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You will find this transcript helpful if:

- 1. You are a visual learner.
- 2. Learning to read Chinese is just as important to you as learning to speak it.
- 3. You don't want to rely on pinyin.
- 4. You prefer a syllable-for-syllable transcript of what you're hearing.

This transcript includes the English narrator (12pt Times New Roman) and all of the spoken Chinese in simplified text (18pt Sim-Sun). I used 18 point for the Chinese text because as a beginner I often had difficulty distinguishing different characters apart.

If you're smart and print out the pages double-sided, you'll notice that the page numbers and lesson numbers are printed on the bottom outside corners and times for the lessons are in 3-minute intervals on the outside margin next to the corresponding line of dialogue.

Enjoy!

LESSON NINE

This is unit nine of Pimsleur's Mandarin Two. 请听着们的对话。

- A: 你好。
- B: Ling Hui Lan, 你好。对不起,你星期五做什么?
- A: 我不知道。
- B: 星期五你想跟我一起吃看电影吗?
- A: 对不起,我得工作。星期六怎么样?
- A: 我星期六得去上海。
- B: 你要在上海呆多久?
- A: 呆到星期一。

在听一次。

- A: 你好。
- B: Ling Hui Lan, 你好。对不起,你星期五做什么?
- A: 我不知道。
- B: 星期五你想跟我一起吃看电影吗?
- A: 对不起,我得工作。星期六怎么样?
- A: 我星期六得去上海。
- B: 你要在上海呆多久?
- A: 呆到星期一。

Let's go drink something, ok? <u>怎么问</u>?

去喝一点儿东西,好吗?

请说, Let's eat lunch, ok?

去午饭,好吗?

去午饭。

And how would you say, Let's eat, ok?

吃饭,好吗?

吃饭。

Do you remember how to say, *letter*?

信

信

请说, A letter for you Bill. Literally, Your letter Bill.

你的信 Bill.

你的信 Bill.

现在请说, There's a letter for you.

有你的信。

It's from America or It came from America. 怎么说?

是从美国来的。

从

是从美国来的。

Who sent it? <u>怎么问</u>?

是谁写来的?

是谁写来的?

How does she tell you that it's from Mr. Carter?

是 Carter 先生写来的。

<u>再说一次</u>, It's from America.

是从美国来的。

In the letter, you learn that the Carters are coming to visit you. *Mr. and Mrs. Carter*, 怎么说?

Carter 先生和太太。

请问, When are Mr. and Mrs. Carter arriving in China?

Carter 先生和太太什么时候到中国?

他们什么时候到?

式式说, They're arriving on Monday.

他们星期一到。

他们星期一到。

They have been living in America, <u>怎么说</u>?

他们在美国住了。

For a very long time.

很长的时间了。

很长的时间了。

现在式式说, Before that, they lived in Beijing.

在那以前,他们住在北京。

在那以前,他们住在北京。

Movie, 怎么说?

电影

请问, Would you like to go to see a movie together?

你想一起去看电影吗?

式式问, When? Tuesday?

什么时候?星期二吗?

星期二吗?

现在式式说, Saturday.

星期六

六

星期六

请问, How about Saturday?

星期六,怎么样?

6:00 How does she say, Saturday, I'm going to Chengde?

星期六, 我要去承德。

星期六

<u>式式说</u>, Then how about Friday?

那么,星期五怎么样?

怎么样?

<u>请问</u>, Friday, would you like to go see a movie together?

星期五,你想一起去看电影吗?

你想一起去看电影吗?

How are we going? <u>怎么问</u>?

我们怎么去?

To go by taxi, 怎么说? Say literally, by taxi, to go.

打的去。

打的去。

Let's go by taxi, ok?

打的去,好吗?

When does the movie begin? Begin, 请跟着说。

开始

开始

The tones are high-level—开—and falling-rising—始。<u>请说</u>, *begin*.

开始

--电影什么时候开始?

请问, When does the movie begin?

电影什么时候开始?

式式说, Ten minutes past eight.

八点十分。

八点十分。

请说, Now it's ten minutes to eight.

现在八点差十分。

八点差十分。

Twenty to eight.

八点差二十。

八点差二十。

现在请问, Until when?

到什么时候?

回答, Until ten o'clock more or less.

到十点钟左右。

左右

<u>在说一次</u>, Let's take a taxi, ok?

打的 去好吗?

If you don't mind.

如果你不介意.

如果你不介意.

式式问, How about having dinner together? Be careful of the word order.

一起吃晚饭,怎么样?

一起吃晚饭,怎么样?

现在请问, Later, how about having dinner together?

过一会儿,一起吃午饭,怎么样?

Ten o'clock is too late.

十点钟太晚了。

太晚了

请说, Then, before seeing the movie, let's eat, ok?

那么,看电影一起吃饭,好吗?

那么,看电影一起吃饭,好吗?

While in China, you may have a chance to see a Beijing Opera. Here's how to say, *Beijing Opera*. 请跟着说。

京剧

剧

剧

京

京剧

The tones are high-level and falling. 请说, Beijing Opera.

京剧

京剧

<u>请说</u>, I'd like to go see a Beijing Opera.

12:00 我想去看京剧。

现在请说, Along with a friend.

跟一个朋友一起。

Did you say, with one friend? Now say again, I'd like to go see a Beijing Opera.

You don't need 一个 with 京剧。

我想去看京剧。

京剧

现在式式说, Let's go together, ok?

一起去,好吗?

