**THOMAS BRADEN**

**CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY DIRECTOR FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE**

**FUNDING FOUNDING US MEMBER OF**

**BILDERBERGER GROUP**

**CIA FRONT ORGANIZATION**

**October 10, 2017**

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden>

***[ Ed Note: As a family member of Tom Braden and Fred Bock, PhD I have been since the 1950s been able to learn about the coordination of global policy and medical research and development in relation to cancer and addiction medicine. Having studied psychoanalysis at U of Cincinnati, and having been Board Certified in Addiction Medicine by American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology the close ties to the Rockefeller family, the Kennedy family and the policy of the government in CIA I have retained communication with high up members of this group which I identify as SOURCE for verification and vetting the “data” on internet and with their redaction allow for general circulation.***

***Arden Gifford, MD, AA HOW***

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        **AS CIA FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE DIRECTOR THOMAS BRADEN  WAS IN CHARGE OF OPERATION PAPERCLIP TO BRING OVER TOP SCIENTIFIC / POLITICAL PERSONS**

        **VON BRAUN TO BEING ICBM DEVELOPMENT,**

        **RHEINHARD GEHLEN COMANDANT OF HEINRICH HIMMER FOR AUSCHWITZ AND OTHER WORK CAMPS,**

        **KLAUS  BARBI WHO INSTITUTED THE RVN NORTH/POIDEXTER OPERATION PHOENIX FOR COCAINE IN PERU , BOLIVIA COLUMBIA.**

        **MOVING ALL SS/SA GERMAN RECORDS OF THIRD REICH TO WASHINGTON DC**

        **GERMAN CAMPS CLINICAL TRIALS AND RESULTS OF ZYKLON B CYANIDE TO US AND INCLUDED AS**

        **CIA COVERT GENOCIDAL POPULATION CONTROL**

        **BLACK OPERATION  EISENHOWER TOBACCO GENOCIDE OPERATIONS,**

        **LIFE LONG FRIEND OF NELSON ROCKEFELLER,**

        **SETTING THE AGENDA FOR BILDERBERGERS FOR EISENHOWER TOBACCO GENOCIDE**

        **ORGANIZING ROSWELL PARKE ORCHID PARK RESEARCH ON TOXIC ADDICTIVE PROPERTIES OF TOBACCO AND TOBACCO WARNING LABEL, PURCHASE WITH AMERICAN TOBACCO TRUST 90% MONOPOLY OF TOBACCO OF**

        **DITCHLEY CASTLE BILDERBERGER HOME OFFICE,**

        **STARTING AND FUNDING BILDERBERGER WITH CIA FUNDS THE GENOME PROGRAM AND WATSON CRICK,**

        **SETTING AGENDA FOR POLONIUM 210 AND ZYKLON B CYANIDE TO LACE IN LOW DOES FOR DEATH OF ADDICTION NICOTINE AND**

        **KILLING 48 MILLION PEOPLE OF 52 MILLION TOBACCO USERS TO DEATH “NATURAL CAUSES” BEFORE AGE 65 SAVING $1.8 TRILLION IN ENTITLEMENTS,**

        **SETTING THE STAGE FOR MASSIVE CANCER GROWTH FROM RARE DISEASE TO A MULTIBILLION DOLLAR CHIEF MEDICAL PROGRAM,**

        **FATHER OF 8 CHILDREN**

        **FRIENDS OF JFK, KISSINGER, THE ROCKEFELLER FAMILY DAVID AND NELSON, MEMBER OF COUNCIL ON FOREIGN RELATIONS AND BOHEMIAN GROVE,  AUTHOR OF 8 IS ENOUGH AND TV HOST OF CROSS FIRE DISCUSSION POLITICAL DEBATE.**

**Tom Braden was my uncle and with Cold Springs Harbor Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (CSHL) is a private, non-profit institution with research programs focusing on cancer, neuroscience, plant genetics, genomics, and quantitative biology.[2**

**It is one of 68 institutions supported by the Cancer Centers Program of the U.S. National Cancer Institute (NCI) and has been an NCI-designated Cancer Center since 1987.[3] The Laboratory is one of a handful of institutions that played a central role in the development of molecular genetics and molecular biology.[4]**

