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## *About the author*

Sophocles (496 BC - 406 BC), was an Athenian dramatist and politician. He is known as the second of the three great Greek tragedians, preceded by Aeschylus and followed by Euripides.

He distinguished himself at an early age: At the Athenian celebration of the victory at Salamis (480 BC), the 16-year-old Sophocles was the leader of the chorus of dancing and singing naked boys.



A long line of scholars, beginning with Aristotle, considered Sophocles to be the greatest playwright among the ancients. He also won the Festival of Dionysus, an ancient dramatic festival, more times than any other. Records indicate that none of his plays earned anything lower than second place.



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# *The Oedipus Trilogy.*

Translated by F. Storr

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## *1.*

### *OEDIPUS THE KING*

#### *Argument.*

To Laius, King of Thebes, an oracle foretold that the child born to him by his queen Jocasta would slay his father and wed his mother. So when in time a son was born the infant's feet were riveted together and he was left to die on Mount Cithaeron. But a shepherd found the babe and tended him, and delivered him to another shepherd who took him to his master, the King of Corinth. Polybus being childless adopted the boy, who grew up believing that he was indeed the King's son. Afterwards doubting his parentage he inquired of the Delphic god and heard himself the weird declared before to Laius. Wherefore he fled from what he deemed his father's house and in his flight he encountered and unwillingly slew his father Laius. Arriving at Thebes he answered the riddle of the Sphinx and the grateful Thebans made their deliverer king. So he reigned in the room of Laius, and espoused the widowed queen. Children were born to them and Thebes prospered under his rule, but again a grievous plague fell upon the city. Again the oracle was consulted and it bade them purge themselves of blood-guiltiness.

Oedipus denounces the crime of which he is unaware, and undertakes to track out the criminal. Step by step it is brought home to him that he is the man. The closing scene reveals Jocasta slain by her own hand and Oedipus blinded by his own act and praying for death or exile.

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#### DRAMATIS PERSONAE

Oedipus.

The Priest of Zeus.

Creon.

Chorus of Theban Elders.

Teiresias.

Jocasta.

Messenger.

Herd of Laius.

Second Messenger.

Scene: Thebes. Before the Palace of Oedipus.

Suppliants of all ages are seated round the altar at the palace doors, at their head a PRIEST OF ZEUS. To them enter OEDIPUS.

#### OEDIPUS

My children, latest born to Cadmus old,  
 Why sit ye here as suppliants, in your hands  
 Branches of olive filleted with wool?  
 What means this reek of incense everywhere,  
 And everywhere laments and litanies?  
 Children, it were not meet that I should learn  
 From others, and am hither come, myself,  
 I Oedipus, your world-renowned king.



Ho! aged sire, whose venerable locks  
 Proclaim thee spokesman of this company,  
 Explain your mood and purport. Is it dread  
 Of ill that moves you or a boon ye crave?  
 My zeal in your behalf ye cannot doubt;  
 Ruthless indeed were I and obdurate  
 If such petitioners as you I spurned.

#### PRIEST

Yea, Oedipus, my sovereign lord and king,  
 Thou seest how both extremes of age besiege  
 Thy palace altars—fledglings hardly winged,  
 and greybeards bowed with years; priests, as am I  
 of Zeus, and these the flower of our youth.  
 Meanwhile, the common folk, with wreathed boughs  
 Crowd our two market-places, or before  
 Both shrines of Pallas congregate, or where  
 Ismenus gives his oracles by fire.  
 For, as thou seest thyself, our ship of State,  
 Sore buffeted, can no more lift her head,  
 Foundered beneath a weltering surge of blood.  
 A blight is on our harvest in the ear,  
 A blight upon the grazing flocks and herds,  
 A blight on wives in travail; and withal  
 Armed with his blazing torch the God of Plague  
 Hath swooped upon our city emptying  
 The house of Cadmus, and the murky realm  
 Of Pluto is full fed with groans and tears.  
 Therefore, O King, here at thy hearth we sit,  
 I and these children; not as deeming thee  
 A new divinity, but the first of men;  
 First in the common accidents of life,

And first in visitations of the Gods.  
 Art thou not he who coming to the town  
 of Cadmus freed us from the tax we paid  
 To the fell songstress? Nor hadst thou received  
 Prompting from us or been by others schooled;  
 No, by a god inspired (so all men deem,  
 And testify) didst thou renew our life.  
 And now, O Oedipus, our peerless king,  
 All we thy votaries beseech thee, find  
 Some succor, whether by a voice from heaven  
 Whispered, or haply known by human wit.  
 Tried counselors, methinks, are aptest found [1]  
 To furnish for the future pregnant rede.  
 Upraise, O chief of men, upraise our State!  
 Look to thy laurels! for thy zeal of yore  
 Our country's savior thou art justly hailed:  
 O never may we thus record thy reign:—  
 "He raised us up only to cast us down."  
 Uplift us, build our city on a rock.  
 Thy happy star ascendant brought us luck,  
 O let it not decline! If thou wouldst rule  
 This land, as now thou reignest, better sure  
 To rule a peopled than a desert realm.  
 Nor battlements nor galleys aught avail,  
 If men to man and guards to guard them tail.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah! my poor children, known, ah, known too well,  
 The quest that brings you hither and your need.  
 Ye sicken all, well wot I, yet my pain,  
 How great soever yours, outtops it all.  
 Your sorrow touches each man severally,



Him and none other, but I grieve at once  
 Both for the general and myself and you.  
 Therefore ye rouse no sluggard from day-dreams.  
 Many, my children, are the tears I've wept,  
 And threaded many a maze of weary thought.  
 Thus pondering one clue of hope I caught,  
 And tracked it up; I have sent Menoeceus' son,  
 Creon, my consort's brother, to inquire  
 Of Pythian Phoebus at his Delphic shrine,  
 How I might save the State by act or word.  
 And now I reckon up the tale of days  
 Since he set forth, and marvel how he fares.  
 'Tis strange, this endless tarrying, passing strange.  
 But when he comes, then I were base indeed,  
 If I perform not all the god declares.

*PRIEST*

Thy words are well timed; even as thou speakest  
 That shouting tells me Creon is at hand.

*OEDIPUS*

O King Apollo! may his joyous looks  
 Be presage of the joyous news he brings!

*PRIEST*

As I surmise, 'tis welcome; else his head  
 Had scarce been crowned with berry-laden bays.

*OEDIPUS*

We soon shall know; he's now in earshot range.  
 [Enter CREON]  
 My royal cousin, say, Menoeceus' child,  
 What message hast thou brought us from the god?

*CREON*

Good news, for e'en intolerable ills,  
Finding right issue, tend to naught but good.

*OEDIPUS*

How runs the oracle? thus far thy words  
Give me no ground for confidence or fear.

*CREON*

If thou wouldst hear my message publicly,  
I'll tell thee straight, or with thee pass within.

*OEDIPUS*

Speak before all; the burden that I bear  
Is more for these my subjects than myself.

*CREON*

Let me report then all the god declared.  
King Phoebus bids us straitly extirpate  
A fell pollution that infests the land,  
And no more harbor an inveterate sore.

*OEDIPUS*

What expiation means he? What's amiss?

*CREON*

Banishment, or the shedding blood for blood.  
This stain of blood makes shipwreck of our state.

*OEDIPUS*

Whom can he mean, the miscreant thus denounced?

*CREON*

Before thou didst assume the helm of State,  
The sovereign of this land was Laius.

*OEDIPUS*

I heard as much, but never saw the man.



*CREON*

He fell; and now the god's command is plain:  
Punish his takers-off, whoe'er they be.

*OEDIPUS*

Where are they? Where in the wide world to find  
The far, faint traces of a bygone crime?

*CREON*

In this land, said the god; "who seeks shall find;  
Who sits with folded hands or sleeps is blind."

*OEDIPUS*

Was he within his palace, or afield,  
Or traveling, when Laius met his fate?

*CREON*

Abroad; he started, so he told us, bound  
For Delphi, but he never thence returned.

*OEDIPUS*

Came there no news, no fellow-traveler  
To give some clue that might be followed up?

*CREON*

But one escape, who flying for dear life,  
Could tell of all he saw but one thing sure.

*OEDIPUS*

And what was that? One clue might lead us far,  
With but a spark of hope to guide our quest.

*CREON*

Robbers, he told us, not one bandit but  
A troop of knaves, attacked and murdered him.

*OEDIPUS*

Did any bandit dare so bold a stroke,  
Unless indeed he were suborned from Thebes?

*CREON*

So 'twas surmised, but none was found to avenge  
His murder mid the trouble that ensued.

*OEDIPUS*

What trouble can have hindered a full quest,  
When royalty had fallen thus miserably?

*CREON*

The riddling Sphinx compelled us to let slide  
The dim past and attend to instant needs.

*OEDIPUS*

Well, *I* will start afresh and once again  
Make dark things clear. Right worthy the concern  
Of Phoebus, worthy thine too, for the dead;  
I also, as is meet, will lend my aid  
To avenge this wrong to Thebes and to the god.  
Not for some far-off kinsman, but myself,  
Shall I expel this poison in the blood;  
For whoso slew that king might have a mind  
To strike me too with his assassin hand.  
Therefore in righting him I serve myself.  
Up, children, haste ye, quit these altar stairs,  
Take hence your suppliant wands, go summon hither  
The Theban commons. With the god's good help  
Success is sure; 'tis ruin if we fail.  
[Exeunt OEDIPUS and CREON]

*PRIEST*

Come, children, let us hence; these gracious words  
Forestall the very purpose of our suit.



And may the god who sent this oracle  
Save us withal and rid us of this pest.  
[Exeunt PRIEST and SUPPLIANTS]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)  
Sweet-voiced daughter of Zeus from thy gold-paved Pythian shrine  
Wafted to Thebes divine,  
What dost thou bring me? My soul is racked and shivers with fear.  
(Healer of Delos, hear!)  
Hast thou some pain unknown before,  
Or with the circling years renewest a penance of yore?  
Offspring of golden Hope, thou voice immortal, O tell me.

(Ant. 1)  
First on Athene I call; O Zeus-born goddess, defend!  
Goddess and sister, befriend,  
Artemis, Lady of Thebes, high-throned in the midst of our mart!  
Lord of the death-winged dart!  
Your threefold aid I crave  
From death and ruin our city to save.  
If in the days of old when we nigh had perished, ye drave  
From our land the fiery plague, be near us now and defend us!

(Str. 2)  
Ah me, what countless woes are mine!  
All our host is in decline;  
Weaponless my spirit lies.  
Earth her gracious fruits denies;  
Women wail in barren throes;  
Life on life downstricken goes,  
Swifter than the wind bird's flight,  
Swifter than the Fire-God's might,  
To the westering shores of Night.

(Ant. 2)

Wasted thus by death on death  
 All our city perisheth.  
 Corpses spread infection round;  
 None to tend or mourn is found.  
 Wailing on the altar stair  
 Wives and grandams rend the air—  
 Long-drawn moans and piercing cries  
 Blent with prayers and litanies.  
 Golden child of Zeus, O hear  
 Let thine angel face appear!

(Str. 3)

And grant that Ares whose hot breath I feel,  
 Though without targe or steel  
 He stalks, whose voice is as the battle shout,  
 May turn in sudden rout,  
 To the unharbored Thracian waters sped,  
 Or Amphitrite's bed.  
 For what night leaves undone,  
 Smit by the morrow's sun  
 Perisheth. Father Zeus, whose hand  
 Doth wield the lightning brand,  
 Slay him beneath thy levin bold, we pray,  
 Slay him, O slay!

(Ant. 3)

O that thine arrows too, Lycean King,  
 From that taut bow's gold string,  
 Might fly abroad, the champions of our rights;  
 Yea, and the flashing lights  
 Of Artemis, wherewith the huntress sweeps  
 Across the Lycian steeps.



Thee too I call with golden-snooded hair,  
 Whose name our land doth bear,  
 Bacchus to whom thy Maenads Evoe shout;  
 Come with thy bright torch, rout,  
 Blithe god whom we adore,  
 The god whom gods abhor.

[Enter OEDIPUS.]

OEDIPUS

Ye pray; 'tis well, but would ye hear my words  
 And heed them and apply the remedy,  
 Ye might perchance find comfort and relief.  
 Mind you, I speak as one who comes a stranger  
 To this report, no less than to the crime;  
 For how unaided could I track it far  
 Without a clue? Which lacking (for too late  
 Was I enrolled a citizen of Thebes)  
 This proclamation I address to all:—  
 Thebans, if any knows the man by whom  
 Laius, son of Labdacus, was slain,  
 I summon him to make clean shrift to me.  
 And if he shrinks, let him reflect that thus  
 Confessing he shall 'scape the capital charge;  
 For the worst penalty that shall befall him  
 Is banishment—unscathed he shall depart.  
 But if an alien from a foreign land  
 Be known to any as the murderer,  
 Let him who knows speak out, and he shall have  
 Due recompense from me and thanks to boot.  
 But if ye still keep silence, if through fear  
 For self or friends ye disregard my hest,  
 Hear what I then resolve; I lay my ban

On the assassin whosoe'er he be.  
 Let no man in this land, whereof I hold  
 The sovereign rule, harbor or speak to him;  
 Give him no part in prayer or sacrifice  
 Or lustral rites, but hound him from your homes.  
 For this is our defilement, so the god  
 Hath lately shown to me by oracles.  
 Thus as their champion I maintain the cause  
 Both of the god and of the murdered King.  
 And on the murderer this curse I lay  
 (On him and all the partners in his guilt):—  
 Wretch, may he pine in utter wretchedness!  
 And for myself, if with my privy  
 He gain admittance to my hearth, I pray  
 The curse I laid on others fall on me.  
 See that ye give effect to all my hest,  
 For my sake and the god's and for our land,  
 A desert blasted by the wrath of heaven.  
 For, let alone the god's express command,  
 It were a scandal ye should leave unpurged  
 The murder of a great man and your king,  
 Nor track it home. And now that I am lord,  
 Successor to his throne, his bed, his wife,  
 (And had he not been frustrate in the hope  
 Of issue, common children of one womb  
 Had forced a closer bond twixt him and me,  
 But Fate swooped down upon him), therefore I  
 His blood-avenger will maintain his cause  
 As though he were my sire, and leave no stone  
 Unturned to track the assassin or avenge  
 The son of Labdacus, of Polydore,  
 Of Cadmus, and Agenor first of the race.



And for the disobedient thus I pray:  
 May the gods send them neither timely fruits  
 Of earth, nor teeming increase of the womb,  
 But may they waste and pine, as now they waste,  
 Aye and worse stricken; but to all of you,  
 My loyal subjects who approve my acts,  
 May Justice, our ally, and all the gods  
 Be gracious and attend you evermore.

*CHORUS*

The oath thou profferest, sire, I take and swear.  
 I slew him not myself, nor can I name  
 The slayer. For the quest, 'twere well, methinks  
 That Phoebus, who proposed the riddle, himself  
 Should give the answer—who the murderer was.

*OEDIPUS*

Well argued; but no living man can hope  
 To force the gods to speak against their will.

*CHORUS*

May I then say what seems next best to me?

*OEDIPUS*

Aye, if there be a third best, tell it too.

*CHORUS*

My liege, if any man sees eye to eye  
 With our lord Phoebus, 'tis our prophet, lord  
 Teiresias; he of all men best might guide  
 A searcher of this matter to the light.

*OEDIPUS*

Here too my zeal has nothing lagged, for twice  
 At Creon's instance have I sent to fetch him,

And long I marvel why he is not here.

*CHORUS*

I mind me too of rumors long ago—  
Mere gossip.

*OEDIPUS*

Tell them, I would fain know all.

*CHORUS*

'Twas said he fell by travelers.

*OEDIPUS*

So I heard,  
But none has seen the man who saw him fall.

*CHORUS*

Well, if he knows what fear is, he will quail  
And flee before the terror of thy curse.

*OEDIPUS*

Words scare not him who blenches not at deeds.

*CHORUS*

But here is one to arraign him. Lo, at length  
They bring the god-inspired seer in whom  
Above all other men is truth inborn.  
[Enter TEIRESIAS, led by a boy.]

*OEDIPUS*

Teiresias, seer who comprehendest all,  
Lore of the wise and hidden mysteries,  
High things of heaven and low things of the earth,  
Thou knowest, though thy blinded eyes see naught,  
What plague infects our city; and we turn  
To thee, O seer, our one defense and shield.



The purport of the answer that the God  
Returned to us who sought his oracle,  
The messengers have doubtless told thee—how  
One course alone could rid us of the pest,  
To find the murderers of Laius,  
And slay them or expel them from the land.  
Therefore begrudging neither augury  
Nor other divination that is thine,  
O save thyself, thy country, and thy king,  
Save all from this defilement of blood shed.  
On thee we rest. This is man's highest end,  
To others' service all his powers to lend.

*TEIRESIAS*

Alas, alas, what misery to be wise  
When wisdom profits nothing! This old lore  
I had forgotten; else I were not here.

*OEDIPUS*

What ails thee? Why this melancholy mood?

*TEIRESIAS*

Let me go home; prevent me not; 'twere best  
That thou shouldst bear thy burden and I mine.

*OEDIPUS*

For shame! no true-born Theban patriot  
Would thus withhold the word of prophecy.

*TEIRESIAS*

\_Thy\_ words, O king, are wide of the mark, and I  
For fear lest I too trip like thee...

*OEDIPUS*

Oh speak,

Withhold not, I adjure thee, if thou know'st,  
Thy knowledge. We are all thy suppliants.

*TEIRESIAS*

Aye, for ye all are witless, but my voice  
Will ne'er reveal my miseries—or thine. [2]

*OEDIPUS*

What then, thou knowest, and yet wilt not speak!  
Wouldst thou betray us and destroy the State?

*TEIRESIAS*

I will not vex myself nor thee. Why ask  
Thus idly what from me thou shalt not learn?

*OEDIPUS*

Monster! thy silence would incense a flint.  
Will nothing loose thy tongue? Can nothing melt thee,  
Or shake thy dogged taciturnity?

*TEIRESIAS*

Thou blam'st my mood and seest not thine own  
Wherewith thou art mated; no, thou taxest me.

*OEDIPUS*

And who could stay his choler when he heard  
How insolently thou dost flout the State?

*TEIRESIAS*

Well, it will come what will, though I be mute.

*OEDIPUS*

Since come it must, thy duty is to tell me.

*TEIRESIAS*

I have no more to say; storm as thou wilt,  
And give the rein to all thy pent-up rage.



*OEDIPUS*

Yea, I am wroth, and will not stint my words,  
But speak my whole mind. Thou methinks thou art he,  
Who planned the crime, aye, and performed it too,  
All save the assassination; and if thou  
Hadst not been blind, I had been sworn to boot  
That thou alone didst do the bloody deed.

*TEIRESIAS*

Is it so? Then I charge thee to abide  
By thine own proclamation; from this day  
Speak not to these or me. Thou art the man,  
Thou the accursed polluter of this land.

*OEDIPUS*

Vile slanderer, thou blurtest forth these taunts,  
And think'st forsooth as seer to go scot free.

*TEIRESIAS*

Yea, I am free, strong in the strength of truth.

*OEDIPUS*

Who was thy teacher? not methinks thy art.

*TEIRESIAS*

Thou, goading me against my will to speak.

*OEDIPUS*

What speech? repeat it and resolve my doubt.

*TEIRESIAS*

Didst miss my sense wouldst thou goad me on?

*OEDIPUS*

I but half caught thy meaning; say it again.

*TEIRESIAS*

I say thou art the murderer of the man  
Whose murderer thou pursuest.

*OEDIPUS*

Thou shalt rue it  
Twice to repeat so gross a calumny.

*TEIRESIAS*

Must I say more to aggravate thy rage?

*OEDIPUS*

Say all thou wilt; it will be but waste of breath.

*TEIRESIAS*

I say thou livest with thy nearest kin  
In infamy, unwitting in thy shame.

*OEDIPUS*

Think'st thou for aye unscathed to wag thy tongue?

*TEIRESIAS*

Yea, if the might of truth can aught prevail.

*OEDIPUS*

With other men, but not with thee, for thou  
In ear, wit, eye, in everything art blind.

*TEIRESIAS*

Poor fool to utter gibes at me which all  
Here present will cast back on thee ere long.

*OEDIPUS*

Offspring of endless Night, thou hast no power  
O'er me or any man who sees the sun.

*TEIRESIAS*

No, for thy weird is not to fall by me.  
I leave to Apollo what concerns the god.



*OEDIPUS*

Is this a plot of Creon, or thine own?

*TEIRESIAS*

Not Creon, thou thyself art thine own bane.

*OEDIPUS*

O wealth and empire and skill by skill  
Outwitted in the battlefield of life,  
What spite and envy follow in your train!  
See, for this crown the State conferred on me.  
A gift, a thing I sought not, for this crown  
The trusty Creon, my familiar friend,  
Hath lain in wait to oust me and suborned  
This mountebank, this juggling charlatan,  
This tricky beggar-priest, for gain alone  
Keen-eyed, but in his proper art stone-blind.  
Say, sirrah, hast thou ever proved thyself  
A prophet? When the riddling Sphinx was here  
Why hadst thou no deliverance for this folk?  
And yet the riddle was not to be solved  
By guess-work but required the prophet's art;  
Wherein thou wast found lacking; neither birds  
Nor sign from heaven helped thee, but I came,  
The simple Oedipus; I stopped her mouth  
By mother wit, untaught of auguries.  
This is the man whom thou wouldst undermine,  
In hope to reign with Creon in my stead.  
Methinks that thou and thine abettor soon  
Will rue your plot to drive the scapegoat out.  
Thank thy grey hairs that thou hast still to learn  
What chastisement such arrogance deserves.

*CHORUS*

To us it seems that both the seer and thou,  
 O Oedipus, have spoken angry words.  
 This is no time to wrangle but consult  
 How best we may fulfill the oracle.

*TEIRESIAS*

King as thou art, free speech at least is mine  
 To make reply; in this I am thy peer.  
 I own no lord but Loxias; him I serve  
 And ne'er can stand enrolled as Creon's man.  
 Thus then I answer: since thou hast not spared  
 To twit me with my blindness—thou hast eyes,  
 Yet see'st not in what misery thou art fallen,  
 Nor where thou dwellest nor with whom for mate.  
 Dost know thy lineage? Nay, thou know'st it not,  
 And all unwitting art a double foe  
 To thine own kin, the living and the dead;  
 Aye and the dogging curse of mother and sire  
 One day shall drive thee, like a two-edged sword,  
 Beyond our borders, and the eyes that now  
 See clear shall henceforward endless night.  
 Ah whither shall thy bitter cry not reach,  
 What crag in all Cithaeron but shall then  
 Reverberate thy wail, when thou hast found  
 With what a hymeneal thou wast borne  
 Home, but to no fair haven, on the gale!  
 Aye, and a flood of ills thou guessest not  
 Shall set thyself and children in one line.  
 Flout then both Creon and my words, for none  
 Of mortals shall be stricken worse than thou.

*OEDIPUS*

Must I endure this fellow's insolence?  
 A murrain on thee! Get thee hence! Begone  
 Avaunt! and never cross my threshold more.

*TEIRESIAS*

I ne'er had come hadst thou not bidden me.

*OEDIPUS*

I know not thou wouldst utter folly, else  
 Long hadst thou waited to be summoned here.

*TEIRESIAS*

Such am I—as it seems to thee a fool,  
 But to the parents who begat thee, wise.

*OEDIPUS*

What sayest thou—"parents"? Who begat me, speak?

*TEIRESIAS*

This day shall be thy birth-day, and thy grave.

*OEDIPUS*

Thou lov'st to speak in riddles and dark words.

*TEIRESIAS*

In reading riddles who so skilled as thou?

*OEDIPUS*

Twit me with that wherein my greatness lies.

*TEIRESIAS*

And yet this very greatness proved thy bane.

*OEDIPUS*

No matter if I saved the commonwealth.

*TEIRESIAS*

'Tis time I left thee. Come, boy, take me home.

*OEDIPUS*

Aye, take him quickly, for his presence irks  
And lets me; gone, thou canst not plague me more.

*TEIRESIAS*

I go, but first will tell thee why I came.  
Thy frown I dread not, for thou canst not harm me.  
Hear then: this man whom thou hast sought to arrest  
With threats and warrants this long while, the wretch  
Who murdered Laius—that man is here.  
He passes for an alien in the land  
But soon shall prove a Theban, native born.  
And yet his fortune brings him little joy;  
For blind of seeing, clad in beggar's weeds,  
For purple robes, and leaning on his staff,  
To a strange land he soon shall grope his way.  
And of the children, inmates of his home,  
He shall be proved the brother and the sire,  
Of her who bare him son and husband both,  
Co-partner, and assassin of his sire.  
Go in and ponder this, and if thou find  
That I have missed the mark, henceforth declare  
I have no wit nor skill in prophecy.  
[Exeunt TEIRESIAS and OEDIPUS]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)  
Who is he by voice immortal named from Pythia's rocky cell,  
Doer of foul deeds of bloodshed, horrors that no tongue can tell?  
A foot for flight he needs  
Fleeter than storm-swift steeds,  
For on his heels doth follow,  
Armed with the lightnings of his Sire, Apollo.



Like sleuth-hounds too  
The Fates pursue.

(Ant. 1)

Yea, but now flashed forth the summons  
from Parnassus' snowy peak,  
"Near and far the undiscovered doer of this murder seek!"  
Now like a sullen bull he roves  
Through forest brakes and upland groves,  
And vainly seeks to fly  
The doom that ever nigh  
Flits o'er his head,  
Still by the avenging Phoebus sped,  
The voice divine,  
From Earth's mid shrine.

(Str. 2)

Sore perplexed am I by the words of the master seer.  
Are they true, are they false? I know not and bridle  
my tongue for fear,  
Fluttered with vague surmise; nor present nor future is clear.  
Quarrel of ancient date or in days still near know I none  
Twixt the Labdacidan house and our ruler, Polybus' son.  
Proof is there none: how then can I challenge our King's good name,  
How in a blood-feud join for an untracked deed of shame?

(Ant. 2)

All wise are Zeus and Apollo, and nothing is hid from their ken;  
They are gods; and in wits a man may surpass his fellow men;  
But that a mortal seer knows more than I know—where  
Hath this been proven? Or how without sign assured, can I blame  
Him who saved our State when the winged songstress came,  
Tested and tried in the light of us all, like gold assayed?  
How can I now assent when a crime is on Oedipus laid?

*CREON*

Friends, countrymen, I learn King Oedipus  
 Hath laid against me a most grievous charge,  
 And come to you protesting. If he deems  
 That I have harmed or injured him in aught  
 By word or deed in this our present trouble,  
 I care not to prolong the span of life,  
 Thus ill-reputed; for the calumny  
 Hits not a single blot, but blasts my name,  
 If by the general voice I am denounced  
 False to the State and false by you my friends.

*CHORUS*

This taunt, it well may be, was blurted out  
 In petulance, not spoken advisedly.

*CREON*

Did any dare pretend that it was I  
 Prompted the seer to utter a forged charge?

*CHORUS*

Such things were said; with what intent I know not.

*CREON*

Were not his wits and vision all astray  
 When upon me he fixed this monstrous charge?

*CHORUS*

I know not; to my sovereign's acts I am blind.  
 But lo, he comes to answer for himself.  
 [Enter OEDIPUS.]

