

AUDE & TACE.

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JACHIN AND BOAZ;  
OR, AN  
AUTHENTIC KEY  
TO THE DOOR OF  
FREE-MASONRY,

Both ANCIENT and MODERN.

Calculated not only for the Instruction of every New  
made MASON, but also for the Information  
of all who intend to become Brethren.

CONTAINING,

- I. A circumstantial Account of all the Proceedings in making a Mason, with the several Obligations of an ENTERED APPRENTICE, FELLOW-CRAFT, and MASTER; the Prayers, and also the Sign, Grip, and Pass-Word of each Degree, with the Ceremony of the Mop and Pail.
- II. The Manner of opening a Lodge, and setting the Craft to work.
- III. The Entered Apprentice, Fellow-Craft, and Master's Lectures, verbatim, as delivered in all Lodges; with the Song at the Conclusion of each Part.
- IV. The Origin of Masonry; Description of Solomon's Temple; History of the Murder of the Grand Master Hiram by the three Fellow-Crafts; their Discovery and Punishment; the Burial of Hiram by King Solomon's Order, with the Five Points of Fellowship, &c.
- V. The Ceremony of the Instalment of the Masters of different Lodges on St. John's Day.—Description of the Regalia, &c.
- VI. Ceremonies used at the Funeral of a Mason.
- VII. A safe and easy Method proposed, by which a Man may obtain Admittance into any Lodge, without passing through the Form required, and thereby save a Guinea or two in his Pocket.
- VIII. Anthems, Odes, Songs, &c.

Illustrated with

A Beautiful FRONTISPIECE of the REGALIA, JEWELS, and Emblematical ORNAMENTS belonging to MASONRY.

AND

An Accurate Plan of the Drawing on the Floor of a Lodge,

Interspersed with Variety of  
NOTES and REMARKS,

Necessary to explain and render the whole clear to the meanest Capacity,

To which is now added,

A New and accurate LIST of all the English Regular Lodges in the World, according to their Seniority, with the Dates of each Constitution, and Days of Meeting.

By a GENTLEMAN belonging to the Jerusalem Lodge, a frequent Visitor at the Queen's Arms, St. Paul's Church-yard; the Horn, in Fleet-street; Crown and Anchor, Strand; and the Salutation, Newgate-street.

*Try me; prove me.*

A NEW EDITION, greatly Enlarged and Improved.

L O N D O N:

Printed for E. NEWBURY, the Corner of St. Paul's Church-yard;  
YERNOR and HOOD, Poultry; and CHAMFANTS and  
WHITROW, Jewry-street, Aldgate.

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## PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

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### TO ALL FREE-MASONS.

**T**HE Author of the following Pages has the Honour of being well respected in most of the Lodges of Reputation in this Metropolis, and has been a frequent Visitor at the Queen's Arms, St. Paul's Church-yard; the Globe, in Fleet-street; the Jerusalem, at Clerkenwell; Half-moon, Cheapside; Crown and Anchor in the Strand; Salutation, Grey-Friars; and several others of less Note.

An Earnest Desire of becoming a perfect Master of MASONRY, and the Success he met with in his first Attempt, has rendered him capable of revealing those Mysteries to the World, which, till now, have been kept secret as the Grave.

He acquired his Knowledge at first from some loose Papers belonging to a Merchant to whom he was nearly related, who had been a Member of the Queen's Arms, St. Paul's Church-yard. This Relation dying about ten Years ago, the Editor became possessed of his Effects; and on looking over his Papers, among others he found some Memorandums or Remarks on MASONRY, which excited his Curiosity so far, that he resolved on accomplishing his Scheme, without going through the Ceremonies required by the Society.

The Remarks of his Friend abovementioned furnished Hints sufficient to make a Trial on an intimate Acquaintance, a FREE MASON, who readily gave him the Sign in the Manner he expected. After a more narrow Inspection on the Part of his Friend, such as, where he was made, and when, &c. &c. (to all which he answered with great Readiness) he received an Invitation to spend an Evening at a Tavern in the Strand, with several Acquaintances.

Elated by this Success, he boldly advanced with his Company; all of whom belonged to the Lodge, and were well known by the TYLER at the Door. After the usual Ceremony, in which he gave full Satisfaction, he was admitted and took his Seat. That Night he saw two MAKINGS\*, and came off full of Spirits.

Soon after he went to another Lodge, where he distinguished himself greatly in answering the Questions proposed by the Master, which he acquired from his Friend's Manuscripts of the ENTERED APPRENTICE, and FELLOW-CRAFT'S Lectures.

His Regard to the Society, and Respect to the Public is the only inducement to this Publication, which is intended not only to assist those who have been lately made, and still remain ignorant of the true Foundation of the Art, but also to give all that have an Inclination to become Masons an Opportunity of considering the Advantages and Disadvantages of the Engagements and Oaths by which they are bound.—Such is the Intention of this Undertaking; and the Editor flatters himself the Brotherhood will not condemn his Officiousness in this Respect, as it will rather strengthen than hurt the Interest of the Society; the Fear of going through the Ceremony, which hitherto has been represented in such frightful Shapes, being the greatest Obstacle to its future Welfare and Increase.

The Editor's Ambition is to please; and the Work is submitted to the only proper Judges, viz. his Brethren the FREE MASONS; to whom he begs leave to declare, that no private or public Quarrel, the View of Gain, nor any other Motive than the Public Good could ever have induced him to write upon this subject; and he declares to the World, that the following is the whole of true MASONRY in all its Branches.

\* *Makings*, the Term used in the circular Letters to the Members of the Lodge, acquainting them that New Members are to be admitted the next Lodge Night.

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## ADVERTISEMENT.

SINCE the former Edition of this Pamphlet was put to Press, the Author has received from his Publisher several anonymous Letters, containing the lowest Abuse and scurrilous Invectives; nay, some have proceeded so far as to threaten his Person. He requests the Favour of all enraged Brethren, who shall chuse to display their Talents for the future, that they will be so kind as to pay the Postage of their Letters, for there can be no Reason why he should put up with their ill Treatment, and pay the Piper into the Bargain. Surely there must be something in this Book very extraordinary; a Something they cannot digest, thus to excite the Wrath and Ire of those hot-brained Malon-bit Gentry! But however unwilling the Editor may be to publish *all* the Letters and Messages he has received on this occasion, yet he cannot be so deficient in returning the Compliment, as to conceal one, which notwithstanding the Threatenings contained in it, appears to be wrote with very little meaning, and he has (sans ceremonie) ventured to publish it verbatim.

For R. S. at Mr. Wm. Nicholls at the Paper Mill St. Paul Church Yard London.

“ R. S.

London.

“ Try thee prove thee \* I shall find thee a Scandalous Stinking powcatt, thou pretends to have declared the truth of Masonry to the World. And has Imposed a Lie on the Public Not in one part But in all Parts thou Mentions, I shall meet thee in a few Days and will give thee Satisfaction Such a Pike thouk Scandalous Villain Deserves.”

The Original of this spirited Letter, with the Post-mark to authenticate it, is left in the hands of Mr. NICOLL, Bookseller, in St. Paul's Church-yard, who has the Editor's leave to shew it to any Gentleman desirous to peruse so pretty an Epistle; and strict Orders are given the Publisher to receive none, for the future, that are not Post-paid.

\* \* Those Gentlemen who so often send for JACHIN and BOAZ, and desire the Publisher to tie it up and seal it carefully, to hide it from the Messenger, may safely continue their Commissions, and the Publisher will carefully observe their Order. R. S.

\* Alluding to the Motto in the Title Page, taken from the Fellow Craft's Lecture.

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DESCRIPTION of the REGALIA and EMBLEMATICAL FIGURES used in MASONRY, represented in the FRONTISPIECE.

1. THE two Pillars called JACHIN and BOAZ, the first signifying *strength*, the second to *establish in the Lord*.
2. The Holy Bible opened, as an Emblem that it should be the Rule of our Faith.
3. The Compass and Square, to square our Actions, and keep them within Bounds, the Master's Emblem or Jewel, which is suspended with a Ribbon round the Neck, and always worn when the Lodge is opened, and on public Days of Meeting, Funerals, &c.
4. The Level, the Senior Wardea's Emblem or Jewel.
5. The 24 Inch Gauge, to measure Mason's Work.
6. The Key, the Treasurer's Emblem.

7. The

vi *Description of the Emblematical Figures in the Frontispiece.*

7. The Sword, presented to the naked left Breast of the Apprentice.
8. The Cable, or Rope, put round the Neck of every new-made Mason at the Time of Making.
9. The Trowel, an Instrument of great Use among Masons.
10. The Gavel, or setting Maul, used in building Solomon's Temple, the first Grand Work of Masonry.
11. The Plumb, Level, Compass, and Plumb Rule, the Junior Warden's Emblem.
12. The small Hammer, to knock off superfluous Pieces.
13. The Cross Pens, the Secretary's Emblem.
14. A Coffin, with a Figure of the maimed body of Hiram (the first Grand Master) painted on it. He was murdered by three Fellow-Crafts, for refusing to reveal the Secret. See p. 31.
15. The Hand Plummets, for taking Perpendiculars.
16. The Sun rising in the East, emblematical of the Master-Mason, standing in the East, and setting the Men to Work.
17. The Seven Stars, an Astronomical Emblem, frequently engraved on the Medals worn by Masons.
18. The Moon, that rules the Night. See p. 14.
19. The Candlesticks, placed in a triangular form.
20. The Columns, used by the Senior and Junior Wardens in the Lodge. See p. 37.
21. Two black Rods, carried by the Senior and Junior Deacons.
22. The Three Steps and Pavement.
23. Entrance or Porch to Solomon's Temple.
24. The Terrestrial and Celestial Globes, representing the Works of Creation.
25. A Machine used by Masons for forming Triangles.
26. The large Rule for measuring the Work.
27. The three Step Ladder used in Masonry.
28. Hiram's Tent.
29. The White Aprons and Gloves, Emblems of Innocence.
30. Eye of Providence, the Great Superintendent of all the Works of the Universe, and Masonry represented as under its immediate Influence.

The Frontispiece is a Medallion, in Imitation of those Medals, or Plates that are common among the Brotherhood. These Medals are usually of Silver, and some of them highly finished and ornamented, so as to be worth ten or twenty Guineas. They are suspended round the Neck with Ribbons of various Colours, and worn on their Public Days of Meeting, at Funeral Processions, &c. in Honour of the Craft. On the Reverse of these Medals it is usual to put the Owner's Coat of Arms, or Cypher, or any other Device that the Owner fancies, and some even add to the Emblems other Fancy Things that bear some Analogy to Masonry.

The Candlesticks, &c. in many Lodges are curiously wrought, the Chair in which the Grand Master sits, as well as those of the Masters of inferior Lodges, are richly carved with Emblematical Figures; their Aprons are bound with Ribbons of various Colours; and, in short, every Thing belonging to them is finished in the most elegant Taste.

AN

AUTHENTIC KEY

TO THE DOOR OF

FREE - MASONRY.

**T**HE Origin \* of the Society called Free-Masons is said by some to have been a certain Number of Persons who formed a Resolution to rebuild the Temple of Solomon †. This appears from the Lecture, or rather History, of the Order, at the Making or Raising of a Member to the Degree of Master, which is fully described in the following Work. But I am inclined to think,

\* The Rise of this Science (says an original Record) was before the Flood. In the 4th Chapter of Genesis it is said, There was a Man named Lamech who had two Wives named Adab and Zillah; by Adab he begat two Sons, Jubal and Jubal; by Zillah he begat one Son, called Tubal Cain, and a Daughter named Naamab. These Children found out the Beginning of all the Crafts in the World; Jubal found out Geometry; he divided Flocks of Sheep, and built the first House of Timber and Stone. Jubal found out the Art of Music, and was the Father of all those who handled the Harp. Tubal Cain was the Instructor of all Artificers in Iron and Brass; and his Daughter discovered the Craft of Weaving.

† By an old Record it appears, that King Solomon confirmed all the Charges which King David had given to Masons in Jerusalem; and that the Temple was finished, A. M. 3000. In the Year 43, after Christ, Masons first came into England, and built the Monastery of Glasbury in Somersetshire.

that



that the chief Design of the Establishment is to rectify the Heart, inform the Mind, and promote the Moral and Social Virtues of Humanity, Decency, and good Order, as much as possible in the World: and some of the Emblems of Free-Masons confirm this Opinion, such as the Compass, Rule, Square, &c.

In all Countries where Masonry is practised, or established at this time, there is a Grand Master; but formerly there was only one Grand Master, and he was an *Englishman*. HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS GEORGE PRINCE OF WALES is the Person on whom the Dignity is now bestowed, who governs all the Lodges in *Great Britain*, and has the power of delivering the Constitutions and Laws of the Society to the Masters who preside over the subordinate Assemblies: which Constitutions must always be signed by the Grand Secretary of the Order.—The Grand Master can hold a Meeting or Lodge when he thinks proper, which is generally the second *Saturday* in every Month in the Summer, but oftener in the Winter.

The other Lodges meet regularly twice a Month in the Winter Half-Year, and once a Month in the Summer; and the Members of each Lodge pay Quarterly, from 3s. 6d. to 5s. into the Hands of the Treasurer; and this generally detracts the Expence of their Meetings.

There are also Quarterly Communications or Meetings, held, at which are present the Master and Wardens of every Regular Constitution in and near *London*, where the several Lodges send, by the said Wardens, different Sums of Money to be paid into the Hands of the Treasurer General, and appropriated to such charitable Uses as the Grand Master, and the Masters of the different Lodges under him, think proper; but these Charities are chiefly confined to Masons only. Such as have good Recommendations as to their Behaviour and Character, will be assisted with Five, Ten, or Twenty Pounds; and less Sums are distributed to the indigent Brethren, in Proportion to their Wants, and the Number of Years they have been Members. At these Quarterly Communications, large Sums are likewise sent from Lodges in the most remote Parts of the World, viz. in the *East* and *West Indies*, and Accounts transmitted of the growth of Masonry there. The State of the Funds of the Society are likewise communicated to the Company, and the Deliberations of the Meeting taken down by the Secretary, who lays them before the Grand Master at the yearly Meeting.

The Number of Members which compose a Lodge is indeterminate; but it is no Lodge except there are present one Master, three Fellow-Crafts, and two Apprentices.

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When a Lodge is met, there are two principal Officers under the Master, called Senior and Junior Wardens, whose Business it is to see the Laws of the Society strictly adhered to, and the Word of Command given by the Grand Master regularly followed.

It must be remarked, that the Authority of a Master, though Chief of the Lodge, reaches no farther than he is himself an Observer of the Laws; should he infringe them, the Brethren never fail to censure him; and if this has no Effect, they have a Power of deposing him, on appealing to the Grand Master, and giving their Reasons for it; but they seldom proceed to this Extremity.

As no Doubt the Reader chuses to be made acquainted with every Circumstance of the Ceremony of making a Mason, I shall begin with the following Directions, and proceed regularly in the Description of what further concerns Masonry.

A Man desirous of becoming a Free Mason, should endeavour to get acquainted with a Member of some good Lodge, who will propose him as a Candidate for Admission the next Lodge-Night. The Brother who proposes a New Member, is likewise obliged to inform the Brethren of the Qualifications of the Candidate\*. Upon this it is debated whether or not he shall be admitted; and it being arried in the Affirmative, the next Step is to go with the proposer the ensuing Lodge-Night.

The Evening being come when a Lodge is to be held, which generally begins about Seven in the Winter, and Nine in the Summer, as previous Notices are sent to the Members for this Purpose; the Masons are punctual to Time, and it frequently happens, that, in half an Hour, the whole Lodge, to the Number of Fifty or Sixty, are assembled.

The Master, the two Assistants, Secretary, and Treasurer, begin with putting over their Necks a blue Ribbon of a triangular Shape; to the Master's Ribbon hangs a Rule and Compass, which is in some Lodges made of Gold, though in others only gilt: the Assistants, Senior Wardens, and the other Officers, carry the Compass alone.

The Candles are placed upon the Table in the Form of a Triangle; and in the best Lodges the Candlesticks are finely carved with emblematical Figures. Every Brother has an Apron made of white Skin, and the Strings are also of Skin; though some of them chuse to ornament them with Ribbons

\* For the Good of this, and all other Societies, it were to be wished a more strict Regard was paid, on the Part of the Proposers, to the Character and Morals of every Candidate.

of various Colours. On the Grand Days, such as Quarterly Communications, or General Meetings, the Grand Officers Aprons are finely decorated, and they carry the Rule and Compass, the Emblems of the Order.

When they sit down to the Table, the Master's Place is on the East Side, the Bible being opened before him, with the Compass laid thereon, and the Points of them covered with a Lignum Vitæ or Box Square; and the Senior and Junior Wardens opposite to him on the West and South. On the Table is likewise Wine, Punch, &c. to regale the Brethren, who take their Places according to their Seniority. Being thus seated, after a few Minutes, the Master proceeds to \* *Open the Lodge* in the following Manner:

*Master, of Opening a Lodge, and setting the Men to Work.*

*Master, to the Junior Deacon. What is the chief Care of a Mason?*

*Ans. To see, that the Lodge is tyled.*

*Mas. Pray do your duty.* [The Junior Deacon gives Three Knocks at the Door; and the † Tyler on the other Side of the Door answereth, by giving Three Knocks. Then the Junior Deacon tells the Master, saying]

*Ans. Worshipful, the Lodge is tyled.*

*Master, to the Junior Deacon. Pray where is the Junior Deacon's Place in the Lodge?*

*Deacon's Ans. At the Back of the Senior Warden; or at his Right-Hand, if he permits him.*

*Mas. Your Business there?*

*Ans. To carry Messages from the Senior to the Junior Warden, so that they may be dispersed round the Lodge.*

*Master, to the Senior Deacon. Pray where is the Senior Deacon's Place in the Lodge?*

*Senior Deacon's Ans. At the Back of the Master; or at his Right-Hand if he permits.*

*Mas. Your Business there?*

*Ans. To carry Messages from the Master to the Senior Warden.*

*Mas. The Junior Warden's Place in the Lodge?*

*Deacon's Ans. In the South.*

\* *To open a Lodge*, in Masonry, signifies that it is allowed to speak freely among one another of the Mysteries of the Order.

† *A Tyler* is properly no more than a Guard, or Centinel placed at the Lodge Door, to give the Sign when any one craves Admittance, that the Wardens may come out and examine him; but he is always one of the Brethren.

*Master, to the Junior Warden.* Why in the South?  
*Junior Warden's Ans.* The better to observe the Sun at high Meridian; to call the Men off from Work to Refreshment; and to see that they come on in due Time; that the Master may have Pleasure and Profit thereby.

*Mas.* Where is the Senior Warden's Place in the Lodge?  
*Junior Warden's Ans.* In the West.

*Master, to the Senior Warden.* Your Business there, Brother?  
*Senior Warden's Answer.* As the Sun sets in the West to close the Day, so the Senior Warden stands in the West to close the Lodge, to pay the Men their Wages, and dismiss them from their Labour.

*Mas.* The Master's Place in the Lodge?  
*Senior Warden's Ans.* In the East.

*Mas.* His Business there?  
*Senior Warden's Ans.* As the Sun riseth in the East to open the Day, so the Master stands in the East to open his Lodge, and set the Men to work.

[Then the Master takes off his Hat, and declares the Lodge open as follows]

*Master.* "This Lodge is open, in the Name of Holy St. John, forbidding all Cursing, Swearing, or Whispering, and all prophane Discourse whatever, under no less Penalty than what the Majority shall think proper."

The Master gives three Knocks upon the Table with a wooden Hammer, and puts on his Hat, the Brethren being uncovered: He then asks, if the Gentleman proposed last Lodge-Night is ready to be made? and on being answered in the Affirmative, he orders the Wardens to go out and prepare the Person, who is generally waiting in a Room at some Distance from the Lodge Room by himself, being left there by his Friend who proposed him. He is conducted into another Room, which is totally dark; and then asked, Whether he is conscious of having the Vocation necessary to be received? On answering Yes, he is asked his Name, Surname, and Profession. When he has answered these Questions, whatever he has about him made of Metal is taken away, as Buckles, Buttons, Rings, &c. and even the Money in his Pocket\*. Then they uncover his Right Knee, and put his Left Foot with his Shoe on into a Slipper †; hood-wink him with a Handkerchief, and leave him to his Re-

\* In some Lodges they are so particular, that the Candidate's Clothes are taken off, if there be Lace on them.

† This is not practised in every Lodge; some only slipping the Heel of the Shoe down.

fection for about Half an Hour. The Chamber is also guarded within and without by some of the Brethren who have drawn Swords in their Hands. The Person who proposed the Candidate stays in the Room with him; but they are not permitted to converse together.

During this Silence, and while the Candidate is preparing, the Brethren in the Lodge are putting every Thing in order for his Reception there; such as drawing the annexed Figure on the Floor at the upper Part of the Room; which is generally done with Chalk and Charcoal intermixed; though some Lodges use Tape and little Nails to form it; which prevents any Mark or Stain on the Floor. It is drawn East and West. The Master stands in the East, with the Square hanging at his Breast, the Holy Bible opened at the Gospel of St. *John*, and three lighted Tapers are placed in the Form of a Triangle in the Midst of the Drawing on the Floor.

The Proposer then goes and knocks three Times at the Door of the Grand Apartment, in which the Ceremony is to be performed. The Master answers within by three Strokes with the Hammer, and the Junior Warden asks, Who comes there? The Candidate answers (after another who prompts him) "One who begs to receive Part of the Benefit of this Right Worshipful Lodge, dedicated to St. *John*, as many Brothers and Fellows have done before me." The Doors are then opened, and the Senior and Junior Wardens, or their Assistants, receive him, one on the Right, and the other on the Left, and conduct him blindfolded Three Times \* round the Drawing on the Floor, and bring him up to the Foot of it, with his Face to the Master †, the Brethren ranging themselves on each Side, and making a confused Noise, by striking on the Attributes of the Order, which they carry in their Hands ‡.

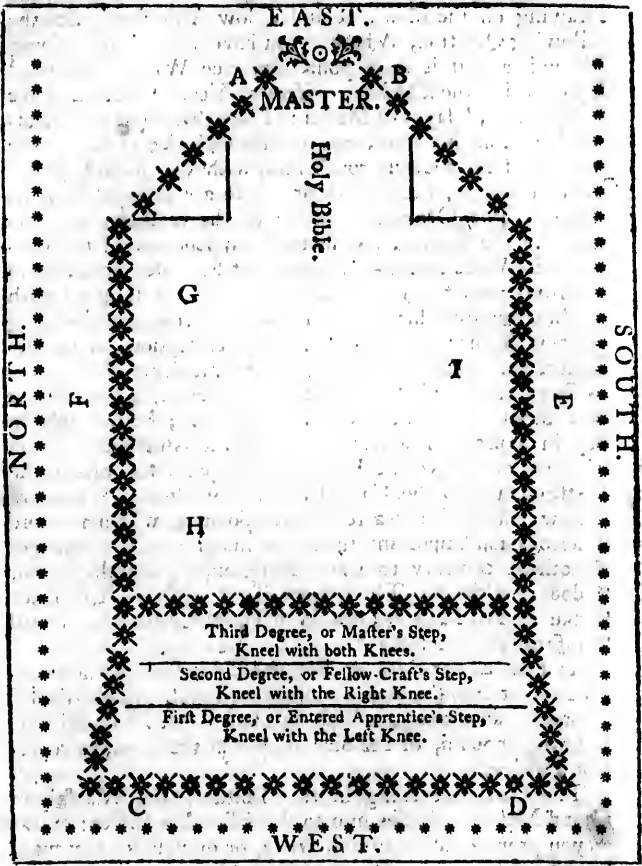
\* In some Lodges the Candidates are led Nine Times round; but as this is very tiresome to the Person who is to undergo the Operation, his Patience being pretty well tired by being blinded so long beforehand, it is very justly omitted.

