







A very faint, light-colored watermark or background image of a classical building with four prominent columns and a triangular pediment occupies the center of the page.

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'THE WORK
OF
PHILOPE' PONIA,
for accomplishing

THE ELLIXER

1587.

ঢ় দ ঘ ঘ ঠ.

Copied from an Ancient Manuscript.

1797.

The M. S. from which the
following pieces were transcribed
and his life:

"1587 Philope Ponie his Work.

To make the ♀ of Life according
. to Quercitans Daughter,
being the Workse."

The M. S. From several notes on
the margin, in the same hand writ-
ting as the text, appears not to be
an original but a copy or trans-
lation.

Some of the matter written on
the margin of the original, has
in making the present copy been
transferred to the body of the text,

but they are distinguished by a different hand writing & by being put between crochets [thus].

Some of the words written in parenthesis (thus) appear to be additions by some former transcriber, as ^{they} seem in some places to mar the sense. They are preserved in the present copy.

Those marginal notes which seemed to have no relation to the text are copied on the present margins, in an upright character.

In one or two places of the present copy a word is introduced between crochets, but not in upright hand, where any expletive seemed necessary.

They relate chiefly to the author's
preparations, to prevent the one
from being mistaken for the
other - as in p. 24, the word
[Truly] is introduced to mark
more clearly the ♀ of which he
is speaking.

The recapitulation given at
the end makes no part of the
original: it is by another hand.

PHILOPE PONIA'S WORK

To make the ♀ of Life, according to Quæfitaun's
Daughter: being the Work &c. &c.

Take 2 lib of ♀r and 1 lib of Regulus
of ♂. Your Al must be made thus:
first make a Al from ♂ alone, then
add & its half part, (which is the
Philosophers O.) Flux it and cleanse
it well with ♀ 2 parts and ♂ one
part of a powder composed of these
two i.e ♀ and ♂ cast now and then
a little upon the metallic matter.
Let all flow well: then cast it out
properly, and, being cold weigh

the Reguline composition of ♂ and ♀, and to it add its equal weight of ♀, that is Verdegrese (which is the Philosophers Luna) Let all be first well mixed, and in a large ♂ fluxed and purfied with the said mixed salt and ♀. When pur and clean you have then the true matter.

Of this matter take 1 lib. and 2 lib as mentioned before of ♀r, all in fine powder [But take notice that common ♀r will not do: you must prepare a ♀ yourself. It requires both judgement and labour to get master of the Secret o' Diana's Doves] Mix them well and put them in a quart

retort in sand use a very easy fire for six hours: then raise the Δ , the body of your O being covered with the sand. There will then come off a butter and a running ♀ which you must sever, each from the other.

The running ♀ is thy ♀ of life the butter or oil is the philosophic Vegetable soul. [This ♀ of life should be animated with the ♀ taken out of the caput mortuum which remains in the O after the o and ♀ is come over.]

How to Chymate this ♀ vine or live ♀,
 so as to convert it into Solar or
 Double ♀ - the true ♀ of the
 Philosophers; for this ♀
 serves only for Multipli-
 cation - not for the
 Composition.

Take pure gold, several times pu-
 nified by E, so that the smallest im-
 purity may not remain in it 1 $\frac{1}{3}$
 and of the aforesaid live ♀, after
 it has been animated with its
 red ♀, and washed and cleansed;
 3xii: put them in a marble mor-
 tar and with the pestle work
 them into an $\bar{a}\bar{a}\bar{a}$: add some

pure white Θ and grind it well w^t it : and then with pure fountain water wash the ḥāā, and ground it again with fresh common Θ, and again wash it with fountain v. At every washing you are to have off the v before you grind fresh Θ in with the ḥāā. This washing and grinding with Θ you are to repeat so often till the v at last come off pure and clean as when first poured on.

When by this means your ḥāā is become exceeding pure strain it through thin shamoey leather, & to the lump remaining in the leather, that is what refuses to go

through, put 3vij more of your
 ♀ of life, and then grind and
 wash the $\bar{\alpha} \bar{\alpha} \bar{\alpha}$ strangely with
 common Θ as before, and wash
 it with Δ till exceeding pure.

Then dry your $\bar{\alpha} \bar{\alpha} \bar{\alpha}$ well, and
 again strain it through leather;
 and to what remains in the
 leather add the ♀ which comes
 through in your first straining.
 Add it by little and little, and
 wash and grind it with Θ, and
 wash it, and dry it and strain
 it through leather as before.

This work you must repeat till
 all your ♀ and ♂ pass through,
 leaving nothing behind in the

leather. So long as any thing remains you must again amalgamate, grind wash and strain till all goe through the leather.

Your Zi of gold will require $\frac{3}{2}$ xx of your Liver ♀ to carry it all through.

All your ♂ and ♀ being pressed through the leather then, in a glass matress, close luted, having a long neck digest in Balmeo for 15 days.

At the end of that time press it again through leather, the more to attenuate it, and grind again, as before, with ♂ and wash it and dry it; & then set it again

in Balnes for 3 or 4 days and now above all you must have great store of patience till all first traps through the leather.

Then put it into a glas Δ coated, and in sand, set low, give first a very gentle fire for 6 or 8 hours, the head & body of the Δ being covered with sand to cast more heat over the whole. After 6 or 8 hours gently increase the Δ , and having a large receiver, half filled with cold Δ , the \mathbb{F} with the \mathbb{O} in its belly will arise in fumes and settle into drops, and fall into the Δ in the receiver.

If any parts of your ☽ have not come over with your ♀ but remain behind in the ♂ amalgamate such ☽ again with your ♀. This you must repeat till all the ☽ be come over in the belly of your ♀ and nothing be left in the bottom of the ♂, excepting only a little greyish ♂, which if you flux down will become a glass body only.

Now have you the Double ♀,
made by ♀, or our ♀ Animated;
which is for the first Conjunction
in the Composition for the Elixer,
sought by many but found by few.

To make the Leaven or Ferment,

Take a most subtle ☽ calyx
To $\frac{3}{4}$ of pure gold put $\frac{3}{4}$ of the
first made ♀, that is the ♀ of life,
and amalgamate them together.
Then draw off the ♀ per △. Pur-
ify the ♀ to what remains behind, and
grind with ☽ and wash with △
so long as any soil will come off.
Then dry it and draw the ♀ from
it again. This repeat so often till
the ☽ be brought into subtle atoms
and then it is fit for the work.

Then proceed as follows:

Take the $\frac{3}{4}$ in of Gold calx you have prepared as above, and of the ♀ of ☽ or Double ♀ animated (made as already shown by introducing $1\frac{1}{3}$ of pure ☽ into the belly of $\frac{3}{4}$ xx of ♀ and working as directed in the process - It is then called ♀ animated, or Double ♀ of ☽) Give: put them together, and suddenly, in a moment, the ♀ will swallow the Gold ♀ (or calx) into his body, even as one drop of △ mingled with another.

Strain the $\text{\AA}\text{\AA}$, which you will thus obtain, through a cloth, keeping carefully by itself that $\frac{1}{2}$ of \odot which runs through, and which will serve you another time.

Upon that which remains in the cloth, which will be about 1 ounce of $\frac{1}{2}$ of \odot and $1\frac{1}{2}$ ounce of $\odot\Psi$, or Leaven, drop, by little & little, a portion of the Spirit vegetatent (the white so taught how to be made, before) so as to moisten it: taking care to keep grinding & and mingling all well together, as you add the σ (or so) till it becomes soft as paste. You

are to observe no other rule as to weight or measure.

Having brought it into such a form you will, on a sudden, see wonders, when the Soul (the white so or Gummy liquor) of the said Vegetating Spirit enters, by means of the Spirit (it is called the σ), which is the σ of \circ , within the Body of \circ . (Now the $\circ\sigma$ or Leaven is called Body: which makes the Philosophers say that their Stone is composed of Body, Soul and Spirit. There is some \circ also in the Double σ - a twentieth part nearly.) The Soul, and that by means of the said Spirit, shall

join itself with its body - the
three becoming but one. And
the said body of ♂, which before
was dead, being by that only
and admirable means anima-
ted, dignified, and replenished
with a vegetating life, will
then have an inward multiply-
ing power; and like the seeds
and spores of living creatures
and plants will have the fa-
culty of growing and of produ-
cing fruit.

This is the first Ferment, which
being close dried will be in the
consistence of a powder, of a
purple orange colour, from

which you shall separate, after digestion to dry the body, by Distillation or sublimation, that which the body could not retain, by a most gentle heat. You will then have a powder which is our True Ferment, which use as follows:

The Use of the True Ferment.

Body	$\frac{3}{4}$	True Ferment
Spirit	$\frac{3}{4}$	Double ♀
Soul, some drops of	♀ white	80

Take $\frac{3}{4}$ of your True Ferment (that is the Purple Powder of the last process) and the same quantity of your ♀ of ♂, Double ♀, your ferment being in powder, and put them together into a glass matress of a convenient size.

which you will then put upon hot ashes. You will then see that in the twinkling of an eye all will be congealed, and presently after fixed.

This is what all the Philosophers testify - that if you do not see, from the very beginning, and instantly, that this effect is produced you may be assured that the work is not right.

If it be not sufficiently fixed you shall know it by throwing a little of your mixture into melted \odot . If it shews itself to be not fixed let it be di-

yested in the forward mattof
for certain days.

Then to this $1\frac{1}{2}$ ℥ of Ferment,
now fixed, add of fresh ♀ or ♂,
or Double ♀ its equal weight as
before, and proceed as already
directed and you will see that
all will become fixed..

Then have you the Kelis or
Arock (that is ♀ of Philosophers)
and the bals of the Sages — Phi-
losophical ♂ full of life and heat,
and virtue Multiplicative; —
which is not common ♂: so
say all the Philosophers, because
it is quite of another virtue &
property. Now have you the

* and now increased to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ℥ by the ♀ of ♂ fixed
with it.

Key of Riches; for after this you need nothing but to augment it in quantity by taking $\frac{1}{2}$ i of the True Ferment and $\frac{1}{2}$ i of your Double ♀ of ♂, and thus digesting all your powder (True Ferment) in hot ashes; for so within the space of two days all will be fixed. Then add its equall weight of your Double ♀ of ♂ and digest your powder again as before, ^{you may keep} and so multiplying it in this manner, from day to day, ad infinitum. But without such a Ferment being previously prepared you must concoct it 3 or 4 months.

When you have a great quantity of this powder, prepared as you ^{have been} directed, one part of this mineral you may reduce into Gold, reserving the other part for multiplication to infinity.

To bring the said Ferment to
The Elixer.

You are to notice that what you have obtained cannot yet make projection. This circumstance has deceived many; for it has not the power of making ingests into metals, it being fixed at the first dash. When

you have prepared the ferment
shown before (i.e. the ferment
of the last process) take $\frac{3}{4}$ of
it, and of your double ♀ $\frac{3}{4}$, &
without Δ make an $\bar{a}\bar{a}\bar{a}$ —
then grind digest and distill
it per \odot as you did when
making the Double ♀; and
animate it so often that your
fixed ferment or living gold
may become volatile, in the
same manner as you did
the ♀ of \odot which was before
dead and without virtue.

Observe that by this operation
you will quicken it, and the
or also, viz the ♀, and you

will make it become Double
& truly animated, whereas the
other was not of that effect or
power, and so you shall have
a true & Philosophical, and far
more excellent than before.

This is the living fountain
of Trevisan where he saw the
King come to bathe himself.

Sake then 3v of the said
[my] Animated ♀, and $\frac{3}{4}$ of the
foresaid ferment, keeping the
other 3v of the said ♀ for the
second Multiplication and Fer-
mentation. Put all into a
glass in the form of an Egg:
seal it hermetically and set

it in an Athanor to be digested
or boiled. Give it a vaporous,
circulating, airy, dry & moist,
which is as good as that made
with S.V. and at the end of 40
days you will see blackness.
Continue the same degree of
heat until it becomes white,
which will appear within 4
months or thereabouts.

There being then no more
danger give a stronger △
- increasing in one degree until
all come into a powder. You
are then quite safe. Increase
your △, by little and little,
till our King put on his

purple robes - that is purple
red.

Then to this glorious powder add
your Zn of Animated ♀, which
you have in reserve, made of
your first ferment, and Digest
it again in the same furnace,
and you will see it a second
time pass through all the colours
- But all will be done this time
in 30 or 40 days. I had Zn of Elixer.

Projection.

Then I made projection, which
went one upon ten of Luna, &
one upon twenty of Quicksilver.

Multiplication.

While my Elixer was Digesting
 I made more of my Double Ani-
 mated ♀, which I animated with
 my Leaven or ferment; and 2^d [or
 truly] Animated ♀ made with my
 ☽♀, which I made as my former
 ♀, animating it with $\frac{3}{2}$ of Fer-
 ment. This I had ready as the
 proper milk to nourish the infant
 with.

$\frac{3}{2} \cdot 10 \frac{1}{2}$

Upon 10 ounces which I had of
 Elixer I put 10 ounces of my Double
 [Truly] Animated, last prepared ♀,
 and sealed my glass and set it
 to Decoet as before, till it passed

through all the colours, which it did in a shorter time than either of the two former fermentations required.

The colours you may see by having a glass window in the furnace wherein your glasses stand.

Then I made projection of one upon 100 of silver, and one upon 200 of Quicksilver; reserving for projection 3*oz* of my Elixer, the Red purple powder.

The rest of my Elixer I fermented as before with its equal weight of my last made Animated $\frac{1}{4}$, : truly animated double $\frac{1}{4}$; and Digested again, and it passed

the colours — and in projection
it went 1 upon 1000 of ♂ and 1
upon 10,000 of ♀, made & purified
as at the first.

Thus may you multiply it to
infinity in weight and virtue,
by the ♀ of Life. — See how the
♀ of Life is made, in the beginning
of this work.

FINIS.

ADDENDA.

To make Cement of ♂, or Leaven.

Take two Drachms of Gold, first well refined at the best, and then by the ♂ horn: beat it into thin plates, or leaves, and amalgamate it with common, purified ♀ two Drachms. Strain the ♂.♂.♂ through a linnen cloth, and to that which remains in the cloth, which will be like a ball, put double its weight of flowers of ♀. Set it on the △ in a larger roomy ♀, and

I wish that
these ♀s dont
mean ♀s.
I. it means ♀s /

To make 1 part
of ♂ requires at
least 4 p of ♀,
with equal parts
it is absolutely im-
possible consequently
this proceede is con-
neous,

/ I have proceed
like this of Mr
Lentz, which he and
I have done /

/ a Capital Ingred:
which is volatile
it must be
added if

keep stirring it constantly with a
stick, taking care however to avoid
the fumes, which are of a noxious
nature, untill all the ♀ and ♀
be consumed; which will be a
days work.

/ it is done in 1/2
an hour /
except you had 2 or 3 $\frac{1}{2}$
of a $\ddot{\text{a}}$ which might
(take for 4 hours time)
/ the second time
it stinks with
difficulty and the
3^d time not at
all. /

Then take the powder which
will remain in the ♀, and
amalgamate it again with ♀
the like quantity, and then treat
it with flowers of ♀ as before.

Do so three several times, and
at the last, give it a good strong
heat, that all the ♀ may be
driven away, and then you
will find your ♂ in the form
of a fine sand-like powder.

Upon this Powder pour three times its weight of X or R made with Nitre and Sal-armoniac; and in a gentle heat dissolve it in the R . by putting the glass in which your R and powder are upon warm ashes.

Let it stand a little and then pour in $\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{3}{5}$ of F . act the F . the Z mentioned whole stand for 24 hours and the F will draw into itself the O .

Then pour off the X or R from the $\text{aa}\bar{a}$ now formed in the bottom of your vessel; and strain the $\text{aa}\bar{a}$ through a linnen cloth that you may separate as much of the F as will pass through.

Z mentioned
then prove that
he took at first
 Z and not Z' .
 $\text{O}.$

* Surely the $\text{aa}\bar{a}$
must be first
well washed; or
else the R will
burn the cloth.

The globule or ball that remains in the linnen you are to put into a ♀ on the Δ, and then, with a strong heat, drive away all the remaining ♀ from the ⊖ - so shall you have behind, in the ♀ a fine subtle powder which is ♀ of ⊖, or the first Leaven, or Cement, or Herment.

To prepare a ♀ of ⊖ proper and Serviceable for this work.

/ This requires great caution, because the ⊖ fulminates in the Δ with the ⊗ and breaks the vessels into pieces/

Take ⊖ * and ⊖ of each a like quantity and draw off an A. In this A or R dissolve one ounce of purified ⊖, and afterwards

1. I would pour cautiously and gradually will rectify it of sea ⊖ into a of ⊖ or R as this forms a most admirable Rx. The best of all and made without any danger or trouble when one has lost it found if this is called by Sir Robert Boyle Menoshum / peculiar manner/ It is prudent to pour the a ⊖ gradually into the a of sea ⊖, and not the contrary/

precipitate it with 80 of Tartar, pouring it in drops by drops, which will make the powder of ♂ fall to the bottom. Continue to add the 80 of Tartar till no more ♂ will fall and the 80 ceases to make any more noise.

Then pour off, by inclination, all that is clear and decrify the ♂ which remains at the bottom by often washing it with fair ▽.

Then dry it in a box in the *l. aurum fulmineum;*
^{nor in the sun;} it must be a wooden box; for if you should dry it in a glass you run a risque of having it blown in

pieces - for this powder easily taketh flame by the smallest friction; and there is not any thing in nature that so easily taketh Δ . It explodes with a great noise.

Take this powder and grind it upon a marble stone with so of ♀ [Taking care to add the so of ♀ before you begin to rub it] and then dry it.

Again grind it with so of ♀ and dry it; and repeat the grinding with so of ♀ and drying so often untill the said powder hath drunk in four times its own weight of the so of ♀ .

