described in numerous articles, was to determine whether these papers contained suggestions leading toward advancements in the field of science.

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Now it seems that sufficient time has elapsed for an investigation of this kind. If Dr. Tesla's Estate has been released by the department in charge, any records that can be made available for examination will be welcomed.

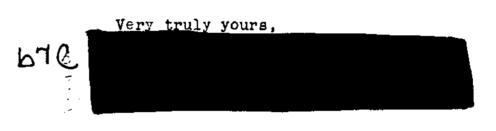
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A letter from Harold I. Baynton, Assistant Attorney General, Director, Olfice of Alien Property, informed me that the Library of Congress listed Certain works, writings and research studies prepared by the late Dr. Tesla. However, a letter addressed to the Library failed to bring results as the Library "has no files on the researches of Tesla".

A similar result was obtained from the Bureau of Naval Research and the Department of Commerce.

I am expecially interested in the research work in which Tesla was engaged in his later years. There are various unpublished works, such as a 10-page typewritten statement presented in 1937 at a meeting of several well-known editors outlining his discoveries and giving a resume of his work in the fields of gravity and cosmic ray research, etc. Also, Tesla prepared various papers, one of which was in effort to secure the Pierre Gutzman Prize from the Institute of France. My inquiry is in effort to determine whether any of these documents, as well as others, are at this time available.

I will greatly appreciate any information in regard to any records which you may have.



August 26, 1952 1. INFORMATION CONTAINED TE 2-2-80 BY 44 EL - 28 Winneapolis_14_ Minnesova. Dina 68 b7CINDEXED 68 100 100-22-1-4 States (States and With reference to your letter of August 18, 1952, our files disclose that the effects of Nikola Tesla were taken into custody at the time of his death by the Office of Alien Property, and not by this Bureau. Consequently, you may wish to communicate further with that agency, which may be addressed as follows: (65-47953) Assistant Attorney General Rowland F. Kirks Director, Office of Alien Property United States Department of Justice SEC(IV) ਡੇ 101 Indiana Avenue, N. W. 92 Washington 25, D. C. တ Sincerely yours, 1 07 21 O B BRAN DE DE DE но: 75, 🗄 🖌 John Edgar Hoover Stel Director cc - 1 - Assistant Atterney, Beneral (with copy of Rowland F. Kirks incoming) Director, Office of Alien Property United States Department of Justice MAILED IU 101 Indiana Avenue, N. W. W. W. S. Washington 25, D. C. **明** 26 晶 岩 AUG 2 7 1952 Par instrat Cratha sit 2 æ PJC:awy, V-TECEME SUT WOON VING 100-2237 NOTE: No reference Bureau files on correspondent pc in Winnesota.. 8-22-52...per 670 5. - - **2**77 Ir. c

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Office Mennerandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Telsoe MR. A. M. BELCONT DATE: May 5, 1933 ychole Z TO lmone 📥 A. L. L. LETTELK Harbo -----FROM I Rosen Trecy Geeny Nohr_ Finterrowd _ **CONTRACTION CONTAINED** SUBJECT : NIKOLA TESLA (Deccased) Tele, Room Hallomea INFORMATION CONCERTING Ordnance Section 05 the Standards (Em 2-4040, extension 623) called on the afternoon of Kay 4, 1903. stated that he had been reading a book entitled, "The Prodigal Genius - The Life of Nikola Tesla' by John J. O'Neill, whom described as a science writer for a New Tork newspaper (publisher - Ives Lashburn). book that Bureau Agents went to Tesla's room Jollowing his death on January 7, 1943, opened his safe, examined his papers, and took over his personal files. Said this appeared on page 277. Mr. Stated that Tesla is the father of modern power engineering, being responsible for the invention of the A. C. generator, motor transmission, and other electrical engineering feats. He inquired (1) if the payers and works of Tesla were in the possession of the Bureau, and (2) if so, were they available for rubidy in view of their scientific importance. 67C I told Nr. that the statement concerning the Bureau's taking Tesla's files did not seem very logical but that I would check on the matter. 11.44 The Burean's files reflect that shortly after the death ~) of Tesla in his hotel room in New York City on January 7, 1943, Sava Kosanovich, a distant relative, and other individuals entered his room and opened the safe, examining certain materials which he possessed. On January 8, 1943, Mr. L. M. C. Smith of the Department advised Mr. Tamm that he was concerned about the possibility of enemy agents confiscating some of the trunks of Tesla and apparently the Office of Alien Property Custodian was taking some action regarding these effects. Since the matter was being handled by the Office of Alion being handled by the Office of Alien Froperty Custodian, the Bureau did not make any inquiries into this situation. (65-47953-6)It is noted also that the Bureau received a letter dated_April 16, 1948, from Er. ofKilwaukee, kisconsin, suplaining that ne was studying electrical engineering at the Milwaukee School of Engineering and 100-2237-41 _lL:ner INDEXPLOS MAL OFFICE 65-47.53 14 J - Mr. Nichals

was interested in the life and works of Tesla. The stated that he understood at the time Of Tesla's death the Bureau took his manuscripts and experiment data for national security. the Bureau on April 23, 1948, advised that the effects of Tesla were handled by the Office of Alien Property and not by the FBI.(65-47953-18)

I called Lr. property and not the F3I which took over the the office of Alien Property and not the F3I which took over the effects of Tesla following his death. Accordingly, I suggested that Property for further information concerning this matter.

The book "Prodigal Genius - The Life of Nikola Tesla" is not in the Bureau Library. A copy is being obtained from the Library of Congress. It will be examined to determine specifically the reference made to the Bureau's taking these papers. At that time a determination can be made as to what further action should be taken.

ADDEVDON: LLL:mer 5-14-53

Page 277 of the "Prodigal Genius - The Life of Nikola Tesla," describing Tesla's death, contains the following statement: "Operatives from the Federal Bureau of Investigation came and opened the safe in his room and took the papers it contained, to examine them for a reported important secret invention of possible use in the war."

Since this work was published in 1944, it is not felt that any particular purpose would be served by raising an objection with the publishers at this time. The individual who raised the question, has been set straight and, therefore, no further action is being taken.

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DATE: 2/10/54

INDEXED

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مواديته محجو والتشمي

NED JE. 149 Weber ord Road, New Eochelle, New York, FROM : SAC, New York (E-) Þ SUBJECT: TALL 1 TALL 1 T

Mr. GEORDE H. SOMERFF, JR., 149 decord Road, New Eochelle, New M advised that he received two letters from LELAND **TANDERSON**, <u>127 Seymour</u> Avenue Southeast, Minneapolis, Minneapolis, photostatic copies of which are being furnished the Eureau and Minneapolis.

- O Mr. SCHERFF stated that he was an associate of Dr. MIKCIA TESLA in <u>Mr.</u> 1914 and that for many years his father had been Dr. TESLA'S private secretary. Mr. SCHERFF said that he never heard of ITLAD I. ANDERSON for did he ever hear of any of the manes mentioned in ANDERSON'S letters

In. SCHERFF stated that he has quite a bit of the states writings in his possession and he didn't mov whether or not they would be of value to a foreign government.

Mr (....) is an Engineer with Consolidate Edison in The York, : to him ... he thought they should the fight to him ... he thought they should the solution of the proper authorities...

Mr. Still stated that if there was anything wrong with the iter the be willing to cooperate with the FBI.

No Eurther action is being taken by the N.Y. Office, UACB.

Encs. (🍞) 1 - Minner clis (Finds.) ETB: aas 3-10-54 RECORDED. 15 100-2237-NO: 718:J.H 14V .

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Lefand I. Anderson 127 Seymour Avenue Southeast Minneapolis 14, Minnesota

February 3, 1954

Mr. George H. Scherff, Jr. 149 Scacord Road Westchester, NEW YORK

Dear Mr. Scherff:

re .: The Life and work of Dr. Nikola Tesla.

Recently, I have founded an organization in name and honor of Dr. Tesla in cooperation with several people who were intimately associated with Tesla during his lifetime, and with others who are interested in Dr. Tesla and his achievements from a scientific and historical standpoint. (See enclosed brochure.) I have had some difficulty locating a few of Tesla's associates, and, the name of George Scherff is among them. Therefore, it is my sincere hope that you, Mr. Scherff, are the person I seek as having been associated with Tesla.

I have personally studied the works of Tesla for a number of years, being particularly interested in elaborating upon his researches regarding high-tension radiant beams. Through some travel and other efforts, I have been fortunate to locate many original collections of Tesla's correspondence and manuscripts, and in a few cases obtained a number of interesting items.

I was in New York a short time ago on pusiness, and while there I visited Mr. Kenneth M. Swezey. He intends to undertake some significant work on benalf of Tesla in the near future, and since he knew Tesla for so many years during his later life, it will be handled with great understanding.

I hope that you may have some interest in the work which I have initiated on behalf of Dr. Tesla. There are many matters that I wish to discuss with you, provided of course, that you are the Mr. Scherff related to the Tesla story. I would be most happy to hear from you at your earliest convenience, and will send you all publications of the organization if you wish to receive them.

Very truly yours,

anderen

University Station, Box 135

MINNEAPOLIS + 14 + MINNESOT

To Those Who Are Interested in the Life and Work of DR. NIKOLA TESLA

Following the death of Dr. Nikola Tesla on the 7th of January, 1943, Mr. John J. O'Neill, former Science Editor of the New York Heral & Tribune, presented the biography

PRODIGAL GENIUS The Life of Nikola Tesla

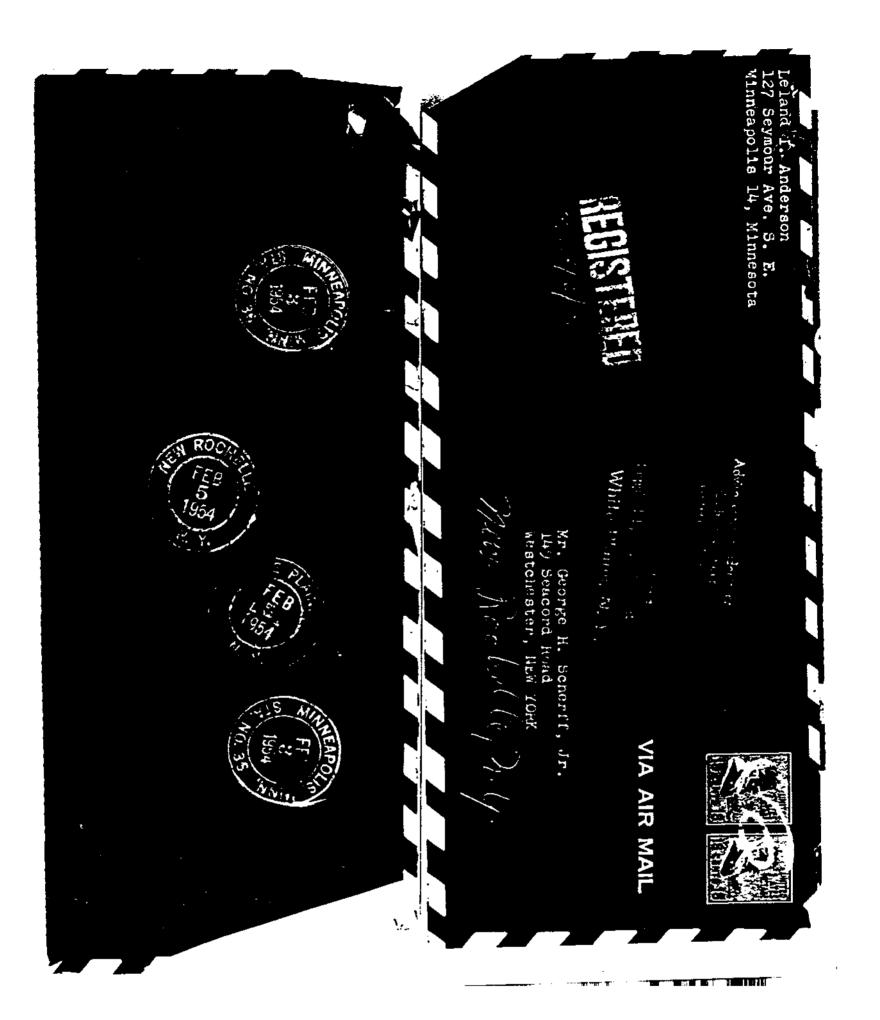
- a memorable tribute to one of the most outstanding figures in the entire field of electrical science. Many reading this biography learned of Nikola Tesla for the first time, despite his monumentous achievements with which he has won world-wide acclaim in scientific circles. Even those closely associated with the fields of science and engineering discovered a remarkable story not generally known of the brilliant genius Tesla whose sensitive personality and seclusion kept his fame in a shadow

The TESLA-INTERNATIONAL organization is being established in the United States in name and honor of DP. Nikola Tesla by those staring a mutual interest in his life and works. The organization has as its objective the promulgation of the truth about Nikola Tesla; that a full recognition be made for his unparalleled research work on the affects of currents of high frequency and high potential, and for his achieves ments in the realms of polyphase power transmission and telecommunication. It would be the duty of the organization to do all in its power that the name of Tesla win in the eyes of the nation the fame deserving of a truly great American for his contributions to science, industry, and to this country.

A journal of the TEELA-INTERVATIONAL organization was issued beginning the month of November, 1953. In addition to items of red nt and historical interest related to Decla, the journal will include

- 1) A formal roster of all trops and have an interest in the feela organization and with to engrge in its activities.
- (2) An opportunity of editorial coolerate by members of the organization through the medium of the journal.
- 3) A comprehensive biblic propried listing of all available state concerning Tesls, which would include a cataloging of the various collections of Tesliana not generally known. Such a listing will be of particular inperformed to scholars in the research field.
- 4) A presentation of Mitherto unpublished writings and analyzes of Tosla's technical research studier as they become available.

The journal of the TESLA-INTLENATIONAL organization will be forthcoming at intervals of $l_{D}^{2} = 2$ months. Subscription rate is \$1.00 for 10 issues. Membership in the TESLE-INTERNATIONAL organization is concurrent with subscription to the journal.



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Leland L. Anderson 127 Seymour Avenue Southeast Minneapolis 14, Minnesota

February 12, 1953

Dear Mr. Scherff,

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It was so very rewarding to receive your reply concerning Dr. Nikola Tesla... I have initiated an undertaking on benalf of Tesla because I feel that in all right and justice something should be done to perpetuate the name of Tesla and see to it that his name becomes a part of the heritage of this nation. A great task perhaps, but as time goes on I believe the name of Tesla will become more significant in scientific developments. I hope that you may have an interest in the organization which I have proposed and established, and I will be honored to have you as a member. The organization is presently set up on the basis of those having a mutual interest in Tesla, with a free exchange of information between members. The first two issues of the journal of the organization are being sent to you under separate cover, and should reach you in a day or two.

Some other members which may be of interest to you are; Muriel Arbus, Dorothy Skerritt, Kenneth Swezey and W. W. Wilhelm. The recent deaths of John O'Neill and Edwin Armstrong were very unexpected, and it is with a great sadness that I received the news and loss of these two members.

Do you know if Mr. Lowenstien had a daughter? The reason I ask is that a woman visited Mr. O'Neill before his death and told him that she inherited a great amount of Teshiana from her father - whom I presume to be Mr. Lowenstien. This woman was afraid of disclosing the information by reason of her mistaken notion and fear that she would rudely be raided by the army. You see Mr. O'Neill related to her that a few army officials visited his nome with insistent requests for information. Of course all this sort of government interest was aroused by Tesla's "Death-Ray" rumors, played up by enterprising journalists. Well, the result of all this is that she refused to give Mr. O'Neill her markied name - only that she markied a Siamese prince no less, and moved to some mid-western city. If this woman has the amount of material that Mr. O'Neill intimated, it would certainly be important to locate her.

I believe that one of the valuable efforts of the Tesha organization would be to catalog every piece of information concerning Tesha. I have made a beginning effort along this line, and I note that before too long all collections of Tesliana may be located, cataloged, and reproduced for fear of eventual loss. Through Mary A. Benjamin (of Walter R. Benjamin Autographs in New York) I have obtained a number of significant items of correspondence between Tesha and Hobert U. Johnson. The entire collection of correspondence with Mr. Johnson numbers in excess of 70 pieces. I share this collection with Mrs.

Leland I. Anderson 127 Seymour Avenue Southeast Minneapolis 14, Minnesota

-2-

James W. MoChesney of Long Island. The period of this correspondence runs from 1594-1930. Mrs. McChesney has another group of correspondence between Tesla and George Sylvester Viereck which is very interesting in that it is from a period later in Tesla's life. (If you wish to receive any shotostatic copies from these collections I will be happy to send them to you.)

I we interested to learn whether you have collected any mementoes, correspondence, writings, etc. of Tesla. For a long while I have been trainer to locate a copy of the prochure which Tesla issued the first week of February, 1904. It came in a large square envelope bearing a large red wax seal with the initials "N.T." stamped thereon. quite a number of them were distributed throughout New York and elsewhere by the Tesla enterprise in an effort to secure financial backing for the tower and power plant erected at Wardenclyffe, Long Teland. You no doubt know of the brochure of which I speak. I thought it would be interesting to reproduce this prochure and distribute it among the members of the Tesla organization as a memento. Although I have written and inquired about this brochure extensively, I have not been able to locate a copy. Did you ever have one?

I have hopes that in 1955 (The Tesla Centenary) some significant observance may be organized here in the United States in honor of Tesla. The Tesla Museum in Yugoslavia has obtained the Tesla inneritance, which amounts to 9 tons of Apparatus, writings, etc. It is the intention (so stated) of the Museum to publish the entire writings of Tesla, including those in the inneritance, on the Tesla Centenary. I don't know what sort of political propaganda might be injected in this publication, but it occured to me that it may the appropriate to arrange an advance publication in this country lista's unpublished works. Unfortunately, there is not much to work on as yet. While the Tesla State remained in this country, unctostate of hearly every important paper in the estate were made under order of aright Field Development Center in Onio. If these

Issue's unoublished works. Unfortunately, there is not much to work on as yet. While the Tesla State retained in this country, unstastate of nearly every important paper in the State were made under order of unight Field Development Center in Onio. If these whotostate could be located there would be much material for a sublection. However, in working with the Library of Congress in operanation of a file on Tesla, these photostate have emcaped the most extensive search thus far.

Hooing that you may be interested in the efforts of the (TESLA-INTERNATIONAL on behalf of Tesla and wish to associate yourself with it, I at,

والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمعارية ومعارية والمنافعة والمنتقي والمنافع المنافع المنافع والمنافع والمن

Yours faithfully,

A. Cender

University Station, Box 135 MANNEAPOLIS - 14 - MINNESOTA

TESLA-INTERNATIONA

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

To Nembers of the TESLA-INTERNATIONAL organization and those interested in the works of Dr Nikola Tesla

RAME ADITION MARAINS P

"The Inventions Researches and Writings of Nizola Tesls"

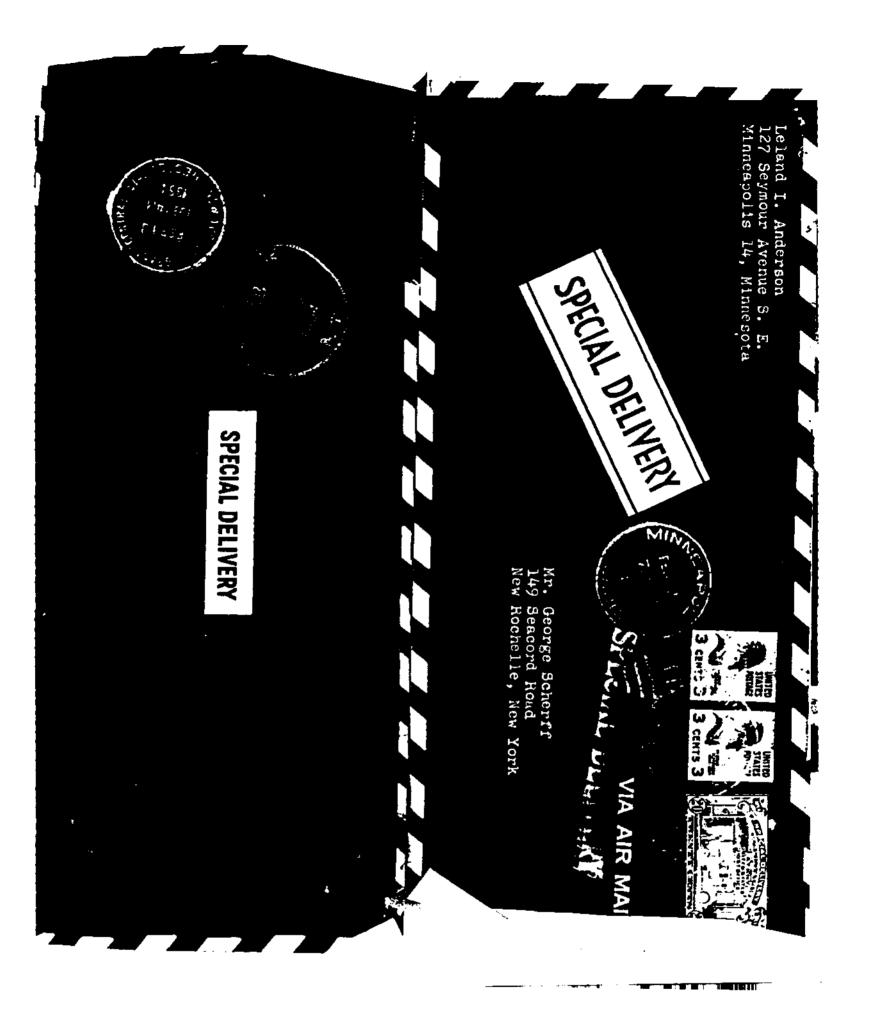
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The see Counterford Martin

Trobugh special arcsigement. It is with great pleasure that the TSDLA-SNEWNOWS (AL organization announces the reprinting of this obviate of technical literature.

bong recognized as the next important and significant work on the surfy researches of Tesls, a great demand for this book is anticipated. This will ALD ADITION IS STRICTLY HARTED. This special offer will not be repeated when the supply as auraustre. These desiring a copy of the book are therefore anged to reply promptly.

Cost of this book at the special printing rate is only \$4,00 post-read any here within the United States to members and friends of the cast a inflational organization.



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March 10, 1954 SAC, New York RECOR Director, FBI 100-2237-481 1 12 LELAND I. ANDERSON Not an MISCHLANEOUS; INTERNAL SECURITY - YU FOIA Redaction Reurlet 2-19-54 concerning the above-captioned individual. Relet forwarded to the Bureau two Photostats of two letters from Anderson which were received and made available to your strice by George H. - -Scherff, Jr. There is returned herewith one set of the Photostats received by the Bureau as enclosures with your letter inasmuch as it appears this set was intended for retention in your office file. Attainent ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-2-80 BY Frank ETB:aas 1 9 2 Silve. Tolsoe Ladd ____ Nichola 90.08 . 53 Belmost Cless -Glavin MAILED 16 Harbo Rosen MAR 1 0 1954 Tracy. Genety Mahr COMM - FBI Finterrowd ____ Tele. Room _ Hollomso ____ Miss Gandy _

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KENNETH M. SWEZE Mг. Mr. Pa **CONTRACTION CONTAINED** 163 Milton Street Brooklyn 22, 1 J. Sizes June 25, 1950, Winterrowd IS UNCLASSIFIED 11 7-2-80 Tele, Room . . Mr. Holleman Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Miss Gandy . Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C. Dear Mr. Hoover:

Back in 1943, the local Alien Property Custodian searched through the belongings of the late electrical inventor, Nikola Tesla, stored in the Manhattan Storage Warehouse in New York City. Tesla had been a naturalized American for more than fifty years, so I believe that the search was made on the grounds that the property was to be sent to Yugoslavia, through Tesla's nephew and heir, Mr. Sava Kosanović (Mr. Kosanović had been Minister of State under the King's government, later became Ambassador to the United States from the present government, and is now a Minister serving in Belgrade).

According to the attorney who handled the Tesla estate, Er. Philip Nittenberg, the Alien Property Custodian assured him that nothing had been held. I have a letter from the Office of Alien Property, dated Earch 15, 1955, which confirms this statement.

In gathering material to help in a nation-wide commemoration of Tesla's hundredth birthday next year---which will be participated in by leading scientific and engineering societies, museums, and universities---I have just discovered, however, that Tesla's solid gold Edison Medal somehow vanished during that search.

As a friend who had known Tesla well during his last twenty years, I was with Mr. Kosanović in Tesla's room in the Hotel New Yorker on the day he died A safe expert was called in to unlock Tesla's safe. Among its contents were several honorary degrees, a volume of greetings which I had gathered for him on his seventy-fifth birthday, a bunch of keys, and the Edison Medal. We kept out the book of greetings (I mentioned this at the time to the assistant manager of the hotel and later to a Mr. Gorsuch of the Alien Property Custodian's office), but everything else, including the medal and the keys, was replaced and the safe was looked. RECORDED - 82/60 - 20-55 Method States and the safe was never reopened antil it Property Custodian, the safe was never reopened antil it

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ari red in Belgrade (where Tes. 's property was to be installed in a special Tesla Museum) and was there opened by Mr. Kosanović. According to his former secretary, both the bunch of keys and the medal were missing. The keys were later found in a tin box outside the safe; the medal was never found.

I learned of the disappearance of the medal only by accident. Mr. Kosanović had asked his former secretary to get permission from the American Institute of Electrical Engineers (who gave Tesla the Medal) to have it duplicated. This was given, but the cost, it turned out, would be about four hundred dollars. In the meantime, the Tesla Museum, in Yugoslavia, is quietly trying to raise the money to pay for it.

The irony of this situation is more disturbing than the money involved. By giving us a system which made electric power universally available, Tesla---probably more than any other one man---helped put America on top of the world. At the time he died, his gold Edison Medal was the only material evidence left of this country's appreciation. That this last token should have disappeared ---to have to be replaced by his materially poor countrymen overseas for whom he had done nothing---seems a tragic denoyement.

John O'Neill, in his biography of Tesla, states that the FBI broke into Tesla's safe on the day he died, and an article in the current (June) Coronet repeats this. I know this isn't true. I did hear, however, that the FBI somehow lent a hand to the Alien Property Custodian during the latter's search in the warehouse.

If that is so, I thought that perhaps some of your men might remember the conditions under which the search was made and therefore might have a suggestion as to what could have happened to the medal. After this long time, I have no hope that the medal can actually be restored, and I am already trying to interest Americans in making a replacement But future biographers might be spared a lot of wild guessin, and wrong blaming if some hint could be obtained as to whether the original got lost, strayed, or stolen---and who might have been responsible.

With best regards and sincere appreciation for any help you can give,

Sincerely,

Kenett M. Swegy

Kenneth MASwezey FT P.S.: I am enclosing an editorial from last month's POWER magazine which outlines Tesla's contribution to the electric power industry.

- **-**

Strange Genius

A SK ANY CROUP of power men to name those who laid the foundation for today's electrical generation and distribution. You'll wind up with an impressive list— Edison, Brush, Thomson, Westinghouse, many others. But there is almost sure to be a significant omission.

Yet this forgotten man conceived the polyphase ac motor—still basic—and devised a suitable system of generation and distribution for applying it. To grasp the magnitude of this contribution, we must turn back to the 1880's when the electrical era was being born, and the "battle of the systems" held sway.

Arc lights and motors were being operated on constantcurrent series systems. Edison's Pearl Street generating station had opened in 1882, supplying incandescent lamps and, later, dc motors on a constant-potential system. Under the leadership of Westinghouse and Stanley, the advantages of ac distribution were demonstrated. But there was no successful ac motor.

In May, 1888, a young Yugo-Slav engineer, but four years in the United States, read a paper before the American Institute of Electrical Engineers. In it he described a new ac system. Its heart was the induction motor with its basic and beautiful concept of the rotating magnetic field. The man was Nikola Tesla, the system he described was destined to sweep the field.

With characteristic vision, George Westinghouse realized the fundamental importance of the polyphase ac system and acquired the basic patents. Its first impact on the general public was at the Chicago World's Fair of 1893. There a 2-phase generator supplied motors and lamps, and, through rotary converters and motor-generators, a variety of dc equipment.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERDIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EARDINGS BY SUBJECT

But it remained for the Niagara Falls power project to demonstrate in the most dramatic way possible that polyphase ac was the system of the future. Since 1886 when a charter to develop its power had been granted, the eyes of the world had been on Niagara. An international commission, headed by Lord Kelvin, had reviewed 17 proposals, found none acceptable. Later, just five years after Tesla's AIEE paper, it was officially decided to use the polyphase system.

In August, 1895, Niagara power was delivered to the first industrial customer and in 1896 ac transmission to Buffalo, 22 miles away, was begun. By that time, the steam turbine had been introduced in America and the modern age of electric power had truly opened.

For Nikola Tesla, these far-reaching inventions were but a beginning. Still to come was brilliant work in high frequencies, thinking basic to much of today's radio art. Yet by the time of his death in 1943, both he and his work had begun to slip into obscurity. Why?

A man of flashing insights and enormous brilliance, Tesla was largely indifferent to the development of his ideas. This he left to others while he followed the lure of new challenges. In later years, his projects became more grandiose, his ways more mysterious, his pronouncements more Olympian. And working alone, as he did, he formed none of the institutional ties that help to perpetuate a record of accomplishment.

Next year—July 10, 1956—will be the 100th anniversary of Nikola Tesla's birth. It would be fitting for our engineering societies to commemorate this occasion, to acknowledge our debt to this strange and lonely genius who changed our world for the better.

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(REPRINTED BY PERMISSION)

POWER . MAY 1955



THE LARGEST AND OLDEST SERBIAN DAILY NEWSPAPER IN AMERICA Published Daily Except Sat's, Sundays and Holidays by SERB NATIONAL FEDERATION 3414 Fifth Avenue Telephone Mayflower 1-6600 Pittsburgh 13, Pa.

> MOMCHILO SOKICH, Editor — JOVAN BRATICH, Ass't. Editor MILAN M. KARLO, Editor English Section

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Рукописи се не врањају никоме. - Огласи се цлавају унапрад.

RECOGNITION FOR TESLA

Largely thru a young American engineer's efforts, the world today is re-scanning the record and achievements of our inventive genius, Nikola' Tesla. Of late, even the big-time magazines have devoted space to the amazing career and fascinating character of the pioneering electrical wizard.

The man behind this belated recognition for the one-time Serbian immigrant boy who made millions but died almost a pauper is Leland P. Anderson, head of the **Tesla Society**, which has headquarters at the University of Minnesota.

Thru travels, correspondence and detailed research, Mr. Anderson has dug up many friends of the late genius and induced them to join in his noble work. A good many of these are American-Serbians. They serve Mr. Anderson and he serves them, with information issued thru his TESLIAN publication. This is, at present, a mimeographed publication issued monthly which casts new light on the known life and record of the late Dr. Tesla.

The latest issue (March-June) informs of progress plans to honor Dr. Tesla even more. It also presents an account of a fascinating editorial, "Strange Genius", by the POWER magazine of the powerful McGraw-Hill publishing line. This edi-

torial traces the introduction of Dr. Tesla's polyphase system, described by Mr. Anderson, as the "most tremendous event in all engineering history."

1

Editorialist Louis N Bowler, according to the TESLIAN. answers the perplexing question why, in view of Tesla's important discoveries, he fell short of the comparative popularity won by Edison and Bell. Then in closing, he suggests: ''It would be fitting for our engineering societies, in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of Nikola Tesla's birth (July 10, 1956), to acknowledge our debt to this strange and lonely genius who changed our world for the better.''

This appears to be just what Mr. Anderson was waiting for. For now, in the same issue of his TESLIAN, he has prepared a form to petition Postmaster General Arthur E. Summerfield to issue a Tesla commemorative stamp next year.

We are printing this form in duplicate in this issue and we unge all our readers to endorse it with their signatures. Send be completed points





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NOT RECORDED

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ICAN SRBOBRAN 29, 1955 sburgh, Pennsylvania

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Office Mema and um • United Stars Government TO IL. V. BOARDMAN 1 DATE: June 29, 1955 Below ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED Насьо _ Mohr TROM A. H. BELLON Parsons HEREIR IS UNCLASSIF Rosen. Tamm DATE 7-2-80 0 Sizoo ... Cinterrowd _ SUBJECT: NIKOLA TESLA Tele. Room _ MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE) Holloman ___ Gandy ____. Nikola Tesla, a native of Yugoslavia, was a famous electrical inventor who died in New York City in 1943 where he had lived for many years. In attached letter to Bureau dated 6-25-55 Kenneth M. Swezey, Brooklyn, New York, advises he is gathering material to help in a nation-wide commemoration of Tesla's hundredth birth anniversary in 1956. Swezey relates he was present when Tesla's safe was opened by friends after his death and adulses the contents were thereafter replaced and then impounded by the United States Alien Property Custodian. Later the safe was removed to Belgrade, Yugoslavia, to be installed in Ta Pesla Kuseum. Missing from Tesla's effects is a gold Edison medal he had been awarded. Swezey is seeking to locate the medal and has been advised by the Office of Alien Property (OAP) that OAP held none of Tesla's property. Swezey states he has heard the FBI assisted OAP in handling Tesla's effects while in storage, and accordingly, he asks whether Bureau could assist him in locating the [Edison medal. He FBI's assistance to OAP Swezey mentions that in the Tesla biography ("The Prodigal Genius" - 1944) by John O'Neill it was stated FBI broke into Tesla's safe the day he died (1-8-43 to protect contents from enemy hands). Swezey notes this same comment appears in article ("The Genius Who Walked Alone") by Alfred H. Sinks in the June, 1955, "Coronet." Swezey says he knows FBI did not do this. || Bufiles not pertinent re Swezey. Bureau did not enter into Tesla safe matter upon Department's advice it was being handled by OAP. Bureau previously aware of comment in O'Neill's book. Per Bureiles Sinks was officer of American Civil Liberties Union in 1930-40; staff member of Communist line newspaper "The Anvil" 1933-37; member of L. aque _____ American Writers ("CUA report-1944); close friend of reported CP member and suspected underground member -In 1945 Sinks requested for his use as author data re Bureau's microfilm procedure. Was advised no such data available for publication. Enclosurelect 6-30-55 1. 100-2237 cc - 1 - 65 - 47953Ticklers - Mr. Bird Mr. Belmont ETB: jaa / Mr. Boardman (5)195

Memorandum For Mr. Boardman

RECOMMENDATION:

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That the attached letter be sent to Swezey advising Bureau did not participate in the handling of Tesla's effects and that the matter was handled by OAP. Therefore, Bureau unable to be of assistance; that no action be taken relative to Sinks' comment in "Coronet" article.

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- •		June 30, 1955	
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/		SANDAL STUDE	FIED
	Mr. Lenneth N. Swezey	(Original) IE 22-80 DY	SP4 Juni / The
	<u>163 Wilton</u> Street	(Original) L	
	Brooklyn 28, New Tork	<u> </u>	
	Dear Hr. Swezey:		
	Bish madawan.	a to your lates of funda	5
	1955, our files disclos	te to your letter of June 23 The the effects of <u>Mikela Te</u> s	10
	were taken into custody	y after his death by the Ofj	fice
	of Alien Property and r	lot by this Sureau.	1 -
	Since we did	not participate in the	
,	handling of Wr. Tesla's supply the information	effects, we are unable to	P
/	sapping the injormation	Rom indregren.	1
		Sincerely yours,	•
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	was prepared by ETB; jaa	on 6-29-55 in connection w	
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	admirer of Tesla.	at he was close friend and	1
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powney, California. $\mathcal{B}(\mathcal{U})$

August 1, 1955.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C.

Dear Hoover:

In his book, "Prodigal Genius", The Life of <u>Mikola Tesla</u>, Mr. John J O'Heil says, on page 277, that the F.B.I. went to Tesla's hotel room, opened his steel safe and removed from it, the papers it contained.

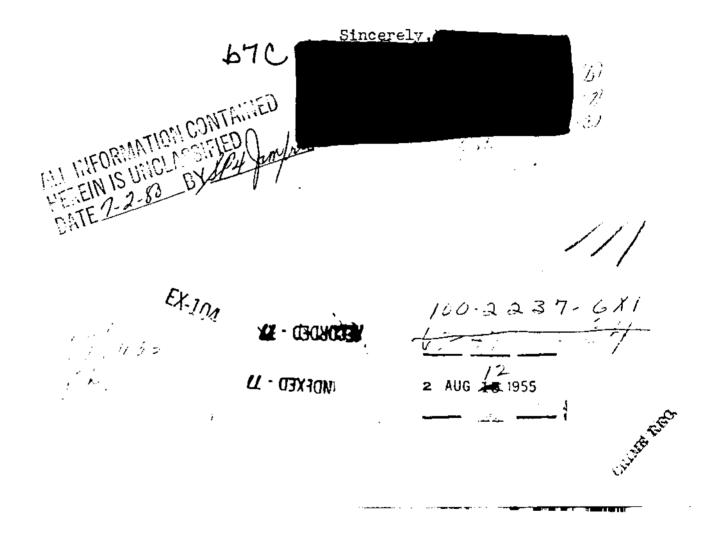
Was there ever any publication of what these papers contained? If so, could you inform me where I might obtain a copy of such publication?

If there was no publication of the Safe's content, after more than 18 years, would it be improper to publish them?

If there was no publication of the safe's content, but there were no particular secrets found there in, could you inform me where I might learn what the safe contained?

Any information on this matter will be appreciated.

Thank you for your trouble.



2237-6X1 100-August 11, 1955 tt - mmiloget <u>.</u>, ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED DATE 7-2-80 Downey, California Dear att Your letter dated August 1, 1955, has been received, and in response to your inquiry, I would like to advise that our files reflect that the effects of Mikola Tesla were taken into custody after his death by the Office of Alien Property and not by this Bureau. Since we did not participate in the handling of Mr. Tesla's effects, we are unable to supply the information you requested. Sincerely yours, John Edgar Hoover Director <u>ں</u> o NOTE: Bufiles reflect no record on correspondent. This type of reply utilized by Internal Security Division in answering similar inquiries on 6/30/55. (65-47953-33) Cover memo from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Boardman dated 6/29/55 ŵ. I Mr. Toilson_ Mr: Boardman Mr. Nichals ____ set out background of this matter which concerned the death Mrs. Behmont. of Tesla, a famous electrical inventor. Bureau was not involved in this matter, and the opening of the safe men-tioned was done by the Office of Alien Property. Attes Marshu New State مدوده دخا 11 I. and 12 Mir S. JRH: sms 6 ⇒ SEP 28 1955 No. W. S. (Trowd_ Total Barris 20 - 11 C Mag. The Gener.

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September 10., 1955.

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THE DESIGNATION

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Mr. John Edgar Hoover, Federal Euroau Of Investigation, Washington 25, 2.2.

Dear 41. Hoover:

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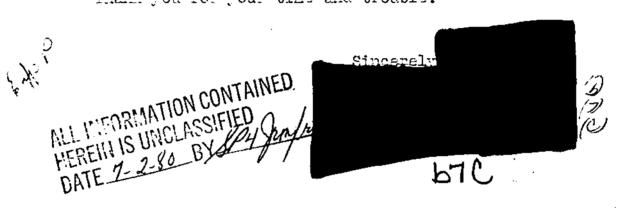
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Cofering to my letter to you August first, this year - your letter to me, August 11th., reletive to the matter of the papers of Mr. Nikola Tesla.

On August 26, I wrote the office of Alien Property regarding this matter, indicating that I had received the information from you that it was their department which had taken the Tesla Property into custody - not yours.

I have a letter from Mr. Henry G. Hilken - that Department - File Humber HGH:H SM:elk 017-3566, in which I am told that office "never had custody, nor has vested, any property of Mikola Tesla".

As I began this matter with you - because it was stated in Mr. O'Neill's book that it was your department who opened Tesla's safe I am wondering if you have any further suggestions along lines I might follow to obtain some information in this regard?



RECORDED-12

EX-107

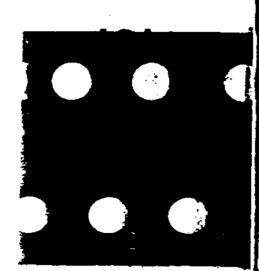
Thank you for your time and trouble.

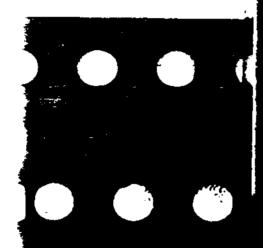
RECOLUMN . INDEXED-12 160.2237-682 September 20, 1955 LEX-107. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED Downey, California Isto DATE 7-2. B m 80 Dear I have received your letter dated September 10, 1955. at ţ, As you were advised by my letter of August 11, 1955, this Bureau was not connected in any respect with the acquisition or custody of the effects of Mikola Tesla, and it is therefore not possible to furnish you any additional information. Sincerely yours, John Edgar Hoover Director 0~ 67C 37(2) 1. A. C. * NOTE: By letter 8-11-55, we referred to the Office of Alien Property, which Office was reported to have assumed custody of Tesla's effects subsequent to his deal (65-47953-6) JRH: U js _____ (3)ð 11 1 8 B. AL 9. . S. COMM - FBI 9 ததற்தும் 1955 SEP MAILED 30

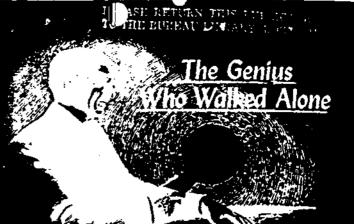
	(Please fill of	ut this form and mail to the address	a conductor holew)
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	,	THE TESLA SOCIETY	f
		University Station, Box 135 Minneapolis 14, Minnesota	
	F		I
			(date)
			(city & state)
-	Hon. Arthur E. Postmaster Gen	Summerfield eral, Postoffice Dept.	1
	Washington, D.	C .	i
	Dear Sir: 🖉	la's contributions to science, industr	
		fully request issuance of a 1956 of the centennial of Tesla's birth (1856 (signed) ————————————————————————————————————	
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	er <i>IOE</i> INDEXED-5	138 JUL 1 1955	AMERICAN SRBOBRAN June 29, 1955 Pittsburgh, Pennsyl
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by ALFRED H. SINKS

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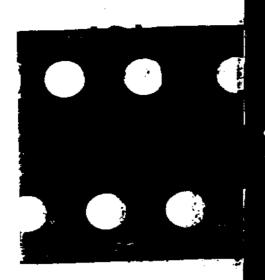
by ALFRED II. SIXKS by ALFRED II. SIXKS Nikola Tesla was a great inventor-and also a prophet without honor COUNTER-ESPIONACE WHEELSCOUNTER-ESPIONACE WHEELSmorning of fanuary 8, 1943. Anx-ious FBI agents slipped into a roomin the Hotel New Yorker whyre,fate the night before, a chamber-maid had discovered the body ofNikola Tesla, dead at 86, regardedby many as the greatest scientificgenius of his time.Tor years, Tesla had been makingscientific predictions so fantastic asto be literally out of this world. Oflate he had been working—or so hesaid—on revolutionary new weap-uns powerful enough to annihilatearmies at a single blow.There was only one Tesla, andthe story might—incredible as itsounded—be true. The old man'ssafe might hold these secrets, andjUNF, 1955Marking Scientific prediction scientific area was a solved a problem they had thoughtimpossible. That one accomption-ment was current motor and gen-

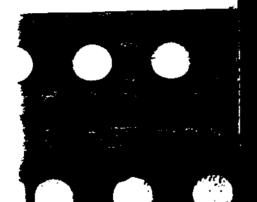
JUNE, 1955

the Government could not risk the chance of enemy spice getting there

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crator – prr. Tesla's name amore the world's top server to prang the industrial arc.we live in. For with-out his alternating current, there woold be no mass production of automobiles, aircraft, refrigerators; no great water-power dams and generating plants, no Diesel-electric trains; we could not have developed radiu, relevision or atomic power.

radio, selevision or atomic power. <u>The direct current that Edison</u> worked with a feeble force at best worked with a projectore that a could be sent no more than a couple of miles over wires because its power leaked away rupidly into the surrounding aunosphere. Lights near the power station might burn brightly and steadily, but those near the end of the line would be dim-and fourtaing.

the end of the line would be dim and fluttering. <u>Testa sold bis basic alternating</u>-rurrent patents in 1888, for a mil-liandallar dawn. By 1895, the first ereat power station at Niegara Folls had been built, and by the end of 1896, two more Testa generators had been installed. Within a few years, the pace of life over half the earth had changed from a crawl to a fast gallep—and it has been gath-ering speed ever since. I

ring speed ever since. This uses with by his brilliont idea of a "rotating magnetic field," claineed du fact of the earth and the living habits of the binani race wis a Croat, born in 1857 in Soulipo, a village in what is now Yugoslavia, bot was then part of the old Austro-Hungatian Empire. When he was about sis, Nikola Testa's father, the village priest, was transferred to a larger parish in the civ of Gospie. There, the lad grew up and perfected his ear-liest "inventions." Of these, his fa-

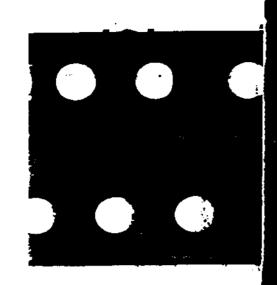
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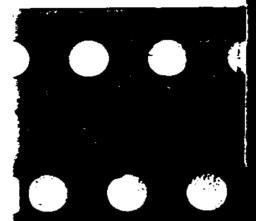


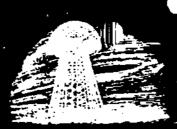
vorite was an "engine" powered by 16 June bugs, harnested in sets of four to spokes which radiated from the drive shaft.
<u>Nikola was a frail lad, often ill; and he nearly wert bland from too much reading. He read everything the child get this hands on, pet only science, but also religion, philosophy, history, literature. By the time he finished high school, he was fluent in French, German and Hulian, as well as his native Serbo-Groat.
He got his school he was fluent in French, German and Hulian, as well as his native Serbo-Groat.
He got his school he was fluent in French, German and Hulian, as well as his native Serbo-Groat.
He got his school he was fluent in French, German and Hulian, as well as his native Serbo-Groat.
He got his school he was fluent in French, German and Hulian, as well as his native Serbo-Groat.
He got family could afford—at Gospie, Carlstadt, Gratz, the University of Progue and, finally, at Budapest. At the University, he saw his first electric motor, a new type direct-entrent affair whose brushes and commutators sent out showers of crackling blac sparks.
"If we got rid of those brushes and loss of energy, we'd have a much better motor," Nikola told his professor. "Perhaps it might be done with an alternating current."
"Nonsense!" barked the professor. "An alternating current would near the arother throught you were Forget nt."
"Rot Tesla could not forget. The set of the se</u>

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CORONET







JUNE, 1955

mentioned alternating current to an electrical engineer, the mat would look at him as though he were

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—and, of course, Tesla had no drawings with which they to con-vince him. But Edisah, the him a job, for he had excellent training as an engineer and Edison needed trained men. Buy with routine electrical work.

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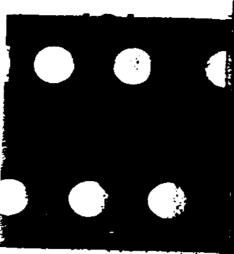
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A system of the system of the

diences were ready to believe nearly

Andre, He bought the patents and gave Tesha a job as engineer in his Pirtslarcouldn't get along with the other Westinghouse engineers. From his standpoint, the alternating the other Westinghouse engineers. From his standpoint, the alternation of "schoolboxs" could now iron out the few remaining kinks. Meantime, his brain had started to hatch even bigger dreams. He went back to bis laboratory in New York.
 "Be alone "The once told a science writer." This done that started to hatch the alone that started to hatch the few remaining kinks. Meantime, his brain had started to hatch the few remaining the word back to bis laboratory in New York.
 "Be alone "The once told a science writer." This once told a science writer. This once told a science writer. This down that started the secret of the down that started to hatch the alone that started to hatch the alone that started to hatch the carth is permanel to foundard the carth's consist and the secret of the down that started to that started to hatch the alone that started to hatch the secret of the started to hatch the alone that started to hatch the alone the secret of the down to do it as the down that started to bath a secret of the secret part of bombard the carth's surface. This, it would be possible for electric power to be sent anywhere without conduits, poles or wires. Or so he thought, until he tried it.

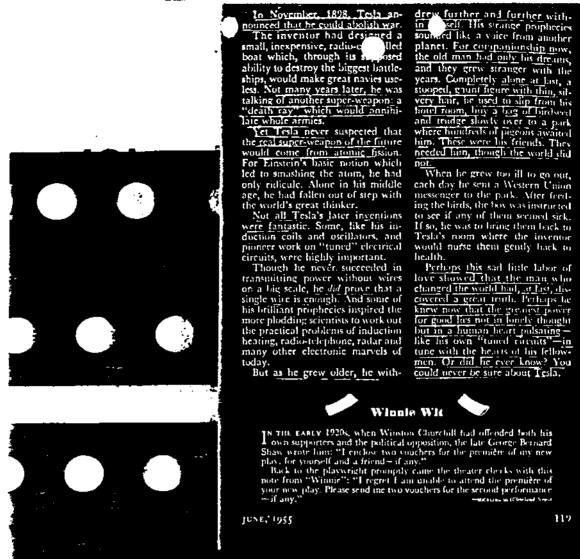
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-RECOGNITION FOR TESLA-

At long last Serbians—American and Canadian—have acted to honor the memory and achievements of one of perbia's greatest sons.

For the world-wide Centennial celebration of Dr. Nikolo Tesla's birth next year, Serbs on this Continent plan to erect a bust statue of the electrical genius to stand before the entrance of the Monastery at Libertyville, III.

Steps looking towards that end were taken at the recent SNF convention following the reading of a letter by President <u>Mik Radakovich from His Grace, Bishord licolai</u>. As the universally-renowned churchman stated, erection of a saitable monument, by Serbians, would forever remind other Serbs of the honor and glory of Dr. Nikola Tesla And that he was a SERBIAN, son of a SERBIAN ORTHODOX clergyman, born in the SERBIAN SELO of Smiljan in Lika.

Further, His Grace urged that the undertaking be a joint one and representative of ALL the Serbian organizations, in the United States and Canada. He naturally looked to the SNF for leadership, and the greatest monetary contribution. Buthe also besought the help of the Serbian Nat'l Defense and the Jedinstvo beneficial society.

The Convention voted \$1000 for the project and a hand collection was taken up among the delegates and guests, kinsmen Milos Konjevich of Joliet, Ill., giving \$200. It is probable that the balance of the needed \$3000 will be raised thru public good-will offerings and via cash gifts of the other two organizations mentioned.

And after a suitable bust has been erected for Dr. Tesla, Bishop Nicolai suggested similar-like monument honor the memory of Dr. Mihaito Pupin, also a world-renowned scientist, author and educator.

This is a subject near and dear to all good Serbian hearts"

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"AMERICAN SREOBRAN" September 28, 1955 Fittsburgh, Pa.

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INFORMATION CONTAINED

UNCI I CONFLET 7-3-80 51 At mate SNF Opens Drive for Tesla Memorial at Libertyville-

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0 PUBLIC AID SO

FITTSBURGH, PA. -- The Serb! Nat'l Federation Executive Board has acted quickly to implement a Convention decision to honor the mepropy of the illustrious Dr. Nikola Tesla.

At its first meeting of Octoher 8, the Board drafted a resolution calling on all SNF members and good Serbians to help finance a memorial project for the late scientist-inventor genius.

This would stand before the entrance of the Morrastery in

Libertyville, Mi, Cdst of the contemplated project, which would clarion to the world that Dr. Tesla was a Serbian, is estimated at \$3000. The Convention voted \$1000 to the cause and a hand Enation, Mr. Andgrson revealed the collection among 122 delegates work by Princess Vilma Lwoff-yielded several hundred dollars Parlachy is missing. more.

Kinsman Milos Konjevich of Anderson wrote; Joliet, Ill., gave \$200

Public Aid Sought

being sought thru good-will offer- An article in the NFW YORK ings of the general Serbian popu- TIMES for March 2, 1816, statedlace in the United States and Can-

A fund, similar to the one be-ing conducted to help defray mortgage experies on Shadeland, has been established. It is hoped to raise the neces-

INDEXED - 14

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sary monies and complete the project in time for the worldwide Centennial celebration for the genius next year.

Spearheading the movement for spearleading the movement for recognition, especially approng American elements, is the DESLA SOCIETY, founded by scientist-engineer Leland Anderson, a fanatical admirer of the late Dr. Nikola Tesla.

Mr. Anderson right now is conducting a search for a famous portrait of the Serbian electrical wizard done at the turn of the century in New York

Seek Missine Portrait

In his current TESLAIAN pub-

Reviewing developments, Mr

Balance of the needed sum is now her latest protrait of Nikola Tesla.

" It was one of the beliefs $c^{\rm g}$ Mr. Tesia that there was something unlucky about posing for a niciure and he never sat to any before he entered the statio of the Princess. The form which she had chosen did not have a sky-

Hereita C. F. F. 12 4 1.55

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light in it and the much desired North exposure was missing. " 'At the suggestion of Mr. Tesla, a cluster of powerful incandescents was put up in the corner of the

THEODMANTIN' CONTAINED

partment and the rays, filtered thru blue glass, were just the right quality. The portrait was shown under the same illumination. At Ease for fitting

" 'Mr. Tesla, having solved the oroblem of the artifical sun, fell to thinking about other parts of the universe, and there he sat oblivious to his surroundings.

" 'The painter was able to pro-duce a likeness in which there i no evidence that the subject wa conscious that anybody was watching him, much lers studying his features from the other side of the eased.

" 'Among those who attended the reception were Mrs. C. B. Alex-"On March 1, 1916, the Princess ander, Henry P. Davison, the gave a reception in her new studio Countless de Rittenburg and Mrs. in New York especially to exhibit E. T. Isham."

After the Princess died, in 1923, her studio and all objects of art." was sold at suction.

The Telsa portrail, 53x4* inches, appeared on the cover of TIME mugazine (July 26, 1831) and in the ELECTRICAL EX-PERIMENTEE (January 1919), Mr. Anderson says. Mr. Anderson says, Its location is not now known.

AMERICAN SREOBRAN October 26, 1955 Fittsburgh, Pa.

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LAF\$1580

Half of \$3000 Costs **For Statue Pledged**

Cadiz, O., Serb Gives \$100 For Bust Image of Inventor To Be Placed at Monastery

Pittsburgh, Pa.—Half of the \$3000 fund goal for a statue memorial of the late Dr. Nikola Tesla has been realized, the SNF announced today.

In fact, total contributions counted so far come to \$1580.

The Fund is an outgrowth of a plea by Bishop Nicolai for Serbians to do honor for the

memory of the noted electrical historians, writers, educators, wizard during the world-wide Centennial celebration planned for the genius next year.

In the wake of the plea, voiced at the recent 7th Convention at Niagara Falls, Canada, the delegates approved a \$1000 gift from the SNF and decided to raise, by public their donations are as follows: grant, the balance of \$2000.

A hand collection among the Delegate M. Konjevich 122 grass-roots leaders of the Socieff raised another \$450. Then, Petar Borovich at in first meeting October 5, the SNF Counsel N. Stone newly-elected Executive Board of Delegate N. Stepanovich the SNF appealed to the membership at large to fulfill the bal-, ance required.

First Contribution \$100

A scant 24 hours after the appeal was published in the Society's "Srbobran" organ last Wednes-NUT 14 day, Sime Zelich of Cadiz, O.,

gave \$100. The proposed memorial, a statue image, would be placed before the entrance of the St. Sava Serbian Monastery in Libertyville, Im.

scientists, etc., would not be misled, Bishop Nicolai believes. Be that as it may, the SNFs goal is to amass the needed monies in time to crect and dedicate the memorial before the Tesla

Donors and the amounts of

Centennial celebration ends.

SNF \$ 1000.00 200.00 50.00 Todor Drazich ... Petar Borovich 25.00 25.00 20.00 20.00 Maxim Jakovac •• Ilija Janjanin 20.00 •• Lou Balta 10.00 ... Jovan Vukcevich 10.00 •• Milan Kejganovich 10.00 •• Steven Rogulia 10.00 .. Bordan Dragieich 5.00 •• Milan Tomich 5.00 Todor Vuicich 5.00 •• Djuro Lukich 5.00 G. Stoisavljevich **5.0**0 R. Vukadinovich 5.00 Janko Mrmich -5.00 •• Peter Maravich 5.00 Mirko Baranin 5.00

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	SNF \$ 1000.00
hand collection among the	
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raised another \$450. Then,	Peter Borovich 25.00*
a first meeting October 5, that	
ly-elected Executive Board of	
SNF appealed to the mem-	
ship at large to fulfill the bal-	Inja Janjanin 20.00
e required. 🔨	Lou Balta 10.00
First Contribution \$100	Jovan Vukcevich 10.00
	Milan Kajganovich 10.00 🛩
A scant 24 hours after the ap-	
d was published in the Society's	
bobran" organ last Wednes-	, Milan Lomich, 5.00
4. Sime Zelich of Cadiz, O.,	"Todor Vuicich 5.00
'e \$100.	Djuro Lukich 5.00
The proposed memorial, a	"G. Stoisavljevich 5.00
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bian Monastery in Libertyville.	"Petar Maravich 5.00
	"Mirko Baranin 5.00
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ns of thousands of Serbian	·
sitors annually that Nikola	Prof. Anthony Tomovich
esla was of Serbian immigrant	(Edmonton, Alberta,
ock and son of a Serbian	Can.) 10.00
rthodox clergyman," Bishop	Teta Andia Mamula
icolai declared.	
For half a century and more,	(Pittaburgh) 5.00
· general American public has	
on misled anent the nationality	10.00
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: of atomic energy power.	Milinko Alexich, war invalid
	(Omaha, Nebr.)
Only recently, a prominent	

Total

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Old References Poor

The magazine publication, for stance, explained it obtained its ference material from an antisted guide book. Since the misleading matter 're was never challenged by rbians and other interested rties before, the magazine logily assumed it was factual. Erection of a bust statue. ian listing Dr. Tesla's date of

irth. hirtholace. parents, etc., ould counter the old mide ad make critain that future -the honoring, forever, of two of Serbia's best-known immigrant sons who contributed so greatly to the welfare and prosperity of their adopted America. ١.

We hope to report developments as soon as they take place, remembering Bishop Nikolai's concluding remarks:

"Nikola Tesla, in the field of science, brought the Serbian name great glory—just as did the greatest Serbian knights on the field of battle."

Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, D.C.

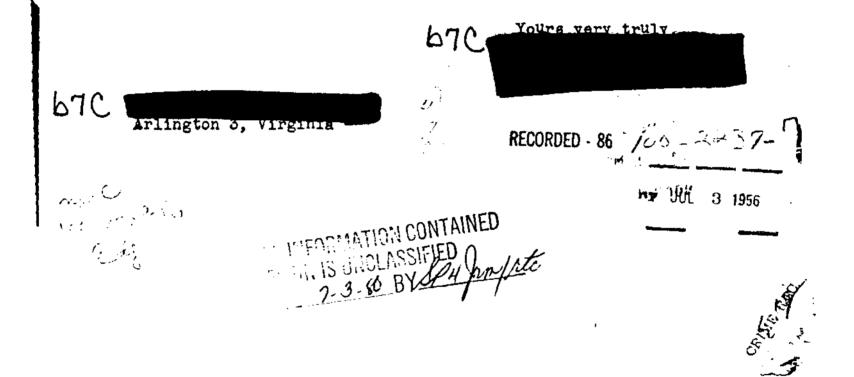
Gentlemen:

During my senior year at Georgetown University I read J.J.O'Niel's Biography of Nikoli Tesla; the book, entitled "Prodigal Genius" described quite a few of Tesla's experiments, most of which I tried myself in the physics lab. I am interested in reviewing Tesla's experiments in wireless electric power transmission.

Unfortunately, Tesla died in 1945 just at the time he supposedly had developed a system of wireless power transmission. Since World War 11 was then in progress his papers were seized and sealed by the F.B.I. I suppose that by now Tesla's papers have been released for publication, but a call to the Library of Congress produced no results. Therefore, I have two questions:

- 1) Does the F.B.I. now have Tesla's scientific papers?
- 2) If so, are they available for public inspection? If they were released, who has them?

I will certainly appreciate any help you can give me along these lines. Tesla published very little of his findings; this, coupled with the fact that wireless power is connected by most people with "Death Rays" and crack-pots has made it nearly impossible for me to find anything on the subject.



ì RECORDED - 86 INDEXED - 86 INFORMATION CONTAINED June 29, 1956 EIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EX-122 DATE 7-3-80 BY 5 Arlington 3, Virginia Dear Nikoli Tesla Your letter dated June 23, 1956, has been received, and in response to your inquiry, I would like to advise that our files reflect that the effects of Nikela Tesla were taken into custody after his death by the Office of Alien Property and not by this Bureau. Since we did not participate in the handling of Mr. Tesla's effects, we are unable to supply the information you requested. Sincerely yours, 훞 S DEPT 3 John Edgar Hoover קר 🖥 Director 00 Ē ÷ω COMM - FBI NOTE: Bufiles reflect no record on correspondent and reveal the correct JUN 2 9 1956 spelling of Tesla's name as "Nikoja." Bufiles reflect this type of reply ha been utilized by the Domestic Intelligence Division in answering similar MAILED 24 ingutries. (65-47953; 100-2237) Cover memo from Mr. Belmont to Boardman 6-29-55, set out background of this matter which concerned the death of Tesla, a famous electrical inventor. Bureau was not involved in this matter, and the opening of the safe containing his effects was done by the Office of Alien Property. - . . . Boardm HAL ROOM Nichols Belmont Harbo . 1055 F 350 PULL ELJ:jh:mmh Mohr n' n' n' hill Parsons Rosen _ Tamm Sizoo #interrowd Tele. Soom . Holloman Gandy _

STANCTHO FORM PRI. 84 Office Men.dum . UNITED GOVERNMENT то 🔶 : DATE: 7/25/57 DIRECTOR, FBI - ----FORMATION CONTAINED 11-21-11 EIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EROM : SAC, NEW YORK (65-12290) NIKOLA TESLA (Deceased) SUBJECT: IS -YU Street, New York 24, New York, a United States citizeh of Yugoslav 671 extraction, who on occasion, voluntarily furnishes the New York Office with information he considers to b7C. be in the interests of the Security of the United States Government, furnished Special Agant NICHOLAS J.MASTROVICH the following information on July 3, 1957: MR. J. HLS. JOHT STORM Mrs. MARGARET STORM who lives with her husband, 67D 570 JOHN, at the Calonial Hotel, 51 West 81st Street, New York 24, New York, has been issuing newsletters which contain information pertaining to flying saucers and interplanetary matters. NEWSLETT stated that in his opinion Mr. and Mrs. STORM are exploiting the reputation and genius of NIKOLA TESLA, deceased, inventor of Yugoslav 67J extraction who ableved world wide fame as a result of 67C his inventions in the United States. TESLA was born in Smiljan, Yugoslavia in July, 1859 and came to the United States in 1894 and became a naturalized United States citizen. In 1886 TESLA designed the arc-lighting system and two gears later he invented the Tesla motor and designed a plan for the transmission of alternating current. -In subsequent years, TESLA's discoveries and inventions included such fields and appliances as wireless communication, electrical oscillation, radiant power and 2 - Bueau (RM) (Encs.2) L - Los Angelesco (Info) (Encl.1) (RM) 1 - New York (65-12290) RECORDED-56 RECORDED-56 14 JUL 29 1957 INDEXED-56 NJM:mcd (4) **'Ð 1957** M

NY 65-12290 -

TESLA's only military invention was a method to which he once eluded but newr fully described. This invention was a means whereby an inpenetrable "wall of force" can be erected around the United States' borders which would render helpless any military attack. TESLA disclosed the existence of his plan in 1934 and stated he intended to present it to the Geneva Conference but seldom referred to it afterward.

The "New York Times" dated 9/22/40, carried an article setting forth <u>NICDLA /IESLA</u>'s plan for a "Death Ray". This article included information to the effect that TESLA, on his 84th birthday, July 10, 1940, advised <u>New York Times reporter WILLIAM A Funktence</u> that he was ready to divulge to the United States Government the secret of his "teleforce", with which he said airplane motors would be melted at a distance of 250 miles so that an invisible Chinese wall of defense would be built around the country against any attempted attack by an enemy airforce no matter how large. According to TESLA, this "teleforce" was based on an entirely new printaple of Physics that "no one has ever dreamed about" and was different from the principle embodied in his inventions relating to the transmission of electrical power from a distance, for which he received a number of basic patents.

TESLA stated that this new type of force would operate through a beam one hundredth millionth of a square content in diameter and could be generated from a special plant that would cost no more than two million dollars and would take only about three months to construct. TESLA stated that a dren such plants located at strategic points along the toast, according to TESLA, would be enough to defand the United States against all possible aerial attacks. TESLA stated that this beam would melt any engine and would also ignite explosives aboard any bomber. TESLA stated that no possible defense against it could be devised and he asserted that the beam would be all penetrating.

-2-

NY 65-12290

TESLA stated to Mr. LAWRENCE that he makes one important stipulation before he would divulge this secret to the United States Government and that was that should the United States Government decide to take up his offer, he would go to work at once but that the United States Government would have to trust him. TESLA stated that he would suffer "no interference from experts."

In this "New York Times" article Mr. LAWRENCE commented that with conditions as they were in 1940, and with the United States getting ready to spend millions of dollars for National Defense, Mr. TESLA's great reputation as an inventor, who always was many years ahead of his time, should be given careful consideration. Mr. LAWRENCE stated, in his opinion, the United States Government should take Mr. TESLA at his word and commission him to go ahead with the construction of his "teleforce" plant.

The New York file of Mr. TESLA bears no indication that any additional developments were carried on in connection with TESA's invention and whether or not TESLA fully divulged his new plan to the United States Government.

TESLA died at the age of 85 on January 7, 1943.

Mr. The provided a two page copy of the above mentioned newsletter which Mr. and Mrs. STORM have been distributing in connection with the alleged invention by TESLA, which, according to Mr. and Mrs. STORM, consists of a radio type machine known as the Tesla Set which was invented by Mr. TESLA in 1938 for interplanetary communication. Mr. and Mrs. STORM claim that TESLA's engineers did not complete the Tesla Set until after TESLA's death in 1943. Mr. and Mrs. STORM claim that this Set was placed incopertion in 1950 and since that time TESLA engineers' have been in close touch with space ships. etc.



- 3 -

NY 65-12290

included b7D The mewsletter furnished by Mr. the following names: 1 ••• b7C The files of the New York Office contained no pertinent information regarding any of the above mentioned individuals. VAHO . Two photostatic copies of this newsletter are being sent to the Bureau for purposes of information while one copy is being submitted to the Los Angeles Office for information purposes.

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- 4 -



Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

Lear Sir: I an hopeful that you can help me obtain certain information on records and data, which belonged to Dr. Nikola Tesla. -01 He was an Electrical Engineer and prolific inventor.

L INFORMATION CONTAINED

CELESCALDINU CI VI

He was born in Yugoslavia in 1856 and died in the United States, New York City, January 7th, 1943. He was a naturalized citizen of this country.

The only information I could find of his records was a report that the F.B.I. removed his papers for examination, and that the records were sealed by the custodian of alien property.

I have been doing some theoretical research of my own, which I believe may be along the same lines he followed in certain of his experiments. I also believe the development of his ideas would be in the interest of our country regardless of who developes them.

If it is at all possible for me to have access to at least some of his experimental work, I would certainly appreciate it. I am not able, by reason of the vest finances, which would be required, to conduct such experiments myself, so the data he made and collected would be invaluable.

Of course, it is possible that his records do not contain material pertinent to his electronics work, because from what I understand from reading about him, he kept most of his records in his head and wrote down very little of his data.

It is also possible that some of his ideas are impractical, but I feel sure that certain of his ideas will be of immense value to our country within the next several decades or even before, if they are developed at a rapid rate.

Sincerely, 16 MAR 18 1958

67C

I would appreciate hearing from you on the subject, if you have any information pertaining to it, which you could make available to me.

REC-1

(101-3/14/38 "1011") DCL

March 14, 1958

Philadelphia 34, Penneylvania

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Your letter postmarhod March 7, 1958, received.

In response to your inquiry, I would like to advine that our files reflect that the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were taken into custody after his death by the Office of Alien Property in the Department of Justice and not by the FBL.

Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's effects, we are unable to supply the information you requested.

Sincerely your

<u>ہ</u> _ _ ۲ MOTE: Bufiles reflect no record on correspondent. Buffles reflect above type of reply has been utilized in the past in answering similar inquiries. (100-2237-7) Cover Memorandum from Belmont to Boardman 6/29/55 set forth background of this matter which concerned the death of Tesls, assumes electrical inventor. Bureau was not involved in this matter, and the semining of the gain containing his effects was done by the Officervi Alien Property.

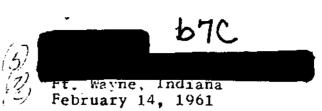
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Gandy MAIL ROOM [j ,	95-10-21		

199

) June 24, 1959 Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, d. C. INFORMATION CONTAINED EIN IS UNCLASSIFIED dear Sirs, THE 7-3-88 CV St 4 papete Is am doing a research study life of Dr. Nikola Tesla of New York City (1856 - 1943), and desire information which you may have. It was reported in the book "Prodigal Senius" that Dr. Fesla's papere were seized brom his new york hotel room upon his death in 1943 by the F.B.J. I am very interested in getting! copies of this papers for my study and would like to know if this report is true and where & might obtain further information about them or if you are Kolding them. EX 101 Sencerely yours 1. 15 1.1.27 Willunukee 15, Wis

TOT XI July 2, 1959 rec- 91 00-2251 ONTAINED newsellose 15. Wisconsin 61 Dear d b Your letter dated June 24, 1959, has been receive In response to your inquiry, I wish to advise that our files reflect that the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla wate impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBL. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's effects, we are anable to supply the information you desire. Sincerely yours, MAILED 5 JUL 2 1959 John Edgar Hoove COMM-FBI Director NOTE: Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesia was a world-famous dectrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. D'Neil, alleges that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Department who did so, and the above. reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries. RW 2 68 bH .23 Tolson DCL:mgh Belmont DeLoach (3) 💒 McGuire GERT OF MUST Mohr F B I Parsons Rosen Tomm Trotte W.C. Sulliva 1959 🔨 JUL 9 Relicton 🚽 NAUL ROOM CONTENT TELETYPE UNIT Gondy

OFTIONAL FORM NO. 10 Tolson UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum Roser MFORMATION CONTAINED 12-6-60 MR. TROTTE DATE: Tamm 10 Tratte W.C. Sulfavon _ Tele, Room Ingram A. K. Bowles. FROM . . . jul \mathcal{O} NIKOLA TESLA (DECEASED) SUBJECT: INFORMATION CONCERNING Boston, Massachusetts, telephoned December 5 and was referred to Ident by switchboard because he wanted to talk with someone in charge of records said he is making a research study for U. S. Air Force of deceased. on subject of geophysics. His deadline is ten days from now. said he just discovered a sentence in a book by John XO'Neill entitled "The Prodigal Genius -- The Life of Nikola Tesla," which states the FBI took Justody of papers from Tesla's safe after his death in New York City in 1943. Tesla was a world-famous Yugoslav scientist and inventor in the electrical field who died January 7, 1943, in New York City. requested immediate access to Tesla's scientific works which may shed light we would have somebody from research study. I told on our Boston Office contact him immediately. Bureau file 100-2237 shows no investigation of Tesla has been con**b7C** ducted by Bureau. Since erroneous statement concerning FBI's taking custody of papers from Tesla's safe after his death appeared in O'Neill's book published in 1944, Bureau has received numerous inquiries from scientists desiring to review Tesla's writings. Each inquiry has been answered by stating FBI did not participate in handling Tesla's effects, but information has come to our attention that Office of Alien Property of Department of Justice may have examined Tesla's effects. (File indicates that representatives of Office of Alien Property did actually review Tesla's possessions, including his writings, but file does not show what final disposition was made of Tesla's possessions.) A teletype to Boston Division was prepared, but before it was sent telephoned again to furnish me the exact page in O'Neill's book in which he refers to the FBI. At that time I told the statement in the book was untrue -- that the FBI had not examined or taken custody of Tesla's that he might contact Office of Alien Property. papers. I suggested to (Therefore, teletype to Boston was not necessary.)/(0 - 2237 -Bu EX-113 REC- 385 DEC 8 350 ACTION: For record. € 131960 Bu file 100-2237 1- Mr. Belmont



L INFORMATION CONTAINED

N IS UNCLASSIFIED

CATE 7-3-80 BY

Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Information Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I am a college student who is doing a research paper on <u>Nikola Tesla</u>. As I was collecting the material for my paper, I discovered that at the time of Tesla's death, the department of the F.B.I. confiscated the data and papers that Tesla had collected from his research in the field of electricity. This confiscation of his material was stated $J_{CT}(r) J_r O'Ne(1)$ in the PRODIGAL GENIUS by J.J. O'Ne(1, published in 1944 at New York city by Washburn Inc.

