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L U M E N
D E
L U M I N E:
O R
A new *Magicall Light*
discovered, and Commu-
nicated to the
WORLD

By Eugenius Philalethes.

G E N . I . 3 .
And God said, *Let there be Light.*
J O H N I . C h a p : V e r . 5 .
And the *Light shineth in the Darknesse.*

Pythag.
Nè loquaris Deo ab/que Lumine.

L O N D O N ,
Printed for H. BLUNDELL at the
Castle in Corne-Hill. 1651.



To my Deare mother,
the most famous Universitie
of Oxford.

HAVE ob-
serv'd (most
deare Mo-
ther) and
that in most
of thy Sons, a Complexion
of Fame, and Ingratuitie.
Learning indeed they
A 3 have,

The Epistle

have, but they forget the Breasts that gave it. Thy Good works meet not with one Samaritan, but Many hast thou cur'd of the Leprosie of Ignorance. This is the spot, that soyls our perfections: we have all drunk of thy Fountaine, but we sacrifice not the Water to the Well. For my own part, I can present thee with nothing that's Voluminous, but here is a Mustard-
seed,

Dedicatory.

seed, which may grow to be the Greatest amongst Herbs. The Draught it self hath nothing of nature, but what is under the Veile: I wish indeed thou mayst see her fine Flammeo, but her face like that of the Annuntiata expects the Pencil of an Angell. I cannot say this Composure deserves thy Patronage, but give me leave to make it my Opportunitie, that I may returne

The Epistle

returne the *Acknowledge-*
ment, where I receiv'd
the *Benefit*. I intend not
my *Addresse* for the
Banks of Isis; Thou hast
no *Portion* there, unlesse
thy *Stones* require my
Inscription. It is thy *Dis-*
persed Body I have
knowne, and *That* only
I *remember*. Take it then
whereroever *Thou* art,
in thy sad *Removes* and
Visitations. It is neither
Sadducee nor *Pharisee*,

but

Dedicatory.

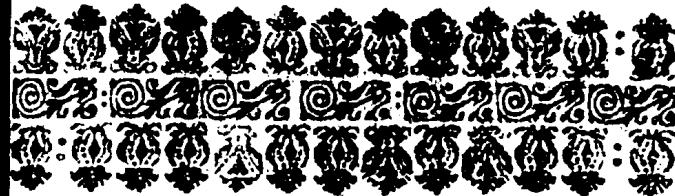
but the *Test* of an *Israe-*
lite, and

Thy Legitimat Child.

1650.

E. P.

To



In Summum Virum Thomam Bodleium Equitem Auratum, Bibliothecæ Oxo- nienfis Structorem Magnificum.

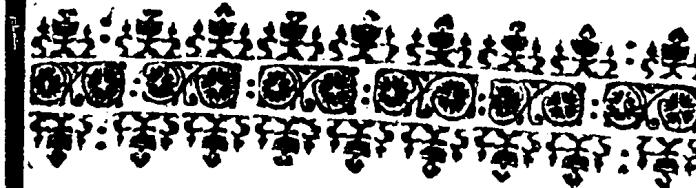
Sancta Animæ tam Sancta simul jalecta Favilla:
Sicq; semel Cineris fas meminuisse ruit:
Instructor cœli, & Stellarum Plenior Ondo,
Qui Sporadas per Te, non finis Astra fore.
Quippe Lares Libi is zel rite vagantibus addic;
Et Cœlum, quo sint Sydera fixa, eluis.
Nos Vitam ut Patres, largimur Fætibus: at Tu
Quo Vitam hanc possunt vivere, Solus habes.
Hospitium agnoscunt Artes: Hic Qualibet intrat
Pst Ob'ertices, nec Pereg'ina, Mamus.
Scena Toge, Doctiq; capax Panegyris Orbis,
Et Mare, vel Polus Plenior Unda Mari.

*Concursus Geniorum, & Meta Extrema Lyxei,
Què nullum nisi sit Sanctius, iret Opus.
Syllabus Heroum, Memorisq; Omnisca Proles,
Est bæc & Sensu Theca animata suo.
Bodleii Laus ampla, & Fusior Urna Sepulti,
Qui Vitam invenit Mors sua, Morsq; Necem.
Hinc se fracta Fugæ dedit, absumptisq; sagittis
Impievit Vacuas sola pharetra Manus.*

*Par Tibi Vox nulla est : Sat agis dum condere Musam,
Ecclisti, Quod non neverit illa loqui.*

*Pium est Agnoscere, per
Quos profecisti.*

Lu-



To the Reader.



Have had some Contest with my self in the Disposal of this piece, the Subject being crosse to the Genius of the Times, which is both Corrupt, and Splenetic. It was my Desire to keep it within Doores, but the Relation it bears to my former Discourses hath forc'd it to the Presse. It is the last Glasse of my thoughts, and their first Reflex being not compleat, have added this to perfect their Image, and Symmetrie. I must confess I have no Reason for it, but what

To the Reader.

my Adversaries supply me withall : I would advance the Truth, because they would supprese it. Indeed I have been scurvily rewarded, but the successe of this Art grows from its Opposition, and this I believe, our late Libellers have observed, for they quit the Science, to quash the Professors.

It is not enough to abuse and misinterpret our writings : with studied Calumnies doe they disparage our persons, whom they never saw, and perhaps never will see. They force us to a Bitternesse beyond our own Dispositions, and provoke men to sin, as if they did drive the same Design with the Devil.

For my own part, I will no more hazard my soule by such uncivill Disputes, I know I must give an Accompt for every idle word. This Theme hath reduc'd my passions to a Diet, I have resolv'd for the future to suffer : for this

M^r. 12.
36.

To the Reader.

this I am sure of, God will condemn no man for his patience.

The World indeed may think the truth overthrown, because shee is attended with her Peace, for in the judgement of most men, where there is no Noyse, there is no Victorie. This I shall look upon as no Disadvantage. The Estimat of such Censors will but lighten the Scales, and I dare suppose them very weak Brains, who conceive the Truth sinks, because it outweighs them.

As for tempestuous Out-cries, when they want their Motives, they discover an irreligious spirit, one that hath more of the Harry-cane, than of Christ Jesus. God was not in the wind, that rent the Rocks to pieces, nor in the Earth-quake, and Fire at Horeb : He was in Aura tenui, in the still, small <sup>I Kings
19.</sup> voice.

My Advise is, that no Man should resent the common spleen. Who writes the Truth of God, hath the same Pa-

B 3

tron

To the Reader.

tron with the Truth it self, and when the world shall submit to the generall Tribunal, he will find his Advocate, where they shall find their Judge. There is a mutuall Testimonie between God and his Servants, if the Baptist did beare witnesse of Christ, Christ also did as much for the Baptist: He was a burning, and a shining Light.

This, Reader, I thought fit to Preface, that if any Discourse of mine be traduc'd hereafter, thou maist not expect my Vindication. I have referr'd my Quarrell to the God of Nature, it is involv'd in the Concernments of his Truth. I am satisfi'd with the Peace and Test of a good Conscience: I have written nothing but what God hath verified before my Eyes in particular, and is able to justifie before the world in generall. I have known his secret Light, his Candle is my School-master; I testifie those things, which I have seen under his very Beams, in the bright

John 5.
35.

To the Reader.

bright Circumference of his Glory.

When I did first put my Thoughts to paper, God can beare me witnesse, it was not for any private ends. I was drawn, and forc'd to it by a strong Admiracion of the Mysterie and Majestie of Nature. It was my Design to gloriſie the Truth, and in some measure to serve the Age, had they been capable of it. But the barbarous Insults I have met withall, and without any Deserts of mine, have forc'd my Charitie to keep at Home. Truly, had not I been robb'd of my Peace, I had imparted some things, which I am confident this Generation will not receive from another Pen. But the Times in this Respect fall not even with providence, for the Years of Discoverie are not yet come. This Truth, like the Dove in the Deluge, must hover in winds and Tempests, overooke the Surges and Billows, and find no place for the Sole of her Foot. But the

B 4

wise

To the Reader.

wise God provides for her : on all these waves and waters she hath a little Ark to returne to. Me thinks I see her in the window all wet, and weather-beaten. She hath been rejected abroad, and now I will take her Home. Come in with thy Branch of Olive !

To conclude, this Discourse is my last, and the only Clavis to my First. What I have written formerly, is like the Arabian's *Halicali*: it is *Domus signata*, a House shut up, but here I give you the Key to the Lock. If you enter, seale up what you see in your Hearts: Trust it not to the Tongue, for that's a Flying Scroul. Thus I deliver my Light to your Hands, but what Returns you will give me, I know not. If you are for Peace, Peace be with you: if for war, I have been so too; but Let not him that girds on his Armour, boast like him, that puts it off. Doe well, and Farewell.

I Kings
20. II.

1651.

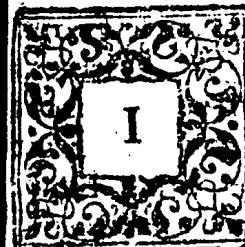
E. P.

L U M E N

D E

L U M I N E.

Now had the Night spent her black stage, and all Her beauteous, twinkling flames grew sick, and pale. Her Scene of shades, and silence fled; and Day Draft the young East in Roses: where each Ray Falling on Sables, made the Sun and Night Kisse in a Chequer of mixt Clouds, and Light.



Think it were more plaine, and to some Capacities more pleasing, if I should expresse my self in this popular, low Dialect. It was about the Dawning or Day-breake, when tyr'd with a tedious solitude, and those pensive Thoughts which attend it, after much Loss and

and more Labour; I sudainly fell *& sleep*. Here then the Day was no sooner borne, but strangled; I was reduc'd to a night of a more deep tincture than that which I had formerly spent. My *fanſie* placed me in a Region of inexpressible Obscuritie, and as I thought more than Naturall; but without any Terrors. I was in a firm even Temper, and thought without incouragements, not only resolute, but well-pleas'd. I moved every way for Discoveries, but was still intertained with Darknesse and silence, and I thought my self translated to the Land of Desolation. Being thus troubled to no purpose, and wearied with long Indeavours, I resolved to rest my self, and seeing I could find nothing, I expected if any thing could find me. I had not long continued in this humor, but I could heare the whispers of a soft wind, that travail'd towards me, and sudainly it was in the Leaves of the Trees, so that I concluded my self to be in some Wood, or Wildernesſe. With this gentle Breath came a most heavenly, odorous Ayre, much like that of sweet Briars, but not so rank and full. This perfume being blown over, there succeeded a pleasant Humming of Bees amongst Flowers, and this did somewhat discompose me, for I judged it not suitable with the Complexion of the place, which was dark-

and

and like Mid-night. Now was I somewhat troubl'd with these unexpected Occurrences, when a new Appearance diverted my Apprehensions. Not far off on my right hand, I could discover a white weake Light, not so cleare as that of a Candle, but mystic, and much resembling an Atmosphare. Towards the Center it was of a purple colour like the Elysian Sun-shine, but in the Dilatation of the Circumference, Milkie: and if we consider the joyn't Tincture of the parts, it was a painted Vesper, a Figure of that Splendor, which the old Romans called (a) *Sol Mortuorum*. Whiles I was taken up with this strange ^{a Boxhorn} Scen^e, there appeared in the middle purple Co-^{falsy inter-pretis this} lours, a sudain Commotion, and out of their Nation. very Center did sprout a certaine flowrie Light, as it were the flame of a Taper. Very bright it was, sparkling, and twinkling like the Day-star. The Beams of this new Planet issuing forth in small Skeins and Rivalets, look'd like Threds of Silver, which being reflected against the Trees, discover'd a Curious, green Umbrage, and I found my self in a Grove of Bays. The Texture of the Branches was so even, the Leaves so thick, and in that conspiring order, it was not a wood, but a Building. I conceived it indeed to be the Temple of Nature, where she had joyn'd Discipline

to

to her Doctrine. Under this shade and screen did lodge a number of Nighbingals, which I discovered by their whitish Breasts. These peeping thorough their leavie Cabinets, rejoyced at this strange Light, and having first plum'd themselves, stirr'd the still Ayre with their Musick. This I thought was very pretty, for the silence of the Night, suiting with the solitude of the place, made me judge it heavenly. The Ground both neer and far of, presented a pleasing kind of Chequer, for this new star meeting with some drops of Dew, made a Miltitude of bright Refractions; as if the Earth had been paved with Diamonds. These rare, and various Accidents kept my soul busied, but to interrupt my Thoughts, as if it had been unlawfull to examine what I had seen, another more admirabile Object interpos'd. I could see between me and the Light, a most exquisit, divine Beauty. Her frame neither long, nor shrt, but a meane decent Stature. Attir'd she was in thin loose silks, but so green, that I never saw the like, for the Colour was not Earthly. In some places it was fassied with white and Silver Ribbands, which look'd like Lilies in a field of Grasse. Her head was overcast with a thin floating Tiffanie, which she held up with one of her hands, and look'd as it were from under

it. Her Eys were quick, fresh, and Celestiall, but had something of a start, as if she had been puzzl'd with a suddaine Occurrence. From her black Veile did her Locks breake out, like Sun-beams from a Mist; they ran dishevelld to her Brests, and then return'd to her Cheeks in Curls and Rings of Gold. Her Haire behind her was rowl'd to a curious Globe, with a small short spire flowr'd wth purple, and skie-colour'd Knots. Her Rings were pure, intire Emeralds, for she valued no metall, and her Pendants of burning Carbuncles. To be short, her whole Habit was youthfull and florrie, it smelt like the East, and was thorowly ayrd with rich Arabian Diapasons. This and no other, was her appearance at that Time: but whiles I admir'd her perfections, and prepar'd to make my Addresses, shee prevents me with a voluntarie Approach. Here indeed I expected some Discourse from her, but shee looking very seriously and silently in my face, takes me by the hand, and softly whispers, *I should follow her.* This I confess sounding strange, but I thought it not amisse to obey so sweet a Command, and especially one that promised very much, but was able in my Opinion to performe more. The Light which I had formerly admir'd, proved now at last to be her Attendant, for