Then put it in a Matress close
sealed and set it in NB for the
space of 40 89. at the end of -
which time you will find your
powder changed into a ♀.

End of the Manuscript.

The Adenda on this and the 6
preceding pages are evidently by a
different hand than the author of the
text of Philopeponia.

A

RECAPITULATION:

Briefly Explaining

the

PRINCIPAL OPERATIONS

in the

FOREGOING WORK.

RECAPITULATION.

In different parts of the foregoing works there appears, on first sight, some ambiguity of expression, which requires a little attention to be understood thoroughly: in the following summary I have therefore endeavoured to avoid any confusion of names, which is the principal defect in the work itself. Whether the names employed are the best that might have been adopted it is unnecessary to enquire: all that is necessary,

is to avoid the indiscriminate
use of any of them; or putting
one for another.

The first Work

Treat 2 lbs of ♀r with 1 lb of
stellated M*t*ii S*is* ♀is, as directed
in pages 1, 2 and 3, and you will
have a running ♀, and a mar-
tial Buller of ♂ impregnated w.
the tincture of ♀.

The ♀ of Life - or Live ♀,

is the running ♀ obtained by the
above process: what the author

means by animating this ♀ with
the ♀ left in the ☰ he does not
explain:

The Vegetable Soul

is the Martial Butter of ♂, also
obtained in the first work; and
is the same that he afterwards
calls (page 12) the Spirit Vegeta-
tive, and (in page 13) the Soul.

The Solar, or Double ♀.

This is prepared by amalgamating Pure Gold Zi, with ♀ of
Life or Sinc ♀ Zxii, as directed.

in pages 4, 5, 6 and 7 and then
distilling per 10 as directed in
pages 8 and 9.

The amalgamation and
distillation must be repeated
till the ♀ of life carry over all
the ♂ in his belly into the re-
ceiver.

The Leaven or ferment;

This is neither more nor less
than converting 3*ii* of pure ♂
into an impalpable powder
or ♀, by amalgamating it w/
3*vi* of the ♀ of life, and then

distilling pur W as directed in p
page 10: taking care to repeat
the process, grinding the $\ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}$
each time with Θ and washing
it with ∇ , till the \odot becomes a
subtil \mathcal{E} — and —

Secondly

Joining the above $\frac{3}{4}$ of
Gold \mathfrak{F} or Leaven with $\frac{3}{4}$ of the
Solar or Double \mathfrak{F} . They are
no sooner put together than they
make a most perfect $\ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}$ —
(page 11.) The $\ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}$ being strained
through linnen preserves the \mathfrak{F}
for a future occasion. The

lump that remains in the cloth
is then moistened and ground
up with some of the Vegetable
soil (the Butter) See pages 12
and 13. The mass then becomes
what the Author in page 14
calls

The first Ferment

but in page 15 he calls it

The true Ferment

which I think it should always
be called.

of this True Ferment he takes
 $\frac{3}{4}$ [which is about the whole
quantity he had made; for
he had no more than what
the $\frac{3}{4}$ of \odot^4 produced, which
perhaps might be augmented
a little by the \odot carried in the
belly of the Double ♀ i.e. $\frac{1}{20}$ th
of $\frac{3}{4}$; but if the ♀ when sepa-
rated by straining still carried
his animating \odot in his belly
along with him, then there
could be only $\frac{3}{4}$ of True
Ferment.] This $\frac{3}{4}$ of True fer-
ment and the same quantity
of Solar or Double ♀ he puts
upon hot ashes or \therefore in a

glass matress and the mats become fixed. When fixed he adds another $\frac{3}{4}$ of Double ♀ to it which also becomes fixed by the same process that fixed the former $\frac{3}{4}$.

By becoming fixed I think the author means that the double ♀ incorporates itself with the True ferment and becomes a powder of a purple orange colour like the True ferment i.e. it becomes one with it: so that in fact this is a multiplication of the true ferment in quantity by means of the Double ♀.

This powder, now multiplied, in quantity he calls Rebis or Azoch - the Calx of the Sages, or Philosophical Gold, page 17.

By what is directed in page 18 I think the author simply means that the process for multiplying the powder or True ferment, or Azoch, is to be continued by adding more of the Double & to the fixed powder and digesting in hot ashes till it becomes fixed; and then adding more and digesting again - for the virtue of the powder is such that fresh Double & may be added to it

and fixed by digestion ad infinitum.

This powder obtained and afterwards multiplied as directed in the process, though it has not yet the power of tinging is in fact a transmuted ♀, and may be reduced by fusion into fine ♂. Take care, however, to preserve a sufficient quantity with which to make:

The Double ♀ truly animated,
which is absolutely necessary to
the perfecting of the Elixer, and

is done by making an $\alpha\alpha\alpha$ with $\frac{3}{12}$ of the powder of which we have been speaking, and $\frac{3}{12}$ of Double ♀; which is then to be ground with Θ , washed with water, strained through leather, and distilled per D, exactly in the same manner as was done in preparing the Double ♀ itself - repeating the work till the ♀ carry over all the powder, in his belly, into the receiver. It was before a Double ♀ animated, but by this process it becomes Double ♀ truly animated.

The Elixer

You should now have about $\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ of Double & truly animated, viz the product of $10\frac{2}{3}$ of Double & and $1\frac{1}{2}\frac{2}{3}$ of the True ferment. To $5\frac{2}{3}$ of the Double & truly animated, put $1\frac{1}{2}\frac{2}{3}$ of the forward ferment, and in a proper glass, put it in the furnace and proceed as directed in pages 21 & 22. Continue a proper heat and in due time it will become white and at last red.

The powder so obtained I consider as a real tincture; but our author does not make any projection with it in this state. He took his remain-

remaining 5 $\frac{2}{3}$ of Double & truly Animate [6 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ should have remained, but perhaps he reserved some, or had made projection with a part of it] and to the 5 $\frac{2}{3}$ joined his finished Red powder or Elixer and then digested as before. This I would call

The first Multiplication

though the Author has not noted it as such, or under that name; for it went through all the colours and in 30 or 40 days was again regenerated; and he had now 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ of Elixer. (page 23.)

He now made Projection,

Projection,

and seems to have made use of half-an ounce of his Elixer; for at his

Second Multiplication

he made use of $10\frac{2}{3}$ of Elixer [he had $10\frac{2}{3}$] and $10\frac{2}{3}$ of Double & truly animated; which he sealed in its glass and decocted or digested as before; only it passed through all the colours in a much shorter space of time than either of the two former digestions had taken. (Page 24) It was now increased in power as well as in quantity; for at the first projection made mention of by the author his

Elixer went only 1 upon 10 of Liveras &
1 upon 200 of ♀, but now it went 1 upon
100 of ♂ and 1 upon 200 of ♀.

Again he made multiplication in
quantity and power, by repeating the
same process; but here it should be
assumed that the proportions between
the power of the Elixer upon ♂ and ♀
differ from what they were before; for
now instead of going only twice as far
upon ♀ as upon ♂ it goes ten times as
far, viz 1 upon 1000 of ♂ and 1 upon
10,000 of ♀. I am inclined to think that
some mistake of a figure has been made
in copying from the original work; or
else the author had used a less quantity

of ♀ in his two first projections than
might have been transmuted by the
power of his Elixer.

FINIS.

*THE PROCESS
OF
PHILLIP PONEY,
for accomplishing
THE TINCTURE,
AS PRACTISED BY
QUERCITAN'S DAUGHTER*

Copied from an Antient M.S.

1805



Copy of a Letter, addressed
to M^r. Martin Niel,
By the Daughter of Quercitano
on the Philosophers Stone.

Although all things under heaven
are composed of the four elements
yet one of the principal points ne-
cessary to be known by those who
travel after the Stone is to reduce
and convert a thing into its first
matter. This might be done by
extraction, yet know that these
extractions are but a mere abuse,
for as much as the said four
elements, although they be the
principle and matter of the
Stone, as well as of all other things,
are but the matter afar off, and

not the nearest to be framed or made into metal, which they search for.

Wherefore every kind ought to be sought in his own kind, man begetting man, and horse his like. Therefore they greatly abuse themselves that work upon strange matters, too remote from the metallic nature, and who do not see that all the Philosophers generally affirm, that every metal is engendered of his own proper seed, which they call their Argent vive. It is then that vive which, by their authority we must search for as the matter of our stone.

In respect of the admirable

affinity that the said philosophi-
cal argent vine hath with silver
and gold, which we principally
aim at in imitating Nature, this
ought to invite us when we see,
this great affinity of ♀ in all
properties, faculties, substances
and qualities with the said ☽,
especially the finer it is, to consi-
der ♀ as the nearest matter to ☽
and ☾, since these two metals, as
well as all others, may be reduced
by art (which is very easy to
those that know it) into ♀,
as is testified by those who have
actually done it. For, according
to the saying of the Philosophers,
every thing is composed of that
into which it may be reduced

and converted, even as ice, which by heat may be converted into water, was made from water. Whence it comes that & which is the subject of the matter of our Stone is the subject upon which we ought to operate — following or imitating Nature which in all her generations hath not only need of matter but likewise of form to give form to matter which is the end and scope which she intends for her perfection

This form ought to be searched for and taken from that which we would accomplish; and in as much as that is D or O, we ought for D to work

in D, and for O in O, without
commixion of any strange thing
or matter, not of their proper na-
ture: even as Nature does not
intermingle any strange thing
in the production of animals
or vegetables.

And as the seed of living crea-
tures and of trees and plants,
must be sown, ^{the} first in their
proper matrices and the other
sown or planted in their
proper earth well manured
and prepared; to the end that
within their proper matrix &
their agreeing earth their semi-
nal virtue may be brought
from potency into action,
by means of one natural course,

to make a new generation. So it is with the seed of metals: the said quicksilver or mercury vine ought to be sown in its proper earth and matrix, which is the perfect body [O or D] with which the said spermatick & matter will contain itself, digest itself, ripen and perfect itself, to produce in the end the fruit so much desired.

But as every generation has its own appropriate seed, as the grain of corn to engender corn and the grain of hemp to engender hemp, for each sort can produce only its own like, so likewise every mercury vine is not philosophers & to

engender our stone: for to make
O you must have the mercury
vine of O, and to make D you
must have the mercury vine of
D, or such a mercury at least
as is animated with one or the
other perfect metal; to the end
that it may be, by that means,
concocted and digested, and
be of another nature than the
common ♀, which is raw and
undigested, and by consequence
not convenient for our work,
by reason of his contrary tem-
perament to that of O, and un-
fit to be joined to the perfect
body, for the raw and the ripe
cannot agree together. The true
sign to know the matter of our

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Stone is the sympathy and concordance which it ought to have with that which we wish to make, namely C or D, as we have before observed. This is the reason why we must search for and employ, in our foresaid work, such a ♀ as we have spoken of, which is expressly called the ♀ of the Philosophers, because by them it is engendered; that is from them it has received its properties. This is a point which must be well considered and attended to.

Further it must be observed that even good seed, notwithstanding its seminal virtue, may be drowned or lost. If sown

in marshy or barren ground, or
in ground or earth of an evil
quality, or that hath not been
well manured, the seed will often
degenerate and instead of gather-
ing good grain like what was
sown in such earth you shall
reap nothing but weeds. So in
like manner it is not suffici-
ent that a philosopher have
a good & vive: it is necessary that
he also curiously prepare and
manure his earth (the Ⓛ or Ⓜ)
and cleanse it well from all
impurities and superfluities, &
attenuate and reduce it into
fine, subtle, impalpable flour,
powder, or meal of Philosophers

earth; to the end that the said mercury may join and mingle itself inseparably with the foresaid body; which cannot come to pass when the body is hard & compact such as it is by nature.

Naw when you have the seed, that is the ♀ vive such as ought to be prepared, and also the perfect body which serves you for a matrix and earth well manured and prepared, yet this is not all you require. You need still that vegetative; soul which dwells potentially within the seed of living creatures and in the seed of plants, but not in the same manner in minerals. Therefore you must

search for it; for without this
soul your operations would be
all in vain, since the Subtile
Spirit (which is ♀ prepared) can
never perfectly join itself with
the Solid Body (that is gold) if
it be not by the means of the
said soul, which partakes —
something of the nature of both
(the spirit and the body)

The Philosophers affirm that
there can be no radical entrance
of one thing into another but
by a medium, which is the
said soul, which hath some-
thing of the spirit & of the body. And
this soul, in our works, is called
the Ferment. For even as the
soul of man quickens his body

so the said ferment quickens
 the said body which was before
 dead, possessing no vegetative
 vigour and property. Whence
 it comes to pass that the said soul
 contains, as it were, one principal
 degree in the work, exercising
 there his power and virtue. And
 the said ferment is none other
 thing than gold and silver phi-
 losophical, and not dead as they
 were before they passed through
 the hands of the Philosopher.
 This is the O & D which is digni-
 fied with the name of the two
 great planets Sol and Luna; because
 as these great luminaries reign
 over the other planets in the hea-
 nes so these two bodies, the O & D
 prepared, have dominion over the

five other metallic bodies & convert them into their own natures,
which is the reason why by many
they are called the ferment. To
this purpose the wise Marinus —
saith "It is necessary to introduce
" the ferment within the bodies,
" and that is the soul. If thou dost
" not purify the body impure and
" unclean, and if thou dost not
" whiten it, and ; being whitened,
" dost not introduce his soul, that
" is to say his ferment, thou hast
" done nothing in our works."

Therefore conjunction must be made
of the Ferment solarie with the
solar body clean and pure; and
afterwards when the spirit is
joined with them he glorifieth
himself and rejoiceth with them.

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in as much as they are purified from their unclean part, and that which was gross and terrestrial in them is subtilized. For this cause it is said in the book called Turba "The Spirit which is of a pure nature will never join himself with the body if it be not first internally cleansed from all its impurity."

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In this conjunction have all your senses attentive, for you shall see the marvel of marvels, such that if I had not seen it myself I could never have believed it. First of all you shall see here represented before your eyes all the colours in the world that can be ima-

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joined. you shall likewise see by the same means, and in the same moment of conjunction, the imperfect body to animate itself and to colour itself with a perfect colour by means of the ferment, which is the soul. And as by the means of the said soul the Spirit is conjoined and ties itself with the body so strictly that the said spirit and body become one body with the soul, all concurring itself by the self same means into the colour of the ferment, we may herein see the saying of the Philosophers to be true when they affirm that the stone is composed of a body soul and spirit. For they did

compare that which is imperfect, infirm and weak, without strength or power, to a common body which is such by itself and of itself. That is to say, gold by itself and of itself is none other. — They call the water, that is mercury vives, the Spirit, for as much as in his whole essence he is truly spiritual. — And they call the ferment the Soul, in as much as it distributes and gives a vegetative life and multiplying perfection to imperfect bodies, which were before without life and dead, making them acquire a more excellent form than they had before.

In the assertion that we have made, that the stone is composed of these three things, that is body, soul and spirit, we do not contradict what all the Philosophers affirm with one consent, that the said Stone is made of one only thing, and produced of one root; in as much as all our Majesty is made of our water alone.

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By our only water we make the gross pure, the thick thin, the earthly subtile and crystalline, and the corporeal spiritual — that is the body is converted into a water which moistens not, of which water or mercurial liquor it was composed and made within

The bawis of the earth; and this we effect by means of a philosophical dissolution — and of the same water we make the earth or dry powder, by the means of philosophical calcination. For it is with this only water that we both mortify and vivify or quicken our stone; and it is by this only water that we whiten and purify the said earth (○) and that we bring our earth to his full perfection, and with which we multiply in virtue, quality and quantity infinitely.

And when some Philosophers say that the Stone is corporeal and spiritual at the same time they do not contra-

dict themselves nor speak a falsehood, if their words be understood as they ought to be by wise men. For in the stone both the spirit and the body are apparent. The body is made spiritual by the spirit in dissolution and the spirit is made corporeal at that time when the Ferment, which is the soul conjoins them inseparably one with the other, which you shall better understand by our practice when we shall speak of the cart of Dice*, as we call it.

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and you shall see that it is not without cause that the Philosophers, and among

others the wise Horinus compared our great and admirable majesty to the generation of man; for at first we see the marriage and copulation of male and female, when our sperm, which is our mercury vive, conjoins itself with the body, which serves in the place of a matrix.

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This first operation is called conjunction and marriage.

Secondly follows the conception, that which cometh to pass when the earth or matrix retaineth the seed, that is ♀ vive; & then the male worketh on the female, that is ♀ on the body, gold prepared.

Now when this earth groweth

and is multiplied by the said
 & vine, that which cometh to
 pass commonly when the ♀
 begins to be white, Then we
 call the third operation Im-
 pregnation or being with child.

Then in due time followeth
 the birth, when the ferment,
 whereof we have spoken as the
 soul is conjoined with the im-
 perfect body and the spirit, and
 of three is made one colour
 and species; That is when the
 said ♀ is come to its maturity,
 witnessed by the red colour which
 it attains. Then it is that the
 stone is made and begotten which
 philosophers call their king who
 cometh out of the fire, crowned

with a rich and beautiful dia-
dem.

This young King you must
nourish until he comes to his
ripe age. That is you must
multiply him; and his food
must be of the same milk and
shewm of which he was begotten
or engendered, giving it to him
by little and little and yet so
much as may suffice. For, least
he should vomit it up again,
he must be fed cautiously till
he come to his whole perfection.
and this last operation, which
is the reiterated imbibition and
multiplication, is called giving
him his food, just as when the
infant sucketh his nurse; and

this said nutrient is given after his birth as we said before, and then is our work perfected.

This I was willing in so few words openly to discover, according to my instruction, and by the operations and practice which I have made, the causes manual, formal and efficient of this great work; which being natural and guided upon knowledge and reason, may make the most ignorant to assay the certainty of this most admirable science.