I have developed an interest in the discoveries and accomplishments of Tesla that is presently limited by the shortage of factual material. If in your files, you have any information concerning Nikola Tesla that you are permitted to release, I will sincerly appreciate your cooperation in helping me give the proper recognition to this great scientist and American. Below I have listed the facts that may be helpful to you; EX../CL

 Born in 1856 at Smiljan, Crotia, now Yugoslavia
 Came to America in 1884 and was employed for a short time with the Edison Co. at Orange, N.J.
 Oied on January 7, 1943 at New York city

<u>Sincerly</u> Yours,

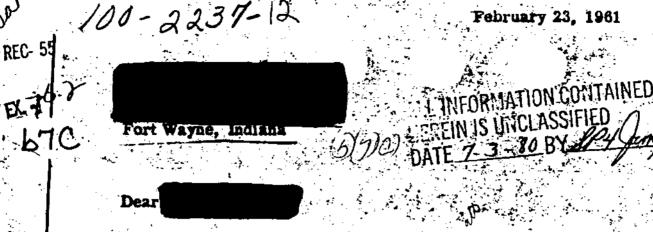
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Thanking you for your time and co-operation that I have

taken, I remain,

al in



Your letter of February 14, 1961, has been received, and the interest which prompted you to write is appreciated.

In response to your inquiry, I wish to advise that our files reflect that the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FRE. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's effects, we are unable to supply the information you desire.

MAILED 10 FEB 2 3 1961 COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours

John Edgar Hoover Director

Ser.

NOTE: No record could be located in Bufiles identifiable with correspondent. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all, of his personal papers and effects were believed gangerous to the country's security if they fell into/authorized hands. The book "Prodigal Genius," by John J. 'D'Neil, alleges that the PBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Department who did so, and the above reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries.

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Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington 25, D.C.

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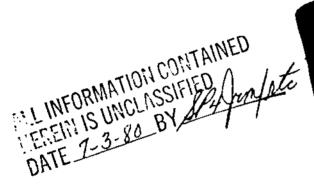
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Gentlemen:

I am making a study, motivated out of personal curiosity, into the life and works of Nikola Tesla. Mr. Tesla died on January 7, 1943 in the Hotel New Yorker. Since F.B.I. Operatives opened his safe and took his papers for examination, I wonder if these papers are available for perusal? If they are available, where would they be located, and are copies available to the public?

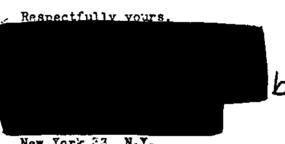
I am a citizen of the United States, and have been cleared for security --the latest one being for work on Air Force Contracts for Eastman Kodak Company:/

Thank you very much for any information or help you may be able to give me in this matter!! (b) (1) (C) (C)



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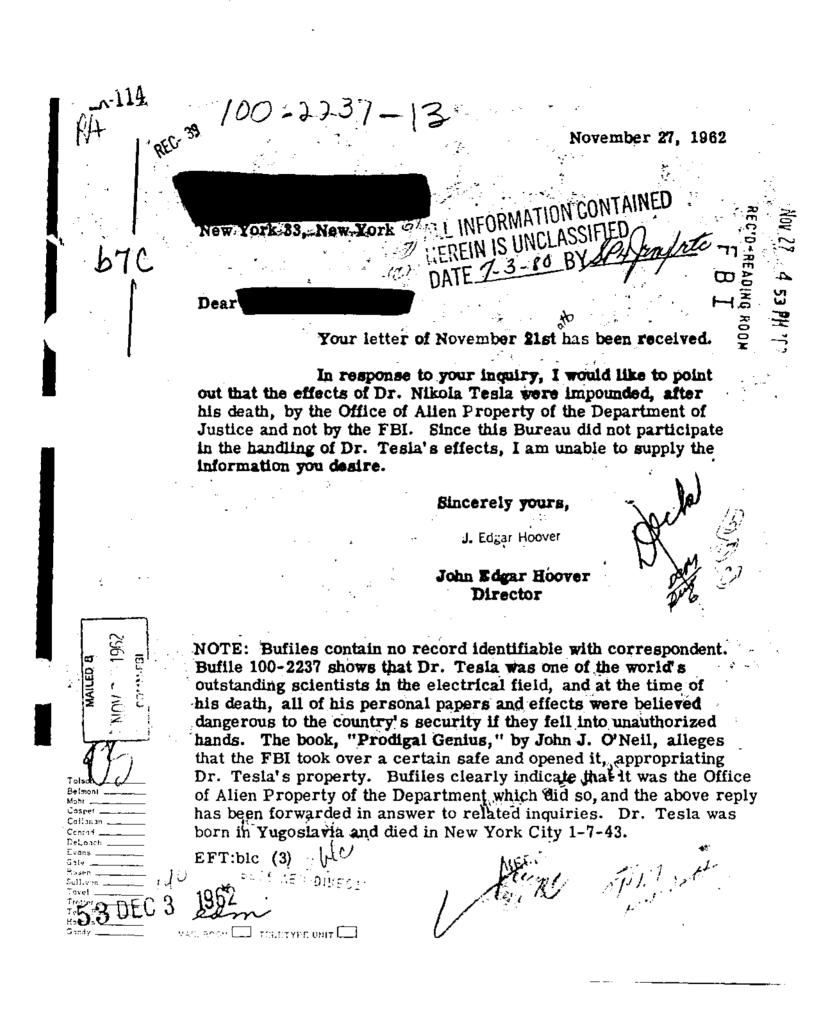


New York 33, N.Y.

REC- 39 100.2.21 13 EX-11A

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tt AF B. I.U. 5 10 March 1964. Fichard Berin of Innesting time Washington 25. D.C. INFORMATION CONTAINED Den Sin, Far some time, have been would only allow the mattin of which was reported on the late Nikile Tille, the inventor. He did during Carly Jenning 1943, while in residence at the Hotil Manyoke, Manyord ter a licente have it that this taking ingo (property site) nor 20 studied beald appreciate dearing if anything can be being about the Can kaping to the on kenne, and in Washing , to, along the third work of Copril. This is mational, in case it is possible to main anything relating to the question. Sincerely . 102-17-64 3-18-64 5 AW MAN 670

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Scott AFB, III. 10 March 1964.

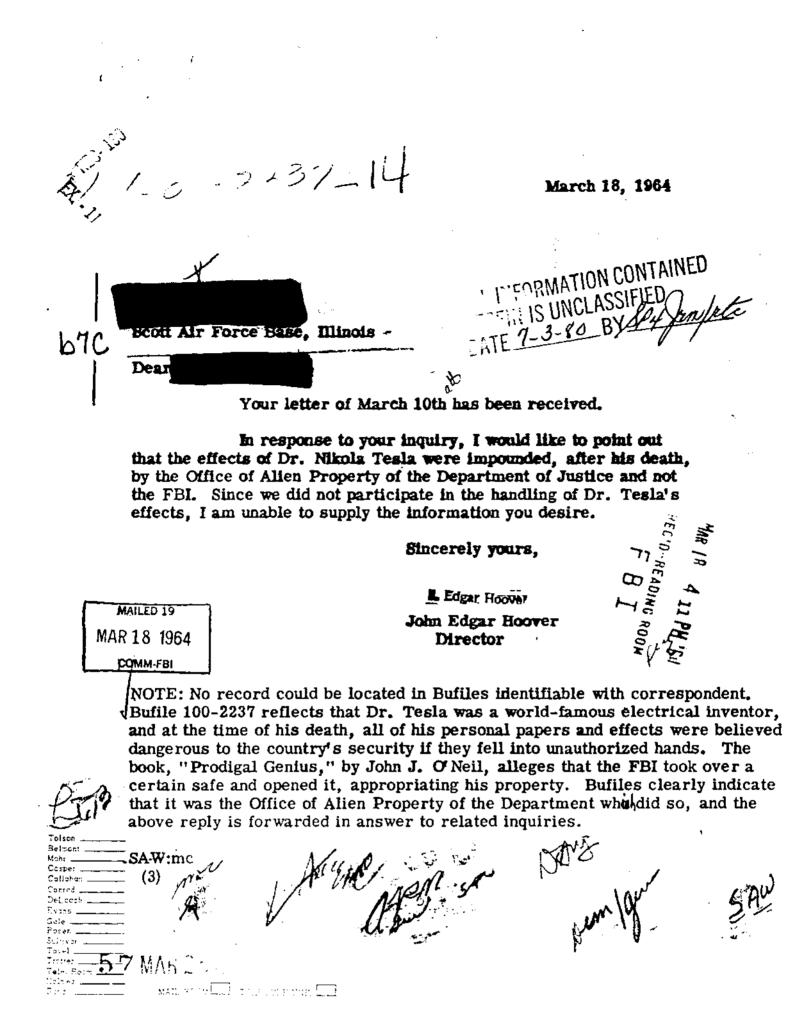
Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Sirs,

For some time, have been wondering about the matter of what was reported on the late Nikola Tesla, the inventor. He died during early January 1943, while in residence at the Hotel New Yorker, New York City. Accounts have it that his belongings (papers, etc.) were studied. Would appreciate learning if anything can be learned about this.

Am hoping to be on leave, and in Washington, along the third week of April. This is mentioned, in case it is possible to view anything relating to the question.

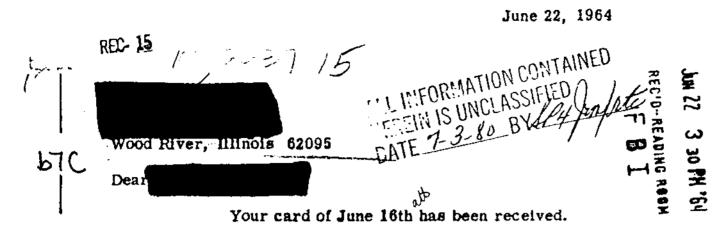
Sincerely, DATE 7-3-80 BY ACTION 67C 1 3- 17- by ach 3- 5AW/m ach man لنتد مذر 100-2237 IO MAR 19 1964



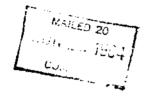
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Ì Sir, Tesla According to "Prodical Genius, Nikola Festa" by J. J. O'Neil (a book) some papers were taken from the safe of Mr. Festa about 1945 yr. Is this true. If so are the papers declasified yet? If so may I obtain a copy? Zip 62095 67C Wood River, Ill. Sir Theory to Producal Series, Michola Festa Thy F.J. O'Meil (a book) some papers were taken from the safe of Mr. Tesla about 1945 yr. Is this true. EX-10 If so are the paper and Af so may d obtain a copy? Wood River, Ell. 11- 24:1-3 JUN 23:1964 67C the 6. 22-4 MLL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-3-80 BY SPA Don/ste



In response to your inquiry, I would like to point out that the effects of <u>Dr. Nikola Tesla</u> were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's effects, I am unable to furnish the information you desire.



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Sincerely yours,

.0. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: No record could be located in Bufiles identifiable with correspondent. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical invento: and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hand: The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neil, alleges that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Department which did st and the above reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries.

<u>SAW:</u>uíy (3) BECERVED DIRECTO F2 9 4JUN 26



SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

CORVALLIS, OREGON 97331

Reply to: DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SCIENCE

March 28, 1967

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Department of Information 9th Street & Pennsylvania Aven, N.W. Washington 25, D. C. 20535

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED DATE 7-3-80 BY

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Dear Sirs:

I am a student of the history of science at Oregon State University, and I am attempting to write a research paper on a very eccentric scientist who died in 1943. His name was Nikola Tesla, a naturalized American of Serbian extraction, and he died in his hotel room in New York City on January 8, 1943.

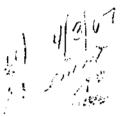
During the years leading up to World War II, Nikola Tesla supposedly invented a "Death Ray" which could destroy several hundred aircraft. Mr. Tesla was a very prolific and creative genius during his early years but gradually became something of a crackpot in his old age. As a student of the history of science, it is important to determine whether or not Tesla had any valid ideas in the plans for his death ray. Tesla invented the fluorescent light and also was one of the first scientists to discover X-Rays--hence there may be some possibility that his death ray might actually have been some crude type of laser.

In Tesla's biography, "Prodigal Genius", by John J. O'Neill, the author states on page 277:

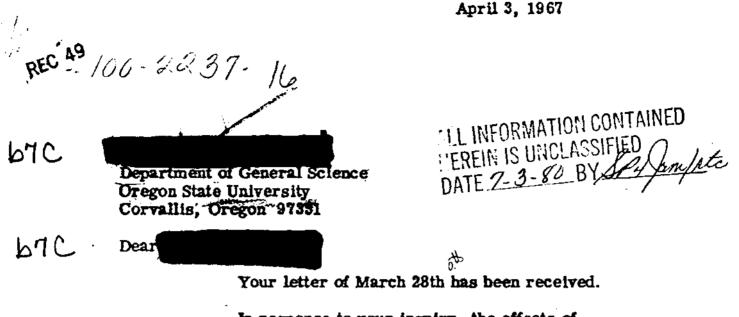
"Operatives from the F.B.I. came to Tesla's hotel room shortly after his death and opened the safe in his room. They took the papers that it contained in order to examine them for a reported secret invention of possible use in the war..."

I am trying to locate Tesla's secret and unpublished writings concerning his death ray. I have searched the literature quite thoroughly and have found nothing. Does the F.B.I. still have these papers or can you tell where I might be able to obtain these writings for examination? Any assistance or information that you may lend me will be very much appreciated.

100-2237-RFC. 49. Sincerely yours 67C SPONDENCE



LRA;dg



In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's effects, I am unable to furnish the information you desire.

> Sincerely yours, 1. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

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NOTE: No record could be located in Bufiles identifiable with correspondent. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands, The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neil, alleges that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Department which did so, and the above reply is forwarded in 11H + 1 answer to related inquiries.

Feb. 25, 1969

Dear Mr. Hoover,

In the year 1943 the 3. B.I. confiscated all of the papers and maybe some of the machines of physicist. Nihola Jesla. These papers were his experiments and ideas at the time of his death. According to the books' live read, these papers were confiscated on the grounds of the energy getting abold of his ideas and apply them to war machines. I have studied all of the material or this man and have found hån to be more intelligent than the peat "Brair" of his time, Shomas Ediso Why without Nikola Jesla there would be Westingtouse Company as we know today. This is the man who harnessed Neagara Falls, and was the one and only man who could see the possibilities of alternating ament when men like Edison said "it would never work". What I am wondering is, maybe these papers could be reclassified from whatever "Dop Secret" classification they now have and be made available for study by the people who understand and iar gair knowledge from them. COBRESPONDENCE 1 12

I would be willing to pay for reproductions of fise experiments if nothing else. He still has a great many ideas that have never been tailed. It disturbo me to think that everyone has forgotten about the idea of this man when he was so advanced for his time. I can say with assurance that no man alive can say that he knows all of Desla's ideas. Und studying other men's ideas is the way to advance in science faster. I hope something can be done to get these papers released. b7C 46928

J. Edgan Hoo in Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D. C.

TRUE COPY

Dear Mr. Hoover,

1969, 1969, 1969 CONTRACTION OF MILEDS, 1969 DATE 2-3-80 BY Set Jum/ste

In the year 1943 the F.B.I. confiscated all of the papers and maybe some of the machines of physicist, Nikola Tesla. These papers were his experiments and ideas at the time of his death. According to the books I've read, these papers were confiscated on the grounds of the enemy getting ahold of his ideas and apply them to war machines.

I have studied all of the material on this man and have found him to be more intelligent than the great "Brain" of his time, Thomas Edison.

Why without Nikola Tesla there would be Westinghouse Company as we know today. This is the man who harnessed Niagara Falls, and was the one and only man who could see the possibilities of Alternating Current when men like Edison said "it would never work."

What I am wondering is, maybe these papers could be reclassified from whatever "Top Secret" classification they now have and be made available for study by the people who understand and can gain knowledge from them.

I would be willing to pay for reproductions of his experiments if nothing else. He still has a great many ideas that have never been tried.

It disturbs me to think that everyone has forgotten about the ideas of this man when he was so advanced for his time.

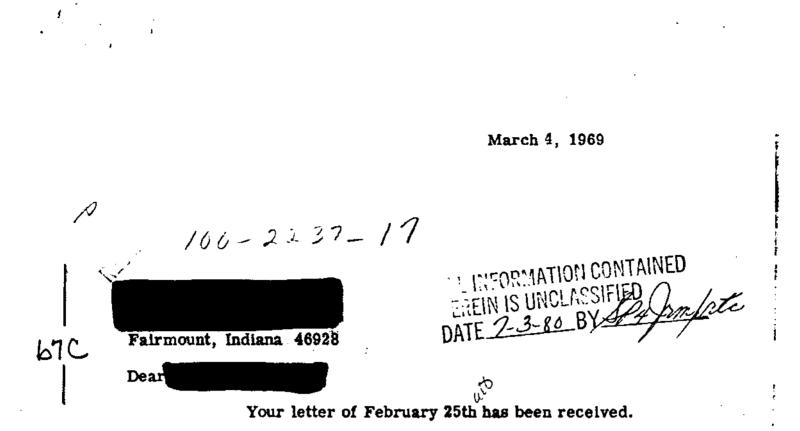
I can say with assurance that no man alive can say that he knows all of Tesla's ideas. And studying other men's ideas is the way to advance in science faster. 100-2237-17

I hope something can be done to get these papers released.

Thank You,

/s/

100-2237-67C Fairmount, Indiana 46928



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In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire. Accopyf of your communication has been referred to the Department of Justice.

Sincerely yours,

MAILED 10 MAR 4 - 1969 COMM-FBI

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J. Edgar Hoover

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NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neil, alleges that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Department which did so, and the above reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries. Copy of letter referred to Assistant Attorgey General, Civil Division of the Department.

111



Lincoln Park, N.J. 07035 April 8, 1970

Federal Bureau of Investigation Director of Central Records Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

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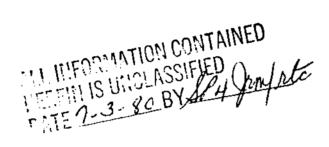
5 Nikola 50 I am doing a research paper on Nickola Tesla and would appreciate it if you could please provide me with the following information.

That information being why did your Bureau impound his personal effects immediately after his death on January 7, 1943. Secondly, could you provide a list of those effects, and lastly, when were they released and to whom were they given.

Thanking you for the information



REC 44



100-2237-18 C APR 15 1970

CONNERS

4/14

REG 44 104 21 37-18 April 14, 1970 FORMATION CONTAINED IS UNCLASSIFIED Lincoln Park, New Jersey 07035 67C Dear eto In reply to your inquiry of April 8th, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings. I am unable to furnish the information you desire. A copy of your communication has been referred to the Department of Justice for any help it may be able to offer. Sincerely yours, 1 Edgar Hoover ふ MAILED 9 John Edgar Hoover Director APR 1 4 1970 COMM-FBI NOTE: Bufiles contain no information identifiable with corresponden... Tolson Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Hesla was a world-famous electrical DeLoach inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and Walters Mohr effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell Bishop Casper into unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. Callahar Contad . O'Neil, alleges that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, Feli Gale appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Rosen Office of Alien Property of the Department which did so, and the above Sulliven Tavel . TELETYPE UNIT __________ THE CONTRACT OF THE C AIL BOCM TELETYPE UNIT MHB:cfj (3) 名: Gandy

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Marvista 66% Calif.

July 8, 1970.

I INFORMATION CONTAINED

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington D. C.

Dear Sir,

Nith Testa

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I am writing this to you as I believe that most of the government is infiltrated with foreign agents, and there is a very good chance this could be of extreme importance for the defense of our nation.

I met a man a number of years ago that was raised on Long Island in the neighborhood where Mr. Tesla, inventor of the Tesla Coil, had his lab. He told me of Mr. Tesla's notes blowing down the street when the junk men were dismantling his equipment. It would be a wonderful thing is some of these notes were salvaged and could be found.

Mr. Tesla was at least a century ahead of his time. He sent radio signals around the world seventeen years prior to Mr. Marconi, who received the credit, and pioneered many fields. He was so far advanced that he had to invent a special math to keep up with his work.

He, on several accasions talked before the scientists of the world and became very angry at their inability to understand him, and due to this was violently disliked and didnot receive acknowledgement for his discoveries. One of the notes read by this man told of the radio transmission of electricity being brought to a high degree of efficiency.

Now here is the thing that should be investigated throughly. During my High School education, in the winter of either 19-25-26 or 1926-27, I made a currant events report on an article appearing in a small publication of that name that was received weekly at the Troy Highschool, Troy Montana. It stated in this article that Mr. Tesla had made an offer to the Congress of the United States that if they would install radio transmission towers at every 150 miles around the border of this country, that he would install equipment that would broadcast a vertical plane of energy beyond the atmosphere through which no material object could pass as it would shatter or lose it's monecular coohesion. It was refused.

There is a good chance that this data is in the files of congress. What a defence, and boy do we need it. **EX-117** REC-3 100-2037-19

I have had some results along this line with structured vortices of magnetic fields, but do not have the technical equipment or knowledge to carry out further experiments. The theory is quite simple and deals with particle-acceleration, and it works to the best of my knowledge. 9 JULIC 1970

Sincerelv b7C Just - en

July 15, 1970 REC-3 100-2237-1 L INFORMATION CONTAINED DATE 2-3-80 BY California 30066 Vista, 12T Ь Dear

which prompted you to write to me is appreciated. With respect to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and the FBI did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings. In addition, this Bureau is strictly an investigative agency of the Federal Government and matters such as you mentioned do not come within the scope of this Bureau's authority.

Your letter was received on July 13th and the interest

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

NOTE: Builles contain no record of correspondent. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and, at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands. Bufiles indicate that the Office of Alien Property of the Department appropriated his property and replies similar to the above have been used to answer related inquiries.

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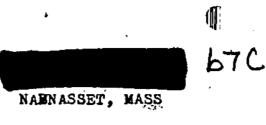
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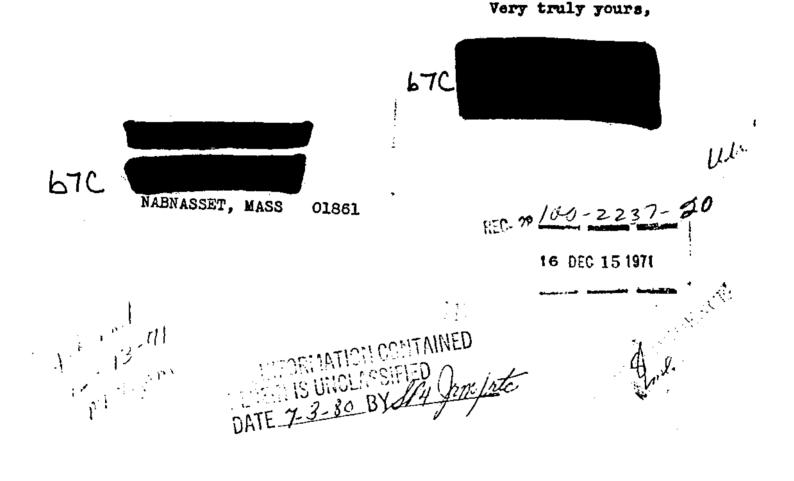
01861

6 DECEMBER 1971

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D.C.

Dear Sir:

I have recently begun a collection and reading file of all matters pertaining to Nikola Tesla. In so doing I was amazed to find that upon his death; January 7, 1943, in NYC, your bureau confined his papers. May I ask if you still "have them in jail". I am extremely interested in his work(s) and am trying to establish my own "Tesla" library. Your assistance would be greatly appreciated.



December 14, 1971 **LL INFORMATION CONTAINED** 00-2237 -REC- 28 CLASSIFIED B 80 abnasset, Massachusetts. 01861 ь7 Dear Your letter of December 6th has been received. In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. We did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings in any way. Copies of your communication and my reply have been referred to the > Department of Justice. Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director NOTE: Bufiles contain no record correspondent. Dr. Tesla was world-famous electrical inventor, and at death, his effects believed dangerous to country's security. "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neil, alleges FBI took safe and appropriated his property. Above reply previously given to same inquiries. (100-2237) Material sent to the Assistant Attorney, Civil Division, of the Department. MLN:jam (4) Tolson Jan Felt_ Rosen . Nohr _ Bishop Miller, E.S. MAILED 8 Callahan Casper Conrad Dattey Cleveland Ponder ____ FBI Bates Tavel . Walters \mathbf{D} Soyars _____ Holmes MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT Gandy U. TRADE

Federal Bureau Of Investigation Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Northeast Washington D. C. 20535

Dear Sirs,

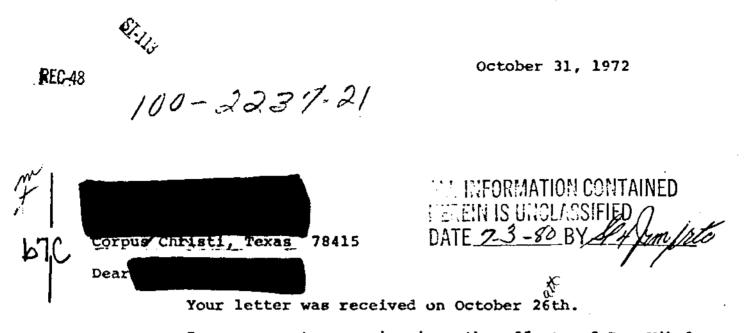
Upon rea ding a biography on <u>Nikola Tesla</u>, I found the urge to read more on him and his works. At the end of the book it was stated that the F.B.I. went to his hotel room gathered up his papers and locked them in a vault. The thing I would like to know is the real reason they were locked up and if it would be possible to see some of these records and any other works of his.

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I can think of only one possible reason as to cause of his records being locked up and that is because he was too far advanced for his time. This seems to be the only logical solution, but, with technology much more advanced now than in his time it would seem likely that scientists take over where he left off.

Please let me know If I can look at the records and if you can please answer my question of the real reason his records were locked up.

<u>Thank</u> You. '67C 无法 IN INFORMATION CONTAINED DATE 2-3-80 BY ST-113 237-21 61 Ē.~ Texas 78415 corpus Christi, 191



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In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the PBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire. I am forwarding a copy of your communication and of this reply to the Department of Justice.

Sincerely yours,

L. Patrick Gray III

L. Patrick Gray, III Acting Director

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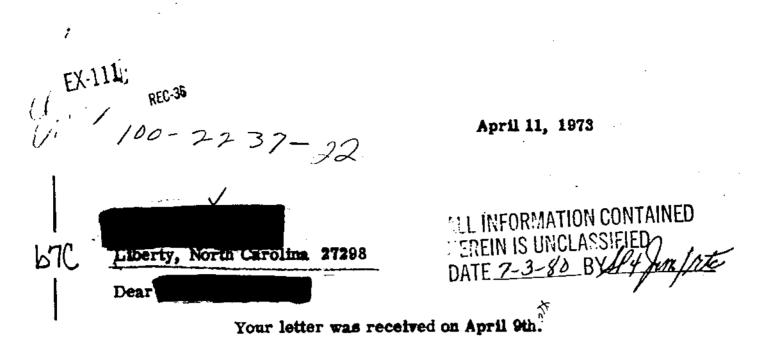
Marshall _

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were Baker.____ believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthodized hands. "The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neil, Callahan _____ alleges that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, Contain _____ appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was Dalbey _____ the Office of Alien Property of the Department which did so, and the - above reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries. Copy of Miller, E.S. Pender ____ letter referred to Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division of

Sovars ----- the Department. Walters ____ Tele. Room 🔔 Mr. Kinley mn : jkm Mr. Anneyoux NOV 67 Ms. Herova NOV 67 Mr. Anneyoux 1972 🗍 📜 TELETYPE UNIT 🦳

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67C Eilventig Pronths En , 02" 04:123, 773 272 Tedenal Europus of Surveyingstin, Mashington District of Columbia 1 zip Ca Der since HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-2-80 BY Stypenpte Miton and a pound that the J. E.S. Ind configuration 1 11 564 The seconde Antoning to his grand with a consular like to Wir IA the ownifered, information its た available and if is hour copies might be shringd. student and høje presidet to recume where Tesh lift off. I have the hardon. 67C EX-111 REC-36 /00-2232 12 APR 1 1973 CORR



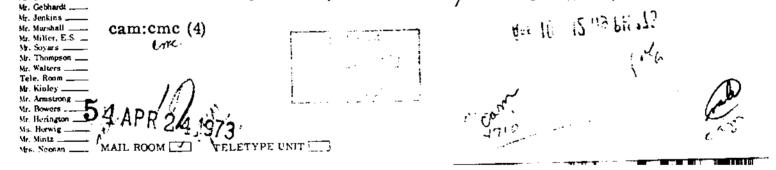
In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBL. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire. A copy of your communication and of this reply have been referred to the Department of Justice.

Sincerely yours,

in a the true III

L. Patrick Gray, III Acting Director

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent. (Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neill, alleged that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Department which did so, and the above reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries. /Copy of letter referred to the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division of the Department.)



Mr. Felt ... Mr. Baker

Mr. Callahan _____ Mr. Cleveland ____

Mr. Coorned

670 Raynnam, Lass. C2767 June 20, 1973

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federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

DATE 7-3-50 BY 94 90 / 10

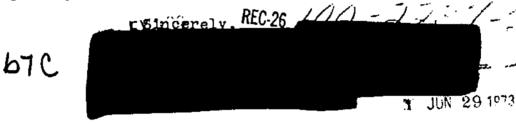
THE REPORT

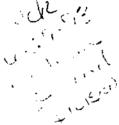
Gentlemen:

I would like to know if any microfilm or other reproductions of <u>Mikola Tesla</u>'s notes and papers exist at your office. Tesla was a famous scientist who died in New York City. The Federal Bureau of Investigation entered his safe shortly after this to remove his papers for examination for the war effort. After the war the papers were offered to any group that would start a museum to house them. No one accepted and the papers were finally sent to the Tesla Museum in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, sometime in the early 1950's, possibly just before 1954. Tesla was the inventor of all ac motors and the polyphase syster, as well as all flourescent and neon lamps. He was a major gioneer in the early days of radio and discovered many of the early principles of radar. He declined nomination of a Nobel Prize. He was a naturalized citizen of America and said he valued his citizenship papers above all his awards and possessions. Despite this, all his papers were sent to another nation.

I would like to examine some of his papers from 1899 and later without having to fly to Yugoslavia. I have only seen a condesnsed copy of his research from Colorado Springs, but am unable to obtain copies. The principles and equipment are rather out-of-date and well-known, but still useful in my research.

I would greatly appreciate help in this matter.





P.S. Tesla died in January of 1943 and shortly after this the papers were removed from his safe. The original Libelieve it was in that year the Yugoslavs founded the Tesla Museum (not to be confused with the main that Tesla Museum (not to be confused with the Tesla Institute).

June 27, 1973 / EX-109 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED REC-26/00-22=1-HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIE DATE 2 02767 Raymam, Massachusetts 67C No. Dear Your letter was received on June 25th.

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NCE

In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire. A copy of your communication and of this reply have been referred to the Department of Justice.

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Sincerely yours,

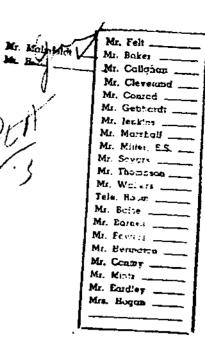
William D. Ruckelshaus

William D. Ruckelshaus Acting Director

NOTE:/ Bufiles indicate one letter to correspondent dated 1-15-66 in reply to his inquiry regarding the Air Force's Project Blue Book and UFO sightings . Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neill, alleged that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly lahan veland ____ indicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the red _____ Department that did so, and the above reply is forwarded in ins ____ answer to related inquiries. Copy of letter referred to the 1r, E.S. ___ Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division of the Department.) mn:cmc (4) . . . **.** . . прьоп 1.20 10m Ð۷

1973

TELETYPE UNIT



E. K.I

United States Senate

June 26, 1973

Respectfully referred to:

Eff

Congressional Liaison Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C. 20530

Because of the desire of this office to be responsive to all inquiries and communications, your consideration of the attached is requested. Your findings and views, in duplicate form, along with return of the enclosure, will be appreciated by

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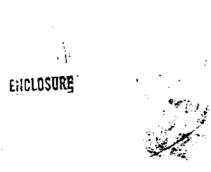
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Senator Bob Packwood ATTN: Lan Holmer

Form #2



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Sparlevoln AFS Alaska, 98746

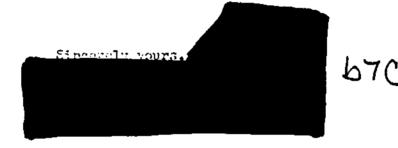
20 June 1973

Bear Senator Packwood,

Though in Alaska temporarily working on a military contract, I still consider myself an Onegon resident, hence it is to you than I write. let_ 1 During by days at Reed College, I became interested in a fascinating Green physicist, Nicolai Tesla, Proffessor Tesla emmigrated to this country in the twonties, I Defleve, and did some of his most original here. Tesla had a peculiar bent of mind, in his younger days he was often called a find scientist, and did not publish extensively when he came to the US. Most of the extant primary material is in untranslated Czech. Tesla was however, an extensive note taker. Its thought it strange that upon his death, none of his notes from his American period ever appeared. Upon discussing this with a fright, I was informed that all of Mr. Tesla's inter ware confiscated by the FRI. I cannot conceive now those noises on physics and electricity can in any way endanger the national safety. It seems that Mr. Hoover in his zeal, had confiscated material whose only sin was a radical approach to science. There is indication that much of Professor Tesla's later work concerned a very novel approach to time theory. Needless to say, it has been radical approaches to physics that have eeen our greatest scientific advances in modern times, viz. Einstein, Heisenberg, et al.

I was wondering if your office might be able to determine if these papers are still extant, and if so, see to it that the public has access to them, It would be a shame to see all of Nicolai Teslas work to have been in vain.

Please excuse my typing, in all the thousands of words I typed trying to get a liberal education, I never did master the typewriter.



102-111-24

IENCLOSURE

July 5, 1973 ST-105 **REC-15** 100-2207-24 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-8-80 BY Honorable Bob - ---- Packwood United States Senate Washington, D. C. 20510 Dear Senator Packwood: This is to acknowledge receipt of your communication dated June 26th énclosing a letter from your constituent, who is temporarily employed in Alaska. Mr) 67C In response to Mr. inquiry, central files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation indicate that the effects of Dr. Sikola Tesla were impounded after his death by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the PBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire. I am returning your enclosure as you requested. 2 Ę Sincerely yours, William D. Ruckelshaus William D. Ruckelshaus Acting Director Enclosure ___ 1 - Portland - Enclosures (2) Mr. Felt_ Mr. Baker __ - 1 - Congressionad Services Office - Enclosures (2) Mr. Callahan NOTE: Bufiles reveal prior cordial correspondence with Senator 67C Mr. Conrad _____ Packwood . Mr. is not identifiable in Bufiles Mr. Mershall _____ Bufile 100-2237 reflects that bir. Tesla was a world-famous Mr. Mershall _____ electrical inventor, and at the time of his death, all of his Mr. Miller, E.S._____ personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the countr Mr. Thompson -- security if they fell into unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodig Mr. Walters --- Genius," by John J. O'Neill, alleged that the FBI took over a ce Mr. Baise ____ Mr. Banse _____ safe and opened it, appropriating his property. Bufiles clearl Mr. Bands _____ Findicate that it was the Office of Alien Property of the Depar' Mr. Heington ______ Which dill sol and the above reply is forwarded in answer to r Mr. Commy ______ inquiries /_____ Mr. Evolvo _____ /PLA mobs [_]) TELETYPE UNIT _____ // (14) - c

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs,

MAR 572

Richardson, Texas, 75080 12 July 1973 11 INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-3 50 BY 14 Jun / 12

It has come to my attention that upon the death of Mr. Nikela Tesla, the founder of modern A.C. power systems, and

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the eriginal inventors of radie, and innumerable other devices, 195

eperatives of the T.B.L. opened his safe and removed his papers , en.7 January 1943, within a few hours of his demise. Also, falls, and removed his work have been slezed and held by our govern- and the

achievements could be systematically cut out of history books, and that the facts about his works could be concealed to the

degree they have been wishits obtain access to all these old trecords which have been concealed for thirty ward, all would be a set

appreciate your kind consideration and attention to this matter

and any assistence you may care to give. 7/00-99

9 JUL 20 1973

July 19, 1973 237-2 MATION CONTAINED -EX-105 DATE 7-3-67C Richardson, Texas 75080 Dear Your letter was received on July 16th. In response to your inquiry, the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did wat participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire. A copy of your communication and of this reply have ł been referred to the Department of Justice. Sincerely yours, IMALED 4 C. M. Kelley 9, ⊥91373 Þ F81 Clarence M. Kelley Director NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent. (Bufile 100-2237 reflects that Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and Assoc. Dir. at the time of his death, all of his personal papers and effects Asst. Dir.: Admin, were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into Comp. Syst. unauthorized hands. The book, "Prodigal Genius," by John J. O'Neill Files & Com. ___ alleged that the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, Gen. Inv. ____ Ident. appropriating his property. Bufiles clearly indicate that it was Inspection _____ the Office of Alien Property of the Department which did so, and Intell. the above reply is forwarded in answer to related inquiries. Copy Laboratory _ Plan. & Evol. __ of letter referred to the Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division of the Department.) Spec. Inv. ____ Training _ Legal Cour. _ jkb:cmc (4)Cong. Serv. L 11.2 Corr. & Cim. Research Press Off. _ ~**~** }% 110 Telephone Rm. ___ Director Sec'y ____ MAIL ROOM ____ TELETYPE UNIT ____

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Righardsen, lexas /5030

Clarence M. Kelley Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley,

DRMATION CONTAINED

CORRESPONDENCE

Thank you for your letter of the 19th of July. I appreciate the information about the Office of Alien Property and its connection with the impounding of the effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla. In my letter of the 16th I did not mean to imply the FBI had impounded his offects, as I was aware of the O.A.P.s general part in the affair. The fact remains that to the best of my knowledge, it WAS agents of the FBI who did in the fact break into his safe only hours after his death, and did remove the papers therein. Now, in so far as the Bureau was connected, I wish to understand that extent. I do appreciate your refering my communication to the appropriate persons in the Justice Department, but perhaps you could see that the sources above mentioned connection of the Bureau could be further looked inte. I am curious as to who asked the Bureau to perform such an act, whether is was a person in the O.A.P. or what, and on what grounds they were carried out, and to whom they were responsible. Also, to what person were the perloined papers delivered? Names, of the agents involved would be appreciated. As to what happened to any other effects of his, that is probably 2 question more ably -2-37-REC 68 100 answered by the O.A.P., yet if Bureau agents participated ence. they may have done so on other occasions. If the persons wheadid 1973 open the safe were NOT FBI agents, then we are faced with the fact that persons aparently posed as Bureau operatives, an even more interesting situation. Pebhaps this whets your own curiosity about

this affair, c'ugh on the surface it only has historic. interest. Are you aware that before the year 1900 he was able to transmit thousands of watts of electric power to any point on the globe WITHOUT WIRES. This and other feats would make him a prime target for vested interest groups, netably the J.P.Mergan cembine with whem he had connections. I am aware of the well earned tradition of the Bureau of NOT serving any master but the common good, so again we have a curious point if indeed strings were pulled. Quite frankly, it looks as if someone went to a lot of trouble to see that his ideas were not breadly available to ensure the stability of their own electric technological apple cart financially, at the expense of unguessable benefits to to humanity as a whole. How would you like to be able to draw unlimited power out of the air to run say a lightbulb with ONE wire? He did it, and much more. My sincere thanks for your thought and

attentions to these matters.

بالمناقية ويتسبعه والمساح

Y STOLEN



b7C

REC 68 / 00 - 2237 - 26 August 2, 1973 ST-102 b7C Richardson, Texas 75080 Dear

> Your letter, which was received on July 30th, has been reviewed and I would like to point out that FBI Agents were not involved in removal of papers from the safe of Dr. Nikola Tesla, nor did we at any time have custody of his property.

> I realize there have been some written accounts that our Agents acquired Dr. Tesla's belongings; however, these accounts are simply not true. You can be assured we were absolutely not responsible and there was no impersonation involved.

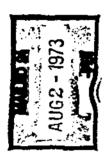
> > Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley Director

NOTE: Correspondent had written in mid-July and asked about the effects of Dr. Tesla and he was advised that the Office of Alien Property had participated in removing his effects from his hotel room. A copy of his communication was referred to the Department of Justice. Bufiles indicate clearly that after Dr. Tesla's death some relatives opened the safe in his hotel room with the help of a locksmith and, thereafter, the Office of Alien Property confiscated all of his belongings. Bufile 100-2237 mentions that the FBI was advised of the existence of this property; however, inasmuch as the Office of Alien Property was handling Dr. Tesla's effects, the Bureau had absolutely no hand in the entire matter.

Legal Coun. _ Cong. Serv. . RWE:ncr (3) Carr, & Crm. Research Press Off. _ Telephone Rm. ___ Director Sec'y MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT 🗔 1 1



Assac. Dir.

Asst. Dir.:

Files & Com.

Gen. Inv.

Inspection Intell.

Laboratory _

Plan. & Eval. __ Spec. Inv. ____ Training ____

June 9, 1975

Federal Bureau of Investigation U.S. Department of Justice Washington D.C. 20535

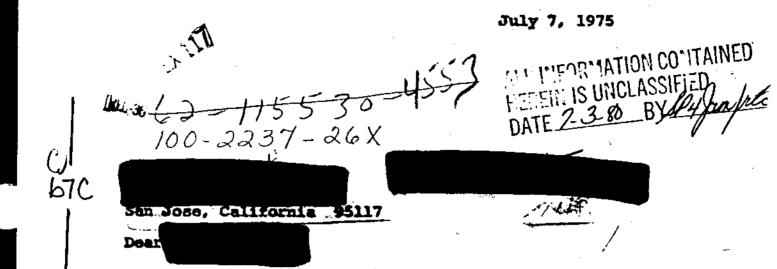
Sirs:

We recently contacted the San Francisco FBI office and a review of their files revealed information concerning the scientist Nikol Tesla or his papers which we understand to have been impounded.

If you could make a thorough investigation of all files and materials available to you, we would greatly appreciate the correspondence of any information that might be discovered.

HEREIN IS UNICLASSIFIED DATE 2-3-8 BY JEAN AND 100-2237-26 XCC2
DATE 2-3-8- 100-2237-26X
DAIL 100-2237-26X
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acturises 11-173 uner line
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This will acknowledge your letter of June 9th.

In response to your inquiry, the papers of Dr. Mikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice.

Sincerely yours,

C.M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley Director

-1 - The Deputy Attorney General - Enclosure - Attontion: - Susan M. Hauser-

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JUL 7 1975

-FBI

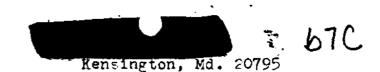
NOTE: Bufile 100-2237 indicates that Dr. Tesla was a world famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death his personal papers and effects were impounded by Office of Alien Property for national security reasons. Since Tesla's death in 1943 the Bureau has received numerous inquiries about the disposition of his technical papers. The above reply is forwarded in answer to these inquiries. Bufiles contain no information identifiable with requesters.

Dep. AD Adm. ... Dep. AD Inv. ... Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. ... Ext. Alfairs ... Files & Cam. ... Gen. Inv.

Assoc. Dir.

Inspection _____ Intell, _____ Laboratory ____ Plan, & Eval. __ Spec. Inv. ____

John 11 61/0 \$347



AV1 11FOR114TION CONTAINED

III IS UNCLASSIFIED

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DATE 7-3-80 BY 594

13 November 1975

Mr. Clarence Kelley Director F.B.I. Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley:

In reply to the letter of 10 November from your office:

I restate that I was not asking about the existence or non-existence of any investigative information on <u>Nikola</u> <u>Teals</u>, but on his technical papers seized on his death in 1943 and reported in the papers of that time.

The reason given in the reply from your office, the second paragraph, as to why I cannot get any information on Tesla's papers makes no sense in itself or in reply to my inquiry. The third paragraph stating the conditions under which a search will be made is a clear bureaucratic circumvention of the Freedom of Information Act and an excuse on the part of the individual handling my request for doing any work beyond the drafting of a letter. Will it be the decision of your office to let the situation stand like this?

As I stated in my first letter, I am following up the Tesla data for a magazine article. I am tempted to have your reply of the 16th printed and run nationally as an example of how bureaucratic manoeuring is used to get around the FOIA. Does the bureau need more of this type of publicity?

It is disheartening to see an agency entrusted to uphold the law using its resources to mock the law.

57C Sincerely EI NOV I

a. P. 11-26-15 Cap. 917

REE. 57 EX 103 160-22-27-27 Wovember 26, 1975 **WE INFORMATION CONTAINED** FIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-3-00 _BY MENSINGTON, METVIEDON 67C Dear This will acknowledge receipt of your letter to the Bureau on November 14th.at In response to your inquiry, the papers of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice. Sincerely yours, C. M. Kelley Clarence M. Kelley Director 1075 15.41 1 - The Deputy Attorney General - Enclosure Attention: Susan M. Hauser NOTE: Bufile 100-2237 indicates that Dr. Tesla was a World famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death his personal papers and effects were impounded by Office of Alien Property for National Assoc. Dir. 0+0 AD Adm. Security reasons. Since Tesla's death in 1943 the Ber AD has - Bureau has received numerous inquiries about the Asst. Dira Admin _____ disposition of his technical papers. The above come syme _____ reply is forwarded in answer to these inquiries. Ezt. Alfairs Files & Com. __ þaf:gjd (5) Gen. Inv. _ ____ ldent. _ $^{\Lambda}$ Inspection ____ Intell. Laboratory ____ Plan. & Eval. _ Spec. Inv. ____. ų Training _____ Legal Count ____ Telephone Rm. Ιń DEC 24 19/5 GPO : 1975 O - 569-920 TELETYPE UNIT 🗌

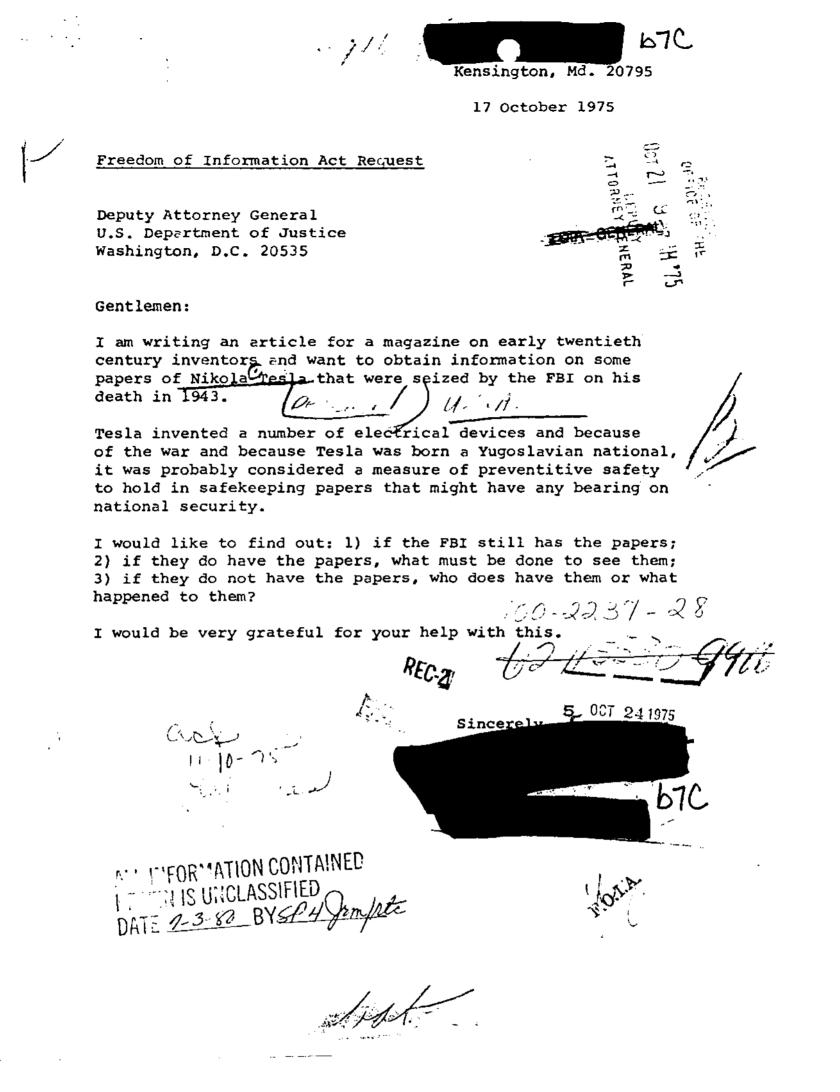
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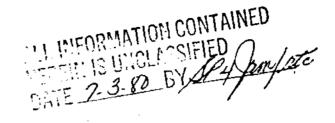


1 1 ۰. 100-2231- 28 November 10, 1975 MULTISORMATION CONTAINED K DATE 7- 3-80 BY SPH proprie Kensington, Maryland 20795 **67C** Dear This is to acknowledge receipt of your Freedom of Information-Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request forwarded to the FBI by the Department of Justice on October 22nd. We In response to your request for files pertaining to Nikola Tesla, please be advised that in order to preserve the privacy of an individual who may be the subject of a similar inquiry, it has been necessary for the FBI to maintain the practice of not indicating whether we do or do not have such information in our files. S 0 197 0 Ē If you can provide notarized authorization from PAILED Mr. Tesla's next of kin directing us to release to you any information our files may contain concerning him, we shall \geq thereafter search our files and advise you accordingly. Since we have not conducted a search of our files, OFF please do not infer that we do or do not have the information you requested. Sincerely yours, pi / C. M. Kelley Clarence M. Kelley Assec. Dir. ____ Dep. AD Adm. _ Director Dep. AD Inv. ___ Asst. Dir.: Admin. ___ - 1 - The Deputy Attorney General - Enclosure Comp. 5ys1. ____ Attention: Susan M. Hauser Eat. Affeirs Files & Com. ___ Gen. Inv. .. baf/vas (5) Ident. _ Inspection Intell. _ Leberatory ____ Plan. & Eval. _ Spec. Inv. ____ Training ... Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. 1 TELETYPE UNIT 62 DEC 30 1975 MAIL ROOM GPO : 1975 O - 569-920 P



Raynham, MA-02/67 April 20, 1976

Mr. Clarence Kelly Director F.B.I. Washington, DC



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Dear Mr. Kelly:

(F Y/31/2)

Mr. Allen and Mr. Ruchlehaus, former acting Director of the FBI, contacted me in 1973 regarding the unavailability of American microfilm records of <u>Nikola Tesla's</u> unpublished diary (now in the Belgrade museum, arranged by month per folder).

At the time I discounted the possibility that these unpublished discoveries had military significance. But because of experiments now under way at Hill AFB, I now suspect such military applications exist and feel it imperative that you be notified, particularly in view of the fact that the Soviets have primary access to the entire collection.

Two photos of each page exist.

After Tesla's death, scientists from the Navy and OSS performed a cursory examination of the diary and notes, which if my memory serves me correctly, was one month long, hardly enough time to decipher Tesla's torturous handwriting. Though Tesla wrote in English, his penmanship was small, blurred, and as difficult to translate as a foreign language.

According to the museum director (1971), the Soviets had made copies of some portions, but not the Colorado Springs diary, which numbers 500 pages, 20 that directly pertain to ball lightning, and 20 or so relevant to the equipment construction. (We copied the most significant portions, but feel more exists) I have been associated with Project Tesla for four years, have just completed an article for my magazine, EDN (an electrical engineering magazine), but only with the very recent receipt of an unpublished manuscript from John J. O'Neill's book (PRODIGAL GENIUS) did I place credence on Tesla's later claim to military applications. Incidentally, some of O'Neill's descriptions were inaccurate and exagerated, as we have exceeded Tesla's results and are familiar with the experiments. At any rate, there are three possible military applications.

First, Tesla claimed that the lightning balls (which destroyed his equipment) could be used to destroy aircraft. I have talked to AF personnel --such as the engineer at Micro Networks, who saw one inside his plane in flight--and found AF personnel fear these "rf balls," as they call them.

Second, it is a suspicion of mine that ball lightning, if injected with lithium, could produce a cheap fusion bomb.

Third--and this may be no more than a suspicion--the propulsion mode of ball lightning involves electro-gravitic interaction, by which means air vehicles of revolutionary configuration may be constructed. There are no presently-known laws of physics that can account for the propulsion (400 mph or so when following an airliner). Other hitherto unsuspected applications may exist.

None of these applications were the goal of Project Tesla, which centered on producing ball lightning as Tesla did and studying it as a plasma confinement technique for fusion reactors. Incidentally, Tesla's claim to setting up standing waves on the earth's surface (wireless power) was erroneous and involved techniques similar to Project Sanguine, that is, using the earth's atmosphere as a waveguide technique is aware of our research).



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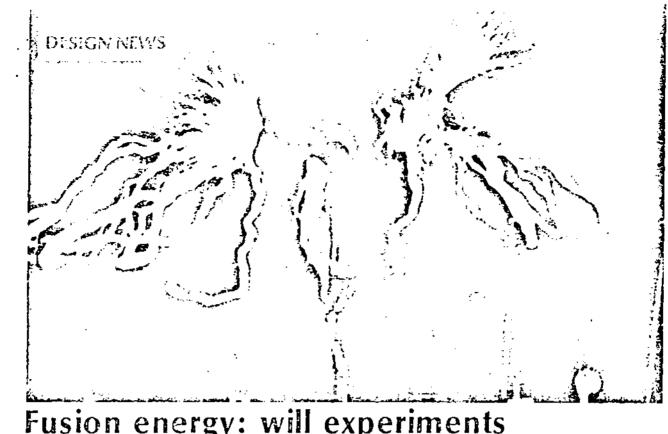
67C

P.S. By a copy of this letter, along with the enclosures, I am notifying the C.I.A.

Enclosures: 2

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Fusion energy: will experiments in ball lightning provide the key?

Paul Snigler, Associate Editor

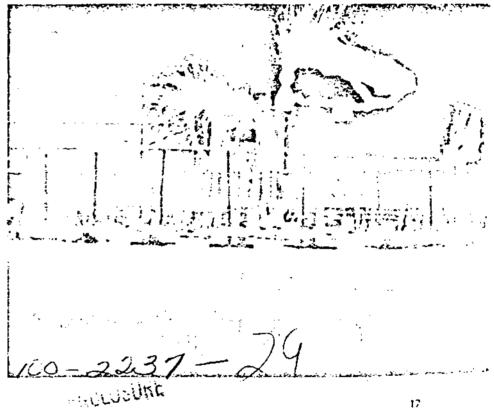
In the vast and empty hangar where the first atomic bomb was assembled, a man-made lightning storm is now being unleashed. The voltages of these lightning bolts—20 million volts—are the highest discharge voltages ever produced by man.

Project Testa, headed by Robert K. Golka and Dr. Robert W. Bass, is an attempt to artificially duplicate one of nature's rarest and most terrifying phenomena--ball lightning. The experiments are based upon the unpublished notes of Nikola Testa, who, in 1899 at his Colorado Springs laboratory, used a secret magnifying transmitter to produce 1.5-in. lightning balls that floated for 30 sec.

The energy surplus

Many physicists, including the eminent Dr. James Tuck, founder of the U.S. fusion program, believe that the lightning ball holds the key to a fantastic. cheap and endless energy source—fusion power, or the energy source used by the stars and sun. The fuel is deuterium, or heavy water, that can be inexpensively extracted from ocean water to provide mankind

Highest voltage continuously oscillating damped-wave lightning generator (ever produced by mankind) creates a current of 1100A at 12.5 MV! Subsequent improvements raised this to a peak current of 2200A at 20 MV. Further improvements could conceivably produce bolts that exceed natural lightning (100 MV)!



with millions of years of the type Unfortunately, programming fusion research, which has centered on magnetic confinement and laser implosions, has been frustratingly slow and fullof unpleasant surprises; and scientists warn that success could be as far off as four decades! But if these promising experiments under way >1 Wendover, UT, are successful,aw

_nexpected_confinement_ technique could unleash this energy source.

In search of nature's secrets...

Ball lightning, a glowing sphere of red, orange or yellow. plasma, often materializes during lightning storms and floats about, often against a strong wind. The ball may bounce along the floor and, on occasion, the sphere will "slip" through glass without breaking it. (The author recently investigated one such case in a hospital, in which the lights were damaged.) At times it materializes inside or even outside aircraft in flight, seemingly impervious to deformation from the wind force.

1

Witnesses of ball lightnic have included such notables as Niels Bohr and Victor Weisskopf, the Director of the MIT Physics Department, Another witness was Secretary of State Dean Acheson, who reported seeing it cross the breakfast table aboard the presidential plane.

The accidental formation of ball lightning has been observed about once per year for the past decade inside building 985 at Hill AF Missile Radiographic Facility, UT. The volleyball-size fireballs drop out of the space adjacent to the high voltage supply of the 25 Mey linear accelerator.

The ball of blue fire floats down to the floor, rolls around randomly and then rises again to the power-supply area where it dissipates without detectable. damage. Despite troubleshooting, no explanation can be found for this occurrence.

On one occasion, lightning struck the building-a large concrete structure with a 60-ft. ceiling inside-and, simultaneously, an intense sphere of fire above the conduit on the wall at sun!

arty shoulder level. It moved along the wall for a distance of some 30 ft., floated out and around the neck and shoulders \mathbb{Q} of a person standing near the wall, moved back to the wall and continued along for several feet until it intercepted a duples outlet on the conduit. At this the ball exploded, causing electrical damage throughout.

A new state of matter?

No presently known laws of physics can account for the stability and bouncing of fireballs unless it includes surface tension. This hitherto unobserved state of matter is a new concept, since plasmas have never previously exhibited such strong surface tension. Also, presently known laws cannot account for the propulsion.

Project Tesla has developed a rigorous mathematical model of the lightning ball's absolute, asymptotic, fluid-dynamical stability. Initial computer studies indicated a density range of 10¹³-10¹¹ cm⁻³, with a tempera-

10'-10* "K—or

Chapter 34 TEC TRIES TO PREVENT WORLD II Town, weill book O'Nel work When Tosh was talking as a scientist he was opposed to some verify wars on moral, economic and all practical and theoretical grounds. I direct But, like most scientists, when he stopped thinking as a scientist, when he felt some wars and situations were justifiable. As a cloins, but scientist he was unwilling to have the discoveries of scientists in the applied to the pruposes of war makers, but when the emotional phase over of his nature took the ruling position he was then willing to apply his genius to devising measures that would prevent wars by supplying the protective devices.

This attitude is exemplified in the following statement statement which he prepared in the twenties but did not publish:

"At present many of the ablest minds are trying to devise expedients for preventing a repetition of the awful conflict which is only theoretically ended and the duration and main issues of which I correctly predicted in an article printed in the Sun of December 20, 1914. The League is not a remedy but, on the contrary, in the opinion of a number of competent men, may bring about results just the opposite. It is particularly regrettable that a punitive policy was adopted in framing the terms of peace because a few years hence it will be possible for nations to fight without armies, ships or guns, by weapons far more terrible, to the destructive action and range of which there is virtually no limit. Any city at any distance whatsoever from the enemy can be destroyed by him and no power on earth can stop him from doing so. If we want to avert an impending calamity and a state of things which may transorm this globe into an inferno, we should push the development of flying machines and wireless transmission of energy without an instant's delay and with all the power and recources of the nation."

Tesla saw preventative possibilities in his new invention which embodied "death ray" characteristics and which was made several years after the foregoing statement was written. He saw it providing a curtain of protection which any country, no matter how small, could use as a protection against invasion. "hile he might offer it as a defensive weapon, however, there would be nothing to stop military mon from using it as a weapon of offense.

While I did not know the nature of Tesla's plan I was convinced that it did embody many discoveries that would be of commercial value, and these were the angles he should seek to develop. I folt that if he could be induced to develop some minor phase of his work that would have immediate commercial use he could derive an income from it which would enable him to proceed with his more elaborate plans. To this end I sought to gain some insight into his thoughts, that would enable me to get a practical plan in operation. This was no secret to Tesla and he successfully parried every thrust I made.

The clearest conception I got, and that was largely from scattered remarks, and by making deductions from them, concerned a possible manner in which one phase of his curtain of protection might operate. This was a "war" angle and as such At/dId not interest 100 - 3237 - (4)

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mo, but since it involved "lightning balls," or "fire balls," I was very curious. Fir . 11s had always fascina _ 10, and I had read overything I could ay my hands on about the:

A fire ball is a strange phonomenon associated with lightning. Some of the energy of the lightning stroke appears to become locked into a ball shaped structure which may be of any size from a couple of inches to a foot in diameter. It looks like a perfect sphere, brightly incandescent and floats like a bubble, being easily carried by air currents. They may last for a short time, from a fraction of a second to many seconds. In this interval, during which they stay fairly close to the ground, they may come close to many objects without damaging them or being damaged by them. Suddenly, for no known reason, the ball explodes doing as much damage as a bomb, if close to structures, and no damage if in the open.

The fire ball looked to me like a gigantically enlarged model of the tiny electron, one of the building blocks of matter, which acts as if it were just a spherical area of space in which an amount of energy was crystallized to give it structure. I felt that if it were possible to discover how a large amount of energy was stored in this fairy bubble structure of a fire ball a new insight might be gained into the structure of the electron and other fundamental particles of matter. Also this method of storing energy could be applied to a thousand useful purposes.

When I approached Tesla with pleas along this line to develop this possible phase of his discovery he would evade direct reply by indulging in a, not always, tolerant lecture on my gullability in believing theories about the complex structure of the atom. While he had in earlier years discussed some of his experiences with fire balls in his laboratory at Colorado Springs and explained his theory of their formation, he would not in the later years permit himself to be drawn into a discussion of them as a possible part of his system. This, of course, made me suspicious that the clue was "hot" but I could be completely wrong in my conclusions. Tesla was very quick in detecting my technique when I sought to marrow down a field by trying to get him to deny statements when he was adamant to direct questions.

Tesla became familiar with the destructive characteristics of fire balls in his experiments at Colorado Springs in 1899. He produced them quite by accident and saw them, more than once, explode and shatter his tall mast and also destroy apparatus within his laboratory. The destructive action accompanying the disintegration of a fire ball, he declared, takes place with inconceivabel violence.

He studied the process by which they were produced, not because he wanted to produce them but in order to eliminate the conditions in which they were created. It is not pleasant, he related, to have a fire ball explode in your vicinity for they will destroy anything they come in contact with.

It will be necessary to reconstruct his statements from very fragmentary notes and a long distance memory.

"Farasite oscillati s, or circuits, within the main circult word a source " wanger from this cause. Founts of resistance in the main circuit could result in minor os clating circuits between terminals or between two points of resistance and these minor circuits would have a very much higher period of oscillation than the main circuit and could be set into oscillation by the main current of lower frequency.

"Even when the principal oscillating circuit was adjusted for the greatest efficiency of operation by the dimination of all sources of losses the fire balls continued to occur but these were due to stray high frequency charges from random earth currents.

"From these experiences it became apparent that the fire balls resulted from the interaction of two frequencies, a stray higher frequency wave imposed on the lower frequency free oscillation of the main circuit.

"As the free oscillation of the circuit builds up from the zero point to the quarter wave length node it passes through various rates of change. In a current of shorter wavelength the rates of change will be steeper. When the two currents react on each other the resultant complex will contain a wave in which there is an extremely steep rate of change, and for the briefest instant currents may move at a tremendous rate, at the rate of millions of horsepower.

"This condition acts as a trigger which may cause the total energy of the powerful longer wave to be discharged in an infinitesmally small interval of time and at a proportionately tremendously great rate of energy mercement which cannot confine itself to the metal circuit and is released into surrounding space with inconceivable violence."

It is but a step, from learning how a high frequency current can explosively discharge a lower frequency current, to using the principle to design a system in which these explosions can be produced by intent. The following process appears a possible one but no evidence is available that it is the one Tesla evolved: An oscillator, such as he used to send power wirelessly around the earth at Colorado Springs, is set in operation at a frequency to which a given warship is resonant. The complex structure of a ship would provide a great number of spots in which electrical oscillations will be set up of a much higher frequency than those coursing through the ship as a whole. These parasiste:currents will react on the main current causing the production of fireballs which by their explosions will destroy the ship, even more effectively than the explosion of the magazine which would also take place. A second oscillator may be used to transmit the shorter wavelength current.

Somewhat later I learned the reason for Tesla's reticence to discuss details. This came shortly after Stanley Baldwin replaced Neville Chamberlin as Prime Minister of Great Britain.

Tesla revealed that he had carried on negotiations with Prime Linister Chamberlin for the sale of his ray system to Great Britain for \$30,000,000 on the basis of his presentation that the device would provide complete protection for the British Islos against any enemy approaching by sea or air, and would provide an

cifensive weapon to 'deh there was no defense. He was convinced, he decktred, of the incerity of Er. Chamber' i and his intent to adopt the device i it would have prevented a outbreak of the them threatening we, and would have made post ole the continuationunder the duress which this weapon would make possible - of the working agreement involving France, Germany and Britain to maintain the status que in turope. When Chamberlin failed, at the Munich conference, to retain this state of European equilibrium it was necessary to get rid of Chamberlin and install a new Frime Minister who could make the effort to shift one corner of the triangle from Germany to Russia. Baldwin found no virt a in Tesla's plan and preemptorially ended the negotiations.

Tesla was greatly disappointed by the collapse of his negotiations with the British Government. With it there collapsed his hopes of providing a demonstration of his most recent, and, what he considered, his most important discoveries. He did not, however, dwell on the jubject; beyond the single conversation he did not mention the matter again. He did not get another chance to finance the demonstration of these discoveries.

During the period in which the negotiations were being carried on, Tesla declared, efforts had been made to steal the invention. His room had been entered and his papers examined but the thieves, or spies, left empty handed. There was no danger, he said, that his invention could be stolen for he had at no time committed any part of it to paper. He could trust his memory to preserve every fine detail of his investigations. This was true, he said, of all of his later major discoveries.

The nature of his system rokes little difference now; he has gone and has taken it with him. Perhaps, if there is any communication from beyond the weil that separates this life from whatever exists hereafter, Tesla may look down upon earth's struggling mortals and find some way of dropping a hint concerning what he accomplished; but, if the situation is such that this cannot take place, then we must await until the human race produces another Tesla.

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enclosures. It was certainly most thoughtful of you to furnish us this information, and your interest and courtesy are indeed appreciated. MAULED 6 APR 3 0:1976 F81 NOTE: Bufiles indicate limited correspondence with last outgoing 6-27-73, in reply to his request concerning papers of Dr. Nikola Tesla. Dr. Tesla was a world-famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his death in 1943, all of his personal papers and effects were believed dangerous to the country's security if they fell into unauthorized hands. Ares Dr. The book, "Protogal Genius," by John J. O'Neill, alleged that by 40 dea. the FBI took over a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his are benefits indicated the office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice did so. Bufile 100-2237-23. With the FBI took were a certain safe and opened it, appropriating his are benefits indicated the office of Alien Property of the department of Justice did so. Bufile 100-2237-23.	EX-115 REC-47 100 - 2237- Raynham, Massachus	13 UNCLASSIFIED 2-3-80 BY 194 from/126 -29 bTC BEELS 02767
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U.S.S.

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ENCLOSURE

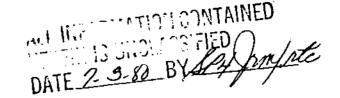
1-2) 13 Souto Presmues Stif Room 5241, Washington DC 2510 Dean Sir. I am a substitute in the Milwardsee Public School System I de scientific experimente in high all the available writings of The dead genius Nitola Tesla (1861 - January 7, 1943) When Nicola Tesla deed the Federal Bureau of I avestigation. Came and opined the E safe in his room and took the papers it contained, to examine the them

tor a reported scores in tracing persulate use in IL 1011. As a de citigen + a ature of energy Something that NittoLa Tesla Knew about and because of his unfortunate Financial status, was not able to develop into a working mode Please help. -With Love in The Lo. 67C Milway Teo, Wige 53208 Call 67C



June 23, 1976 100 -2237 3

Honorable William Proxmire United States Senate Washington, D. C. 20510



Dear Senator Proxmire:

This will respond to your communication of June 16th enclosing the letter of Nr. Sof Milwaukee, Misconsin 5326

The effects of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the FBI. Since we did not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belongings, I am unable to furnish the information you desire.

A copy of your communication and of this reply are being referred to the Department of Justice and the enclosure to your communication is being returned as requested.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

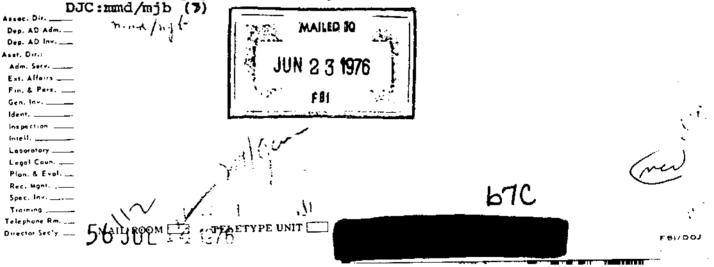
Clarence M. Kelley Director

Enclosure

1 - Assistant Attorney General - Enclosures (2) Civil Division

1 - Milwaukee - Enclosures (2)

1 - Office of Congressional Affairs - Enclosures (2) NOTE: This response is consistent with past responses to inquiries of a similar nature. Bufile 100-2237 reflects that the Office of Alien Property took possession of Dr. Tesla's papers following his death.





July 26, 1979 July Sear Mr. Webster: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED OUTS THE SOLUTION am writing this letter \checkmark regard to some papers you have in your possession by Nikola Tesla. I have for some time now been studying the works of Mr. Iesla and an involved in the research and further developement of tis efforts. I have in possession a copy of almost everything that was ever written by him. However I have read that on the day following his death (le died the night January 7 1943, so probably January 8th 1943 the Federal Bureau of Investigation to where Mr. Jesla had been staying Hotel New Yorker, New York City, New York collected all notes and papers that had with him three. REC 79 102-2231 that he To further my studies 2 and 1979 hopefully complete them it would be deeply appreciated if you would send me a copy of all the notes, papers, books, that were found drawings etc. thise. active A Let 1 Rue Thank you, 67C OAK MicHiGAN 48013 RoyAl

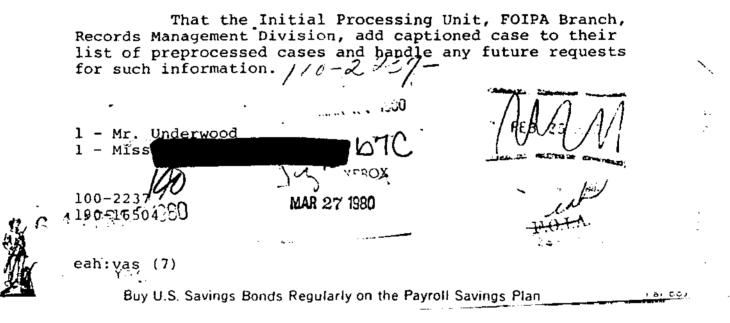
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b7C Royal Oak, Michigan Dear	48073	M.L. INFORMATION CONTA HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE <u>7-3-80</u> BY	palet
Dr. <u>Nikola Tesla</u> has	t letter requesting in been received.	formation concerning	
death, by the Office Justice and not by the available for public ever, under the provi (Title 5, United State made in the past regar ments available to you Regulations. If you are under the Freedom of separate inquiry, clear Freedom of Informatic	s of Dr. Tesla were in of Alien Property of he FBI. We have no pu- distribution regardin isions of the Freedom tes Code, Section 552) arding your topic and bu under Title 28Cod interested in seeking Information Act, you early marking the enve on Act request, and diverse of Investigation,	the Department of reprinted material ng Dr. Tesla. How- of Information Act , requests have been there may be docu- ie of Federal y such documents should make a clope and letter as a lrect it to the	R
Pennsylvania Avenue, letter you must reque	N.W., Washington, D. est documents regarding	C. 20535. In the ng the specific topic	
of interest to you.	Sincerely yours William L. Bail Assistant Direc	100-2237- TETS ley	1979
Assoc. Dir.] Mr. Underwood - E Dep. AD Adm. Room 6958 Asst. Dir.: (This corresponde Adm. Servs. quiry.) Crim. Inv	ence response may enge milable information, c	ender a future FOIA in-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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то :	Mr. Bresson (377 DATE: 2/25/80	Laboratory Legal Cova Plan & Insp Rec. Ngat
FROM :	67C	Tuch. Servs Training Public Alls. Off Telephane Rm
SUBJECT:	FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT DISCLOSURE REGARDING DR. NIKOLA TESLA	CONTAINED
) -	PURPOSE: To reduce time spent on bandling of requests	SPH Junfit
	To reduce time spent on handling of requests information on captioned subject and to promote unifor of disclosure.	
	DETAILS:	
	A search of FBIHQ central records indices re that Dr. Nikola Tesla is carried as the subject of Buf	

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that Dr. Nikola Tesla is carried as the subject of Bufile 100-2237. Virtually all information in this file is inquirytype correspondence. For purposes of FOIA releases, copies of this material have not been made and requesters have been so advised. Copies of the remaining material in the file totalling 29 pages, however, has been processed for disclosure. Numerous requesters have sought information relating to Dr. Tesla under the FOIA. Therefore, it is recommended that the disclosure documents maintained in Bufile 190-16504-4 be considered the preprocessed release appropriate for responses by the Initial Processing Unit for any further requests for information on this subject.