6 Lumen de Lumine, or

for it moved like an *Vther* before her. This Service added much to her *Glorie*, and it was my only care to observe her, who thought she wandr'd not, yet verily she followed no known path. Her walk was green, being furr'd with a fine small *Grasse*, which felt like *plush*, for it was very soft; and purl'd all the way with *Daisies* and *Primrose*. When we came out of our *Arboret* and *Court of Bayes*, I could perceive a strange *Clearnesse* in the *Ayr*, not like that of *Day*, neither can I affirme it was *night*. The stars indeed perched over us, and stood glimmering, as it were on the Tops of high *Hills*, for we were in a most deep *Bottome*, and the *Earth* overlook'd us, so that I conceived we were neer the *Center*. We had not walk'd very far, when I discovered cerraine thick, white *Clouds*, for such they seemed to me, which fill'd all that part of the *Valley*, that was before us. This indeed was an *Error* of mine, but it continued not long, for comming nearer, I found them to be firm solid *Rocks*, but shining and sparkling like *Diamonds*. This rare and goodly sight did not a little incourage me, and great desire I had to heare my *Mistris* speake (for so I judged her now) that if possible, I might receive some *Information*. How to bring this about, I did not well know, for

she

A new Magicall Light, &c. 7

she seem'd averse from *Discourse*; but having resolv'd with my self to disturb her, I ask'd her if she would favour me with her *Name*. To this she replied very familiarly, as if she had kown me long before. *Eugenius* (said she) *I have many Names, but my best and dearest is Thalia: for I am alwayes green, and I shall never wither.* Thou dost here behold the mountains of the Moone, and *I will shew thee the Originall of Nilus, for she springs from these Invisible Rocks.* Looke up and peruse the very Tops of these pillars and Clifts of Salt, for they are the true, Philosphicall, Lunar Mountains. Didst thou ever see such a Miraculous, incredible thing? This speech made me quickly look up to those glittering Turrets of Salt, where I could see a stupendous Cataract, or Waterfall. The streme was more large than any River in her full *Chanell*, but notwithstanding the Height, and Violence of its Fall, it descended without any *Noysse*. The Waters were dash'd, and their Current distractred by those Saltish *Rocks*, but for all this they came down with a dead silence, like the still, soft *Ayr*. Some of this Liquor (for it ran by me) I took up, to see what strange wollen substance it was, that did thus steale down like *Snow*. When I had it in my hands it was no Common water, but a certaine

certaine kind of Oile of a Waterie Complexion. A viscous, fat, mineral nature it was, bright like Pearls, and transparent like Chry-stall. When I had viewd and search'd it well, it appear'd somewhat spermatic, and in very Truth it was obscene to the sight, but much more to the Touch. Hereupon Thulia told me, it was the first Mutter, and the very Naturall, true Sperm of the great World. It is (said she) invisible, and therefore few are they that find it; but many believe it is not to be found. They believe indeed that the world is a dead Figure, like a Body which hath been sometimes made, and fashion'd by that spirit, which dwelt in it, but retaines that very shape and fashion, for some short time, after that the Spirit hath forsaken it. They should rather consider, that every Frame when the Soule hath left it, doth discompose, and can no longer retaine its former figure, for the Agent that held and kept the parts together is gone. Most excellent then is that speech, which I heard sometimes from one of my own Pupils. *Mundus hic ex tam diversis contrariisque partibus in unam formam minime convenisset, nisi unus esset, qui tam Diversi conjungeret; Conjuncta vero Naturarum ipsa Diversitas invicem discors, disconcertat, atque divelleret, nisi unus esset, que*

quod

quod nexuit, contineret. Non tam vero certus naturæ ordo procederet, nec tam dispositos motus Locis, temporibus, efficientiâ, Qualitatibus explicaret, nisi unus esset, qui has Mutationum varietates manens ipse disponeret. Hoc quicquid est, quo Condita manent, atque gubernantur, usitato cunctis Vocabulo Deum nomino. This world (saith he) of such divers and contrarie parts had never been made one thing, Had not there been one, who did joyn together such contrary things. But being joyn'd together, the very Diversite of the Natures joyned, fighting one with another, had Discompos'd and separated them, unlesse there had been one to hold and keep those parts together, which he at first did joyn. Verily the order of Nature could not proceed with such certaintie, neither could she move so regularly in severall places, times, effects and qualities, unlesse there were some one, who dispos'd and order'd these Varieties of Motions. This, whatsover it is, by which the world is preserved and govern'd, I call by that usuall name. God. Thou must therefore Eugenius (said she) understand, that all Compositions are made by an active, intelligent life; for what was done in the Composition of the great world in general, the same is perform'd in the Generation of every creature

10 Lumen de Lumine, or

creature, and its *sperm* in particular. I suppose thou doest know, that water cannot be contained but in some *Vessell*. The naturall *Vessell* which God hath appointed for it, is *Earth*. In *Earth* water may be *thickned*; and brought to a *figure*, but of it self, and without *Earth*, it hath an *indefinit flux*, and is subject to no certaine *figure* whatsoever. *Ayre* also is a *fleeting indeterminat substance*, but water is his *Vessell*: for water being *figured* by means of *Earth*, the *Ayr* also is *thickned*, and *figur'd* in the *Water*. To ascend higher, the *Ayr* coagulats the *liquid fire*, and *fire incorporated* involves and confines the *thin Light*. These are the *Means* by which God *unites*, and *compounds* the *Elements* into a *Sperm*, for the *Earth* alters the *Complexion* of the water, and makes it *viscous* and *slimie*. Such a water must they look, who would produce any *Magicall extraordinary Effects*; for this *Spermatic* water coagulats with the *least heat*, so that nature concocts, and hardens it into *metals*. Thou seest the *whites* of *Egs* will *thicken* assoon as they feel the *fire*, for their *moysture* is temper'd with a *pure subtil Earth*, and this *subtil*, *animated Earth*, is that which binds their *water*. Take *water* then my *Eugenius*, from the *Mountains* of the *Moon*, which is *water*,

and

A new *Magicall Light, &c.* 11

and no *water*: Boyl it in the *fire* of *Nature*, to a two fold *Earth*, *white* and *red*, then feed those *Earths* with *Arr of Fire*, and *Fire of Ayr*, and thou hast the two *Magicall Luminaries*. But because thou hast been a servant of mine for a long time and that thy patience hath manifested the Truth of thy Love, I will bring thee to my *Schoole*, and there will I shew thee what the world is not capable of. This was no sooner spoken, but she past by those *Diamond-like*, *rockie salts*, and brought me to a *Rock* of *Adamant* *figur'd* to a just, intire *Cube*: It was the *Basis* to a *firie Pyramid*, a *Trigon* of pure *Pyrope*, whose *imprison'd flames* did stretch, and strive for *Heaven*. To the *Fore-square* or *Frontlet* of this *Rock* was annex'd a little *portall*, and in that hung a *Tablet*. It was a *painted Hedge-Hog*, so rowl'd and wrapt up in his *Bag*, he could not easily be *discompos'd*. Over this stood a *Dug snarling*, and hard by him this *Instruction*.

Suaviter aut Pungit.

IN we went, and having entred the *Rock*, the *interior parts* were of a *heavenly Smaragdine Colour*. Somewhere they shin'd like *Leaves* of *pure Gold*, and then appear'd

C 2

2

12 Lumen de Lumine, or

a third inexpressible purple tincture. We had not gone very far, but we came to an Ancient Majestic Altar; On the Offertorie, or very top of it, was figur'd the Trunck of an old rotten tree, pluck'd up by the Roots. Out of this crept a Snake, of colour white and Green, Slow of Motion like a Snaile, and very weake, having but newly felt the Sun, that overlook'd her. Towards the Foot, or Basis of this Altar was an Inscription in old Egyptian Hieroglyphics, which Thalia expounded, and this is it.

Dii Beatis.

In Cælo Subterraneo.

N. L.

T. &c. v. φ.

From this place we moved straight forward, till we came to a Cave of Earth. It was very obscure, and withall dankish, giving a heavy odour like that of graves. Here we stay'd not long, but passing this Church-

A new Magical Light, &c. 13

Church-yard, wee came at last to the Sanctuarie, where Thalia turning to mee, made this her short, and last speech.

Eugenius! This is the place, which many have desired to see, but saw it not. The Preparatives to their Admission here, were wanting: They did not love Mee, but Mine. They coveted indeed the Riches of Nature, but Nature her self they did both neglect, and corrupt. Som Advantages they had in point of Assaullt, had they but studied their Opportunities. I was expos'd to their hands, but they knew mee not. I was subject in som measure to their Violence, but Hee that made mee, would not suffer mee to bee rifid. In a word, the Ruine of these men was built on their Disposition. In their Addresses to mee, they resembl'd those pittifull things, which som call Courtiers. These have their Antics and Raunts, as if they had been train'd amongst Apes. They scrape (as one hath well expressit) proportions Mathematicall: make strange Legs and faces, and in that phrase of the same Poet;

Varie their Mouths as 'twere by Magic spell,
To figures ovall, square, and Triangle.

So these impudent Sophisters assaulted mee with Vain-glorious Humors. When I look'd into

C 3 their

their hearts, there was no Room for mee ; they were full of proud Thoughts, and dream'd of a certain Riotous Happiness, which must bee maintain'd by my Expences, and Treasures. In the interim they did not consider that I was plain and simple, One that did not love Noise, but a privat, Sweet Content. I have Eugenius found thee much of my own Humor. I have withall found thy Expectations patient, thou canst easily believe, where thou hast Reason to thy Faith. Thou hast all this while serv'd without Wages, now is the time com to reward Thee. My love, I freely give Thee, and with it these tokens, my Key, and Scale. The one opens, the other shuts, bee sure to use both with Discretion. As for the Mysteries of this my Schoole, thou hast the Libertie to peruse them all, there is not anything here, but I will gladly reveale it to thee. I have one Precept I shall commend to thee, and this it is, You must bee Silent. You shall not in your writings exceed my Allowances : Remember that I am your Love, and you will not make mee a Prostitute. But because I wish you Serviceable to those of your own Disposition, I here give you an Emblematicall Type of my Sanctuarie, with a full Priviledge to publish it. This is all, and now I am going to that Invisible Region, ~~in~~ Adarney idc vñ. Let not that Proverb

Iliad 8.

Proverb take place with you, Out of Sight, out of Mind : Remember mee, and bee Happy.

These were her Instructions, which were no sooner delivered, but shee brought mee to a cleare, large Light, and here I saw those Things, which I must not speak of. Having thus discovered all the parts of that glorious Labyrith, shee did lead me out again with her Clew of Sun-beam, her Light that went Shining before us. When wee were past the Rcks of Nilus, shee shewed mee a Secret Staire-Case, by which wee ascended from that deep and flowrie Vale, to the face of this our Common Earth. Here Thalia stopt in a mute Ceremonie, for I was to bee left all alone. Shee look'd upon mee in silent smiles, mixt with a pretty kind of Sadnes, for wee were unwilling to part. But her Houre of Translation was come, and taking (as I thought) our last leave, shee past before my Eyes, ~~out~~ Aire, into the Aether of Nature.

Now verily was I much troubled, and somewhat disordered, but composing my self as well as I could I came to a Cop of Mirtles, where resting my self on a Flowrie Bnk, I began to consider those Things which I had seen. This Solitude, and Melancholie studie continued not long, for it met with a very

gratefull Interruption. I could see Thalia as it were at the end of a Lindskip, somwhat far off, as wee see stirs newly risen : but in a moment shee was in the Mirtles, where seating her self hard by mee, I received from her this Discourse. If would not Eugenius, have thee ignorant of the Unitie, and Concentration of Sciences. In the past, and more Knowing years of the world, when Magic was better, and more generally understood, the Professors of this Art divided it into three parts, Elementall, Cœlestiall, and Spirituall. The Elementall part contained all the Secrets of Physic, the Cœlestiall those of Astrologic, and the Spirituall those of Divinitie. Every one of these by it self was but a Branch or Lim, but being united all Three, they were the Pandects of the Science. Now in these thy dayes there is no man can shew thee any reall Physic, or Astrologic, neither have they any more, than a Tong-and-Book Divinitie. The reason of it is this ; In Process of time these three Sciences (which work no wonders without a mutuall essentiall Union) were by mis-interpretation dismembred, and set apart, so that every one of them was held to be a Facultie by it self. Now God had united these Three in one Naturall Subject, but man hath separated them, and placed them in no Subject, but in his own Brain, there they remained

remained in words and fancies, not in Substantiall Elements, and Veritie. In this state the Sciences were dead and Ineffectuall : they yielded nothing but Noysse, for they were separated ; As if thou shouldest dismember a Man, and then expect some one part of him should performe those Actions, which the whole did, when he was alive. Thou doest know by very naturall Experience, that out of one Specificall Root there grow severall different Substances, as Leaves, Flowers, Fruit, and Seed ; So out of one Universall Root, namely the Chaos, grow all Specificall Natures, and their Individuals. Now there is no true Science or Knowledge, but what is grounded upon Sensible, particular Substances, or upon that Sensible Universall Substance, out of which all Particulars are made. As for Universals in the Abstract, there are no such things, they are empty imaginarie Whymzies, for Abstractions are but so many Phantastic Suppositions. Consider now Eugenius, that all Individuals, even Man himself, hath nothing in him Materially, but what he received from the materiall Universall Nature. Consider again, that the same Individuals are Reducible to their first Physicall Universall Matter, and by Consequence this Universall matter hath in it self the Secrets and Mysteries of all Particulars ; for

for whatsoever includes the Subject it self, includes also the Science of that subject. To conclude: In the first Matter, the Divine wisdom is collected in a Generall Chaoticall Center, but in the particulars made of the first Matter it is dispersed, and spread out as it were to a Circumference. It remains then to shew, that the Chaos is the Center of all Sciences, to which they may, and ought to be reduc'd, for it is the sensible naturall Mysterium Magnum, and under God the Secondary Temple of whosoever they fall out, and work their own wisdom. Search therefore, and examine the Dissolution, then the Celestiall Fire puts into parts of this Chaos, by the Rules and Instructions received, when I was with thee in the forme, seeing the old one could consist no longer. Dwell not altogether on theger. Observe then that the Genuine Time of practice, for that is not the way to improve Impressions is, when the Principles are Spirit: be sure to adde reason to thy Experience, matic and callow, but being once coagulated and to employ thy mind aswell as thy hands to a perfect Body, the Time of Stellification is Labour to know all Causes and their Effects past. Now the Ancient Magi in their Company, who call themselves Images, Rings, and Plates, which being us'd Chymists, but are indeed no Philosophers. This at certaine Hours, would produce incredible, is all which I thinke fit to adde to my former extraordinaire Effects. The common Astro-Prescriptions, but that which made me re-loyer, he takes a stone, or some pece of Metal, turne, was something else, and now thou shall figures it with ridiculous Characters, and then receive it. Thou hast heard sometimes I superexposeth it to the Planets, not in an Alkemisti, pose of the Beryllistic part of Magic: but as he dreams himself, he knows not how. a care to apprehend me, and I will shew thee when this is done, all is to no purpose, but the Foundation. Thou must know the star though they fail in their practice, yet they believe

can impress no new Influix in perfect compleat Bodies, they only dispose, and in some measure stir up that influence, which hath been formerly impressed. It is most certain Eugenius, that Nature works not but in loose, moist, discomposed Elements. This Distemper proceeds not from the stars, but from the Contrarietie of the Elements amongst themselves: and whensoever they fall out, and work their own

believe they understand the Books of the Magi well enough. Now Eugenius that thou mayst know what to doe, I will teach thee by Example. Take a ripe graine of Corne, that is hard, and drie, expose it to the Sun-beams in a Glasse, or any other vessell, and it will be a drie graine for ever. But if thou dost bury it in the Earth, that the nitrous Saltish moysture of that Element may dissolve it, then the Sun will worke upon it, and make it spring and sprout to a new Body. It is just thus with the common Astrologer, he exposeth to the Planets a perfect compacted Body, and by this means thinks to performe the Magician's Gamaca, and marry the Inferior and Superior worlds. It must be a Body reduc'd into Sperm, that the Heavenly Feminine moysture, which receives and retains the Impresse of the Astrall Agent, may be at Liberty, and immediatly expos'd to the Masculine Fire of Nature. This is the ground of the Beryl, but you must remember that nothing can be stellified without the joyn't Magnetism of three Heavens; what they are I have told you elsewhere, and I will not trouble you with Repetitions. When she had thus said, she took out of her Bosome, two miraculous Medals, not Metalline, but such as I had never seen, neither did I conceive there was in Nature such

such pure, and glorious Substances. In my judgement they were two Magicall Astroasms, but she call'd them Saphirics of the Sun and Moone. These Miracles she commend'd to my perusal, excusing her self as being sleepie, otherwise she had expounded them for me. I look'd, admir'd, and wealded my self in their Contemplation. Their Complexion was so heavenly, their contriance so mysterious, I did not well know, what to make of them. I turn'd aside to see if she was still a sleep, but she was gone, and this did not a little trouble me. I expected her Returne, till the Day was quite spent, but he did not appeare. At last fixing my Eys on that place, where shew sometimes rested, I discover'd certain peeces of Gold, which she had left behind her, and hard by a paper folded like a Letter. These I took up, and now the Night approaching, the Evening-star tinn'd in the West, when taking my last Survey of her flowrie pillow, I parted from it in this Verse.