*OEDIPUS*

Sirrah, what mak'st thou here? Dost thou presume  
 To approach my doors, thou brazen-faced rogue,



My murderer and the filcher of my crown?  
 Come, answer this, didst thou detect in me  
 Some touch of cowardice or witlessness,  
 That made thee undertake this enterprise?  
 I seemed forsooth too simple to perceive  
 The serpent stealing on me in the dark,  
 Or else too weak to scotch it when I saw.  
 This *thou* art witless seeking to possess  
 Without a following or friends the crown,  
 A prize that followers and wealth must win.

*CREON*

Attend me. Thou hast spoken, 'tis my turn  
 To make reply. Then having heard me, judge.

*OEDIPUS*

Thou art glib of tongue, but I am slow to learn  
 Of thee; I know too well thy venomous hate.

*CREON*

First I would argue out this very point.

*OEDIPUS*

O argue not that thou art not a rogue.

*CREON*

If thou dost count a virtue stubbornness,  
 Unschooled by reason, thou art much astray.

*OEDIPUS*

If thou dost hold a kinsman may be wronged,  
 And no pains follow, thou art much to seek.

*CREON*

Therein thou judgest rightly, but this wrong  
 That thou allegest—tell me what it is.

*OEDIPUS*

Didst thou or didst thou not advise that I  
Should call the priest?

*CREON*

Yes, and I stand to it.

*OEDIPUS*

Tell me how long is it since Laius...

*CREON*

Since Laius...? I follow not thy drift.

*OEDIPUS*

By violent hands was spirited away.

*CREON*

In the dim past, a many years ago.

*OEDIPUS*

Did the same prophet then pursue his craft?

*CREON*

Yes, skilled as now and in no less repute.

*OEDIPUS*

Did he at that time ever glance at me?

*CREON*

Not to my knowledge, not when I was by.

*OEDIPUS*

But was no search and inquisition made?

*CREON*

Surely full quest was made, but nothing learnt.

*OEDIPUS*

Why failed the seer to tell his story \_then\_?

*CREON*

I know not, and not knowing hold my tongue.

*OEDIPUS*

This much thou knowest and canst surely tell.

*CREON*

What's mean'st thou? All I know I will declare.

*OEDIPUS*

But for thy prompting never had the seer  
Ascribed to me the death of Laius.

*CREON*

If so he thou knowest best; but I  
Would put thee to the question in my turn.

*OEDIPUS*

Question and prove me murderer if thou canst.

*CREON*

Then let me ask thee, didst thou wed my sister?

*OEDIPUS*

A fact so plain I cannot well deny.

*CREON*

And as thy consort queen she shares the throne?

*OEDIPUS*

I grant her freely all her heart desires.

*CREON*

And with you twain I share the triple rule?

*OEDIPUS*

Yea, and it is that proves thee a false friend.

*CREON*

Not so, if thou wouldst reason with thyself,  
 As I with myself. First, I bid thee think,  
 Would any mortal choose a troubled reign  
 Of terrors rather than secure repose,  
 If the same power were given him? As for me,  
 I have no natural craving for the name  
 Of king, preferring to do kingly deeds,  
 And so thinks every sober-minded man.  
 Now all my needs are satisfied through thee,  
 And I have naught to fear; but were I king,  
 My acts would oft run counter to my will.  
 How could a title then have charms for me  
 Above the sweets of boundless influence?  
 I am not so infatuate as to grasp  
 The shadow when I hold the substance fast.  
 Now all men cry me Godspeed! wish me well,  
 And every suitor seeks to gain my ear,  
 If he would hope to win a grace from thee.  
 Why should I leave the better, choose the worse?  
 That were sheer madness, and I am not mad.  
 No such ambition ever tempted me,  
 Nor would I have a share in such intrigue.  
 And if thou doubt me, first to Delphi go,  
 There ascertain if my report was true  
 Of the god's answer; next investigate  
 If with the seer I plotted or conspired,  
 And if it prove so, sentence me to death,  
 Not by thy voice alone, but mine and thine.  
 But O condemn me not, without appeal,  
 On bare suspicion. 'Tis not right to adjudge  
 Bad men at random good, or good men bad.  
 I would as lief a man should cast away



The thing he counts most precious, his own life,  
 As spurn a true friend. Thou wilt learn in time  
 The truth, for time alone reveals the just;  
 A villain is detected in a day.

*CHORUS*

To one who walketh warily his words  
 Commend themselves; swift counsels are not sure.

*OEDIPUS*

When with swift strides the stealthy plotter stalks  
 I must be quick too with my counterplot.  
 To wait his onset passively, for him  
 Is sure success, for me assured defeat.

*CREON*

What then's thy will? To banish me the land?

*OEDIPUS*

I would not have thee banished, no, but dead,  
 That men may mark the wages envy reaps.

*CREON*

I see thou wilt not yield, nor credit me.

*OEDIPUS*

[None but a fool would credit such as thou.] [3]

*CREON*

Thou art not wise.

*OEDIPUS*

Wise for myself at least.

*CREON*

Why not for me too?

*OEDIPUS*

Why for such a knave?

*CREON*

Suppose thou lackest sense.

*OEDIPUS*

Yet kings must rule.

*CREON*

Not if they rule ill.

*OEDIPUS*

Oh my Thebans, hear him!

*CREON*

Thy Thebans? am not I a Theban too?

*CHORUS*

Cease, princes; lo there comes, and none too soon,  
Jocasta from the palace. Who so fit  
As peacemaker to reconcile your feud?  
[Enter *JOCASTA*.]

*JOCASTA*

Misguided princes, why have ye upraised  
This wordy wrangle? Are ye not ashamed,  
While the whole land lies stricken, thus to voice  
Your private injuries? Go in, my lord;  
Go home, my brother, and forebear to make  
A public scandal of a petty grief.

*CREON*

My royal sister, Oedipus, thy lord,  
Hath bid me choose (O dread alternative!)  
An outlaw's exile or a felon's death.

*OEDIPUS*



Yes, lady; I have caught him practicing  
Against my royal person his vile arts.

*CREON*

May I ne'er speed but die accursed, if I  
In any way am guilty of this charge.

*JOCASTA*

Believe him, I adjure thee, Oedipus,  
First for his solemn oath's sake, then for mine,  
And for thine elders' sake who wait on thee.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Hearken, King, reflect, we pray thee, but not stubborn but relent.

*OEDIPUS*

Say to what should I consent?

*CHORUS*

Respect a man whose probity and troth  
Are known to all and now confirmed by oath.

*OEDIPUS*

Dost know what grace thou cravest?

*CHORUS*

Yea, I know.

*OEDIPUS*

Declare it then and make thy meaning plain.

*CHORUS*

Brand not a friend whom babbling tongues assail;  
Let not suspicion 'gainst his oath prevail.

*OEDIPUS*

Bethink you that in seeking this ye seek

In very sooth my death or banishment?

*CHORUS*

No, by the leader of the host divine!  
(Str. 2)

Witnes, thou Sun, such thought was never mine,  
Unblest, unfriended may I perish,  
If ever I such wish did cherish!  
But O my heart is desolate  
Musing on our stricken State,  
Doubly fall'n should discord grow  
Twixt you twain, to crown our woe.

*OEDIPUS*

Well, let him go, no matter what it cost me,  
Or certain death or shameful banishment,  
For your sake I relent, not his; and him,  
Where'er he be, my heart shall still abhor.

*CREON*

Thou art as sullen in thy yielding mood  
As in thine anger thou wast truculent.  
Such tempers justly plague themselves the most.

*OEDIPUS*

Leave me in peace and get thee gone.

*CREON*

I go,  
By thee misjudged, but justified by these.  
[Exeunt CREON]

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 1)  
Lady, lead indoors thy consort; wherefore longer here delay?



*JOCASTA*

Tell me first how rose the fray.

*CHORUS*

Rumors bred unjust suspicious and injustice rankles sore.

*JOCASTA*

Were both at fault?

*CHORUS*

Both.

*JOCASTA*

What was the tale?

*CHORUS*

Ask me no more. The land is sore distressed;  
'Twere better sleeping ills to leave at rest.

*OEDIPUS*

Strange counsel, friend! I know thou mean'st me well,  
And yet would'st mitigate and blunt my zeal.

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 2)  
King, I say it once again,  
Witless were I proved, insane,  
If I lightly put away  
Thee my country's prop and stay,  
Pilot who, in danger sought,  
To a quiet haven brought  
Our distracted State; and now  
Who can guide us right but thou?

*JOCASTA*

Let me too, I adjure thee, know, O king,

What cause has stirred this unrelenting wrath.

*OEDIPUS*

I will, for thou art more to me than these.  
Lady, the cause is Creon and his plots.

*JOCASTA*

But what provoked the quarrel? make this clear.

*OEDIPUS*

He points me out as Laius' murderer.

*JOCASTA*

Of his own knowledge or upon report?

*OEDIPUS*

He is too cunning to commit himself,  
And makes a mouthpiece of a knavish seer.

*JOCASTA*

Then thou mayest ease thy conscience on that score.  
Listen and I'll convince thee that no man  
Hath scot or lot in the prophetic art.  
Here is the proof in brief. An oracle  
Once came to Laius (I will not say  
'Twas from the Delphic god himself, but from  
His ministers) declaring he was doomed  
To perish by the hand of his own son,  
A child that should be born to him by me.  
Now Laius—so at least report affirmed—  
Was murdered on a day by highwaymen,  
No natives, at a spot where three roads meet.  
As for the child, it was but three days old,  
When Laius, its ankles pierced and pinned  
Together, gave it to be cast away



By others on the trackless mountain side.  
So then Apollo brought it not to pass  
The child should be his father's murderer,  
Or the dread terror find accomplishment,  
And Laius be slain by his own son.  
Such was the prophet's horoscope. O king,  
Regard it not. Whate'er the god deems fit  
To search, himself unaided will reveal.

*OEDIPUS*

What memories, what wild tumult of the soul  
Came o'er me, lady, as I heard thee speak!

*JOCASTA*

What mean'st thou? What has shocked and startled thee?

*OEDIPUS*

Methought I heard thee say that Laius  
Was murdered at the meeting of three roads.

*JOCASTA*

So ran the story that is current still.

*OEDIPUS*

Where did this happen? Dost thou know the place?

*JOCASTA*

Phocis the land is called; the spot is where  
Branch roads from Delphi and from Daulis meet.

*OEDIPUS*

And how long is it since these things befell?

*JOCASTA*

'Twas but a brief while were thou wast proclaimed  
Our country's ruler that the news was brought.

*OEDIPUS*

O Zeus, what hast thou willed to do with me!

*JOCASTA*

What is it, Oedipus, that moves thee so?

*OEDIPUS*

Ask me not yet; tell me the build and height  
Of Laius? Was he still in manhood's prime?

*JOCASTA*

Tall was he, and his hair was lightly strewn  
With silver; and not unlike thee in form.

*OEDIPUS*

O woe is me! Mehtinks unwittingly  
I laid but now a dread curse on myself.

*JOCASTA*

What say'st thou? When I look upon thee, my king,  
I tremble.

*OEDIPUS*

'Tis a dread presentiment  
That in the end the seer will prove not blind.  
One further question to resolve my doubt.

*JOCASTA*

I quail; but ask, and I will answer all.

*OEDIPUS*

Had he but few attendants or a train  
Of armed retainers with him, like a prince?

*JOCASTA*

They were but five in all, and one of them  
A herald; Laius in a mule-car rode.

*OEDIPUS*

Alas! 'tis clear as noonday now. But say,  
Lady, who carried this report to Thebes?

*JOCASTA*

A serf, the sole survivor who returned.

*OEDIPUS*

Haply he is at hand or in the house?

*JOCASTA*

No, for as soon as he returned and found  
Thee reigning in the stead of Laius slain,  
He clasped my hand and supplicated me  
To send him to the alps and pastures, where  
He might be farthest from the sight of Thebes.  
And so I sent him. 'Twas an honest slave  
And well deserved some better recompense.

*OEDIPUS*

Fetch him at once. I fain would see the man.

*JOCASTA*

He shall be brought; but wherefore summon him?

*OEDIPUS*

Lady, I fear my tongue has overrun  
Discretion; therefore I would question him.

*JOCASTA*

Well, he shall come, but may not I too claim  
To share the burden of thy heart, my king?

*OEDIPUS*

And thou shalt not be frustrate of thy wish.  
Now my imaginings have gone so far.

Who has a higher claim that thou to hear  
 My tale of dire adventures? Listen then.  
 My sire was Polybus of Corinth, and  
 My mother Merope, a Dorian;  
 And I was held the foremost citizen,  
 Till a strange thing befell me, strange indeed,  
 Yet scarce deserving all the heat it stirred.  
 A roisterer at some banquet, flown with wine,  
 Shouted "Thou art not true son of thy sire."  
 It irked me, but I stomached for the nonce  
 The insult; on the morrow I sought out  
 My mother and my sire and questioned them.  
 They were indignant at the random slur  
 Cast on my parentage and did their best  
 To comfort me, but still the venom'd barb  
 Rankled, for still the scandal spread and grew.  
 So privily without their leave I went  
 To Delphi, and Apollo sent me back  
 Baulked of the knowledge that I came to seek.  
 But other grievous things he prophesied,  
 Woes, lamentations, mourning, portents dire;  
 To wit I should defile my mother's bed  
 And raise up seed too loathsome to behold,  
 And slay the father from whose loins I sprang.  
 Then, lady,—thou shalt hear the very truth—  
 As I drew near the triple-branching roads,  
 A herald met me and a man who sat  
 In a car drawn by colts—as in thy tale—  
 The man in front and the old man himself  
 Threatened to thrust me rudely from the path,  
 Then jostled by the charioteer in wrath  
 I struck him, and the old man, seeing this,



Watched till I passed and from his car brought down  
 Full on my head the double-pointed goad.  
 Yet was I quits with him and more; one stroke  
 Of my good staff sufficed to fling him clean  
 Out of the chariot seat and laid him prone.  
 And so I slew them every one. But if  
 Betwixt this stranger there was aught in common  
 With Laius, who more miserable than I,  
 What mortal could you find more god-abhorred?  
 Wretch whom no sojourner, no citizen  
 May harbor or address, whom all are bound  
 To harry from their homes. And this same curse  
 Was laid on me, and laid by none but me.  
 Yea with these hands all gory I pollute  
 The bed of him I slew. Say, am I vile?  
 Am I not utterly unclean, a wretch  
 Doomed to be banished, and in banishment  
 Forgo the sight of all my dearest ones,  
 And never tread again my native earth;  
 Or else to wed my mother and slay my sire,  
 Polybus, who begat me and upreared?  
 If one should say, this is the handiwork  
 Of some inhuman power, who could blame  
 His judgment? But, ye pure and awful gods,  
 Forbid, forbid that I should see that day!  
 May I be blotted out from living men  
 Ere such a plague spot set on me its brand!

*CHORUS*

We too, O king, are troubled; but till thou  
 Hast questioned the survivor, still hope on.

*OEDIPUS*

My hope is faint, but still enough survives  
To bid me bide the coming of this herd.

*JOCASTA*

Suppose him here, what wouldst thou learn of him?

*OEDIPUS*

I'll tell thee, lady; if his tale agrees  
With thine, I shall have 'scaped calamity.

*JOCASTA*

And what of special import did I say?

*OEDIPUS*

In thy report of what the herdsman said  
Laius was slain by robbers; now if he  
Still speaks of robbers, not a robber, I  
Slew him not; "one" with "many" cannot square.  
But if he says one lonely wayfarer,  
The last link wanting to my guilt is forged.

*JOCASTA*

Well, rest assured, his tale ran thus at first,  
Nor can he now retract what then he said;  
Not I alone but all our townfolk heard it.  
E'en should he vary somewhat in his story,  
He cannot make the death of Laius  
In any wise jump with the oracle.  
For Loxias said expressly he was doomed  
To die by my child's hand, but he, poor babe,  
He shed no blood, but perished first himself.  
So much for divination. Henceforth I  
Will look for signs neither to right nor left.

*OEDIPUS*



Thou reasonest well. Still I would have thee send  
And fetch the bondsman hither. See to it.

*JOCASTA*

That will I straightway. Come, let us within.  
I would do nothing that my lord mislikes.  
[Exeunt OEDIPUS and JOCASTA]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)  
My lot be still to lead  
The life of innocence and fly  
Irreverence in word or deed,  
To follow still those laws ordained on high  
Whose birthplace is the bright ethereal sky  
No mortal birth they own,  
Olympus their progenitor alone:  
Ne'er shall they slumber in oblivion cold,  
The god in them is strong and grows not old.

(Ant. 1)  
Of insolence is bred  
The tyrant; insolence full blown,  
With empty riches surfeited,  
Scales the precipitous height and grasps the throne.  
Then topples o'er and lies in ruin prone;  
No foothold on that dizzy steep.  
But O may Heaven the true patriot keep  
Who burns with emulous zeal to serve the State.  
God is my help and hope, on him I wait.

(Str. 2)  
But the proud sinner, or in word or deed,  
That will not Justice heed,

Nor reverence the shrine  
 Of images divine,  
 Perdition seize his vain imaginings,  
 If, urged by greed profane,  
 He grasps at ill-got gain,  
 And lays an impious hand on holiest things.  
 Who when such deeds are done  
 Can hope heaven's bolts to shun?  
 If sin like this to honor can aspire,  
 Why dance I still and lead the sacred choir?  
 (Ant. 2)  
 No more I'll seek earth's central oracle,  
 Or Abae's hallowed cell,  
 Nor to Olympia bring  
 My votive offering.  
 If before all God's truth be not bade plain.  
 O Zeus, reveal thy might,  
 King, if thou'rt named aright  
 Omnipotent, all-seeing, as of old;  
 For Laius is forgot;  
 His weird, men heed it not;  
 Apollo is forsook and faith grows cold.  
 [Enter JOCASTA.]

*JOCASTA*

My lords, ye look amazed to see your queen  
 With wreaths and gifts of incense in her hands.  
 I had a mind to visit the high shrines,  
 For Oedipus is overwrought, alarmed  
 With terrors manifold. He will not use  
 His past experience, like a man of sense,  
 To judge the present need, but lends an ear



To any croaker if he augurs ill.  
 Since then my counsels naught avail, I turn  
 To thee, our present help in time of trouble,  
 Apollo, Lord Lycean, and to thee  
 My prayers and supplications here I bring.  
 Lighten us, lord, and cleanse us from this curse!  
 For now we all are cowed like mariners  
 Who see their helmsman dumbstruck in the storm.  
 [Enter Corinthian MESSENGER.]

*MESSENGER*

My masters, tell me where the palace is  
 Of Oedipus; or better, where's the king.

*CHORUS*

Here is the palace and he bides within;  
 This is his queen the mother of his children.

*MESSENGER*

All happiness attend her and the house,  
 Blessed is her husband and her marriage-bed.

*JOCASTA*

My greetings to thee, stranger; thy fair words  
 Deserve a like response. But tell me why  
 Thou comest—what thy need or what thy news.

*MESSENGER*

Good for thy consort and the royal house.

*JOCASTA*

What may it be? Whose messenger art thou?

*MESSENGER*

The Isthmian commons have resolved to make  
 Thy husband king—so 'twas reported there.

*JOCASTA*

What! is not aged Polybus still king?

*MESSENGER*

No, verily; he's dead and in his grave.

*JOCASTA*

What! is he dead, the sire of Oedipus?

*MESSENGER*

If I speak falsely, may I die myself.

*JOCASTA*

Quick, maiden, bear these tidings to my lord.  
 Ye god-sent oracles, where stand ye now!  
 This is the man whom Oedipus long shunned,  
 In dread to prove his murderer; and now  
 He dies in nature's course, not by his hand.  
 [Enter OEDIPUS.]

*OEDIPUS*

My wife, my queen, Jocasta, why hast thou  
 Summoned me from my palace?

*JOCASTA*

Hear this man,  
 And as thou hearest judge what has become  
 Of all those awe-inspiring oracles.

*OEDIPUS*

Who is this man, and what his news for me?

*JOCASTA*

He comes from Corinth and his message this:  
 Thy father Polybus hath passed away.

*OEDIPUS*

What? let me have it, stranger, from thy mouth.

*MESSENGER*

If I must first make plain beyond a doubt  
 My message, know that Polybus is dead.

*OEDIPUS*

By treachery, or by sickness visited?

*MESSENGER*

One touch will send an old man to his rest.

*OEDIPUS*

So of some malady he died, poor man.

*MESSENGER*

Yes, having measured the full span of years.

*OEDIPUS*

Out on it, lady! why should one regard  
 The Pythian hearth or birds that scream i' the air?  
 Did they not point at me as doomed to slay  
 My father? but he's dead and in his grave  
 And here am I who ne'er unsheathed a sword;  
 Unless the longing for his absent son  
 Killed him and so I slew him in a sense.  
 But, as they stand, the oracles are dead—  
 Dust, ashes, nothing, dead as Polybus.

*JOCASTA*

Say, did not I foretell this long ago?

*OEDIPUS*

Thou didst: but I was misled by my fear.

*JOCASTA*

Then let I no more weigh upon thy soul.

*OEDIPUS*

Must I not fear my mother's marriage bed.

*JOCASTA*

Why should a mortal man, the sport of chance,  
 With no assured foreknowledge, be afraid?  
 Best live a careless life from hand to mouth.  
 This wedlock with thy mother fear not thou.  
 How oft it chanches that in dreams a man  
 Has wed his mother! He who least regards  
 Such brainsick phantasies lives most at ease.

*OEDIPUS*

I should have shared in full thy confidence,  
 Were not my mother living; since she lives  
 Though half convinced I still must live in dread.

*JOCASTA*

And yet thy sire's death lights out darkness much.

*OEDIPUS*

Much, but my fear is touching her who lives.

*MESSENGER*

Who may this woman be whom thus you fear?

*OEDIPUS*

Merope, stranger, wife of Polybus.

*MESSENGER*

And what of her can cause you any fear?

*OEDIPUS*

A heaven-sent oracle of dread import.

*MESSENGER*

A mystery, or may a stranger hear it?

*OEDIPUS*

Aye, 'tis no secret. Loxias once foretold  
 That I should mate with mine own mother, and shed  
 With my own hands the blood of my own sire.  
 Hence Corinth was for many a year to me  
 A home distant; and I trove abroad,  
 But missed the sweetest sight, my parents' face.

*MESSENGER*

Was this the fear that exiled thee from home?

*OEDIPUS*

Yea, and the dread of slaying my own sire.

*MESSENGER*

Why, since I came to give thee pleasure, King,  
 Have I not rid thee of this second fear?

*OEDIPUS*

Well, thou shalt have due guerdon for thy pains.

*MESSENGER*

Well, I confess what chiefly made me come  
 Was hope to profit by thy coming home.

*OEDIPUS*

Nay, I will ne'er go near my parents more.

*MESSENGER*

My son, 'tis plain, thou know'st not what thou doest.

*OEDIPUS*

How so, old man? For heaven's sake tell me all.

*MESSENGER*

If this is why thou darest to return.

*OEDIPUS*

Yea, lest the god's word be fulfilled in me.

*MESSENGER*

Lest through thy parents thou shouldst be accursed?

*OEDIPUS*

This and none other is my constant dread.

*MESSENGER*

Dost thou not know thy fears are baseless all?

*OEDIPUS*

How baseless, if I am their very son?

*MESSENGER*

Since Polybus was naught to thee in blood.

*OEDIPUS*

What say'st thou? was not Polybus my sire?

*MESSENGER*

As much thy sire as I am, and no more.

*OEDIPUS*

My sire no more to me than one who is naught?

*MESSENGER*

Since I begat thee not, no more did he.

*OEDIPUS*

What reason had he then to call me son?

*MESSENGER*

Know that he took thee from my hands, a gift.

*OEDIPUS*

Yet, if no child of his, he loved me well.

*MESSENGER*



A childless man till then, he warmed to thee.

*OEDIPUS*

A foundling or a purchased slave, this child?

*MESSENGER*

I found thee in Cithaeron's wooded glens.

*OEDIPUS*

What led thee to explore those upland glades?

*MESSENGER*

My business was to tend the mountain flocks.

*OEDIPUS*

A vagrant shepherd journeying for hire?

*MESSENGER*

True, but thy savior in that hour, my son.

*OEDIPUS*

My savior? from what harm? what ailed me then?

*MESSENGER*

Those ankle joints are evidence enow.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah, why remind me of that ancient sore?

*MESSENGER*

I loosed the pin that riveted thy feet.

*OEDIPUS*

Yes, from my cradle that dread brand I bore.

*MESSENGER*

Whence thou deriv'st the name that still is thine.

*OEDIPUS*

Who did it? I adjure thee, tell me who  
Say, was it father, mother?

*MESSENGER*

I know not.  
The man from whom I had thee may know more.

*OEDIPUS*

What, did another find me, not thyself?

*MESSENGER*

Not I; another shepherd gave thee me.

*OEDIPUS*

Who was he? Would'st thou know again the man?

*MESSENGER*

He passed indeed for one of Laius' house.

*OEDIPUS*

The king who ruled the country long ago?

*MESSENGER*

The same: he was a herdsman of the king.

*OEDIPUS*

And is he living still for me to see him?

*MESSENGER*

His fellow-countrymen should best know that.

*OEDIPUS*

Doth any bystander among you know  
The herd he speaks of, or by seeing him  
Afield or in the city? answer straight!  
The hour hath come to clear this business up.

*CHORUS*



Methinks he means none other than the hind  
Whom thou anon wert fain to see; but that  
Our queen Jocasta best of all could tell.

*OEDIPUS*

Madam, dost know the man we sent to fetch?  
Is the same of whom the stranger speaks?

*JOCASTA*

Who is the man? What matter? Let it be.  
'Twere waste of thought to weigh such idle words.

*OEDIPUS*

No, with such guiding clues I cannot fail  
To bring to light the secret of my birth.

*JOCASTA*

Oh, as thou carest for thy life, give o'er  
This quest. Enough the anguish \_I\_ endure.

*OEDIPUS*

Be of good cheer; though I be proved the son  
Of a bondwoman, aye, through three descents  
Triply a slave, thy honor is unsmirched.

*JOCASTA*

Yet humor me, I pray thee; do not this.

*OEDIPUS*

I cannot; I must probe this matter home.

*JOCASTA*

'Tis for thy sake I advise thee for the best.

*OEDIPUS*

I grow impatient of this best advice.

*JOCASTA*

Ah mayst thou ne'er discover who thou art!

*OEDIPUS*

Go, fetch me here the herd, and leave yon woman  
To glory in her pride of ancestry.

*JOCASTA*

O woe is thee, poor wretch! With that last word  
I leave thee, henceforth silent evermore.  
[Exit *JOCASTA*]

*CHORUS*

Why, Oedipus, why stung with passionate grief  
Hath the queen thus departed? Much I fear  
From this dead calm will burst a storm of woes.

*OEDIPUS*

Let the storm burst, my fixed resolve still holds,  
To learn my lineage, be it ne'er so low.  
It may be she with all a woman's pride  
Thinks scorn of my base parentage. But I  
Who rank myself as Fortune's favorite child,  
The giver of good gifts, shall not be shamed.  
She is my mother and the changing moons  
My brethren, and with them I wax and wane.  
Thus sprung why should I fear to trace my birth?  
Nothing can make me other than I am.

*CHORUS*

(Str.)  
If my soul prophetic err not, if my wisdom aught avail,  
Thee, Cithaeron, I shall hail,  
As the nurse and foster-mother of our Oedipus shall greet  
Ere tomorrow's full moon rises, and exalt thee as it meet.  
Dance and song shall hymn thy praises, lover of our royal race.



Phoebus, may my words find grace!

(Ant.)

Child, who bare thee, nymph or goddess? sure thy sure was more  
than man,

Haply the hill-roamer Pan.