I have declared in general, although secretly enough, the whole theory, the government, the way and the disposition that you must hold - that which I

myself did in making the great
mastery twice, which God gave
me the grace to bring to a happy
end, as you yourself very well
know, until I made projection
of 1 upon 200 of £; which I
resolved to have brought to an
infinity had not a mischance
happened. And still I hope to
do it, if God allow me to come
to come to that place of rest
which I desire, with a little
of the stone which God permit-
ted that I kept, and with which
I hope to recover the loss and to
give you that content which
I desire.

And because nothing is more
certain than death and nothing

more uncertain than the hour
thereof, I was desirous, before
I undertake my journey to re-
duce all my observations and
experiments into writing, and in
form of a letter well closed and
sealed, with the said ferment
in it, which I send to you un-
der another pretext that it may
the sooner come to your hand
if it should please God to take
me before I see you. Not that
I think you have any need
of my instructions, but to the
end I may faithfully give
you an account of that which
I owe you; and that the Dis-
ciple may give you some
testimony of her faithful.

memorable affection, and of the remembrance that she desires you should have of her eternally.

The Practice.

And first the preparation of the materials, of one self same root, which divers times God gave me the grace to bring to a happy end. That which you have committed to me, and trusted me with by the instructions and by admonitions I did work diversly.

The first work was upon the ferment of gold which you gave me and which went no further than one upon 25 of silver. The one ounce you gave me I increased unto nine ounces, by two iterate multiplications; increasing it every time its double weight of

Philosophical ♀, such as shall be set down hereafter.

I could make it go no farther than 1 upon 50 of silver, in regard I did not work for the said multiplication and that I knew not then how to make the double mercury; nor did I understand well the point of fermentations as you made me afterwards to comprehend.

In the mean time I did travel upon the same work from point to point as followeth:

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 First of all I made the extraction of the mercury out of the mine of $\frac{1}{2}$ which contained a grain or seed of gold and silver, as we do make

trial by Mr. Cason the Goldsmith
and refiner. I made it after the
fashion described in the book C,
where I have pointed out the fur-
nace, as well for digestion as ex-
traction of the said \mathfrak{E} ; also the
form of the glass vessel in form
of a lute; which book you have
written in Latin, with your own
hand, and which you gave me
in French, where you shall see
at large the operation of the
said mine of \mathfrak{E} .

First making it into powder
and washing it so often till the
water come off clean and nothing
remain but the pure metallic
matter; the which being put
into the said lute of glass and

placed in the aforesaid furnaces
of digestion, you must let it di-
gest and putrify for 40 days un-
till such time as the matter be-
gin to look black and to open
itself; and without any other
art it regorges and spewes out
its own mercury, by the neck of
the aforesaid vessel in the form
of a ure, as it is now plainly de-
scribed in the said little book
to which I refer you and to what
you yourself must know respect-
ing the said extraction of the ♀.

Now from the said black &
which remains in the bottom I
did draw, by way of sublimation,
a sulphur as red as a ruby &
transparent, with which I did

ferment this said ♀, which after its fermentation became of such a nature that it did swallow and devour gold upon a sudden, so hot and piercing was it.

But I did not make any more use of the said ♀ fermented with its red ♀, which you said was salary, that is of a golden nature, but only to dissolve the said ferment and to make use of it for the multiplication of the one ounce of powder you gave me, as is set down in the paper M.

Now upon the one ounce of the powder I put 2 ounces of the salary powder, ^{or mucury} as you did teach me; and you yourself

was present at this first operation,
and, in the twinkling of an eye,
the said powder devoured the said
mercury and they became one
body. There did appear some change
in the colour but not much, and
the whole made up three ounces of
matter. This conjunction was made
in a matrix in the form of an egg,
very proper, and a good glass clean
and neat. The ♀ was first warm'd
upon a platefull of ashes, placed
upon a chaffing dish, which heat'd
the ♀, but not much. Then
the powder was putt in upon it,
after the ♀ was warm and im-
stantly all became powder, so
that one could not perceive any

mercury. When the said apparatus of glass was closed hermetically and was put to digestion within an attorney with a lamp, and there it was digested near about five months, I in the mean time not being able to see any colours because the furnace was not made like to our last one (with windows).

At the end of that time, you not being present I took the glass from the fire and did see all reduced into a powder of the colour of purple incarnate. I tried a little on a plate, red hot, and I perceived that it did not melt well. I kept about the third part, expecting your coming for to make

a trial, and I did put upon
these three ounces of powder, wan-
ting a little, twice as much of
the aforesaid ♀, which makes
up 6 ounces or therabouts, &
I made conjunction in a new
matrass of glafs, in form of
an egg, but bigger than the
other, as it contained more
matter; yet so as there was only
a third part of the glafs fill-
ed and the other two parts
empty.

Then the said matrass,
closed hermetically, I put
again in the aforesaid atha-
nor; and within 11 or 12
weeks, you, being then present,

was of opinion that I should open the glass. I found the powder of the same colour as before, a purpurian colour. We made trial of it together, throwing 1 penney weight upon 2 ounces and 2 penney weight of silver, refined by the test, which was 1 upon 50 exactly; and the said silver was transmuted into ♂; but it was no higher than a pistole gold of Spain, that is 22 carats.

On that account you desired me to put it again in the furnace for further digestion — without augmenting the quantity for that time; which I accordingly did in the same

glass; for it had neck enough left to seal it again with Hermes seal. But after 20 days digestion, not having taken heed to cleanse the bottom of the vessel, which had gathered soot during the time of all those decoctions, the soot did take fire and did so much heat the pot wherein the glass stood, viz the earthen vessel, and the whole furnace, which was also of earth, that the pot broke in an hundred pieces; and the said matter, the ashes, and the pieces of the said pot were scattered about, so violent was the fire of the soot, to which alone I ascribe that great & violent stroke and not to the matter

which I had recruited with ♀; which by consequence was fixed, if it were not that the too great violence of the fire had stirred up the inward spirit inclosed in the powder and did help to make so great a shock and to scatter all so completely that nothing could be recovered.

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Behold the end of my first experiment, which I had augmented to nine ounces in quantity and to double virtue in quality. And I judge that in the beginning I did not put sufficient quantity of ♀ to augment it, in as much as having made trial of 1 gros which I had reserved in that beginning for your coming, as mentioned before, we did project it upon 50 of silver.

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which was reduced into powder of a tawny colour, without bringing it into metal, and we could not make it melt, as you know; & then you told me that it was because the said powder was or too fiery, and that I had not given it enough of ♀ to give it convenient melting and incuration. and at the second multiplication we now put eight ounces of the said ♀ to one of the ferment or calx or powder. We then made projection of one upon 50 of silver, and it turned it into fine and excellent metal, ♂ of 22 carats high & more, as before mentioned.

Scri.

Second Practice and Experiment of the
Whole Work, from the beginning
to the end

First of all, the preparation of
the matter.

The first operation to recover this
great loss, viz of the nine ounces of
what went one upon fifty. You
were pleased to honour me so much
as to trust me with and deliver
into my hand all the beginning
and progress of the work, to the
end that according to my leisure,
and the trust that you had in
me, I might travel and not
suffer to lie hid the great talent
that God had given you, and

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which you could not make use
of yourself, owing to your ordinary
employment. You did then
revel to me the hint of the
whole business, and that the
principal point was to work
upon the true matter. That it
was necessary to have the ♀ of ♂
for the making of ♂ and the ♀ of ♀
for the making of ♀ - Mercury
which is pure decocted & digested
and by the which Nature (which
art doth imitate) at first made
♂ and ♀. That is to convert ♂ &
♀ into ♀ by artificial operation,
and not to take any other ♀, es-
pecially for the beginning of
the work. But you also told
me that after the work is done

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the foresaid ♀ of ♂ (fermented with its own ♂) which I used for multiplication, may that the ♀ of ♂ which is the ♂ of Philosophers, & likewise other mercury animated and philosophical, which is prepared by the hand of Philosophers who know how to put them in their just temper and their true and just temperature, approaching near to that of ☽, might suffice for multiplication; concerning which, after you had sufficiently instructed me I experimented and did as follows:

The first Preparation, with
the Vegetant Menstrue.

C. L. S.

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For the purifica-
tion of the ☽ see
p. 47

First after the ordinary calcina-
tion of ☽ by ♀ animated, the disso-
lution of this amalgam shall be
made not with a stirring men-
strue but with the strong water
vegetant or aqua fortis vegetans,
which you will find in Book O
and S page 32 and 52, which leaves
afterwards a calx of ☽ impalpa-
ble and living.

With this calx of ☽ will prepa-
red, which is the first ferment, ♀
oil of hell strengthened with its
own spirit and the salt resusci-
tive of the double flying eagle by
digestion, which you are to make

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for the space of 20 days or there-
about with warm water, you
shall draw the ♀ of ♂ after the
manner that is described plainly
in book N^t, which you will find
among my books and other pa-
pers set apart for you, and which
I have given orders that by any
means they shall fall into your
hands., by the confidence I have
in those that are always by
me, by the same means that
I did before.

From the first experiments
that I did I had happily from
6 ounces of ♂ more than 6 ounces
of ♀ of ♂, with which you were
well contented.

In the mean time while

10
11
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these digestions were in doing,
you taught me how to make
that mercury of life of Philosophers
with two pounds of mercury,
sublimate and one pound of
regulus of antimony, with which
you drunke and made to be drunk
up two ounces of D and one of O;
then heating all into powder, be-
ing mingled together and put in-
to a retort, and fire of compression
being given there came forth
great quantity of running T, and
a gum or oil which congealed
itself.

From the which gum, being
thrown in common water and
often washed with water and last
with spirit of wine, and here

note that the V must be thrown
on this oil so often till it comes
off fresh as when put on, & then
throw on the spirit of wine, and
then incise it, that is to make
it soft like wax, an oil of gold,
you shall have an excellent re-
medy against the Kings evil.

Now before you do precipi-
tate it, that is the oil, if you
mingle it with aqua fortis or
aqua regia it maketh one of
the greatest resolutions of gold
in the world, of which 1 ounce
will dissolve 1 ounce of gold.

By this only means may
be made an excellent philoso-
phical work, which you will
find set down in a book written

in the Italian language, by st
orgels, at large - that which I
have set down in my book of
experiments called S.

After the said ♀ is made you
must distil it 3 or 4 times by re-
sort, to the end you may more
purify it (that is the ♀. that
cometh out of the oil) and to de-
purate it of its waterishness, which
is a principle that you must
always abstract; and this is not
all - you must moreover animate
this ♀ so prepared to make it a
true ♀ of Philosophers, which it
is not as yet, and therefore could
serve your turn for nothing;
being, as it is, ⁱⁿ the beginning, not for
your composition of the Stone but
only for the multiplication.

The preparation of Gold
to make it a calx.

Take 1 ounce or 2 ounces (as much as you will) of Gold, but I took but one ounce, which you must cause to pass by the spirit of $\textcircled{2}$, then the antimonial horn, according to the ordinary fashion. And you must handle it so of necessity, for it is not for nothing that the philosophers so often say: "purify, purify the body, otherwise thou shalt beget a leprous child"; for one single grain of impurity may hinder the perfection of the whole work. You may perceive a great difference between the said & so pre-

pared and any other ☽, how
fine soever, in making an amalgama,
for the ☽ so prepared will
join itself ^{more easily} 100 times with the phi-
losophical ♀ and shall pass —
both through the clean leather
and the retort as is requisite.

To make the dissolution of ☽
or first Leaven. or Double ♀
See 53

Make an amalgama of the
aforesaid ☽ one ounce, and 10 or
12 ounces of the philosophical ♀
aforesaid, that is the ♀ made —
with the fire of compression,
the ☽ being first beaten into
thin plates and made red hot
in the fire, then throw it upon

your ♀ within a crucible, stirring
all very well about with a stick,
Then throw the said amalgama
into another crucible, which you
must have made ready red hot.
Then, for a long time, stir all
well together with a stick, being
very careful that same time to
save yourself from the fumes
that will come out of the cruci-
cible.— So shall you have an
excellent amalgama, as soft as
any butter, in which you shall
see no gold at all, if it be well
done, for the ♂ will be drowned
in it.

Now put this amalgam in
a mortar or on a marble and
put to it fountain ▽ very clean

and wash it well so often till
the water come off clean as when
you put it on. Then strain the
said $\alpha\alpha\alpha$ through a cloth, and
that which will not pass through
grind again with salt and Δ
and vinegar.

Now when it is very clean
put to it 8 ounces of fresh \mathcal{G} ,
then grind it and pass it thro'
a cloth : then mingle that
which is passed through the
cloth with that which remains
and continue this operation so
long till all the \mathcal{G} and \mathcal{O} get
through the cloth. And if by
chance you have not put to
it \mathcal{G} enough you must add
more. To one ounce of \mathcal{O} you

may put 20 ounces of philosophical ♀ - that is to 1 ounce of pure ♂.

All the $\alpha\alpha\alpha$ being passed through the cloth, then digest it in balneo, in a matrass glas well stoppt and having a long necke, for the space of fifteen days. Then pass it through leather the more to attenuate it, grinding that which has passed with that which hath not passed and will not go through the leather, and set it again in balneo for 2 or 3 days. And above all things you must have ston of patience in this work till all pass through the leather. Then

15 days

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3 days

distil off by retort, giving fire of compression by degrees: That is begin gently at the first and continue increasing it above & below.

Now if you should see in the retort any yellow powder, put back upon that powder some part of your distilled ♀ and distil it over again; and this do so often till all pass over and that there remain nothing save a little grayish earth in the bottom of the retort, unprofitable, which if you cause to be melted down will become of glass.

Now after this manner hast thou made the double ♀ by ♀, a ♀ animated and quickened,

sought by many but found by few, notwithstanding it is so much recommended to us by the philosophers.

Now thou hast made the fixed volatile, the body spirit by the spirit, and hast brought the body into his liquid matter of ♀ by ♀, with the conservation of his mind & form and made them one thing inseparable - that which is above being like that which is below, and that which is below to that which is above.

This then is the Sperm or seed and the ♀ hot and moist which we call the Double ♀.

Having all these things you have all, but yet in effect it

is nothing, for you must have the ferment or Leaven, which is the principal point of the work, as we have declared in our theory: for it is that admirable preparation which animates and gives vegetive Spirit to the Stone, which is the key of the whole art.

Preparation of the Ferment or Leaven.

After you have made all the aforesaid preparations which you may do at one time, and in the doing of which I spent almost three months, very imp making the ♀ of ♂, the calyx of ♂ and the double ♀, which

are great advancements for
the work, you must now pre-
pare your Leaven or ferment,
which is the principal thing.
say all in all.

Take the half of the calx
of ☽, subtle and prepared as you
know, and amalgamate it
with 3 ounces of the ♀ of gold
made out of calx, and sudden-
ly the said ♀ will swallow
up the body, as a drop of wa-
ter mingled with another. Then
strain the ḥāḍ through a
cloth, keeping carefully apart
by itself the ♀ of ☽ which will
run through the cloth and
will serve you another time.

i.e. 1/2 oz

188

Now upon that which

189
1st. imbibition
See 60. 61. 189.
194. 195

remains in the cloth (which will be about 1 ounce of ♀ & 1/2 ounce of ♂) put of the spirit general vegetative, by little & little, nourishing it & grinding it and mingling all well together till it become soft as wax, for you are to observe no other weight or measure hereof.

190

Having brought it into such a form you shall see on a sudden wonder, when the soul of the said spirit vegetative, which is the general ferment of all things in the world, but enters by means of the spirit, which is the ♀ of ♂, within the body of ♂, and that

by means of the said soul and spirit shall join itself with its body, three becoming one; and the said body of gold which before was dead being by that only and admirable means animated, dignified and replenished with vegetive life, having then a multiplying power inwardly, as well as the seeds and sperms of living creatures and plants, and being made and prepared to grow and produce fruit, being sown in his prepared earth - which it could not do before. And this is the point which all the Philosophers have hidden and called the caste of the dice.

p 19
162
190

193

191

She made $\frac{3}{7} \frac{1}{2}$
A. 56. 193

This is then the first ferment, which will be in the consistence of a powder, of a purple orange colour; from which you shall separate, either by distillation or sublimation, what the body cannot retain, and you shall use it as followeth, to make the coagulation or congeillation; for the Philosophers have wrought diversly, some not putting the said ferment until the stane came to whiteness, others using long decoction and iterated fermentation.

But behold how I have reserved it, with happy success, following the first instruction, which you shall find at large

written with my own hand, together with all the preparations of the said general vegetative spirit, and other preparations which ought not to be written so plain and openly, in one direct order, as I did learn of yourself, in the foreaid book M.

The third Operation.

Which is the first Coagulation and Fermentation, and is the key of the Work.

Take half an ounce of the ♀ of ♂, the Double ♀, and half an ounce of the aforesaid ferment brought into powder.* Put them both into a matrap of glas, of convenient size,

193

used $\frac{3}{2}$
*She reserved $\frac{3}{1}$

66.68

² imbibition
see 56.61.189

194

which put upon hot ashes,
and then you shall see, in an
instant, in the twinkling of
an eye, that all will be congealed
and fixed; and that is what the
philosophers speak of when
they say, that if you do note
see, from the very beginning,
and in an instant, that work
to be done, that then thou
mayest be assured thou art
not in the right way.

If it be not fixed enough
you shall know it by throw-
ing a little of it into melted
O. Then let it digest in the
aforesaid matrass certain hours
or days. Then to this 1 ounce
of ferment fixed add of new

Increased the $\frac{3}{2}$
to $\frac{3}{1}$

195

mercury, the same salary \ddagger , its equal weight according as you did at first; Then have you the Thebis or Azoch, the calx of the sages and philosophical \odot full of life, heat, and virtue multiplicative and seminary; which is not common \odot as philosophers say, in respect that it is endowed with quite another virtue and property.