Pretty green Bank farewell ! and mayst thou weare
Sun beams, and Rose, and Lilies all the yearre !
She slept on Thee : but needed not to shed
her Gold, 'twas pay enough to be her Bed.
My Flow'rs are Favorites: for this lov'd Day
they were my Rivals, and with Her did play.

They

22 Lumen de Lumine, OR

They found their Heav'n at hand, and in her Eyes
Injoy'd a Copie of their absent skies.
Their weaker paint did with true Glories trade,
And miugl'd with her Cheeks, one Poſie made.
And did not her soft skin confine their pride,
And with a ſkreen of Silk both Flow'r's diuide.
They had ſuck'd life from thence, and from her Heart
Borrow'd a Soul to make themſelves compleat.

O happy Pillows! Though thou art layd even
With Dust, ſb^r made thee up almost a Heaven.
Her Breath rain'd Spices, and each Amber ring
Of her bright locks ſtrew'd Bracelets o'r thy ſpring.
That Earth's not poor, did ſuch a Treasure hold,
But thrice intich'd, with Amber, Spice, and Gold.

Schola

SCHOLÆ MAGICÆ TYPVS.



R. Vaughan sculp:

THIS is that *Emblematicall Magi-
call Type*, which *Thalia* delivered
to me in the invisible *Guiana*. The
first and Superior part of it repre-
sents the *Mountains of the Moon*. The Phi-
losophers commonly call them the *Moun-
tains of India*, on whose Tops grows their se-
cret and famous *Lunaria*. It is an *Herb*
easie to be found, but that men are blind, for
it *discovers* it self, and shines after *night*
like *Pearle*. The *Earth* of these *Mountains*
is very *red* and *soft* beyond all *Expression*.
It is full of *Cryftalline Rocks*, which the
Philosophers call their *Glaſe*, and their *Stone*:
Birds and *Fish* (say they) bring it to them.
Of these *Mountains* speaks *Hali* the *Arabian*, a most excellent judicious Author. *Va-
de filii ad Montes Indie, & ad Cavernas suas,
& accipe ex eis lapides honoratos qui liqui-
funt in Aqvi, quando commiscentur ei.* Goe
my son to the *Mountains of India*, and to
their *Quarries* or *Caverns*, and take thence our
precious stones, which dissolve or melt in *water*,
when they are mingl'd therewith. Much
indeed might be spoken concerning these
Mountains, if it were lawfull to publish their
Mysteries, but one thing I shall not forbeare
to tell you. They are very dangerous places
after Night, for they are haunted with *Fires*,

and

and other strange *Apparitions*, occasion'd (as
I am told by the *Magi*) by certaine *spirits*,
which *dibble lasciviously* with the *sperm* of
the *world*, and imprint their *Imaginations* in
it, producing many times fantastic, and mon-
strous *Generations*. The *Access* and *Pilgri-
image* to this place, with the *Difficulties*
which attend them, are faithfully, and ma-
gisterially described by the *Brothers* of *R. C.*
Their *Language* indeed is very *simple*, and
with most men perhaps *contemptible*: But
to speake finely was no part of their *Designe*,
their *Learning* lyes not in the *Phrase*, but
in the *Sense*, and that is it, which I propose
to the *Consideration* of the *Reader*.

D

A

A Letter from the Brothers of R. C.

Concerning the Invisible, Magicall MOUNTAINE,
And the Treasure therein
Contained.

UNUSQUISQUE naturâ desyderat esse
Dux, habere Aureos & Argenteos
Thelauros & magnus videri coram
Mundo. Deus autem hæc omnia Creavit,
ut Homo iis utatur, Eorumque sit Dominus,
& agnoscatur in illis singularem ejus Bo-
nitatem & Omnipotentiam, Ipsi gratias a-
gat, Eum honoret, & laudet. Nemo autem
vult hæc omnia nisi otiosis diebus, & nullo
labore, & periculo præeunte conquirere,
neque ex loco eo consequi, in quo Deus il-
la posuerit: etiamque vult ut querantur,
& Querentibus dabit. Nemo vero vult se-
dem sibi in illo loco querere, & propterea
etiam non inveniuntur. Siquidem à longo
tempore Via, & locus ad Hæc incognitus
est, & maximæ parti absconditus. Etiam si
vero

„ vero Locum & Viam difficile & laboriosum
„ sit invenire, locus tamen est investigandus.
„ Cum vero Deus coram suis nihil abcondi-
„ tum velit, ideo in hoc ultimo sæculo ante-
„ quam Judicium extre:num veniat, Dignis
„ hæc omnia sunt revelanda: uti (obscure ta-
„ men latè, nè manifesta fiant Indignis) in
„ quodam loco inquit; Nihil est Absconditum,
„ quod non reveletur. Nos igitur à Spiritu ^{Mat. 10.}
^{26.} Dei acti, hanc Dei Voluntatem Mondo an-
„ nunciamus, uti etiam in Diversis linguis à
„ Nobis factum, & publicatum est. Istam
„ verò publicationem aut major pars calum-
„ niatur, aut contemnit, aut sine Deo pro-
„ missa ejus penes nos querit, existimans nos
„ illos statim Docturos, quo modo Aurum
„ Chemicum sit præparandum, aut illis asferre
„ magnos Thelauros, quibus possint coram
„ mundo pompo: vivere, supetare, Bella
„ gerere, Lucra exercere, helluari, potare, in-
„ continenter vivere, & in aliis peccatis vi-
„ tam commaculare. Quæ tamen omnia con-
„ traria sunt voluntati ipsius Dei. Hi exempla
„ capere debebant à decem virginibus illis
„ (quarum quinque Stolide à prudentibus
„ Oierunt petebant) esse multum aliam ratio-
„ neam, dum nimicum opus sit, ut quilibet
„ proprio labore & studio in Deo id consequa-
„ tur. Nos tamen illorum sociorum Arimus

„ ex singulari Dei gratiâ & Revelatione, etiam
 „ ex iplorum scriptis agnoscimus, aures no-
 „ stras obturamus, & quasi nutibus nos obdu-
 „ cimus, ne Ipsorum Boatus, & Ejulatus au-
 „ diamus, qui in vanum *aurum* clamant.
 „ Atque hinc fit etiam quod multum *Calum-
 „ niarum* & *Convictorum* contra *nos* effun-
 „ dunt, quæ non curaimus, sed *Dens* suo tem-
 „ pore *judicabit*.

„ Postquam verò Nos *Vestrum Duorum*
 „ *Diligentiam*, & *sedulitatem*, quam in verâ
 „ *Cognitione Dei*, & *Lectiōne sacrorum Bi-
 „ blierū* impenditis, jampridem (quamvis
 „ vobis inscientibus) bene scivimus, etiam ex
 „ vestro agnovimus scripto, Nos etiam vos
 „ præ multis aliis millibus responso aliquo
 „ dignari voluimus, & vobis hoc significare
 „ ex permisso Dei, & Spiritus Sancti Admo-
 „ nitione.

„ Est *MONS* situs in medio *Terra*,
 „ vel *Centro orbis*, qui est *parvus* & *magnus* ;
 „ est *mollis*, etiam supra modum *durus* &
 „ *Saxosus*; est unicuique *propinquus*, & *lon-
 „ ginguis*, sed ex *Consilio Dei Invisibilis*. In
 „ eo sunt *maximi Thesauri absconditi*, quos
 „ Mundus numerare non potest; Qui *mons*
 „ ex *Invidiâ Diaboli* (qui omni tempore *Dei*
 „ *Gloriam*, & *Felicitatem Hominis* impedit)
 „ multum *trucibus Animalibus*, & aliis *A-
 „ vibus*

„ *vibus rapacibus* circumdatus est, quæ *viam*
 „ *Homini reddunt difficultem*, & *periculosaam*,
 „ & propterea huc siue etiam (quia *Tem-
 „ pus nondum est*) ea via nec dum ab *Onni-
 „ bus* quæri potuit, aut inveniri. Nunc vero
 „ à *Dignis* (interim proprio cujusque labore)
 „ *Via invenienda est*. Ad hunc Montem ite
 „ *Nocte quadam* (cum ea sit) longissimā, &
 „ obscurissimā, & præpirate vos in etiplos per
 „ fideles precatioes. Insistite in viam ubi
 „ Mons sit inveniendus, Quærite autem ex
 „ *Nemine* ubi via sit invenienda, sed sequimini
 „ fideliter *vestrum Ductorem*, qui te vo-
 „ bis sisteret, & in itinere vos offendet, vos verò
 „ illum non agnosceris. Hic mediâ nocte,
 „ cum omnia tranquilla & obscura sunt, vos
 „ ad Montem adducet, sed necesse est ut vos
 „ præmuniatis animo magno & heroico, ne
 „ reformidetis ea, quæ vobis occurrent & re-
 „ cedatis. Nullo gladio Corporali indigetis,
 „ nec aliis Armis, sed Deum solummodo in-
 „ vocate Syncerè, & ex Animo. Postquam vi-
 „ distis Montem, primum Miraculum quod
 „ procedet, hoc est. Vehementissimus &
 „ maximus Ventus, qui Montem commove-
 „ bit, & Rupes discutiet. Tuic vobis se af-
 „ ferent Leones & Dracones, & alia Terri-
 „ bilia Animalia, sed nihil hæc reformidate;
 „ Estote stabiles, & cavete ne recedatis, Nam
 „ vester

„ vester Conductor qui vos conductxit, non per-
 „ mitet ut aliquid Mali vobis fiat. Verum
 „ Thesaurus nondum est detectus, sed valde
 „ propinquus. Hunc Ventum sequitur Terræ-
 „ motus, qui absolvet ea, quæ Ventus reliquit,
 „ & aquabit ea. Cavete tamen nè recedatis,
 „ Post Terræmotum sequetur Ignis maximus,
 „ qui omnem Terrestrem Materialem conlumet,
 „ & Thesaurum detegit. vos vero eum videre
 „ nequitis. Verum post hæc omnia, & fermè
 „ circa Tempus Matutinum erit Tranquilli-
 „ tas magna, & amica, & videbitis stellam
 „ Matutinam ascendere, & Auroram assur-
 „ gere, & magnum Thesaurum animadver-
 „ tetis: penes quem præcipuum & exactissi-
 „ mum est summa quædam Tinctura, quæ
 „ Mundus (si Deo placuerit, & tantis donis dig-
 „ nus esset) posset tingi, & in summum Au-
 „ rum Coverti.

.. Hac Tincturâ utentes uti vos docuerit
 „ vester Conductor, vos quamvis senes, red-
 „ det Juvenes, & in nullo membro animad-
 „ vertetis ullum morbum. Penes hanc Tinc-
 „ turam invenietis, etiam Margaritas, quas
 „ nè quidem licet excogitare. Vos vero nihil
 „ capiatis pro Autoritate veltrâ, sed sis con-
 „ tenti cum eo quod vobis Conductor coin-
 „ municabit. Deo semper gratias agite pro
 „ Hoc, & summam curam intendite, nè coram
 mundo

„ mundo superbiatis, sed Dono hoc recte uti-
 „ mini, & in ea impendite, quæ Mundo sunt
 „ contraria, & ita possidete, quasi non habe-
 „ retis. Ducite vitam Temperatam. & ca-
 „ vete ab omni genere peccati, alioqui hic ve-
 „ ster Conductor à vobis se divertet, & pri-
 „ vabit in hac felicitate. Scitote enim hoc
 „ fideliter, Qui Tincturâ hac abutitur. & non
 „ vivit exemplariter, purè, & Syncerè coram
 „ Hominibus, Beneficium hoc amitteret. & pa-
 „ rum spei restabit, quo iterum id Recipere
 „ possit, &c.

Thus have they described unto us the
Mount of God, the mysticall Philosophicall
Horeb: which is nothing else but the *highest*
 and *purest part of the Earth*. For the su-
 perior secret portion of this *Element* is *Holy*
ground, and Aristotle tells his *Peripatetics*,
Locus quo Excelsior, ex Divinior. It is the
Seed-plot of the Eternall Nature, the imme-
 diat *Vessel*, and *Recipient of Heaven*, where
 all *Minerals* and *Vegetables* have their *Roots*,
 and by which the *Animal Monarchie* is
 maintain'd. This Philosophicall, Black *Saturn*
 mortifies and coagulats the Invisible
Mercury of the stars, and on the contrary
 the *Mercury* kills and dissolves the *Saturn*,
 and out of the *Corruption of Both the Cen-*
tral

tral and Circumferentiall Suns generat a new Body. Hence the Philosophers describing their stone, tell us it is *Lapis niger, vilos, & fatens,* & dicitur *Origo Mundi, & oritur sicut Germinantia.* As for the Epistle of the Fraternitie, I shall for satisfaction of the ordinary Reader, put it into English. I know some Doctors will think it no Advantage, but then they confess their Ignorance: I can assure them, The Subject is no where so clearly discovered, and for the first abstruse preparation, there is no privat Author hath mention'd it, but here wee have it intirely, and withall most faithfully described. I confess indeed their Instruction wears a Mask, it speaks in Tropes, but very plaine and pervious, and the English of it is This.