Of did Loxias beget thee, for he haunts the upland wold;

Or Cyllene's lord, or Bacchus, dweller on the hilltops cold?

Did some Heliconian Oread give him thee, a new-born joy?

Nymphs with whom he love to toy?

*OEDIPUS*

Elders, if I, who never yet before

Have met the man, may make a guess, methinks

I see the herdsman who we long have sought;

His time-worn aspect matches with the years

Of yonder aged messenger; besides

I seem to recognize the men who bring him

As servants of my own. But you, perchance,

Having in past days known or seen the herd,

May better by sure knowledge my surmise.

*CHORUS*

I recognize him; one of Laius' house;

A simple hind, but true as any man.

[Enter *HERDSMAN*.]

*OEDIPUS*

Corinthian, stranger, I address thee first,

Is this the man thou meanest!

*MESSENGER*

This is he.

*OEDIPUS*

And now old man, look up and answer all  
I ask thee. Wast thou once of Laius' house?

*HERDSMAN*

I was, a thrall, not purchased but home-bred.

*OEDIPUS*

What was thy business? how wast thou employed?

*HERDSMAN*

The best part of my life I tended sheep.

*OEDIPUS*

What were the pastures thou didst most frequent?

*HERDSMAN*

Cithaeron and the neighboring alps.

*OEDIPUS*

Then there

Thou must have known yon man, at least by fame?

*HERDSMAN*

Yon man? in what way? what man dost thou mean?

*OEDIPUS*

The man here, having met him in past times...

*HERDSMAN*

Off-hand I cannot call him well to mind.

*MESSENGER*

No wonder, master. But I will revive

His blunted memories. Sure he can recall

What time together both we drove our flocks,

He two, I one, on the Cithaeron range,

For three long summers; I his mate from spring

Till rose Arcturus; then in winter time



I led mine home, he his to Laius' folds.  
Did these things happen as I say, or no?

*HERDSMAN*

'Tis long ago, but all thou say'st is true.

*MESSENGER*

Well, thou mast then remember giving me

A child to rear as my own foster-son?

*HERDSMAN*

Why dost thou ask this question? What of that?

*MESSENGER*

Friend, he that stands before thee was that child.

*HERDSMAN*

A plague upon thee! Hold thy wanton tongue!

*OEDIPUS*

Softly, old man, rebuke him not; thy words

Are more deserving chastisement than his.

*HERDSMAN*

O best of masters, what is my offense?

*OEDIPUS*

Not answering what he asks about the child.

*HERDSMAN*

He speaks at random, babbles like a fool.

*OEDIPUS*

If thou lack'st grace to speak, I'll loose thy tongue.

*HERDSMAN*

For mercy's sake abuse not an old man.

*OEDIPUS*

Arrest the villain, seize and pinion him!

*HERDSMAN*

Alack, alack!

What have I done? what wouldst thou further learn?

*OEDIPUS*

Didst give this man the child of whom he asks?

*HERDSMAN*

I did; and would that I had died that day!

*OEDIPUS*

And die thou shalt unless thou tell the truth.

*HERDSMAN*

But, if I tell it, I am doubly lost.

*OEDIPUS*

The knave methinks will still prevaricate.

*HERDSMAN*

Nay, I confessed I gave it long ago.

*OEDIPUS*

Whence came it? was it thine, or given to thee?

*HERDSMAN*

I had it from another, 'twas not mine.

*OEDIPUS*

From whom of these our townsmen, and what house?

*HERDSMAN*

Forbear for God's sake, master, ask no more.

*OEDIPUS*

If I must question thee again, thou'rt lost.



*HERDSMAN*

Well then—it was a child of Laius' house.

*OEDIPUS*

Slave-born or one of Laius' own race?

*HERDSMAN*

Ah me!

I stand upon the perilous edge of speech.

*OEDIPUS*

And I of hearing, but I still must hear.

*HERDSMAN*

Know then the child was by repute his own,  
 But she within, thy consort best could tell.

*OEDIPUS*

What! she, she gave it thee?

*HERDSMAN*

'Tis so, my king.

*OEDIPUS*

With what intent?

*HERDSMAN*

To make away with it.

*OEDIPUS*

What, she its mother.

*HERDSMAN*

Fearing a dread weird.

*OEDIPUS*

What weird?

*HERDSMAN*

'Twas told that he should slay his sire.

*OEDIPUS*

What didst thou give it then to this old man?

*HERDSMAN*

Through pity, master, for the babe. I thought  
He'd take it to the country whence he came;  
But he preserved it for the worst of woes.  
For if thou art in sooth what this man saith,  
God pity thee! thou wast to misery born.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me! ah me! all brought to pass, all true!  
O light, may I behold thee nevermore!  
I stand a wretch, in birth, in wedlock cursed,  
A parricide, incestuously, triply cursed!  
[Exit *OEDIPUS*]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)  
Races of mortal man  
Whose life is but a span,  
I count ye but the shadow of a shade!  
For he who most doth know  
Of bliss, hath but the show;  
A moment, and the visions pale and fade.  
Thy fall, O Oedipus, thy piteous fall  
Warns me none born of women blest to call.

(Ant. 1)

For he of marksmen best,  
O Zeus, outshot the rest,  
And won the prize supreme of wealth and power.  
By him the vulture maid



Was quelled, her witchery laid;  
He rose our savior and the land's strong tower.  
We hailed thee king and from that day adored  
Of mighty Thebes the universal lord.

(Str. 2)

O heavy hand of fate!  
Who now more desolate,  
Whose tale more sad than thine, whose lot more dire?  
O Oedipus, discrowned head,  
Thy cradle was thy marriage bed;  
One harborage sufficed for son and sire.  
How could the soil thy father eared so long  
Endure to bear in silence such a wrong?

(Ant. 2)

All-seeing Time hath caught  
Guilt, and to justice brought  
The son and sire commingled in one bed.  
O child of Laius' ill-starred race  
Would I had ne'er beheld thy face;  
I raise for thee a dirge as o'er the dead.  
Yet, sooth to say, through thee I drew new breath,  
And now through thee I feel a second death.  
[Enter *SECOND MESSENGER*.]

*SECOND MESSENGER*

Most grave and reverend senators of Thebes,  
What Deeds ye soon must hear, what sights behold  
How will ye mourn, if, true-born patriots,  
Ye reverence still the race of Labdacus!  
Not Ister nor all Phasis' flood, I ween,  
Could wash away the blood-stains from this house,  
The ills it shrouds or soon will bring to light,

Ills wrought of malice, not unwittingly.  
The worst to bear are self-inflicted wounds.

*CHORUS*

Grievous enough for all our tears and groans  
Our past calamities; what canst thou add?

*SECOND MESSENGER*

My tale is quickly told and quickly heard.  
Our sovereign lady queen Jocasta's dead.

*CHORUS*

Alas, poor queen! how came she by her death?

*SECOND MESSENGER*

By her own hand. And all the horror of it,  
Not having seen, yet cannot comprehend.  
Nathless, as far as my poor memory serves,  
I will relate the unhappy lady's woe.  
When in her frenzy she had passed inside  
The vestibule, she hurried straight to win  
The bridal-chamber, clutching at her hair  
With both her hands, and, once within the room,  
She shut the doors behind her with a crash.  
"Laius," she cried, and called her husband dead  
Long, long ago; her thought was of that child  
By him begot, the son by whom the sire  
Was murdered and the mother left to breed  
With her own seed, a monstrous progeny.  
Then she bewailed the marriage bed whereon  
Poor wretch, she had conceived a double brood,  
Husband by husband, children by her child.  
What happened after that I cannot tell,  
Nor how the end befell, for with a shriek



Burst on us Oedipus; all eyes were fixed  
On Oedipus, as up and down he strode,  
Nor could we mark her agony to the end.  
For stalking to and fro "A sword!" he cried,  
"Where is the wife, no wife, the teeming womb  
That bore a double harvest, me and mine?"  
And in his frenzy some supernal power  
(No mortal, surely, none of us who watched him)  
Guided his footsteps; with a terrible shriek,  
As though one beckoned him, he crashed against  
The folding doors, and from their staples forced  
The wrenched bolts and hurled himself within.  
Then we beheld the woman hanging there,  
A running noose entwined about her neck.  
But when he saw her, with a maddened roar  
He loosed the cord; and when her wretched corpse  
Lay stretched on earth, what followed—O 'twas dread!  
He tore the golden brooches that upheld  
Her queenly robes, upraised them high and smote  
Full on his eye-balls, uttering words like these:  
"No more shall ye behold such sights of woe,  
Deeds I have suffered and myself have wrought;  
Henceforward quenched in darkness shall ye see  
Those ye should ne'er have seen; now blind to those  
Whom, when I saw, I vainly yearned to know."  
Such was the burden of his moan, whereto,  
Not once but oft, he struck with his hand uplift  
His eyes, and at each stroke the ensanguined orbs  
Bedewed his beard, not oozing drop by drop,  
But one black gory downpour, thick as hail.  
Such evils, issuing from the double source,  
Have whelmed them both, confounding man and wife.

Till now the storied fortune of this house  
Was fortunate indeed; but from this day  
Woe, lamentation, ruin, death, disgrace,  
All ills that can be named, all, all are theirs.

*CHORUS*

But hath he still no respite from his pain?

*SECOND MESSENGER*

He cries, "Unbar the doors and let all Thebes  
Behold the slayer of his sire, his mother's—"  
That shameful word my lips may not repeat.  
He vows to fly self-banished from the land,  
Nor stay to bring upon his house the curse  
Himself had uttered; but he has no strength  
Nor one to guide him, and his torture's more  
Than man can suffer, as yourselves will see.  
For lo, the palace portals are unbarred,  
And soon ye shall behold a sight so sad  
That he who must abhorred would pity it.  
[Enter OEDIPUS blinded.]

*CHORUS*

Woeful sight! more woeful none  
These sad eyes have looked upon.  
Whence this madness? None can tell  
Who did cast on thee his spell,  
prowling all thy life around,  
Leaping with a demon bound.  
Hapless wretch! how can I brook  
On thy misery to look?  
Though to gaze on thee I yearn,  
Much to question, much to learn,



Horror-struck away I turn.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me! ah woe is me!  
Ah whither am I borne!  
How like a ghost forlorn  
My voice flits from me on the air!  
On, on the demon goads. The end, ah where?

*CHORUS*

An end too dread to tell, too dark to see.

*OEDIPUS*

(Str. 1)  
Dark, dark! The horror of darkness, like a shroud,  
Wraps me and bears me on through mist and cloud.  
Ah me, ah me! What spasms athwart me shoot,  
What pangs of agonizing memory?

*CHORUS*

No marvel if in such a plight thou feel'st  
The double weight of past and present woes.

*OEDIPUS*

(Ant. 1)  
Ah friend, still loyal, constant still and kind,  
Thou carest for the blind.  
I know thee near, and though bereft of eyes,  
Thy voice I recognize.

*CHORUS*

O doer of dread deeds, how couldst thou mar  
Thy vision thus? What demon goaded thee?

*OEDIPUS*

(Str. 2)

Apollo, friend, Apollo, he it was  
 That brought these ills to pass;  
 But the right hand that dealt the blow  
 Was mine, none other. How,  
 How, could I longer see when sight  
 Brought no delight?

*CHORUS*

Alas! 'tis as thou sayest.

*OEDIPUS*

Say, friends, can any look or voice  
 Or touch of love henceforth my heart rejoice?  
 Haste, friends, no fond delay,  
 Take the twice cursed away  
 Far from all ken,  
 The man abhorred of gods, accursed of men.

*CHORUS*

O thy despair well suits thy desperate case.  
 Would I had never looked upon thy face!

*OEDIPUS*

(Ant. 2)

My curse on him whoe'er unrived  
 The waif's fell fetters and my life revived!  
 He meant me well, yet had he left me there,  
 He had saved my friends and me a world of care.

*CHORUS*

I too had wished it so.

*OEDIPUS*

Then had I never come to shed  
 My father's blood nor climbed my mother's bed;



The monstrous offspring of a womb defiled,  
 Co-mate of him who gendered me, and child.  
 Was ever man before afflicted thus,  
 Like Oedipus.

*CHORUS*

I cannot say that thou hast counseled well,  
 For thou wert better dead than living blind.

*OEDIPUS*

What's done was well done. Thou canst never shake  
 My firm belief. A truce to argument.  
 For, had I sight, I know not with what eyes  
 I could have met my father in the shades,  
 Or my poor mother, since against the twain  
 I sinned, a sin no gallows could atone.  
 Aye, but, ye say, the sight of children joys  
 A parent's eyes. What, born as mine were born?  
 No, such a sight could never bring me joy;  
 Nor this fair city with its battlements,  
 Its temples and the statues of its gods,  
 Sights from which I, now wretchedst of all,  
 Once ranked the foremost Theban in all Thebes,  
 By my own sentence am cut off, condemned  
 By my own proclamation 'gainst the wretch,  
 The miscreant by heaven itself declared  
 Unclean—and of the race of Laius.  
 Thus branded as a felon by myself,  
 How had I dared to look you in the face?  
 Nay, had I known a way to choke the springs  
 Of hearing, I had never shrunk to make  
 A dungeon of this miserable frame,  
 Cut off from sight and hearing; for 'tis bliss

to bide in regions sorrow cannot reach.  
 Why didst thou harbor me, Cithaeron, why  
 Didst thou not take and slay me? Then I never  
 Had shown to men the secret of my birth.  
 O Polybus, O Corinth, O my home,  
 Home of my ancestors (so wast thou called)  
 How fair a nursling then I seemed, how foul  
 The canker that lay festering in the bud!  
 Now is the blight revealed of root and fruit.  
 Ye triple high-roads, and thou hidden glen,  
 Coppice, and pass where meet the three-branched ways,  
 Ye drank my blood, the life-blood these hands spilt,  
 My father's; do ye call to mind perchance  
 Those deeds of mine ye witnessed and the work  
 I wrought thereafter when I came to Thebes?  
 O fatal wedlock, thou didst give me birth,  
 And, having borne me, sowed again my seed,  
 Mingling the blood of fathers, brothers, children,  
 Brides, wives and mothers, an incestuous brood,  
 All horrors that are wrought beneath the sun,  
 Horrors so foul to name them were unmeet.  
 O, I adjure you, hide me anywhere  
 Far from this land, or slay me straight, or cast me  
 Down to the depths of ocean out of sight.  
 Come hither, deign to touch an abject wretch;  
 Draw near and fear not; I myself must bear  
 The load of guilt that none but I can share.  
 [Enter CREON.]

*CREON*

Lo, here is Creon, the one man to grant  
 Thy prayer by action or advice, for he



Is left the State's sole guardian in thy stead.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me! what words to accost him can I find?  
 What cause has he to trust me? In the past  
 I have been proved his rancorous enemy.

*CREON*

Not in derision, Oedipus, I come  
 Nor to upbraid thee with thy past misdeeds.  
 (To BYSTANDERS)  
 But shame upon you! if ye feel no sense  
 Of human decencies, at least revere  
 The Sun whose light beholds and nurtures all.  
 Leave not thus nakedly for all to gaze at  
 A horror neither earth nor rain from heaven  
 Nor light will suffer. Lead him straight within,  
 For it is seemly that a kinsman's woes  
 Be heard by kin and seen by kin alone.

*OEDIPUS*

O listen, since thy presence comes to me  
 A shock of glad surprise—so noble thou,  
 And I so vile—O grant me one small boon.  
 I ask it not on my behalf, but thine.

*CREON*

And what the favor thou wouldst crave of me?

*OEDIPUS*

Forth from thy borders thrust me with all speed;  
 Set me within some vasty desert where  
 No mortal voice shall greet me any more.

*CREON*

This had I done already, but I deemed  
It first behooved me to consult the god.

*OEDIPUS*

His will was set forth fully—to destroy  
The parricide, the scoundrel; and I am he.

*CREON*

Yea, so he spake, but in our present plight  
‘Twere better to consult the god anew.

*OEDIPUS*

Dare ye inquire concerning such a wretch?

*CREON*

Yea, for thyself wouldst credit now his word.

*OEDIPUS*

Aye, and on thee in all humility  
I lay this charge: let her who lies within  
Receive such burial as thou shalt ordain;  
Such rites ’tis thine, as brother, to perform.  
But for myself, O never let my Thebes,  
The city of my sires, be doomed to bear  
The burden of my presence while I live.  
No, let me be a dweller on the hills,  
On yonder mount Cithaeron, famed as mine,  
My tomb predestined for me by my sire  
And mother, while they lived, that I may die  
Slain as they sought to slay me, when alive.  
This much I know full surely, nor disease  
Shall end my days, nor any common chance;  
For I had ne’er been snatched from death, unless  
I was predestined to some awful doom.  
So be it. I reckon not how Fate deals with me



But my unhappy children—for my sons  
Be not concerned, O Creon, they are men,  
And for themselves, where’er they be, can fend.  
But for my daughters twain, poor innocent maids,  
Who ever sat beside me at the board  
Sharing my viands, drinking of my cup,  
For them, I pray thee, care, and, if thou wiltst,  
O might I feel their touch and make my moan.  
Hear me, O prince, my noble-hearted prince!  
Could I but blindly touch them with my hands  
I’d think they still were mine, as when I saw.  
[ANTIGONE and ISMENE are led in.]  
What say I? can it be my pretty ones  
Whose sobs I hear? Has Creon pitied me  
And sent me my two darlings? Can this be?

*CREON*

’Tis true; ’twas I procured thee this delight,  
Knowing the joy they were to thee of old.

*OEDIPUS*

God speed thee! and as need for bringing them  
May Providence deal with thee kindlier  
Than it has dealt with me! O children mine,  
Where are ye? Let me clasp you with these hands,  
A brother’s hands, a father’s; hands that made  
Lack-luster sockets of his once bright eyes;  
Hands of a man who blindly, recklessly,  
Became your sire by her from whom he sprang.  
Though I cannot behold you, I must weep  
In thinking of the evil days to come,  
The slights and wrongs that men will put upon you.  
Where’er ye go to feast or festival,

No merrymaking will it prove for you,  
 But oft abashed in tears ye will return.  
 And when ye come to marriageable years,  
 Where's the bold wooers who will jeopardize  
 To take unto himself such disrepute  
 As to my children's children still must cling,  
 For what of infamy is lacking here?  
 "Their father slew his father, sowed the seed  
 Where he himself was gendered, and begat  
 These maidens at the source wherefrom he sprang."  
 Such are the gibes that men will cast at you.  
 Who then will wed you? None, I ween, but ye  
 Must pine, poor maids, in single barrenness.  
 O Prince, Menoeceus' son, to thee, I turn,  
 With the it rests to father them, for we  
 Their natural parents, both of us, are lost.  
 O leave them not to wander poor, unwed,  
 Thy kin, nor let them share my low estate.  
 O pity them so young, and but for thee  
 All destitute. Thy hand upon it, Prince.  
 To you, my children I had much to say,  
 Were ye but ripe to hear. Let this suffice:  
 Pray ye may find some home and live content,  
 And may your lot prove happier than your sire's.

*CREON*

Thou hast had enough of weeping; pass within.

*OEDIPUS*

I must obey,  
 Though 'tis grievous.

*CREON*

Weep not, everything must have its day.

*OEDIPUS*

Well I go, but on conditions.

*CREON*

What thy terms for going, say.

*OEDIPUS*

Send me from the land an exile.

*CREON*

Ask this of the gods, not me.

*OEDIPUS*

But I am the gods' abhorrence.

*CREON*

Then they soon will grant thy plea.

*OEDIPUS*

Lead me hence, then, I am willing.

*CREON*

Come, but let thy children go.

*OEDIPUS*

Rob me not of these my children!

*CREON*

Crave not mastery in all,

For the mastery that raised thee was thy bane and wrought thy fall.

*CHORUS*

Look ye, countrymen and Thebans, this is Oedipus the great,  
 He who knew the Sphinx's riddle and was mightiest in our state.  
 Who of all our townsmen gazed not on his fame

with envious eyes?

Now, in what a sea of troubles sunk and overwhelmed he lies!

Therefore wait to see life's ending ere thou count

one mortal blest;

Wait till free from pain and sorrow he has gained his final rest.

#### Footnotes

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1. Dr. Kennedy and others render "Since to men of experience I see that also comparisons of their counsels are in most lively use."
2. Literally "not to call them thine," but the Greek may be rendered "In order not to reveal thine."
3. The Greek text that occurs in this place has been lost.



## 2.

### *OEDIPUS AT COLONUS*

Translation by F. Storr, BA

#### *Argument.*

Oedipus, the blind and banished King of Thebes, has come in his wanderings to Colonus, a deme of Athens, led by his daughter Antigone. He sits to rest on a rock just within a sacred grove of the Furies and is bidden depart by a passing native. But Oedipus, instructed by an oracle that he had reached his final resting-place, refuses to stir, and the stranger consents to go and consult the Elders of Colonus (the Chorus of the Play). Conducted to the spot they pity at first the blind beggar and his daughter, but on learning his name they are horror-stricken and order him to quit the land. He appeals to the world-famed hospitality of Athens and hints at the blessings that his coming will confer on the State. They agree to await the decision of King Theseus. From Theseus Oedipus craves protection in life and burial in Attic soil; the benefits that will accrue shall be told later. Theseus departs having promised to aid and befriend him. No sooner has he gone than Creon enters with an armed guard who seize Antigone and carry her off (Ismene, the

other sister, they have already captured) and he is about to lay hands on Oedipus, when Theseus, who has heard the tumult, hurries up and, upbraiding Creon for his lawless act, threatens to detain him till he has shown where the captives are and restored them. In the next scene Theseus returns bringing with him the rescued maidens. He informs Oedipus that a stranger who has taken sanctuary at the altar of Poseidon wishes to see him. It is Polyneices who has come to crave his father's forgiveness and blessing, knowing by an oracle that victory will fall to the side that Oedipus espouses. But Oedipus spurns the hypocrite, and invokes a dire curse on both his unnatural sons. A sudden clap of thunder is heard, and as peal follows peal, Oedipus is aware that his hour is come and bids Antigone summon Theseus. Self-guided he leads the way to the spot where death should overtake him, attended by Theseus and his daughters. Halfway he bids his daughters farewell, and what followed none but Theseus knew. He was not (so the Messenger reports) for the gods took him.

Dramatis personae.

OEDIPUS, banished King of Thebes.

ANTIGONE, his daughter.

ISMENE, his daughter.

THESEUS, King of Athens.

CREON, brother of Jocasta, now reigning at Thebes.

POLYNEICES, elder son of Oedipus.

STRANGER, a native of Colonus.

MESSENGER, an attendant of Theseus.

CHORUS, citizens of Colonus.

Scene: In front of the grove of the Eumenides.



Enter the blind OEDIPUS led by his daughter, ANTIGONE.

*OEDIPUS*

Child of an old blind sire, Antigone,  
 What region, say, whose city have we reached?  
 Who will provide today with scant dole  
 This wanderer? 'Tis little that he craves,  
 And less obtains—that less enough for me;  
 For I am taught by suffering to endure,  
 And the long years that have grown old with me,  
 And last not least, by true nobility.  
 My daughter, if thou seest a resting place  
 On common ground or by some sacred grove,  
 Stay me and set me down. Let us discover  
 Where we have come, for strangers must inquire  
 Of denizens, and do as they are bid.

*ANTIGONE*

Long-suffering father, Oedipus, the towers  
 That fence the city still are faint and far;  
 But where we stand is surely holy ground;  
 A wilderness of laurel, olive, vine;  
 Within a choir or songster nightingales  
 Are warbling. On this native seat of rock  
 Rest; for an old man thou hast traveled far.

*OEDIPUS*

Guide these dark steps and seat me there secure.

*ANTIGONE*

If time can teach, I need not to be told.

*OEDIPUS*

Say, prithee, if thou knowest, where we are.

*ANTIGONE*

Athens I recognize, but not the spot.

*OEDIPUS*

That much we heard from every wayfarer.

*ANTIGONE*

Shall I go on and ask about the place?

*OEDIPUS*

Yes, daughter, if it be inhabited.

*ANTIGONE*Sure there are habitations; but no need  
To leave thee; yonder is a man hard by.*OEDIPUS*

What, moving hitherward and on his way?

*ANTIGONE*Say rather, here already. Ask him straight  
The needful questions, for the man is here.  
[Enter STRANGER]*OEDIPUS*O stranger, as I learn from her whose eyes  
Must serve both her and me, that thou art here  
Sent by some happy chance to serve our doubts—*STRANGER*First quit that seat, then question me at large:  
The spot thou treadest on is holy ground.*OEDIPUS*

What is the site, to what god dedicate?

*STRANGER*

Inviolable, untrod; goddesses,



Dread brood of Earth and Darkness, here abide.

*OEDIPUS*

Tell me the awful name I should invoke?

*STRANGER*The Gracious Ones, All-seeing, so our folk  
Call them, but elsewhere other names are rife.*OEDIPUS*Then may they show their suppliant grace, for I  
From this your sanctuary will ne'er depart.*STRANGER*

What word is this?

*OEDIPUS*

The watchword of my fate.

*STRANGER*Nay, 'tis not mine to bid thee hence without  
Due warrant and instruction from the State.*OEDIPUS*Now in God's name, O stranger, scorn me not  
As a wayfarer; tell me what I crave.*STRANGER*

Ask; your request shall not be scorned by me.

*OEDIPUS*

How call you then the place wherein we bide?

*STRANGER*Whate'er I know thou too shalt know; the place  
Is all to great Poseidon consecrate.  
Hard by, the Titan, he who bears the torch,  
Prometheus, has his worship; but the spot

Thou treadest, the Brass-footed Threshold named,  
Is Athens' bastion, and the neighboring lands  
Claim as their chief and patron yonder knight  
Colonus, and in common bear his name.  
Such, stranger, is the spot, to fame unknown,  
But dear to us its native worshipers.

*OEDIPUS*

Thou sayest there are dwellers in these parts?

*STRANGER*

Surely; they bear the name of yonder god.

*OEDIPUS*

Ruled by a king or by the general voice?

*STRANGER*

The lord of Athens is our over-lord.

*OEDIPUS*

Who is this monarch, great in word and might?

*STRANGER*

Theseus, the son of Aegeus our late king.

*OEDIPUS*

Might one be sent from you to summon him?

*STRANGER*

Wherefore? To tell him aught or urge his coming?

*OEDIPUS*

Say a slight service may avail him much.

*STRANGER*

How can he profit from a sightless man?

*OEDIPUS*



The blind man's words will be instinct with sight.

*STRANGER*

Heed then; I fain would see thee out of harm;  
For by the looks, marred though they be by fate,  
I judge thee noble; tarry where thou art,  
While I go seek the burghers—those at hand,  
Not in the city. They will soon decide  
Whether thou art to rest or go thy way.  
[Exit STRANGER]

*OEDIPUS*

Tell me, my daughter, has the stranger gone?

*ANTIGONE*

Yes, he has gone; now we are all alone,  
And thou may'st speak, dear father, without fear.

*OEDIPUS*

Stern-visaged queens, since coming to this land  
First in your sanctuary I bent the knee,  
Frown not on me or Phoebus, who, when erst  
He told me all my miseries to come,  
Spake of this respite after many years,  
Some haven in a far-off land, a rest  
Vouchsafed at last by dread divinities.  
“There,” said he, “shalt thou round thy weary life,  
A blessing to the land wherein thou dwell'st,  
But to the land that cast thee forth, a curse.”  
And of my weird he promised signs should come,  
Earthquake, or thunderclap, or lightning flash.  
And now I recognize as yours the sign  
That led my wanderings to this your grove;  
Else had I never lighted on you first,

A wineless man on your seat of native rock.  
 O goddesses, fulfill Apollo's word,  
 Grant me some consummation of my life,  
 If haply I appear not all too vile,  
 A thrall to sorrow worse than any slave.  
 Hear, gentle daughters of primeval Night,  
 Hear, namesake of great Pallas; Athens, first  
 Of cities, pity this dishonored shade,  
 The ghost of him who once was Oedipus.