* Joining the vegetative soul

after this was fixed she had
32 of soph. \odot

Now have you the mercury of riches and from this hour the ground and foundation of all the minerals; for after this point you need nothing but to augment it, taking 1 ounce of the Double \ddagger as before is

described and digesting in hot ashes, till, within the space of two days all will be fixed.

Then add again his equal weight of ♀ of ♂ and digest all the powder again as before, multiplying of it in this manner from day to day infinitely; whereas, if you have not such a ferment prepared, instead of such short digestions you must concoct for 3 or 4 months and for the most part nothing succeeding; because you have not given to ♂ the soul and spirit vegetative - although notwithstanding, there may be made and I have made myself, by other ways, brave

* Not forgetting to drop in some of the vegetable soul.

works, as you shall see in my book where my experiments are set down; but these are rather fixations of ♀ than true minera philosophical, which is made by the same means that the great work itself is effected.

Now observe after you have made five or six multiplications with the said double ♀ that you may continue the work to infinity with the ♀ drawn out of cinnabar, as you know that costs you no more than common ♀, which also may serve your turn.

When you have greate-

quantity of powder of this mineral you may reduce part of it into O, reserving the rest for multiplication to infinity. I contented myself however with seeing the effect without traveling further in this, because of the great quantity of mercury necessarily required to gain profit in this way. I therefore adicted myself to the way of projection as followeth. Read for this effect Book O page 52 and Book M for the solary mercury.

The fourth Operation,
to bring the foresaid Ferment to the
Elixir.

Your said ferment arzoch #
and the true ♂ or ♀ of the Philo-
sophers, such as we have now
spoken of, cannot yet make
projection, a circumstance which
hath deceived many, for it hath
not yet any ingreſs into metals,
being fixed at the first dash.

It is only the first work
in the labour towards the elixir.
We must remember what the
philosophers say, that the
beginning and end of this
work are both alike, and
they teach the said work in
the words Dissolve, Congeal.

which we must observe and
which few men understand.

56
58
59

$\frac{3}{4}$ converted into
double & truly
animated - *See 216*

For this $\alpha\alpha\alpha$ she
took $\frac{3}{10}$ of the \oplus
see p. 68.

You must therefore part
the ounce which you have
of the ferment which we have
spoken of before and take
half an ounce of it, with which,
without fire, you shall make
an amalgam; grinding and
digesting and distilling by retort
as you did when you made
the Double \oplus ; and animate it
so often that the fixed ferment
or the living \ominus may become
volatile in the same manner
that in the beginning you
made the calx of \ominus , which
was before but a dead \ominus with-
out virtue; and by this ope-

nation you shall question it
and the Spirit also, that is he. &
making it to become Double &
truly animalled, whereas the other
was not yet of the effect or power.

And in brief you shall
know and have a true & Phi-
losophical and far more excellent
than at first

This shall be the Living
fountain of Previsan where he
saw the King to bathe himself
and where he lost and drowned
his book of gold when he was
in the city of Aquilia, disputing
there, that is because he had
apprehended and understood by
the mystical science and allegories

with which Apuleius, in his book of the Golden ass hath spoken of that work which few men understand.

[†] The ♀ of p 66
The ferment of p 61
i.e. the Sophie. ◎

200
216

Take then 5 ounces of the said ♀ animalated[†] and half an ounce of the said ferment, keeping the other 5 ounces of the said ♀ for the second multiplication of fermentation. Put all into a glass in form of an egg. Seal it with Herne's seal and then put it into an athanor to be boyled or digested, to which give a fore vaporous, environing and going about circulatory, airy, dry & moist; and which I find as good as that which was done with spirit of wine.

As for the colours and that
which the said Trenisan saith,
after the end of 40 days you
shall see the black, and con-
tinuing the same degree of
heat the Whiteness will appear
within 4 months or thereabouts.

Then increase the fire one
degree until all become into
powder, and then, there being
no more fear of danger, give
a strong fire so long until
the King put on his robe of
purple red.

Then to this powder add the
five ounces of the Double ♀ ani-
mated with the first ferment
which you were desired to reserve
for the multiplication, and
digest it again in the self same

furnace, and you shall see at the second time all the colours pass again, but all ~~all~~ will be done then within 30 or 40 days.

Then I made projection which went one upon ten of D and 1 upon 20 of ♀, and I had ten ounces of the Elixir.

While the decoction is in doing animate your Double mercury with that same last ferment or Elixir of which you must keep a little; that is of the Double ♀ which before was animated with the minera. And so you shall nourish the infant with the same milke, putting upon the 10 ounces of the said powder which you

have of the Elixer ten ounces more
of the ♀ prepared as before, that
is of the Double ♀, and putting it
as before unto decoction till it
has all the colours; which will
come to pass in a shorter time
than the two other last permuta-
tions - the progress of which
you shall see, having glass
windows in your furnace where-
in the glass doth stand, as I have
painted down for you.

Then did I make projection
1 upon 100 of D and 1 upon 200
of ♀, and I reserved half an ounce
of the powder which fell out
very happily for me; for I
not taking but half as you
counselled me to do, for the
better security, I thinking to

do for the best and to work for
one good stroke, at the third
multiplication the vessel that
had done before and which was
made of strong glass, whether it
was by the force of the medicine
in the beginning of its multi-
plication causing it to become
volatile, or that Madam Beson,
who had the government of
the fire, did administer too strong
a Δ in the beginning, I cannot
tell, but within 4 or 5 days
of the said multiplication
that said vessel broke and
all the powder, being but vo-
latile was scattered about a-
mong the ashes wherein they
glass stood, and brought to me
the loss which you sustain,

as well as myself from not following the good counsel which you gave me.

Yet I have still left so much ferment that I can recover the loss in time of rest and give you content. For I did not conceal from you that I had reserved some, with a view to deceive or frustrate you, but only for fear such an unfortunate occasion should happen.

The great trouble that hath fallen upon me since, as you know, have too much weakened my spirits to allow me to execute my design of doing any thing further, until such time as God shall give me grace to be in a place where I desire, and where you desire me to be.

Therefore I have in the mean time, to the best of my ability, as is before expressed in my writings and papers, described to you my operations, & experiments most excellent, to render unto you, before God call me, that duty which I owe you.

THEE

WORK

OF

NEPTIS,

Communicated by him to

QUER CITTANUS.

1589

The one half ounce of Powder
which you gave me in the year
1589, which went 1 upon 50 of q ,
and upon D 1 upon 100, I did mul-
tiply in two several fashions to
this effect: yet these two fashions
are not much different, I having
followed one self same way, if
it be not that in the one you
shall perceive finer operations;
for at first it tinges into red;
but the other and the first ope-
ration tinges only into fixed
silver, which, notwithstanding
is true gold, as I have proved
by experiment, and to which

only strong water with a little
more can give the su-
preme tincture. All of which
operation was short and it is
made in as great quantity as
the other.

I divided the half ounces
into two parts, then the half
of the half ounce which you
gave me, which made 3 ij, I
did multiply as follows:

First I did make the ♀ of
the two great lights by means
of the Starry Lion, that is the
regulus of ♂, and suddenly they
were devoured and calcined
philosophically, that is the ☽
and ☿. The dose of the said lion
and of the other light that is of

gold and silver is in my book
x page.

All being then well ground
I put to it the flying eagle well
prepared, that is mercury subli-
mate, and I put all into a re-
tort and drew first the gummy
liquor as you know, and then
the ♀ by fire of compression.

That ♀ being well warmed is
quite of another nature than the
vulgar. It is the ♀ of Philoso-
phers, the ♀ of life.

The said gum (which is
the soul) I did distil again
the more to purify it, although
at first it is white & crystalline
and precipitates itself in com-
mon water into white powder;

which hath inwardly a greater tincture of vitriol, but a still — greater tincture of vitriol when the said flying eagle shall be prepared more philosophically as we shall declare in speaking of the two multipliciations.

With these zig of the said powder or ferment perfect there ought to be joined, in the beginning, the quantity of the foresaid philosophical ♀ which you shall find marked in the said book & page — that is 2 parts of the philosophical ♀ to one of the ferment perfect.

Now as touching the oil or liquor crystalline you shall put some of it by desiccation to

to advance the concoction, solution and perfection of the said matter, being in a convenient matrass of glass, sealed with Hermes' seal; which you must put in a balme of a middling or temperate heat, and you shall see that in a short time the matter will become black, which is the Crows head and is a very good sign that the said ferment hath converted into its own nature the whole paste. This comes to pass in the space of 10, 15 or 20 days; sometimes sooner & sometimes latter.

And when the said matter shall be in perfect blackness

then you must change your heat
and place your glass in a fur-
nace of ashes, upon a very gentle
heat. Then shall you see a change
to white, putting on his robe of
Jupiter which is greyish, and
afterwards the white skirt of
Diana which is fair & transparent.

Then you must try if it
be fixed by putting it in a cop-
per. But in as much as I had
put a quantity of $\frac{1}{2}$ before and
had not proceeded with the
tincture of gold, as you shall
see in the two multipliciations,
the medicine did fail in the
quality and instead of going one
upon 50 of D as I said before, it
now went but 1 upon 20; but
then there was a great quantity
of it. And the produce had only

the colour of silver; but though that was the case it was of as great value as gold, wanting no other thing to give it the tincture of ☽ but only aqua fortis, which being given then it was perfect ☽ of 2 l. carats.

Now I multiplied this powder again in double its weight, following the same process with the ♀ and crystalline liquor as before. And this time it was increased a double quantity in virtue for now it went 1 upon 40.

I believe its virtue might have been increased by more multiplications, but I proceeded no further in this manner of working, for you advised me that the second way of working

would be much more profitable and more galant, although it would be longer as well in respect of the time of concoction as in regard of the preparation of the matter; because it would have been a thing too tedious & full of vexation to pass through the aqua fortis so great a quantity of the matter in respect of the place where we were.

The second Operation
and Multiplication

First of all I will set down all the preparations that we must use for the second work, far more high and more philosophical than the first, although both come to the same end as to making the true tincture, and

have for subjects the same materials viz Antimony, Gold and silver; together with the means of their conjunction, which is the ♀ of ♂ which we must impregnate in the common ♀ for to make it of another nature and truly philosophical, and prepares by that means to give teniture of itself; as you shall see in the work of Gulielmus, the father of Paracelus, in my foresaid book x page also in the 20th extract page; and likewise the true manner of preparation and animation of the said ♀ page at large, which I will here set down shortly and very intelligibly.

Now followeth the preparation of the matter, and first of all

the

The Animication and
Sublimation of Mercury.

First you must draw a ♀ out of cinnabar by the means of calcined tartar and quick lime, by a fire of compression as you know. Sometimes you shall draw out of one pound of cinnabar ten or fourteen ounces of ♀.

Now let the ♀ be dissolved by common strong water, that is aqua fortis made of vitreol and salt petre, according to the common fashion. Take 1 part of the said ♀ to 3 parts of the said aqua fortis. You shall reduce it into crystals by means of cold as you know. Then separate the water that floweth above the crystals and dry them by a gentle fire or heat. Then mingle them

with an equal quantity of common salt prepared and a double quantity of good Hungarian \oplus unless you can get Cyprian \oplus which will answer better

All these ingredients you shall mingle and grind well together till they become one confused matter. Then put this matter between two earthen vessels that are not porous and which will endure the fire, one entering into the other; and that which is the uppermost ought to have a hole on the top, that the vapour may exhale, and the humidity be entirely gone before you give a strong fire of sublimation.

Now the said earthen vessels being well fitted within a furnace, in the beginning you shall give a fire of cobation very

gently, and when you see, by no more vapours coming out at the hole, that the humidity is all whaled, then increase the Δ by little and little, stoping the hole above with paper, giving at last a fire of flame with dry wood for 8 or 10 hours. Then let the Δ go out of itself.

Now open your vessel and you shall find a very fair sublimate upon the faeces, and a little higher, in the top of the vessel some light flowers. The faeces and flowers reject & take only the middle sublimate, which is fair and crystalline and solid as metal.

Beat this sublimate into powder and add to it fresh salt and vitriol as you did at first, in the same proportion and

fashion. For every time you repeat the operation the ♀ will impregnate itself with the sulphur of vitriol more and more, thereby improving in virtue.

Now having after this manner three several times sublimed the ♀ you shall sublime it with the said ♂ being first calcined philosophically, that is by distilling the vitriol and often putting back upon it its own liquor till the substance in the retort have drunk up the whole and remains very dry and red as blood. If one could have for this last operation ♂ of Cypress it would be much the best.

Now mingle the said sublimate with double its weight of ♂ thus prepared, grind them.

very well together upon a marble stone and put the powder, without any salt, in a sublimatory after the usual manner and sublime as before. Take the sublimate and again grind it on a marble, adding to it twice its weight of Dr calcined as before, and then sublime it again.

Do this four times, or if oftener so much the better; and note that each of these last sublimations will require 8 or 10 hours, and that you must give a strong fire at the end of each so as to make the sand in the sand-pot red hot.

You will know when the said ♀ is sufficiently sublimed and animated with the said sulphur

of vitriol by its not increasing any more in weight; for that is a sign that the foresaid sublimate cannot draw unto it any more of the said ♀ by its magnetic virtue.

This is the true weight of the Philosophers which they have held secret, and which is not unknown to every one.

Now for the greater animation of the said ♀ you must make a good oil of vitriol from ♂ of Hungary or Cyprus.

To make the Oil of Vitriol.

First dissolve your ♂ in water filtered and distilled and digest the solution in Balneo maria

to separate its faeces which is its owner and is worth nothing but only bindes its pure spirit from coming out and being distilled.

The faeces being separated by inclination, that is by pouring off the clear solution as carefully as you can, you shall filter the solution, while still hot, the better to purify the said O. Then you shall dry it in the body of a glass alembic untill it be perfectly dry.

Then distil it and pour back his spirit and flegm upon him and distil again, repeating the distillations and pouring back the liquor so often until he hath drunk in all his own liquor & then you shall have a mast.

excellent colcothar of a very red colour.

Then take this and reduce it into powder and pour upon it an excellent spirit of wine and put all into a sort of glass or of earth and give a fire for 3 or 4 days, such as you do when you make aqua fortis — the strongest fire you can — and draw out a quantity of oil.

And note, you must have a great quantity of retorts and oil of vitriol that you may not begin with too little. When you have 4 or 5 pounds of the said liquor or oil of \oplus you shall — mingle it with 1 or 2 pounds of copperous vitriol finely calcined as before and all made into fine

powder and put the mixture into one or more earthen vessels, or glass ones well fitted. Then join a receiver and let the joining well that nothing may exhale. Then give a strong fire for 3 or 4 days to drive all the spirit forth that if possible nothing may be lost.

This being done you shall separate the said Spirit of Wine by B.M. in a matrass with a long neck, and you shall keep that spirit of wine apart by itself, for it is very useful in physic being impregnated with some portion of that good spirit of vitriol and the most volatile part thereof.

Now the said spirit of wine

being in this manner separated
you shall put the rest of your
liquor in an alembic with its
head and receiver, and with the
fire of ashes distil this spirit,
which is very volatile, and use-
ful in phisick. It is a true re-
medy against the falling sick-
ness, and doth also perfectly
and philosophically dissolve
coral and pearls.

After you have done this
there will remain in the bottom
of the alembic an oil redder
than blood; which you shall
further rectify either by destilling
by retort upon sand or by
putting it in digestion in B. M
for a few daugs to purify it from
other and some earthly fæces.

which it doth contain. This is a true method to make a true oil of Δ with which alone may be made many fine particular works; for it is one of the principal secrets of Unctum for the Medc.

Having thus prepared the oil you shall mingle therewith some of the former sublimate in the proportion of one pound of the oil to half a pound of the sublimate.

Put the mixture into a retort and give fire by degrees as you did before in making the sublimate, and you shall see the sublimate go up to the top of the retort much more anima-

ted with his ♀ of ♂ and much
more white fine and crystalline
than it was before. if you work
well.

Reiterate this work 3 times,
the often the better, and take
care enough that you have
oil enough to serve your turn

After this manner shall you
prepare a ♀ philosophical, per-
fectedly animated. It is by this
admirable operation and mag-
netic attraction by means of
venus inclosing the same ♂
which conjoins or maries our
said ♀ with his cupid or sulphur,
very old and solary, pure and
clean, which is the true and
principal subject and generator

of metals and of all Tinctures.

It is by this & so prepared
that you shall bring the body
of the most solid metal to be
soft as wax, of which may be
made many great and parti-
cular works, serving as well
for medicine and curing of
mans body as for transmuta-
tion of the metallic bodies.

The Second Operation and Multiplication.

You must calcine with the
foresaid stary lion, that is the
regulus of antimony, to which
you must put some nails of
iron, and of gold only, that is

no Silver - for I did not add in
this second operation the second
luminary, although you were
of the opinion that we should
follow the fashion and method
of Phillip Poncy from whom you
had the work and the Projection,
which is altogether philosophical.

But I am of opinion that
gold which is passed by silver
before it be perfected is sufficient
alone, and that his mercury
may be called lunary as well
as solar. You will find the
work with Phillip Poncy's pre-
paration at large, as you gave
it me in my book X - one part
of it in the 20th page & the other,
which is the last, in page 15 —
those you can compare well

together although I have disguised the matter to the end it should not be understood by any man. The said work of Phillip Poney is also described in page 45 of my book O.

Now to have a mercury more fiery solary it shall suffice to take the said stany lion 6 ounces and 1 ounce of the said gold. Grind all together with a double quantity of the aforesaid sublimate, prepared and afterwards annirated as aforesaid. Put all into a retort, which bury in sand in a convenient furnace and then give fire by degrees till the gummy oil come out. Then give fire of compression

that you may force the ♀ over
which reserve apart by itself,
for it is a ♀ philosophical

You must now pour the
gummy crystalline liquor back
upon the faces, (as you may
see written in the work of
William the father of Paracelsus
which you will find in my
book x page 30) and distil a-
gain.