Every Man naturally desires a Superiority, to have Treasures of Gold and Silver, and to seeme Great in the Eys of the World. God indeed created all things for the use of Man, that he might rule over them, and acknowledge therin the singular Goodnesse, and Omnipotencie of God, give him Thanks for his Benefits, honour him and praise him. But there is no man looks after these Things, otherwise than by spending his dayes idely, they would

would injoy them without any previous labour, and Danger, neither doe they look them out of that place, where God hath treasur'd them up, who expects also that man should seek for hem there, and to those that seek, will he give them. But there is not any that labours or a possession in that place, and therefore these liehes are not found: For the way to this place, and the place it self hath been unknown for long time, and it is hidden from the greatest part of the World. But notwithstanding it be difficult, and laborious to find out this way and place, yet the place should be sought after. But it is not the will of God to conceal any thing from those that are his, and therefore in this last Age, before the Finall Judgement comes, all these things shall be manifested to those that are worthy: As bee Himselfe (though obscurely, lest it should be manifested to the unworthy) hath spoken in a certaine place: here is Nothing covered that shall not be revealed, and hidden that shall not be known. Wherefore being moved by the spirit of God, we declare the will of God to the Worlde, which have also already performed, (a) and published in severall Languages. But most men ^{a Fama ex} confessio
ther revile, or contemne that our Manifesto, Fratrum
else wavring the spirit of God, they expect R. C.
the

the proposals thereof from us, supposing we will be Holy Scripture, and seek the true know-straightway teach them how to make Gold b'edge of God: we have also above many Thousand Art, or furnish them with ample Treasures and, thought you worthy of some Answer, whereby they may live pomposly in the fac and we signifie this much to you by the will of of the World, Swagger, and make Wars, turn God, and the Admonition of the Holy Vsurers, Gluttons, and Drunkards, live unchaste.

chastely, and defile their whole life with sever. There is a Mountain situated in the Midst rall other fns, all which Things are contrarie to the Earth, or Center of the world, which is to the Blessed will of God. These Men shoul be small, and Great. It is soft, also above have learnt from those Ten Virgins (whereas were Hard and Stonie. It is far off, and Five that were foolish demanded Oile for theier at hand, but by the providence of God, Lamps, from thost Five that were wise) ho visible. In it are hidden most ample Treasures that the Case is much otherwise. It is expes, which the world is not able to value. This dient, that every man should labour for this Mountain by Envie of the Devill, who alwaies Treasure by the Assistance of God, and hysopeth the Glory of God, and the Happinesse own particular Search and Industry. But this Man, is compassed about with very cruell perverse Intentions of these Fellows we unfeasts and other Ravenous Birds, which make derstand out of their ovn writings, by thow may thither both difficult, and dangerous: singular Grace and Revelation of God; and therefore hitherto, because the Time is doe stop our Ears, and wrap our selves as yet come, the way thither could not be sought were in Clouds, to avoid the Bellowings after, nor found out. But now at last the way Howlings of those men, who in vaine cri on to be found by those that are worthy, but not for Gold. And hence indeed it comes to pass that standing by every man's self-labour, and that they brand us with infinite Calumnye and deavours.

and Slanders, which notwithstanding we do. To this Mountaine you shall goe in a certaint resent, but God in his good Time will judge me Night (when it comes) most long, and them for it. But after that we had well knowne dark, and see that you prepare your selvcs (though unknowne to you) and perceived a prayer. Insist upon the way that leads to by your writing, how diligently you are to peruse Mountaine, but aske not of any man where-

the way lyes: only follow your Guide, who will offer himself to you, and will meet you in the way, but you shal not know him. This Guide will bring you to the Mountain at Midnight, where all things are silent and Dark. It is necessary that you arme your selves with a resolute heart, and the most perfect, is a certain exalted roic courage, least you feare those things thwinged, and turn'd into most pure Gold. will happen, and so fall back. You need no Sword, nor any other Bodily weapons, only call upon God sincerely, and heartily. When you have discovered the Mountaine, the first Mynacle that will appear, is this. A most veray part of your Bodies. By means of this Tincture, with which the world (if it served God, and were worthy of such Gifts) might be turned into most pure Gold.

This Tincture being used, as your Guide will teach you, will make you young when you are old, and you shall perceive no Disease in any part of your Bodies. By means of this Tincture also, you shall find pearls of that Excellement, and very great wind, that will shatter the Mountaine, and shatter the Rocks to pieces. You arrogat anything to your selves because of the Mountaine, and shatter the Rocks to pieces. You shall be encounter'd also by Lions and Dragons, and other Terrible Beasts, but fear not, which your Guide shall communicat to you. not any of these things. Be resolute, and take praise God perpetually for this his Gift, and heed that you returne not, for your Guide who have a speciall care that you use it not for brought you thither, will not suffer any Evil worldly pride, but employ it in such workes, to befall you. As for the Treasure, it is no which are contrary to the world. Use it right yet discovered, but it is very neer. After this, and injoy it so, as if you had it not. Live a wind will come an Earthquake, that will overthrow those things, which the wind hath left, and make all Flat. But be sure, that you have not lived of this Happiness. For know this of a fall not off. The Earthquake being past, then truth, whosoever abuseth this Tincture, and shall follow a Fire, that will consume the Earth, does not exemplarily, purely, and devoutly be-
ly Rubbish, and discover the Treasure, before men, he shall lose this Benefit, and scarce as yet you cannot see it. After all these thinges, my hope will there be left, ever to recover it and neer the Day-break, there shall be a greaterwards.

Calm

This

This much we have from these famous ~~wise~~ wee attain to the Truth, we are subject to a and most Christian Philosophers: Men que thousand Fancies, Fictions, and Apprehensionesse, that have suffer'd much by their owne, which wee falsly suppose, and many Times discreet silence, and Solitude. Every Sophister publickly propose for the Truth it self. This contemns them, because they appeare not to Phantastic Region is the true Originall Ssmi- the World, and concludes there is no sucharie of all Sects and their Dissentions. Hence Societie, because bee is not a member of it: same the despoyring Sceptic, the loose Epicure, There is scarce a Reader so just, as to confide the Hypocriticall Stoic, and the Atheous Peri- upon what Grounds they conceale themselves ~~atheistic~~. Hence also their severall Digladiati- and come not to the Stage, when every Fools about Nature: Whether the first Matter cries, Enter. No man looks after them but false Fire, Aire, Earth, or Water, or a Frie of worldly Ends, and truly if the Art it selfe digniarie Atoms, all which are false and not promise Gold, I am confident it would finde fabulous Suppositiones. If wee look on Religi- but few followers. How many are there in them, and the Diversities thereof; whence pro- world, rhat study Nature to know God? Ceteeded the present Heresies and Schismes, but tainly they study a Recepte for their purses, no from the Diferent, erroneous Apprehensions for their souls, nor in any good sense for thei of Men: Indeed whiles wee follow our own Bodies. It is fit then they should be left to Fancies, and build on bottomless unsetel'd Im- their Ignorance, as to their Cure: It may beginnations, wee must needs Wander, and grope the Nullitie of their Expectations will reform in the Dark, like those that are Blindfolded. them, but as long as they continue in thi On the Contrarie, if wee lay the Line to our Humor, neither God nor Good men will aff Toughts, and examine them by Experience, fist them.

wee are in the way to bee Infallible, for wee The Inferior part of this Type presents take hold of that Rule, which God hath pro- Dark Circle, charg'd with many strange Chars'd for our Direction. In vain hath he made mera's, and Aristotle's ~~egyptian~~, that ~~the~~ Nature, if wee dwell on our own Conceptions, tapbycicall Beast of the Schoolemen. It signifieth and make no use of her Principles. It were a tie inumerous conceited Whimzies, and a happy Necessity, if our thoughts could not va- rie roving Imaginations of Man. For, before us from her wayes: but Certainly for us to- think

think, that we can find the Truth by meer Contemplation without Experience, is as great a madnes, as if a Man should shutt his Eyes from the Sun, and then believe hee can tra-vaille directly from London to Grand Cairo, by fassing himself in the right way, without the Assistance of the Light. It is true, that no man enters the Magicall Schoole, but hee wanders first in this Region of Chimera's : for the Inquiries which we make before wee attain to Experimentall Truths, are most of them Erroneous. Howsoever wee should bee rational, and patient in our Disquisitions, as not imperiously to obtrude and force them upon the world, before wee are able to Verifie them.

I ever approved that regular and solid speech of Basil Valentine : *Dicce igitur Disputator mi, & inquire primum Fundamentum ipsis oculis & manu, quod Natura secum fert absconditum : Sic demum prudenter, & cum iudicio de Rebus differere, & supra inexpugnabilem Petram adfiscare poteris. Sinc hoc autem vanus & phantasticus Nugator manebis, cuius Sermones absg, nullà Experientia supra Arenam solum fundati sunt. Qui autem sermocinationibus suis & Nugis me aliquid docere vult, is me verbis tantum nudis non passat, sed Experientie factum Documentum*

simul fit prestò oportet, sine quo non teneor Verbis locum dare, fidemque iis adhibere. And in another place, Nugatorem haud moror (aith he) qui non per Experientiam propriam loquitur : Nam ejus Sermones perinde fundati sunt, ac Ceci Judicium de Coloribus. Questionlesse all this was the Breath of a true Philosopher, one that studied not the Names, but the Natures of Things. I oppose it as Batterie to the Schoolemen, if they will needs muster their Syllogisms, I expect also they should confirme their Noyse by their Experience.

Within this Phantastic Circle stands a Lamp, and it typifies the Light of Nature. This is the secret Candle of God, which hee hath tinn'd in the Elements, it burns and is not seen, for it shines in a dark place. Every naturall Body is a kind of Black Lanthorne, it carries this Candle within it, but the Light appears not, it is Ecclips'd with the Grossnesse of the matter. The Effects of this Light are apparent in all things, but the Light it self is denied, or else not followed. The great world hath the Sun for his Life and Candle : according to the Absence and presence of this Fire, all things in the world flourish or wither. We know by Experience, and this in our own Bodies, that as long as life lasts, there is a continual Creation.

42 Lumen de Lumine, or

ction, a certain seething or Boyling within us, This makes us sweat, and expire in perpetuall Defluxions at the pores, and if we lay our hands to our skin, we can feel our own Heat, which must needs proceed from an inclosed Fire, or Light. All Vegetables grow, and augment themselves, they put forth their leſſe. Under the Altar lyes the Green Drafruits and Flowers, which could not bee, if gone, or the Magician's Mercury, involving ſome Heat did not stir up and alter the Mat. in it ſelf a Treasure of Gold and Pearl. This ter; we ſee moreover that in Vegetables, this is neither Dreame nor Fanſie, but a known, Light is tometimes discovered to the Eye, as Demonſtrable, practicall Truth. The Treasur it appears in roten wood, where the ſtar-fire ſure is there to be found, infinitely Rich and ſhines after Night. As for Minerals, their Reall: Indeed we muſt confeſſe it is inchanfirst matter is coagulated by this firſte ſpirit, &c. and that by the very Art and Magic and altered from one Complexion to Ano- of the A'mightie God. It can neithet be ſeen ther. To which may be added this Truſh nor felt, but the Cabinet that holds it, is every for Maniſtation: if the Minerall Prin-Day under our Feet. On this Treasur ſits a ciples be artificially diſſolved, that their fireſtle Child, with this Inſcription, Non niſi and ſpirit may be at Liberty, even Metals Parvulis. It tells us, how they ſhould bee themſelves may be made Vegetable. This qualifiēd who deſire to be admitted to this Fire or Light is no where to be found in ſuch place. They muſt be Innocent, and very Humabundance and puritie, as in that ſubject, which : not impudent proud Raunters, nor Ce- the Arabians call Haliculi, from Hali ſum- etous uncharitable Mifers. They muſt be mum, and Calop Bonum: but the Latineſſable, not Contentions: They muſt love the Authors corruptly write it Sal Alkali. This truſh, and (to ſpeak in a homely Phraſe) ſubſtance is the Catnolick Receptacle of ſpirits, they muſt alſo like Children and Fools tell the it is bleſſed and impregnated with Light from truſh. In a word, they muſt be as our Saviabove, and was therefore styl'd by the Magi- or himſelf hath ſaid, Like one of the littlicians, Domus signata, plena Luminis & Di- vinitatis.

But

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But to proceſſ in the Expoſition of our Type; not far from this Lamp you may obſerve the Angel or Genius of the place. In one hand he bears a ſword, to keep off the Contentions and unworthy: in the other a Clew of Thread to lead in the Humble, and Harm- Augment themſelves, they put forth their leſſe. Under the Altar lyes the Green Drafruits and Flowers, which could not bee, if gone, or the Magician's Mercury, involving ſome Heat did not stir up and alter the Mat. in it ſelf a Treasure of Gold and Pearl. This ter; we ſee moreover that in Vegetables, this is neither Dreame nor Fanſie, but a known, Light is tometimes discovered to the Eye, as Demonſtrable, practicall Truth. The Treasur it appears in roten wood, where the ſtar-fire ſure is there to be found, infinitely Rich and ſhines after Night. As for Minerals, their Reall: Indeed we muſt confeſſe it is inchanfirst matter is coagulated by this firſte ſpirit, &c. and that by the very Art and Magic and altered from one Complexion to Ano- of the A'mightie God. It can neithet be ſeen ther. To which may be added this Truſh nor felt, but the Cabinet that holds it, is every for Maniſtation: if the Minerall Prin-Day under our Feet. On this Treasur ſits a ciples be artificially diſſolved, that their fireſtle Child, with this Inſcription, Non niſi and ſpirit may be at Liberty, even Metals Parvulis. It tells us, how they ſhould bee themſelves may be made Vegetable. This qualifiēd who deſire to be admitted to this Fire or Light is no where to be found in ſuch place. They muſt be Innocent, and very Humabundance and puritie, as in that ſubject, which : not impudent proud Raunters, nor Ce- the Arabians call Haliculi, from Hali ſum- etous uncharitable Mifers. They muſt be mum, and Calop Bonum: but the Latineſſable, not Contentions: They muſt love the Authors corruptly write it Sal Alkali. This truſh, and (to ſpeak in a homely Phraſe) ſubſtance is the Catnolick Receptacle of ſpirits, they muſt alſo like Children and Fools tell the it is bleſſed and impregnated with Light from truſh. In a word, they muſt be as our Saviabove, and was therefore styl'd by the Magi- or himſelf hath ſaid, Like one of the littlicians, Domus signata, plena Luminis & Di- vinitatis.

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This is the Summe of that Magicall Embleme which Thalia communicated to me in the Minerall Region. More I cannot say of it, for I was not trusted with more in Relation to a publick and popular use. I will now proceed to a Discovery of some other Mysterie, which I received from her, and those such, as are not commonly sought after. The Basis of them all, is the visible, tangible Quintessence, or the first created unity, out of which the Physicall Tetractys did spring. I shall speak of them not in a cast artificiall Discourse and Method, but in their own Naturall Harmonicall Order, and First of all of the First Matter.

The First Matter.

When I seriously consider the System or Fabric of this world, I find it to be a certaine Series, a Link or Chaine, which is extended à non Gradu ad non Gradum, From that which is beneath all Apprehension, to that which is above all Apprehension. That which is Beneath all Degrees of Sense, is a certaine Horrible Inexpressible Darknesse. The Magicians call it Tenebrae. Active and the Effect of it in Nature is Cold, &c. For Darknesse is vultus Frigoris the Complexion, Body, and Matrix of Col-

as Light is the Face, Principle, and Fountaine of Heat. That which is above all Degree of Intelligence, is a certaine Infinite Inaccesible Fire or Light. Dionysius calls it Caligo Divina, becauie it is Invisible, and Incomprehensible. The Jew styles it TIN Ein, that is Nihil or Nothing : but in a Relative sense, or as the Schoolmen expresse it, Quo ad nos. In plaine tearms it is Deitas nuda sine Indumento. The middle Substances, or Chaine between these Two, is That which we Commonly call Nature. This is the Scala of the great Chaldee, which doth reach à Tartaro ad primum Ignem, from the Subternaturall Darknesse to the supernaturall Fire. These Middle Natures came out of a certaine water, which was the Sperm, or First Matter of the Great world, and now we will begin to describe it : Capiat, qui Capere potest.