† Many Lodges throw a fine Powder, or Rosin on the Floor, which with the Illumination of the Room, has a pretty Effect.

‡ This Custom is not observed in all Lodges.

NORTH

PLAN of the DRAWING on the FLOOR at the making of a MASON.



EXPLANATION.

- A Senior Deacon, with a black Rod.
- B Past-Master, with the Sun and Compasses, and a String of Cords.
- C Senior Warden, with the Level, and a Column in his Hand.
- D Junior Deacon, with a black Rod.
- E Junior Warden, with a Column in his Hand.
- F The Secretary, with Cross Pens.
- G H I Candles.
- \* Masons standing round at the Ceremony.

When



When this Part of the Ceremony is ended, the Master who stands at the upper End, facing the Foot or Steps of the Drawing on the Floor, behind a low Arm-chair, asks the following Question, Whether you have a desire to become a Mason? and if it is of your own free Will and Choice? Upon which the Candidate answers, Yes. "Let him see the Light," says the Master: They then take the Handkerchief from his Eyes, and whilst they are so doing, the Brethren form a Circle round him, with their Swords drawn in their Hands, the Points of which are presented to his Breast. The Ornaments borne by the Officers, the glittering of the Swords, and fantastic Appearance of the Brethren in White Aprons, creates great Surprise, especially to a Person, who for above an Hour has been fatigued with the Bandage over his Eyes; and his Uncertainty concerning what is further to be done for his Reception, must, no Doubt, throw his Mind into great Perplexity\*.

The Candidate is then directed to advance Three Times to a Stool at the Foot of the Arm-chair; he is taught to step in a proper Manner by one of the Assistants. Upon the Stool are placed the Rule and Compass; and one of the Brethren says to the Candidate to this Effect: "You are now entering into a respectable Society, which is more serious and important than you imagine. It admits of nothing contrary to Law, Religion, or Morality; nor does it allow any Thing inconsistent with the Allegiance due to His Majesty; the Worshipful Grand Master will inform you the rest."

As soon as the Speaker has ended his Speech, he is desired to put his Right Knee upon the Stool, which is bare, as mentioned above †; and his left foot is put into a Slipper, with the Shoe on, or the Shoe slipped at the Heel, to represent a Slipper.

The Candidate being in this Posture, the Worshipful Grand Master addresses him to the following Effect: "Do you promise never to tell, write, or disclose, in any manner whatever, the Secrets of Free Masonry and Free Ma-

\* The ancient Masons made use of a Prayer inserted in the Apprentice's Lecture; but the Moderns leave it out when they make a Brother.

† It is here to be understood, that in different Lodges this Speech varies; as also do the Forms of Making in some Respects, which may be seen in the Entered Apprentice's Lecture; where the only proper and ancient Method is clearly pointed out.

‡ The ancient Custom was thus: The Candidate, though kneeling on his Right Knee, should have his Left Foot in the Air; but this Position being fatiguing, it is omitted in most Lodges.

sons, except to a Brother at the Lodge, and in the Presence of the Worshipful Grand Master?" On which the Person says, "I do." His Waistcoat is then unbuttoned\*, and the Point of a Pair of Compasses is placed upon his naked Left Breast, and he himself holds it with his Left Hand, his Right Hand being laid upon the Gospel opened at St. John; when the following Oath is administered to him, he repeating it after the Master: and soon I shall describe the

**THE OATH.**

"I—A—B of my own Free Will and Accord, and in the Presence of Almighty God, and this Right Worshipful Lodge, dedicated to St. John, do hereby, and herein most solemnly and sincerely swear, that I will always keep secret, and never reveal any of the Secrets or Mysteries of Free Masonry, that shall be delivered to me now, or at any Time hereafter; except it be to a true and lawful Brother, or in a just and lawful Lodge of Brothers and Fellows, him or them whom I shall find to be such, after just Trial and due Examination. I furthermore do swear that I will not write it, print it, cut it, paint it, flint it, mark it, stain or engrave it, or cause it so to be done, upon any thing moveable or immovable under the Canopy of Heaven, whereby it may become legible or intelligible, or the least Appearance of the Character of a Letter, whereby the secret Art may be unlawfully obtained. All this I swear, with a strong and ready Resolution to perform the same, without any Hesitation, mental Reservation, or Self-evasion of Mind in me whatsoever; under no less penalty than to have my Throat cut across, my Tongue torn out by the Root, and that it be buried in the Sands of the Sea, at Low Water Mark, a Cable's Length from the Shore, where the Tide ebbs and flows twice in twenty-four Hours. So help me God, and keep me steadfast in this my Entered Apprentice's Obligation." [He kisses the Book.]

The now made Member is then taught the Sign, Grip, and Pass-word of the Entered Apprentice, which will be

\* This is done lest a Woman should offer herself; If we believe the Irish, there is a Lady at this Time in Ireland, who has gone through the whole Ceremony, and is as good a Mason as any of them.

† The Ancients used a Sword or Spear instead of a Compass.

‡ The Form of the Oath differs in many Lodges, though this is the strictest in Use; and in some Societies instead of saying, "In the Presence of Almighty God," it runs thus, "I promise before the Great Architect of the Universe," &c.

seen



seen more clearly in the following Lecture belonging to that Part of Masonry.

He is also learnt the Step, or how to advance to the Master upon the Drawing on the Floor, which in some Lodges resembles the Grand Building, termed a Mosaic Palace, and is described with the utmost Exactness. They also draw other Figures, one of which is called the Laced Tuff, and the other, the Throne beset with Stars. There is also represented a perpendicular Line in the Form of a Mason's Instrument, commonly called the Plumb-Line; and another Figure which represents the Tomb of Hiram, the first Grand Master, who has been dead almost Three Thousand Years. These are all explained to him in the most accurate Manner; and the Ornaments or Emblems of the Order are described with great Facility. The Ceremony being now ended, the new-made Member is obliged to take a Mop out of a Pail of Water brought for that Purpose, and rub out the Drawing on the Floor, if it is done with Chalk and Charcoal. Then he is conducted back, and every Thing that he was divested of is restored, and he takes his Seat on the Right Hand of the Master. He also receives an Apron, which he puts on; and the List of the Lodges is likewise given him.

The Brethren now congratulate the new-made Member, and all return to the Table to regale themselves; when the Master proposes a Health to the young Brother, which is drank with the greatest Applause by the whole Body, the new Mason sitting all the while. After which he, instructed by a Brother, takes a Bumper, and drinks "To the Worshipful Grand Master, the Senior and Junior Wardens, the rest of the Officers and Members of the Lodge, wishing them Success in all their public and private Undertakings, to Masonry in general, and that Lodge in particular, craving their Assistance." To which they answer, "they will assist him." And after he has drank, he throws his Glass from him, and brings it back three Times, and then sets it down on the Table, the rest doing the same in exact Order. This they call Firing: Then they clap their Hands Nine Times divided into Three, and stop between each, keeping true Time.

The Reader having been led thus far, it is high Time to introduce the Apprentice's Lecture, which is intended not only to amuse, but likewise to instruct him in the Part he is entered into. The readiness of many of the Brethren in answering the Questions, adds a Lustre to the Order, the Members vying with each other who shall most contribute to the Edification of their new Brother.

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*The Entered Apprentice's Lectures.*

**Maf.** BROTHER, is there any Thing between you and me?

*Ans.* There is, Right Worshipful.

**Maf.** What is it Brother, pray?

*Ans.* A Secret.

**Maf.** What is that Secret, Brother?

*Ans.* Masonry.

**Maf.** Then I presume you are a Mason?

*Ans.* I am so taken and accepted amongst Brothers and Fellows.

**Maf.** Pray what sort of a Man ought a Mason to be?

*Ans.* A Man that is born of a Free Woman.

**Maf.** Where was you first prepared to be made a Mason?

*Ans.* In my Heart.

**Maf.** Where was you next prepared?

*Ans.* In a Room adjoining to the Lodge.

**Maf.** How was you prepared, Brother?

*Ans.* I was neither naked, nor clothed, bare-foot, nor shod; deprived of all Metal; hood-winked, with a Cable Tow about my Neck, where I was led to the Door of the Lodge, in a halting moving Posture, by the Hand of a Friend, whom I afterwards found to be a Brother.

**Maf.** How do you know it to be a Door, you being blinded?

*Ans.* By finding a Stoppage, and afterwards an Entrance, or Admittance.

**Maf.** How got you Admittance?

*Ans.* By three Knocks.

**Maf.** What was said to you within?

*Ans.* Who comes there?

**Maf.** Your Answer, Brother?

*Ans.* One who begs to have and receive Part of the Benefit of this Right Worshipful Lodge, dedicated to St. John, as many Brothers and Fellows have done before me.

**Maf.** How do you expect to obtain it?

*Ans.* By being free born, and well reported.

**Maf.** What was said to you then?

*Ans.* Enter.

**Maf.** How did you enter, and upon what?

*Ans.* Upon the Point of a Sword or Spear, or some warlike Instrument presented to my naked left Breast.

**Maf.** What was said to you then?

*Ans.* I was asked if I felt any thing.

**Maf.** What was your Answer?

\* The Reader is desired to observe, that here I give the *Whole* of the Lectures, as delivered in the primitive Time; but the modern Masons leave out at least one-half.

*Ans.* I did, but I could see nothing.  
*Maf.* You have told me how you was received; pray who received you? *Ans.* The Junior Warden.  
*Maf.* How did he dispose of you?  
*Ans.* He delivered me to the Master, who ordered me to kneel down and receive the Benefit of a Prayer.

*Brethren, let us Pray.*

**O** LORD God, thou great and universal Mason of the World, and first Bull of Man, as it were a Temple; be with us, O Lord, as thou hast promised, when two or three are gathered together in thy Name, thou wilt be in the midst of them: Be with us, O Lord, and bless all our Undertakings, and grant that this our Friend may become a faithful Brother. Let Grace and Peace be multiplied unto him, through the Knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ; And grant, O Lord, as he putteth forth his Hand to thy Holy Word, that he may also put forth his Hand to serve a Brother, but not to hurt himself or his Family; that whereby may be given to us great and precious Promises, that by this we may be Partakers of thy Divine Nature, having escaped the Corruption that is in the World through Lust.

O Lord God, add to our Faith Virtue, and to Virtue Knowledge, and to Knowledge Temperance, and to Temperance Prudence, and to Prudence Patience, and to Patience Godliness, and to Godliness Brotherly Love, and to Brotherly Love Charity; and grant, O Lord, that Masonry may be blessed throughout the World, and thy Peace be upon us, O Lord, and grant that we may be all united as one, through our Lord Jesus Christ, who liveth and reigneth for ever and ever. *Amen.*

*Maf.* After this Prayer, what was said to you?  
*Ans.* I was asked who I put my Trust in?  
*Maf.* Your Answer, Brother? *Ans.* In God.  
*Maf.* What was the next Thing said to you?  
*Ans.* I was taken by the Right Hand, and a Brother said, Rise up, and follow your Leader, and fear no Danger.  
*Maf.* After all this, how was you disposed of?  
*Ans.* I was led three Times round the Lodge.  
*Maf.* Where did you meet with the first Opposition?  
*Ans.* At the Back of the Junior Warden in the South, where I gave the same Three Knocks as at the Door?  
*Maf.* What Answer did he give you?  
*Ans.* He said, Who comes there?

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*Maf.* Your Answer?

*Ans.* The same as at the Door, One who begs to have and receive, &c.

*Maf.* Where did you meet with the second Opposition?

*Ans.* At the Back of the Senior Warden in the West, where I made the same Repetition as at the Door. He said, Who comes here? One who begs to have and receive, &c.

*Maf.* Where did you meet with the third Opposition?

*Ans.* At the Back of the Master in the East, where I made the Repetition as before.

*Maf.* What did the Master do with you?

*Ans.* He ordered me back to the Senior Warden in the West to receive Instructions.

*Maf.* What were the Instructions he gave you.

*Ans.* He taught me to take one Step upon the first Step of a right Angle oblong Square, with my left Knee bare bent, my Body upright, my right Foot forming a Square, my naked Right Hand upon the Holy Bible, with the Square and Compass thereon; my left Hand supporting the same; where I took that solemn Obligation or Oath of a Mason.

*Maf.* Brother, can you repeat that Obligation?

*Ans.* I will do my Endeavour, with your Assistance, Worshipful.

*Maf.* Stand up and begin.

[Here the Oath is repeated, as mentioned before. After repeating this Obligation, they drink a Toast to the Heart that conceals, and to the Tongue that never reveals. The Master in the Chair gives it, and they all say Ditto, and draw the Glasses across their Throats, as aforesaid.]

*Maf.* Now, Brother, after you received the Obligation, what was said to you?

*Ans.* I was asked what I most desired.

*Maf.* What was your Answer.

*Ans.* To be brought to Light.

*Maf.* Who brought you to Light.

*Ans.* The Master and the rest of the Brethren.

*Maf.* When you was thus brought to Light, what were the first Things you saw?

*Ans.* The Bible, Square, and Compass.

*Maf.* What was it they told you they signified?

*Ans.* Three great Lights in Masonry.

*Maf.* Explain them, Brother?

*Ans.* The Bible to rule and govern our Faith; the Square to square our Actions; the Compass to keep us within Bounds with all Men, particularly with a Brother.

*Maf.* What were the next Things that were shewn to you?

*Ans.* Three Candles, which I was told were three lesser Lights in Masonry.

*Maf.* What do they represent?

*Ans.* The Sun, Moon, and Master-Mason.

*Maf.* Why so, Brother?

*Ans.* There is the Sun to rule the Day, the Moon to rule the Night, and the Master-Mason his Lodge, or at least ought so to do.

*Maf.* What was then done to you?

*Ans.* The Master took me by the Right-Hand, and gave me the Grip and Word of an Entered Apprentice, and said, Rise, my Brother JACHIN,

[Sometimes they shew you the Sign before the Grip and Word is given, which is JACHIN: It is the Entered Apprentice's Word, and the Grip thereto belonging is to pinch with your Right Thumb Nail upon the first Joint of your Brother's Right Hand.]

*Maf.* Have you got this Grip and Word, Brother?

*Ans.* I have, Right Worshipful.

*Maf.* Give it to your Brother.

[Then he takes his next Brother by the Right Hand, and gives him the Grip and Word, as before described.]

The 1st Brother gives him the Grip.

The 2d Brother says, What's this?

1st Bro. The Grip of an Entered Apprentice.

2d Bro. Has it got a Name? 1st Bro. It has,

2d Bro. Will you give it me?

1st Bro. I'll letter it with you, or halve it.

2d Bro. I'll halve it with you.

1st Bro. Begin.

2d Bro. No. You begin first.

1st Bro. JA.

2d Bro. CHIN.

1st Bro. JACHIN.

2d Bro. It is right, Worshipful Master.

*Maf.* What was the next Thing that was shewn to you?

*Ans.* The Guard or Sign of an Entered Apprentice\*.

*Maf.* Have you got the Guard or Sign of an Entered Apprentice?

[He draws his Right Hand across his Throat (as aforesaid) to shew the Master that he has.]

\* The Guard or Sign as they call it, is by drawing your Right Hand across your Throat edgewise; which is to remind you of the Penalty of your Obligation, that you would sooner have your Throat cut across than discover the Secrets of Masonry.

*Maf.*

*Maf.* After this, what was said to you ?

*Ans.* I was ordered to be taken back, and invested with what I had been divested of; and to be brought again to return Thanks, and to receive the Benefit of a Lecture, if Time would permit.

*Maf.* After what you had been divested of was restored, what was next done to you ?

*Ans.* I was brought to the North West Corner of the Lodge, in order to return Thanks.

*Maf.* How did you return Thanks ?

*Ans.* I stood in the North West Corner of the Lodge, and, with the Instruction of a Brother, I said, Master, Senior and Junior Wardens, Senior and Junior Deacons, and the rest of the brethren of this Lodge, I return you Thanks for the honour you have done me in making me a Mason, and admitting me a member of this Worthy Society.

*Maf.* What was then said to you ?

*Ans.* The Master called me up to the North East Corner of the Lodge at his Right Hand.

*Maf.* Did he present you with any thing ?

*Ans.* He presented me with an Apron, which he put on me: He told me it was a badge of Innocence, more ancient than the Golden Fleece or the Roman Eagle; more honoured than the Star and Garter, or any other Order under the Sun, that could be conferred upon me at that Time, or any Time hereafter.

*Maf.* What were the next Things that were shewn you ?

*Ans.* I was set down by the Master's Right Hand, who shewed me the Working Tools of an Entered Apprentice.

*Maf.* What were they ?

*Ans.* The 24 Inch Gauge, the Square, and common Gavel or Setting Maul.

*Maf.* What are their Uses ?

*Ans.* The Square to square my Work, the 24 Inch Gauge to measure my Work, the common Gavel to knock off all superfluous Matter, whereby the Square may fit easy and just.

*Maf.* Brother, as we are not all working Masons, we apply them to our Morals, which we call spiritualizing: Explain them.

*Ans.* The 24 Inch Gauge represents the 24 Hours of the Day.

*Maf.* How do you spend them, Brother ?

*Ans.* Six Hours to work in, six Hours to serve God, and six to serve a Friend or a Brother, as far as lies in my Power, without being detrimental to myself or family.

I come now to the Entered Apprentice's Reasons; but as the ceremony of drinking Healths among the Masons takes up much of their Time, we must stop a little, in order to introduce

*Maf.*

roduce some of them. The first is, "To the Heart that conceals, and the Tongue that never reveals;" Then "The King and Royal Family;" and, "To all Brethren wheresoever dispersed\*." The Pleasures they enjoy, Purity of their Sentiments, and the uniformity that always reign in their Assemblies, is far from being tiresome or insipid. I next proceed to the

*Entered Apprentice's Reasons †.*

*Mas.* **W**HY was you neither naked nor clothed, bare-footed nor shod, with a Cable-Tow (or Halter) about your Neck?

*Ans.* If I had recanted, and ran out in the Street, the People would have said I was mad; but if a Brother had seen me, he would have brought me back, and seen me done Justice by.

*Mas.* Why was you hood-winked?

*Ans.* That my heart may conceal before my eyes did discover.

*Mas.* The second Reason, Brother?

*Ans.* As I was in Darkness at that Time, I should keep all the world in Darkness.

*Mas.* Why was you deprived of all Metal?

*Ans.* That I should bring nothing offensive or defensive in the Lodge.

*Mas.* Give me the second Reason, Brother?

*Ans.* As I was poor and penniless when I was made a Mason, it informed me that I should assist all poor and penniless Brethren as far as lay in my Power.

*Mas.* Brother, you told me you gave three distinct Knocks at the Door: Pray what do they signify?

*Ans.* A certain Text in Scripture.

*Mas.* What is that Text?

*Ans.* "Ask, and you shall have; Seek, and you shall find; Knock and it shall be opened unto you."

*Mas.* How do you apply this Text in Masonry?

*Ans.* I fought in my Mind; I asked of my Friend; I knocked and the Door of Masonry became open unto me.

*Mas.* Why had you a Sword, Spear, or some other warlike Instrument presented to your naked Left Breast particularly?

*Ans.* Because the Left Breast is the nearest the Heart, that it might be the more a Prick to my Conscience, as it pricked my Flesh at that Time.

\* These Toasts or Healths are all drank with Three Times Three, which is performed in a most regular Manner, and an Huzzza at the End of each, as before described.

† This in fact is only a Continuation of the Lecture.

*Master.*



*Maf.* Why was you led three Times round the Lodge ?

*Ans.* That all the Brethren might see I was duly prepared.

*Maf.* When you was made an Apprentice, why was your Left Knee bare bent ?

*Ans.* Because the Left Knee is the weakest part of my body, and an Entered Apprentice is the weakest Part of Masonry, into which Degree I was then entering.

[Here the Brethren resume their Glasses, and drink a Health sometimes to the Grand Master ; at other Times to the Wardens, or other Officers, and then proceed.]

*The form of a Lodge.*

*Maf.* **B**ROTHER, pray what makes a Lodge ?

*Ans.* Right Worshipful, a certain Number of Masters met together to work.

*Maf.* Pray what Number makes a Lodge ?

*Ans.* Three, Five, Seven, or Eleven.

*Maf.* Why do Three make a Lodge ?

*Ans.* Because there were Three Grand Masters in the building of the world, and also that noble Piece of Architecture, Man ; which are so complete in Proportion, that the Ancients began their Architecture by the same Rules.

*Maf.* The second Reason, Brother ?

*Ans.* There were three Grand Masters at the building of Solomon's Temple.

*Maf.* Why do Five make a Lodge ?

*Ans.* Because every Man is endowed with Five Senses.

*Maf.* What are the Five Senses ?

*Ans.* Hearing, Seeing, Smelling, Tasting, and Feeling.

*Maf.* What Use are those Five Senses to you in Masonry ?

*Ans.* Three are of great Use to me, *viz.* Hearing, Seeing, and Feeling.

*Maf.* What Use are they Brother ?

*Ans.* Hearing is to hear the Word ; Seeing is to see the Sign ; Feeling is to feel the Grip, that I may know a Brother as well in the Dark as in the Light.

*Maf.* Why should seven make a Lodge ?

*Ans.* Because there are seven liberal sciences.

*Maf.* Will you name them, Brother ?

*Ans.* Grammar, Rhetoric, Logic, Arithmetic, Geometry, Music, and Astronomy.

*Maf.* Brother, what do these Sciences teach you ?

*Ans.* Grammar teaches me the Art of Writing and Speaking the Language taught me according to the first, second, and third Concord.

*Maf.* What doth Rhetoric teach you ?

*Ans.* The Art of Speaking upon any Topic whatsoever.

*Maf.*



*Mas.* What doth Logic teach you?

*Ans.* The Art of Reasoning well, whereby you may find out Truth from Falshood.

*Mas.* What doth Arithmetic teach you?

*Ans.* The Use of Numbers.

*Mas.* What doth Geometry teach you?

*Ans.* The Art of Measuring, whereby the *Egyptians* found out their own Land, or the same quantity which they had before the overflowing of the River *Nile*, that frequently used to water their Country, at which time they fled to the Mountains till it went c<sup>o</sup> again, and this made them have continual Quarrels about their Lands.

*Mas.* What doth Music teach you, Brother?

*Ans.* The Virtue of Sounds.

*Mas.* What doth Astronomy teach you?

*Ans.* The Knowledge of the Heavenly Bodies.

*Mas.* Why should Eleven make a Lodge, Brother?