RECOMMENDATION:



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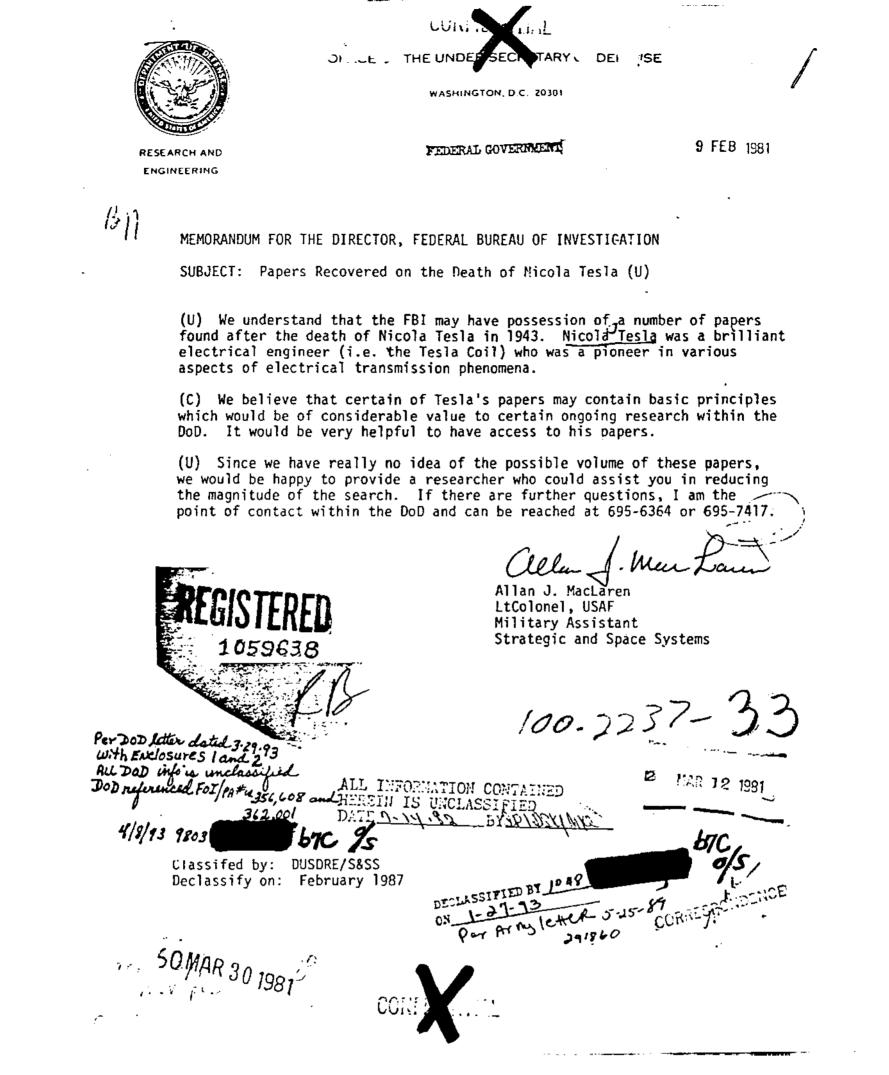
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Tom-It is my understand no that every case which is completed through disclosume is "préprocessed". IPU's Rendine Room maintains only these preprocess covers which have been doomen to have sufficient public informent to anont enclusion. in the Rendenis Room. The question themeforer, is: Does the Teals material fit the contento for metasion in me FIIA Rendine Rom? I thinke not. The fine



March 10, 19.1

Lz. Col. Allas C.A. Military Asoisvert fal-Larva, Ch. 2 Strategic and Space Systems Office of the Under Secretary CEDERAL GOVERNMENT of Defense ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 20301 Washington, D. C. DATE D. 14.92 BYSPA Dear Colonel MacLaren: JUR Your performandum of February 9 requesting access to the scientific papers of Dr. Nikola Tesla which night be in our files has been referred to my office for reply. A preliminary review of our files indicates that the Fil die not participate in the handling of Dr. Tesla's belonginus following his death in New York City in January, 1943. Lis payers were examined by representatives of the Office of Alion Property, the Navy Department and the Office of Scientific Research and Development. In Pebruary, 1947, the papers apparently were released to Mr. Sava W. Kosznovic, A Dr. Tesla's nephew and the administrator of his estate Mr. Possiovic's affress at that the war 111 Certual Park Louth, New York, New York. A complete search of our indices is being made to determine if we have any information that might be useful to you. You will be notified of the results of this search DE-110/00at the earliest possible date. Sincerely, MAR + 0 1981 MAR 12 1981 35 Roger S. Young Assistant Director in Charge Office of Congressional and Public Affairs (POIPA) - Enc. 1 -67C L 1 -Mr. Young - Eng. UNE 10 1 -Eac. Exer AD Inv. _____ NOTE: Reply glacisadd with FOIFA, RED, who has handled sir: Encad Ada _____ local: Reply Glaciand with an our files concerning Dr. Tesla. In nu-Asst. Dir.: Intell, ____ - char Lo. Tuble sky gys are not in their possession. Laboratory ____ Legal Coun. ___ Plen. & Insp. _____ (\cdot) Rec. Mgal. _ Tech. Serve. Training __ Public Alfs. Off. Telephony Rm. __ Director's Sec'y _ MAIL ROOM 🗹

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Hurch 20, 1921

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Li. Col. A. J. KacLaren Hilitary Assistant Strategic and Epace Systems <u>Difice of the Under Secretary</u> of Defense Washington, D. C. 20301

Dear Colonel Haclaren:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1.14 .92 BY SOLASSIMU

A complete dearch of our retrievable files concerning Dr. Nikole icela shows that all notes and material in his // inandiste possession at the tive of his death on January 7, 1843, were placed in the oustody of the Alien Property Custodian under scal by the United States Government. These materials have never been in the care or custody of the FBI'.

On January 26 and 27, 1943, Feleral authorities made a thorough review of the offacts of Dr. Teals to determine it on, ideas of significant value to the United Status wir effort coald be found. His effects were examined at the Munhattan Waresouse and Storage Cospany at 52nd and 7th Avenue, Des York, New York, where they apparently were taken after his deith. Participating is this examination were representatives from the New York and Mashington Offices of the Alien Property Custodian, the Office of Scientific Research and Development at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, the Office of Naval Intelligence, and United States havel Research. The FSI did not perticipate in this examination. (65-47953 section 1)

It was the considered opinion of a spokesman of those examiners "that there exict arong Dr. Tesla's papers and possessions no scientific notes, descriptions of hitherto unrevealed Lethods or devices, or actual apparatus which could be of significant value to this country or which would constitute a hazard in unfriendly hands." There was thought to be no technical or military reason why further custody of the property should be retained. However, our files indicate that certain papers, which were regarded as typical of Nikola Tesla's writings, and thoughts in the period of 1925 up 1942, vers removed for the phrase of groups to the fiftee of the Alien profession 37 Sucodian. (65-47953 section 1) V38 DE 112 1 1 Y-38 DE-113 MAR 25 1331

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A cost later Scupler 17. 1945. free our see York Strict weilt that at that these Dr. Reclaim elects recalded at the manhattan liberage barebours is some 75 packing baxas and trunks under seal by the New York Department of Taxation. The rental for this storage, approximately \$15 per month, was being paid by Charlotte Muzar, 134 East 63rd Street; New York, New York, who was listed as an agent for Sava Kosanovich, -Dr. Tesla's nephew and administrator of his estate. (65-47953-14)

On October 25, 1965, Private Bloyne Pitzgerald, U. S. Army, a young scientist who had been Tepla's protoge, called in person at our New York Field Office. With him were Ising Baylin Mar Pratt, Lt. Herbert-O. Schutt and Lt. H. F. Schule from a research development unit at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. These men carried a letter signed by Brigadier General In CreCraiges, Chief Engineering Division-Wright Field, requesting that the FBI allow the bearers of the latter access to the effects of Nikola Tesla. (65-47953-15)

It was explained to this-military contingent that the FBI had no jurisdiction over Tesla's effects, and they were referred to the Office of the Alien Property Custodian. Bureau files do not indicate whether the men ever examined Tesla's belon,ings. (65-47953-15)

The Tenla effects remained in robar 53 and 51 of the Nanhattan Storage Company. In the 1950s, FBI Agents were told by company management that the only recorded visit had been made by "Pederal authorities" in January, 1943. The-floor supervisor recalled that the men had taken numerous photographs. His description of the equipment used would tend to show that a microfilm reproduction was made of the papers of the deceased. (65-47953-27)

(65-47953-27) Our files do not reflect any pertiment information on the Tesla materials since that date. Their current whereabouts or condition are not reflected in our files.

For further information regarding this matter, you may wish to contact the Office of the Alien Property Custodian and the other Federal agencies mentioned above.

I hope that we have been of assistance to you.

Sincerely

Royff S. Youny Assistant Director in Charge Office of Congressional and Public Affairs

(CONTINUED - OVER)

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NOTE: On February 3, 1981, Col. Mechanon whete to us inquiring should the scientific papers of Dr. Nitola Tesla. In a return letter of march 9, we informed him that a thorough review of our files would be made in search of the information be requested. This was done and he is being informed of the results. Tesla's papers have been the subject of numerous inquiries by various individuals and organizations since his death. FDI received over 20 FOIA requests on this matter during the period 1973-1980. -Xatter coordinated with FOIA Section, RED.

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WASHINGTON DC 20301

RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING

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VEDERAL GOVERNMENT

1 APR 1981

fuil atter addressed To Hogel. A.J. Machini

Mr. Roger S. Young Assistant Director in Charge Office of Congressional and Public Affairs Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Young,

Thank you very much for your letters of March 10 and March 20, 1981, in response to our request re Dr. Tesla. We very much appreciate the effort that must have gone into this. On behalf of the Deputy Under Secretary (Strategic and Space Systems), Dr. S. L. Zeiberg, I would like to thank you and the people who spent their time searching out the relevant data.

Sincerely,

Allan J. MacLaren Colonel, USAF Military Assistant Strategic and Space Systems DE-110 100 -2237-3 PerDad letter dated 3/29/93 With ENCLOSURES / and 2 ALL DOD infe to unclossified. <u>V-11</u> DOD viterenced For #5/256,608 and 362,001 16 APR 10 1981 4/8/93 9803 670 No arkandy - 1 minut FBL ALLANFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 168 DATE 4-8-93 ______BY9843 FOIPA No. 356,60 362,001 Off. of Gens; and Pub. Aft.

Director of the FBI Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

While attending college, I came across an article about the $\frac{1}{1}$ electrical genius, Nicolai Tesla." Mr. Tesla was an electrical genius with such peers as EDISON and WESTINGHOUSE. Tesla OUTSIDE SOUTH designed the basic generator and was the first man to introduce alternating current to the people. The article, written in an underground SanFrancisco newspaper, stated that Tesla also worked with electromagnetic waves and supposedly built a plant that could harness the electromagnetic waves out of the earth's atmosphere sufficiently enough to use them as a source of electricity. The article stated that Tesla built such a plant and lit up a city street 150 miles away by sending the electromagnetism via radio waves. This method is presently being used in electronic warfare. After that, the article stated that the FBI confiscated his plans and buried them in your archives. Their reasoning was that such a free form of energy would knock out a big chunk of the oil, coal, and nuclear forms of energy and their contributions to the economy (money for research and employment). All I want to know is if there is any truth to this story and if so what was the FBI's reasons and when are the archives opened again so that Tesla's work could come to light again. Now bear in mind that this man was an /electrical genius and even had a unit of electrical measure named after him. If he did figure out a way to utilize the earth's electromagnetic waves then I believe that we are ready to gradually phase out our dependence on oil, ease the volatile tension in the Middle East and put all that money presently going to the Arabs into

21 July 1981

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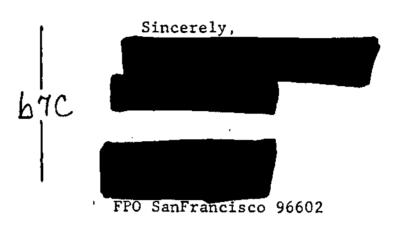
space research, joint international research and deep-sea research to help solve our population problem. I am talking about huge sums of money being released that could speed up the experts present projected times of producing significant gains in these still relatively new fields.

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You could at least take the time to check out what I am saying and judge for yourself whether or not the archives should be opened now to put the world back on a more secure heading.



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August 7, 1981

ALL INTGRUSTICH CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE <u>D-14.12</u> BY SOLASKIMY **COISIDE SOURCE** PPO San Francisco 96602 NOT AN FOIPA REDACTION ЬC 77 Dea Judge Webster has referred your letter of July 21st to me for a reply. A check of our files indicates Dr. Nikola Tesla's effects were impounded after his death by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice and not by the PBI. While your interest is indeed appreciated, the YBI is unable to answer your questions as we did not participate in the handling or have anything to do with the storage of Dr. Tesla's belongings. To be as helpful as possible, I am forwarding a copy of this communication to the Department of Justice. Sincerely, AUG 1 0 1981 7 Roger S. Young 7 FBI Assistant Director in Charge Office of Congressional and Public Affairs Acting Assistant Attorney General Sectosure Civil Division \mathcal{L} PL9 ÷ Dr. Teta NOTE: is not identifiable in Bufiles. AD have - | died on 1/7/43 and we have received much correspondence AD AND _____ regarding his belongings which were impounded by the Office IN, 182 AD LES ____ 1. of Alien Property of the Department of Justice. Dier AUG 7 12 04 71.39 DESTON Serva. ÷Ĺ -, Inv. 🔔 MNS krr (4) 6 10 18 131 scatery . 21.7 17 5 5 4 .. & lasp. 🔔 Mgint. _ 1. Serva. ____ ----- ---- -. t ≥² ning _____ : Affs, Off. _ hone Rm. 🔔 MAIL ROOM ion's Secty 🔔

FD-36 (Rev. 8-26-82) FBI CLASSIFICATION: PPECEDENCE: TRANSMIT VIA: Immediate □ TOP SECRET □ Teletype □ SECRET Priority Facsimile AIRTEL Routine UNCLASEFTO UNCLAS ∩ ^{Date} <u>8/18/83</u> DIRECTOR, FBI TO: SEC ATTN: INTD, SUPERVISOR (P) FROM: CINCINNATI b NTKOLA (5) (00: -01)This communication is classified "Secret" in its entirety. Re telephone call of SA Cincinnati FBIHQ, on 8/11/83, 476 Division, to Supervisor Enclosed for the Bureau and New York is one copy each of pertinent pages from the 1981 book titled "Tesla: Man Out of Time" by Margaret Cheney, with important passages underlined. For information of Bureau and New York, a **C** research physicist with the Electro Optics Research Tab of the Avionics Division of the U.S. Air Force Aeronautical Systems Division at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base (WPAFB) and Ū, physicist and intelligence specialist on Particle apons rechnology with the Foreign Technology Division **B** (FTD) also at WPAFB, have both been in contact with SA at the Dayton, Ohio RA regarding possible FBI Beck Classified by: 8262 DADR Declassify ENCLOSURE Bureau (Enc. 1) - New York (Enc. 1) - Cincinnati 2 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED DHF:mkg C BEREIN IS UNCLASSIVIED 17 AUG 22 1983 (6) EXCENT PREASE COURSE ethere iss " Per Approved: _ Transmitted (Number) (Time) 53 NOV 10198. 6 11.11.10

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involvement in the seizing of Nikola Tesla's research papers and other documents and scientific instruments after his death on January 7, 1943.

They both explained that Tesla was a scientific genius and experimenter who was born in Yugoslavia of Serbian parents on 7/10/56, went to school later in Gratz, Austria, Prague, Czechoslovakia and Paris, France. He immigrated to the U.S. in the early 1880's, worked for Thomas Edison's laboratory for a couple of years, then started his own lab after being paid \$1 million dollars for rights to his patents on his polyphase systems of alternating current dynamos, which lead to the $\psi \in A$ harnessing of Niagra Falls for producking electricity and then the power system of the whole country. He was naturalized in 1889. He predicted wireless communication (radio). His later experiments in Colorado and elsewhere legd to his producing artificial lightning in the millions of volts. He also had patents on the concept of neon and flourescent lights, but he later made little money on his later inventions, although he continued to do experiments leading to devices of great potential worth, which he never patented. He became more reclusive in his later years, living in various hotels in New York City. In the 1930's he claimed he had developed the concept and method of building a "death ray", which could destroy planes at many miles distant, for defending America. Also, there are reports of resonance machines or devices whereby he could shake one or many large city buildings from some distance away.

bild Both memory and said that Tesla donated "some" of his papers (or copies thereof) to the Tesla Institute in Belgrade, Yugoslavia; set up in the 1930's in his honor by their government. Biographies on Tesla claim that either the custodian of Alien Property and/or the FBI seized his papers and other personal effects, including a safe or safes, and other property immediately after his death in 1943. This is elaborated on in the enclosed copies of certain pages of Margaret Cheney's book, "Tesla: Man Out of Time".

bit said that after World War II Tesla's papers were shipped to the resla Institute in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, by his nephew, Sava Kosanovic, who had become Tito's Ambassador to the U.S. There were reports that some microfilming of Tesla's papers by government agents while they were still in storage in New York under Kosanovic's custody.

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SECRET

Also, the Soviet Union has allegedly had access to some of Tesla's papers, possibly in Belgrade and/or else where, which influenced their early research into directed energy weapons, and Butler feels access to much of Tesla's papers on lightning, beam weapons and/or "death rays" would give him more insight into the Soviet beam weapons program. This is Butler's area of expertise and responsibility. He has been unable to locate any Tesla papers or copies of same in the classified or unclassified libraries at WPAFB. However, there are reports that some portions of them were shipped by the Custodian of Alien Property Office in Washington, D.C. to a technical research lab at WPAFB, possibly the "Equipment Lab", now closed for some years or reorganized into another organization.

and the subject of FBI investigation.

FTD business periodically and can review FBI files at FBIHQ relating to Tesla and Kosanovic.

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU

The Bureau is requested to conduct full indices checks on both Nikola Tesla and Sava Kosanovic.

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Should there be such files at FBIHQ, as well as at New York it is requested that Bureau consider granting the above the statement of FTD, official access to same, in the interest of national security.

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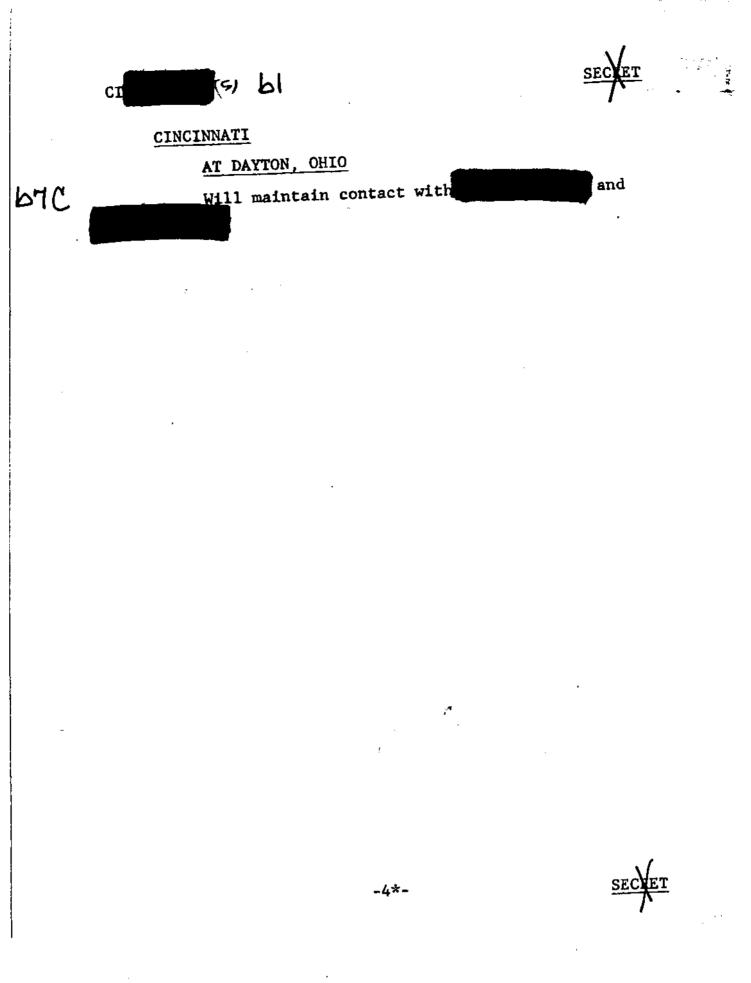
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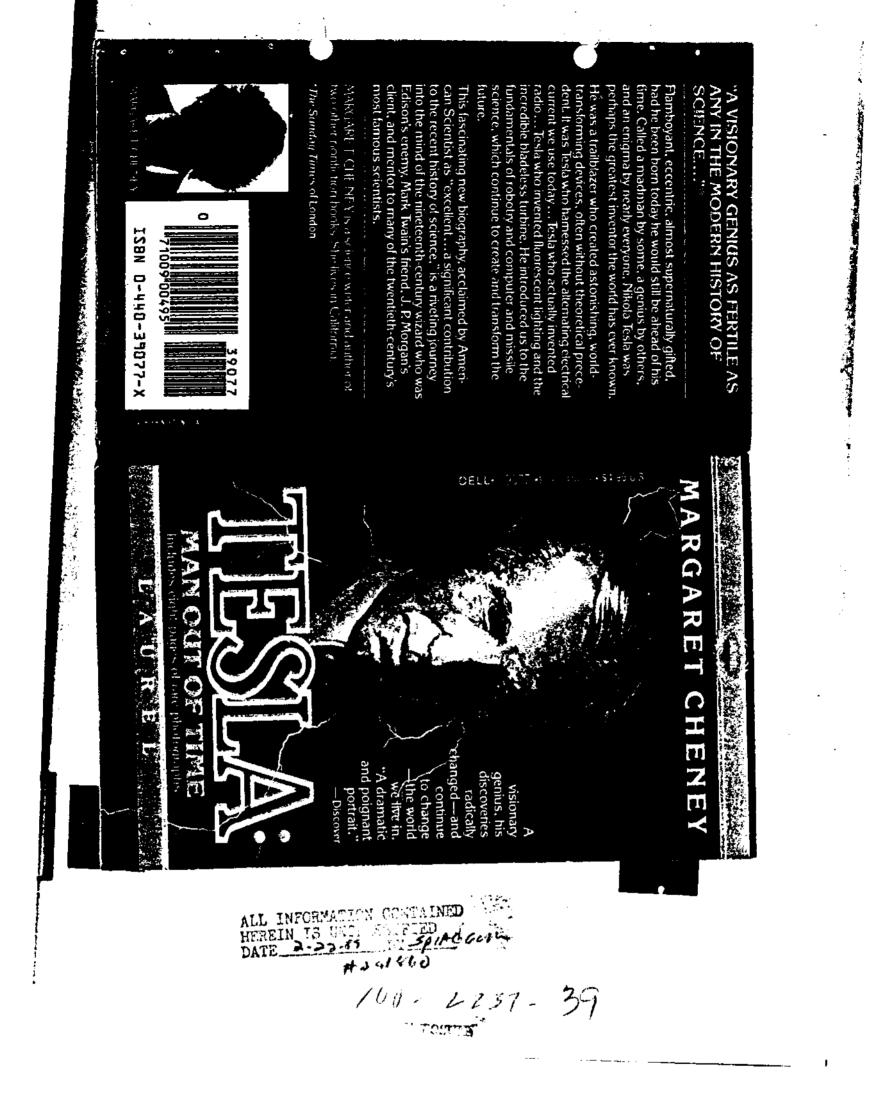
AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will conduct same indices check as requested of Bureau and advise the Bureau and Cincinnati of results and confirm such files and references still exist there. -3- SEC T

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The ill-fated Wardenclyffe tower built in 1901-03. It was intended for radio broadcasting and wireless transmission of power across the Atlantic. (Courtesy L. Anderson, after photo by Lillian McChesney)

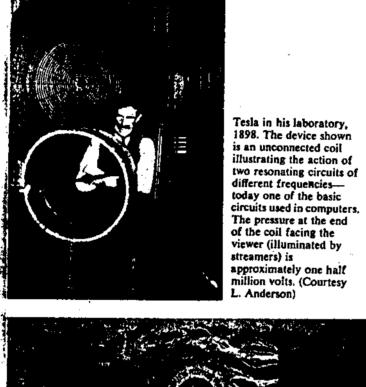
An artist's rendering of Tesla's concept of the war of the future. The towerlike structures (based on the intended final form of the Wardenclyffe tower) are directing remote-controlled defenses against robot attackers. As Hugo Gernsback wrote in *Science and Invention*, where this illustration appeared, "Machines only will meet in mortal combat. It will be a veritable war of Science." (Gernsback Publications, Inc.) : * *

ويرتعه بالاراسية لأكاكروه





A trio of scientific greats: Albert Einstein, Nikola Tesla, and Charles Steinmetz, as they appeared in 1921 in a visit to the RCA transoceanic station at New Brunswick, NJ. At the time, Tesla was deeply involved in his patent dispute with Marconi. Only after his death would the U.S. Supreme Court uphold Tesla's claim to be the true father of radio. (RCA)



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The letterhead of Tesla business stationery recalls some of his more important inventions. In the center is the Wardenclyffe tower as it was intended to look when finished. (Courtesy L. Anderson)

(ne)



Discharge of several million volts cascading around Tesla in his Colorado Springs laboratory. The roar that accompanied such discharges could be heard ten miles away. (Burndy Library)

HURLER OF LIGHTNING +++ 137

of low frequency, and would yield sinusoidal and continuous oscilla sions like those of an alternator.

"Taken in the narrowest significance of the term, however," Tesla wrote, "It is a resonant transformer which, besides possessing these qualities, is accurately proportioned to fit the globe and its electrical constants and properties, by virtue of which design it becomes highly efficient and effective in the wireless transmission of energy. Distance is then absolutely eliminated, there being no diminution in the intensity of the transmitted impulses. It is even possible to make the actions increase with the distance from the plant according to an exact mathematical law."⁹

Once this powerful equipment was built and the inventor began testing he was able to emulate the electrical fireworks of even the wildest mountain storms. When the transmitter was operating, lightning arresters in a twelve-mile radius from his station were bridged with continuous flery arcs, stronger and more pensistent than those produced by natural lightning.

For the first time he kept a careful daily diary in which he recorded every aspect of his research. And because visual effects were useful as well as thritting, he devoted many hours to photographic . experiments.

The equipment Testa Was perfecting would, he hoped, one day be adaptable for commercial use. But first, thousands of observations and delicate adjustments had to be made. He no longer trusted his legendary memory to store such a volume of information. His daily notes referred constantly to experiments that had failed to turn out as expected, and he would ask himself why. This process was at sharp variance with the one he claimed to have used throughout his earlier life. Now middle-aged, he may have felt his memory waning slightly. Certainly he feit driven by the pressures of his self-imposed deadline.

In his Colorado journal his lifelong fascination with visual phenomena is underscored. The flashing lights that he had always experienced on the screen of his mind were dramatically externalized, and his descriptions, among the mass of mathematical formulas, are detailed, loving, almost erotic in their lingering portrayal of the colors and grandeur of his Colorado electrical storms.⁴

Nights when experiments were being made with the magnifying transmitter the prainte sky exploded with sound and color. Even the earth seemed alive and the crash of thunder from the spark gap could be heard for miles. Butterflies were sucked into the vortex of the

28 Death and Transfiguration

The new government of King Peter, with broad popular support, confronted the Germans and refused to ratify the compromise agreement that had been made with Hitler by Prince Paul. Almost at once reprisals began.

On Palm Sunday, 1941, three hundred Luftwaffe bombers swept over the Yugoslav capital of Belgrade. Methodically they crisscrossed the city street by street, strafing everything that breathed. By noon 25,000 civilians were dead, and the wounded lay everywhere. Most public buildings were left in rulns, including the modern laboratory known as the Tesla Institute.

The combined armed forces of Germany, Italy, Hungary, and Bulgarta invaded the doorned country. Within only days the Yugoslav Army was crushed, and King Peter was sent to England for safety. His government-in-exile would operate from London for the remainder of World War II.

This, however, was only the beginning of the war for Yugoslavs. Accustomed to successive invasions for a thousand years, the people were resilient. The remnants of the Army and Communist factions withdrew into the mountains, from which they launched guerrilla attacks on the invaders. These armed fighters, men and women, were supplied with food grown by the old people and children remaining in undefended villages.

Against them the Nazis and Fascists carried out murderous reprisals. In the fishing villages and along the stony slopes of the Adriatic, half the people in every hamlet were systematically shot.

Soon, however, it became apparent to military strategists in the United States and England that, not only were Axis forces killing Yugoslavs, but rival guerrilla factions of monarchists and Communists had begun to vie for Allted support and were shooting each other as well as the invaders.

Col. Drazha Mihailović, a Serbian army officer, led a faction called Chetniks (the "Yugoslav Army in the Fatherland"), composed mainly of Serbian and Bosnian monarchists. With close ties to King

DEATH AND TRANSFIGURATION +++ 259

Peter, they became the first major resistance movement in Europe.¹ The initial British aid to Yugoslavia went to the Chemiks, but it was short-lived. The National Liberation Army or Partisana, led by Josep Broz Tho of the Communist Party, was swiftly rising to prominence.

Allied strategists knew little of Tito. It was said he had been left wounded on a battlefield in 1917 and captured by the Russians. These he was trained as a Communist leader and sent to France during the Spanish Civil War to aid the Loyalists or Republicans.

A Croat, Tho had little reason to love the monarchy, for he was imprisoned after returning to Yugoslavia. On release, he became active in organizing a metal workers' union and helped to build the Yugoslav labor movement. His emergence as head of the Partisans in World War II was that of a natural leader who inspired his fighters and maintained rigorous discipline. He was looking ahead to a time when the Slavs could rabuild a freerend united country without oppression either by foreigners or kings.

Tho's goal was to set up committees of popular liberation after the Russian style, while Mihailović and the Chetniks favored local administrative authorities under the monarchy. Both factions kept on killing Germans and Italians but, unfortunately, they also continued murdering each other.⁸

Prof. Bogdan Raditsa", then director of the information service of the Yugoslav Embasay in Washington, D.C., recalls, "The situation became rather complicated when Yugoslavia collapsed in 1941 and when, at the end of that year, a Royal Yugoslav Mission came to this country." It was composed of members of King Peter's government and the Ban (Governor) of Croatia, Dr. Ivan Subasić. Seva Kosanović, Teslas nephew, then a member of the Democratic Party also arrived as a minister of the exiled government.

"As soon as Kosanović came to the States," says Professor Raditsa, "he tried to reorient Tesla from the exclusive Serbian policy, and he succeeded. Tesla, even before, never feit himself a Great Serbian chauvinist. He used to say, 'I am a Serb but my fatherland is Croatia.'"³

The conflict between Serbs and Croats in exile intensified as the war went on, paralyzing normal Slav diplomatic activities in London, Washington, and New York.

"Kosanović, though a Serb," recalls Raditsa, "was leading the struggle for a brotherhood between the Serbs and Croats against Folić and many other Serb members of verious Yugoslav missions. "Radius belonged to a territy in southern Croats that had always levored a union of Croatens and Serbs.

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ine nations, equal in dignity and separt for men world of the downtroddien and humiliated, but of frae men and

The Inventor's name also appeared on another message sent to the Soviet Academy of Sciences on October 12, 1941, urging joint struggle against the Axis powers by Russia, Graet Britain, and America, in each of the revolutionary struggle of the Yugoslav people. This nessage is not to be seen in the Museum, however, presumably because norsalgis Russian-style has ceased to be politic. Novement, present royalar Yugoslav federation versus the contraliation prever royalar Yugoslav. Furtherman of the Yugoslav Economic Mis-anember of the Tho movement. Ming Peter was deeperately seeking for Minalović the support of President Frankin Delaro Roceveit and Prime Meniate Waneton Churchill, as well as that of the own Unde Bertie, who was Kang George VI of England. The British, at that sympathetic to the Chetritic cause, began to change as they mosived reports of the aggressive actions of Tho's Partsenna. In 1942, King Peter vetted Washington to Intercede with FDR. Yugoslavis pilots were being trained in Temmesses. FDR told han that America would send alightnes to the Chetrilis as acon as they could be spared from the war in the Middle East. The monerch veltael New Yugoslavis at the Colony Cub. The Colony the first Tempis socialited out is America, had been founded at the Inspiration of energets Anne Morgen. She estanded the function, as did the King's mother, Queen Maria, and Mra. Roceweit, it was the sort of after Tesla hameli would have delighted in had the not been weak and II. So King Peter

was largely shared by the masses of the people, Serbs and Croats. So Teda's message to the Serbs and Croats was written by Kosanovit." On the wells of the Teda Museum in Belgrade one may read a vasity enlarged photocopy of the words allegedly sent by Tesia to its embattled countrymen only months before his own death. American Vice-President Henry A. Wellace also had a hand in its drating Typewritten, it has many cross-outs and intertinings in Tesia's own handwriting yet the style is that of an ideologue, which the inventor

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National Liberation Movement for a new Yugoslavia in the bogint of the and the solution in the seried the series and the series in the series and the series of the series and the series of the series and the series are the series and the series and the series are the series and the series and the series are the series and the series and the series are the series a

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Ruditse sold he seemed happy that he finally had a man of his own blood near him in New York and noted that Testa began to rely upon Kosanović's opinion on everything. During this period the

inventor was receiving about \$500 per month from the royal govern-

Serbians. "Testa himself ... was not aware of the deep conflict between the Serbs and Croess, and as basically a scientist and in old agu, he was very candid in politics."

Thus he began using Tesla for the policy directed against the Gear

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In his charter (A King's Hertage), under data July 8, 1942, the young Pater II writes: "I visited Dk. Noois Tesia, the world-famous Yugodav-American scientist, in his apartment in the Hotel New Yorkez After I had general him the aged scientist said: "It is my general honox. I am glad you are in your youth, and I am content that you will be a great ruler. I believe I will live until you come back to a free Yugodevia. From your father you have sectived his last words: "Guard Yugodevia. I am proud to be a Serblem and a Yugodeve—the Serba, the Croata, and Preserve the unity of all Yugodeve—the Serba, the Croata, and Slovener."

Out of this war... a new world must be born, a world that would justify the sacrifices offered by humanity. This ... must be a world in which there shall be no exploitation of the weak by the strong, of the good by the evil, where there will be no humiliation of the poor by the violence of the rich; where the products of the intellect, science, and art will serve society for the beterment and beautification of the, and not the individuals for achieving wealth. This new world shall not be a

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The King added that he was deeply touched and that both he and Dr. Testa had wept. He then visited Columbia University, to be warmly welcomed by President Nicholas Murray Butler and to find another link with his own country in the Pupin Physics Laboratory

Returning to Washington, he was assured by FDR that food, clothing, arms, and ammunition would be dropped over Yugoslavia. But he was shocked when, in 1943, the British Mission in Yugoslavia made official contact with Tito. Peter asked to be parachuted into his country, but Churchill demurred Tito openly accused Mihailović of being a traitor.⁶

At the Teheran Conference in November there occurred, largely at Churchill's instance, what the King described as a "fatal change" of Alited policy. It was decided that "the basic force fighting the Germans in Yugoslavia recognized by the Allies was the National Liberation Army, under the command of Tito, and the Partisan force received full recognition as an Allied Army, Mihailović was thus denied and abandoned."

Winston Churchill overnight became a hero of modern Yugoslavia. And when the young monarch frantically wrote to FDR for support, the ailing President repited urging him to accept Churchill's advice "as if it was my own." Within months Roosevelt died.

Testa's nephew, Kosanović, along with certain other diplomatic representatives of King Peter, had been dismissed by the monarch at the height of the 1942 only. The often told Bogdan Raditsa in those days that he felt Tesla had been terribly shocked by his nephew's exclusion from the royal government. In fact, Kosanović believed that the inventor's death was actually precipitated by his own "setback."

"He thought," Kosanović repeatedly told Raditsa, "that I was punished, and that eventually I would be arrested or something of the kind, but I succeeded to convince him that it was inevitable in politics."⁹

During this period Kosanović was frank in saying that he tried to keep Tesla from seeing members of the royal government. Ambassador Fotić had become "the enemy" since he still favored a Great Serbian policy as opposed to the changes ahead. Tesla's relationship with this old friend became "fukewarm."

"There is no doubt," says Professor Raditsa, "that the whole internecine tragedy of Yugoslavia from 1941 to 1943 must have had a rather depressing impact upon Tesla. Very often he would ask me, could I explain to him what was going on among us, and why we cannot agree...."

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After the war, Mihailović would be executed by a "People's Court" for alleged collaboration with the enemy, and the Republic of Yugoslavia declared to exist, with Tito as President for life and the Communists firmly in charge.

A count of Yugoslavian casualities at the end of World War II disclosed that 2 million persons had died; tragically, many thousands had been killed by fellow Yugoslavs.

"After the war," recalls Professor Radits, "Kosanouić became a minister in the Tito-Subati-Goueroment, and I was his assistant in the Ministry of Information from 1944 to 1945, when I left the country, for I couldn't become a Communist. Later on in 1946, Sava Kosanović became Tito's ambassador in Washington but I never saw him again after I left Belgrade in October of 1945. Kosanović had accepted totally the Communist system in Yugoslavia and remained loyal until his death."

There had not been a time in ten centuries when the Yugoslavs had not been ruled and ransacked by invaders—by Venetiana, . Romans, Turks, Bulgars, Austrians, Hungarians, Germans, Italians, when they were not living under threat of torture, prison, or violent death. Now a marvelous truth began to dawn upon them: that they were free, in a manner of speaking.

Testa would not five to see this. Whether he could ever have accepted the new government, with its Soviet-type Constitution and a Soviet alitance, whether he could ever have accepted the permanent adle of his beloved monarch, are unanswerable guestions. N. Handhard

Unfortunately, however, all this was to have a bearing on how he would be remembered in the West. The fading of his scientific sputation, the forgetfulness of Americans in the postwar period, vesulted in large degree from the disappearance of most of his scientific papers behind that new Cold War phenomenon, the hon Curtain.

In 1948 Yugoslavia ceased to be an Iron Curtain country, declaring its independence from the Soviet doctrine of "limited sovereignty" America and her allies then were generous in sending economic and military aid to the Slavs; but the damage had been done. America had not raced to Tito's wartime support with the alacrity that Churchill had shown. In the future it would not be made easy for American acholars to draw on Yugoslav sources to document the achievements of Nikola Tesla.

The inventor became very feeble in the winter of 1942. His fear of germs was so obsessive that even his closest friends were

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required to stand at a distance, like the subjects of a neurotic Tudoc (Pigeon germs did not seem to worry him.) He had heart trouble and suffered occasionally from fainting spells. No longer able to feed his beloved birds, he often relied upon a young man named Charles Hausler, who owned racing pigeons, to take care of them for him.

Hausier had worked for Tesia in this capacity from around 1928 onward, his job being to go to the New York Public Library at noon each day with grain and then to welk around the four sides of the building looking for young or injured birds on window sills or behind large statues. He would take them to Tesia's hotel for rest and recuperation. Then, he has recalled, "I would release them at the Ibrary for him." He semembered that the cages in Tesia's rooms had been built by a fine carpenter— "as Mr. Tesia was in all his doings it had to be done right." The pigeons also enjoyed a curtained shower bath.

Hausier and Tesia spent many hours logether, tailing mostly of pigeons. Once Tesia confided to him that "Thomas Edison could not be trusted." The boy remembered his employer as "a very kind and considerate human person," and there was one incident that stood out in his mind long afterward. "He had a large box or container in the moon near the pigeon cages and he told me to be very careful not to disturb the box," said Hausier, "as it contained something that could destroy an alxplane in the sky and he had hopes of presenting it to the world." He believed it probably was stored in the cellar of the hotal later."

On a bitter day in early January 1943, Tesla called his other messenger boy, Kerrigan, and gave him a sealed envelope addressed to Mr. Samuel Clemens, 35 South Fifth Avenue, New York City. The boy set forth into the whipping wind and searched fruitlessly for the number. As it turned out, this had been the address of Tesla's first laboratory; but now South Fifth Avenue was West Broadway, and no one by the name of Samuel Clemens lived in the area.

Kerrigan made his way back to the Hotel New Yorker and reported to the sick man. In a weak voice, Testa explained that Clemens was the famous Mark Twain and that everyone knew of him. He sent Kerrigan forth once more, and this time asked him also to take care of the pigeons. The perturbed messenger fed the birds and then consulted his supervisor, who told him that Mark Twain had been dead for twenty-five years. Once again Kerrigan trudged through the cold afternoon to Testa's nooms, where he explained and tried to return the envelope.

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The inventor was indignant and refused to hear that the humorist was dead. "He was in my room last night," he said. "He sat in that chair and talked to me for an hour. He is having financial difficulties and needs my help. So---don't come back until you have delivered that envelope." Once again the messanger went to his supervisor and together they opened the envelope. It contained a blank sheet of paper wrapped around twenty five-dollar bils---enough to help an old friend through a little fainting spell.

On the fourth of January, the inventor, although very weak, went to his office to make an experiment that George Scherff was interested in. Scherff dropped in to help him prepare for it. The work was interrupted, however, when Tesla felt a securrence of some sharp pains in his chest.

Refusing medical aid, he returned to his hotel. Next day a maid came in and cleaned. As she left, he asked her to put the *Do* Not Disturb sign on his door to keep visitors away, and not to bother cleaning. The sign remained these the following day and the one after that.

Early on the morning of January 8, Alice Monaghan, a maid, ignored the sign and entered the apartment to find the firventor dead in bed, his sunken, remaclated face composed.¹⁰ Assistant Medical Examiner H. W. Wernbly examined the body, placed the time of death as 10:30 P.M. on January 7, 1943, and gave his opinion that the cause of death had been coronary thrombosis. Tesla had died in his sleep, and the examiner noted that he had found "No suspicious circumstances." The inventor was eighty-six years of age.

Kenneth Swezey was notified at once; and at ten o'clock that morning he telephoned to Dr. Rado at New York University King Peter's headquarters, then at 745 Fifth Avenue, was advised by the professor. Tesla's nephew, Kosanović, then wartime president of the Eastern and Central European Planning Board for the Balkan countries, also was notified.

Then the FBI was called. Swezey and Kosanović summoned a locksmith and Testa's safe was opened and the contents examined.

The body was removed to the Frank E. Campbell Funeral Home at Madison Avenue and 81st Street and a sculptor was engaged by Hugo Gernsback to prepare a death mask of the inventor.

Just before Tesla's death, Eleanor Roosevelt had tried to Intercede in his behalf with President Roosevelt—perhaps with the idea of conferring some honor upon him. In the Tesla Museum at Belgrade three brief notes on White House stationery may be read. On

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January 1, at the request of author Louis Adamić, Mrs. Roosevelt had promised to ask the President to write to Tesla and said that she herself would call on him on her next trip to New York. The second note is headed, "Memo for Mrs. Roosevelt" and is signed FDR: "I was having this looked into but the papers yesterday carried the story that Dr Tesla had died. Therefore I am returning the enclosures herewith." A third note of January 11 from Eleanor Roosevelt to Adamić forwards the President's message and adds her sorrow at learning of the inventor's death.

Adamić wrote a moving eulogy to Tesla that was read by New York Mayor Fionello H. LaGuardia over station WNYC on January 10." Meanwhile the extreme tensions between Serb and Croat factions in the United States were making the planning of funeral services difficult. The body lay in state but, according to an unpublished letter of O'Netil's, "only twelve people, some of whom were newspaper seporters," came to view it.

When state services were held at four o'clock on January 12, in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, however, more than two thousand people crowded in. Serbs and Croats were seated on opposing sides of the cathedral, Bishop William T. Manning having exacted from both factions a promise of no political speeches. The service was begun in English by Bishop Manning and concluded in Serbian by the Very Rev. Dusan Sukletović.

Among Balkan diplomats present were Ambassador Fotić, the Governor of Croatia, a former Prime Minister of Yugoslavia, and the Minister of Food and Reconstruction. In the front row with Kosanović, chief mourner and head of the important new trade mission, sat Swezeu Dr. Rado had been too ill to attend as an honorary pallbearer.

Figures important in American science and industry who dd attend as honorary pallbearers included Professor Edwin H. Armstrong, Dr. E. F. W. Alexanderson of General Electric, Dr. Harvey Rentschler of Westinghouse, engineer Gano Dunn, and W. H. Barton, curator of the Hayden Planetarium of the American Museum of Natural History. Newbold Monts, president of the New York City Council, headed this group.

When word of Tesla's death spread abroad to war-stricken Europe, telegrams of tribute and sorrow began pouring in from scientists and governmental leaders alike. In the United States three Nobel prizewinners in physics, Millikan, Compton, and James Frank, joined in a eulogy to the inventor as "one of the outstanding intellects

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of the world who paved the way for many of the important technological developments of modern times."

The President and Mrs. Roosevelt expressed their gratitude for Testa's contributions "to science and industry and to this country" Vice-President Wallace, in the spirit of the new Yugoslavia, declared that, "In Nikola Testa's death the common man loses one of his best trends."

Although Louis Adamić wrongly eulogized Tesla as one who had cared nothing for money, he could not have been more accurate when he said that Tesla was not really dead: "The real, important part of Tesla lives in his achievement, which is great, almost beyond calculation, and an integral part of our civilization, our daily lives, our current war effort... His life is a triumph...."*

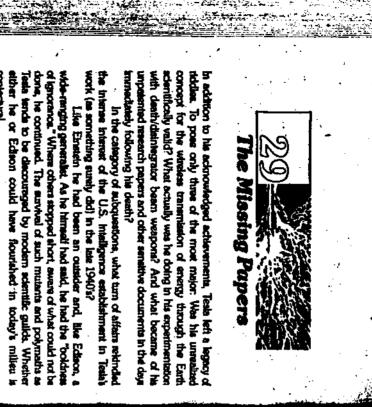
Among the honors that had come to Tesla in his afe were many academic degrees from American and foreign universities; the John Scott Medal, the Edison Medal, and verious awards from European governments. In September 1943 the Liberty ship Nikolo Tesla was launched, an honor that would have pleased the scientist. But not until 1975 was he inducted into the National Inventors Hall of Fame.

Eight months after Tesla's death, the U.S. Supreme Court handed down the decision that he had been confident would come eventually-ruling that he was the inventor of radio.

His body was taken to Ferncilife Carnetery at Andsley-on-the-Hudson in the deep cold of the winter afternoon. In the car that followed the hearse rode Swezey and Kosanović. The Inventor's remains were cremated and his ashes later returned to the land of his birth.⁴

In almost every nation in the world, the fighting and dying continued.

Charlotte Muzar, formenty escretary to Sava N. Kosanović, carried Tesla's selves to the Tesla Museum in Belgrade in 1957. Throughout the years Kosanović had spolem of leaving the selves in America and had hoped an appropriate memorial to the inventor would be relead in the United States as their resting place. —Archives: Tasla Memorial Society.



conjectural

The example set by Tesla has always been perticularly inspi-ing to the ione numer. At the same time, however, his legacy to establishment actence is perfound for his nesearch, although some-times experic, was almost always sweeping in its potential to transform society. His contribution was major rather than incremental. His tarbine failed in part because it would have required fundamental changes by whole industries. Alternating current triumphed only after

In progress, no formal, accessible repository for his research notes and pepers. He worked not just in private, but---his love of famboyent announcements to the press notwithstanding--in secret. Thus any inventions which he did not patent or give freely to the world ware more or less strouded in mystery. And, because of the handling of the It had overcome the resistance of an entire industry. But there was an unfortunate corollary to Tesla's lone battles with the adentific-industries establishment. Since he was part of no group or institution, he had no colleegues with whom to discuss work

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papers he left behind after his death, the range of his achievement

continues to remain a partial mystery genius. Interest in his work, fired by a growing awareness of the riddles surrounding it, has been escalating ever since, almost as it he had been If this has been frustrating to the scientists who have succeeded Tests, is has at least been stimulating. After a period of obscurity, the one hundreth anniversary of his birth in July 1956 brought an international neuralizing to the importance of the inventor's life and

orative programs were arranged by the institute of Rocio Engineers, the Chicago Miuseum of Science and Industry, the Franklin Institute, and various universities, the Tesla Society playing an active role in such acceptition. Permanent memorials in the form of scholarships and medials were proposed and achibits presented by science museums. Special ceremonies were conducted at Niegare Falls, and a statute wes law enected in his honor on Goat Island, a gift from the people of Yugoslavia. Chicago, reminded by atomneylauthor Elmer Certz that it should be etermally grateful to him for having mede the Columbian Exposition of 1893 the "wonder of the globe," dedicated a new public whool to Tesla's memory. He was honored by centennial celebrations in America and Europe. The American Institute of Electrical Engineers dedicated its fall meeting in Chicago to a review of this life and inventions. Commemaborn in his true psychological age.

The inventor's old colleagues of the AIEE journeyed to Europe to attend more celebrations, statue unveilings, and dedications in his bonor. The International Electrotechnical Commission in Musich took formal action, making his name an International scientific unit, the teelo joining such historic electrical symbols as fared, volt, ampene, and

As the exploration of space accelerated, so did Interest In Tada, especially from the standpoint of beam weaponry and microweve work. In America, Russia, Canada, and various other countries, projects in his name or derived from his pioneering, from weather control to nuclear fusion, began to attract scientific attention. Some were just the shoesting efforts of ioners, their laboratories old Quoneet ŝ

hus. Some were top secret and financed by anormous budgets. Tesla's year of secret experiments at Colorado Springs in 1899 provided the basic Impetus for much of this new exploration. His Colorado Springs Nozes," when they appeared in English in 1978 "This book stery be ordered from Nale, Senade, 27, Beigrade, Yugoslavia (about \$40,

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under the imprint of the Tesia Museum at Belgrade, were eagely awaited by many scientists. But even this work left important questions unanswered.

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The bulk of his papers having vanished from America, reliable information was harder to come by than the recurring rumors of conspiracy, espionage, and patent theft. Scientists thought it strange that some aspects of his Colorado Springs research found in scattered sources did not appear in the Yugoslav-published Notes. Only by piecing together fragmentary information could the magnitude of his experiments be comprehended.

Around 1928 O'Neill, by menest chance, had happened to see a legal advertisement in a New York newspaper announcing that at boxes placed in storage by Nikola Tesla would be sold by the storage warehouse for unpaid bills. Feeling that such material should be preserved, he went to the inventor and asked permission to try to obtain funds to reclaim the material.

"Testa hit the ceiling," he recalled. "He assured me he was well able to take care of his own affairs.... He forbid me to buy them or do anything in any way about them."

Shortly after the inventor died, O'Neill got in touch with Sava Kosanović, told him about the boxes, and urged him to protect them. He was never able to get a positive statement from Kosanović that he had obtained the boxes and examined the contents. "He gave evesive assurances that there was no reason for me to worry..."

Others too were interested in the papers. A young American engineer engaged in war work consulted Tesla on a balistics engineering problem because he could not get time on an overworked computer, and Tesla's mind was known to offer the nearest thing to it. Soon he became fascinated with Tesla's scientific papers and was allowed to take batches of them home to his hotal room where he and another American engineer pored over them each night. They were seturned the next day, a procedure which continued for about two weeks prior to the Inventor's death.

Tesla had received offers to work for Germany and Russia. After the inventor died, both engineers became concerned that critical acientific information might fall into foreign hands and alerted United States security agencies and high government officials.

The relevant records that I have obtained from federal agencies under the Freedom of information <u>Act</u> reveal strange twistings and inconsistencies in the handling of the inventor's estate. Testa left tons of papers, barrels and boxes full of them. But he left no will, He was

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survived by five nieces and nephews, of whom two lived in America at the time of his death.

Curiously, the FBL released his estate to the Office of Alien Poperty, which aroundly, seeled the contents. Since Testa was an American citizen, the OAP's concern in the matter was hard to justify. After a court hearing, however, the estate was released to Ambassador Kosanović, one of the heirs.

deeth intervened), received the following account in 1963 from a former side of Ambassador Kosanović's:

"Back in 1943... when Tesla died, it was a matter of very short time when Mr. K was issued a certificate from or by the Office of Custodian of Alien Property conveying to Mr. K full rights to the Tesla papers... he had them all packed up and sent off to the Manhattan Storage Company where they remained until ready for packing and shoping off to Yugoslavia in 1952. Mr. K peld for storage charges.... All this time the cartificate from the Alien Property Office was in my possession (in case of need)....

You will perhaps remember that a number of times Mr. Kmentioned the fact that the custodian at the storage warehouse told him that series downment guys were in to microfilm some of the process when we opened the fate in the present museum building in Beigrade, Yugoslavia) the bunch of keys, which was the last thing Mr. K. flung into the safe at the New Yorker Hotel before the combination was re-set to a new combination, were not found in the safe, but in an entirely different box. Also the gold medal (the Edison Medal) was missing from the safe.... Anyway, for years and years Mr. K was bothered by the fact that Tesla papers had been gone thru and just before his departure from Washington in 1949-50(?) he decided to follow my suggestion to call Edgar J. Hoover [stc] and ask him. Mr. Hoover denied categorically that the FBI had gone into the papers...."

The aide said Tesla had told his nephew that "he wished to leave his works, property, etc., to his native country." (Not only is this uncomponented but the papers were in English.)

Immediately after Tesia's death an exchange of telegrams flew between FBI Agent Foundatt, of the Seld division of the New York Bureau and the director of the New York Bureau of the FBI. The day following discovery of the body, Agent Foxworth reported:

"Experiments and research of Nikola Tesia, deceased. Espionage--M. Nikola Tesia, one of the workd's outstanding scientists in the electrical field, died January seventh, nineteen forty three at the



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films and links

Hotel New Yorker, New York City, During his lifetime, he conducted many experiments in connection with the wireless transmission of electrical power and ... what is commonly called the death ray According to information furnished by X [name deleted]. New York City, the notes and records of Testa's experiments and formulae

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bigsther with designs of machinery or among Tesla's period effects, and no steps have been taken to preserve them or to be them from failing two hands of people ... unifitendly to the war effor of the United Nations..." (The FBI was, however, advised by the office of Vice-President Herrin, A., Waljace that the government was "Vially interested" in preserving Tesla's period.)
 Biopce D. Fitzgerald, "an electrical engineer who had been quite close to Tesla during his lifetime," continued Foxworth, "advised the New York office that on January seventh, nineteen forty thee, Some Kosanović, George Clark, who is in charge of the museum and aboratory for RCA, and Kenneth Swezey ... went to Tesla's nome in the New Yorker (author's note: the cornect date would have been and aboratory for RCA, and Kenneth Swezey ... went to Tesla's nome in the New Yorker (author's note: the cornect date would have been and been completed and perfected.
 "Pageraid also knows that Tesla had conceived and designed the new which the last month, Tesla had conceived and designed the new have of the write the anistion of electrical power had been completed and perfected.

a revolutionary type of torpedo which is not pessently in use by any of the nations. It is Flageraid's belief that this design has not been made evellable to any nation up to the present time. From statements made to Flageraid by Tesla, he knows that the complete plana, specthadon of the basic theories of these things are some place in the personal effects of Tesla. He also knows there is a working model of Tesla's, which cost more than ten thousand dollars to build, in a solvery deposit box belonging to Tesla at the Governor Clarbon Hoad and Flageraid believes this model has to do with the so-called death ray or the wheleses tragenseitor, of electrical current. Tesla File also bold Proglecut in past conversations that he has some eighty things in different places containing transcripts and plana having 10 to with exertments conducted by him. Bureau is requested to advise immediately what, if any action should be taken concerning this matter by the New York Field Division."*

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other men to search for a will. After the safe was opened, Sweasy took from it a book containing the testimonials sent to Teala on his seventy-tith birthday, while Kosanović took from the room three pictures of Teals. According to the manager of the New Yorker Hotel and Kosanović, nothing else was removed. The safe was closed under a new combination, which combination was in Kosanović's exclusive 9

New Yorker Hotel and setzed all of Tesla's property, consisting of about two truchdoeds of material, evaled it and transferred it to the Marbattan Storage and Warshouse Company. It was added to about thirty barrels and bundles that had been there since about 1934, and there too were waied under orders of the OAP. On January 9, Goreach of OAP and Fitzgeraid went to the

In addition to the question of the legitimacy of Alien Property's involvement in the case is the question of why Kousnoukt was elicwed to have access to the safe's combination, from which he later claimed the Edison Medal had vanished. Testa's American naturalization papers, which he so prized that he always kept them in his safe, may now be seen at the Testa Museum in Belgrade, but it is not known what

other papers or objects were in the sale. The Washington Bureau of the FBI went so far as to advise the New York Bureau "to discreatly take the metter up with the State's Attorney in New York City with the view to possibly taking Kosenovich into custody on a burgiary charge and obtaining the valous papers which Kosenovich is reported to have taken from Teale's sale." New York was also told to contact the Surrogate Court so stops could be placed against all of Teale's effects, so that no one could enter them without an FBI agent being present, and New York, was to keep Washington advised of all developments.³ The idea of amenting the Yugoslav ambaseacher was quickly depped. And very soon the Washington handquarters mades a curtous decision. Edward: A. Tamm of the FBI in Washington advised D. M. Ladd of the Bureau that the whole matter was being turned over to the Custodian of Alian Property; and Tamm noted, "There appears to be no need for us to mess around in it.¹¹

Soon the well-known electrical angineer Dr. John G. Trump, who was serving as a technical aide to the National Defense Research Committee of the Office of Scientific Research and Development, was asked to performer in an examination of Tesla's scientific papers. Present at the Manhattan Waterbouse & Storage Company in addition

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The Party of

to Dr. Trump were Willis George, Office of Naval Intelligence, Third Naval District, Edward Palmer, chief yeoman, USNR, and John J. Corbett, chief yeoman, USNR.

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Dr. Trump reported afterward that r.c. examination was made of the vast amount of Tesla's property that had been in the basement of the New Yorker Hotel for ten years prior to his death, or of any of his papers except those in his immediate possession at the time of death, is should be remembered that Tesla's scientific reputation had been in eclipse for a number of years and that there had been many efforts to discredit his claims in radio, robotry, and alternating current. Dr. Trump was a busy man, just as the staff of the FBI was stretched thin by its preoccupation with investigating wartime sabotage.

"As a result of this examination," wrote Dr. Trump, "It is my considered opinion that there exist among Dr. Tesla's papers and possessions no scientific notes, descriptions of hitherto unrevealed methods or devices, or actual apparatus which could be of significant value to this country or which would constitute a hazard in unfriendly hands. I can therefore see no technical or military reason why further custody of the property should be retained."

He added: "For your records, there has been removed to your office a file of various written material by Dr. Tesla which covers typically and fairly completely the ideas with which he was concerned during his later years. These documents are enumerated and briefly abstracted in the attachment to this letter."

in closing Dr. Trump said: "It should be no discredit to this distinguished engineer and scientist, whose solid contributions to the electrical art were made at the beginning of the present century, to seport that his thoughts and efforts during at least the past fifteen years were primarily of a speculative, philosophical, and somewhat promotional character—often concerned with the production and wireless transmission of power—but did not include new sound, workable principles or methods for realizing such results."

The file (of which Dr. Trump's notes were only an abstract) consisted apparently of either photostats or microfilm made by the naval officers present, and the original papers apparently remained in storage, later to be transmitted to Yugoslavia. The examination had failed to disclose any alien-owned property subject to the vesting power of the Alien Property Custodian under the Trading with the Energy Act. Testa's papers and personal effects were released in

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February of 1943 for disposition by Kosanović, the administrator of his

Dr. Trump's abstract included the following:

"Art of Telegeodynamics, or Art of Producing Terrestrial Motions at Distance—This document, in the form of a letter dated june 12, 1940, to the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Co., proposes a method for the transmission of large amounts of power over vest distances by means of mechanical vibrations of the earth's crust. The source of power is a mechanical or electromechanical device bolted to some rocky protuberance and imparting power at a resonance frequency of the earth's crust. The proposed scheme appears to be completely visionary and unworkable. Westinghouse's reply indicates their polite rejection....

"New Art of Projecting Concentrated Non-Dispersive Energy through Natural Media---This undated document by Tesla describes an electrostatic method of producing very high voltages and capable of very great power. This generator, is used to accelerate charged particles, presumably electrons. Such a beam of high-energy electrons passing through air is the 'concentrated nondispersive' means by which energy is transmitted through natural media. As a component of this apparatus there is described an open-ended vecuum tube within which the electrons are first accelerated.

"The proposed scheme been some relation to present means for producing high-energy cathode rays by the cooperative use of a high-voltage electrostatic generator and an evacuated electron acceleration tube. It is well known, however, that such devices, while of acientific and medical interest, are incapable of the transmission of large amounts of power in nondispensed beams over long distances. Tesla's disclosures in this memorandum would not enable the construction of workable combinations of generator and tube even of limited power, though the general elements of such a combination are succinctly described.

"A Method of Producing Powerful Radiations—an undated memorandum in Tesla's handwriting describing 'a new process of generating powerful rays or radiations." This memorandum reviews the works of Lenard and Crookes, describes Tesla's work on the production of high voltages, and finally in the last paragraph gives the only description of the Invention contained in the memorandum ... "Briefly stated, my new simplified process of generating powerful rays consists

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vacuous space around a terminal of a Circuit and supplying the same with currents of the required tension and volume." in creating through the medium of a high-speed let of suitable fluid a

Long afterward in a letter to a colleague. Dr. Trump told why happened. When the Vallest file [total Covernor Clinton to scientyre the "device" affined to 18 vault, presumably the same box remembered by

secret weapon," and Dr. Trump, "and it would desonate if opened as an unauthorized person. Upon opening the wault and indicating the peckage containing the secret weapon, the hotel manager and an ployees promptly left the scene." The federal agents who had com along also nulled back, the better to site, him, the sole distinction a opening the parcet. It take wrapped in brown poper and ted with a string 's memembered hestiating, thinking how beautiful the weather was out doors, and pondering on why he was not outside too. He litted the perceit onto a table and, mustaring his course, antipped the string with its pocket knill. He removed the wrapping inside was a handsome polished wooden chest bound with brass t equilated a final effort of course to raise the hinged fiel.

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Unside stood a multidecade resistance box of the type used for Wheatstone bridge resistance measurantats - a common standed term to be found in every electrical laboratory before the turn of the oentury!

Why had Tests seen fit to terrifu the staff and management of the hodel with this harmless object for so many years? Perhaps he had become so accusioned to having his hole bills paid behind his bed foeleving that the hotels, honored to have him. IMing there, had routinely dismissed the billings], that he was insuited when the Governor Climton brashly demanded its \$400. Although the FBI closed its Tesla file in 1943, it dish't seem to want to stay closed. It was reopened in 1957 when an informant completined that a New York couple were besting newsletters con

taining "briormation pertaining to flying soucers and interplanetary mathans" and exploiting the Inventor's name and farme. They allogedy claimed that Tesla's engineers, after his death, had completed a "Tesla Set," a radio device for interplanetary communication, that the device had been placed in operation in 1950 and since them Tesla engineers had been in close touch with alten spaceships. Once again the FB decided no action was warranted and the file was closed

April 1

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numors and had written to an inquiner. "Because Testa was a secture, and thenself liked to talk in mystifying terms clustry his loter years, i think many legends have been built up about the dozens of ideas ha ad evolved but which were not permitted by others to see the light of Sweatry had never put much credence in the "secret weapon"

He said he had known the inventor well for two decades before his decit: "Tesla's greatest gentus Barned up during a dozen or so years just before and sightly after the turn of the developments dd after thet may have carried the germs of some of the developments we are witnessing today, but he had not carried any of them—at least on paper or in any other tangible form—to the point of practicality

Perhaps, but between 1945 and 1947 an Interesting exchange of letters and cables occurred among the Air Tachnical Service Command at Whight Field, Ohto, in whose Equipment Laboratory much top-secret research was being performed. Military Intelligence in Washington, and the Office of Alian Property—subject, files of the late Nilocia Tesla.

On August 21, 1945, the Air Technical Service Command squested permission from the commanding general of the U.S. Army Air Fonce in Westington, D.C., for Physica Bloyce D. Flagerald to go to Weshington for a period of seven days "for the purpose of securing property dearance on enemy impounded property." On September 5, 1945, Colonel Hollday of the Equipment Leboratory, Propulsion and Accessories Subdivision, wrote to Lloyd L. Shauls of the OAP in Westington, confirming a conversation with Phageraid and asking for photostatic copies of the exhibits ennotated by Trump from the extent of Tesla. It was stated that the material would by Trump from the extent of the state of the test by the ength of time. separtment," and that all of it would be saturned in a reasonable

That was the last time that the Office of Allen Property or any other federal agency in the United States admitted to having posession of Tesla's papers on beem wespony. Shaulis wrote to Colonel Holiday on September 11, 1945, saying, "The materials requested have been forwarded to Air Technical Service Command in care of Lt. Robert E. Houle. These data are made available, to the Army Air Force by the office for use in experiments; please return them." They were never returned.

These were the full photostatic copies, not menely the abatracts. OAP has no record of how many copies, were made by those who

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examined the files with Dr. Trump. The Navy has no record of Testa's papers, no federal archives have a record of them.

Curtously, four months after the photostate had been sent to Wright Field, Col. Ralph Doty, the chief of Military Intelligence in Washington wrote James Markham of Alien Property indicating that they had never been received. "This office is in receipt of a communication from Headquarters, Air Technical Service Command, Wright Field, nequesting that we ascertain the whereabouts of the files of the inte scientist, Dr. Nichola [sic] Tesla, which may contain data of great value to the above Headquarters. It has been indicated that your office might have these files in custody. If this is true, we would like to request your consent for a representative of the Air Technical Service Command to review them. In view of the actneme importance of these files to the above command, we would like to request that we be advised of any attempt by any other ogency to obtain them. (Italics supplied.)

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"Because of the urgency of this matter, this communication will be delivered to you by a Llaison Officer of this office in the hope of expediting the solicited information."

The "other" agency that had the files, or should have had them, was the Air Technical Service Command itself! Colonel Doty's letter, which was classified under the Espionage Act, was declassified on May 8, 1980.

This embarrassing contretemps goes unexplained in the records. Perhaps it was handled orally with the Liaison Officer.

However, on October 24, 1947, David L. Baelon, assistant stormey general and director of the Office of Alien Property, wrote to the countrancing officer of the Air, Technical Service Command, Whicht Pield, Daviote Office regarding the Tesla photostats that had been sent by registered mail on or about September 11, 1945, to Colonel Holiday, at the latter's request.

Our records do not reveal that this material has been w turned," said Baselon. He sent a description and asked that it be returned.

Obviously at least one set of Tesla's papers had reached Wright Field because on November 25, 1947, there was a response to the Office of Alien Property from Colonel Duty, chief of the Electronic Plans Section, Electronic Subdivision, Engineering Division, Ali Mainrief Command, Wright Pield. He replied: "These reports are now in the possession of the Electronic Subdivision and are being evaluated..." He believed that the evaluation should be completed by January 1.

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There is no written record that OAP ever sought further to have the documents returned, and they were not returned

For many years there have been rumors that these unpatented inventions or concepts of Tesla's found their way not only to the U.S. Army Air Force but to Russia and to private American defense industries, and ultimately into certain university research laboratories engaged in being weaponry

The Office of Allert Property experienced a very difficult problem over the years in explaining its role in connection with Tasta's papers. Between 1948 and 1978 it issued the following variations on a theme to many inquirers:

"While this Office participated in an examination of certain material owned by the late Dr. Tesla, our records do not disclose that any such material has been vested or is presently under the jurisdiction of this Office...."

"This Office has never had custody ... of any property of Nikola Testa...."

"While the Tesla papers were in our custody ..."

"Photostatic copies of certain documents, made while the papers were under our seal...."

"In 1943 this Office placed a seal on the property ..."

"While the Tesla papers were in our custody..." etc., etc., etc., As for what is now Headquarters Aeronautical Systems Divsion, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, they state: "The organization (Equipment Laboratory) that performed the evaluation of Tesla's papers was deactivated several years ago. After conducting an extensive search of lists of records retired by that organization, in which we found no mention of Tesla's papers, we concluded the documents were destroyed at the time the laboratory was deactivated."⁶ (Italics supplied. Response, under the Freedom of Information Act, dated July

30, 1980.) Tesla's original papers, and the remaining models of his inventions—his magnifying transmitter, robot boats, early tube lighting, induction motors, turbine, exhibits shown at the Chicago World's fact of 1993, such as the "For of Columbus" and others. Left America

ing, induction motors, turbine, exhibits shown at the Chicago World's Fair of 1893, such as the "Egg of Columbus," and others—left America in 1952 for Yugoslavia. His ashes were sent later. The artifacts may now be seen at the Tesla Museum in Belgrade, a dignified-looking building with a broad, well-proportioned facade at No. 51 Proleterskih

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Brigada, an avenue renamed after the war, but formerly known under the monarchy as Crown Street. The museum bears a plaque on a low wall, printed in the old Cyrillic alphabet.

Here Tesla's English writings have been translated into Serbo-Croatian-except, as the archivist admits, for the "unimportan" material, which remains, just as lie wrote it, in the language of he adopted country

> The fact that Tesla's research notes and papers have not been easily available for western scientists has not, of course, meant that Teslan research is dead. On the contrary, the very mystery surrounding some of his unproved claims has served to goad numerous scientists into trying to duplicate his experiments. And since his aspirations were virtually limitless, there has always been a chance that the rewards of success would not be inconsiderable. But the single greatest stimulus to try to follow in Tesla's footsteps doubtiess remains the example of the man himself—his stunning record of achievement and the enduring fascination of his mind. As one admitting German writer put it, "Tesla went beyond the borders of his exact science to foretell what lies in the future ... a modern Prometheus who clared reach for the stars...."

The Legacy

Although a comprehensive summary of the state of Teslainspired research today would be beyond either the scope of this book or the intent of its author, no account of the inventor's life would be complete without at least some indication of what has become of a few of his major preoccupations. The record, as one might expect, is both mixed and incomplete, but it is no less impressive for that.

To begin, then, with Tesla's experiments with ball lightning: He had no idea what ball lightning might be useful for when he first encountered it in his Colorado Springs research; to him it was a nuisence, but it demanded an explanation. And so he set about determining the mode of formation of the strange fireballs and learned to produce them artificially.

The technical explanation runs like this: In the highly resonan, transformer secondary comprising his magnifying transmitter, the entire energy accumulated in the excited circuit, instead of requiring a quarter period for transformation from static to kinetic, could spenliself in less time, at hundreds of thousands of horsepower. Thus, for example, Taska produced artificial fiveballs by suddenly causing the impressed oscillations to be more rapid than free ones of the second-



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ary. This shifted the point of maximum dectrical pressure below the elevated terminel capacity, and a ball of the would leap great distance. Yet strangely enough, modern pleasma physicites with the best

equipped inhomionies, have failed to produce plasmoids with anything near the stability of the true ball-lightning spheres that he created.

controlled nuclear fusion---potentially the greatest power source to history. Among those long interested in ball-lightning research ar Peter Kapitza, the great Russian physicist, Lambert Dolphin and Its colleagues in the radio physics laboratory at SRI International, Dr. Robert W. Beas of Brighern Young University, and Robert Golla, with whom Beas has collaborated on research. Golka, a Massachusetts physicist, Tesia disciple, and lightning experimenter, has pursuad the ephemeral fireball with the fervor of a hunker of snortes. Lifes Tesis in Colorado, he has done his research alone in a remote western laboratory in the Ubah salt flex, and like Tesis, he has struggled to win the kind of inderal support that usally goes only to enormous Institutions or corporations. because it is them, an unknown. But second because among other uses, it may hold a vital key in the international race to achieve Why the tescination with this problem? First, of course

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In the largest hanger at the far end of the ghost bees a Wendower, Ukak, which was built by the U.S. Army Air Force during World War II, big spottights are often burning as Golia conducts lightning tests. Here, under tightest security in the 1940's, the B-29 Enole Gay was housed and outlithed for delivering the first atomic bombs to Hisoshima. Golia' made two trips to the Tesla Museum to pore over the Inventor's then unpublished notes and concentrated on replicating a exactly as he could in the old air base hanger the magnifying transmitter that Tesla had built in 1899 when investigating the lightning storms of Pile's Peak.

"He [Tesla] was 'way ahead of anything we have today in the equipment he built," Golka says. "Such as the high-powered switches and spark gap switches. The knowledge has been lost we don't know how he did it. Some of it was in the diaries, but he kept much of this stuff in his head."