It is in plaine Tearms, χύτης ἡ πρώτη οὐσία : Or rather it is χύτης, that is χάλιξ χυματίδης ετερού, ετερού χύτης ; an exceedingly soft, moyst, fusible, flowing Earth : An Earth of wax, that is capable of all Formes and Impressions. It is χαρπίνος γηνίτης, Terra-Filius Aquâ mixtus, and to speake as the Nature of the Thing requires, γημήτης, ετερού γημήτης. The learned Alchimist defines it, Besor 'Αρχόποδος Σωτήρος, 'Επονε τε μητρίον ετερού. It is a Divine animated Masse,

of Complexion somewhat like Silver, the Union of Masculine and Feminine spirits, The Quintessence of Four, the Ternarie of Two, and the Tetract of One. These are his Generations Physicall, and Metaphysicall. The Thing it self is a world without Forme, neither meer power, nor perfect Action: but a weak virgin Substance, a certain soft prolific Venus, the very Love and Seed, the Mixture and Moysture of Heaven and Earth. This Moysture is the Mother of all things in the world, and the Masculine Sulphureous Fire of the Earth is their Father. Now the Jews, who without Controversie were the wisest of Nations, when they discourse of the Generation of Metals, tell us it is performed in this manner The Mercurie, or Mineral liquor (say they) is altogether cold and passive, and it lyes in certain earthy Subterraneous Caverns: But when the Sun ascends in the East, his Beams and Heat falling on this Hemisphere, stir up and fortifie the inward Heat of the Earth. Thus we see in winter weather that the outward Heat of the Sun excites the inward naturall Warmth of our Bodies, and cheerisbeth the Bloud when it is almost cold and frozen. Now then the Central heat of the Earth being stirr'd and seconded by the Circumferential Heat of the Sun, works upon the Mortal-

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cury, and sublimes it in a thin vapour to the Top of it's Cell or Cavern. But towards Night when the Sun sets in the West, the Heat of the Earth because of the Absence of that great Luminarie, grows weak, and the Cold previales, so that the vapours of the Mercury which were formerly sublim'd, are now condens'd, and distill in Drops to the Bottome of their Cavern. But the Night being spent, the Sun againe comes about to the East, and Sublimes the Moysture as formerly: This Sublimation and Condensation continue so long till the Mercury takes up the Subtil Sulphureous parts of the Earth, and is incorporated therewith, so that this sulphur coagulats the Mercury, and fixeth him at last that he will not sublime, but lyes still in a ponderous Lump, and is concolted to a perfect Metall. Take notice then that our Mercury cannot be coagulated without our Sulphur, for *Draco non moritur sine suo Compare*: it is water that dissolves and putrifies Earth, and Earth that thickens and putrifies Water. You must therefore take two principles to produce a thrid Agent, according to that dark Receipt of Hali the Arabian. *Accipe Cinerem Masculinam Corascenum, & Catellam Armenam, Conjunge, & parient tibi Caculam solaris Cœli.* Take (saith he) the Corascen Dog, and

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the Bitch of Armenia, put them both together, and they will bring thee a skie colour'd Whelp. This skie colour'd whelp is that Soveraign, admir'd, and famous Mercury, known by the Name of the Philosophers Mercury. Now for my part I advise thee to take two living Mercuries, plant them in a purified Mineral Saturn, wash them and feed them with water of Salt Vegetable, and thou shalt see that speech of the Adeptus verified : *Pariter Miter Florem germinalem, quem ubere suo viscoso nutrit, & se totam ei in Cibum vertet, fovente Patre.* But the Processe or Receipt is no part of my Design, wherefore I will return to the first Matter, and I say it is no kind of water whatioever. Reader if it be thy Desire to attaine to the Truth, rely upon my words, for I speak the truth, and I am no Deceiver. The Mother or first Matter of Metals is a certaine watery Substance, neither very water, nor very Earth, but a Third thing compounded of Both, and retaining the Complexion of neither. To this agrees the learned Valentine in his apposit and genuine Description of our Sperm. *Materia Prima* (saith he) est Aquosa Substantia, Sicca reperta, & nulli Materia comparabilis. The first Matter is a waterish Substance found Drise, or of such a Complexion that wets not

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the Hand, and nothing like to any other Matter whatsoever. Another excellent, and well experienc'd Philosopher defines it thus. *Est Terrena Aqua, & Aquosa Terra in Terra ventre Terra commixta, cum Quà se commiscet Spiritus, & Cælestis Influsus.* It is (saith he) an Earthy water, and a watery Earth, mingl'd with Earth in the Belly of the Earth, and the spirit and Influences of Heaven commix themselves therewith. Indeed it cannot bee denied but some Authors have nam'd this Substance by the names of all ordinary waters, not to deceive the simple, but to hide it from the Ranting, ill-disposed Crew. On the contrary some have exprefly and faithfully Informed us it is no Common water, and especially the reverend Turba. Ignari (saith Agadmon) cum audient nomen Aquæ, putant Aquam Nubis esse, quod si libros nostros intelligerent, scirent esse Aquam permanentem, qua absque suo Compari cum quo facta est unum, permanens esse non posset. The ignorant (saith he) when they heare us name water, think it is water of the Clouds, but if they understood our Books, they should know it to be a permanent or fix'd water, which without its Sulphur to which it hath been united, cannot be permanent. The noble and knowing Sendivogius tels us the very same Thing :

Thing: *Aqua nostra est Aqua Cœlestis non madefaciens minus, non vulgi, sed fere pluvialis.* Our water is a heavenly water, which wets not the hand, not that of the common Man, but almost or as it were Pluvial. We must therefore consider the severall Analogies and similitudes of Things, or we shall never be able to understand the Philosophers. This Water then wets not the Hand, which is notion enough to perswade us it can be no common water. It is a Mætalline bitter, Saltish liquor. It hath a true minerall Complexion: Habet (saith Raymund Lullie) speciem solis & Lune. & in tali Aquâ nobis apparuit, non in Aquâ Fontis, aut pluvie. But in an other place he describes it more fully, *Est Aqua secca* (saith he) *non aqua Nubis, aut phlegmatica, sed aqua Cholerica, igne Calidior.* It is a drie water, not water of the Clouds, or phlegmatic water, but a Cholerick water, more hot than Fire. It is moreover Greenish to the sight, and the same Lullie tells you so: *habet colorem lacerta Viridis*, it looks saith he, like a green lizard. But the most prevalent Colour in it, is a certaine inexpressible *Azureo*, like the Body of Heaven in a clear Day. It looks in Truth like the Belly of a Snake, especially neer the Neck, where the Scales have a deep Blew Tincture, and this is the reason, why

why the Philosophers call'd it their serpent, and their Dragon. The predominant Element in it, is a certaine Fierie subtil Earth, and from this prevalent part the Best Philosophers have denominated the whole Compound. Paracelsus names it openly but in one place, and he calls it *Viscum Terræ*, The Slime, or Viscous part of the Earth. Raymund Lullie describeth the Crisis, or Constitution of it in these words. *Substantia lapidis nostri est tota pinguis, & Igne impregnata.* The Substance of our stone (saith he) is altogether fat, or viscous, and impregnated with fire; In which respect he calls it eliewhere not water, but Earth. *Captias Terram nostram* (saith he) *impregnatum à Sole, quia lapis est honoratus, repertus in Hospitiis desertis, & est inter inclusum velut magnum Secretum, & Thesaurus incantatus.* Take our Earth, which is impregnated, or with Child by the Sun, for it is our precious stone, which is found in desolate Houses, and there is shut up in it a great secret, and a Treasure enchanted. And againe in a certaine place he delivers himself thus: *Prima materia Fili, est Terra subtilis sulphurea, & haec nobilis Terra dictum est Subjectum Mercuriale.* My son (saith he) the first Matter is a subtil, Sulphureous Earth, and this noble Earth is call'd the Mercurial subject. Know

Know then for certaine that this Slimie moyſt Sperm, or Earth, must be diſſolved into water, and this is the Water of the Philosophers, not any common water whaſoever. This is the grand ſecret of the Art, and Lullie diſcovered it, with a great deale of Honesty, and Charitie. Argentum vivum nostrum (ſaith he) non eſt Argentum vivum Vulgare: Imo Argentum vivum nostrum eſt Aqua alterius Naturae, que reperiri non potest ſupra Terram; cum in actionem venire non poſſit per Naturam, abſque adiutorio Ingenii. eis Humanarum manuum operationibus. Our Mercury is not common Mercury, or Quick-ſilver: but our Mercury is a water, which cannot be found upon Earth, for it is not made, or manifested by the ordinary course of Nature, but by the Art, and manual Operations of Man. Seek not then for that in nature, which is an Effect beyond her ordinary proceſſe: you muſt help her, that ſhe may exceed her common course, or all is to no purpoſe. In a word, you muſt make this water, before you can find it. In the interim you muſt permit the Philosophers to call their ſubject, or Chaos, a Water, for there is no proper name for it, unleſſe we call it a Sperm, which is a watery Substance, but certainly no Water. Let it ſuffice, that you are not cheated, for they tell you what it is, and what

what it is not, which is all that Man can doe. If I aske you, by what name you call the Sperm of a Chick, you will tell me it is the white of an Egge, and truly ſo is the ſhell as well as the Sperm that is within it: But if you call it Earth or water, you know well enough it is neither, and yet you cannot find a third name. Judge then as you would be judged, for this is the very caſe of the Philosophers: Certainly you muſt be very unreasonable, if you expect that language from Men, which God hath not given them. Now that we may confirme this our Theorie and Discouſe of the Sperm not only by Experience but by Reason, it is neceſſary that we conſider the Qualities and Temperament of the Sperm. It is then a slimie, slippery, Diffuſive Moysture. But if we conſider any perfect products they are firme, compacted, figured Bodies, and hence it follows they muſt be made of ſomething that is not firme, not compacted, not figured, but a weak, quivering, altering ſubſtance. Questionleſſe thus it muſt be, unleſſe we make the Sperm to be of the ſame Complexion with the Body, and then it muſt follow that Generation is no Alteration. Againe: it is evident to all the world, that nothing is ſo paſſive as Moysture. The leaſt heat turns Water to a Vapour, and the leaſt cold turns that

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that *Vapour to Water*. Now let us consider what Degree of Heat it is, that acts in all Generations, for by the Agent we may guesse at the Nature of the patient. We know the Sun is so remote from us, that the Heat of it (as daily Experience tells us) is very faint, and remisse. I desire then to know, what Subject is there in all Nature, that can be altered with such a weake Heat, but Moysture? Certainly none at all: for all hard Bodies, as Salts, Stones, and Metals, preserve, and retaine their Complexions in the most violent, excessive Fires. How then can we expect they should be altered by a gentle, and almost insensible Warmth? It is plaine then, and that by infallible inference from the proportion and power of the Agent, that Moysture must needs be the patient: For that Degree of Heat, which Nature makes use of in her Generations, is so remisse and weak, it is impossible for it to alter any thing but what is moist, and waterish. This truth appears in the Animal Familie, where we know well enough the Sperms are moist: indeed in Vegetables the Seeds are Drie, but then Nature generateth nothing out of them, till they are first macerated, or moistened with Water. And here my Peripatetic, thou art quite gone, and with thee thy pura potentia, that fanatic Chaos of the

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the Son of Nichomachus. But I must advise my Chimists to beware of any Common Moysture, for that will never be altered otherwise than to a Vapour. See therefore that thy moysture be well temper'd with Earth, otherwise thou hast nothing to dissolve, and nothing to Coagulat. Remiember the practice, and Magic of the *Anig. in. Goa* in his Creation, as it is manifested to thee by Moses. *In principio* (saith he) *creavit Deus Cælum & Terram*: But the Originall if it be truly, and rationally renderd, speaks thus, *In principio Deus miscuit Rarum, & Densum*; In the Beginning God mingl'd or temper'd together the Thin and the Thick: for Heaven and Earth in this Text (as we have told you in our *Arima Magica*) signifie the Virgin Mercury, and the Virgin Sulphur. This I will prove out of the text it self, and that by the vulgar received Translation, which runs thus: *In the Beginning God created the Heaven, and the Earth: And the Earth was without forme and voyd, and there was darkness upon the face of the abyss, and the spirit of God moved upon the face of the Waters.* In the first part of this text Moses mentions two created principles, not a perfect world as we shall prove hereafter, and this he doth in these Generall termes, *Heaven and Earth*. In the latter

latter part of it he describes each of these principles by it self in more particular termes, and he begins with the Earth. And the Earth (saith he) was without forme, and void. Hence I infer that the Earth he speaks of was a meer Rudiment or principle of this Earth which I now see, for this present Earth is neither void, nor without forme. I conclude then that the Musaycall earth was the Virgin Sulphur, which is an earth without forme, for it hath no determinated Figure. It is a Laxative unstable incomposed substance, of a porous empty Crasis like Sponge, or Soute. In a word I have seen it, but it is impossible to describe it. After this he proceeds to the Description of his Heaven, or second principle, in these subsequent words: And their was Darknesse upon the face of the abyss, and the spirit of God moved upon the face of the waters. Here he calls that an abyss and Waters, which he

formerly called Heaven. It was indeed the Heavenly Moysture or Water of the Chaos out of which the separated Heaven, or Ha-

cording to the primitive naturall truth, and the undoubted sense of the Author, speaks thus; In the beginning (or according to the Jerusalem Thargum) In wisdome God made the water and the earth: And the earth was without forme and void, and there was Darknesse upon the Face of the Deep, and the spirit of God moved upon the Face of the waters. Here you should observe that God created two principles, Earth and Water, and of these two he compounded a third, namely the Sperm or Chaos. Upon the water, or moist part of this Sperm, the spirit of God did move, and (saith the Scripture) there was Darknesse upon the face of the Deep. This is a very great secret, neither is it lawfull to publish it expressly, and as the Nature of the thing requires, but in the Magicall work it is to be seen,

and I have been an eye witness of it myself. To conclude: Remember that our subject is no common water, but a thick, slimie, fat earth. This earth must be dissolved into wa-

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wild poppie. Their fire then is the Key of the Art, for it is a Naturall Agent, but acts not Naturally without the Sun. I must confess it is a knottie Mysterie, but we shall make it plaine, if you be not very Dim and Dull. It requires indeed a quick, clear Apprehension, and therefore Readers, Snuffe your Candles.

The Philosophicall Fire.