*ANTIGONE*

Hush! for I see some grey-beards on their way,  
 Their errand to spy out our resting-place.

*OEDIPUS*

I will be mute, and thou shalt guide my steps  
 Into the covert from the public road,  
 Till I have learned their drift. A prudent man  
 Will ever shape his course by what he learns.  
 [Enter CHORUS]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)  
 Ha! Where is he? Look around!  
 Every nook and corner scan!  
 He the all-presumptuous man,  
 Whither vanished? search the ground!  
 A wayfarer, I ween,  
 A wayfarer, no countryman of ours,  
 That old man must have been;  
 Never had native dared to tempt the Powers,  
 Or enter their demesne,  
 The Maids in awe of whom each mortal cowers,



Whose name no voice betrays nor cry,  
 And as we pass them with averted eye,  
 We move hushed lips in reverent piety.  
 But now some godless man,  
 'Tis rumored, here abides;  
 The precincts through I scan,  
 Yet wot not where he hides,  
 The wretch profane!  
 I search and search in vain.

*OEDIPUS*

I am that man; I know you near  
 Ears to the blind, they say, are eyes.

*CHORUS*

O dread to see and dread to hear!

*OEDIPUS*

Oh sirs, I am no outlaw under ban.

*CHORUS*

Who can he be—Zeus save us!—this old man?

*OEDIPUS*

No favorite of fate,  
 That ye should envy his estate,  
 O, Sirs, would any happy mortal, say,  
 Grope by the light of other eyes his way,  
 Or face the storm upon so frail a stay?

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 1)  
 Wast thou then sightless from thy birth?  
 Evil, methinks, and long  
 Thy pilgrimage on earth.

Yet add not curse to curse and wrong to wrong.  
 I warn thee, trespass not  
 Within this hallowed spot,  
 Lest thou shouldst find the silent grassy glade  
 Where offerings are laid,  
 Bowls of spring water mingled with sweet mead.  
 Thou must not stay,  
 Come, come away,  
 Tired wanderer, dost thou heed?  
 (We are far off, but sure our voice can reach.)  
 If aught thou wouldst beseech,  
 Speak where 'tis right; till then refrain from speech.

*OEDIPUS*

Daughter, what counsel should we now pursue?

*ANTIGONE*

We must obey and do as here they do.

*OEDIPUS*

Thy hand then!

*ANTIGONE*

Here, O father, is my hand,

*OEDIPUS*

O Sirs, if I come forth at your command,  
 Let me not suffer for my confidence.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 2)

Against thy will no man shall drive thee hence.

*OEDIPUS*

Shall I go further?



*CHORUS*

Aye.

*OEDIPUS*

What further still?

*CHORUS*

Lead maiden, thou canst guide him where we will.

*ANTIGONE [1]*

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*OEDIPUS*

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*ANTIGONE*

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Follow with blind steps, father, as I lead.

*OEDIPUS*

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*CHORUS*

In a strange land strange thou art;  
 To her will incline thy heart;  
 Honor whatso'er the State  
 Honors, all she frowns on hate.

*OEDIPUS*

Guide me child, where we may range  
 Safe within the paths of right;  
 Counsel freely may exchange  
 Nor with fate and fortune fight.

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 2)

Halt! Go no further than that rocky floor.

*OEDIPUS*

Stay where I now am?

*CHORUS*

Yes, advance no more.

*OEDIPUS*

May I sit down?

*CHORUS*

Move sideways towards the ledge,  
And sit thee crouching on the scarped edge.

*ANTIGONE*

This is my office, father, O incline—

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me! ah me!

*ANTIGONE*

Thy steps to my steps, lean thine aged frame on mine.

*OEDIPUS*

Woe on my fate unblest!

*CHORUS*

Wanderer, now thou art at rest,  
Tell me of thy birth and home,  
From what far country art thou come,  
Led on thy weary way, declare!

*OEDIPUS*

Strangers, I have no country. O forbear—

*CHORUS*

What is it, old man, that thou wouldst conceal?



*OEDIPUS*

Forbear, nor urge me further to reveal—

*CHORUS*

Why this reluctance?

*OEDIPUS*

Dread my lineage.

*CHORUS*

Say!

*OEDIPUS*

What must I answer, child, ah welladay!

*CHORUS*

Say of what stock thou comest, what man's son—

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me, my daughter, now we are undone!

*ANTIGONE*

Speak, for thou standest on the slippery verge.

*OEDIPUS*

I will; no plea for silence can I urge.

*CHORUS*

Will neither speak? Come, Sir, why dally thus!

*OEDIPUS*

Know'st one of Laius'—

*CHORUS*

Ha? Who!

*OEDIPUS*

Seed of Labdacus—

*CHORUS*

Oh Zeus!

*OEDIPUS*

The hapless Oedipus.

*CHORUS*

Art he?

*OEDIPUS*

Whate'er I utter, have no fear of me.

*CHORUS*

Begone!

*OEDIPUS*

O wretched me!

*CHORUS*

Begone!

*OEDIPUS*

O daughter, what will hap anon?

*CHORUS*

Forth from our borders speed ye both!

*OEDIPUS*

How keep you then your troth?

*CHORUS*

Heaven's justice never smites  
Him who ill with ill requites.  
But if guile with guile contend,  
Bane, not blessing, is the end.  
Arise, begone and take thee hence straightway,  
Lest on our land a heavier curse thou lay.

*ANTIGONE*

O sirs! ye suffered not my father blind,  
Albeit gracious and to ruth inclined,  
Knowing the deeds he wrought, not innocent,  
But with no ill intent;  
Yet heed a maiden's moan  
Who pleads for him alone;  
My eyes, not reft of sight,  
Plead with you as a daughter's might  
You are our providence,  
O make us not go hence!  
O with a gracious nod  
Grant us the nigh despaired-of boon we crave?  
Hear us, O hear,  
But all that ye hold dear,  
Wife, children, homestead, hearth and God!  
Where will you find one, search ye ne'er so well.  
Who 'scapes perdition if a god impel!

*CHORUS*

Surely we pity thee and him alike  
Daughter of Oedipus, for your distress;  
But as we reverence the decrees of Heaven  
We cannot say aught other than we said.

*OEDIPUS*

O what avails renown or fair repute?  
Are they not vanity? For, look you, now  
Athens is held of States the most devout,  
Athens alone gives hospitality  
And shelters the vexed stranger, so men say.  
Have I found so? I whom ye dislodged  
First from my seat of rock and now would drive

Forth from your land, dreading my name alone;  
 For me you surely dread not, nor my deeds,  
 Deeds of a man more sinned against than sinning,  
 As I might well convince you, were it meet  
 To tell my mother's story and my sire's,  
 The cause of this your fear. Yet am I then  
 A villain born because in self-defense,  
 Stricken, I struck the striker back again?  
 E'en had I known, no villainy 'twould prove:  
 But all unwitting whither I went, I went—  
 To ruin; my destroyers knew it well,  
 Wherefore, I pray you, sirs, in Heaven's name,  
 Even as ye bade me quit my seat, defend me.  
 O pay not a lip service to the gods  
 And wrong them of their dues. Bethink ye well,  
 The eye of Heaven beholds the just of men,  
 And the unjust, nor ever in this world  
 Has one sole godless sinner found escape.  
 Stand then on Heaven's side and never blot  
 Athens' fair scutcheon by abetting wrong.  
 I came to you a suppliant, and you pledged  
 Your honor; O preserve me to the end,  
 O let not this marred visage do me wrong!  
 A holy and god-fearing man is here  
 Whose coming purports comfort for your folk.  
 And when your chief arrives, whoe'er he be,  
 Then shall ye have my story and know all.  
 Meanwhile I pray you do me no despise.

*CHORUS*

The plea thou urgest, needs must give us pause,  
 Set forth in weighty argument, but we



Must leave the issue with the ruling powers.

*OEDIPUS*

Where is he, strangers, he who sways the realm?

*CHORUS*

In his ancestral seat; a messenger,  
 The same who sent us here, is gone for him.

*OEDIPUS*

And think you he will have such care or thought  
 For the blind stranger as to come himself?

*CHORUS*

Aye, that he will, when once he learns thy name.

*OEDIPUS*

But who will bear him word!

*CHORUS*

The way is long,  
 And many travelers pass to speed the news.  
 Be sure he'll hear and hasten, never fear;  
 So wide and far thy name is noised abroad,  
 That, were he ne'er so spent and loth to move,  
 He would bestir him when he hears of thee.

*OEDIPUS*

Well, may he come with blessing to his State  
 And me! Who serves his neighbor serves himself. [2]

*ANTIGONE*

Zeus! What is this? What can I say or think?

*OEDIPUS*

What now, Antigone?

*ANTIGONE*

I see a woman  
 Riding upon a colt of Aetna's breed;  
 She wears for headgear a Thessalian hat  
 To shade her from the sun. Who can it be?  
 She or a stranger? Do I wake or dream?  
 'This she; 'tis not—I cannot tell, alack;  
 It is no other! Now her bright'ning glance  
 Greets me with recognition, yes, 'tis she,  
 Herself, Ismene!

*OEDIPUS*

Ha! what say ye, child?

*ANTIGONE*

That I behold thy daughter and my sister,  
 And thou wilt know her straightway by her voice.  
 [Enter ISMENE]

*ISMENE*

Father and sister, names to me most sweet,  
 How hardly have I found you, hardly now  
 When found at last can see you through my tears!

*OEDIPUS*

Art come, my child?

*ISMENE*

O father, sad thy plight!

*OEDIPUS*

Child, thou art here?

*ISMENE*

Yes, 'twas a weary way.

*OEDIPUS*



Touch me, my child.

*ISMENE*

I give a hand to both.

*OEDIPUS*

O children—sisters!

*ISMENE*

O disastrous plight!

*OEDIPUS*

Her plight and mine?

*ISMENE*

Aye, and my own no less.

*OEDIPUS*

What brought thee, daughter?

*ISMENE*

Father, care for thee.

*OEDIPUS*

A daughter's yearning?

*ISMENE*

Yes, and I had news

I would myself deliver, so I came

With the one thrall who yet is true to me.

*OEDIPUS*

Thy valiant brothers, where are they at need?

*ISMENE*

They are—enough, 'tis now their darkest hour.

*OEDIPUS*

Out on the twain! The thoughts and actions all

Are framed and modeled on Egyptian ways.  
 For there the men sit at the loom indoors  
 While the wives slave abroad for daily bread.  
 So you, my children—those whom I behooved  
 To bear the burden, stay at home like girls,  
 While in their stead my daughters moil and drudge,  
 Lightening their father's misery. The one  
 Since first she grew from girlish feebleness  
 To womanhood has been the old man's guide  
 And shared my weary wandering, roaming oft  
 Hungry and footsore through wild forest ways,  
 In drenching rains and under scorching suns,  
 Careless herself of home and ease, if so  
 Her sire might have her tender ministry.  
 And thou, my child, whilom thou wentest forth,  
 Eluding the Cadmeians' vigilance,  
 To bring thy father all the oracles  
 Concerning Oedipus, and didst make thyself  
 My faithful lieger, when they banished me.  
 And now what mission summons thee from home,  
 What news, Ismene, hast thou for thy father?  
 This much I know, thou com'st not empty-handed,  
 Without a warning of some new alarm.

*ISMENE*

The toil and trouble, father, that I bore  
 To find thy lodging-place and how thou farest,  
 I spare thee; surely 'twere a double pain  
 To suffer, first in act and then in telling;  
 'Tis the misfortune of thine ill-starred sons  
 I come to tell thee. At the first they willed  
 To leave the throne to Creon, minded well



Thus to remove the inveterate curse of old,  
 A canker that infected all thy race.  
 But now some god and an infatuate soul  
 Have stirred betwixt them a mad rivalry  
 To grasp at sovereignty and kingly power.  
 Today the hot-branded youth, the younger born,  
 Is keeping Polyneices from the throne,  
 His elder, and has thrust him from the land.  
 The banished brother (so all Thebes reports)  
 Fled to the vale of Argos, and by help  
 Of new alliance there and friends in arms,  
 Swears he will stablish Argos straight as lord  
 Of the Cadmeian land, or, if he fail,  
 Exalt the victor to the stars of heaven.  
 This is no empty tale, but deadly truth,  
 My father; and how long thy agony,  
 Ere the gods pity thee, I cannot tell.

*OEDIPUS*

Hast thou indeed then entertained a hope  
 The gods at last will turn and rescue me?

*ISMENE*

Yea, so I read these latest oracles.

*OEDIPUS*

What oracles? What hath been uttered, child?

*ISMENE*

Thy country (so it runs) shall yearn in time  
 To have thee for their weal alive or dead.

*OEDIPUS*

And who could gain by such a one as I?

*ISMENE*

On thee, 'tis said, their sovereignty depends.

*OEDIPUS*

So, when I cease to be, my worth begins.

*ISMENE*

The gods, who once abased, uplift thee now.

*OEDIPUS*

Poor help to raise an old man fallen in youth.

*ISMENE*

Howe'er that be, 'tis for this cause alone  
That Creon comes to thee—and comes anon.

*OEDIPUS*

With what intent, my daughter? Tell me plainly.

*ISMENE*

To plant thee near the Theban land, and so  
Keep thee within their grasp, yet now allow  
Thy foot to pass beyond their boundaries.

*OEDIPUS*

What gain they, if I lay outside?

*OEDIPUS*

Thy tomb,  
If disappointed, brings on them a curse.

*OEDIPUS*

It needs no god to tell what's plain to sense.

*ISMENE*

Therefore they fain would have thee close at hand,  
Not where thou wouldst be master of thyself.

*OEDIPUS*

Mean they to shroud my bones in Theban dust?

*ISMENE*

Nay, father, guilt of kinsman's blood forbids.

*OEDIPUS*

Then never shall they be my masters, never!

*ISMENE*

Thebes, thou shalt rue this bitterly some day!

*OEDIPUS*

When what conjunction comes to pass, my child?

*ISMENE*

Thy angry wraith, when at thy tomb they stand. [3]

*OEDIPUS*

And who hath told thee what thou tell'st me, child?

*ISMENE*

Envoys who visited the Delphic hearth.

*OEDIPUS*

Hath Phoebus spoken thus concerning me?

*ISMENE*

So say the envoys who returned to Thebes.

*OEDIPUS*

And can a son of mine have heard of this?

*ISMENE*

Yea, both alike, and know its import well.

*OEDIPUS*

They knew it, yet the ignoble greed of rule  
Outweighed all longing for their sire's return.

*ISMENE*

Grievous thy words, yet I must own them true.

*OEDIPUS*

Then may the gods ne'er quench their fatal feud,  
 And mine be the arbitrament of the fight,  
 For which they now are arming, spear to spear;  
 That neither he who holds the scepter now  
 May keep this throne, nor he who fled the realm  
 Return again. \_They\_ never raised a hand,  
 When I their sire was thrust from hearth and home,  
 When I was banned and banished, what recked they?  
 Say you 'twas done at my desire, a grace  
 Which the state, yielding to my wish, allowed?  
 Not so; for, mark you, on that very day  
 When in the tempest of my soul I craved  
 Death, even death by stoning, none appeared  
 To further that wild longing, but anon,  
 When time had numbed my anguish and I felt  
 My wrath had all outrun those errors past,  
 Then, then it was the city went about  
 By force to oust me, respited for years;  
 And then my sons, who should as sons have helped,  
 Did nothing: and, one little word from them  
 Was all I needed, and they spoke no word,  
 But let me wander on for evermore,  
 A banished man, a beggar. These two maids  
 Their sisters, girls, gave all their sex could give,  
 Food and safe harborage and filial care;  
 While their two brethren sacrificed their sire  
 For lust of power and sceptred sovereignty.  
 No! me they ne'er shall win for an ally,



Nor will this Theban kingship bring them gain;  
 That know I from this maiden's oracles,  
 And those old prophecies concerning me,  
 Which Phoebus now at length has brought to pass.  
 Come Creon then, come all the mightiest  
 In Thebes to seek me; for if ye my friends,  
 Championed by those dread Powers indigenous,  
 Espouse my cause; then for the State ye gain  
 A great deliverer, for my foemen bane.

*CHORUS*

Our pity, Oedipus, thou needs must move,  
 Thou and these maidens; and the stronger plea  
 Thou urgest, as the savior of our land,  
 Disposes me to counsel for thy weal.

*OEDIPUS*

Aid me, kind sirs; I will do all you bid.

*CHORUS*

First make atonement to the deities,  
 Whose grove by trespass thou didst first profane.

*OEDIPUS*

After what manner, stranger? Teach me, pray.

*CHORUS*

Make a libation first of water fetched  
 With undefiled hands from living spring.

*OEDIPUS*

And after I have gotten this pure draught?

*CHORUS*

Bowls thou wilt find, the carver's handiwork;  
 Crown thou the rims and both the handles crown—

*OEDIPUS*

With olive shoots or blocks of wool, or how?

*CHORUS*

With wool from fleece of yearling freshly shorn.

*OEDIPUS*

What next? how must I end the ritual?

*CHORUS*

Pour thy libation, turning to the dawn.

*OEDIPUS*

Pouring it from the urns whereof ye spake?

*CHORUS*

Yea, in three streams; and be the last bowl drained  
To the last drop.

*OEDIPUS*

And wherewith shall I fill it,  
Ere in its place I set it? This too tell.

*CHORUS*

With water and with honey; add no wine.

*OEDIPUS*

And when the embowered earth hath drunk thereof?

*CHORUS*

Then lay upon it thrice nine olive sprays  
With both thy hands, and offer up this prayer.

*OEDIPUS*

I fain would hear it; that imports the most.

*CHORUS*

That, as we call them Gracious, they would deign



To grant the suppliant their saving grace.  
So pray thyself or whoso pray for thee,  
In whispered accents, not with lifted voice;  
Then go and look back. Do as I bid,  
And I shall then be bold to stand thy friend;  
Else, stranger, I should have my fears for thee.

*OEDIPUS*

Hear ye, my daughters, what these strangers say?

*ANTIGONE*

We listened, and attend thy bidding, father.

*OEDIPUS*

I cannot go, disabled as I am  
Doubly, by lack of strength and lack of sight;  
But one of you may do it in my stead;  
For one, I trow, may pay the sacrifice  
Of thousands, if his heart be leal and true.  
So to your work with speed, but leave me not  
Untended; for this frame is all too weak  
To move without the help of guiding hand.

*ISMENE*

Then I will go perform these rites, but where  
To find the spot, this have I yet to learn.

*CHORUS*

Beyond this grove; if thou hast need of aught,  
The guardian of the close will lend his aid.

*ISMENE*

I go, and thou, Antigone, meanwhile  
Must guard our father. In a parent's cause  
Toil, if there be toil, is of no account.

[Exit ISMENE]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Ill it is, stranger, to awake  
Pain that long since has ceased to ache,  
And yet I fain would hear—

*OEDIPUS*

What thing?

*CHORUS*

Thy tale of cruel suffering  
For which no cure was found,  
The fate that held thee bound.

*OEDIPUS*

O bid me not (as guest I claim  
This grace) expose my shame.

*CHORUS*

The tale is bruited far and near,  
And echoes still from ear to ear.  
The truth, I fain would hear.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me!

*CHORUS*

I prithee yield.

*OEDIPUS*

Ah me!

*CHORUS*

Grant my request, I granted all to thee.

*OEDIPUS*



(Ant. 1)

Know then I suffered ills most vile, but none  
(So help me Heaven!) from acts in malice done.

*CHORUS*

Say how.

*OEDIPUS*

The State around  
An all unwitting bridegroom bound  
An impious marriage chain;  
That was my bane.

*CHORUS*

Didst thou in sooth then share  
A bed incestuous with her that bare—

*OEDIPUS*

It stabs me like a sword,  
That two-edged word,  
O stranger, but these maids—my own—

*CHORUS*

Say on.

*OEDIPUS*

Two daughters, curses twain.

*CHORUS*

Oh God!

*OEDIPUS*

Sprang from the wife and mother's travail-pain.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 2)

What, then thy offspring are at once—

*OEDIPUS*

Too true.  
Their father's very sister's too.

*CHORUS*

Oh horror!

*OEDIPUS*

Horrors from the boundless deep  
Back on my soul in refluent surges sweep.

*CHORUS*

Thou hast endured—

*OEDIPUS*

Intolerable woe.

*CHORUS*

And sinned—

*OEDIPUS*

I sinned not.

*CHORUS*

How so?

*OEDIPUS*

I served the State; would I had never won  
That graceless grace by which I was undone.

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 2)

And next, unhappy man, thou hast shed blood?

*OEDIPUS*

Must ye hear more?

*CHORUS*

A father's?

*OEDIPUS*

Flood on flood  
Whelms me; that word's a second mortal blow.

*CHORUS*

Murderer!

*OEDIPUS*

Yes, a murderer, but know—

*CHORUS*

What canst thou plead?

*OEDIPUS*

A plea of justice.

*CHORUS*

How?

*OEDIPUS*

I slew who else would me have slain;  
I slew without intent,  
A wretch, but innocent  
In the law's eye, I stand, without a stain.

*CHORUS*

Behold our sovereign, Theseus, Aegeus' son,  
Comes at thy summons to perform his part.  
[Enter THESEUS]

*THESEUS*

Oft had I heard of thee in times gone by—  
The bloody mutilation of thine eyes—  
And therefore know thee, son of Laius.  
All that I lately gathered on the way

Made my conjecture doubly sure; and now  
 Thy garb and that marred visage prove to me  
 That thou art he. So pitying thine estate,  
 Most ill-starred Oedipus, I fain would know  
 What is the suit ye urge on me and Athens,  
 Thou and the helpless maiden at thy side.  
 Declare it; dire indeed must be the tale  
 Whereat *I* should recoil. I too was reared,  
 Like thee, in exile, and in foreign lands  
 Wrestled with many perils, no man more.  
 Wherefore no alien in adversity  
 Shall seek in vain my succor, nor shalt thou;  
 I know myself a mortal, and my share  
 In what the morrow brings no more than thine.

*OEDIPUS*

Theseus, thy words so apt, so generous  
 So comfortable, need no long reply  
 Both who I am and of what lineage sprung,  
 And from what land I came, thou hast declared.  
 So without prologue I may utter now  
 My brief petition, and the tale is told.

*THESEUS*

Say on, and tell me what I fain would learn.

*OEDIPUS*

I come to offer thee this woe-worn frame,  
 A gift not fair to look on; yet its worth  
 More precious far than any outward show.

*THESEUS*

What profit dost thou proffer to have brought?

*OEDIPUS*



Hereafter thou shalt learn, not yet, methinks.

*THESEUS*

When may we hope to reap the benefit?

*OEDIPUS*

When I am dead and thou hast buried me.

*THESEUS*

Thou cravest life's last service; all before—  
 Is it forgotten or of no account?

*OEDIPUS*

Yea, the last boon is warrant for the rest.

*THESEUS*

The grace thou cravest then is small indeed.

*OEDIPUS*

Nay, weigh it well; the issue is not slight.

*THESEUS*

Thou meanest that betwixt thy sons and me?

*OEDIPUS*

Prince, they would fain convey me back to Thebes.

*THESEUS*

If there be no compulsion, then methinks  
 To rest in banishment befits not thee.

*OEDIPUS*

Nay, when *I* wished it *they* would not consent.

*THESEUS*

For shame! such temper misbecomes the faller.

*OEDIPUS*

Chide if thou wilt, but first attend my plea.

*THESEUS*

Say on, I wait full knowledge ere I judge.

*OEDIPUS*

O Theseus, I have suffered wrongs on wrongs.

*THESEUS*

Wouldst tell the old misfortune of thy race?

*OEDIPUS*

No, that has grown a byword throughout Greece.

*THESEUS*

What then can be this more than mortal grief?

*OEDIPUS*

My case stands thus; by my own flesh and blood  
I was expelled my country, and can ne'er  
Thither return again, a parricide.

*THESEUS*

Why fetch thee home if thou must needs obey.

*THESEUS*

What are they threatened by the oracle?

*OEDIPUS*

Destruction that awaits them in this land.

*THESEUS*

What can beget ill blood 'twixt them and me?

*OEDIPUS*

Dear son of Aegeus, to the gods alone  
Is given immunity from eld and death;  
But nothing else escapes all-ruinous time.  
Earth's might decays, the might of men decays,  
Honor grows cold, dishonor flourishes,



There is no constancy 'twixt friend and friend,  
Or city and city; be it soon or late,  
Sweet turns to bitter, hate once more to love.  
If now 'tis sunshine betwixt Thebes and thee  
And not a cloud, Time in his endless course  
Gives birth to endless days and nights, wherein  
The merest nothing shall suffice to cut  
With serried spears your bonds of amity.  
Then shall my slumbering and buried corpse  
In its cold grave drink their warm life-blood up,  
If Zeus be Zeus and Phoebus still speak true.  
No more: 'tis ill to tear aside the veil  
Of mysteries; let me cease as I began:  
Enough if thou wilt keep thy plighted troth,  
Then shall thou ne'er complain that Oedipus  
Proved an unprofitable and thankless guest,  
Except the gods themselves shall play me false.

*CHORUS*

The man, my lord, has from the very first  
Declared his power to offer to our land  
These and like benefits.

*THESEUS*

Who could reject  
The proffered amity of such a friend?  
First, he can claim the hospitality  
To which by mutual contract we stand pledged:  
Next, coming here, a suppliant to the gods,  
He pays full tribute to the State and me;  
His favors therefore never will I spurn,  
But grant him the full rights of citizen;  
And, if it suits the stranger here to bide,

I place him in your charge, or if he please  
Rather to come with me—choose, Oedipus,  
Which of the two thou wilt. Thy choice is mine.

*OEDIPUS*

Zeus, may the blessing fall on men like these!

*THESEUS*

What dost thou then decide—to come with me?

*OEDIPUS*

Yea, were it lawful—but 'tis rather here—

*THESEUS*

What wouldst thou here? I shall not thwart thy wish.

*OEDIPUS*

Here shall I vanquish those who cast me forth.

*THESEUS*

Then were thy presence here a boon indeed.

*OEDIPUS*

Such shall it prove, if thou fulfill'st thy pledge.

*THESEUS*

Fear not for me; I shall not play thee false.

*OEDIPUS*

No need to back thy promise with an oath.

*THESEUS*

An oath would be no surer than my word.

*OEDIPUS*

How wilt thou act then?

*THESEUS*

What is it thou fear'st?



*OEDIPUS*

My foes will come—

*THESEUS*

Our friends will look to that.

*OEDIPUS*

But if thou leave me?

*THESEUS*

Teach me not my duty.

*OEDIPUS*

'Tis fear constrains me.

*THESEUS*

\_My\_ soul knows no fear!

*OEDIPUS*

Thou knowest not what threats—

*THESEUS*

I know that none

Shall hale thee hence in my despite. Such threats

Vented in anger oft, are blusterers,

An idle breath, forgot when sense returns.

And for thy foemen, though their words were brave,

Boasting to bring thee back, they are like to find

The seas between us wide and hard to sail.