**It has been home to eight scientists who have been awarded the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. CSHL is ranked among the leading basic research institutions in the world in molecular biology and genetics.[5] The Laboratory is led by Bruce Stillman, a biochemist and cancer researcher.**

**Since its inception in 1890, the institution's campus on the North Shore of Long Island has also been a center of biology education. Current CSHL educational programs serve professional scientists, doctoral students in biology, teachers of biology in the K-12 system, and students from the elementary grades through high school. In the past 10 years CSHL conferences & courses have drawn over 81,000 scientists and students to the main campus.[6] For this reason, many scientists consider CSHL a "crossroads of biological science."[7] Since 2009 CSHL has partnered with the Suzhou Industrial Park in Suzhou, China to create Cold Spring Harbor Asia which annually draws some 3,000 scientists to its meetings and courses.[8]**

**In 2015, CSHL announced a strategic affiliation with the nearby Northwell Health to advance cancer therapeutics research, develop a new clinical cancer research unit at Northwell Health in Lake Success, NY, to support early-phase clinical studies of new cancer therapies, and recruit and train more clinician-scientists in oncology.[9] for sterilization of mental patients, appointing my Cousin Fred Bock, PhD for tobacco research team Roswell Park Cancer Hospital Orchid Research Group of which I was a part of team to analyze tobacco toxicity and suggest informed consent to public with Warning Label as it was prohibited from FDA approval for commercial consumption.**

**Intelligence service in OSS and CIA[[edit](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Thomas_Braden&action=edit&section=1" \o "Edit section: Intelligence service in OSS and CIA)]**

**After graduating from**[**Dartmouth College**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dartmouth_College)**in 1940, Braden enlisted in the**[**British Army**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/British_Army)**, while the U.S. was still neutral in**[**World War II**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/World_War_II)**, and saw combat in Africa. When the United States entered the war, he was recruited by the U.S.**[**Office of Strategic Services**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Office_of_Strategic_Services)**(OSS), the World War II predecessor to the**[**Central Intelligence Agency**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_Intelligence_Agency)**(CIA) and parachuted behind enemy lines into**[**Nazi-occupied France**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nazi-occupied_France)**. At the end of the war, with the encouragement of OSS director**[**William "Wild Bill" Donovan**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/William_%22Wild_Bill%22_Donovan)**, who thought of Braden as a protégé, he and his OSS paratrooper compatriot**[**Stewart Alsop**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stewart_Alsop)**wrote a journalistic book about the OSS, just as it was being dissolved by**[**Harry Truman**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Harry_Truman)**, two years before the creation of the CIA.**[**[6]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-6)

**After the war, Braden taught English for a time at Dartmouth (where he met**[**Robert Frost**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert_Frost)**), then moved to Washington, D.C., becoming part of a group of well-connected former OSS men, some of whom were journalists such the Alsop brothers, known as the**[**Georgetown Set**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard_M._Bissell%2C_Jr.#Georgetown_Set)**.**

**In 1950, at the start of the**[**Korean War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Korean_War)**, Braden joined the CIA and in 1950 became head of the**[**International Organizations Division**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/International_Organizations_Division)**(IOD) of CIA's**[**Office of Policy Coordination**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Office_of_Policy_Coordination)**, the "covert action" arm of agency secret operations, working closely with**[**Allen Dulles**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Allen_Dulles)**and**[**Frank Wisner**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frank_Wisner)**. Believing that the cultural milieu of postwar Europe at the time was favorable toward left-wing views, and understanding that**[**The Establishment**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Establishment)**of Western Allies was rigidly conservative and nationalistic as well as determined to maintain its colonial dominions, it was estimated that American supremacy would be best served by supporting the Democratic left. Thus the program was begun by which more moderate and especially anti-Soviet leftists would be supported, thereby helping to purge the social democratic left of Soviet sympathizers.**