Fire, notwithstanding the Diversities of it in this Sublunarie Kitchin of the Elements, is but one Thing, from one Root. The Effects of it are various according to the Distance, and Nature of the subject wherein it resides, for that makes it Vital, or Violent. It sleeps in most things as in Flints, where it is silent and Invisible. It is a kind of perdue: Iys close like a Spider in the Cabinet of his Web, to surprise all that comes within his lines. He never appears without his prey in his Foot, where he finds ought that's Combustible there he discovers himself, for if wee speake properly, he is not generated, but manifested. Some Men are of Opinion that he breeds nothing, but devoures all things, and is therefore call'd *Ignis quasi Ingignens*: This is a Grammaticall Whim, for there is nothing in

in the world generated without Fire. What a fine Philosopher then was Aristotle, who tells us this Agent breeds nothing but his Pyrausta, a certain Fly which he found in his Candle, but could never be seen afterwards? Indeed too much Heat burns and destroyes, and if we descend to other Natures, too much water drowns, too much earth buries and choks the seed that it cannot come up: And verily at this Rate there is nothing in the world that generates. What an Owle was he then, that could not distinguish with all his Logic between Excess and Measure, between Violent and Vital Degrees of Heat, but concluded the Fire did Breed nothing, because it consumed something? But let the Mule passe, for so Plato call'd him, and let us prosecute our secret fire. This fire is at the Root, and about the Root (I mean about the Center) of all things both Visible, and Invisible. It is in water, earth, and air; It is in Minerals, Herbs, and Beasts; It is in Men, Stars, and Angels; but Originally it is in God himself, for he is the Fountain of Heat and fire, and from Him it is derived to the rest of the Creatures in a certaine streame, or Sun-shine. Now the Magicians affoord us but two Nations, whereby we may know their fire: it is, as they describe it. *Myst* and *Invisible*.

Hence have they call'd it *Venter Equi*, and *Equinus*: but this only by way of Analologie, for there is in Horse-dung a moyst Heat, but no fire that is visible. Now then let us compare the common *Vulcan* with this Philosophicall *Vesta*, that we may see wherein they are different. First of all then the Philosopher's fire is moyst, and truly so is that of the Kitchin too. We see that flames contract and extend themselves, now they are short, now they are long, which cannot be without moysture to maintaine the flux, and Continuite of their parts. I know Aristotle makes the fire to be simply dry, perhaps because the effects of it are so; he did not indeed consider that in all Complexions there are other Qualities besides the predominant one. Sure then this drie stiffe is that element of his, wherein he found his Pyrausta; but if our naturall fire were simply drie, the flames of it could not flow, and diffuse themselves as they doe they would rather fall to Dust, or turne like their fuell to ashes. But that I may returne to my former Discourse, I say the Common fire is excessively hot, but moyst in a far inferior degree, and therefore destructive, for it preyes on the moysture of other things. On the contrary the warmth and moysture of the Magicall Agent are equall, the one temperates,

temperates, and satisfies the other: it is a humid tepid fire, or as we commonly expresse our selves, Bloud-warme. This is their first, and greateest Difference in Relation to our desired effect, we will now consider their second. The Kitchin fire (as we all know) is visible, but the Philosophers fire is Invisible, and therefore no Kitchin fire. This Almadir expressly tells us in these words, *Silos radios Invisibiles ignis nostri sufficere*. Our work (saith he) can be performed by nothing, but by the Invisible Beams of our fire. And againe, *Ignis noster Corrosivus est Ignis, qui supra nostrum vas Nubem obducit, in qua nube radii huius ignis occulti sunt*. Our Fire is a Corrosive fire, which brings a cloud about our glasse or vessell, in which Cloud the Beams of our fire are hidden. To be short, the Philosophers call this Agent their Bath, because it is moyst as Baths are: but in very truth it is no kind of Bath, neither Maris, nor Roris, but a most subtil fire, and purely Naturall, but the Excitation of it is Artificiall. This Excitation, or preparation (as I have told thee in my *Cœlum Terræ*) is a very triviall, slight, ridiculous thing: nevertheless all the secrets of Corruption and Generation are therein contained. Lastly, I think it just to informe thee, that many Authors

have falfly described this fire, and that of purpose to seduce their Readers. For my ownpart, I have neither added, nor diminished, thou hast here the true intire secret, and in which all the Eastern sages agree: *Alfid, Almudir, Belen, Gieberim, Hali, Salmanazar, and Zadich*: with the three famous Jews *Abraham, Arctius, and Kalid*. If thou doest not by this time apprehend it, thou art past my Cure, for I may tell thee no more of it, I may only teach thee how to use it.

Take our two Serpents, which are to bee found every where on the Face of the Earth. They are a living Male, and a living Female. Tye them Both in a Love-knot, and shut them up in the Arabian CARAHA. This is thy first labour, but thy next is more difficult. Thou must incamp against them with the fire of Nature, and be sure thou doest bring thy Line round about. Circle them in, and stop all Avenues, that they find no Relief. Continue this siege patiently, and they will turne to an ugly, flabbie, venomous, black Toad, which will be transform'd to a horrible, devouring Dragon, creeping and weltring in the Botteme of her Cave without wings. Touch her not by any means, not so much as with thy Hands, for there is not upon earth such a violent, transcendent poysen. As thou

haſt begun, ſo proceed, and this Dragon will turne to a Swan, but more white than the hovering Virgin Snow, when it is not yet fullied with the Earth. Henceforth I will allow thee to fortifie thy fire, till the Phœnix appears. It is a red Bird of a moſt deep Colour, with a ſhining Fiery Hue. Feed this Bird with the Fire of his Father, and the Aether of his Mother, for the firſt is meat, the ſecond is Drink, and without this laſt he attains not to his full Glory. Be ſure to understand this ſecret, for fire feeds not well, unleſſe it bee firſt fed. It is of it ſelfe dry and Cholerick, but a proper moyſture tempers it, gives it a heavenly Complexion, and brings it to the Desired Exaltation. Feed thy Bird then as I haue told thee, and he will move in his Nest, and riſe like a star of the Firmament. Doe this, and thou haſt placed Nature in Horizonte Aeternitatis: Thou haſt performed that Command of the Cabalist, *Euge finem in Principio, ſicut Flammam prunæ Coniunctam: quia Dominus SUPERLATIVUS unus, & non tenet ſecundum*. Unite the End to the Beginning, like a Flame to a Coale: for God (ſaith hee) is ſuperlatively one, and hee hath no ſecond. Consider then what you ſeek: you ſeek an Indiſſoluble, miraculous, tranſmuting, uniting

union, but such a tye cannot be without the first unitie; Creare enim (saith one) atque intrinsecus transmutare absque violentia, Munus est proprium duntaxat Prima Potentie, Prima sapientie, Primi amoris. To Create, and Transmute essentially, and naturally, & without any violence, is the only proper office of the first power, the first Wisdome, and the first love. Without this love the Elements will never be married, they will never inwardly and essentially unite, which is the end and perfection of Magic. Study then to understand this, and when thou hast perform'd, I will allow thee that *Test of the Mekkebalim: Intellexisti in sapientia, & sapuisti in Intelligentia, statuisti Rem super Puritates suas, & Creatorem in Throno suo collectasti.*

For a Close to this Section, I say it is impossible to generat in the patient, without a virtuall generating Agent. This Agent is the Philosophical fire, a certain moyst, heavenly, invisible Heat; but let us heare Raimund Lullie describe it, *Quando dicimus* (saith hee) *quod lapis per ignem generatur, non vident alium ignem, nec alium ignem credunt, nisi ignem communem: nec aliud Sulphur, nec aliud argentum vitum, nisi sit vulgare. Ideo manent decepti per eorum cecas estimaciones,*
inferentes

inferentes quod causa sumus sue Deceptionis, & quod dedimus illis intelligere rem unam pro altâ. Sed non est verum salvâ eorum pace, sicut probabimus per illa, quæ Philosophi posuerunt in scriptis. Solem enim appellamus ignem, & vicarium suum vocamus Calorem naturalem. Nam illud quod agit Calor Solis in Mineris Metallorum per mille annos, upse Calor naturalis facit in una horâ supra Terram. Nos vero, & multi alii, vocamus unum Filium solis, nam primo per solis influentiam fuit generatus per naturam, sine adjutorio Scientiae, vel artis. When wee say the stone is generated by fire, Men neither see, neither doe they believe there is any other fire, but the common fire: nor any other Sulphur or Mercury, but the common Sulphur and Mercury. Thus are they deceived by their own opinions, saying that we are the Cause of their Error, having made them to mistake one thing for another. But by their leave it is not so, as we shall prove by the Doctrine of the Philosophers. For wee call the Sun a fire, and the natural Heat we call his Substitute, or Deputy; for that which the heat of the Sun performes in a thousand years in the Mines, the Heat of Nature performes it above the earth in one hour. But wee, and many other Philosophers have call'd this Heat, the Child of

66 Lumen de Lumine, or

of the Sun, for at first it was generated naturally by the influence of the Sun, without the Help of our Art or Knowledge. Thus Lullie : But one thing I must tell thee, and bee sure, Reader, thou doest remember it. This very naturall Heat must bee applied in the just Degree, and not too much fortified, for the Sun it self doth not generat, but burne and scorch where it is too hot. *Si cum igne magna operatus fueris* (saith the same Lullie) *proprietas nostri spiritus, que inter vitam & mortem participiat, separabit se, & Anima recedet in Regionem sphaera sue.* If thou shalt work with too strong a fire, the proprietie of our spirit, which is indifferent as yet to life or death, will separate it self from the Body, and the Son's will depart to the Region of her own sphere : Take therefore along with thee this short, but wholesome advise of the same Author. *Facias ergo Fili, quod in loco Generationis aut Conversionis sit talis potentia Cœlestis, que possit transformare Humidum ex natura terrestris, in formam & speciem transparentem, & finissimam.* My Son (saith hee) let the Heavenly power, or Agent be such in the place of Generation or Mutation, that it may alter the spermatic Humiditie from its Earthly Complexion, to a most fine transparent forme, or species. See here

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here now the solution of the slimie, fat Earth, to a transparent glorious Mercury ! This Mercury Gentlemen, is the water which we look after, but not any common water whatsoever. There is nothing now behind but that which the Philosophers call *secretum Artis* : a thing that was never published, and without which you will never performe, though you know both Fire and Matter. An Instance hereof wee have in Flammel, who knew the Matter well enough, and had both fire and Furnace painted to him by Abraham the Jew : but notwithstanding he err'd for three years, because hee knew not the third secret. Henry Madathan a most noble Philosopher practic'd upon the subject for five years together, but knew not the right method, and therefore found nothing ; at last saith hee, *Post sextum annum Clavis Potentie per arcanam Revelationem ab omnipotente Deo mihi concredita est* : After the sixth year, I was intrusted with the Key of power by secret Revelation, from the Almighty God. This Key of power, or third secret was never put to paper by any Philosopher whatsoever. Paracelsus indeed hath touch'd upon it, but so obscurely it is no more to the purpose then if he had said nothing. And now I suppose I have done enough for the Discovery, and Regiment of the

the fire ; if you think it too little, I must tell you it is much more then any one Author hath performed. Search it then, for he that finds this fire, will attaine to the true temperament, he will make a noble deserving Philosopher, and to speake in the phrase of our Spaniard, *Dignus erit poni ad Mensam Duodecim parium.*

The River of Pearl.

IT is a *Decompounded Substance*, extreme heavy and moist, but wets not the Hand. It shines after Night like a star, and will enlighten any Darke roome. It is full of small eyes sparkling like Pearls or Aglets. It is the whole Demogorgon, but now actually animated by manifestation of his own Inward Light. The Father of it is a certaine inviolable Masse, for the parts of it are so firmly united, you can neither pound them into Dust, nor separat them by violence of Fire. This is the stone of the Philosophers, *Qui ab omni parte* (saith one) *circumdatuſ est Tenebris, Nebulis, Caligine : Habitat in mediis Terre visceribus, Qui ubi natus fuerit, vestitur quodam viride Pallio, humiditate quadam affersus, & non prognatus ab aliquo, sed generatus, & p̄trens omnium Rerum.* It is compas-

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sed about (saith he) with Darknesse, Clouds, and Blacknesse. It dwels in the inmost Bowels of the Earth : but when he is borne, hee is cloathed with a certaine Green Mantle, and sprinckl'd over with a certaine Moyſture. He is not properly generated by any Naturall thing, but he is eternall, and the Father of all things. This Description is very true and apposit, but Enigmatical : howsoever forget not the Green Mantle. This is that substance, which Gieberim Eben-Haen, or as the Rable writes him, Geber, cals *Lapis in Capitulis notis* : a very ſubtil Expression, but if well examin'd, it is the Key to his whole Booke, and to the writings of the old Philosophers in Generall. But let us returne to our River of Pearl, and for our further information let us heare it describ'd by a moft excellent Adeptus, and that in the very iſation, before the full moon appears. *Hoc opus eſt* (saith he) *quod mihi aliquando ob oculos posuit uincus Exechidna, magnas quippe fornaces, atque vitro eadem Varico redimitas ostendens. Vasa erant singula, in suis ſedilibus habentia ſedimenta, atque interius dispari dicatum, ſacrumque Mūnus. Quid vero Rem tam Divinam celemitius? Erat intus circumacta Moles quadam, Mundi præferens imaginem ipſissimi. Quippe ibi Terra videbatur in medio omnium conſtens*

sistens, aquisque circumfusa Limpidissimis, in
varios colles, salebrosa que rupes assurgebat,
fructum ferens multiplicem, tanquam humen-
tis Aeris imbris irrigua. Vini etiam vi-
debatur & olei, & lacticis, atque pretiosorum
omne genus lapidum, & Metallorum esse ap-
prime ferax. Tum Aquæ ipsæ instar Æquoris,
sale quodam pellucido, albo interdum, inter-
dum quoque rubeo & fulvo, & rubro, mul-
tisque præterea variegato coloribus ictita, in-
que superficiem ipsam astubabant. Igne autem
hoc omnia suo, sed impercepto quidem, atque
aethereo movebantur. Id vero unum pre ceteris
incredibilem me rapiebat in admirationem,
Rem hoc tam multa unicam, tam diversam,
tamque in suo genere integra singula, parvo
etiam imbecillique adminiculo pro ducere: quo
facto paulatim robustiore, redirent tandem,
atque coalescerent in unum omnia, confidenter
asseverabat. Hic equidem observavi fusilis
illam salis speciem nihil ab Aphrolitho dege-
nerantem, atque argentum illud vivum, cui
Mercurii nomen ab hisuscè Discipline pris-
cis authoribus inditum est, illam ipsam refe-
rens Lullianam Lunariam, adversa standens
aqua, noctuque relucens, atque interdiu glu-
tinandi præditum facultate. Here wee have
pourray'd unto us the whole Philosophicall
Laboratorie, Furnace, fire, and Matter,

with the Mysterious Germinations thereof.
But because the Termes are difficult, and not
to bee understood by any, but such as have
seen the thing it self, I will for the Readers
Benefit, I cannot say satisfaction, put them
into English. This is the worke (saith hec)
which I have sometimes seen with a singular,
and a most deare friend: who shewed to me
certayne large Furnaces, and those crown'd
with Cormues of Glasse. The Vessels were se-
verall, having besides their Triptods their
sediments, or Caskets, and within them was
a Holy Oblation, or present dedicated to the
Ternarie. But why should I any longer con-
ceale so divine a thing? within this Fabric
was a certayne Masse moving Circularly, or
driven round about, and reprelenting the very
Figure of the great world. For here the Earth
was to be seen standing of it self in the mid-
dest of all, compassed about with molt clear
waters, rising up to severall Hillocks, and
craggie Rocks, and bearing many sorts of
Fruit, as if it had been watr'd with showers
from the moyst Aire. It seem'd also to bee
very fruitfull for wine, oile, and milk, with
all kind of precious stones, and Metals. The
waters themselves like those of the Sea, were
full of a certaine transparent Salt, now white,
now Red, then Yellow and purpl'd, and as it
were

were channelled with various Colours, which did swell up to the face of the waters. All these things were actuuated or stirr'd with their own appropriat fire, but in very truth imperceptible, and ethereall. But one thing above the rest forc'd me to an incredible admiration. Namely, that so many things, such divers and in their kind such perfect particular should proceed from one only thing, and that with very small assistance, which being further'd and strengthened by degrees, the Artist faithfully affirmed to me that all those Diversities would settle at last to one Body. Here I observed that fusil kind of Salt to be nothing different from a pumice-stone, and that Quick-silver which the ancient Authors of this Art call'd Mercury, to be the same with Lullies Lunaria, whose water gets up against the fire of Nature, and shines by night, but by day hath a glutinous, viscous faculty. This is the sense of our learned Adepts, and for his Analogie of the Philosophic Salt, and a pumice-stone, it cannot be well conceiv'd without the Light of Experience. It is then a porous, hollow, froth-like, spongius Salt. The Consistency of it is pumice-like, but neither hard, nor opaceous. It is a thin, slippery oily substance in appearance like Moon's glew, but much more clear. Sometimes it looks

looks like Rosals and Rubies: Sometimes it is violet Blew, sometimes white as Lilies, and againe more green than Grasse, but with a Smaragdine transparencie: and sometimes it looks like burnisht Gold and Silver. The River of Pearle hath her Name from it, for there it stands like the Sperm of Frogs in common waters. Sometimes it will move, and swim to the face of his Bath in thin leaves like wafers, but with a thousand miraculous Colours. This is enough and too much, for I hold it not my Duty to infist upon secrets, which are so far from the Readers Inquiry, that I dare say they are beyond his Expectation.