Golia built a megnifying transmitter at his "Project Tasia" that would discharge 22 million volts, creating almost twice as powerful a chain-lightning scorm as the maestro himself had produced at Colorado Springs

THE LEGACY I 8

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The relevance of bail lightning to fusion research has to do with the problem of confining plasme. The heart of the most common type of experimental fusion reaction involves taking teotopic hydrogen gas and both accelerating and superheating it until the hydrogen nuclei penultimete stages of the process, before fusion begins, the besetting problem is to maintain the plasma's coherence, to contine it within some kind of invisible electromagnetic "bottle." t imperfectly understood material state known as plasma." In the charged with west emounts of kinetic and thermal energy, it enters an mounts of energy Along the way, wh use to make helium nuclei, releasing, In the process, staggaring hile the hydrogen is being

Since the strongest geometric shepe is a sphere. Collia believes that ball lightning affers the best potential for containment of the usable mass. He describes the odd lightning as "a glowing sphere of a wateriety of colors, a half-inch in diameter or as big as a grapefruit," and assembling an onion in its "leaves and layers of alternets charged particles, positive and negative." It may bounce along through building, fail into weiter and set It boiling and sometimes, as at the HBI Atrone Base in Utah, It may knock out the most applicated electronic equipment. In the summer of 1978, with the use of CO-2 laser beams, he faally managed to produce "beed" lightning, which he believes to be a form of ball lightning, and to photograph It in sequential frames." He then sought support from the U.S. Department of Energy for a half-appropriate of under the baser to called a proception, in a "Finited Failon Reactor" only nonmicloartive thermovides in a mathematical module.

heitum is creeted end, according to Golta, mathemetical models habitute It can reach and hold itemperatures above a billion degrees. He also proposed to the Air Force another Testan concept, a charged particle beam, but again one designed to employ later

actinology. Such beam guns, he betwees, would have a range of

"Use second yourse plearane band no major inclusively importances that were manually a indexempty carriering. Richard L. Berrah, essencive vice president of international Planes Corp., believes that the first produced application of plearanes come in the 19th contany when "the glowing plearas produced by a Yeels coll was used to boote laws in glass vectors finales."

Tution taxes and hundred in other aspects of fusion research. Superconducting sugnetic colls, cooled to a lew degree above absolute zero, are used to magnetic containment devices, and, in a manky developed that poccess, hydrogen had pellets enables and bombarded by high-energy periods beams. e.

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6,000 miles and could melt and destroy XCBM-type missiles in the at With a Teela coal these times the size of his combined coals, Gola belaved he could generate 200 million vots of electricity. But he inherited the usual Teelan problems of a lones, and a he vaid, "The wells fail in on me when I work for corporations." Ha provised equipment, but called for enormous investments. His cos-petitions were large corporations and leading universities engaged is the nuclear-fusion race; and even some of the latter were being cut of eingleminded.* from their isdenal grants. They too were deeply into laser technology, atthough Golka claims his system is different and unique. By no means the only scientist to have attempted to carry forward Tesla's work with ball high tining, he undoubtedly has been one of the most work reached a point where it could no longer progress with ta-

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Russia's Kapitza, who shared the 1978 Nobel Pitze in physic with Arno Paraties and Robert W. Wilson of America for his work is magnetism and the behavior of metiter at extremely low isomperature acknowledges his debt to Tesle. "The efficient generation of supe high-frequency oscillations and their conversion back to direct-current electrical energy," he writes, "discloses possible solutions to the problem of transmitting electrical energy ... in free space. The transmission setup will, of course, be similar to that alseady considered but, instead of a wave guide, a highly directional beam must be used, which, as its well-known, only at short wavelengths will diverge itil. Such a setup for the transmission of electrical energy, findly through the N. Tesla merry years ago, has already been discussed ... Although ... possible in principle, it is tied up with the solution of a series d complicated engineering problems and therefore it can be imple-mented in practice only in such special situations in which othe methods of energy transmission are trapplicable (for example, where energy must be supplied to a satelite)."³

In this field of wheless energy transmission, so directly co-cerned with the space race, there is progress neaver home. Richael Dickineon, who heads the Microwave Power Transmission project far Cal Tech's Jet Propulsion Laboratory in the desert near Barstow California, traces his inspiration to the early work of Tesla. The concept of bringing electricity to Earth from an orbiting solar-power system via

*Lembert Dolphin says of Godels applica of the Colonado Springs Tesle colt. "I is spectroular indused, to either scienter or laymen. I hope it ends up in a museum set as the Smitheoreien where it can be appreciated." He too is a proponent of furthe meanch in ball lightning.

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the manastro. scowaws is daring, costly romantic, and thoroughly in the style ٩.

"We beamed power from our transmitter at Goldstone a datance of one mile," Dickinson said of the NASA project initiated in the mid-seventies. "All of the microwave energy that feal within our target (of which we could only collect a portion with our existing pperatus), we converted 82.5 percent to useful direct current. Thirty-

four thousand wetts of direct current output carried a distance of one-mile. We are well pleased. The next step is to look further into the schoology and needs of the satellite power system of the future." William C. Brown of the Raytheon Company, who developed the sectenza used in this microwave-power research, also attributes the idea of sending electricity by radio weves to Teste's pioneering in the indementals of radio broadcasting and wireless power transmission.

Theoretically, a city the size of New York could be supplied with five billion wests on a winter day by enormous selelities structures in the sky that would orbit synchronously with Earth at a height of 22.300 miles. But admittedly, the cost of such Roating power stations would be many billions of dollars, and they would be highly vulnerable to energy killer setellites. In the event of west. Bookhaven National Laboratory, localed just to the northeast of Teela's old Wardenclyffe site at Shozeham, also feeds a does this with the inventor through the advanced high-energy work being conducted at the laboratory. In 1976 it paid homage to him in a creemony, and the Yugoslev government vent a plaque to be placed at the still-tanding Wardenchiffe laboratory. Canada, too, has long been a bastion of Teela Energy System advocates, and because of the country's rich hydroelectric sources, through-the-Earth transmission—lif it worked—could be a boon to

area of power shortage. But---will it work? Several projects have been pleaned, and iome partially implemented, in Canada, central Manaeota, and most scently in Southern California--to "pump" hydroelectric power watersily through the Earth to an area of need, employing the Tesla system as it is understood.¹ The U.S. Department of Energy has often been asked to fund projects based on Tesla's system. Unfortunately, there is no evidence that the system ever worked for Tesla, and none that it could work for anyone else. One of

the Inventor's problems was that he Improperty extended into the electromagnetic domain fluid and fluid-mechanical analogies. Testa's patent No. 787,412 provides for the Earth to be excited by a curefully

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valued wavelength to establish a standing wave condition. Take balaved the propagation path fell along a diameter. But according to much knowledge developed since 1899, the propagation path would not be along a diameter but, rather, along an ellipsoidal arc somewhere between the diameter and the spherical surface.

A fundamental aspect of wave propagation of power is that as power is transmitted if the wave is standing; power is transmitted solely with a traveling component. Boundary layer propagation, i.e., the mode of lossless propagation of waves at the boundary of two differing media (such as earth and sky), is a viable concept. However, the boundary plane must be smooth and the waves must be properly launched. At the frequencies Tesla was using, such launching apparatus would be an enormous structure. In examining the photographs of his experimental station at Colorado Springs, it is apparent to experts that he did not employ apparatus essential to the launching of such waves.

Tesla probably was mistaken at Colorado Springs in his interpretation of the lightning storms which he observed traveling away from him (eastwardly) across the plains, producing maxima and minima effects upon his instruments. This he interpreted as standing waves being set up in the Earth by the traveling storm, with the cress of the waves passing through his location as the storms advanced. It is believed he was seeing an interference effect caused by the readiating surface of the frontal range of mountains to the west of his station. The results would have been the same on his instruments.

Dr. Wait, formerly senior scientist at the Environmental Research Laboratories, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, in Colorado, describes himself as a "firm skeptic" of the Tesla theory. "The concept that electromagnetic energy penetrates 'through the earth,'" he says, "is valid only if the frequency is sufficiently low ond if the distances are small. It's all tied up with 'skin-effect' phenomena; that means that the field is confined to the surface of a good conductor as in metallic wave guide."⁶

Dr. Weit even goes so far as to suggest that Tesla never really accepted the fact that electromagnetic waves could transport energy through the air. "Instead he thought of the earth itself as a conveyor and also thought of the possibility of a return conductor at heights d '15 miles above sea level.' The parallel of this idea to the earthionosphere wave guide at extremely low frequencies is striking (see IEEE Journals of Oceanic Engineering, Vol. OE-2, No. 2, April 1977). Also his proposed resonance of the system might be interpreted as the first disclosure of the earth-ionosphere cavity oscillations that have

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been associated from the early 1960s with W. O. Schumann, N. Quisiofilos, and J. Galejs, among others."?

With respect to wireless communication, the U.S. Navy's Project Sanguine/Seafarer of recent years has evolved from Tesla's Colorado experiments. In a thermonuclear war, conventional radio communication probably would be disrupted at centain heights and wevelengths. America's atomic submarine fleet might then be without a means of receiving messages. The U.S. Navy, seeing this danger, turned back to Tesla's nineteenth-century suggestion of employing 10 Hz signals (ELF or extra low frequency), to circle the globe and penetrate the deepest waters.

One of the headier speculations concerning Teslian science is a suggestion that Russia has been employing his theories on weather modification to interfere with the jet stream, causing droughts and extremes of hot and cold weather. However unlikely the charge, it is the that Tesla did do a good deal of theorizing (but very little experimentation) on weather control.

He wrote, for example, on the possible use of radio-controlled missiles and explosives to break up tornadoes and the use of "lightning of a certain kind" to trigger rainfall. Of the former he said, "It would not be difficult to provide special automata for this purpose, carrying explosive charges, liquid air or other gas, which could be put into action, automatically or otherwise, and which would create a sudden passure or suction, breaking up the whirt. The missiles themselver might be made of material capable of spontaneous ignition." His proposal included a lengthy mathematical formula.⁶

As with much modern scientific exploration inspired by the maestro, the returns are still not in on weather changing. Scientist Frederic Jueneman, "Innovative Notebook" columnist for Industrial Research magazine, calls attention to the fact that Dr. Robert Heliwell and John Katsufrakis of Stanford University's Radio Science Laboratory, demonstrated that very low frequency radio waves can cause oscillations in the magnetosphere. With a 20-km antenna and a 5 kHz transmitter in the Antarctic, they found that the earth's magnetosphere could be modulated to cause high energy particles to caucade into our atmosphere, and by turning the signal on or off they could start or stop the energy flow.

"The theoretical implication suggested by their work," says Jueneman, "is that global weather control can be attained by the injection of relatively small signals' into the Van Allen beits--something like a super-transistor effect."

But Jueneman's speculations go further and are eminently

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worthy of Tesla: "If Tesla's resonance effects, as shown by the Stanford team, can control enormous energies by miniscule triggering signals, then by an extension of this principle we should be able to affect the field environment of the very stars in the sky....With godlike arrogance, we someday may yet direct the stars in their courses."⁹

No biography of Tesla would be complete without mention a his bright following of amateur physicists who build Tesla colls for the personal research, endesvoring to replicate his electrical magic, and the young inventors who pore over his basic patents and still find inspiration from them.

Durtin C. Cox, a Wisconsin physicist who has pondered Tesla's published writings, has built two Tesla colis, the second of 10 million volts. The reasons: "My own personal interest in high voltage engineeing, especially in the field of high frequency of transformers; to further my studies on the laboratory production of ball lightning; and because the University of Wisconsin at Madison asked me to submit a Tesla coli in their bi-annual Engineering Exposition in the spring of 1981." He and friends built one Tesla coli for a Hollywood studio for lightning effects, which has been a common use of them.

Electrical engineer Leland Anderson has summarized the major points in design that a coll builder might gain from reading lesia's Colorado Springs Notes:

1. The Q's of the primary and secondary must be as high at manticable.

The Q's of the primary and secondary should be equal.
 The length of the secondary winding should be one-quarter.
 of the effective operating wavelength.

4. The technique of using an "extra coil" tank circuit (or a variation of it) in the secondary to magnify the voltage should be used.

"With these criteria in mind," he says, "the builder will find that hundreds of turns are not necessary for the secondary winding to achieve high voltages."

Last but not least, what about Tesla's death/disintegrator rew? Were his concepts sound? If they were found useful by the U.S. Army Air Force research team, whose top-secret project was rumored b have had the code name "Project Nick," it may be safely assumed that instead of being "destroyed," as reported, his papers are still highly classified.

Dr. Trump's evaluation and Swezey's assessment of Tesist "secret weapons" have, however, received updated concurrence by

Lambert Dolphin, assistant director of the Radio Physics Laboratory at SRI International, who has studied the inventor's work and his ballightning research for two decades. He points out that the fields of inowledge of both physics and electrical engineering have grown exponentially since about 1930.

"Whole libraries are now required just to keep track of all the theory and experience that have unfolded since Tesla's time," he says. "Our mathematical and practical understanding of electricity, magnetism, electromagnetic theory, and radio communications has continued to grow explosively ever since 1950, or should 1 say 1970!"

Tesia, Dolphin believes, "may have had intuitive insight into lasers and high-energy particle beams as well as ultra-high voltage phenomena, but now that we understand all the physics much more, we can easily evaluate many of his extravagant later-life claims."¹⁰

In fact, there is no good evidence to suggest that Tesla anticipated lasers. His "teleforce rays" seem to have been concerned accusively with high-energy particle bearts. We still do not know precisely how he intended them to work, although, says Dolphin, the available evidence suggests that Tesla may not have paid sufficient attention to how greatly such bears may be absorbed or dispersed by molecules and atoms in the air. In any case, even if we did understand Tesla's intentions more clearity, we should be hard put to compare them to the current state of the art, much of which is hidden under high security classifications.

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Nevertheless, Tesla's work with high voltages to accelerate charged particles does seem to have been decidedly in what is now the mainstream of physical research. "In this field," says Dolphin, "he anticipated modern linear and circular nuclear accelerators. Such machines roday have energy levels of tens of billions of electron volts or at least 1.000 times greater energy levels than Tesla ever attained.

"I am sure his magnifying transmitters were spectacular ... He probably generated some interesting arcs and sparks that were what we now study as plasmas. The containment of plasmas is a huge area of modern physics. For example ... to see if small amounts of matter can be turned into immense amounts of electrical power in carefully contained plasmas." But Tesla's early discoveries and inventions, he concludes, were indeed ingenious and ahead of their time."

As this book goes to press, the Pentagon is studying the creation of a new branch of the armed services, to be known as the U.S. Space Command, whose primary arsenal will consist of laser and perticle-beam weepons find from "space battleships." In proce not



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unlike Tesla's own, a Department of Defense fact sheet compares particle beams to "directed lightning bolts" --although without explicitly admitting that such a weapon has in fact been developed.

It is difficult to assess the current state of the beam-weapons program because virtually everything about it is heavily classified. Apparently the technology involved has proved to be complex and difficult, raising questions about the project's feasibility, but many experts nevertheless seem to be hard at work on the problem. At the same time, the activities of the other nations in this area have been monitored carefully by agencies of the federal government. Indeed the possibility of creating a family of particle-beam weapons has been a subject of serious discussion in this country for at least the past twentyfive years, and it is, in my opinion, of no little significance that as long ago as 1947 the Military Intelligence Service identified the writings about a particle-beam among Tesla's scientific papers as being "d extreme importance."

Since he had no laboratory in the later years of his life, Tesh was unable to develop his ideas. But it is undenlable that he described in general terms half a century ago what may prove to be one of the main weapons of the Space Age. And to the end of his days, Tesia the pactfist hoped that such knowledge would be used, not for war among Earthlings, but for interplanetary communication with our neighbors in space, of whose existence he felt certain.



Bibliographical Essay

Some of Testa's own writing—lectures, articles, patents, papers, and letters—is now available in the United States. His most important lectures and his brief autobiography, in bound volumes, are listed in the prologue to the reference notes.

Citation of biographies of Tesla by O'Neill, Hunt, and Draper, and others may be found in the reference notes. The O'Neill manuscript and the Swezey Collection are to be found at the Smitheonian Institution, Dibner Library.

Serious Tesla scholars will wish to consult the annotated Dr. Nikoka Tesla Bibliography by J. T. Ratzlaif, and L. L. Anderson (Sen Carlos, California, Ragusan Press, 1979), for it contains some 3,000 sources of writings by and about Tesla. "Priority in the invention of Radio, Tesla v. Marconi," by Leland Anderson may be obtained through the Antique Wireless Association, Monograph New Series No. 4.

A new means of analyzing Tesla's inventions is provided in Dr. Nikola Tesla: Selected Patent Wappens from The National Archives, by J. T. Ratzlaff (Milbrae, Ca., Tesla Book Co., 1960). These "file wrappens" provide explanations and correspondence between the patentee and the Patent Office, to overcome objections raised by the examiner.

Tesla's Colorado Springs Notes, 1899-1900, published in 1978 by the Tesla Museum, is available through Nolit, Terazije, 27, Belgrade, Yugoslevia.

The Library of Congress Manuscripts Division contains microfilm correspondence between Tesla and George Scherff, Robert Underwood Johnson, Mark Twain, members of the Morgan family, George Westinghouse, and the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

In addition original correspondence and photographs may be found at the Butler Library, Rare Books and Manuscripts, Columbia University, including letters between Tesla and Johnson, Scherff, and

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4-4-4 11-01 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION **Records/Operations Sections** 19<u>83</u> □ Name Searching Unit, 4543, TL# 115 X -Service Unit, 4654; TL# 225 E Forward to File_Review_5447_TL# 143 67C Attention _____ Return to ____ 4134,232 Supervisor, Room, TL#, Ext. Type of Search Requested: (Check One) Restricted Search (Active Index - 5 & 20) Restricted Search (Active & Inactive Index - 5 & 30) Unrestricted (Active & Inactive Index) Special Instructions: (Check One) All References (Security & Criminal) Security Search ŧ, 🗆 Main_ References Only Exact Name Only (On the Nose) 🗆 Buildup Variations Restricted to Locality of _ Subject SAVA KOSANOVIC Birthdate & Place _ Address . Localities Searcher Initials Date _ 26 R# . Prod. FILE NUMBER SERIAL 3462 00 65 7 ALL INFORMA HEREIN IS DATE-(|FRI/DOJ

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Freedom of Information Release

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On

Subject: Nikola Tesla

Cross References Pages Reviewed - 127 Pages Released - 127



Federal Bureau of Investigation

Mr. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C.

My dear Mr. Hoover:

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I do not know whether or not the recent series of air crashes on the west coast has attracted the attention of your department, or whether, if investigation were indicated, the jurisdiction would be your own. An idea as to the cause of these crashes has occurred to me, however, and I thought it might bear a bit of checking up.

If you will check newspaper files as far back as 1934, I believe you will find that the earliest of the <u>unexplained</u> (and apparently unexplainable crashes) occurred about that time.

As I remember the events, it was during that year that three small planes exploded in the air over Texas and southwestern Kansas, and Oklahoma. These crashes were not accounted for, either by subsequent investigation where the plane occupants were killed or by the experience of surviving plane occupants in one case.

Following these tragedies there came a lapse of about a year, after which there occurred (likewise without apparent reason) the series of crashes which cost the lives of a senator, of Knute Rockne, and a number of others. All crashes again occurred in the South and Southwest.

Again there was a lapse of time, this one not quite a year, and there started the worst series of air disasters the country has yet seen. One plane lost in the Southwest and not yet accounted for. One plane crashes into a mountainside within sight of its airport. And now the most recent incident, the falling of a United liner into San Francisco Bay while cir-

cling its airport, preparatory to landing. <u>RECONDED & INDEXED</u> 62 - 47649 -Now in this most recent incident, the experience of the radio operator at the airport seems to me to be highly illuminating. This operator reported a soft buzz interrupting his communication with the Piner ... a loud roar such as produced by the worst imaginable static ... then silence. The plane had dropped into the bay like a plummet.

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•Crack pilots do not suddenly become rank hams and bungle in handling a ship. Nor do the three motors (or even two) on the large airliners, stop simultaneously without extremely sufficient: reason. Th ese things might happen once or even twice in a lifetime. They do not happen six and eight times a year. It is not logical that they should.

To digress for a moment, I recall reading an article in a magazine a year or two ago, written by <u>Nikola</u>. <u>Tesla</u>, the inventor. The article dealt with a new Invention of Mr. Tesla's ... a giant induction coil which would project power (high voltage) through the atmosphere without the use of transmission wires. Mr. Tesla devoted some space to the possible social benefits that would result to the public should his invention be perfected and become practical.

I have not heard of Mr. Tesla now in two or three years. Perhaps he has left the country. Perhaps he is still here. He might still be working on the invention described in the above-mentioned article. It might have been stolen from him.

In any case, his views on the ideas presented by these two unconnected subjects, would be well worth while having. And if I had the money and the time, I should certainly make an effort to smoke him out myself.

The thing is simply this: if one man can make an instrument that will project power through the air for even so short a distance as 500 yards (the thenpractical limitations of Mr. Nikola's device) it is entirely possible for another to project power for several hundreds of miles. And the effect of such uncontrolled power on metallic objects in its path is entirely unpredictable.

Please do not think me a "crank" letter writer. I have never before written a letter of this type to anyone. But the idea seems to me so within the bounds of possibility that I most sincerely feel it will bear some practical study.

Yours very respectfully. Passale, bill Letter ack.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552		Section 552a
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(b)(5)	🗆 (b)(9)	🗇 (k)(6)
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IN EDGAR HOOVER		Mr. E.A. Tamm_
DIRECTOR		Mr. Clegg
inter 11		Mr. Glavin
	Federal Bureau of Investigativ	Mr. Ladd
	United States Department of Justice	Mr. Nichols
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • •	Mr. Rosen
	Washington, D. C.	Mr. Tracy
A DECTRONAL OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER	13518	Mr. Carson
JBL:ed .	JEDUARY 11, 1943	Mr. Coffey
. •		Mr. Hendoa
La pic	Ω	Mr. Kramer
	MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD	Mr. McGuire
		Mr. Harbo
where the	RE: UNIMOUS SUBLES : U	Mr. Quinn Tamm
	TIPRILENTS AND MERABOH	Tele. Room
	OF NIKOLA (Droessed)	Mr. Nease
	ESFIGW as - H	Miss Beahm

Mill Gapla_ In a teletype from the New York Office dated January 9, 1943, the Bureau's advice is requested as to what action should be taken in connection with this matter. It is to be noted that Tesla died January 7, 1948, and resided at the Wotel New Yorker. He was one of the world's outstanding scientists in the electrical field and has been conducting many experiments in connection with wireless transmission of electrical power and west is commonly referred to as the "Death Ray".

Save Mosanovich, a distant relative intensely disliked by Tesla, is taking steps to get possession of these important documents and plans. Kosepovich on January 7, 1943, with George Clark, in charge of the Museum and Laboratory for RCA, and Kenneth Swezey of Brooklyn, New York, entered Teala's rooms in the Hotel New Yorker and, with the sid of a looksrith, broke into a safe containing some of Tesla's valuable papers, including important electrical formulae, designs, et cetere. THE)

Tesla is reported to have completed and perfected his experiments in the radio transmission of electrical power and to have conceived and designed a revolutionary type of torredo not presently in use by any nation. It is reported that Kosanovich may possibly make this material available to the energy.

ACTION:

FORVICTORY

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I called Mr. Donegan of the New York Office at 12:30 P.M. and pointed out the apparent burglary violation on the part of Kosanovich. I told him this matter should be discreatly discussed with the State's Attorney in New York City with a view to locating Kosenovich and apprehending him on a burglary charge in order to determine the nature of the material he took from Tesla's sefe. I pointed cut the necessity for the State's Attorney keeping any action most secret in view of the highly confidential neture of the plans involved. I also suggested that the New York Office contact the Surrogete Court in order that Tesla's effecte as well as the contents of his safety deposit boxes might not be entered without the presence of a Bureau Agent in order that we may endeavor to preserve the

secrecy of any plans or items essential to the conduct security. 8 1943

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FSP:AB

January 21, 1943

SAC, New York

Dear Sir:

RO: UNKNOWN BUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH; EIPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH OF MIKULA TESIA (Deceased) ESPIONAGE (M)

Reference is made to a teletype dated January 9, 1943, from the New York Field Office and to a phone conversation between Mr. J. B. Little of the Bureau and Assistant Special Agent in Charge Bonegan on January 11, 1943.

It was pointed out if Tr. Donegan that Sava Kosanovich, George Clark and Kenneth Sweney may have committed a burglary violation by entering Tesla's rooms after his death and particularly by using a locksmith to get into a safe containing some of Tesla's valuable papers. Mr. Donegan was advised this matter should be discreetly discussed with the State's Attorney, New York City, with a view to locating Kosanovich and apprehending him on a burglary charge, in order to ascertain the nature of the material taken from the safe of Nikola Tesla. It was also suggested that the New York Office contact the Surrogate Court, in order that Tesla's effects, as well as the contents of his safety deposit boxes, might not be antered without the presence of an Agent, in order that the secrecy of any plans or items essential to the conduct of the war or national security might be preserved. It was stated that Kosanovich might possibly make certain material available to the energy.

A review of the Bureau files reveals considerable information concerning Mikola Tesla and his inventions and it should be noted that one Micola Tesla, who might have been identical with Mikola Tesla, made a speech at the Grange Hall, Springfield, Massachusetts, on June 4, 1922, Ender the auspices of the Friends of Soviet Russia.

Jr. E. A. Tamm_ It further appears that Sava Kosanovich may be identical with an Mr. Cleffedividual of the same name, who is a momber of the Ingonlavian Government dr. Glavin exile. An examination of the files reveals that the Safa Absanovich, Mr. Laddesoribed as the Minister of Supply, arrived with other Ingoshevian Government Wr. Nichelficials at Norfolk, Virginia on September 4, 1941; on the 53 City of Mr. TracTashington and Canada 19430-32820-2)

Mr. Carson_____ In another instance the name of Sava M. Kosanovich appears on the Mr. Hendsbationery of the Central and Eastern European Planning Board (Czechoslovakia, Bresser_____

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SAC, New York

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Greece, Poland, Yugoslavia). On this letterhead Kosanovich is described as Cheirman of the Board and Minister of State for Yugoslavia. It is stated that this Board is interested in "planning for postear Europe". (100-99042)

- 2 -

In still another file it is disclosed that Sava Kossnovich, a Serbian, was a momber of one of the Yugoslavian minority parties and when an emergency government to overthrow an alliance with the Axis was formed, he was included as an official. He is alleged to be a Communist and is maid to receive \$1,250 a month salary from the exiled Yugoslavian Covernment. He and other exiled government officials are stated to use these large salaries to finance every Serbian paper in the United States except "Srbohran" published at Pittsburgh. (97-1340-18)

No record of Kenneth Swesey could be located in the Bureau files from the information available.

The foregoing information is being furnished for possible future reference in connection with this case and it is desired that the Bureau be kept promptly and currently informed of all developments in this case.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Justice New York, New York

EBC: PM 65-12290

March 19, 1943

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Director, FBI

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH; REPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH OF NIKOLA TESLA (Deceased);

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ESPIONAGE MISCELLANFOUS

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the Bureau letter in the above-captioned matter dated January 21, 1943, in which it is stated that it is desired that the Bureau be kept promptly and currently informed of all developments in this case.

In view of a telephone call from Mr. Little of the Bureau to Mr. T. J. Donegan, Assistant Special Agent in Charge of the New York Office, dated January 14, 1943, in which Mr. Little stated that the abovecaptioned matter was now being handled as an Alien Enemy Custodial Detention $\$ matter and therefore no further action should be taken in the matter by the New York Field Division, this case is being considered closed in this Office, unless advised to the contrary by the Bureau at some future time.

Very truly yours, E. E. Corroy Special Agent in Charge INFOR RECORDED & INDEXED **COPIES DESTROYED** 148 OCT 26 1960 Ŀ PVICTORY 20 IN ne" OFF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REPORT MADE AT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i	
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m.e. 19	······································		CHARACTER OF CASE
SAVA M. KOSANOVICH, with alias Sava M. Cosonovitch			INTERNAL SECURITY G. GUSTIDIAL DEDENTION
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900 inventions and patents. SPANEL stated that at one time TESLA had an invention in which he was able to direct electrical current without the means of a conductor. He felt that this type of an invention would be of invaluable assistance to any country at war and for this reason felt that TESLA's inventions and patents should be put into the hands of proper Government officials, where they might be put to the best advantage for the United States. He does not believe the subject is engaged in any un-American activities and stated that he was more than willing to turn these patents and inventions over to the proper Government agency. He asserted that before TESLA died, he had spoken to the subject regarding his becoming a United States citizen and SPANEL, believes that he is now taking the proper steps to achieve that end.

SPANEL also stated that the subject had handed all of the effects of the deceased TESLA to the Alien Property Custodian in New York City.

SPANEL advised that the day before TESLA died he had tried to get in i touch with War Department officials in Washington in order that he might make available to them patents and inventions that he had developed. However, he was not able to get in touch with the proper authorities and he died the following day.

SPANEL advised that the Yugoslavian Government had been sending TESLA approximately \$600.00 per month for sometime prior to his death and this was described as being a sort of pension.

SPANEL stated further that he has previously turned over information regarding the subject to Special Agent FRED B. CORNELL of the New York Field Division. He also advised that WALDEMER KEMPFERT, Science Editor, New York Times and BILL LAURENZ, Science Feature Writer, New York Times and the Science Editor of the Herald Tribune would be able to elaborate on some of the accomplishments of NICK TESLA and that the June 1900 issue of the Century Magazine also contained an article relating to the inventions of TESLA.

SPANEL also stated that he believed BLOYCE FITZGERALD, Pierpont Hotel, Brooklyn, New York, Secretary to TESLA, has been contacted by Special Agent CORNELL and that if the New York Office wishes to contact SPANEL he may be reached at his home

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

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JOHN EDGAR HOOVER CC-287 Mr. Tolson JOINEGTOR Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg_ Saderal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Glavin. ted States Department of Instice Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Washington, D. C. Mr. Rosen_ Mr. Tracy Fig.:lem July 17, 1943 Mr. Carson 2:45 p.m. Mr. Coffey Mr. Hendon Mr. Kramer MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. McGuire Mr. Harbo_ EE: SAVA KOSANOVICH Mr. Quinn Tamm INTEFIAL SECURITY (G) Tele. Room CUSTODIAL DETENTION ٠ Mr. Nease_ Miss Beahm_ At this time SA John Parker of the New York office telephoned. stating on the previous alternoon telephoned that office through the assistance of a nt_L known lecturer, author and traveler. stated that she would like to be interviewed concerning certain information she possessed relative to Ynteslavian activities and, in particular, data which she has concerning a wan by the name of Rosanovich, whom she dealeves turbe an energy asent. stated she was preparing statements of fact which she intends to turn over to t a St to Department concerning Kosanovich. She advised she was price Mr. to her 670 and can be reached at her address, which is Agent Parlier stated la a prestar referring to Sava Aosasovich and added this individual is mentioned in two teletypes which the New York office forwarded to the Eureau under cutes of January 9 and 12, 1943, in the case entitled USNADALI SUBJECTS, FROIPHEAT, EXPERIENTS AND RESEARCH OF ATCOLE FESLA, INCERSED, ESPIENDER & (Bureau file 100-2237). Briefly, the information contained in these teletypes is that shortly after Nicola Tesla, one of the world's outstanding scientists in the electrical field, died in his hotel room at New York City on January 8, 1943, Sava Kosanovich, a distant relative, and other individuals 👘 🛀 entered his room and opened a safe, examining certain materials which he possessed. On January 8, Gr. L. M. C. Smith of the Department advised Mr. Tame that he was for company concerned about the possibility of enemy agents confiscating some of the trunks of Tesla and that apparently the Alien Property Custodian was taking some action in this matter. Inashuch as the matter was being handled by the Alien Property Custodian's office, the Bureau did not conduct any incuiries into this situat k ZIt is also noted that on July 14, dr. Junce Sharpe of the Special Lar Policies Fuit of the De orthernt for it will be a setter reported Policie 20 JUL 28 1943 by ch. 670 who was described as the Figlister of the Majoslay Sovermment in Fille by one This letter, which bharve understor April 7, 1949, mas of a threatening nature. FOPVICTORY BUY ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED COPIES DESTROYED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIF 148 OCT 26 1960 29186

Mr. Ladd

A newspaper article which hr. Sharpe also exhibited revealed that the why been was arraigned in local court in new Yord City on the mail to Ecsenovich. In connection with this trial, Agent Parker stated that the case has been postponed for six months. In the letter which the work hosanovich, he wakes reference to the mail instructs that mosanovich discontinue his attacks on her.

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tere contra

At the time kr. Sharpe called at the bureau, he pointed out the strong animosity and dissension which exists between the various nationalist groups in this country cocause of their conflicting opinions as to the type of postvar government which should be set up in the scaller countries in Europe and mentioned that hosenovich and the have opposite political theories. He also mentioned that such is one of the greatest contributors to dissension between the Serbs in this country and has been active in publicizing ger views concerning portwer (erbid.

bac Recently the Dureau instructed the Pitisburgh office the interview Secondary certain statements which are has been making multive to the foreau and to date, this interview has not been consummated.

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Instance as the state of the set of the set of the first contact the state of the set of

There is attached for your approval a letter directed to the hashington Fleid Office requesting that this interview be conducted and also instructing that she be interrogated concerning the other matter referred to above, instance as the Pittsburgh office has not as yet covered this interview.

Respectfully,

7 & Well Al

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		Jederal Bureau of Investigatio	
	IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO	R58646	
	FLE NO. 65-12290	ONFRINTIAL	
	HER:mhm		
		5-14-84	
·	· · ·	9145-JFE/AG JE October 17, 1945	
	Director, FBI	ROLDS KIM TH	
	•	Re: UNKNOW SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH; Experiments and research of NIKOLA TESLA (deceased)	
	Dear Sir:	ESPIONAGE - M	
P19	bore a caption simi The refere the famous inventor Alternating Ourrent with having develop country from attack On June 9, information of a no persons sympathetic NTHOFA TESLA in ord military value. SPAND, President of the motivating infl are presently hold. City. after his initial V support his claims. ENCLOSUME ATTACHED He was not which time be furnish He said the PITERSPAID, had been According to at Wright Field, Da endless hours with explained to him mo met TESLA in Noverbo since 1935. Accord of anti-tank gun, the corrections in design	, 1545, a second of New York City furnished on specific fature indicative that it was his belief that o to Russie were making an effort to secure the effects of der to salware therefrom any models or designs of possible claimed that he heard that ABRAHAN N. In the rational LATER CORPORTION, of Dover, Delaware was luence behind this attempt to obtain TESLA'S papers which in storage at the MANTAN STORAGE WARTHOUSE in New York provised to return to the New York Field Division shortly Misit and furnish further and more specific information to REFORMANCE AND	
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Letter, DIRECTOR, P NY 65-12290

gun. SPANEL offered financial sid to FITZGERALD and the two were in the closest contact with each other for a considerable period of time. said that FITZGERALD had lined up a deal for the purchase of the gun by the REMINGTON ARMS COMPANY, but for some reason SPANEL blocked this deal by reaching top men in the REMINGTON OMPANY. SPANEL is then reported as having obtained a job for FITZGERALD with the HIGGENS SPIP BUILDING COMPANY in New Orleans and negotiated a contract with FITZGERALD for the purchase and manufacture of the gun in a manner which would return SOL of the profits derived to SPANEL,

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r 17, 1945

but which he believes to be attributable to SPANEL, FITZGERALD was fired by the HIGGENS ODMPANY. In September of 1944, FITZGERALD was inducted into the Army and for a considerable period of time was located at an ordinance experimental station at Elgin Field, Florida. The stated that at the present time FITZGERALD is engaged in a highly secret experimental project at Bright Field in Dayton, Ohio. In spite of his rank of Private, FITZGERALD actually is the director of this research and is working with many top young scientists who were inducted into Army from leading industrial posts.

According to perfection FITZGERAID is presently working on the perfection of TESLA'S "death ray" which in FITZGERALD'S opinion is the only possible defense against offensive use by another nation of the Atomic Bomb. In this connection, it is noted that the New York Times of September 22, 1940 in an article entitled SCIENCE IN THE NEWS" by WILLIAM A. LAURENCE, Science Editor states that TESLA devulged to LAURENCE the fact that he had developed a "death ray" or Teleforce" which TESLA claimed would melt airplane motors at a distance of 250 miles, so that actually an invisible Chinese Wall would be built around a country against attack by an enemy air force.

According to the article in the TIMES, this electrical device would operate by the generation of power from a plant, a number of which might be located strategically along our coast lines and the beam from which would melt any engine within a radius of 250 miles.

SPANEL, FITTOGERALD had told SPANEL of his associations with TESLA and had apparently described to SPANEL some of TESLA'S most secret work. believes that SPANEL, who he claims is definitely pro-Russian in attitude, is now attempting through legal procedure to secure custody of TESLA'S effects which are now held by TESLA'S only heir, one SAVA KOSANOVICH, who is presently in Yugoslavia occupying some governmental post.

It will be recalled that in an article published on March 15, 1945, by the FINO FEATURE SYNDICATE THEORPORATED, WESTBROOK PEBLER charged SPANEL with spreading pro-communist and pro- Russian propaganda through his full page advertisement in the newspapers, which SPANEL characterized as being published for the INTERMATIONAL LATEY DEPORATION, as a public service feature. It is also interesting to observe that in the New York Times of October 2, 1945, an article appears which states that SPANEL is suing the KING FEATURE SYNDICATE THOREPORATED for six million Hollars alleging the column by FORMER to have been lightlows.

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Latter- Director, W Oct-ol 17, 1945 NY 65-12290 stated that through FITZGERALD he too had met SPANEL and from this personal acquaintance he formed the opinion that SFANEL was Befinitely a communist and is probably one of the financial supporters of the Communist Party in this country. stated that SPANEL was born in Russia, but is now an American citizen. He also charged that SPANEL exerted tremendous political influence in Washington, D. C., and said that one of SPANEL'S closest political friends was HENRY WALLACE. advised that two agents from Army Intelligence contacted and stated that in an investigation to determine the qualifications of FITZCERALD for a commission, they had developed information indicating that SPANTL was definitely endeavoring to secure possession of TESLA'S effects. indicated that Army Intelligence was pursuing an investigation along these lines in an attempt to ascertain the complete story in this regard. psychonation al For the <u>Bureau's information</u>, was born on and is family resides in He is a graduate of and item orenan of Tron had been of the and was in, charge o at present is nowever, he appears to have ample funds since he travels all over the country and resides in reputable hotels. Just recently he shaked that he had 67C fron Washington to the West Coast as He advised that it is his desire up properate with FITZGERALD in securing legal possession of TEELA'S effects in order that a memorial foundation may be established for the protection of FESLA'S experiments and for the preservation of the investors memory. stated that FITTOFRALD had interested a group of young Army scientists now working with him at Wright Field in this foundation, and their ultimate goal is to secure the support of a wealthy backer in order that, a foundation might be established and that a sort of "idea factory" might result. He said that they intended to contact HENRY FORD, SR., to solicit his aid in this regard. related that probably thegreatest idea of TESLA'S was that involving the wireless transmission of electrical power. He claimed that TESLA had performed a successful experiment many years ago at Pikes Peak, at which time he harnessed local current from the sunts rave which he built up into a huge potential of electrical energy said that according to FITZOPALD, if this idea could be furth-red, all electrical energy to operate the world's machinery might be gotten absolutely free rather than by the costly method with which electrical power is presently generated. He said that his idea was to conduct further experiments along this line in Chine where the need for electrical power is very great. Inquiry was made at the MANHATTAN STORAGE WAREHOUSE in New York City, and it was determined that the effects of NIKOLA TESIA are contained in some

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-. Letter, Director, * * .65-12290

Inquiry was also made at the office of the Alien Property Custodian in New York City, concerning an investigation conducted by this office at the time of TETIA'S death, and at which time the latters property was placed under seal by the United States Government. Wr. WALTER CORSUCH, Chief Investigator for the Alien Property Custodian, provided a cover letter and a summary of materials owned by TESLA at the time of his death which was examined by JOHN G. (RUNP, of the office of SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH & DEVILOP-MENT. Mr. GORSUCH also stated that his file in this matter reflected that on the night TESLA died his safe was forced open by a representative of the SHORE & WALKER SAFE COMPANY. It was Mr. GORSUCH'S belief that a Mr. SWEEZEY who is believed to be one of the editors of the POPMLAR STENCE MACAZINE was present in TESLA'S room shortly after the safe was opened. These individuals were WILLIS GEORDE, EDWARD PALMER, and JOHN J. ORBETT.

The above information is furnished for the Rureau's information, and no investigation is being conducted by this office.

E. ONROY, SAC

3 Enclosures

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Address writer at:

Nass) Inst. of Tech. Cambridge, Mass. January 30, 1943.

Mr. Walter Gorsuch, Alien Property Custodian, 120 Broadway, New York, New York.

Dear Sir:

At your request and that of Mr. Joseph T. King of the Washington office of the Alien Property Custodian, I have examined the private papers, writings, and other property of the late Br. Nikola Tesla with the view to determining both their possible usefulness to this country in its war effort and the possible hesard attendant on their falling into unfriendly hands.

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This examination was made at the Manhattan Warehouse, 52nd Street, New York City, on January 26-27, and included all of the notes and material in Dr. Tesla's immediate possession at the time of his death and now in the custody of your office. For reasons indicated below, no investigation was made of material in trunks which had remained untouched in the basement of the New Yorker Hotel for ten years prior to Dr. Tesla's death.

As a result of this examination, it is my considered oninion that there exist among Dr. Tesla's papers and possessions no <u>scientific notes</u>, descriptions of hitherto unrevealed methods or devices, or actual apparatus which could be of significant value to this country or which would constitute a hazard in unfriendly handa. I can therefore see no technical or military reason why further custody of the property should be retained.

For your records, there has been removed to your office a file of various written material by Dr. Tesla which covers typically and fairly completely the ideas with which he was concerned during his later years. These documents are enumerated and briefly abstracted in the attachment to this letter.

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January 30, 1943.

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It should be no discredit to this distinguished engineer and scientist whose solid contributions to the electrical art were made at the beginning of the present century to report that his thoughts and efforts during at least the past fifteen years were primarily of a speculative, philosophical, and somewhat promotional character-often concerned with the producation and wireless transmission of power-but did not include new sound, workable principles or methods for realising such results.

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Very truly yours,

JOHN G. TRUMP, Technical Aide, Division 14, NDRC.

Enclosure.

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ABSTRACTS OF DR. NIKOLA TESLA'S WRITINGS RETAINED AS EXHIBITS FOR THE ALLEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

1. On January 26 and 27, 1943, an examination was made of the technical papers of Dr. Nikola Tesla which, after his decease, had been stored in the Manhattan Warehouse in New York City. This examination was made for the purpose of determining if any ideas of significant value in the present United States war effort could be found among his possessions. Participating in this examination were Hr. John C. Newington, New York Office of the Alien Property Custodian; Mr. Charles J. Hedetniemi, Washington Office of the Alien Property Custodian; Dr. John G. Trump, Office of Scientific Research and Development, Massechusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Massachusetts; Willis George, Office of Naval Intelligence, Third Naval District; Edward Palmer, Chief Yeoman, USNR; John J. Corbett, Chief Yeoman, USNR.

2. The following papers, which are regarded as typical of Nikola Tesla's writings and thoughts in the period of 1925 to 1942, were removed for the purpose of record and are listed below in the random order in which they were found, together with a brief individual abstract.

Exhibit A

*Possibilities of Electrostatic Generators - an undated article probably written about 1934 discussing the possibilities, as a source of high-woltage D-C power, of the Van de Graaff type of electrostatic belt generator. The article states correctly the electrostatic principles employed in this device and points out that such generators are not suitable for commercial high-power applications, though of undoubted scientific value. Tesla's wireless tower, erected in 1902 on Long Island, is stated in this memorandum to have been charged to 30 million volts.

Exhibit B

"Reactive Forces of Glycerine and Dynamite" - an undated memorandum involving some calculations of the explosive power of certain compounds and then deviating to a discussion of the possibility of transmitting power by mechanical vibrations along the earth's crust.

Process of De-Gassifying, Refining, and Purifying Metals a 41-page memorandum probably written about 1930 dealing with the above subject and proposing new theories of capillarity and surface tension. This correspondence indicated that this had been submitted to various industrial companies.

Exhibit D

"Reply to Amtorg re 'the generation of high-voltage and the acceleration of charged particles'" - This document, dated November 8, 1935, answers questions raised by Soviet engineers and scientists regarding Tesla's proposal of May 16, 1935. From this answer, it is deduced that the proposal concerned the generation of high voltages by electrostatic means. These means consisted of a high-voltage terminal presumably supported on an insulating column and charged by a gaseous charge conveying medium passing between ground and terminal. The ideas contained in this memorandum are fairly similar to the belt-conveyor electrostatic generator methods proposed by Yan de Graaff and do not appear to offer any unusual features.

Exhibit E

Ant of Telegeodynamics, or Art of Producing Terrestrial <u>Motions at Distance</u> - This document, in the form of a letter dated June 12, 1940, to the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, proposes a method for the transmission of large amounts of power over vast distances by means of mechanical vibrations of the earth's crust. The source of power is a mechanical or electromechanical device bolted to some rocky protuberance and imparting power at a resonance frequency of the earth's crust. The proposed scheme appears to be completely visionary and unworkable. Westinghouse's reply indicates their polite rejection of this idea.

Exhibit F

<u>An energy and the set of this apparatus there is described an open-ended vacuum tube within which the electrons are first accelerated.</u>

Exhibit F (cont.)

The proposed scheme bears some relation to present means for producing high-energy cathods rays by the cooperative use of a high-woltage electrostatic generator and an evacuated electron acceleration tube. It is well known, however, that such devices, while of scientific and medical interest, are incapable of the transmission of large amounts of power in non-dispersed beans over long distances. Tesla's disclosures in this memorandum would not enable the construction of workable combinations of generator and tube even of limited power, though the general elements of such a combination are succinctly described.

Exhibit G

A circular by Carol Bird, dated September 10, 1938, entitled Tramendous New Power Soon to Be Unleashed". This describes in popular style some biographical information concerning Nikola Tesla and some ideas for the transmission of power on which he is stated to be working. It appears that the method of transmission is by the mechanical resonance method outlined in Exhibit F, above.

Exhibit H

This exhibit consists of a series of letters to representatives of the British Government dated August 28, 1936; October 26, 1937; December 15, 1937; and April 5, 1938. It includes a reply dated January 7, 1938, from the British Government. These letters offer to the British Government, for a fee, the disclosure of a means for accelerating to high energies minute particles. Such beams would constitute a death ray capable of the protection of Great British from air attack.

The method proposed is essentially that described in Exhibit F above. Following the initial letter dated August 28, 1936, the subsequent letters attempt to clear up the "misunderstandings" of the British representatives and to expedite their ecceptance of the Tesla proposal. The British reply dated January 7 is a polite expression of disinterest in the proposal.

Exhibit I

An undated memorandum written after Tesla's 79th birthday describing several discoveries which he believed he had made. The first related to a dynamic theory of gravity which is described as not yet completed. The second stated as a physical truth the belief that "there is no energy in matter other than that received from the environment". This second statement, which is discussed at length in this and other writings of Tesla, indicates his disbelief in the existence of atomic or nuclear energy.

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Exhibit J

"A Method of Producing Powerful Radiations" - an undsted memorandum in Tesla's handwriting describing "a new process of generating powerful rays or radiations". The memorandum reviews the works of Lenard and Crookes, describes Tesla's work on the producation of high voltages, and finally in the last paragraph gives the only description of the invention contained in the memorandum. This description is as follows: "Briefly stated, my new simplified process of generating powerful rays consists in creating through the medium of a high-speed jet of suitable fluid a vacuous space around a terminal of a circuit and supplying the same with currents of the required tension and volume".

Exhibit K

A letter to prospective licensees on telegeodynamics dated December 27, 1941. This is a single-page letter with the typewritten signature of Dr. Nikola Tesla, in which he addresses himself to the prospective licensees of telegeodynamics, states that over a half million dollars was spent on this development with funds contributed by the Morgans, Crawford, J. J. Astor, and Fish, as well as commercial organizations, and states this to be a new art with which "unvelievable wonders can be achieved".

Exhibit L

<u>Tesla's New System of Fluid Propulsion".</u> This is an undated memorandum of about 20 typewritten pages describing a system of fluid propulsion in which the conversion from hydraulic to rotary mechanical power is achieved by passing the fluid between flat circular disks, shaft-mounted and enclosed in a casing.

This memorandum written about 1925 describes in general terms a kind of hydraulic turbine which seems practical. There is copious evidence among the other of Tesla's papers that this idea was generally disclosed to appropriate individuals and that it received favorable comment and possibly some use. Some of these comments are contained on the last page of the exhibit.

Exhibit M 20

"The Power of the Future" - a memorandum apparently written by Tesla and probably in response to a request from some popular science group for an opinion as to the source of future power. This memorandum reviews the gradual evolution of power sources. It discusses in some detail the possibility of atomic power and states as his opinion that atomic power is not feasible. The discussion of atomic energy is apparently confused to some extent

Exhibit N (cont.)

with planetary energy. The article further discusses the subject of wind, tides, lightning, and water power as a source of commercial energy. The last sentence of this memorandum states: "With my wireless system, it is practicable to transmit electrical energy at a distance of twelve thousand miles with a loss not exceeding 5 per cent. I can conceive of no advances which would be more desirable at this time and more beneficial to the further progress of mankind." This memorandum constitutes an interesting generalized discussion of the various sources of power. It is qualitatively correct for the most part except probably in that portion which deals with atomic power.

Exhibit N

"The Transmission of Electric Energy Without Wires" - an article by N. Tesls in the <u>Electric World</u>, March 5, 1904, pages 429-431. A general, somewhat biographical article on Tesla's early work with some speculation on the possibility of longdistance wireless transmission of large amounts of energy.

Exhibit C

"Morld System of Wireless Transmission of Energy" - an article by N. Tesla in Telegraph and Telephone Age, October 16, 1927, pages 457 and 460. An article which traces the early work on the production and transmission of electromagnetic radiations, describes Tesla's efforts to increase the amount of power which can be transmitted without wires and concludes with a proposed World System" for the wireless transmission of both power and communications. No workable disclosure of a means for accomplishing this is included, and such generalities as suggest the approach which Tesla had in mind do not seem capable of accomplishing the desired result.

Exhibit P

"Interview with Dr. Nikola Tesla" by Alden P. Armagnac for popular Science Monthly, May 24, 1928. An Il-page memorandum written in popular conversational style describing an interview with Dr. Tesla and reporting his present work. This report includes statements on a new airplane, on rocket ships, on the wireless transmission of power, on a world system plan for the transmission of speech and television, on the impracticability of harnessing atomic energy, on radio activity, and on the acceleration of charged particles, such as cathode rays, by high voltages.

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Exhibit Q

An agreement dated April 20, 1935, between Nikola Tesla and the Amtorg Trading Corporation, in which Tesla agreed to supply plans, specifications, and complete information on a method and apparatus for producing high voltages up to fifty million wolts, for producing very small particles in a tube open to air, for increasing the charge of the particles to the full voltage of the high potential terminal, and for projecting the particles to distances of a hundred miles or more. The maximum speed of the particles was specified as not less than 350 miles per second. The receipt of \$25,000 fee for this disclosure was acknowledged in this agreement, which was signed by Nikola Tesls and by A Bartanian of the Amtorg Trading Corporation. The method referred to in this agreement is apparently that described in Exhibit F, above. It is probable that Exhibit D, above, is an effort by Tesla to clear up the questions raised by Soviet engineers after the subject disclosure had been made. There is no evidence that the inventions and information referred to in this agreement are other than those described in a number of Tesla's papers and published articles. It should therefore be expected, and it is substantiated by Exhibit D, that this disclosure subsequently proved unworkable.

An examination of several items of scientific apparatus among the Tesla efforts at the Manhattan Warehouse and in a deposit box at the Governor Clinton Hotel showed those to be standard electrical measuring instruments in common use several decades ago.

> JOHN G. TRUMP, Technical Aide, Division 14, NIRC.

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Mass. Inst. of Tech., Cambridge, Mass., January 30, 1943.

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LIST OF HERSONS ASSOCIATED WITH NIEOLA TESLA

Kerrigan, William - 89 Logan St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Holden,

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Employed as building supt. Washington Market, Brooklyn. Mr. Kerrigen was the messenger boy for Postal Telegraph some years prior to Jan. 1943. At Mr. Tesla's request, he continued his services as special messenger when convenient. He had called upon Tesla the week prior to his death and has much valuable data and information concerning Tesla's contacts. I first met Mr. Kerrigan at the Frank Campbell funoral church.

Baumgarten, Charles - Room 1203, Municipal Bldg., Budget Bureau, N.Y.C. Mr. Baumgarten was mot at the funeral and Mr. William Lawrence of the New York Times and myself had lunch with him. Mr. Baumgarten knew Tesla and his connections with the Queensboro Bridge and many of his developments of Civic interest.

Skerritt, Miss Dorothy F. - Office, Eiddle Purchasing Company, 107 Chambers Street, N.Y.C. - To. 2-5500.

Residence: Hasbrook Heights, New Jersey Miss Skerritt was secretary to Doctor Tesla from 1912 until 1922. She is familiar with the Marconi patent suit, many of Tesla's scientific theories; knows the names of some of his friends; has witnessed demonstrations in his laboratory, then at 8 W. 40th St. N.Y.C. Miss Skerritt also knows that between 1916 and 1918, Doctor Tesla was at the Blackstone Hotel, Chicago and may have material there. She can give account of many of his deals with various firms.

Merrington, Marguerite - 46 W. 97th Street, N.Y.C. - Riverside 9-9186 Miss Merrington has known Doctor Tesls since 1893 and has been a guest of his on several occasions at the old Waldorf Hotel and at his laboratory in 1894 on Houston Street. Miss Merrington recalls the lighting effects without filaments and his radio controlled boat demonstrations. She also recalls statements regarding communication without wires by means of a small instrument. She has witnessed many laboratory experiments including power transmission without wires over short distances in the laboratory and also metallic plate suspension. He had also talked about communication with mars to her.

Mrs. Agnes, J - 327 E. 52 St. N.Y.C. - Plaza 3-2341
Mrs. Holden is the daughter of Robert U. Johnson (deceased) (1936) who was a close friend of Tesla for many years. Mrs. Holden first met Mr. Tesla at her father's home when she was about 12 years old. The Johnsons were connected with the Century Magazine which published many articles regarding Tesla.
Yr. Johnson wrote several peems about Tesla, one of which appeared in the April, 1895 issue of the

Century Magazine and the others appeared in "Poems of 50 years, 1880-1930 by Robert Underwood Johnson. Mrs. Holden has been in close contact with Poctor Tesla and has witnessed many of his demonstrations including that of the oscillator of 1899. She recalls the near destruction of the laboratory. Since World II" , she has talked with Dootor Tesla with regard to instruments of war and he told her in response to her inquiry regarding tanks recently that he could stop them or the war. She recalls his discussions with her and her father regarding transmissions of power and Mars, etc. She says that she knows that Tesla has things for our Government only. Ars. Holden witnessed many of the experiments and was present at the radio-controlled boat demonstration many years ago.

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Lowenstein, Fritz (Decoased) Erother, Emil Lowenstein - 182 Bennett Ave. N.Y.C. - Wa-7-4519. Business (Artist) 420 Lexington Ave. N.Y.C. - Mu-5-8065. Mr. Fritz Lowenstein was the assistant to Dr. Tesla during his historic laboratory experiments in Colorado Springs in 1899. He was also to have appeared as a defence witness for Tesla in his Marconi patent suits during 1915, but for some reason failed to testify. The brother, Emil, address above, knows of the relatives of Mr. Fritz Lowenstein who have documents pertaining to the 1899 experiments. (Mr. G.H. Clark provided information re documents and Lowenstein) (Kr. Czito meniioned Lowenstein). Mr. Emil Lowenstein is not on friendly terms with the entire Lowenstein family and a Mr. Massey, 52 Vanderbilt Ave. can furnish additional information re Lowenstein.

Shirk, A.J. - Inventor's Model Shop, 70 West 100th St. N.Y.C. Ac-2-9466. Mr. Shirk has met Tesla on 3 occasions and appears to know quite a bit about his model work and laboratory developments, particularly within recent years. His exact status can only be determined by another call or exact-statue interview. He is atterpting to determine the software of a Laboratory that existed at about. 57th and ord Ave. and with whom a certain Dr. Walker was connected.

Arbus, Muriel, Miss - Ros: 600 W. 13th St. Tel: Vanderbilt 4-9816, Bus: WPB, Chanin Ruilding, N.Y.C. Kiss Arbus has several photographs of Tesla and was a secretary to him before Miss Dorothy Skerritt, i.e. before 1912. She has not been interviewed except by phone.

Berg, Seigurd (or Sigmund) - Copenhagen, Denmark. Business: Paris, France. He has not been interviewed. See Kr. E. Fiensen of the International Latex Corp., Dover, Del. for information. Mem Berg was a close friend of Tesla in Europe and mentioned other members of his family; Mr. Ernest and Mr. Esko Berg are found in correspondence from Mrs. B.A. Bhrend to Mr. Kenneth Sweety in 1935 and 1934.

Behrend, Bernard, A. Krs. - Rond Point, Aiken, S.C. Phone 135. Mr. Behrend and Krs. Heaviside were very close friends of Dr. Tesla. Mrs. Behrend has many notes and technical data concerning Tesla's work either stored near Boston, Mass or at Aiken, S.C. Mr. Behrend was Chief Engineer for Westinghouse and supervised the construction of a great number of Tesla's motors and generators. He is author of "The Industion Motor" pub. 1921 in which a considerable portion is devoted to Tesla's work.

Boskan, Slavko, Mr. Engineer and author, Belgrade, Yugoslavia. Mr. Boskan published a book in Dresden, Germany entitled "Nikola und Hs Werk" in 1932 (Approx) Mr. Boskan was a close friend of Mr. Tesla and has considerable engineering data in his possession according to Mr. Sweezy.

Denton, Clifford, Mr. - Science Reporter.. New York Daily News, 220 E. 42nd St. N.Y.C. Mu-2-1234 Ext. 557 Mr. Denton has been present at many of Dr. Tesla's press roleases and has many notes regarding the conferences. He said that he gave most of his data to Mr. Nm. Lawrence of the New York Times. Brown Brothers (Mr. Arthur Brown) 220 W. 42 St. Bryant 9-4742. A.Y.C.

Prown Roothers are photographers and have a large number of photos of Tesla and his laboratory equipment from which may be deduced mechanical construction details.

Curtis, Thomas Stanley - Address: unknown. Author "Experiments with High Frequencies currents" It is important to locate Mr. Curtis because he discussed many of Tesla's problems and appears to have technical data regarding his work.

Cramps, Shipbuildin; Co. Philadelphia, Pa. Mr. Crosby, former Sec. of Commerce, and Mr. Cramps became interested in the radio chtrolled boat of Dr. Tesla about 35 years ago. Megotiations were carried on between Dr. Tesla and the above executives. This information was furnished by Mr. Kerr.

It may be well to contact Mr. Crosby's relatives or Mr. Cramps.

Crito, Julius - 4629 193rd St. Plushing, Long Island. Tel: Plushing 7-4711 Mr. Crito was mentioned to me first by Mr. Kosenovich and later Mr. Spanel had received his name from Mr. Wm. Lawrence. Mr. Crito is a machinest by trade and worked for Dr. Tesla as such from 1915 to 1929. He was particularly concerned with the construction of a turbin, and a fountain developed for a Mr. Hatmaker. Among other things, he worked on an extractor for sulpher from sea water and mechanical device for measuring the resistance of a ball bearing. He has little data left of Dr. Tesla's work but has a very good memory. He mentioned the Boston gear works, Mr. Bradley, Mr. Miller, the Zumbach Machinery Co. and Mr. Barney Levi. Mr. Crito's father also worked for Dr. Tesla in 1894 and was with him at his Eouston St. laboratory. Mr. Czito, Sr. accompanied Dr. Tesla to Colorado Springs

in 1899. Mr. Crito has a very good memory and can furnish additional information. He has discovered a photograph showing all of the employees of the old Tesla laboratory. He worked for Dr. Tesla on the development of a speedometer for the Waltham Watch Co. (This information from interview).

Clark, Mr. Geo. H. - Res: 349 E. 49th St. Tel: E1-5-1603. Bus: RCA -fg. Co. (Library) 25 Beaver St. N.Y.C. Room 314 A, Tel: Eanover 2-1829. Ext 123. kr. G.H. Clark was contacted by virtue of a call placed in December to Mr. Oran Dunlap of the RCA Corp. Mr. Clark has a very large collection of personal data pertaining to radio pioneers, particularly Larconi. His business has been to collect such data in order to assist the prosecution of a suit of infrigment against the Marconi patents. He has never not Dr. Tesla but he knows of his work and is interested in collecting historical data for preservation. Mr. Clark is a friend of Lr. Sweezy.

Crosby, Former Sec. of Commerce, Washington, D. C.(address unknown) See Cranps and Kerr Wetzel, Tailors - 2 E. 44th "t. Eurry Hill 2-6757. N.Y.C. This firm was tailor for Dr. Tesla throughout most of his life and may have information with regard to his friends, not otherwise listed.

French, Shriner, and Urner- Shoe Shops. 250 Ladison Ave. Lurry Fill 2-0319. N.Y.C. Dr. Tesla purchased most all of his shoes from

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this firm for the past 50 years and data may be gathered from their records such as mailing addresses, etc.

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Cornels, Fredrick C. F.B.I. Office Federal Court House Eldg. 12th Floor 1 Fegent 2-2315 Mr. Cornels was informed of the possible value of Dr. Tesla's data immediately following his death. So far as known, no action was taken.

Commercial Photostat Company, 11th Floor, Woolworth Bldg. N.Y.C. Firm which made photostats of Tesla patents for Kerr.

Cranm, Frnest R. to contact call Mr. Clark of FCA. Kr. Cranm knows a great deal about Dr. Tesla's relations with the RCA Company. Mr. Cranm was a former employee of RCA.

Gilder, Rodman - 108 E. 82nd St. N.Y.C. Butterfield 8-7397. Son of Richard Watson Gilder, former Fub. of Century Magazine. Mr. Gilder knows of some old Tesla manuscripts and what has happened to his files of the Century Magazine at its dissolution. This name was received from Merrington.

Denmark, Lt. 1270 6th Ave. Room 811, Circle 6-1484 (restricted number) N.Y.C. U.S. Army Int. G2. Lt. Denmark and his superiors were notified by Lr. Spanel and Washington with regard to Tesla devices. Lt. Denmark was interviewed personally with a group of 4 other officers including Lr. Fitchen.

Rirsch, Leon - a former draftsman for Tesla - name from Liss Dorothy Skerritt. This party should be located because he had a lot of confidential data of Tesla's and made many drawings according to Liss Skerritt.

> As tillian Married to an Austrian by name of DePrec about 1914. Miss Drews was secretary to Dr. Tesla prior to 1912. Her present address is unknown and she was not in good favor with Dr. Tesla, according to Miss Skerritt, the informant.

DosPassos, John - Attorney, and very good friend of Dr. Tesla. Address unknown. Wanted Tesla to stop the Spanish American War. Formerly lived in New York. The Centleman was expensively dressed and wore frocked coat similar to Tesla with bright checkered vest.

Ead office in vicinity of 200 Broackey, as late as 1920. Mr. DosPassos is believed to have engineering data of Tesle's according to Themac Syrne.

DeForrest, Dr. Lee- 5190 Hollywood Blvd. Los Ar , Calif. -

Dr. DeForrest is a lalive and was a friend of Dr. Tesla in the late 90 and early 1900's. There is a possibility that he may be able to assist in interpreting Tesla's works.

Dubilier, William - President of Cornell Dubilier Co., Vanufacturers of CCondensers. Mr. G.E. Clark Informs that Mr. Dubilier hasin his possession some of the original notes of the 1699 experiments in Colorado Springs.

Fradenburg, A.E. A reporter for the Brooklyn Eagle during 1930 who had numerous contacts with Tesla with regard to Power Transmission. His present address is unknown but he formerly resided in E Brooklyn until 1934.

Fitzgerald, Francis. A. - Niagara Power Commission, Suffalo, N. Y. Mr. Fitzgerald, according to a personal interview with Dr. Tesla, was a friend of his on the A.C. power proposition for the development of Niagara. He also told me that Mr. Fitzgerald attempted to influence the Canadian Power Commission in 1927 for a project to transmit power without wires. There is a possibility that he may have some data.

Gernsback, Hugo p Publisher, Res; 230 West End Ave. Schhler 4-2130 Bus: 25 W. Broadway, Tel: Rector 2-9690. A Friend of Tesla for about 35 years. Published many articles about Tesla during 1919 in the "Electrical Experimenter and later in Science and Invention." Has many of Tesla's original manuscripts and photos. Believes in all of Tesla's theories and has a working knowledge of them. This party Was-contacted Beveral weeks prior to the Dr. Tesla's death. Mrs Gernsback attempted to assist Dr. Tesla personally and aprealed to Kestinghouse for funds in 1533.

Harmond, John Eayes, Jr. Glochester, Mass. Tel. 2080 Mr. Harmond, Sr., financed some of Dr. Tesla's boat experiments and only 10 years ago John Hayes Hammond, Jr. operated one of Tesla's original models. The family has one of the boats in their





ossession nor. Much technical адал be gathered from this source.

Res: Belport, Long Island <u>Proze</u> Floyd -

Machinest, Sperry Gyroscope Company, Garden City, L.I. Employee Number 5470, Phone Vigilent 4-5400 (Restricted number) Ext. 211. Use any New York Phone. Name from Caito. This party mows of Teslave laboratory on Long Island through the laundry driver named Tommy Wallen.

Octavious - Springfield Gardens, Long Island. (Has not been contacted)

Save

OSANOVICH, SAVA

ttorney.

Hatmaker, (no initials) party who financed fountain built by Crito. Has not been contacted, but he lived in the St. Regis Hotel in 1920.

> Navarro Hotel, apt. 17B. 112 Central park south, N.Y.C. Tel: Circle 7-7900, Office- Regent 7-4662. President of the Central European Powers Association and former Minister of Tugoslavia to the U.S. Mr. K. is one of the two living nephews of Dr. Nikola Tesla (see Nikola Trbjevich) Mr. K. was present in the Hotel New Yorker on the morning following Dr. Tesla's death. Others present were K.M. Sweezy, G.H. Clark. Mr. K. knows of many blue prints that were in the rooms and a black notebook with several hundred pages containing the last notes of Dr. Tesla. Mr. K. says that some of the papers were marked "Government" and that Dr. Teela had told him he had valuable information. Mr. K. is of the opinion that it may have been for the Yugoslav Gov't. He says that no will was found. His attorney is Mr. Mittenberg. He was appointed heir by the Surrogates Court of New York County. He said that the other nephew waived any interest. Mr. K. is not in accord with Mr. Fotich, present Ambassador of Yugloslavia to U.S., now in Washington. There is a bit of political unrest in the Yugoslav organization.

233 Broadway, N.Y.C. Cooper Kerr Dunham (att. at Law) Courtland 7-9334 - also associated by Byrna. This firm was the patent attorney for 112 of the Tesla patents. They also instituted the proceedings of the infringement suits for the Westinghouse Company. Mr. Merr knew Tesla very well and can give considerable data. Lr. Cooper, now deceased, was however, the main instigator of the patents for Tesla. Lr. Cooper left this firm some time ago and Tesla apparently took some of his business .

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to the new Cooper associates. Many of the old patents of Tesla in his own handwriting has additional information. I am of the opinion that this firm still has a connection with Westinghouse.

Byrns, Thomas, J works for Cooper Kerr and Dunham (see John Kerr above). Mr. Byrns knew Tesla very well and also knows of the connections with the Union Sulpher Compnay and the turbine for which see Usito. There is a wealth of information in the office of this company regarding the system of Power Transmission and any patents on file which were never issued. Mr. Kerr and Mr. Byrns were contacted before Mr. Tesla's death.

Kostich (first name unknown) New York, Official photographer for the Yugoslav group. Office believed to be 235 E. 72nd St. and Residence in Long Island City. He may be reached through Regent 7-4562. He is a friend of Kr. Kosonovich.

Kulishich, Prof. Kosta Res: Belgrad, Yugeslovia at the Tesla Institute. Res was a school mater of Tesla in Grotz. See the N.Y. Sun of August 27, 1931.

Gage, E. G. 111 Nassau St. N. Y. C. Engineer, workd for Loon Ottinger, Courtland 7-5500. He was a friend of Mr. J.S. Leach (deceased) formerly of Redbank, N. Y. who made electrical parts for Tesla's laboratory. He says that

he can get information regarding Leach's relatives and perhaps drawings.

, Bernard - Machinest, Zumbach Machinery Co. 134 W. 54 St. N.Y/C. Circle 7-1444 Received this name from Crito who said that

Levi knew of other work by machinests on Tesla's equipment.

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Lucan, John - address unknown - presumed to be in Kanhattan. A former Western Union Messenger boy during June of 1937 who has other data regarding recent to contacts by Tosla during his services as a - To messenger. He has not been located.

Lynch, Arthur. Lived in England. Relieved to be near London, now deceased. Family had considerable correspondence with Tesla regarding transmission of power without wires.

Lawrence, William. Science Writer, New fork Times. 229 W. 43 St. N.Y.C. Lackawanna 4-1000. Res: 541 E. 72nd St. Rhinelander 4-5588.

friend of Tesla's for about 25 years. Has much old data regarding Tesla and has talked to him on many occasions regarding power transmission and the war offort. Eas Assisted greatly in providing information for gathering material, etc. This party was contacted before Dr. Tesla's death.

ssie, M.C. 52 Vanderbilt Ave. R.Y.C.

The Yugo Slow Society, 565 5th Ave. Room 807. PI-8-02: Ruth N. This is the information center and serves as The publicity agent for the group. Kiss E. Oppa also works there and has many names of Tesla's friends.

artin, Octavo. Employee of Hotel New Yorker and friend of Tesla.

thews, Grenville (deceased) wife was Gana Walker, Met. Star sponsored by McCormick. The family lived in England until his eath and his wife now resides in New York. Mr. Katthews was referred to in Tesla's articles for the Telephone and Telegraph Age for Oct. 1927. Mr. Matthews had correspon-dence with Tesla on the so-called "Death-Ray". Gana Walker has all of her husband's data.

520 E. 90th St. N.Y.C. Bus: 6 E. 45th Mott, C.Jordan, Jr. Tel: Venderbilt 6-0345. The Nott family financed Tesla in various

ventures. They may have some of this data.

W. O. Ford Euseum, Detroit, Kich. Kr. Gossett is associated with a Mr. Black while he is on leave of absence to the Army. Mr. Black may be reached regarding some models of Tesla's which are understood to be on display at the Ford Museum.

Nathan, Thoma, A. 25 E. 83rd St. N.Y.C.

We do not know what connection this party had ovnell, John, J. Rest 209 N. Long Beach Ave. Freeport, Long Island. Tel: Freeport 2-493.

Science editor of the New York Herald Tribune, 230 W. 41 St. N.Y.C. Pennsylvania 6-4000. Kr. O'Neill has known Dr. Tesla for 40 years. He has had many discussions with him regarding his equipment and scientific ventures. He interested Dr. Tesla in 1934 and 1935 to present the matter of national protection devices to the U.S. Govt. Mr. O'Neill made

A few contacts and the matter was dropped. Mr. O'Neill has notes of 1938 and 1939 wherein Dr. Tesla declared he had been approached by the British Govt. through Stanley Baldwin and Neville Chamerlain to negotiate for one of his devices. Mr. O'Neill thought that the sum offered was for 30 millions of dollars. In the interview, Dr. Tesla stated that his device would operate over a range of 200-250 miles. Mr. O'Neill is of the opinion that Tesla had unusual powers. Mr. Lawrence is of the opinion that he does not know what he is talking about. O'Neill can furnish much additional information.

Pickard, Dr. Greenlief Whittier..59 Dalton St. Newton Center, Mass. Dr. Pickard was a very good griend of Dr. Tesla. Dr. Pickard developed the vertical antenna system and has correspondence with Tesla concerning "wave propagation". This information should be waluable.

Sarony, Inc. Photographers, 362 5th Ave. N.Y.C. wis 74713 They have photos of the old Tesla Laboratory and pictures of Tesla to 1914.

> Page, Parker W. Attorney, Present address unknown, however he resided in Manhattan for about 40 years and was formerly associated with Cooper Kerr and Durham. He was last known to be associated with an attorney by the name of Bean in Manhattan. He worked out many of Tesla's details concerning Power Transmission and Tesla gave him many notes according to Mr. Kerr.

Radosavljevich, Paul, R. New York University, Professor, Education Dept. Tel: Spring 7- 2000. A friend of Tesla for 35 years and knows much of his work with regard to the retina and bile chemistry.

Ritchen, (first name unknown) Anti-Trust Division, Custodian of Alien Property, 18th Floor, 120 Broadway, N.Y.C. Regent 2-3582 (restricted number). Mr. Ritchen supervised bbe various agents who were responsible for the sealing of the property in the Manhattan warehouse and various hotels. On Saturday eve., January 10, 1943. This office worked with Lt. Denmark.

Astor, Mrs. John Jacob (Lady Ribblesdale) now living in the U.S. 420 Park Ave., Plaza 9-6646 Lady Ribblesdale is the Mother of Vincent Astor who financed many of Tesla's developments about 1910 and their family may have data of importance.

Secor, Harry. Island Road, Ramsey, N. J. Res. Business: Model Craftsman Publication. Ramsey, New Jersey, Telt Ramsey 519. This party knew Dr. Tesla very well and I talked to him several weeks prior to Tesla's death. He has some plans of Tesla equipment. Sweesy, Kenneth, M. 165 Milton St. Brooklyn, N. T. Evergreen 9-5809 Mr. Sweesy has known Dr. Tesla for approximately 15 years. He became a close confident of his on many things and did a very notable work in

Prof. Charles P.