Such operations are done
for the better attenuating the
matter and to make a true
dissolution philosophical.

By the fire of compression
the fourth time you may distil
all the liquor and ♀ which now
is of a far greater virtue; for

being prepared after this manner almost all comes over and hardly any feces remain as in the first operation.

Keep carefully the said liquor which distil three or four times for it is most precious for many things, although it serve not for this operation of which we now treat. For now we make use of the mercury which distils over (the running mercury) and which is quite of another nature than that mercury which we used in the first described multiplication, being much more noble.

The true Tincture of Gold necessary
for the third Operations,
Necessary for health and
Tincture of Metals.

You must take a quantity
of the black lion, that is anti-
many, choosing that which hath
rays strongly twinkling and of
several colours, which sheweth that
it is good for this work, and ad-
ding to him the strength of Mars
you shall make the Starry lion
after the common fashion, which
you must purify well from all
his filth.

Now take one part of this
regulus and one part of water
of gold and mingle them together
in this manner:

First melt the regulus which you have made, then cast the ☽ into it and mingle all well together. Then throw it upon a marble stone and you shall find the ☽ devoured and well calcined.

Having done this grind all into fine powder upon a porphyry stone, or in a mortar of marble. Then add to it six ounces of the aforesaid prepared mercury and mingle and grind them together till they become an amalgam.

Put this amalgam into a retort and set it upon ashes with its receiver and then give a gentle fire at first and at the end a fire of compression,

but not the strangest, that the ♀ may distil alone, which by this means becometh more philosophical and very near approaching to gold in goodness.

Preserve this ♀ carefully apart, and observe, as I have already said, you must not, in its distillation, give too great a fire of comprehension, but only to such a degree as may bring the ♀ over.

If the black lion be good, that is the antimony, you will find in the retort, after the ♀ has passed over, the stony lion and gold of an azure colour.

Grind it into an impenetrable powder, which mingle and grind again with three

times as much powder of pumice stone which hath been quenched in vinegar and calcined and rendered into fine powder. Having well mingled the powders of the regulis and pumice stone put the mixed powders into a philosophers egg made for the purpose, which must be inclosed within two good crucibles very well luted, which you shall place in a reverberatory furnace for the space of 24 hours and then let all cool.

When cold take the matter out of the egg & you will now find it more red than coral.

Pour on this powder some philosophical vinegar highly

^{* Done in water & after 24 hours for 24 hours.}
^{For 24 hours.}
^{Then wash with water & boil for 24 hours.}
^{Then wash with water & boil for 24 hours.}
^{Then wash with water & boil for 24 hours.}

rectified which will draw out
the tincture as you shall find
in my book x page 8; or pour
upon it the spirit of wine that
has been seven times rectified
or sharpened with its own tartar;
then put the mixture into a
matress of glass with a long
neck, and you shall behold
the white vinegar to tinge
itself within the space of 12
hours with a golden colour,
very beautiful.

Then pour off gently the
vinegar so tinged and keep it
apart, and pour on fresh
spirit of vinegar upon the
matter in the glass; and do
this so often till it yield no more
tincture.

Now take the matter that remains in the matras & dry it in a gentle heat. Then powder it again and put it in a fresh philosophers egg, which, as before, put within two crucibles well fitted and give it for 24 hours a fire of reverberation as before.

Then take it out and put it in a matrass of glass again and with fresh philosophers vinegar take up the Tincture, and continue this operation so long till you have got all the tincture out of the gold.

Then join all the vinegar extracts and digest them in B.M. until the liquor or tincture remain thick as syrup, which

you shall circulate in a glass
pelican with an excellent spirit
of wine for the space of seven
or eight days, to make it
more spiritual and a true
tincture.

The effects of this Tincture
are admirable, nay inexpress-
ible, for mans health in most
desperate diseases, and it is
likewise the principal subject
of tincture of metals. And note
that for this circulation you
must have an excellent spirit
of wine, to the end that you
may entirely purify the said
Tincture.

After I had made the
aforesaid preparation I proce-
ded to

con-

Conjunction.

I took the other aforesaid zjij
of ferment, and half an ounce,
of mercury prepared as before,
and zjij of the said tincture of C.
First I put the ♀ in a little
glass matrass, then I threw in
upon it the ferment and then
I poured the Tincture upon them
both; and suddenly there was
a great change. I closed the
glass with Spanish wax, other-
wise the matter fuming sud-
denly the spirit would have
evaporated out.

Then I placed the glass in
an athanor as you know, hot
and moist, and in which all
operations may be done together.
You must leave it there four

or five months at least, until you see the matter pass all the principal colours, black, white, red and at last purple.

And note, after the whiteness you must put no more water into the caldron, but must give the matter a fire hot and dry, and toward the end you must redouble the heat, the matter being red.

Inceration and Multiplication

Now the matter having come to the highest red you must put upon it half as much new tincture which is sufficient for inceration, that is to bring it to be as soft as wax; and then

let it digest in an althanor 12 or 15 days, then shall your medicine be fit for projection and augmented in quantity, in as much as that before it went 1 upon 50 now it went 1 upon 100 of ♀ and 1 upon 200 of ♂; whereas in the first manner of multiplication before described it diminished much in power by reason of the too great quantity of ♀ which I put to it and for want of this unctuous oil of gold.

Now this medicine, as I said before, went 1 upon 100 of ♀ and 1 upon 200 of ♂, transmuting the same into perfect ♂ of 22 carats standing all assays.

Second Multiplication &c

I did further augment my medicine in the same manner observing the very same weight both of the ferment and of the mercury remaining. Then I took half the total and put to it double quantity of the tincture and put it into the foresaid furnace and gave the same degree of fire: but the time of digestion was then short in every multiplication, because in each multiplication the matter became more mercurial and fiery.

My second projection was 1 upon 200 of D, my third 1 upon 300 of D.

I having come thus far
and having put a great quan-
tity of the matter in my fur-
nace, the lamp furnace
wherein that matter was
decocted took fire in the
bottom of it where the soot
was, and burnt so violently
that the furnace and all
was blown up by the force
of the matter, which now did
begin to multiply the fourth
time, in so much that all
was mingled and scattered
among the ashes - and I
having reserved no parts
unhappily I remained with-
out any ferment.

Another Labour

I began again by a certain instruction of the work as it followeth from the first beginning.

First of all I made the same tincture of gold aforesaid, following the same process, saving only that I did calcine my ♂, being first refined by t. with the ♀ of cinnabar and sulphur as you know, and did reiterate the calcination two or three times the more to attenuate the ♂.

Then having mingled it with the aforesaid dose of the black lion, according to the receipt of William the father

of Paracelsus, which you will
find in my book X page 30, the
which I esteem and have found
very good -
I proceeded in this extraction
of tincture after the same fash-
on and with the same powder
of pumice stone prepared as
before, and by the same re-
verberation reiterated, and the
same dissolution; saving only
that for this time I took up
the tincture with the said mu-
stard vegetable, augmented or
sharpened with its own salt
ammoniac according to Lully's
manner, and as it is written
in the little book which you
call Vade mecum, and which

you shall find at large among
my papers in the book M.

In circulating the tincture
with the said menstrue, that
is the spirit of wine so prepared,
12 or 15 days you make the
tincture to pass over the retort,
and by that means make
it much more excellent (than
by the first method) for all
kinds of works, both for man's
body and for metals; for the
more it is spherical and fiery
the more active it is and
the farther removed from its
first form and nature me-
tallic.

Now in place of the Phi-
losophers ♀, how well soever
prepared or animated, you

must have, for thisfeat, of necessity the mercury of gold, without addition of anything whatsoever or that participates of the nature of common ♀.

Therefore without staying to follow the writings or traditions of the aforesaid Phillip Paney in his extraction of the solar mercury as you see in my foresaid book Op 24,9 although I was by you counseled, as approving this manner, to draw the mercury of gold, which the said Phillip Paney knew to be good and stranger, since he actually had the true projection —

But I, so far as concerned myself
was contented to make the mercury
with the salt resuscitate prepared
with my eagles, dissolved, adiqua-
ted or sharpened, in the same
fashion that I had often done
before the mercury of silver.

By long digestion and by
the grace of God I succeeded so
well that of 4 ounces of gold
I drew more than 3 ounces of
mercury at the very first dash.
That same extraction is written
at large in my book M with
other dependencies of this work.

It is not enough that you
have the ♀ of the perfect body
thus: you must also prepare it
philosophically and impregnate
it with the Solary ♀ and vi-

vitriolic, wherein lieth the main secret of the art and the subject of tincture. For ☽ hath no more tincture than for himself, & that is the reason why we add tincture to him and his ♀ and to his tincture in calcining him as we do, exalting his tincture with the blood of the red lion, that is ☉, which do make the Trinity so muche commended by all the Philosophers, for the making the Azoth i.e. their ♀.

You must therefore dissolve the said ♀ of ☽ with the oil of ☉ described before.

I took the foresaid 3 ounces of the said ♀ of ☽ and put them into a retort and poured upon them 6 ounces and a little more of

the foresaid oil of Dr and I put
all in a sand heat and drew
off the half of the said oil into
a receiver, which I did keep
apart.

When all shall become cold
you shall see the foresaid ♀
converted into crystals. Separate
them from the oil and dry them
in a gentle heat, and then in a
strong glass matras give them
a fire of sublimation. Then will
the crystals melt and at last
sublime themselves into a fair
and crystalline sublimate which
you shall dissolve again in the
foresaid oil and then sublime
again as before. Do this 4 or 5
times with the same oil, so
shall you have the secret.

dissolution and sublimation
of Philosophers and the true
animation of ♀ to be joined
with his tincture, which the
said ♀ giveth, being so prepared
and impregnated himself, much
more than when he was current
♀ and not animated.

The composition of the Elixir.

Take all the ♀ animated
which will be a little more
than 3 ounces and grind it
into fine powder upon a
porphyry stone which ans-
wers much better for this work
than a glass mortar. Set your
pestle to also of porphyry or of
rock crystal.

Then put the powder into
an egg of glass so that you may
be sure that three parts remain
empty after the putting in of
the powder. Then by little and
little pour upon the powder
half as much of the tincture
as there is of powder. Place the
glass in a gentle heat and
shake it gently to the end
that the said tincture may
mix with the said powder,
which you will know to be
done when you see the matter
come to a consistence like mu-
tar. Beware that you do not
fill the glass so much as to
hinder you from proceeding
very softly to the said mixion.

Then the vessel being closed with the seal of Hermes, set it in the Athanor, wherein you may make windows of glass to enable you to see the colours of the work. Then give it heat by degrees, as you know, redoubling the circle when it cometh to the White, which will not come to pass till after six philosophical days (that is six months) continuing the fire for six hours philosophical (that is six weeks). Then you shall give it a greater degree of fire till it attain to a purple colour.

Then increase it with

half its weight of the foresaid tincture or our milk, and digest it again in the said athanor by the same degree of heat as you did before untill it come to a purple colour, which will come to pass in a far shorter time than at first.

Now try if the medicine be fixed and flowing and tinging upon a plate of silver made red hot in the fire. If it doth not flow then you must concoct it again with more tincture. And this you must do so often untill it be fixed and will flow upon a plate of silver, which hathened

to me at the third revelation.

I spent in the first work more than ten months in the decoction, besides the preparation.

The first of the finished medicine that I made went 1 upon 100 of ♀ and 1 upon 200 on Silver.

I reserved half an ounce of this medicine apart, that I might not be without ferment, which fell out very happily in respect of the disaster which happened to the rest of the medicine.

After this first leaven or medicine is made you may multiply it with the philosophical mercury and the

same tincture described in
the second operation to make
perfect gold of 24 carats
high.

The first fashion of pro-
ceeding is short and makes
good but it makes only
suna fixa.

If you project one part
of this medicine on 300 parts
of common mercury it con-
verts it not into a metal
but into a powder of an
orange colour, which is a
great remedy for health.—
you must give at one time
but a grain, or two at most
in Wine.

To draw the Mercury
of Gold prepared, Serviceable
for this Work.

Take $\text{\textcircled{A}}$ (sal ammoniac)
and $\text{\textcircled{D}}$ (salt petre) equal parts
and draw an aqua fortis, in
which you must dissolve one
ounce of purified gold, then
precipitate it with oil of tar-
tar which will make the powder
of gold fall to the bottom. Con-
tinue pouring in the oil of
tartar until there fall no
more powder to the bottom
and the oil ceaseth to make
any more noise.

Let it rest, and then pour
off by inclination all that is

clear, and dulcify the powder which remains at the bottom, by often washing it in fair water.

Then dry it in a box in the air, not by the fire, in a wooden box, for if you should dry it in a glass it would break in pieces; for it easily taketh fire, more so than any thing else whatever, and explodes with a great noise.

Then take this powder and grind it upon a marble stone with oil of tartar. — Then dry it and grind it again. and do this so often till the powder has drunk

in its own weight. Then put it in a matrass close sealed, and set it in B.M. for the space of forty days, at the end of which time you shall find the powder converted into a mercury.

The bals of gold.

Take two ounces of gold refined at the test and then by the antimony horn, beat it into thin plates and amalgamate it with common mercury two ounces, then strain the amalgam through a linen cloth and take that which remains in the cloth,

which will be like a ball,
and put it to its double
weight of flower of sulphur.
Then set on the fire, in a
large crucible, and keep
stirring constantly with a
stick until all the mercury
and sulphur be consumed,
which will be a days work.

Then take the powder
and amalgamate it again
with mercury the like
quantity, and when the
fluid mercury is separated
add flowers of sulphur
and proceed as before. Do
this three several times,
and at last give it a good
strong heat that all the

Mercury may be driven away and you shall find the gold in a fine powder like very small sand.

Now take this powder and pour upon it three times its weight of aqua fortis, made with nitre and sal ammoniac, and dissolve it in a gentle heat in a glass upon warm ashes.

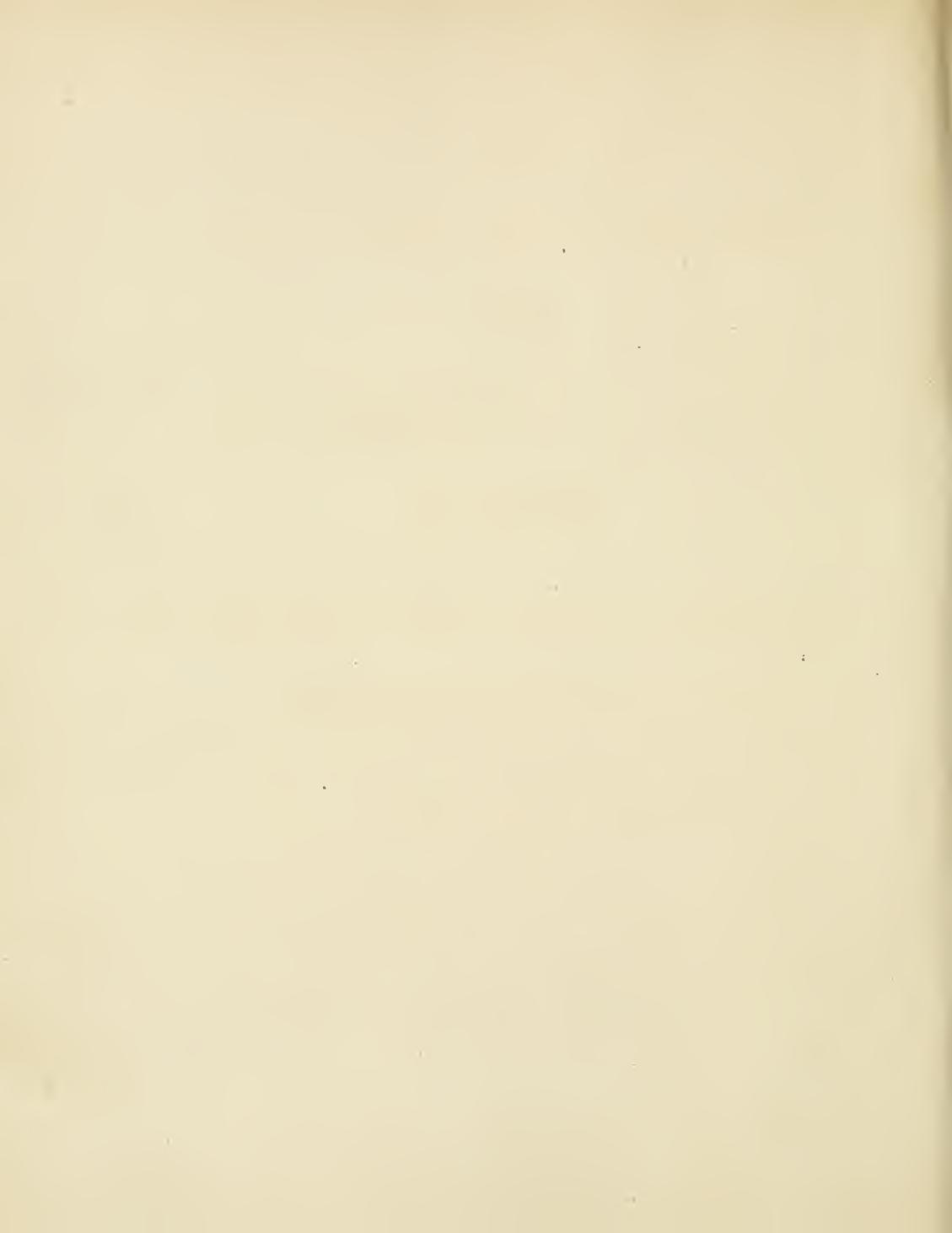
Into this solution, when perfectly made, pour in a quantity of mercury, 5 or 3vi and then let it stand twenty four hours and the mercury will draw into it the gold.