*Ans.* There were Eleven *Patriarchs* when *Joseph* was sold into *Egypt*, and supposed to be lost.

*Mas.* The second Reason, Brother?

*Ans.* There were but Eleven Apostles when *Judas* betrayed Christ.

*Mas.* What Form is your Lodge?

*Ans.* An oblong Square.

*Mas.* How long, Brother?

*Ans.* From East to West.

*Mas.* How wide, Brother?

*Ans.* Between North and South?

*Mas.* How high, Brother?

*Ans.* From the Earth to the Heavens.

*Mas.* How deep, Brother?

*Ans.* From the Surface of the Earth to the Centre.

*Mas.* Why is your Lodge said to be from the Surface to the Centre of the Earth?

*Ans.* Because that Masonry is universal.

*Mas.* Why is your Lodge situate East and West?

*Ans.* Because all Churches or Chapels are or ought to be so.

*Mas.* Why so, Brother?

*Ans.* Because the Gospel was first preached in the East, and extended itself to the West.

*Mas.* What supports your Lodge?

*Ans.* Three great Pillars.

*Mas.* What are their Names?

*Ans.* Wisdom, Strength, and Beauty.

*Mas.* Who doth the Pillar of Wisdom represent?

*Ans.* The Master in the East.

*Mas.* Who doth the Pillar of Beauty represent?

*Ans.*

*Ans.* The Junior Warden in the South.

*Mas.* Why should the Master represent the Pillar of Wisdom ?

*Ans.* Because he gives Instructions to the Crafts to carry on their work in a proper manner, with good Harmony.

*Mas.* Why should the Senior Warden represent the Pillar of Strength ?

*Ans.* As the Sun sets to finish the Day, so the Senior Warden stands in the West to pay the Hirelings their Wages, which is the Strength and Support of all Business.

*Mas.* Why should the Junior Warden represent the Pillar of Beauty ?

*Ans.* Because he stands in the South at high Twelve at Noon, which is the Beauty of the Day, to call the Men off from Work to Refreshment, and to see that they come on again in due time, that the Master may have Pleasure and Profit therein.

*Mas.* Why is it said that your Lodge is supported by those three great Pillars, Wisdom, Strength, and Beauty ?

*Ans.* Because Wisdom, Strength, and Beauty is the Finisher of all Works, and nothing can be carried on without them.

*Mas.* Why so, Brother ?

*Ans.* Because there is Wisdom to contrive, Strength to support, and Beauty to adorn.

*Mas.* Had you any Covering to your Lodge ?

*Ans.* Yes, a clouded Canopy of divers Colours.

*Mas.* How blows a Mason's Wind, Brother ?

*Ans.* Due East and West.

*Mas.* What is it o'Clock, Brother ? *Ans.* High Twelve.

*Mas.* Call the Men off from Work to Refreshment, and see that they come on again in due Time.

[The Entered Apprentice's Lecture being finished, it is customary for the Master to call upon one of the Brethren, who can best acquit himself, for the following Song, which is always readily complied with.]

SONG, *At the Conclusion of the Entered Apprentice's* LECTURE.

**C**OME, let us prepare,

We Brothers that are,

Assembled on every Occasion ;

Let us drink, laugh, and sing,

Our Wine has a Spring ;

Here's a Health to an Accepted Mason.

*Chorus.* Let's drink, &c.

The world is in Pain,  
Our Secrets to gain,  
And still let them wonder and gaze on !

D

They

They ne'er can divine,  
 The Word or the Sign  
 Of a free and an Accepted Mafon.  
 'Tis this, and 'tis that,  
 They cannot tell what,  
 Why fo many great Men of the Nation,  
 Should Aprons put on,  
 To make themfelves one,  
 With a Free and an accepted Mafon.  
 Great Kings, Dukes, and Lords,  
 Have laid by their Swords,  
 Our Myft'ry to put a good Grace on;  
 And ne'er been alham'd  
 To hear themfelves nam'd,  
 With a Free and an Accepted Mafon.  
 Antiquity's Pride,  
 We have on our fide,  
 And it maketh Men juft in their Station;  
 There's nought but what's good,  
 To be understood,  
 By a Free and an Accepted Mafon.  
 We're true and fincere,  
 And juft to the Fair,  
 Who will truft us on every Occafion;  
 No mortal can more  
 The Ladies adore,  
 Than a Free and an Accepted Mafon.  
 Then join Hand and Hand,  
 T'each other firm ftand,  
 Let's be merry, and put a bright Face on;  
 What Mortal can boaft,  
 So noble a Toaft,  
 As a Free and an Accepted Mafon?

While this Song is finging, they all ftand round the Table, and when they come to the laft Verfe they join Hands crofs-ways in the following Manner: The Right Hand Man takes hold of the Left Hand of his Neighbour with his Right Hand; and the Left Hand Man takes hold of the Right Hand of his next Brother with his Left Hand, fo as to form a Chain by fo many Links, and all join in the Chorus, jumping violently with their Feet on the Floor, and fhaking their Hands up and down, linked together as above, keeping exact time with both.

Every one now talks of what he pleafes, and as it is generally half an Hour before they proceed to Bufinefs, thofe who perhaps have ordered a Supper retire into another Room; but before

fore they are permitted, the Master proceeds to call the Men off from work, as it is termed, which is done in this Manner: The Master whispers to the Senior Deacon, who sits on his Right Hand, and says, "It is high time to call the men from Work to refresh themselves." The Senior Deacon whispers it to the Senior Warden; and it is communicated from him to the Junior Deacon, who carries it to the Junior Warden; he proclaims it openly to the Lodge, and sets his Column upright\*, and the Senior Warden lays his down, which signifies that the Junior Warden is intrusted with the Care of the Lodge, while the Brethren refresh themselves.

In this place it will be necessary to acquaint the Reader how he may discover an Entered Apprentice by drinking with him in company: Take the Glass with your Right Hand, and draw it across your Throat, either before or after you drink; and if an Apprentice is present, he will immediately take Notice of it, by asking you some Question in Masonry, which you will readily answer from this Book. If he asks you the meaning of your doing that, you may whisper to him, that it is the Penalty of the Obligation of an Entered Apprentice. From this Answer he will proceed farther in his inquiry.

The Brethren having now regaled themselves, they take their Seats, and the Master proceeds to set them on again, which is performed in the same manner as the calling off; with this Difference; the Warden proclaims, "It is our Worshipful Master's Pleasure that this Lodge is called from Refreshment to Work." The Junior Warden lays down his Column, and the Senior sets his up. But as it often happens that the Time will not permit for the Fellow-Craft's Lecture, they close the Lodge, which is done after the same Manner as that of opening. The Senior Warden declares it in the following Words: "It is our Master's Will and Pleasure, that this Lodge stand closed till the First of Third Wednesday in the next Month," according to the Night the Lodge is held. Then the Master, Wardens, Deacons, Secretary, &c. take off the Ensigns and Ornaments from their necks, and every one is at Liberty to depart or stay longer; every thing of Masonry is excluded; they talk of what they please, and sing various Songs for their Amusement.

I shall now proceed to the Second Degree of Masonry, called the *Fellow Craft's*: that is, one who has served his Time justly and lawfully as an Entered Apprentice, and desires to

\* The Senior and Junior Warden's Columns are about twenty-five Inches long, and represent the Columns that support the Porch of Solomon's Temple; The Senior's is called JACHIN, and signifies *Strength*; the Junior's BOAZ, and signifies, to *establish in the Lord*. See the First Book of Kings, Chap. VII.

become more perfect in Masonry, by being admitted a Fellow Craft. But in most Lodges at this Time, they are made Entered Apprentices and Fellow Craft the same Evening. The Ceremony is the same, though they have different Lectures, Pass-Word, and Grip belonging to each.

*The Fellow-Craft's Lecture.*

*Maf.* **B**ROTHER, are you a Fellow-Craft?

*Ans.* I am. Try me, prove me.

*Maf.* Where was you made a Fellow-Craft?

*Ans.* In a just and lawful Lodge.

*Maf.* How was you prepared to be made a Fellow-Craft?

*Ans.* I was neither naked nor cloathed, bare-foot, nor shod; in a halting moving Posture; deprived of all Metal, I was led to the Door of the Lodge by the Hand of a Brother.

*Maf.* How got you Admittance?

*Ans.* By three distinct Knocks.

*Maf.* What was said to you within?

*Ans.* Who comes there?

*Maf.* Your Answer, Brother?

*Ans.* One who has served his Time justly and lawfully as an Entered Apprentice, and now begs to become more perfect in Masonry, by being admitted a Fellow-Craft.

*Maf.* How do you expect to attain to this Degree?

*Ans.* By the Benefit of a Pass-Word.

*Maf.* Have you got that Pass-word?

*Ans.* I have.

*Maf.* Give it me, Brother?

*Ans.* SHIBBOLETH\*.

*Maf.* What did he then say to you?

*Ans.* Pass, *Shibboleth*.

*Maf.* What became of you then?

*Ans.* I was led twice round the Lodge.

*Maf.* Where did you meet with the first Opposition?

*Ans.* At the Back of the Senior Warden.

*Maf.* Where did you meet with the Second Opposition?

*Ans.* At the Back of the Master, where I repeated the same as before.

*Maf.* What did he do with you?

*Ans.* He ordered me back to the Senior Warden to receive Instructions.

*Maf.* What Instructions did he give you?

*Ans.* He taught me to shew the Master my due Guard, and to take two Steps upon the second Step of a Right Angled Oblong Square, with my Right Knee bent bare, my

\* SHIBBOLETH, the Pass-word of a Fellow-Craft; signifies *Plenty*. See the xiith Chapter of the Book of Judges.

Left Foot forming a Square, my Body upright, my Right Hand on the Holy Bible, my left Arm supported by the Points of the Compasses, forming a Square, where I took the Obligation of a Fellow-Craft.

*Maf.* Have you got that Obligation, Brother?

*Ans.* I have, Right Worshipful.

*Maf.* Can you repeat it?

*Ans.* I'll do my Endeavour, Right Worshipful, with your Assistance.

*Maf.* Pray stand up, and let the Brethren hear it.

*The Obligation of a Fellow-craft*

“ I—*A. B.* of my own Free Will and Accord, and in the Presence of Almighty God, and this Right Worshipful Lodge, dedicated to St. *John*, do hereby swear, that I will always hale, conceal, and never reveal, that Part of a Fellow-Craft to an Entered Apprentice, or either of them, except it be in a true and lawful Lodge of Crafts, him or them whom I shall find to be such, after just Trial and Examination.—I do furthermore swear, that I will answer all Signs and Summonses sent to me from a Lodge of Crafts, within the Length of a Cable-Tow\*. I also swear, that I will not wrong a Brother, nor see him wronged, but give him timely Notice of all approaching Dangers whatsoever, as far as in me is. I will also serve a Brother as much as lies in my Power, without being detrimental to myself or Family: and I will keep all my Brother's Secrets as my own, that shall be delivered to me as such, Murder and Treason excepted. All this I swear, with a firm and steady Resolution to perform the same, without any Equivocation or Hesitation in me whatsoever, under no less Penalty than to have my Heart torn from my naked left Breast, and given to the Vultures of the Air as a Prey. So help me God, and keep me steadfast in this my Fellow-Craft's Obligation. [*Kisses the book.*]

*Maf.* Thank you, Brother.—After you received this Obligation, pray what was shewn to you?

*Ans.* The Sign of a Fellow-Craft.

*Maf.* Pray give it me. *Ans.* I will, Right Worshipful.

[He stands up, and puts his Right Hand to his Left Breast, keeping his Thumb square; and his Left Hand raised up, so as to form a square.]

*Maf.* What was the next Thing done to you?

*Ans.* He took me by the Right Hand, and gave me the Grip and Word of a Fellow-Craft, and the Pass Gript.

\* A Cable Tow is three Miles in Length; so that if a Fellow-Craft is at that Distance from his Lodge, he is not culpable on account of his Non-Attendance.

† The Pass-Grip is thus performed: You must put your Thumb-Nail between

*Maf.* What did they then to you ?

*Ans.* He took me by the Right Hand, and said Rise, Brother *Boaz*.

*Maf.* What followed after that, Brother ?

*Ans.* He ordered me back, when every Thing I had been divested of was restored, and I was brought in again in order to return Thanks\*.

*Maf.* Being thus admitted, Brother, did you ever work as a Craft ?

*Ans.* Yes, Right Worshipful, in building the Temple.

*Maf.* Where did you receive your wages ?

*Ans.* In the Middle Chamber.

*Maf.* When you came to the Door of the Middle Chamber, pray who did you see ?

*Ans.* A Warden.

*Maf.* What did he demand of you ?

*Ans.* The Pass-word of a Fellow-Craft.

*Maf.* Did you give it him ?

*Ans.* I did, Right Worshipful.

*Maf.* Pray what is it ?

*Ans.* SHIBBOLETH.

*Maf.* How got you to the Middle Chamber ?

*Ans.* Through the Porch.

*Maf.* Did you see any Thing worth you Notice ?

*Ans.* I did, Right Worshipful.

*Maf.* What was it ?

*Ans.* Two fine Brafs Pillars.

*Maf.* What are their Names ?

*Ans.* JACHIN and BOAZ.

*Maf.* How high were these Pillars ?

*Ans.* Thirty-five Cubits, with a Chapter Five Cubits †, which made it Forty in the whole.

[This is described more clearly in the Third Chapter of the Second Book of Chronicles, Verse 15th.]

*Maf.* What were they ornamented with, Brother ?

*Ans.* Two Chapters, each Five Cubits in Height.

*Maf.* What were they adorned with besides ?

*Ans.* Lilly-work, Net-work, and Pomegranates.

*Maf.* Were they hollow, Brother ?

*Ans.* Yes, Right Worshipful.

*Maf.* How thick was the outside Coat ?

*Ans.* Four Inches.

*Maf.* Where were they cast ?

between the First and Second Joint of the Right Hand, and whisper the Word SHIBBOLETH. The Grip of a Fellow-Craft is by putting the Thumb-Nail on the Second Joint of the Right Hand, and the Word is BOAZ.

\* The Ceremony of returning Thanks is the same as the Entered Apprentice's, excepting for admitting me a Fellow-Craft.

† The Reader is here to understand that there are three Sorts of Cubits ; the King's Cubit, three English Feet ; the Holy Cubit, one Foot six Inches ; and the common Cubit, twenty one Inches. The Cubit mentioned in the Old Testament is the Holy Cubit, which is one Foot six Inches.

*Ans.*

*Ans.* On the Plain of *Jordan*, between *Succoth* and *Zartha*,  
in a Clay Ground, where all *Solomon's* holy Vessels were cast.

*Maf.* Who cast them, Brother?

*Ans.* *Hiram Abiff*, the Widow's Son.

This generally finishes the Fellow-Craft's Lecture, and very few Lodges go so far in their Questions and Answers: Therefore, in order to enliven the Company, the Master asks some good Singer to favour them with the following Song, which I have heard sung with great Energy and Rapture throughout the Lodge; every Brother bearing a Part in the Chorus.

The FELLOW-CRAFT'S SONG.

**H**AIL, Masonry! thou Craft divine!  
Glorious of Earth, from Heaven reveal'd,  
Which does with Jewels precious shine,  
From all but Mason's eyes conceal'd.

*Chorus.* Thy praises due who can rehearse,  
In nervous prose, or flowing Verse?

As Men from Brutes distinguish'd are,  
A Mason other Men excels,  
For what's in Knowledge choice or rare,  
But in his Breast securely dwells.

*Chorus.* His silent Breast and faithful Heart,  
Preserve the Secrets of the Art.

From scorching Heat and piercing Cold,  
From Beasts whose roar the Forest rends;  
From the Assaults of Warriors bold,  
The Mason's Art Mankind defends.

*Chorus.* Be to this Art due Honour paid,  
From which Mankind receives such Aid.

Ensigns of State that feed our Pride,  
Distinctions troublesome and vain,  
By Mason's true are laid aside.  
Art's free-born Sons such Toys disdain.

*Chorus.* Ennobled by the Name they bear,  
Distinguish'd by the Badge\* they wear.

Sweet Fellowship, from Envy free,  
Friendly Converse of Brotherhood!  
The Lodge's lasting Cement be,  
Which has for Ages firmly stood.

*Chorus.* A Lodge thus built for Ages past,  
Has lasted, and will ever last.

\* Here the whole Lodge strike their Right Hands all at once on their Aprons, keeping as regular Time as the Soldiers in *St. James's Park*, when they strike their Cartouch Boxes.

Then



Then in our Songs be Justice done,  
 To those who have enrich'd the Art,  
 From *Jabal* down to *Aberdour*\* :  
 And let each Brother bear a Part.  
*Chorus.* Let noble Masons Healths go round,  
 Their praise in lofty Lodge resound.

In Company the Fellow-Craft takes the Pot or Glass, and draws it across his left Breast, and touches it; the Penalty being this, that he would sooner have his Heart torn from his Left Breast, and given to the Fowls of the Air, than discover the Secrets of Masonry. Sometimes this is done with the Right Hand only, as it is less taken Notice of by Strangers.

Having given the Entered Apprentice and Fellow-Craft's Part, I now proceed to the third and last Degree of Masonry, which is termed *the Master's Part*, it being performed in the same Manner as the other two, *viz.* by Way of Question and Answer, and is as follows :

*Mas.* **B**ROTHER, where have you been?

*Ans.* In the West.

*Mas.* And where are you going? *Ans.* To the East.

*Mas.* Why do you leave the West, and go to the East?

*Ans.* Because the Light of the Gospel was first shewn in the East?

*Mas.* What are you going to do in the East?

*Ans.* To seek for a Lodge of Masters.

\* Lord *Aberdour* was formerly Grand Master; at present Lord *Petre* fills that Station; and they make use of his Name accordingly. For the Entertainment of our Readers, the Editor obtained a complete List of all the Grand Masters, since the Year 1722, *viz.*

Francis Scott, Earl of Dalkeith,  
 Charles Lenox, Duke of Richmond  
 Lenox and Aubigny,  
 J. Hamilton, Lord Paisley,  
 Wm. O'Brien, Earl of Inchiquin,  
 Henry Hare, Lord Colrairie,  
 James King, Lord Kingston,  
 Tho. Howard, Duke of Norfolk,  
 T. Coke, Lord Lovell,  
 Ant. Brown, Lt. Visc. Montacute,  
 James Lyon, Earl of Strathmore,  
 John Lindsey, Earl of Crauford,  
 Thomas Thynne, Lord Viscount  
 Weymouth,  
 John Campbell, Earl of Loudon,

Edward Bligh, Earl of Darnley,  
 H. Brydges, Marq. of Caernarvon,  
 Rob. Raymond, Lord Raymond,  
 John Keith, Earl of Kintore,  
 J. Douglas, Earl of Morton,  
 John Ward, Lord Ward,  
 Tho. Lyon, Earl of Strathmore,  
 James Cranfoun, Lord Cranfoun,  
 Wm. Byron, Lord Byron,  
 John Proby, Lord Carysfort,  
 James Brydges, E. of Caernarvon,  
 Sholto Ch. Douglas, Lord Aber-  
 dour,  
 W. Shirley, Lord Ferrers, and the  
 present Lord Petre.

By the above noble List of Grand Masters, such as no Age, Society, or Kingdom could ever boast to have ruled them, Masonry has been fixed on the solid Basis it now stands,

*Mas.*

*Maf.* Then you are a Master Mafon, I presume ?

*Ans.* I am fo taken and accepted among Mafters ?

*Maf.* Where was you made Mafter ?

*Ans.* In a Lodge of Mafters.

*Maf.* How was you prepared to be made Mafter ?

*Ans.* My Shoes were taken off my Feet, my Arms and Breast were naked, and I was deprived of all Metal. In this Manner I was led to the Door of the Lodge\*.

*Maf.* How got you Admittance ?

*Ans.* By three diftinct Knocks.

*Maf.* What was then faid to you from within ?

*Ans.* Who comes there ?

*Maf.* Your Answer, Brother ?

*Ans.* One who hath lawfully and truly ferved his Time as an Entered Apprentice and Fellow-Craft, and now begs to attain the laft and moft honourable Degree of Mafonry, by being admitted a Mafter.

*Maf.* How do you expect to attain it ?

*Ans.* By the Benefit of a Pafs-Word.

*Maf.* Can you give me that Word, Brother ?

*Ans.* I can and will, Right Worfhipful.

*Maf.* Pray give it me then. *Ans.* TUBAL CAIN†.

*Maf.* What was then faid to you ?

*Ans.* Enter TUBAL CAIN.

*Maf.* How was you difpofed of ?

*Ans.* I was led round the Lodge.

*Maf.* Where did you meet with the firft Oppofition ?

*Ans.* At the Back of the Mafter.

*Maf.* What did he demand of you ?

*Ans.* The fame as at the Door.

*Maf.* How did he difpofe of you ?

*Ans.* He ordered me back to the Senior Warden, in the Weft, to receive proper Inftuctions.

*Maf.* What were thofe Inftuctions, Brother ?

*Ans.* He inftucted me as I flood in the Weft, *Firft*, To fhew the Mafter in the Eaft the due Guard or Sign of an Entered Apprentice, and take one Step upon the Firft Step of the Right Angle of an Oblong Square, with my Left

\* The Difference between the Manner of preparing the Perfon for the Degree of Mafter and the Entered Apprentice and Fellow-Craft, is this : That the Entered Apprentice's Left Arm and Left Breast is naked, with the Left Shoe off; and the Fellow-Craft's Right Breast is naked, with the Right Shoe off.

† TUBAL CAIN was the firft Perfon who made ufe of Brafs, Iron, and other Metals, and is faid to be the Inventor of Mufic. His Defcent was from the fifth Generation of Cain. In Scripture it is faid he became famous in working Metals, which *Hiram* afterwards greatly improved.

Foot forming a Square. *Secondly*, To make two Steps upon the same Oblong Square, and to shew the Sign of a Fellow-Craft. *Thirdly*, I was taught to take two Steps upon the same Oblong Square, with both my Knees bent, and bare; my Body upright, my Right-Hand upon the Holy Bible, both Points of a Pair Compasses being pointed to my Right and Left Breast, where I took the solemn Oath or Obligation of a Master-Mason.

*Mas.* Brother, can you remember the Obligation you speak of?

*Ans.* I'll do my endeavour, Right Worshipful, with your Assistance.

*Mas.* Pray stand up, and begin.

*Ans.* "I A. B. of my own Free Will and Accord, and in the Presence of Almighty God, and this Right Worshipful Lodge, dedicated to Holy St. *John*, do hereby and hereon most solemnly and sincerely swear, that I will always hale, conceal, and never reveal, this Part of a Master Mason to a Fellow-Craft, any more than that of a Fellow-Craft to an Apprentice, or any of them to the rest of the World, except in a true and lawful Lodge of Masters, him or them whom I shall find to be such, after a just Trial and Examination.—I furthermore do swear, that I will attend all Summonses sent to me from a Lodge of Masters, if within the Length of a Cable-Tow.—I will also keep all my Brothers Secrets as my own, Treason and Murder excepted, and that at my own Free Will.—I will not wrong a Brother, or see him wronged, but give him Notice of all Danger, as far as in my power lies.—And I also swear, that I will conform myself to all the Laws and Institutions of this Lodge.—All this I swear, with a firm and fixed Resolution to perform the same, under no less Penalty than to have my Body severed in two; the one Part carried to the South, the other to the North; my Bowels burnt to Ashes, and the Ashes to be scattered to the four Winds of the Heavens, that no further Remembrance of such a vile Wretch may exist among Men (and in particular Masons.) So help me God, and keep me steadfast in this my Master's Obligation." [*Kisses the Book.*]

*Mas.* Thank you, Brother.—Pray what was shewn you after you had received this Obligation?