165 Milton St. Brooklyn, N. T. Evergreen 9-5809 Mr. Sweesy has known Dr. Tesla for approximately 15 years. He became a close confident of his on many things and did a very notable work in 1935 when he arranged for a collection of 100 1stters from various scientific authorities commemorating Tesla's 75th birthday. Mr. Sweezy wrote many articles about Dr. Tesla and has some old clippings and miscellaneous data including several books detailing Tesla's work. Mr. Sweezy corresponded with Mr. Boskan and Mrs. Behrand. He is a friend of Mr. Clark. Mr. Sweezy would like to write a book of Tesla's life and had spoken to with Dr. Tesla regarding it. I contacted Mr. Sweezy several weeks before Dr. Tesla's death. (Euch information can be obtained here).

Instructor of Electrical Engineering, Yale University, New Haven, Conna Prof. Scott was a friend of Tesla for about 45 years. He worked as an electrician with Tesla in the early days and knows a great deal about his work. Prof. Scott and Tesla did not enjoy close friendship during recent years because Prof. Scott could not understand in full, all of Tesla's work. More information can be obtained here.

Scherff, George, Ars. 219 Grant Terrace, Maroneok, N. Y. Krs. Scherff was the auditor for Tesla for

Krs. Scherff was the auditor for Tesla for simany years and has much information to give. She has information concerning Tesla's personal things and technical data and can provide much of value, including old documents.

Skerrett, John. Author- believed to be from Philadelphia, Pa. who With desed many officials a demonstrations."

CC-247 Mr. Tolson_ Mr. Clegg_ 4 3 Mr. Glavin_ Mr. Ladd__ Mr. Nichols__ Mr. Rosen_ Mr. Tracy___ Mr. Egan_ 4 Mr. Gurnea_ Mr. Harbo_ Mr. Mohr_ Mr. Pennington___ June 8, 1949 Mr. Quinn Tamm_ MEMORANDUM FOR MR. WHITSON Mr. Nezse___ Miss Gandy Ũ HE: SAVA N. KOSANOVIC TUGOSLAV AMBASSADOR TO THE US INTERNAL SECURITY - R (Bureau file 65-47953)

PURPOSE

This memorandum is submitted to incorporate all the pertinent references in the Bureau files concerning the entitled individual who is the Yugoslav Ambassador to the United States.

A case was opened on this individual when information was received that Kosanovic had taken possession of the scientific papers of his uncle. Nikola Testa, the internationally known inventor. Subsequent investigation determined that Kosanovic had turned over the possession of these scientific papers to the Alien Enemy Custodian in New York City. (65-47953-X1 & Serial 3 & 4)

Sava W. Hosanovic was interviewed in either April or May, 1948, for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the Serbian National Federation should be required to register under the Foreign Agents Registration Act. (97-1340-178, pg.5) Pertinent information concerning this individual has been properly

forwarded to the State Department by separate letters.

C. J. Myrtle

The main file on Kosanovic contains only two reports, one of which was sent to the Attorney General by letter dated December 13, 1943, (other report not pertinent). This case is currently in a pending status.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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MDEXED

cc - Mr. Laad cc - Mr. Fletcher cc - Whitson cc - Kr. Krtle

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CJM: jpa THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

Office Memorandum . UNITED S. TES GOVERNMENT

то	:	The Director	~
FROM	:	D. N. Ladd	ol
SUBJECT		C SAVA N. KOSAN	

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ITTERNAL SECURITY - YU Bureau File 65-47953

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-18-89 BY SPINGE

DATE: April 3, 1950

Reference is made to my memorandum dated Earch 29, 1950, relating to the telephone inquiry by the Yugoslav Anbassador Sava N. Kosanovic as to the possibility of obtaining a cory of a microfilm copy of the technical papers of the late Nikola Tesla, worldfamous scientist who died in New York in 1943.

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Kosanovic clairs to have been a nephew of Tesla and is known to have tried to obtain these papers at the time of Tesle's death. However, they were taken over at that time by the Alien Property Custodian. If any copies were rade of these papers, they were made by the Office of the Alien Property Custodian which took possession of Tesla's papers in 1943 or the Department of the Army which was interested in copying Tesla's notes in 1945. The Army's interest apparently was developed by a young scientist named Parpace Fitzgerald who had been a protege of Tesla and one of his few confidents. Fitzgerald, who knew that Tesla had been endeavoring to perfect the vireless transvission of electrical current, one of the basic concepts involved in the production of a "Death hay" had subsequently entered the Army, and in October, 1945, appeared at our New York Office, together with three other members of the United States Army, to request our assistance in obtaining access to Tesla's paper; which were stored in a warehouse of the Manhettan Storage Company. Fitzgerald and his associates were referred, at that time, to the Alien Property Custodian thich was reported to have made an investigation of Tesla's belongings following the latter's death.

Although the Office of Alien Property or the Department of the irmy might be able to furnish a copy of Tesla's papers to Kosanovic, it is not believed that the FBI should facilitate his search for this material, which although possibly of no present vilue from a National Defense standpoint, could still conceivably be of assistance to the Yugoslav Government.

COPIES DESTROYED

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148 OCT 26 1950 PJGHTS Attachments

REAL ST.

WOLAD - 95 ": 480€0 - **9**€

65-47953-25

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RECO ENDATIOUS:

1. That the attached letter explaining that we have never had such a copy as he requests, be sent to Mr. Kostnovic.

2. That the attached memo to the New York Office, instructing then to make further inquiry at the Manhattan Storage Company and advising that firm that we have no copy of Tesla's papers as they allegedly claim, be forwarded.

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

BY 24

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

· Director, FBI

SUBJECT: SAVA N. KOSANOVIC

SAC, New York

INTERNAL SECURITY-YU

(Bufile 65-47953)

DATE: April 17, 1950

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UNRECORDED COPT FILEN

Rebulet dated April 3 last. DATE 7-3-80

On April 7, 1950 agents of this office interviewed Mr. J.V. POTTS, Vice President of the Manhattan Warehouse and Storage Company, 52nd Street & 7th Avenue, New York City, and at that time MR. POTTS advised that the rules of his firm required that all persons gaining access to goods stored by Manhattan first had to fill out an appropriate form setting forth their names, date of visit, and reason for requesting access to the goods.

In a review of the file pertaining to the storage of the effects of NIKOLATESLA, MR. POTTS revealed that only one such visit had been made by persons outside of the management of Manhattan Storage itself. This one occassion took place on January 26 and 27, 1943, at which time representatives of the Alien Property Custodian made a thorough review of the entire effects of the TESLA estate.

The TESLA effects are stored in rooms 5J and 5L of Hanhattan Storage's warehouse at 52nd Street & 7th Avenue, New York City. MR. MICHAEL KING, who stated he had been Floor Supervisor for approximately 10 years on the floor in question, stated that he could recall only the one occassion in early 1943 when an examination was made of the TESLA effects. He stated that at that time numerous photographs were taken by the examiners. His description of the equipment used would tend to show that a microfilm reproduction was made of some of the papers of the deceased scientist. ACL. KING added that several of the group making the examination wore U.S. Navy uniforms, and during the two days required to complete the examination the civilian assistants in the group were identified to him only as "FEDEFAL AUTHONITIES". According to MR. KING, no other instance of microfilming of the records of the TESLA estate has taken place since that time.

It should be noted that the Burean was informed of the examination mentioned above by New York letter (with attachments) dated October 17, 1945, entitled "NKNOVE: SUBJECT; SAVA TOSANOVICH; Experiments & Research of NIKOLA TESLA (Deceased), Espionage-N.

cc: 65-12290

105-1391 7721

R-435

SECORDED - 38 INDEXED - 38

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165-47953-27 APR 18 1950 37

Letter to Director, FBI NY 105-1391

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LR. POTTS stated that no inquiry had been received by Manhattan from SAVA N. KDSANOVICH, nor had Manhattan informed him, in any way, that an examination of the TESLA effects had been made by anyone. In fact, added MR. POTTS, the only correspondence relating to the TESLA estate has been in the form of bills for storage.

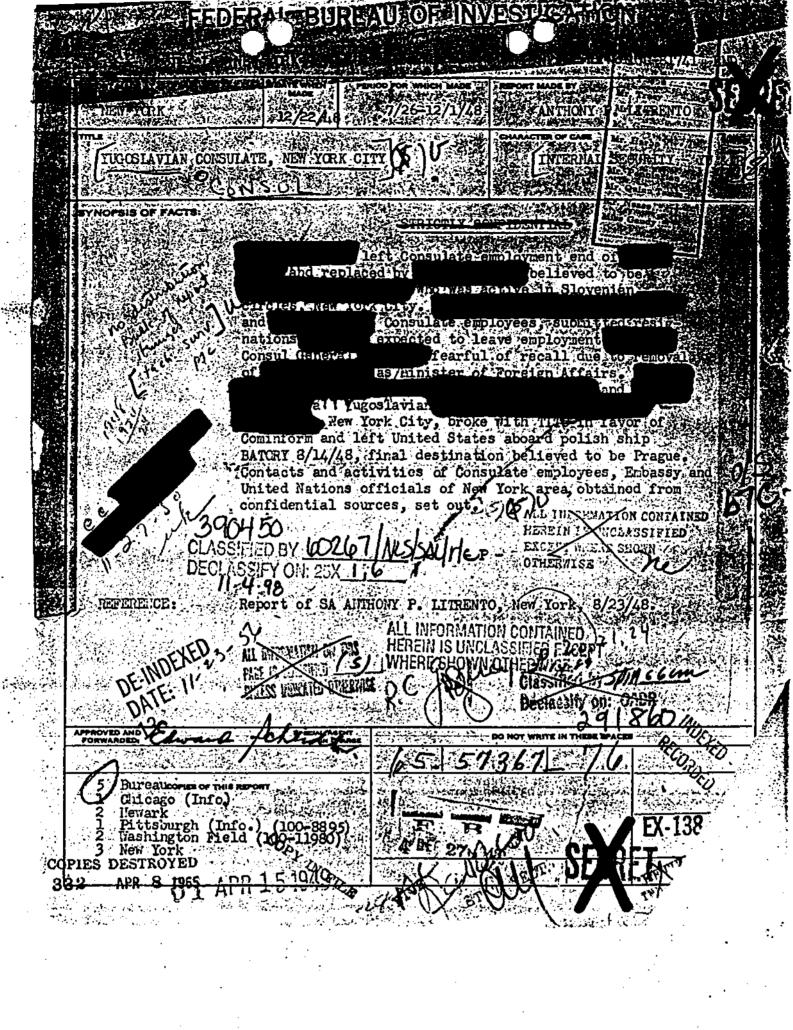
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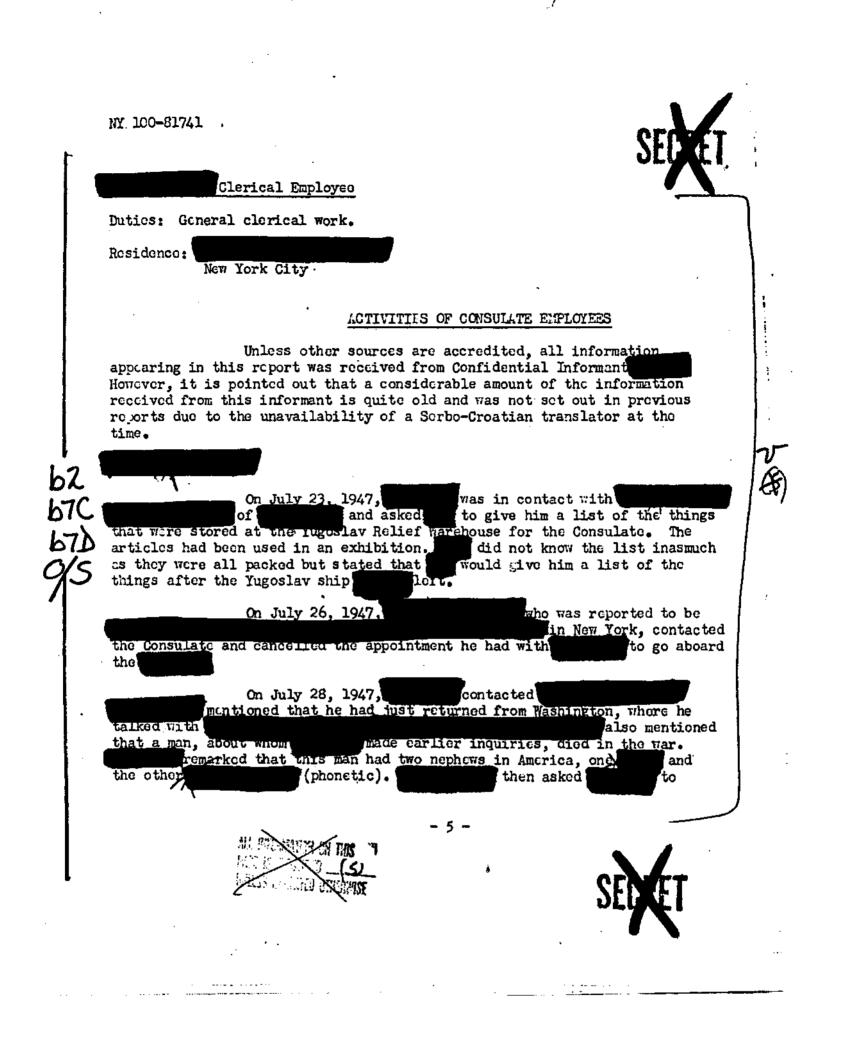
MR. POTTS stated that any personal inquires regarding the estate would of necessity be directed to him, and to date no such inquiries have been made.

Interviewing agents explained to 1%. POTTS that the examination made, as mentioned above, was not instigated by the Bureau, nor had the Bureau taken part in that examination.

Unless advised to the contrary, this investigation is being placed in a closed status, and no further investigative action is contemplated by this office. CLOSED.

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NY 100-81741 also mentioned that would bo Delegation Home at 7:30 that evening. <u>On Oct</u>ober 11, 1947 made an appointement to (phonetic) at 1870 Third Avenue the following meet Lionday after 7:00 p.m. On October 14, 1947, contacted and said "we have things to talk over so that we know how things stand." They made an appointment to see each other the next morning at 11:00 o'clock. On October 16, 1947, an unidentified man asked (phonetic). requested about a Macedonian, that the man be sont over to see him. On October 20, 1947, ond advised that he had received a phone call from Pittsburgh, requesting that he contact . Ambassador KOSANOVICH. He is to ask KOSANCVICH to prepare a talk on NIKOLATESLA, the great Yugoslav inventor, which is to be delivered over a Pittsburgh radio station the following Sunday at 2:30 p.m. stated that told him the comments about these arrangements. He also requested that appear at the meeting of the Congress. declined, stating that he had too much work to do. Ŀ, On_October 22, 1947, a about asked an export-import man who desired to go to lugoslavia. <u>a visa f</u>or al answered that he would contact the Embassy to see if a passport could be obtained. On October 23, 1947, an unidentified man advised 'S that he had two Bulgarians who needed visas to go to Hontreal via the RADIIIK. told the man to come over to the Consulate with thom. On October 30, 1947, ond (phonetic) asked about insuring 140,000 pounds of aircraft and radio accessories, with a - 10 -STIME:

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 JULY 1973 KOTTION 614 FPMR (41 CFRI 101-11.0 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT emorandum 8/20/7 (5) DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: TO (RUC) SAC, BUFFALO FROM sj <u>/sconfi</u> SUBJECT: ENTIAL der 5) (DO: NEW YORK) Re Buffalo airtel to Bureau, dated 7/13/76. Enclosed for the Bureau are six (6) copies of an LHM, captioned "NIKOLA TESLA MONUMENT, NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK," which is self-explanatory. One copy is being designated for Legat, Ottawa for information. Two copies are being furnished to New York, one to Newark for information since they had previous interest in this matter, and one copy to WFO for information because of U. S. and Yugoslav dignitaries who attended the unveiling of the monument Nothing adverse came to the attention of this office concerning the dedication of the Nikola Tesla 02201 Momument which was a bicentennial gift from the Yugoslav Government to the United States. Diplomatic representatives from the United States, Yugoslavia and Canada reportedly ¢ attended the affair. No further inquiries being made at Buffalo and it is closing its case administratively. bl ø/s -113 REC-3 CLASSIFIED & 6166 EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 3 ASSIFICATION INDEFINITE DATE OF/)DECA 13 ·(D Bureau (Encs. (6) (RM) (3) AUG 28 1976 7 TION CONTAINED (1 - Legat. Ot Eawa ALL INVE (Info) (Enc.1) (RM) Newark L 11 2 New York 🕅 (Encs. 2) (RM) -CHONA 61 1 - WFO (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM) (5) 1 - Buffaro 0 TIAL Copy is 24 SBS:mmw by routing slip for (8) X into L ug ðote ł, р 10 197 Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroli Savings Plan



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Buffalo, New York August 20, 1976

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.



NIKOLA TESLA-MONUMENT / NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK ----

An article appeared in the "Buffalo Evening News," a daily newspaper published in Buffalo, New York, on July 24, 1976, which in part contained the following information:

The article was captioned "Dignitaries Unveil Statue of 'Genius' Tesla."

The article contained information that NIKOLA TESLA was the inventor of the alternating current and the first man to successfully transmit electric power. The background of TESLA set out in the article revealed that he arrived in New York City in 1884 with four cents in his pocket and plans for an airplane and a book of poetry. In 1888, he invented a system to make the transmission of alternating current practical, at 37 was a millionaire but died at the age of 88 in New York City alone and penniless.

The statue, approximately nine feet high, was erected on Goat Island, a site which is located on the property of the New York State Park and Recreation Department.

The article revealed that more than a thousand people listened to FRANK G. ZARB, Federal Energy Administration, representing President FORD, and Dr. IVO MARGAN, President of the Socialist Union of Croatia, representing Yugoslavian President TITO, as both pulled the cord unveiling the nine foot high statue of TESLA.

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NIKOLA TESLA MONUMENT NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK



The sculpture was created by Yugoslavian FRANO KRSINIC and was the bicentennial gift of the Yugoslavian people to the United States. Both of the above men read official greetings from their presidents and exchanged pledges to continue good will and friendship between the two countries.

The article stated that following the unveiling, a reception-luncheon was held for several hundred persons at the Parkway-Ramada Inn, Niagara Falls, New York. Mr. ZARB toasted the Yugoslavian delegation which was answered by that country's Ambassador to the United States, DIMCE BELOVSKI.

According to the article, there was a bit of diplomatic byplay between Mr. ZARB and Ambassador BELOVSKI during the ceremonies. In his remarks at the statue unveiling, Mr. ZARB included an appeal to Yugoslavia to stop all harassment of Americans visiting that country.

In responding to Mr. ZARB's toast at the luncheon, the Ambassador gave assurance that his country wants American visitors and will welcome them.

According to the article, some observers thought that the Yugoslav release of an American held for the past seven months was timed to coincide with the unveiling of the statue.

The tribute to TESLA was sponsored by several Yugoslavian groups in cooperation with the Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, Westinghouse, and the New York State Park and Recreation Commission.

An article appearing in the "Niagara Falls Gazette," a daily newspaper published in Niagara Falls, New York, captioned "Zarb Calls for Energy Independence for U. S." the article dealt with the unveiling of the Nikola Tesla Monument and stated that accompanying the Yugoslavian Ambassador to the ceremonies on July 23, 1976, were Dr. PAVLE SAVIC, President of the Academy of Science of Serbia,

- 2 -

NIKOLA TESLA MONUMENT NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK

and VASA VESKOVIC, Yugoslavian Consulate General in New York City.

An article appeared in the "Niagara Gazette" on July 24, 1976, captioned "Aide Almost Missed Event." The article in part indicated that friendship and cooperation between the United States and Yugoslavia was the theme of the day as that nation dedicated a statue of NIKOLA TESLA on July 23, 1976.

The friendship was personalized when a Yugoslavian tried to cross the border from Canada to the United States to attend the dedication without a visa.

The individual was GOJKO SEKULOVSKI, who was in Montreal, Quebec, Canada, as the Chairman of the Olympic Commission of Yugoslavia. He also happens to be the Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in that country.

He did not have an American visa and almost missed the unveiling of the statue.

Fast thinking on the part of representatives of the Niagara Frontier State Park and Recreation Commission sent an official car to take the dignitary across the border, which saved the day.

In the "Niagara Falls Gazette" on July 24, 1976, there appeared an article concerning the unveiling of the statue which indicated that Dr. BOGDAN MAGLICH was Chairman of the Yugoslavian-American Bicentennial Committee and was a speaker at the affair. Dr. MAGLICH also serves as President of the Fusion Energy Corporation, Princeton, New Jersey. Dr. MAGLICH eulogized the inventor TESLA and stated "only America could have taken a giant of Tesla's stature, embraced him and provided him the means he needed to bring his talent to its best use of humanity."

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NIKOLA TESLA MONUMENT NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK

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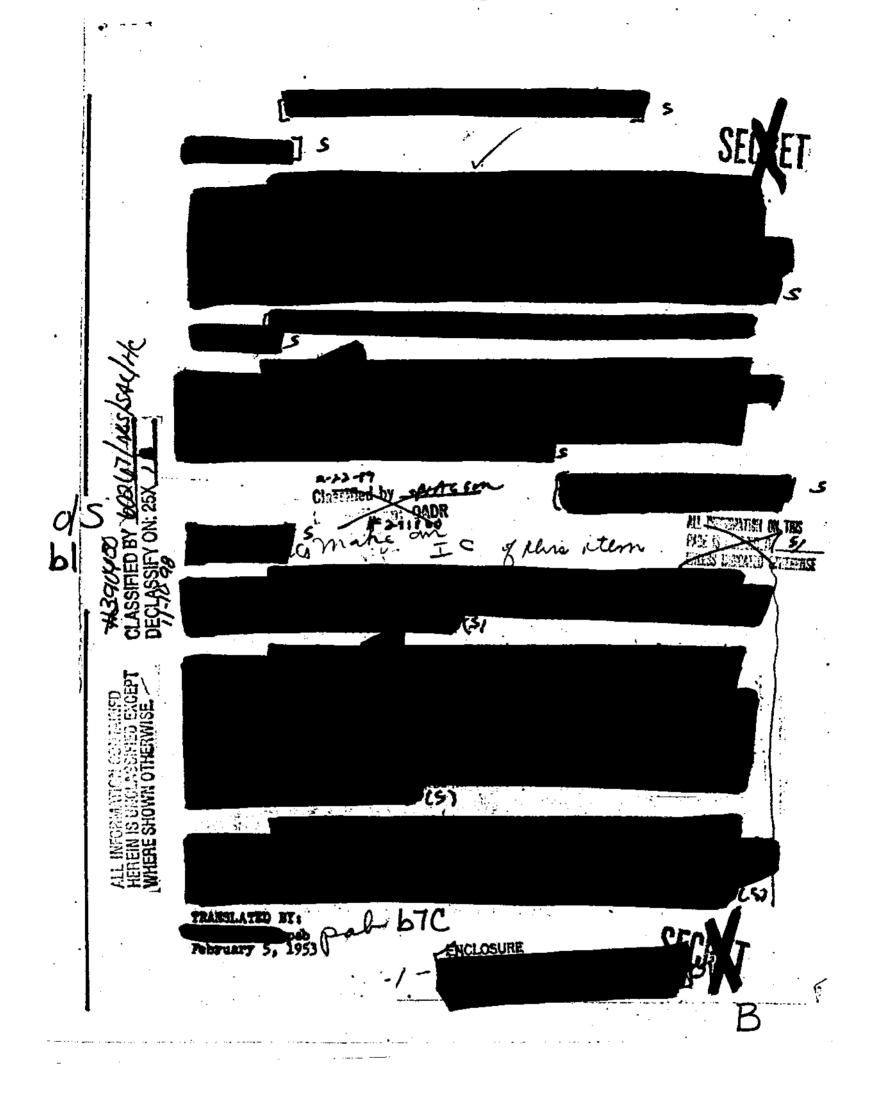
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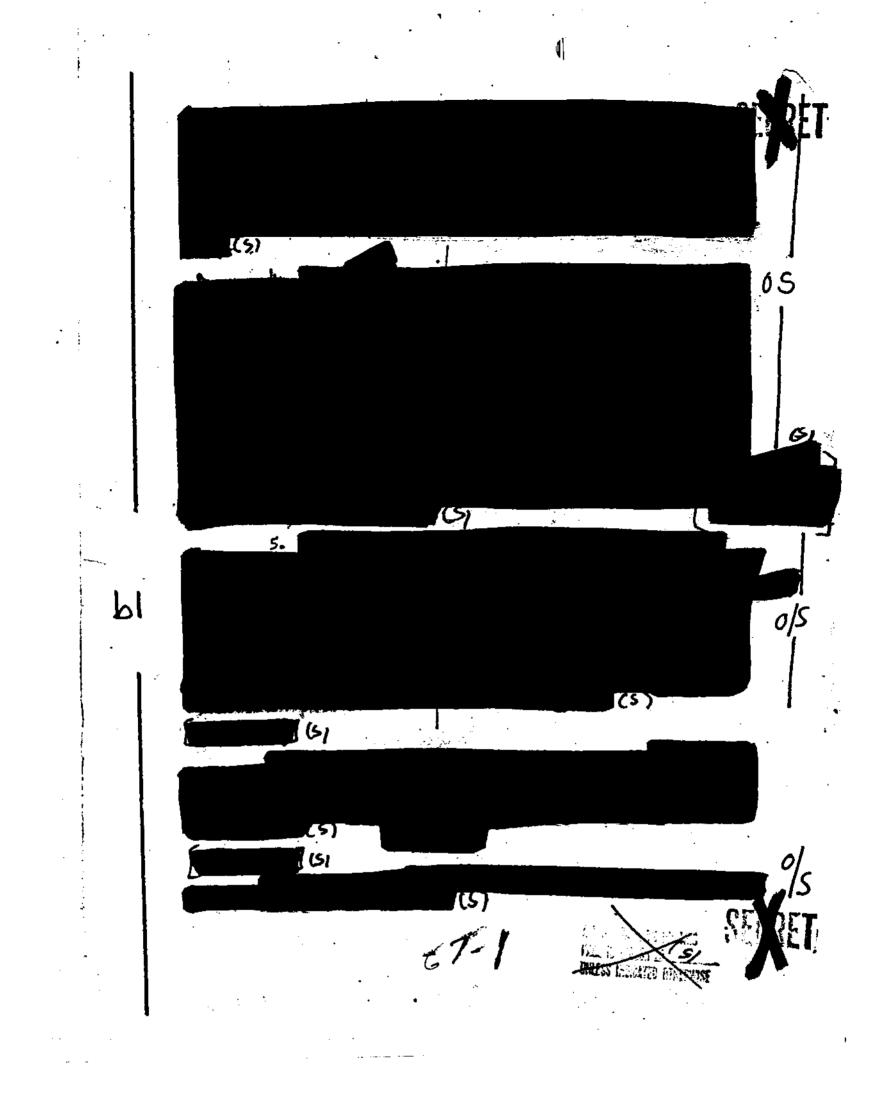
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Established sources, who have furnished reliable information in the past and were in a position to observe the commemoration of the Tesla Monument, stated that no adverse information came to their attention concerning the dedication of the statue on July 23, 1976.

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BAC, Chicago (100-18405) new) February 19, 1953 183 REC (65-58528)-INDEXED 20 irector, FBI 26 TUGOSLAV CONSULATE GENERAL CHICAGO, ILLINOIS REGISTERED MAIL INTERNAL SECURITY - YU 160 Attached is the translation which you requested by letter dated January 22, 1953. The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative $\sqrt{2}$ attention is necessary. Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in m this connection is set forth below: 1 • • Μ Classifien by Sel com Returned herewith. Deela Tole Section (1.2) MICTA 10 E N C10 Enclogure Olavi I 2- 11- in $\gamma\gamma$ MO:pab iia.rt 00 Trees MAILED 7.1. FEB 1 9 1953 1953 COMM . FR DECLASSIFIED BY

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Item No. 1:

This announcement by the American Yugoslav Committee invites all Americans of Yugoslav descent in the Chicage area to attend a commemoration affair to be held at Kordovan Hall, 1802 South Racine Avenus Chicage, Illinois, on November 16, 1952, at 3 P.V., in observance of the 9th anniversary of the founding of the Yugolav Republic. Representatives of the FPRF, continues the announcement, will speak at this affair. The Tamburica orchestra "Jadran" (Adriatic) will furnish the music and the Slovene Singing Society "France Preseren" will appear on the program.

The following paragraph in the announcement appears in bold face type:

"It is our desire to have the friendship between our new homeland and our homeland - Yugoslavia - deepened and strengthened still more, because this will be to the benefit of the peoples of both countries. It is our duty as Americans of Yugoslav descent to help as much as we can in this sense. Our celebration of the Day of the Republic is dedicated precisely to this end."

GERTRUDE RAJACIC, secretary

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X0, president.

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Iton Mo. 2:

This mutilated Jetter is datelined Chicago, December 10, 1952, and is addressed by Consul YOZE MORAVEC to the Slovene Emigration Society (Slovenska Iseljeniska Matica) in Ljubljana, Slovenia, and reads in substance as follows:

spitteson

MORAVEC advises that he was on a visit to Cleveland several weeks ago and that on this occasion he spoke to several members of the Central Committee for a Slovene Concert Tour (Slovene Octet). Although the preparatory work is going along fine, continues MORAVEC, there are certain difficulties stemming from the (Slovene Emigration) Society which directly hamper this work and which can easily bring about the failure of the octet or even bring into question the octet's arrival in the US. Most of the difficulties MORAVEC attributes to a lack of understanding on the part of the above-named Chovene Society of the "American situation."

"In the first place," says MORAVEC, "it is necessary to emphasize that this tour by the octet IS NOT being organized by SANJ, but rather by the Central Committee in Cleveland, which is a completely separate body from SAND and works independently. This committee is neutral; it belongs to no political movement and an atternt has been

TEAROLATED BY: PTK: OLUTCH:pab February 5, 1953 DECLASSIFIED BY

but must rater return them and consequently the entire procedure, from the local people's committee right up to the Ministry of Interior, has to be repeated. In the reports concerning the Consuler Service we constantly made reference to this problem and begged the Ministry of Interior to verify the accuracy of documents (at least the crude errors which anyone can detect); the situation has now improved somewhat, but the problem of slowness still remains in sending documents so that in urgent cases we are forced to expedite the matter by telegram.

٥۴ 4. Aproposa the conversation with the ambassador we sent ⊾ the proposal to the Personnel Seption of the Ministry of Interior asking for authorization to hire as a second female clerk at the Consulate (she was born in the U.S. while her parents In her present come from Hercegovina; she is now visiting the position she earned a month for a 5-day week; consequently, she can be authorized a starting salary of at least this much. Before (approaching) the starting who talked to five other female clerks some because they earned more money in their present positions than we can give them, some for other reasons, turned down the offer. The present female clerk we shall be able to release only after another one is hired and broken in and after we find another female clerk to replace the present one. We remind you that the Consulate had less work in past years and vet had, in addition to still another male clerk (former) while during 1951 it

5. The problem of purchasing a house for the Consulate contrast from before. We are now paying $\frac{3}{2400}$ a month for the Consulate onl 200 for the residence of the Consul General, a total of 700, which means 37200 a year. We took an interest in various houses $be A^{abc} T^{O}$ which were for sale and ascertained that for $\frac{3}{50}$, to $\frac{3}{0}$, $\frac{3}{000}$, would get a building for the Chancery, the residence of the Consul General and one or two small rooms in addition. If the offer for purchasing a house were to be accepted, we would forward concrete proposals for your consideration. We remind you that the present premises of the Consulate are small (we need at least one more room) and consecuently this too would be settled by the purchase of a house.

Item No. 12:

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A routine memo concerning the personal correspondences of the late <u>MIKOLA</u> TESLA and the possibility of purchasing the same from unidentified owner (name illegible). There is also a notation to the effect that "PALANDACIC has only receipts of the money which he sent TESLA as aid."

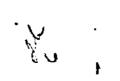
Item No. 13:

The first page of item no. 13 is insufficiently legible to render intelligible translation.

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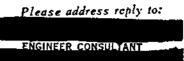
e de Martin Constant July 7, 1975 **67C** ean Jose, California 95117 Dear This will acknowledge your letter of June 9th. 1.2.24 In response to your inquiry, the papers of Dr. Nikola Tesla were impounded, after his death, by the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice. U. S.A Sincerely yours, C. M. Kelley Clarence M. Kalley Director The Deputy Attorney Ceneral _ End Attention: Susan N. HauserREC 22 - Inglosure 1. Mar 25 NOTE: Bufile 100-2237 indicates that Dr. Tesla was a world famous electrical inventor, and at the time of his ÷..... death his personal papers and effects were impounded by Office of Alien Property for national security reasons. Since Tesla's death in 1943 the Bureau has received numerous inquiries about the disposition of this technical papers. ec. Dir. _ 10. AD Adm. _ The above reply is forwarded in answer to these inquiries. Bufiles contain no information identifiable with requesters. 49. AD Inv. ___ t. Dies Jain. _ omp. Syst. ___ dbb:cgg (8) st, Alfairs ____ iles & Com. _ MAILED 7 an. Inv. _ ient. -spection JUL7 1975 ·*#\$3. __ oboratory _ 7-FBI lon. & Eval. __ pec. Inv. ____ 5 6 JUL1,29 1975 raining _ cl Coun. phone Rm. ----2 GPO States





ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT SOCIETY

<u>JUN 27 1983</u> OUTSIDE SOURCE



WASHINGTON, D. C. 20015

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Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation Recearch Motters Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Sir.

As a member of the IEEE I receive and read a considerable volume of Institute material. The current issue of our Engineering Management Society Newsletter carries a reprint of an article from another society newsletter entitled: "Nikola Teala: The Greatest Inventor of all Time?". In my opinion (having some knowledge of electrical engineering history) it is overly lauditory, but worse than that it implies suppression of his electro-technical work by our government.

The third from last paragraph states: "At his death, in 1943, what papers he did have were confiscated by the FBI. These papers remain sealed from the general public to this date. Their contents are totally unknown, nor has it been revealed whether the U.S. Government has made use of them."

Personally, I do not believe this and I would like to refute the statement. Please let me know whether the statement is true and if so what disposition has been made of the papers. The quotation does not say what type appears were confiscated. I am not concerned here with his ideological views (I don't know what they were), only with those relating to electricity.

Thank you.

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-5-40/40 DETO 44 V102 Yours very truly,

Life/Senior Member, IEEE

#3 JUL 29 1983

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July 25, 1983

WATSIDE SOURCE

166	Engineer Consultant	, ,
	Washington, D. C. 20015 Dear Mr. Ellenberger:	i

Research Matters

Your June 27th letter to the FBI requesting information concerning Dr. Nikola Tesla was referred to me for reply.

On January 26 and 27, 1943, Federal authorities made a thorough review of the effects of Dr. Tesla to determine if any ideas of significant value to the United States war effort could be found. His effects were examined at the Manhattan Warehouse and Storage Company at 52nd and 7th Avenue, New York, New York, where they apparently were taken after his death. Participating in this examination were representatives from the New York and Washington Offices of the Alien Property Custodian, the Office of Scientific Research and Development at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, the Office of Naval Intelligence, and United States Naval Research. The FBI did not participate in this examination. O(1/1)

The FBI did not participate in this examination. It was the considered opinion of a spokesman of those examiners "that there exist among Dr. Tesla's papers and possessions no scientific notes, descriptions of hitherto unrevealed methods or devices, or actual apparatus which could be of significant value to this country or which would constitute a hazard in unfriendly hands." There was thought to be no technical or military reason why further custody of the property should be retained, and in February, 1943, the papers Sparently were released to Mr. Sava N. Kosanovic, Dr. Tesla's nephew and the administrator of his estate. Mr. Kosanovic's address at that time was 112 Central Park South, New York, New York.

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Exec AD LES Asst. Die.: Adm. Satvs. BHM:kmf (4) Crim. Inv. _ Ident. . $F_{2}(F_{1}^{*}) = F_{2}(F_{2}^{*})$ Insp. Intell. Lab. AUG 111983 Legel Coun. Public AHe. _ Rec. Mgnt. _ Tech. Serva. ____ Training ____ Telephone Rm. ____

Exec AD Adm. ____ Exec AD Inv. ____

Director's Soc'y ____ MAIL ROOM

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6 Mr. Our files do not reveal any pertinent information on the Tesla materials since the 1940s, and their current whereabouts or condition is unknown. Sincerely, 4 Roger S. Young Assistant Director in Charge Office of Congressional 66 and Public Affairs 1 - Mr. Enclosure NOTE: Reply discussed with FOIPA, RMD, who has handled similar requests for information in our files concerning Dr. Tesla. In numerous previous responses, we have said that the Office of Alien Property of the Department of Justice impounded Dr. Tesla's papers after his death. However, the Office of Foreign Litigation, Civil Division, indicated that Dr. Tesla's papers are not in their possession and may, in fact, have been turned over to Tesla's nephew and the administrator of his estate, Sava N. Kosanovic, in February, 1943. - 2 -



IN THIS ISSUE

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Part Colors, Maria Sa

J. (Social Service Andrew John S(atra), and Categoria John S(atra), and Oter Condes Genetics and Mary J.

Saleman Sfan



950 University Avenue

Editor: Maxima Slock

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Authorities for forms of names are the Library of Congress and the Wilson Company bibliographical indexes. Exception is made to the authorized form when the shortened form of a name is better known: e.g., Monty Woolley instead of Edgar Montillion Woolley. If the full name is not given in the heading it will be found in the sketch itself.

After the name, pronunciation is given if the name is difficult, and then the date of birth as fully as possible. The date of death is given for those who have died. The occupation of the subject follows. Next comes the sketch itself, followed by a list of references for further study. These include magazine and newspaper references (in one alphabet) and books. If the person is not living, references are made to obituaries in newspapers and magazines. Only books of an autobiographical or biographical nature are listed, including such well known reference works as Who's Who, Who's Who in America, etc.

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raphy.

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CURRENT BIOGRAPHY Published monthly by The H. W. Wilson Company

No. 2

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New York

Managing Editors E. Mary Trew

February 1943

Explanations

The magazine articles listed under References are in abbreviated form (see list "Periodical and Newspaper Abbreviations" for complete title). The form of entry is as follows: Sat Eve Post 56:78-9 5 '39 por. This means that an article supplementing our sketch will be found in Saturday Evening Post, volume 56, pages 78-9, in the September 1939 number. The abbreviation por means that the article is accompanied by a portrait. In the case of newspapers, the name of the paper is fol-

When a name in a sketch is followed by '* a biography of that person may be found in the 1940 Current Biography Yearbook published in De-cember 1940; for a name followed by '* see the 1941 Current Biography Yearbook; for a "" name see index in the December 1942 Current Biog-

CURRENT BIOGRAPHY

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SMITH, IDA B. WISE-Continued References

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Christian-Evangelist p423-4 Ap 16 '42 Por Lit Digest 121:33 Je 13 '36 por N Y Times IV p2 Ag 31 '41 por Newsweek 16:40 Ag 19 '40 por Time 29:55 Mr 1 '37 por; 39:51 Mr 2 '42 por; 39:12 Je 15 '42 Who's Who in America 1942-43

STAUSS, EMIL GEORG' VON (shtous fón) Oct. 6, 1877-Dec.(1), 1942 German slate councilor and a Vice-President of the Reichstag; former director of the Deutsche Bank in charge of its oil interests.

Obituary N Y Times p17 D 12 '42

SYKES, CHARLES H(ENRY) Nov. 12, 1832-Dec. 19, 1942 Nationally known as the newspaper cartoonist, "Bill" Sykes; driw famous war cartoonis for the First and Second World Wars; editorial cartoonist of the Evening Public Ledger of Philadelphia from its founding in 1914 until its suspension in January 1942. Obiemory N X Times of the 20.42

N Y Times p44 D 20 '42

TESLA, NIKOLA (tes'lā) July 9, 1856-jan, 7, 1943 One of the world's greatest electrical inventors and designers; American citizen of Greek origin; worked with Edison; credited with many "epic making" inventions since he came to the United States in 1884; in his old age claimed to have invented a "desth beam" powerful enough to destroy 10,000 airplanes at a distance of 250 miles and to annihilate an army of 1,000,000 soldiers instantaneously. instantaneously.

Obituary N Y Times p19 Ja 8 '43 por

TINNEY, CAL(VIN L.) Feb. 2, 1908-Radio commentator Address: b. c/o Mutual Broadcasting System, 1440 Broadway, New York City Since August 1943 Cal Timney's slow Texas drawi and homespum humor, with intimate folksy interpolations, have been heard over the Mutual network in Sizing up the News each Monday and Wednesday evening from 8:00 to 8:15 p. m. Tinney's colloquialisms, which the folks Tback home' chuckle over-his "just-between-you-and-me, ain's it the truth?" "it shore is" method-has captured many a listener hored with the formal, polished, or cut and dried comments of other news-casters. But there has been more to Tinney than his mannerisms. Speaking usually &s a repre-sentative of what the 'common man' thinks about affairs at home and abroad, he has taken more than one direct and shrewd pot shot, left of center, at stuffed shirt policy, the doings

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Office Memorandum - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Director, FBI то 1948 DATE: March 12, and the second state of the FROM SAC, New York SUBJECT: "PLAIN TALK" INFORMATION CONCERNING BUREAU file \$94-36511 22925 Transmitted herewith for the information of the Bureau is the March 1948 issue of "Plain Talk". (ľ ·· Enc. (1) NOL ATTACHES RECORD JTM:MTH 7 62-8845 INDEXED - 138 ' MAR ∂ 22 Q, 2 MAR 27 EX-58

RED AMBASSADORS Sava Kosanovich of Yugoslavia

By BOCDAN RADITSA

This is the first in a series of profiles of the Red Ambassadors who represent the several Soviet satellite governments in Washington. Others will follow shortly.

FAMILIAR as they are with the blasts of Vishinsky and Molotov, most Americans are not aware that some of the most fervid tirades against "U.S. imperialism" delivered in this country come from an pficially accredited am-bassador. SavarKosanovich, a wiry, redthis country making speeches in preise not yet one of the inner circle. of the "new progressive democracy" in the Balkans, denouncing "Anglo-American reaction" and helping to form front groups for Tito. Incidentally, the American ambassador in Yugoslavia cannot even move around Belgrade without special permits and a guard of secret police agents.

From Kosanovich's speeches at Lake Success and elsewhere, it would appear that everything in Yugoslavia before Tito came to power was reactionary or Fascist. Yet, when he was touring America during the war, he used to introduce himself as a "member of the democratic government of His Majesty King Peter the Second."

Kosanovich is a restless man-his face and hands seem to be always agitated and moving. He is a cultured man with a long background in liberal, democratic movements. But he is a man of strong ambitions, who was willing to betray his own past and his closest friends for those ambitions,

In an Embassy which is more of a propaganda bureau than a diplomatic office, Kosanovich is only the front man for the Cominform's schemes in America. The real power in the Embassy is held by members of the Communist Party and the secret police, OZNA, just dish-haired man in his early fifties, as its real policy is directed from Mosrepresents Tito in Washington and in cow through Belgrade. Though Kosathe United Nations. He travels all over novich repeats the Moscow line, he is

I first met Kosanovich in the fall of 1941 in the United States, where he had come with some members of the exiled Royal Yugoslav Government, representing Crostia, Serbia and Slovenia. The tragicomic adventures of that royal mission in America centered around the battle between those who wanted Yugoslavis, after its liberation from the Nazis, to become a democratic federal union, and those who demanded a Yugoslavia which would be a Greater Serbia administered on the old prewar pattern. The grim outcome was that Tito succeeded in charming American public opinion with his sweeping promises of democracy and federation, while the exiles were quarreling among them-selves-mostly for personal, rather than ideological, reasons.

K osanovich dreamed for a good many years of becoming Yugoslav ambassador to Washington. His uncle, Nikote Legia, was an important scientist

7 in America. He himself is descended was active, with his friends Louis_ from a long line of Serbian Orthodox Adamic and the violinist, Zlatko Baloministers. His friends in politics used kovic, in the formation and promotion to tease him about his shyness toward of the linited Committee of South women, his hatred of smoking and Slavic Americans, subsequently metamordrinking. A strong and dynamic politphosed into an important part of the ical leader, they said, should be a lady-Kremlin's Pan-Slavic front. killer, a hard drinker and a chain In his speeches Kosanovich has been one of the principal promoters of an idea first advanced by Adamic-that smoker. In prewar Yugoslavia, Kosanovich always attached himself to some popular America is a nation of nations. As such, political leader. (It seemed to give him she is not only Anglo-Saxon, but Gerthe feeling that he was running things man, Italian, Negro or Slav, The Slavs himself.) In the beginning of his career he followed the tide of <u>Svetouar</u> <u>Pribichevich</u>, the leader of the Demoof America should unite in the name of brotherhood to carry on their glorious traditions, to show other Americans the cratic Party, who sought a highly cenheritage they have brought to this countralized Yugoslav state and drove the try, and to keep in touch with their Communists underground through his motherlands. On the surface this idea secret police. That policy belped to reseems harmless enough, but it is the inforce communism for the present job. banner of Stalin's movement to divide Next. Kosanovich was attracted by the United States. Russia and her satelthe leaders of the Croatian peasants, lites carry the idea farther in their con-Stevan Radich and Dr. Vladiminiatan trolled press by openly maintaining that chek, now in exile in Washington. He America cannot be progressive until it is transformed into a series of "people's considered that he was Machek's republics" on the Soviet pattern, giving "brain." Machek, however, did not always welcome the attentions of his sateltheir national sovereignty to all the racial groups that compose the popula-tion. Behind that scheme is the desire lite; several times he told me that he was tired of Kosanovich's "old maidish to Balkanize the United States-to suggestions and tearful interventions." For when he is arguing any involved isdivide it into conflicting clans so that sue, Kosanovich's voice takes on a a revolution may be centralized through querulous tone which makes him sound the only uniting force, the Communist like an adolescent. Party. During the war, Kosanovich defended FIORELLO LA GUARDIA WAS KOSANO-Mihailovich and a united Yugoslavia, He took an active part in Allied meetvich's greatest acquisition. He led the New York Mayor through the same ings and the affairs of American Yugoslavs. His name often appeared in the political zig-zag he himself followed-"Letters to the Editor" column of The first to Mihailovich, then to Tito. The New York Times. He was a chairman speech of greeting to King Peter that of the Southeastern European Planning La Guardia read in Serbo-Croatian on Board-a movement not popular with Stalin, as it threatened to block his plans July 8, 1942, was written by Kosanovich. The Mayor read: for regional agreements and the artificial "Drazha Mihailovich and Vladimir Machek are the expression of the Yugobuilding up of buffet states. And be

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SAVA KOSANOVICH

PLAIN TALK

to Vardar. They will go down in histore....

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In his own speeches Kosanovich often compared Mihailovich with MacArthur, Chiang Kai-shek and Timoshenko. For example, at a meeting of the anti-Nazi Lesgue in New York, June 8, 1942, he spoke of "the epic struggle which my people are making under the man whose name already symbolizes to mankind indomitable spiritual and physical resist-ance-Drazha Mihailovich."

Mihailovich was killed by a government of which Kosanovich was a member. Machek fled the country to escape the fate of Petkov, Maniu and other pessant leaders. Immediately after he became Tito's ambassador, Kosanovich quoted Count Ciano to prove that Ma-chek had been willing to sell out Crostia for a relatively small amount of money. The former follower of Machek admitted intimately to a friend that he did not believe the accusation, but that Tito had asked him to make it.

On July 6, 1942, at a reception held in the Yugoslav delegation's mansion on New York's Fifth Avenue, Kosanovich introduced Mirko- Markovich, editor of the Serbian Communist newspaper, Slobedna Rer, and now professor at Belgrade University. Markovich offered King Peter a check of one thousand dollars for "the Chetniks and regulat army of General Mihailovich."

A week later orders arrived from Moscow that Mihailovich should be considered a traitor and Tito accepted as leader of the war for liberation. Markovich and his Serbian equivalent of the Daily Worker suddenly switched to attacking Mihailovich, Kosanovich did not-but his defense of the Chetniks' leader grew weaker. Shortly before he went to London in March, 1944, Kosanovich in a New York Post interview

slav spirit of resistance-from Triglav was quoted as follows: "Mihailovich is in the position of a General Lee. Tito is some kind of a Lincoln out to save the Union. Mihailovich was an army officer. I think be is sincere but he is surrounded by a very bad political entourage. The entourage was catastrophic. The Government, diplomats abroad, working in his name, are even more catustrophic."

Curiously, Kosanovich himself was a member of that same "catastrophic" government. When he joined the Yugoslav government-in-exile in London in the spring of 1944, it had already dismissed Mihailovich and sought an agreement with Tito's National Liberation Movement.

TZING PETER was in London. Head-A ing his government-in-exile was Dr. IvanySubasich, the viceroy of Croatia. The group was more or less agreed that Yugoslavia should be restored on the basis of a federal union.

Kosanovich asked for a government representing all political parties, which would be strong enough to fight the Communists. He was a frequent visitor to King Peter and his mother. And when an agreement was drawn up between Subasich and Tito, Kosanovich was terribly dissatisfied with its terms. (I suspect that was because he had not taken an active part in it; he was inclined to think that everything in Yugoslay politics needed his guiding hand.) The was in Belgrade. The Red Army

was crossing the Danube in its push toward Vienna. On Japuary 18, 1945, Tito's emissary, General Velebit, visited Kosanovich in Kingston House, London. Kosanovich left the interview pale and nervous. For the first time he reallzed that dealing with the Communists demanded fortitude.

A few days later, on January 23, King

their new partners,

SAVA KOSANOVICH

of them-including Kossnovich-had agreed in writing that, on their return The chief obligation was that the new formed under Tito should guarantee all fundamental political and civil rights and freedoms to the Yugoslav people. Kossnovich took a prominent part in drafting this public statement announcing the responsible to the previous cabinet and the obligations its members assumed. As the king's most intimate adviser, he drafted Peter's act of consent to the Regency. Before Kosanovich left London, the young king kissed him, and received his formal promises that be would defend the interests of the

In the spring of 1943, Yugoslavia was "liberated" and the members of its London government-in-exile came back to join Tito's government with the blessing of Churchill, Roosevelt and Stalin. It was at that time that the Communists characterized Kosanovich as a "useful innocent" (korisina budala). In a apartment house-still the headquarters of the Communist Party of Yugoslavia -the ex-schooltescher, Edward Kardelj, the Montenegrin, Milovary Gjilas, and other top Communist leaders were talking over the political characteristics of

Gjilas said, according to a witness who reported the meeting to me: "The influence us through someone who is bot a Communist. Therefore Ivan Sue began to yield to the Communists. basich is best fitted for the job of for- Subusich had just come back for

Peter dismissed Subasich's cabinet and Tito stubboruly in London and Wash-resppointed its members only after all ington. Milan AGrol (the vice-premier and leader of the Serbian democrats) will serve as a Trojan Horse for the to Yugoslavia, they would defend cer- West. He is a reactionary politician who tain obligations the king had made con- backed Mihailovich. If Grol declares cerning the Tito-Subasich agreement, that the Serbian people have to abandon Mihailovich, they will accept the united Yugoslav Government to be idea. As for Kosanovich-he is not an important personality por a politician. But he is a useful innocent, who may be of help in the United States where he is considered to be a Western-type democrat."

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The only member of that London government who still survives politically is the "useful innocent." Subssich, after having been Tito's prime minister and foreign minister, is now a prisoner in Zagreb. France Spoj, after participating in the Communist government of Slovenia, was recently sentenced to seven years of slave labor for "espionage in favor of the Western democracies." The liberal Dr. B. Markovich of Serbia died in New York. I arrived there in time to see him before his death. After 1 had told him the grim story of what Yugoslavia Jooked like under the Communists, he said very sadly:

"How is it possible that Savitsa (the meeting beld in a swanky Belgrade diminutive of Kosanovich's first name) could stay in such an outrageous, govemment 2"

ā.

Two soon began to ignore all the obligations assumed in his agree-ment with Subasich. Even before the elections he declared that the king was never to come back. Milian Grol and others immediately left Tito's govern-Anglo-Americans dream that they may ment. Everybody in Yugoslavia expected Kosanovich to do the same. But he

Subusich had just come back from a eign minuter. Though he sometimes trip around Yugoslavis. He had seen wavers, he defended the agreement with that the people did not want commu-

PLAIN TALK

nism; they wanted quick action by the don conference of the Big Four, accom-democrats. And he had the courage to panying the Communist Kardelj as a tell this to Tito. Although he was for-"liberal and democrat." Before he left, eign minister, he was arrested.

I was with Kosanovich in his room in Belgrade's Hotel Majestic when Mrs. Subasich telephoned and asked for immediate help. Her husband was arrested and ill. Kosanovich tried to reassure ber. He telephoned Lt. General Rankovich, OZNA's chief trigger-man. The Communist hangman answered coldly that nothing would happen to the for-eign minister. Precautions were merely being taken to defend him from any attempt of the "Western reactionaries" upon his life.

We had just been reading Dante there in the hotel room-the part where Count Ugolino hungrily devours the brain of Archbishop Ruggieri, describ-ing the merciless end of all traitors. The blood and turnoil of ancient fratricidal war rose before us: it seemed very near to our own Yugoslav tragedy.

Only a little later Kosinovich entered the new People's Front against the will of the Independent Democratic Party, of which he was Secretary-General. His party issued a clandestine communiqué describing his defection. Soon after that the chairman of the party, Dr. D. Bochwas lying in a bospital the same night that Kosanovich was flying to the Lon-

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Kosanovich had published an article in the Communist official organ, Borbe, in which he attacked Subasich and the leadership of the party with whom he had worked closely for twenty years. The Communists wanted a proof of "betrayal." And the price was paid. From London, Kosanovich went to the Paris Peace Conference, and from there to Washington-to attack American democracy, which he had formerly praised.

CANNOT BELIEVE Kosanovich is a happy man, though he has attained his ambition. Those who once opposed fascism and are now serving communism have lost all faith in themselves and in mankind. There are no more miserable people than the intelligentsia who know better-but who have been afraid to resist in the last battle for man's liberty.

Kosanovich once asked for a synthesis between political and economic democ-racy for the good of the people, and he is now defending the complete subjugation-economic, political and moral-of Yugoslavia to the Communists. Kokovich, was terribly beaten for three sanovich once wanted Yugoslavia to be bours by a Communist youth mob. He free of the influence of any big power, and he is now ambassador of a puppet state in Stalin's coopire.

THE SOLUTION FOR PALESTINE

A comprehensive and authoritative discussion of the Hoover Plan (pages 32-33) and of the Lowdermills Plan (Palestino-Land of Promise), offering an engineering rather than a political solution for the crisis in the Near East, will be presented in the next issue of PLAIN TALK.

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EDERA BURSAU 203 Case Originated At: PITTSBURGH Tile No. 61-119 Report Made At Period 11/18,19,20, Date Made Report Made By PITTSEURGH LOUIS H. BEIGREDER 2/20/46 21,25/45. Title Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C SLOBODNA REC (FREE EXPRESSION) REGISTRATION ACT SYNOPSIS: SLOBCDNA REC (Free Expression), Serbian communist-line tri-weekly newspaper printed at 1916 East St., Pittsburgh, Pa., steadfastly adheres to the generally recognized communist line and operates, among Serbs in the U. S., as the organ for the dissemination of information on Serbian affairs in Tugoslavia. As the leading Slav JUN communist organ it contained, during the period from 12/6/44 to 6ہتد/ 8/32/45, favorable publicity for such communist front organizations 5 as the SWC, American Slav Congress, Avidovdan Committee and the United ź. Committee of South Slavic Americans. It supported the TITO and TAIN governments unequivocally and denounced opposition believed to exist against these governments. Due to the leaving of the former Editor-In-Chief, MIRKOWARKOVICE, to confer with TITO and his representatives in Belgrade, Ingoslavia, the editorship has been under-taken by Reverend MIKOLA DRENOVAO. The Fanaging Editor is CHARLES VUICH and Business Manager is MANE AUSNUAR, all-associated with the communist movement in Western Fennsylvania. P_DEFERRE C(4)_Bureau (Encls.) 1 Milwaukee (Info.) Albany (Info.) 1 Fewark (Info.) Anchorage (Info.) 1 New Haven (Info.) Baltimore (Info.) 1 New Orleans (Info.) Boston (Info.) New York (Info.) 1 Buffalo (Info.) Oklahoma City (Info.) 1 Butte (Info.) 1 Omaha (Info.) 1 Philadelphia (Info.) Chicago (Info.) Cincinnati (Info.) 1 Phoenix (Info.) 1 Cleveland (Info.) 1 Portland (Info.) 1 1 Richmond (Info.) Denver (Info.) 1 Des Moines (Info.) 1 St. Louis (Info.) 1 35. FES 1 St. Faul (Info.) L Detroit (Info.) 1 Houston (Info.) 1 Salt Lake City (Infe.) l Indianapolis (Info.) 1 San Diego (Info.) San Francisco (InCL)IN 1 Jackson (Infe.) 1 Savannah (Info.) HEREIN 1 Kansas City (Info.) 1 Spattle (Info.) DATE Springfold (Info.) 1 Washington Field (Info.) 3 Fittsburgh (-/) (..., HOW 1 Little Rock (Info.) 1 Los Angeles (Info.) 291 860 1 Louisville (Info. Memphis (Info.) 1 H-MKLECK Miami (Info.) Notices 100 59 JUN 1 1.124-15

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Pgh. Field Division 61-118

"ARPOVICH'S lack of complete coordination with the Communist Party movement in , the United States may best be indicated by his individual editorial policy in SLOBODNA REC. Unlike other foreign language communist organs, as will be shown in Section III of this report, SLOBODNA REC did not pursue a predominate loyalty to the American Communist Party, but rather concentrated its efforts on foreign news, policy and information......

The administration of SLOBODNA REC during the period covered by this report may be seen to pursue a more cautious line or policy regarding the printing of sources of news items and other information in the newspaper. Many items appear in the translations of this newspaper which of necessity must have been derived from a foreign source. One such source may be pointed out in that during the eatly part of 1945 MARKOVICH had installed in his home a Hamerlin model shortwave radio receiver with a special short-wave antenna and with logging for radio Belgrade.

Translations of SLOBODNA REC as contained in this report were made at the Pittsburgh Field Office by Serbo-Croatian translator, and Slavonic translator.

II

ORGAMIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

1 - OFFICERS

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In the "Statement Of The Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required By it The Acts Of Congress Of August 24, 1912, and March 3, 1933," regarding newspapers utilizing the mails as a means of transmission, furnished the Fittsburgh Office by Foreman, Fittsburgh Fost Office, the following are given as officers of SLOBODNA REC:

> Fublisher Editor Managing Editor Business Managor Owner

J. KRSTOVICH CHARLES VUICK None MANE SRUSHNAR JOHN KRSTOVICH **67C**

This statement was filed at the Pittsburgh Post Office by MANE SHUSENAR on October 2, 1945.

-6-

Fgh. Field Division 61-118

> "2. It is true that this year's calendars were printed too late, but we have inspite of this sold a sufficient number of calendars and some of the sollers have not sent in their money. In addition to the excellent success in advertisements for the calendar and besides the fact that the calendar was excellent, the work of the sale of the calendars is not satisfactory. Our activists should have paid more attention to this then than before selling the calendars.

"3. Soon we shall have received several hundred copies of the new book 'Guns For Tito.' We ought to do our best to sell these books as soon as possible. The book was compiled by an American Major who organized a shipment of weapons to TITO's Army and met TITO personally several times. The price of the book is \$2.75.

"4. We must finish the sale of the book of NIKOLA TESLA. We should particularly interest the American engineers and unionists in it.

"5. Soon a book of <u>HIRKO MARKOVICH</u> will be off the press: 'That We May Understand Each Other.' Therefore it will be necessary to organize the sale of the same. The book contains 350 pages and the price of the same is \$2.50.

"The working committee decided that by the end of the month of March or in April, MIRKO MARKOVICH should start for the Facific Coast, to Colifornia, to work in the strengthening of our movement and newspaper and in building up of clubs and the apparatus. This will be discussed in detail at the meeting of the Supreme Board in Cleveland."

August 14, 1945

"Reorganization Of Leadership Of Serbian Progressive Movement In City Of Akron Carried Out." This article, which is quoted below, indicates the then policy of SLOBODNA HEC in its leadership in the Serbian Progressive Movement in the United States.

"Akron, August 10 - Last week, on Thursday evening, there was here held a special meeting of the Serbian political progressive club, which was attended by the editor-in-chief of SLOBODNA REC, MIRKO MARKOVICH, and the manager of the paper, MANE SHUSHLAR.

Office Merini undum . UNITED

GOVERNMENT

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DATE: November 7, 1947

: Diroctor, FBI FROM : SAC, Pittsburgh

SUBJECT: SLOBODNA REC INTERNAL SECURITY - C REGISTRATION ACT

1130 1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

The following article which appeared in the November 1, 1947, issue of the above captioned Communist line newspaper published at 1916 East Street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is furnished for your information:

> Address of Ambassador ROSANOVICH at Banquet of 2nd Serbian Congress, October 26 in Pittsburgh, Pa.

Brothers and Sisters:

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ETTELH IS UTCLASSIFIED I come among you to extend you the greetings of the peoples and the government of the Federated People's Republic of Yugoslavia, headed by Marshal Tito and to thank you for the considerable aid which you have given your brothers in the old homeland.

By coincidence, I found myself in the period of 1913-144 in this great country where I did my best to defend the truth and contribute to the best of my ability to the thwarting of spreading untruths on the part of the official representatives of the then Yugoslav government in exils and of all those who wanted to convince public opinion of America and its official circles of the impossibility of restoring Yugoslavia. I recall your valuable help of that time. I remember a dear friend in the person of the late Rev. KRAJNCVICH and his constant struggle, as well as of so many others of that period.

You Americans of Serbian descent were hit the hardest. You were exposed to the greatest trials and the heaviest attacks. You had to exercise the greatest self-denial and perspective correctly to see the course of events because every effort was made to confuse you. The idea was that when Serbian Americans follow the wrong path, when chauvinism and national hatred get possession of them. when hatred toward the Croats and Slovenes and toward Yugoslav unity is aroused in them, then it will be easy for the same attitudes to work among Croatians and Slovenes as regards Yugoslav unity, giving chauvinism full sway and thus contributing to the weakening of the war effort in American and rendering impossible the struggle for the salvation and restoration of Yugoslavia and the Balkans.

In a letter of thanks for an honor which was shown me in February, 1914, by a great number of you who are now assembled at this Serbian

MECORDES 97-724-175 INDEXED 34 No. 17-724-175

November 7, 1947

To: Director, FBI Re: SLOBODNA REC IS - C; REGISTRATION ACT

Congress when I was elected an honorary president of the Vidovdan Congress I said:

"In an extraordinary difficult period of mankind you have with sacrifice and self-denial done your duty also toward your people from whom you sprang and toward America of which you are good citizens, and toward mankind. Since my arrival in America in 1941, in an official capacity, I found among you the best understanding and best cooperation for an ever greater unification of national forces in the struggle against all manifestations of fascism. Together we tried to be as serbs - bearers of Serbo-Croato-Sloveno-Macedonian harmony and unity at a time when the enemy banked his entire hope on disharmony and hatred. Working thus we have contributed to the correct understanding of the national-liberation struggle beset with so many obstacles and bedevilled with so much gossip. Time and events have borne out the truth thereof."

And when taking leave of Serbs in America in a letter of July 24, 1944, among other things I wrote:

"We have here been those who have defended the purity of the Serbian name at a time when it was being most degraded by the ignorant. History will show that we were right and that by our defending the unity of Serbs, Croats, Slovenes, and Macedonians we have best represented the true national Serbian interests and thus represented the interests not only of Yugoslavia but also of America and all United Nations. We have by common sacrifices of a liberation war achieved great successes in the country, but there still are great trials. Energies will particularly seek to confuse the Serbs and destroy them with false defense of Serbian interests. I ask all my good friends to make every effort to promote harmony and unity. I ask all those who were being deceived in returning to Serbian tradition and enter the great circle of national harmony . . . I ask friends who have had the opportunity and bravery of seeing the right path from the very outset, that they forgive those who haven't seen it because they were deceived by those who thought they must be believed. The true national champion is known by his setting the errant ones on the right path. Responsible culprits who misused their positions and misused the credulity of the ignorant will answer to the people for their misdeeds. The more you will promote harmony, the better it will be for Serbdom, for Yugoslavia, and for America - toward which you have the greatest obligation."

November 7, 1947

To: Director, FBI

Re:

SLOBODNA REC IS - C; REGISTRATION ACT

That was the path to which you were called until his last days by our great countryman NIKOLA TESLA.

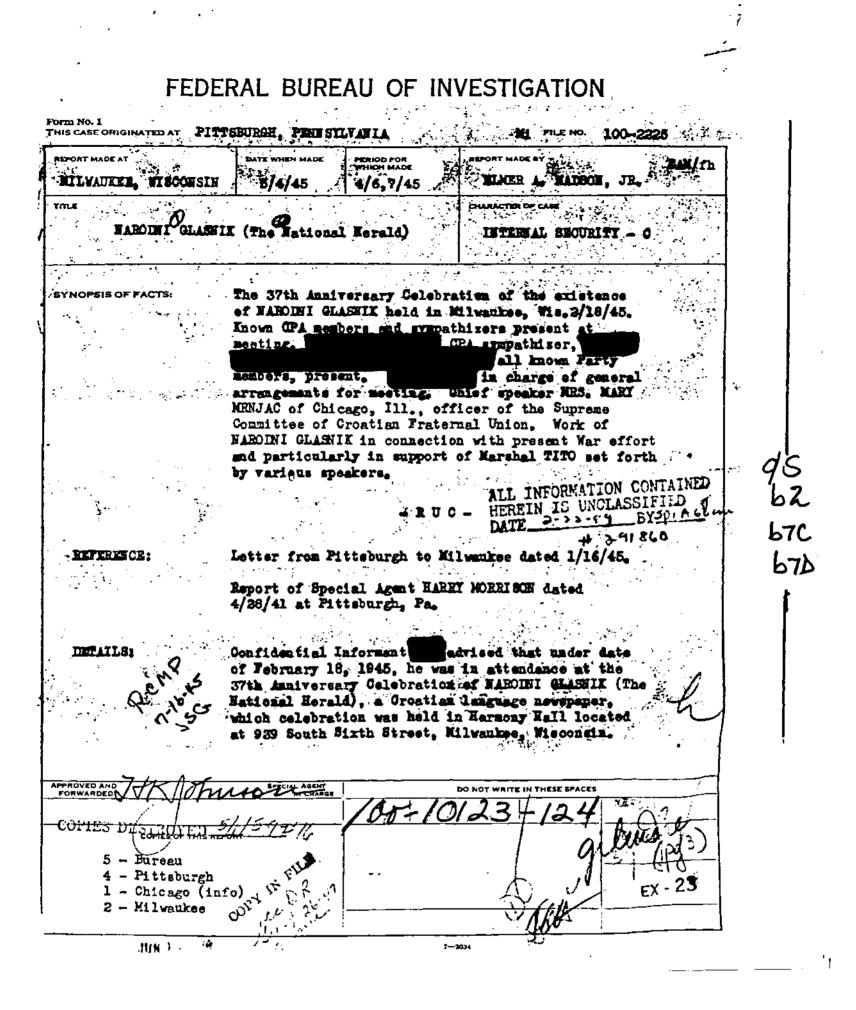
And you, by your moderation, have contributed to the interest of the democratic struggle of the world. You have contributed to the unification of all national forces in America in the organization of the war effort. And at the same time, as Americans of Serbian descent together with other Yugoslav Americans, you have shown your American fellow-citizens that your brothers in the old homeland are with united efforts residing fascism and struggling for freedom and the restoration of their independent state, Yugoslavia.

In this you were able to be the best spokesmen. You and your predecessors have come to this country in search of freedom and better economic conditions.

Most of you and those before you have fled from Hapsburg serfdom beoause you were being oppressed both nationally and economically. You and your predecessors made valuable contributions to the development of the New World. You with your brother Slovenes and Croatians have sweated, shed blood, worn your bones, expended brains, and whatnot for the progress of this country. Long is the chain of miners, farmers, scientists, and soldiers who gave their best for the general progress and prosperity of the American Union. You have conscientiously been doing your duty and you have become good citizens of this great land. Who of us is not proud of the work, life and nobleness of NIKOLA TESIA without whose work and mind electricity would not be what it now is in the world; whose motor has harnessed the Niagara and the Dnieper, turning the wheels of industry wherever there is electricity? In every spark of electricity, shines his name. America is the greatest beneficiary of TESLA's genius. He asked for no riches.

And so, brothers and sisters, when during the war you have raised your voice for your brethren in the Balkans struggling not only for their life but also for a better and more secure existence of mankind, your voice thus had significance and importance. You were able to be the authorized spokesmen of the struggle which was going on over there.

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The next speaker introduced by Chairman JUHOVICH was a MR. CHRIST MIKALACHI who spoke on the need of funds for the centinued support of the paper NAROINI GLASNIK.

Tollowing this, was a speech by Mr. FRANK PETRAK, who also preised the WARDINI GLASSIE for its wonderful work.

At the conclusion of these various speeches, JUROVICH acting as Chairman, again discussed the need of funds for NARODNI GLASSIX and requested a collection from the audience. He told them that the amount sollected was \$586,10.

According to the celebration closed at approximately 9:15 wid that during the course of the afternoon he was contacted by known CPA member, who gave him a pamphlet entitled "The Bulletin of the United Committee of South-Slavic Americans" deted November, made reference to an article in this pamphlet which was written 1944. by LOUIS ADDALO, formerly President of the AMERICAN SLAT CONGRESS and President of the UNITED CONMITTEE OF SOUTH-SLAVIC AMERICANS. then attempted j to sell a book entitled "The Prodigal Genius", which was the life story of NIKOLD TESLA written by JOHN J. O'KEIL. He also showed a calendar with a picture of Marshal TITO and the inscription "Death to Fascism, Freedon for the People". He explained that these calendars were being printed in Canada and he was taking orders for them.