Then pour off the aqua fortis or aqua regia and take the amalgama that is in

He surely
must have
meant 3*vii*

the bottom and strain away through a linen cloth all the mercury that will pass.

What remains put into a crucible ~~on the~~ fire, and with a strong heat drive away the mercury from it, so shall you have remaining in the crucible a fine subtle powder which is the calx of gold or the first ferment.



THE
THEORY AND PRACTICE
of the
PHILOSOPHERS STONE
described by

QUERCITAN'S DAUGHTER

Copied from an ancient manuscript.

1805.

The Theory.

Although that all things under the sun being composed of the four Elements is a principal ground of all those that treat of and travel in the search of the secret stone of the Philosophers to reduce and convert that subject which they take in hand to its first matter, as they all say, which happily any one may justly conceive to be the aforesaid four elements by extractions artificial; yet it is to be understood that this extraction is imperfect: for though it be granted that the

four elements are the primary, principle and matter of the stone as also of all other things under the sun, as is aforesaid; yet this matter is remote and distinct from our intention, there being far nearer and more proper matter than the said four elements, adopted and fitted by nature to reduce the form of metals — which is the thing we wish for. For every thing must be sought and found out in his own kind. A man begets a man, a horse an horse, and so all other creatures increase and multiply in their own kind and not in any other, according to their first creation.

and order of Nature. Therefore all those deceive themselves that work upon strange matter different from the nature of metals, as all Philosophers affirm, saying that each metal is engendered & produced by his own sperm or seed from that only which by a proper name they call ♀.

By the authority & universal consent of all the Philosophers the aforesaid ♀ of theirs is that one thing and all in which we ought to travel and bury ourselves; for in that and in that only is found the matter of the stone. For the said ♀ hath such an admirable property and sympathy with gold and

silver; but especially with gold,
the which are the things we in-
tend to make in imitation of
Nature, that we cannot doubt
but that it is the only true and
proper subject and matter of
the mineral stone, because of
the wonderful agreement & hath
with ☽ in his substance and
qualities.

Wherefore I dare affirm as
an undoubted and unanswer-
able verity that Mercury is the
nearest and only next matter
of these two metals ☽ and ☿, and
not only of them but of all
other metals; and my reasons
for this assertion is, because it is
no hard thing by art to reduce

silver and gold, and also all other metals into mercury, to wit quick silver so commonly called; which demonstrates plainly to the sense that they were originally made of the same nature, the common mother of all things. For all Philosophers say that every thing is made of that into which it may most easily be converted and reduced, as ice is easily dissolved or resolved by heat into water, which makes it apparent that ice was first water before it was ice, being made so from water by congelation.

Thus then it follows that ♀ is the preparation and only subject and matter of our Stones

on which only we ought to fix
all our thoughts and contempla-
tions, and in and upon which all
our travel and labour should be
employed, if we mean to follow
and imitate Nature's way, and
not wilfully to wander from
the beaten paths of truth, in
following the fancies and follies
of ignorant and false pretenders
to this art who know nor intend
nothing but deceive the covetous
and credulous.

Now if we will imitate Na-
ture, the true unerring Guide,
observe how in all her operations
and generations she not only voi-
deth improper matter wheron to
work but also introduced form

into the matter which she chooseth, for this is the end, scope and period of all her works, which she bringeth unto perfection.

We have declared the matter to be ♀. Now the form to this matter is to be sought and found out, and it must necessarily be in silver if we intend to make silver, and in gold if we intend to make gold, and this without mixture of any strange thing, not of their property and nature.

Nature meddles with no strange thing in any of her productions, whether they be animals, vegetables or minerals:— for even the sperm of animals & the seed of plants require the

form to be projected, the one into
the womb, the other to be sown or
planted in their prepared beds of
earth, well husbanded and prepared;
that they may produce in the
womb or earth their seminal vir-
tue into quick and lively action,
by the agency of Nature producing
a new generation.

So in like manner in the pro-
duction of metals it is required that
the proper seed be cast in its proper
earth, and if ♂ or ♀ be intended
that the foysaid ♀ of ♂ or of ♀ be
cast or sown in its prepared earth
or womb, which is the perfect body,
that is ♂ or ♀ prepared: in which
womb or earth the said matter
spermatic will join itself and

finally produce the fruit so much desired. Moreover seeds do not properly bring forth strange births; thus it behoveth you to saw corn if you would reap corn, linseed if you expect flax, and so of any other kind.

So every ♀ is not prepared to make our stone to engender. To make ♂ the ♀ of ♂, and to make ♂ the ♀ of ♂ is requisite; or at least ♀ animated with the one or with the other of the said perfect metals, that is silver or gold; to the end that by this means it may be altered and exalted above the nature of common ♀, which is crude, raw and undigested, and by consequence not prepared for this work, or to

be said fit for his earth, being contrary to the temperature of ☽, and therefore unfit to be joined and mixed with him. For the crude and perfect, the digest and undigested, the green fruit and the ripe will not agree together in any sort.

Therefore the true sign to know the true matter of the stone is the sympathy and concordance which the matter hath with the thing which we intend to make, which is ☽ and ☽. Wherefore we ought to take and seek for our work the aforesaid ♀, which is expressly called the ♀ of the philosophers, because but for them it had never been made; for this ♀ is fit and convenient for

this work. another thing must also be properly considered and attended to because of the consequence that depends thereon. You may have good seed, and yet if it be sown in earth too wet or too dry or barren it will be drowned or parched up & quite lost. or if the earth be otherwise bad or ill husbanded the seeds will often degenerate & for corn you will reap darnel.

In the same manner it is not only necessary for the Philosophers to have good seed, that is good &, they must also be careful to have the earth, that is gold, well prepared & purified from impurities and superfluities and brought into a fine

subtile impalpable flour or meal, reducing it into a philosophical calx or powder, small and fine as the atoms of the sun beams; which is not done by a gross way of grinding in a mortar, though that be fit to in the work, but in a digesting heat in a double bosome within and without; to the end that the aforesaid ♀ may inseparably be joined with the said body or earth, which it cannot be as long as the said body is hard and compact, as it is naturally after the first melting or fusion.

Now when you have the mercury, that is the seed, such

as it ought to be, and also the calx or earth rightly prepared; something else remaineth to be done; for though this serveth for the seed, and this calx or earth serveth as your womb to bear this seed unto a full birth and ripeness, which is all that is requisite in vegetables and their productions, yet there is more required in mineral productions above ground in a glass. We must also have the vegetable soul, without which nothing is done, and that being once obtained all is ready for the work, which is then, only ludus puerorum, the sport of children.

Then we have little to do but to take notice of the colours as they pass in the glass, and it is indeed boys play to gaze upon gaudy colours. Nevertheless it yields a pleasure beyond description to a wise man to see the secrets of Nature's operations under ground and the divine generation of the great Creator, manifested in the quickening of a dead body, for so all metals are after fusion.

This period is also called opus mulierum, womens work, which is to roast and boil & cook, or diet and wash and wring us, and keep us clean; and well they owe it to our sex for the woman

first defiled us with sin.

But I say after conjunction of
the Spirit which is the ♀, and of
the body prepared which is gold
brought into a fine calx, and the
vegetative soul which is the fer-
ment joined with both; this is
truly the conjunction copulation
of both, and is the holy & heavenly
Priest joining them together never
more to be separated. And this
is done more spiritually & strictly
than in common marriage in
which the priest only joineth hands,
for here the knot is tied so strongly
and produces such an union that
these three instantly become one,
upon the magnetical touch of
each other. And this conjunction

is made in Cubili Nuptiali; nay
more nearly, in Thoro Hymenaeo;
nay more near than this, in
Vase Seminario, in the secret
place of Nature's conception; the
male or masculine nature ope-
rating naturally & acting on
the female, and the female sweet-
ly clasping and embracing the
masculine, and with yielding
overcome and overcoming the
vegetative soul; infusing life
and the power of life to his em-
bryon, that it may live & beget
lively issue in kind ad infinitum — and all this in a glass
contained in an athanor or
philosophical chamber, never
touching yet embracing especially

on all sides, with aerial heat -
digestive continually; growing
first black, from black to green,
from green to white, from white
atrine colour and from that
to oriental purpuran scarlet
red - the colours or insignia. All
which is done by a continual
digestive heat in the space of
nine or ten months to the won-
der or amazement of the Artist
and the immortal praise of the
Eternal blessed Creator, who hath
given such gifts to men; for
this is his gift only whose name
be praised forever more. Amen!

The vegetative soul is ne-
cessary in this divine work! Let
liars and babblers say what they

will. Without it the whole operation will be fruitless and vain; for the subtle spirit neither would nor could, naturally and firmly, join itself with the body which is gross and solid. But this vegetative soul, participating of the nature of both, invites these two, standing as the soul between, to a natural conjunction, herself also joining in the union and making it a triunion.

All the Philosophers say that there can be no impression, penetration or natural transition from one extreme to another unless by a medium or mean, which mean is the vegetative soul aforesaid, which partakes both

of the Spirit and the Body, as being truly and naturally a body spiritual and a spirit corporeal. It is properly called in this work the Leaven or ferment; for even as the soul in man is the life of a man quickening his earthly body, and as leaven in bread is the cause that maketh it to rise, so doth our vegetable soul put into our body, which was dead and destitute of all vigour, a flourishing virtue.

Our body being thus quickened is then called Philosophical silver and gold, and no more common and such as it was before it passed through the hand of the Philosopher.

12

These bodies being thus animated are called by the name of the two great planets which reign in sovereignty over all the heavenly bodies, because these two perfect bodies or metals reign and rule over all other metals in the earth, and have power to convert them into their own nature. Wherefore some Philosophers call them their ferment. the same is confirmed by the joining the ferment with the body because it is his soul.

13

If thou dost not purify the impure body, if thou dost not at first blanch him, & after he is blanched or whitened dost not then infuse the soul, that is his ferment you have nothing in

This cert. You must therefore make
conjunction of the ferment of ☽
with the body of ☽ first cleansed
and purified from uncleanness;
then afterwards when the spirit is
joined with them both they take
great joy, rejoicing together because
they are cleansed and purified -
from their uncleanness, & that
which was gross and earthly is
made pure and subtle.

Therefore it is said in the
Turba Philosophorum "the spirit
which is naturally pure will
not kindly mix with the body
unless it be totally cleansed from
its impurities."

In this conjunction, if you
make it well, you shall see great
wonders; such that if I had not

seen them I could never have believed them. First of all there will appear all the colours imaginable, and you shall see, in the very moment of conjunction, the body, which was before imperfect and dead as it were; receive his soul into him, and be clothed with glorious robes of immortality's perfect brightness, by the means of the said ferment or soul.

And by the same means the spirit also is tied in so strict a alliance with the body that of the two are made one individual substance with the said ferment or soul, all being changed into the colour of the

ferment. and thus the saying
of the Philosophers is proved true,
when they say "our Man is com-
posed of body soul and spirit;" for
they compared the body before it
was perfect, being then, as we may
say, in its feeble dead and un-
regenerated state, to any other
vulgar piece of earth without
life or soul; because it is so of
itself and by itself, having no ve-
getative power to multiply its-
self from itself until the soul
be first infused into it.

16

The Philosophers have called
the water or ♀ spirit, because in
all its essential properties it is
truly spiritual: and the soul they
have called soul because it doth
infuse a quickening power and

life, vegetable and multiplicable perfection to the before imperfect and defective body, which had not these properties before, being wholly dead; but the infusion of the soul endereth it well with a more noble and excellent form than before it had.

Yet in saying that the Stone is composed of three things, body, soul and spirit, we do not contradict or question the saying of the Philosophers who say "the Stone is made but of one only thing produced from one and the same root;" for the said masterly or stone is made of the self same water, and with our water only, by our water alone — our metathine water, no

ways differing in unity and identity of matter, howbeit before the preparation they had three several accidental natural forms, that is of ∇ , ♀ and Δ , or aerial vapour yellow white or red. These three they are but yet one metalline ∇ , even as rain, snow and ice are but one water originally although they have three several forms. It is therefore truly said that with our water we do begin our works, and with our ∇ we do finish it, & being finished do multiply it in quantity and quality infinite.

And when the Philosophers say the stone is corporeal and spiritual both together, they do

not falsely speak; for in it the body and spirit appears really, the body being made spiritual in the dissolution, and the spirit made corporal in the conjunction - in the very instant of time that the aforesaid soul doth intermingle in that womb making three ~~of~~ one all inseparable; as has been said before and shall appear more plainly in my practical treatise of the Cart of the Dice.

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According to this the wise Marinus sayleth very well that our maneray may be fithly compared to the generation of mankyn; for there is first carnal copulation of the male

and female, and in like manner our ♀ is joined with his body which is called conjunction. Secondly conception taketh place when the body relinquit its ♀ and then the male acteth upon the female nature. After this followeth the true time of birth, the soul having been infused, whereby the spirit soul and body become one individual thing, that is one body, active, quick and living, and endued with vegetative life, the power of increasing and multiplying in his own kind, by means of the said soul entering into it, presenting in view one constant appearance or semblance,

differing in outward form al-
together from what it had
before. Then when by due and
daily concoction the triun-
body is come to his pure white-
ness or oriental purpurean red-
ness, the infant has become a
perfect man, strong and able
to beget his like: and therefor
the Philosophers stile him the
Purissant King, as it is said
in the Turba Philosophorum
" Honour the King which com-
eth out of the fire triumphing
and crowned with a fair and
rich diadem; for this is he
that hath all power & autho-
rity given unto him over his
subjects."

I have in these few words so described openly, according to my instructions received from yourself and the manual operations which I did perform and all the causes manual, formal and efficient the theory of this great mystery. Which said causes being natural & grounded upon certain knowledge, plain reason and infallible experience may satisfy even the ignorant of the certainty and truth of this most admirable science.

I have described the said causes and also in general tho' reservedly all the theory, the matter, the regimen and all the way of and manner of

working it, even as I myself
have wrought it, in all the
pains which I took about it,
as well for the multiplication
of the powder you gave me, as
also the whole operation from
the beginning to the end, ac-
cording to the grace of God of
his blessing given me, whereby
it was brought to that happy
conclusion that my powder
one ounce of which converted
200 ounces of ♀ : and I verily
believe, if misfortune had not
befallen me, I might have
brought almost to infinity
of excellency; which I hope
yet to do if God give me the
grace to come to some convenient

place of retirement, suitable to my desire, with the little bit of ferment which I then reserved of all I had lost. And with this I hope to recover all my former disasters and give content to your own hearts desire, which is my whole ambition, having for no other end or purpose reserved the aforesaid ferment.

And because there is nothing more certain than death and more uncertain than the hour thereof, I have therefore purposely declared unto you, in writing, all my manenal operations, (having omitted nothing but the process which you have already with you,

as they are word for word set down and with you remaining in the two boxes N M.) and have sent the same to you, sealed up together with the foresaid small remainder of the aforesaid ferment. That it may be in your own proper custody in case God by death should call me from this world before I may be so happy as to see you.

Not but that I think modesty forbids that I should offer any instruction to you seeing all that I know I acknowledge to have learned from you; but to this end, that I may render to you a faithful account of passages as my duty obligeth

me, being your unworthy scholar; and that I may present you with testimony of my faithful and unchangeable affection towards you, and of the dear remembrance which I have of you. And therefore I humbly beg your acceptance of this from her who is & shall for ever be

Your most affectionate
Handmaid.

The first Practice of Multi-
plication in two different sorts.

As God gave me grace I
brought to a happy end, what
you committed to my trust,
partly by instruction & partly
by demonstration; and this I
did in two different ways, one
whereof was upon the ferment
which you delivered me for
the red work, of which 1 ounce
would convert 25 ounces of D
into O; which ferment or powder
I also augmented by two several
digestions or multiplications
and made 9 ounces of ferment,
augmenting each time one by
double its weight of philosophi-

cal mercury such as you have in
the box M. That is to say, to one
ounce of the powder I added two
the first time and obtained three,
and to that 3 ounces I added
its double weight, 6 ounces of
philosophical ♀, which by diges-
tion I made, as said before, into
powder, being 9 ounces.

But I could not make 3*i*
of my powder transmute more
than 3*l.* of ♂, or 1 ounce 50 of ♂
into ♀, and this happened be-
cause I was but a novice in
the said art of multiplication,
not then knowing how to make
the Double ♀ which I had not;
and besides I was not perfectly
skilled in the point of formu-

tation; yet I went on in the work from point to point as followith:

28. 41. 185

First of all I made extraction out of lead ore and drew forth its red sulphur with which $\frac{1}{4}$ I did ferment the said \mathcal{Q} as you know. Which \mathcal{Q} so fermented was of such a nature that it presently devoured the gold, so hot and piercing it is of quality. But I had not as yet learned the way of animating the said \mathcal{Q} with \mathbb{O} as afterward I did.

Then upon this ounce of powder which you gave me for the red work I put two ounces of the said mercury

fermented with its own sulphur,
and in the twinkling of an eye
the powder swallowed up the
said ♀ and became one homo-
genial individual body. There
appeared some change of colour
but not much, and the whole
mass was three ounces.

This conjunction was made
in a glass matrap like an egg
which I placed upon warm
ashes with a moderate heat,
which did give warmth unto
and consequently made the ♀
temperately warm. But you
must take notice that the
said ♀ was first put into the
glass, and, after it grew a
little warm upon the ashes,

the powder was put into the glass. As soon as they were put together all presently became powder, so that you could not see any ♀ at all.

After the glass was nipp'd up, that is sealed with Herm's seal, it was put to digest in a close athanor, made warm with a lamp kept continually burning, where it remained in continual digestion full five months; in all which time I could not see how the colours passed and changed, because this athanor had no windows to open and shut, as my other athanor had.