<u>请说</u>, Saturday.

星期六

现在请问, Would you like to go to see a movie?

你想去看电影吗?

I like Beijing Opera. <u>怎么说</u>?

我喜欢京剧。

我喜欢京剧。

I like to travel. 请跟着说。

我喜欢旅行。

旅行

行

旅

旅行

旅行

Using falling-rising—旅—and rising tones—行—say, to travel.

旅行

I often travel. <u>怎么说</u>?

我常常旅行。

常常

Ask the woman if she often travels.

你常常旅行吗?

回答, Not often.

不常常。

I don't often travel. <u>怎么说</u>?

我不常常旅行。

What are you saying literally? Literally, *I not often travel*, meaning that you do travel, just not often. <u>再说一次</u>。

我不常常旅行。

Because it's too expensive.

应为太贵了。

应为太贵了。

再说一次, I don't often travel.

我不长长旅行。

现在请说, But I often go to see Beijing Opera.

可是我常常去看京剧。

我常常去看京剧。

请说, I too like Beijing Opera.

我也喜欢京剧。

式式说, Saturday there is a very good Beijing Opera.

星期六有很好的京剧。

很好的京剧

Remember it's the 的 which connects *very good* and *Beijing Opera*. 再说一次。 星期六有很好的京剧。

Remembering the word order, try to ask, When does the Beijing Opera begin?

京剧什么时候开始?

When does it begin? <u>怎么问</u>?

什么时候开始?

现在请问, When does the movie begin?

电影什么时候旅行?

电影

式式说, It begins at 8 o'clock p.m. or literally, in the evening, 8 o'clock it begins.

晚上八点开始。

晚上八点

晚上八点开始。

式式说, Seven in the evening.

晚上七点

18:00 晚上七点

请问, Friday, do you have time?

星期五,你有时间吗?

星期五

If you don't mind.

如果你不介意

如果你不介意

Would you like to go see a Beijing Opera?

你想去看京剧吗?

你想去看京剧吗?

When does it begin?

什么时候开始?

什么时候开始?

式式说, At seven fifteen in the evening it begins.

晚上七点十五开始。

晚上七点十五

晚上七点十五开始。

Until when? <u>怎么问</u>?

到什么时候?

到什么时候?

Until nine o'clock, more or less.

到九点钟, 左右。

到九点钟, 左右。

式式说, Before seeing the Beijing Opera

看京剧以前,

以前

Before seeing the Beijing Opera, let's eat dinner together, ok?

看京剧以前,一起吃晚饭,好吗?

看京剧以前,一起吃晚饭,好吗?

以前

一起

式式说, After having seen or after seeing.

看了以后

看了

-- 看了京剧以后

请说, After seeing the Beijing Opera

看了京剧以后

看了京剧以后

After seeing the movie

看了电影以后

电影

现在请说, Before seeing the movie

看电影以前

Before seeing the Beijing Opera

看京剧以前

看京剧以前

请说, After seeing the Beijing Opera

看了京剧以后

After seeing the Beijing Opera, let's go eat something, ok?

看了京剧以后,吃一点儿东西,好吗?

How does she say, *I like wine*?

我喜欢葡萄酒。

我喜欢葡萄酒。

Saturday, you're going to go to Chengde, correct? <u>怎么说</u>?

星期六, 你要去承德, 对吧?

对吧?

星期六, 你要去承德, 对吧?

Listen to his answer.

--不。我星期一或者星期二去。

--不。

不,我星期一或者星其二去。

不,我星期一或者星其二去。

24:00 请问, Do you often travel?

你常常旅行吗?

旅行

回答, Not often, meaning, no.

不常常。

不常常。

<u>请说</u>, I don't often travel.

我不常常旅行。

旅行 almost always applies to a trip taken for personal reasons. Here's how to say *a business trip*. 请跟着说。

出差

差

#

出差

There are two high-level tones. <u>再说一次</u>。

出差

出差

请说, I often take business trips.

我常常出差。

Do you like taking business trips?

你喜欢出差吗?

你喜欢出差吗?

回答, No, I don't like it.

不喜欢,我不喜欢。

不喜欢。

现在请问, Do you like your work?

你喜欢你的工作吗?

回答, Yes, but I don't like to take business trips.

喜欢,可是我不喜欢出差。

我不喜欢出差。

Imagine you've been invited to a Beijing Opera. Ask when it begins.

什么时候开始。

京剧什么时候开始。

京剧什么时候开始。

式式说, At six twenty it begins.

六点二十开始。

六点二十开始。

<u>请说</u>, Before seeing the Beijing Opera

看京剧以前

看京剧以前

Before seeing the Beijing Opera would you like to eat something?

看京剧以前你想吃一点儿东西吗?

看京剧以前你想吃一点儿东西吗?

--想。

式式问, After seeing the Beijing Opera, let's go drink something, ok?

看了京剧以后,去喝一点儿东西,好吗?

去喝一点儿东西

看了京剧以后

看了京剧以后,去喝一点儿东西,好吗?

请说, I'm sorry.

对不起。

对不起。

式式说, Tomorrow morning, I have to go to Shanghai--上海。

明天早上, 我得去上海。

上海

明天早上, 我得去上海。

Do you like to travel?

你喜欢旅行吗?

你喜欢旅行吗?

Now your friend says, You often travel, correct?

你常常旅行,对吧?

How would you tell her, I often take business trips?

我常常出差。

我常常出差。

This is the end of unit nine.