Such my firm purpose, but in any case

Take heart, since Phoebus sent thee here. My name,

Though I be distant, warrants thee from harm.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Thou hast come to a steed-famed land for rest,

O stranger worn with toil,  
 To a land of all lands the goodliest  
 Colonus' glistening soil.  
 'Tis the haunt of the clear-voiced nightingale,  
 Who hid in her bower, among  
 The wine-dark ivy that wreathes the vale,  
 Trilleth her ceaseless song;  
 And she loves, where the clustering berries nod  
 O'er a sunless, windless glade,  
 The spot by no mortal footstep trod,  
 The pleasance kept for the Bacchic god,  
 Where he holds each night his revels wild  
 With the nymphs who fostered the lusty child.

*(Ant. 1)*

And fed each morn by the pearly dew  
 The starred narcissi shine,  
 And a wreath with the crocus' golden hue  
 For the Mother and Daughter twine.  
 And never the sleepless fountains cease  
 That feed Cephisus' stream,  
 But they swell earth's bosom with quick increase,  
 And their wave hath a crystal gleam.  
 And the Muses' quire will never disdain  
 To visit this heaven-favored plain,  
 Nor the Cyprian queen of the golden rein.

*(Str. 2)*

And here there grows, unpruned, untamed,  
 Terror to foemen's spear,  
 A tree in Asian soil unnamed,  
 By Pelops' Dorian isle unclaimed,  
 Self-nurtured year by year;



'Tis the grey-leaved olive that feeds our boys;  
 Nor youth nor withering age destroys  
 The plant that the Olive Planter tends  
 And the Grey-eyed Goddess herself defends.

*(Ant. 2)*

Yet another gift, of all gifts the most  
 Prized by our fatherland, we boast—  
 The might of the horse, the might of the sea;  
 Our fame, Poseidon, we owe to thee,  
 Son of Kronos, our king divine,  
 Who in these highways first didst fit  
 For the mouth of horses the iron bit;  
 Thou too hast taught us to fashion meet  
 For the arm of the rower the oar-blade fleet,  
 Swift as the Nereids' hundred feet  
 As they dance along the brine.

*ANTIGONE*

Oh land extolled above all lands, 'tis now  
 For thee to make these glorious titles good.

*OEDIPUS*

Why this appeal, my daughter?

*ANTIGONE*

Father, lo!  
 Creon approaches with his company.

*OEDIPUS*

Fear not, it shall be so; if we are old,  
 This country's vigor has no touch of age.  
 [Enter CREON with attendants]

*CREON*

Burghers, my noble friends, ye take alarm  
 At my approach (I read it in your eyes),  
 Fear nothing and refrain from angry words.  
 I come with no ill purpose; I am old,  
 And know the city whither I am come,  
 Without a peer amongst the powers of Greece.  
 It was by reason of my years that I  
 Was chosen to persuade your guest and bring  
 Him back to Thebes; not the delegate  
 Of one man, but commissioned by the State,  
 Since of all Thebans I have most bewailed,  
 Being his kinsman, his most grievous woes.  
 O listen to me, luckless Oedipus,  
 Come home! The whole Cadmeian people claim  
 With right to have thee back, I most of all,  
 For most of all (else were I vile indeed)  
 I mourn for thy misfortunes, seeing thee  
 An aged outcast, wandering on and on,  
 A beggar with one handmaid for thy stay.  
 Ah! who had e'er imagined she could fall  
 To such a depth of misery as this,  
 To tend in penury thy stricken frame,  
 A virgin ripe for wedlock, but unwed,  
 A prey for any wanton ravisher?  
 Seems it not cruel this reproach I cast  
 On thee and on myself and all the race?  
 Aye, but an open shame cannot be hid.  
 Hide it, O hide it, Oedipus, thou canst.  
 O, by our fathers' gods, consent I pray;  
 Come back to Thebes, come to thy father's home,  
 Bid Athens, as is meet, a fond farewell;  
 Thebes thy old foster-mother claims thee first.

*OEDIPUS*

O front of brass, thy subtle tongue would twist  
 To thy advantage every plea of right  
 Why try thy arts on me, why spread again  
 Toils where 'twould gall me sorest to be snared?  
 In old days when by self-wrought woes distraught,  
 I yearned for exile as a glad release,  
 Thy will refused the favor then I craved.  
 But when my frenzied grief had spent its force,  
 And I was fain to taste the sweets of home,  
 Then thou wouldst thrust me from my country, then  
 These ties of kindred were by thee ignored;  
 And now again when thou behold'st this State  
 And all its kindly people welcome me,  
 Thou seek'st to part us, wrapping in soft words  
 Hard thoughts. And yet what pleasure canst thou find  
 In forcing friendship on unwilling foes?  
 Suppose a man refused to grant some boon  
 When you importuned him, and afterwards  
 When you had got your heart's desire, consented,  
 Granting a grace from which all grace had fled,  
 Would not such favor seem an empty boon?  
 Yet such the boon thou profferest now to me,  
 Fair in appearance, but when tested false.  
 Yea, I will proved thee false, that these may hear;  
 Thou art come to take me, not to take me home,  
 But plant me on thy borders, that thy State  
 May so escape annoyance from this land.  
 \_That\_ thou shalt never gain, but \_this\_ instead—  
 My ghost to haunt thy country without end;  
 And for my sons, this heritage—no more—

Just room to die in. Have not I more skill  
 Than thou to draw the horoscope of Thebes?  
 Are not my teachers surer guides than thine—  
 Great Phoebus and the sire of Phoebus, Zeus?  
 Thou art a messenger suborned, thy tongue  
 Is sharper than a sword's edge, yet thy speech  
 Will bring thee more defeats than victories.  
 Howbeit, I know I waste my words—begone,  
 And leave me here; whate'er may be my lot,  
 He lives not ill who lives withal content.

*CREON*

Which loses in this parley, I o'erthrown  
 By thee, or thou who overthrow'st thyself?

*OEDIPUS*

I shall be well contented if thy suit  
 Fails with these strangers, as it has with me.

*CREON*

Unhappy man, will years ne'er make thee wise?  
 Must thou live on to cast a slur on age?

*OEDIPUS*

Thou hast a glib tongue, but no honest man,  
 Methinks, can argue well on any side.

*CREON*

'Tis one thing to speak much, another well.

*OEDIPUS*

Thy words, forsooth, are few and all well aimed!

*CREON*

Not for a man indeed with wits like thine.



*OEDIPUS*

Depart! I bid thee in these burghers' name,  
 And prowl no longer round me to blockade  
 My destined harbor.

*CREON*

I protest to these,  
 Not thee, and for thine answer to thy kin,  
 If e'er I take thee—

*OEDIPUS*

Who against their will  
 Could take me?

*CREON*

Though untaken thou shalt smart.

*OEDIPUS*

What power hast thou to execute this threat?

*CREON*

One of thy daughters is already seized,  
 The other I will carry off anon.

*OEDIPUS*

Woe, woe!

*CREON*

This is but prelude to thy woes.

*OEDIPUS*

Hast thou my child?

*CREON*

And soon shall have the other.

*OEDIPUS*

Ho, friends! ye will not surely play me false?

Chase this ungodly villain from your land.

*CHORUS*

Hence, stranger, hence avaunt! Thou doest wrong  
In this, and wrong in all that thou hast done.

*CREON (to his guards)*

'Tis time by force to carry off the girl,  
If she refuse of her free will to go.

*ANTIGONE*

Ah, woe is me! where shall I fly, where find  
Succor from gods or men?

*CHORUS*

What would'st thou, stranger?

*CREON*

I meddle not with him, but her who is mine.

*OEDIPUS*

O princes of the land!

*CHORUS*

Sir, thou dost wrong.

*CREON*

Nay, right.

*CHORUS*

How right?

*CREON*

I take but what is mine.

*OEDIPUS*

Help, Athens!

*CHORUS*



What means this, sirrah? quick unhand her, or  
We'll fight it out.

*CREON*

Back!

*CHORUS*

Not till thou forbear.

*CREON*

'Tis war with Thebes if I am touched or harmed.

*OEDIPUS*

Did I not warn thee?

*CHORUS*

Quick, unhand the maid!

*CREON*

Command your minions; I am not your slave.

*CHORUS*

Desist, I bid thee.

*CREON (to the guard)*

And O bid thee march!

*CHORUS*

To the rescue, one and all!  
Rally, neighbors to my call!  
See, the foe is at the gate!  
Rally to defend the State.

*ANTIGONE*

Ah, woe is me, they drag me hence, O friends.

*OEDIPUS*

Where art thou, daughter?

*ANTIGONE*

Haled along by force.

*OEDIPUS*

Thy hands, my child!

*ANTIGONE*

They will not let me, father.

*CREON*

Away with her!

*OEDIPUS*

Ah, woe is me, ah woe!

*CREON*

So those two crutches shall no longer serve thee  
 For further roaming. Since it pleaseth thee  
 To triumph o'er thy country and thy friends  
 Who mandate, though a prince, I here discharge,  
 Enjoy thy triumph; soon or late thou'lt find  
 Thou art an enemy to thyself, both now  
 And in time past, when in despite of friends  
 Thou gav'st the rein to passion, still thy bane.

*CHORUS*

Hold there, sir stranger!

*CREON*

Hands off, have a care.

*CHORUS*

Restore the maidens, else thou goest not.

*CREON*

Then Thebes will take a dearer surety soon;  
 I will lay hands on more than these two maids.

*CHORUS*

What canst thou further?

*CREON*

Carry off this man.

*CHORUS*

Brave words!

*CREON*

And deeds forthwith shall make them good.

*CHORUS*

Unless perchance our sovereign intervene.

*OEDIPUS*

O shameless voice! Would'st lay an hand on me?

*CREON*

Silence, I bid thee!

*OEDIPUS*

Goddesses, allow  
 Thy suppliant to utter yet one curse!  
 Wretch, now my eyes are gone thou hast torn away  
 The helpless maiden who was eyes to me;  
 For these to thee and all thy cursed race  
 May the great Sun, whose eye is everywhere,  
 Grant length of days and old age like to mine.

*CREON*

Listen, O men of Athens, mark ye this?

*OEDIPUS*

They mark us both and understand that I  
 Wronged by the deeds defend myself with words.

*CREON*

Nothing shall curb my will; though I be old  
And single-handed, I will have this man.

*OEDIPUS*

O woe is me!

*CHORUS*

Thou art a bold man, stranger, if thou think'st  
To execute thy purpose.

*CREON*

So I do.

*CHORUS*

Then shall I deem this State no more a State.

*CREON*

With a just quarrel weakness conquers might.

*OEDIPUS*

Ye hear his words?

*CHORUS*

Aye words, but not yet deeds,  
Zeus knoweth!

*CREON*

Zeus may haply know, not thou.

*CHORUS*

Insolence!

*CREON*

Insolence that thou must bear.

*CHORUS*

Haste ye princes, sound the alarm!  
Men of Athens, arm ye, arm!



Quickly to the rescue come  
Ere the robbers get them home.

[Enter THESEUS]

*THESEUS*

Why this outcry? What is forward? wherefore was I called away  
From the altar of Poseidon, lord of your Colonus? Say!  
On what errand have I hurried hither without stop or stay.

*OEDIPUS*

Dear friend—those accents tell me who thou art—  
Yon man but now hath done me a foul wrong.

*THESEUS*

What is this wrong and who hath wrought it? Speak.

*OEDIPUS*

Creon who stands before thee. He it is  
Hath robbed me of my all, my daughters twain.

*THESEUS*

What means this?

*OEDIPUS*

Thou hast heard my tale of wrongs.

*THESEUS*

Ho! hasten to the altars, one of you.  
Command my liegemen leave the sacrifice  
And hurry, foot and horse, with rein unchecked,  
To where the paths that packmen use diverge,  
Lest the two maidens slip away, and I  
Become a mockery to this my guest,  
As one despoiled by force. Quick, as I bid.  
As for this stranger, had I let my rage,  
Justly provoked, have play, he had not 'scaped

Scathless and uncorrected at my hands.  
 But now the laws to which himself appealed,  
 These and none others shall adjudicate.  
 Thou shalt not quit this land, till thou hast fetched  
 The maidens and produced them in my sight.  
 Thou hast offended both against myself  
 And thine own race and country. Having come  
 Unto a State that champions right and asks  
 For every action warranty of law,  
 Thou hast set aside the custom of the land,  
 And like some freebooter art carrying off  
 What plunder pleases thee, as if forsooth  
 Thou thoughtest this a city without men,  
 Or manned by slaves, and me a thing of naught.  
 Yet not from Thebes this villainy was learnt;  
 Thebes is not wont to breed unrighteous sons,  
 Nor would she praise thee, if she learnt that thou  
 Wert robbing me—aye and the gods to boot,  
 Haling by force their suppliants, poor maids.  
 Were I on Theban soil, to prosecute  
 The justest claim imaginable, I  
 Would never wrest by violence my own  
 Without sanction of your State or King;  
 I should behave as fits an outlander  
 Living amongst a foreign folk, but thou  
 Shamest a city that deserves it not,  
 Even thine own, and plentitude of years  
 Have made of thee an old man and a fool.  
 Therefore again I charge thee as before,  
 See that the maidens are restored at once,  
 Unless thou would'st continue here by force  
 And not by choice a sojourner; so much



I tell thee home and what I say, I mean.

*CHORUS*

Thy case is perilous; though by birth and race  
 Thou should'st be just, thou plainly doest wrong.

*CREON*

Not deeming this city void of men  
 Or counsel, son of Aegeus, as thou say'st  
 I did what I have done; rather I thought  
 Your people were not like to set such store  
 by kin of mine and keep them 'gainst my will.  
 Nor would they harbor, so I stood assured,  
 A godless parricide, a reprobate  
 Convicted of incestuous marriage ties.  
 For on her native hill of Ares here  
 (I knew your far-famed Areopagus)  
 Sits Justice, and permits not vagrant folk  
 To stay within your borders. In that faith  
 I hunted down my quarry; and e'en then  
 i had refrained but for the curses dire  
 Wherewith he banned my kinsfolk and myself:  
 Such wrong, methought, had warrant for my act.  
 Anger has no old age but only death;  
 The dead alone can feel no touch of spite.  
 So thou must work thy will; my cause is just  
 But weak without allies; yet will I try,  
 Old as I am, to answer deeds with deeds.

*OEDIPUS*

O shameless railer, think'st thou this abuse  
 Defames my grey hairs rather than thine own?  
 Murder and incest, deeds of horror, all

Thou blurtest forth against me, all I have borne,  
 No willing sinner; so it pleased the gods  
 Wrath haply with my sinful race of old,  
 Since thou could'st find no sin in me myself  
 For which in retribution I was doomed  
 To trespass thus against myself and mine.  
 Answer me now, if by some oracle  
 My sire was destined to a bloody end  
 By a son's hand, can this reflect on me,  
 Me then unborn, begotten by no sire,  
 Conceived in no mother's womb? And if  
 When born to misery, as born I was,  
 I met my sire, not knowing whom I met  
 or what I did, and slew him, how canst thou  
 With justice blame the all-unconscious hand?  
 And for my mother, wretch, art not ashamed,  
 Seeing she was thy sister, to extort  
 From me the story of her marriage, such  
 A marriage as I straightway will proclaim.  
 For I will speak; thy lewd and impious speech  
 Has broken all the bonds of reticence.  
 She was, ah woe is me! she was my mother;  
 I knew it not, nor she; and she my mother  
 Bare children to the son whom she had borne,  
 A birth of shame. But this at least I know  
 Wittingly thou aspersest her and me;  
 But I unwitting wed, unwilling speak.  
 Nay neither in this marriage or this deed  
 Which thou art ever casting in my teeth—  
 A murdered sire—shall I be held to blame.  
 Come, answer me one question, if thou canst:  
 If one should presently attempt thy life,



Would'st thou, O man of justice, first inquire  
 If the assassin was perchance thy sire,  
 Or turn upon him? As thou lov'st thy life,  
 On thy aggressor thou would'st turn, no stay  
 Debating, if the law would bear thee out.  
 Such was my case, and such the pass whereto  
 The gods reduced me; and methinks my sire,  
 Could he come back to life, would not dissent.  
 Yet thou, for just thou art not, but a man  
 Who sticks at nothing, if it serve his plea,  
 Reproachest me with this before these men.  
 It serves thy turn to laud great Theseus' name,  
 And Athens as a wisely governed State;  
 Yet in thy flatteries one thing is to seek:  
 If any land knows how to pay the gods  
 Their proper rites, 'tis Athens most of all.  
 This is the land whence thou wast fain to steal  
 Their aged suppliant and hast carried off  
 My daughters. Therefore to yon goddesses,  
 I turn, adjure them and invoke their aid  
 To champion my cause, that thou mayest learn  
 What is the breed of men who guard this State.

*CHORUS*

An honest man, my liege, one sore bestead  
 By fortune, and so worthy our support.

*THESEUS*

Enough of words; the captors speed amain,  
 While we the victims stand debating here.

*CREON*

What would'st thou? What can I, a feeble man?

*THESEUS*

Show us the trail, and I'll attend thee too,  
 That, if thou hast the maidens hereabouts,  
 Thou mayest thyself discover them to me;  
 But if thy guards outstrip us with their spoil,  
 We may draw rein; for others speed, from whom  
 They will not 'scape to thank the gods at home.  
 Lead on, I say, the captor's caught, and fate  
 Hath ta'en the fowler in the toils he spread;  
 So soon are lost gains gotten by deceit.  
 And look not for allies; I know indeed  
 Such height of insolence was never reached  
 Without abettors or accomplices;  
 Thou hast some backer in thy bold essay,  
 But I will search this matter home and see  
 One man doth not prevail against the State.  
 Dost take my drift, or seem these words as vain  
 As seemed our warnings when the plot was hatched?

*CREON*

Nothing thou sayest can I here dispute,  
 But once at home I too shall act my part.

*THESEUS*

Threaten us and—begone! Thou, Oedipus,  
 Stay here assured that nothing save my death  
 Will stay my purpose to restore the maids.

*OEDIPUS*

Heaven bless thee, Theseus, for thy nobleness  
 And all thy loving care in my behalf.  
 [Exeunt THESEUS and CREON]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

O when the flying foe,  
 Turning at last to bay,  
 Soon will give blow for blow,  
 Might I behold the fray;  
 Hear the loud battle roar  
 Swell, on the Pythian shore,  
 Or by the torch-lit bay,  
 Where the dread Queen and Maid  
 Cherish the mystic rites,  
 Rites they to none betray,  
 Ere on his lips is laid  
 Secrecy's golden key  
 By their own acolytes,  
 Priestly Eumolpidae.

*There I might chance behold*

Theseus our captain bold  
 Meet with the robber band,  
 Ere they have fled the land,  
 Rescue by might and main  
 Maidens, the captives twain.

*(Ant. 1)*

Haply on swiftest steed,  
 Or in the flying car,  
 Now they approach the glen,  
 West of white Oea's scaur.  
 They will be vanquished:  
 Dread are our warriors, dread  
 Theseus our chieftain's men.  
 Flashes each bridle bright,  
 Charges each gallant knight,

All that our Queen adore,  
 Pallas their patron, or  
 Him whose wide floods enring  
 Earth, the great Ocean-king  
 Whom Rhea bore.

(*Str. 2*)

Fight they or now prepare  
 To fight? a vision rare  
 Tells me that soon again  
 I shall behold the twain  
 Maidens so ill bestead,  
 By their kin buffeted.  
 Today, today Zeus worketh some great thing  
 This day shall victory bring.  
 O for the wings, the wings of a dove,  
 To be borne with the speed of the gale,  
 Up and still upwards to sail  
 And gaze on the fray from the clouds above.

(*Ant. 2*)

All-seeing Zeus, O lord of heaven,  
 To our guardian host be given  
 Might triumphant to surprise  
 Flying foes and win their prize.  
 Hear us, Zeus, and hear us, child  
 Of Zeus, Athene undefiled,  
 Hear, Apollo, hunter, hear,  
 Huntress, sister of Apollo,  
 Who the dappled swift-foot deer  
 O'er the wooded glade dost follow;  
 Help with your two-fold power  
 Athens in danger's hour!



O wayfarer, thou wilt not have to tax  
 The friends who watch for thee with false presage,  
 For lo, an escort with the maids draws near.  
 [Enter ANTIGONE and ISMENE with THESEUS]

*OEDIPUS*

Where, where? what sayest thou?

*ANTIGONE*

O father, father,  
 Would that some god might grant thee eyes to see  
 This best of men who brings us back again.

*OEDIPUS*

My child! and are ye back indeed!

*ANTIGONE*

Yes, saved  
 By Theseus and his gallant followers.

*OEDIPUS*

Come to your father's arms, O let me feel  
 A child's embrace I never hoped for more.

*ANTIGONE*

Thou askest what is doubly sweet to give.

*OEDIPUS*

Where are ye then?

*ANTIGONE*

We come together both.

*OEDIPUS*

My precious nurslings!

*ANTIGONE*

Fathers aye were fond.

*OEDIPUS*

Props of my age!

*ANTIGONE*

So sorrow sorrow props.

*OEDIPUS*

I have my darlings, and if death should come,  
 Death were not wholly bitter with you near.  
 Cling to me, press me close on either side,  
 There rest ye from your dreary wayfaring.  
 Now tell me of your ventures, but in brief;  
 Brief speech suffices for young maids like you.

*ANTIGONE*

Here is our savior; thou should'st hear the tale  
 From his own lips; so shall my part be brief.

*OEDIPUS*

I pray thee do not wonder if the sight  
 Of children, given o'er for lost, has made  
 My converse somewhat long and tedious.  
 Full well I know the joy I have of them  
 Is due to thee, to thee and no man else;  
 Thou wast their sole deliverer, none else.  
 The gods deal with thee after my desire,  
 With thee and with this land! for fear of heaven  
 I found above all peoples most with you,  
 And righteousness and lips that cannot lie.  
 I speak in gratitude of what I know,  
 For all I have I owe to thee alone.  
 Give me thy hand, O Prince, that I may touch it,  
 And if thou wilt permit me, kiss thy cheek.  
 What say I? Can I wish that thou should'st touch



One fallen like me to utter wretchedness,  
 Corrupt and tainted with a thousand ills?  
 Oh no, I would not let thee if thou would'st.  
 They only who have known calamity  
 Can share it. Let me greet thee where thou art,  
 And still befriend me as thou hast till now.

*THESEUS*

I marvel not if thou hast dallied long  
 In converse with thy children and preferred  
 Their speech to mine; I feel no jealousy,  
 I would be famous more by deeds than words.  
 Of this, old friend, thou hast had proof; my oath  
 I have fulfilled and brought thee back the maids  
 Alive and nothing harmed for all those threats.  
 And how the fight was won, 'twere waste of words  
 To boast—thy daughters here will tell thee all.  
 But of a matter that has lately chanced  
 On my way hitherward, I fain would have  
 Thy counsel—slight 'twould seem, yet worthy thought.  
 A wise man heeds all matters great or small.

*OEDIPUS*

What is it, son of Aegeus? Let me hear.  
 Of what thou askest I myself know naught.

*THESEUS*

'Tis said a man, no countryman of thine,  
 But of thy kin, hath taken sanctuary  
 Beside the altar of Poseidon, where  
 I was at sacrifice when called away.

*OEDIPUS*

What is his country? what the suitor's prayer?

*THESEUS*

I know but one thing; he implores, I am told,  
A word with thee—he will not trouble thee.

*OEDIPUS*

What seeks he? If a suppliant, something grave.

*THESEUS*

He only waits, they say, to speak with thee,  
And then unharmed to go upon his way.

*OEDIPUS*

I marvel who is this petitioner.

*THESEUS*

Think if there be not any of thy kin  
At Argos who might claim this boon of thee.

*OEDIPUS*

Dear friend, forbear, I pray.

*THESEUS*

What ails thee now?

*OEDIPUS*

Ask it not of me.

*THESEUS*

Ask not what? explain.

*OEDIPUS*

Thy words have told me who the suppliant is.

*THESEUS*

Who can he be that I should frown on him?

*OEDIPUS*

My son, O king, my hateful son, whose words



Of all men's most would jar upon my ears.

*THESEUS*

Thou sure mightest listen. If his suit offend,  
No need to grant it. Why so loth to hear him?

*OEDIPUS*

That voice, O king, grates on a father's ears;  
I have come to loathe it. Force me not to yield.

*THESEUS*

But he hath found asylum. O beware,  
And fail not in due reverence to the god.

*ANTIGONE*

O heed me, father, though I am young in years.  
Let the prince have his will and pay withal  
What in his eyes is service to the god;  
For our sake also let our brother come.  
If what he urges tend not to thy good  
He cannot surely wrest perforce thy will.  
To hear him then, what harm? By open words  
A scheme of villainy is soon bewrayed.  
Thou art his father, therefore canst not pay  
In kind a son's most impious outrages.  
O listen to him; other men like thee  
Have thankless children and are choleric,  
But yielding to persuasion's gentle spell  
They let their savage mood be exorcised.  
Look thou to the past, forget the present, think  
On all the woe thy sire and mother brought thee;  
Thence wilt thou draw this lesson without fail,  
Of evil passion evil is the end.  
Thou hast, alas, to prick thy memory,

Stern monitors, these ever-sightless orbs.  
 O yield to us; just suitors should not need  
 To be importunate, nor he that takes  
 A favor lack the grace to make return.

*OEDIPUS*

Grievous to me, my child, the boon ye win  
 By pleading. Let it be then; have your way  
 Only if come he must, I beg thee, friend,  
 Let none have power to dispose of me.

*THESEUS*

No need, Sir, to appeal a second time.  
 It likes me not to boast, but be assured  
 Thy life is safe while any god saves mine.  
 [Exit THESEUS]

*CHORUS*

(Str.)  
 Who craves excess of days,  
 Scorning the common span  
 Of life, I judge that man  
 A giddy wight who walks in folly's ways.  
 For the long years heap up a grievous load,  
 Scant pleasures, heavier pains,  
 Till not one joy remains  
 For him who lingers on life's weary road  
 And come it slow or fast,  
 One doom of fate  
 Doth all await,  
 For dance and marriage bell,  
 The dirge and funeral knell.  
 Death the deliverer freeth all at last.



(Ant.)  
 Not to be born at all  
 Is best, far best that can befall,  
 Next best, when born, with least delay  
 To trace the backward way.  
 For when youth passes with its giddy train,  
 Troubles on troubles follow, toils on toils,  
 Pain, pain for ever pain;  
 And none escapes life's coils.  
 Envy, sedition, strife,  
 Carnage and war, make up the tale of life.  
 Last comes the worst and most abhorred stage  
 Of unregarded age,  
 Joyless, companionless and slow,  
 Of woes the crowning woe.

## (Epode)

Such ills not I alone,  
 He too our guest hath known,  
 E'en as some headland on an iron-bound shore,  
 Lashed by the wintry blasts and surge's roar,  
 So is he buffeted on every side  
 By drear misfortune's whelming tide,  
 By every wind of heaven o'erborne  
 Some from the sunset, some from orient morn,  
 Some from the noonday glow.  
 Some from Rhipean gloom of everlasting snow.

*ANTIGONE*

Father, methinks I see the stranger coming,  
 Alone he comes and weeping plenteous tears.

*OEDIPUS*

Who may he be?