*Ans.* One of the Master's Signs.

[This Sign is given by drawing your Right-Hand across your Belly, which is the Penalty of the Obligation. Then he gives the Master the Grip of an Apprentice, who says, What's this? The Person answers, The Grip of an Entered Apprentice.]

*Mas.*

*Maf.* Has it got a Name?

*Ans.* It has, Right Worshipful.

*Maf.* Will you give it me?

*Ans.* JACHIN.

*Maf.* Will you be of or from?

*Ans.* From.

*Maf.* From what, Brother?

*Ans.* From an Entered Apprentice to a Fellow-Craft.

*Maf.* Pass, Brother.

[He puts his Thumb between the first and second Joint, which is the Pass-Grip, and you pronounce the Word SHIBBOLETH.]

*Maf.* What was done to you after that?

*Ans.* He took me by the Grip of a Fellow-Craft, and said, What's this?

*Maf.* Your Answer, Brother?

*Ans.* The Grip of a Fellow-Craft.

*Maf.* Has it got a Name?

*Ans.* It has.

*Maf.* Will you give it me?

*Ans.* BOAZ.

*Maf.* What was then said to you?

*Ans.* Rise up, Brother BOAZ.

*Maf.* Brother, what followed?

*Ans.* He told me I represented one of the greatest men in the World, viz. our Grand Master *Hiram*, who was killed just at the finishing of the Temple; and the Manner of his Death is thus related:

“ There were originally fifteen Fellow-Crafts, who perceiving the Temple almost finished, and not having received the Master's Word, they grew impatient, and agreed to extort it from their Master *Hiram* the first Opportunity they could find of meeting him alone, that they might pass for Masters in other Countries, and receive the Wages or Profits of Masters; but before they could accomplish their Scheme, twelve of them recanted; the other three were obstinate, and determined to have it by Force, if no other Way could be found: their Names were, *Jubela*, *Jubelo*, and *Jubelum*.

“ It being always the Custom of *Hiram*, at Twelve at Noon, as soon as the Men were called off to refresh themselves, to go into the *Sanctum Sanctorum*, or Holy of Holies, to pay his Devotion to the true and living God, the three Assassins above-mentioned placed themselves at the East, West, and South Doors of the Temple. At the North there was no Entrance, because the Rays of the Sun never dart from that Point.

“ *Hiram*, having finished his Prayer to the Lord, came to the East Door, which he found guarded by *Jubela*, who demanded the Master's Grip in a resolute Manner; he received for answer from *Hiram*, that it was not customary

to ask it in such a Strain; that he himself did not receive it so; adding, that he must wait, and Time and Patience would bring it about. He told him farther, that it was not in his Power alone to reveal it, except in the Presence of *Solomon King of Israel*, and *Hiram King of Tyre*. *Jubela* being dissatisfied with this Answer, struck him across the Throat with a twenty-four Inch Gauge. *Hiram* upon this Usage flew to the South Door of the Temple, where he was met by *Jubelo*, who asked him the Master's Grip and Word in-like Manner as *Jubela* had done before; and on receiving the same Answer from his Master, he gave him a violent Blow with a Square upon his Left Breast, which made him reel. Upon recovering his Strength, he ran to the West Door, the only Way left him of escaping; and on being interrogated by *Jubelum* to the same Purport, who guarded that Passage, (to whom he replied as at first) he received a terrible Fracture upon his Head with a Gavel\* or Setting Maul, which occasioned his Death. After this they carried his Body out at the West Door†, and hid it under some Rubbish till Twelve

\* When you come to this Part of the Ceremony of making a Master, it occasions some Surprise; the Junior Warden strikes you with a twenty-four Inch Gauge across your Throat; the Senior Warden follows the Blow, by striking you with a Square on the Left Breast; and almost at the same Instant the Master knocks you down with the Gavel. This is the Custom in most Lodges; and it requires no small Share of Courage, for the Blows are frequently so severe that the poor Candidate falls backwards on the Floor; and the greater his Terror at this Usage, the more the Brethren are pleased. This Custom favours too much of Barbarity; and many Instances can be produced of Persons in this Situation, who have requested on their Knees to be set at Liberty, and others who have made their Escape as fast as possible out of the Lodge. The *French* and Natives of *Switzerland* have a more striking and solemn Way of representing the Death of *Hiram*. When a Brother comes into the Lodge, in order to be raised to the Degree of Master, one of the Members lies flat on his Back, with his Face disfigured, and besmeared with Blood, on the Spot where the Drawing on the Floor is made. His natural Surprise and Confusion immediately appears, and one of the Brethren generally addresses him to the Purport following: "Brother, be not frightened; this is the unfortunate Remains of a Worthy Master, that would not deliver the Grip and Word to three Fellow-Crafts, who had no Right to it; and from this Example we learn our Duty, viz. to die before we deliver the Master's Part of Masonry to those who have no Claim thereto." On kneeling to receive the Obligation, the supposed dead Brother lies behind you, and during the Time of administering the Oath, and reading the History of his Death, he gets up, and you are laid down in his Place. This is the most material Difference between the *French* and *English* Method of making a Master Mason: and that it is more agreeable to Humanity than giving a Man a violent Blow on the Forehead with a Gavel, must be obvious to every Reader.

† In this Point the Masons themselves differ: some of them say, he was not carried out at the West Door, but buried on the Spot where he was killed in this Manner: The three Assassins took up Part of the Pavement, made a Hole, and covered him over with Stones as soon as they had crammed him in; after which they conveyed the Rubbish out in their Aprons, to prevent Suspicion.

o'Clock the next Night, when they met by Agreement; and buried him on the Side of a Hill, in a Grave six Feet perpendicular, dug due East and West.

*Maf.* After you was thus knocked down, what was said to you then?

*Ans.* I was told I represented one of the greatest men in the World lying dead, viz. our Grand Master *Hiram*.

*Maf.* Thank you, Brother.—Pray go on.

*Ans.* As I lay on my Back, the Master informed me how *Hiram* was found; and by what means the three Ruffians were discovered, as follows:

“ Our Master *Hiram* not coming to view the Workmen as usual, King *Solomon* caused strict Search to be made; but this proving ineffectual, he was supposed to be dead. The Twelve Fellow-Crafts who recanted, hearing the Report, their Consciences pricking them, went to *Solomon* with white Aprons and Gloves, Emblems of their Innocence, and informed him of every Thing relative to the Affair, as far as they knew, and offered their Assistance in order to discover the three other Fellow-Crafts who had absconded. They separated, and divided themselves into four Parties; three East, West, North, and South, in Quest of the Murderers. As one of the Twelve was travelling on the Sea-side, near *Joppa*, being fatigued, he sat down to refresh himself: but was soon alarmed by the following hideous Exclamations from the Cliff of a Rock: “ Oh! that my Throat had been cut  
“ across, my Tongue torn out by the Root, and buried in  
“ the Sands of the Sea at Low-water Mark, a Cable's Length  
“ from the Shore, where the Tide ebbs and flows twice in  
“ Twenty-four Hours, e'er I had consented to the Death of  
“ our Grand Master *Hiram*!”—“ Oh! (says another) that  
“ my Heart had been torn from under my naked Left Breast,  
“ and given a Prey to the Vultures of the Air, rather than I  
“ had been concerned in the Death of so good a Master!”  
“ But (says a third) I struck him harder than you both;  
“ 'twas I that killed him. Oh! that my Body had been severed  
“ in two, and scattered to the South and North; my Bow-  
“ els burnt to Ashes in the South, and scattered between the  
“ four Winds of the Earth, ere I had been the cause of the  
“ Death of our good Master *Hiram*!” The Fellow-Craft  
hearing this, went in Quest of his two Associates, and they entered the Cliff of the Rock, took and bound them fast, and brought them to King *Solomon*, before whom they voluntarily confessed their Guilt, and begged to die. The Sentence passed on them was the same as they expressed in their Lamentation in the Cliff; *Jubela's* Throat was cut across; *Jubelo's* Heart was torn from under his Left Breast; and *Jubelum's* Body was severed in two, and scattered in the South and North.

“ When

“ When the Execution was over, King *Solomon* sent for the Twelve Crafts, and desired them to take the Body of *Hiram* up, in order that it might be interred in a solemn Manner in the *Sanctum Sanctorum*; he also told them, that if they could not find a Key-Word about him, it was lost; for there were only three in the World to whom it was known; and unless they were present it could not be delivered. *Hiram* being dead, it consequently was lost. However, as *Solomon* ordered, they went and cleared the Rubbish, and found their Master in a mangled Condition, having lain fifteen Days; upon which they lifted up their Hands above their Heads in Astonishment, and said, *O Lord, my God!* This being the first Word and Sign, King *Solomon* adopted it as the grand Sign of a Master Mason, and it is used at this Day in all the Lodges of Masters.

*Mas.* Brother, when *Hiram* was thus found dead, how was he raised?

*Ans.* By the Five Points of Fellowship.

*Mas.* What are these five Points of Fellowship?

*Ans.* He was taken by the Entered Apprentice's Grip, and the Skin slipped off. Then he was taken by the Fellow-Craft's Grip, which also slipped off; and lastly, by the Master's Grip\*.

*Mas.* Brother, it appears you could not have been raised but by the Five Points of Fellowship. Pray explain them.

*Ans.* Hand in Hand signifies that I will always put forth my Hand to serve a Brother as far as in my Power lies.—Foot to Foot, that I never will be afraid to go a Foot out of my Way to serve a Brother.—Knee to Knee, that when I pray, I should never forget my Brother's Welfare. Breast to Breast, to shew I will keep my Brother's Secrets as my own.—The Left Hand supporting the Back, that I will always support a Brother, as far as I can, without being detrimental to my own Family.

*Mas.* Thank you, Brother.—But pray, why was you deprived of all Metal?

*Ans.* Because there was neither Axe, Hammer, nor Sound of any Metal Tool heard in the building the Temple of *Solomon*.

*Mas.* Why so, Brother?

\* The Master's Grip is thus performed: you take a Brother with the four Finger Nails of your Right Hand, and press close into the lower Part of the Wrist of his Right Hand with all your Strength; your Right Foot to his Right Foot, and his Right Knee to your Right Knee; the Right Breast to that of your Brother, and your Left Hand supporting his Back. In this Position you whisper in his Ear *MAHABONE*, or, as in the Modern Lodges, *MAC BENACH*, which is the Master's Word.



*Ans.* Because it should not be polluted.

*Maf.* How is it possible, Brother, that such a large Building should be carried on without the Use or Sound of some Metal Tool?

*Ans.* It was prepared in the Forest of *Lebanon*, and brought down upon proper Carriages, and set up with wooden Mauls made on Purpose for the Occasion.

*Maf.* Why were both your Shoes taken off from your Feet?

*Ans.* Because the Place I stood on, when I was made a Mason, was Holy Ground.

*Maf.* What supports our Lodge? *Ans.* Three Pillars.

*Maf.* Pray what are their Names, Brother?

*Ans.* Wisdom, Strength, and Beauty.

*Maf.* What do they represent?

*Ans.* Three Grand Masters; *Solomon* King of *Israel*; *Iiram*, King of *Tyre*; and *Hiram Abiff*, who was killed by the three Fellow-Crafts.

*Maf.* Were these three Grand Masters concerned in the building of *Solomon's Temple*? *Ans.* They were.

*Maf.* What was their Business?

*Ans.* *Solomon* found Provisions and Money to pay the Workmen; *Hiram* King of *Tyre* provided Materials for the Building; and *Hiram Abiff* performed or superintended the Work.

*(End of the Master's Lecture.)*

*The Form observed at the Instalment of a Master, and the other Officers, on St. John's Day.*

THEY are being expired, a proper person is fixed on by the Members of every Lodge to preside over and govern the Societies in the Capacity of Master. The Qualifications for this Office are, *1<sup>st</sup>*, That he must be regularly and lawfully raised; *2<sup>dly</sup>*, He ought to be a Man of good Character, and irreproachable in his private Conduct: *3<sup>dly</sup>*, He must be well versed in the Laws and Constitutions of the Order, and ought to be temperate, cool, and quite perfect in going through the before-mentioned Lectures, as all the Questions are put by him, and he is often obliged to assist the Brethren in making the proper Answers\*; for every Master sitting round the Table answers in his Turn, in the same Manner as Boys at Church saying the Catechism. This is termed *Working*. For Instance:

\* I have been in a Lodge, where the Master was quite ignorant of the common Rules of Grammar; frequently making such egregious Blunders, that the Brethren could scarce refrain from bursting into Laughter; and often embellishing his Questions with, "Brethren you have let a body know as how you cannot be raised but by the Five Points of Fellowship, &c. tell us which of 'em be."

Suppose



Suppose a Brother meets another, and asks him if he was at his Lodge last Night? He says, Yes. Well, replied the other, *Did you work?* that is, did you go through the several Questions and Answers in any of the Lectures?—If any Member cannot, or does not chuse to work, when the Question is put, and it comes to his Turn, he gets up, and clapping his Hand on his Breast, addresses himself to the Master, and begs to be excused; then the Left Hand Man answers in his Room

The Brethren having chose a proper Man for this Office, and he being approved of by the Grand Master, they proceed to the Installing him as follows: He kneels down in the South Part of the Lodge, and the late Master gives him the following Obligation before he resigns the Chair, which he repeats:

“ I—*A. B.* of my own Free Will and Consent, in the Presence of Almighty God, and this Right Worshipful Lodge, dedicated to St. *John*, do most solemnly and sincerely swear, that I will not deliver the Word and Grip belonging to the Chair whilst I am Master, or at any Time hereafter, except it be to a Master in the Chair, or a Past Master, him or them whom I shall find to be such, after a due Trial and Examination.—I also swear, that I will act as Master of this Lodge till next St *John's* Day, and fill the Chair every Lodge Night, if I am within the Length of my Cable-Tow.—I likewise further promise, that I will not wrong this Lodge, but act in every Respect for the good of Masonry, by being having myself agreeable to the rest of my Brethren; and maintaining good Order and Regularity in this Lodge, as far as lies in my Power. All this I swear, with a firm and stedfast Resolution to perform the same, under no less than the four following Penalties: My Throat cut across, my Tongue torn out, my Heart torn from my Left Breast, and my Body severed in two. So help me God, and assist me in this my Obligation belonging to the Chair.” [*Kisses the Book.*]

The Past Master raises him up, and takes off the Jewels and Ribbon from his own Neck, and puts it on the New Master, taking him at the same Time by the Master's Grip, and whispering in his Ear the Word CHIBBELUM\*; after which he slips his Hand from the Master's Grip to the Elbow, and presses his Nails in, as is done in the Grip of the Master under the Wrift.

\* CHIBBELUM signifies a worthy Mason. The Origin of the Words and Signs among Free Masons was on this Account: *Hiram* the Chief Architect of the Temple, had so great a Number of Workmen to pay, that he could not possibly know them all; he therefore gave each Degree or Class, a particular Sign and Word, by which he could distinguish them more readily, in order to pay them their different Salaries.

The

The Senior and Junior Warden, Secretary, &c. receive the Obligation as the Master, except the Grip and Word; there being none peculiar to them.

Having now gone through the several Degrees and Lectures belonging to the Entered Apprentice, Fellow-Craft, Master, and the Manner of Instalment, I shall close the Work with a few general Directions, dividing them under the following Heads :

I. *A Description of the Ornaments worn by the different Officers when assembled in the Lodge, and their proper Places of sitting.*

The MASTER, who sits in the East of the Lodge, has the Rule and Compass, and Square hanging to a Ribbon round his Neck, and a Black Rod in his Hand, when he opens the Lodge, near Seven Feet high.

The SENIOR WARDEN, sits in the West, with a Level hanging by a Ribbon round his Neck, and a Column placed on the Table, about twenty-nine Inches long.

The JUNIOR WARDEN'S Place is in the South, with the Plum Rule hanging by a Ribbon from his Neck, and a Compass in his Hand.

The SECRETARY wears the Cross-Pens, hanging in the same Manner.

The Senior and Junior DEACONS have each a Black Rod, with the Compass hanging round their Necks; the Senior sits at the Back of the Master, or at his Right Hand; the Junior at the Senior Warden's Right Hand.

The PAST-MASTER has the Compasses and Sun, with a Line of Cords about his Neck.

The TREASURER has a Key hanging from his Neck.

II. *The Manner of giving the Signs of each Degree, and the Word belonging to it, with the Fellow-Craft and Master's Clap.*

*The Master's Sign, Grip, and Word, &c.*

*The Sign.* Pass the Right Hand edgeways across your Belly, which is the Penalty of the Obligation.

*The Grip.* Take hold of the Right Hand of your Brother with your Right Hand, and press the four Finger Nails hard under the Wrist of his Right Hand; put your Right Foot to his Right Foot; your Right Knee to his Right Knee; and his Right Breast to yours, with your Left Hand supporting his Back.

*The Word is MAHABONE; or, in some Lodges, MAC-BENACH.*

*The Pa. Word is TUBAL-CAIN.*

*The Master's Clap*, is by holding both your Hands above your Head, and striking them down at once upon your Apron, both Feet keeping Time. They assign two Reasons for this Sign, viz. When the twelve Fellow-Crafts saw their Master lie dead, they lifted up their Hands in Surprise, and said, *O Lord our God!* and that when *Solomon* dedicated the Temple to the Lord, he stood up, and lifting up both his Hands, exclaimed, *O Lord my God, great art thou above all Gods.*

*The Fellow-Craft's Sign, Grip, Word, and Clap.*

*Sign.* Put your Right Hand to your Left Breast, keeping your Thumb square, and your Left Hand upright, forming a Square.

*The Pass-Grip*, is by putting the Thumb Nail of your Right Hand between the First and Second Joint of a Brother's Right Hand.

*The Pass-Word* is SHIELD AND TITH.

*The Grip* is the same as the Pass-Grip, except pressing your Thumb Nail on the second Joint, instead of between the first and second.

*The Word* is BOAZ.

*The Fellow-Craft's Clap* is by forming the Sign of a Craft as above, holding your Left Hand square and upright; then clap your Right and Left Hands together; and afterwards strike your Left Breast with your Right Hand, and from thence give a Slap on your Apron, your Right Foot going at the same Time.

*The Entered Apprentice's Sign, Grip, and Word.*

*The Sign.* Draw your Hand across your Throat edgeways. The Penalty of the Obligation being this, that an Apprentice would sooner have his Throat cut than discover the Secrets of Masonry.

*The Grip.* Take a Brother with your Right Hand, and press hard with your Thumb Nail upon the First Joint of the Fore-Finger of his Right Hand.

*The Word.* Whisper in his Ear JACHIN.

The Master kneels upon both Knees in the Ceremony of Making.

The Craft kneels with the Right Knee.

The Apprentice with the Left Knee.

III. *The Form observed in Drinking.*

The Table being plentifully stored with Wine and Punch, &c. every Man has a Glass set before him, and fills it

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it with what he chooses, and as often as he pleases. But he must drink his Glass in Turn, or at least keep the Motion with the Rest. When therefore a public Health is given, the Master fills first, and desires the Brethren to charge their Glasses; and when this is supposed to be done, the Master says, *Brethren, are you all charged?* The Senior and Junior Wardens answer, *We are all charged in the South and West.* Then they all stand up, and observing the Master's Motion, (like the Soldier his Right Hand Man) drink their Glasses off; and if the Master proposes the Health or Toast with *three Times Three Claps*, they throw the Glasses with the Right Hand at full Length, bringing them across their Throats three Times, and making three Motions to put them down on the Table; at the third they are set down, (though perhaps fifty in Number) as if it was but one: then raising their Hands Breast high, they clap nine Times against the Right, divided into three Divisions, which is termed *Drinking with three Times three*, and at the End they give a *Huzza*.

Having at length gone through my Plan, I have nothing further to add than this, that the following is the best Method for a Stranger to gain Admittance, being what I have often tried in many Places, in order to be fully satisfied.

As soon as you come to the Door of the Lodge, you will find the Tyler on the Outside, with a drawn Sword in his Hand, and a white Apron on. Ask him if there is a full Lodge? And tell him you should be glad of Admittance as a visiting Member; taking care to provide yourself with a white Leather Apron, which you may shew him as if by Accident. He will, perhaps, ask you what Degree you are of, and desire a Sign, which you may shew him with Readiness, and likewise inform him what Lodge you belong to.

It being contrary to the Rules of the Society that the Tyler should admit a Stranger, he will go in, and acquaint the Master, that such a Person (mentioning your Name, and the Lodge you told him you belonged to) craves Admittance. Upon which one of the Wardens will come out to examine you, Draw your Right Hand across your Throat edgeways, and he will say, "What's that?" Your Answer must be "The due Guard of an Apprentice." Then he will take you by the first Joint of the Thumb of your Right Hand, and press it hard with the Thumb-Nail of the Right Hand, and ask, "What's this?"—You must immediately answer, "The Grip of an Entered Apprentice."—If he is not fully satisfied with this, he will go further on in this Manner.

*Quæst.* Has it got a Name?—You must answer, "It has." Then he will ask you to give it him.

*Ans.* I'll halve it with you.—Begin, says he.—*Ans.* J. A. Mason. CHIN. — *Ans.* JACHIN.

*Quæst.* Will you be of or from? *Ans.* From.

*Quæst.* From what? *Ans.* From an Entered Apprentice to a Fellow-Craft. He will then shift his Thumb from the Apprentice's Grip towards the Fellow-Craft's, and ask, What's this? *Ans.* The Pass-Word of a Fellow-Craft. Give it me, says he. Whisper in his Ear SHIBBOLETH. On this he will put his Thumb to the second Joint, and say, What's this? *Ans.* The Grip of a Fellow-Craft. Has it a Name? says he. *Ans.* It has—Pray give it me. *Ans.* I will letter it, or halve it with you. *Mason.* I'll letter it with you.—*Ans.* Begin. *Mason.* No, you begin. *Ans.* B. *Mason.* O. *Ans.* A. *Mason.* Z. *Ans.* BOAZ.

What I have here offered being more than sufficient, you will be admitted, and you must put your Apron on, and take your Seat. If there should be a making that Night, you will be perfect in the first Principles, and know more than one in ten who have been Masons many Years, and have never read this Book.

If you should, after this, chuse to go to a Lodge of Masters, the Ceremony is the same as above; but you are interrogated as to the Grip, Pass-Grip, and Word of a Master, which you cannot fail of answering by reading the Master's Part before mentioned. In all this you must take care not to betray any Fear, but put on an Air of Assurance.

*The Ceremony observed at the Free-Mason's Funerals, according to ancient Custom.*

No Mason can be interred with the Formalities of the Order, unless by his own special Request, communicated to the Master of the Lodge of which he died a Member: nor unless he had been advanced to the third Degree of Masonry.