The Æther, or the Aire of Paradise.

Hitherto I have discours'd of the first Matter, and the fire of Nature: Termes indeed commonly known, but the things signified are seldome understood. I shall now descend to more abstruse particular principles, Things of that secrete and subtilitie, they are not so much as thought of much lesse inquir'd after. The common Chimist dreams of Gold and Transmutations, most noble and Heavenly Effects, but the Means whereby hee would compasse them, are

are worme-eaten, dustie, mustie papers. His Study and his Noddle are stuff'd with old Receipts, he can tell us a hundred Stories of Brimstone and Quick-silver, with many miraculous Legends of Arsenic and Antimonie, Sal gemmae, Sal pruna, Sal Petrae, and other stupendious Alkalies, as he loves to call them; with such strange Notions and Charms doth he amaze, and silence his Auditors, as Bats are kill'd with Thunder at the Eare. Indeed if this Noyse will carry it, let him alone, he can want no Artillery. But if you bring him to the field, and force him to his Polemics, if you demand his Reason, and reject his Recipe, you have laid him as flat as a Flounder. A rationall methodicall Dispute will undoe him, for he studies not the whole Body of Philosophie: a Receipt he would find in an old Box, or an old Book, as if the knowledge of God and Nature were a thing of Chance, not of Reason. This idle Humor hath not only surpris'd the common illiterat Broyle, where in truth there is some Necessity for it, but even great Doctor: and Physicians: Bate me the importune of their Titles, and their Learning is not Considerable. Hence it comes to passe that so many men are undone in the prosecution of this Art: They are so wedded to old scribblings, they will not submit them

them to their judgement, but presently bring them to the fire. Certainly they believe such ridiculous Impossibilities, that even brute Beasts if they could speake, would reprove them. Sometimes they mistake their owne Excrements for that Matter out of which Heaven and Earth were made. Hence they drudge, and labour in Urine, and such filthie dirty stiffe which is not fit to be nam'd. But when all comes to all, and their Custard fails them, they quit their filthiness, but not their error. They think of scimthing that's more Tractable, and dreame perhaps that God made the world of Egge-shels or Flint-stones. Truly their Opinions proceed not only from simple people, but from Doctors fortooth, and Philosophers. It is therefore my Designe to discover some Excellencies of this Art, and make it appeare to the Student that what is Glorious, is withall Difficult. This I suppose may remove that Blind, sluggish Credulity, which prevents all Ingenious Disquisitions, and cause men perhaps to exercise that Reason, which God hath given them for Discoveries. I shall not dwell long on any one particular, I am drawing off the stage in all Haste, and returning to my first solitudes. My Discourse shall be very short, and like the Echo's last Syllables, Imperfect. I intend it

only for Hint and suggestion to the Reader: it is no full Light but a Glance, and he must improve it to his better satisfaction.

We are now to speake of the *Aether* of the little world, which is the very same in Nature and substance with the outward *Aether* of the great world. That you may the better understand what it is, we will examine the Notion, before we state the thing. Aristotle in his Book *de Mundo* derives this word ἀερός αἰώνιος, à semper currendo, because the Heavens are in perpetuall Motion. This is a generall irregular whymzie, for the stars also aswell as the *Aether* move perpetually: The Sea is subject to a continuall Flux and Reflux, and the Blood of all Animals to a restlesse unwearied Pulse. The more ancient Philosophers whose Books this Enemy burnt, derived it from ἀέρος ardor: but especially Anaxagoras, who was better acquainted with Heaven than Aristotle, as it appears by his miraculous prediction, and the opinion he had of that place, namely that it was his Country, and that he was to return thither after death. Indeed this last Etymologie comes neer the nature of the thing, for it is a Heating chee-
rishing spirit, but in its genuine Complexion it burns not. I cannot then approve of this latter Derivation no more than of the former.

I rather believe that *Aether* is a Compound of *air* and *spirit*, this substance being called *Air*, from its effect and office, *aspirare et spirare*, à semper Calefaciendo. Supposing this to be the true Interpretation, let us now see whether it relates more strictly and properly to this principle, than to any other Nature whatsoever. The *Aether* is a most thin liquid substance, and the Region of it is above the stars, in the Circumference of the Divine Light. This is the true, and famous *Elysian*, which receives the Influent Heat of God, and conveys it to the visible Heaven, and all the Inferior Creatures. It is a pure Essence, a thing not tainted with any Materiall Contagion, in which sense it is styl'd of Pythagoras ἀέρος Αἰών, the free *Aether*. Quoniam (saith Reuclin) à materia potentia segregatus, & preservatus in Libertate, calescit Di Ar-
dore, ac insensibili motu Inferiora calefacit. Because it is freed from the prison of the Matter, and being preserv'd in its liberty, it is warme with the fire of God, and by an in-
sensible motion heats all the Inferior Na-
tures. In a word, because of it's puritie it is placed next to that Divine Fire, which the Jews call *Lumen Vestimenti*, and it is the very first Receptacle of the Influences and Deri-
vations of the Supernaturall World, which sufficiently

sufficiently confirms our Etymologie. In the Beginning it was generated by Reflexion of the first unity upon the *Cælestial Cube*, for the Brig't Emanations of God did flow like a streme into the *Passiv* ~~my~~ and in this *Analogie* the Samian styles *Hum* ~~τάχας αίματος~~ ~~εύσηστος~~ *Fontem perpetua Natura*. You shall understand that the *Æther* is not one, but manifold, and the Reasons of it wee shall give you hereafter. By this I mind not a variety of Substances, but a Chaine of Complexions. There are other *Moystures*, and those too *æthereall*: They are *Females* also of the *Masculine Divine Fire*, and these are the *Fountains* of the *Chaldee*, which the Oracle styles ~~τάχας ερπετας~~ *Summitates Fontanas*, the Invisible upper springs of Nature. Of all substances that come to our hands, this *Æther* is the first that brings us News of another World, and tels us we live in a corrupt place. *Sindivogius* call'd it the *Vrine* of *Saturn*, and with this did he water his *Lunar* and *Solar Plants*. *Ex Marimeo* (said the Jew) *oriuntur Nebulae, quæ ferunt Aquas Benedictas, & ipsæ irrigant Terras. & edificant Herbas & Flores.* In a word this *Moysture* is animated with a *Vegetable blessed divine Fire*, which made one describe the Mystery thus. *Ex Naturâ, & ex Divino factum*

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factum est: Divinum enim est, quis cum Di-vinitate conjunctum Divinas substantias facit. To conclude, the *Æther* is to be found in the lower spring or ~~my~~, namely in that substance, which the *Arabians* call *Flos salis albi*, the *Flower of white Salt*. It is indeed borne of *Salt*, for *Salt* is the *Root* of it, and it is found withall *in locis salsofis*, in certaine *Saltish places*. The best *Discovery* of it is this: The *Philosophers* call it their *Mineral Tree*, for it grows as all *Vegetables* doe, and hath *Leaves* and *Fruits* in the very *Houre* of its *Nativity*. This is enough, and now I passe to another principle.

The Heavenly Luna.

This *Luna* is the *Moon of the Mine*, a very strange stupifying substance. It is not simple, but mixt. The *Æther*, and a subtil white Earth are its Components, and this makes it grosser than the *Æther* it self. It appeares in the forme of an exceeding white *oile*, but is in very truth a certaine vegetant flowing, smooth, soft salt, &c.

Lumen de Lumine, or
The star-soule.

THIS is the true *Astrum Solis*, the Mineral spiritual Sun. It is compounded of the *Aether*, and a *Bloudie, fierie, spirited Earth*. It appears in a *gammie Consistency*, but with a fierce, hot, glowing Complexion. It is Substantially a certaine purple, animated, Divine Salt, &c.

The Prester of Zoroaster.

IT is a *Miracle* to consider, how the *Earth*, which is a Body of inexpressible weight and Heaviness, can be supported in the Aire a fleeting yeelding substance, and thorough which even froth and Feathers will sink, and make their way. I hope there is no man so mad as to think it is pay'd there by some Geometricall Knack, for that were *Artificiall*, but the work of God is *Vital*, and *Natural*. Certainly if the *Animation* of the world be denied, there must needs follow a precipitation of this Element by its own *Corpulency* and *Gravity*. We see that our own Bodies are supported by that *Essence*, by which they are actuated and animated, but when that

A new Magicall Light, &c. 81

when that *Essence* leaves them, they fall to the ground, till the spirit returns at the *Resurrection*. I conclude then that the *Earth* hath in her a *Fire-soule*, a most powerfull strong spirit, that bears her up, as the spirit of *Man* bears up *man*. To this agrees *Raymund Lullie* in the seventy sixth Chapter of his Theorie. *Tota Terra plena est Intelligen-tia ad operationem Naturae inclinata, quæ Intelligentia movetur à natura superiori: Ita quod natura Intellectiva inferior assimi-latur naturæ Superiori.* The whole *Earth* (saith he) is full of *Intelligence*, inclined to the *Discipline* or *Operation* of *Nature*, which *Intelligence* is moved by the *Superior Nature*: so that the *Inferior Intelligence* is like to the *Superior*. This spirit or *Intelligence* is the *spiritus ura*, a Notion of the admirable *Zoroaster*, as I find him render'd by *Julian the Chal-dean*. It comes from *πνιγείων*, and signifies *Lightning*, or a certaine burning *Turbo*, or *wirl-wind*, but in the sense of our *Chaldee* it is the *Fire-spirit of Life*. It is an *Influence* of the *Almighty God*, and it comes from *Terra Viventium*, namely the second person, whom the *Cabalists* style the *Supernaturall East*. For as the *Natural Light* of the *Sun* is first manifested to us in the *East*, so the *Supernatural Light* was first manifested in the

the second person, for he is *Principium Alterationis*, the Beginning of the waves of God, or the first Manifestation of his Father's Light in the Supernatural Generation. From this *Terra Vincentum*, or Land of the Living comes all Life or spirit, according to that position of the *Mizkubalim*:

*Omnis anima bona est anima nova,
veniens ab Oriente.*

Every good soule is a new soule, comming from the East: that is from **בָּנָה** *Cocmah*, or the second Sephiroth, which is the Son of God.

Now for the better understanding of this Descent of the soule, we must refer our selves to another placet of the Cabalists, and this is it.

Anima à Tertio Lumine ad Quartam Diem, inde ad Quintam descendunt: inde exentes, Corporis Noctem subintrant.

The souls (say they) descend from the Third Light to the fourth Day, thence to the fifth, whence they passe out, and enter the Night of the Body. To understand this Maxime you must know there are three supreme Lights or Sephiroths, which the Cabalist calls, *Sedes*

sua

una, in quâ sedet Sanctus, Sanctus Sanctus, Dominus Deus Sabaoth. This third Light from whence the souls descend, is **בִּנָּה** *Binah*, the last of the three sephiroths, and it signifies the Holy Ghost. Now that you may know in what sense this Descent proceeds from that Blessed spirit, I will somewhat enlarge my Discourse, for the Cabalists are very obscure in the point. Spirare (say the Jews) *Spiritus Sancti proprium est*, to Breath is the proprietie of the Holy Ghost. Now we read that God breathed into Adam the Breath of Life, and ^{Gen.} he became a living soule. Here you must understand that the third Person is the last of the three, not that there is any Inequality in them, but it is so in order of Operation, for he applies first to the Creature, and therefore works last. The meaning of it is this: The Holy Ghost could not breath a soule into Adam, but he must either receive it, or have it of himself. Now the truth is he receives it, and what hee receives, that hee breathes into Nature. Hence this most holy spirit is styl'd by the Cabalists *Fluvius egrediens è Paradiiso*, because he breathes as a River streames. He is call'd also *Mater Filiorum*, because by this Breathing he is as it were delivered of those souls, which have been conceived ideally in the second Person. Now that the Holy