*ANTIGONE*

The same that we surmised.  
 From the outset—Polyneices. He is here.  
 [Enter POLYNEICES]

*POLYNEICES*

Ah me, my sisters, shall I first lament  
 My own afflictions, or my aged sire's,  
 Whom here I find a castaway, with you,  
 In a strange land, an ancient beggar clad  
 In antic tatters, marring all his frame,  
 While o'er the sightless orbs his unkept locks  
 Float in the breeze; and, as it were to match,  
 He bears a wallet against hunger's pinch.  
 All this too late I learn, wretch that I am,  
 Alas! I own it, and am proved most vile  
 In my neglect of thee: I scorn myself.  
 But as almighty Zeus in all he doth  
 Hath Mercy for co-partner of this throne,  
 Let Mercy, father, also sit enthroned  
 In thy heart likewise. For transgressions past  
 May be amended, cannot be made worse.

Why silent? Father, speak, nor turn away,  
 Hast thou no word, wilt thou dismiss me then  
 In mute disdain, nor tell me why thou art wrath?  
 O ye his daughters, sisters mine, do ye  
 This sullen, obstinate silence try to move.  
 Let him not spurn, without a single word  
 Of answer, me the suppliant of the god.

*ANTIGONE*

Tell him thyself, unhappy one, thine errand;



For large discourse may send a thrill of joy,  
 Or stir a chord of wrath or tenderness,  
 And to the tongue-tied somehow give a tongue.

*POLYNEICES*

Well dost thou counsel, and I will speak out.  
 First will I call in aid the god himself,  
 Poseidon, from whose altar I was raised,  
 With warrant from the monarch of this land,  
 To parley with you, and depart unscathed.  
 These pledges, strangers, I would see observed  
 By you and by my sisters and my sire.  
 Now, father, let me tell thee why I came.  
 I have been banished from my native land  
 Because by right of primogeniture  
 I claimed possession of thy sovereign throne  
 Wherefrom Etocles, my younger brother,  
 Ousted me, not by weight of precedent,  
 Nor by the last arbitrament of war,  
 But by his popular acts; and the prime cause  
 Of this I deem the curse that rests on thee.  
 So likewise hold the soothsayers, for when  
 I came to Argos in the Dorian land  
 And took the king Adrastus' child to wife,  
 Under my standard I enlisted all  
 The foremost captains of the Apian isle,  
 To levy with their aid that sevenfold host  
 Of spearmen against Thebes, determining  
 To oust my foes or die in a just cause.  
 Why then, thou askest, am I here today?  
 Father, I come a suppliant to thee  
 Both for myself and my allies who now

With squadrons seven beneath their seven spears  
 Beleaguer all the plain that circles Thebes.  
 Foremost the peerless warrior, peerless seer,  
 Amphiaraiis with his lightning lance;  
 Next an Aetolian, Tydeus, Oeneus' son;  
 Eteoclus of Argive birth the third;  
 The fourth Hippomedon, sent to the war  
 By his sire Talaos; Capaneus, the fifth,  
 Vaunts he will fire and raze the town; the sixth  
 Parthenopaeus, an Arcadian born  
 Named of that maid, longtime a maid and late  
 Espoused, Atalanta's true-born child;  
 Last I thy son, or thine at least in name,  
 If but the bastard of an evil fate,  
 Lead against Thebes the fearless Argive host.  
 Thus by thy children and thy life, my sire,  
 We all adjure thee to remit thy wrath  
 And favor one who seeks a just revenge  
 Against a brother who has banned and robbed him.  
 For victory, if oracles speak true,  
 Will fall to those who have thee for ally.  
 So, by our fountains and familiar gods  
 I pray thee, yield and hear; a beggar I  
 And exile, thou an exile likewise; both  
 Involved in one misfortune find a home  
 As pensioners, while he, the lord of Thebes,  
 O agony! makes a mock of thee and me.  
 I'll scatter with a breath the upstart's might,  
 And bring thee home again and stablish thee,  
 And stablish, having cast him out, myself.  
 This will thy goodwill I will undertake,  
 Without it I can scarce return alive.

*CHORUS*

For the king's sake who sent him, Oedipus,  
 Dismiss him not without a meet reply.

*OEDIPUS*

Nay, worthy seniors, but for Theseus' sake  
 Who sent him hither to have word of me.  
 Never again would he have heard my voice;  
 But now he shall obtain this parting grace,  
 An answer that will bring him little joy.  
 O villain, when thou hadst the sovereignty  
 That now thy brother holdeth in thy stead,  
 Didst thou not drive me, thine own father, out,  
 An exile, cityless, and make we wear  
 This beggar's garb thou weapest to behold,  
 Now thou art come thyself to my sad plight?  
 Nothing is here for tears; it must be borne  
 By me till death, and I shall think of thee  
 As of my murderer; thou didst thrust me out;  
 'Tis thou hast made me conversant with woe,  
 Through thee I beg my bread in a strange land;  
 And had not these my daughters tended me  
 I had been dead for aught of aid from thee.  
 They tend me, they preserve me, they are men  
 Not women in true service to their sire;  
 But ye are bastards, and no sons of mine.  
 Therefore just Heaven hath an eye on thee;  
 Howbeit not yet with aspect so austere  
 As thou shalt soon experience, if indeed  
 These banded hosts are moving against Thebes.  
 That city thou canst never storm, but first  
 Shall fall, thou and thy brother, blood-imbrued.

Such curse I lately launched against you twain,  
 Such curse I now invoke to fight for me,  
 That ye may learn to honor those who bear thee  
 Nor flout a sightless father who begat  
 Degenerate sons—these maidens did not so.  
 Therefore my curse is stronger than thy “throne,”  
 Thy “suppliance,” if by right of laws eterne  
 Primeval Justice sits enthroned with Zeus.  
 Begone, abhorred, disowned, no son of mine,  
 Thou vilest of the vile! and take with thee  
 This curse I leave thee as my last bequest:—  
 Never to win by arms thy native land,  
 No, nor return to Argos in the Vale,  
 But by a kinsman’s hand to die and slay  
 Him who expelled thee. So I pray and call  
 On the ancestral gloom of Tartarus  
 To snatch thee hence, on these dread goddesses  
 I call, and Ares who incensed you both  
 To mortal enmity. Go now proclaim  
 What thou hast heard to the Cadmeians all,  
 Thy staunch confederates—this the heritage  
 that Oedipus divideth to his sons.

*CHORUS*

Thy errand, Polyneices, liked me not  
 From the beginning; now go back with speed.

*POLYNEICES*

Woe worth my journey and my baffled hopes!  
 Woe worth my comrades! What a desperate end  
 To that glad march from Argos! Woe is me!  
 I dare not whisper it to my allies  
 Or turn them back, but mute must meet my doom.



My sisters, ye his daughters, ye have heard  
 The prayers of our stern father, if his curse  
 Should come to pass and ye some day return  
 To Thebes, O then disown me not, I pray,  
 But grant me burial and due funeral rites.  
 So shall the praise your filial care now wins  
 Be doubled for the service wrought for me.

*ANTIGONE*

One boon, O Polyneices, let me crave.

*POLYNEICES*

What would’st thou, sweet Antigone? Say on.

*ANTIGONE*

Turn back thy host to Argos with all speed,  
 And ruin not thyself and Thebes as well.

*POLYNEICES*

That cannot be. How could I lead again  
 An army that had seen their leader quail?

*ANTIGONE*

But, brother, why shouldst thou be wroth again?  
 What profit from thy country’s ruin comes?

*POLYNEICES*

’Tis shame to live in exile, and shall I  
 The elder bear a younger brother’s flouts?

*ANTIGONE*

Wilt thou then bring to pass his prophecies  
 Who threatens mutual slaughter to you both?

*POLYNEICES*

Aye, so he wishes:—but I must not yield.

*ANTIGONE*

O woe is me! but say, will any dare,  
Hearing his prophecy, to follow thee?

*POLYNEICES*

I shall not tell it; a good general  
Reports successes and conceals mishaps.

*ANTIGONE*

Misguided youth, thy purpose then stands fast!

*POLYNEICES*

'Tis so, and stay me not. The road I choose,  
Dogged by my sire and his avenging spirit,  
Leads me to ruin; but for you may Zeus  
Make your path bright if ye fulfill my hest  
When dead; in life ye cannot serve me more.  
Now let me go, farewell, a long farewell!  
Ye ne'er shall see my living face again.

*ANTIGONE*

Ah me!

*POLYNEICES*

Bewail me not.

*ANTIGONE*

Who would not mourn  
Thee, brother, hurrying to an open pit!

*POLYNEICES*

If I must die, I must.

*ANTIGONE*

Nay, hear me plead.

*POLYNEICES*

It may not be; forbear.

*ANTIGONE*

Then woe is me,  
If I must lose thee.

*POLYNEICES*

Nay, that rests with fate,  
Whether I live or die; but for you both  
I pray to heaven ye may escape all ill;  
For ye are blameless in the eyes of all.  
[Exit POLYNEICES]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)  
Ills on ill! no pause or rest!  
Come they from our sightless guest?  
Or haply now we see fulfilled  
What fate long time hath willed?  
For ne'er have I proved vain  
Aught that the heavenly powers ordain.  
Time with never sleeping eye  
Watches what is writ on high,  
Overthrowing now the great,  
Raising now from low estate.  
Hark! How the thunder rumbles! Zeus defend us!

*OEDIPUS*

Children, my children! will no messenger  
Go summon hither Theseus my best friend?

*ANTIGONE*

And wherefore, father, dost thou summon him?

*OEDIPUS*

This winged thunder of the god must bear me  
Anon to Hades. Send and tarry not.

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 1)

Hark! with louder, nearer roar  
The bolt of Zeus descends once more.  
My spirit quails and cowers: my hair  
Bristles for fear. Again that flare!  
What doth the lightning-flash portend?  
Ever it points to issues grave.  
Dread powers of air! Save, Zeus, O save!

*OEDIPUS*

Daughters, upon me the predestined end  
Has come; no turning from it any more.

*ANTIGONE*

How knowest thou? What sign convinces thee?

*OEDIPUS*

I know full well. Let some one with all speed  
Go summon hither the Athenian prince.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 2)

Ha! once more the deafening sound  
Peals yet louder all around  
If thou darkenest our land,  
Lightly, lightly lay thy hand;  
Grace, not anger, let me win,  
If upon a man of sin  
I have looked with pitying eye,  
Zeus, our king, to thee I cry!

*OEDIPUS*

Is the prince coming? Will he when he comes  
Find me yet living and my senses clear!

*ANTIGONE*

What solemn charge would'st thou impress on him?

*OEDIPUS*

For all his benefits I would perform  
The promise made when I received them first.

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 2)

Hither haste, my son, arise,  
Altar leave and sacrifice,  
If haply to Poseidon now  
In the far glade thou pay'st thy vow.  
For our guest to thee would bring  
And thy folk and offering,  
Thy due guerdon. Haste, O King!  
[Enter THESEUS]

*THESEUS*

Wherefore again this general din? at once  
My people call me and the stranger calls.  
Is it a thunderbolt of Zeus or sleet  
Of arrowy hail? a storm so fierce as this  
Would warrant all surmises of mischance.

*OEDIPUS*

Thou com'st much wished for, Prince, and sure some god  
Hath bid good luck attend thee on thy way.

*THESEUS*

What, son of Laius, hath chanced of new?

*OEDIPUS*

My life hath turned the scale. I would do all  
I promised thee and thine before I die.

*THESEUS*

What sign assures thee that thine end is near?

*OEDIPUS*

The gods themselves are heralds of my fate;  
Of their appointed warnings nothing fails.

*THESEUS*

How sayest thou they signify their will?

*OEDIPUS*

This thunder, peal on peal, this lightning hurled  
Flash upon flash, from the unconquered hand.

*THESEUS*

I must believe thee, having found thee oft  
A prophet true; then speak what must be done.

*OEDIPUS*

O son of Aegeus, for this state will I  
Unfold a treasure age cannot corrupt.  
Myself anon without a guiding hand  
Will take thee to the spot where I must end.  
This secret ne'er reveal to mortal man,  
Neither the spot nor whereabouts it lies,  
So shall it ever serve thee for defense  
Better than native shields and near allies.  
But those dread mysteries speech may not profane  
Thyself shalt gather coming there alone;  
Since not to any of thy subjects, nor  
To my own children, though I love them dearly,



Can I reveal what thou must guard alone,  
And whisper to thy chosen heir alone,  
So to be handed down from heir to heir.  
Thus shalt thou hold this land inviolate  
From the dread Dragon's brood. [4] The justest State  
By countless wanton neighbors may be wronged,  
For the gods, though they tarry, mark for doom  
The godless sinner in his mad career.  
Far from thee, son of Aegeus, be such fate!  
But to the spot—the god within me goads—  
Let us set forth no longer hesitate.  
Follow me, daughters, this way. Strange that I  
Whom you have led so long should lead you now.  
Oh, touch me not, but let me all alone  
Find out the sepulcher that destiny  
Appoints me in this land. Hither, this way,  
For this way Hermes leads, the spirit guide,  
And Persephassa, empress of the dead.  
O light, no light to me, but mine erewhile,  
Now the last time I feel thee palpable,  
For I am drawing near the final gloom  
Of Hades. Blessing on thee, dearest friend,  
On thee and on thy land and followers!  
Live prosperous and in your happy state  
Still for your welfare think on me, the dead.  
[Exit THESEUS followed by ANTIGONE and ISMENE]

*CHORUS*

(Str.)  
If mortal prayers are heard in hell,  
Hear, Goddess dread, invisible!  
Monarch of the regions drear,

Aidoneus, hear, O hear!  
 By a gentle, tearless doom  
 Speed this stranger to the gloom,  
 Let him enter without pain  
 The all-shrouding Stygian plain.  
 Wrongfully in life oppressed,  
 Be he now by Justice blessed.

*(Ant.)*

Queen infernal, and thou fell  
 Watch-dog of the gates of hell,  
 Who, as legends tell, dost glare,  
 Gnarling in thy cavernous lair  
 At all comers, let him go  
 Scathless to the fields below.  
 For thy master orders thus,  
 The son of earth and Tartarus;  
 In his den the monster keep,  
 Giver of eternal sleep.  
 [Enter MESSENGER]

*MESSENGER*

Friends, countrymen, my tidings are in sum  
 That Oedipus is gone, but the event  
 Was not so brief, nor can the tale be brief.

*CHORUS*

What, has he gone, the unhappy man?

*MESSENGER*

Know well  
 That he has passed away from life to death.

*CHORUS*

How? By a god-sent, painless doom, poor soul?



*MESSENGER*

Thy question hits the marvel of the tale.  
 How he moved hence, you saw him and must know;  
 Without a friend to lead the way, himself  
 Guiding us all. So having reached the abrupt  
 Earth-rooted Threshold with its brazen stairs,  
 He paused at one of the converging paths,  
 Hard by the rocky basin which records  
 The pact of Theseus and Peirithous.  
 Betwixt that rift and the Thorician rock,  
 The hollow pear-tree and the marble tomb,  
 Midway he sat and loosed his beggar's weeds;  
 Then calling to his daughters bade them fetch  
 Of running water, both to wash withal  
 And make libation; so they clomb the steep;  
 And in brief space brought what their father bade,  
 Then laved and dressed him with observance due.  
 But when he had his will in everything,  
 And no desire was left unsatisfied,  
 It thundered from the netherworld; the maids  
 Shivered, and crouching at their father's knees  
 Wept, beat their breast and uttered a long wail.  
 He, as he heard their sudden bitter cry,  
 Folded his arms about them both and said,  
 "My children, ye will lose your sire today,  
 For all of me has perished, and no more  
 Have ye to bear your long, long ministry;  
 A heavy load, I know, and yet one word  
 Wipes out all score of tribulations—\_love\_.  
 And love from me ye had—from no man more;  
 But now must live without me all your days."

So clinging to each other sobbed and wept  
 Father and daughters both, but when at last  
 Their mourning had an end and no wail rose,  
 A moment there was silence; suddenly  
 A voice that summoned him; with sudden dread  
 The hair of all stood up and all were 'mazed;  
 For the call came, now loud, now low, and oft.  
 "Oedipus, Oedipus, why tarry we?  
 Too long, too long thy passing is delayed."  
 But when he heard the summons of the god,  
 He prayed that Theseus might be brought, and when  
 The Prince came nearer: "O my friend," he cried,  
 "Pledge ye my daughters, giving thy right hand—  
 And, daughters, give him yours—and promise me  
 Thou never wilt forsake them, but do all  
 That time and friendship prompt in their behoof."  
 And he of his nobility repressed  
 His tears and swore to be their constant friend.  
 This promise given, Oedipus put forth  
 Blind hands and laid them on his children, saying,  
 "O children, prove your true nobility  
 And hence depart nor seek to witness sights  
 Unlawful or to hear unlawful words.  
 Nay, go with speed; let none but Theseus stay,  
 Our ruler, to behold what next shall hap."  
 So we all heard him speak, and weeping sore  
 We accompanied the maidens on their way.  
 After brief space we looked again, and lo  
 The man was gone, vanished from our eyes;  
 Only the king we saw with upraised hand  
 Shading his eyes as from some awful sight,  
 That no man might endure to look upon.



A moment later, and we saw him bend  
 In prayer to Earth and prayer to Heaven at once.  
 But by what doom the stranger met his end  
 No man save Theseus knoweth. For there fell  
 No fiery bold that reft him in that hour,  
 Nor whirlwind from the sea, but he was taken.  
 It was a messenger from heaven, or else  
 Some gentle, painless cleaving of earth's base;  
 For without wailing or disease or pain  
 He passed away—and end most marvelous.  
 And if to some my tale seems foolishness  
 I am content that such could count me fool.

*CHORUS*

Where are the maids and their attendant friends?

*MESSENGER*

They cannot be far off; the approaching sound  
 Of lamentation tells they come this way.  
 [Enter ANTIGONE and ISMENE]

*ANTIGONE*

(Str. 1)

Woe, woe! on this sad day  
 We sisters of one blasted stock  
 must bow beneath the shock,  
 Must weep and weep the curse that lay  
 On him our sire, for whom  
 In life, a life-long world of care  
 'Twas ours to bear,  
 In death must face the gloom  
 That wraps his tomb.  
 What tongue can tell

That sight ineffable?

*CHORUS*

What mean ye, maidens?

*ANTIGONE*

All is but surmise.

*CHORUS*

Is he then gone?

*ANTIGONE*

Gone as ye most might wish.

Not in battle or sea storm,

But reft from sight,

By hands invisible borne

To viewless fields of night.

Ah me! on us too night has come,

The night of mourning. Wither roam

O'er land or sea in our distress

Eating the bread of bitterness?

*ISMENE*

I know not. O that Death

Might nip my breath,

And let me share my aged father's fate.

I cannot live a life thus desolate.

*CHORUS*

Best of daughters, worthy pair,

What heaven brings ye needs must bear,

Fret no more 'gainst Heaven's will;

Fate hath dealt with you not ill.

*ANTIGONE*

(Ant. 1)



Love can turn past pain to bliss,

What seemed bitter now is sweet.

Ah me! that happy toil is sweet.

The guidance of those dear blind feet.

Dear father, wrapt for aye in nether gloom,

E'en in the tomb

Never shalt thou lack of love repine,

Her love and mine.

*CHORUS*

His fate—

*ANTIGONE*

Is even as he planned.

*CHORUS*

How so?

*ANTIGONE*

He died, so willed he, in a foreign land.

Lapped in kind earth he sleeps his long last sleep,

And o'er his grave friends weep.

How great our lost these streaming eyes can tell,

This sorrow naught can quell.

Thou hadst thy wish 'mid strangers thus to die,

But I, ah me, not by.

*ISMENE*

Alas, my sister, what new fate

Befalls us orphans desolate?

*CHORUS*

His end was blessed; therefore, children, stay

Your sorrow. Man is born to fate a prey.

*ANTIGONE*

(Str. 2)  
Sister, let us back again.

*ISMENE*

Why return?

*ANTIGONE*

My soul is fain—

*ISMENE*

Is fain?

*ANTIGONE*

To see the earthy bed.

*ISMENE*

Sayest thou?

*ANTIGONE*

Where our sire is laid.

*ISMENE*

Nay, thou can'st not, dost not see—

*ANTIGONE*

Sister, wherefore wroth with me?

*ISMENE*

Know'st not—beside—

*ANTIGONE*

More must I hear?

*ISMENE*

Tombless he died, none near.

*ANTIGONE*

Lead me thither; slay me there.

*ISMENE*



How shall I unhappy fare,  
Friendless, helpless, how drag on  
A life of misery alone?

*CHORUS*

(Ant. 2)

Fear not, maids—

*ANTIGONE*

Ah, whither flee?

*CHORUS*

Refuge hath been found.

*ANTIGONE*

For me?

*CHORUS*

Where thou shalt be safe from harm.

*ANTIGONE*

I know it.

*CHORUS*

Why then this alarm?

*ANTIGONE*

How again to get us home

I know not.

*CHORUS*

Why then this roam?

*ANTIGONE*

Troubles overwhelm us—

*CHORUS*

As of yore.

*ANTIGONE*

Worse than what was worse before.

*CHORUS*

Sure ye are driven on the breakers' surge.

*ANTIGONE*

Alas! we are.

*CHORUS*

Alas! 'tis so.

*ANTIGONE*

Ah whither turn, O Zeus? No ray  
Of hope to cheer the way  
Whereon the fates our desperate voyage urge.  
[Enter THESEUS]

*THESEUS*

Dry your tears; when grace is shed  
On the quick and on the dead  
By dark Powers beneficent,  
Over-grief they would resent.

*ANTIGONE*

Aegeus' child, to thee we pray.

*THESEUS*

What the boon, my children, say.

*ANTIGONE*

With our own eyes we fain would see  
Our father's tomb.

*THESEUS*

That may not be.

*ANTIGONE*

What say'st thou, King?

*THESEUS*

My children, he  
Charged me straitly that no moral  
Should approach the sacred portal,  
Or greet with funeral litanies  
The hidden tomb wherein he lies;  
Saying, "If thou keep'st my hest  
Thou shalt hold thy realm at rest."  
The God of Oaths this promise heard,  
And to Zeus I pledged my word.

*ANTIGONE*

Well, if he would have it so,  
We must yield. Then let us go  
Back to Thebes, if yet we may  
Heal this mortal feud and stay  
The self-wrought doom  
That drives our brothers to their tomb.

*THESEUS*

Go in peace; nor will I spare  
Ought of toil and zealous care,  
But on all your needs attend,  
Gladdening in his grave my friend.

*CHORUS*

Wail no more, let sorrow rest,  
All is ordered for the best.

## FOOTNOTES

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1. The Greek text for the passages marked here and later in the text have been lost.
2. To avoid the blessing, still a secret, he resorts to a common-place; literally, “For what generous man is not (in befriending others) a friend to himself?”
3. Creon desires to bury Oedipus on the confines of Thebes so as to avoid the pollution and yet offer due rites at his tomb. Ismene tells him of the latest oracle and interprets to him its purport, that some day the Theban invaders of Athens will be routed in a battle near the grave of Oedipus.
4. The Thebans sprung from the Dragon’s teeth sown by Cadmus.



### 3.

## ANTIGONE

### *Argument.*

Antigone, daughter of Oedipus, the late king of Thebes, in defiance of Creon who rules in his stead, resolves to bury her brother Polyneices, slain in his attack on Thebes. She is caught in the act by Creon’s watchmen and brought before the king. She justifies her action, asserting that she was bound to obey the eternal laws of right and wrong in spite of any human ordinance. Creon, unrelenting, condemns her to be immured in a rock-hewn chamber. His son Haemon, to whom Antigone is betrothed, pleads in vain for her life and threatens to die with her. Warned by the seer Teiresias Creon repents him and hurries to release Antigone from her rocky prison. But he is too late: he finds lying side by side Antigone who had hanged herself and Haemon who also has perished by his own hand. Returning to the palace he sees within the dead body of his queen who on learning of her son’s death has stabbed herself to the heart.

## DRAMATIS PERSONAE

ANTIGONE and ISMENE - daughters of Oedipus and sisters of Polyneices and Eteocles.

CREON, King of Thebes.

HAEMON, Son of Creon, betrothed to Antigone.

EURYDICE, wife of Creon.

TEIRESIAS, the prophet.

CHORUS, of Theban elders.

A WATCHMAN

A MESSENGER

A SECOND MESSENGER

ANTIGONE and ISMENE before the Palace gates.

*ANTIGONE*

Ismene, sister of my blood and heart,  
See'st thou how Zeus would in our lives fulfill  
The weird of Oedipus, a world of woes!  
For what of pain, affliction, outrage, shame,  
Is lacking in our fortunes, thine and mine?  
And now this proclamation of today  
Made by our Captain-General to the State,  
What can its purport be? Didst hear and heed,  
Or art thou deaf when friends are banned as foes?

*ISMENE*

To me, Antigone, no word of friends  
Has come, or glad or grievous, since we twain  
Were reft of our two brethren in one day  
By double fratricide; and since i' the night  
Our Argive leaguers fled, no later news  
Has reached me, to inspirit or deject.

*ANTIGONE*

I know 'twas so, and therefore summoned thee  
Beyond the gates to breathe it in thine ear.

*ISMENE*

What is it? Some dark secret stirs thy breast.

*ANTIGONE*

What but the thought of our two brothers dead,  
The one by Creon graced with funeral rites,  
The other disappointed? Eteocles  
He hath consigned to earth (as fame reports)  
With obsequies that use and wont ordain,  
So gracing him among the dead below.  
But Polyneices, a dishonored corpse,  
(So by report the royal edict runs)  
No man may bury him or make lament—  
Must leave him tombless and unwept, a feast  
For kites to scent afar and swoop upon.  
Such is the edict (if report speak true)  
Of Creon, our most noble Creon, aimed  
At thee and me, aye me too; and anon  
He will be here to promulgate, for such  
As have not heard, his mandate; 'tis in sooth  
No passing humor, for the edict says  
Whoe'er transgresses shall be stoned to death.  
So stands it with us; now 'tis thine to show  
If thou art worthy of thy blood or base.

*ISMENE*

But how, my rash, fond sister, in such case  
Can I do anything to make or mar?

*ANTIGONE*

Say, wilt thou aid me and abet? Decide.

*ISMENE*

In what bold venture? What is in thy thought?

*ANTIGONE*

Lend me a hand to bear the corpse away.

*ISMENE*

What, bury him despite the interdict?

*ANTIGONE*

My brother, and, though thou deny him, thine  
No man shall say that I betrayed a brother.

*ISMENE*

Wilt thou persist, though Creon has forbid?

*ANTIGONE*

What right has he to keep me from my own?

*ISMENE*

Bethink thee, sister, of our father's fate,  
Abhorred, dishonored, self-convinced of sin,  
Blinded, himself his executioner.  
Think of his mother-wife (ill sorted names)  
Done by a noose herself had twined to death  
And last, our hapless brethren in one day,  
Both in a mutual destiny involved,  
Self-slaughtered, both the slayer and the slain.  
Bethink thee, sister, we are left alone;  
Shall we not perish wretchedest of all,  
If in defiance of the law we cross  
A monarch's will?—weak women, think of that,  
Not framed by nature to contend with men.  
Remember this too that the stronger rules;



We must obey his orders, these or worse.  
Therefore I plead compulsion and entreat  
The dead to pardon. I perforce obey  
The powers that be. 'Tis foolishness, I ween,  
To overstep in aught the golden mean.

*ANTIGONE*

I urge no more; nay, wert thou willing still,  
I would not welcome such a fellowship.  
Go thine own way; myself will bury him.  
How sweet to die in such employ, to rest,—  
Sister and brother linked in love's embrace—  
A sinless sinner, banned awhile on earth,  
But by the dead commended; and with them  
I shall abide for ever. As for thee,  
Scorn, if thou wilt, the eternal laws of Heaven.