The Master of the Lodge, on receiving intelligence of his Death, and being made acquainted with the Day and Hour appointed for his Funeral, is to issue his Commands for summoning the Lodge; and immediately to make Application, by the Grand Secretary, to the Deputy Grand Master, for a legal Power and Authority to attend the Procession, with his Officers and such Brethren as he may approve of, properly clothed.

The Dispensation being obtained, the Master may invite as many Lodges as he thinks proper, and the Members of the said Lodges may accompany their Officers in Form; but the whole Ceremony must be under the Direction of the Master of the Lodge to which the Deceased belonged; and he, and his Officers, must be duly honoured and cheerfully obeyed on the Occasion.

All

All the Brethren, who walk in Procession, should observe, as much as possible, an uniformity in their Dress. Decent Mourning, with white Stockings, Gloves, and Aprons, is most suitable and becoming. No Person ought to be distinguished with a Jewel, unless he is an Officer of one of the Lodges invited to attend in Form, and the Officers of such Lodges should be ornamented with White Sashes and Hatbands; as also the Officers of the Lodge to whom the Dispensation is granted, who should likewise be distinguished with White Rods.

In the Procession to the Place of Interment, the different Lodges rank according to their Seniority; the Junior ones preceding. Each Lodge forms one Division, and the following Order is observed:

- The Tyler with his Sword;
- The Stewards, with White Rods;
- The Brethren out of Office, two and two;
- The Secretary, with a Roll;
- The Treasurer, with his Badge of Office;
- Senior and Junior-Wardens, Hand in Hand;
- The Past-Master,
- The Master.

The Lodge to which the deceased Brother belonged, in the following Order; all the Members having Flowers, or Herbs in their Hands.

- The Tyler;
- The Stewards;
- The Music [Drums muffled, and Trumpets covered];
- The Members of the Lodge;
- The Secretary and Treasurer;
- The Senior and Junior Wardens;
- The Past-Master.
- The Bible and Book of Constitutions on a Cushion, covered with black Cloth, carried by a Member of the Lodge:

The MASTER.

- The Choristers singing an Anthem.
- The Clergyman;

Pall Bearers;

<p>The BODY, with the Regalia placed thereon and two Swords crossed.</p>
--

Pall Bearers;

- Chief Mourner;
- Assistants Mourners;
- Two Stewards;
- A Tyler.

One

One or two Lodges march, before the Proceſſion begins, to the Church-yard, to prevent Confuſion, and make the neceſſary Preparations. The Brethren are on no Account to deſert their Ranks, or change their Places, but keep in their different Departments. When the Proceſſion arrives at the Gate of the Church-yard, the Lodge to which the deceaſed Brother belongs, and all the Reſt of the Brethren, muſt halt, till the Members of the different Lodges have formed a perfect Circle round the Grave, when an opening is made to receive them. They then march up to the Grave, and the Clergyman, and the Officers of the acting Lodge, taking their Station at the Head of the Grave; with the Chorifters on each Side, and the Mourners at the Foot, the Service is rehearſed, an Anthem ſung, and that particular Part of the Ceremony is concluded with the uſual Forms. In returning from the Funeral, the ſame Order of Proceſſion is to be obſerved.

This is the whole of Maſonry in all its Branches; and I defy any Maſon to prove the contrary, being ready to anſwer any Queſtion propoſed, which muſt be carefully ſealed up, and directed for R. S. to be left with my Publiſher, mentioning the Name and Reſidence of every Perſon deſiring any farther Information. And as to any anonymous Letters or Threatnings on Account of this Publication, they will be treated with Contempt, let them come from what Quarter they will. I alſo declare, that I will always attend and viſit at the Lodges mentioned in the Introduction, or any others as I have done for ſome years paſt.

ODES, ANTHEMS, and SONGS, ſung in the beſt LODGES.

O D E I.

**H**AIL to the CRAFT! at whoſe ſerene Command,  
The gentle ARTS in glad Obedience ſtand:  
Hail, ſacred MASONRY! of Source divine,  
Unerring Sov'reign of th' unerring Line,  
Whoſe Plumb of Truth, with never failing Sway,  
Makes the join'd Parts of Symmetry obey:  
Whoſe magic Stroke makes fell Confuſion ceaſe,  
And to the finiſh'd ORDERS gives a Place:  
Who rears vaſt Structures from the Womb of Earth,  
And gives imperial Cities glorious Birth.

To Works of Art HER Merit not confin'd,  
SHE regulates the Morals, ſquares the Mind;  
Correſts with Care the Sallies of the Soul,  
And points the Tide of Paſſions where to roll:  
On Virtue's Tablet marks her moral Rule,  
And forms her Lodge an univerſal School,  
Where Nature's myſtic Laws unfolded ſtand,  
And Senſe and Science join'd, go Hand in Hand.

O may



O may her social Rules instructive spread,  
 Till Truth erect HER long neglected Head!  
 Till through deceitful Night she dart her Ray,  
 And beam full glorious in the Blaze of Day!  
 Till Men by virtuous Maxims learn to move,  
 Till all the peopled World HER Laws approve,  
 And Adam's Race are bound in Brother's Love. }

## O D E II.

**W**AKE the Lute and quiv'ring Strings,  
 Mystic Truths Urania brings;  
 Friendly Visitant, to thee  
 We owe the Depths of MASONRY:  
 Fairest of the Virgin Choir,  
 Warbling to the Golden Lyre,  
 Welcome here thy ART prevail:  
 Hail! divine Urania, hail!  
 Here in Friendship's sacred Bower,  
 The downy wing'd and smiling Hour,  
 Mirth invites, and social Song,  
 Nameless Mysteries among:  
 Crown the Bowl and fill the Glass,  
 To every Virtue every Grace,  
 To the BROTHERHOOD resound  
 Health, and let it thrice go round.

We restore the Times of old,  
 The blooming glorious Age of Gold;  
 As the new Creation free,  
 Blest with gay Euphrosyne!  
 We with god-like Science talk,  
 And with fair Astræa walk;  
 Innocence adorn the Day,  
 Brighter than the smiles of May.  
 Pour the rosy Wine again,  
 Wake a louder, louder Strain!  
 Rapid Zephyrs, as ye fly,  
 Waft our Voices to the Sky;  
 While we celebrate the NINE,  
 And the Wonders of the Trine,  
 While the ANGELS sing above,  
 As we below, of PEACE and LOVE.

## A N T H E M I.

**G**RANT us kind Heav'n what we request,  
 In Masonry let us be blest;  
 Direct us to that happy Place,  
 Where Friendship smiles on every Face,

Where

Where Freedom and sweet Innocence  
Enlarge the Mind and cheer the Sense.

Where scepter'd Reason from her Throne,  
Surveys the LODGE, and makes us one ;  
And Harmony's delightful Sway  
For ever sheds ambrosial Day ;  
Where we blest Eden's Pleasure taste,  
Whilst balmy Joys are our Repast.

No prying Eye can view us here ;  
No Fool or Knave disturb our Cheer ;  
Our well-form'd Laws set Mankind free,  
And give Relief to Misery.  
The Poor oppress'd with Woe and Grief,  
Gain from our bounteous Hands Relief.

Our LONGE the social Virtues grace,  
And Wisdom's Rules we fondly trace ;  
All Nature open to our view,  
Points out the Paths we should pursue.  
Let us subsist in lasting Peace,  
And may our Happiness increase.

## A N T H E M . II.

**B**Y Mason's Art th' aspiring Dome  
On stately Columns shall arise,  
All Climates have their native Home,  
Their god-like Actions reach the Skies.  
Heroes and Kings revere their Name,  
While Poets sing their lasting Fame.

Great, noble, gen'rous, good, and brave ;  
All Virtues they most justly claim ;  
Their Deeds shall live beyond the Grave,  
And those unborn their Praise proclaim.  
Time shall their glorious Acts enroll,  
While Love and Friendship charm the Soul.

## S O N G I.

[Tune, Attic Fire.]

**A**RISE, and blow thy Trumpet, Fame ;  
Free-Masonry aloud proclaim,  
To Realms and World's unknown ;  
Tell them of mighty David's Son,  
The wise the matchless Solomon,  
Priz'd far above his Throne.

The

The solemn Temple's cloud-cap't Towers,  
 Th' aspiring Domes are Works of ours,  
 By us those Piles were rais'd :  
 Then bid Mankind with Songs advance,  
 And through th' ethereal vast Expanse,  
 Let Masonry be prais'd.

We help the Poor in time of Need,  
 The Naked clothe, the Hungry feed,  
 'Tis our Foundation Stone :

We build upon the noblest Plan ;  
 For Friendship rivets Man to Man ;  
 And make us all as One.

} CHORUS.  
 } *Three Times.*

Still louder, Fame, thy Trumpet blow ;  
 Let all the distant Regions know  
 Free Masonry is this :

Almighty Wisdom gave it Birth,  
 And Heav'n has fix'd it here on Earth,  
 A Type of future Bliss.

## S O N G II.

[*Tune, Rule Britannia.*]

**W**HEN Earth's Foundation first was laid,  
 By the Almighty Artist's Hand,  
 'Twas then our perfect, our perfect Laws were made,  
 Establish'd by his strict Command.

*Cho.* Hail, mysterious ; Hail, glorious Masonry !  
 That makes us ever great and free.

As Man throughout for Shelter sought,  
 In Vain from Place to Place did roam,  
 Until from Heaven, from Heaven he was taught,  
 To plan, to build, to fix his Home.

Hail, mysterious, &c.

Hence illustrious rose our Art,  
 And now in beauteous Piles appear ;  
 Which shall to endless, to endless Time impart,  
 How worthy and how great we are.

Hail, mysterious, &c.

Nor we less fam'd, for ev'ry Tye,  
 By which the human Thought is bound ;  
 Love, Truth, and Friendship, and Friendship socially,  
 Join all our Hearts and Hands around.

Hail, mysterious, &c.

G

Our

Our Actions still by Virtue blest,  
 And to our Precepts ever true,  
 The World admiring, admiring shall request  
 To learn, and our bright Paths pursue.  
 Hail, mysterious, &c.

## S O N G III.

[Tune, Goddess of Ease.]

**G**ENIUS of Masonry descend,  
 And with thee bring thy spotless Train;  
 Constant our sacred Rites attend,  
 While we adore thy peaceful Reign:  
 Bring with thee Virtue, brightest Maid,  
 Bring Love, bring Truth, and Friendship here,  
 While social Mirth shall lend her Aid,  
 To smooth the wrinkled Brow of Care.

Come, Charity, with Goodness crown'd,  
 Encircled in thy heav'nly Robe,  
 Diffuse thy Blessings all around,  
 To ev'ry Corner of the Globe;  
 See where she comes with Power to bleis,  
 With open Hand and tender Heart,  
 Which wounded is at Man's Distress,  
 And bleeds at ev'ry human Smart.

Envy may ev'ry Ill devise,  
 And Falshood be thy deadliest Foe,  
 Though Friendship still shall tow'ring rise,  
 And sink thy Adversaries low;  
 Thy well-built Pile shall long endure,  
 Through rolling Years preserve its Prime,  
 Upon a Rock it stands secure,  
 And braves the rude Assaults of Time.

Ye happy few, who here extend  
 In perfect Lines from East to West,  
 With fervent Zeal the Lodge defend,  
 And lock its Secrets in each Breast:  
 Since ye are met upon the Square,  
 Bid Love and Friendship jointly reign,  
 Be Peace and Harmony your Care,  
 Nor break the adamantine Chain.

Behold the Planets how they move,  
 Yet keep due Order as they run ;  
 Then imitate the Stars above,  
 And shine resplendent as the Sun :  
 That future Masons when they meet,  
 May all our glorious Deeds rehearse,  
 An' say, their Fathers were so great,  
 That they adorn'd the Universe.

## SONG IV.

[Tune, In Infancy, &amp;c.]

**L**ET Masonry from Pole to Pole  
 Her sacred Laws expand,  
 Far as the mighty Waters roll,  
 To wash remotest Land :  
 That Virtue has not left Mankind,  
 Her social Maxims prove,  
 For stamp'd upon the Mason's Mind,  
 Are Unity and Love.

Ascending to her native Sky,  
 Let Masonry increase ;  
 A glorious Pillar rais'd on high,  
 Integrity its Base.  
 She adds to Olive Boughs, entwinn'd,  
 An emblematic Dove,  
 As stamp'd upon the Mason's Mind  
 Are Unity and Love.

## SONG V.

**L**ET Drunkards boast the Pow'r of Wine,  
 And reel from Side to Side ;  
 Let Lovers kneel at Beauty's Shrine,  
 The Sport of Female Pride :  
 Be ours the more exalted Part,  
 To celebrate the Mason's Art,  
 And spread its Praises wide.

To Dens and Thickets dark and rude,  
 For Shelter Beasts repair ;  
 With Sticks and Straws the feather'd Brood,  
 Suspend their Nests in Air :  
 And Man untaught, as wild as these,  
 Binds up sad Huts with Boughs of Trees,  
 And feeds on wretched Fare.

But Science dawning in his Mind;  
 The Quarry he explores;  
 Industry and the Arts combin'd,  
 Improv'd all Nature's Stores:  
 Thus Walls were built and Houfes rear'd,  
 No Storms nor Tempests now are fear'd  
 Within his well-fram'd Doors.

When stately Palaces arise,  
 When Columns grace the Hall,  
 When Tow'rs and Spires salute the Skies,  
 We owe to Mafons all:  
 Nor Buildings only do they give,  
 But teach Men how within to live,  
 And yield to Reason's Call.

All Party Quarrels they detest,  
 For Virtue and the Arts,  
 Lodg'd in each true Mafon's Breast,  
 Unite and rule their Hearts:  
 By these, while Mafons square their Minds,  
 The State no better Subjects finds,  
 None act more upright Parts.

When Bucks and Albions are forgot,  
 Free-Mafons will remain;  
 Mushrooms, each Day, spring up and rot,  
 While Oaks stretch o'er the Plain:  
 Let others quarrel, rant, and roar:  
 Their noisy Revels when no more,  
 Still Masonry shall reign.  
 Our Leather Aprons may compare  
 With Garters red or blue;  
 Princes and Kings our Brothers are:  
 May they our Rules pursue:  
 Then drink Success and Health to all  
 The Craft around this Earthly Ball,  
 May Brethren still prove true.

## SONG VI.

K A T E   A N D   N E D .

ONE Night as Ned crept into Bed,  
 Beyond his usual Hour,  
 His loving Kate, his constant Mate,  
 Began to scold and low'r.  
 You naughtv Man where have you been,  
 No longer I'll be slighted,  
 Nor thus at Home will mope and moan,  
 While you'r abroa'd delighted?

I own, dear Kate, 'tis somewhat late,  
 But hear me out with Patience,  
 All Wives you know, are bound to shew  
 Their Husbands due Obeisance ;  
 In Truth, dear Kate, 'tis some what late,  
 But put a smiling Face on,  
 For I, this Night, am made a bright,  
 Free and accepted Mason.

If this be so, I pray now show  
 Some certain Sign or Token,  
 For Masons can erect a Plan,  
 Or stop a Breach that's open.  
 I have a Breach, a huge wide Breach,  
 That gives me much Vexation,  
 This if you stop, you will o'ertop  
 All Mason's in the Nation.

Then Ned arose, pull'd off his Clothes,  
 Drew out his Line and Level,  
 He plac'd his Plum beneath her Bum,  
 And brought it to a Bevil ;  
 He took his Gauge, his Nine-Inch Gauge,  
 And plac'd it with a sloping,  
 He fix'd his Stones like Inigo Jones,  
 And left no Crevice open.

Dear Ned, says Kate, you've done a Feat,  
 A Feat of mighty Wonder,  
 And as for me, you plainly see,  
 I fairly do knock under.  
 I'd pawn my Gown, my Robe and Coat,  
 My Cardinal with Lace on,  
 If you each Night would be a bright,  
 Free and accepted Mason.

S O N G



S O N G VII.

[Tune,—God Save the King.]

LET Masons Fame resound  
Through all the Nations round,  
From Pole to Pole :  
See what Felicity,  
Harmless Simplicity,  
Like Electricity,  
Runs through the whole.

Such sweet Variety,  
Ne'er had Society  
Ever before :  
Faith, Hope, and Charity,  
Love and Sincerity,  
Without Temerity,  
Charm more and more.

When in the Lodge we're met,  
And in due Order set,  
Happy are we :  
Our Works are glorious,  
Deeds meritorious,  
Never censorious,  
But great and free.

When Folly's Sons arife,  
Masonry to despise,  
Scorn all their Spite ;  
Laugh at their Ignorance,  
Pity their Want of Sense,  
Ne'er let them give Offence,  
Firmer unite.

Masons have long been free,  
And may they ever be  
Great as of Yore :  
For many Ages past,  
Masonry has stood fast,  
And may its Glories last  
'Till Time's . . . more.

*New ODE, written by a Member of the ALFRED LODGE,  
at Oxford, and set to Music by Dr. Fisher, and performed  
at the Dedication of Free-Masons Hall.*

*Sung by Messrs. Vernon, Reinhold, Norris, &c.*

S T R O P H E.

A I R. NORRIS.

**W**HAT solemn Sounds on holy Sinai rung,  
When heavenly Lyres, by Angel-fingers strung,  
Accorded to immortal Lay,  
That hymn'd Creation's natal Day!

RECITATIVE, accompanied. VERNON.

'Twas when the shouting Sons of Morn  
Bless'd the great omnific Word:—  
“ Abash'd, hoarse jarring Atoms heard,  
“ Forgot their pealing Strife,  
“ And softly crouded into Life,”

When Order, Law, and Harmony were born.

C H O R U S.

The mighty Master's Pencil warm  
Trac'd out of each the shadowy Form,  
And bade each fair Proportion grace  
Smiling Nature's modest Face.

A I R. VERNON.

Heaven's rarest Gifts were seen to join,  
To deck a finish'd Form divine,  
And fill the sov'reign Artift's Plan;  
Th' Almighty Image stamp'd the glorious Frame,  
And seal'd him with the noblest Name,  
Archetype of Beauty, Man.

A N T I S T R O P H E.

SEMICHORUS and CHORUS.

Ye Spirits pure, that rous'd the tuneful Throng,  
And rous'd to Rapture each triumphant Tongue;  
Again with quick instinctive Fire,  
Each harmonious Lip inspire:  
Again bid every vocal Throat  
Dissolve in tender votive Strain!

A I R. VERNON.

Now while yonder white rob'd Train  
Before the mystic Shrine,  
In lowly Adoration join,  
Now sweep the living Lyre, and swell the melting Note.

RECITATIVE. REINHOLD.

Yet ere the holy Rites begin  
The conscious Shrine within,  
Bid your magic Song impart.

A I R.

## AIR. REINHOLD.

How within the wafte'd Heart  
Shook by Passion's ruthless Power,  
Virtue trimm'd her faded Flower,  
To opening Buds of fairest Fruit.

*\* How from majestic Nature's glowing Face  
She caught each animating Grace,  
And planted there th' immortal Root.*

## E P O D E.

RECITATIVE, *accompanied.* NORRIS.

Daughter of God's, fair Virtue, if to Thee,  
And thy bright Sister, Universal Love,  
Soul of all Good, e'er flow'd the soothing Harmony  
Of pious Gratulation——from above;  
To us, thy duteous Votaries, impart  
Presence divine!——

AIR. Mr. NORRIS.

*The Sons of antique Art.*  
In high mysterious Jubilee  
With Pæan loud, and solemn Rite,  
Thy holy Step invite,  
And court thy list'ning Ear,  
To drink the Cadence clear  
That swells the choral Symphony.

## C H O R U S.

To thee, by Foot profane untrod,  
Their votive Hands have rear'd the high Abode.

RECITATIVE. REINHOLD.

Here shall your Impulse kind  
Inspire the tranced Mind!

AIR. REINHOLD.

And Lips of Truth shall sweetly tell  
What heavenly Deeds besit,  
The Soul by Wisdom's Lessons smit:  
What Praise he claims, who nobly spurns  
Gay Vanities of Life, and tinsel Joys,  
For which unpurg'd Fancy burns.

## C H O R U S.

What Pain he shuns who dares be wise  
What Glory wins, who dares excel!

*\* The Lines in Italic were omitted in the Music.*

OFFICERS

OFFICERS of the GRAND LODGE of ENGLAND,  
For the Year 1797.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS  
GEORGE AUGUSTUS FREDERIC,  
PRINCE OF WALES,

Electoral Prince of Brunswick and Lunenburgh; Duke of Cornwall and Rochfay;  
Earl of Chester and Carrick; Baron of Renfrew; Lord of the Isles; Great  
Steward of Scotland; Captain General of the Honourable Artillery Company  
of London; and Knight of the most noble order of the Garter,

GRAND MASTER.

The Right Hon. the EARL of MOIRA, BARON RAWDON, &c. &c. &c.  
*Acting Grand Master.*

Sir PETER PARKER, Bart. *Deputy Grand Master.*  
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RICHARD BRETTEINGHAM, Esq. *Junior Grand Warden.*  
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THOMAS SANDBY, Esq. *Grand Architect.*  
Rev. WILLIAM PETERS, *Grand Portrait Painter.*  
Chev. BARTHOLOMEW RUSPINI, *Grand Sword-Bearer.*

N. B. *The Grand Secretary attends at Free-Masons' Hall, on the Business of the Society, on Tuesday and Saturday Evenings.*

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*Armenia,* Dionysius Manasse.  
*Austrian Netherlands,* the Marquis de Gages of Mons.  
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*Bombay,* James Todd, Esq.  
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*Canada,* Sir John Johnson, Bart.  
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*Coast of Ceromandel, in the East Indies,* John Chamier, Esq.  
*Cornwall,* Sir John St. Aubyn, Bart.  
*Cumberland,* H. Ellison, Esq.  
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*Derbyshire,* Sir J. Boscawen Warren, Bart.  
*Devon,* Sir Ch. Warw. Bampfylde, Bt.  
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*Essex,* George Downing, Esq.  
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*Georgia,* Hon. Noble Jones.  
*Gibraltar, &c.* His Royal Highness Prince Edward.  
*Grenada, &c.* General Rob. Melvill.  
*Guernsey, Jersey, &c.* T. Dobree, Esq.  
*Hanover, Electorate of, and British Dominions in Germany,* Prince Charles of Mecklinburg Strelitz.  
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*Hampshire,* Col. Sherbone Stewart.  
*Jamaica,* Sir Adam Williamson, K. B.  
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*Lancashire,* John Allen, Esq.  
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 Senator, &c. to her Imperial Majesty  
 the Empress of Russia.  
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*Warwickshire*, Thomas Thompson, Esq.  
*Westward*, G. G. Braithwaite, Esq.  
*Worcestershire*, John Dent, Esq.  
*Yorkshire*, Richard Slater Milnes, Esq.

Representative of the Grand Lodge of England in *Germany*, Colonel Augustus  
 Graefe, Governor, to H. S. H. the Prince of Mecklenburg, at Darmstadt.