At the end of the foresaid

time (5 months) I took the
glass out of the aforesaid alka-
mar and found my powder
all changed into a purpurean
carnation colour; of which
powder I took a little and put
upon a red hot plate and saw
it did not flow like melted
wax as I expected it to do, where-
for taking out about 3 i more
to make a trial of its virtue
when you should come, I
then added to the said powder
in the glass double its weight
of the aforesaid ♀, fermented
with this ♀, which made in
all 6 ounces and 3 ij.

It is to be noted that I
took out the powder out of

the former glass and having weighed it put to it its double weight of ♀ as aforesaid, and made conjunction the second time as before; that is putting in the ♀ and warming it upon a temperate heat of ashes, and then the powder. This glass was of the same shape as the former, but greater, because of the addition of more matter — a third part of the glass being empty that it might have room to circulate — that is room for the vapours to ascend & descend upon the matter, which in this art is called circulation.

As soon as the matter was put in I sealed up the glass

as before, placed it in the ath-
nor upon a great fire as before,
and three months after, at your
coming, by your advice, I took
it out, in obedience to you and
then did find it all powder &
of the same colours as before.
yourself then took a penny
weight of the powder & made
trial casting it upon 50 of cop-
pered & melted, and it was
all converted into good gold
enduring all trials; but it was
only of 22 carats fineness as
the pistoles.

You perceiving this caused
me to put the glass into de-
gestion again, without adding
any more ♀ at that time, the

which I willingly consented to do
in obedience to your command,
and did in the same glass,
there being enough of the neck
yet left to rip it up, and then
I set it in the same furnace
again. But at the end of 20 days
(having forgot to wipe the bottom
of the vessel containing the
glass, where the smoke of
the lamp had made it
very sooty, during the for-
mer long time of digestion)
the fire caught hold of the
soot so violently that the
pot, being but of earth, as
also the furnace, was burst
into a thousand pieces, and
the glass and the matter

contained within it scattered and cast beyond a power of redemption.

This disaster I earnestly impute to the excessive heat of the fire and not to the matter, for it was sufficiently fixed. But it is likely that the violence of the fire caused the spirits inclosed in the matter to break forth as they did, so that nothing at all could be recovered.

37

As for the point of misfortune I in some sort may be held blameless, for had the useful beam of brass it would not have broken.

and I would fair have had it so but you would not.

This was our first mishap, yet in this we were somewhat compensated in that I had multiplied the one ounce of powder to nine ounces in quantity and redoubled it in virtue and quality, as appeared in the one ounce I reserved and with which we tried projection.

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Nevertheless I perceived that there was one error committed in the very beginning, in that we did not put in mercury enough for the better augmentation; and you will please to call to mind

now that we made projection
with that 3*i* of powder upon
fifty of prepared silver, viz
capelled silver melted, and
that it turned it all into
a tawny coloured powder,
like calx of gold, and did
not metallize it neither
would it melt; and you
said then the cause of this
was for that the powder
was more strong in virtue
than before, and that I
had not sufficient of mer-
cury to give it a natural
fusion; for in the second
multiplication where I
put eight ounces of mercury
to one ounce of the calx

on powder we then made
projection of one upon fifty
of silver produced into fine
metal of good gold of 22
carats and somewhat more.

The
Second Practice upon the whole Work
from the beginning to the end.

Now to recover this great misfortune and loss, you, seeing me very sad and disconsolate, because I had not had the care to keep the moiety, or two thirds of this ounce of powder or ferment, which too inconsiderately we did project, to make our multiplication, did therefore vouchsafe the honour to trust me with the whole process of the work as you yourself had received it from poor Phillip Pony, before his disastrous departure from Mr Delafin, to the end,

that at my leisure, through the confidence you reposed in me, I might work it and not bury it in the ground, the great talent which God in his goodness had given to yourself; you not having time or leisure, in respect you were taken up with daily practice in the profession of Physick and other affairs.

You discovered plainly that the principal point of all the business was, to work upon the true matter; and therefore that it was requisite in the beginning of the work to take the ♀ of gold to make gold and the ♀ of silver to make ♂ - That is the mercury and to digest the same which

28. 41. 172

Nature doth take. And Art ought to imitate Nature, and first make gold and silver into mercury by artificial operation, and not to take any other at the beginning of the work. Albeit, after the work is fully finished the foresaid ♀ of ♂ fermented with his own ♀ and after that animated with gold, as you know, also the ♀ of antimony, and also all other mercuries, even common ♀ called quicksilver, being animated with gold, although they be not of an equal goodness yet may serve, being made ♀ philosophical. That is to say, having passed through the hands of the philosopher who knows how to give

them their true adequation or temperament nearest to their temperature of gold, which I having brought to pass did proceed in the work as follows:

42

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43

First of all by cernation Philosophical is made the calx of ♂ a good quantity, according to the process you have in the paper n, whereof I reserved half an ounce for my base of fixation, & the remainder which was five half ounces, I reduced into quick running ♀, according to the aforesaid preparation, and by the help of the oil of tartar and the double flying eagle so happily that at the first assay I had almost 4 half ounces of good ♀ of gold.

$$\frac{3}{4} \text{ oz} = \frac{7}{9} \text{ oz}$$

of which you joyed heartily —

During the time of digestions I also made mercury animate, double, or collified, following verbatim the process contained in the paper N. And this I did with ♀ extracted from cinnabar, which I did three times animate with new gold to purge him of his great crudity, not then having any other ♀ by me.

And during the time of precipitation I also made the ferment or vegetable soul, following prudently the process transcribed out of the paper N; and thus obtained that liquor of life which is the principle of the whole work, as I have formerly declared in my

10
11
16
44

Theory; and this is the true thread to lead out of and into this labyrinth.

By my diligence within less than three months I had all my materials prepared and ready for the work; that is my calx of gold, my ♀ of gold, and my blessed liquor or soul, in sufficient quantity to begin the work twice or thrice, all things being in readiness.

54 I first made leaven or ferment by conjunction of the body with the spirit by means of the vegetable soul as followeth.

186 First of all I took my half ounce of calx of gold, which I had reserved at first, and made an amalgama with it and 3 iij of the ♀ of ♂, made out of

20 vials - 100 = 150

the same calx; and this I did without any heat or warmth of fire; and suddenly the said calx swallowed up the said mercury very greedily. After this I squeezed out all the superfluous ℥, as much as I could wring out of a piece of clean thin leather, and reserved it by itself for further use. I then took that which remained in the leather vizt the amalgama of calx, and mercury of gold which was in weight 3zs. afterwards I did stir it with a pestle in a little glass mortar, quickening by little & little with the barm or vegetable liquor; and this I did without fire or other warmth, but cold

1st imbibition
see 56. 60. 61
194. 195.

as it was of itself, until it was brought into a paste of middle consistence between thick and thin: in the doing of which I was much astonished at the admirable strange colours - which did appear when the vegetable soul made their entrance into the body by means of the spirit; uniting them so friendly and kindly together, that of three several things they became one homogenousal thing or body of a purpurian orange colour; which strange secret by reason of the sudden change is called in this art a cast at Dice, as I have formerly

said in my theory. Then putting this my matter into a fine oval glass I stopped it slightly with a little rag of fine cloth and set it upon warm ashes, to the end that what would vapour might, if there had been too much moisture in it, and so left it for fixation.

There are some operators and good philosophers that work otherwise, not putting in the said ferment or vegetable salt to the body and spirit till after its first digestion or concoction after it is come to its whiteness; that is till the body and

spirit by daily & temperate
concoction pass from colour
to colour in his althanor &
lastly become white. Others
do as I did, adding the fer-
ment at the first; but I
for my part follow your
counsel, and example of
other philosophers, which
mix the soul with the body
and spirit. The causes and
reason for their so doing is
fully declared in the first
manuscript M. This con-
junction of the body and
spirit being made as afo-
said by the mediation of
the said vegetable soul
I then proceeded as follows:

I kept my glass wherein
my body soul and spirit was
contained in the othanor upon
warm ashes 3 or 4 days, until
that my foresaid paste was
brought by digestion into a
calx or powder, of a purpure-
an orange colour, weighing
about 3 ss.

56
58

$\frac{3}{2}$ of mineral

Observe that this is the
powder of the mineral former-
ly spoken of in my last prac-
tice, which I received from
your hands and mixed with
the ♀ of saturn. — 3 ss of this
powder or ferment* I mixed
with as much of his own ♀,
that is ♀ of ♂, and put it into
a proportionable oval glass

$\frac{3}{2}$ used

* she reserved $\frac{3}{1}$

59

2^d Imbibition
on 56. 60. 61
189. 195 }

fit for so small a quantity, two thirds of the glass being void and without matter, and then placed it as before upon warm ashes; but I must not forget to tell you that I did imbibe it with its vegetable soul as before, that is by little and little, adding two or three drops of the vegetable soul and shaking and stirring the glass that it might well incorporate together until it became a paste or lump, neither thick nor thin, and then put it in its attorney again, as before upon warm ashes, the glass carefully stopped with a linen cloth to give

liberty of evaporation if needed.
and in less time than before,
that is in about three days
the whole became purpurean
orange powder, weighing
about 1 ounce.

Unto this 1 ounce I added
an equal weight of ♀, and
after imbibition of the sand
set it upon ashes as aforesaid
and all became powder as
before.

Now it is to be noted that
this powder after three times
imbibition with the aforesaid
vegetable sand or liquor of
life is the true base or root
of all particular Philosophi-
cal works. Miserable Phi-

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3}{2} \text{ increased to } \frac{3}{1} \\ \text{of Soluble } \odot \end{array} \right.$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{on } 5-6.60.61 \\ 189.194 \\ \text{Thrice imbibition.} \end{array} \right.$

increased to $\frac{3}{2}$

imbibed 189.194.195

losophers who through poverty are not able to attain the great work or perfect elixir should follow this. That this ♂ thus wrought is no more vulgar, dead and impotent ♂, but philosophical quick & powerful; able to increase & multiply itself in its own kind; although it hath not yet attained its utmost verme and activity, which we aim at, that is to project upon base metals and imperfect. It hath only power to fix and convert, and that ad infinitum, into its own nature, equal quantity of animated ♀, although made

with common ♀, and also all other mercuries drawn by art from imperfect metals.

To satisfy myself I made trial after this manner. I took that which remained of my golden ♀ and mixed it with twenty times as much of animated ♀ that it might be so much the better. I then took one quarter of my philosophical gold viz 3ffs, reserving the rest for the stone of projection, and by little & little I fixed as before all the animated ♀ into a mineral powder and I had in all 42 ounces. I converted ten ounces into pure ♂ by in-

corporating the said powder
with soft wax and so making
pills o' it, which I cast in
one after another upon 4
Ducates of gold ready molten
in a crucible, and instantly
all became perfect pure gold

It was not your pleasure
I should at that time reduce
any more of the powder into
metal, but that I should
keep it to serve other occasi-
ons, which was for powder
of projection, being far more
preferable and advantageous
than this work of augmen-
tation, which was not worth
speaking of in comparison
of the perfect linchon.

To proceed therefore: I took
3jffs of the aforesaid powder or
minera imbibed thrice with the
vegetable gold or soul and di-
vided it into three equal parts,
whereof yourself took one part,
another was sent to Monsieur
Delafosse, and the other part,
which was 3ffs I wrought with
as follows:

But I almost forgot to
mention what you said you
reserved the 3ffs to work it in
a tinging oil, which way
at that time we could not
follow, by reason we had
not sufficient quantity of
the vegetative soul to make
frequent imbibitions, which

that work did require. But I shall most willingly work that way, if you still have the said powder. It was however your pleasure at that time that I should follow the mercurial, with the ♀ of ☽, which I had in sufficient quantity. But to proceed:

In obedience to your commands I did take my foresaid 3ʒs of ferment which I did amalgamate with 5 ounces of ♀ compounded with the one third part of our solary ♀ and two thirds of animated ♀ which I had made in a greater quantity than before, (which ♀ of saturn and one

ounce of ferment once imbibed with the vegetative soul unto which I added one ounce more of the calx of ♂ made before as has been said, to the intent I might have the more of an inviolated ♀.

Thus having done the ♀ suddenly swallowed the foresaid ℥s of ferment; and then I did imbibe it three times, one after another, imbibing and drinking excessively. Then I put all my matter into my glass shaped like an egg and sealed it with Hermes seal and then placed it upon sifted ashes contained in a vessel of copper, which I had caused to be made to-

prevent the danger of breaking
as the first did which was made
of earth.

Then I did administer the
fire of a lamp as at first with
only one fillet and within 40
days my matter became black.

I continued the same heat
of digestion and within four
months it was pure white.

Then I increased the heat
one degree till it turned into
a citrine colour, when I aug-
mented my heat by adding
3 fillets to my lamp and con-
tinued the heat till it came
into a pure Oriental purple,
the colour of perfection.

Then I took out my glass

and added to my matter five
ounces more of the aforesaid
compounded & imbibing it as
before with its vegetative soul
and set it in digestion as before.

and now in 6 weeks I pas-
sed through all my colours to
the perfect purple.

70
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Having thus happily brought
my work to perfection upon
your arrival I made assay of
my powder by projection, and
found that it would not trans-
mute more than 10 of D and 20
of ♀ which you seeing told me
I had mistaken the figure 7 for
3 and so had omitted 4 imbibi-
tions with the vegetable soul;
but it was no great matter you

said, save only that it was a retarding of the work, & therefore you wished me to take better heed the next time.

Then, before your departure, you advised me in my next operation to take but 5 ounces of this 10 ounces thuswright reserving the remainder for other occasions.

But after you were gone, being allured by the aforesaid projection, I took all my powder to put to work reserving only one ounce instead of five. To the 9 ounces I added equally quantity of the aforesaid compound &, and imbibing seven times as you had forewarned

one to do with the vegetable soul,
I then put it into its heat of
digestion and in far less time
than before it passed through
all the colours until I arrived
at the pure purplian, which
I took great joy to see, for I
had made a window in my
athanor for this purpose; and
my delight to behold all the
colours was such that I wat-
ched often and long, omitting
to write to you thereof because
you were so far distant from
me that I could not send.

Having perfectly finished
my work I took my glass out
of its digestion having within
it full $\frac{3}{4}$ of perfect oriental

powder of projection, whereof I took 3l to make trial of its virtue and divided it into two parts which I did project upon D and vulgar ♀ severally. Of molten D on which it was thrown I did transmute 3lfs into perfect pure gold. The other lfs projected upon common ♀ warmed did convert 3c of the said ♀ into perfect O - Which was a power of 1 upon 100 of D and 1 upon 200 of ♀.

You may imagine how overjoyed I was to find myself possessed of so great a treasure as 3^{1xx} of this most rich powder. But being too greedy to multiply my powder, having a fair.

crystal glass sufficient to hold as much more matter, I added equal quantity of the aforesaid compound ♀, and imbibed it seven times as aforesaid with the vegetable soul.

I put my glass unto its former digestion and left the government of the fire to my servants care, not being able myself to attend, through extreme pain in my head, caused by long watching, it may be also through excessive joy: But it so fell out, whether through my servants negligence in attending the fire, or whether I had put too much matter unto my glass I know not, but it broke into a thousand pieces, so that all

was lost irrecoverably with the
ashes. For which loss I can only
blame myself, especially my
covetousness and disobedience
to your commands, in not re-
serving the moiety as you willed
me. I therefore cry you heartily
mercy, taking all the fault
upon myself.

Nowbeit when by Gods per-
mission you shall come hither
again I have enough of the
zps of Turnent to begin again,
and sufficient quantity of the
said compound ♀ and of the
vegetable sand to work and
recover all the aforesaid losses;
for now the aforesaid ♂ is not
common ♂, dead & impotent

to engender his life, but vigorous and powerful to multiply by his own mind. Although not able to make projection upon the imperfect metals, yet it is able to multiply, that is to convert \textcircled{O} , his own equal weight of \textcircled{F} animated; and this it will do ad infinitum.

As for example, 1 ounce of this powder or quick \textcircled{O} , within three days converts as much more, that is 1 ounce of animated \textcircled{F} into so much quick \textcircled{O} . This 2 ounces will convert 2 ounces more of \textcircled{F} animate, though it be made of common \textcircled{F} ; but other mercenies cannot but be better, as \textcircled{F} of metals,

as of Saturn or Antimony, which
are left crude and undigested:
these however must also be ani-
mated twice or thrice with \odot ,
as shall be taught hereafter.

— Then have you 4 ounces
of powder. This 4 ounces will
convert other 4, and these 8 will
yield with $\frac{1}{2}$ 16; and so ad in-
finitum: provided always that
at every multiplication you
still imbibe the said powder
with the aforesaid liquor after
its conjunction, and then fix
it 2 or 3 days upon warm ashes
into French \odot .

The work for the Real Tincture.

(This seems to be a mere repetition of ^{the} work described before, but in other words and in some parts more fully — see seven leaves back very page 197)

My self to give myself content after my great labour did obtain projection after this manner:

I took my ♀ of ♂ which remained with me being ziz and mingled it with 20 times as much of ♀ animated, to the end it might be so much the more animated and better.

Then I took a fourth part
of my philosophical Ⓛ viz half
an ounce, (reserving the rest for
the powder of projection) and by
little and little, that is by e -
qual quantity of animated ♀
I fixed all in manner afore-
said, and had in all in mi-
neral powder 42 ounces and
somewhat more.

Of this I reduced a fourth
part into very pure Ⓛ by ma-
king little pallets of the said
powder mingled with soft wax
which I cast in one after another
into a crucible wherein was
melted four ducats, and
presently all became perfect pure
ⓑ enduring all assays.

You would not permit me to reduce any more into ①, but willed that I should leave it as it was in powder, for to serve for present necessity & occasions, and that I should not busy myself further about this mineral powder in making it into ① as I had done before, but should proceed to the work of projection which was far more & profitable.