*ISMENE*

I scorn them not, but to defy the State  
Or break her ordinance I have no skill.

*ANTIGONE*

A specious pretext. I will go alone  
To lap my dearest brother in the grave.

*ISMENE*

My poor, fond sister, how I fear for thee!

*ANTIGONE*

O waste no fears on me; look to thyself.

*ISMENE*

At least let no man know of thine intent,  
But keep it close and secret, as will I.

*ANTIGONE*

O tell it, sister; I shall hate thee more  
If thou proclaim it not to all the town.

*ISMENE*

Thou hast a fiery soul for numbing work.

*ANTIGONE*

I pleasure those whom I would liefest please.

*ISMENE*

If thou succeed; but thou art doomed to fail.

*ANTIGONE*

When strength shall fail me, yes, but not before.

*ISMENE*

But, if the venture's hopeless, why essay?

*ANTIGONE*

Sister, forbear, or I shall hate thee soon,  
And the dead man will hate thee too, with cause.  
Say I am mad and give my madness rein  
To wreck itself; the worst that can befall  
Is but to die an honorable death.

*ISMENE*

Have thine own way then; 'tis a mad endeavor,  
Yet to thy lovers thou art dear as ever.  
[Exeunt]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Sunbeam, of all that ever dawn upon  
Our seven-gated Thebes the brightest ray,  
O eye of golden day,  
How fair thy light o'er Dirce's fountain shone,



Speeding upon their headlong homeward course,  
Far quicker than they came, the Argive force;  
Putting to flight  
The argent shields, the host with scutcheons white.  
Against our land the proud invader came  
To vindicate fell Polyneices' claim.  
Like to an eagle swooping low,  
On pinions white as new fall'n snow.  
With clanging scream, a horsetail plume his crest,  
The aspiring lord of Argos onward pressed.

(Ant. 1)

Hovering around our city walls he waits,  
His spearmen raven at our seven gates.  
But ere a torch our crown of towers could burn,  
Ere they had tasted of our blood, they turn  
Forced by the Dragon; in their rear  
The din of Ares panic-struck they hear.  
For Zeus who hates the braggart's boast  
Beheld that gold-bespangled host;  
As at the goal the paean they upraise,  
He struck them with his forked lightning blaze.

(Str. 2)

To earthy from earth rebounding, down he crashed;  
The fire-brand from his impious hand was dashed,  
As like a Bacchic reveler on he came,  
Outbreathing hate and flame,  
And tottered. Elsewhere in the field,  
Here, there, great Area like a war-horse wheeled;  
Beneath his car down thrust  
Our foemen bit the dust.  
Seven captains at our seven gates

Thundered; for each a champion waits,  
 Each left behind his armor bright,  
 Trophy for Zeus who turns the fight;  
 Save two alone, that ill-starred pair  
 One mother to one father bare,  
 Who lance in rest, one 'gainst the other  
 Drave, and both perished, brother slain by brother.

(Ant. 2)

Now Victory to Thebes returns again  
 And smiles upon her chariot-circled plain.  
 Now let feast and festal should  
 Memories of war blot out.  
 Let us to the temples throng,  
 Dance and sing the live night long.  
 God of Thebes, lead thou the round.  
 Bacchus, shaker of the ground!  
 Let us end our revels here;  
 Lo! Creon our new lord draws near,  
 Crowned by this strange chance, our king.  
 What, I marvel, pondering?  
 Why this summons? Wherefore call  
 Us, his elders, one and all,  
 Bidding us with him debate,  
 On some grave concern of State?  
 [Enter CREON]

*CREON*

Elders, the gods have righted one again  
 Our storm-tossed ship of state, now safe in port.  
 But you by special summons I convened  
 As my most trusted councilors; first, because  
 I knew you loyal to Laius of old;



Again, when Oedipus restored our State,  
 Both while he ruled and when his rule was o'er,  
 Ye still were constant to the royal line.  
 Now that his two sons perished in one day,  
 Brother by brother murderously slain,  
 By right of kinship to the Princes dead,  
 I claim and hold the throne and sovereignty.  
 Yet 'tis no easy matter to discern  
 The temper of a man, his mind and will,  
 Till he be proved by exercise of power;  
 And in my case, if one who reigns supreme  
 Swerve from the highest policy, tongue-tied  
 By fear of consequence, that man I hold,  
 And ever held, the basest of the base.  
 And I contemn the man who sets his friend  
 Before his country. For myself, I call  
 To witness Zeus, whose eyes are everywhere,  
 If I perceive some mischievous design  
 To sap the State, I will not hold my tongue;  
 Nor would I reckon as my private friend  
 A public foe, well knowing that the State  
 Is the good ship that holds our fortunes all:  
 Farewell to friendship, if she suffers wreck.  
 Such is the policy by which I seek  
 To serve the Commons and conformably  
 I have proclaimed an edict as concerns  
 The sons of Oedipus; Eteocles  
 Who in his country's battle fought and fell,  
 The foremost champion—duly bury him  
 With all observances and ceremonies  
 That are the guerdon of the heroic dead.  
 But for the miscreant exile who returned

Minded in flames and ashes to blot out  
 His father's city and his father's gods,  
 And glut his vengeance with his kinsmen's blood,  
 Or drag them captive at his chariot wheels—  
 For Polyneices 'tis ordained that none  
 Shall give him burial or make mourn for him,  
 But leave his corpse unburied, to be meat  
 For dogs and carrion crows, a ghastly sight.  
 So am I purposed; never by my will  
 Shall miscreants take precedence of true men,  
 But all good patriots, alive or dead,  
 Shall be by me preferred and honored.

*CHORUS*

Son of Menoeceus, thus thou wilt deal  
 With him who loathed and him who loved our State.  
 Thy word is law; thou canst dispose of us  
 The living, as thou wilt, as of the dead.

*CREON*

See then ye execute what I ordain.

*CHORUS*

On younger shoulders lay this grievous charge.

*CREON*

Fear not, I've posted guards to watch the corpse.

*CHORUS*

What further duty would'st thou lay on us?

*CREON*

Not to connive at disobedience.

*CHORUS*

No man is mad enough to court his death.

*CREON*

The penalty \_is\_ death: yet hope of gain  
 Hath lured men to their ruin oftentimes.  
 [Enter GUARD]

*GUARD*

My lord, I will not make pretense to pant  
 And puff as some light-footed messenger.  
 In sooth my soul beneath its pack of thought  
 Made many a halt and turned and turned again;  
 For conscience plied her spur and curb by turns.  
 "Why hurry headlong to thy fate, poor fool?"  
 She whispered. Then again, "If Creon learn  
 This from another, thou wilt rue it worse."  
 Thus leisurely I hastened on my road;  
 Much thought extends a furlong to a league.  
 But in the end the forward voice prevailed,  
 To face thee. I will speak though I say nothing.  
 For plucking courage from despair methought,  
 'Let the worst hap, thou canst but meet thy fate.'

*CREON*

What is thy news? Why this despondency?

*GUARD*

Let me premise a word about myself?  
 I neither did the deed nor saw it done,  
 Nor were it just that I should come to harm.

*CREON*

Thou art good at parry, and canst fence about  
 Some matter of grave import, as is plain.

*GUARD*

The bearer of dread tidings needs must quake.

*CREON*

Then, sirrah, shoot thy bolt and get thee gone.

*GUARD*

Well, it must out; the corpse is buried; someone  
E'en now besprinkled it with thirsty dust,  
Performed the proper ritual—and was gone.

*CREON*

What say'st thou? Who hath dared to do this thing?

*GUARD*

I cannot tell, for there was ne'er a trace  
Of pick or mattock—hard unbroken ground,  
Without a scratch or rut of chariot wheels,  
No sign that human hands had been at work.  
When the first sentry of the morning watch  
Gave the alarm, we all were terror-stricken.  
The corpse had vanished, not interred in earth,  
But strewn with dust, as if by one who sought  
To avert the curse that haunts the unburied dead:  
Of hound or ravening jackal, not a sign.  
Thereat arose an angry war of words;  
Guard railed at guard and blows were like to end it,  
For none was there to part us, each in turn  
Suspected, but the guilt brought home to none,  
From lack of evidence. We challenged each  
The ordeal, or to handle red-hot iron,  
Or pass through fire, affirming on our oath  
Our innocence—we neither did the deed  
Ourselves, nor know who did or compassed it.  
Our quest was at a standstill, when one spake  
And bowed us all to earth like quivering reeds,



For there was no gainsaying him nor way  
To escape perdition: Ye are bound to tell  
The King, ye cannot hide it; so he spake.  
And he convinced us all; so lots were cast,  
And I, unlucky scapegoat, drew the prize.  
So here I am unwilling and withal  
Unwelcome; no man cares to hear ill news.

*CHORUS*

I had misgivings from the first, my liege,  
Of something more than natural at work.

*CREON*

O cease, you vex me with your babblement;  
I am like to think you dote in your old age.  
Is it not arrant folly to pretend  
That gods would have a thought for this dead man?  
Did they forsooth award him special grace,  
And as some benefactor bury him,  
Who came to fire their hallowed sanctuaries,  
To sack their shrines, to desolate their land,  
And scout their ordinances? Or perchance  
The gods bestow their favors on the bad.  
No! no! I have long noted malcontents  
Who wagged their heads, and kicked against the yoke,  
Misliking these my orders, and my rule.  
'Tis they, I warrant, who suborned my guards  
By bribes. Of evils current upon earth  
The worst is money. Money 'tis that sacks  
Cities, and drives men forth from hearth and home;  
Warps and seduces native innocence,  
And breeds a habit of dishonesty.  
But they who sold themselves shall find their greed

Out-shot the mark, and rue it soon or late.  
 Yea, as I still revere the dread of Zeus,  
 By Zeus I swear, except ye find and bring  
 Before my presence here the very man  
 Who carried out this lawless burial,  
 Death for your punishment shall not suffice.  
 Hanged on a cross, alive ye first shall make  
 Confession of this outrage. This will teach you  
 What practices are like to serve your turn.  
 There are some villainies that bring no gain.  
 For by dishonesty the few may thrive,  
 The many come to ruin and disgrace.

*GUARD*

May I not speak, or must I turn and go  
 Without a word?—

*CREON*

Begone! canst thou not see  
 That e'en this question irks me?

*GUARD*

Where, my lord?  
 Is it thy ears that suffer, or thy heart?

*CREON*

Why seek to probe and find the seat of pain?

*GUARD*

I gall thine ears—this miscreant thy mind.

*CREON*

What an inveterate babbler! get thee gone!

*GUARD*

Babbler perchance, but innocent of the crime.



*CREON*

Twice guilty, having sold thy soul for gain.

*GUARD*

Alas! how sad when reasoners reason wrong.

*CREON*

Go, quibble with thy reason. If thou fail'st  
 To find these malefactors, thou shalt own  
 The wages of ill-gotten gains is death.  
 [Exit CREON]

*GUARD*

I pray he may be found. But caught or not  
 (And fortune must determine that) thou never  
 Shalt see me here returning; that is sure.  
 For past all hope or thought I have escaped,  
 And for my safety owe the gods much thanks.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Many wonders there be, but naught more wondrous than man;  
 Over the surging sea, with a whitening south wind wan,  
 Through the foam of the firth, man makes his perilous way;  
 And the eldest of deities Earth that knows not toil nor decay  
 Ever he furrows and scores, as his team, year in year out,  
 With breed of the yoked horse, the ploughshare turneth about.

(Ant. 1)

The light-witted birds of the air, the beasts of the weald  
 and the wood

He traps with his woven snare, and the brood of the briny flood.  
 Master of cunning he: the savage bull, and the hart  
 Who roams the mountain free, are tamed by his infinite art;  
 And the shaggy rough-maned steed is broken to bear the bit.

(Str. 2)

Speech and the wind-swift speed of counsel and civic wit,  
 He hath learnt for himself all these; and the arrowy rain to fly  
 And the nipping airs that freeze, 'neath the open winter sky.  
 He hath provision for all: fell plague he hath learnt to endure;  
 Safe whate'er may befall: yet for death he hath found no cure.

(Ant. 2)

Passing the wildest flight thought are the cunning and skill,  
 That guide man now to the light, but now to counsels of ill.  
 If he honors the laws of the land, and reveres the Gods of the

State

Proudly his city shall stand; but a cityless outcast I rate  
 Whoso bold in his pride from the path of right doth depart;  
 Ne'er may I sit by his side, or share the thoughts of his heart.

What strange vision meets my eyes,  
 Fills me with a wild surprise?

Sure I know her, sure 'tis she,  
 The maid Antigone.

Hapless child of hapless sire,  
 Didst thou recklessly conspire,  
 Madly brave the King's decree?  
 Therefore are they haling thee?

[Enter GUARD bringing ANTIGONE]

*GUARD*

Here is the culprit taken in the act  
 Of giving burial. But where's the King?

*CHORUS*

There from the palace he returns in time.  
 [Enter CREON]

*CREON*

Why is my presence timely? What has chanced?

*GUARD*

No man, my lord, should make a vow, for if  
 He ever swears he will not do a thing,  
 His afterthoughts belie his first resolve.  
 When from the hail-storm of thy threats I fled  
 I swear thou wouldst not see me here again;  
 But the wild rapture of a glad surprise  
 Intoxicates, and so I'm here forsworn.  
 And here's my prisoner, caught in the very act,  
 Decking the grave. No lottery this time;  
 This prize is mine by right of treasure-trove.  
 So take her, judge her, rack her, if thou wilt.  
 She's thine, my liege; but I may rightly claim  
 Hence to depart well quit of all these ills.

*CREON*

Say, how didst thou arrest the maid, and where?

*GUARD*

Burying the man. There's nothing more to tell.

*CREON*

Hast thou thy wits? Or know'st thou what thou say'st?

*GUARD*

I saw this woman burying the corpse  
 Against thy orders. Is that clear and plain?

*CREON*

But how was she surprised and caught in the act?

*GUARD*

It happened thus. No sooner had we come,  
 Driven from thy presence by those awful threats,

Than straight we swept away all trace of dust,  
 And bared the clammy body. Then we sat  
 High on the ridge to windward of the stench,  
 While each man kept he fellow alert and rated  
 Roundly the sluggard if he chanced to nap.  
 So all night long we watched, until the sun  
 Stood high in heaven, and his blazing beams  
 Smote us. A sudden whirlwind then upraised  
 A cloud of dust that blotted out the sky,  
 And swept the plain, and stripped the woodlands bare,  
 And shook the firmament. We closed our eyes  
 And waited till the heaven-sent plague should pass.  
 At last it ceased, and lo! there stood this maid.  
 A piercing cry she uttered, sad and shrill,  
 As when the mother bird beholds her nest  
 Robbed of its nestlings; even so the maid  
 Wailed as she saw the body stripped and bare,  
 And cursed the ruffians who had done this deed.  
 Anon she gathered handfuls of dry dust,  
 Then, holding high a well-wrought brazen urn,  
 Thrice on the dead she poured a lustral stream.  
 We at the sight swooped down on her and seized  
 Our quarry. Undismayed she stood, and when  
 We taxed her with the former crime and this,  
 She disowned nothing. I was glad—and grieved;  
 For 'tis most sweet to 'scape oneself scot-free,  
 And yet to bring disaster to a friend  
 Is grievous. Take it all in all, I deem  
 A man's first duty is to serve himself.

*CREON*

Speak, girl, with head bent low and downcast eyes,



Does thou plead guilty or deny the deed?

*ANTIGONE*

Guilty. I did it, I deny it not.

*CREON (to GUARD)*

Sirrah, begone whither thou wilt, and thank  
 Thy luck that thou hast 'scaped a heavy charge.  
 (To *ANTIGONE*)

Now answer this plain question, yes or no,  
 Wast thou acquainted with the interdict?

*ANTIGONE*

I knew, all knew; how should I fail to know?

*CREON*

And yet wert bold enough to break the law?

*ANTIGONE*

Yea, for these laws were not ordained of Zeus,  
 And she who sits enthroned with gods below,  
 Justice, enacted not these human laws.  
 Nor did I deem that thou, a mortal man,  
 Could'st by a breath annul and override  
 The immutable unwritten laws of Heaven.  
 They were not born today nor yesterday;  
 They die not; and none knoweth whence they sprang.  
 I was not like, who feared no mortal's frown,  
 To disobey these laws and so provoke  
 The wrath of Heaven. I knew that I must die,  
 E'en hadst thou not proclaimed it; and if death  
 Is thereby hastened, I shall count it gain.  
 For death is gain to him whose life, like mine,  
 Is full of misery. Thus my lot appears  
 Not sad, but blissful; for had I endured

To leave my mother's son unburied there,  
I should have grieved with reason, but not now.  
And if in this thou judgest me a fool,  
Methinks the judge of folly's not acquit.

*CHORUS*

A stubborn daughter of a stubborn sire,  
This ill-starred maiden kicks against the pricks.

*CREON*

Well, let her know the stubbornest of wills  
Are soonest bended, as the hardest iron,  
O'er-heated in the fire to brittleness,  
Flies soonest into fragments, shivered through.  
A snaffle curbs the fieriest steed, and he  
Who in subjection lives must needs be meek.  
But this proud girl, in insolence well-schooled,  
First overstepped the established law, and then—  
A second and worse act of insolence—  
She boasts and glories in her wickedness.  
Now if she thus can flout authority  
Unpunished, I am woman, she the man.  
But though she be my sister's child or nearer  
Of kin than all who worship at my hearth,  
Nor she nor yet her sister shall escape  
The utmost penalty, for both I hold,  
As arch-conspirators, of equal guilt.  
Bring forth the older; even now I saw her  
Within the palace, frenzied and distraught.  
The workings of the mind discover oft  
Dark deeds in darkness schemed, before the act.  
More hateful still the miscreant who seeks  
When caught, to make a virtue of a crime.

*ANTIGONE*

Would'st thou do more than slay thy prisoner?

*CREON*

Not I, thy life is mine, and that's enough.

*ANTIGONE*

Why dally then? To me no word of thine  
Is pleasant: God forbid it e'er should please;  
Nor am I more acceptable to thee.  
And yet how otherwise had I achieved  
A name so glorious as by burying  
A brother? so my townsmen all would say,  
Where they not gagged by terror, Manifold  
A king's prerogatives, and not the least  
That all his acts and all his words are law.

*CREON*

Of all these Thebans none so deems but thou.

*ANTIGONE*

These think as I, but bate their breath to thee.

*CREON*

Hast thou no shame to differ from all these?

*ANTIGONE*

To reverence kith and kin can bring no shame.

*CREON*

Was his dead foeman not thy kinsman too?

*ANTIGONE*

One mother bare them and the self-same sire.

*CREON*

Why cast a slur on one by honoring one?

*ANTIGONE*

The dead man will not bear thee out in this.

*CREON*

Surely, if good and evil fare alive.

*ANTIGONE*

The slain man was no villain but a brother.

*CREON*

The patriot perished by the outlaw's brand.

*ANTIGONE*

Nathless the realms below these rites require.

*CREON*

Not that the base should fare as do the brave.

*ANTIGONE*

Who knows if this world's crimes are virtues there?

*CREON*

Not even death can make a foe a friend.

*ANTIGONE*

My nature is for mutual love, not hate.

*CREON*

Die then, and love the dead if thou must;  
No woman shall be the master while I live.  
[Enter ISMENE]

*CHORUS*

Lo from out the palace gate,  
Weeping o'er her sister's fate,  
Comes Ismene; see her brow,  
Once serene, beclouded now,  
See her beauteous face o'erspread



With a flush of angry red.

*CREON*

Woman, who like a viper unperceived  
Didst harbor in my house and drain my blood,  
Two plagues I nurtured blindly, so it proved,  
To sap my throne. Say, didst thou too abet  
This crime, or dost abjure all privity?

*ISMENE*

I did the deed, if she will have it so,  
And with my sister claim to share the guilt.

*ANTIGONE*

That were unjust. Thou would'st not act with me  
At first, and I refused thy partnership.

*ISMENE*

But now thy bark is stranded, I am bold  
To claim my share as partner in the loss.

*ANTIGONE*

Who did the deed the under-world knows well:  
A friend in word is never friend of mine.

*ISMENE*

O sister, scorn me not, let me but share  
Thy work of piety, and with thee die.

*ANTIGONE*

Claim not a work in which thou hadst no hand;  
One death sufficeth. Wherefore should'st thou die?

*ISMENE*

What would life profit me bereft of thee?

*ANTIGONE*

Ask Creon, he's thy kinsman and best friend.

*ISMENE*

Why taunt me? Find'st thou pleasure in these gibes?

*ANTIGONE*

'Tis a sad mockery, if indeed I mock.

*ISMENE*

O say if I can help thee even now.

*ANTIGONE*

No, save thyself; I grudge not thy escape.

*ISMENE*

Is e'en this boon denied, to share thy lot?

*ANTIGONE*

Yea, for thou chosed'st life, and I to die.

*ISMENE*

Thou canst not say that I did not protest.

*ANTIGONE*

Well, some approved thy wisdom, others mine.

*ISMENE*

But now we stand convicted, both alike.

*ANTIGONE*

Fear not; thou livest, I died long ago

Then when I gave my life to save the dead.

*CREON*

Both maids, methinks, are crazed. One suddenly

Has lost her wits, the other was born mad.

*ISMENE*

Yea, so it falls, sire, when misfortune comes,



The wisest even lose their mother wit.

*CREON*

I' faith thy wit forsook thee when thou mad'st

Thy choice with evil-doers to do ill.

*ISMENE*

What life for me without my sister here?

*CREON*

Say not thy sister *here*: thy sister's dead.

*ISMENE*

What, wilt thou slay thy own son's plighted bride?

*CREON*

Aye, let him raise him seed from other fields.

*ISMENE*

No new espousal can be like the old.

*CREON*

A plague on trulls who court and woo our sons.

*ANTIGONE*

O Haemon, how thy sire dishonors thee!

*CREON*

A plague on thee and thy accursed bride!

*CHORUS*

What, wilt thou rob thine own son of his bride?

*CREON*

'Tis death that bars this marriage, not his sire.

*CHORUS*

So her death-warrant, it would seem, is sealed.

*CREON*

By you, as first by me; off with them, guards,  
 And keep them close. Henceforward let them learn  
 To live as women use, not roam at large.  
 For e'en the bravest spirits run away  
 When they perceive death pressing on life's heels.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Thrice blest are they who never tasted pain!  
 If once the curse of Heaven attain a race,  
 The infection lingers on and speeds apace,  
 Age after age, and each the cup must drain.  
 So when Etesian blasts from Thrace downpour  
 Sweep o'er the blackening main and whirl to land  
 From Ocean's cavernous depths his ooze and sand,  
 Billow on billow thunders on the shore.

(Ant. 1)

On the Labdacidae I see descending  
 Woe upon woe; from days of old some god  
 Laid on the race a malison, and his rod  
 Scourges each age with sorrows never ending.

The light that dawned upon its last born son  
 Is vanished, and the bloody axe of Fate  
 Has felled the goodly tree that blossomed late.  
 O Oedipus, by reckless pride undone!

(Str. 2)

Thy might, O Zeus, what mortal power can quell?  
 Not sleep that lays all else beneath its spell,  
 Nor moons that never tier: untouched by Time,  
 Throned in the dazzling light



That crowns Olympus' height,  
 Thou reignest King, omnipotent, sublime.

Past, present, and to be,  
 All bow to thy decree,  
 All that exceeds the mean by Fate  
 Is punished, Love or Hate.

(Ant. 2)

Hope flits about never-wearing wings;  
 Profit to some, to some light loves she brings,  
 But no man knoweth how her gifts may turn,  
 Till 'neath his feet the treacherous ashes burn.  
 Sure 'twas a sage inspired that spake this word;  
*If evil good appear*  
*To any, Fate is near;*  
 And brief the respite from her flaming sword.

Hither comes in angry mood  
 Haemon, latest of thy brood;  
 Is it for his bride he's grieved,  
 Or her marriage-bed deceived,  
 Doth he make his mourn for thee,  
 Maid forlorn, Antigone?  
 [Enter HAEMON]

*CREON*

Soon shall we know, better than seer can tell.  
 Learning may fixed decree anent thy bride,  
 Thou mean'st not, son, to rave against thy sire?  
 Know'st not whate'er we do is done in love?

*HAEMON*

O father, I am thine, and I will take  
 Thy wisdom as the helm to steer withal.

Therefore no wedlock shall by me be held  
More precious than thy loving goverance.

*CREON*

Well spoken: so right-minded sons should feel,  
In all deferring to a father's will.  
For 'tis the hope of parents they may rear  
A brood of sons submissive, keen to avenge  
Their father's wrongs, and count his friends their own.  
But who begets unprofitable sons,  
He verily breeds trouble for himself,  
And for his foes much laughter. Son, be warned  
And let no woman fool away thy wits.  
Ill fares the husband mated with a shrew,  
And her embraces very soon wax cold.  
For what can wound so surely to the quick  
As a false friend? So spue and cast her off,  
Bid her go find a husband with the dead.  
For since I caught her openly rebelling,  
Of all my subjects the one malcontent,  
I will not prove a traitor to the State.  
She surely dies. Go, let her, if she will,  
Appeal to Zeus the God of Kindred, for  
If thus I nurse rebellion in my house,  
Shall not I foster mutiny without?  
For whoso rules his household worthily,  
Will prove in civic matters no less wise.  
But he who overbears the laws, or thinks  
To overrule his rulers, such as one  
I never will allow. Whome'er the State  
Appoints must be obeyed in everything,  
But small and great, just and unjust alike.



I warrant such a one in either case  
Would shine, as King or subject; such a man  
Would in the storm of battle stand his ground,  
A comrade leal and true; but Anarchy—  
What evils are not wrought by Anarchy!  
She ruins States, and overthrows the home,  
She dissipates and routs the embattled host;  
While discipline preserves the ordered ranks.  
Therefore we must maintain authority  
And yield to title to a woman's will.  
Better, if needs be, men should cast us out  
Than hear it said, a woman proved his match.

*CHORUS*

To me, unless old age have dulled wits,  
Thy words appear both reasonable and wise.

*HAEMON*

Father, the gods implant in mortal men  
Reason, the choicest gift bestowed by heaven.  
'Tis not for me to say thou errest, nor  
Would I arraign thy wisdom, if I could;  
And yet wise thoughts may come to other men  
And, as thy son, it falls to me to mark  
The acts, the words, the comments of the crowd.  
The commons stand in terror of thy frown,  
And dare not utter aught that might offend,  
But I can overhear their muttered complaints,  
Know how the people mourn this maiden doomed  
For noblest deeds to die the worst of deaths.  
When her own brother slain in battle lay  
Unsepulchered, she suffered not his corpse  
To lie for carrion birds and dogs to maul:

Should not her name (they cry) be writ in gold?  
 Such the low murmurings that reach my ear.  
 O father, nothing is by me more prized  
 Than thy well-being, for what higher good  
 Can children covet than their sire's fair fame,  
 As fathers too take pride in glorious sons?  
 Therefore, my father, cling not to one mood,  
 And deemed not thou art right, all others wrong.  
 For whoso thinks that wisdom dwells with him,  
 That he alone can speak or think aright,  
 Such oracles are empty breath when tried.  
 The wisest man will let himself be swayed  
 By others' wisdom and relax in time.  
 See how the trees beside a stream in flood  
 Save, if they yield to force, each spray unharmed,  
 But by resisting perish root and branch.  
 The mariner who keeps his mainsheet taut,  
 And will not slacken in the gale, is like  
 To sail with thwarts reversed, keel uppermost.  
 Relent then and repent thee of thy wrath;  
 For, if one young in years may claim some sense,  
 I'll say 'tis best of all to be endowed  
 With absolute wisdom; but, if that's denied,  
 (And nature takes not readily that ply)  
 Next wise is he who lists to sage advice.