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For 1796.	For 1797.
Brother Sir John Eames, President.	Brother R. H. Bradshaw.
L. R. Mackintosh, Treasr.	Bailey Heath.
James Duberly, Sec.	John Bullock.
William Veel.	Charles Turner.
Joseph Dennison.	Robert Harpet.
Robert Sutton.	T. A. Loxley.
Thomas Harper.	Charles Millet.
Thomas Caulfield.	John Peareth.
William Greening.	Joseph Heath.
John Hunter.	John French, junr.
Thomas Parks.	George Eves.
William Bridgeman.	Samuel Roberts.

### THE HALL-COMMITTEE

Consists of all past and present Grand Officers, and Mr. John Yeomans,

OFFICERS of the GRAND LODGE of ENGLAND, from  
 its Revival, A. D. 1717, to the present Time.

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1717 Anthony Sayer, Esq.	1734 John Lindsey, E. of Crawford
1718 George Payne, Esq.	1735 T. Thynne, Ld. Vis. Weymouth
1719 J. T. Desaguliers, B.L.D.F.R.S.	1736 John Campbell, E. of Laudon
1720 George Payne, Esq.	1737 Edward Bligh, E. of Darnley
1721 John, D. of Montague.	1738 H. Bridges, Marq. of Carnarvon
1722 Phillip, D. of Wharton	1739 Robert Ld Raymond.
1723 Francis Scott, E. of Dalkeith	1740 John Keith, E. of Kintore
1724 Cha. Lenox, D. of Richmond	1741 James Douglas, E. of Morton
1725 James Hamilton, Lord Paisley	1742-3 John Ld Vis. Dudley and Ward
1726 Wm. O'Brien, E. of Inchiquin	1744 Tho. Lyon, E. of Strathmore
1727 Henry Hare, Ld Coleraine	1745-46 James Ld Craufoun
1728 James King, Ld Kingston	1747-51 William Byron, Ld Byron
1729-30 Th. Howard, D. of Norfolk	1752-53 John Proby, Ld Carysfort
1731 T. Coke, Ld Lovel, afterwards E. of Leicester.	1754-56 James Bridges, Marq. of Car- narvon, afterw. D. of Chandos
1732 Ant. Brown, Ld Vis. Montague	1757-61 Sholto Douglas, Ld Aberdour
1733 James Lyon, E. of Strathmore	1762-63 Washing. Shirley, E. Ferrers

- 1764-66 Cadwalladar, Ld Blancy 1777-82 G. Montagu, D<sup>ns</sup> of Manchester  
 1767-71 H. Somerset, D. of Beaufort 1783-90 His R. H. D. of Cumberland  
 1772-78 Robert Edward, Ld Petre 1791-96 His R. H. the Prince of Wales.

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- 1721 John Beak, M. D. 1741 Martin Clute, A. M. F. R. S.  
 1722-23 J. Th. Defaguliers, L.L.D. F. R. S. 1742-43 Sir Robert Lawley, Bart.  
 1724 Martin Folkes, Esq. 1744 William Vaughan, Esq.  
 1725 J. Th. Defaguliers, L.L.D. 1745-46 Edw. Hody, M. D. F. R. S.  
 1726 William Cowper, Esq. 1747-51 Fotherley Baker, Esq.  
 1727 Alexander Choke, Esq. 1752-56 Tho. Manningham, M. D.  
 1728-30 Nath. Blackerby, Esq. 1757-61 John Revis, Esq.  
 1731-33 Thomas Batson, Esq. 1762-67 Col. John Salter  
 1734 Sir Cecil Wray, Bart. 1768-74 Hon. Charles Dillion  
 1735-38 Jn. Ward, Esq. after. Ld Ward 1775-86 Rowland Holt, Esq.  
 1739-40 W. Græme, M. D. F. R. S. 1787-96 Sir Peter Parker, Bart.

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 Jacobus Lambhall  
 1718 John Cordwell  
 Thomas Morrice  
 1720 Thomas Hobby  
 Richard Ware  
 1721 Josiah Villeneau  
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 1722 Joshua Timson  
 J. Anderson, A. M.  
 1723 Francis Sorrel, Esq.  
 John Senex  
 1724 George Payne, Esq.  
 Francis Sorrel, Esq.  
 1725 Col. D. Houghton  
 Sir Thomas Pende, gent. Bart.  
 1726 Alexander Choke, Esq.  
 W. Burdon, Esq.  
 1727 Nathaniel Blackerby, Esq.  
 Joseph Highmore  
 1728 Sir J. Thornhill, Knt.  
 Mart. O'Cooper  
 1729-30 Col. George Carpenter  
 Thomas Batson, Esq.  
 1731 George Douglas, M. D.  
 James Chambers, Esq.  
 1732 George Rooker, Esq.  
 James Moor-Smith, Esq.  
 1733 James Moor-Smith, Esq.  
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 1734 Hon. John Ward  
 Sir Edward Mansell, Bart.  
 1735 Sir Edward Mansell, Bart.  
 Mart. Clare, A. M. F. R. S.  
 1736-37 Sir Robert Lawley, Bart.  
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 1738 Lord George Graham  
 Capt. Andrew Robinson  
 1739 J. Harvey Thurstby, Esq.  
 Robert Foy, Esq.  
 1740 James Ruck, Esq.  
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 1741 W. Vaughan, Esq.  
 Benjamin Galkoyne, Esq.  
 1742-43 E. Foddy, M. D. F. R. S.  
 S. Scrimpton, Esq.  
 1744 W. Græme, M. D. F. R. S.  
 Fotherly Baker, Esq.  
 1745-46 Fotherly Baker, Esq.  
 Thomas Smith, Esq.  
 1747-51 Hon. Rob. Shirley  
 Thomas Jeffreys, Esq.  
 1752 Hon. J. Carmichael  
 Sir R. Wrottesley, Bart.  
 1753 Sir R. Wrottesley, Bart.  
 Francis Blake Delaval, Esq.  
 1754 Fleming Pingston  
 Arthur Beardmore  
 1755 Hon. H. Townsend  
 James Dickson, Esq.  
 1756 James Nash, Esq.  
 Bern. Joach. Boeteferus, Esq.  
 1757 William Chapman, Esq.  
 Alexander Valdevelde, Esq.  
 1758-59 J. Dickson, Esq.  
 Thomas Singleton, Esq.  
 1760-61 G. Schombart, Esq.  
 Charles Masley, Esq.  
 1762 Col. John Salter  
 Robert Groat, Esq.  
 1763 Robert Groat, Esq.  
 Thomas Edmonds, Esq.

- |      |   |      |  |
|------|---|------|--|
| 1764 | Hon. Thomas Shirley<br>Thomas Alleyne, Esq.               | 1781 | Sir John St. Aubyn, Bart.<br>James Galloway, Esq.              |
| 1765 | Richard Ripley, Esq.<br>Capt. Charles Tuffnal             | 1782 | Sir Herbert Mackworth, Bart.<br>Phillip Champ. Crespigny, Esq. |
| 1766 | Peter Edwards, Esq.<br>Horatio Ripley, Esq.               | 1783 | Hon. Washington Shirley<br>Geo. William Carrington, Esq.       |
| 1767 | Hon. Charles Dillon<br>Capt. A. Campbell                  | 1784 | Hon. William Ward<br>James Meyrick, Esq.                       |
| 1768 | Rowland Holt, Esq.<br>Henry Jaffray, Esq.                 | 1785 | James Hefeltine, Esq.<br>M. J. Levy, Esq.                      |
| 1769 | Rowland Holt, Esq.<br>Charles Taylor, Esq.                |      | Sir Lionel Darell, Bart.                                       |
| 1770 | Rowland Holt, Esq.<br>Sir W. Williams Wynne, Bt.          | 1786 | Sir Nicholas Nugent, Bart.<br>Nathaniel Newnham, Esq.          |
| 1771 | Sir W. Williams Wynne, Bt.<br>William Hodgson, Esq.       | 1787 | Rt Hon. Ld Macdonald<br>James Curtis, Esq.                     |
| 1772 | Sir Peter Parker, Knt.<br>William Atkinson, Esq.          | 1788 | Thomas Fitzherbert, Esq.<br>George Atkinson, M. D.             |
| 1773 | John Croft, Esq.<br>J. Ferdinando Gillio, Esq.            | 1789 | George Shum, Esq.<br>William Tyler, Esq.                       |
| 1774 | J. Hatch, Esq. vice L. Wentworth<br>Henry Dagge, Esq.     | 1790 | Henry Crathorne, Esq.<br>James Neild, Esq.                     |
| 1775 | Thomas Parker, Esq.<br>John Hull, Esq.                    | 1791 | Thomas Swanton, Esq.<br>John Warre, Esq.                       |
| 1776 | Col. John Deaken<br>George Harrison, Esq.                 | 1792 | Thomas Thompson, Esq.<br>Benjamin Lancaster, Esq.              |
| 1777 | Capt. H. Pascal<br>John Allen, Esq.                       | 1793 | John Dent, Esq.<br>Edmund Armstrong, Esq.                      |
| 1778 | Henry Dagge, Esq.<br>Charles Marsh, Esq.                  | 1794 | John Dawes, Esq.<br>Arthur Tegart, Esq.                        |
| 1779 | Right Hon. J. Vile, Tamworth<br>George Hesse, Esq.        | 1795 | John Meyrick, Esq.<br>George Corry, Esq.                       |
| 1780 | John Peach Hungerford, Esq.<br>Theoph. Tompson Tutt, Esq. | 1796 | George Porter, Esq.<br>Richard Brettingham, Esq.               |

### GRAND TREASURERS.

- |         |                       |         |                        |
|---------|-----------------------|---------|------------------------|
| 1730-37 | Nath. Blackerby, Esq. | 1766-85 | Rowland Berkeley, Esq. |
| 1738-52 | John Jaffe, Esq.      | 1786-96 | James Hefeltine, Esq.  |
| 1753-65 | George Clarke, Esq.   |         |                        |

### GRAND SECRETARIES.

- |         |                      |         |                         |
|---------|----------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| 1722-25 | William Cowper, Esq. | 1768    | Thomas French           |
| 1726    | Edward Wilson        | 1769-80 | James Hefeltine, Esq.   |
| 1727-33 | William Head         | 1780-84 | { James Hefeltine, Esq. |
| 1734-56 | John Revis, Esq.     |         | { William White         |
| 1757-67 | Samuel Spence        | 1784-96 | William White           |

### GRAND SWORD-BEARERS.

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|---------|------------------|---------|--------------------|
| 1733-4  | George Moody     | 1776-77 | Francis Johnston   |
| 1745    | Thomas Slaughter | 1778-85 | James Bottomley    |
| 1746-55 | Daniel Carns     | 1786-87 | John Paiba         |
| 1756-66 | Mark Adson       | 1788-90 | James Bottomley    |
| 1767-68 | Thomas Dyne      | 1791    | Benjamin Lancaster |
| 1769-71 | William Smith    | 1791-96 | Chev. B. Rufini    |
| 1772-75 | John Degyas      |         |                    |

GRAND



## GRAND STEWARDS:

[Those marked P were Presidents; T. Treasurers; and S. Secretaries of their respective Boards.—The present Officers of the Stewards Lodge are specified in Italics, and the Members of it are marked thus, \*.]

1721	Josiah Villeneau	John Brydges, Esq.	John Ross, Esq.
1723	Henry Prude	Wyrriot Ormond, Esq.	Cha. Champion
	Giles Clutterbuck	Arthur Moore, Esq.	Richard Sawle
	John Shepherd	Vinal Taverner, Esq.	James Pringle
	Capt. Renj. Hodges	Claud Crespigny, Esq.	Francis Blythe
	Edward Lambert	William Blunt, Esq.	1737 Sir Bouch. Wray, Bt.
	Charles Kent	Col. John Pitt	Lew. Theobald, M.D.
1724	Capt. Sam. Tuffnell	Henry Tatam	Geo. Bothomly, Esq.
	Giles Taylor	Thomas Griffith	Cha. Murray, Esq.
	Capt. Nath. Smith	Solomon Mendez	Capt. John Lloyd
	Rich. Crofts	1733 John Ward, Esq.	Capt. Cha. Scott.
	Peter Paul Kemp	John Pollexfen, Esq.	Peter McCulloch
	North Stainer	H. Butler Pacy, Esq.	Tho. Jefferys
1725	John James Heidegger	John Read, Esq.	Peter Leige
1726-27	Edw. Lambert	Wm. Busby, Esq.	Tho. Boehm, Esq.
1728	John Revis, Esq.	Phillip Barnes, Esq.	Benjamin Da Costa
	Edwin Ward	J. Mifaubin, M.D.	Nath. Adams
	Samuel Stead	John Dwight	1738 Capt. An. Robinson
	Theod. Cheriholm	Richard Baugh	Robert Foy, Esq.
	William Benn	Thomas Shank	Ja. Colquhoun, Esq.
	Gerard Hatley	James Cosens	Wm. Chapman, Esq.
	William Wilton	Charles Robinson	Henry Higden, Esq.
	William Tew	1734 Sir Ed. Mansell, Bt.	Harry Leigh, Esq.
	William Hopkins	R. Rawlinson, LL.D. F.R.S.	St. Beaumont, M.D.
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	Thomas Alford	Isaac Muere, Esq.	Geo. Monkman
	H. Smart	Prefcot Pepper, Esq.	Stephen Le Bas
1729-30	John Revis, Esq.	Rich. Matthews, Esq.	Christopher Taylor
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	— Pread	1735 Sir R. Lawley, Bt.	Paul Hen. Robinson
	— Bardo, sen.	W. Græme, M.D. F.R.S.	Isaac Basset
	— Bardo, jun.	Mart. Clare, A.M. F.R.S.	Nath. Old <sup>n</sup>
	Charles Hoare	J. Theobald, M.D.	Alex. Pollock
	William Sejeant	M. Schomberg, M.D.	Tho. Adamsfn
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	Tho. Moore, Esq.	Robert Wright	1740 Esquire Cary
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	Tho. Durant, Esq.	James Nash	W. Vaughan, Esq.
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	Charles Trinquand	John Goulard	David Dumouchel
	John Calcot	Benjamin Gascoyne	Bryan Dawson
	John King	Walter Weldon	William Ruck
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	J. Moor Smyth, Esq.		George Mason

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Daniel Carne  
James Wallace  
John Gordon  
Peter Hamet  
George Caton  
William Salt  
William Arnold  
Lewis de Vaux  
Edward Rudge  
Richard Shergold  
James Spranger
- 1742-3 Edward Trevor  
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John Trill, A. M.  
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Tho. Clipperton  
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Luke Alder  
Robert Mitchel  
H. & Rev. G. Dawnay  
Wm. Mountaine  
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John Torr  
Peter Gordon
- 1745-6 Francis Jaskman  
George Pile, M. D.  
John Villeneau  
Geo. Powlett, Esq.  
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Caspar Schomhart  
Frederick Maurer  
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Th. Marriott Perkins  
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Cuthbert Potts  
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## L O D G E S .

The Grand Stewards' Lodge  
 2 Somerset-house L. Freemasons Tav.  
 3 L. of Friendship, Thatched-h. Tav.  
 12 L. of Emulation, Paul's-head Tav.  
 19 Castle-l. of Harmony, Dock Comm.  
 23 St. Alban's Lodge, Dover-street  
 29 Britannic Lodge, Pall-mall  
 39 Royal Cumberland Lodge, Bath  
 46 Fountain court, Strand  
 86 Prince George, Plymouth  
 95 L. of Love and Honour, Falmouth  
 114 Rose & Crown, Crown-st. Westm.  
 146 Shakespeare, Covent-garden  
 162 London Lodge, Ludgate-street  
 211 Caledonian Lodge, Gracechurch-st.  
 216 Tuscan Lodge, Holborn  
 218 Gothic L. Crown, Tufton-street  
 238 George and Crown, Wakefield  
 294 L. of Virtue, White Lion, Bath  
 358 Lodge of Jehofaphat, Bristol  
 369 Lodge of Liberty and Sincerity,  
 Bridgewater  
 403 L. of Honour, Broad-way, Westm.  
 407 L. of Nine Muses, St. James's-str.  
 411 Gnuil Lodge, Neath  
 462 Royal Gloucester L. Bell. Glouc.  
 474 Harmonic Lodge, Hampton-court

## REMARKABLE OCCURRENCES IN MASONRY.

<b>S</b> t. Alban formed the first Grand Lodge in Britain	A. D. 287	Book of Constitutions first published	1723
King Athelstan granted a Charter to Free-masons	926	Grand Secretary first established	1723
Prince Edwin formed a Grand Lodge at York	926	Grand Treasurer appointed	1724
Edwin the IIIrd. revised the Constitutions	1358	A general Fund proposed for distressed Masons	1724
Masons' Assemblies prohibited by Parliament	1425	Committee of Charity established	1725
Henry VI. initiated	1450	Provincial Grand Masters first appointed	1726
Grand Masters of the Knights of Malta. Patrons of Masonry	1500	Twelve Grand Stewards first appointed	1728
Inigo Jones constituted several Lodges	1607	Lord Kingston gave valuable Presents to the Grand Lodge	1729
Earl of St. Alban regulated the Lodges	1637	Duke of Norfolk, ditto	1731
St. Paul's begun by Freemasons	1657	The Emperor of Germany initiated Grand Stewards Lodge first established	1735
William the IIIrd privately initiated	1690	Frederic Prince of Wales initiated	1737
St. Paul's completed by Freemasons	1713	Anderfon's Edition of the Constitution-Book published	1738
Grand Lodge revived, Anthony Sayer, Esq. G. M.	1717	Grand Hall built at Antigua	1744
Several Noblemen initiated	1719	Public Processions on Feast Days discontinued	1747
Valuable MSS burnt by scrupulous Brethren	1720	Grand Certificates first issued	1755
Office of Deputy Grand Master revived	1720	Fourteen Persons expelled for Irregularity	1757

Entick's

Entick's Edition of the Constitution Book published — 1758	Freemasons Calendar published by Authority of the Grand Lodge 1777
Fifty Pounds distributed in Charity abroad — 1760	Anniversary of Dedication ordered to be kept — 1777
Several Persons expelled for Irregularities — 1764	Several Masons imprisoned at Naples — 1777
His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester initiated — 1766	Fees of constituting Lodges and making Masons raised 1777
A new Edition of Constitutions ordered — 1767	Several Princes of Germany formed a Lodge — 1777
Henry Frederic Duke of Cumberland initiated — 1767	His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland elected G. M. 1782
One Hundred Pounds sent to Barbadoes for Sufferers by Fire 1768	Noorthouck's Edition of the Book of Constitutions printed 1784
Registering-Regulations commenced 2 <sup>d</sup> October — 1768	His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales initiated — 1787
Plan of a Hall for the Grand Lodge approved — 1769	His Royal Highness Prince William Henry initiated 1787
Elegant Hall built by the Freemasons at Barbadoes 1772	His Royal Highness the Duke of York initiated — 1787
Hall-Committee appointed by the Grand Lodge — 1773	Increased Registering-Regulation on Town Lodges commenced 5 May — 1788
Alliance formed with the Grand Lodge of Germany — 1773	Freemasons' Tavern rebuilt 1788
King of Prussia incorporated the Society in Prussia — 1774	Royal Cumberland Freemason School instituted — 1788
Ground purchased for a Hall in London — 1774	His Royal Highness Prince Edward initiated — 1790
First Stone of Freemason's Hall laid — 1775	His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, G. M. died 1790
Five Thousand Pounds raised by a Tontine towards building ditto 1775	His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales elected G. M. 1790
Office of Grand Chaplain revived 1775	His Royal Highness Prince William of Gloucester initiated 1795
Appendix to Books of Constitutions published — 1776	His Royal Highness Prince Ernest Augustus initiated — 1796
Freemasons Hall dedicated 1776	
Office of Grand Architect established — 1776	

General Meetings of the Society in 1796.

Committee of Charity — — —	Friday, February 3.
Quarterly Communication — — —	Wednesday, Ditto 8.
Committee of Charity — — —	Friday, April 7.
Quarterly Communication — — —	Wednesday, Ditto 12.
Grand Feast — — —	Wednesday, May 10.
Country Feast — — —	Wednesday, July 5.
Committee of Charity — — —	Friday, August 4.
Ditto — — —	Friday, Nov. 17.
Quarterly Communication — — —	Wednesday, Ditto 22.

LODGES *erased* for not conforming to the Laws of the Society, or *discontinued* on being united to other Lodges, since the Alteration of the Numbers in 1792.

1794.	294 St. John's Lodge, Newmarket
49 Lodge of St. George de l'Observance, Covent garden	327 St. Peter's Lodge, Mount-street, united to Lodge of Prudence, No. 69, now the Lodge of Prudence and Peter
90 Sea-Captains Lodge, Leadenhall-street	



- 380 Loge d'Egalité, united to the ancient French Lodge, No. 110, now Loge des Amis Réunis  
 399 At Futtý-Ghur, Bengal  
 409 Royal Navy Lodge, Gosport  
 431 Pythagorean Lodge, Richmond, Surrey  
 467 Harodim Lodge, united to No. 1, the Lodge of Antiquity  
 1795.  
 107 St. Michael's, at Schwerin, in Mecklenburg  
 174 St. Nicolas's Lodge, Harwich  
 311 Helvetic-Union Lodge, Leadenhall-street  
 1796.  
 207 Star Lodge, Chester  
 336 Impregnable Lodge, Sandwich  
 350 Lodge of Rural Friendship, united to No. 330, Lodge of the Nine Muses  
 393 St. Margaret's Lodge, Dartmouth-street, Westminster

LIST of LODGES, with their Numbers, as altered by Order of the Grand Lodge, April 18, 1792.