**Consequently, Braden's efforts were guided toward promoting anti-Soviet**[**left-wing**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Left-wing)**elements in groups such as the**[**AFL-CIO**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AFL-CIO)**. Eventually, despite heavy resistance from British and French allies, the CIA made the leap toward recruiting disaffected anti-Soviet ex-communists, especially in the international labor unions. Thus, from 1951 to 1954, the CIA provided $1 million a year, through Braden, to**[**Irving Brown**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Irving_Brown)**, a moderate Labor leader, and eventually recruited as a CIA officer**[**Jay Lovestone**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jay_Lovestone)**, a noted former communist follower of**[**Nikolai Bukharin**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nikolai_Bukharin)**(who had been executed by Stalin in 1938),**[**[7]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-7)**helping him financially to run his network with $1.6 million in 1954 (equivalent to approximately $14,269,145 in 2016 dollars**[**[8]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-inflation-US-8)**).**[**[9]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-9)

**Braden was reported to be an integral part in**[**Operation Mockingbird**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operation_Mockingbird)**, the CIA's effort in the 1950s to build anti-communist sentiment domestically and internationally.**[**[10]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-The_Saturday_Evening_Post.3B_December_29.2C_2016-10)**After**[***Ramparts***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ramparts_%28magazine%29)**, the flagship publication of the New Left, broke the story of this program in a 1967 article that exposed CIA involvement in groups like the**[**National Student Association**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/National_Student_Association)**[**[***citation needed***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wikipedia%3ACitation_needed)**], Braden defended the agency's covert work in the student and labor movements with an article titled "I'm glad the CIA is 'immoral'" in**[***The Saturday Evening Post***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Saturday_Evening_Post)**.**[**[11]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-11)

**Politics, government, and journalism[[edit](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Thomas_Braden&action=edit&section=2" \o "Edit section: Politics, government, and journalism)]**

**Braden left the CIA in November 1954 and became owner of the**[**Oceanside, California**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Oceanside%2C_California)**, newspaper *The Blade-Tribune*, which he bought with a loan from his friend**[**Nelson Rockefeller**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nelson_Rockefeller)**.**[**[12]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-Joan-12)**Active in California Democratic politics, he served as president of the**[**California State Board of Education**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/California_State_Board_of_Education)**during the 1960s, and had a running battle with conservative Republican state**[**superintendent of public instruction**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Superintendent_of_Public_Instruction)[**Max Rafferty**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Max_Rafferty)**.**[**[13]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-13)

**Braden himself ran for office only once, mounting an unsuccessful primary challenge in 1966 (with the campaign theme "Guts") to incumbent Democratic lieutenant governor**[**Glenn Anderson**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Glenn_M._Anderson)**.**

**After the assassination in Los Angeles of his friend**[**Robert F. Kennedy**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert_F._Kennedy)**during the 1968 presidential campaign, Braden returned to Washington and became a popular newspaper columnist in partnership with Kennedy's press secretary,**[**Frank Mankiewicz**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Frank_Mankiewicz)**. He also became a prominent political commentator on radio and television.**

**Although the Nixon White House initially included him on a list of friendly journalists,[[14]](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden%22%20%5Cl%20%22cite_note-14) his work eventually landed him on the**[**master list of Nixon political opponents**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Master_list_of_Nixon_political_opponents)**.**

**Personal life[[edit](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Thomas_Braden&action=edit&section=3" \o "Edit section: Personal life)]**

**In 1975 Braden published the autobiographical book**[***Eight is Enough***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eight_is_Enough)**, which inspired an**[**ABC**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/American_Broadcasting_Company)**television series of the same name with**[**Dick Van Patten**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dick_Van_Patten)**in the role of Tom Bradford, the name of Braden's character in the series. The book focused on his life as the father of eight children and also touched on his political connections as a columnist and ex-CIA operative and as husband to a sometime State Department employee and companion of the**[**Kennedy family**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kennedy_family)**,**[**Joan Ridley Braden**](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Joan_Ridley_Braden&action=edit&redlink=1)**.**