Holy Ghost receives all things from the second Person, is confirmed by Christ himself. *John 16.13* When the spirit of truth is come, he will guide you into all truth, for he shall not speak of himself, but whatsoever he shall heare, that shall he speak, and he will shew you things to come. He shall glorifie me, for he shall receive of mine, and shall shew it unto you. All things that the Father hath, are mine; Therefore said I, that he shall take of mine. Here wee plainly see, there is a certaine subsequent order or Method in the operations of the blessed Trinity, for Christ tells us, that he receives from his Father, and the Holy Ghost receives from Him. Againe that all things are conceived Ideally (or as we commonly expresse it) created by the second person, is confirmed by the word of God. The World was made by him (saith the Scripture) and the world knew him not. He came unto his own, and his own received him not. This may suffice for such as Love the Truth, and as for that which the Cabalist speaks of the fourth and fifth Dayes, it suits not with my present designe, and therefore I must wave it. It is clear then that Terra viventium, or the Eternall Fire-Earth buds and sprouts, hath her fierie spirituall Flowers, which we call soules, as this natural Earth hath her natural Vegetables. In this mysterious

mysterious sense is the Prester defin'd in the Oracles ΛΟΥΤΡΑ ΗΛΙΟΠΑΡΑΣΘΩ, the Flower of thin Fire. But that we may come at last to the thing intended, I think it not amisse to instruct you by this Manudiction. You know that no Artificer can build, but the Earth must be the Foundation to his Building, for without this Ground-work, his Brick and Mortar cannot stand. In the Creation when God did build, there was no such place to build upon. I aske then where did he rest his Matter, and upon what? Certainly he built, and founded Nature upon his own Supernaturall Center. He is in her, and thorough her, and with his eternall spirit doth he support Heaven and Earth, as our bodies are supported with our spirits. This is confirmed by that oracle of the Apostle, *Omnia portat verbo virtutis sua*, He bears up all things with the word of his power; from this power is he justly styl'd ἀπόδημος, καὶ τατεδημος δυνατοῦσις: The infinitely powerfull, and the All-powerfull power-making power. I say then that Fire and spirit are the Pillars of Nature; the props on which her whole Fabric rests, and without which it could not stand one minute. This Fire or Prester is the Throne of the Quintessentiall Light, from whence he dilates himself to Generation, as we see in the

the effusion of the Sun-beams in the great world. In this Dilatation of the Light consists the joy or pleasure of the passive spirit, and in its Contraction his Melancholie or sorrow. We see in the great Body of Nature, that in Turbulent weather when the Sun is shut up, and clouded, the Aire is thick and dull, and our own spirits by secret Compassion with the spirit of the Aire are dull too. On the contrary in clear strong Sun-shines the Aire is Quick and Thin, and the spirits of all Animals are of the same rarified, active Temper. It is plaine then that our joyes and sorrows proceed from the Dilatation and Contraction of our inward Quaintessential Light. This is apparent in despoyring Lovers, who are subject to a certain violent, extraordinary panting of the Heart, a timorous trembling pulse which proceeds from the Apprehension and Feare of the spirit in relation to his Miscarriage. Notwithstanding he desires to be dilated, as it appears by his pulse or Sallie, wherein he doth discharge himself; but his Despaire checks him againe, and brings him to a suddain Retreat, or Contraction. Hence it comes to passe that we are subject to sighs, which are occasion'd by the suddain pause of the spirit: for when hee stops, the Breath stops, but when he loseth himself to an outward

ward Motion, we deliver two or three Breaths that have been formerly omitted, in one long Expiration, and this we call a sigh. This action hath carried many brave men to very Extremities. It is originally occasion'd by the spirit of the Mistris, or affected party: for her spirit fermentts or leavens the heart of the Lover, so that it desires an union as far as Nature will permit. This makes us sent even-smiles and frowns, like Fortunes and Misfortunes; Our Thoughts are never at Home according to that well-grounded Observation, *Animus est ubi amat, non ubi numerum*: the soule dwells not where she lives, but where she loves. We are imploy'd in a perpetuall Contemplation of the absent Beauy; Our very Joyes and Woes are in her power: she can set us to what Humor she will, as Sampian was alter'd by the Music of his Mistris.

when to her Lute Corinna sings,
Her Voice intives the Leaden strings:
But when of sorrows she doth speak,
Even with her sighes the strings doe break.
And as her Lute doth Live or Die,
Lea'd by her Passions: So doe I.

This, and many more miraculous sympathies proceed from the Attractive nature of

of the Prester: it is a spirit that can wonders, and now let us see if there bee any possibility to come at him. Suppose then wee should dilapidit or discompose soime Artificial Building, stone by stone: There is no question but we should come at last to the Earth whereupon it is founded. It is just so in Magic: if we open any Natural Body, and separat all the parts thereof one from another, we shall come at last to the Prester, which is the Candle, and secret Light of God. We shall know the hidden Intelligence, and see that inexpressible Face, which gives the outward Figure to the Body. This is the *S. Iodism* we should look after, for he that hath once past the Aquaster, enters the Fire-world, and sees what is both Invisible and Incredible to the common Man. He shall discover to the Eye the miraculous Conspiracy that is between the Prester and the Sun. Hee shall know the secret Love of Heaven and Earth, and the sense of that deep Cabalism, *Non est planta hic inferius cui non est stella in Firmamento superius, & ferit eam stella, & dicit ei Cresce.* There is not an Herb here below, but he hath a star in Heaven above, and the star strikes him with her Beame, and sayes to him, *Grow.* He shall know, how the Fire-spirit hath his Root in the Spirituall Fire-Earth,

Earth, and receives from it a secret *Influx* upon which he feeds, as Herbs feed on that *Juice and Liquor*, which they receive at their Roots from this Common Earth. This is it, which our Saviour tells us, *Man lives not by Math. Bread alone, but by every word that comes out of th. Mouth of God.* He meant not by *Inke and P. pyr*, or the dead Letter: it is a Mystery, and St. Paul hath partly expounded it. He tells the Athenians, that *God made Man, to the end, That he should seek the Lord, if happily he might feel after him and find him.* Here is a strange Expression, you will say, that a Man should feel after God, or seek Him with his Hands. But he goes on, and tells you where you shall find him. *He is not far (faith he) from every one of us: for in Him we live, and move, and have our Being.* For the better understanding of this place, I wish you to read Paracelsus his *Philosophia ad Atheniensis*, a glorious Incomparable Discourse, but you will shortly find it in English. Againe: He that enters the Center, shall know why all *Influx* of fire descends against the Nature of fire, and coimes from Heaven downwards: Hee shall know also why the same fire having found a Body, ascends againe towards Heaven, and goes upwards.

H

Ta

To conclude: I say the grand Supreme Mysterie of Magic, is to multiply the Prester, and place him in the moyst serene Æther, which God hath purposely created to qualifie the fire. For I would have thee know, that this spirit may be so chaf'd, and that in the most temperat Bodies, as to undoe thee upon a suddain. This thou mayst guesse thy selfe by the ~~Æthereal~~, or thundering Gold, as the Chymist calls it. Place him then as God hath plac'd the stars, in the condens'd Æther of his Chaos, for there he will shine, not burne, he will be vital and Calm, not furious and *Cooleric*. This secret I confess, transcends the Common praceffe, and I dare tell thee no more of it. It must remaine then as a Light in a Dark place, but how it may be discovered, doe thou Consider.

The Green salt.

IT is a Tincture of the Saphiric Mine, and to define it substantially, it is the Aire of our little Invisible Fire-world. It produceth two noble effects, youth, and Hope; wheresoever it appears, it is an infallible sign of life, as you see in the spring-time, when all things are Green. The sight of it is

is cheerfull, and refreshing beyond all imagination. It comes out of the Heavenly Earth, for the Saphir doth spermatize, & injects her Tinctures into the Æther, where they are carried, and manifested to the Eye. This Saphir is equall of her self to the whole Compound, for she is threefold, or hath in her three severall essences. I have seen them all, not in Ayrie imaginarie suppositions, but really with my bodily eyes. And here we have Apollodorous his Mathematical Problem resolved: namely that Pythagoras should sacrifice a hundred Oxen, when hee found out. οτι τριγωνον επισχων επειδη πυθαγορειον επισχωνει. That the Subtendent of a right angl'd Triangle was equivalent to those parts which contain'd it, &c.

The Diapasm, or Magicall Perfume.

IT is compounded of the Saphiric Earth and the Æther. If it be brought to its full Exaltation, it will shine like the Day-star in her fresh Easterne Glories. It hath a fascinating attractive facultie, for if you expose it to the open Ayre, it will draw to it Birds and Beasts, &c.

The Regeneration, Ascent, and
Glorification.

I have now sufficiently, and fully discovered the principles of our Chaos, In the next place I will shew you how you are to use them. You must unite them to a new life, and they will be regenerated by Water and the Spirit. These two are in all things, they are placed there by God himself, according to that speech of Trismegistus, *Vnumquodque habet in se solum sex Regenerationis*. Proceed then patiently, but not manfully. The work is performed by an invisible Artist, for there is a secret Incubation of the Spirit of God upon Nature you must only see that the outward Heat failes not, but with the subject it self you have no more to doe, than the Mother hath with the Child that is in her womb. The two former principles performe all, the Spirit makes use of the Water to purge and wash his Body, and hee will bring it at last to a Celestiall, immortall Constitution. Doe not you think this Impossible. Remember that in the Incarnation of Christ Jesus the Quaternarius or four Elements as men call them, were united to their eternall Unitie and Ternarius

narius. Three and Fourre make Seven: This Septenarie is the true Sabbath, the Rest of God into which the Creature shall enter. This is the best and greatest Malediction that I can give you. In a word Salvation it self is nothing else but transmutation. Behold (saith the Apostle) I shew you : *MYS-TERIE*: we shall not all die, but we shall be all *CHANGED*, in a Moment, in the twinkling of an Eye, at the sound of the last Trumpet. God of his great Mercy prepare us for it That from hard stubborn Flints of this world we may prove Chrysoliths and Jaspers in the new eternall foundation. That we may ascend from this present distressed Church which is in Captivity with her Children, to the free Jerusalem from above, which is free Alter of us all.

The Descent, and
Metempsycosis.

There is in the world a scribbling, ill-disposed Generation: they write only to gaine an Opinion of Knowledge, and this by amazing their Readers with whimsies and Fancies of their own. These commonly call themselves Ch-

mists, and abuse the great Mysterie of Nature with the Name and Non-sense of *Lapis Chemicus*. I find not one of them, but hath mistaken this Descent for the Ascent or Fermentation. I think it Necessary therefore to informe the Reader there is a two fold Fermentation, a spirituall and a Bodily one. The spirituall Fermentation is performed by multiplying the Tinctures, which is not done with common Gold and Silver, for they are not Tinctures, but grose compacted Bodies. The Gold and Silver of the Philosophers are a soule and spirit: they are living Ferments and principles of Bodies, but the two common Metals whether you take them in their grose Composition, or after a Philosophicall preparation, are no way pertinent to our purpose. The Bodily Fermentation, is that which I properly call the Descent, and now we will speak of it. When thou hast made the stone, or Magicall Medicine, it is a liquid fierie, spirituall substance, shining like the Sun. In this Complexion if you would project, you could hardly find the just proportion, the vertue of the Medicine is so intensive and powerfull. The Philosophers therefore took one part of their stone, and did cast it upon ten parts of pure molten gold. This single small graine did

did bring all to the gold a bloudie powder, and on the contrary the grosse Body of the gold did abate the spirituall strength of the projected graine. This Descent or Incorporation some wise Authors have call'd a Bodily Fermentation, but the Philosophers did not use common Gold to make their stone as some scriblers have written, they us'd it only to qualifie the intensive power of it, when it is made, that they might the more easily find what Quantitie of base Metall, they should project upon. By this means they reduc'd their Medicine to a dust, and this dust is the Arabian-Elixir. This Elixir the Philosophers could carry about them, but the Medicine it self not so, for it is such a subtill moist Fire, there is nothing but glasse that will hold it. Now for their Metempsychosis, it hath indeed occasion'd many Errors concerning the soule, but Pythagoras applied it only to the secret performances of Magic. It signifies their last Transmutation, which is done with the Elixir, or Qualified Medicine. Take therefore one part of it, cast it on a Millenarie proportion of Quick-silver, and it will be all pure gold, that shull passe the Test Royall without any Diminution.

Now Reader I have done, and for a fare-well

well I will give thee a most noble, secret, sacred truth. The Chaos it self in the very first Analysis is threesold, the Spir of the Chaos is likewite threefold. Here thou hast six parts, which is the Pythagoricall Senarius or Numerus Coniugii. In these six the Influx of the Met: physicall Vnitie is sole Monarch, and makes up the seventh Number, or Sabaoth, in which at last by the Assistance of God the Body shall rest. Againe, every one of these six parts is two fold, and these Duplicities are Contrarieties. Here then thou hast twelve, six against six in a desperat Division, and the Vnitie of peace amongst them. These Duplicities consist of contrary Natures; One part is good, one bad: one corrupt, one incorrupt: and in the Termes of Zoroaster, one rationall, one irrationall. These bad, corrupt, irrational feds are the Tares and sequels of the Curse. Now Reader I have unriddl'd for thee the grand mysterious problem of the Cabalist. Septem paribus (faith hee) insunt Das Iernarii, & in Medio stat unum. Duodecim stant in Bello: Tres Amici, Tres inimici: Tres Viri vivificant, Tres etiam occidunt: & Deus Rex fidelis ex sua Sanctitatis Atrio dominatur Omnibus. Vnus super Tres, & Tres super Septem, & Septem super Duodecim,

Duodecim, & sunt omnes stipati, Alius cum Alio.

This and no other is the truth of that Science, which I have prosecuted a long time with frequent and serious indeavours. It is my firme decreed Resolution to write no more of it, and if any will abuse what is written, let him. He cannot so injure me, but I am already satisfied: I have to my Reward a Light that will not leave me.

Nescit S O L Comitis non memor esse Sui.

I will now cloze up all with the Doxologie of a most excellent, renowned Philocryphus.

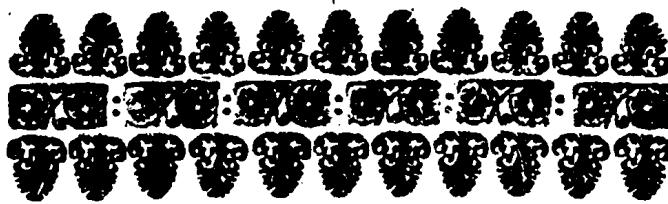
Soli Deo Laus, & Potentia!

*Amen in M E R C U R I O, qui pedibus licet
carens decurrit*

A Q. A,

et metallice universaliter operatur.

FINIS.



A P H O R I S M I
M A G I C I
E U G E N I A N I.

Veritas Prima est Hæc :
Hæc etiam Ultima.

I. **A**nte Qmnia Punctum extitit : non τὸ ἀτομὸν, aut Mathematicum, sed Diffusivum. Monas erat Explícite : Implicite Myrias. Lux erat, erat & Nox : Principium, & Finis Principii : Omnia, & Nihil : Est, & Non.

2. Com-

2. Commovit se Monas in Dyade : & per Triadem egressæ sunt Facies Luminis secundi.

3. Exivit Ignis simplex, increatus : & sub Aquis induit se Tegumento Ignis multiplicis, Creati.

4. Respexit ad Fontem superiorem : & Inferiorem deducto Typo , Triplici vultu sigillavit.

5. Creavit unum unitas : & in Tria distinxit Trinitas. Est & Quaternarius, Nexus & Medium Reductio-

nis.

6. Ex visibilibus primùm effulsit Aqua: Fæmina Incubantis Ignis, & Figurabilium grava Mater.

7. Porosa erat Interius, & Corticibus varia: Cujus venter habuit Cœlos convolutos , & Astra indiscreta.

8. Separator Artifex divisit hanc in amplas Regiones : & apparente Fætu, disparuit Mater.

9. Peperit tamen Mater Filios Luminidos,

cidos, Influentes in Terram Chai.

10. Hi generant Matrem in Novissimis : Cujus Fons cantat in Luco miraculoſo.

11. Sapientiæ Condus est Hic : esto qui potes, Promus.

12. Pater est Totius Creati : & ex Filio Creato per vivam Filii Analysis, Pater generatur. Habes summum Generantis Circuli Mysterium : Filii Filius est, qui Filii Pater fuit.

Soli Deo Gloria.