- The GRAND STEWARDS' LODGE, (constituted 1735;) Freemasons' Tavern, 3d Wed. from Oct. to May. Public Nights, 3d Wed. in March and Dec.  
*Time immemorial.*  
 1 Lodge of Antiquity, Freemasons' Tavern, Great Queen-str. (formerly the Goose and Gridiron, St. Paul's Church-yard) 4th Wednesday in Winter  
 2 Somerset-house Lodge, Freemasons' Tavern, 2d and 4th Mondays  
 1721  
 3 Lodge of Friendship, Thatched-house Tavern, St. James's-street  
 4 British Lodge, Nag's Head, Carnaby-square, 1st and 3d Tues.  
 5 Westminster and Key-stone Lodge, Horn Tav. Palace-yard, 1st Mond.  
 1722.  
 6 Lodge of Fortitude, King's Arms Tavern, Old Compton-street, 1st and 3d Wed.  
 7 Lodge of St. Mary-le-bonne, Cavendish-square Coffee-house, 3d M.  
 8 Ionic Lodge, King's Arms, Brook-str. Grosvenor sq. 3d Wed.  
 9 Dundee-arms Lodge, their private Room, Red-lion-st. Wapping, 2d and 4th Th.  
 1723.  
 10 Kentish Lodge of Antiquity, Sun Tav. Cbatbam, 1st and 3d M.  
 11 King's Arms, Wandsworth, Surrey  
 12 Lodge of Emulation, Faul's-head Tav. Cateaton-st. 3d M.  
 13 Fraternal Lodge, Greyhound Tav. Stockwell-st. Greenwich, 4th Tu.  
 14 Globe Lodge, White Hart Tav. Holborn, 1st Th.  
 15 Jacob's Ladder, Bolt and Tun, Silver-st. Fleet-st.  
 1724  
 16 White Swan, St. Peter's, Norwich, 1st Wed.  
 17 Lodge of Antiquity, Three Tuns, Portsmouth  
 18 Castle Lodge of Harmony, Horn, Doctors Com. 1st and 3d M. Win. 1st M. Sun.  
 19 Lodge of Philantrophy, Black Lion, Stockton-upon-Tees; Durbam, 1st and 3d Frid.  
 1725.  
 20 Lodge of Cordiality, Chancery Coffee-house, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-l. 4th M.  
 21 Old King's-arms Lodge, Freemasons' Tav. 1st Th. from Oct. to May, inclusive  
 1727.  
 22 St. Alban's Lodge, Thomas's Tav. Dover-st. Piccadilly, 1st M.  
 1728.  
 23 Lodge of Attention, Freemasons' Tav. 2d and 4th Th.  
 1729.  
 24 St. John's Lodge, at Gibraltar, 1st Tu.  
 1730.  
 25 Castle Lodge, White Swan, Mansel-st. Goodman's Fields, 1st Th.  
 26 The Corner-stone Lodge, Thatched-house Tav. St. James's-st. 2d M.  
 27 Britannic Lodge, Star and Garter, Pall-mall  
 28 Well-disposed Lodge, at the Cock, Waltham Abbey, 1st Sat.  
 29 Lodge of Fortitude, Crown and Thistle, East Smithfield, 2d W.  
 1731.  
 30 Sociable Lodge, Horn Tav. Doctor's Commons, 4th M.  
 31 Medina L. Vine, West Cowes, S. 1st & 3d Th. W. Tb. near full Moon  
 32 King's Arms, Marybone-st. Piccadilly, 2d and 4th Tu.  
 33 Anchor and Hope, Bolton-le-Moor, Lancashire, Tb. on or after full Moon  
 34 Sarum Lodge, a private Room, George-court, High-st. Salisbury, 1st and 3d W.

- 35 *St. John's Lodge, Half-moon, Fore-st. Exeter, 2d and last F.*  
1733.
- 36 *Royal Cumberland Lodge, Bear Inn, Bath, 1st and 3d F.*
- 37 *Lodge of Relief, Swan, Bury, Lancashire, next Tb. to every full M.*
- 38 *St. Paul's Lodge, Shakespear Tavern, Birmingham, 1st and 3d F.*
- 39 Royal Exchange, Boston in New England, 2d and 4th Sat.
- 40 Valenciennes, French Flanders, 2d and 4th Sat.  
1734.
- 41 Strong Man, East Smithfield, late the Ship, at the Hermitage, 1st Th.  
1735.
- 42 *Swan, Wolverhampton, 1st & 3d Tb.*
- 43 Union L. of Freedom and Ease, Surrey Tav. Surrey-st. Strand, 2d Tu.
- 44 *Lodge of Industry, Rose and Crown, Swallowwell, Durham, 1st M. and 3d S.*
- 45 Solomon's Lodge, Charles-town, South Carolina, 1st and 3d Th.
- 46 Solomon's Lodge, No. 1, Savannah, in Georgia, 1st and 3d Th.
- 47 *Angel, Colchester, 2d and 4th Tu.*  
1736.
- 8 *King's Head, Norwich, last Tb.*
- 50 Constitutional Lodge, Old Crown & Cushion, Lambeth-Marsh, 4th M.
- 51 *Howard Lodge of Brotherly Love, Crown, Arundel, Sussex, 1st and 3d M.*  
1737.
- 52 Parham L. Parham, in Antigua
- 53 City Lodge, Ship Tav. Leadenhall-st. 2d and 4th Th.
- 54 Lodge of Felicity, Queen's Arms Tav. St. James's st. 2d W.
- 55 Vacation Lodge, Star and Garter, Paddington, 4th W.
- 56 *Lodge of Affability, Castle Inn, New Brentford, 1st and 3d W.*  
1738.
- 57 Royal Naval L. private Room, near Red-lion-st. Wapping, 1st & 3d W.
- 58 *Royal Chester Lodge, Feathers Inn, Bridge-st. Chester*
- 59 Baker's Lodge, St. John's, Antigua
- 60 Lodge of Peace and Harmony, Swan Tav. Fifth-street-hill, 4th Th.
- 61 *Union Cross, Halifax, Yorkshire, 2d and 4th W.*
- 62 The Great Lodge, St. John's, Antigua, 2d and 4th W.
- 63 *Lodge of Fortitude, White Horse, Hanging Ditch, Manchester, 2d M.*  
1739.
- 64 Mother Lodge, at Kingiton, Jamaica, No. 1, 1st and 3d Sat.
- 65 Mother Lodge, Scotch Arms, at St. Christopher's, Basseterre, 1st Th
- 66 Lodge of Sincerity, Joiners and Felt-makers Arms, Joiner-st. South-wark, 4th W.
- 67 Lodge of Peace and Plenty, Red-lion, Horslydown Lane, 2d Th. Master's Lodge, 5th Th.
- 68 Grenadiers' Lodge, Kings Arms, Brook st. Grosvenor-sq. 2d W.  
1740.
- 69 Lodge of Prudence and Peter, Bell, Upper Mount-st. 4th Th. Master's L. 5th Th.
- 70 Star in the East, at Calcutta, 1st Lodge of Bengal
- 71 St. Michael's Lodge, in Barbadoes  
1742.
- 72 Lodge of Unity, Thistle and Crown, Suffolk-st. Haymarket, 1st Th.
- 73 Old Road, St. Christopher's
- 74 The Union, Franckfort, in Germany, 2d and 4th Th.  
1743.
- 75 Prince George Lodge, George-town, Winyaw, South Carolina  
1747.
- 76 Bear, Yarmouth, Norfolk
- 77 Lodge at St. Eustatius  
1748.
- 78 *Angel, Norwich, 3d Tu.*
- 79 *Prince George Lodge, Plymouth, 1st and 3d*
- 80 *Castle and Lion, St. Peter's Man-croft, Norwich, 2d M.*
- 81 Second Lodge, Boston, N. England, Br. Coffee h. King-st. 3d W.
- 82 No. 1. Halifax, in Nova Scotia  
1750.
- 83 Marblehead Lodge, in Massachusetts-lay, New England
- 84 St. Christopher's, at Sandy Point
- 85 Newhaven Lodge, in Connecticut, New England  
1751.
- 86 *Unicorn, St. Mary's, Norwich, 2d and 4th W.*
- 87 *Lodge of Love and Honour, Royal Standard, Falmouth, 2d & last Th.*
- 88 *Three Tuns, Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, last W.*
- 89 *L. of Freedom, Pope's Head, West-st. Grosvenor, 1st and 3d Tb.*  
1752.
- 91 St. John's Lodge, Bridge-town, Barbadoes, 4th M.
- 92 George Lodge, Rose and Crown, Downing-st. Westminster, 3d Tu.
- 93 The Stewards Lodge, at Freemasons' Hill, Madras, (revived 1786)
- 94 St. Peter's Lodge, Barbadoes, 1st and 3d S.  
1753.
- 95 Old Cumberland Lodge, Red Lion, Old

- Old Cavendish-st. Oxford st. 2d Tu.
- 96 Foundation Lodge, Freemasons' Tav. Great Queen-st. 2d W.
- 97 United Lodge of Prudence, Horse Grenadier, near North Audley st. Oxford-st. 1st Th.
- 98 Lily Tav. Guernsey
- 99 Faithful Lodge, Vauxhall-Gardens, Norwich, 1st and 3d W.
- 100 Evangelists' Lodge, at Montferratt
- 101 Legs of Man, at Prescot, Lancashire, W. next before the full Moon
- 102 Royal Exchange, Norfolk, in Virginia, 1st Th.  
1754.
- 103 Druids' Lodge of Love and Liberty, London Inn, Redrutb, Corn-wall, 1st and 3d Tu.
- 104 Rose and Crown, Crown-st. Westminster, 2d Tu.
- 105 Castle and Lion, St. Peter's Man-craft, Norwich, 1st and 3d M.
- 106 Scientific Lodge, Eagle and Child, Cambridge, 2d M.
- 108 St. James's Lodge, Crown Inn, Uxbridge, Middlesex, Tb. nearest full Moon
- 109 No. 2, at St. Fustatus
- 110 Loge des Amis Réunis, Lewis's Coffee-h. Air-i. Piccadilly, 3d M.
- 111 Lodge of Unanimity, Bull's Head, Manchester, 1st and 3d Tu.  
1755.
- 112 In the 8th or King's own Regiment of Foot, 1st and 3d Tu.
- 113 Gloucester Lodge, Rose Tavern, Rose alley, Bishopsgate-st. 3d W.
- 114 Lodge at Wilmington, on Capé-Fear River, North Carolina
- 115 Sea Captains' Lodge, Freemasons' T. St. Tho. Build. Liverpool, every other Th.
- 116 Union Lodge, Charles-town, South Carolina, 2d and 4th Th.
- 117 Lodge of Regularity, Thatched h. Tav. St. James's-st. 4th W.
- 118 Lodge of Freedom and Ease, Three Jolly Butchers, Old-street-road, 4th W.
- 119 Swan, at York-town, in Virginia, 1st and 3d W.
- 120 Wounded Hart, Norwich, 2d and 4th Tu.
- 121 Phoenix Lodge, Sunderland, Durham, 1st & 3d W. Gen. 1st W. Maff.
- 122 Grand Lodge Frederick, at Hanover
- 123 Loyal British Lodge, Root Tav. East-Gate-st. Chester, 1st M.  
1756.
- 124 St. David's Lodge, King's Arms Coffee-house, Brook-st. 4th F.
- 125 A Masters' Lodge, at Charles-town, South Carolina, 2d & 4th Th.
- 126 Port-Royal Lodge, Carolina, every other Wed.
- 127 Lodge of St. George, Island St. Ju Croix, in the West-Indies
- 128 Burlington Lodge, Coach and Horses, Burlington-st. 3d Th.  
1757.
- 129 Sea Captains' Lodge, King's Head, High-st. Sunderland, 2d & 4th Tb.
- 130 Providence Lodge, in Rhode Island
- 131 Shakespear, Covent-garden, 3d Th.
- 132 St. Mary's Lodge, St. Mary's Island, Jamaica
- 133 Lodge of Friendship, White Horse Tav. Norwich, 2d W.
- 134 Lodge of Cordiality, Golden-crofs, Charing-crofs, 1st W.
- 135 St. John's Lodge, Anne-st. New York, No. 2, 2d and 4th W.  
1758.
- 136 King's Head, Coltishal, Norfolk, W. near and before full Moon
- 137 Lodge of Unity, King's Arms, Plymouth, 2d and 4th M. and 1st Tu. Maff. I.
- 138 Beaufort Lodge, Cornish-mount, on the Quay, Brisfol, 1st and 3d Tu.
- 139 Lodge at Bombay, in the East-Ind.  
1759.
- 140 Marine Lodge of Fortitude, Half-moon, Pembroke-st. Plymouth-dock, 1st and 3d Tu.
- 141 The Sun, at Newton-Abbot, Devonshire, 2d Tu.  
1760.
- 142 London Lodge, London Coffee-h. Ludgate-hill, 1st and 3d Tu.  
1761.
- 143 Lodge of Industry and Perseverance, at Calcutta, 2d Lodge of Bengal
- 144 Restoration Lodge, private Room, at Priest-gate, Darlington, last Sa.
- 145 Union Lodge, at Crow-lane, in Bermuda, 1st W.  
1762.
- 146 St. George's Lodge, Globe Inn, Exeter, 2d and 4th Tb.
- 147 British Union Lodge, Golden-lion, Ipswich, Suffolk, 1st Tu.
- 148 Royal Frederic, at Rotterdam
- 149 Royal Lancashire Lodge, at the Hole in the Wall, Colne, in Lancashire, 1st Th.
- 150 St. Alban's Lodge, Shakespear Tavern, Birmingham, 1st & 3d Tu.
- 151 Merchants' Lodge, }  
152 St. Andrew's Lodge, } at Quebec  
153 St. Patrick's Lodge, }  
154 St. Peter's Lodge at Montreal  
155 Select Lodge, }  
156 In the 52d Regiment. } at Quebec  
of Foot.

- 157 *Royal Navy Lodge, Three-kings Inn, Deal, 1st M.*
- 158 *Lodge of Friendship, Crown, Lynn-Regis, Norfolk, 3d F.*
- 159 *Lodge of Inhabitants, at Gibraltar*
- 160 *Palladian Lodge, Bowling-Green, Hereford, 1st Tu.*
- 161 *Door to Eternity, at Heldeham, in Germany*  
1763.
- 162 *Union Lodge, White-lion, Nottingham, 3d Tu.*
- 163 *St. Mark's Lodge, South Carolina*
- 164 *Lodge of Regularity, St. John's Hall, Black River, Musquito Shore, 1st and 3d Tu.*
- 165 *Old Black Bull, at Richmond, in Yorkshires, 1st M.*
- 166 *Marquis of Granby Lodge, private Room, Old Elvii, Durham, 1st Tu.*
- 167 *L. of Amity, St. George's Quay, Bay of Honduras, 1st and 3d Tu.*
- 168 *Thorn, at Burnley, in Lancashire, Sat. nearest full Moon*
- 169 *Union Lodge, Angel and Crown, Crispin-st. Spitalfields, 3d Th.*
- 170 *Royal Mecklenburg Lodge, Green Dragon, Croydon, Surrey, 1st and 3d Tu.*  
1764.
- 171 *Royal Lodge, Thatched-h. Tav. St. James's-st. 1st F.*
- 172 *La Sagesse, St. Andrew, at the Grenadoes*
- 173 *White-lion, at Kendal, in Westmoreland, 1st W.*
- 175 *White Hart, Ringwood, Hants*
- 176 *Lodge of Harmony, Red-lion, Faversham, 2d and 4th W.*
- 177 *Salutation, Teffsam, Devonshire, 2d and 4th W.*
- 178 *Lodge of Constitutional Attachment, Mitre, Tooley-st. 1st. Th.*
- 179 *Philharmonic L. at the Red-lion Inn, Isle of Ely, Cambridge-sh. 1st M.*
- 180 *Caledonian L. Guildhall Coffee-h. King-st. Cheapside, 1st M.*
- 181 *Lodge of Perpetual Friendship, Lamb Inn, Bridgewater, Somerset, 1st and 3d M.*  
1765.
- 182 *Lodge of St. John Evan. Two Blue Posts, Charlotte-st. Ruffel-p. Rathbone-p. 2d W.*
- 183 *British Social Lodge, White Bear, Old street-sq. 3d Tu.*
- 184 *Tufcan Lodge, King's Head Tav. Holborn, 3d Th.*
- 185 *Operative Masons, Cannon. Portland-road, Marybone, 1st Tu. Mast. L. 5th Tu.*
- 186 *Gothick Lodge, Foot-guards Sutling-h. Whitehall, 4th M.*
- 187 *Old Antelope Inn, Pool, in Dorsetshire, 1st and 3d W.*
- 188 *Corinthian Lodge, Tiger, Wells-st. Oxford-st. 3d M.*
- 189 *Tontine, Shefffield, in Yorkshires, 2d Frid.*
- 190 *At Allost, in Flanders*
- 191 *St. George's Lodge, at the Castle, Lewisham, Kent, 1st M.*
- 192 *Black Horse, Tombland, Norwich, 1st F.*
- 193 *R. Edwin Lodge, Angel, Bury St. Edmunds, M. on or preceding full Moon*
- 194 *St. Luke's Lodge, Don Saltero's Coffee-h. Chelsea, 1st Tu.*
- 195 *Lodge at Joppa, in Baltimore County, in Maryland*
- 196 *L. of Perfect Friendship, White Hart Inn and Tav. Bath, 2d & 4th Tu.*
- 197 *At St. Hilary, in Jersey*
- 198 *Swan, at Warrington, in Lancashire, 1st M.*
- 199 *Lodge of Perfect Unanimity, at Madras, No. 1, Coast of Coromandel (revived 1786)*
- 200 *Lodge, No. 1, Bencoolen*
- 201 *Tortola & Beef Island, 1st & 3d W.*  
1766.
- 202 *Lodge of Unanimity, Black Bull Inn, Wakefield, Yorkshires*
- 203 *King's Arms Punch-house, Shad Thames, 1st M.*
- 204 *English Lodge, at Bourdeaux, (have met since the Year 1732)*
- 205 *Bedford Lodge, Freemasons' Tav. Great Queen-st. 1st W.*
- 206 *Patriotic Lodge, Greybound, Croydon, Surrey, Th. after every full Moon*
- 208 *St. Nicholas' Lodge, White Hart, Newcastle-upon-Tyne*
- 209 *Sion Lodge, private Room, North Shields, Northumberland, 2d Tu.*
- 210 *Lodge of True Friendship, Seven Stars, Bromley, Middlesex, 3d Tu.*  
1767.
- 211 *Angel, Upper Ground, Christchurch, Southwark, 3d Tu.*
- 212 *Lodge of Integrity, Bull's Head Inn, Manchester, 1st M.*
- 213 *Union Lodge, Rising Sun, Castle Ditch, Bristol*
- 214 *At Grenoble, in France*
- 215 *Lodge of Morality, King's Head, Old Compton-st. Soho, 2d Th.*
- 216 *Three Lions, Marborough, in Hellia*
- 217 *Lodge of Honour and Generosity, King's Head Tav Holborn, 1st Th.*
- 218 *Lodge of Union, Three Jolly Hatters, Bermondsey st. 3d W.*
- 219 *Royal York of Friendship, at Berlin, Middle Mark of Brandenburg*  
220 British

- 220 British Union, Rotterdam  
 221 *St. John's Lodge, Flask Tavern, Hampstead, 1st Tb.*  
 222 Three Pillars, Rotterdam  
 223 Royal White Hart L. Halifax, North Carolina  
 224 *Lodge of Amity, White Horse, Preston, Lancashire, 1st and 3d Tb. Win. 1st Tb. Sum.*  
 225 Lodge of Amity, private Room, Canton, in China  
 226 *All Souls Lodge, Tiverton, in Devonshire*  
 227 *L. Friendship, Angel, Illford, Essex, M. nearest full Moon, Mich. 10 Lady Day 1768.*  
 228 Lodge of Concord, White-lion, High-st. Bloomsbury, 3d Tu.  
 229 *Mona Lodge, King's Head, at Holyhead, Anglesea, N. Wales, every 3d F.*  
 230 La Victoire, City of Rotterdam, in Holland  
 231 L. Sincerity. Gregorian's Arms, near Jamaica-row, Bermondsey, 2d Tu.  
 232 *Caveat Lodge, Angel, Hammersmith, 1st Tu.*  
 233 In the 24th Regiment of Foot  
 234 Constant Union, the City of Ghent, in Flanders  
 235 *Godolphin Lodge, St. Mary's Island, Scilly*  
 236 Manchester Lodge, Nott's Coffee-h. Butcher-row, Temple-bar, 1st W.  
 237 Lodge of Perfect Union, in his Sicilian Majesty's Reg. of Foot, Naples  
 238 L'Espérance, Thatched-h. Tav. St. James's-st. 1st M.  
 239 Qu. Charlotte's Lodge, Ashley's Punch-house, Ludgate-hill, 2d Th. 1769.  
 240 Sun Lodge, in the City of Flushing, in the Province of Zealand  
 241 *Lodge of Hope, Crown, Stearbridge, Worcestershire*  
 242 Lodge of Unity, K. Henry's Head, Red-lion-st. Whitechapel, 4th M.  
 243 *Royal George L. at Newton Abbot*  
 244 *Beaufort Lodge, at Swansea*  
 245 Well-chosen Lodge, at Naples  
 246 *Lodge of Virtue, White-lion, Market-place, Bath, 1st & 3d M.*  
 247 *Inflexible Lodge, White Hart, Mitcham, Surrey. W. nearest full M.*  
 248 *Lodge of Hospitality, Bush Tavern, Corn-st. Bristol, 2d and 4th W.*  
 249 St. Peter's Lodge, King's Head, at Walworth, 3d M.  
 250 No. 3, }  
 251 No. 2, } at Sweden  
 252 No. 3, }
- 253 *Golden Lion, at Neston, Cheshire, 1st F.*  
 254 *Lodge of Sincerity, Phoenix Inn, Fore-st. Plymouth Dock, 2d and 4th M.*  
 255 *Lodge of St. John, Fleece Tavern, Manchester, 1st M. 1770.*  
 256 L. of Perfect Harmony, at Mons, in the Austrian Netherlands  
 257 Lodge of Friendship, Bunch of Grapes, Limehouse-hole, 2d and 4th W.  
 258 Lodge of Prosperity, Globe Tav. St. Saviour's Ch. Yd. Southwark, 2d W.  
 259 St. Charles de la Concord, in the City of Brunswick  
 260 *Lodge of Fortitude and Perseverance, Fox, Epsom, Tb. nearest full M.*  
 261 *White Hart, Christ Church, Hanrs*  
 262 *Lodge of Concord, private Room, Barnard Castle, Durham, 1st Tb. 1771.*  
 263 Jerusalem Lodge, Crown-t. Clerkenwell-green, 1st and 3d W. Mast. L. 5th W.  
 264 Lodge of Industry, Ben Jonson's Head, Shoe-lane, 2d Th.  
 265 L. of Perfect Union, at Leighorn  
 266 Lodge of Sincere Brotherhood Love, at ditto  
 267 Lodge of Perfect Union, St. Peterburgh  
 268 *Lodge of Friendship, Prince George, Butch-st. Plymouth Dock, 1st and 3d W. l. F. Mast. L.*  
 269 Junior Lodge, Kingston, No. 2, in Jamaica  
 270 Harmony Lodge, Kingston, No. 3, in ditto  
 271 St. James's Lodge, Montego-bay, No. 4, in ditto  
 272 Union Lodge, St. James's Parish, No. 5, in ditto  
 273 *Lodge of Harmony, Busb, Carlisle, Cumberland, 2d W. 1772.*  
 274 Rising Sun Lodge, at Fort Marlborough, in the East Indies  
 275 Lodge of Vigilance, Island of Grenada  
 276 Lodge of Discretion, ditto  
 277 *Torbay Lodge, Crown and Anchor, at Paignton, in Devon*  
 278 Union Lodge, at St. Eustatius, in the West Indies  
 279 Lodge of Candour, at Straßbourg  
 280 *L. of Friendship, Shipwrights' Arms, Deptford-green, 2d Tb.*  
 281 Lodge at Speight's Town, in Barbadoes  
 282 Lodge of Concord, at Antigua  
 283 Lodge