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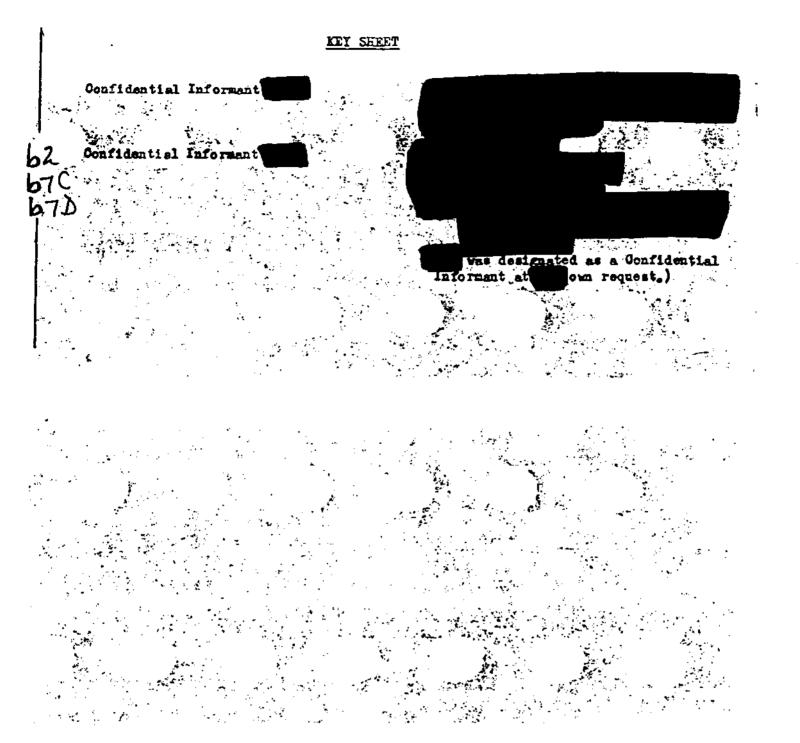
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firmed the information set forth by Confidential Informant

The following individuals were listed by as being present at ngi

this meeting:

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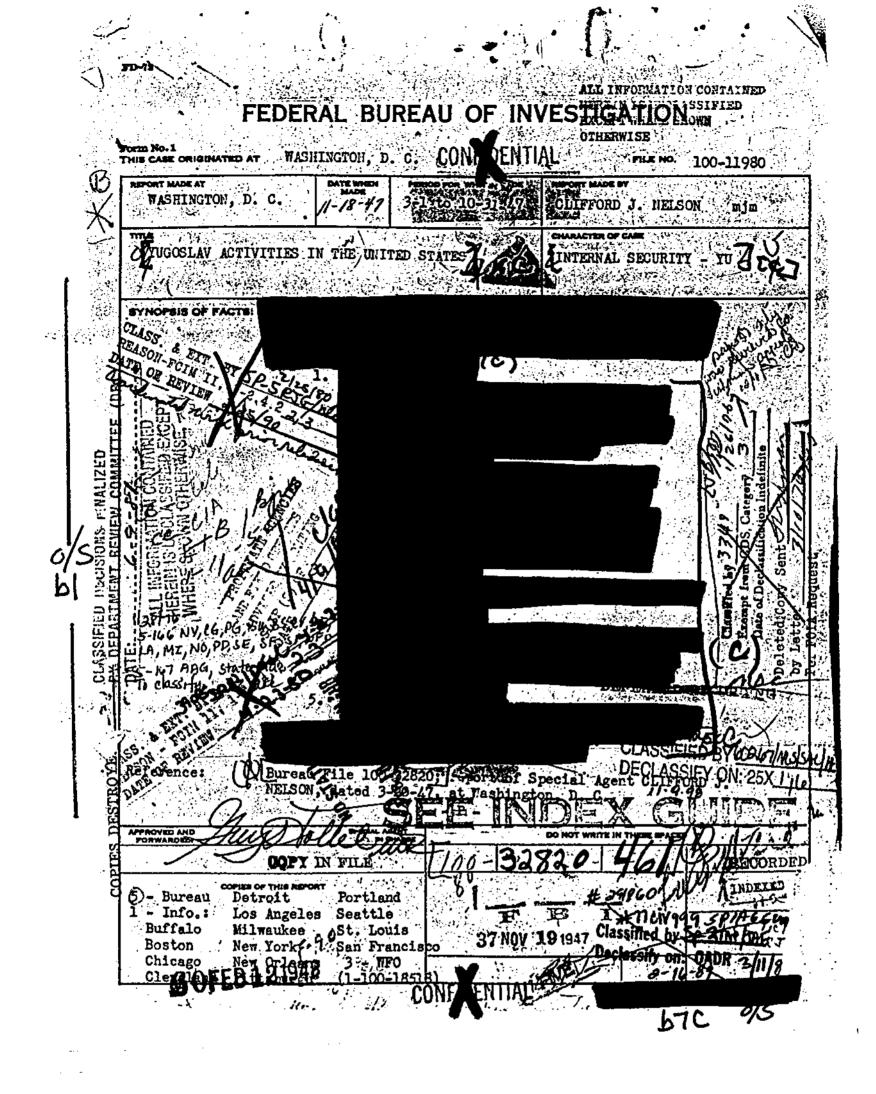
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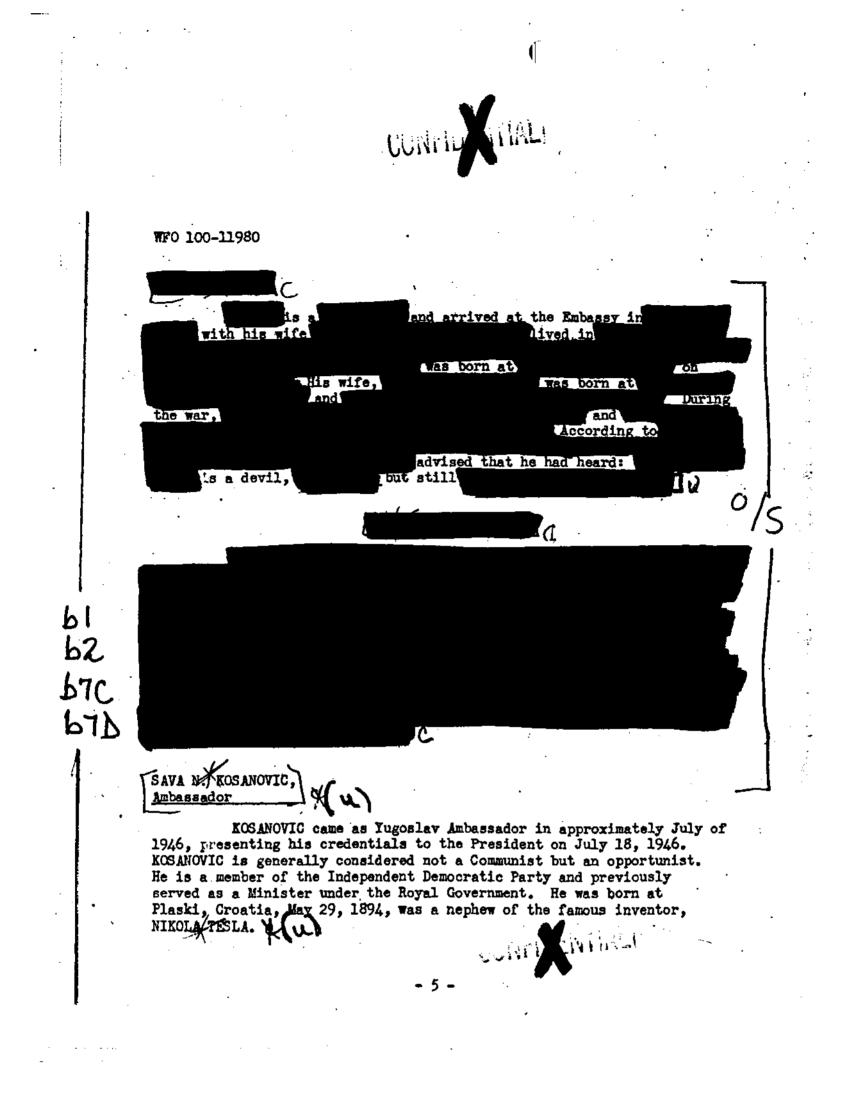
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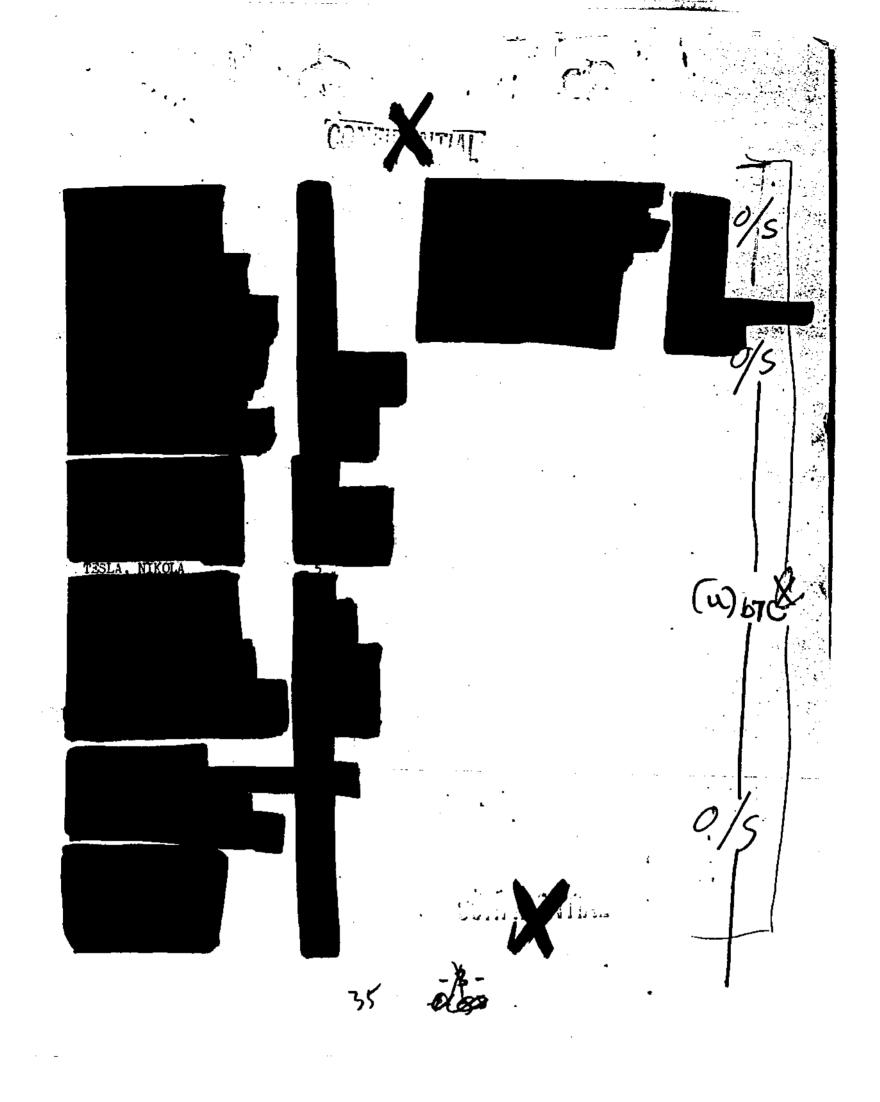
ce Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 4.13V DATE: 5/8/45 то Director, FBI FROM SAC, Pittsburgh SUBJECT: INTERNAL SECURITY - R 1 Pittsburgh, N. S., Pa., would-be radio repair man, advised this office that on April 29, 1945 he installed at the home of captioned subject, a "Hammerlund H.C. Seceiver #120X". Frated that since this type receiving set is of a kind which is generally used by amateur radio experts or professionals and since the radio set itself was ir such condition as to indicate that it had been purchased under a very high priority, he inquired of the subject how he happened to be in possession of such a radio set. according was vague as to where he got it, saying that it to had belonged at one time to NIKOLA TESLA'S son and was purchased before the war in New York City. A did not make any notation of the serial number of this radio but advised that under pretext he can review the operation of this set in the apartment of the subject and at that time get the serial number. LENER FRANK HARY Fursuant to request by the subject, the set was installed and a short wave Aerial was put up. After the set had been funed by he was requ<u>ested to locate the radio station at</u> pergraue, Yugoslavia. told him that he wished th. get direct reports from Pelgrane in order that they might be 61C Inseruch as investigation may subsequently develop a consorship violation on the part of the newspaper, MOSCDNA BEC, Serbian Communist line tri-weekly newspaper, printed at Pittsburgh, and in order that the Bureau might be immediately advised on the developments in this case, the above information has been set forth. Translations of SLOBODNA REC at the Pitteburgh Field Office Slavenic Translator, are at made currently by this time and continue to be reviewed for any releases which appear to emenate from a foreign rather than from any source approved 593-26 by the Office of War Information or like agendie RD 400-27593-26 1 It should be noted that during this week since the radio bel been several articles have appeared installed at the home of to mave emanated from foreign which appear COPIES DESTROTED proedcests. Cille ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-74 BY SUPErcom JUN LE R💼

FEDERAL BUREAU-OF INVESTIG **ONE** 100-11 **1419** /8;8/2/1 OSCAR 16 A.96. YUGOSIAVIAN ACTIVITIES IN THE U. S. INTERNAL SECURIT SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: The new Yugoslav A bassador, SAVA 3 KOSANOVIC, has stated to the newspaper that they do not contemplate hostilities over the Trieste question. He has recently conferred with LOUIS ADAUIC and has had a meeting with Senator PEPPER. He is presently in ALL INFO ð Paris attending the Peace Conference. HEREIN IS hiscellaneous activities and contacts of ATCEPT FREE Embassy and officials set out.)(()) DIMINISI Report of Special Agent OSCAR H. SELLS dated July 22, 1946, at Washington, D. C. DETAILS: AT WASHINGTON, D. C. OADR. DEFERRED GENERAL ACTIVITIES The "Washington Post" for July 23, 1946, carries a heating Dir relative to an interview had with the new Yugoslav Ambassador SAVA N. KOSANOV entitled "War Over Trieste Not Anticipated by Yugoslav Envoy". ... The article stated he had declared on the previous day that his country would not be provoked into any action in Trieste which would compromise the peace. He also stated they would not accept any solution of the problem which did not with their essential interests. He said his Government opposed Italian proposals for a plebecite in the disputed area because the Yugoslav population had been diminished by twenty-six years of Italian rule and the additional loss of 56,000 men in the fight against the Nazis. 11.4.98 CLASSIFIED BY DECLASSIE TOVED AND DO NOT WRITE IN THESE a COPIES OF **Sureau** Pittsburgh 2 - Detroit 3 - Washingtor F1 в X. 2 - Chicago 2 - Cleveland - -2 Hew York 1.1 τ¥ 9 C Lat

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	WFO 100-11980
	Confidential Informant whose identity is known to t
	Bureau, learned on July 23, 1946, that conferred with Ambassador
	ROSANOVIC and told him that LOUIS ADALIC had contacted her in order to find out definitely when KOSANOVIC was coming to New York City. It appears that
	ADA IC planned to be in New York himself on the following Thursday and
	expressed a desire to have KOSANOVIC be there on Thursday night. KOSANOVIC of told her he was leaving for Paris the following Sunday morning at 11:00 Ali.
	He was told that ADAHIC would like to have dinner with him on Thursday night () and on Friday morning for him to meet "this fellow that he has been talking 1
	about." KOSANOVIC said he knew it was something about publicity. KOSANOVIC
	stated he was not very happy about having to go to Paris. He said he hadn't "finished ending" and that it was very complicated. He indicated that
	"Star's" account of KOSANOVIC's press conference the previous day.
	The article in the "Evening Star" which was referred to above
	appeared July 23, 1946, and was entitled "New Envoy Disclaims Any Yugoslav
	Plans for Coup at Trieste." This article was written by NEWBOLD NOYES, JR. The article quotes the Ambassador as saying that Yugoslavia would not be
	"provoked into compromising the peace." The article stated that the Ambassador had indicated his country would boycott Trieste if they did not
i	get it. The article stated that KOSANOVIC is a nephew of NICOLA TESLA, the
62	Yugoslav-American inventor.
hac	with relative to the
	newspaper coverage of the Ambassador's press conference the previous day. said there was a little on the first page of the "New York Herald
670	Tribune" and said there was quite a bit in the "New York Times"
1	also. Total ner that he expected more in the "Evening Star" than had appeared in the "washington Post" because he had "one of their good people,
	who was very favorably impressed and said he would say so."
-	Senator TAYLOR's office and advised that the Ambassador would like to have
	lunch with Senator TAYLOR at the Senate dining room on Thursday at 1:00 P.M. 75
1	along with some other members of the Senate.
1	Informant learned on the following day that intermediate arrangements for Ambasşador KOSA OVIC to have lunchwith Senator PIPPER and
	probably Senator MAGNUSON in the Senate dining room. ())
	Informant also learned on July 31, 1946, that Senator PEPPER
	had accepted the invitation to have lunch with the Ambassador at 1:00 P.d
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

/	Section 552		Section 552a
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□ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

- Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
- Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): <u>REFERENCE</u> TO TESLA APPEARS IN I SENTENCE The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages. 100 - 32820 - 969e 96 100-32820

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FBIDOJ

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Form No. 1 This Case Originated At INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA **File No.** 100-4006 Report Made At Date Report Made By Period Indianapolis, Indiana CLARENCE E. CLAY 11/18/42 10/29,30/42 CEC:NJO ン Title Character of Case · . ^و ر: CAMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS (ALL-SLAV CONGRESS) INTERNAL SECURITY - C Synopsis: Information contained in bulletin entitled "News Flashes from Czechoslovakia under Nazi Domination" issued by Czechoslovak National Council of America, with reference to American Slav Congress, set forth herein. Includes information concerning the permanent committee set-up and a partial list of delegates to the American Slav Congress. "Also set forth is a MIstory of the All Slav Congress which was written by Information_received that be serbs of Gary, Indiana, and reported to Communists, attended the All Slav Congress. attended All Slav Congress. - P - ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HE REIN IS UNCLASSIFIED TACHED Reference; DATE 141-83 BYSPSRI Report of Special Agent CHARLES M. SOLOMON, dated May 12, 1942, at Detroit, Michigan. Hammond, Indiana Details From Confidential Informant, has been obtained Forward Agent in Do Not Write in These Spaces DO CI U ED w York (Inf.) ድ INDEXED ttsburgh_(Inf.) Int 5 NEV 2 waukee ((Inf shingt Ch? STATE OF COLORED FORVICTORY Philadelph; Cleveland EE-11 Detroit

a copy of a bulletin entitled "News Flashes from Czechoslovakia" under Nazi Domination", published by the Czechoslovak National Council of America, 4049 West Twenty-sixth Street, Chicago, Illinois, release no. 132, dated May 11, 1942:

This bulletin contains news concerning the American Slav Congress held at Detroit, Michigan, April 25 and 26, 1942. The article contains the permanent committee set-up of the Congress and a list of men of eminence among the delegates to the Congress.

This article is being quoted below:

"AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS FOR GREATER WAR EFFORT"

The coordination activities of all groups of Slavic extraction in America for an intensified war effort moved a long step closer to reality as a result of the American Slav Congress held in Detroit April 25 and 26 and attended by more than 2300 delegates representing church, fraternal, labor, social and cultural groups from all parts of the country. Every substantial American Slav organization in the country was represented.

Permanent Committee Set Up

A permanent committee was elected with LEOXRZYCKI, Vice-president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers for President; Prof. J. J. XMRHAL, of the Czechoslovak National Council, Vice-president; STEPHEN/ZEMAN, JR., of the Slovek Evangelical Union, Secretary; VINKO/UK, of the Croatin Fraternal Union, Treasurer; and BLAIR F. OUNTHER, member of the Educational Committee of the Polish National Alliance, Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Participating Slavic nationality groups elected vicepresidents to the Board of Directors. Vice-presidents for the respective nationality groups elected were: EDMUND POINC, Polish; W. J. MUZIK, Czech; V. S. PLATEX, Slovak; VASID DICOFF, Bulgerian; SAMUED WERLINICH, Serbian; JOEN SUTKOVICH, Croatian; VINCENT CAINKAR, Slovene; PETER RATICA, Carpatho-Russian; GEORGENTIRINSKY, Macedonien; HARRY AUBESHKOFF, Russian; MICHAEL TKATCH, Ukrainian.

- 2 -

The various nationality groups also elected members to the nationality committees of the Board of Directors. The National Committee of the congress held its first plenary session in Pittsburgh. May 10, to plan steps to translate the decisions of the congress into action.

Anti-Hitler Measurcs Adopted

Main decisions embodied in the resolutions of the congress were:

1. To make a direct appeal to American Slavs comprising more than half the workers in the war essential industries of the nation to intensify their production efforts to outproduce Hitler and the Axis.

2. To intensify vigilance spainst fifth-columnists operating within the various Slavic groups in this country siming to sow division and disunity in the war effort.

3. To chart a plan to recruit 50,000 American Slav volunteers for a house-to-house campaign among American Slav families for reising the amount of war bond subscriptions to 10 per cent of income.

4. To take all measures to strengthen the bonds of solidarity among American Slav groups and between them and the Slav peoples of Europe for a concerted effort against HITLER.

5. To increase support of all war relief agencies, particularly the Russian, Yugoslavian, Polish, Czechoslovakian, British, Greek and Chinese.

 Fo take steps to counteract the appeasers.
 To set up a permanent organization to coordinate and assist in carrying out the decisions adopted by the Congress.

Response Exceeds Anticipations

The response to the first American Slav Congress ever held in America exceeded all anticipations. It revealed the depth of anti-Axis feeling that has seized hold of the Americans of Slav descent who came expressing desires to do their utmost to the end that the power of Hitlerism, arch-foe of the Slav peoples as of freedomloving peoples everywhere shall be decisively smashed.

- 3 -

The delegates were mostly brawny men from coal mines, steel mills, machine shops--the men on whom the nation is counting for much of its war essential goods production and wholesome-looking women whose faces showed hardening lines of determination beneath war smiles.

Mon of Eminence Among Delegates

Among the delegatos were men and women of distinction in many fields of activity--scholars, writers and clergymen, among them Rev. VINCENT BORKOVICZ, who represented the Vry Rev. Bishop STEFAN S, WOZNICKI at the Congress and delivered the opening invocation; Metropolitan Bishop Benjamin, of the Russian Orthodox Church; Most Rev. JOHN MFAJHOVICH of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and Rev. PLWLOWSZI, of Buffalo, New York.

Among others present were JOSEPH WATTRAS, director of the Polish National Alliance of Pittsburgh; CHESTER A. MCZDROJ, President of the Polish Contral Citizens' Committee of Detroit; Judge B. RONKOWSKI of Hantranch; Captain W. SETMAN, Polish War Veterans, Chicago; Dr. W. T. OSOWSKI; chairman Michigan All Slav Committee, Detroit; Mrs. M. The STEROWICZ, deer of Polish journalists, Buffalo, New York; ZLATKO-BALOKOWICH, femed Croatian violinist; FRANK ORIGORSKI, assistant district attorney of Milwaukce and president of the Fulaski Council there; VINCENT KLEIN, Secretary Chrysler Local No. 17 of UAW-CIO; Michigan State Senator, STANLEY NOWAK; Prof. J. J. ZMRHAL, President of the Czechoslovak Nationa' Council; JOSEPH CARTINEK, Executive Secretary of the Czechoslovak National Council, Chicago; KARED PRCHAL, President of the American Sokol Union; ADOLT CER, President of the Czech American National Alliance; VINCE TARDSKY, Secretary of the Crech American Netional Alliance; Rev. JAN S. BRaDAC, Honorary President of the Slovek National Alliance; Rev. ARNOST 7812KA of the Federation of American Czechoslovaks in Toxas; NICOL, TESLA, Serbian American inventor; ETBIN KRISTAN, prominent Slovenian writer; Dr. D. K. WATICH, first vice-president Michigan All-Slav Compittee; SAMUEL *ERLINICH, President of the Scrbian National Federation, Pitteburgh: Judge ANTHONYLUCAS, Pittsburgh; Ohio State --Sens tor GOYD-BOICH; Judge GEORGE S. TELESY, Cleveland;

-4-

RAYMOND TRAVNIK, Slovenska Narodna Podporna Jednota; Rev. M. F. BENKO, Cleveland; W.7KUZIK, President of the Czechoslovak Society of America; and Mrs. MARIE KRAL of the Nat'l Alliance of Czech Catholics.

From the serious and restrained mood of the delegates it was visible they had come for the one purpose of Agreeing on a common line of action to be taken to guarantee a speedy end of HITLER and the Axis. There was a notable absence of the usual convention hilarity and abandon.

An International Event

It was a wartime meeting dominated by a wartime grimness. That the deliberations of the congress would have international repercussions was evidenced in the more than thousand telegrams from all parts of the world that reached the congress during the sessions.

One of the wires greeting it was from a Czech group in Teheran, Persia; there were many from Slevic groups in Chile, Argentina, Canada, and throughout America. Soviet writers and scientists and members of the Yuglslav government in Kuibyshev wired the congress messages of greetings and good wishes.

The Congress was not only an event significant in the history of america's 15 million Slav-descended citizens but fraught with meaning for the destiny of the more than 200 millions of Slav peoples across the seas engaged in a life-and-death struggle against Nazi enslavers.

For the first time the peoples of the diverse Slavic groups in America were reaching a common understanding on a world-wide issue---a matter that gave delegates a feeling of considerable satisfaction.

Far beyond the brilliantly delivered keynote speeches and the iron note of resolve sounded in the resolutions--all of which raised the essembly to wild cheers of on-thusias---was the vibrant sense of unity which, given expression by the congress carried to the Slav peoples

- 5 -

throughout the world its ressage of redoubled efforts to crush HITLER and guare tee a democratic victory for the world.

Keynote--Production for Victory

Production and secrifice were the keynote motifs of the mein address of the congress delivered by LEO KRZYCKI. Reminding listeners that American Slavs occupy a key position in America's war industrial pattern, he called for greater efforts this year to turn the scales of victory in favor of the democracies.

How to safeguard American war production and American morale took up the following sessions which were addressed by Prof. J. J. ZMRHAL, President of the Czechoslovak National Council of America, on fifth-column activities and measures to be taken against them; FRANK N. ISBEY, cheirman of the Michigan Defense Savings Program on metional morale; ELT OLIVER, of the Labor Division of the War Production Board and GEORGB ADDES, Secretary-Treasurer, of the Auto Workers Union on problems facing labor in the war industries. These subjects were treated in further detail in special panel discussions later.

10,000 Hear Hon. Paul V. McMutt

Two thousand plates were served at the banquet tendered the delegates and guests by the Michigan Committee of the American Slav Congress in the Masonic Temple on April 25.

But the climex of the congress was a victory rally in the Michigan State Fair Coliseum where 10,000 persons assembled to hear the Hon. PAUL V. McNUTT, Federal Security Administrator and U. S. Government representative to the Congress who greeted the delegates and drew thunderclaps of applause by his appeal for "more tanks for TIMOSHENXO". "In this first Slav Congress you have shown the world the miracle of American unity," he declared.

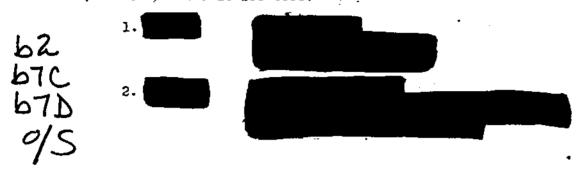
A message from President ROOSEVELT was received wishing the Congress success in its work."

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INDEX TO INFORMANTS

The following is the Index to Informants mentioned in the report of Special agent CLARENCE E. CLAY, dated November 18, 1942, at Indianapolis, Indiana, in the matter entitled, "AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS (All-Slav Congress) INTERNAL SECURITY -C", Indianapolis file 100-4006:

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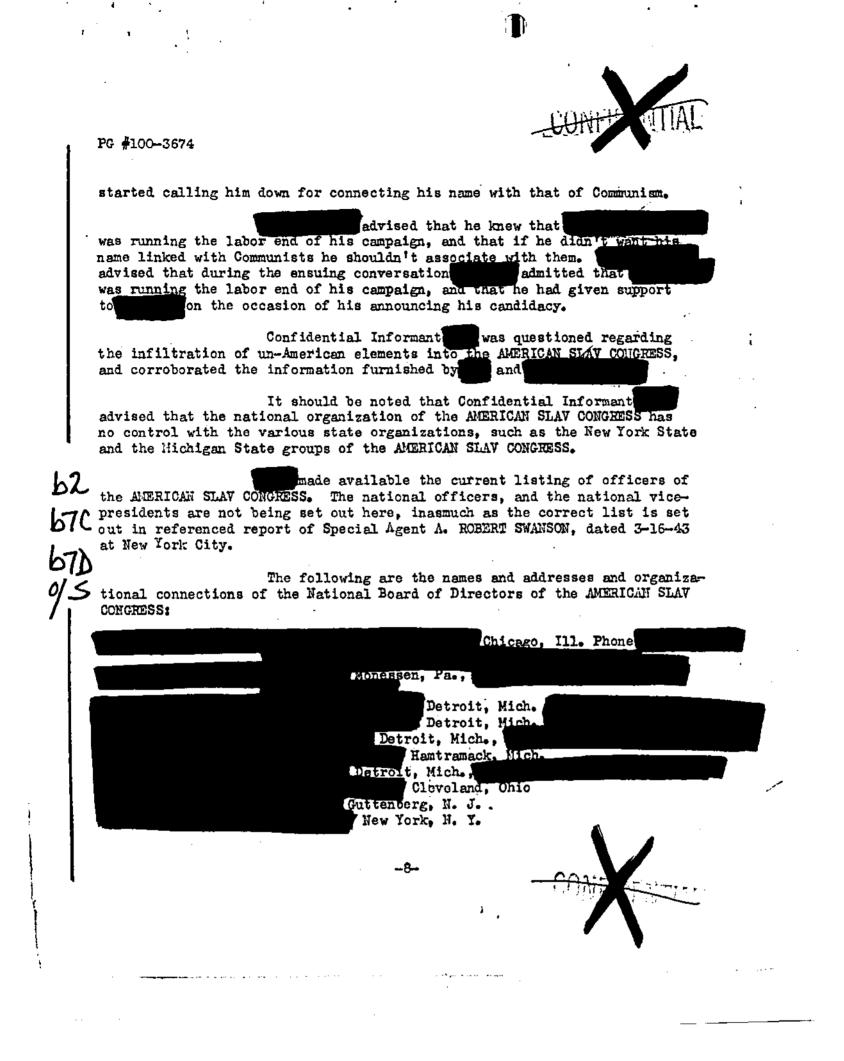
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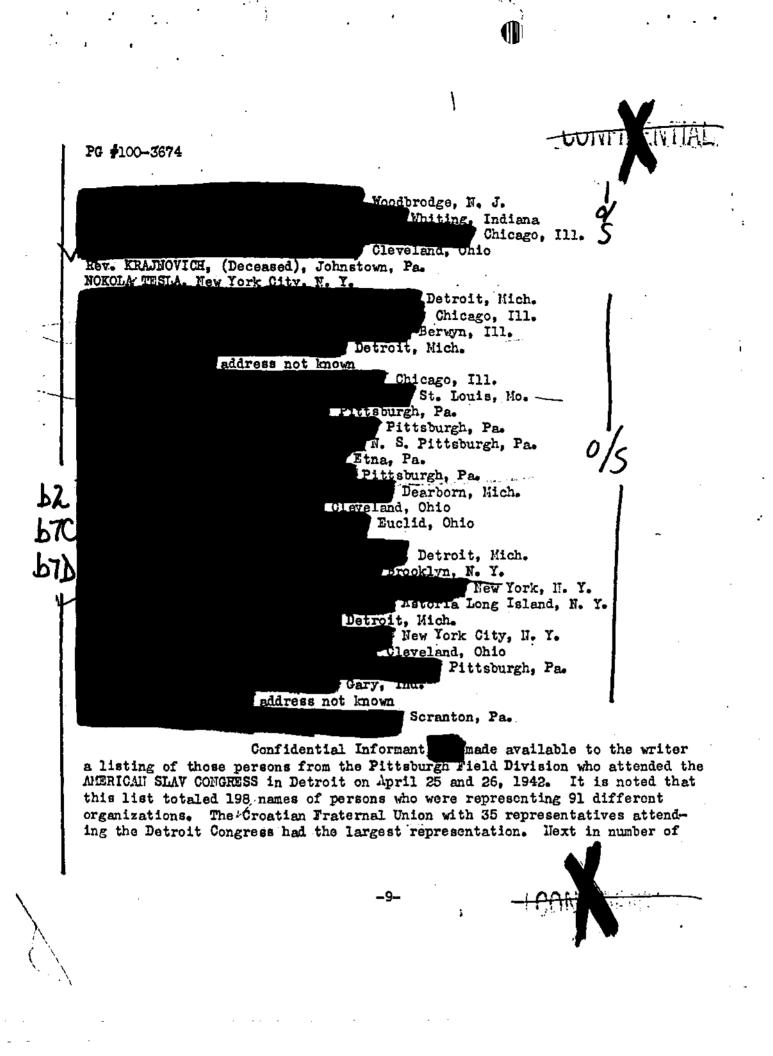
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Pitteburgh File #100-3674 PITTSBURGH, PA. Origin Mado at Made by Period Date PITTSBURGH, PA. 2-9,14 JOHN E. XEANE 11-5-43 14,18,10-10,11, Character Title. SAMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS (All Slav Congress) INTERNAL SECURITY - C INFORMATION NTAINED HEREIN LASSIFIED EXC OTIONWISE. AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS has no formal organiza-Synopsis tion in Fittsburgh area; activities are car-ried on by BLAIR S. SUNTHER, STEPHEN/SEMAN, JR., both officers of national organization of AM-TRICAN SLAV CONGRESS, and leaders of various. Slavic organizations in Pittsburgh. Informants sdvite and admits Communist element led Ъy alleges Urbatian Communist newspaper, 18 most active group in local AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS. Investigation reflects has used Com-NO. USSENII munist connections for <u>all political</u> advantage, although neither ATO CODsidered Communistically inclined. (Communist element active in plane for AMERICAN SLAV____ COMPRESS to be held in Pittsburgh in 1941, (C) This Congress was postponed for Detroit meeting because of quarreling between Croatians and Serbse Board of directors of National Committee set out. List of delegates who are known ar suspected Communists who attende ed Detroit Congress from Pittsburgh set out; Largest number being members of Croatian Fra-BAC Approved RDED & INDEXER - ONI Pittsburgh 1 - Bureau - G-8 Pitssburgh Classified JPMC DERTE - Ballimere 11 OADR - Boston - Pitteburgh OR - Chicago - Cincinnati - Cleveland 2 - Detroit 2 - Newark 2 - New Haven 3 - New York City 2 - Thiladelphia 2 - San Francisce 3 - Vashington Tield 60 N 1 🖓 67C





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The Newark Field Division will make a preliminary investigation of these officers by checking its indices, and interrogating Communist informants. If such preliminary check indicates Communist activity on the part of such officers, their activities as affects the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS, should be thoroughly investigated and reported herein.

THE NEW HAVEN FIELD DIVISION

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* AT BRIDGEPORT, COMPECTICUT

Will ascertain the activities held on "All-Slav Sunday", June 21, 1942.

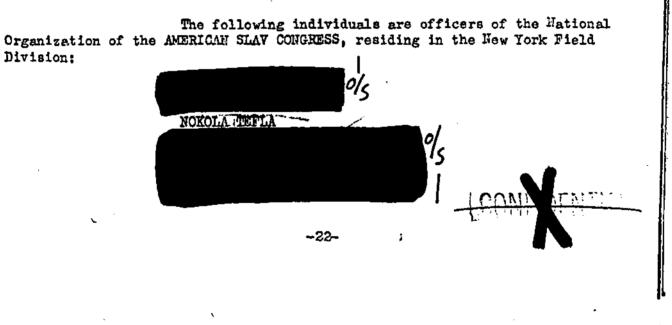
Will ascertain the extent of Communist control of the local offices of the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS, if such have been established, and in the organizations of which it is composed.

THE NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

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Will check the names of the delegates from New York to the Detroit Congress of April 25, 1942, with the indices, to ascertain if any of the delegates have previously been reported as Communists or as having been affiliated with Communist organizations.

0/5 Will keep in touch with confidential informants to ascertain further activities of Subject organization.





PG #100-3674

The New York Office will make a preliminary investigation as to such officers by checking the indices and interrogating Communist informants. If such preliminary check indicates Communist activity on the part of such officers, their activities as affects the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS should be thoroughly investigated and reported herein.

THE PHILADELPHIA FIELD DIVISION

* * AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Will ascertain the extent of Communist control in local offices of the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS and in organizations sending delegates to the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS.

THE SAN FRANCISCO FIELD DIVISION

* AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Through appropriate sources of information, will continue its contact with those All-Slav organizations in the San Francisco Bay Area which are known to subscribe to the platform of the Detroit Congress.

Through discreet investigation will endeavor to ascertain the activities of the All-Slavic Second Front Committee which was established in July of 1942.

Will continue its survey of organized Communist infiltration into the Slav community of Northern California.

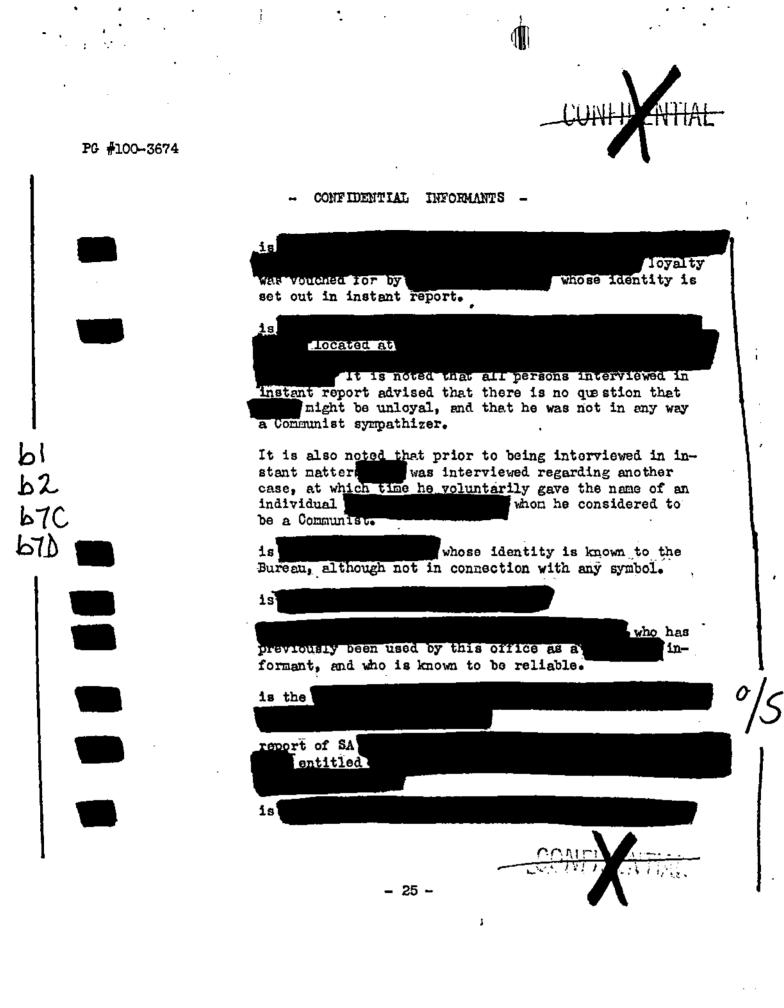
THE WASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION

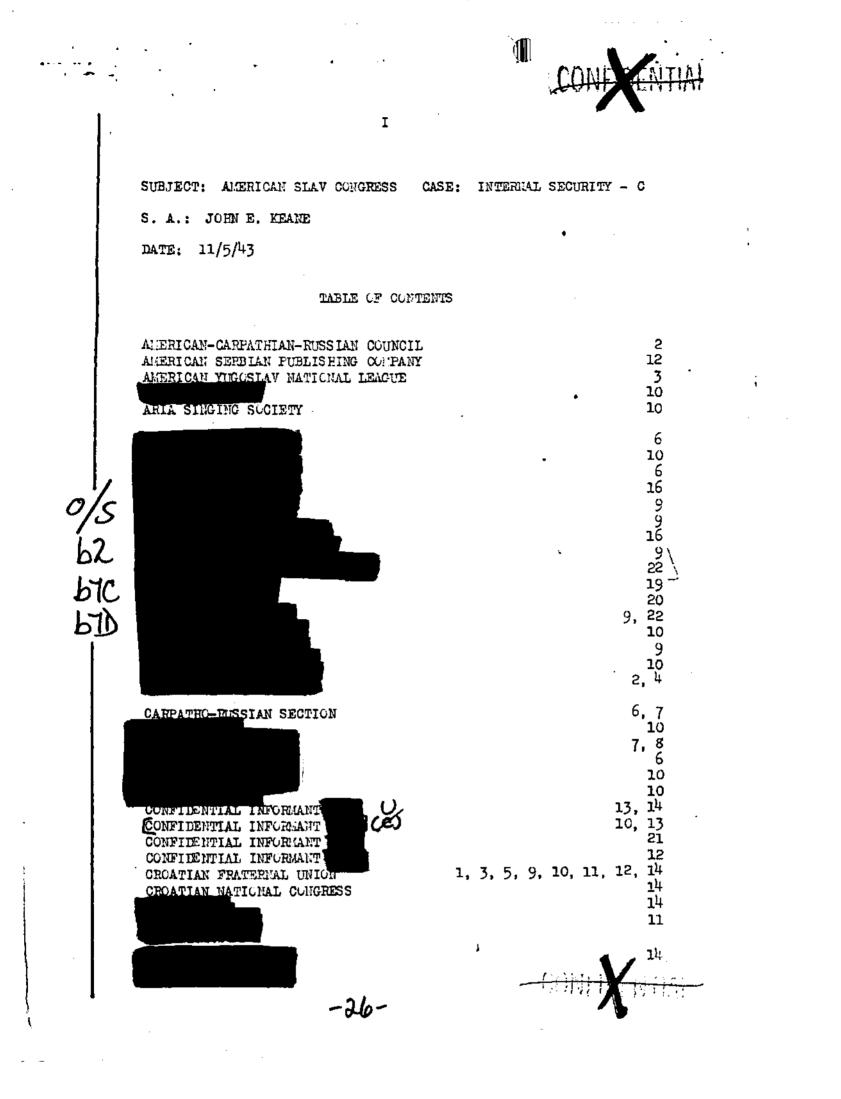
AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

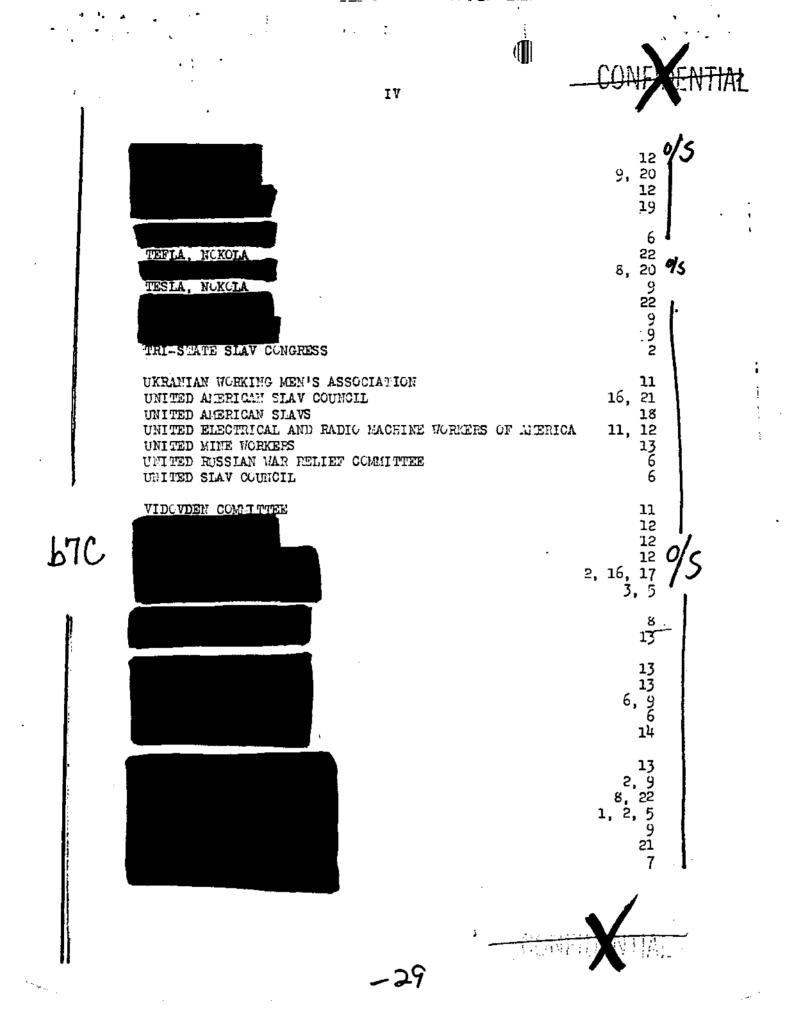
Will establish connection between persons and organizaby tions mentioned in the formulation of the AMERICAN Communist control thereof, and particularly to establish relation of the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS to the Russian government inspired ALL SLAV CONGRESS held in Moscow.

Will ascertain the extent of Communist control of the local offices of the AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS, if such have been established, and in the organizations of which it is composed.

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FEDER, CEBUREAU OF INVESTICATION

MERICAN SINV CONCRESS In redio broalcast 7/27/47 ASC official asserted by that first ASC Congress held 6/25,26/2, Detroit, 1, Michigan, greg out of Tri-State All Star Congress neeting in Pittsburgh, Pa., 12/3/35; stressed role of ASC, in uniting Slavic groups for "peace, economic security and progress". Present plans for expansion envision concentrated tork through nationality henals.

Recent activities include: National Committee Reeting Naw York City, 10/11,12/47; testimonial banquet in honor of Senator CLAUBE FEPPER, NYC, 10/12/47; Hational Committee Heeting, Detroit, Hichigan, 2/23,29/48 lows disseripated through quarterly magazine "The Slovic inerican", SC Bulletins, leaflot Keep Inerica Fro", published at Pittsourgh, and various relations Intempts continue to expand activities of Slovic-Khorican Youth Council. In spite of

recently replaced as Financial Secretar Communist affiliction and connections of reportedly most to a

Resident Board, summarized; has been in periodic contact with STEVE FLSON, Chairman, Nationalit Groups Commission, CPUSA, who on 5/21/17 was rollably reported to have stated, "The American Slav Congress should be the Communict Party's too organization in the United States......" and who on 10/13/47 recruited Pittsburgh /SC leaders into ranks of

CP, as rossible successor to PIRINSKY ASCAROLLONG AND CLASSIFIED BY DO 2107 NLS SAL INC.

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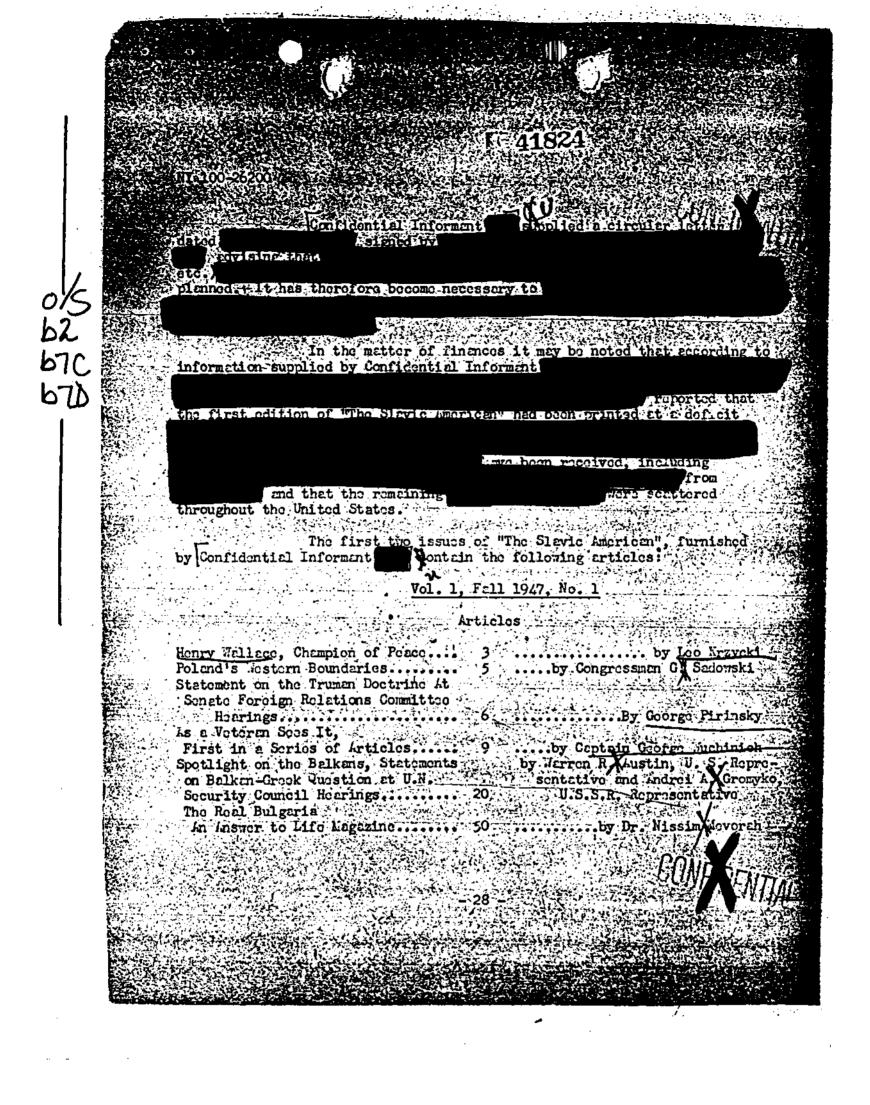
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by Thomas

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furnished a copy of a

Confidential Informant function of a copy of a circular latter dated February 12, 1948, addressed to members of the National Committee and to State and City Committees of the ASC, the opening paragraph of which letter reads as follows:

"This will introduce to you the ASC BUILETIN, a report on the activities of the National Office and the State and City Committees, which will be sent to you monthly. It will serve the dual purpose of keeping you informed of American Slav Congress doings around the country, and of supplying local ASC committees with helpful material for monthly meetings and general activities."

The six page ASC Bulletin itsolf, Ettached to the above a mantioned lotter, was dated January-February, 1948, and its contents perolisted as follows:

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of Senator CLAUDE PEPPER, Pennsylvenic Hotel, October 12, 1947, sponsored by American Slav Congress.

One copy of press rolease dated October 12, 1947, intitled, "Excerpts from address of Senator CLAUDE PEPPER (D-Fla.) at Testimonial Dinner for him given by the American Slav Congress, New York City, October 12, 1947."

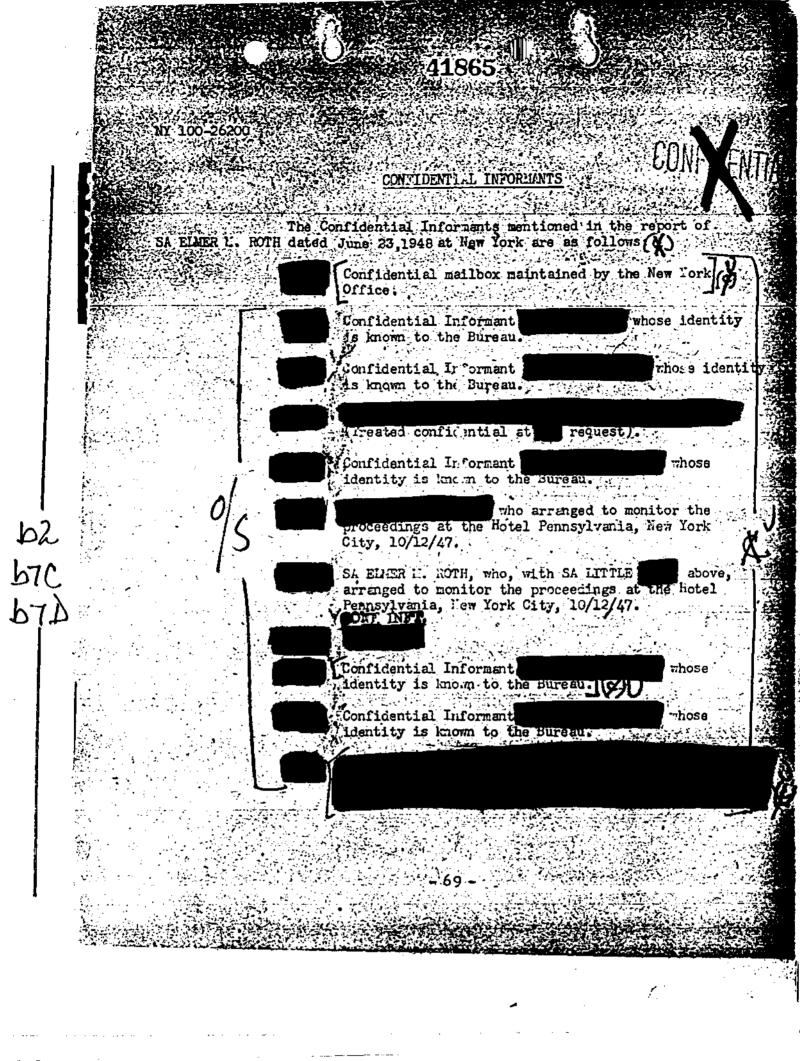
One copy of nineteen page mimeographed brechure entitled, "Keep America Free! Help Prevent a New American Slav Congress, delivered GEORGE PIRINGRY. Executive Secretary of the American Slav Congress, delivered before the Matienal Committee Meeting, October 11, 1947, Hotel Pennsylvania, New York. 1. Truman Dectrine; 2. Aarshall Plan; 3. Loyalty Order; 4. Food Crisis; Inflation."

Two copies of quarterly magazine "The Slavic imerican", Winter 1947 issue.

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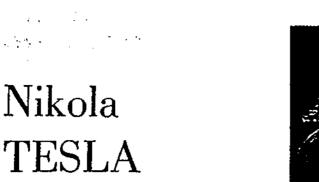


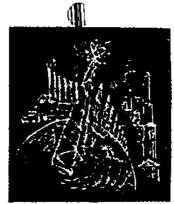
Louis Adamic Thomas Bell S. Garbuzov Abner Green E. Konecky Alvena Seckar Marie Seton Lyla Y. Slocum M. Vladimirova Ilene Vlahov Ella Winter



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NIKOLA TESLA - Poet in Electricity ALL IN IS UNCLASSIFIED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-14-75 BY SOLATON + 51460 WINTER 1947





By PAULINE KLOPACKA

Whose daring imagination and concrete accomplishments are among the wonders of our age.

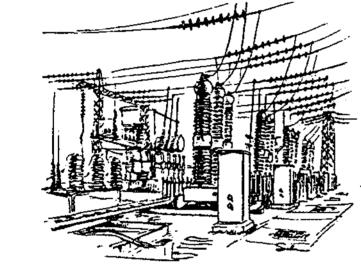
HEN Nikola Tesla died in January of 1943 in comparative seclusion in a New York hotel, he owned no more than the few personal possessions that had become dear to him during the 86 years of his life. Yet his estate was so fabulous that its value can never be truly assessed. And his heirs were the men and women of all the world.

What price can be put on the work of a man who brought into being the electric power era? The industrial giant that the U. S. is today rests on the series of brilliant discoveries and inventions in the harnessing and transmission of electricity conceived

THEN Nikola Tesla died in by Nikola Tesla, who came to this January of 1943 in comparative seclusion in a New Slavs when he was 28 years of age.

> It was at midnight between July 9 and 10 in 1856 that a son, Nikola, was born to the Rev. Milutin Tesla and Djouka, his wife, in the little Serbian village of Smiljan, in the province of Lika. Now a part of Yugoslavia, it was at that time under Austro-Hungarian rule.

> Tesla's father, a Serb, was a priest of the Greek Church, and his mother of a distinguished Serbian family, came from a long line of inventors. Both father and mother gave to the child a valuable heritage and culture



Drawings by Alvena Seckar

is developed and passed on by ancestral th families that had been community

leaders for many generations. It was at first planned that the son prepare for the priesthood but Nikola would have none of this. Physics and mathematics fascinated him. He would be a teacher of these favorite subjects. But then he switched to electrical engineering and at the age of 25 a graduate of Prague University earlier training had been obtained at the Graz Polytechnic in Austria he was set for his first job.

At that time the American Telephone System was brought to Europe and an installation set up in Budapest, where Tesla was a successful applicant for a position.

THREE years later, in 1884, he was U. S. bound. There were 4 cents in the young immigrant's pocket when he arrived in New York, but that did not disturb him. He had the names of friends. He would soon get to work.

His confidence was well founded, since within a few years he was counted among the ranking scientists of the country, his discoveries bringing in handsome royalties.

It is interesting to note the description of Tesla at this time by his biographer, J. J. O'Neill in the book, "Prodigal Genius": "Tesla was a

spectacular figure in New rk in 1891. A tall, dark, handse wellbuilt individual with a flare for wearing clothes that gave him an air of magnificence, who spoke perfect English but carried an atmosphere of European culture. He was an outstanding personality to all who beheld him." One of his colleagues described him as "immaculately groomed, and of delightful courtesy and charm."

A review of Tesla's work is nothing short of amazing. To quote from J. J. O'Neill's book:

"It was Tesla's invention of the polyphase alternating current system that was directly responsible for harnessing Niagara Falls and opening the modern dectric superpower era in which elevtricity is transported for hundreds of miles to operate the tens of thousands of mass production factories of our industrial system.

"Every one of the tall, Martian transmission lines that stalks across the earth and whose wires carry electricity to distant cities is a monument to Tesla, every dynamo and every motor that drives every machine in the country is a monument to him.

"He discovered the secret of transmitting electric power to the utmost ends of the earth without wires and demonstrated his system by which power could be drawn from the earth anywhere by making a connection to the ground; he set the entire earth in electrical vibration with a generator which sprouted lightning that rivaled the fiery artillery of the heavens. It was a minor portion of this discovery that he created the modern radio system. He planned our broadcasting methods of today 40 years ago when others saw in the wireless only the dot and dash message that might save ships in distress.

"Tesla was an inventor but he was much more than a producer of devices. He was a discoverer of new principles opening many new empires of knowledge which even today have been only partly explored. In a single burst of invention he created the world of power of today.

the world of power of today. "He brought into being our electric power era, the rock bottom foundation on which the industrial system of the entire world is builded. He gave us our mass production system for without his motors and currents it could not exist.

"He gave us every essential of current radio. He invented rader 40 years before its use in World War II. He gave us our modern neon and other forms of gaseous tube lighting. He gave us fluorescent lighting. He gave ns the high frequency currents which are performing their electronic wonders throughout the industrial and medical world. He gave us remote control by wireless."

Always proud of his national origin, Tesla spoke as follows during his visit to Belgrade in 1892 in answer to a speech of welcome by the city's

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mayor: "There is something in funcwhich is only perhaps illusory.... I ut if I were to be sufficiently fortunate to bring about at least some of my ideas it would be for the benefit of all humanity. If these hopes become one day a reality, my greatest joy would spring from the fact that this work would be the work of a Serb."

Tesla dedicated his life to peace, to lightening the burden of toil from the shoulders of his fellow man. As every scientist who so interprets his function in society, he was stricken when he saw the coming of World War II and his inventions being prepared for destructive purposes. He sought desperately to prevent the war and made available a device which he offered to the world, maintaining that it would make any country, no matter how small, safe within its boundaries. His offer was rejected.

But once the war was an accomplished fact, and when the people's armies rose in defense of their nations in what appeared to be an unequal fight, he did all he could to rally his countrymen to work to the limit in the war effort.

Shortly before his death he wrote as follows to his nephew, M. Sava Kosanovic, now Yugoslav Ambassador to the U. S.:

"President Roosevelt and Donald Nelson, Director of our War Production have repeatedly urged the American people, workers and employers, to meet as fully as possible the goals established for the production of war materials. . . For that reason, my dear brothers and sisters, as the oldest Serb, Yugoslav and American in the U. S., I am addressing this letter to you, asking you to answer the call of President Roosevelt.

"The achievements of our brothers in the old country are worthy of the spirit which permeates our folklore ... the fate of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes is inseparable."

Tesla was not satisfied with his achievements in releasing the earth's energies so that men could work with less backbreaking effort and live more comfortably. The man who could draw up a design for a perfect motor was also concerned with drawing up a plan for a better world. When Tesla read the address of the then Vice-President, Henry A. Wallace, on The Future of the Common Man, he was fired with enthusiasm. The Yugoslav edition of the speech included a preface by Nikola Tesla written in October, 1942:

"Out of this war, the greatest since the beginning of history, a new world must be horn, a world that would justify the sacrifices offered by humanity. This new world must be a world in which there shall be no exploitation of the weak by the strong, of the good by the evil; where there will be no humiliation of the poor by the violence of the rich; where the products of intellect, science and art will serve society for the betterment and beautification of life, and not individuals for the amassing of wealth. This new world shall not be a world of the downtrodden and humiliated, but of free men and free nations, equal in dignity and respect for man..."

This man, whose work was so advanced of his time that much of it still remains unexplored could have amassed millions, but he was so little interested in personal gain that to save his friend, Mr. Westinghouse, from bankruptcy he tore up a contract which would have brought him \$12 millions in royalties. Pressed for funds during the latter part of his life, many of his inventions are lost to the world.

But though he was often short of money he would walk over to Herald Square and feed the pigeons. It was almost a sacred trust, feeding the piceons twice a day. They had been his personal responsibility through the years, and if he could not be there to do the feeding, a Western Union messenger boy would be hired to do the job in his stead. Often he would forget an important engagement so that he might keep his "date" on Herald Square. The pigeons were a way to relaxation, a note of warmth in an otherwise rigidly disciplined life. He had few friends and never married, since he felt a scientist must keep himself free of personal relationships that would be unduly demanding.

Restless and eaver to unravel every possible unknown to the very end of

(Continued on page 49)

~ GEO MILEV

Geo was fined 20,000 leva and sentenced to one year in prison. He could not believe that the court could make such a decision. With joking reference to the dullness of "their Honors," he left the courtroom believing that the decision would never be carried out.

He was right. Unable to enforce their decision legally, the government resorted to illegal means.

Next day, May 15, 1925, Geo was kidnapped from his home and killed by underlings of Prime Minister Alexander Tzankoff.

The cultural world of Europe protested Geo's death. Henri Barbusse, of France, visited Bulgaria to investigate the case. In his book "The Murderers" he made reference to the circumstances of Geo's death. Max Reinhardt protested and "regretted the loss of a very gifted theater director." Oskar Kokoshka, in Vienna, recognized the loss of "a precious critic and learned connoisseur of modern art."

Many Bulgarian writers were silent. Fearing for their lives, they did not dare to speak a word for Geo Milev or express regret for his death. The more courageous of them stated that "talent such as Geo's is born only once in a hundred years," that "He was the most cultured Bulgarian," "The most honest and courageous."

THE youth and the common people deeply mourned for Geo. They knew they had lost a sincere friend and inspirer. Unable to use the Bulgarian printing presses, they copied his poem by hand and learned it by heart. Bulgarian students abroad printed it in Paris, and in Belgrade. In Prague it was translated into (Continued from page 4)

his life, he read a paper on the occasion of his 80th birthday on the perfection of a tube for atom smashing. As if that were not enough, he also presented a system of interplanetary communication.

Thus the fragmentary story of the life and work of a Yugoslav immigrant who, like so many tens of thousands of his fellow countrymen, left their homeland rather than live as subjects within the Austro-Hungarian empire.

He made a unique contribution to his adopted land, so ideally suited to the full scope of his genius, "the like of which in all history could probably be counted on the fingers of one hand."

It is to be hoped that just as he brought electrification to the U. S. in the short span of ten years, his adopted country might assist in the full electrification of the Balkans, reversing its present policy toward New Yugoslavia.

Czech and in Russia into Russian.

A few courageous young people in Bulgaria printed pamphlets about Geo. They were promptly tortured and imprisoned.

We, his family, searched for him for months, but we never learned exactly where and how he was killed.

There were rumors that he had been shot in the mountains, that he had been burned in the furnace of "Public Safety." These measures were used by Bulgarian Fascists long before the world knew of Hitler. Both stories, however, avowed that his spirit was not crushed.

Geo's voice was silenced forever. The murderers triumphed, but they forgot that he who speaks for the freedom of a tormented and deprived people does not die. In today's New Bulgaria, Geo Milev is honored as one of her most cherished sons. Geo's poems are celebrated especially by the youth of today, the heirs of the September Revolution of 1944, which fulfilled his prediction of a decade before that "September will be May."

FHE AMERICAN SLAV COMMITTEE

of Canton, Ohio

welcomes the new magazine

THE SLAVIC AMERICAN

and projects best wishes for its success. This organ, we know, will be a great contribution to the enlightenment of the homes of American Slavs.

Greetings to the Second Issue

of

THE SLAVIC AMERICAN

Best Wishes for Continued Success in the Coming Year

ALL SLAVIC COUNCIL OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA

739 Page Street, San Francisco, Calif.

GREETINGS FROM

JIM BALANOFF

Greetings from Lodge 3052 American-Russian Fraternal Society, IWO 1010 East Foss Avenue Flint, Mich.

> Greatings from CLUB "YUGO-FORWARD" Datroit, Mich.

THE SEANLEY THEATRE Presents The Best Films from the U.S.S.R.

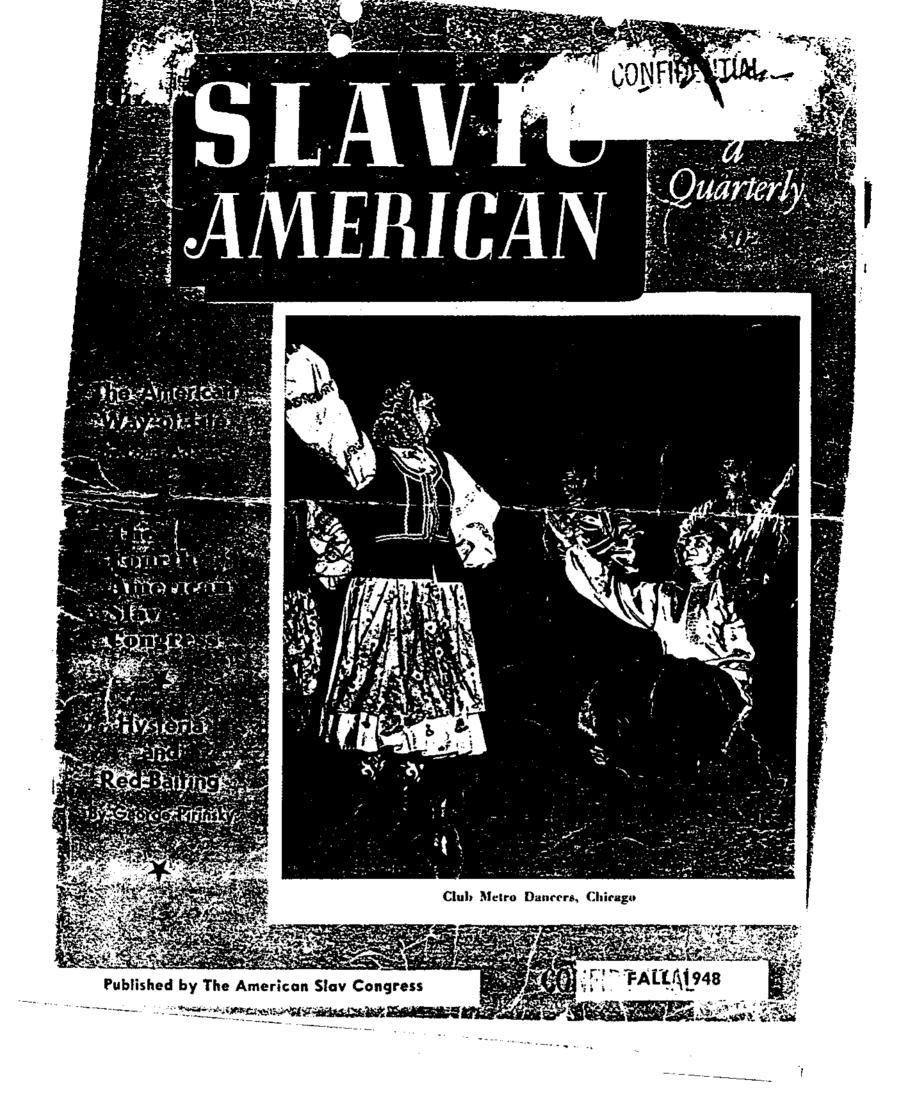
NOW! "THE GREAT GLINKA" 7th Ave. & 42nd St. New York City

Best Wishes for Success to THE SLAVIC AMERICAN American Russian Fraternal Society Lodge 3069

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Aum • UNITED : Office Men 🔹 GOVERNMENT то : Director, FBI DATE: April 11, 1949 FROM SAC, New York SUBJECT: AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS; INTERNAL SECURITY - C (Bufile 100-56674) Enclosed are two copies of the Fall, 1948 issue of "The Slavic American", a quarterly, published by the American Slav Congress. These are being submitted for information only, not for evidence. One copy is being retained in the files of this office. Encls. 2 AS:DC 100-26200 1 pt com 22-59 どうりょい ENCLOSURE BEHIND SILE-RECUMUED - LUS INDEXED - 105 4-1168 APR 12 10-1



The American Way of Life

by LOUIS ADAMIC

AftE opening lines of the Progres-

sive Party's platform read: "Three years after the end of the Second World War the drums are beating for a third. Civil liberties are being destroyed. Millions erv out for relief from unbearably high prices. The American Way of Life is in danger.'

The American Way of Life has been the issue in any American election ever since 1776. Every voter who goes to the polls, votes--intelligently or mistakenly; independently or under the spell of inveterate partisanship-for one or another concept of the American Way of Life.

Of course, various people, living in various circumstances, have various ideas of what constitutes the American Way of Life. I propose to state my ideas of it: also I shall presume to fit those ideas within the frame of the new Progressive Party which must continue to grow from its beginnings in 1940.

As I see the American Way of Life. its principles were born of the American Revolution. They were won in struggle; nothing as fundamental and deep-reaching comes easy. They are stated in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States. Our job now is to perceive what policies and meas-ures will safeguard the Way against decay and corruption, and will further its growth and evolution to meet successfully the problem of changing times and new conditions. The principles of 1776 are as valid as ever, but life is different today from what it was then. Fortunately growth and change are of the very essence of the American Way,

The first principle of the American Way of Life is the right to life itself: and this must be safeguarded against war on the one hand, and on the other against poverty, which in recent decades has taken a far heavier toll than any war in which this nation has ever so far been involved-though the "next war," if we permit it to be drummed up, will reverse the story.

"Why Go to War to Keep **Others From Having Their** Way of Life," asks Adamic

The second principle of the American Way is *liberty* . . . it has always been our slogan and our pride. But we have long been cautioned that its price is eternal vigilance, and we know how to recognize those who have designs on it.

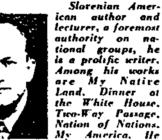
The third principle of our Way is abundance. When migrants from Europe first began to settle here, this was a land rich in the gifts of nature: and for all that those gifts have been abused by ignorance and irresponsibility, and particularly by exploiters and monopolists. Our resources are still great enough-if deforestation and erosion are checked in time, and if our mineral resources are properly conserved-to afford abundance, the good life, to all the inhabitants of These States.

And a fourth principle of the American Way is opportunity.

THE Progressive Party promises to safeguard the right to life by avoiding war-always the saddest failure of morality and now the potenial destroyer of human society and the globe itself.

Whether or not we can avoid World War III, I don't know; but I do know this-that if we don't try to avoid it, nothing else is worth try-

LOUIS ADAMIC



lecturer, a foremost authority on naauthority on na-tional groups, he is a prolific scriter, Among his works are My Native Land, Dinner at the White House, Two-Way Passage, Nation of Nations, My America, He also edits and web. also edits and pub-

lishes a current affairs bulletin, Trends and Tides, issued from his home in Milford, New Jersey.

ing to do nowadays. It is futile to wonder about the kind of curtains you'll hang up in your living-room . . . futile to write or read books. to go to lectures or to school . . . silly to worry about being called a Red or a Communist, or whatever, or about being hauled up before the fantastic Un-American Activities Committee ... futile to work at your job, whatever it may be . . . silly to worry about keeping on the good side of whoever can take that job away from you.

War or peace? I don't know; but if we want any sort of future for this country, for the rest of the world, for ourselves and the Russians, for you and me personally, then we'd letter work for peace . . . stand up for peace . . . stand up with our new political vehicle, the Progressive Par-

The Progressive Party further proposes to safeguard the right to life by abolishing poverty. Cynics, presstitutes, and generally people without hope and vision say this can't be done. They say Henry Wallace is a starry-eyed visionary. We say it can be done if we will jealously maintain freedom, bear in mind the limitless capabilities of Americans, and keep the grip of monopoly from arrogating the resources that should serve all. and if we will insist upon the application of the ever more marvelous discoveries and techniques of science for the common good.

The Progressive Party proposes to safeguard liberty --- not with more lip service, but by adhering fully to the Constitution, including the Bill of Rights and all subsequent amendments, in all their vitality and integrity, and by reviving and enhancing the programs and formulations of Roosevelt's New Deal. The Progressive Party proposes to guard liberty (Continued on page 26)



The American Way

(Continued from page 5)

against that danger which most disturbed the Founding Fathers-the power of the military. And note how all these things are inter-related. Liherty is imperiled by poverty, by monopoly, by war. Every measure which the new party proposes is a measure to safeguard liberty.

By abundance, the new party means that our rich land-and our skills, brought here by immigrants from the Old World in the last 300 yearsshall produce all that is needed to make the good life available to every law-abiding and industrious man and woman here, and their children, regardless of color, race or religion; and that these fruits of enterprise and labor shall not be so ill-divided that a few are glutted with a surfeit of luxuries while many who toil and sweat must for reasons beyond their control still go "ill-fed, ill-clothed and

The pioneers who first possessed the Atlantic seaboard and later pressed westward through the forests and the prairies, could win abundance by strength and industry, by the wide swing of the axe, the true aim of the flintlock, and the firm hand on the plow. There was op-portunity galore. Almost any man could get land for the asking or for a few dollars an acre, and become

(Continued on page 29)

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an independent farmer. Any mancould set up a little store in a new community and become a prosperous merchant as the town grew. Almost any man-could start a paper, establish a factory or mill, or open a mine, and become an industrialist.

This is no longer true. Millions of square miles have been rendered useless for human use and habitation by irresponsible deforestation and by erosion. The number of family farms dwindles yearly; every day hundreds of independent merchants and small mining, milling and manufacturing companies are forced out of business by the power of monopoly, centered in Wall Street.

The relentless limitation of opportunity, the shrinking of abundance for millions, the violences done to liberty in detiance of the Constitution and in contempt of the tradition that began in 1776, the further threat against freedom in the ominous form of military rule, the denial of life itself to unnumbered victims of poverty, and the grave threat to all our tives in the probability of a war waged with atom bombs and bacteria --these developments, conditions and prospects now imperil the American Way of Life.

The Progressive Party proposes to restore and safeguard and extend that Way—the emphasis is on the word "extend." Nothing in nature stands still, and no more can human economic and social and political institutions. Change is the key principle of the American Way—growth, adaptation, progress. Had it not been for that principle, the USA would not exist—we would not now be debating the decisions made in an election: we would still be colonial subjects, or we wouldn't be here at all.

If we remembered more vividly what daring it took in 1776 to reject monarchy and form a republic, we would have less hesitation in rejecting the National Association of Manufacturers' notions of "free enterprise." and adopting measures more in keeping with today's facts of life. We would not hesitate to defy the greatest power on earth—that of monopoly corporations and cartels, whose agents have lately seized control of the U.S. Government. (Continued from page 26)

Under Henry Wallace's leadership. the Progressive Party offers itself as a medium through which those who love their country and are also in favor of their own rightful individual interests can express themselves politically . . . in 1949 . . . 1950 . . . in 1952, assuming that the "next war." now being drummed up, won't destroy us all before then. BOZO BARANIC JOHN BEZELJ PAUL BIAZEVICH KAY BEGOVICH FLORENCE FERM GEORGE GELSC STEVE HROSTI FRANK KURSOC LJUBICA LOVRM

We know now that we have established a firm foundation for the new party under the leadership of Henry Wallace and Glen Taylor. Personally, I was not in this campaign only in reference to this year's election or because I think, as I do think. that Henry Wallace is a great American who should be in the White House in this crucial period. In the main, I was in this campaign because, like Wallace and Taylor, like many other Americans, I became convinced that neither of the old parties is fit to deal with the profound crisis which is coming to a climax in these middle years of the 20th century. I am in this movement because I want to fielp build a new people's party that will be capable of coping with the crisis now converging upon us and the rest of the world.