**Witty and charming, Joan Braden was a popular Washington hostess who also held a number of low-profile political and government positions.**[**[15]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-15)**During John F. Kennedy's 1960 presidential campaign, she reportedly ghosted a weekly newspaper column, "Campaign Wife", for Jacqueline Kennedy, who could not understand the respect of her husband and brother-in-law, Robert F. Kennedy, for Braden's opinions.**[**[16]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-16)**Later, Joan Braden worked as coordinator of consumer affairs in the State Department, a position created for her in 1976 while her friend**[**Henry Kissinger**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Henry_Kissinger)**was secretary of state.**[**[17]**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_note-17)**Among her other close friends were former ambassador**[**Averell Harriman**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Averell_Harriman)**and CIA Director**[**Richard Helms**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard_Helms)**.**

**After replacing Mankiewicz as the "voice from the left" on the syndicated radio show *Confrontation*, Tom Braden co-hosted the *Buchanan–Braden Program*, a three-hour radio show with former Nixon aide**[**Pat Buchanan**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pat_Buchanan)**from 1978 to 1984. He and Buchanan also hosted the**[**CNN**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/CNN)**program**[***Crossfire***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crossfire_%28TV_series%29)**at the show's inception in 1982, with Braden interviewing guests and debating Buchanan and**[**Robert Novak**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robert_Novak)**. Braden left**[***Crossfire***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crossfire_%28TV_series%29)**in 1989.**

**References[[edit](https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Thomas_Braden&action=edit&section=5" \o "Edit section: References)]**

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**2.**  **^**[**Jump up to:*a***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-Tracking_2-0)[***b***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-Tracking_2-1)[***c***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-Tracking_2-2)[***d***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-Tracking_2-3)[***e***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-Tracking_2-4)[***"Tom Braden"***](http://www.nndb.com/people/649/000203040/)***. NNDB tracking the entire World. Retrieved June 18, 2017.***

**3.**  **^**[**Jump up to:*a***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-LATObit_3-0)[***b***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-LATObit_3-1)***Woo, Elaine (April 4, 2009).***[***"Tom Braden dies at 92; former CIA operative became columnist and talk show co-host"***](http://www.latimes.com/news/obituaries/la-me-thomas-braden4-2009apr04%2C0%2C6736553.story)***.***[***Los Angeles Times***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Los_Angeles_Times)***. Retrieved April 4, 2009.***

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**5.**  [**Jump up^**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-5)[***"Tom Braden, author and co-host for 'Crossfire,' dies at 92"***](http://www.twincities.com/national/ci_12074146?source=rss)***.***[***St. Paul Pioneer Press***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/St._Paul_Pioneer_Press)***. April 4, 2009. Retrieved April 4, 2009.***

**6.**  [**Jump up^**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-6)**Stewart Alsop and Thomas Braden. *Sub Rosa; the OSS and American Espionage* (NY, 1946); with the aid of historian Richard Harris Smith, Braden later wrote a retrospect,"The Birth of the CIA," *American Heritage* (28, no. 2, 1977)**

**7.**  [**Jump up^**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-7)[***"Under the Beds of the Reds"***](https://www.nytimes.com/books/99/03/28/reviews/990328.28bermant.html)***.***[***Berman***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Berman)***. March 28, 1999.***

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**14.**          [**Jump up^**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-14)***Louis Liebovich.***[***Richard Nixon, Watergate, and the press***](https://books.google.com/books?id=0zIizbbHQTgC&pg=PA10)***. Retrieved April 7, 2009.***

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**16.**          [**Jump up^**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-16)[***"Grace and Power, the Private World of the Kennedy White House by Sally Bedell Smith, Random House, Inc., 2006, ISBN 0-345-48497-5, ISBN 978-0-345-48497-0, p.292"***](https://books.google.com/books?id=WadHqdafwqEC&pg=PA292)***.***[***Sally Bedell Smith***](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sally_Bedell_Smith)***. 2006.***

**17.**          [**Jump up^**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thomas_Braden#cite_ref-17)[***"Joan Braden and Thomas Braden, Oral History Interview, Kennedy Presidential Library, 1969"***](http://www.jfklibrary.org/NR/rdonlyres/41CEFAAC-F3FA-40A5-AE95-79C1B60DC566/47705/BradenJoanandThomas_oralhistory.pdf)