*CHORUS*

If he says aught in season, heed him, King.  
 (To HAEMON)  
 Heed thou thy sire too; both have spoken well.

*CREON*

What, would you have us at our age be schooled,



Lessoned in prudence by a beardless boy?

*HAEMON*

I plead for justice, father, nothing more.  
 Weigh me upon my merit, not my years.

*CREON*

Strange merit this to sanction lawlessness!

*HAEMON*

For evil-doers I would urge no plea.

*CREON*

Is not this maid an arrant law-breaker?

*HAEMON*

The Theban commons with one voice say, No.

*CREON*

What, shall the mob dictate my policy?

*HAEMON*

'Tis thou, methinks, who speakest like a boy.

*CREON*

Am I to rule for others, or myself?

*HAEMON*

A State for one man is no State at all.

*CREON*

The State is his who rules it, so 'tis held.

*HAEMON*

As monarch of a desert thou wouldst shine.

*CREON*

This boy, methinks, maintains the woman's cause.

*HAEMON*

If thou be'st woman, yes. My thought's for thee.

*CREON*

O reprobate, would'st wrangle with thy sire?

*HAEMON*

Because I see thee wrongfully perverse.

*CREON*

And am I wrong, if I maintain my rights?

*HAEMON*

Talk not of rights; thou spurn'st the due of Heaven

*CREON*

O heart corrupt, a woman's minion thou!

*HAEMON*

Slave to dishonor thou wilt never find me.

*CREON*

Thy speech at least was all a plea for her.

*HAEMON*

And thee and me, and for the gods below.

*CREON*

Living the maid shall never be thy bride.

*HAEMON*

So she shall die, but one will die with her.

*CREON*

Hast come to such a pass as threaten me?

*HAEMON*

What threat is this, vain counsels to reprove?

*CREON*

Vain fool to instruct thy betters; thou shall rue it.

*HAEMON*

Wert not my father, I had said thou err'st.

*CREON*

Play not the spaniel, thou a woman's slave.

*HAEMON*

When thou dost speak, must no man make reply?

*CREON*

This passes bounds. By heaven, thou shalt not rate  
 And jeer and flout me with impunity.  
 Off with the hateful thing that she may die  
 At once, beside her bridegroom, in his sight.

*HAEMON*

Think not that in my sight the maid shall die,  
 Or by my side; never shalt thou again  
 Behold my face hereafter. Go, consort  
 With friends who like a madman for their mate.  
 [Exit HAEMON]

*CHORUS*

Thy son has gone, my liege, in angry haste.  
 Fell is the wrath of youth beneath a smart.

*CREON*

Let him go vent his fury like a fiend:  
 These sisters twain he shall not save from death.

*CHORUS*

Surely, thou meanest not to slay them both?

*CREON*

I stand corrected; only her who touched  
The body.

*CHORUS*

And what death is she to die?

*CREON*

She shall be taken to some desert place  
By man untrod, and in a rock-hewn cave,  
With food no more than to avoid the taint  
That homicide might bring on all the State,  
Buried alive. There let her call in aid  
The King of Death, the one god she reveres,  
Or learn too late a lesson learnt at last:  
'Tis labor lost, to reverence the dead.

*CHORUS*

(Str.)

Love resistless in fight, all yield at a glance of thine eye,  
Love who pillowed all night on a maiden's cheek dost lie,  
Over the upland holds. Shall mortals not yield to thee?

(Ant.)

Mad are thy subjects all, and even the wisest heart  
Straight to folly will fall, at a touch of thy poisoned dart.  
Thou didst kindle the strife, this feud of kinsman with kin,  
By the eyes of a winsome wife, and the yearning her heart to win.  
For as her consort still, enthroned with Justice above,  
Thou bendest man to thy will, O all invincible Love.

Lo I myself am borne aside,  
From Justice, as I view this bride.  
(O sight an eye in tears to drown)  
Antigone, so young, so fair,  
Thus hurried down



Death's bower with the dead to share.

*ANTIGONE*

(Str. 1)

Friends, countrymen, my last farewell I make;  
My journey's done.  
One last fond, lingering, longing look I take  
At the bright sun.  
For Death who puts to sleep both young and old  
Hales my young life,  
And beckons me to Acheron's dark fold,  
An unwed wife.  
No youths have sung the marriage song for me,  
My bridal bed  
No maids have strewn with flowers from the lea,  
'Tis Death I wed.

*CHORUS*

But bethink thee, thou art sped,  
Great and glorious, to the dead.  
Thou the sword's edge hast not tasted,  
No disease thy frame hath wasted.  
Freely thou alone shalt go  
Living to the dead below.

*ANTIGONE*

(Ant. 1)

Nay, but the piteous tale I've heard men tell  
Of Tantalus' doomed child,  
Chained upon Siphylus' high rocky fell,  
That clung like ivy wild,  
Drenched by the pelting rain and whirling snow,  
Left there to pine,

While on her frozen breast the tears aye flow—  
Her fate is mine.

*CHORUS*

She was sprung of gods, divine,  
Mortals we of mortal line.  
Like renown with gods to gain  
Recompenses all thy pain.  
Take this solace to thy tomb  
Hers in life and death thy doom.

*ANTIGONE*

(Str. 2)

Alack, alack! Ye mock me. Is it meet  
Thus to insult me living, to my face?  
Cease, by our country's altars I entreat,  
Ye lordly rulers of a lordly race.  
O fount of Dirce, wood-embowered plain  
Where Theban chariots to victory speed,  
Mark ye the cruel laws that now have wrought my bane,  
The friends who show no pity in my need!  
Was ever fate like mine? O monstrous doom,  
Within a rock-built prison sepulchered,  
To fade and wither in a living tomb,  
And alien midst the living and the dead.

*CHORUS*

(Str. 3)

In thy boldness over-rash  
Madly thou thy foot didst dash  
'Gainst high Justice' altar stair.  
Thou a father's guild dost bear.

*ANTIGONE*

(Ant. 2)

At this thou touchest my most poignant pain,  
My ill-starred father's piteous disgrace,  
The taint of blood, the hereditary stain,  
That clings to all of Labdacus' famed race.  
Woe worth the monstrous marriage-bed where lay  
A mother with the son her womb had borne,  
Therein I was conceived, woe worth the day,  
Fruit of incestuous sheets, a maid forlorn,  
And now I pass, accursed and unwed,  
To meet them as an alien there below;  
And thee, O brother, in marriage ill-bestead,  
'Twas thy dead hand that dealt me this death-blow.

*CHORUS*

Religion has her chains, 'tis true,  
Let rite be paid when rites are due.  
Yet is it ill to disobey  
The powers who hold by might the sway.  
Thou hast withstood authority,  
A self-willed rebel, thou must die.

*ANTIGONE*

Unwept, unwed, unfriended, hence I go,  
No longer may I see the day's bright eye;  
Not one friend left to share my bitter woe,  
And o'er my ashes heave one passing sigh.

*CREON*

If wail and lamentation aught availed  
To stave off death, I trow they'd never end.  
Away with her, and having walled her up  
In a rock-vaulted tomb, as I ordained,

Leave her alone at liberty to die,  
 Or, if she choose, to live in solitude,  
 The tomb her dwelling. We in either case  
 Are guiltless as concerns this maiden's blood,  
 Only on earth no lodging shall she find.

*ANTIGONE*

O grave, O bridal bower, O prison house  
 Hewn from the rock, my everlasting home,  
 Whither I go to join the mighty host  
 Of kinsfolk, Persephassa's guests long dead,  
 The last of all, of all more miserable,  
 I pass, my destined span of years cut short.  
 And yet good hope is mine that I shall find  
 A welcome from my sire, a welcome too,  
 From thee, my mother, and my brother dear;  
 From with these hands, I laved and decked your limbs  
 In death, and poured libations on your grave.  
 And last, my Polyneices, unto thee  
 I paid due rites, and this my recompense!  
 Yet am I justified in wisdom's eyes.  
 For even had it been some child of mine,  
 Or husband mouldering in death's decay,  
 I had not wrought this deed despite the State.  
 What is the law I call in aid? 'Tis thus  
 I argue. Had it been a husband dead  
 I might have wed another, and have borne  
 Another child, to take the dead child's place.  
 But, now my sire and mother both are dead,  
 No second brother can be born for me.  
 Thus by the law of conscience I was led  
 To honor thee, dear brother, and was judged



By Creon guilty of a heinous crime.  
 And now he drags me like a criminal,  
 A bride unwed, amerced of marriage-song  
 And marriage-bed and joys of motherhood,  
 By friends deserted to a living grave.  
 What ordinance of heaven have I transgressed?  
 Hereafter can I look to any god  
 For succor, call on any man for help?  
 Alas, my piety is impious deemed.  
 Well, if such justice is approved of heaven,  
 I shall be taught by suffering my sin;  
 But if the sin is theirs, O may they suffer  
 No worse ills than the wrongs they do to me.

*CHORUS*

The same ungovernable will  
 Drives like a gale the maiden still.

*CREON*

Therefore, my guards who let her stay  
 Shall smart full sore for their delay.

*ANTIGONE*

Ah, woe is me! This word I hear  
 Brings death most near.

*CHORUS*

I have no comfort. What he saith,  
 Portends no other thing than death.

*ANTIGONE*

My fatherland, city of Thebes divine,  
 Ye gods of Thebes whence sprang my line,  
 Look, puissant lords of Thebes, on me;  
 The last of all your royal house ye see.

Martyred by men of sin, undone.  
Such meed my piety hath won.  
[Exit ANTIGONE]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Like to thee that maiden bright,  
Danae, in her brass-bound tower,  
Once exchanged the glad sunlight  
For a cell, her bridal bower.  
And yet she sprang of royal line,  
My child, like thine,  
And nursed the seed  
By her conceived  
Of Zeus descending in a golden shower.  
Strange are the ways of Fate, her power  
Nor wealth, nor arms withstand, nor tower;  
Nor brass-prowed ships, that breast the sea  
From Fate can flee.

(Ant. 1)

Thus Dryas' child, the rash Edonian King,  
For words of high disdain  
Did Bacchus to a rocky dungeon bring,  
To cool the madness of a fevered brain.  
His frenzy passed,  
He learnt at last  
'Twas madness gibes against a god to fling.  
For once he fain had quenched the Maenad's fire;  
And of the tuneful Nine provoked the ire.

(Str. 2)

By the Iron Rocks that guard the double main,  
On Bosphorus' lone strand,



Where stretcheth Salmydessus' plain  
In the wild Thracian land,  
There on his borders Ares witnessed  
The vengeance by a jealous step-dame ta'en  
The gore that trickled from a spindle red,  
The sightless orbits of her step-sons twain.

(Ant. 2)

Wasting away they mourned their piteous doom,  
The blasted issue of their mother's womb.  
But she her lineage could trace  
To great Erecththeus' race;  
Daughter of Boreas in her sire's vast caves  
Reared, where the tempest raves,  
Swift as his horses o'er the hills she sped;  
A child of gods; yet she, my child, like thee,  
By Destiny  
That knows not death nor age—she too was vanquished.  
[Enter TEIRESIAS and BOY]

*TEIRESIAS*

Princes of Thebes, two wayfarers as one,  
Having betwixt us eyes for one, we are here.  
The blind man cannot move without a guide.

*CREON*

Why tidings, old Teiresias?

*TEIRESIAS*

I will tell thee;  
And when thou hearest thou must heed the seer.

*CREON*

Thus far I ne'er have disobeyed thy rede.

*TEIRESIAS*

So hast thou steered the ship of State aright.

*CREON*

I know it, and I gladly own my debt.

*TEIRESIAS*

Bethink thee that thou treadest once again  
The razor edge of peril.

*CREON*

What is this?  
Thy words inspire a dread presentiment.

*TEIRESIAS*

The divination of my arts shall tell.  
Sitting upon my throne of augury,  
As is my wont, where every fowl of heaven  
Find harborage, upon mine ears was borne  
A jargon strange of twitterings, hoots, and screams;  
So knew I that each bird at the other tare  
With bloody talons, for the whirr of wings  
Could signify naught else. Perturbed in soul,  
I straight essayed the sacrifice by fire  
On blazing altars, but the God of Fire  
Came not in flame, and from the thigh bones dripped  
And sputtered in the ashes a foul ooze;  
Gall-bladders cracked and spurted up: the fat  
Melted and fell and left the thigh bones bare.  
Such are the signs, taught by this lad, I read—  
As I guide others, so the boy guides me—  
The frustrate signs of oracles grown dumb.  
O King, thy willful temper ails the State,  
For all our shrines and altars are profaned



By what has filled the maw of dogs and crows,  
The flesh of Oedipus' unburied son.  
Therefore the angry gods abominate  
Our litanies and our burnt offerings;  
Therefore no birds trill out a happy note,  
Gorged with the carnival of human gore.  
O ponder this, my son. To err is common  
To all men, but the man who having erred  
Hugs not his errors, but repents and seeks  
The cure, is not a wastrel nor unwise.  
No fool, the saw goes, like the obstinate fool.  
Let death disarm thy vengeance. O forbear  
To vex the dead. What glory wilt thou win  
By slaying twice the slain? I mean thee well;  
Counsel's most welcome if I promise gain.

*CREON*

Old man, ye all let fly at me your shafts  
Like anchors at a target; yea, ye set  
Your soothsayer on me. Peddlers are ye all  
And I the merchandise ye buy and sell.  
Go to, and make your profit where ye will,  
Silver of Sardis change for gold of Ind;  
Ye will not purchase this man's burial,  
Not though the winged ministers of Zeus  
Should bear him in their talons to his throne;  
Not e'en in awe of prodigy so dire  
Would I permit his burial, for I know  
No human soilure can assail the gods;  
This too I know, Teiresias, dire's the fall  
Of craft and cunning when it tries to gloss  
Foul treachery with fair words for filthy gain.

*TEIRESIAS*

Alas! doth any know and lay to heart—

*CREON*

Is this the prelude to some hackneyed saw?

*TEIRESIAS*

How far good counsel is the best of goods?

*CREON*

True, as unwisdom is the worst of ills.

*TEIRESIAS*

Thou art infected with that ill thyself.

*CREON*

I will not bandy insults with thee, seer.

*TEIRESIAS*

And yet thou say'st my prophesies are frauds.

*CREON*

Prophets are all a money-getting tribe.

*TEIRESIAS*

And kings are all a lucre-loving race.

*CREON*

Dost know at whom thou glancest, me thy lord?

*TEIRESIAS*

Lord of the State and savior, thanks to me.

*CREON*

Skilled prophet art thou, but to wrong inclined.

*TEIRESIAS*

Take heed, thou wilt provoke me to reveal  
The mystery deep hidden in my breast.

*CREON*

Say on, but see it be not said for gain.

*TEIRESIAS*

Such thou, methinks, till now hast judged my words.

*CREON*

Be sure thou wilt not traffic on my wits.

*TEIRESIAS*

Know then for sure, the coursers of the sun  
Not many times shall run their race, before  
Thou shalt have given the fruit of thine own loins  
In quittance of thy murder, life for life;  
For that thou hast entombed a living soul,  
And sent below a denizen of earth,  
And wronged the nether gods by leaving here  
A corpse unlaved, unwept, unsepulchered.  
Herein thou hast no part, nor e'en the gods  
In heaven; and thou usurp'st a power not thine.  
For this the avenging spirits of Heaven and Hell  
Who dog the steps of sin are on thy trail:  
What these have suffered thou shalt suffer too.  
And now, consider whether bought by gold  
I prophesy. For, yet a little while,  
And sound of lamentation shall be heard,  
Of men and women through thy desolate halls;  
And all thy neighbor States are leagues to avenge  
Their mangled warriors who have found a grave  
I' the maw of wolf or hound, or winged bird  
That flying homewards taints their city's air.  
These are the shafts, that like a bowman I  
Provoked to anger, loosen at thy breast,

Unerring, and their smart thou shalt not shun.  
 Boy, lead me home, that he may vent his spleen  
 On younger men, and learn to curb his tongue  
 With gentler manners than his present mood.  
 [Exit TEIRESIAS]

*CHORUS*

My liege, that man hath gone, foretelling woe.  
 And, O believe me, since these grizzled locks  
 Were like the raven, never have I known  
 The prophet's warning to the State to fail.

*CREON*

I know it too, and it perplexes me.  
 To yield is grievous, but the obstinate soul  
 That fights with Fate, is smitten grievously.

*CHORUS*

Son of Menoeceus, list to good advice.

*CHORUS*

What should I do. Advise me. I will heed.

*CHORUS*

Go, free the maiden from her rocky cell;  
 And for the unburied outlaw build a tomb.

*CREON*

Is that your counsel? You would have me yield?

*CHORUS*

Yea, king, this instant. Vengeance of the gods  
 Is swift to overtake the impenitent.

*CREON*

Ah! what a wrench it is to sacrifice



My heart's resolve; but Fate is ill to fight.

*CHORUS*

Go, trust not others. Do it quick thyself.

*CREON*

I go hot-foot. Bestir ye one and all,  
 My henchmen! Get ye axes! Speed away  
 To yonder eminence! I too will go,  
 For all my resolution this way sways.  
 'Twas I that bound, I too will set her free.  
 Almost I am persuaded it is best  
 To keep through life the law ordained of old.  
 [Exit CREON]

*CHORUS*

(Str. 1)

Thou by many names adored,  
 Child of Zeus the God of thunder,  
 Of a Theban bride the wonder,  
 Fair Italia's guardian lord;

In the deep-embosomed glades  
 Of the Eleusinian Queen  
 Haunt of revelers, men and maids,  
 Dionysus, thou art seen.

Where Ismenus rolls his waters,  
 Where the Dragon's teeth were sown,  
 Where the Bacchanals thy daughters  
 Round thee roam,  
 There thy home;  
 Thebes, O Bacchus, is thine own.

(Ant. 1)

Thee on the two-crested rock

Lurid-flaming torches see;  
 Where Corisian maidens flock,  
 Thee the springs of Castaly.  
 By Nysa's bastion ivy-clad,  
 By shores with clustered vineyards glad,  
 There to thee the hymn rings out,  
 And through our streets we Thebans shout,  
 All hail to thee  
 Evoe, Evoe!  
 (Str. 2)  
 Oh, as thou lov'st this city best of all,  
 To thee, and to thy Mother levin-stricken,  
 In our dire need we call;  
 Thou see'st with what a plague our townfolk sicken.  
 Thy ready help we crave,  
 Whether adown Parnassian heights descending,  
 Or o'er the roaring straits thy swift was wending,  
 Save us, O save!  
 (Ant. 2)  
 Brightest of all the orbs that breathe forth light,  
 Authentic son of Zeus, immortal king,  
 Leader of all the voices of the night,  
 Come, and thy train of Thyiads with thee bring,  
 Thy maddened rout  
 Who dance before thee all night long, and shout,  
 Thy handmaids we,  
 Evoe, Evoe!  
 [Enter MESSENGER]

*MESSENGER*

Attend all ye who dwell beside the halls



Of Cadmus and Amphion. No man's life  
 As of one tenor would I praise or blame,  
 For Fortune with a constant ebb and rise  
 Casts down and raises high and low alike,  
 And none can read a mortal's horoscope.  
 Take Creon; he, methought, if any man,  
 Was enviable. He had saved this land  
 Of Cadmus from our enemies and attained  
 A monarch's powers and ruled the state supreme,  
 While a right noble issue crowned his bliss.  
 Now all is gone and wasted, for a life  
 Without life's joys I count a living death.  
 You'll tell me he has ample store of wealth,  
 The pomp and circumstance of kings; but if  
 These give no pleasure, all the rest I count  
 The shadow of a shade, nor would I weigh  
 His wealth and power 'gainst a dram of joy.

*CHORUS*

What fresh woes bring'st thou to the royal house?

*MESSENGER*

Both dead, and they who live deserve to die.

*CHORUS*

Who is the slayer, who the victim? speak.

*MESSENGER*

Haemon; his blood shed by no stranger hand.

*CHORUS*

What mean ye? by his father's or his own?

*MESSENGER*

His own; in anger for his father's crime.

*CHORUS*

O prophet, what thou spakest comes to pass.

*MESSENGER*

So stands the case; now 'tis for you to act.

*CHORUS*

Lo! from the palace gates I see approaching  
 Creon's unhappy wife, Eurydice.  
 Comes she by chance or learning her son's fate?  
 [Enter EURYDICE]

*EURYDICE*

Ye men of Thebes, I overheard your talk.  
 As I passed out to offer up my prayer  
 To Pallas, and was drawing back the bar  
 To open wide the door, upon my ears  
 There broke a wail that told of household woe  
 Stricken with terror in my handmaids' arms  
 I fell and fainted. But repeat your tale  
 To one not unacquaint with misery.

*MESSENGER*

Dear mistress, I was there and will relate  
 The perfect truth, omitting not one word.  
 Why should we gloze and flatter, to be proved  
 Liars hereafter? Truth is ever best.  
 Well, in attendance on my liege, your lord,  
 I crossed the plain to its utmost margin, where  
 The corse of Polyneices, gnawn and mauled,  
 Was lying yet. We offered first a prayer  
 To Pluto and the goddess of cross-ways,  
 With contrite hearts, to deprecate their ire.  
 Then laved with lustral waves the mangled corse,



Laid it on fresh-lopped branches, lit a pyre,  
 And to his memory piled a mighty mound  
 Of mother earth. Then to the caverned rock,  
 The bridal chamber of the maid and Death,  
 We sped, about to enter. But a guard  
 Heard from that godless shrine a far shrill wail,  
 And ran back to our lord to tell the news.  
 But as he nearer drew a hollow sound  
 Of lamentation to the King was borne.  
 He groaned and uttered then this bitter plaint:  
 "Am I a prophet? miserable me!  
 Is this the saddest path I ever trod?  
 'Tis my son's voice that calls me. On press on,  
 My henchmen, haste with double speed to the tomb  
 Where rocks down-torn have made a gap, look in  
 And tell me if in truth I recognize  
 The voice of Haemon or am heaven-deceived."  
 So at the bidding of our distraught lord  
 We looked, and in the craven's vaulted gloom  
 I saw the maiden lying strangled there,  
 A noose of linen twined about her neck;  
 And hard beside her, clasping her cold form,  
 Her lover lay bewailing his dead bride  
 Death-wedded, and his father's cruelty.  
 When the King saw him, with a terrible groan  
 He moved towards him, crying, "O my son  
 What hast thou done? What ailed thee? What mischance  
 Has reft thee of thy reason? O come forth,  
 Come forth, my son; thy father supplicates."  
 But the son glared at him with tiger eyes,  
 Spat in his face, and then, without a word,  
 Drew his two-hilted sword and smote, but missed

His father flying backwards. Then the boy,  
 Wroth with himself, poor wretch, incontinent  
 Fell on his sword and drove it through his side  
 Home, but yet breathing clasped in his lax arms  
 The maid, her pallid cheek incarnadined  
 With his expiring gasps. So there they lay  
 Two corpses, one in death. His marriage rites  
 Are consummated in the halls of Death:  
 A witness that of ills whate'er befall  
 Mortals' unwisdom is the worst of all.  
 [Exit EURYDICE]

*CHORUS*

What makest thou of this? The Queen has gone  
 Without a word importing good or ill.

*MESSENGER*

I marvel too, but entertain good hope.  
 'Tis that she shrinks in public to lament  
 Her son's sad ending, and in privacy  
 Would with her maidens mourn a private loss.  
 Trust me, she is discreet and will not err.

*CHORUS*

I know not, but strained silence, so I deem,  
 Is no less ominous than excessive grief.

*MESSENGER*

Well, let us to the house and solve our doubts,  
 Whether the tumult of her heart conceals  
 Some fell design. It may be thou art right:  
 Unnatural silence signifies no good.

*CHORUS*

Lo! the King himself appears.



Evidence he with him bears  
 'Gainst himself (ah me! I quake  
 'Gainst a king such charge to make)  
 But all must own,  
 The guilt is his and his alone.

*CREON*

(Str. 1)

Woe for sin of minds perverse,  
 Deadly fraught with mortal curse.  
 Behold us slain and slayers, all akin.  
 Woe for my counsel dire, conceived in sin.  
 Alas, my son,  
 Life scarce begun,  
 Thou wast undone.  
 The fault was mine, mine only, O my son!

*CHORUS*

Too late thou seemest to perceive the truth.

*CREON*

(Str. 2)

By sorrow schooled. Heavy the hand of God,  
 Thorny and rough the paths my feet have trod,  
 Humbled my pride, my pleasure turned to pain;  
 Poor mortals, how we labor all in vain!  
 [Enter SECOND MESSENGER]

*SECOND MESSENGER*

Sorrows are thine, my lord, and more to come,  
 One lying at thy feet, another yet  
 More grievous waits thee, when thou comest home.

*CREON*

What woe is lacking to my tale of woes?

*SECOND MESSENGER*

Thy wife, the mother of thy dead son here,  
Lies stricken by a fresh inflicted blow.

*CREON*

(Ant. 1)

How bottomless the pit!  
Does claim me too, O Death?  
What is this word he saith,  
This woeful messenger? Say, is it fit  
To slay anew a man already slain?  
Is Death at work again,  
Stroke upon stroke, first son, then mother slain?

*CHORUS*

Look for thyself. She lies for all to view.

*CREON*

(Ant. 2)

Alas! another added woe I see.  
What more remains to crown my agony?  
A minute past I clasped a lifeless son,  
And now another victim Death hath won.  
Unhappy mother, most unhappy son!

*SECOND MESSENGER*

Beside the altar on a keen-edged sword  
She fell and closed her eyes in night, but erst  
She mourned for Megareus who nobly died  
Long since, then for her son; with her last breath  
She cursed thee, the slayer of her child.

*CREON*

(Str. 3)



I shudder with affright  
O for a two-edged sword to slay outright  
A wretch like me,  
Made one with misery.

*SECOND MESSENGER*

'Tis true that thou wert charged by the dead Queen  
As author of both deaths, hers and her son's.

*CREON*

In what wise was her self-destruction wrought?

*SECOND MESSENGER*

Hearing the loud lament above her son  
With her own hand she stabbed herself to the heart.

*CREON*

(Str. 4)

I am the guilty cause. I did the deed,  
Thy murderer. Yea, I guilty plead.  
My henchmen, lead me hence, away, away,  
A cipher, less than nothing; no delay!

*CHORUS*

Well said, if in disaster aught is well  
His past endure demand the speediest cure.

*CREON*

(Ant. 3)

Come, Fate, a friend at need,  
Come with all speed!  
Come, my best friend,  
And speed my end!  
Away, away!  
Let me not look upon another day!

*CHORUS*

This for the morrow; to us are present needs  
 That they whom it concerns must take in hand.

*CREON*

I join your prayer that echoes my desire.

*CHORUS*

O pray not, prayers are idle; from the doom  
 Of fate for mortals refuge is there none.

*CREON*

(Ant. 4)

Away with me, a worthless wretch who slew  
 Unwitting thee, my son, thy mother too.  
 Whither to turn I know now; every way  
 Leads but astray,  
 And on my head I feel the heavy weight  
 Of crushing Fate.

*CHORUS*

Of happiness the chiefest part  
 Is a wise heart:  
 And to defraud the gods in aught  
 With peril's fraught.  
 Swelling words of high-flown might  
 Mightily the gods do smite.  
 Chastisement for errors past  
 Wisdom brings to age at last.

