L IKE many Americans, I am foreign-born; and every once in a while I hear or read some remark to the effect that I have no right to he doing what I am doing—helping the growth of a new party which hopes to save the peace. Such remarks amuse me, It so happens that I have read rather extensively in American history, not as taught in most schools. but as it really happened; and I am impressed by this fact—that in all crucial or climactic periods in the career of this country, the so-called foreigners played important roles. A.S.C. of New JOHN J. KASKEVIC 530 Summer Ave., JOHN BENKO JOHN DOLINAJEC MICHAEL DROBAN STEPHEN HRUSKA TILLY JANOVITZ MICHAEL KOLARIK STEFANI LACKO

The Irish and German elements, for instance, were the big "foreign" groups around 1776, and it was they who became the backbone of General Washington's revolutionary army. The Irish and German elements also furnished the mass support to Thomas Jefferson when he started a new party 150 years ago. Jefferson did not triumph immediately' tas Wallace didn't); his supporters stood it with him until he did (as 1 hope we will Costept ZillINEK

(Continued on page 30)

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Greetings From

MARY ANTONIC BOZO BARANIC MILO BARANIC JOHN BEZELJ PAUL BIAZEVICH KAY BEGOVICH FLORENCE FERKICH GEORGE GELSOVICH STEVE HROSTI FRANK KURSOC LJUBICA LOVRICH ANTON PESUSICH ERICA PETRAS NICK PETRICH A. PUJATCKY LUCY LJUBENKO

Lodge 3172, A.R.F.S., Sioux City, Iowa PETER ZAKUTONSKY LOUIS KLYM MARY KLYM HELEN WONSOWIC PAUL ROMANOV MARY ROMANOV MARY ROMANOV BRANCH No. 14 LEMKO ASS'N, GARY, IND. BRANCH No. 3295, IWO, CAR-PATHO-RUSSIANS, GARY, IND. MILLIE KLYM MICHAEL KLYM ANNA SAMOZKA WALTER IVANZOWICZ

A.S.C. of Newark, N. J. JOHN J. KASKEVICH, M.D. 530 Summer Ave., Newark JOHN BENKO JOHN DOLINAJEC MICHAEL DROBAN STEPHEN HRUSKA TILLY JANOVITZ MICHAEL KOLARIK STEFAN LACKO JOSEPH MATEJKA MICHAEL MATEJKA JOSEPH MEDVECKY **1MRO RIBAR** SHEPERO SHOE STORE STEFA TAL JOSEPH TURZA FRANK ZAVARTKAJ JOSEPH ZILINEK

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Delegates join in singing the National Anthem.

The American Way

(Continued from page 29)

with Wallace). The same was true again in the period of Andrew Jackson, when American democracy took another long step forward. When Lincoln came along and started a new party, his most steadfast backing came from the numerous new-immigrant groups-Germans, Finns, Poles. Scandinavians and others.

This was quite natural. As newcomers who came here seeking liberty, abundance and opportunity, they had a more acute sense of what America professed, and they took American principles more seriously than many of the old-line Americans who had begun to be matter-of-fact, if not smug, about the country. As newcomers, they were somewhat outside the mainstream of American life. By going behind the cause of Wash-ington, Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln, they became part of the main-stream. They promoted themselves from second-class citizens to firstclass. It was Americanization at its very best. It made history, it enriched the traditions, it integrated the new Americans into the country as a whole.

And it is quite natural, and very fortunate, that many of us in the new-immigrant groups have joined with many old-line Negro Americans, with many white Americans of the earlier immigration waves, with Henry Wallace, in this movement to form a new party and make it competent to deal with the complex problems looming before us. Many of us Slavic Americans already in 1946 and early in 1947, sensed that Henry Wallace was right, and we became part of the growing impulse to form a new party.

Regardless of what some of our opponents have said, this fact is strictly and wonderfully in the American tradition. It is part of the Americanization process. It is according to the American Way. We are promoting ourselves from second-class to firstclass citizenship. This is resented by some of the Americans of the older strains, the self-styled standard Americans; but don't let that worry you too much. They, too, are being Americanized or re-Americanized as you assume your full rights and duties of citizenship. Americanism has its standards, to be sure; very high standards; but it is not anything rigid or dead; it is alive, vital, open to change and enrichment.

Slavic Americans are part of the whole immense American dynamic which is as yet little understood, and is full of promises and dangers. By coming here, we of the new immigration greatly complicated the American civilization as it was, say, 90 or 100 years ago. Most Slavic immigrants became workers in the great industries, and now their energy is integral with the American scene as a whole. Most immigrants in the last 100 years or so worked hard, many of them too hard at too little pay, and helped to create a complex industrial machine which, lest it overwhelm us. now needs intelligent handling and control. It is our duty to take an active interest in finding an approach to the immense industrial, economic and social problems facing us: for. let me repeat, our coming here and our labors in the last several decades have helped to create these problems.

Most of us who came over were

ordinary people. But in the new immigration waves were also some extraordinary human beings. There was, for instance, a man of genius, Nikola Tesla. His numerous inventions now are one of the most important factors in the immense American industrial scheme which throbs with the high promises that pulsated through Tesla's brain, but which are also full of dangers. Personally, as one who happens to be proud of being of the same background as was Tesla. I feel it is my special duty to help do what is necessary to insure that Tesla's work, as well as the work of ordinary men and women, will go into the fulfillment of promises in our American Way of Life, rather than contribute to the catastrophe now threatening.

N 1942, Henry Wallace made his famous speech on "The Century of the Common Man." Nikola Tesla, who was a very uncommon man, publicly endorsed that speech in glowing terms. And I think that I speak not only for myself, but also for Tesla, when I assert that the American Way of Life is not the way of incredibly greedy monopoly profits and prohibitive prices for the necessities of life. Look at this picture: Millions of men in their best years who fought and suffered, many of whom will carry greater or lesser disabilities to their graves-veterans to whom we said Nothing is too good for you"-are unable to secure homes of minimum decency and convenience. Their families cannot be adequately fed with meat at 70¢ to \$1.20 a pound. Whatever wage increases they may secure Continued on page 32)

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comments '

from our readers

Dear Editor:

Our small club of eight members, from a small mining community in Pennsylvania, until recently was known as the Rural Ridge Busy Knitters Club. We are now a chapter of the Congress of American Women.

We have only fifteen dollars in our treasury and out of this we are sending you \$10, because of our desire to contribute to the work you are doing.

May it help in some way towards The Slavic American's fight for freedom and democracy.

> Anna Tominac, Pres. Anne Kondrick, Sec'y. Julia Pukavina, Treas. Rural Ridge, Pa.

Dear Editor:

I send you post haste my renewal subscription for The Slavic American.

In all sincerity—keep up the good work for you are doing an excellent job in the struggle against fascism.

I never miss an issue.

Rev. Eliot White New York, N. Y.

Dear Editor:

How about more profiles on Slavic American writers and scientists like Nikola Tesla? The field for this type of material is virtually endless.

> Anton Markulic Los Angeles, Calij.

(See page 13-Ed.)

The American Way

(Continued from page 30).

through their unions, increased living costs still stay one jump ahead of them.

We of the Progressive Party say this is not the American Way of Life. And "we" includes great numbers of ex-GIs and young workers, old-stock Americans and immigrants: Americans of all breeds and backgrounds.

If all Americans are employed at better than mere-existence wages or are engaged in business or professional activities at a reasonable compensation; if all Americans are well clothed and fed; if all Americans are secure instead of uncertain and worried, as the majority are today, there will be no war. The Hearsts, Peglers, Forrestals and Bullitts won't get to first base in trying to propagandize us into fear and hate of other countries which are emerging out of backwardness and, because of their different historic experiences. are attempting a different system for providing benefits and opportunities for their citizens.

Why go to war to keep others from having their way of life? We in the Wallace movement, in the Progressive Party, insist on peace in order to keep the American Way of Life. If our anproach prevails in time, there will be no war and Russia will be no danger to America, to the American Way of Life. The chief danger to this country and to our institutions under the Constitution lies in our present highlevel politicians and wire-pullers who have raised the cry of Communism and of the Russian menace as a smokescreen to neutralize any possible militancy on the part of labor, to scare us in the new-immigrant groups, to frighten the Negroes, and to confuse the people generally so they won't be able to figure out who or what is responsible for high living costs. Henry Wallace clearly means what he says; so he and his active supporters were smeared, lest too many voters vote for him and in their own interest.

The old-line politicians and wire-

pullers and their propagandists are not afraid of Communism, but of American democracy and of the American people; of the people getting wise to themselves and demanding a return to the American Way of Life--the Way defined in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States.

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That's what they are afraid of . . . that's what we Progressives stand for ... and that's what will prevail if you and I, all of us and all of our neighbors wherever we come from, do everything in our power to build the new party that has come into being around the personality and political philosophy of Henry Wallace. We, all of us, will have to do all we can in this post-election period to make of the Progressive Party a party capable of saving the country and helping to bring about a world in which the American Way of Life will include not warlike antagonism, but constructive interest in the ways of life in other countries.



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nc Is	SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Bureau letter dated January 21, 1943, reflects that SAVA EDSANOVICH is alleged Communist and supposedly helps financesvery Serbian newspaper in the U. S. except "SRBOBRAN", published in Pittsburgh; and active among the Serbians in H. S. He was Fugoslav Winister of State and after coming to the U. S. was threatened with violence in 4/43 as being anti- Chetnik and pro-German. employed by U. S. DEPT. OF STATE. Nas former professor in Fugoslavia and is presently writing articles for a Cleveland Slovene newspaper and also reported to be member of Communist dominated organ- ization in NTC. Address of NTC, is Which reportedly has received funds for support.					
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reference report that indices of the New York office be checked against the names of the persons discovered to be corresponding with the subject in Cincinnati.

NY 100-27583

SAVA KOSANOVICH first came to the attention of the Bureau in January, 1943, after the death of NIKOLA TESLA, one of the world's outstanding scientists in the electrical field. During his lifetime, TESLA conducted many experiments in connection with the wireless transmission of electrical power and just prior to his death, was interested in what is commonly called the "death-ray".

The notes and records of TESLA's experiments and formulae, together with designs of machinery necessary for their operation, were reported to be among TESLA's personal effects, after his death.

It was reported that KOSANOVICH claimed to be a nephew of TESLA, and he attempted to secure possession of TESLA's personal effects, and hired a private locksmith to gain access to TESLA's possessions. The Bureau was interested because of the supposedly vital importance of TESLA's inventions and the desire to keep them out of enemy hands, as one informant maintains that KOSANOVICH was pro-Axis in his sympathies. The matter was later handled as an alien enemy, custodial detention matter and no further investigation conducted by this office. (#)

The Bureau advised by letter of January 21, 1943, that its files revealed confidential information concerning NIKOLA TESLA and his inventions and advised that one NICOLA TESLA, who might be identical with NIKOLA TESLA, made a speech in Springfield, Massachusetts on July 4, 1922 under the auspices of the Friends of Soviet Russia.

(7) It was further advised that one SAVA KOSANOVICH, described as the Minister of Supply, arrived with other Tugoslavian Government Officials at Norfolk, Virginia on September 4, 1941. In another instance, the name of SAVA NV KOSANOVICH appeared on the stationery of the CENTRAL & EASTERN EUROPEAN PLANNING BOARD (Csechoslovakia, Greece, Poland, Tugoslavia). In this latterhead, KOSANOVICH was described as chairman of the Deard and inister of State for Tugoslavia. It was stated that this beind was intereted in planning for post-war Europe. In still another Eureau file, if wa disclosed that SAVA KOSANOVICH, a Serbian, was a member of one of the Tugoslavian minority parties and when an emergency government to overthrow an ulliance with the Axis was-formed, he was included as an official of Au

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emorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: Jan. 30, 1951

MR. TOLSON TO

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FROM : L. B. NICHOLS

SUBJECT: WESTBROOK PEGLER

BY-PIPECO DATE 2.2.2.89 + 241860 Westbrook Pegler called yesterday and said he would be in town for the next two or three days and wanted to see me. I told him I would be glad to see him late yesterday or today 7.14 at his convenience. He is coming in today at 2:30 p.m.

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I asked him if there was anything special which would require my doing any checking. He stated there were two things he wanted to discuss.

1. The case of Nicola Tesla and Abraham N. Spanel, President of International Later Corporation, that he Pegler gove asome information to Rogers of the Senate Investigating Conmittee three or four years ago and Rogers brushed it off stating the witness Pegler wanted to present was unreliable.

Our files reflect that Nicola Tesla was one of the world's outstanding scientists and in fact designed the generators installed at Niagara Falls. He died in New York on January 7, 1943, and is supposed to have left details and plans for a socalled death ray. Spanel and Henry Wallace, according to Pegler, tried to get hold of it.

Our files also reflect that Colonel Erskine of Wilitary Intelligence called us on January 9, 1943, advising that Tesla had died, that A. Spanel had communicated with the War Department regarding this death, that Tesla had a nephew named Sava Kosanovich who had taken possession of Tesla's papers and Spanel thought the papers might be used against our Government.

We made an immediate inquiry in New York and the first report was that Kosanovich and others entered Tesla's room with the aid of a locksmith, broke into a safe containing some of Tesla's valuable papers including formula.

Coincident with this, on January 8, L. M. C. Smith called Mr. Tamm regarding the death of Tesla and Smith stated he was talking to the Alien Property Custodian about seizing these items.

We interviewed Spanel who expressed concern over Tesla's effects and Spanel stated that Kosanovich had turned over the effects of Tesla to the Alien Property Custodian. Spanel further stated the day before Tesla died, he tried to get in touch with the War Department to make available certain patent 00

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INDEXED - 18

MAR 2 1951

It turned out that Kosanovich at this time was secretary of state to the Yugoslav Government in exile in News York. He later became Ambassador and returned to Yugoslavia 10st year. We investigated him on various occasions as a possible espionage agent. However, there were no overt acts ever developed.

In 1945, we talked to a Private Bloyce Fitzgerald, who stated he had been associated with Tesla, and that the Army believed that Tesla's "death ray" is the only defense against atom bombs.

It was very clear we had no responsibility for Tesla's effects, that the Alien Property Custodian seized them and we learned later that Naval authorities made microfilms of all his papers.

Kosanovich communicated with the Bureau on March 29, 1950, and under date of April 3, 1950, in response to his request for the microfilms of the papers of Tesla, who was a relative of Kosanovich, we advised Kosanovich that this Bureau had never been in possession of Tesla's papers.

I see in the file there are conflicting reports on Kosanovich: some people say he is a Communist; others say he is not a Communist but is a Tito opportunist. On one occasion, on December 11, 1946, we observed Nathan Gregory Stlvermaster and in a meeting with Kosanovich in New York City.

Senator NcCarthy furnished the Bureau five communications received from a second which pertained primarily to Abraham Spanel. This individual mentioned the FBI at length in these communications, pointing out that Wr. Forworth had been called in on the Tesla case but was killed shortly thereafter. He further stated that he was associated with Fitzgerald and as such came in touch with Tesla. He stated the FBI investigated this matter but their hands were tied, that there was nothing the FBI could do as they had been stopped from a higher level, that Harvey Rath, the FBI Agent he dealt with, resigned and requested mever to discuss the matter with him again, that he had a wife and family to consider and that the last hope was Congress. These communications were furnished to the Department

on September 19, 1950.

The checks we have made on Spanel reflect allegations he is pro-Soviet and others that he is a patriotic American.

- 2 -

It is significant that Spanel filed suit against King Features in 1945 for \$6,000,000, alleging libel on the part of ٠ Pegler.

We did have an Agent, Harvey E. Rath, who entered on duty February 16, 1942, resigned April 5, 1946. At the time he he stated he was going into the toy business with restaned. Avenue, and his residence Street, East Urange, New Jersey. The file 1 100 5

does not indicate that we have ever interviewed Rath on the basis allegations.

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I think we should see what specifics Pegler wants. I think we can tell him on the Tesla papers that when they were reported to us, the Department stated that the Alien Property Custodian was going to seize the papers and that we learned Spanel had called the War Department about the papers falling into the wrong hands. I think the less we can give Pegler the better as the libel suit might still be pending. Again, he may be looking for information to publicize Spanel and International Latex.

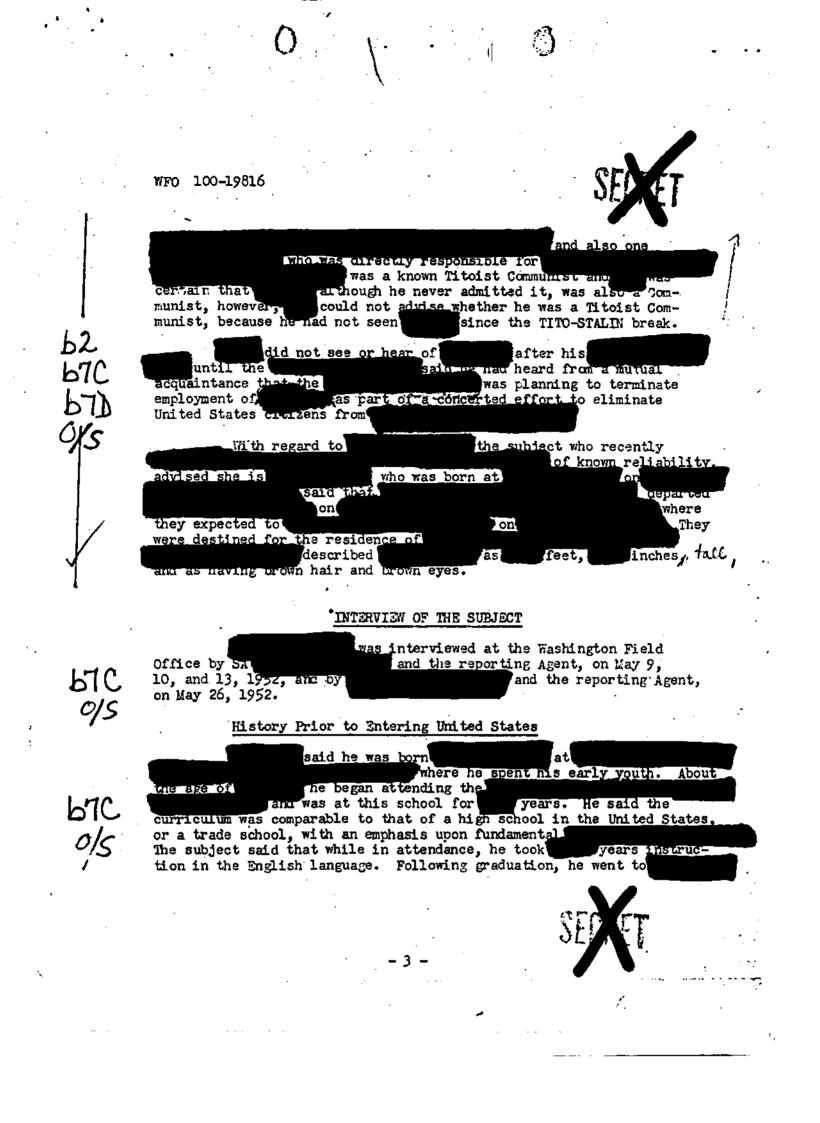
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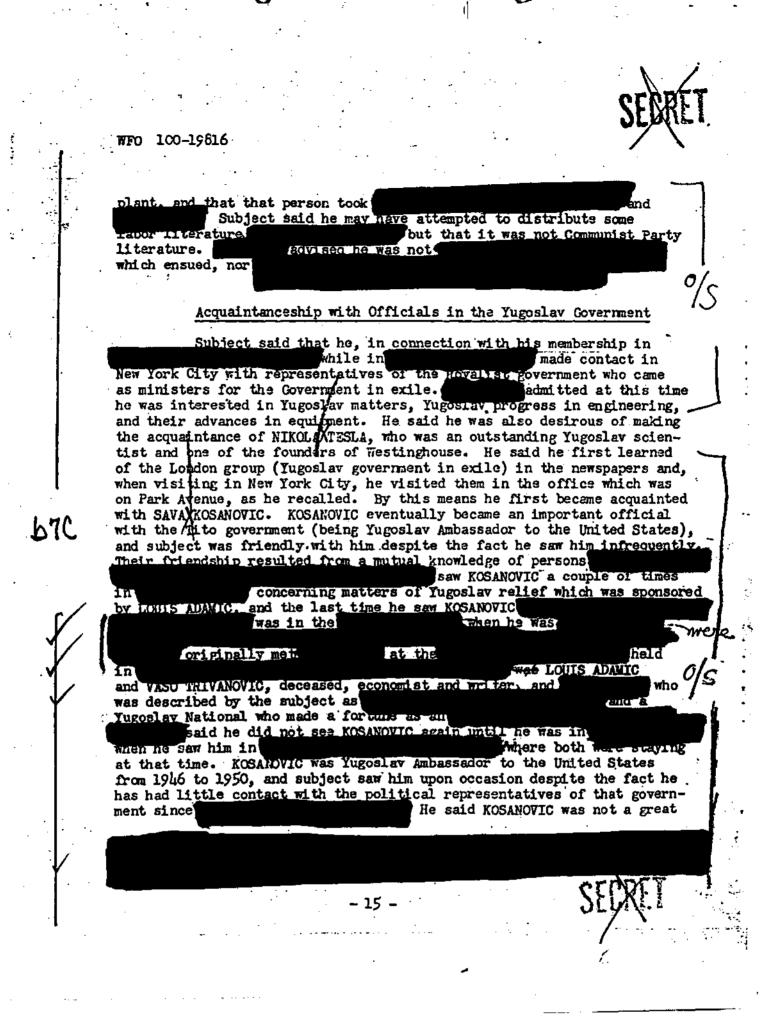
<u>Pegl</u>er stated that he wanted to find out something who was ordered deported. <u>He refe</u>rred to the dbout information he junnished to me last Fall about being in . Aduston. We made a check on that and found had some oil ùe∑ls.

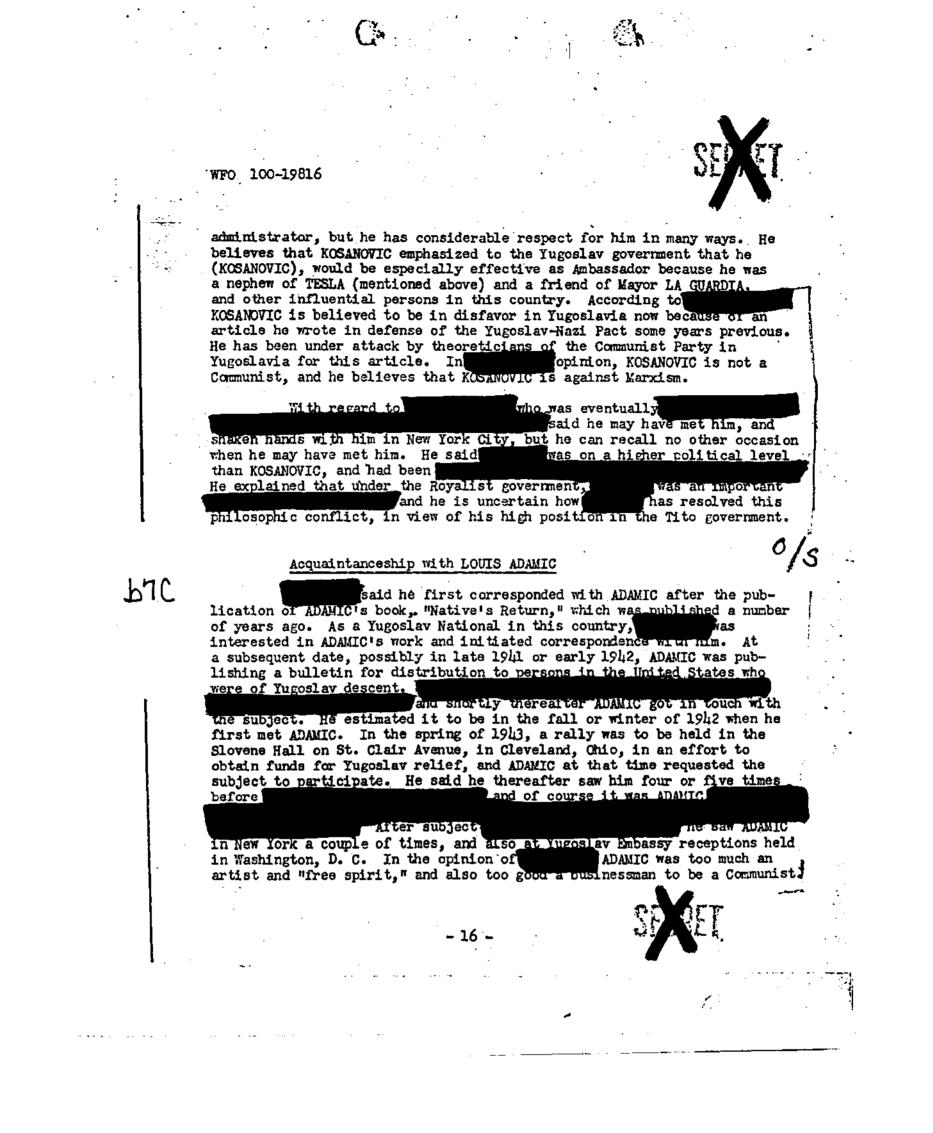
I will limit anything I furnish him on to public record material and will go only as far as needed to protect the Bureau's interest.

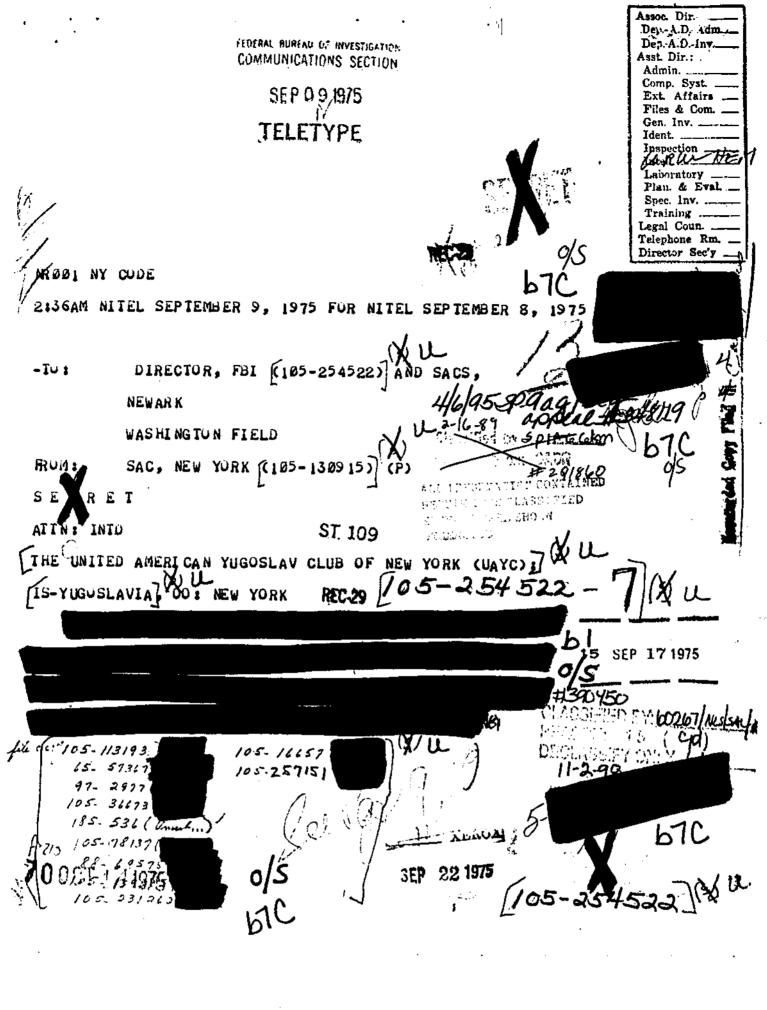
Office Memorg dum . UNITED STATE GOVERNME DATE: August 30, то D. M. I 1946 FROM : Ζ. G 67C SUBJECT: R INTERNAL SECURITI Mr. Lyon of the State Department informed Mr. Roach that he obtained a note from Colonel Grombach, Special Intelligence, War Department, concerning the above mentioned individual. Mr. Lyon was of the opinion that the information supplied by Colonel Grombach may be of interest to the Bureau. h The information as obtained from Colonel Brombach by Mr. Lyon is quoted as follows: JR (pronounce: in Mashington and according to common saying his mistress, arrived apparently together with or shortly after It is supposed that she was sent over here is order to try to D convince) and collaborator of Nicolas Tesla the well and collaborator of Nicolas Tesla the well apparently a known scientist, residing in Cleveland, Ch., <u>citizen)</u> RECOMMENDATION It is suggested this memorandum be referred to the Internal Security Section for its information. V) REP. OME to the total both RECORDED INDEXED 5- 84 53JAN 23 1341

FD-72 (1-10-49) VNVESTIGATION BUREAU OF DERAL FE SECURITY INFORMATI CONFROENTIA FORM NO. THIS GASE OMSIMATED AT WASHINGTON FIELD REPORT MADE AT DATE WHEN PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE REPORT MADE UN 149-1951 5/9,10,13,16,26/52 WASHINGTON, D. C. CHARACTER OF CASE 51 TTLE 91260 FOI/PA #_ ESPIONACE - R APPEAL # CIVIL ACT. 67C E. 0 SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: DATE 2-16-89 IBITTALS GOM SI is EiAP Classified by 100 Informants acquainted with the subject in Declassify on: OADR describe him as pro-Tito. Subject # 291860 in interview and signed statement says he believes he was a when at the member and also ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED VEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED active in the ACEPT WHERE SHOWN **OCHERWISE** Recalls being at CP Headquarters in and says it is possible e attended in 670 but does not specifically recall. he attended b and identified his pictures from a copy of the annual, but denied rein he knew it was a Communist school. States he muno was never a member of CP, and never involved in manne espionage. Deniés BENTLEY allegations. also demies BENTLEY's allegations. C N. AGENCY / OS REG. REC'D. S ċ REP'T. FORW. AT WASHINGTON, D. C .: DETAILS : 63 per 1. ECIAL AGENT DEUUIII APPROVED AND IULMIAN RECORDED - 19 G- Bureau (100-356557) INDEXED - 19 1 - San Francisco (100-29336)(Info) 1 - Los Angeles (65-5203)(Info) .10 1 - New York (65-14842)(Info) 3 - Washington Field (100-19816) ЪЪ PROPERTY ON THE This contidential report and its conterns are loaded to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loafied.

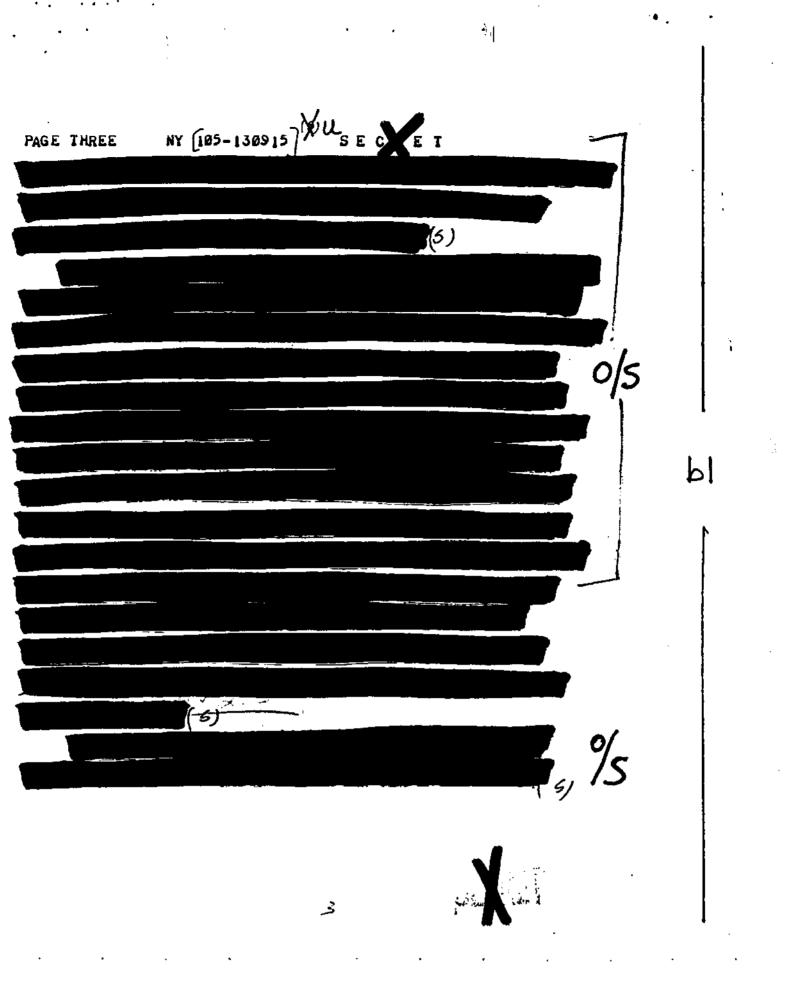


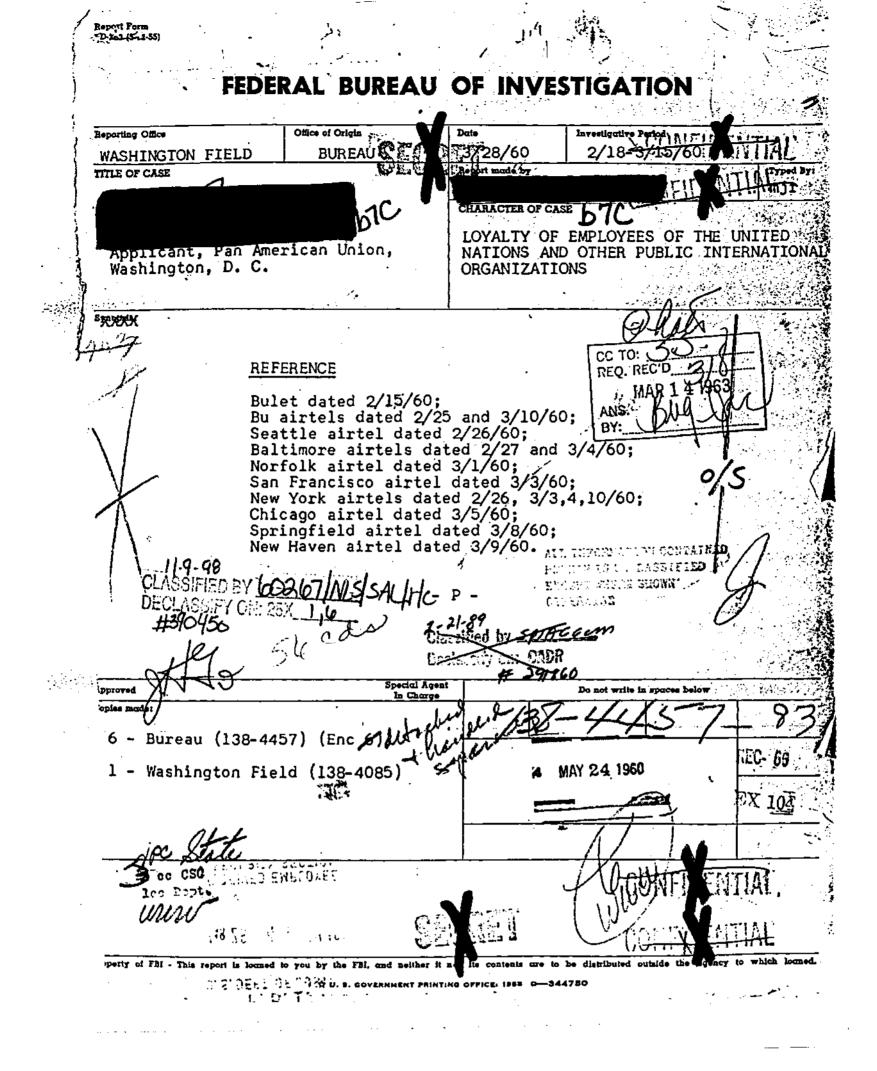


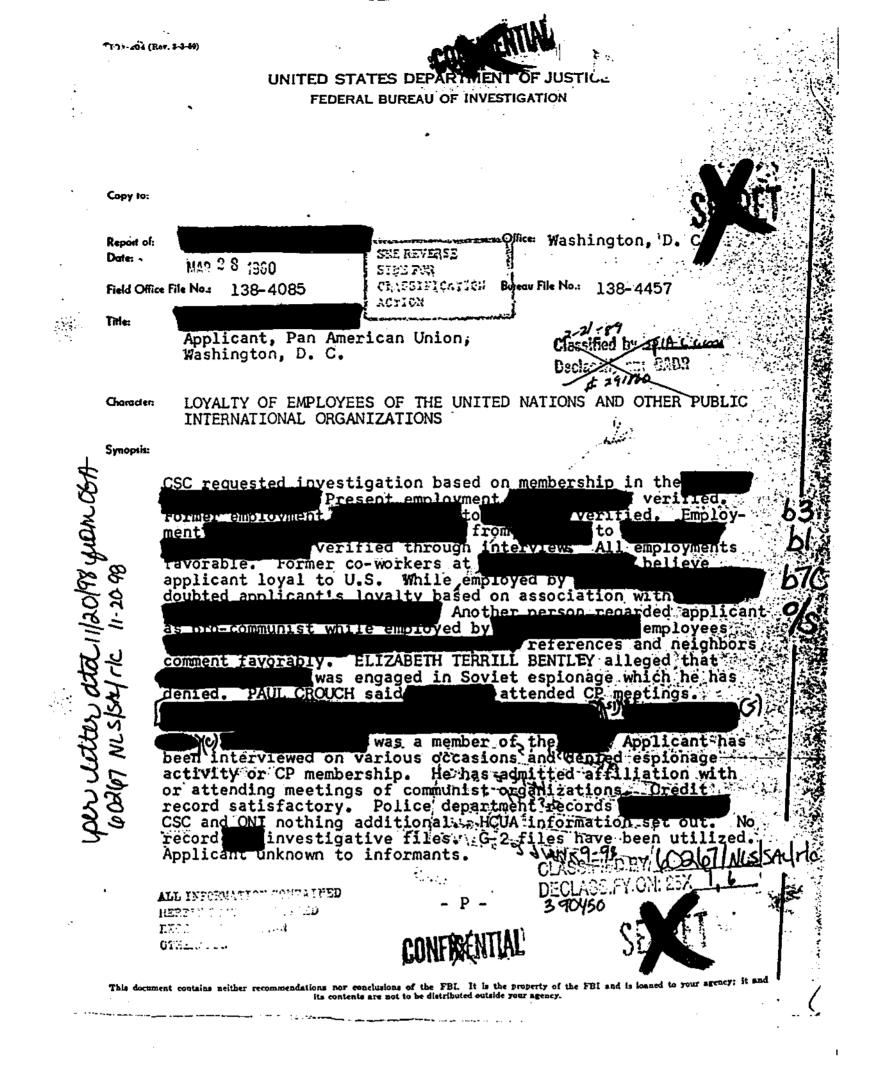


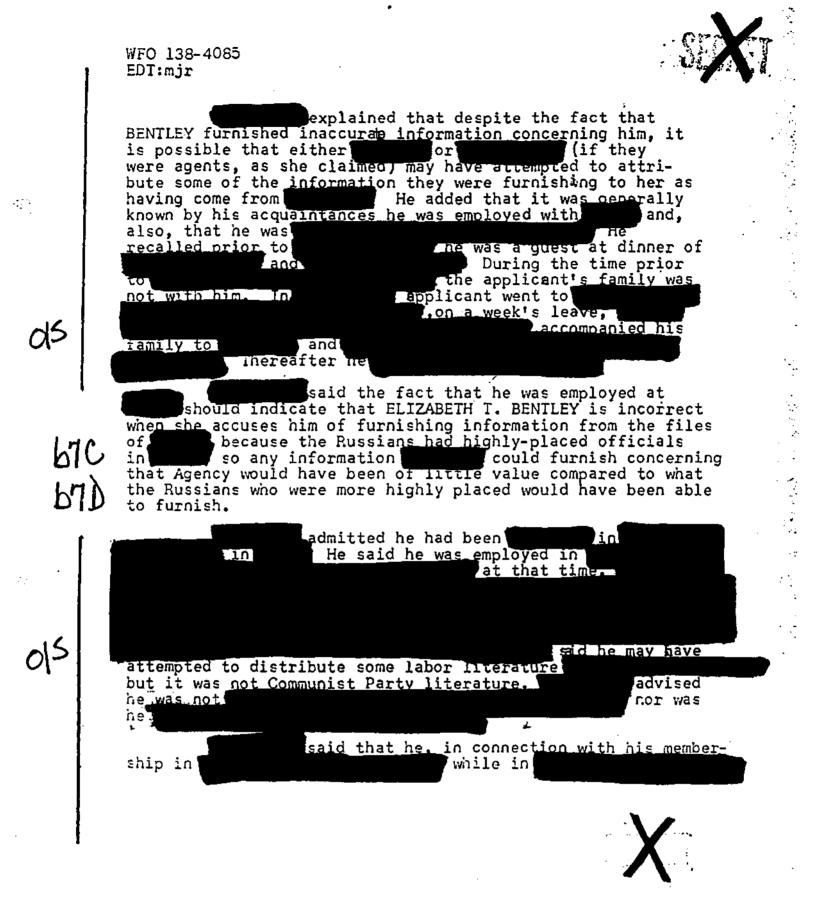


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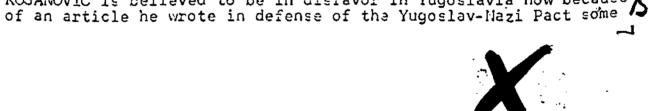
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made contact in New York City with representatives of the Royalist government who came as ministers for the Government in exile. A matters, Augoslav progress in engineering, and their advances in equipment. He said he was also desirous of making the acquaintance of NIKOLA TESLA, who was an outin exile. standing Yugoslav scientist and one of the founders of Westinghouse. He said he first learned of the London group (Yugoslav government in exile) in the newspapers and, when visiting in New York City, he visited them in the office which was on Park Avenue, as he recalled. By this means he first became acquainted with <u>SAVA_KCCANOVIC</u>. KOSANOVIC eventually became an important official with the Tito government (being Yugoslav Ambassador to the United States), and the applicant wasi 'saw KOSANOVIC a couple of times in concerning matters of Yugoslav relief which was sponsored by LOUIS

l

ADAMIC. and the last time he saw KOSANOVIC was in the <u>when he</u> was originally met at the held in was LOUIS ADAMIC and VASO TRIVANOVIC,

deceased, economist and writer, and <u>who was</u> described by the applicant as a rortune as an a Yugoslav National who made a rortune as an and said he did not see KOSANOVIC again untir he was in when he saw him in (where both were staying at that time. KOSANOVIC was Yugoslav Ambassador to the United States from 1946 to 1950, and applicant saw him upon occasion despite the fact he has had little contact with the political representatives of that govern-He said KOSANOVIC was ment since not a great administrator, but he has considerable respect for him in many ways. He believes that KOSANOVIC emphasized to the Yugoslav government that he (KOSANOVIC), would be especially effective as Ambassador because he was a newphew of TESLA (mentioned above) and a friend of Mayor LA GUARDIA, and other influential persons in this country. According to KOSANOVIC is believed to be in disfavor in Yugoslavia now because



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with regard to

years previously. He has been under attack by theoreticians of the Communist Party in Yugoslavia for this article. In opinion, KOSANOVIC is not a Communist, and he believes that KOSANOVIC is against Marxism.

who was eventually in Yugoslavia, said he may nave met him, and shaken hands with him in new York City, but he can recall no other occasion when he may have met him. He said was on a higher political level than KOSANOVT was on a higher political level than KOSANOVIC, and He explained that under the Royalist government; (Was

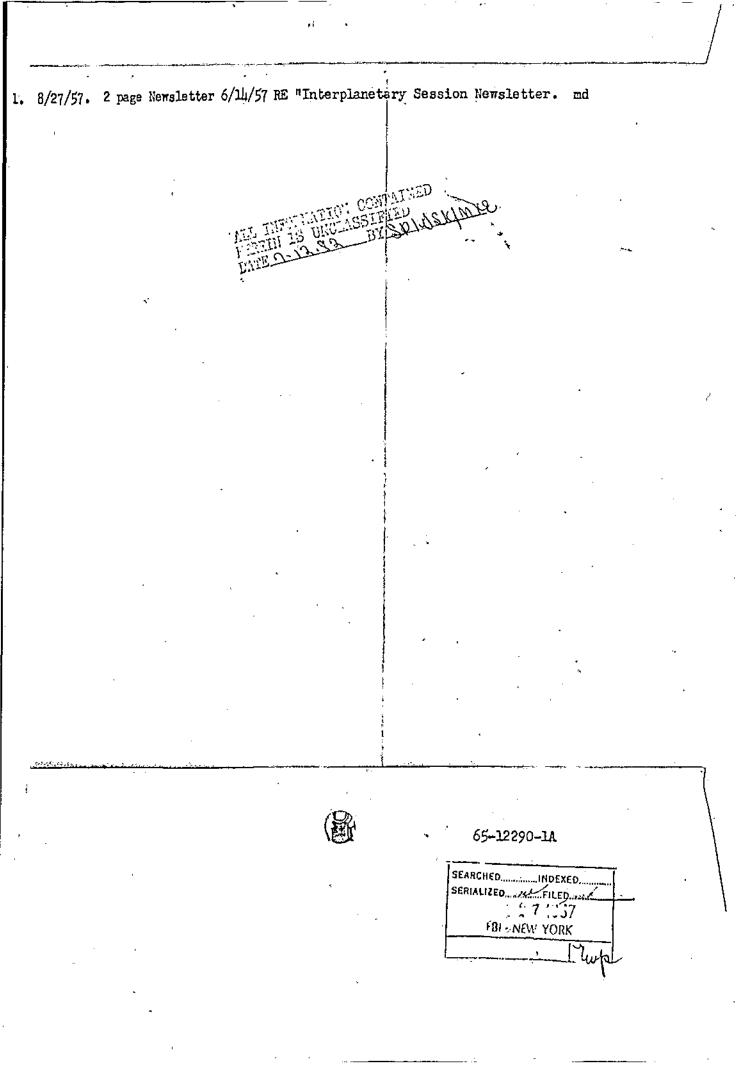
and he is uncertain how <u>an important</u> has resolved this philosophic conflict, in view of his high position in the Tito government.

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said he first corresponded with LOUIS ADAMIC after the publication of ADAMIC's book, "Native's Return," which was published a number of years ago. As a Yugoslav National in this country, which was interested in ADAMIC's work and initiated correspondence with him. At a subsequent date, possibly in late 1941 or early 1942, ADAMIC got in touch with the stimated it to be in the fall or winter of 1942 when he first met ADAMIC. In the spring of 1943, a rally was to be held in the Slovene Hall on St. Clair Avenue, in Cleveland, Ohio, in an effort to obtain fundssfor Yugoslav relief, and ADAMIC at that time requested the applicant to participate. He said he thereafter saw him four or five times before and of course it was ADAMIC

-Arter ne saw ADAMIC in New York a couple of times, and also at Yugoslav Embassy receptions held in Washington, D. C. In the opinion of ADAMIC was too much an artist and "free spirit," and also too good a businessman to be a Communist. said he

then where he spent approximately Went LON cefore was important as ding



litto Indices 7-22-57 -ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED 65-12290-19/ml FILE NUMBER. - 105-12090 - NI M Late - ceeived... 7/2 From UNCLASSIFIED SEARCHED SERIALIZED From PITCE SAVO JUL 1.9.195 -NEW YOR Description: 2PAGE NEWSLETTER 6/14/57 RE "INTERPLAKETARY SESSION) NEWSLETTER'

JUNE 14, 1957 INTERPLANETARY SESSIONS NEWSLETTER

Dear Friends: INTERPLANETARY SESSION NEWSLETTER.

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No have not issued a Newsletter since May 1, 1956 because we had no Space news which we could consider authentic. However, now we have some good news to pass along to you.

No. 7

LECTURE - by George Van Tassel and Dan Fry, in Ballroom of Hotel Diplomat, 110 West 43rd Street, New York City, 8 p.m. Thursday, June 20, 1957. Donation \$1.25.

George Van Tassel operates the Giant Rock (California) Spaceport and Airport and has been host at four annual Spacecraft Conventions. He is the author of two books: I Rode A Flying Saucer, and Into This World and Out Again. He is also the publisher of Proceedings magazine, usually issued monthly. Back issues of Proceedings have been reprinted in one volume. Address George Van Tassel, P. O. Box 419, Yucca Valley, California.

Dan Fry is the author of The White Sands Incident. In this book he tells the story of a trip which he made in a flying saucer from a desert spot on the White Sands Proving Ground in New Mexico to New York City and return, in 32 minutes.

Dan Fry and another gentleman are now enroute to New York by automobile. George Van Tassel and Art Aho will arrive in Mr. Aho's plane. They all plan to be in New York City at Hotel Diplomat on June 17. They will probably be heard next week on Long John's program on Radio Station WOR, from 12 midnight to 5:30 in the morning, nightly except Sunday.

This letter will not reach you in time to sight flying saucers over New York on the night of June 13, from 10 p.m. to 1 a.m. But there will again be <u>full scale operations of flying Saucers over all American areas</u> on July 1. This will be in three phases, as follows: New York areas, July 1, 9 a.m.; Washington, D.C., areas at 9:25 a.m.; general North American areas, after 9:25 fime; Gentral American areas, 9:30 a.m.; South American areas, 9:35 a.m. 'Second phase: Same areas as above, beginning at 12 o'clock mid; day, July 1. Third phase: Full scale operations over all American areas beginning at 7 o'clock on the evening of July 1. The above information has been supplied by George King, editor of Cosmic Voice, 88 The Drive Mansions, Fulham Road, London S.W. 6. Also, please note that fleorge King has also published back issues of Cosmic Voice in one volume? price \$1.00 plus postage. This is beyond doubt the finest "buy" of saucer messages that we know of. George King is considered the best telepathic contact which the space people have, although George Van Tassel is the finest we have in America.

Margaret Storm has been assigned to certain work with the Space People, as follows: She is writing a book - Return of the Dove - a story of the life of Nikola Tesla, scientist, and the part his inventions will play in the New Age. Much of the data for this book has been supplied to Mrs. Storm through transcripts received on the Tesla set, a radio-type machine invented by Tesla in 1938 for Interplanetary Communication. Tesla died in 1943 and his engineers did not build the Tesla set until after his death. It was placed in operation in 1950 and since that time the Tesla engineers have been in close touch with space ships. The Space People have visited the Tesla engineers many times, and have told us that Tesla was a Venusian, brought to this planet as a baby, in 1856, and left With Mr. and Mrs. Tesla in a remote mountain province in what is now 1 Yogoslavia. A biography of Tesla was published in 1944. It can propositive or Statistic from your local library or bookstore. It is entitled Product whether it John J. O'Neill, then science editor of the New York Herald Product whether Mr. O'Neill has since died. This book gives no information at the Tesla's connection with the Space People, a fact which was not reveated until 1950. The book also gives many <u>wrong impressions</u> of Tesla, because Mr. O'Neill's occult knowledge was limited. However, it is well worth reading because it gives much technical information about electrical engineering which Mrs. Storm will be obliged to omit in her book because she has such an abundance of material to present.

It had not been intended to mention Mrs. Storm's work at this time, but the public will be offered a "sneak preview" in a small mimeographed resume of the book, according to publication arrangements now being made. This development came about unexpectedly because of the extremely critical condition of world affairs, engendered by the continuance of nuclear tests, and the fact that Mrs. Storm could not possibly have the finished book ready for the publishers before July 30, even with the aid of a small miracle. This material is now being presented as a paper before certain California groups where the announcement of the Tesla news was received with tremendous enthusiasm.

Mrs. Storm will present the material to certain small groups in the New York area within the next few weeks, and probably Space Groups in other sections will also co-operate by offering it to their members. Cur world situation is not hopeless by any means, although the Space People bluntly inform us that as a race we are too "lazy"; spiritually we must become more potent if we are to hold this planet together against the efforts of the dark forces to blow it to bits.

So let us look for the good news. Look for good news from England where the messages of George King have at last reached the scientists, the press, and the Queen. Look for good news from Calvin Girvin of California, who is one of the pest space contacts in this country.

And look for more good news at the Van Tassel-Dan Fry lecture on June 20. We hope to see all of you there. The ballroom seats about 1200, and we must put forward every effort to get behind these speakers and support them.

Then on July 1 let us keep our eyes on the skies! The Space People are going to make every effort to give all of us a chance to see the ships. However, if the military uses jets in large numbers to chase the Space Ships, we may not see them. As citizens you can urge the government to be more cordial to our visitors.

Now for some unpleasant news. This has been transmitted from Mars Sector 8, through George King in London. We have to begin paying off our karmic debts in the form of disease, which cannot be abated unless we discontinue the nuclear experiments. However, to help all of us through the coming period of epidemics the Space People have placed four space stations in orbit around the earth. They will start magnetizing the earth at midnight on July 21. Through meditation we can absorb these healing rays. The Martians have clearly indicated that they are just about "fed up" with our depravity on this planet; apparently even Space People can become impatient!

51 West 81 Street New York 24, N.Y. TRafalger 7-2000 Colonial HoTEL. Sincerely,

Margaret and John Storm

Mr. Donegan .Mr. Thurston Mr. Anderson Mr. Charters Mr. Chipman ALL THFORMATION CONTAINED Mr. Emrich Mr. Hissins INDEXED I IS UNCLASSIFIED Mr. Kirkland 1.12.92 BYSDIDSKIMKL Mr. KlempMr. Levin January 9, 19/13 .---. Mir. T. Lynch Mr. Malley LEMORANDUM FOR AR. FOXWORTH: Alc. w- n Mr. Ostivitao? re: Unknown Subjects, Mr. Pyan Mr. Wiand Equipment, Experiments and Research of Nikola Tesla, Deceased. .Chief Clork Espionage - N.Property Clerk

Mr. A. N. SPANEL, 1136 Fifth Avenue, New York City, in a telephone conversation with the writer during the late evening of January, 8, 1943, stated that NIKOLA TESLA, who was one of the World's outstanding scientiests particularly in the electrical field, and who had passed away on January 7th, 1943, at the Hotel New Yorker where he maintained his residence, during his lifetime had conducted many experiments in connection with the wireless transmission of electrical power and what is commonly * called the "death ray". Mr. SPANEL further stated that the notes and records of TESLA's experiments and formulae, together. with designs of the machinery necessary to vitalize them, are among TESLA's personal effects and that no steps have been taken to preserve them or to keep them from falling into the hands of people unfriendly to the war effort of the Allied SPANEL continued by saying that a distant relative of TELSA, a Nations. person who was intensely disliked by Telsa and who came to the United States from Czechoslovakia within the past year, by the name of SAVA KOSANOVICH is taking steps to get possession of these important documents and plans." Mr. SPANEL believes that there is a strong likelihood of KOSANOVICH making this material available to the enemy in the event he is successful.

SPINEL advised that he is engaged in some kind of governmental work connected with the war effort which causes him to spend about five days of each week in the Nation's capitol; and because of the connections he has made in this capacity he has seen fit to telephonically notify G-2 headquarters in Washington, D. C., as well as Mr. BORKIN of the Department of Justice in Washington. SPANEL stated that Mr. BORKIN advised him that he, BORKIN, would immediately make the information available to the Director of the FBI and advised SPANEL to lose no time in taking steps to see to it that TELSA's personal possessions were not disturbed.

A few minutes after this conversation Mr. SPANEL again telephonically contacted the writer and advised that he had been in telephone communication with Dr. D. LOZADO, one of the advisers to Vice President-WALLACE. After talking with LOZADO he, LOZADO, called back to <u>SPANEL and</u> told him that the government was vitally interested in the effects of <u>FESIA</u>, <u>1</u>. particularly those dealing with the wireless transmission of electrical energy and the "death ray" and for SPANEL to lose no time in doing all he JAN 9 - 1943 N. Y. C.

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In the last conversation with the writer SPANEL dayised that

a young man by the name of BLOYCE FITZGEARLD, an electrical engineer, had been quite close to TELSA during his lifetime and in fact was the protegy of TELSA. SPANEL said that FITZGEARLD was in New York City and would be in contact with him shortly, at which time he would have FITZGEARLD call the writer.

At 10:30 p. m., 1/8/43 Mr. FITZGEARLD telephoned the writer and stated that he had a great deal of information about TELSA and his personal effects and would like to call at the office and give the writer the benefit of his knowledge.

At midnight, 1/8/43 FITZGEARLD came to the office and in a personal interview with the writer gave the following information:

Nikola Tesla, a native of Serbia, came to the United States late in the nineteenth century. While here he became famous for his electrical innovations, inventions and advanced ideas in the engineering field. Tesla was the designer of the generators in the Niagra Falls power plant, and in fact has his name inscribed on the generators in recognition of the fact. To substantuate this FITZGEARLD displayed a great number of old newspaper clippings and an album of letters written congratulating Telsa on his 75th anniversary; the letters were from world renowned people, principally those in the scientific field. Telsa, by reason of his wizardy became a consultant to Marconi, Charles Edison, and many others. Telsa's induction electrical motor was sold by him to Westinghouse for \$2,500,000.

FITZOFARLD stated that of late years he had become a confident of TELSA and knew that TELSA had and was carrying on extensive experiments for transmitting electrical power by wireless and with propelling electrical rays possessing sufficient power to destroy implements of warfare, such as airplanes and submarines. Within the past month TELSA told FITZGEARLD that his experiments in this connection had been completed and perfected. FITZGEARLD also knows that TELSA has conceived and designed a revolutionary type of torpedo which is not presently in use by any of the nations; it is FITZGEARLD's belief that this design has not been made available to any nation up to the present time. From statements made to FITZGEARLD by • TELSA he knows that the complete plans, specifications and explanation of the basic theories of these things are some place in the personal effects of TELSA. FITZGEARLD stated that he knows that there is a working model. of TELSA's which cost more than \$19,000 to build in a safety deposit box of TELSA!s at the Governor Clinton Hotel; and from statements made by TELSA FITZGEARLD believes it has to do with the so called "death ray" or the wireless transmission of electrical current.

In past conversations TELSA has told FITZGEARLD that he has some 80 trunks in different places containing manuscripts and plans having to do with experiments conducted by him. FITZGEARLD knows that TELSA Foxworth Memo - Nikola esla - Page 3.

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has for several years stored some of his possessions in a warehouse some place in New York City.

Of recent years TELSA became more or less destitute, and for the past three or four years the government of Czechoslovakia has been paying him a subsistance of \$500 per month, a part of which was used to pay the rental for the warehouse accomodations.

TELSA residences in New York have been the Pennsylvannia Hotel, Governor Clinton Hotel, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and the New Yorker where he led a secluded existence. So far as FITZGEARLD knows TELSA had no real intimates, nor does he know of any attorney in whom he confided. On January 7, 1942, SAVA KOSANOVICH, GEORGE CLARK, who is in charge of the Euseum and Laboratory for RCA, and KENNETH SWEZET of 163 Milton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y, went to TELSA's rooms in the New Yorker and with the assistance of a lock smith broke into a safe which TELSA had in his rooms and in which he kept some of his valuable papers, including important electrical formulae, designs, etc. These papers were taken from the safe.

FITZGEARLD knows of but two relatives of TELSA, both nemphews. One is SAVA KOSANOVICH and the other is a man by the name of TRBJEVICH, who is presently in a hospital in Chicago, Illinois. The name of the hospital was unknown to FITZGEARLD. KOSANOVICH's address is the Navarro Hotel, New York City.

When asked if FITZGEARLD was primarily interested in getting possession of TELSA's papers, he stated that he was not; what he wanted tas for them to be made available to the government of the United States for use in the present war. Because, he stated, the so'called Death Ray would be a deadly weapon in the hands of any power, and the use of the wireless transmission of electrical power would make possible the most efficient airplanes conceivable. FITZGEARLD's concern was aroused, he stated, over the presence of the two nephews in whom he has no confidence as to their loyalty and patriotism to the Allied Nations, and also because of the pension TESIA received from Czechoslovakia he feels that that government may feel that it is entitled to any revolutionary ideas TELSA may have had and indited on paper.

FITZGEARID stated that until three months ago he was working with the government in a research capacity at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and that presently he is working as a designing engineer with the Ordinance Departyment of the U. S. Army, both in Washington, D. C. and New York City. FITZGEARLD promised to relay to this office any further information he is able to obtain; but insisted that something must be done immediately, because he feels that it may mean a great deal in the war effort of the United States. Foxworth Memo - Nikol esla - Page 4.

FITZGEARLD indicated that it was his intention to contact KOSANOVICH on January 9th, 1942, and suggest to him that he make available to representatives of the U. S. Government for inspection all of the personal and private papers and apparatus of TELSA.

FITZGEARLD expressed particular concern over the model now in the safety deposit box at the Governor Cleveland Hotel, and insisted that steps be taken by the Government that not only it, but the other technical papers and designs of TESLA, be safeguarded so that they cannot be removed from the country or made available to the use of other nations.

FITZGEARLD was advised that this matter would receive the appropriate attention of the New York Field Division.

Respectfully submitted

Fred B. Cornels, Special Agent.

Files - New York Office FEDERAL EUREAU OF, INVESTIGATION -----UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICO Record Refere.co. ---- Cpen Case No Case 100 - 0 - 12/7 CONFLAINT FORM -----Make File Nichola Tesla melling for ny long, Indurable Detective Hickey - MYPD nohto Subject's Name and Aliases Name of Complainant 160-13084 14th Squad - West 30 St. NC Address of Completing Room 3327, Pennsylvania 6-2888 Hotel New Yorker, Nyc Telephone Mumber of Complainan Address of Subject L 12:20 s.m. 1/8/43 (Phone) Miscellaneous Date and Time Complaint Received Character of Case A D.O.A. (Death On Arrival) call at Room 3327, Hotel FACTS OF COMPLAINT: A BLOCK (Beath on Military call at heem obzy, hotsi hew forker turned out to be Nichola Tesla, noted scientist. It was revealed NYFD detectives are going through books and writings in the room, and FBI was invited to send sgents over to join the search if such action was desired. It seems Dr. Tesle was a Czecho Slovakian. Nothing, it was stated, has been found to indicate the Dr. was engaged in Espionage or other subversive activity. A check of indicies revealed no case file on subject. MATTON CONTAINED ALL IN ACT ALICENTRY DA DATE 1-12.82 LISULASKIMY (If additional space needed use reverse side) ACTION RECOM ENDED BY AGENT No action 65-122.90 Arthur Duggan DISPOSITION BY SAC: Socciel Agent Open New Case: Assign to Agent_ Assign to P. D. - 7 1943 Defer Route to Agent No Action Nacessary: Speci QUITED TOSOT File In

Mr. De Meg ----...Bir.. Thurston Rederal Bureau of InvestigationMr. Andersco ----.Mr. Chutera United States Department of InsticeMr. Chipman New York - New York PEF:GUMr. Emrich January 8, 1943. Mr. mp * . **.** - 205 MEMORANDUM FOR FILE Wach ∋.ėv RE: NIKOLA TESLA ⊳ebe wain Mr. Saisching GURDON Mr. Eyen This afternoon Mr. O CONNOR, of the NEW YORK TIMES Would called to invite my attention to the death notice of NIKOLA TESLA celebrated inventor, which appeared in the New York Times of either this morning or last night. This article gives in detail a plane clerk which TESLA was working on at the time of his death. Mr. OlConner stated that TESLA has a nephew, who is. his heir, who is alleged to be friendly to the Axis Powers. It was Mr. -O'Gonnon's opinion that if such papers exist they ought, from the standpoint of national safety, be impounded by the United States Government to prevent their being used by others. I advised Mr. 0160nnor that this matter would be properly handled. 65-12290.3 ORVICTORY P. E. FOXWORTH Assistant Director F. B. I. BUD OND JAN 9 1943 421 Tites ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED RUNDIN IS CHURSTRIED N. Y. C. DATE <u>N-12.92</u> EVODINEL

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION NO Record

AEO:HH 65--

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

No for Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; EQUIPMENT, EXPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH OF NIKOLA TESI DECEASED: ESPIONAGE - M. NIKOLA TESLA, ONE OF THE WORLD'S OUTSTANDING SCIENTISTS IN THE ELECTRICAL FIELD, DIED JANUARY SEVENTH, NINETEEN FORTY-THREE AT THE HOTEL NEW YORKER, NEW YORK CITY. DURING HIS LIFETIME, HE CON-DUCTED MANY EXPERIMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE WIRELESS TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICAL POTER AND WHAT IS COLMONLY CALLED THE "DEATH RAY". ACCORDING TO INFORMATION FURNISHED BY A. N. SPANEL, ONE ONE THREE SIX FIFTH AVENUE. NEW YORK CITY, THE NOTES AND RECORDS OF TESLA'S EXPERIMENTS AND FORMULAE TOGETHER WITH DESIGNS OF MACHINERY NECESSARY TO VITALIZE THEM ARE AMONG TESLA'S PERSONAL EFFECTS, AND NO STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO PRESERVE THEM OR TO KEEP THEN FROM FALLING INTO HANDS OF PEOPLE UNFRIENDLY TO THE WAR EFFORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS. ACCORDING TO SPANEL, A DISTANT RELATIVE OF TESLA, NAMED SAVA KOSANOVICH, WHO WAS INTENSELY DISLIKED BY TESLA, IS TAKING STEPS TO GET POSSESSION OF THESE IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS AND PLANS. SPANEL BELIEVES THAT THERE IS A STRONG LIKELIHOOD THAT KOSANOVICH WILL MAKE THIS MATERIAL AVAILABLE TO THE ENERY. SPANEL ADVISED G TWO HEADQUARTERS IN WASHINGTON. AS WELL AS LR. BORKIN OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE IN WASHINGTON, CONCERNING THE ABOVE. SPANEL WAS ALSO IN TELEPHONIC COMMUNICATION WITH DOCTOR D. LOZADO, ONE OF THE ADVISORS TO VICE PRESIDENT WALLACE CONCERNING THIS MATTER, AND LOZADO TOLD SPANEL THAT THE GOVERNMENT WAS VITALLY INTERESTED IN THE EFFECTS OF TESLA AND REQUESTED SPANEL TO LOSE NO TIME IN DOING ALL HE COULD TO PRESERVE THEM. BLOYCE FITZGEARLD, AN ELECTRICAL ENGINEER WHO HAD BEEN QUITE CLOSE TO TESLA DURING HIS LIFETIME, ADVISED THE NEW YORK OFFICE THAT ON JANUARY SEVENTH, NINETEEN FORTY-THREE, SAVA KOSANOVICH, GEORGE CLAR Approved: Special Agent in

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIO

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

AEO:HH 65--

NEW. YORK, NEW YORK P.2

JANUARY 9, 1943

FD-36

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU

WHO IS IN CHARGE OF THE HUSEUM AND LABORATORY FOR RCA, AND KENNETH SWEZEY OF AT ONE SIX THREE MILTON STREET, BROOKLAN, NEW YORK, WENT TO TESLA'S ROOMS IN THE NEW YORKER, AND WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF A LOCKSHITH BROKE INTO A SAFE WHICH TESLA HAD IN HIS ROOMS IN WHICH HE KEPT SOME OF HIS VALUABLE PAFERS, INCLUDING IMPORTANT ELECTRICAL FORMULAE, DESIGNS, ET CETERA. WITHIN THE PAST NONTH, TESLA TOLD FITZGEARLD THAT HIS EXPERIMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE WIRELESS TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICAL POWER HAD BEEN COMPLETED AND PERFECTED, FITZOEARLD ALSO KNOWS THAT TESLA HAS CONCEIVED AND DESIGNED A REVOLUTIONARY TYPE OF TORPEDO WHICH IS NOT PRESENTLY IN USE BY ANY OF THE NATIONS. IT IS FITZGEARLD'S BELLEF THAT THIS DESIGN HAS NOT BEEN MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY NATION UP TO THE PRESENT TIME. FROM STATEMENTS MADE TO FITZGEARLD BY TESLA, HE KNOWS THAT THE COMPLETE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND EXPLANATION OF THE BASIC THEORIES OF THESE THINGS ARE SOLE PLACE IN THE PERSONAL EFFECTS OF TESLA. HE ALSO KNOWS THAT THERE IS A WORKING MODEL OF TESLA'S WHICH COST MORE THAN TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS TO BUILD IN A SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX BELONGING TO TESLA AT THE GOVERNOR CLINTON HOTEL, AND FITZGEARLD BELIEVES THIS MODEL HAS TO DO WITH THE SO-CALLED "DEATH RAY" OR THE WIRELESS TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICAL CURRENT. TESLA HAS ALSO TOLD FITZGEARLD IN PAST CONVERSATIONS THAT HE HAS SOME EIGHTY TRUNKS IN DIFFERENT PLACES CONTAINING TRANSCRIPTS AND PLANS HAVING TO DO WITH EXPERIMENTS CONDUCTED BY HIM. BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO ADVISE ILLEDIATELY WHAT, IF ANY, ACTION SHOULD BE TAKEN CONCERNING THIS MATTER AND REPORT TO THE NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION.

FOXWORTH.

Sent

(Dictated 2:15 p.m.; Completed 2:45 p.m.) Approved: Special Agent in Charge

М Per

Mr. Donegan Mr. Brayton Mr. Thurston Mr. Anderson Jederal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Chestors Mr. Chipman United States Department of Instice Mr. L_rich Mr. Highna Mr. Klemp Mr. Levis . Mr. R. Lynch T. Lynch Mr. Malley New York, New York TJD:CG Mr. McCabo January 11, 1943 Mr. Holiwain Mr. Catholthoff 81 RIDSKIMA. Miss Tate Chief Clerk Property Clerk MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE: KOSANOVICH LOSANOVICH RE:

Mr. LITTLE, of the Bureau, called me today and inquired if we had done anything as yet in connection with obtaining the papers and effects of NIKOLA TULSA, a recently deceased inventor.

I advised Mr. LITTLE that we had not taken any action in the matter and Mr. LITTLE suggested that it might be well to take the matter up with the District Attorney inasmuch as he felt that AGSANOVICH could be charged with burglary and should be taken into custody. Mr. LITTLE advised that it was important that we secure the material supposedly taken by AGSANOVICH because if it is as secret as it is reported to be, it is vital that none of it gets into the newspapers where the enemy will have easy access to it.

In answer to his inquiry, I advised Mr. LITTLE it was my opinion that the Surrogate would administer the estate of NIKOLA THEA. Mr. LITTLE suggested following the same procedure in this matter as was taken in the LUDWIG case. He also recommended that a stop be placed on the lock box and any other box which the decedent possessed, as well as on any material in his premises.

I advised Mr. LITTLE that would speak to the District Attorney informally on the matter and perhaps it could be handled in this way. Mr. LITTLE nequested that he be advised of any developments in this matter F. B. |.