I took therefore 3 gfs of my aforesaid powder three times* imbibed with or quickened with the aforesaid liquor of life and divided it into 3 different parts, viz three 3 gfs; whereof yourself took one, another was sent to

* It should have been imbibed 7 times.
See page

Monsieur Delafire, the other Zfs
I wrought as follows:

But I had almost forgot to
put you in mind that you said
you wished not to employ the Zfs
for multiplication of the said
powder, but to bring it by art
philosophical into a Tincture oil,
 through often imbibitions with
the vegetable soul; which way
for the present I could not follow
by reason we had not suffici-
ent quantity of the aforesaid
vegetable liquor, to make the
said imbibitions. But all in
good time may be done if as
yet you have not disposed of
the said ferment or Zfs of pow-
der; for this Zfs with others

ferment which I have by me
will suffice to begin all again,
and recover all our former joys &
disappointments.

But it was your pleasure &
command I should follow the
mercurial way with the ♀ of
○, which I had made in grea-
ter quantity than I did at the
first, which I employed to make
the ferment, as also to multiply
the aforesaid mineral powder.

and this I did in obedience
to you, but I had a better sto-
mach to the oil work than
the mineral operation by the
♀ of ○; and verily I believe I
thereby had prevented this -
great misfortune which follows,

and which you know well
had like to have cost me my
life, having been ever since
tormented with grief & sadness
of heart, together with all man-
ner of afflictions. — But to pro-
ceed.

68
200

I took my aforesaid Zhi of
powder, the which I did amalgamate
or mingle with Zhu or
 Yin made of one third part of Yin
of Qian and two third parts of ani-
mated Yin , (which I had made
in greater quantity than before,
which Yin of saturn and Zhi of

powder or ferment, once only
imbibed or quickened with
the vegetable liquor which
I had reserved, unto which I

* Should we
not read "with"?

* Here we see that
that the whole ounce
reserved p. 59 was
employed to animate
 Yin into double Yin truly
animated — For the
way in which Zhi of
it was so used see 66

added one other ounce of calx
of O made as hath been said
before; and this I did to the end
I might have the greater quan-
tity of compound ♀ animated
with ferment of calx of O.)

Having thus amalgamated
my aforesaid ♀s with the said
compound or animated ♀ the
ferment was suddenly swallow-
ed up and dissolved in the said
♀ - as quickly as ice melteth
in warm water.

After this I squeezed thro'
a piece of leather all the super-
fluous ♀ that would go out. Then
I imbibed or stirred up that
which remained in the leather
with the vegetable soul, having

first gently dried the ball which
was left in the leather with a
warm heat, the glass being slight-
ly stopped with a linen rag
to the end that what would va-
por out by gentle fire might.
I say that then I intibed the
aforesaid calx by little and little,
a drop at once of the said re-
gulate soul; and this, I did
three times, still stirring it in
a glass mortar with a glass
pestle: and between every in-
tibition I still with a gentle
heat in ashes only warm dri-
ed up the liquor, suffering
the said calx to drink up
the said liquor, till in the
end all became paste or

daight, or middle consistence
neither thick nor thin.

after all this I put the
said mass, lump or paste, thrice
imbibed as aforesaid with the
vegetable liquor, into a glass
formed like an egg, having a
neck which I nipp'd up
close; and this glass I placed
upon sifted ashes contained
in a vessel of brass, which I
had caused to be made to
the end it should not break
as before it did, unhappily
being made of earth.

I put to it the fire of a
camp with one pallet or
wick only, as I did in my
first operation, and within

forty days or thereabouts the whole matter became black.

The same heat of digestion being continued within four months I brought it to the white.

Then I increased the heat 1 degree, that is I employed two fillets or wicks till it became of a citrine colour - when I increased my lamp to three fillets and continued the heat till it became a pure oriental perfect purple.

Having thus obtained the perfect medicine I multiplied it by adding to it 5 ounces of the aforesaid compound & imbibing it as before with

the vegetative soul, and then putting it in digestion and managing the heat as before in 6 weeks it went through all the colours and was again perfected.

70
203

On trying the powder on your arrival we found it transmuted 10 of ♂ and 20 of ♀ into good gold, when you told me it would have been more powerful had I imbibed it 7 times in place of 3 which latter only I had done having mistaken the figure 7 for a figure 3 and so omitted 4 imbibitions; but this you said only tended to retard the work a little and would be

remedied by my next multiplication, to be done exactly as the former, only giving 7 imbibitions in place of 3 before beginning the digestion.

I had now 10 ounces of which I again put 9 ounces, with an equal weight of the foresaid ♀ imbibed as you had directed, into digestion, and in less time than before it passed through all the colours to the perfect purple and I found myself possessed of 19 ounces or thereabouts of powder which was now of such power that on trial we found it go 1 upon 100 of ♀ and 1 upon 200 of ♂ - converting the same into good ♂.

The First Work

Take the Stellated Martiai
regulus of Antimony 1 lib, with
which join by fusion $\frac{3}{2}$ of D,
and $\frac{3}{1}$ of O. Beat the mixed
Regulus to powder and grind
it up with ~~or~~ 2 lbs previously
reduced to powder. Distil the
mixed Powder and you will
obtain - 1st an oil, gum or bitter
2d a running mercury.

Provide also some pure O.

44
79

The Vegetable Soul.

10

11

16

44

187

153

154

79

101

which is indispensably necessary
for this work, is the oil or butter
obtained by the preceding process.
The vegetable soul should be
distilled from the ☽ left in the
retort three or four times, till
almost all go over into the
receiver.

The ♀ of Life, or First Sopha ♀,

10

11

16

44

is the running mercury obtained
in the First Work, which should
be distilled per se several times
to cleanse it thoroughly.

Now you have the soul, the body and the Spirit necessary for this work.

The soul is the butter or oil before mentioned

The body is Gold which must be well cleansed by the Chapel with lead, and then by S.

10
47

The Spirit is the ♀ of life before spoken of, and which is held to be different in its properties from common ♀.

The Dissolution of the body
by the spirit, to produce Solar
or Double ♀.

48

Make an amalgam with
pure gold, in thin plates, ℥ 1
and ♀ of life ten or twelve oun-
ces, in a hot crucible. Grind
and wash the $\ddot{\text{a}}\ddot{\text{a}}$ with water
till the water come off clean;
strain the amalgam through
a cloth and then grind it with
salt and water and vinegar.

50

When well cleansed add ℥ 8 more
of Mercury of life and proceed
as before. About ℥ 20 of ♀ will
be required for the ℥ 1 of O.

Digest the amalgam for 15 days, then strain it through leather. Grind what passes - with what remains in the leather and digest again for two or three days. Then grind and work with it till all be made to pass through the leather.

51

Distil by retort, and if any thing remains pour back part of the $\frac{2}{3}$ & distil again: and so proceed till you make all pass over except a little grayish earth which would run into glass if melted down.

52

52

53

Now you have Double ♀ - the
body brought into his liquid
matter of ♀ by ♀ - the Sperm
or Seed - a ♀ animated and
quickened, hot and moist.

The Preparation of the Leaven or
True Ferment

54
130

First - Make a subtil Gold calx
as follows:

To $\frac{3}{2}$ of pure ♂ put $\frac{3}{4}$ of ♀ of
life obtained in the Herst Work
and amalgamate them together.
Then draw off the ♀ by retort.
Put the ♀ back on the gold and
grind with salt & wash with
water till no more sail will
come off. Dry it. Draw off the ♀
again & repeat the operation
till the Gold be brought into
subtil atoms. — See the Process
of Neptune also p. 130.

42
186

Secondly amalgamate this

55
188

half ounce of Gold calx with
3 or 4 ounces of the solar or
double ♀. They will join in
a moment. Strain off the
superfluous ♀ through a cloth
and to that which remains
in the cloth, which will be
about $\frac{3}{4}$ of ♀ and $\frac{1}{2}$ of ♂, add
by little and little some of the
Vegetable soul, grinding all
well together till it becomes
soft as pap — You are to observe
no other rule or measure.

1st
Imbibition

56
189

When brought into this state
there will be a sudden change
which is called the cast of
the Dice. The matter will all
become purple.

Put the composition into a
glafs matrass, stop it slightly
with a linen rag and set it
to digest in the athanor in
ashes, and in three or four
days the paste will be fixed
into a powder of a purple
orange colour which is
what is called the First
Herment.

191

193

59

Coagulation or Fermentation
to produce Rebis or Azocke, the
elix of the Sages or Sophie ☽

59
193

To $\frac{3}{4}$ of the First Ferment add
 $\frac{1}{2}$ of the ♀ of ☽ (The Double ♀) in
a glass of convenient size put
upon hot ashes, and imbibe
as before with the vegetable
soul; and in the twinkling of
an eye all will be congealed.
If you do not see this you
are not in the right way.

2d
Imbibition

60
194

Stop the glass only with
a linen cloth that evaporation
may take place if need be,
and in about three days all
will become purple orange —

coloured powder weighing
about 3l. — (You may know
when it is sufficiently fixed
by casting some of it, mixed
with soft wax into melted Ⓛ.)

When sufficiently fixed
you have the Sophie Ⓛ sought
for.

Augmentation of the Sophie ☽

Take your \mathfrak{Z}^1 of Sophie ☽
and add an equal weight of
the Double ♀ as before, and
after imbibition with the
vegetable soul, as before, set
it on hot ashes and in 2 days
all will become fixed. Then
you have \mathfrak{Z}^2 of Sophie ☽.

This powder after three
imbibitions is the true base
or root for Particular labours
short of the Elixer. Nor, after
this point you need only to
augment it by tating with
each ounce of Sophie ☽ a libra
weight of Double ♀ as before,

3d
Imbibition

61
195

and digesting in hot ashes, till, within the space of 2 days all will be fixed — Then add an equal weight of Double ♀ (always imbibing with the vegetable sand) and so you may augment from day to day ad infinitum.

Now observe that after you have made five or six multiplications with Double ♀ you may then continue to multiply with ♀ drawn out of cinnabar, or with any common running ♀ if pure.

When you have sufficiently augmented you may reduce part of the powder or

64
198
212

Sophie O into real common O by casting it, mixed with wax, upon O in fusion. The remainder you may continue to augment as before.

Observe. The Azoch or Sophic O cannot yet make projection, a circumstance that hath deceived many. You must first obtain the Elixer, previous to which the following labour is necessary.

Dissolution of the Sophic ☽
by Double ♀ to convert the latter
into Double ♀ truly animated.

With $\frac{3}{2}$ of Sophic gold, or
Azoch and $\frac{3}{10}$ of Double ♀ you
must make an amalgam ;
grinding, washing and distil-
ling, as you did in making
the Double ♀ itself. And this
you must do till you make
the Double ♀ carry over the
Sophic ☽ in the same way as
you made the ♀ of life to
carry over the ☽ calx.

By this means you will
quicken the Double ♀ and
make it become Double ♀

66
68*

67

truly animated, which is now the living fountain of Precisan.

58

59

66



N.B. — N.B. — Instead of using Sophie or Azochu to prepare the Double & truly animated, it seems not impossible that she used The first Ferment; for of the latter she had prepared $\frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ of which she only used $\frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$ for coagulation (i.e. the preparation of her Azochu), reserving $\frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{2}$, which is probably the ounce spoken of in page 66, of which she took one half for this process. It is only the order in which the processes are set down that causes any

doubt on this point - But it is not improbable, if the Hinst ferment was to be used for preparing the double & truly animated (a process which would require 18 or 20 days digestion like the Solar ♀) that she would put that in digestion first, and then, during the interval, proceed in making and augmenting her Algoch or Sophie ♂

On the whole it seems very probable that this was the case, for she says herself - that "the preparations ought not to be written plain and openly in one direct

order." Indeed she affects this kind of ambiguity in other places: for instance her ♀ of ☽ described mysteriously in page 43 seems to be ^{the} same that she afterwards means by her Double ♀ page 51; for both require about 20 days digestion, and when she comes to describe her third operation, the preparation of the Alzoch, she expressly calls the ♀ of ☽ "The Double ♀," page 59.

P.S. In page 200 & 216 she speaks of the same source of First Ferment. If was it she joined to her salary or Double ♀ to animate it; for the ♀ of ♀ (i.e. to, from which she drew her ♀ of life, which is here meant) had calc added to it, & consequently was also made solar ♀.

The Elixer.

Take of Double & truly ani-
mated ℥ 5 and of Sophic ℥ 1,
and make an amalgam. The
Ferment or Sophic will sud-
denly be swallowed up by the
said ♀. Separate the superflu-
ous & by pressing out what will
pass through leather. Put the
ball of amalgam into a proper
glass and let it dry gently,
slightly stopped with a linen
rag. Then imbibe the amal-
gam by little and little, a drop
at once of the vegetable soul
stirring it in a glass mortar
with a glass pestle (or with

68
122
200
217

a properly contrived glafs rod
in its own vessel). Do this seven
times, with a gentle heat in
ashes, still drying up the liquor
between each imbibition, till
in the end all become paste
or dough, of middle consistence
between thick and thin.

Then seal it in its glafs &
set it to digest in hot ashes,
keeping up the heat with a
lamp.

In 40 days all will become
black and within 4 months
pure White. Then increase the
heat till it come to the
purple, the colour of per-
fection.

Augmentation of the Elixer.

Then add to the Elixer 35
of Double ♀ Truly animated;
imbibe as before with the ve-
getable soul, and set it^e in
digestion and in six weeks
it will come to the perfect
purple.

69
203
220

The Elixer will now be fit
for projection on ♂ and on ♀.

Food for the Infant.

70

During the last mentioned digestion; that is during the augmentation of the first made Elixer; you should animate, once more, some of your Double & truly animated, by joining to it some of the first made Elixer itself.

If you have no Double & truly animated, that is animated with sophie O, prepare same as you did before, & now animate it with the Elixer as has been said (say Elixer $\frac{3}{2}$ n, Double & truly animated $\frac{3}{10}$ - perhaps $\frac{3}{14}$ of the Elixer will answer) so you will have food for the infant.

Second Multiplication.

To your Elixer once augmented 35 add an equal weight of the Infants food: imbibe as before and digest. It will now pass through all the colours in a very short time.

71
204

She now made projection and it went 1 upon 100 of D & 1 upon 200 of ♀.

Never put your whole quantity of Elixer at once to augment. Preserve a part, for fear of any accident, that you may not have your whole labour to begin again.



Epitome of H

1st The Vegetable Sarc, necessary for it
made & animated when making the Sea
for imbibing that same True Ferment w/
& truly animated.

Mdd. O.D
and ~~the~~
produce)

2d ♀ of Life - $\frac{3}{20}$
at least, which ♀
by trituration, di-
gestion & Distillation
must be made to
carry in its belly

To you obtain
animated ♀
 $\frac{3}{21}$ for your
works, of which

10 ounces are
3 or $\frac{1}{3}$ were
used to make
an amalgam
But the super-
fluous ♀ being
separated at
 $\frac{3}{1}$ remained
joined to

① well purified - - - - - $\frac{3}{1}$

② Calyx or first ferment

- $\frac{3}{2}$

Or Thus

$\frac{3}{2} \text{ of } 411$ ① ② Calyx	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> Vegetable Sarc <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; margin-right: 10px;"></div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> ♀ of Life <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; margin-right: 10px;"></div> Double ♀ </div> </div>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> 10 ounces <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; margin-right: 10px;"></div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> $\frac{1}{3}$ <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; margin-right: 10px;"></div> True Ferment </div> </div>
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Epitome of the Works.

1st The Vegetable Sard, necessary for unbeling the Cals and the first
made & animated, when making the Leaven or True ferment - And also
for unbeling that same True ferment when made & joined with the Doubt
& truly animated

All d. o. and ♀ produce ◎ well purified	2d ♀ of leche - $\frac{3}{2} 20$ at least, which ♀ by iteration, di- gestion & Distillation must be made to carry in its belly	So you obtain animated ♀ $\frac{3}{2} 21$ for your works, of which	10 ounces were joined with 3 or $\frac{1}{2}$ were used to make an amalgam But the super- fluos & bres separated ally $\frac{3}{2} 1$ remained joined to	Which produced Doubt & truly animated	There three parts Vegetable Sard. The Doubt & truly animated Of the Leaven or True fer- ment, properly digested produce The Elixer.
			$\frac{3}{2} 2$	$\frac{3}{2} 2$	
			$\frac{3}{2} 2$	$\frac{3}{2} 2$	
			$\frac{3}{2} 2$	$\frac{3}{2} 2$	
			$\frac{3}{2} 2$	$\frac{3}{2} 2$	
			$\frac{3}{2} 2$	$\frac{3}{2} 2$	

◎ Cals or first ferment

Or Thus

For All	Vegetable Sard	♀ of leche	Double ♀	10 ounces	$\frac{3}{2} 2$	Double & animated	The Elixer
◎				$\frac{1}{2} 3$	$\frac{3}{2} 1$		
◎ Cals				$\frac{1}{2} 3$	$\frac{3}{2} 1$		

Calyx — $\frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{1}$ leaves or bracts
 Purified by δ — $\frac{3}{3} 1$ Double ♀ $\frac{3}{3} 21$ $\frac{3}{3} 10$
 ♀ of life $\frac{3}{3} 20$
 ♀ & All Vegetable soul employed for
 Employment at the Calyx
 the leaves

© bals

Purified by t. — $\frac{3}{2}$ }
Double ♀ $\frac{3}{2}$ }
♀ of life $\frac{3}{20}$ }

♀ x 411

Vegetable soul employed for

$\frac{3}{2}$ } Leaven or true ferment $\frac{3}{2}$ }
Double ♀ $\frac{3}{2}$ }
 $\frac{3}{10}$ }

Employed also to infuse
the © bals & ♀ in making
the Leaven or true ferment

$\frac{3}{2}$ } Elixer
 $\frac{3}{2}$ } Double ♀ Annulated
imbolition }