- 283 Lodge of the Three Grand Principles, King's Head, Ilington, Fr. on or near full Moon
- 284 *Royal Edmund Lodge, at Bury St. Edmunds, W. preceding or on full Moon*
- 285 Union Lodge, at Venice
- 286 Lodge at Verona
- 287 Lodge of Liberty, Half Moon, West Smithfield, 1st Th.
- 288 Lodge of Unanimity, at Calcutta, 3d Lodge of Bengal  
1773.
- 289 Lodge at Detroit, in Canada
- 290 *Apollo Lodge, at the Merchants' Hall, York*
- 291 *Lodge of Jehosaphat, Rummer Tav. Bristol, 1st and 3d W.*
- 292 Anchor and Hope, Calcutta, 6th Lodge of Bengal
- 293 Lodge of Humility with Fortitude, Calcutta, 5th Lodge of Bengal
- 295 *Lodge of Union, private Room, Hill Gate, Town of Gateshead, Durham*
- 296 *Williamburg Lodge, at Williamburg, Virginia*
- 297 *Botetourt Lodge, at Botetourt, Virginia*
- 298 Lodge Frederick, at Cassal, in Germany
- 299 L. of Good Friends, at Rouffcau, at Dominica  
1774.
- 300 *Lodge of Liberty and Sincerity, Crown Inn, Bridgewater, Somerset, 2d and last Fr.*
- 301 *Lodge of Prudence, Boot & Shoe, Leigh, in Lancashire, W. next full Moon*
- 302 Unity Lodge, No. 2, at Savannah, in Georgia, 1st and 3d F.
- 303 Lodge of the Nine Muses, No. 1, at Peterburgh, in Russia
- 304 Lodge of the Muse Urania, No. 2, in ditto
- 305 Lodge of Bellona, No. 3, in ditto
- 306 Lodge of Mars, No. 4, at Yaffy, in ditto
- 307 Lodge of the Muse Clio, No. 5, at Moscow, in ditto
- 308 *St. Bede's Lodge, Spread Eagle, Morpeth, Northumberland, 2d & 4th M.*
- 309 Lodge of Harmony, at Guernsey  
1775.
- 310 *Durnovarian Lodge, Royal Oak, Dorchester, Dorset*
- 312 *Sun and Scitor, Workington, in Cumberland, 1st M.*
- 313 *St. Jean de Nouvelle Espérance, in Turin*
- 314 *Trust and Faithful Lodge, White Bear, West Malling, in Kent, last M.*
- 315 Grenadiers' Lodge, at Savannah, in Georgia, 1st and 3d C.
- 316 L. of True Friendship, with the 3d Brigade, 4th L. of Bengal
- 317 Green Island L. at Green Island, No. 8, in Jamaica
- 318 L. of Lucca; Parish of Hanover, No. 9, in ditto
- 319 Union L. at Savannah la Mar, No. 11, in ditto
- 320 Union L. at Detroit, in Canada  
1776.
- 321 St. Andrew's L. Robin Hood, Charles st. St. James's, 4th M.
- 322 Royal York L. of Perseverance, Coldstream Reg. of Guards, 1st F.
- 323 L. of Concord, at the Guildhall, Southampton, 1st F. Sum. 1st and 3d F. Win.
- 324 *Royal Oak L. at the Royal Oak, Rippon, Yorkshire, last S. Sum. 2d and last S. Win.*
- 325 L. of Honour, Bell, York st. Westminster, 1st Tu.
- 326 *Industrious L. at the King's Head Inn, Canterbury, 1st and 3d Th.*
- 328 *King of Prussia, Penrith, in Cumberland, 2d W.*
- 329 *L. of United Friendship, Falcon Tav. Gravesend, 2d & 4th Th.*  
1777.
- 330 L. of the Nine Muses, Thatched House Tav. St. James's str. 2d F.
- 331 *Union L. Golden Lion, Thursday Market, York, 1st & 3d M.*
- 332 *Social L. White Hart, Bocking, Essex, M. on or preceding full M.*
- 333 *Gnoll L. Ship and Castle, Neath, Glamorganshire, 1st and 3d Tu.*
- 334 L. in the Island of Nevis
- 335 In the 6th, or Inniskilling Reg. of Dragoons  
1778.
- 337 L. at Messina, in Sicily  
1779.
- 338 *Northumberland L. private Room, Alnwick, Northumberland, 2d M.*
- 339 L. of Independence, Vine Tav. Broad st. Ratcliff, 3d Tu.
- 340 Pilgrim L. Freemasons' Tavern, Great Queen st. last W.
- 341 *L. of Fortitude, Bell Inn, Maidstone, Kent, M. nearst full M.*  
1780.
- 342 L. of St. George, in the 1st Reg. of Dragoon Guards, 1st & 3d Th.
- 343 *St. Hild's L. private Room, S. Shields, Durham, 2d & 4th W.*
- 344 *Merchants' L. Star and Garter Tav. Liverpool, 1st & 3d Th.*
- 345 L. at Liebau, in Courland
- 346 L. at Naples

- 347 *St. Michael's L. private Room, Alnwick, Northumberland, 1st & 3d M.*
- 348 *St. George's Lodge, Town Hall, Doncaster, 2d W. 1781.*
- 349 *Alfred Lodge, Wetbarby, Yorkshire*
- 351 *Rodney L. Bull and Sun Inn, Kingston upon Hull, 1st & 3d Tb. Win. 1st Tb. Sum.*
- 352 *Lodge Friendship, private Room, Dartmouth, Devonshire, 1st, 3d, and last, Tb.*
- 353 *L. of Moral Reformation, Gun Tav. Deptford, 2d M.*
- 354 *La Loggia della Verita, Naples*
- 355 *Hiram's L. Ship Tav. Leadenhall Street, last M. 1782.*
- 356 *St. George's E. York Militia L. in E. Riding Reg. of York Militia*
- 357 *Lodge of Science, Spread Eagle Inn, Salisbury, 1st F. Win.*
- 358 *Old British and Ligurian L. Genoa*
- 359 *Mount Sinai L. St. John's, Antigua*
- 360 *L. of True Love & Unity, Brixham, Devon, 1st and 3d W.*
- 361 *L. of Peace, Joy, and Brotherly Love, Penryn, Cornwall 1783.*
- 362 *Mariners' L. New Dock, Liverpool, 1st and 3d Tb.*
- 363 *Minerva L. Hull, Yorkshire*
- 364 *L. of Good Intention, in North, or 2d, Reg. of Devon Militia, 1st and 3d W.*
- 365 *Loyal L. Globe Inn, Barnstable, 1st and 3d Tb.*
- 366 *Apollo L. Parade Coffee House, Salisbury, 2d and 4th W. 1784.*
- 367 *L. at Placentia, Newfoundland*
- 368 *Holmesdale L. of Freedom and Friendship, Bell, Ryegate, Surrey*
- 369 *Harmonic L. Bush Inn, Dudley, Worcestershire, 2d & 4th Tb.*
- 370 *African L. Boston, New England*
- 371 *Lodge of Truth, Cricketers, Richmond Green, 2d & 4th Tb.*
- 372 *Roby L. Raby Castle, Staindrop, Durham, 2d Tu. 1785.*
- 373 *Royal Gloucester Lodge, Bell Inn, Gloucester*
- 374 *L. of Concord, Old King's Arms, Plymouth Dock*
- 375 *La Parfaite Amitié, at Avignon, Languedoc*
- 376 *St. John's L. at Michlinacinae, Canada*
- 377 *Barry L. in the 34th Regiment*
- 378 *Rainsford L. in the 44th Regim.*
- 379 *Tyrian L. at the George Inn, Derby*
- 381 *Harbour Grace, Newfoundland*
- 382 *Trinity L. Golden Lion, Country, 1st & 3d Tb.*
- 383 *L. of Unanimity, private Room, Sadler st. Wells, Somersetshire, 1st & 3d Tb.*
- 384 *L. of Harmony, private Room, Hampton Court, occasional*
- 385 *L. of St. George's, White Hart, New Windsor, Berks*
- 386 *Thanet L. Parade Hotel, Margate, 2d and 4th W.*
- 387 *L. of Good Intent, Ship Tavern, Leadenhall st. 2d W.*
- 388 *White Lion, Whitechapel, Sbropps. Tb. previous to the full Moon*
- 389 *L. of Perfect Friendship, King's Head, King's st. Ipswich, 3d W.*
- 390 *Lodge of Unions, Spread Eagle, Pratt R. Lambeth, 1st M. 1786.*
- 391 *L. of Independence, Castle and Falcon, Watergate st. Chesh.*
- 392 *L. of Benevolence, Antelope Inn, Sberborn, Dorset, 1st & 2d Tb.*
- 394 *L. of Friendship and Sincerity, Red Lion Inn, Shaftesb. Dorset, 1st and 3d Tb.*
- 395 *Phoenix L. private Room, Persons occasional*
- 396 *L. of the Black Bear, in the City of Hanover, (have met since 1774)*
- 397 *St. John's L. Golden Cross, Broomsgrove, Worcestersh. 2d & 4th M.*
- 398 *Carnatic Military L. at Velloro, No. 2, Coast of Coromandel*
- 400 *Hiram's L. at Gibraltar*
- 401 *L. of Goodwill, private Room, Braintree, Essex*
- 402 *L. of Sincerity, at the Buck and Vine, Wigan, Lancashire*
- 403 *L. of Harmony, at the Ship, Ormskirk, Lancashire*
- 404 *Snowden L. at the Sportsman, Carnarvon, N. Wales 1787.*
- 405 *L. of St. Charles, at Hildburghausen*
- 406 *St. Matthew's L. Barton upon Humber*
- 407 *Amphibious Lodge, at the Marine Barracks, Stonehouse, near Plymouth*
- 408 *Newtonian L. Elephant & Castle, Knaresborough, 4th M.*
- 410 *L. of Trade & Navigation, New Eagle & Child, Northwich, Chesire, 1st W.*
- 411 *L. of Unity, Three Crowns Inn, Litchfield, 1st & 3d M.*
- 412 *Prince of Wales's Lodge, Star and Garter, Pall Mall*
- 413 *L. Astrea, at Riga, with permission to assemble in the Dutchy of Courland*

- 414 *Royal Denbigh L. at the Crown Inn, at Denbigh, N. Wales*
- 415 L. Abilom, have met since 1740, at Hambourg
- 416 L. St. George, ditto 1743; at ditto
- 417 L. Emanuel, ditto 1774, at ditto
- 418 L. Ferdinand Caroline, ditto 1776, at ditto
- 419 L. of Perfect Harmony, St. Thomas Mount, No. 3, Coast of Coromandel
- 420 L. of Social Friendship, at Madras, No. 4, ditto
- 421 L. at Trichinopoly, No. 3, ditto
- 422 L. of Social Friendship, St. Thomas Mount, No. 6, ditto
- 423 *Prince of Wales's L. White Hart, Gainsborough, Lincolnshire, 3d M.*
- 424 St. Paul's L. Montreal, Canada
- 425 In the Regiment of Anhalt Zerbit
- 426 L. of Unity, at Fort William Henry, in Canada
- 427 St. James's L. at Cataragui, in ditto
- 428 Select L. at Montreal, in ditto
- 429 New Oswegatchie L. in ditto
- 430 St. John's L. at Niagara, in ditto 1788.
- 432 *Wiltshire L. at the Black Swan, Devizes, Wiltshire*
- 433 L. of Unanimity, George Inn, Hlmsifer, Somersetshire, Tu. before full Moon
- 434 *Salepian L. at the Fox, in Shrewsbury, 1st Tu.*
- 435 Bank of England L. Guildhall Coffee House, King st. Cheapside, 4th Th.
- 436 L. of Honour and Perseverance, Ship, Cockermonth, Cumberland, 1st Th.
- 437 *Philanthropic L. Cock & Bell Inn, Melford, Suffolk, Tu. preceding or on full Moon*
- 438 *Duke of York's L. White Bear Inn, Doncaster, 1st M.*
- 439 *Royal Yorkshire L. Devonshire Arms, Kiggley, Yorkshires, 1st M.*
- 440 *The Old Globe L. Old Globe Inn, Scarborough*
- 441 *Lodge of Nuptials, New Market Inn, Manchester*
- 442 L. of Unity, *Royal Oak, Manchester*
- 443 L. of Union, *St. John's Tavern, Manchester*
- 444 L. of Fidelity, *Thorn Inn, Burnley, Lancashire 1789.*
- 445 *Egerton L. Red Lion Inn, Whitcureb, Shropshire*
- 446 *Star and Garter, Pall Mall*
- 447 L. of Unity, at Dantzick
- 448 *St. John's Lodge of Secrecy and Harmony, at Malta*
- 449 *County Stewards' L. Freemasons' Tavern, Great Queen st.*
- 450 *At Fredericks, New Brunswick, N. America*
- 451 *Cambrian L. at the Swan Inn, Brecon, S. Wales, 3d M.*
- 452 *Royal Clarence L. White Horse, Brightelmstene, Suffex, 2d and 4th M.*
- 453 L. of Harmony, at the *White Haec, in the Drapery, Northampton*
- 454 *Benevolent L. at the Angel, Macclesfield, Cheshire*
- 455 *Royal York Lodge, Bush Tavern, Corn st. Bristol, 1st and 3d W.*
- 456 L. Frederick Charles Joseph, of the Golden Wheel, at Mentz
- 457 *Wrekin L. at the Pheasant, Wellington, Shropshire, M. previous to full Moon*
- 458 L. of Tranquillity, *Old Bear's Head, Manchester*
- 459 *Independent L. at the Black Lion and Swan, Congleton, Cheshire*
- 460 *Albion L. at Skipton, Yorkshire*
- 461 L. of Harmony, *Bacchus, Halifax, Yorkshire, 2d M.*
- 462 L. *Good Fellowship, Saracen's Head, Cholmsford, Essex, F. on or preceding full Moon*
- 463 L. of Friendship, at the *Angel, Oldham, Lancashire*
- 464 L. of the North Star, at *Fredricknagore, 7th L. of Bengal*
- 465 *Calpean L. at Gibraltar 1790.*
- 466 *Friendly L. King's Head Tavern, Holborn, 2d Th.*
- 468 *Harmony L. Dolphin Hotel, Chichester, Suffex*
- 469 *Royal Clarence L. George Inn, Frome, Somerset*
- 470 *Corinthian L. at the Ram Inn, Newark, Nottinghamshire, M. near full Moon*
- 471 *St. John's L. at the Lion and Dolphin, Market-place, Leicester, 1st W.*
- 472 L. Archimedes, of the Three Tracing Boards, *Altenburg, Germany*
- 473 L. of the Three Arrows, at *Nurnberg, ditto*
- 474 L. of Constancy, at *Aix la Chapelle, ditto*
- 475 L. of the Rising Sun, at *Kempton, in Sussia, ditto*
- 476 L. of the Temple of True Concord, at *Cassel, ditto*
- 477 L. Charles of Waisy, at *Carlsruhe, ditto*



- 478 L. of Perfect Equality, at Creyfeld, ditto
- 479 L. Astrea, of the Three Elms, at Ulm, ditto
- 480 L. St. Charles of the Red Tower, at Ratibon, ditto
- 481 L. of Solid Friendship, at Trichinopoly, No. 7, Coast of Coromand
- 482 Lodge of Benevolence, Red Lion, Stockport, Cheshire
- 483 Rein Deer Inn, Worcester, 2d and 4th Tb.
- 484 Lodge of Fortitude, at the Golden Shoal, - Worcester  
1791.
- 485 Silurian L. King's Head Inn, Kingston, Herefordshire
- 486 L. of Friendship, Gibraltar
- 487 Bedford L. King's Arms, Tavistock, Devonshire, 1st and 3d W.
- 488 Lodge of Amity, Swan Inn, Rochdale, Lancashire
- 489 At Aberystwith, South Wales
- 490 L. of the Silent Temple, at Hildesheim, in Germany
- 491 Doric L. Ship Tavern, Grantbam, Lincolnshire, 2d F.
- 492 St. John's L. at the Talbot, Henley in Arden, Warwickshire, 1st and 3d F.
- 493 Loyal and Prudent L. Leeds, Yorkshire
- 494 Lodge of Love and Harmony, Barbadoes.  
1792.
- 495 At Bulam, on the Coast of Africa
- 496 North Nottinghamshire L. Town Hall, East Retford, 2d F.
- 497 Lodge of St. George, at a private Room, North Shields, Northumberland
- 498 Rawdon L. between the Lakes in Upper Canada
- 499 Faithful L. at Biddeford, Devon
- 500 L. of Prudence, at the Three Tuns, Halesworth, Suffolk
- 501 Man and Moon, St. Mary's, Norwich
- 502 L. of Love and Honour, Bell Inn, Skipton Mallet, Somerset, 2d and 4th Tu. Win. 2d Tu. Sum.
- 503 Royal Gloucester L. East Street, Southampton
- 504 Samaritan L. at the Devonshire Arms, Kiggly, Yorkshire
- 505 Philanthropic L. Devonshire Arms, Skipton, Yorkshire
- 506 L. of the Three Graces, Barnoldswick, in Craven, Yorkshire, 2d Sa.
- 507 Bermuda L. at St. George's, in Bermuda
- 508 Noah's Ark L. Canal Coffee House, Middlewich, Cheshire
- 509 L. of Unanimity, Stockport, Cheshire, 1st W. after full Moon
- 510 Urania L. Angel Inn, Glamford-Briggs, Lincolnshire
- 511 L. of Harmony, Black Dog, Newchurch, Rossendale, Lancashire
- 512 Lodge of Fidelity, White Horse, Bear-lane, Leeds  
1793.
- 513 White Hart, Huddersfield, Yorkshire
- 514 Union Lodge, Rose, Edgbaston St. Birmingham. W. on or before full Moon
- 515 Cambridge New Lodge, Red Lion, Cambridge
- 516 Shakespeare L. White Lion, Stratford upon Avon, Warwickshire
- 517 Rural Philanthropic L. Highbridge Inn, Huntspill, Somersetshire, Tu. preceding full Moon
- 518 At the Castle, Lord St. Liverpool
- 519 Scarsdale L. Angel Inn, Chesterfield, Derbyshire
- 520 The King's Friends Lodge, Three Pigeons, Nantwich, Cheshire
- 521 Union L. at Cornwall, in Upper Canada
- 522 St. John's L. of Friendship, at Montreal
- 523 Friendly Brothers L. at the Buck, Newcastle, Staffordshire, 1st W.
- 524 L. of Urbanity, Bear Inn, Wincanton, Somersetshire, 1st F.
- 525 Constitutional L. at the Tigers, Beverley, Yorkshire
- 526 Union L. Macclesfield, Cheshire, 1st Tb.
- 527 Royal Brunswick Lodge, Royal Oak, Sheffield, Yorkshire
- 528 At Chunar in the East Indies, 8th Lodge of Bengal
- 529 L. of Mars, Cawnpore, 9th Lodge of Bengal
- 530 Witham L. Rein Deer Inn, City of Lincoln
- 531 L. of Unity, Half Moon, Market-place, Yarmouth, Norfolk, M. nearest full Moon
- 532 L. of Harmony, Blue Ball, Rochdale, Lancashire
- 533 Royal Edward Lodge, Red Lion, Leominster, Herefordshire, 2d M.
- 534 L. of St. John, at the Grapes, Lancaster  
1794.
- 535 Lodge of Emulation, Marquis of Granby, Darford, Kent, Tu. nearest full Moon
- 536 L. of Minerva, King's Arms, Ashton under Line, Lancashire

- 537 *The Apollo Lodge, Angel, Alkester, Warwickshire, 1st and 3d W.*
- 538 *L. of Unity and Friendship, New Bear Inn, Bradford, Wilt.*
- 539 *L. of Hope, at the Duke of York, Bradford, Yorkshire*
- 540 *Benevolent L. at the Newfoundland Fishery, Teignmouth, Devon*
- 541 *L. in Cheshire Militia*
- 542 *Philanthropic Lodge, Crown Inn, Kirkgate, Leeds*
- 543 *Crown Inn, Nantwich, Cheshire, Th. near full Moon*
- 544 *Apollo L. White Lion, Beccles, Suffolk 1795.*
- 545 *L. of St. Winifred, King's Head, Holywell, Flintshire*
- 546 *Alfred L. private Room, Leeds*
- 547 *St. Bartholomew's L. White Lion, Fawley, Tamworth, Staffordshire, 2d Tu.*
- 548 *L. of Peace & Good Neighbourhood, Wynnstay, Denbighshire 1796.*
- 549 *Loyal Halifax L. Ring of Bells, Halifax, Yorkshire, 3d M.*
- 550 *L. of Prince George, White Lion, Mowrib, Yorkshire, 1st W.*
- 551 *L. of Harmony, Fountain Tavern, Gosport*
- 552 *Perfick L. Horse and Star, Woolwich*
- 553 *L. of Strict Benevolence, Maid's Head, Lynn, Norfolk*
- 554 *Vallis L. of Peace and Concord, Wheat Sheaf, Newport, Isle of Wight, 2d M.*
- 555 *Union L. Grapes Inn, Carlisle*
- 556 *Ebenezer L. Pately Bridge, Yorkshire*
- 557 *South Saxon L. Star Inn, Leominster, Suffolk*

*Table of the Town, Country, and Foreign, Lodges, with Reference to the Numerical List; by the Number of each Lodge.*

TOWN-LODGES, according to their Days of Meeting.

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- |                            |                                 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1st.—5, 22, 180, 203, 238. | 3d.—7, 12, 110, 188, 249, 390.  |
| 1st. & 3d.—18.             | 4th.—20, 30, 50, 186, 242, 321. |
| 2d.—26, 322, 327, 380.     | Last.—355.                      |
| 2d. & 4th.—2, 228.         |                                 |

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| 1st.—185, 283, 325.             | 2d. and 4th.—32.       |
| 1st. & 3d.—4, 90, 142.          | 3d.—92, 183, 211, 339. |
| 2d.—43, 95, 104, 178, 182, 231. |                        |

W E D N E S D A Y S.

- |                               |                        |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1st.—134, 205, 236.           | 3d.—8, 113, 218.       |
| 1st. & 3d.—1, 6, 57, 263.     | 4th.—55, 66, 117, 118. |
| 2d.—29, 54, 68, 56, 258, 387. | Last.—340.             |
| 2d. & 4th.—3, 257.            |                        |

T H U R S D A Y S.

- |  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1st.—14, 21, 25, 41, 49, 72, 97, 217, 287. | 2d. & 4th.—9, 23, 53.   |
| 2d.—67, 215, 239, 264, 466.                | 3d.—128, 131, 169, 184. |
|  | 4th.—60, 69, 435.       |

F R I D A Y S.

- 1st.—171. — 2d.—330. — 3d.—27. — 4th.—124.

TOWN

## TOWN LODGES.

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FOREIGN LODGES.

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	420	Trichinopoly	421
Veilore	398		481
<b>COAST OF MALABAR.—Bombay</b>		139	
<b>SUMATRA.</b>			
Bencoolen	200	Fort Marlbor.	274
CPINA.—Canton			225
AFRICA.—Bulam			495
<b>IN MILITARY CORPS, not ſtationary.</b>			
King's own Regiment of Foot			112
52d Reg. of Foot			156
24th Ditto (Gibraltar)			233
2d or Coldſtream Reg. of Guards			322
6th or Innſkilling R. of Drag.			355
1ſt Reg. of Dragoon Guards			342
East Yorkſhire Reg. of Militia			356
N. Reg. of Devon Militia			364
34th Reg. of Foot			377
44th Reg. Ditto			375
Reg. of Anhalt Zerbit			245



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