OBVICTORY BUY ONDS

cc - Mr. KIMBALL

ROUTED TO 65-12290-5

harge

T. J. DONEG

Special A

MADERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Files - New York Pilicu

JANUARY-1

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

EBC

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUR

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; EQUIPMENT, EXPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH OF NIKOLA TESLA, DECEASED; ESPIONAGE - M. TEXIX REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE TELETYPE UNDER. ABOVE HEADING TO THE BUREAU FROM THIS OFFICE DATED JANUARY NINE LAST. INQUIRY DEVELOPS THAT ENERGY TESLA DIED JANUARY EIGHT, RATHER THAN THERSDAY, JANUARY SEVEN, AS STATED IN REFERENCE TELETYPE. ON THE NIGHT OF JANUARY EIGHT. SAVA KOSANOVICH. GEORGE CLARK, AND KENNETH SWEEZEY VISITED TESLA'S HOTEL WITH AREPRESENTATIVE OF SHAW WALKER CO IN ORDER TO OPEN THE SAFE IN THE ROOM OF TESLA. KOSANOVICH LATER REPORTED TO 20 WALTER GORSUCH, OFFICE OF ALLEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN, NEW YORK CITY. THAT HE WENT INTO THE ROOM IN ORDER TO SEARCH FOR A WILL OF TESLA. KOSANOVICH AND THE OTHERS MADE THE SEARCH OF THE SAFE IN THE PRESENCE OF THREE ASSISTANT MANAGERS OF HOTEL NEW YORKER AS WELL AS REPRESENTATIVES OF THE YUGOSLAVIAN CONSULATE, IDENTITIES OF LATTER NOT YET KNOWN. AFTER THE SAFE WAS OPENED, SWEEZEY TOOK FROM THE SAFE A BOOK CONTAINING TESTIMONIALS SENT TO TESLA ON THE OCCASION OF HIS SEVENTY-FIFTH BIRTHDAY, THIS BOOK WAS ARRANGED FOR TESLA BY SWEEZEY. KOSANOVICH TOOK FROM THE ROOM THREE PICTURES OF TESLA, TWO BEING ENLARGED NEWSPAPER PICTURES. ACCORDING TO MANAGERS OF HOTEL AND KOSANOVICH HIMSELF. NOTHING ELSE WAS RELOVED FROM THE ROOM OR SAFE. THE SAFE WAS THEN CLOSED UNDER A NEW COMBINATION. WHICH COMBINATION IS NOW IN POSSESSION OF KOSANOVICH. ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY NINE, GORSUCH AND FITZGERALD OF ALEEN PROPERTY CONTROL WENT TO HOTEL AND SEIZED ALL THE PROPERTY OF TESLA. CONSISTING OF ABOUT TWO TRUCKLOADS OF MATERIAL, SEALED ALL ARTICLES. Approved: Special Agent in Charge

FD-36

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

JANUARY 9x 12, 1943

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU

AND TRANSFERRED THEM TO THE MANHATTAN STORAGE AND WAREHOUSE CO. NEW YORK WHERE THEY ARE NOW LOCATED. AT THAT TIME THERE WERE ALSO IN THIS WAREHOUSE APPROXIMATELY THIRTY BARRELS AND BUNDLES BELONGING TO TESLA WHICH HAD BEEN THERE SINCE ABOUT NINETEEN THIRTY FOUR. THESE HAVE ALSO BEEN SEALED AND ARE NOW UNDER ORDERS OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN. IN VIEW OF FACT TESLA IS & UNITED STATES NATURALIZED CITIZEN, ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN FEELS THAT ITS JURISDICTION OVER PROPERTY IS DOUBTFUL BUT FEELS THAT NO OTHER AGENCY WILL BE ABLE TO GET TO THIS PROPERTY FOR AT LEAST TWO DAYS. / AFTER THAT TIME IT IS POSSIBLE THAT A PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR WIL BE APPOINTED FOR THE PROPERTY WHO MAY TAKE THE PROPERTY INTO HIS CUSTODY. TESLA ALSO HAD SOME PROPERTY, ALLECED BY INFORMANT FITZGERALD IN THIS CASE, TO BE A WORKING MODEL OF AN INVENTION IN A SAFE DEPOSIT BOX IN GOVEFNOR CLINTON HOTEL IN NEW YORK. INQUIRY SHOWS THAT THIS WAS PLACED HERE BY TESLA IN NINETEEN THIRTY TWO AS SECURITY FOR FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS OWED HOTEL. THIS BILL IS STILL OWED AND HOTEL APPEARS UNWILLING TO RELEASE THIS PROPERTY TO ANYONE AT LEAST UNTIL DEBT IS PAID, BUT THIS OFFICE WILL BE ADVISED IF ANYONE ATTEMPTS TO PAY BILL AND OBTAIN PROPERTY. CONCERNING TESLA, HOTEL MANAGERS REPORT HE WAS VERY ECCENTRIC IF NOT MENTALLY DERANGED DURING PAST TEN YEARS AND IT IS DOUBTFUL IS HE HAS CREATED ANYTHING OF VALUE DURING THAT TIME. ALTHO PRIOR TO THAT HE PROBABLY WAS A VERY BRILLIANT INVENTOR. THEREFORE, ANY NOTES OF VALUE WERE PROBABLY THOSE MADE PRIOR TO THAT TIME. KOSANOVICH IS A NEPHEW OF TESLA WHO DESCRIBES HIMSELF AS FORMERLY QUOTE YUGOSLAV MINISTER OF STATE UNQUOTE AND NOW QUOTE PRESIDENT OF EASTERN AND CENTRAL

Approved:

Sent____M Per_

Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW_YOBK, NEW_YORK

JANUARY 92,1943

FD-36

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU

PLANNING BOARD REPRESENTING YUGOSLAVIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, POLAND AND GREECE.UNQUOTE. SWEEZEY IS A WRITER FOR POPULAR MECHANICS AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS WHO IS DESIROUS OF PUBLISHING A BIOGRAPHY_OF_TESLA_AND_THEREFORE WOULD LIKE TO OBTAIN CONTROL OF HIS NOTES FOR THIS WORK.__CLARK IS EMPLOYED BY RCA AND WOULD ALSO PROVIDE STORAGE ROOM FOR TESLA'S EFFECTS IN ORDER TO USE THEM IN WRITING A BIOGRAPHY. TESLA AT ONE TIME REPORTED TO BE WORKING ON EXPERIMENTS FOR YUGOSLAVIAN GOVERNMENT IN EXILE. IT IS DESIRED THAT BUREAU ADVISE IMMEDIATELY WHETHER IT IS INTERESTED FURTHER IN THIS PROPERTY FOR FURPOSES OF TAKING CONTROL OF IT. SUGGEST THAT, IN VIEW OF FACT THAT THE NOTES AND OTHER MATERIAL WOULD BE HIGHLY TECHNICAL IN CHARACTER AND FOR THAT. HEASON COULD NOT BE REVIEWED EXCEPT BY A TRAINED PERSON THE OFFICE OF SCHIENTIFIC REMEANCH DEVELOPMENT MIGHT BE INTERESTED.

FOXWORTH

Sent____

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Federal Bureau of Investigation

- United. States Department of Justice

New York, New York January 14, 1943 Mr. Deayton

. Mr. Anderson

. S.r. Ryan

. Hickboff

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE:

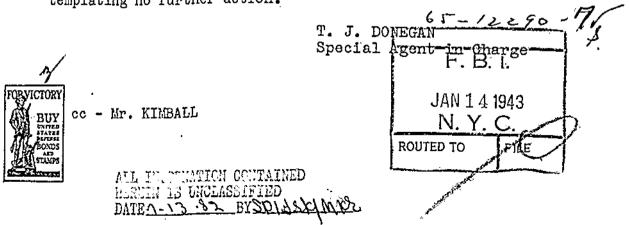
TJD:CG

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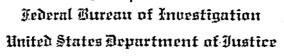
RE: NIKOLA TESLA

Mr. LITTLE, of the Bureau, called me on January Clerk 13, 1943 and advised that the above matter was now being handled as an alien enemy custodian matter and therefore we should take no further action on it.

I advised Mr. LITTLE that this office had sent out a teletype to the Eureau in this case on January 13, in which the Eureau advised that this office was contemplating no further action.



JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTON



Mashington, D. C.

January 21, 1943

SAC, New York

Dear Sir:

165-12290 65-12290 Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH; EXPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH OF NIKOLA TESLA (Deceased) \mathcal{W} · ESPIONAGE (M)

r. Dontsan

Mr. Dravion Mr. Thurston Mr. Anderson

Mr. Charters Mr. C5lpmen

Mr. Emrich Mr. Piggins

> Mr. Illekland

> > · 10.11 Lynch . Icach

Mr. Ostholthoff

Miss Tate

V.CV

Cabe ir. McSwain

...... Chief Clork Reference is made to a teletype dated January 9, 1943, from the porty Clerk. New York Field Office and to a phone conversation between Mr. J. B. Little of the Bureau and Assistant Special Agent in Charge Donegan on January-11; . 1943.

It was pointed out to Mr. Donegan that Sava Kosanovich, George Clark and Kenneth Swezey may have committed a burglary violation by entering Tesla's rooms after his death and particularly by using a locksmith to get into a safe containing some of Tesla's valuable papers. Mr. Donegan was advised this matter should be discreetly discussed with the State's Attorney, New York City, with a view to locating Kosanovich and apprehending him on a burglary charge, in order to ascertain the nature of the material taken from the safe of Nikola Tesla. It was also suggested that the New York Office contact the Surrogate Court, in order that Tesla's effects, as well as the contents of his safety deposit boxes, might not be entered without the presence of an Agent, in order that the secrecy of any plans or items essential to the conduct of the war or national security might be preserved. It was stated that Kosanovich might possibly make certain material available to the enemy.

A review of the Bureau files reveals considerable information concerning Nikola Tesla and his inventions and it should be noted that one Nicola Tesla, who might have been identical with Nikola Tesla, made a speech at the Grange Hall, Springfield, Massachusetts, on June 4, 1922, under the auspices of the Friends of Soviet Russia.

It further appears that Sava Kosanovich may be identical with an individual of the same name, who is a member of the Yugoslavian Government in exile. An examination of the files reveals that one Sava Kosanovich. described as the Minister of Supply, arrived with other Yugoslavian Government officials at Norfolk, Virginia, on September 4, 1941, on the SS City of Exeter, a British ship, from Cape Town en route to the United Kingdom via Washington and Canada.

In another instance the name of Sava N. Kosanovich appears on the <u>stationery</u> of the Central and Eastern European Planning Board HC2echdslovakia FUP_VICTORY 65-12290 JAN 23 713 BUY 0570 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEFEIN IS UNCLASSIFIED LATE D. 12-82 BY SPIDSKY MPE.

SAC, New York

- 2 -

Greece, Poland, Yugoslavia). On this letterhead Kosanovich is described as Chairman of the Board and Minister of State for Yugoslavia. It is stated that this Board is interested in "planning for postwar Europe".

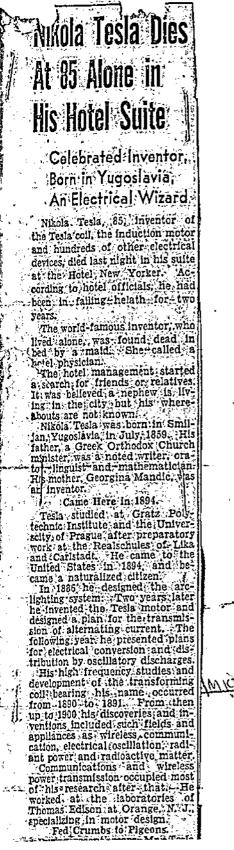
In still another file it is disclosed that Sava Kosanovich, a Serbian, was a member of one of the Yugoslavian minority parties and when an emergency government to overthrow an alliance with the Axis was formed, he was included as an official. He is alleged to be a Communist and is said to receive \$1,250 a month salary from the exiled Yugoslavian Government. He and other exiled government officials are stated to use these large salaries to finance every Serbian paper in the United States except "Srbobran" published at Pittsburgh.

No record of Kenneth Swezey could be located in the Bureau files from the information available.

The foregoing information is being furnished for possible future reference in connection with this case and it is desired that the Bureau be kept promptly and currently informed of all developments in this case.

Very truly yours,

hn Edgar Hoover Director



65-15290-F. B. I. ISAR 6 1943 N: Y. C. ROUTED TO FRA

.-. NEW YORK WORLD TELEGRAM JANUARY 8TH, 1943

MIC

х,

hotel physician.

65-1227

F.B.L

15.45 6 1943

N.Y.C

NEW YORK WORLD TELEGRAM

Ċ,

JANUARY 8TH. 1943

FILE

ROUTED TO

The hotel management started a search for friends or relatives. It was believed a nephew is living in the city but his whereabouts are not known. Nikola Tesla was born in Smil-

Nikola Tesla was born in Smiljan, Yugoslavia, in July, 1859. His father, a Greek Orthodox Church minister, was a noted writer, oratoi, linguist and mathematician. His mother, Georgina Mandic, was all inventor.

Came Here in 1894.

Tesla studied at Gratz Polytechnic Institute and the Universcity of Prague after preparatory work, at the Realschules of Lika and Carlstadt, "Howcame the States" United States in 1894, and be-Came a naturalized citizen. In 1836 he designed the arc-lighting system. Two years later he invented the Tesla motor and designed a plan for the transmission of alternating current. The following year he presented plans for electrical conversion and distribution by oscillatory discharges. His high frequency studies and development of the transforming 7W 10 coll bearing his name occurred from 1890 to 1891. From then up to 1900 his discoveries and inventions included such fields and appliances as wireless communication, electrical oscillation, radiant power and radioactive matter.

Communications and wireless power transmission occupied most of his research after that. He worked at the laboratories of Thomas Edison at Orange, N. J., specializing in motor design.

Fed Crumbs to Pigeons. During recent years Mr. Tesia had, been seen, but/seldom recognized, on the steps of St. Patrick's Cathedral, in front of the Public Library and in Greeley, Sq. inva-Tiably carrying a, bag of crumbs which has fed to the pigeons.

Mr. Tesla's only military invention was a method to which he once alluded but never fully described. It was a means whereby an impenetrable "wall of force". could be reected about a nation's borders which would render helpless any military attack. He disclosed existence of the plan in 1934, and said he intended to present it to the Geneva Conference. He seldom referred to it afterward.

In 1936, when he was 80, he said his original plan to live to be 135 had been changed with the repeal of prohibition, and he would live to be 150 instead.

He was decorated by the Yugoslav and Czech governments. He wept when he met King Peter of Yugoslavia here last July.

s.

DATE T FROM ribute to Tesla Read by Mayor "He could have become the rich-Adamic may-be est man in the world if he wished for riches. He was a great human -itarian, a pure scientist, a genius. He did amazing things, simply to IIe did amazing things, simply to (serve mankind." This, in part, was the tribute paid to Nikola Tesla." pioneer in the field of radio, and the modern electrical transmission systems, who died (Thursday, at 87. Written by Louis Adamic, the author, it was read, by Mayor La-Guardia yesterday over WNYC in a hall hour program dedicated to the memory of the scientist. the memory of the scientist. The Mayor stated "Funeral services - will be held for him Tuesday atternion, People for him Tuesday atternion, People will come from all walks of life. But he is not dead. The real Testa lives. In, his achievements as an integral part of our diff. lives. AR 6 Ą 8.1. 1943 N. Y. C. `ED πo 65-12295-10 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED TTI IS UNCLASSIFIED PUSPIDSKI MKR 20.00.00 DA. . 197 27

units of germ plasm, can this required expansion of the con-trol mechanism be supplied through troi mechanism to supplied divoge increase in numbers of geness of perhaps by graffying the existing genes? Probably both processes are operative, according to Dr. Mo-Clung.

Genes, are known to affect not only a single character, but also the whole organism, and they may pro-duce effects at different stages in embryonic development. To be successful, any body changes brought about by gene changes must be har, monifus with, the existing organ-ization and the environmental conditions. Therefore; evolution has

beenia slow process; Professor McClung concluded that it would require much more study of the interrelationships between germ cell structure and body struc-10 .fa ture and between genes, and the changes in idevelopment before we can'gain's thorough understanding of all the underlying principles in-volving the functioning of the germ iir. OT: plasm within the body of an animal 'n۳, or plant and also an understanding of the way in which this germ plasm has evolved from simple beōf ihe to ginnings.

ou Death Ray," for Planes Nikola Tesla, one of the truly great inventors who celebrated his eighty-fourth birthday on-July-10, tells the writer that he stands ready to divide to the United States Government the secret of his "teleforce," with which, he said, alrplane motors would be melled at the ing Ing

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a distance of 250 miles, so that an invisible Chinese Wally of Defense would be built around the country. 5 against any sttempted attack; by an enemy, air force, no matter how stly ΰD

large. large. This, "teleforce," he said, is based on an entirely haw principle of physics that "no one has over dreamed about," different from the 'sre fular :DO3 inge s`of principle embodied in his inventions crorelating to the transmission of elec able trical power from a distance, for) be thick he has received a number of that which he has received a number of that basto patents. This new type of ther force, Mr. Tesla said, would operate through a beam one one-hun-dred millionth of a square centiord DIS. BBD meter in diameter, and could be

generated from a special plant that would cost no more, than \$2,000,000 and would take (only, about three ned mly months to construct. A dozen such plants located at em and atrategic points along the coast; ac cording to Mr. Tesis; would be enough to defend the country against all possible serial attack: ons be Irst

ut# The beam would melt any engine, whether Diesel or gasoline-driven, and would also ignite the explosives II. TO aboard any bomber. No possible defense igainst it could be devised, he asserts, as, the beam would be ıfs. the , ėst 10 ill-penetiating. LVO

na , High Vacuum Eliminated The beam, he states, involves four new inventions, two. of which all,

áý nd ready have theen tested.

for producing rays and other for producing the necessity for a high vacuum; a second is a method high vacuum; a second is a method and process for producing very great electrical force"; the third is a method for amplifying this the third

is a method for amplifying this force, and the fourth is a new, method for producing "a tremen-dous electrical, repelling, force." This would be the projector or gun, of the system. The volage for propelling the beam to its objec-tive, according to the invertor will attain a potential of 50,000 000 volts. volt

With, this enormous voltage, he sald, inigroscopic electrical parti-cles of matter will be catagoried of their mission of defensive destruction. He has been working on this invention, he added, for many years and has recently made a number of improvements in it.

Mr. Tesla makes one important decide to take up his offer he would go to work at once, but they would have to trust him. He would suf-fer "no interference from experts." In ordinary times such a condition would very likely interpose an insuperable obstacle. But times being what they are, and with the nation getting ready to spend billlons for national defense, at the same time taking in consideration the reputation of Mr. Tesla as an inventor who always was hiany years ahead of his time, the question arises whether ill may not be advisable to take Mr. Tesla at this word and, commission him, to go ahead with the construction of his teleforce plant.

Such a Device "Invaluable"

After all, \$2,000,000 would be relatively a very small sum compared with what is at stake. If Mr. Tesla really fulfills, his promise the re-sult achieved, would be truly stag-gering. Not only would it save bil-lions now planned (for alr deterse) by making the country absoliftely inpregnable against any air attack but it, would also save many move billions. In property that, would otherwise be surely destroyed no matter how strong the defenses are as witness current events in England:

Take, for example, the Panama Canal. No matter how strong the defenses, a suicide squadron of dive bombers, according to some ex-perts, might succeed in getting through and cause such damage that would make; the Cana; un-usable, in which case out. Navy might find itself bottled up.

Considering, the probabilities in the case even if the chances were 100,000 to 1 against Mr. Tesla the odds would still be largely in favor of taking a chance on spending \$2,000.000. In the opinion of the writer, who has known Mr. Tesla for many years and can testify that ha still retains full intelletual vigor, the authorities in charge of building the national defense should at once look into the matter. The One. of sum is insignificant, compared, with these is a method and apparatus the magnitude of the stake.

u)

Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Iustice

New York, New York

No Record fee Files N. Y. Offics Open Case No Case Make File

November 28, 1940

JJK:HR 100-

LEMORANDUM FOR THE SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE INDEXED

On September 22, 1940, Mr. ROBIN VAN ROSEN, 33

West 8th Street, New York City, telephone Grammercy 5-0277, telephoned the New York Office and informed the writer that he wished to call his attention to an article which was printed in the Sunday "New York Times" of September 22, 1940 on Page D 7, under the section "Science and Patents - Education News," the/ article being "Science in the News" by WILLIAM A. LAURENCE.

Mr. VAN ROSEN stated that he particularly wished to call the attention of the New York Office of the Federal Bureau or Investigation to that phase of the article relating to death ray for planes which refers to an interview of the inventor NIKOLA TESIA.

He further advised that he believed that some government agents should interview NIKOLA TESLA relative to his death ray invention as no doubt some agents of foreign government would nontact Mr. TESLA.

The clipping referred to by Mr. VAN ROSEN is attached hereto.

The indices of the New York Office were searched with negative results.

Respectfully submitted,

J. J. KEATING 65-12290-1 INDEXED Special Agent ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED NOV 29 1240 ULI IS UNCLASSIFIED [1.3 <u>0-13-82</u> BY N.Y.C. rolied to

Iederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

N. Y. FILE #65-12290

DATE: 3/16/43

HELORANDUNI FOR THE FILE

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Re: UnSub-Nikola) Jesla

Reference is made to Bureau communication dated January 29, 1943 to all Special Agents in Charge, No. 33, Series 1943, which instructs that every case under the Espionage character be reviewed for the purpose of determining whether the case should be continued to be carried under the Espionage character, and if there is not sufficient justification for this, case should be carried under another character.

In the reviewing of these cases, the Bureau desires that the following ideas be kept in mind:

- (1) What are the allegations that the individual subject is an Expionage Agent?
- (2) What investigative steps have been taken to prove or disprove these allegati.
- (3) What evidence has been obtained to substantiate the allegations?
- (4) Do the facts warrant that the case be continued under the Espionage characte:
- and if so, what investigative steps are contemplated to properly develop the case?

In the reviewing of these cases, consideration should be given to the closing of those cases which appear to justify such action.

The instant case has been reviewed by the writer and I wish to state that it is in proper condition, such as to the removal of stop notices, proper serialization, etc., etc.

TRATION COL

It is the conclusion of the writer that:

(1) The character of this case should be changed (or remain Espionage) from________ because:

In the next report, the character in this case should be so changed.

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BUY						15	 · .*	65-12 F. E	290 3. .	(over)
WAR BONDS								MAR 2	7 1943.	
-					;			<u>IN. Y</u>	<u>. C.</u>	
								ROUTED TO	OBC	65-12290-19

and/or

(2) This case should be closed because:

Do the facts require an immediate.assignment of this case: If character is being changed, are there leads outstanding in other Field Divisions: If a closing report has been dictated as of this review, by what Agent was it dictated: C. D. Calder . Date of dictation: 3/9/43 Respectfully submitted,

- Cugene B. Caldert.

WTM:SvB





Lew York, Lew York

Ecreb 19, 1943

ECC:FA 65-12200

Director, FBI

BOI UNMECTI SUBJECTS; SAVA KOJALOVICE; EXPERIMENTS AND LESEARCH OF NIKOLA TESLA (Peccased);

ESPICIAGE, HISCELLANEOUS

Dear Sirt

Ecforence is made to the Durcau letter in the above-continued Latter dated January 21, 1943, in which it is stated that it is desired that the Durony be kept promptly and currently informed of all developments in this Case.

In view of a telephone call from Hr. Little of the Durcou to Er. T. J. Longan, Assistant Special Agent in Charge of the New York" Office, dated January 14, 1943, in which Mr. Little stated that the abovecoptioned matter was now being handled as an Alien Inery Custodial Detection metter and therefore no further action should be taken in the metter by the New York Field Livision, this case is being considered closed in this Office, unlees payined to the controry by the Europa at some future time.

Very truly yours.

q/(

H. E. GUIRCY Special Agent in Charge

6-11

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FED	eral bure	AU OF IN	VESTIGATION
Form No. 1 This case originated at	114 ICAK, 124	YCEK	W FILE NO. 9-1019 KB
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 7/15,19/24/4	REPORT MADE BY
THE PERSID PARACULA EAVA RECARCING	- VICEIN 9	- 1019	CHARACTER OF CASE
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	the Sorb sent a lo U.S. sail of State Yugoslay contains see in th our Berk I will croats pu errested case was presented under adv	atter dat d 4/7 Is to the virti on disposal of las A translat the following he newspapers a isn Enightly Ch i break all you at into your bo by the NAD PD adjourned wati I to UCA, SCHY, risement and vi relative to pr are.	/43 through the //43 through the M, who is the Ministor The Covernment of ion of this letter statement: "If I my more attacks on state Buth Mitchell Ir bones, which Cermanic dy". Subject was on 7/12/43 where his I 1/10/44. Facts who has the case
EFECTION IN CONTRACTOR	New York 1943.	isletyps to th	a Dursau Lated July 18,
Ditail§e	<u>AT X N.Y.</u> Nr. SAVA		2 Fifth Averas, New York
Gity, telephone K Tork Office and f	City, tol MATEAN CO C. Marray Eill D	ephone No. 23g LUINACTA, ED M -2087, personal	ent 7-4610, and his attorney, ast 42nd Street, New York 11y synaared at the New
APPROVED AND FORWARDED	SPECIAL AGENT		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS RI 3 - LUTEAL 1 - USA, SCOT 5 - How York (1 - 97-377) (1 - 65-1000) (1 - 65-1000)			-12240-14 iskylour

7-2034

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ASTATEMENT DI ECH. SATA KOMASOVICH, MINISTRA OF STATE PH DISPOLAL OF TER COVERNME OF JUSCHAVIA AS TO THE PACES IN COUNSCRICH VICH THE APPROF WHICH HE HAS CAUSED TO TE MANY OF PHILIP MARYOVICH, PERSITAT OF THE STREAM MARIOVAL INTENCE COUNTERS

The policy of every member of the United Nations, without a doubt, first must be internal unity and unity among the Allies. The Jugoslave have to promote unity among the Serbs, Groats and Slovenes, who constitute Jugoslavia, and to unde that any internal and personal differences be buried in favor of a concentrated strong and united action sgainst the Axis.

Here in Addrich where there are nora than one million persons of Jugoslav extraction, this unity is their first duty towards America, for the war effort and for repulsing enemy propaganda which is working for distinity. The most ordinary means of Axis propaganda is the breaking of unity and exploiting national, religious and racial differences. The great majority of Americans of Jugoslav extraction are good and conscientious American citi was.

Cas scall group of Serbs, calling itself the Serbian Mational Lefense, of Chicago, and the SREDZAH paper, of Fittsburgh, began a carpaign against unity, a campaign of hate towards Jugoslaviz, towards the Groats and Slovenes, etc. At their convention recently, this group passed a resolution in which they proclaimed themselves, even though they are Americans, representatives of Serbien and broke all relations with the Jugislav Covernment in Exile, appealed to King Peter to proclaim himself king of Serbla, and accepting Mitler and Kusselini terminology, they called Jugeslavia "a ryth and a sistake of the Versailles Ponce Treaty".

It is not necessary to remark how contrary this is to the interest of unity among Americans, to the wishes of the Serbs, Groats and Slovenus who are so bravely fighting against the Axis, and contrary to the official stand of the United States, Great Britain, Eussia and all the Alles.

Kiss Eath Mitchell is honorary chairman of this organization and the most active spokesman of its ideas. It is my duty as a Serb, as a Jugoslav, as a member of the Jugoslav Covernment which overthrew the appearement government in Jugoslavia, as an anti-fascist, as the leader of one of the most democratic martices in Jugoslavia, to act against this

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Ekind of propaganda.

As to what the United States thinks of the situation, I hereby quoto Elper Davis, Director of the Office of Mar Information, as to his opinion of SECORIAN, which is the mouthplece for the Serbian National Defense Committee; Mr. Davis specifically accuses SECORAN of aiding the Mari propaganda program and damaging the war effort, and the Department of Justice, the State Department and the Office of War Information have all been watching this with concern.

Following is a direct quotation from a lotter written by Elmer Davis on June 10th to Secuel Verlinich President of the Jerb National Federations

> 'For some time, several branches of the United States Covernment including the Office of War Information, the Department of Justice, and the Department of State, have watched with concern the policies of the 'American Srbobran'. Its violent attacks upon all peoples of Croatian extraction and their elergy, its strong anti-Catholic articles, and its violed efforts to defend the Cataling Medich who supports the Maxi regime in Serble often have the effect of aiding the Maxi carpaigns of intolerance and ruce hate, and are damaging to the American war effort.

American unity is importative for the successful prosecution of the war. The Maris have boasted that they would set Apericans against Americans and they are striving to do so. They have sought for years to set people of Sarbian. Greatian and Slovenien extraction against each other. It is the old game of divide and conquert. The United Mations are striving for the strongest possible unity and all those who are opposed to the Axis. In Jugoslavia, and in the United States, we spek to unite all people of Nerbian, Greatian and Slovenian heritage⁸.

When Migs Mitchell began writing articles and letters to the American ress whichware seminat the policy just described by Elmer Davis as a United States policy, and which were also against the policy of the Jugoslaw Government for unity, I wrote a letter to the Herald Tribune on April 6th in reply to a particularly causing article which she had previouslywritten to the Tribune on April 2nd.

Following the appearance of my letter in the Herald Tribune, I received a filthy and threatening letter from Philip Harkovich, who is the

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"President of the New York branch of the Serbian National Refense Committee, which is engineering these anti-Jugoslav and anti-American motivities. In this letter Markovich sought, by Gestapo terrorist tactics, to prevent me from writing or speaking to offset the damaging effects of the Serbian Mational Defense Committee's policies and activities.

I therefore caused the arrest of Philip Harkovich and I will not he infinitated by him or any other member of any group who he consciously or inconsciously following the Basi line and attempting to promote any one section or any one group at the expense of the war effort as a whole."

Wr. RC3ANDYICH also furnished a photostatic copy of the letter and envelope in which it was received, together with a translation of the letter. These are being retained in the New York file of this case. He advised that it was necessary to retain the original letter because he had had the subject arrested by the New York City Police Department and that he would have to produce the original letter in the City fourt. The anvelope bears the printed return midness of the Serbian Mational Defense Committee of New York, 400 West 22rd Street, New York City, and was postmarked at 4:00 P.N. April (date obliterated) 1943 at New York City. It is addressed in handwriting to Kr. SAVA ROJANDVICH of SIZ Fifth Avenue, New York City. The letter is dated at New York City, April 7, 1943, and is handwritten and signed by PHILIP HARKOVICH.

Kr. KODANDVICH furnished the following translation of this

letter

New York City April 7, 1943.

Seva Kosanovichi -

German bastard, if I see in the newspapers any more attacks on our Serbian Enightly Chatnik Ruth Mitchell, or if someone brings to ge some written or oral attacks which I might has overlooked. I will break all your bones, which the Germanic Groats put into your body. You rotten dirt who claims to have been a Serb and a Minister - we now see what kind of traitors ruled Sugeslavia and where they have brought her. I am here in New York and we will meet easily if you speak again on tehalf of our people. Who gave you the right to speak for the people! You are a dirty bitch assembling crumbs for the benefit of the Germanic Groats. You are agents of Hitler and Musselini who disclose secret information from that House of Prostitutes, but wait the F.B.I.

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"will take cars of you soon. So much for your knowledge, I am warning you to cease attacking the National Defence and Miss Mitchell. Do you, you pissed on sour, expect to undermine Jugoslavia as before? You are the conspirators who killed the King, bit you, soum, will pay for it. I am watching your steps and what you do and with whom you cooperate, you Cerman, you traitor worse than a coward. You, your company and your satellites stink.

Philip Markovich

by his own hand."

Hr. XOANDVICH advised that there was no doubt but that it was NARECVICH who had written the letter as during his arraignment in the New York City Magistrates Court on July 12, 1943, MARXDVICH had acted as though he were proved of having written the letter.

Detective JANDS E. ADDTF, assigned to the Special Squad No. 1 of the New York City Folice Department, idvised that he had arrosted PHILIP MAREDVICE, who reades at 105 Fast 101st Straet, New York City, on July 12. 1943, charging him with violating Section No. 151 of the New York Penal Law, which prohibit the sending of threatening letters.

Detective RNOTT stated that subject was arraigned before Magistrate Anna Kross in Yorkville Court on July 12, 1943 and that Esgistrate Kross perolled MARKOVICH in custody of his lawyer, HYMAN JCOSPHS, and adjourned the arraignment until Friday, July 15, 1943.

These facts were presented to Assistant United States Attorney Thomas F. Murphy of the Southern District of New York, who advised that he would decline presecution, pendag the results of the notion taken in the New York City Court.

CHARLES ERENNING, Court Officer of the Yorkville Court, 153 Zest 57th Street, New York City, savised that on July 16, 1943 Magistrate Anna Kross adjourned the case scringt the subject until Jenuary 10, 1944.

Upon being appraised of the action taken by the New York City Court, Assistant United States Attorney Nurphy stated that he was taking the case under advisement and would render a decision relative to presectuion in the near future.

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BAY YORK FIELD DIVISION

At Now York, New York - Will report the decision of the Assistant United States Attorney in this case.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT	1.57 Y. 7. 107 Y.	×	NYFILE NO: 9-1319 LTR
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	kiti Epoclai Açonı would dopline pros Lew York authoriti	Noutlen by FC	tich and adviced him that he cased of the fact that the larg this case.
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234 U. S. Court House Foley Square New York, N. Y.

March 9, 1944.

Mayor F. H. LaGuardia City Hall New York, N. Y.

Dear Mayor LaGuardia:

Reference is made to letter dated February 17th, addressed to you by Sava N. Kosanovich, 712 Central Park South, New York 19, N. Y., regarding Philip Markovich, and enclosures which were handed to me by your secretary on February 24th.

65-6327-3 A check of the records of this office reflected that this matter had been called to our attention on July 15, 1943, but that it had previously been reported to the New York City Police Department The records further reflect that Markovich was arrested by the New York City Police Department on July 12, 1943, charged with violation of Section 551 of the Penal Law, sending threatening letters, which under the New York law is a misdemeanor. Harkovich was arraigned before Magistrate Anna Kross. Yorkville Court, on July 16, 1943 and the hearings have been adjourned to date. Latest inquiry reflects that Magistrate Kross has postponed the proceedings in this case until September 19, 1944.

Shortly after the receipt at this office of the material in connection with this case, the facts on hand were submitted to the office of the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York with a view to possible prosecution under the Federal Extortion Statutes. Prosecution was declined by reason of the fact that the local authorities were handling the case.

6-1-204-16.-

Mayor LaGuardia

In view of the above, the letter of reference, mentioned above, and the enclosures are being returned herewith.

Sincerely youns,

E. E. CONROX Special Agent in Charge.

Enclosures.



Address writer at:

Moss. Inst. of Toch., Cembridge, Mass. January 30, 1943.

BL

Y. C

TED TO

r. Valter Gorsnor, Alien Property Custodien, 120 Éroádwey, How York, New York,

Dear Sir:

At your request and that of Lr. Joseph T. King of the Weshington office of the Allen Property Custodian, I have exemined the private papers, writings, and other property of the late Lr. Nikola Tesla with the view to determining both their possible usef laces to this country in its wer effort and the possible heard attendent on their falling into unfrienally hands.

This examination was made at the Monhatten Fercheuse, 52nd Street, New York City, on January 20-27, and included all of the notes and puterial in Dr. Tesla's immediate prosession at the time of his death and now in the custody of your office. For reasons indicated below, no investigation was made of natorial in trunks which had remained untorched in the basement of the New Yorker Notel for ten years prior to fir. Tesla's death.

is a recult of this exchination, it is my considered opinion that there exist emong in. Teplata papers and popsessions no scientific notes, descriptions of hitherto unrevealed methods or devices, or actual apparatus which could be of significant value to this country or much would constitute a hazard in unfriendly hinds. I can therefore see no technical or military reason why further custody of the property should be retained.

For your focords, there has been removed to your office a file of various written natorial by Dr. Tesla which covers typically and fairly completely the idors with which he was concorned during his later yours. These documents are enumeratedind briefly obstracted in the attachment to this latter.

15-1:090-17

January 30, 1943.

It should be no discredit to this distinguished engineer and scientist whose solid contributions to the electrical art were made at the beginning of the present century to report that his thoughts and efforts during at least the past fifteen years were primarily of a speculative, philosophical, and somewhat promotional character-often concerned with the producation and wireless transmission of power-but did not include new sound, workable principles or methods for realizing such results.

Very truly yours,

JOHN G. TRUMP, Technical Aide, Division 14, NIRG.

Enclosure.

JOT/G

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ACCTRACTS OF DR. NIXOLA TESLA'S WRITINGS RETAINED AS EXHIBITS FOR THE ALLEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

On January 26 and 27, 1943, an examination was made of the technical papers of Dr. Nikola Teala which, after his decease, had been stored in the Nanhattan Warehouse in New York City. This exemination was made for the purpose of determining if any ideas of significant value in the present United States war effort could be fund emeng his possessions. Participating in this examination were Er. John C. Hewington, New York Office of the Alien Property Custodian; Ir. Charles J. Hedetnieni, Washington Office of the Alien Property Custodian; Dr. John G. Trump, Office of Scientific Research and Development, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Kassachusetts; Willis George, Office of Naval Intelligence, Third Naval District; Edward Palmer, Chief Yeoman, USNR; John J. Corbett, Chief Yeoman, USER.

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The following papers, which are regarded as typical of Nikola Tesla's writings and thoughts in the period of 1925 to 1942, were removed for the purpose of record and are listed below in the random order in which they were found, together with a brief individual abstract.

Exhibit A

"Possibilities of Flectrostatic Generators" - an undated erticle probably written about 1934 discussing the possibilities, as a source of high-voltage D-C power, of the Van de Graaff type of electrostatic belt generator. The article states correctly the electrostatic principles exployed in this device and points out that such generators are not suitable for commercial high-power applications, though of undoubted scientific value. Tesla's wireless tower, erected in 1902 on Long Island, is stated in this memorandum to have been charged to 30 million volts.

Exhibit B

<u>"Receive Forces of Olycerine and Dynchite"</u> - an undated memorandum involving some calculations of the explosive power of certain compounds and then deviating to a discussion of the possibility of transmitting power by mechanical vibrations along the earth's crust.

Exhibit C

"Process of De-Gassifying, Refining, and Purifying Fetals" a 41-page memorandum probably written about 1930 dealing with the above subject and proposing new theories of capillarity and surface tension. This correspondence indicated that this had been submitted to various industrial companies.

Txhibit D

"Reply to intorg re 'the generation of high-voltage and the acceleration of charged porticles'" - This document, dated November 8, 1935, answers questions raised by Soviet engineers and scientists regarding Teslats proposal of May 16, 1935. From this answer, it is deduced that the proposal concerned the generation of high voltages by electrostatic means. These means consisted of a high-voltage terminal presumably supported on an insulating column and charged by a gasaous charge conveying medium possing between ground and terminal. The ideas contained in this memorandum are fairly similar to the belt-conveyor electrostatic generator methods proposed by Van de Graaff and do not appear to offer any unusual features.

Exhibit E

Eart of Telegeodynemics, or Art of Producing Terrestrial. <u>Notions at Distance</u> - This document, in the form of a letter dated June 12, 1940, to the Westinghouse Electric & Menufacturing Company, proposes a method for the transmission of large emounts of power over vast distances by means of mechanical vibrations of the earth's crust. The source of power is a mechanical or electromechanical device bolted to some rocky protuberance and importing power at a resonance frequency of the earth's crust. The proposed scheme appears to be completely visionary and unworkable. Westinghouss's reply indicates their polite rejection of this ides.

Fxhibit F

"New Art of Projecting Concentrated Non-Dispersive Energy through Natural Media" - This undated document by Tesla describes an electrostatic method of producing very high voltages and capable of very great power. This generator is used to accelerate charged particles, presumably electrons. Such a beam of highenergy electrons passing through air is the "concentrated nondispersive" means by which energy is transmitted through natural media. As a component of this a paratus there is described an open-ended vacuum tube within which the electrons are first accelerated.

Fxhibit F (cont.)

The proposed scheme bears some relation to present means for producing high-energy cathods rays by the dooperative use of a high-voltage electrostatic generator and an evacuated electron acceleration tube. It is well known, however, that such davices, while of accentific and medical interest, are inceptible of the transmission of large amounts of power in non-dispersed bears over long distances. Tesla's disclosures in this memorandum would not enable the construction of workable carbinations of generator and tube even of limited power, though the general elements of such a combination are succinctly deceribed.

Txhibit 0

A circular by Carol Fird, dated Schtember 10, 1933, entitled "Tremendous New Power Scon to Be Unlocshed", This doscribes in popular styld some biographical information concerning Nikola Tesla and some ideas for the transmission of power on which he is stated to be working. It appears that the mathed of transmission is by the mechanical resonance method outlined in Exhibit F, above.

Fyhibit H

This exhibit condists of a series of latters to representatives of the British Government dated August 28, 1936; Cetober 26, 1937; December 15, 1937; and April 5, 1938. It includes a reply dated Januer, 7, 1939, from the British Dovernment. These letters offer to the Dritish Government, for a fee, the disclosure of a means for accelerating to high energies minute particles. Euch beams would constitute a death ray cepable of the protection of Great British from air attack.

The method proposed is essentially that described in Exhibit F above. Following the initial letter dated August 23, 1936, the subservent letters attempt to clear up the "micunderstandings" of the Eritish representatives and to expedite their acceptance of the Teela proposal. The Eritish reply dated January 7 is a polita expression of disinterest in the proposal.

Exhibit I

In undeted memorandum written after Tesla's 79th birthday describing reveral discoveries which he believed he had made. The first related to a dynamic theory of gravity which is described as not yet completed. The second stated as a physical truth the belief that "there is no energy in matter other than that received from the environment". This second statement, which is discussed at length in this and other writings of Tesla, indicates his disbelief in the existence of atomic or nucleor energy.

Fxhibit J

"A lethod of Producing Powerful Radiations" - an undated memorandum in Tesla's handwriting describing "a new process of generating powerful rajs or radiations". The memorandum reviews the works of Lenard and Crookes, describes Tesla's work on the producation of high volteges, and finally in the last paragraph gives the only description of the invention contained in the memorandum. This description is as follows: "Driefly stated, my new simplified process of generating powerful rays consists in creating through the medium of a high-speed jet of suitable fluid a vacuous space ground a terminal of a circuit and supplying the same with currents of the required tension and volume".

Fxhibit K

A letter to prospective licensees on telegeodynamics dated December 27, 1941. This is a single-page letter with the typewritten signature of Dr. Nikola Tosla, in which he addresses himself to the prospective licensees of telegeodynamics, states that over a half million dollars was spent on this development with funds contributed by the Morgans, Crawford, J. J. Astor, and Fish, as well as commercial organizations, and states this to be a new art with which "unvelievable wonders can be achieved".

Txhibit L

Tesla's "New System of Kluid Propulsion". This is an undated memorandum of about 20 typewritten pages describing a system of fluid propulsion in which the conversion from hydraulic to rotery mechanical power is achieved by passing the fluid between flat circular disks, shaft-meunted and enclosed in a casing.

This memorandum written about 1925 describes in general terms a kind of hydraulic turbine which seems practical. There is coplous evidence among the other of Tesla's papers that this idea was generally disclosed to appropriate individuals and that it received favorable comment and possibly some use. Some of these comments are contained on the last page of the exhibit.

Exhibit M

"The perfor of the Future" - a memorandum apparently written by Tesla and probably in response to a request from some popular science group for an opinion as to the source of future power. This memorandum reviews the gradual evolution of power sources. It discusses in some detail the possibility of atomic power and states as his opinion that atomic power is not feasible. The discussion of atomic energy is apparently confused to some extent with planetary energy. The article further discusses the subject of wind, tides, lightning, and water power as a source of commercial energy. The last sontence of this memorandum states. With my wireless system, it is practicable to transmit electrical energy at a distance of twelve thousand miles with a loss not exceeding 5 per cent. I can conceive of no advances which would be more desirable at this time and more beneficial to the further progress of mankind." This memorandum constitutes an interesting generalized discussion of the various sources of power. It is qualitatively correct for the most part except probably in that portion which deals with atomic power.

Exhibit N

The Transmission of Electric Therey Without Wires" - en article by N. Tesla in the <u>Flectric Torld</u>, Narch 5, 1904, pages 429-431. A general, somewhat biographical article on Tesla's early work with some speculation on the possibility of longdistance wireless transmission of large emounts of energy.

Fxhibit 0

"World System of Wireless Transmission of Energy" - an article by N. Tesla in <u>Telegraph and Telephone Age</u>, October 16, 1927, pages 457 and 460. An article which traces the early work on the production and transmission of electromagnetic radiations, describes Tesla's efforts to increase the amount of power which can be transmitted without mires and concludes with a proposed World System" for the wireless transmission of both power and communications. No workable disolosure of a means for accomplishing this is included, and such generalities as suggest the approach which Tesla had in mind do not seen capable of accomplishing the desired result.

Exhibit P

"Interview with Dr. Nikola Tesla" by Alden P. Armagnao for Popular Science Konthly, May 24, 1928. An Il-page memorandum written in popular conversational style describing an interview with Dr. Tesla and reporting his present work. This report includes statements on a new airplane, on rocket ships, on the wireless transmission of power, on a world system plan for the transmission of speech and television, on the impracticability of hernessing atomic energy, on radio activity, and on the acceleration of charged particles, such as cathode rays, by high voltages.

<u>Exhibit Q</u>

An agreement dated spril 20, 1935, between Nikola Tesla and the /mtorg Trading Corporation, in which Tesla agreed to supply plans, specifications, and complete information on a rethod and apparatus for producing high voltages up to fifty million volts, for producing very small particles in a tube open to air, for increasing the charge of the particles to the full voltage of the high potential terminal, and for projecting the particles to distances of a hundred miles or more. The maximum speed of the particles was specified as not less than 350 miles per second. The receipt of \$25,000 fee for this disclosure was acknowledged in this agroement, which was signed by Nikola Tosla and by A. Bartanian of the Intorg Trading Corporation. The method referred to in this agreement is apparentl, that described in Exhibit F, shove. It is probable that Exhibit D. above, is an effort by Tesla to clear up the questions raised by Soviet engineers after the subject disclosure had been made. There is no evidence that the inventions and information referred to in this agreement, are other than those described in a number of Teslats papers and published articles. It should therefore be expected, and it is substantiated by Exhibit D, that this disclosure subsequently proved unmorkable.

An examination of several items of scientific apparatus among the Tesla efforts at the Linhattan Warehouse and in a deposit box at the Governor Olinton Notel showed those to be standard electrical measuring instruments in common use several decades ago.

> JOEN O. THUP, Technical Aide, Division 14, NURC,

Moss. Inst. of Tech., Cembridge, Miss., Jamory 30, 1943.

JOT/G

3.

Now York 7, New York 65-12290 HERinhn October 17, 1945 541.25×400×9 Director, FBI Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS: SAVA KOSANOVICH; Experiments and research of NIKOLA TESLA (deceased) ESPIONACE - M

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the Bureau letter dated January 21, 1943, which bore a caption similiar to that mentioned above.

The referenced letter dealt with the death, on January 7, 1943, of the famous inventor, NIKOLA TESLA, who as well as being the inventor of Alternating Current, perfected many electrical devices. He is also credited with having developed the so called "death ray" which would safeguard any country from attack by air.

On June 9, 1945, a RALPH ENROGTRESSER of New York City furnished information of a nonspecific nature indicating that it was his belief that persons sympathetic to Russia were making an effort to secure the effects of NIKOLA TESLA in order to salvage therefrom any models or designs of possible military value. Mr. BERGSTRESSER claimed that he heard that AERAHAN N. SPANER, President of the NATIONAL LATEX CORPORATION, of Dover, Delaware was the notivating influence behind this attempt to obtain TESLA'S papers which are presently held in storage at the MANHATTAN STORACE WAREHOUSE in New York City. BERGERESSER provised to return to the New York Field Division shortly after his initial visit and furnish further and more specific information to support his claims.

He was not heard from again, however, until September 27, 1945, at which thus he furnished the following additional information:

He said that a boyhood chum of his from Wichita, Kansas, BLOYCE FITZGERALD, had been TESLA'S protege and one of the inventors few confidents. According to EERSSTRESSER, FITZGERALD who is now an Army Private stationed at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio, is a brilliant 29 year old scientist who spent endless hours with TESLA prior to the latters death, during which time TESLA explained to him most secret experiments. BERGSTRESSER stated that FITZGERALD met TESLA in November 1942, but he had been corresponding with the latter since 1935. According to the informant, FITZGERALD had developed some sort of anti-tank gun, the details of which he presented to TESLA who made certain corrections in design and specifications to further perfect the weapon.

BIRGSTRESSER related that exactime in December 1942, when FITZGERALD was attending a meeting of the AFRICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL FNOINEERS, he made the acquaintance os ARRAHAN SFANZL who became interested in FITZOERALD'S

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Letter, DIRECTON, THI NY 65-12290

October 17, 1945

gun. STANEL offered financial aid to FITZGERALD and the two ware in the closest contact with each other for a considerable period of time. BERGERESSER said that FITZGERALD had lined up a deal for the purchase of the gun by the FEMINOTON ARUS COMPANY, but for some reason SPANEL blocked this deal by reaching top men in the REMINGTON COMPANY. SPANEL is then reported as having obtained a job for FITZGERALD with the HIGGENS STIP EUILDING COMPANY in New Orleans and negotiated a contract with FITZGERALD for the purchase and canufacture of the gun in a manner which would return EOI of the profits derived to SPANEL,

BINGSTRESSER stated that in November of 1943, for some unknown reason but which he believes to be attributable to SPANEL, FITZGERALD was fired by the HIGGINS COMPANY. In September of 1944, FITZGERALD was inducted into the Army and for a considerable period of time was located at an ordinance experimental station at Elgin Field, Florida. EERGSTRESSER stated that at the present time FITZGERALD is engaged in a highly secret experimental project at Eright Field in Dayton, Ohio. In spite of his rank of Private, FITZCERALD actually is the director of this research and is working with wany top young scientists who were inducted into Army from leading industrial posts.

According to BFRGSTRESSER, FITZGURALD is presently working on the perfection of TESLA'S "death ray" which in FITZGERALD'S opinion is the only possible defence against offensive use by another nation of the Atomic Echb. In this connection, it is noted that the New York Times of September 22, 1940 in an article entitled "SCHENCE IN THE NEWS" by WILLIAM A. LAURENCE, Science Editor states that TESLA'devulged to LAURENCE the fact that he had developed a "death ray" or "teleforce" which TESLA claimed would melt airplane motors at a distance of 250 miles, so that actually an invisible Chinese Wall would be built around a country against attack by an enemy air force.

According to the article in the TIMES, this electrical device would operate by the generation of power from a plant, a number of which might be located strategically slong our coast lines and the beam from which would melt any engine within a radius of 250 miles.

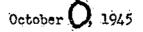
ECROSTREESER stated that during FITZGERALD'S acquaintance with SPANEL, FITZERALD had told SPANEL of his associations with TESLA and had apparently described to SPANEL some of TESLA'S most secret work. BENGSTRESSER believes that SPANEL, who he claims is definitely pro-Russian in attitude, is now attempting through legal procedure to secure custody of TESLA'S effects which are now held by TECLA'S only heir, one SAVA KOSANOVICH, who is presently in Yugoslavia occupying some governmental post.

It will be recalled that in an article published on March 15, 1945, by the KINA FEATURE SYNDICATE THEORPOLATED, WESTEROOK PEGLER, charged SPANEL with spreading pro-computist and pro-Eussian propaganda through his full page advertisement in the newspapers, which SPANEL characterized as being published for the INTERNATIONAL LATEX CONPORATION, as a public service feature. It is also interesting to observe that in the New York Times of October 2, 1945, an article appears which states that SPANEL is suing the KING FEATURE SINDICATE INFORMATED for six million dollars alleging the column by PEGLER to have been lightlows.

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Letter- Director, WE

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DIRÉSTRESSER stated that through FITZGERALD he too had met SPANEL and from this personal acquaintance he formed the opinion that SPANEL was definitely a communist and is probably one of the financial supporters of the Communist Party in this country. DERESTRESSER stated that SPANEL was born in Russia, but is now an American citizen. He also charged that SPANEL exerted tremendous political influence in Washington, D. C.; and said that one of SPANEL'S closest political friends was HENRY WALLACE.

ETRESTRESSER advised that two agents from Army Intelligence contacted and stated that in an investigation to determine the qualifications of FITZCTALD for a commission, they had developed information indicating that SPANEL was definitely endeavoring to secure possession of TESLA'S effects. BERGERFISSER indicated that Army Intelligence was pursuing an investigation along these lines in an attempt to ascertain the complete story in this regard.

For the Eureau's information, ECROSTRESSER was born on July 3, 1912 at Puoblo, Colorado, he is uniarried, and his family resides in Wichita, Kansas. He is a graduate of Northwestern University and until July 1945 had been a employee of the MI, overseas branch, from March 1943 until January 1945. He had been stationed in China, attached to General Stillwell's Headquarters, and was in charge of the physiological Earfare Department of the OWF. BERCOTRECESTR at present is not employed, however, he appears to have ample funds since he travels all over the country and resides in reputable hotels. Just recently he stated that he had driven Coneral Stillwell's car from Kashington to the West Coast as a personal favor to the General's wife. He advised that it is his desire to cooperate with WITZGERALD dn securing legal possession of TESLA'S effects in order that a memorial foundation may be established for the protection of TESLA'S experiments and for the preservation of the inventors memory.

EURGSTRESSER stated that FITZCERALD had interested a group of young Any scientists now working with him at Wright Field in this foundation, and their ultimate goal is to secure the support of a wealthy backer in order that a foundation might be established and that a sort of "idea factory" might result. He said that they intended to contact HENEY FORD, SR., to solicit his aid in this regard.

EURGENESSER related that probably the greatest idea of TESLA'S was that involving the wireless transmission of electrical power. He claimed that TESLA had performed a successful experiment many years ago at Pikes Peak, at which time be harmassed local current from the sun's rays which he built up into a huge potential of electrical energy. EURGENESSER said that according to FITZCEPALD, if this idea could be furthered, all electrical energy to operate the world's machinery might be gotten absolutely free rather than by the costly method with which electrical power is presently generated. He said that his idea was to conduct further experiments along this line in China where the med for electrical power is very great.

Inquiry was made at the MANNATTAN STORAGE WAREHOUSE in New York City, and it was determined that the effects of NIKOLA TESLA are contained in some

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Latter, Pirector, C 65-12290

ober 17, 1945

75 packing coose and trunks and are presently under seal by the New York State Department of Taxation. It was learned that the rental for this storage, which epproximates \$15 per month, is being paid by one CMARLOTTE NUZAR, 134 East 63rd Street, New York, New York, who is listed as the agent for SAVA KOSANOVICE.

Inquiry was also made at the office of the Alien Property Custodian in New York City, concerning an investigation conducted by this office at the time of TELLA'S death, and at which time the latters property was placed under seal by the United States Government. Mr. WALTER CORSUM, Chief Investigator for the Alien Property Custodian, provided a covor latter and a summary of materials owned by TESLA at the time of his death which was exclined by JOIN 9. TEND, of the office of SCIENTIFIC RESPARCH & DUFFLOPH WITT. Mr. CORSUM also stated that his file in this matter reflected that on the night TESLA died his safe was forced open by a representative of the SIGN? & MALKER SAFE COMPANY. It was Mr. CORCUGE'S belief that a Mr. SIGEZEN who is believed to be one of the editors of the POPTLAR STIENCE WAGAZING was present in TESLA'S foon shortly after the safe was opened. These individuals were WI'LIS CONCE, EDMAND PALVER, and JOINE J. CORDETT.

There are enclosed herewith two typewritton copies of the report by Mr. TRUP of the ALIUN FROPURTY CUSTODIAN reflecting the findings of Mr. TRUP, following his examination of TTSLA'S effects. There is also enclosed herewith a photostatic copy of a list of persons associated with NIKOLA TESLA. This latter item was furnished by Mr. DERGETRESSTR.

The above information is furnished for the fureau's information, and no investigation is being conducted by this office.

Very truly yours, R. E. COMEOY, SAC

3 Inclosures

TSEPL-3N2/REH/hle

19 October 1945

TSEEG (TSEFL-3H2)

Pederal Bureau of Investigation. Pederal Court House Building New York, New York Attention: Kr. Hervey Roth

Gentleren:

It is requested that in the interest of National Defense, access be given to the effects of Dr. Nicola Tesla held in Manhattan Warehouse at 57th Street, New York City, New York.

We are desirous of obtaining pertiment information concerning projects under consideration by the Control Equipment Branch of the Equipment Laboratory, Engineering Division, Air Technical Service Command,

It is understood that Dr. Tesla was well versed in the particular field of investigation under study by the Army Air Forces, and it is believed that the data from his estate may assist us further.

Respectfully yours,

L. C. CRAIGIE, Brigadier General, U. S. A. Chief, Engineering Divisio

00.19 1945

Ken York 7, Hen York

October 31, 1945

Very truly yours,

D. E. CONEOY, SAQ

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HER:EU 65-12290

Director, FBI

RE: URKNOTH SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH; Experiments and research of MIKOLA TESLA (deceased) LSPIONAGE - M

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to a letter dated October 17, 1945, captioned as above, which contains a summary of recent information received by this office relative to the effects of NIKOLA TESIA, deceased inventor.

On October 26, 1945, Private BLOYCE FITZOERALD, ASN 36916980, who is mentioned in the reference letter; called in person at the New York office together with Private DAVID H. PRATT, ASN 39293663; Lt. HERDERT O. SCHUTT, and Lt. R.B. KOULE, all of a research development unit at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. These men carried a letter signed by BRIGADIER ORIENAL L.C. CRAIGES, Chief Engineering Division, Wright Field, requesting the assistance of this office in allowing the bearers of the letter access to the effects of MIKOLA TESLA.

It was explained to Private FITZONALD and his associates that this office had no jurisdiction over TESLA's effects, and FITZONALD was referred to the office of the Alien Property Custodian, which made a very thorough investigation of TESLA's belongings following the inventors death.

For the Bureau's information, Private FITZOERAID, and his associates stated that the Aray bolieves TESIA's "Death Ray" to be the only possible defense against the atomic bomb, and they feel that possibly the secret of the "Death Ray" lies along TESIA's effects, which occupy several trunks at the Manhattan Storage Marchouse, New York City. It will be recalled that prior to TESIA's death, FITZGERAID, who is reported to be a brilliant young scientist, was taken by TESIA as his protege.

This office is conducting no investigation on this cattor.

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2 DI AZKY



RE; NICOLAI PESLAP SAVA N. KOSANOVIC TESLA MR. SCHEIDT MR. BELMONT MR. WHELAN MR. COLLIER MR. MARCHESSAULT MR. FAGAN MIGH COUPERVISOR

MR. KING

...MR. WALSH MR. WOHLQHEF CLERKPROPERTY CLERKTRAINING UNIT

March 29th, 1950

On this date Insp. A. Belmont advised that one SAVA N. KOSAMOVIC KM contacted the Burdau and advised that he was formerly Yugoslav Minister in N.Y.C.,NY. He further stated that he was made administrator of the Estated of a relative NICOLAI PESLA who died 1-7-43. Pesla had left all of his technical papers to be given to the institute of Belgrade.

PESIA6s papers were left in the Manhattan Storage Co, and the Manhattan Storage Co. advised him that the F.B.I. had made MICRO- FILMS of all these papers.

KOSANOVIC requested that if the F.B.I. had done so, would it be possible for him to get a copy of same???????

INSP BELHONT advised MR. KOSANOVIC that he doubted very much if the F.B.I. had done this but he could check and find out.

Alter

Insp. BELMONT requests that a check be made on this matter and if this is the case, was anything of value obtained.

requested that he Mr. Belmon be ada UL INFORMATION CONTAINED L DIN IS UNCLASSIFIED ·13.92 _____BXSDIDSKIMV9

Linector, FBI

SAC, Kew York

SAVA N. KOSANDYIC INTERNAL SECURITY-TU (Dufile 65-47953)

Rebulet dated April 3 last.

On April 7, 1950 agents of this office interviewed Kr. J.V. POTTS, Vice President of the Eachattan Warehouse and Storage Company, 52nd Street & 7th Avenue, New York City, and at that time MAL. POTTS advised that the rules of his firm required that all persons gaining access to goods stored by Manhattan first had to fill out an appropriate form setting forth their names, date of visit, and meason for requesting access to the goods.

April 17, 1950

In a review of the file pertaining to the storage of the effects of NIKLA TESLA, M. POTES revealed that only one such visit had been made by persons sutside of the management of Manhattan Storage itself. This one occassion took place on January 26 and 27, 1943, at which time representatives of the Alien Property Custodian made a thorough review of the entire effects of the TESLA estate.

The TESLA effects are stored in roots 5J and 5L of Manhatian Storage's warehouse at 52nd Street & 7th Avenue, New Nork City. MR. MICHAEL KING, who stated he had been Ploor Supervisor for approximately 10 years on the floor in question, stated that he could recall only the one occassion in early 1943 when an examination was made of the TESLA effects. He stated that at that time numerous photographs were taken by the examiners. His description of the equipment used would tend to show that a microfilm reproduction was made of some of the papers of the deceased scientist. II. KING added that several of the group making the examination were U.S. Navy uniforms, and during the two days required to complete the examination the civilian assistants in the group were identified to him only as "FERETAL AUTHORITIES". According to MR. KING, no other instance of microfilming of the records of the TECLA estate has taken place since that time.

It should be noted that the fureau was informed of the examination mentioned above by New York letter (with attachments) dated October 17, 1945, entitled UNENORN SUBJECT; SAVA HOSANCVICH; Experiments & Research of NIKPLA TECIA (December), Espionage-M.

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BP.H: JJC 105-1391

Letter to Direcor, FBI NY 105-1391

MR. POTTS stated that no inquiry had been received by Manhattan from SAVA N. MOSANOVICH, nor had Manhattan informed him, in any way, that an examination of the TESLA effects had been made by anyone. In fact, added LR. POTTS, the only correspondence relating to the TESLA estate has been in the form of bills for storage.

LR. POTTS stated that any personal inquires regarding the estate would of necessity be directed to him, and to date no such inquiries have been made.

Interviewing agents explained to MR. POTTS that the examination made, as mentioned above, was not instigated by the Bureau, nor had the Bureau taken part in that examination.

Unless advised to the contrary, this investigation is being placed in a closed status, and no further investigative action is contemplated by this office. CLOSED.

R BCHEIDT MR. WHELAN MR. STEEN MR. COLLIER MR. GILLESPIE MR. GRANVILLE PIVEL **`SSAÚLT** 553 MR. N N EVISOR JER PARK MR. PING MIL ECLIVAN MP. WALSH MR. WO.L CINER CLERK PROPERTY CLERK TRAINING UNIT

MEMO

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH;

Experiments and Research of NIKOLA (ESLA (deceased) ESPIONAGE - M

New York, N. Y.

2/5/51

At 10:40 A. M., 2/5/51, Mr. Carl Hennrich, Bureau, called relative to the following individuals: -- ABRAHAM SPANEL; RALPH BERGSTRESSER; NIKOLA KESLA.

Mr. Hennrich said NIKOLA KESLA had died some years back; that he had been quite a scientist; and was supposed to have been, prior to his death, working on death rays. After he died there were allegations made that among his papers were material from which a death ray could be developed, as a result of which the Alien Enemy Custodian seized all his documents.

ABRAHAM SPANEL used to be with International Later Corp. During the years, there have been a number of nonspecific complaints received ré SPANEL's alleged CP sympathies. One of these complaints came from RALPH BERGSIRESSER.

RALPH BERGSTRESSER, in 1945, visited the NYO and talked with SA Harvey Rath. Mr. Rath reported this to the Bureau in meno dated 10/17/45 under the title, UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH, EXPERIMENTS AND RESEARCH OF NIKOLA KESLA (Deceased); ESPIONAGE - M. That memo reflects an interview with RALPH BERGSTRESSER in which BERGSTRESSER furnished information regarding SPANEL and also regarding FESLA papers. The inference was SPANEL was trying to get hold of FESLA papers for some sinister purpose. As a result of that contact, NYO contacted the Alien Enemy Custodian and found they had submitted the FESLA papers in 1943 to M.I.T. and a representative of M.I.T. had furnished them with information that they found no information that would be helpful of to an unfriendly nation.

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 WMW:MFB Memo

Now, BERGSTRESSER, the early part of last year, wrote to Senator Joseph McCarthy and the Senator turned his letters over to the Bureau. One of the letters to Senator McCarthy was regarding SPANEL. In that letter he advised McCarthy that he had taken two days in about April, 1945, to explain the entire story to the FBI in New York City. He said they started an investigation against SPANEL and after a few weeks indicated that their hands were tied: that there was nothing the FBI could do as they had been stopped from a higher level. They did not say yes or no in reference to SPANEL; in other words, they would not commit themselves too much. However, they later indicated that apparently my suspicions were true. HARVEY RATH, the FBI agent who I dealt with most, resigned his job and requested that I never discuss this matter with him again; that he had a wife and family to consider. I asked him if there wasn't some hope left and he stated that the "hot hope was." Congress." I have never seen or contacted him again as per his requést.

Mr. Hennrich said Senator McCatthy turned this material over to the Bureau last June or July, but nothing was done about it. The other day Westbrook Pegler was in town and stopped in to see Asst. Dir. L. B. Nichols, at which time he spoke alot about SPANEL. Sometime ago SPANEL sued Pegler for libel and now it appears PEGLER is out to get him. One of Pegler's contacts is BERG-STRESSER. When Mr. Nichols reviewed the Bureau files in this matter, he inquired about the reason why former SA Harvey Rath had not been interviewed in this matter.

Mr. Hennrich requested that former SA Harvey Rath be interviewed and that we find out what he has to say in addition to the information reported by him in NY letter to the Bureau 10/17/45 mentioned above.

WILLIAM M. WHELAN, ASAC

WMW:MFB

New York, N. Y. 2/5/51

MEMO

1. L. L.

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; SAVA KOSANOVICH;

Experiments and Research of NIKOLA KESLA (deceased) ESPIONAGE - M

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WILLIAM H. WHELAN, ASAC

MM:MFB

Director, FBI Att: Inspector Carl Hennrich EAC, Lew York

UNKNOWN EUDJECTS;

SAVA KOBANOVICH;

Experiments and Research of NIKOLA TESLA (Deceased) FOPIOLAGE - H

Reference is made to telephone call from Inspector Carl Echarich, Eureau, to ASAC W. M. Whelan, 2/5/51.

2/8/51

65-1-24

The Europu pointed cut they were in receipt of a letter written by RALPH BENGETHELDER to Senator Joseph McCarthy relative to one AERAMAM OFALEL in which he makes certain allegations about conversations which he had with former SA Enrycy E. Rath. On 2/8/51, Mr. Rath case to this office and furnished the following information:

After reviewing NY letter to Bureau 10/17/45 which had been dictated by RATH, he recalled that on 6/9/45 BENGSTEDSOUR came to the New York Office and furnished some nonspecific information and he again appeared at the New York Office and spoke to Nr. Rath 9/27/45. All of the information furnished by DENGSTRESOUR was reported in the above referenced letter. These are the only two visits Mr. Eath recalls DENGSTRESOUR ever having made to this office.

For the Eureau's information, a search of NY files reflect EINGOTHEOSER came to this office on another matter and furnished a complaint 8/10/42, which matter has no relation whatsoever to the above captioned matter. It should be pointed out also that the information furnished by EINGSTREOSER in 1942 was also of a nonspecific nature. This information was set forth in report of SA John T. Kurphy, NY, 10/22/43, in the case entitled JOSEPH THEODORE WALLECK, was., ESP. G.

Mr. Rath recalls that he left the Eureau in May, 1945, to enter private industry; that sometime after his resignation EUROTHEON contacted him telephonically at his place of business. Eq could offer no explanation as to how EUROSTRECOM knew where he was employed. EUROSTRECOM SER, at that time, asked him if the FBI was doing anything about the natter he had proviously reported and Kr. Each recalls having told him that that was something about which he could offer no information since he had officially resigned his connection with that agency. Fr. Rath remembers specifically informing EUROSTRECOM that, if He had any further information to provide, he should take same to the New York Office where someone fully qualified would be cognizant of all facts previously furnished. Mr. Rath has not heard from EUROSTRECOM since that phone call. He has

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stated

further that just after he left the Eureau, he received calls from several persons, particularly confidential sources he had developed, with whom he had left his home phone to make inquiries of him or to give him information and he, in all instances, made it a practice to refer them to the New York Office just as he did BERGEMESSER.

The files of the New York Office definitely indicate that BERGETRESSER did not furnish any information to this office in April, 1945, as he has alleged, but that he came to this office on two separate occasions, namely 6/9/45 and 9/27/45.

With regard to BERGSTRESSET's allegation that the FBI started an investigation against SPANEL and after a few weeks indicated their hands were tied, the Bureau is advised that there is no record in this office of our ever starting an investigation of SPANEL and, as a matter of fact SPANEL resides in Délavare and such an investigation would not be undertaken by this office. RATH advised that he at no time advised BERGSTRESSER that the Eureau was undertaking any investigation of SPANEL and neither did he ever indicate that the Eureau was not investigating him because its hands were tied. He never indicated to BERGSTRESSER that his (EERGSTRESSER'S) suspicions relative to SPANEL were either true or false.

Relative to BERGSTRESSER's knowledge that RATH was mirried and had a family, Mr. Rath advised this knowledge may have been given to EERGSTRESSER in the following way. The interviews between RATH and DERGSTRESSER had been friendly. When BERGSTRESSER called RATH after he had left the Eureau, sometime in 1946, RATH believes BERG-STRESSER asked him why he left the Eureau and RATH says he may have replied that he had a wife and family and had recently purchased a home in New Jersey and found the needs of FBI service to travel around difficult for him under the circumstances. Mr. Rath said he definitely did not ask EERGSTRESSER not to call him or ever discuss this matter with him because he had a wife and family. He did request BERGSTRESSER not to call him in this matter any more since he was no longer connected with the FBI and such matters should be discussed with a representative of that organization.

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Mr. Rath Further states that he did not discuss the merits of this case in any way during his last telephone conversation with BERGERRESSER and, hence, he is positive that he never made any statement that there was no hope left or that, "the last hope was Congress".

Since the one phone call referred to above Fr. Eath has had no contact whatsoever with BENGSINESSER and he has never heard anything from him or about him. DIRECTON, FDI

SAC, NEW YORK (65-12290)

NIKOLA TISLA (Deceased) IS -YU

PETER SAVO, 132 West 73th Street, New York 24, New York, a United States citizen of Yugoslav extraction, who on occasion, voluntarily furnishes the New York Office with information he considers to be in the interests of the security of the United States Government, furnished Special Agent NICHOLAS J.MASTROVICH the following information on July 3, 1957:

7/25/57

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SAVO stated that a certain woman named Mrs. MARGARET STOLY who lives with her husband, JUN, at the Colonial Kotol, 51 West Slat Street, New York 24, New York, has been issuing newsletters which contain information pertaining to flying caucers and interplanetary ratters.

SAVO ptated that in his opinion Mr. and Mrs. STOIM are exploiting the reputation and genius of MIKOLA TESLA, deceased, inventor of Yugoslav extraction who alleved usrld wide fame as a result of his inventions in the United States.

TESLA was born in Smiljan, Yuppolavia in July, 1859 and come to the United States in 1894 and became a naturalized United States citizen. In 1836 TESLA designed the arc-lighting system and two years later he invented the Teals motor and designed a plan for the transmission of alternating current. In subsequent years, TESLA's discoveries and inventions included such fields and appliances as viroless communication, electrical oscillation, radiant power and radio active matter. After 1900, communicationa and wireless power transmission occupied most of his recearch.

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TESLA's only military invention was a method to which he once eluded but near fully described. This invention was a means whereby an imperietrable "wall of force" can be orceted around the United States' borders which would render helpless any military attack. TESLA disclosed the existence of his plan in 1934 and stated he intended to present it to the Geneva Conference but seldom referred to it afterward.

The "New York Tires" dated 9/22/40, carried an article setting forth NICOLA TESLA's plan for a "Death Ray", This article included information to 2the effect that TESLA, on his 84th birthday, July 10, 1940, advised New York Times reporter WILLIAM A. LAWRENCE that he was ready to divulge to the United States Government the secret of his "teleforce", with which he caid airplane notors yould be melted at a distance of 250 miles so that an invisible Chinese wall of defense would be built around the country against any attempted attack by an energy airforce no matter how large. According to TESLA, this "toleforce" was baced on an entirely new principle of Physics that "no one has ever dreamed about" and was different from the principle embodied in his inventions relating to the transmission of electrical power from a distance, for which he received a number of basic patents,

TESLA stated that this new type of force would offerate through a beam one hundredth millionth of a square r centimeter in diameter and could be generated from a special plant that yould cost no more than two million dollars and would take only about three nonths to costruct. TISLA stated that a dren such plants located at strategic points along the coast, according to TISLA, yould be enough to defend the United States against all possible aerial attacks. TISLA stated that this beam would melt any engine and would also ignite explosives aboard any bomber. TESLA stated that no possible defence against it could be devised and he asserted that the beam would be all penetrating.

- 2 -

NY 65-12290

TESLA stated to Mr. LANAENCE that he makes one important stipulation before he would divulge this secret to the United States Government and that was that should the United States Government decide to take up his offer, he would go to work at once but that the United States Government would have to trust him. TESLA stated that he would suffer "he interference from experts."

In this "Non York Times" article Mr. LAWRENCE temented that with conditions as they here in 1940, and with the United States getting ready to spend millions of dollars for National Defense, Mr. TESLA's creat reputation as an inventor, who always was many years ahead of his time, should be given careful consideration. Mr. IAUMENCE stated, in his opinion, the United States Covernment should take Mr. TESLA at his word and commission him to go ahead with the construction of his "teleforce" plant.

The New York file of Mr. TESLA beard no indication that any additional developments were carried on in connection with TESA's invontion and whether or not TESLA fully divulged his new plan to the United States Covernment,

TESLA died at the age of 85 on January 7, 1943.

Ir. SAVO provided a two page copy of the above mentioned novaletter which Mr. and Mrs. STOAN have been distributing in connection with the alloged invention by TESLA, which, according to Mr. and Krs. STOEM, consists of a radio type machine known as the Tesla Set which was invented by Mr. TESLA in 1938 for interplanetary comminication. Mr. and Hrs. STOTH thain that TESLA's engineers did not complete the Tesla Set until after TESLA's death in 1943. Mr. and Mrs. STORM clain that this Set was placed in operation in 1950 and since that time TESLA engineers have been in close touch with space ships. etc.

NY 65-12290

The notaletter furnished by fir. SAVO included the following names:

> MARGAINE STONI JOHN SAOAL GEORGE VAN TUSSEL, Yusen Valley, California DAN FINY GEORGE KING, London, England

The files of the New Yerk Office contained no pertiment information regarding any of the above mentioned individuals.

The photostatle copies of this negaletter are being sent to the Lureau for purposes of information while one copy is being submitted to the Los Angeles Office for information purposes.